2014-2015 CWRU General Bulletin

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The University
Case Western Reserve University (http://case.edu) is one of the nation’s leading independent research universities, with programs that encompass the arts and sciences, engineering, the health sciences, law, management, and social work.

Brief History
Although its origins date to 1826, the university in its present form is the result of the 1967 federation of Case Institute of Technology and Western Reserve University. The two institutions had shared adjacent campuses since the late nineteenth century and were involved in cooperative efforts for many years. Western Reserve College was founded in 1826 in Hudson, Ohio, a town 26 miles southeast of Cleveland. The college took its name from that of the region, which at the time of the American Revolution, was known as the Western Reserve of Connecticut. In 1884, renamed Western Reserve University and boasting a medical school in addition to its undergraduate programs, the institution moved to the Cleveland site that later became known as University Circle. There it joined the Case School of Applied Science, founded in 1880 through the bequest of Leonard Case Jr., a leading benefactor and Cleveland civic leader. The name Case Institute of Technology was adopted in 1947 to reflect the institution’s growing stature in the sciences and engineering.

University Mission
Case Western Reserve University improves and enriches people’s lives through research that capitalizes on the power of collaboration and education that dramatically engages our students.

We realize this goal through:

• Scholarship and creative endeavor that draws on all forms of inquiry.
• Learning that is active, creative and continuous.
• Promotion of an inclusive culture of global citizenship.

University Vision
We aim to be recognized internationally as an institution that imagines and influences the future.

Toward that end, we will:

• Support advancement of thriving disciplines as well as new areas of interdisciplinary excellence.
• Provide students with the knowledge, skills and experiences necessary to become leaders in a world characterized by rapid change and increasing interdependence.
• Nurture a community of exceptional scholars who are cooperative and collegial functioning in an atmosphere distinguished by support, mentoring and inclusion.
• Pursue distinctive opportunities to build on our special features including our relationships with world-class health care, cultural, educational, and scientific institutions in University Circle and across greater Cleveland.

Accreditation
Case Western Reserve University is accredited at the institutional level by the Higher Learning Commission (http://www.ncahlc.org) and is a member of the North Central Association. In addition, many of Case's individual programs are accredited by nationally recognized professional associations, including:

• AACSB International - Association to Advance Collegiate Schools of Business (accountancy and business)
• Computing Accreditation Commission of ABET, www.abet.org (http://www.abet.org), (BS degree program in computer science)
• Engineering Accreditation Commission of ABET, www.abet.org (http://www.abet.org), (all BS degree programs in engineering, not including the engineering undesignated degree program)
• Accreditation Commission for Midwifery Education (ACME)
• Accreditation Council for Cooperative Education (cooperative education programs)
• American Bar Association (law)
• American Board of Genetic Counseling (genetic counseling)
• American Chemical Society (chemistry)
• American Dental Association (dentistry)
• American Medical Association and Association of American Medical Colleges, Liaison Committee on Medical Education (medicine)
• American Psychological Association (clinical psychology)
• American Speech-Language-Hearing Association (speech pathology)
• Commission on Accreditation for Dietetics Education, American Dietetic Association (didactic program in dietetics, dietetic internship)
• Commission on Accreditation of Allied Health Education Programs (anesthesiologist assistant)
• Commission on Collegiate Nursing Education (Doctor of Nursing Practice program)
• Council on Accreditation of Nurse Anesthesia Educational Programs
• Council on Education for Public Health (public health)
• Council on Social Work Education (applied social sciences)
• National Association of Schools of Music (music)
• National League for Nursing (nursing)
• Ohio Department of Education, Division of Teacher Education and Licensure (art education and music education)
• Teacher Education Accreditation Council (art education and music education)

The university is chartered as an educational institution under the laws of the State of Ohio and holds a Certificate of Authorization from the Ohio Board of Regents (http://regents.ohio.gov).

For further information, contact the university’s Center for Institutional Research (http://www.cwru.edu/president/cir/cirhome.html).

Philosophy Statement on Educational Outcome Assessment
Case Western Reserve University commits to a comprehensive educational outcome assessment program, wherein we measure how our students have changed, what knowledge has been learned, and what competencies have been developed. Our educational outcome
assessment programs will not only provide information on how well we are achieving our objectives, but also identify what types of programs and experiences have the most powerful impacts. The ultimate goal is to incorporate continuous evaluation into the educational culture for the improvement of programs and for enhancing the distinctiveness of our university.

Education outcome assessments will be based on the core vision and mission of each school and the university as a whole. The faculty, empowered by adequate resources and support to carry out assessment activities, accepts that educational outcome assessment is a part of academic duties. Outcome assessment is embraced as a means that can lead to improvements in teaching and learning, plus provide evidence of teaching effectiveness for institutional purposes.

Cleveland

From a settlement that began centuries ago on the banks of the Cuyahoga River, Cleveland has grown into a metropolis of close to 3 million people. The heritage of this Great Lakes port includes industrial achievement as well as cultural and scientific advances. The Cleveland area is headquarters for many of the nation's major corporations. The city is also a major banking center; the Fourth District Federal Reserve Bank, one of 12 in the nation, is located here.

Health care is another thriving Cleveland industry. Dozens of hospitals and medical centers are concentrated in the area. University Hospitals, the Cleveland Clinic, the MetroHealth Medical Center, and others have attained international recognition for outstanding patient care and contributions to medical research.

Greater Cleveland is dotted with shopping malls, theaters, and opportunities for sports and amusement. The latter include Lake Erie, the 17,000-acre Metropark system; professional baseball, football, and basketball teams; and facilities for softball, skiing, hiking, cycling, picnics, and other activities. More than 60 ethnic groups live in Cleveland; seasonal festivals continue traditions brought to the region from throughout the world.

University Circle

Case Western Reserve University is located in University Circle (http://www.universitycircle.org), a 550-acre concentration of more than 40 cultural, medical, educational, religious, and social service institutions located at the eastern edge of the city. In addition to Case Western Reserve University, which is the largest institution in University Circle, the community includes Severance Hall, home of the world-famous Cleveland Orchestra; the Cleveland Museum of Art, housing one of the nation's finest collections; the Cleveland Institute of Music; the Cleveland Institute of Art; University Hospitals; the Western Reserve Historical Society; the Cleveland Botanical Garden; the Cleveland Museum of Natural History; and many others. All are within walking distance of the university.

University Circle attracts visitors worldwide and from throughout the region to its concerts, theater performances, athletic events, art shows, public lectures, exhibits, and restaurants. Housing, shopping, and recreational facilities are all located in the area.

University Archives

University Archives (http://www.case.edu/its/archives) manages university records and publications to ensure the preservation of a reliable institutional memory. The office, which manages a collection of over 12,000 linear feet (approximately 25 million pages) and over 40 gigabytes that document the university’s life from 1826 to 2009, offers the following services:

- Research and reference services to help discover the who, what, where, when, how and why of Case Western Reserve University history and development
- Duplication services (digital, xerographic, and fax copies) of most documents
- Records services to assist in managing active records and guidance in transferring records to the University Archives
- Digitization of select, high-demand materials for ease of access and use

University Libraries and Resources

All Case Western Reserve University's libraries support the university's undergraduate, graduate and professional programs. Combined, their collections contain over 3 million volumes. Collections of electronic databases and electronic journals are available for all university faculty, staff, and students through the campus network or authorized remote access. The libraries include the Kelvin Smith Library and its branches, the Cleveland Health Sciences Library, the School of Law Library, and the Harris Library at the Mandel School of Applied Social Sciences.

Kelvin Smith Library (http://library.case.edu/ksl) (KSL) serves as the knowledge and creativity commons of the campus. It is open to all members of the university community, and its collections and services primarily support the faculty, staff, undergraduate, and graduate students of the College of Arts and Sciences (http://www.case.edu/artsci), the Case School of Engineering (http://engineering.case.edu), the Weatherhead School of Management (http://weatherhead.case.edu), and the general administration of the university. Collections and research services begin with the main collection of over 2 million volumes on 30 miles of compact movable shelving that maximizes space in the building for researchers to work in a variety of styles, collaboratively or individually. Branches include collections, staff, and services:

- KSL has access to more than 56,000 unique serials and periodicals and has a large retrospective collection housed in the Retrospective Research Collections Center (https://library.case.edu/ksl/collections/rrcc) (RRCC) located in Cedar Avenue Service building. The RRCC offers daily retrieval service to KSL for materials that can be borrowed, and also has a reading room and staff to assist with the collections housed at the Center.
- The Astronomy (http://library.case.edu/ksl/collections/astronomy) and Kulas Music (http://library.case.edu/ksl/collections/kulas) Libraries are branches of KSL and are housed within their respective departments.

Kelvin Smith Library (http://library.case.edu) and branch collections are featured on KSL's web page. The collections include print and electronic books and journals that expand learning and scholarship, as well as audiovisual materials and government documents. Special collections (http://library.case.edu/ksl/collections/special) include rare books, manuscripts and university archives. Digital Case (http://library.case.edu/digitalcase) is the digital repository of campus intellectual output and special collections of the university. The Freedman Center for Digital Scholarship (http://library.case.edu/freedmancenter) supports new ways to incorporate digital technologies into academic research including personalized services such as support regarding Statistics and Geospatial Data (http://library.case.edu/freedmancenter/csgd).

KSL provides staff and services in support of teaching and research, including expert research assistance in-person, online, and onsite in
academic departments. ILLiad (http://library.case.edu/ksl/services/ librarieservices/ill) interlibrary loan services and electronic article delivery brings research to the desktop for researchers on or off campus. During fall and spring academic semesters, individuals with current Case ID cards can take advantage of KSL spaces and collections 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. KSL houses the Cramelot Café (http://library.case.edu/ ksl/about/kscafe), an art gallery and the Graduate Student Research Commons (http://library.case.edu/ksl/about/ResearchCommons) as well. Students can also reserve Collaboration Rooms (http://library.case.edu/ksl/services/circulation/collaborationrooms) to enable groups to accommodate collaborative learning. The Personal Librarian Program (http://library.case.edu/ksl/services/personalLibrarian) provides individualized research assistance to all first-year students. KSL’s web page (http://library.case.edu/ksl), Newsblog (http://blog.case.edu/orgs/ ksl/news) and Facebook (https://www.facebook.com/kevinsmithlibrary) and Twitter (https://twitter.com/kevinsmithlib) pages keep the campus informed of events and the continuing evolution of the Kelvin Smith Library.

The Mandel School of Applied Social Sciences (http://msass.case.edu) (MSASS) has the distinction of being one of the few schools of social work that maintains a professional library for the use of its students, staff, faculty, and alumni as well as for the general university community. The Mandel School’s Lillian F. and Milford J. Harris Library (http://msass.case.edu/harrislibrary.html) contains over 40,000 volumes and subscriptions to 250 periodicals and about 900 video and audio items to support Mandel School academic programs, and is located on the 2nd and 3rd floors of the MSASS building. The library also has a variety of electronic media and other materials, which are available for classroom use by faculty. The Harris Library (http://msass.case.edu/ harrislibrary.html) reference staff assist researchers in the library and via phone and email, and a computing lab (http://msass.case.edu/ harrislibrary/general/lab.html) and Help Desk also support MSASS students. The library’s website provides information resources (http://msass.case.edu/harrislibrary/libstudents.html) and Licensing and Credentialing (http://msass.cwru.edu/harrislibrary/Alumni/alumcrdlic.htm) information for social work students, faculty, practitioners, and other human service workers in Greater Cleveland.

The Cleveland Health Sciences Library (http://www.cwr.edu/chsl/ homepage.htm) (CHSL) has two facilities with collections that are open to all university students, faculty and staff. The Health Center Library (http://www.case.edu/chsl/library/hc.html) (HCL) is located in the School of Medicine and provides services in support of teaching and research in the Schools of Dental Medicine (http://dental.case.edu), Medicine (http://casemed.case.edu), and Nursing (http://fhp.case.edu). Training in its extensive electronic and print resources is offered individually and to small groups in classrooms and academic departments. Allen Memorial Medical Library (http://www.case.edu/chsl/library/Allen.html) houses a collection of books and journals on clinical, medical, and surgical practice. Information, news, and highlights about collections, library spaces and services of HCL are featured on the CHSL (http://www.case.edu/chsl/ library) homepage, with direct links to featured collections and resources like PubMed, ClinicalKey, AccessMedicine, UpToDate, and its ILLiad interlibrary loan services tailored to health sciences users. The Allen is home to the Dittrick Medical History Center and Museum with a history of medicine book collection, rare books, archives, and medical artifacts. News is featured on the Dittrick Museum Blog.

The Judge Ben C. Green Law Library (http://law.case.edu/OurSchool/ LawLibrary.aspx), located in the School of Law, provides outstanding information access and related services to the law school and university communities. Collections in all formats include strengths related to British and Commonwealth law, taxation, labor, law, foreign investments, international law, environmental law, and intellectual property. We are the only law library in the United States that serves as a depository library for the government of Canada. Most intellectual resources of the law library are available to all CWRU students and faculty, and our reference librarians will be happy to help you find available resources responsive to your inquiry.

The law library’s website provides direct access to much library content and many core library services. Posts and social media outreach push information about events, services and newly available content to the campus community.

The CWRU libraries offer the Summon (http://library.case.edu/ksl/ collections/summon) discovery service, an easy-to-use search tool that enables students and faculty to search across all of the libraries’ print and digital collections. The search box appears at the top of the library home page. Summon searches include the Case Catalog, which is the university’s comprehensive online access portal with all the collections and resources owned or licensed by the libraries. The Case Catalog (http://catalog.case.edu) also includes collections of the Robinson Library (http://www.cim.edu/library/about) at the Cleveland Institute of Music, (http://www.cim.edu/library/about) the Gund Library (http://www.cia.edu/ library) at the Cleveland Institute of Art, the Aaron Garber Library (http://www.accessjewishcleveland.org/programs/a/aaron-garber-library.aspx) of Judaic Studies and the Western Reserve Historical Society. The Case Catalog (http://catalog.case.edu) is accessible through any web browser and also provides quick links to the individual library websites (http://library.case.edu/loc/libraries.html). For authenticated individuals, the Case website (http://catalog.case.edu) also offers quick links to the Research Database List (http://lu4ld3lr5v.search.serialssolutions.com), the electronic journal portal (http://lu4ld3lr5v.search.serialssolutions.com), and OhioLINK (http://www.ohiolink.edu) consortium materials. It also features research tools and access for Course Reserves and RefWorks citation management, and ILLiad (http://library.case.edu/loc/ill.html) services for each library. Computer workstations are located in each campus library to facilitate use of digital library information resources, and classrooms provide opportunities for learning and library instruction. Network access allows researchers to search the resources of the university’s libraries and the OhioLINK Central Catalog from any port on the campus network, from the Kelvin Smith Library wireless network, or remotely through university-authenticated VPN software.

Case Western Reserve University is a founding member of the OhioLINK (http://www.ohiolink.edu) consortium, which provides a shared, unified catalog for ninety colleges and universities, the State Library of Ohio and the Cuyahoga County Public Library system. The OhioLINK Central Catalog, with nearly 50 million books and library materials, provides online access to a rich and robust variety of research materials such as millions of electronic journal articles, over 81,000 e-books, over 39,000 online theses and dissertations, thousands of images, videos and sounds, and more than 100 electronic research databases, CWRU faculty, students, and staff enjoy automated online borrowing and renewals of book and media materials, as well as onsite borrowing privileges at OhioLINK member (http://www.ohiolink.edu/members-info) libraries. OhioLINK resources supplement local collections and augment online resources by maximizing resources by maximizing resources for consortial licensing opportunities, bringing a vast array of online content to the members. The Libraries are also members of the Center for Research Libraries, which enables borrowing from the vast shared resources of the Center.
ITS provides the university with services that uphold and strengthen the interaction between challenge, discovery, scholarship, learning, teaching, working and technology. The division offers a wide range of products and services that impact the education, research and operational aspects of Case Western Reserve.

ITS publishes four guides for technology immersion (http://www.case.edu/its/newtocwru.html) at the university, one each for undergraduate students, graduate and professional students, staff and faculty members. The guides offer step-by-step instructions regarding a wide range of essential resources, from connecting to the campus network to utilizing the division's training and software offerings. Publications about the research technologies (http://www.case.edu/its/researchcomputing/researchcomputingbrochure.html) and digital media services (http://case.edu/its/mediavision/docs/MediaVisionBrochure.pdf) provided by ITS also are available.

**Information Technology Services**

The division of Information Technology Services (ITS) provides premier solutions that support and further the teaching, learning and research missions of Case Western Reserve University. We are committed to the stewardship of the university’s information technology resources and to fostering an environment in which integrity, communication, collaboration and support are paramount in everything we do.

**New to CWRU: Welcome to Case Western Reserve University!**

ITS provides the university with services that uphold and strengthen the interaction between challenge, discovery, scholarship, learning, teaching, working and technology. The division offers a wide range of products and services that impact the education, research and operational aspects of Case Western Reserve.

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**ITS Service Desk**

The ITS Service Desk (http://www.case.edu/its/help) provides 24/7/365 free and unlimited technology service and support to students, faculty and staff of the university community.

- Phone: 216.368.HELP (4357)
- Email: help@case.edu
- In Person: Bellflower and Sears CARE Centers (http://www.case.edu/its/help/hours.html)

**eStore: Your key to great discounts on computers, mobile phones and more!**

Case Western Reserve University maintains strategic partnerships with many premier technology manufacturers that allow the university to offer our students, faculty and staff cutting-edge technology products and services at discounted prices. Products available at the eStore include computers, backup services, high-speed internet, mobile devices and computing accessories.

**Software Center: Free and discounted prices on popular titles and operating systems**

Case Western Reserve faculty, staff and students may download more than 40 software packages from the Software Center (https://softwarecenter.case.edu/eula.php), which the university has purchased and made available at little to no cost through site licenses with software manufacturers. Packages and tools include:

- Microsoft Office
- Symantec Endpoint Protection
- Adobe Creative Suite
- Adobe Acrobat Professional
- Operating System upgrades
- Software tools for mathematics, statistics and computer programming

Case Western Reserve students, faculty and staff have unlimited and free access to Lynda.com (https://shib.lynda.com/Shibboleth.sso/InCommon?providerId=urn:mac:incommon:case.edu&target=https://shib.lynda.com/InCommon), a leading training provider that offers more than 3,275 training courses. The university’s partnership with Lynda.com provides the Case Western Reserve community with a wide range of training opportunities from Google Apps for Education and the Adobe Creative Suite to Web development and business skills. Each topic is conveniently broken into brief, manageable segments. Industry experts and educators teach these video-based tutorials, which are accessible 24/7 for self-paced learning. Access Lynda.com using your CWRU Network ID and password here (http://www.lynda.com/member.aspx).

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Case School of Engineering

Engineering seeks to create new processes, products, methods, materials, or systems that impact and are beneficial to our society. To enable its graduates to lead the advancement of technology, the Case School of Engineering (http://engineering.case.edu) offers thirteen degree programs at the undergraduate level (twelve engineering degrees, plus the BS in computer science). At the post-graduate level, the School of Engineering offers Master of Science programs and the Doctor of Philosophy for advanced, research-based study in engineering. Case School of Engineering offers two specialized degrees at the master’s level: a Master of Engineering specifically for practicing engineers, and an integrated Master of Engineering and Management jointly administered with the Weatherhead School of Management. The Case School of Engineering offers Graduate Certificates which provide an introductory graduate level understanding in the fields of Wireless Health, Wireless Health Product Development, Health Information Technology, Security in Computing, Mobility-Driven Computing and Wearable Computing. The Case School of Engineering also offers two dual-degrees at the graduate level jointly administered with the School of Medicine: a Doctor of Medicine/Master of Science and a Doctor of Medicine/Doctor of Philosophy. The faculty and students participate in a variety of research activities offered through the departments and the interdisciplinary research centers of the university.

At the core of its vision, the Case School of Engineering seeks to set the standards for excellence, innovation, and distinction in engineering education and research prominence.

Statement of Educational Philosophy

The Case School of Engineering prepares and challenges its students to take positions of leadership in the professions of engineering and computer science. Recognizing the increasing role of technology in virtually every facet of our society, it is vital that engineering students have access to progressive and cutting-edge programs stressing five areas of excellence:

- Mastery of fundamentals
- Creativity
- Societal awareness
- Leadership skills
- Professionalism

Emphasizing these core values helps ensure that tomorrow’s graduates are valued and contributing members of our global society and that they will carry out the tradition of engineering leadership established by our alumni.

The undergraduate program aims to create life-long learners by emphasizing engineering fundamentals based on mathematics, physical, and natural sciences. Curricular programs are infused with engineering innovation, professionalism (including engineering ethics and the role of engineering in society), professional communications, and multidisciplinary experiences to encourage and develop leadership skills. To encourage societal awareness, students are exposed to and have the opportunity for in-depth study in the humanities, social sciences, and business aspects of engineering. Undergraduate students are encouraged to develop as professionals. Opportunities include the Cooperative Education Program, on-campus research activities, and participation in the student chapters of professional societies. Graduates are prepared to enter the workforce and be strong contributors as practicing engineers, or continue for advanced study in engineering.

At the graduate level, the Case School of Engineering combines advanced classroom study with a rigorous independent research experience leading to significant results appropriate for publication in archival journals and/or presentation at leading technical conferences. Scientific integrity, engineering ethics, and communication skills are emphasized throughout the program.

Brief History

The Case School of Engineering was established on July 1, 1992, by an action of the Board of Trustees of Case Western Reserve University as a professional school dedicated to serving society and meeting the needs of industry, government and academia through programs of teaching and research.

The Case School of Engineering continues the tradition of rigorous programs based on fundamental principles of mathematics, science and engineering that have been the hallmark of its two predecessors, the Case School of Applied Science (1880) and the Case Institute of Technology (1947). The formation of the Case School of Engineering is a re-commitment to the obligations of the gift of Leonard Case, Jr., to serve the citizens of Northern Ohio. The School of Engineering has been a leader in many educational programs, being the first engineering school to offer undergraduate programs in computer engineering, biomedical engineering, polymer engineering, and systems and control engineering.

Accreditation

The following Bachelor of Science programs are accredited by the Engineering Accreditation Commission of ABET, www.abet.org (http://www.abet.org):

- Aerospace Engineering
- Biomedical Engineering
- Chemical Engineering
- Civil Engineering
- Computer Engineering
- Electrical Engineering
- Engineering Physics
- Materials Science and Engineering
- Mechanical Engineering
- Polymer Science and Engineering
- Systems and Control Engineering

The following Bachelor of Science program is accredited by the Computing Accreditation Commission of ABET, www.abet.org (http://www.abet.org):

- Computer Science

Case School of Engineering's Case Co-op Program is accredited by the Accreditation Council for Cooperative Education (http://www.co-opaccreditation.org/criteria.htm) (ACCE).

Enrollment Statistics by Degree Program (Fall 2009 through Fall 2013)
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CSE Degree Program</th>
<th>Fall 2009</th>
<th>Fall 2010</th>
<th>Fall 2011</th>
<th>Fall 2012</th>
<th>Fall 2013</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Aerospace Engineering</td>
<td>67</td>
<td>93</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>102</td>
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<tr>
<td>Biomedical Engineering</td>
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<td>Chemical Engineering</td>
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<td>Civil Engineering</td>
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<td>48</td>
<td>47</td>
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<td>36</td>
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<tr>
<td>Computer Science (BA and BS)</td>
<td>95</td>
<td>116</td>
<td>143</td>
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<tr>
<td>Electrical Engineering</td>
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<td>Materials Science and Engr</td>
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<td>Mechanical Engineering</td>
<td>159</td>
<td>176</td>
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<td>Polymer Science and Engr</td>
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<td>Systems and Control Engr</td>
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Graduation Statistics by Degree Program (AY 2009-10 through AY 2013-14)

<table>
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<tr>
<th>CSE Degree Program</th>
<th>2009-10</th>
<th>2010-11</th>
<th>2011-12</th>
<th>2012-13</th>
<th>2013-14</th>
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<td>Aerospace Engineering</td>
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</table>

Bachelor of Science (p. 10) | Master of Science (p. 10) | Master of Engineering (p. 11) | Master of Engineering and Management (p. 12) | Doctorate (p. 12)

Engineering Degrees Granted

Bachelor of Science in Engineering with the following major field designations:
- Aerospace Engineering
- Biomedical Engineering
- Chemical Engineering
- Civil Engineering
- Computer Engineering
- Electrical Engineering
- Engineering Physics
- Materials Science and Engineering
- Mechanical Engineering
- Polymer Science and Engineering
- Systems and Control Engineering

Bachelor of Science in Engineering (Undesignated) (p. 21) (for programs that emphasize interdisciplinary areas or for programs that include some emphasis on non-technical fields)

Bachelor of Science in Computer Science (p. 62)

Bachelor of Science in Engineering/Master of Science
- Aerospace Engineering
- Biomedical Engineering
- Chemical Engineering
- Civil Engineering
- Computer Engineering
- Computing and Information Science
- Electrical Engineering
- Engineering Physics
- Materials Science and Engineering
- Mechanical Engineering
- Polymer Science and Engineering
• Systems and Control Engineering

Bachelor of Science in Engineering/Master of Engineering

Master of Science with the following major field designations:

• Aerospace Engineering
• Biomedical Engineering, with optional specialization in:
  - Translational Health Technology
  - Wireless Health
• Chemical Engineering
• Civil Engineering
• Computer Engineering
• Computing and Information Science
• Electrical Engineering, with optional specialization in:
  - Wearable Computing
  - Wireless Health
• Macromolecular Science and Engineering, with optional specialization in:
  - Fire Science and Engineering
• Materials Science and Engineering
• Mechanical Engineering, with optional specialization in:
  - Fire Science and Engineering
• Systems and Control Engineering

Master of Science (Undesignated) (p. 21)

Doctor of Medicine/Master of Science

• Biomedical Engineering

Master of Engineering (practice-oriented program)

Master of Engineering and Management

Doctor of Philosophy with the following major field designations:

• Aerospace Engineering
• Biomedical Engineering
• Chemical Engineering
• Civil Engineering
• Computer Engineering
• Computing and Information Science
• Electrical Engineering
• Macromolecular Science
• Materials Science and Engineering
• Mechanical Engineering
• Systems and Control Engineering

Doctor of Medicine/Doctor of Philosophy

• Biomedical Engineering
• Mechanical Engineering

Bachelor of Science in Engineering (p. 10)

In addition to the major department requirements, each engineering undergraduate degree program includes the Engineering Core, which provides a foundation in mathematics and sciences as well as aspects of engineering fundamentals for programs in engineering. The Engineering Core also is designed to develop communication skills and to provide a body of work in the humanities and social sciences. Requirements of the Engineering Core can be found in the Undergraduate Studies (p. 550) section of this bulletin.

Details of the specific curricular requirements for the undergraduate majors are described in the respective departmental descriptions. Details of the requirements of the undesignated engineering undergraduate degree are described under the Engineering Undesignated description.

Master of Science (p. 10)

Recognizing the different needs and objectives of resident and non-resident graduate students pursuing the master’s degree, two different plans are offered. In both plans, transfer of credit from another university is limited to six hours of graduate-level courses, taken in excess of the requirements for an undergraduate degree, approved by the student’s advisor, the department chair, and the dean of graduate studies.

All Master of Science degree programs require the submission of a Planned Program of Study via the Student Information System where it will be routed for appropriate approvals. Students must submit an approved program of study by the end of the second semester. A revised program of study must be submitted via the Student Information System when any change in the original plan occurs.

Master’s Thesis Plan (Plan A)

Minimum requirements for the degree of Master of Science in a major field under this plan are:

1. Completion of 18 hours of graduate course work. The courses must be approved by the department offering the degree.
2. Completion of nine hours of thesis work culminating in a thesis examination given by at least three professors, plus approval by the chair of the department offering the degree. A student with research experience equivalent to a thesis may petition the Graduate Committee of the Case School of Engineering for substitution of nine hours of course work for the thesis requirement. In this case, the thesis examination above is replaced by a similar examination covering the submitted research work and publications.

At least 18 hours of total course work, in addition to nine hours of thesis research, must be at the 400 level or higher.

Master’s Comprehensive Plan (Plan B)

Students may pursue either a project or non-project track under this option. Minimum requirements for the degree of Master of Science in a major field under this plan are one of the following:

Project track

Completion of 27 hours of graduate course work including three to six hours of Special Problems. Special Problems course work must consist of an engineering project approved by the chair of the department offering the degree, and may be carried out at the student’s place of employment with nominal supervision by a faculty advisor or in the school’s laboratories under direct supervision. The project must culminate in a written report and examination by at least three professors plus approval by the chair of the department offering the degree. The Special Problems course may be waived for students who have had industrial design or research experience and who submit sufficient evidence of this experience in the form of a publication or internal report. For
these students, a minimum of 27 hours of course work and the final oral examination covering the submitted publications or reports as well as related course material will be required for the master’s degree. At least 18 hours of course work including up to six hours of Special Problems must be at the 400 level or higher.

Non-project track

Students who register for 27 hours, not including Special Problems course work, must pass satisfactorily a comprehensive examination to be administered by the department or curricular program committee. The examination may be written or oral, or both. A student must be registered during the semester in which any part of the comprehensive examination is taken. If not registered for other courses, the student will be required to register for one semester hour of EXAM 600 Master’s Comprehensive Exam before taking the examination.

Distance Education

Through Distance Education, the Case School of Engineering offers graduate courses and degree programs for engineering professionals and students who cannot attend classes on campus. The program makes it convenient for students to overcome the logistical and financial barriers imposed by commuting to campus, and allows students working full time or located a distance from the Cleveland area to pursue a course only (comprehensive option) Master of Science degree (http://engineering.case.edu/current-students/academic-programs/ms) or a practice-oriented Master of Engineering degree (http://engineering.case.edu/meng/). The courses are delivered asynchronously so that distance learning students can view course lectures at their convenience, and can interact with the professor and students in the class through email, phone, video, and the course tools available in Blackboard. The distance learning courses and degree programs are identical to those given on-campus, and student performance assessments are the same regardless of the delivery mechanism. All distance courses are part of our standard curricula, and are offered on a regular time schedule to allow distance students to complete degree requirements over a predictable and reasonable time period.

For more details on the distance learning programs please visit http://engineering.case.edu/current-students/distance-learning and http://engineering.case.edu/meng/.

Doctor of Medicine/Master of Science

Medicine is undergoing a transformation based on the rapid advances in science and technology that are combining to produce more accurate diagnoses, more effective treatments with fewer side effects, and improved ability to prevent disease. The goal of the MD/MS in Engineering is to prepare medical graduates to be leaders in the workplace and home. Because the program makes extensive use of computers, participants need to have access to computer facilities.

Curriculum

The program consists of a set of six core courses and a four course technical elective sequence (a total of 30 credit hours are required). The core courses provide a common base of study and experience with problems, issues, and challenges in the engineering business environment. The technical course sequence provides an opportunity to update disciplinary engineering skills and to broaden interdisciplinary skills. Up to six transfer credits may be approved for graduate-level courses taken at Case Western Reserve or another accredited university.

Core Courses

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Total Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EPOM 400</td>
<td>Leadership and Interpersonal Skills</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EPOM 401</td>
<td>Introduction to Business for Engineers</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EPOM 403</td>
<td>Product and Process Design and Implementation</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EPOM 405</td>
<td>Applied Engineering Statistics</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EPOM 407</td>
<td>Engineering Economics and Financial Analysis</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EPOM 409</td>
<td>Master of Engineering Capstone Project</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Units</td>
<td></td>
<td>18</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Technical Electives

Four courses are chosen from the technical concentration areas below. For detailed course offerings in these areas, please refer to the Master of Engineering (http://www.engineering.case.edu/meng) program information on the Case School of Engineering website.

- Biomedical Engineering
- Chemical Engineering
- Computer Engineering
- Infrastructure Engineering
- Macromolecular Science and Engineering
- Materials Processing and Synthesis
- Mechanical Engineering
- Robotics and Control

Master of Engineering (p. 11)

The Master of Engineering Program is a graduate degree program that targets currently employed engineers. The objective of this program is to provide engineers in industry with technical as well as business, management, and teamwork skills. The program differs from a traditional Master of Science degree in engineering by combining core courses that focus on the engineering-business environment and technical elective courses that concentrate on contemporary industrial practice rather than research.

The Master of Engineering Program prepares students to enhance their role as corporate leaders and provides an environment in which practicing engineering professionals can address the increasingly wide range of technical, management, financial and interpersonal skills demanded by an ever-expanding and diverse global industry base.

The Master of Engineering Program requires 30 credit hours of course work that include 18 credit hours of core courses and 12 credit hours of technical electives that are chosen from focus areas (see below). It is possible to complete the Master of Engineering degree program within a two-year (six semester), part-time, program of study, although most students choose to complete the program over a seven-nine semester period. The core courses are aimed at equipping participants with knowledge on how engineering is practiced in contemporary industry, and the technical elective courses provide depth in a chosen specialty area. All courses are held in the late afternoon or evening hours and many are provided in a distance–learning format to minimize disruption at the workplace and home. Because the program makes extensive use of computers, participants need to have access to computer facilities.
Master of Engineering and Management (p. 12)
The Master of Engineering and Management program is designed to meet the needs of students seeking to excel in engineering careers in industry. The MEM degree requires only one calendar year of additional study and may be entered following a student’s junior or senior year. The program prepares engineers to work in different business environments. A rigorous curriculum prepares graduates to build synergy between the technical possibilities of engineering and the profit-loss responsibilities of management. This program evolved after years of research and interviews with over 110 professionals and twenty-eight corporations in the U.S.

The Program
The program includes 42 credit hours of graded course work. The 12-course core sequence makes up 36 of these hours. Students choose an area of concentration, either technology or biomedical, for the remaining six credits. The program prepares participants to function as technical leaders with a unique blend of broadened engineering and management skills, which can have a strategic impact on the organization’s bottom line. Graduates are uniquely positioned for rapid advancement in technology-based organizations.

Twelve Core Courses

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>IIME 400</td>
<td>Leadership Assessment and Development (LEAD)</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IIME 405</td>
<td>Project Management</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IIME 410</td>
<td>Accounting, Finance, and Engineering Economics</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IIME 415</td>
<td>Materials and Manufacturing Processes</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IIME 430A</td>
<td>Product and Process Design, Development, and Delivery I</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IIME 430B</td>
<td>Product and Process Design, Development, and Delivery II</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IIME 420</td>
<td>Information Technology and Systems</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IIME 425</td>
<td>Understanding People and Change in Organizations</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IIME 435</td>
<td>Enterprise Resource Planning in the Supply Chain</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IIME 440</td>
<td>Six Sigma and Quality Management</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IIME 450A</td>
<td>Technology Entrepreneurship: Market Opportunity Analysis</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IIME 450B</td>
<td>Technology Entrepreneurship: Managerial Decision-making</td>
<td>3</td>
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</table>

Total Units 36

Elective Courses
A total of six credit hours may be chosen from specialized MEM electives below or from the Weatherhead School of Management, which are offered by semester.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>IIME 447</td>
<td>Regulatory Affairs for the Biosciences (*)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IIME 446</td>
<td>Models of Health Care Systems (*)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IIME 470</td>
<td>Independent Projects</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IIME 472</td>
<td>BioDesign</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IIME 473</td>
<td>Fundamentals of Clinical Information Systems</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*The above two courses are 1.5 credit hours and are generally taken together in one semester.

Doctor of Philosophy (p. 12)
The student’s PhD program should be designed to prepare him or her for a lifetime of creative activity in research and in professional engineering practice. This may be coupled with a teaching career. The mastery of a significant field of knowledge required to accomplish this purpose is demonstrated by an original contribution to knowledge embodied in a thesis and by satisfactory completion of a comprehensive course program which is intensive in a specific area of study and includes work in other areas related to, but not identical with, the major field. The necessity for breadth as well as depth in the student’s education cannot be overemphasized. To this end, any engineering department may add additional requirements or constraints to ensure depth and breadth appropriate to its field.

No student may be admitted to candidacy for the PhD degree before approval of his or her Planned Program of Study via the Student Information System. After this approval has been obtained, it is the responsibility of the student’s department to notify the dean of graduate studies of his or her admission to candidacy after the student has fulfilled any additional department requirements. Minimal requirements in addition to the university requirements are:

1. The minimum course requirement beyond the BS level is 36 credit hours of courses taken for credit, at least 18 hours of which must be taken at Case Western Reserve University. The following courses taken for credit will be acceptable for a PhD program of study:
   i. All 400-, 500-, and 600-level courses
   ii. Those 300-level courses approved by the student’s department up to a maximum of three beyond the BS or a maximum of one beyond the MS
   iii. Approved graduate-level courses taken at other institutions

2. A minimum depth in basic science equivalent to six semester hours (for credit) is required. This requirement is to be satisfied by courses that have been previously approved by the faculty of the department in which the student is enrolled.

3. The requirement for breadth is normally satisfied by a minimum of 12 semester hours of courses (for credit) outside the student’s major area of concentration as defined by the student’s department and does not include courses taken to fulfill the basic science requirement.

4. A minimum of three teaching experiences as defined by the student’s department. All programs of study must include departmental 400T, 500T, and 600T courses to reflect this requirement. All students fulfilling teaching duties must complete UNIV 400A or UNIV 400B.

5. The minimum requirement for research is satisfied by at least 18 hours of thesis (701) credits.

6. A cumulative quality-point average of 3.0 or above in all courses taken for credit as a graduate student at Case Western Reserve University (excluding grades in thesis research and grades of R) is required for the award of the doctoral degree.

Qualifying Examination
The student must pass a qualifying examination relevant to his or her area of study as designated by the curricular department with which he or she is affiliated. For students who obtain the MS degree from Case School of Engineering and Management, which are offered by semester.
Western Reserve University, the qualifying examination should be taken preferably before the end of the student’s fourth semester of graduate study but no later than the end of the fifth semester at the university. For students entering with the master’s degree, the examination should be taken no later than the end of the third semester at the university.

**Planned Program of Study**

Each student is required to submit a Planned Program of Study, detailing his or her course work, thesis schedule, and qualifying examination schedule and indicating that all the minimum requirements of the university and the faculty of the Case School of Engineering are satisfied. This Planned Program of Study must be submitted via the Student Information System for approval before registering for the last 18 credits of the program.

If the student is pursuing the PhD degree without acquiring the MS degree, a petition to waive the requirement of the MS degree should be approved by the departmental advisor and the chair and submitted to the dean of graduate studies. All required courses taken at the university beyond the BS degree should be shown on the Planned Program of Study with the grade if completed. If the requirements are to be fulfilled in ways other than the standard described above, a memorandum requesting approval should be submitted to the dean of graduate studies.

The Planned Program of Study must be submitted within one semester after passing the qualifying examination.

**Doctor of Medicine/Doctor of Philosophy**

Students with outstanding qualifications may apply to the MD/PhD program. Students interested in obtaining a combined MD/PhD, with an emphasis on basic research in biomedical engineering or mechanical engineering, are strongly encouraged to explore the Medical Scientist Training Program (MSTP), administered by the School of Medicine. For further information, please see the Medical Scientist Training Program (MSTP) in the School of Medicine section of this bulletin. Interested students should apply through the MSTP office in the Medical School.

**Graduate Cooperative Education (Co-op)**

Graduate Cooperative Education (Co-op) is a formalized academic program that enables students to enhance their classroom studies with career-based experiences in industry. It is a learning experience designed to integrate classroom theory with practical experience and professional development.

**Course**

**ENGR 400C Graduate Cooperative Education, 0 Units.**

An academic opportunity designed for graduate students to enhance their classroom, laboratory, and research learning through participation and experience in various organizational/industrial environments where theory is applied to practice. Graduate Cooperative Education experiences may be integrated with the student’s thesis or research project areas, or be solely for the purpose of gaining professional experience related to the student’s major field of study. Registration in this course will serve to maintain full-time student status for the period of time that the student is on a co-op assignment.

**Graduate Certificates**

Graduate Certificates are discipline independent and intended to enable knowledgeable entry into the field of study. They are prescribed 3-course, 9-credit subsets of our MS degree offerings:

- Health Informational Technology
- Mobility-Driven Computing
- Security in Computing
- Wearable Computing
- Wireless Health
- Wireless Health Product Development

For more details, please refer to the Graduate Certificate [here](http://engineering.case.edu/sandiego/gcacademics) information on the Case School of Engineering - San Diego website.

**Interdisciplinary Research Centers**


Interdisciplinary research centers act as intensive incubators for students and faculty doing research and studying applications in specialized areas. Thirteen research centers and research programs at the Case School of Engineering have been organized to pursue cutting-edge research in collaboration with industrial and government partners. The transfer of technology to industry is emphasized in all the centers.

The educational programs of these centers encompass the training of graduate students in advanced methods and strategies, thus preparing them to become important contributors to industry after graduation; the involvement of undergraduates in research; the presentation of seminars that are open to interested members of the community; and outreach to public schools to keep teachers abreast of scientific advances and to kindle the interest of students in seeking careers in engineering.

**Advanced Manufacturing and Mechanical Reliability Center (AMMRC)**

White Building (7205)  
Phone: 216.368.4234  
John J. Lewandowski, Director  
john.lewandowski@case.edu

The Advanced Manufacturing and Mechanical Reliability Center (AMMRC) was established to provide advanced manufacturing (e.g.
 deformation processing, extrusion, forming, etc.) and mechanical characterization (e.g. mechanical testing, reliability testing, fatigue, etc.) expertise to the CWRU campus, medical, industrial, legal, outside university, and government laboratory communities. The center, housed in the Charles M. White Metallurgy building, currently maintains equipment valued in excess of $4.5M and has been accessed by the local, national, and international communities. The CWRU campus community can access the facility via the use of a valid CWRU university account number that will be charged at an internal rate for machine time, including set up and any technician time involved. Long term testing can be provided at pro-rated charges in consultation with the center directors. Arrangements can be made to train users on the equipment and reserve time for equipment use by contacting the center co-director. Outside (i.e. non-CWRU) users can access the facility via a number of different mechanisms by contacting the center director.

In general, the center is capable of mechanically evaluating and deformation processing materials that range in size scale from the micrometer range up through bulk quantities. This unique facility enables mechanical characterization at loading rates as low as one micrometer/hour (i.e. rate of fingernail growth!) up through impact (e.g. 3-4 meters/sec) at temperatures ranging from -196°C (i.e. liquid nitrogen) up to 1400°C. Hot microhardness testing up to 1000°C is available. Monotonic as well as cyclic fatigue testing is possible in addition to evaluations of mechanical behavior and processing with superimposed pressures up to 2 GPa. Novel high-rate and multiple-deformation sequence forging simulations are possible with the use of a multi-actuator forging simulator, in addition to sheet metal forming experimentation with independent control of forming rate and blank hold down force. Hot extrusion is also possible at temperatures up to 900°C on 0.5” diameter billets. Materials systems that have been investigated span the range of organic and inorganic materials, including metals, ceramics, polymers, composites, electronic materials, and biomedical materials systems. Descriptions of specific equipment and capabilities are provided with the website link.

**Advanced Platform Technology (APT) Center**
(http://www.aptcenter.research.va.gov)
Louis Stokes Cleveland Department of Veterans Affairs Medical Center
10701 East Boulevard, Mail Stop 151 AW/APT
Cleveland, Ohio 44106
Phone: 216.707.6421 Fax: 216.707.6420
Ronald J. Triolo, Executive Director
ronald.triolo@case.edu (ronald.triolo@case.edu)

The Advanced Platform Technology (APT) Center brings together top faculty and researchers from Case Western Reserve University and the Department of Veterans Affairs to capture the most recent developments in the fields of microelectronics, material science, microsystems and mechanics, and focus them on the practical medical needs of individuals disabled by sensorimotor dysfunction, cognitive deficits or limb loss. The APT Center creates novel, cross-cutting technologies for the diagnosis, treatment or study of high priority clinical conditions within a structured framework that facilitates regulatory compliance, outsourcing by contract manufacturers, and dissemination within the rehabilitation community. Scientific technical development and clinical translation concentrates on prosthetics and orthotics, health monitoring and maintenance, neural interfaces and emerging enabling technologies. Center projects to date have concentrated primarily on developing new materials and microsystems for interfacing with the nervous system, repairing orthopaedic trauma and accelerating wound healing, replacing or restoring natural limb, sensory and organ system function, and both monitoring and promoting neurological, genito-urinary and vascular health. The APT Center was established as a VA Center of Excellence in 2005 in partnership with Case Western Reserve University and is based at the Louis Stokes Cleveland Department of Veterans Affairs Medical Center (LSCDVAMC). The center is able to provide or facilitate access to the following resources:

1. Neural modeling and analysis of interface designs
2. Polymer and bioactive material development
3. Microelectromechanical (MEMS) systems design and fabrication
4. Rapid prototyping, mechanical testing and dynamic simulation
5. Pre-clinical in vitro and in vivo verification of device performance
6. Circuit and software design and fabrication
7. System validation and design control documentation
8. Professional engineering support and project management
9. Administrative support for intellectual property protection and regulatory affairs

**Case Metal Casting Laboratories (CMCL)**
(http://engineering.case.edu/groups/CMPL)
13 White Bldg.
David Schwam, Director
david.schwam@case.edu (dxs11@case.edu)

The CMCL houses state-of-the-art, melting and casting capabilities for a wide range of ferrous and non-ferrous alloys. The facility is a unique combination of laboratory and industrial scale equipment. Research projects with federal and industrial support are carried out by teams of faculty, graduate and undergraduate students. Manufacturing of castings are from Computer Aided Design, flow and solidification simulation, rapid prototyping, molding to melting and casting. Provides hands-on experiential learning opportunities for engineering students in laboratory classes and summer research programs.

- Industrial UBE 350 Ton Vertical Squeeze casting machine for casting high integrity parts
- 350kW/1000MHz Inductotherm solid-state melting power supply with furnaces up to 1,500 lb. steel
- 50 lb. vacuum melting and casting furnace driven by a new 35kW/10kHz Inductotherm power supply
- Sand molding and sand testing equipment
- Permanent molds for casting test bars and evaluation of molten metal quality
- Foseco rotary degasser for non-ferrous alloys
- Lindberg 75 kW electrical melting furnace for 800 lb. of aluminum
- Denison four post, hydraulic 50 ton rapid acting squeeze caster
- Squeeze casting tooling with preheatable dies
- Equipment for melting and casting magnesium alloys
- Computer modeling workstations with flow and heat transfer finite element software
- Thermal Fatigue Testing Units for cyclical immersion in molten aluminum (Dunkers)
- 3-D Printer for Rapid Prototyping
- 100W Nd:YAG laser
- Thermal Technologies arc melting unit
- Centorr vacuum heat treating furnace
Center for Advanced Polymer Processing (CAPP) (http://engineering.case.edu/centers/capp)
Kent Hale Smith Building, 3rd floor
Phone: 216.368.6372 Fax 216.543.4202
Joao Maia, Director
joao.maia@case.edu

CAPP is a state-of-the-art center for advanced polymer blending and compounding and reactive extrusion at CWRU able to perform basic research and applied research and development in support of the Ohio and US plastics industry. The main tools of CAPP are:

- State-of-the-art sensors that allow multiple rheological, physical, chemical and morphological quantities to be measured along the screw axis of twin-screw extruders;
- Advanced multi-scale computational simulation capabilities to build physical-chemical-structural models of polymer systems under flow in realistic polymer transformation processes;
- Integration of on-line sensors and multi-scale softwares to develop new advanced and functional multiphase complex materials or optimize the performance of existing ones.

Center for Biomaterials (p. 15)
202 Wickenden Building (7207)
William Marx, Interim Director
william.marx@case.edu

Anirban Sen Gupta, Associate Director
Phone: 216.368.4564
anirban.sengupta@case.edu (anirban.sengupta@case.edu)

The Center for Biomaterials carries out research and development projects to investigate new biomaterials, tissue engineered materials, and targeted drug delivery systems for use in cardiovascular applications and implants. The Center for Biomaterials also provides researchers access to shared use facilities, which includes high resolution microscopy such as AFM, molecular spectroscopies, surface analysis, and polymer and peptide synthesis capabilities. The chemical and mechanical interface between the biomaterial and the host tissue are the focus of major study, with the goals being to improve biologic function and biocompatibility in the response of the human body to implants. Current projects include investigation of thrombosis (blood clotting) and infection mechanisms due to cardiovascular prosthesis, biomimetic design of novel biomaterials for cardiovascular and neural implants; and cardiovascular and neural tissue engineering based on biomimetic designs. Studies at the cell and molecular level assist our understanding of the underlying mechanisms so that novel biomedical materials may be designed, prepared, and characterized.

Center for Computational Imaging and Personalized Diagnostics (CCIPD) (http://engineering.case.edu/centers/ccipd)
Wickenden Building Room 515
Phone: 216.368.5891
Anant Madabhushi, Director
anant.madabhushi@case.edu

The Center of Computational Imaging and Personalized Diagnostics at Case Western Reserve University is involved in various different aspects of developing, evaluating and applying novel quantitative image analysis, computer vision, signal processing, segmentation, multi-modal co-registration tools, pattern recognition, and machine learning tools for disease diagnosis, prognosis, and theragnosis in the context of breast, prostate, head and neck, and brain tumors as also epilepsy and carotid plaque. Our group is also exploring the utility of these methods in studying correlations of disease markers across multiple scales, modalities, and functionalities - from gene and protein expression to spectroscopy to digital pathology and to multi-parametric MRI.

Center for Dielectrics and Energy Storage (CDES) (p. 15)
312 Kent Hale Smith Building
Phone: 216.368.5861
Lei Zhu, Director
lxz121@case.edu

CDES mission is to discover, develop, and translate novel dielectric technologies for energy storage and capacitor applications. Researching high energy density, high temperature, and low loss dielectric films capacitors, we integrate these innovations with storage devices, hybrid electric vehicles, multi-megawatt power conditioning, pulsed power, and high energy physics applications. Originating from the Center for Layered Polymeric Systems (CLIPS), a National Science Foundation Science and Technology Center focusing on research, innovation, and education through a unique multilayer film technology, CDES extends this technology into new energy frontiers.

CDES has access to state-of-the-art equipment, which includes process equipment for fabricating, stretching, and testing dielectric films, including:

- Novocontrol Concept 80 Broadband Dielectrics Spectrometer
- Radiant Premier II Ferroelectric Tester
- Bruckner Kato IV Biaxial Stretcher

In addition to research, CDES plays a significant role in educating undergraduate students, graduate students, and post-doctoral associates to work in advanced energy material fields.

Center for the Evaluation of Implant Performance (http://engineering.case.edu/centers/implantperformance)
Wearn Building Room 511
Phone: 216.844.1745
Clare Rimnac, Director
clare.rimnac@case.edu

The mission of the Center for the Evaluation of Implant Performance is to pursue engineering and scientific analysis of retrieved joint reconstruction devices and to evaluate the performance of implants during patient use. This mission is achieved through IRB-approved collection, maintenance, and protection of clinical and radiographic information and total joint replacement components obtained at revision or removal surgery. The goal is to advance the science of joint replacement durability and improved performance for better patient outcomes through improvements in implant materials and design. To this end, the Center for the Evaluation of Implant Performance works in partnership with the Center for Joint Replacement and Restoration at University Hospitals Case Medical Center.
Center for Layered Polymeric Systems (CLiPS) (http://www.stc-clips.org)

NSF Science and Technology Center
420 Kent Hale Smith Building (7202)
Phone: 216.368.4203 Fax 216.368.6329
Eric Baer, Director
eric.baer@case.edu

CLiPS researchers and educators work together to accomplish the Center's mission of advancing the nation's science and technology agenda through development of new materials systems and for educating a diverse American workforce through interdisciplinary education programs.

CLiPS research focuses on exploration of multilayered polymeric systems at the micro- and nano-layer levels and has revealed unique properties and capabilities that are different, and often not predicted, from systems involving the same materials on a larger scale. Technology refined within CLiPS allows the production of films and membranes composed of hundreds or thousands of layers. These extremely thin layers promote interactions approaching the molecular level between the materials used in the process.

The research activities are organized into five platforms to exploit the microlayer and nanolayer structures: (1) Rheology and New Processing focuses on integrating rheology into the multilayering process, and will explore combinations of rheologically dissimilar materials to create new polymer-based structures; (2) advanced Membranes and Transport Phenomena that exploit the layered hierarchy to achieve unique transport properties; (3) novel Optic and Electronic Systems based on the advanced layered materials; (4) Science and Technology Initiatives that probe a fundamental understanding and explore new opportunities for the layered structures; and (5) Templated Interfaces and Reactions looking at polymer materials that are amenable to patterning and ordering, and exhibit a specific field response. Of particular interest are polymer systems and nanomaterials that are appropriate for biological applications.

CLiPS was established in 2006 with funding by the National Science Foundation as a Science and Technology Center. It is the first NSF STC ever to be established at Case Western Reserve University. CLiPS is a national center involving close partnership with the University of Texas, Fisk University, the University of Southern Mississippi, and the Naval Research Laboratory, and an important educational partnership with the Cleveland Metropolitan School District.

Center for Modeling Integrated Metabolic Systems (MIMS) (http://casemed.case.edu/mims)

410 Wickenden (7207)
Phone: 216.368.4066 Fax: 216.368.4969
Gerald M. Saidel, Director
gerald.saidel@case.edu (//gms3@case.edu)

The primary aim of the MIMS Center is to develop mechanistic, mathematical models to simulate cellular metabolism in various tissues and organs (i.e., skeletal muscle, heart, brain, and adipose tissue) and to integrate these components in whole-body models. These biologically and physiologically based computational models incorporate cellular metabolic reactions and transport processes of a large number of chemical species. Model parameters quantitatively characterize metabolic pathways and regulatory mechanisms under normal and abnormal conditions including obesity and hypoxia as well as in disease states including type-2 diabetes, cystic fibrosis, and chronic kidney disease. The large-scale, complex mathematical models are solved numerically using sophisticated computational algorithms to simulate and analyze experimental responses to physiological and metabolic changes. Model parameters are optimally estimated by minimizing differences between model simulated outputs and experimental data using large-scale, nonlinear optimization algorithms. Experimentally validated models are used to predict the effects of altering metabolic processes with disease states, pharmacological agents, diet, and physical training.

Cleveland Functional Electrical Stimulation Center (FES) (http://fescenter.org)

11000 Cedar Avenue, Suite 230
Phone: 216.231.3257 Fax: 216.231.3258
Robert J. Kirsch, Director
mailto://info@FEScenter.org (//info@FEScenter.org)

Functional electrical stimulation (FES) is the application of electrical currents to either generate or suppress activity in the nervous system. FES can produce and control the movement of otherwise paralyzed limbs, for standing and hand grasp; activate visceral bodily functions, such as micturition; create perceptions such as skin sensibility; arrest undesired activity, such as pain or spasm; and facilitate natural recovery and accelerate motor relearning. FES is particularly powerful and clinically relevant, since many people with neurological disabilities retain the capacity for neural conduction, and are thus amenable to this intervention.

The center focuses its activities in four major areas:

- Fundamental studies to discover new knowledge
- Enabling technologies for clinical application or the discovery of knowledge
- Clinical research that applies this knowledge and technology to individuals with neurological dysfunction
- Transfer of knowledge and technology to the clinical community and to industry.

The FES Center was established as a VA RR&D Center of Excellence in 1991 and is based at the Louis Stokes Cleveland VAMC (CVAMC). The center is a consortium with three institutional partners: CVAMC, Case Western Reserve University (CWRU), and the MetroHealth Medical Center (MHMC). The center accomplishes its mission by integrating and facilitating the efforts of scientists, engineers, and clinicians through common goals and directions in the major clinical areas, and by providing mechanisms to accomplish these goals across the institutional partners.

Control and Energy Systems Center (CESC) (http://cesc.case.edu)

Olin Building, 6th Floor
Phone: 216.368.5122
Mario Garcia-Sanz, Director
mario@case.edu

The Control and Energy Systems Center (CESC) looks for new transformational research and engineering breakthroughs to build a better world, improving our industry, economy, energy, environment, water resources and society, all with sustainability and within an international collaboration framework. With an interdisciplinary and
concurrent engineering approach, the Control and Energy Systems Center focuses on bridging the gap between fundamental and applied research in advanced control and systems engineering, with special emphasis in energy innovation, wind energy, power systems, water treatment plants, sustainability, spacecraft, environmental and industrial applications. Fundamental research is conducted to gain knowledge and understanding on multi-input-multi-output physical worlds, nonlinear plants, distributed parameter systems, plants with non-minimum phase, time delay and/or uncertainty, etc., and to develop new methodologies to design quantitative robust controllers to improve the efficiency and reliability of such systems. Applied research helps develop advanced solutions with industrial partners, for practical control engineering problems in Energy Systems, Multi-megawatt Wind Turbines, Renewable Energy Plants, Power System Dynamics and Control, Grid Integration, Energy Storage, Power Electronics, Wastewater Treatment Plants, Desalination Systems, Formation Flying Spacecraft, Satellites with Flexible Appendages, Heating Systems, Robotics, Parallel Kinematics, Telescope Control, etc.

**Electronics Design Center (EDC)** (http://engineering.case.edu/edc)

112 Bingham (7200)
Phone: 216.368.2935 Fax: 216.368.8738
Chung-Chiun Liu, Director
chung-chiun.liu@case.edu

The Electronics Design Center (EDC) is a multi-disciplinary educational and research center focusing on the applications of microfabrication processing to the advancement of chemical and biological micro-systems specializing in application-oriented electrochemical based biosensors. The center has complete thick film and thin film processing facilities, including screen printing, ink jet printing and sputtering equipment. Other facilities supporting the microfabrication processing are also readily available. The EDC is a resource for industrial and academic researchers, offering access to equipment, laboratories and trained staff.

**Great Lakes Energy Institute (GLEI)** (http://energy.case.edu)

305 Olin Building (7074)
Phone: 216.368.0748
Dianne Anderson, Executive Director
dianne.anderson@case.edu

The Great Lakes Energy Institute empowers our faculty, students and partners to catalyze breakthroughs in energy sustainability that address the most pressing problems facing our world. Since 2008, GLEI has helped catalyze a four-fold increase in energy research, won awards from NSF, DOE, ARPA-E, Ohio Third Frontier and other organizations, attracted nearly $10 million in gifts, worked with over 100 different industry partners, and encouraged multidisciplinary proposals throughout the university. GLEI is in the top five leading Department of Energy ARPA-E awards. At the heart of these efforts are over 100 engaged faculty, hailing from engineering, arts & sciences, management, and law. And while GLEI’s work supports all types of energy, their focus lies in five priority areas:

**Future Grid** - CWRU’s energy program is underpinned by research in power systems. Strengths in controls, sensors, and electronics provide a core foundation for smart grid connectivity of energy and storage.

**Wind Energy** - Wind energy emphasizes offshore deployment and is founded on wind and ice measurement, controls, power management, and grid interface expertise. Much of this work is supported by DOE awards and the State of Ohio.

**Solar** - Research in next generation photovoltaics (PV) focuses on organics and lifetime and degradation science, stemming from a strong reputation in materials, research, and development.

**Storage** - Storage research builds on historical strengths in electrochemistry, materials and lifetime and degradation science. Recent research awards include ARPA-E and DOE.

**Shale Energy** - Research focuses on technologies that enhance safe extraction, transport and processing of shale gas and oil in Ohio. Strengths are present in macromolecules, sensors, corrosion-resistant casings, cementitious materials, and modeling and simulation of hydro-fracking process.

The role of CWRU in energy also touches economic development and education. Through research and investment, university spin-outs are poised to contribute to a new energy economy while working toward a clean and sustainable future. Students undertake key roles in the research and commercialization of the energy technologies underpinning this transition and contribute to worldwide impact.

**Institute for Advanced Materials** (http://engineering.case.edu/centers/IAS)

519 Kent Hale Smith Building
Phone 216.368.4242
Stuart Rowan, Director
stuart.rowan@case.edu

The Institute for Advanced Materials is a clearinghouse for Case Western Reserve’s materials research and provides access to the university’s world-class expertise and state-of-the-art facilities. One of Ohio’s Centers of Excellence in Enabling Technologies: Advanced Materials and Sensors, the institute matches industry and governmental partners with campus-based collaborators to explore solutions to real world problems.

Advanced materials—polymers, metals, ceramics, composites, and biomaterials—are cornerstones to many emerging technologies like biocompatible medical implants, energy storage, and environmentally sustainable consumer products. Recognizing that, in Ohio, approximately ten percent of the state’s high tech workforce is engaged in advanced materials and related area industries, the Institute for Advanced Materials at Case Western Reserve aims to leverage and enhance Ohio’s industrial base and manufacturing capabilities, impact the global materials community, educate future materials leaders, and serve as a single, unified resource for advanced materials research.

Approximately 100 faculty, including several members of the National Academies, spanning four schools—Engineering, Arts & Sciences, Medicine and Dental Medicine—work with industrial partners and institutional collaborators to generate $38 million of annual materials research income with support from the National Institute of Health, the National Science Foundation, the US Department of Energy and the Department of Defense among others.

By harnessing the breadth of Case’s research base and creating new collaborative teams, the Institute for Advanced Materials drives the integration of new materials innovations from initial ideas to marketable technologies in energy, sustainability and human health.
Microfabrication Laboratory (MFL) (http://mems.case.edu)
342 Bingham Building (7200)
Phone: 216.368.6117 Fax: 216.368.6888
Christian Zorman, Director
christian.zorman@case.edu

MFL houses a state-of-the-art facility that provides the latest in microfabrication and micromachining processes. The laboratory focuses on the applications of microfabrication and micromachining technology to a wide range of sensors, actuators and other microelectromechanical (MEMS) systems. In addition to silicon based technology, the laboratory has a unique strength in silicon carbide micromachining that is particularly valuable for applications in harsh environments. To support the development of flexible microsystems, polymer micromachining is also available. Undergraduate students, graduate students, and post-doctoral assistants use the laboratory’s facilities to carry out their research or special projects.

Researchers not affiliated with CWRU can also use the laboratory through a facilities use agreement.

National Center for Space Exploration Research (NCSER) (http://engineering.case.edu/mae/index.php?q=Facilities/NCSER)
21000 Brookpark Rd., MS 110-3
Phone: 216.433.5031
Mohammad Kassemi, Chief Scientist
mohammad.kassemi@nasa.gov

The National Center for Space Exploration Research (NCSER) is a collaborative effort between the Universities Space Research Association (USRA), Case Western Reserve University (CWRU), and NASA Glenn Research Center (GRC) that provides GRC with specialized research and technology development capabilities essential to sustaining its leadership role in NASA missions. Expertise resident at NCSER includes reduced gravity fluid mechanics, reduced gravity combustion processes; heat transfer, two-phase flow, micro-fluidics, and phase change processes; computational multiphase fluid dynamics, heat and mass transfer, computational simulation of physico-chemical fluid processes and human physiological systems. This expertise has been applied to:

- Cryogenic fluid management
- On orbit repair of electronics
- Spacecraft fire safety
- Exploration life support
- Energy storage
- Dust management
- Thermal management and control
- Environmental monitoring/control
- ISS experiment development Integrated system health monitoring
- Astronaut health
- Planetary Surface Mobility
- In situ resource utilization
- Materials synthesis
- Bio-fluid mechanics
- Biosystems modeling

Neural Engineering Center (NEC) (http://nec.case.edu)
112 Wickenden (7207)
Phone: 216.368.3974 Fax: 216.368.4872
Dominique Durand, Director
dominique.durand@case.edu

The research mission of the center is to bring to bear combined tools in physics, mathematics, chemistry, engineering and neuroscience to analyze the mechanisms underlying neuronal function and to solve the clinical problems associated with neuronal dysfunction. Research areas include: Neuromodulation, Neuroprostheses, Quantitative Neurophysiology, Neural Dynamics, Neuro-Mechanical Systems, Neural Regeneration, Neural Interfacing, Neural Imaging and Molecular Sensing, Neuro-Magnetism, and Systems Neuroscience. The education mission of the center is to provide engineers and scientists with an integrated knowledge of engineering and neuroscience capable of solving problems in neuroscience ranging from the molecules to the clinic. The center is also an outlet for technology transfer of new ideas to be commercialized by industrial partners. The center’s goals are accomplished by fostering interdisciplinary research between clinicians, scientists, students and local industry, educational experiences including didactic material, laboratory experience and clinical exposure, and close ties to industrial partners.

Nitinol Commercialization Accelerator (NCA) (http://ammrc.case.edu/node/50)
White Building (7205)
Phone: 216.368.4234
John J. Lewandowski, Director
john.lewandowski@case.edu
James D. McGuffin-Cawley, Co-Director
david.schwam, Co-Director

The Ohio Third Frontier Wright Projects Program has funded the Nitinol Commercialization Accelerator (NCA), a collaborative effort between the Cleveland Clinic, CWRU, University of Toledo, NASA Glenn Research Center, and Norman Noble, Inc. in order to develop a better understanding of the metallurgical processing and mechanical characterization of nitinol for use in biomedical and aerospace applications. Biomedical applications range from orthodontia to implantable devices while higher temperature shape memory alloys are of interest for aerospace. The collaboration is designed to create synergy amongst collaborators in the research and development of nitinol products.

The laboratory housed at CWRU’s Material Science and Engineering Department contains processing and characterization (thermal and mechanical) equipment that allows for the manufacture and analysis of nitinol products. Processing equipment includes a vacuum arc casting unit, vacuum heat treatment system, and hot extrusion capabilities. Thermal characterization equipment includes a high temperature Differential Scanning Calorimeter (DSC) while mechanical characterization equipment for testing wire/foil includes a number of flex bending fatigue machines, rotary bending fatigue machines, and table top tension testing machines.

The Cleveland Clinic and NASA Glenn Research Center also house equipment associated with the NCA program including: Raydiance-
Solar Durability and Lifetime Extension (SDLE) Center (http://engineering.case.edu/centers/sdle)

The SDLE Center was established in 2011 with funding from Ohio Third Frontier, and is dedicated to advancing the field of lifetime and degradation science. Activities in the Center focus on durability and degradation of environmentally exposed, long lived materials and technologies such as photovoltaics (PV), energy efficient lighting, and building envelope applications. The Center develops real-time and accelerated protocols for exposure to solar radiation and related environmental stressors to enable the evaluation of the environmental durability and lifetime of materials, components, and products. Researchers perform post-exposure optical and thermo-mechanical measurements to develop quantitative mechanistic models of degradation processes. The SDLE Center’s capabilities and equipment include:

- Outdoor solar exposures: SunFarm with 14 dual-axis solar trackers with multi-sun concentrators, and power degradation monitoring
- Solar simulators for 1-1000X solar exposures
- Multi-factor environmental test chambers with temperature, humidity, freeze/thaw, and cycling
- A full suite of optical, interfacial, thermo-mechanical and electrical evaluation tools for materials, components and systems
- A continuous scan ZephIR LiDAR, manufactured by Natural Power.
- A ToF-SIMS (time-of-flight secondary-ion mass spectrometer).
- A SAM (scanning Auger microprobe) which provides high spatial resolution surface microanalysis, as well as depth profiling.
- An XPS (X-ray photoelectron spectrometer, also known as ESCA (electron spectrometer for chemical analysis)) operating with a small probe size X-ray beam, and allowing efficient concentration-depth profiling.

The SDLE Center is staffed by six full-time engineers who maintain the instrumentation and assist users in acquiring useful data.

Swagelok Center for Surface Analysis of Materials (SCSAM) (http://engineering.case.edu/centers/scsam)

110 Glennan Building  
Phone: 216.368.3868  
A. H. Heuer, Director  
arthur.heuer@case.edu

The SCSAM (Swagelok Center for Surface Analysis of Materials) is a multi-user analytical facility providing instrumentation for microstructural characterization and surface and near-surface chemical analysis. SCSAM’s 16 major instruments encompass a wide range of characterization techniques, providing a uniquely comprehensive resource for cutting-edge microcharacterization of materials. The facility is staffed by six full-time engineers who maintain the instrumentation and assist users in acquiring useful data.

Current capabilities include the following: (i) 4 scanning electron microscopes with additional capabilities for FIB (focused ion beam) micromachining, XEDS (X-ray energy-dispersive spectrometry), and EBSP (electron backscattering patterns), (ii) 2 transmission electron microscopes capable of STEM (scanning transmission electron microscopy) and equipped with XEDS systems and imaging energy filters enabling EFTEM (energy-filtering TEM) techniques and EELS (electron energy-loss spectrometry). (iii) Two scanning probe microscopy systems, one a standard atomic-force microscope with an attachment for nano-tribology (Hysitron Triboscope), the other a variable-temperature UHV (ultra-high vacuum) atomic-resolution instrument for STM (scanning tunneling microscopy), STS (scanning tunneling spectroscopy), and all modes of AFM. (iv) A laser scanning confocal microscope dedicated for materials studies, including Raman microscopy. (v) An automated Nanoindenter. (vi) 3 X-ray diffractometers. (vii) A ToF-SIMS (time-of-flight secondary-ion mass spectrometer). (viii) A SAM (scanning Auger microprobe) which provides high spatial resolution surface microanalysis, as well as depth profiling. (ix) An XPS (X-ray photoelectron spectrometer, also known as ESCA (electron spectrometer for chemical analysis)) operating with a small probe size X-ray beam, and allowing efficient concentration-depth profiling.

SCSAM is administratively housed in the Case School of Engineering (CSE) and is central to much of the research carried out by the seven departments within CSE. However, the facility is extensively used by the Physics, Chemistry, Biology and Earth, Environmental, and Planetary Sciences departments within the College of Arts and Sciences, and by many departments within the Schools of Medicine and Dental Medicine. In addition to CWRU clients, many external institutions utilize SCSAM’s facilities, including NASA Glenn Research Center, the Cleveland Clinic, and numerous Ohio universities. More than 250 users utilize the facility in any given year.

SCSAM’s instruments are housed in a centralized area, allowing users convenient access to state-of-the-art solutions for their analytical needs.

Wind Energy Research and Commercialization (WERC) Center (http://energy.case.edu/WERC-Center)

307 Olin Building  
Great Lakes Energy Institute  
Phone: 216.368.1366, Fax: 216.368.3209  
David H. Matthiesen, Director  
david.matthiesen@case.edu (David.Matthiesen@case.edu)

The WERC Center is a multidisciplinary center for use by students, faculty, and industry providing instrumentation for wind resource characterization and research platforms in operating wind turbines. The WERC Center was established in 2010 with funding from the Ohio Department of Development Third Frontier Wright Project and the Department of Energy. Additional support was provided by the following inaugural industrial partners: Cleveland Electric Laboratories, The Lubrizol Corporation, Parker Hannifin Corporation, Azure Energy LLC., Rockwell Automation, Inc., Swiger Coil Systems LLC., and Wm. Sopko & Sons Co.

The instruments in the WERC Center include:

- A continuous scan ZephIR LiDAR, manufactured by Natural Power. This instrument measures horizontal and vertical wind velocity along with wind direction at 15 second intervals at five user set heights up to 200 m.
• Five meteorological measurement systems: 3 on campus; 1 with the off-campus wind turbines; and one at the City of Cleveland’s water intake crib located 3.5 miles offshore in Lake Erie.

• An ice thickness sensor that is deployed at the bottom of Lake Erie each fall and retrieved in the spring.

• A NorthWind 100 wind turbine manufactured by Northern Power Systems in Barre, Vermont, USA. This 100kW community scale wind turbine has a direct drive generator with full power inverters, stall control blades with a 21 m rotor diameter, and a 37 m hub height. This wind turbine is located on campus just east of Van Horn field and began operation in November, 2010.

• A Vestas V-27 wind turbine originally manufactured by Vestas in Denmark. This 225kW medium scale wind turbine has a gearbox drive generator, pitch controlled blades with a 27 m rotor diameter, and a 30 m hub height. In addition it has a 50kW generator for low wind generation. This wind turbine is located in Euclid, OH about 15 minutes from campus and began operation in March, 2012.

• A Nordex N-54 wind turbine originally manufactured by Nordex in Germany. This 1.0MW utility scale wind turbine has a gearbox drive generator, stall control blades with a 54 m rotor diameter, and a 70 m hub height. In addition it has a 200kW generator for low wind generation. This wind turbine is located at an industrial site in Euclid, OH about 15 minutes from campus and began operation in October, 2012.

Educational Facilities

Nord Computer Laboratory (http://engineering.case.edu/about/facilities/nord-computer-lab)

This is a general purpose computer facility, provided by the Case School of Engineering, open 24 hours a day, available to all CWRU students. The lab contains 56 Thin Clients running Windows 7 Enterprise. Software includes MS Office, Adobe Suite, MATLAB, SolidWorks, ChemBioDraw, CES EduPack, and many others. Facilities for color printing, faxing, copying and scanning are provided.

think[box] (http://engineering.case.edu/thinkbox)

Case Western Reserve University’s new invention center provides a space for anyone - especially students, faculty, and alumni - to tinker and creatively invent. Housed temporarily in a 4,500 square foot space, this project will be moving into a 7-story, 50,000 square foot facility, making it one of the largest university invention centers in the world.

About think[box]

Think[box] is creating a distinct, on-campus environment where hands-on education, design and development, and product commercialization can all take place, and where these activities can interact and cross fertilize. More than a meeting place or world-class fabrication laboratory, it is home to educators, advisors, mentors, and facilitators who can assist students and faculty into becoming tomorrow’s entrepreneurs and technology leaders.

Vision

The vision of think[box] is to change the economic and social culture of the university and region by emphasizing cross-discipline and cross-institution collaborative endeavors that push creativity and innovation to their limits. Think[box] will provide a project-based learning environment where students from all courses of study have an opportunity to understand how innovation and creativity can lead to economic and social advancement. This exposure will encourage entrepreneurial thinking among our students, who will then be poised to become the leaders and innovators of the future. Simultaneously, think[box] will create an entrepreneurial environment where these ideas can be nurtured, developed, funded, and commercialized.

Mission

The mission of think[box] is to establish, on campus, a physical and cultural focal point that will:

• Provide an educational environment that fosters collaboration, creativity, and invention.
• Provide comprehensive resources for innovation and value creation.
• Create an engine for entrepreneurial growth within our community by identifying and nurturing the talents and expertise of CWRU students, faculty, and staff, as well as those of the surrounding community.

Administration

Jeffrey L. Duerk, PhD (Case Western Reserve University)
Dean of the Case School of Engineering and Leonard Case Professor

Laura Bulgarelli, MS (Georgia Institute of Technology)
Associate Dean of Finance and Administration

Lisa Camp, MS (Case Western Reserve University)
Associate Dean of Strategic Initiatives

Daniel Ducoff, MS (University of California, Berkeley)
Associate Dean of Development and Global Relations

Deborah J. Fatica, MA (Bowling Green State University)
Assistant Dean of the Division of Engineering Leadership and Professional Practice

K. Peter D. Lagerlof, PhD (Case Western Reserve University)
Faculty Director of Program Evaluation and Assessment

Clare M. Rimnac, PhD (Lehigh University)
Associate Dean of Research and Wilbert J. Austin Professor of Engineering

Gary E. Wnek, PhD (University of Massachusetts, Amherst)
Associate Dean of Academics and Joseph F. Toot, Jr., Professor of Engineering
Degree Program in Engineering, Undesignated

Engineering (Undesignated)

The Case School of Engineering offers undesignated degrees at the Undergraduate and Graduate level.

Bachelor of Science in Engineering (Undesignated)

The Engineering (Undesignated) program prepares students who seek a technological background but do not wish to pursue pure engineering careers. For example, some needs in the public sector, such as pollution remediation, transportation, low-cost housing, elective medical care, and crime control could benefit from engineering expertise. To prepare for careers in fields that address such problems, the Engineering (Undesignated) program allows students to acquire some engineering background, and combine it with a minor in such programs as management, history of technology and science, or economics. This is not an ABET accredited program.

A student electing an undesignated degree must submit a clear statement of career goals supported by a proposed course schedule with written justification for the selections. These documents are to be submitted to the office of the dean in the Case School of Engineering. The program must be approved by the associate dean in the Case School of Engineering in consultation with representatives of the major and minor departments. A total of at least 129 semester credits are required for graduation.

Since each student’s program is unique, no typical curriculum can be shown. Every program must fulfill the requirements described below.

1. Engineering Core (p. 550)
2. A minimum of two engineering elective courses selected from two of the following four groups:

Thermodynamics or Physical Chemistry
- ECHE 363 Thermodynamics of Chemical Systems 3
- EMAC 351 Physical Chemistry for Engineering & EMAC 352 and Polymer Physics and Engineering 6
- CHEM 301 Introductory Physical Chemistry I & CHEM 302 and Introductory Physical Chemistry II 6

Signals, systems or control
- ECHE 367 Process Control 4
- EECS 246 Signals and Systems 3-4
or EBME 308 Biomedical Signals and Systems
- EECS 304 Control Engineering I with Laboratory 3

Materials science
- EME 306 Introduction to Biomedical Materials 3
- EECS 321 Semiconductor Electronic Devices 4
- EMAC 270 Introduction to Polymer Science and Engineering 3
- EMSE 276 Materials Properties and Design 3
- EMSE 343 Materials for Electronics and Photonics 3

Economics, production systems or decision theory
- EECS 350 Operations and Systems Design 3
- EECS 352 Engineering Economics and Decision Analysis 3
- OPRE 345 Decision Theory 3

Major Field

The major field within the Engineering (Undesignated) requirements must contain a minimum of 24 credit-hours of work in one of the following engineering fields:

- Biomedical Engineering
- Chemical Engineering
- Civil Engineering
- Computer Engineering
- Electrical Engineering
- Engineering Physics
- Materials Science and Engineering
- Polymer Science and Engineering
- Systems and Control Engineering

This work includes a senior projects laboratory (3 credits) and usually a course with a physical measurements laboratory.

Minor Field

The minor field within the Engineering (Undesignated) requirements must contain a minimum of 15 credit-hours. Minors should be developed with the help of the associate dean in the Case School of Engineering. Minor fields must be approved by the department offering the minor.

Bachelor of Science in Engineering (Undesignated)

First Year

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Units</th>
<th>Fall</th>
<th>Spring</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Open elective or Humanities/Social Sciencea</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Principles of Chemistry for Engineers (CHEM 111)</td>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Elementary Computer Programming (ENGR 131) or Introduction to Programming in Java (EECS 132) or General Physics I - Mechanics (PHYS 121)</td>
<td>3-4</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>FSCC 100 SAGES First Seminar</td>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Calculus for Science and Engineering I (MATH 121)</td>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PHED Physical Education Activities Humanities/Social Science or open elective</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chemistry of Materials (ENGR 145)</td>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Calculus for Science and Engineering II (MATH 122)</td>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>General Physics I - Mechanics (PHYS 121) or Elementary Computer Programming (ENGR 131)</td>
<td>3-4</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PHED Physical Education Activities</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Year Total:</td>
<td>18-19</td>
<td>14-15</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Second Year

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Units</th>
<th>Fall</th>
<th>Spring</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>USXX SAGES University Seminar</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Statics and Strength of Materials (ENGR 200)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Calculus for Science and Engineering III (MATH 223)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Numerical Methods (EECS 251)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
General Physics II - Electricity and Magnetism (PHYS 122)  
USXX SAGES University Seminar  
Thermodynamics, Fluid Dynamics, Heat and Mass Transfer (ENGR 225)  
Introduction to Circuits and Instrumentation (ENGR 210)  
Elementary Differential Equations (MATH 224)  
Introduction to Modern Physics (PHYS 221)  

Year Total: 16 17

Third Year

Humanities or Social Science 3  
Major Concentration Course 3  
Major Concentration Course 3  
Minor Concentration Course 3  
Engineering elective 3  
Open elective 3  
Professional Communication for Engineers (ENGL 398) & Professional Communication for Engineers (ENGR 398) 3  
Major Concentration Course 3  
Major Concentration Course 3  
Minor Concentration Course 3  
Engineering elective 3  
Year Total: 18 15

Fourth Year

Humanities or Social Science elective 3  
Exxx 398 Engineering Senior Project 1-3  
Major Concentration Course 3  
Minor Concentration Course 3  
Minor Concentration Course 3  
Humanities or Social Science elective 3  
Major Concentration Course 3  
Major Concentration Course 3  
Minor Concentration Course 3  
Open elective 3  
Year Total: 13-15 15

Total Units in Sequence: 126-130

Hours required for graduation: 129

One of these courses must be a humanities/social science course.

Master of Science in Engineering (Undesignated)

A student working toward an undesignated Master of Science degree in engineering must select a department. The student is responsible for submitting a Planned Program of Study via the Student Information System where it will be routed for appropriate approvals. The Planned Program of Study must contain a minimum of 9 semester hours of course work in the department approving the program. A minimum of 18 semester hours of course work for the degree must be at the 400 level or higher. The student must meet all the requirements of the designated Master of Science degree in engineering.

Department of Biomedical Engineering

The Department of Biomedical Engineering was established in 1968 at Case Western Reserve University. As one of the pioneer programs in the world, it has become a strong and well-established program in research and education with many unique features. It was founded on the premise that engineering principles provide an important basis for innovative and unique solutions to biomedical problems. This philosophy has been the guide for the successful development of the program, which has been emulated by many other institutions. Quantitative engineering and analytic methods for biomedical applications remains the cornerstone of the program and distinguishes it from biomedical science programs. In addition to dealing with biomedical problems at the tissue and organ system level, the department’s educational programs have a growing emphasis on cellular and subcellular mechanisms for understanding of fundamental processes, as well as for systems approaches to solving clinical problems.

Current degree programs include the BS, MS, ME, combined BS/MS, PhD, MD/MS, and MD/PhD in biomedical engineering. In all of the BME programs at Case, the goal is to educate engineers who can apply engineering methods to problems involving living systems. The Case School of Engineering and the School of Medicine are in close proximity on the same campus. The Biomedical Engineering faculty members carry joint appointments in the two schools and participate in the teaching, research, and decision-making committees of both. The department is close to several major medical centers (University Hospitals, Cleveland Clinic, VA Medical Center, and MetroHealth Medical Center). As a result, there is an unusually free flow of academic exchange and collaboration in research and education among the schools and institutions. All of Case Western Reserve’s BME programs take full advantage of faculty cooperation among university departments, which adds significant strength to the programs.

Mission

To educate leaders who will integrate both principles of engineering and medicine to create knowledge and discoveries that advance human health and well-being. Our faculty and students play leading roles ranging from basic science discovery to the creation, clinical evolution, and commercialization of new technologies, devices, and therapies. In short, we are “Engineering Better Health.”

Background

Graduates in biomedical engineering are employed in industry, hospitals, research centers, government, and universities. Biomedical engineers also use their undergraduate training as a basis for careers in business, medicine, law, and other professions.

Research

Several research thrusts are available to accommodate various student backgrounds and interests. Strong research collaborations with clinical and basic science departments of the university and collaborating medical centers bring a broad range of opportunities, expertise, and perspective to student research projects.
Biomaterials/Tissue Engineering/Drug and Gene Delivery

Fabrication and analysis of materials for implantation, including neural, orthopaedic, and cardiovascular tissue engineering, biomimetic materials, liposomal and other structures for controlled, targeted drug delivery, and biocompatible polymer surface modifications. Analysis of synthetic and biologic polymers by AFM, nanoscale structure-function relationships of biomaterials. Applications in the nervous system, the cardiovascular system, the musculoskeletal system, and cancer.

Biomedical Imaging

MRI, PET, SPECT, CT, ultrasound, acoustic elastography, optical coherence tomography, cardiac electrical potential mapping, human visual perception, image-guided intervention, contrast agents. In vivo microscopic and molecular imaging, and small animal imaging.

Biomedical Sensing

Optical sensing, electrochemical and chemical fiber-optic sensors, chemical measurements in cells and tissues, endoscopy.

Neuronal Engineering and Neural Prostheses

Neuronal mechanisms; neural interfacing for electric and magnetic stimulation and recording; neural dynamics, ion channels, second messengers; neural prostheses for control of limb movement, bladder, bowel, and respiratory function; computational modeling of neural structures.

Transport and Metabolic Systems

Modeling and analysis of tissue responses to heating (e.g., tumor ablation) and of cellular metabolism related to organ and whole-body function in health (exercise) and disease (cardiac).

Biomechanical Systems

Computational musculoskeletal modeling, bone biomechanics, soft tissue mechanics, control of neuroprostheses for motor function, neuromuscular control systems, human locomotion, cardiac mechanics.

Cardiovascular Systems

Normal cardiac physiology, pathogenesis of cardiac diseases, therapeutic technologies; electrophysiological techniques, imaging technologies, mathematical modeling, gene regulation, molecular biology techniques; cardiac bioelectricity and cardiac biomechanics.

Major (p. 23) I Specialty Electives (p. 24) I BS/MS (p. 27) I Minor (p. 27)

Undergraduate Programs

The Case Western Reserve undergraduate program leading to the Bachelor of Science degree with a major in biomedical engineering was established in 1972. The Bachelor of Science degree program in Biomedical Engineering is accredited by the Engineering Accreditation Commission of ABET, www.abet.org (http://www.abet.org).

Some BS graduates are employed in industry and medical centers. Others continue studies in biomedical engineering and other fields. Students with engineering ability and an interest in medicine may consider the undergraduate biomedical engineering program as an exciting alternative to conventional premedical programs. The undergraduate program has three major components: (1) Engineering Core, (2) BME Core, and (3) BME Track Courses. The Engineering Core provides a fundamental background in mathematics, sciences, and engineering. The BME Core integrates engineering with biomedical science to solve biomedical problems. Hands-on experience in BME is developed through undergraduate laboratory and project courses. In addition, by choosing BME Track Courses, the student can study a specific area in depth. This integrated program is designed to ensure that BME graduates are competent engineers. Students may select open electives for educational breadth or depth or to meet entrance requirements of medical school or other professional career choices. BME faculty serve as student advisors to guide students in choosing the program of study most appropriate for individual needs and interests.

Program Educational Objectives

At the undergraduate level, we direct our efforts toward two educational objectives that describe the performance of alumni 3-6 years after graduation.

1. Our graduates will successfully enter and complete post-baccalaureate advanced degree programs, including those in biomedical engineering.
2. Our graduates will obtain jobs in the biomedical arena and advance to positions of greater responsibility.

Student Outcomes

As preparation for achieving the above educational objectives, the BS degree program in Biomedical Engineering is designed so that students attain:

- An ability to apply knowledge of mathematics, science, and engineering appropriate to the biomedical engineering
- An ability to design and conduct experiments, as well as to analyze and interpret data
- An ability to design a system, component, or process to meet desired needs within realistic constraints such as economic, environmental, social, political, ethical, health and safety, manufacturability, and sustainability
- An ability to function on multi-disciplinary teams
- An ability to identify, formulate, and solve engineering problems
- An understanding of professional and ethical responsibility
- An ability to communicate effectively
- The ability to communicate the impact of engineering solutions in a global, economic, environmental, and societal context
- A recognition of the need for, and an ability to engage in life-long learning
- A knowledge of contemporary issues
- An ability to use the techniques, skills, and modern engineering tools necessary for engineering practice

Bachelor of Science in Engineering

Major in Biomedical Engineering

Majors in Biomedical Engineering choose a specialization sequence, with sequence-specific courses. More information can be obtained from the Department of Biomedical Engineering (http://bme.case.edu).
### Required Courses

**Major Courses**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Name</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EBME 201</td>
<td>Physiology-Biophysics I</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EBME 202</td>
<td>Physiology-Biophysics II</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EBME 306</td>
<td>Introduction to Biomedical Materials</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EBME 308</td>
<td>Biomedical Signals and Systems</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EBME 309</td>
<td>Modeling of Biomedical Systems</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&amp; EBME 359</td>
<td>and Biomedical Computer Simulation Laboratory</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EBME 310</td>
<td>Principles of Biomedical Instrumentation</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&amp; EBME 360</td>
<td>and Biomedical Instrumentation Laboratory</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EBME 370</td>
<td>Principles of Biomedical Engineering Design</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EBME 380</td>
<td>Biomedical Engineering Design Experience</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Plus one of the following two sequences:

- EBME 318  | Biomedical Engineering Laboratory I
- & EBME 319 | and Biomedical Engineering Laboratory II

- EBME 328  | Biomedical Engineering R&D Training I
- & EBME 329 | and Biomedical Engineering R&D Training II

One of the following statistics courses: 3

- STAT 312 | Basic Statistics for Engineering and Science
- STAT 313 | Statistics for Experimenters
- STAT 332 | Statistics for Signal Processing
- STAT 333 | Uncertainty in Engineering and Science

Plus 7 Specialty Track specialization courses 22-23

Total Units 52-53

### Biomedical Engineering Specialty Electives

BME Courses for these tracks are presented in the tables below; more information can be obtained from the Department of Biomedical Engineering (http://bme.case.edu). These tracks provide the student with a solid background in a well-defined area of biomedical engineering. To meet specific educational needs, students may choose alternatives from among the suggested electives or design unique specialties subject to departmental guidelines and faculty approval.

#### Biomedical Devices and Instrumentation Track

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Name</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EECS 245</td>
<td>Electronic Circuits</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EECS 281</td>
<td>Logic Design and Computer Organization</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EECS 309</td>
<td>Electromagnetic Fields I</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EECS 344</td>
<td>Electronic Analysis and Design</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EBME 105</td>
<td>Introduction to Biomedical Engineering (or Open Elective)</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Math or Science Elective 3

**Approved Tech Elective** 3

**Approved Tech Elective** 3

**Approved Tech Elective** 3

Choose one of the following two courses: 3

- EBME 327  | Bioelectric Engineering
- EBME 320  | Medical Imaging Fundamentals

#### Biomaterials Track

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Name</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CHEM 223</td>
<td>Introductory Organic Chemistry I</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EMAC 270</td>
<td>Introduction to Polymer Science and Engineering</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EMAC 351</td>
<td>Physical Chemistry for Engineering</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EMAC 355</td>
<td>Polymer Analysis Laboratory</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EBME 105</td>
<td>Introduction to Biomedical Engineering ((or Open Elective))</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Math or Science Elective 3

**Approved Tech. Elective** 3

**Approved Tech. Elective** 3

**Approved Tech. Elective** 3

Choose one of the following four courses: 3

- EBME 406  | Polymers in Medicine
- EBME 316  | Biomaterials for Drug Delivery
- EBME 325  | Introduction to Tissue Engineering
- EBME 305  | Materials for Prosthetics and Orthotics

The following courses are approved technical electives for the Biomaterials track. Any other technical course can be approved by the track leader and the student's advisor, if it fits better with the student's career plans.

- **Polymeric Biomaterials**
  - EMAC 276 | Polymer Properties and Design
  - EMAC 370 | Polymer Chemistry
  - EMAC 376 | Polymer Engineering
  - EMAC 377 | Polymer Processing
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Name</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EBME/EMAC 303</td>
<td>Structure of Biological Materials</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EBME 305</td>
<td>Materials for Prosthetics and Orthotics</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EBME 350</td>
<td>Quantitative Molecular, Cellular and Tissue Bioengineering</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EBME 406/EMAC 471</td>
<td>Polymers in Medicine</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EBME 408</td>
<td>Engineering Tissues/Materials - Learning from Nature's Paradigms</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EBME 315</td>
<td>Applied Tissue Engineering</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EBME 325</td>
<td>Introduction to Tissue Engineering</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EBME 408</td>
<td>Engineering Tissues/Materials - Learning from Nature's Paradigms</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EBME 425</td>
<td>Tissue Engineering and Regenerative Medicine</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Hard Materials</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EMAE 160</td>
<td>Mechanical Manufacturing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EMSE 307</td>
<td>Foundry Metallurgy</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EMSE 313</td>
<td>Engineering Applications of Materials</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EMSE 335</td>
<td>Strategic Metals and Materials for the 21st Century</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EMSE 411</td>
<td>Environmental Effects on Materials</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EBME 316</td>
<td>Biomaterials for Drug Delivery</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EBME 426</td>
<td>Nanomedicine</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ECHE 474</td>
<td>Biotransport Processes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ECHE 340</td>
<td>Biochemical Engineering</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ECHE 360</td>
<td>Transport Phenomena for Chemical Systems</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ECHE 364</td>
<td>Chemical Reaction Processes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EMAC 376</td>
<td>Polymer Engineering</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EBME 398</td>
<td>Senior Project Laboratory I</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Biomechanics Track**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Name</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EMAE 181</td>
<td>Dynamics</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ECV 310</td>
<td>Strength of Materials</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EMAE 290</td>
<td>Computer-Aided Manufacturing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EBME 105</td>
<td>Introduction to Biomedical Engineering (or Open Elective)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Math or Science Elective</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Approved Tech Elective</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Approved Tech Elective</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Approved Tech Elective</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Choose one of the following:</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EMAE 307</td>
<td>Biomechanical Prosthetic Systems</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EMAE 160</td>
<td>Mechanical Manufacturing</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The following courses are approved technical electives for the Biomechanics track. Any other technical course can be approved by the track leader and the student's advisor, if it fits better with the student's career plans.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Name</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EMAE 250</td>
<td>Computers in Mechanical Engineering</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EMAE 390</td>
<td>Advanced Manufacturing Technology</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EMAE 370</td>
<td>Design of Mechanical Elements</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EMAE 372</td>
<td>Structural Materials by Design</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EMAE 350</td>
<td>Mechanical Engineering Analysis</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EMAE 415</td>
<td>Introduction to Musculo-skeletal Biomechanics</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EBME 305</td>
<td>Materials for Prosthetics and Orthotics</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Biomedical Computing and Analysis Track**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Name</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EECS 302</td>
<td>Discrete Mathematics</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EECS 233</td>
<td>Introduction to Data Structures</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MATH 201</td>
<td>Introduction to Linear Algebra</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EECS 324</td>
<td>Modeling and Simulation of Continuous Dynamical Systems</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EBME 105</td>
<td>Introduction to Biomedical Engineering (or Open Elective)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Math or Science Elective</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Approved Tech Elective</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Approved Tech Elective</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Approved Tech Elective</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Choose one of the following four classes:</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EBME 327</td>
<td>Bioelectric Engineering</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EBME 350</td>
<td>Quantitative Molecular, Cellular and Tissue Bioengineering</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EBME 307</td>
<td>Biomechanical Prosthetic Systems</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ECIV 420</td>
<td>Finite Element Analysis</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The following courses are approved technical electives for the biomedical computing and analysis track. Any other technical course can be approved by the track leader and the student's advisor, if it fits better with the student's career plans.

To receive a minor in Systems Engineering, students must choose EECS 304, EECS 346, and EECS 352 for tech. electives and either EECS 350 of EECS 391 for an open tech. elective.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Name</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EECS 304</td>
<td>Control Engineering I with Laboratory</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EECS 346</td>
<td>Engineering Optimization</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EBME 300</td>
<td>Dynamics of Biological Systems: A Quantitative Introduction to Biology</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EECS 350</td>
<td>Operations and Systems Design</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EECS 352</td>
<td>Engineering Economics and Decision Analysis</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EECS 359</td>
<td>Bioinformatics in Practice</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EECS 391</td>
<td>Introduction to Artificial Intelligence</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EBME 398</td>
<td>Senior Project Laboratory I</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Biomedical Computing & Imaging**

To receive a minor in Computer Science, students must choose EECS 338 and EECS 340 for two of the tech. electives.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Name</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EECS 281</td>
<td>Logic Design and Computer Organization</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EECS 293</td>
<td>Software Craftsmanship</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EECS 313</td>
<td>Signal Processing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EECS 338</td>
<td>Introduction to Operating Systems</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EECS 340</td>
<td>Algorithms</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EECS 341</td>
<td>Introduction to Database Systems</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EECS 343</td>
<td>Theoretical Computer Science</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EECS 359</td>
<td>Bioinformatics in Practice</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EECS 391</td>
<td>Introduction to Artificial Intelligence</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EECS 394</td>
<td>Introduction to Information Theory</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EBME 398</td>
<td>Senior Project Laboratory I</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Co-op and Internship Programs
Opportunities are available for students to alternate studies and work in industry as a co-op student, which is integrated in a five-year program. Alternatively, students may obtain employment as summer interns.

Bachelor of Science in Engineering
Suggested Program of Study: Major in Biomedical Engineering

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>First Year</th>
<th>Units</th>
<th>Fall</th>
<th>Spring</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Introduction to Biomedical Engineering (EBME 105)&lt;sup&gt;b&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Principles of Chemistry for Engineers (CHEM 111)</td>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Calculus for Science and Engineering I (MATH 121)</td>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Elementary Computer Programming (ENGR 131/EECS 132)&lt;sup&gt;h&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SAGES First Seminar (FSxx)</td>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PHED (2 half semester courses)</td>
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<td>Chemistry of Materials (ENGR 145)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Calculus for Science and Engineering II (MATH 122)</td>
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<tr>
<td>General Physics I - Mechanics (PHYS 121)</td>
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<tr>
<td>USxx University Seminar&lt;sup&gt;c&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
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<th>Spring</th>
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<tr>
<td>Physiology-Biophysics I (EBME 201)</td>
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<td>Calculus for Science and Engineering III (MATH 223)</td>
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<tr>
<td>General Physics II - Electricity and Magnetism (PHYS 122)</td>
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<td>BME Track Course&lt;sup&gt;d&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
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<tr>
<td>Science elective&lt;sup&gt;e&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
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<td>USxx University Seminar&lt;sup&gt;c&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
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<td>Physiology-Biophysics II (EBME 202)</td>
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<td>Elementary Differential Equations (MATH 224)</td>
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<td>Introduction to Circuits and Instrumentation (ENGR 210)</td>
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<td>BME Track Course&lt;sup&gt;d&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
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<td>Science elective&lt;sup&gt;e&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
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<td>SAGES Breadth Requirement (Arts and Humanities or Social Science Course)</td>
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<td>Introduction to Biomedical Materials (EBME 306)</td>
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<td>Biomedical Engineering Laboratory I (EBME 318) or Biomedical Engineering R&amp;D Training I (EBME 328)</td>
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<td>Principles of Biomedical Engineering Design (EBME 370)</td>
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<td>Open Elective</td>
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<tr>
<td>Biomedical Engineering Design Experience (EBME 380)</td>
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<td>Year Total:</td>
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Total Units in Sequence: **129**

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**Notes:**

- a This is a typical program. Track courses are designed with courses in a desired order that might vary from the one here. Programs must be planned with a faculty advisor in the Department of Biomedical Engineering.
- b This optional course is limited to freshmen. This can be replaced by an open elective.
- c University Seminars (6 semester hours, minimum of 2 seminars selected from different thematic groups and different thematic group from that of FSCC 100 First Seminar).
- d Courses are chosen depending on the BME track courses as listed below.
- e Students take at least one math or science course approved by BME department.
Graduate Programs

The objective of the graduate program in biomedical engineering is to educate biomedical engineers for careers in industry, academia, health care, and government and to advance research in biomedical engineering. The department provides a learning environment that encourages students to apply biomedical engineering methods to advance basic scientific discovery; integrate knowledge across the spectrum from basic cellular and molecular biology through tissue, organ, and whole-body physiology and pathophysiology; and to exploit this knowledge to design diagnostic and therapeutic technologies that improve human health. The unique and rich medical, science, and engineering environment at Case enables research projects ranging from basic science through engineering design and clinical application.

Numerous fellowships and research assistantships are available to support graduate students in their studies.

Graduate Certificates

Graduate Certificates are discipline independent and intended to enable knowledgeable entry into the field of study. They are prescribed 3-course, 9-credit subsets of our MS degree offerings:

- Health Informational Technology
- Wireless Health
- Wireless Health Product Development

For more details, please refer to the Graduate Certificate (http://engineering.case.edu/sandiego/gcacademics) information on the Case School of Engineering - San Diego website.

Master of Science in Engineering

The MS program in biomedical engineering provides breadth in biomedical engineering and biomedical sciences with depth in an engineering specialty. In addition, students are expected to develop the ability to work independently on a biomedical research or design project. The MS requires a minimum of 27 credit hours. With an MS research thesis (Plan A), a minimum of 18 credits hours is needed in regular course work and 9 hours of thesis research (EBME 651 Thesis M.S.). With an MS project (Plan B), a minimum of 24 credits hours is needed in regular course work, and three hours of project research (EBME 601 Research Projects); or this can be accomplished in 27 credit hours of coursework with a comprehensive final exam for the degree.

Master of Science in Engineering with Specialization

Translational Health Technology

This Masters degree in Biomedical Engineering is designed to develop expertise in translating biomedical ideas into clinical implementation. This degree can be completed in one year for full time students. It is offered by the Biomedical Engineering department in the Case School of Engineering, and takes advantage of the large pool of expertise in Biotechnology on the campus of Case Western Reserve University. It combines aspects of bioengineering, marketing, entrepreneurship, and bioregulatory affairs with ethics and experimental design. The program will require students to take a minimum of 27 credits including a design project.

Prerequisite: Biomedical Engineering Degree or equivalent or consent of program director.

Special Features:

- Eight courses plus 4 hours of project
- Portions available through Distance Learning
- Flexible program to accommodate a professional's schedule
- Lock-Step Program; Duration 1 year: August to August
- Projects can be done within the place of work

Wireless Health

The MS degree in Biomedical Engineering (BME) with a specialization in Wireless Health is a "course-only" or "Thesis-option" program of study.
Students who complete the 9-course, 27-credit course-only option or the 6-course-plus-thesis, 27-credit thesis-based option will have the requisite knowledge to enter and advance the wireless health industry.

For more details, please refer to the Master's Degree (http://engineering.case.edu/sandiego/academics) information on the Case School of Engineering - San Diego website.

**MD/MS Program**

Medicine is undergoing a transformation based on the rapid advances in science and technology that are combining to produce more accurate diagnoses, more effective treatments with fewer side effects, and improved ability to prevent disease. The goal of the MD/MS in Engineering is to prepare medical graduates to be leaders in the development and clinical deployment of this technology and to partner with others in technology based translational research teams. Current Case medical students in either the University Program (UP) or the Cleveland Clinic Lerner College of Medicine (CCLCM) may apply to the MD/MS in Engineering program.

Students must complete the normal requirements in their particular MD program. Portions of the medical school curriculum earn graded credit toward the MD/MS degree. Specifically, six credit hours of the medical school curriculum can be applied to the MS component of the joint degree.

The balance of 12 credit hours (4 courses) must be graduate level engineering concentration courses that provide rigor and depth in a field of engineering relevant to the area of research.

A required thesis (9 credit hours of EBME 651 Thesis M.S.) serves a key integration role for the joint degree, with both medical and engineering components. The thesis also fulfills the research requirement of the UP or CCLCM programs.

Students should apply through the BME department admissions office.

**PhD Program in Biomedical Engineering**

For those students with primary interest in research, the PhD in biomedical engineering provides additional depth and breadth in engineering and the biomedical sciences. Under faculty guidance, students are expected to undertake original research motivated by a biomedical problem. Research possibilities include the development of new theory, devices, or methods for diagnostic or therapeutic applications, as well as for measurement and evaluation of basic biological mechanisms.

The PhD program requires a minimum of 36 credit hours of courses beyond the BS degree. There are 12 credit hours of required core courses. The balance of the courses can be chosen with significant flexibility to meet the career goals of the student, and to satisfy requirements of depth and breadth. Programs of study must include one graduate level course in biomedical sciences and one course whose content is primarily mathematical. Two semesters of departmental seminar attendance (EBME 611 BME Departmental Seminar I, EBME 612 BME Departmental Seminar II), two semesters of topic seminar (EBME 612-620), a professional development class (EBME 570 Graduate Professional Development for Biomedical Engineers), and three semesters of teaching experience (EBME 400T Graduate Teaching I, EBME 500T Graduate Teaching II, and EBME 600T Graduate Teaching III) are also required. PhD programs of study are reviewed and must be accepted by the Graduate Education Committee and the department chair. Eighteen hours of EBME 701 Dissertation Ph.D. registration are required.

PhD candidacy requires passing certain milestones. A student is advanced to PhD candidacy after: (1) passing the graduate core classes with a “B” or better; (2) passing the Oral Qualifying Exam; and (3) writing and defending a research proposal exam. The PhD is completed when the dissertation has been written and defended, and when at least three peer-reviewed manuscripts have been submitted (only two require first authorship) for publication and at least two are published or accepted for publication.

**MD/PhD Programs**

Students with outstanding qualifications may apply to either of two MD/PhD programs. Students interested in obtaining a combined MD/PhD, with an emphasis on basic research in biomedical engineering, are strongly encouraged to explore the Medical Scientist Training Program (MSTP), administered by the School of Medicine. The MD/PhD programs require approximately 7-8 years of intensive study after the BS. Interested students should apply through the MSTP office in the Medical School.

**Facilities**

The home of the Department of Biomedical Engineering is primarily located in Wickenden Building, with offices for over 90 percent of all primary faculty members and staff, as well as most of the non-clinical research laboratories and centers. Major interdisciplinary centers include: the Center for Biomaterials, the Neural Engineering Center (NEC), and the In-situ Imaging Center. The Center for Biomaterials includes laboratories for biomaterials microscopy, biopolymer and biomaterial interfaces, and molecular simulation. The NEC is a major facility for basic research and animal experimentation, with a focus on recording and controlling neural activity to increase our understanding of the nervous system and to develop neural prostheses. The Biomedical Imaging Laboratories, housed in the Case Center for Imaging Research and the Department of Radiology at University Hospitals, image structure and function from the molecular level to the tissue-organ level, using many modalities, including ultrasound, MRI, CT, PET, SPECT, bioluminescence, and light. Biomedical sensing laboratories include facilities for electrochemical sensing, chemical measurements in individual cells, and minimally invasive physiological monitoring.

Primary BME faculty members also have laboratories and centers in other locations. The Endoscopy Research Laboratory in University Hospitals is the center for work on optical coherence tomography and biophotonics. The FES (Functional Electrical Stimulation) Center, with laboratories in three medical centers, develops techniques for restoration of movement in paralysis, control of the nervous system, and implantable technology. Also, it promotes technology transfer and disseminates information about functional electrical stimulation, and evaluates clinical functionality of neuroprostheses. The APT (Advanced Platform Technology) Center develops advanced technologies that serve the clinical needs of veterans and others with motor and sensory deficits and limb loss.

The Coulter-Case Translation and Innovation Partnership (CCTRP) is a department-based collaboration with the Wallace H. Coulter Foundation. The program fosters collaborations between clinicians and the Case Western Reserve University biomedical engineering faculty on translational research projects with the potential to impact patient care often through the creation of new biomedical products and new product concepts.
The department faculty and students have access to the facilities and major laboratories of the Case School of Engineering and School of Medicine. Faculty have numerous collaborations at University Hospitals, MetroHealth Medical Center, Louis Stokes Cleveland VA Medical Center, and the Cleveland Clinic. These provide extensive research resources in a clinical environment for both undergraduate and graduate students.

**Primary Appointments**

Robert F. Kirsch, PhD  
(Northwestern University)  
*Professor and Interim Chair; Executive Director, Functional Electrical Stimulation Center*  
Restoration of movement using neuroprostheses; neuroprosthesis control system design; natural control of human movements; biomechanics of movement; computer-based modeling; and system identification

A. Bolu Ajiboye, PhD  
(Northwestern University)  
*Assistant Professor*  
Development and control of brain-computer-interface (BCI) technologies for restoring function to individuals with nervous system injuries

Eben Alsberg, PhD  
(University of Michigan)  
*Associate Professor*  
Biomimetic tissue engineering; innovative biomaterials and drug delivery vehicles for functional tissue regeneration and cancer therapy; control of stem cell fate decision; precise temporal and spatial presentation of signals to regulate cell behavior; mechanotransduction and the influence of mechanics on cell behavior and tissue formation; and cell-cell interactions

James P. Basilion, PhD  
(The University of Texas)  
*Associate Professor (joint with Radiology)*  
High resolution imaging of endogenous gene expression; definition of “molecular signatures” for imaging and treatment of cancer and other diseases; generating and utilizing genomic data to define informative targets; strategies for applying non-invasive imaging to drug development; and novel molecular imaging probes and paradigms

Jeffrey Capadona, PhD  
(Georgia Institute of Technology)  
*Assistant Professor*  
Advanced materials for neural interfacing; biomimetic and bio-inspired materials; host-implant integration; anti-inflammatory materials; and novel biomaterials for surface modification of cortical neuroprostheses

Patrick E. Crago, PhD  
(Case Western Reserve University)  
*Professor*  
Control of neuroprostheses for restoration of motor function; neuromechanics; and modeling of neuromusculoskeletal systems

Jeffrey L. Duerk, PhD  
(Case Western Reserve University)  
*Dean, Case School of Engineering; Leonard Case Professor of Engineering; Director, Case Center for Imaging Research*  
Magnetic resonance imaging; rapid magnetic resonance imaging pulse sequence development; image reconstruction from non-rectilinearly sampled data; the development of image-guided interventional MRI procedures, including percutaneous cancer and cardiovascular procedures

Dominique M. Durand, PhD  
(University of Toronto, Canada)  
*Elmer Lincoln Lindseth Professor in Biomedical Engineering; Director, Neural Engineering Center*  
Neural engineering; neural interfacing; neural prostheses; computational neuroscience; neural dynamics; neuromodulation; neurophysiology and control of epilepsy

Steven J. Eppell, PhD  
(Case Western Reserve University)  
*Associate Professor*  
Biomaterials; instrumentation; nanoscale structure-function analysis of orthopaedic biomaterials; and scanning probe microscopy and spectroscopy of skeletal tissues

Miklos Gratzl, PhD  
(Technical University of Budapest, Hungary)  
*Associate Professor*  
Biomedical sensing and diagnostics in vitro and in vivo; electrochemical and optical techniques; BioMEMS for cellular transport; cancer multi-drug resistance at the single cell level; and silver sensor for multi-analyte patient monitoring

Kenneth Gustafson, PhD  
(Arizona State University)  
*Associate Professor*  
Neural engineering; neural prostheses; neurophysiology and neural control of genitourinary function; devices to restore genitourinary function; and functional neuromuscular stimulation

Efstathios (Stathis) Karathanasis, PhD  
(University of Houston)  
*Assistant Professor*  
Fabricating multifunctional agents that facilitate diagnosing; treating and monitoring of therapies in a patient-specific manner

Erin Lavik, ScD  
(Massachusetts Institute of Technology)  
*Elmer Lincoln Lindseth Associate Professor in Biomedical Engineering*  
Biomaterials; synthesis of new degradable polymers; tissue engineering; spinal cord repair; retinal regeneration; and drug delivery for optic nerve preservation and repair

Zheng-Rong Lu, PhD  
(Lanzhou Institute of Chemical Physics, Chinese Academy of Sciences)  
*M. Frank and Margaret Domiter Rudy Professor of Biomedical Engineering*  
Drug delivery and molecular imaging; novel targeted imaging agents for molecular imaging; novel MRI contrast agents; image-guided therapy and drug delivery; polymeric drug delivery systems; multi-functional delivery systems for nucleic acids
Anant Madabhushi, PhD  
(Rutgers University)  
Professor  
Quantitative image analysis; Multi-modal, multi-scale correlation of massive data sets for disease diagnostics, prognostics, theragnostics; cancer applications

Cameron McIntyre, PhD  
(Case Western Reserve University)  
Assistant Professor, Molecular Medicine  
Theoretical modeling of the interaction between electric fields and the nervous system; deep brain stimulation

J. Thomas Mortimer, PhD  
(Case Western Reserve University)  
Professor Emeritus  
Neural control and prostheses; electrical activation of neural tissue; and membrane properties and electrodes

P. Hunter Peckham, PhD  
(Case Western Reserve University)  
Associate Professor  
Biomedical optics; real-time in-vivo microstructural, functional, and molecular imaging using optical coherence tomography; diagnosis and guided therapy for cancer, cardiovascular, and ophthalmic disease

Gerald M. Saidel, PhD  
(The Johns Hopkins University)  
Professor; Director, Center for Modeling Integrated Metabolic Systems  
Mass and heat transport and metabolism in cells, tissues, and organ systems; mathematical modeling and simulation of dynamic and spatially distributed systems; optimal nonlinear parameter estimation and design of experiments

Nicole Seiberlich, PhD  
(University of Würzburg)  
Assistant Professor  
Advanced signal processing and data acquisition techniques for rapid Magnetic Resonance Imaging (MRI).

Anirban Sen Gupta, PhD  
(The University of Akron)  
Associate Professor  
Targeted drug delivery; targeted molecular imaging; image-guided therapy; platelet substitutes; novel polymeric biomaterials for tissue engineering scaffolds

Nicole F. Steinmetz, PhD  
(John Innes Centre in Norwich, UK)  
Assistant Professor  
Engineering of viral nanoparticles as smart devices for applications in medicine: tissue-specific imaging, drug-delivery, and tissue engineering

Dustin J. Tyler, PhD  
(Case Western Reserve University)  
Associate Professor  
Neuromimetic neuroprostheses; laryngeal neuroprostheses; clinical implementation of nerve electrodes; cortical neuroprostheses; minimally invasive implantation techniques; and modeling of neural stimulation and neuroprostheses

Horst A. von Recum, PhD  
(University of Utah)  
Associate Professor  
Affinity-based delivery of small molecule drugs and biomolecules for applications in device infection, HIV, orthopedics, cardiovascular, ophthalmology and cancer; directed differentiation of stem cells for tissue engineering applications, such as endothelial cells, cardiomyocytes, motor neurons and T-cells

David L. Wilson, PhD  
(Rice University)  
Robert J. Herbold Professor  
Biomedical image processing; digital processing and quantitative image quality of X-ray fluoroscopy images; interventional MRI

Xin Yu, ScD  
(Harvard-MIT)  
Associate Professor  
Magnetic resonance imaging and spectroscopy; applications of MRI and MRS to cardiovascular research

Secondary Appointments

Rigoberto Advincula, PhD  
(University of Florida)  
Professor  
Design, synthesis, and characterization of polymers and nanostructured materials capable of controlled-assembly, tethering, and self-organization in ultrathin films.

Ozan Akkus, PhD  
(Case Western Reserve)  
Associate Professor  
Development of novel biomaterials that will substitute bone and soft tissues, bioinspired from the synthesis of bone such that ductile biocompatible polymer matrices are subjected to mineralization. Tendon replacement strategy involve alignment of collagen monomers by a novel electrochemical method to obtain strong bundles.

Jay Alberts, PhD  
(Arizona State University)  
Assistant Professor of Biomedical Engineering (Cleveland Clinic)  
Neural basis of upper extremity motor function and deep brain stimulation in Parkinson’s disease

James M. Anderson, MD (Case Western Reserve University), PhD  
(Oregon State University)  
Professor. Pathology, University Hospitals-Case Medical Center  
Blood and tissue/material interactions as they relate to implantable devices and biomaterials
Harihara Baskaran, PhD  
(Pennsylvania State University)  
**Assistant Professor, Chemical and Biomolecular Engineering**  
Design and build microvascular flow analogs that can be used to overcome nutrient limitations in tissue-engineered products

Jonathan Baskin, MD  
(New York University)  
**Assistant Professor, Chief, Otolaryngology-Head & Neck Surgery, University Hospitals-Case Medical Center, VA Medical Center**  
Bioengineering of bone substitutes using nanotechnology

Arnold Caplan, PhD  
(Johns Hopkins University)  
**Professor, Biology**  
Develop and refine the technology necessary to isolate one of these rare stem cells, the mesenchymal stem cell (MSC)

M. Cenk Cavusoglu, PhD  
(University of California, Berkeley)  
**Professor, Electrical Engineering & Computer Science**  
Robotics, systems and control theory, and human-machine interfaces; with emphasis on medical robotics, haptics, virtual environments, surgical simulation, and bio-system modeling and simulation

Ronald L. Cechner, Clinical PhD (Anesthesiology)  
(Case Western Reserve University)  
**Assistant Professor, Anesthesiology and Associate Professor, Biomedical Engineering and Pathology, Technical Director, Anesthesia Simulation Laboratory, University Hospitals-Case Medical Center**  
Simulation in medical education

John Chae, MD  
(New Jersey Medical School)  
**Professor, Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation, MetroHealth Medical Center**  
Stroke rehabilitation, neuromuscular electrical stimulation to restore upper and lower extremity function after stroke

Hillel J. Chiel, PhD  
(Massachusetts Institute of Technology)  
**Professor, Biology**  
Biomechanical and neural basis of feeding behavior in the marine mollusk Aplysia californica; neuromechanical system modeling; analysis of neural network dynamics

Guy Chisolm, PhD  
(University of Virginia)  
**Professor, Cell Biology, Cleveland Clinic**  
Vascular biology; lipoprotein-cell interactions

Margot Damaser, PhD  
(University of California)  
**Associate Professor, Biomedical Engineering, Cleveland Clinic**  
Biomechanics and neural control of the female pelvic floor and lower urinary tract in normal and dysfunctional cases

James Dennis, PhD  
(Case Western Reserve University)  
**Assistant Professor, Orthopaedics, University Hospitals-Case Medical Center**  
Engineering cartilage for orthopaedic and trachea reconstruction applications; developing reagents, termed “cell paints,” that can be used to direct repair cells to specific organs and tissues

Kathleen Derwin, PhD  
(University of Michigan)  
**Assistant Professor, Molecular Medicine (Biomedical Engineering, Cleveland Clinic)**  
Tendon mechanobiology and tissue engineering

Isabelle Deschenes, PhD  
(Laval University)  
**Assistant Professor, Cardiology, MetroHealth Medical Center**  
Molecular mechanisms of cardiac arrhythmias, ion channels structure-function

Agata Exner, PhD  
(Case Western Reserve University)  
**Associate Professor, Radiology, University Hospitals-Case Medical Center**  
Development and imaging characterization of drug delivery for cancer chemotherapy; interventional radiology

Elizabeth Fisher, PhD  
(Rutgers University)  
**Associate Professor, Molecular Medicine (Biomedical Engineering, Cleveland Clinic)**  
Quantitative image analysis for application to multiple sclerosis and neurodegenerative diseases

Christopher Flask, PhD  
(Case Western Reserve University)  
**Assistant Professor, Radiology, University Hospitals-Case Medical Center**  
Development of Quantitative and Molecular MRI Imaging Methods, MRI Physics

Kiyotaka Fukamachi, MD, PhD  
(Kyushu University)  
**Professor**  
Research activities entail promoting human health through the development of various surgical treatments for heart failure, encompassing a broad range of options

Linda M. Graham, MD  
(University of Michigan)  
**Professor, Surgery (Vascular Surgery and Biomedical Engineering), Cleveland Clinic**  
Cell movement and vascular healing, vascular tissue engineering

Mark Griswold, PhD  
(University of Wuerzburg, Germany)  
**Associate Professor, Radiology, University Hospitals-Case Medical Center**  
Rapid magnetic resonance imaging, image reconstruction and processing and MRI hardware/instrumentation
Vikas Gulani, MD, PhD  
(University of Illinois)  
**Assistant Professor, Radiology, University Hospitals-Case Medical Center**  
Diffusion tensor imaging and diffusion anisotropy, MRI microscopy, body MRI, and functional MRI

Alex Y. Huang, MD, PhD  
(Johns Hopkins University)  
**Assistant Professor, Pediatrics, Pathology, University Hospitals-Case Medical Center/Rainbow Babies and Children's Hospital**  
Study various aspects of anti-tumor immune responses, immune – host – pathogen interaction, T cell-mediated memory immunity, and chemokine - receptor biology

Michael W. Keith, MD  
(Ohio State University)  
**Professor, Orthopaedic Surgery, MetroHealth Medical Center**  
Restoration of motor function in hands

Kandice Kottke-Marchant, MD, PhD  
(Case Western Reserve University)  
**Professor, Molecular Medicine (Pathology and Laboratory Medicine, Cleveland Clinic)**  
Thrombosis, hemostasis and vascular disease, hypercoagulable states, bleeding disorders, endothelial cell function, atherosclerosis

Vinod Labhasetwar, PhD  
(Nagpur University, India)  
**Associate Professor, Molecular Medicine (Biomedical Engineering, Cleveland Clinic)**  
Cancer treatment and detection, delivery of anti-oxidant enzymes in stroke and development of a non-stent approach to inhibition of restenosis

Kenneth R. Laurita, PhD  
(Case Western Reserve University)  
**Associate Professor, Heart and Vascular Research Center, MetroHealth Medical Center**  
Cellular mechanisms of cardiac arrhythmias using fluorescent imaging of transmembrane potential and intracellular calcium in the intact heart

Zhenghong Lee, PhD  
(Case Western Reserve University)  
**Associate Professor, Radiology, Nuclear Medicine, University Hospitals-Case Medical Center**  
Quantitative PET and SPECT imaging, multimodal image registration, 3D visualization, molecular imaging and small animal imaging systems

R. John Leigh, MD  
(University of Newcastle-Upon-Tyne, U.K.)  
**Professor, Neurology, VA Medical Center**  
Normal and abnormal motor control of the eye

Kenneth Loparo, PhD  
(Case Western Reserve University)  
**Nord Professor of Engineering, Electrical Engineering & Computer Science**  
Stability and control of nonlinear and stochastic systems; systems biology

Mehran Mehregany, PhD  
(Massachusetts Institute of Technology)  
**Professor, Electrical Engineering & Computer Science**  
Micro/Nano-Electro-Mechanical Systems; silicon carbide semiconductor technology and microsystems; wireless health

Pedram Mohseni, PhD  
(University of Michigan)  
**Assistant Professor, Electrical Engineering & Computer Science**  
Biomicrosystems; biomedical microtelemetry; biological-electronic interfaces; microelectronics for neurotechnology; and wireless integrated sensing/actuating systems

George F. Muschler, MD  
(Northwestern University)  
**Professor, Molecular Medicine (Orthopaedic Surgery and Biomedical Engineering, Cleveland Clinic)**  
Bone biology, skeletal reconstruction, aging and osteoporosis

Raymond F. Muzic Jr., PhD  
(Case Western Reserve University)  
**Associate Professor, Radiology, Biomedical Engineering, Oncology, Division of General Medical Sciences, University Hospitals-Case Medical Center**  
Quantitative analysis of biomedical imaging data, physiologic modeling, optimal experiment design, assessment of new radiopharmaceuticals, imaging response to therapy, and in vivo quantification of receptor concentration

Marc Pen, MD, PhD  
(Case Western Reserve University)  
**Assistant Professor, Molecular Medicine (Cardiology and Cell Biology, Cleveland Clinic)**  
Myocardial ischemia, vascular biology, cardiac critical care

Clare Rimnac, PhD  
(Lehigh University)  
**Professor, Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering**  
Orthopaedic implant performance and design, mechanical behavior of hard tissues

Stuart Rowan, PhD  
(University of Glasgow, UK)  
**Kent Hale Smith Professor, Macromolecular Science & Engineering**  
Investigation and utilization of Supramolecular Chemistry (the chemistry of the non-covalent bond) in polymer chemistry

Mark S. Rzeszotarski, PhD  
(Case Western Reserve University)  
**Professor, Radiology, MetroHealth Medical Center**  
Radiological imaging; computed tomography, medical education

Dawn Taylor, PhD  
(Arizona State University)  
**Assistant Professor, Molecular Medicine (Neurosciences, Cleveland Clinic)**  
Restoration of movement and function to paralysis victims through the application of electrical current to the peripheral nerves
Ronald J. Triolo, PhD
(Drexel University)
Associate Professor, Orthopaedics, University Hospitals-Case Medical Center, VA Medical Center, MetroHealth Medical Center
Neural prostheses, rehabilitation engineering and restoration of lower extremity function, biomechanics of human movement quantitative analysis and control of gait, standing balance and seated posture

Albert L. Waldo, MD
(State University of New York, Downstate)
Professor, Medicine/Cardiology, University Hospitals-Case Medical Center
Cardiac electrophysiology and cardiac excitation mapping

Michael Weiss, MD, PhD, MBA
(Harvard Medical School, Case Western Reserve University)
Professor
Protein engineering: design of more stable proteins for use in novel devices and design of less stable proteins for use in artificial operons in genetic model organisms. The use of multi-dimensional MR spectroscopy to interrogate the outcomes of such protein engineering efforts.

Xiong Yu, PhD, P.E.
(Purdue University School of Civil Engineering)
Associate Professor
Materials and sensors innovations with emphasis on interdisciplinary innovation to improve intelligent and durability

Christian Zorman, PhD
(Case Western Reserve University)
Associate Professor, Electrical Engineering & Computer Science
Development of enabling materials for micro- and nanosystems

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<th>Research Appointments</th>
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<tr>
<td>Musa L. Audu, PhD</td>
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<td>Research Associate Professor</td>
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<td>Human musculoskeletal modeling and development of control systems for rehabilitation of individuals with balance disorders</td>
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| Niloy Bhadra, MD, PhD |
| Research Assistant Professor |
| Experimental and computational studies of high frequency waveforms for reversible conduction block of peripheral nerves; design, testing and implementation of neuroprosthetic systems for the upper limb |

| Michael Jenkins, PhD |
| Research Assistant Professor |
| Biomedical optics; development of optical pacing and optical imaging technologies for investigating cardiac development and diseases |

| Nicola Lai, PhD |
| Research Assistant Professor |
| Systems biology investigation of muscle exercise metabolism in diabetes; systems integrated physiology; mass transport and metabolism in cell, tissue and organ systems; mathematical modeling and analysis of dynamic and distributed systems |

| Pallavi Tiwari, PhD |
| Research Assistant Professor |
| Developing Image Analysis and Machine Learning Tools for Neuroimaging applications |

| Satish Viswanath, PhD |
| Research Assistant Professor |
| Developing image analysis, machine learning, and computational modeling tools for diseases, such as disease detection, radiation therapy treatment, and focal laser ablation |

| Junmin Zhu, PhD |
| Research Assistant Professor |
| Biomimetic engineering of nanomaterials; design and synthesis of extracellular matrix (ECM)-mimetic scaffolds for bioengineering vascular grafts and networks; engineering of multifunctional nanosystems for targeting tumor angiogenesis |
Adjunct Faculty

Kath Bogie, D. Phil
(University of Oxford)

Adjunct Assistant Professor, Biomedical Engineering (VA Medical Center)
Wound prevention and treatment in individuals with paralysis and in the biomechanics of wheelchairs and seating for people with limited mobility

Scott Bruder, MD, PhD
(Case Western Reserve University)

Adjunct Professor
Advises MD/PhD students regarding careers in industry.

Richard C. Burgess, MD, PhD
(Case Western Reserve University)

Adjunct Professor of Biomedical Engineering (Neurological Computing, Cleveland Clinic)
Magnetoencephalography; Electrophysiological monitoring; EEG processing; medical informatics

J. Kevin Donahue, MD
(Washington University)

Adjunct Professor (University of Massachusetts)
Arrhythmia ablation; atrial fibrillation; cardiac arrhythmia; gene therapy; implantable cardioverter defibrillator; myocardial infarction; ventricular tachycardia

Alan F. Dowling, PhD
(Massachusetts Institute of Technology)
Adjunct Professor (Global Health Associates LLC)
Models of health care systems

Colin Drummond, PhD (Syracuse University), MBA (Case Western Reserve University)

Adjunct Assistant Professor
Sensor and information technology systems

William J. Dupps, MD, PhD
(The Ohio State University)

Adjunct Professor (Cole Eye Institute and Biomedical Engineering, Cleveland Clinic)
Application of engineering tools to the diagnosis and management of biomechanical disorders such as keratoconus and glaucoma

Luis Gonzalez-Reyes, MD (University of Los Andes), PhD (London University)

Adjunct Instructor, Biomedical Engineering
Physiology; biophysics; molecular and cellular physiology

Elizabeth C. Hardin, PhD
(University of Massachusetts)

Adjunct Assistant Professor of Biomedical Engineering, (VA Medical Center)
Neural prostheses and gait mechanics; improving gait performance with neural prostheses using strategies developed in conjunction with forward dynamics musculoskeletal models

Thomas Hering, PhD
(Case Western Reserve University)

Adjunct Associate Professor (Orthopaedic Surgery, Washington University)
Cartilage; extracellular matrix biochemistry and molecular biology; transcriptional regulation of chondrogenesis

Vincent J. Hetherington, DPM
(Pennsylvania College of Podiatric Medicine)

Adjunct Assistant Professor of Biomedical Engineering (Surgery, Ohio College of Podiatric Medicine)
Biomaterials and biomechanics of foot prostheses

Jill S. Kawalec-Carroll, PhD
(Case Western Reserve University)

Adjunct Assistant Professor, Biomedical Engineering, Research Director, Ohio College of Podiatric Medicine
Biomaterials and biomechanics of foot prostheses

Kevin L. Kilgore, PhD
(Case Western Reserve University)

Adjunct Assistant Professor, Biomedical Engineering, Orthopaedics, (MetroHealth Medical Center)
Functional electrical stimulation; neuroprostheses

William Landis, PhD
(Massachusetts Institute of Technology)

Adjunct Professor of Biomedical Engineering (Microbiology, Immunology and Biochemistry, University of Akron)
Mineralization of vertebrates, effect of mechanical force on mineralization, calcium transport in mineralization, tissue engineering

Paul Marasco, PhD
(Vanderbilt University)

Adjunct Assistant Professor
Neural Plasticity, Sensory Neurophysiology, Brain Organization, Senory Integration with Prosthetic devices

Anand Ramamurthi, PhD
( Oklahoma State University)

Adjunct Associate Professor (Biomedical Engineering, Cleveland Clinic)
Artificial heart valves, tissue engineering, biomaterials, thrombosis

Michael Southworth
(Webster University)

Adjunct Instructor (Southworth and Associates LLC)
Regulatory affairs for biosciences

James Thomas, MD
(Harvard)

Adjunct Professor (Cardiovascular Medicine, Cleveland Clinic)
Ultrasound, ultrasonography, and digital echocardiography

Antonie Van den Bogert, PhD
(University of Utrecht)

Adjunct Associate Professor (Orchard Kinetics, LLC)
Biomechanics, motion capture, computational modeling

Franciscus Van der Helm, PhD
(Delft University)

Adjunct Professor (Mechanical and Biomechanical Engineering, Delft University)
Development of a biomechanical model of the shoulder and elbow; fundamental research in the control of human arm motions
Courses

EBME 105. Introduction to Biomedical Engineering. 3 Units.
This course is intended to introduce Freshmen to a wide variety of biomedical engineering fields including: biomaterials, tissue engineering, drug delivery systems, biomedical imaging and processing, cardiac measurement and analysis, neural engineering, neuromuscular control, and systems biology. Topics span research, development, and design for diagnostic and therapeutic applications. Prereq: Freshman standing.

EBME 201. Physiology-Biophysics I. 3 Units.
This course (1) teaches cell physiology from an engineering perspective - basics covered include cell structures and functions, genes and protein synthesis, diffusion fundamentals, electrical properties of neural and muscle cells, sensory transduction, and integration of function on the micro and macro scale; (2) teaches how to use engineering tools to model different cell functions and predict, measure, and control cell behavior; (3) introduces mathematical and graphical analysis of specific physiological systems emphasizing applied modeling and simulation. Prereq: Must have declared major or minor in Biomedical Engineering, or requisites not met permission.

EBME 202. Physiology-Biophysics II. 3 Units.
This course is an extension of EBME 201 that will extend the application of system modeling and simulation to complex physiological systems in a clinical environment. The course will cover models of biochemical systems with pathology, muscle, the cardiovascular system, respiratory system, renal and hepatic systems with pathology and clinical applications. Prereq: EBME 201 or consent of instructor.

EBME 300. Dynamics of Biological Systems: A Quantitative Introduction to Biology. 3 Units.
This course will introduce students to dynamic biological phenomena, from the molecular to the population level, and models of these dynamical phenomena. It will describe a biological system, discuss how to model its dynamics, and experimentally evaluate the resulting models. Topics will include molecular dynamics of biological molecules, kinetics of cell metabolism and the cell cycle, biophysics of excitability, scaling laws for biological systems, biomechanics, and population dynamics. Mathematical tools for the analysis of dynamic biological processes will also be presented. Students will manipulate and analyze simulations of biological processes, and learn to formulate and analyze their own models. This course satisfies a laboratory requirement for the biology major. Offered as BIOL 300 and EBME 300.

EBME 303. Structure of Biological Materials. 3 Units.
Structure of proteins, nucleic acids, connective tissue and bone, from molecular to microscopic levels. An introduction to bioengineering biological materials and biomimetic materials, and an understanding of how different instruments may be used for imaging, identification and characterization of biological materials. Offered as: EBME 303 and EMAC 303. Recommended preparation: EBME 201, EMBE 202, and EMAC 270.

EBME 305. Materials for Prosthetics and Orthotics. 3 Units.
A synthesis of skeletal tissue structure and biology, materials engineering, and strength of materials concepts. This course is centered on deepening the concept of biocompatibility and using it to pose and solve biomaterials problems. We cover: fundamental concepts of materials used for load bearing medical applications, wear, corrosion, and failure of implants. Structure and properties of hard tissues and joints are presented using a size hierarchy motif. Tools and analysis paradigms useful in the characterization of biomaterials are covered in the context of orthopedic and dental applications. Prereq: EBME 306.

EBME 306. Introduction to Biomedical Materials. 3 Units.
Biomaterials design and application in different tissue and organ systems. The relationship between the physical and chemical structure of biomaterials, functional properties, and biological response. Recommended preparation: EBME 201 and EBME 202.

EBME 307. Biomechanical Prosthetic Systems. 3 Units.
Introduction to the basic biomechanics of human movement and applications to the design and evaluation of artificial devices intended to restore or improve movement lost due to injury or disease. Measurement techniques in movement biomechanics, including motion analysis, electromyography, and gait analysis. Design and use of upper and lower limb prostheses. Principles of neuroprostheses with applications to paralyzed upper and lower extremities. Recommended preparation: Consent of instructor and senior standing.

EBME 308. Biomedical Signals and Systems. 3 Units.

EBME 309. Modeling of Biomedical Systems. 3 Units.

EBME 310. Principles of Biomedical Instrumentation. 3 Units.

EBME 315. Applied Tissue Engineering. 3 Units.
This course is designed to provide students with understanding and expertise of the basic tools in tissue engineering research. Through lectures the students will be introduced to the array of methods and materials available to tissue engineering researchers, learn how to rationally determine suitable choices for their applications, and receive instruction on how to implement those designs. Much of the course will be spent in the BME Tissue Engineering Laboratory getting hands-on experience (1) on the materials end with materials selection, characterization, and scaffold fabrication; (2) on the cell end with cell culture, tissue characterization and bioreactor design. The class will be assessed by a weekly grading of the students’ lab notebooks, as well as a final exam based on the content learned throughout the semester.
EBME 316. Biomaterials for Drug Delivery. 3 Units.
The teaching objective is to provide students with a basic understanding of the principles of design and engineering of well-defined molecular structures and architectures intended for applications in controlled release and organ-targeted drug delivery. The course will discuss the therapeutic basic of drug delivery based on drug pharmacodynamics and clinical pharmacokinetics. Biomaterials with specialized structural and interfacial properties will be introduced to achieve drug targeting and controlled release. Offered as EBME 316 and EBME 416. Prereq: EBME 306 and PHRM 309

EBME 317. Excitable Cells: Molecular Mechanisms. 3 Units.
Ion channels are the molecular basis of membrane excitability in all cell types, including neural, heart, and muscle cells. This course presents the structure and the mechanism of function of ion channels at the molecular level. It introduces the basic principles and methods in the ion channel study including the ionic basis of membrane excitability, thermodynamic and kinetic analysis of channel function, voltage clamp and patch clamp techniques, and molecular and structural biology approaches. The course will cover structure of various potassium, calcium, sodium, and chloride channels and their physiological function in neural, cardiac, and muscle cells. Exemplary channels that have been best studied will be discussed to illustrate the current understanding of the molecular mechanisms of channel gating and permeation. Graduate students will present exemplary papers in the journal club style. Recommended preparation: EBME 201 or equivalent. Offered as EBME 317 and EBME 417.

EBME 318. Biomedical Engineering Laboratory I. 1 Unit.
Experiments for measurement, assisting, replacement, or control of various biomedical systems. Students choose a few lab experiences from a large number of offerings relevant to all BME sequences. Experiments are conducted primarily in faculty labs with 3-8 students participating. Recommended preparation: ENGR 210. Prereq: BME Major, EBME 201, EBME 202 and Prereq or Coreq; EBME 308.

EBME 319. Biomedical Engineering Laboratory II. 1 Unit.
Experiments for measurement, assisting, replacement, or control of various biomedical systems. Students choose a few lab experiences from a large number of offerings relevant to all BME sequences. Experiments are conducted primarily in faculty labs with 3-8 students participating. Recommended preparation: EBME 201, EBME 202, and ENGR 210. Prereq or Coreq: EBME 318.

EBME 320. Medical Imaging Fundamentals. 3 Units.
General principles, instrumentation, and biomedical applications of medical imaging. Topics include: x-ray, ultrasound, MRI, nuclear imaging, image reconstruction, and image quality. Recommended preparation: EBME 308, ENGR 210, and EBME 202 or equivalent.

EBME 322. Applications of Biomedical Imaging. 3 Units.
This course will provide an introduction to biomedical imaging and its applications in measurements of physiological function, stem cell biology, and drug delivery. Students will learn about imaging technologies including basic principles of imaging (resolution and contrast), optical microscopy and in vivo imaging, and magnetic resonance imaging. Emerging techniques in cellular and molecular imaging, including targeted imaging agents and reporter gene imaging will be discussed. Biomedical applications will include such topics as tumor characterization in drug assessment, functional brain mapping, targeted drug delivery, functional cardiovascular measurements, and stem cell research will be demonstrated. Prereq: EBME 201, EBME 202, EBME 308, PHYS 121, PHYS 122.

EBME 325. Introduction to Tissue Engineering. 3 Units.
The goal of this course is to present students with a firm understanding of the primary components, design principles, and engineering concepts central to the field of tissue engineering. First, the biological principles of tissue formation during morphogenesis and wound repair will be examined. The cellular processes underlying these events will be presented with an emphasis on microenvironment regulation of cell behavior. Biomimetic approaches to controlling cell function and tissue formation via the development of biomaterial systems will then be investigated. Case studies of regeneration strategies for specific tissues will be presented in order to examine the different tissue-specific engineering strategies that may be employed. Special current topics in tissue engineering will also be covered. Recommended preparation: EBME 306, BIOL 362, and CHEM 223.

EBME 327. Bioelectric Engineering. 3 Units.

EBME 328. Biomedical Engineering R&D Training I. 1 Unit.
This course will provide research and development in the laboratory of a mentoring faculty member. Varied R&D experiences will include activities in biomedical instrumentation, tissue engineering, imaging, drug delivery, and neural engineering. Each Student must identify a faculty mentor, and together they will create a description of the training experience prior to the first class. Prereq: EBME 201 and EBME 202.

EBME 329. Biomedical Engineering R&D Training II. 1 Unit.
This course will provide research and development training in the laboratory of a mentoring faculty member. Varied R&D experiences will include activities in biomedical instrumentation, tissue engineering, imaging, drug delivery, and neural engineering. Each student must identify a faculty mentor, and together they will create a description of the training experience prior to the first class. Recommended preparation EBME 328. Prereq: EBME 201 and EBME 202.

EBME 350. Quantitative Molecular, Cellular and Tissue Bioengineering. 3 Units.
Physical and chemical principles associated with kinetics and mass transport. Molecular-cellular components incorporated in quantitative analysis of cellular, tissue, and organ systems. Mathematical and computational modeling developed for diagnostic and therapeutic applications. Offered as EBME 350 and ECHE 355. Prereq: EBME 309

EBME 358. Biomedical Signals and Systems Laboratory. 1 Unit.

EBME 359. Biomedical Computer Simulation Laboratory. 1 Unit.

EBME 360. Biomedical Instrumentation Laboratory. 1 Unit.
A laboratory which focuses on the basic components of biomedical instrumentation and provides hands-on experience for students in EBME 310, Biomedical Instrumentation. The purpose of the course is to develop design skills and laboratory skills in analysis and circuit development. Coreq: EBME 310.
**EBME 361. Biomedical Image Processing and Analysis. 3 Units.**
Principles of image processing and analysis with applications to clinical and biomedical research. Topics include image filtering, registration, morphological processing, segmentation, classification, and 3D image visualization. There will be interesting, realistic computer projects in Matlab. Offered as EBME 361 and EBME 461. Prereq: EBME 308.

**EBME 370. Principles of Biomedical Engineering Design. 2 Units.**
Students learn and implement the design process to produce working prototypes of medical devices with potential commercial value to meet significant clinical needs. Critical examination of contemporary medical problems is used to develop a specific problem statement. The class is divided into teams of 3 to 4 students. Each team integrates their knowledge and skills to design a device to meet their clinical need. Project planning and management, including resource allocation, milestones, and documentation, are required to ensure successful completion of projects within the allotted time and budget. Formal design reviews by a panel of advisors and outside medical device experts are required every four weeks. Every student is required to give oral presentations at each formal review and is responsible for formal documentation of the design process, resulting in an executive summary and complete design history file of the project. The course culminates with a public presentation of the team's device to a panel of experts. This course is expected to provide the student with a real-world, capstone design experience. Recommended preparation: EBME 310

**EBME 380. Biomedical Engineering Design Experience. 3 Units.**
This course is the culmination of the BME educational experience in which the student will apply acquired skills and knowledge to create a working device or product to meet a medical need. Students will learn how to apply engineering skills to solve problems and physically realize a project design. The course structure includes regular meetings with a faculty project advisor, regular reports of accomplished activity, hands-on fabrication of devices, and several lectures from leading engineers from industry and academia that have first-hand experience in applying the principles of design to Biomedical Engineering. Students will also provide periodic oral progress reports and a final oral presentation with a written design report. Counts as SAGES Senior Capstone. Prereq: EBME 370.

**EBME 396. Special Topics in Undergraduate Biomedical Engineering I. 1 - 18 Unit.**
(Credit as arranged.)

**EBME 398. Senior Project Laboratory I. 3 Units.**
The design process required to produce biomedical devices, research equipment, and clinical tools is developed. Topics include identification of need; requirements specification; project management; working in teams; solutions conceptualization, refinement, and selection; hazard and risk analysis and mitigation; verification; validation; regulatory requirements; and medical device pathways to the market. Through critical examination of contemporary medical research and clinical problems, students, working in teams, will identify a need to develop a specific problem statement, project plan, input requirements, solution concept and risk analysis. Students will provide periodic oral progress reports and a final oral presentation with a written design report. Recommended preparation: EBME 310. Counts as SAGES Senior Capstone.

**EBME 399. Senior Project Laboratory II. 3 Units.**
Continuation of EBME 398. Recommended preparation: EBME 398 and consent of department. Counts as SAGES Senior Capstone.

**EBME 400T. Graduate Teaching I. 0 Units.**
This will provide the Ph.D. candidate with experience in teaching undergraduate or graduate students. The experience is expected to consist of direct student contact, but will be based upon the specific departmental needs and teaching obligations. This teaching experience will be conducted under the supervision of the faculty member who is responsible for the course, but the academic advisor will assess the educational plan to ensure that it provides an educational opportunity for the student. Recommended preparation: UNIV 400, BME Ph.D. student.

**EBME 401. Biomedical Instrumentation and Signal Analysis. 4 Units.**
Graduate students with various undergraduate backgrounds will learn the fundamental principles of biomedical measurements that integrate instrumentation and signal processing with problem-based hands-on experience. Prereq or Coreq: May not have taken EBME 401 prior to Fall 2011 or EBME 421 after Summer 2011.

**EBME 402. Organ/Tissue Physiology and Systems Modeling. 4 Units.**
Graduate students with various undergraduate backgrounds will learn the fundamental principles of organ and tissue physiology as well as systems modeling. Prereq or Coreq: May not have taken EBME 402 prior to Fall 2011 or EBME 422 after Summer 2011.

**EBME 403. Biomedical Instrumentation. 3 Units.**
Analysis and design of biomedical instruments with special emphasis on transducers. Body, system, organ, tissue, cellular, molecular, and nanolevel measurements. Applications to clinical problems and biomedical research. Prereq: Graduate standing.

**EBME 406. Polymers in Medicine. 3 Units.**
This course covers the important fundamentals and applications of polymers in medicine, and consists of three major components: (i) the blood and soft-tissue reactions to polymer implants; (ii) the structure, characterization and modification of biomedical polymers; and (iii) the application of polymers in a broad range of cardiovascular and extravascular devices. The chemical and physical characteristics of biomedical polymers and the properties required to meet the needs of the intended biological function will be presented. Clinical evaluation, including recent advances and current problems associated with different polymer implants. Recommended preparation: EBME 306 or equivalent. Offered as EBME 406 and EMAC 471. Prereq: Graduate standing or Undergraduate with Junior or Senior standing and a cumulative GPA of 3.2 or above.

**EBME 407. Neural Interfacing. 3 Units.**
Neural interfacing refers to the principles, methods, and devices that bridge the boundary between engineered devices and the nervous system. It includes the methods and mechanisms to get information efficiently and effectively into and out of the nervous system to analyze and control its function. This course examines advanced engineering, neurobiology, neurophysiology, and the interaction between all of them to develop methods of connecting to the nervous system. The course builds on a sound background in Bioelectric Phenomenon to explore fundamental principles of recording and simulation, electrochemistry of electrodes in biological tissue, tissue damage generated by electrical stimulation, materials and material properties, and molecular functionalization of devices for interfacing with the nervous system. Several examples of the state-of-art neural interfaces will be analyzed and discussed. Recommended preparation: EBME 401. Prereq: Graduate standing or Undergraduate with Junior or Senior standing and a cumulative GPA of 3.2 or above.
EBME 408. Engineering Tissues/Materials - Learning from Nature’s Paradigms. 3 Units.
This course aims to provide students with a foundation based on “nature’s” design and optimization criteria for engineering tissues and biomaterials. This will be achieved through focused review of the principles of development, wound healing, regeneration, and repair through remodeling, using nature as a paradigm. Principles of transport will be explored quantitatively and in relation to multi-organismal evolution. Cellular engineering principles will be explored, including current state of the art in stem cell physiology and therapeutic applications. Endogenous engineering approaches to surgical tissue reconstruction will be analyzed. An overview of contemporary approaches to tissue and cell engineering will be given, including tissue scaffold design, use of bioreactors in tissue engineering, and molecular surface modifications for integration of engineered tissues in situ. Fundamental engineering principles will be augmented through case studies involving specific applications. Ethical considerations related to clinical non-clinical application of tissue and cell engineering technology will be integrated into each lecture. Prereq: Graduate standing or Undergraduate with Junior or Senior standing and a cumulative GPA of 3.2 or above.

EBME 409. Systems and Signals in Biomedical Engineering. 3 Units.

EBME 410. Medical Imaging Fundamentals. 3 Units.
Physical principles of medical imaging. Imaging devices for x-ray, ultrasound, magnetic resonance, etc. Image quality descriptions. Patient risk. Recommended preparation: EBME 308 and EBME 310 or equivalent. Prereq: Graduate standing or Undergraduate with Junior or Senior standing and a cumulative GPA of 3.2 or above.

EBME 416. Biomaterials for Drug Delivery. 3 Units.
The teaching objective is to provide students with a basic understanding of the principles of design and engineering of well-defined molecular structures and architectures intended for applications in controlled release and organ-targeted drug delivery. The course will discuss the therapeutic basic of drug delivery based on drug pharmacodynamics and clinical pharmacokinetics. Biomaterials with specialized structural and interfacial properties will be introduced to achieve drug targeting and controlled release. Offered as EBME 316 and EBME 416. Prereq: EBME 306 and PHRM 309 or graduate standing.

EBME 417. Excitable Cells: Molecular Mechanisms. 3 Units.
Ion channels are the molecular basis of membrane excitability in all cell types, including neural, heart, and muscle cells. This course presents the structure and the mechanism of function of ion channels at the molecular level. It introduces the basic principles and methods in the ion channel study including the ionic basis of membrane excitability, thermodynamic and kinetic analysis of channel function, voltage clamp and patch clamp techniques, and molecular and structural biology approaches. The course will cover structure of various potassium, calcium, sodium, and chloride channels and their physiological function in neural, cardiac, and muscle cells. Exemplary channels that have been best studied will be discussed to illustrate the current understanding of the molecular mechanisms of channel gating and permeation. Graduate students will present exemplary papers in the journal club style. Recommended preparation: EBME 301 or equivalent. Offered as EBE 317 and EBME 417. Prereq: Graduate standing or Undergraduate with Junior or Senior standing and a cumulative GPA of 3.2 or above.

EBME 418. Electronics for Biomedical Engineering. 3 Units.
Fundamental concepts of analog design with special emphasis on circuits for biomedical applications. Analysis and design of discrete and integrated circuit amplifiers; application circuits of operational amplifiers; noise measurement; communication circuits; specialized biomedical applications such as circuits for low noise amplification, high CMRR biomedical amplifiers, implantable circuits, circuits for electrochemistry and circuits for optical recordings, circuits for recording neural activity, electrical safety and telemetry. A team project will be required for all students. Recommended preparation: EECS 344 or consent of instructor. Prereq: Graduate standing or Undergraduate with Junior or Senior standing and a cumulative GPA of 3.2 or above.

EBME 419. Applied Probability and Stochastic Processes for Biology. 3 Units.
Applications of probability and stochastic processes to biological systems. Mathematical topics will include: introduction to discrete and continuous probability spaces (including numerical generation of pseudo random samples from specified probability distributions), Markov processes in discrete and continuous time with discrete and continuous sample spaces, point processes including homogeneous and inhomogeneous Poisson processes and Markov chains on graphs, and diffusion processes including Brownian motion and the Ornstein-Uhlenbeck process. Biological topics will be determined by the interests of the students and the instructor. Likely topics include: stochastic ion channels, molecular motors and stochastic ratchets, actin and tubulin polymerization, random walk models for neural spike trains, bacterial chemotaxis, signaling and genetic regulatory networks, and stochastic predator-prey dynamics. The emphasis will be on practical simulation and analysis of stochastic phenomena in biological systems. Numerical methods will be developed using both MATLAB and the R statistical package. Student projects will comprise a major part of the course. Offered as BIOL 319, EECS 319, MATH 319, BIOL 419, EBME 419, and PHOL 419.

EBME 420. Biomedical Ultrasound Technologies. 3 Units.
EBME 421. Bioelectric Phenomena. 3 Units.
The goal of this course is to provide working knowledge of the theoretical methods that are used in the fields of electrophysiology and bioelectricity for both neural and cardiac systems. These methods will be applied to describe, from a theoretical and quantitative perspective, the electrical behavior of excitable cells, the methods for recording their activity and the effect of applied electrical and magnetic fields on excitable issues. A team modeling project will be required. Recommended preparation: differential equations, circuits. Prereq: Graduate standing or equivalent. Offered as EBME 422 and EMAE 402. Prereq: Graduate standing or Undergraduate with Junior or Senior standing and a cumulative GPA of 3.2 or above.

EBME 422. Muscles, Biomechanics, and Control of Movement. 4 Units.
Quantitative and qualitative descriptions of the action of muscles in relation to human movement. Introduction to rigid body dynamics and dynamics of multi-link systems using Newtonian and Lagrangian approaches. Muscle models with application to control of multi-joint movement. Forward and inverse dynamics of multi-joint, muscle driven systems. Dissection, observation and recitation in the anatomy laboratory with supplemental lectures concentrating on kinesiology and muscle function. Recommended preparation: EMAE 181 or equivalent. Offered as EBME 422 and EMAE 402. Prereq: Graduate standing or Undergraduate with Junior or Senior standing and a cumulative GPA of 3.2 or above.

EBME 425. Tissue Engineering and Regenerative Medicine. 3 Units.
This course will provide advanced coverage of tissue engineering with a focus on stem cell-based research and therapies. Course topics of note include stem cell biology and its role in development, modeling of stem cell function, controlling stem cell behavior by engineering materials and their microenvironment, stem cells' trophic character, and state-of-the-art stem cell implementation in tissue engineering and other therapeutic strategies. Offered as EBME 425 and PATH 435. Prereq: EBME 325 or equivalent or graduate standing.

EBME 426. Nanomedicine. 3 Units.

EBME 427. Movement Biomechanics and Rehabilitation. 3 Units.
Introduction to the basic biomechanics of human movement and applications to the design and evaluation of artificial devices intended to restore or improve movement lost due to injury or disease. Measurement techniques in movement biomechanics, including motion analysis, electromyography, and gait analysis. Design and use of upper and lower limb prostheses. Principles of neuroprostheses with applications to paralyzed upper and lower extremities. Term paper required. Recommended preparation: Consent of instructor and graduate standing. Prereq: Graduate standing or Undergraduate with Junior or Senior standing and a cumulative GPA of 3.2 or above.

EBME 431. Physics of Imaging. 3 Units.
Description of physical principles underlying the spin behavior in MR and Fourier imaging in multi-dimensions. Introduction of conventional, fast, and chemical-shift imaging techniques. Spin echo, gradient echo, and variable flip-angle methods. Projection reconstruction and sampling theorems. Bloch equations, T1 and T2 relaxation times, rf penetration, diffusion and perfusion. Flow imaging, MR angiography, and functional brain imaging. Sequence and coil design. Prerequisite may be waived with consent of instructor. Recommended preparation: PHYS 122 or PHYS 124 or EBME 410. Offered as EBME 431 and PHYS 431.

EBME 440. Translational Research for Biomedical Engineers. 3 Units.
Translation of laboratory developments to improve biomedical and clinical research and patient care. Interdisciplinary and team communication. Evaluation of technology and research planning with clinical and engineering perspectives. Discussing clinical situations, shadowing clinicians, attending Grand Rounds and Morbidity-Mortality conferences. Validation study design. Regulatory/oversight organization. Protocol design and informed consent for Institutional Review Board (IRB) approval. NIH requirements for human subject research. Special project reports to produce IRB protocol or NIH-style proposal. Prereq: Graduate standing or Undergraduate with Junior or Senior standing and a cumulative GPA of 3.2 or above.

EBME 447A. Rehabilitation for Scientists and Engineers. 0 Units.
Medical, psychological, and social issues influencing the rehabilitation of people with spinal cord injury, stroke, traumatic brain injury, and limb amputation. Epidemiology, anatomy, pathophysiology and natural history of these disorders, and the consequences of these conditions with respect to impairment, disability, handicap, and quality of life. Students will directly observe the care of patients in each of these diagnostic groups throughout the full continuum of care starting from the acute medical and surgical interventions to acute and subacute rehabilitation, outpatient medical and rehabilitation management and finally to community re-entry.

EBME 447B. Rehabilitation for Scientists and Engineers. 3 Units.
Medical, psychological, and social issues influencing the rehabilitation of people with spinal cord injury, stroke, traumatic brain injury, and limb amputation. Epidemiology, anatomy, pathophysiology and natural history of these disorders, and the consequences of these conditions with respect to impairment, disability, handicap, and quality of life. Students will directly observe the care of patients in each of these diagnostic groups throughout the full continuum of care starting from the acute medical and surgical interventions to acute and subacute rehabilitation, outpatient medical and rehabilitation management and finally to community re-entry. Coreq: EBME 447A.

EBME 451. Molecular and Cellular Physiology. 3 Units.
This course covers cellular and molecular basics for graduate students with little or no prior biology background. The emphasis of EBME 451 is on the molecular and cellular mechanisms underlying physiological processes. Structure-function relationship will be addressed throughout the course. The primary goal of the course is to develop understanding of the principles of the physiological processes at molecular and cellular level and to promote independent thinking and ability to solve unfamiliar problems. This course is no longer a core course of the Biomedical Engineering graduate curriculum but serves as a fundamentals course to prepare students for the graduate cellular and molecular physiology core. Prereq: Graduate standing.
EBME 452. Tissue and Organ Systems Physiology. 3 Units.
Mechanisms of membrane and capillary-tissue transport, tissue mechanics, electrical propagation, signaling, control and regulation processes. Cardiac vascular, renal, respiratory, gastro-intestinal, neural, sensory, motor, musculoskeletal, and skeletal systems. Basic engineering analysis for quantitative understanding of physiological concepts. Prereq: Graduate standing or Undergraduate with Junior or Senior standing and a cumulative GPA of 3.2 or above.

EBME 460. Advanced Topics in NMR Imaging. 3 Units.
Frontier issues in understanding the practical aspects of NMR imaging. Theoretical descriptions are accompanied by specific examples of pulse sequences, and basic engineering considerations in MRI system design. Emphasis is placed on implications and trade-offs in MRI pulse sequence design from real-world versus theoretical perspectives. Recommended preparation: EBME 431 or PHYS 431. Offered as EBME 460 and PHYS 460. Prereq: Graduate standing or Undergraduate with Junior or Senior standing and a cumulative GPA of 3.2 or above.

EBME 461. Biomedical Image Processing and Analysis. 3 Units.
Principles of image processing and analysis with applications to clinical and biomedical research. Topics include image filtering, registration, morphological processing, segmentation, classification, and 3D image visualization. There will be interesting, realistic computer projects in Matlab. Offered as EBME 361 and EBME 461. Prereq: EBME 401.

EBME 462. Cellular and Molecular Imaging. 3 Units.
Frontier issues in biomedical imaging that address problems at the cellular and molecular levels. Topics include endogenous methods to assess molecular compositions, imaging agents, reporter genes and proteins, and drug delivery, which will be discussed in the context of applications in cancer, cardiology, central nervous system, ophthalmology, musculoskeletal diseases, pulmonary diseases, and metabolic diseases. Emphasis is placed on an interdisciplinary problem-based approach to investigate the application of biomedical imaging to biological and disease areas. Recommended preparation: EBME 410 and EBME 451 or consent of instructor. Prereq: Graduate standing or Undergraduate with Junior or Senior standing and a cumulative GPA of 3.2 or above.

EBME 467. Commercialization and Intellectual Property Management. 4 Units.
This interdisciplinary course covers a variety of topics, including principles of intellectual property and intellectual property management, business strategies and modeling relevant to the creation of start-up companies and exploitation of IP rights as they relate to biomedical-related inventions. The goal of this course is to address issues relating to the commercialization of biomedical-related inventions by exposing law students, MBA students, and Ph.D. candidates (in genetics and proteomics) to the challenges and opportunities encountered when attempting to develop biomedical intellectual property from the point of early discovery to the clinic and market. Specifically, this course seeks to provide students with the ability to value a given technological advance or invention holistically, focusing on issues that extend beyond scientific efficacy and include patient and practitioner value propositions, legal and intellectual property protection, business modeling, potential market impacts, market competition, and ethical, social, and healthcare practitioner acceptance. During this course, law students, MBA students, and Ph.D. candidates in genomics and proteomics will work in teams of five (two laws students, two MBA students and one Ph.D. candidate), focusing on issues of commercialization and IP management of biomedical-related inventions. The instructors will be drawn from the law school, business school, and technology-transfer office. Please visit the following website for more information: fusioninnovate.com. Offered as LAWS 5341, MGMT 467, GENE 367, GENE 467, EBME 467 and EECS 467.

EBME 472. BioDesign. 3 Units.
Medical device innovations that would have been considered science fiction a decade ago are already producing new standards of patient care. Innovation leading to lower cost of care, minimally invasive procedures and shorter recovery times is equally important to healthcare business leaders, educators, clinicians, and policy-makers. Innovation is a driver of regional economic development and wealth creation in organizational units ranging in size from the start-up to the Fortune 500 companies.

In a broader context, the pace of translational research leading to product and service innovation is highly interdisciplinary, thus, new products and services result from team efforts, marked by a systematic, structured approach to bringing new medical technologies to market and impacting patient care. In this course we examine medical technology innovations in the context of (A) addressing unmet clinical needs, (B) the process of inventing new medical devices and instruments, and (C) subsequent implementation of these advances in patient care. In short, the student learns the process of “identify, invent, implement” in the field of BioDesign. Offered as EBME 472, IIME 472 and SYBB 472.
EBME 473. Fundamentals of Clinical Information Systems. 3 Units.
Technology has played a significant role in the evolution of medical science and treatment. While we often think about progress in terms of the practical application of, say, imaging to the diagnosis and monitoring of disease, technology is increasingly expected to improve the organization and delivery of healthcare services, too. Information technology plays a key role in the transformation of administrative support systems (finance and administration), clinical information systems (information to support patient care), and decision support systems (managerial decision-making). This introductory graduate course provides the student with the opportunity to gain insight and situational experience with clinical information systems (CIS). Often considered synonymous with electronic medical records, the "art" of CIS more fundamentally examines the effective use of data and information technology to assist in the migration away from paper-based systems and improve organizational performance. In this course we examine clinical information systems in the context of (A) operational and strategic information needs, (B) information technology and analytic tools for workflow design, and (C) subsequent implementation of clinical information systems in patient care. Legal and ethical issues are explored. The student learns the process of "plan, design, implement" through hands-on applications to select CIS problems, while at the same time gaining insights and understanding of the impacts placed on patients and health care providers. Offered as EBME 473 and IIME 473.

EBME 474. Biotransport Processes. 3 Units.
Biomedical mass transport and chemical reaction processes. Basic mechanisms and mathematical models based on thermodynamics, mass and momentum conservation. Analytical and numerical methods to simulate in vivo processes as well as to develop diagnostic and therapeutic methods. Applications include transport across membranes, transport in blood, tumor processes, bioreactors, cell differentiation, chemotaxis, drug delivery systems, tissue engineering processes. Recommended preparation: EBME 350 and EBME 409 or equivalent. Offered as EBME474 and ECHE 474. Prereq: EBME 409 and graduate standing or EBME 309 and senior standing.

EBME 478. Computational Neuroscience. 3 Units.
Computer simulations and mathematical analysis of neurons and neural circuits, and the computational properties of nervous systems. Students are taught a range of models for neurons and neural circuits, and are asked to implement and explore the computational and dynamic properties of these models. The course introduces students to dynamical systems theory for the analysis of neurons and neural learning, models of brain systems, and their relationship to artificial and neural networks. Term project required. Students enrolled in MATH 478 will make arrangements with the instructor to attend additional lectures and complete additional assignments addressing mathematical topics related to the course. Recommended preparation: MATH 223 and MATH 224 or BIOL 300 and BIOL 306. Offered as BIOL 378, COGS 378, MATH 378, BIOL 478, EBME 478, ECEES 478, MATH 478 and NEUR 478.

EBME 480A. Introduction to Wireless Health. 3 Units.
Study of convergence of wireless communications, microsystems, information technology, persuasive psychology, and health care. Discussion of health care delivery system, medical decision-making, persuasive psychology, and wireless health value chain and business models. Understanding of health information technology, processing of monitoring data, wireless communication, biomedical sensing techniques, and health monitoring technical approaches and solutions. Offered as EECS 480A and EBME 480A.

EBME 480B. The Human Body. 3 Units.
Study of structural organization of the body. Introduction to anatomy, physiology, and pathology, covering the various systems of the body. Comparison of elegant and efficient operation of the body and the related consequences of when things go wrong, presented in the context of each system of the body. Introduction to medical diagnosis and terminology in the course of covering the foregoing. Offered as EECS 480B and EBME 480B.

EBME 480C. Biomedical Sensing Instrumentation. 3 Units.
Study of principles, applications, and design of biomedical instruments with special emphasis on transducers. Understanding of basic sensors, amplifiers, and signal processing. Discussion of the origin of biopotential, and biopotential electrodes and amplifiers (including biotelemetry). Understanding of chemical sensors and clinical laboratory instrumentation, including microfluidics. Offered as EECS 480C and EBME 480C. Prereq: EECES/EBME 480A, ECEES/EBME 480B

EBME 480D. The Health Care Delivery Ecosystem. 3 Units.
Health care delivery across the continuum of care in the United States, including health policy and reform, financing of care, comparative health systems, population health, public health, access to care, care models, cost and value, comparative effectiveness, governance, management, accountability, workforce, and the future. Discussions of opportunities and challenges for wireless health, integrated into the foregoing topics. Perspective on health care delivery in other countries. Offered as EECS 480D and EBME 480D.

EBME 480E. Wireless Communications and Networking. 3 Units.
Essentials of wireless communications and networking, including teletraffic engineering, radio propagation, digital and cellular communications, wireless wide-area network architecture, speech and channel coding, modulation schemes, antennas, security, networking and transport layers, and 4G systems. Hands-on learning of the anatomy of a cell phone, and a paired wireless health device and its gateway. Offered as EECS 480E and EBME 480E.

EBME 480F. Physicians, Hospitals and Clinics. 3 Units.
Rotation through one or more health care provider facilities for a first-hand understanding of care delivery practice, coordination, and management issues. First-hand exposure to clinical personnel, patients, medical devices and instruments, and organizational workflow. Familiarity with provider protocols, physician referral practices, electronic records, clinical decision support systems, acute and chronic care, and inpatient and ambulatory care. Offered as EECS 480F and EBME 480F.

EBME 480M. Introduction to Medical Informatics. 3 Units.
Current state and emerging trends in Medical Informatics (MI) and associated health information systems. Principles, data, data management, system interoperability, patient privacy, information security, electronic records, telehealth, regulatory issues, clinical decision support, mobile documentation, devices and wireless communications in healthcare. Impact of wireless technology on emerging health information systems and processes. Offered as EECS 480M and EBME 480M.

EBME 480N. Introduction to Health Decision and Knowledge Support Systems. 3 Units.
Current state and emerging trends in use of decision support systems (DSS) and knowledge support systems (KSS) in health care delivery. Information, knowledge and decision principles; Health data; Clinical decision and knowledge support, DSS/KSS development and adoption, and regulatory issues. Impact of wireless technology on emerging DSS and KSS, and related processes. Offered as EBME 480N and EBME 480N.
EBME 480O. Introduction to Health Information Technology Implementation. 3 Units.
Current state and emerging trends in the implementation and adoption of health information technology (HIT). Macroergonomics; Technology transfer and adoption; Systems adoption life cycle; Impact of regulation; Decision and work transformation; HIT specification and acquisition; Contracting issues; Implementation, use, and evaluation; Impact of wireless technology on emerging processes. Offered as EECS 480O and EBME 480O. Prereq: EBME 480M.

EBME 480P. Advanced Biomedical Instrumentation. 3 Units.
Analysis and design of biosensors in the context of biomedical technologies. Base sensors using electrochemical, optical, piezoelectric, and other principles. Binding equilibria, enzyme kinetics, and mass transport modalities. Adding the "bio" element to base sensors and mathematical aspects of data evaluation. Applications to clinical problems and biomedical research. Offered as EECS 480P and EBME 480P.

EBME 480Q. Regulatory Policy and Regulations. 3 Units.
Introduction of wireless health technologies: spectrum, licensed versus unlicensed; personal area networks; body area networks; ultra-wideband low energy level short-range radios; wireless local area networks; wide area networks. The Federal system: separation of powers; the executive branch and its departments; the House of Representatives and its committees; the Senate and its committees; the FCC; policy versus regulatory versus legislative. What is a medical device: FDA; classification system; radiation-emitting products; software; RF in medical devices; converged medical devices; international aspects. Regulation of health information technology and wireless health: American Recovery and Reinvestment Act; Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act; FCC/FDA MoU; CMS and Reimbursement; privacy and security. Offered as EECS 480Q and EBME 480Q.

EBME 480R. User Experience Engineering. 3 Units.
Social, cognitive, behavioral, and contextual elements in the design of healthcare technology and systems. User-centered design paradigm from a broad perspective, exploring dimensions of product user experience and learning to assess and modify the design of healthcare technology. Practical utilization of user centered design method and assessment techniques for approaching a design problem. Offered as EECS 480R and EBME 480R.

EBME 480S. Wireless Health Product Development. 3 Units.
Integrating application requirements, market data, concept formulation, design innovation, and manufacturing resources for creating differentiated wireless health products that delight the user. Learning user-centric product development best practices, safety, security and privacy considerations, and risk management planning. Understanding the regulatory process. Identifying and managing product development tradeoffs. Offered as EECS 480S and EBME 480S. Prereq: EBME 480R.

EBME 500T. Graduate Teaching II. 0 Units.
This course will provide the Ph.D. candidate with experience in teaching undergraduate or graduate students. The experience is expected to consist of direct student contact, but will be based upon the specific departmental needs and teaching obligations. This teaching experience will be conducted under the supervision of the faculty member who is responsible for the course, but the academic advisor will assist the student in the educational plan to ensure that it provides an educational opportunity for the students. Recommended preparation: EBME 400T, BME Ph.D. student.

EBME 507. Motor System Neuroprostheses. 3 Units.
Fundamentals of neural stimulation and sensing, neurophysiology and pathophysiology of common neurological disorders, general implantation and clinical deployment issues. Specialist discussions in many application areas such as motor prostheses for spinal cord injury and stroke, cochlear implants, bladder control, stimulation for pain management, deep brain stimulation, and brain computer interfacing. Prereq: Graduate standing.

EBME 513. Biomedical Optical Diagnostics. 3 Units.
Engineering design principles of optical instrumentation for medical diagnostics. Elastic and inelastic light scattering theory and biomedical applications. Confocal and multiphoton microscopy. Light propagation and optical tomographic imaging in biological tissues. Design of minimally invasive spectroscopic diagnostics. Recommended preparation: EBME 403 or PHYS 326 or consent. Prereq: Graduate standing.

EBME 519. Parameter Estimation for Biomedical Systems. 3 Units.

EBME 570. Graduate Professional Development for Biomedical Engineers. 1 Unit.
Students will be trained in topics including public speaking, grant writing, notebook management, professionalism, etc. Prereq: Graduate standing.

EBME 600T. Graduate Teaching III. 0 Units.
This course will provide the Ph.D. candidate with experience in teaching undergraduate or graduate students. The experience is expected to consist of direct student contact, but will be based upon the specific departmental needs and teaching obligations. This teaching experience will be conducted under the supervision of the faculty member who is responsible for the course, but the academic advisor will assist the student in the educational plan to ensure that it provides an educational opportunity for the students. Recommended preparation: EBME 500T, BME Ph.D. student.

EBME 601. Research Projects. 1 - 18 Unit.

EBME 602. Special Topics. 1 - 18 Unit.

EBME 607. Neural Engineering Topics. 1 Unit.
The goal of this class is to explore topics in Neural Engineering not covered in the curriculum. A single topic will be chosen per semester. Four speakers with expertise in the chosen area will be invited to the campus. Each speaker will give a seminar and participate in a 2-hour workshop/journal club on the specific topic. The students will be assigned one or two seminal papers written by the speaker prior to the visit. Students will take turns presenting these papers to the rest of the class. The paper and the topic will then be open for discussion. At the end of the semester, the students will collaborate to write a single review article in a publishable format on the topic of the semester.

EBME 611. BME Departmental Seminar I. 0.5 Units.
Lectures by invited speakers on subjects of current interest in biomedical engineering. Students will be evaluated on reading and preparation of questions for select speakers, as well as weekly participation. Between this course and EBME 612 students must earn a minimum of 1 credit (two semesters) and can take up to 4 credits over eight different semesters.
EBME 612. BME Departmental Seminar II. 0.5 Units.
Lectures by invited speakers on subjects of current interest in biomedical engineering. Students will be evaluated on reading and preparation of questions for select speakers, as well as weekly participation. Between this course and EBME 611 students must earn a minimum of 1 credit (two semesters) and can take up to 4 credits over eight different semesters.

EBME 613. Topic Seminars for NeuroEngineering Students. 0.5 Units.
Lectures by students in the seminar series on subjects of current interest to biomedical engineering students in NeuroEngineering. Students will be evaluated on presentation preparation and performance, as well as weekly participation. Between this course and EBME 614 students must earn a minimum of 1 credit (two semesters) and can take up to 4 credits over eight different semesters. Prereq: Graduate standing.

EBME 614. Topic Seminars for NeuroEngineering Students. 0.5 Units.
Lectures by students in the seminar series on subjects of current interest to biomedical engineering students in NeuroEngineering. Students will be evaluated on presentation preparation and performance, as well as weekly participation. Between this course and EBME 613 students must earn a minimum of 1 credit (two semesters) and can take up to 4 credits over eight different semesters. Prereq: Graduate standing.

EBME 615. Topic Seminars for Imaging Students. 0.5 Units.
Lectures by students in the seminar series on subjects of current interest to biomedical engineering students in Imaging. Students will be evaluated on presentation preparation and performance, as well as weekly participation. Between this course and EBME 616 students must earn a minimum of 1 credit (two semesters) and can take up to 4 credits over eight different semesters. Prereq: Graduate standing.

EBME 616. Topic Seminars for Imaging Students. 0.5 Units.
Lectures by students in the seminar series on subjects of current interest to biomedical engineering students in Imaging. Students will be evaluated on presentation preparation and performance, as well as weekly participation. Between this course and EBME 615 students must earn a minimum of 1 credit (two semesters) and can take up to 4 credits over eight different semesters. Prereq: Graduate standing.

EBME 617. Topic Seminars for Biomaterials Students. 0.5 Units.
Lectures by students in the seminar series on subjects of current interest to biomedical engineering students in Biomaterials. Students will be evaluated on presentation preparation and performance, as well as weekly participation. Between this course and EBME 618 students must earn a minimum of 1 credit (two semesters) and can take up to 4 credits over eight different semesters. Prereq: Graduate standing.

EBME 618. Topic Seminars for Biomaterials Students. 0.5 Units.
Lectures by students in the seminar series on subjects of current interest to biomedical engineering students in Biomaterials. Students will be evaluated on presentation preparation and performance, as well as weekly participation. Between this course and EBME 617 students must earn a minimum of 1 credit (two semesters) and can take up to 4 credits over eight different semesters. Prereq: Graduate standing.

EBME 619. Topic Seminars for Miscellaneous Biomedical Engineering Students. 0.5 Units.
Lectures by students in the seminar series on subjects of current interest to biomedical engineering students in outside of NeuroEngineering, Imaging, and Biomaterials. Students will be evaluated on presentation preparation and performance, as well as weekly participation. Between this course and EBME 620 students must earn a minimum of 1 credit (two semesters) and can take up to 4 credits over eight different semesters. Prereq: Graduate standing.

EBME 620. Topic Seminars for Miscellaneous Biomedical Engineering Students. 0.5 Units.
Lectures by students in the seminar series on subjects of current interest to biomedical engineering students in topics outside of NeuroEngineering, Imaging, and Biomaterials. Students will be evaluated on presentation preparation and performance, as well as weekly participation. Between this course and EBME 619 students must earn a minimum of 1 credit (two semesters) and can take up to 4 credits over eight different semesters. Prereq: Graduate standing.

EBME 621. BME Research Rotation I. 0 Units.
Opportunity for trainees to participate in BME research under supervision of faculty.

EBME 651. Thesis M.S.. 1 - 18 Unit.
Ph.D. candidates only. Prereq: Predoctoral research consent or advanced to Ph.D. candidacy milestone.

Department of Chemical and Biomolecular Engineering

The Department of Chemical and Biomolecular Engineering offers Bachelor of Science in Engineering, Master of Science, and Doctor of Philosophy degree programs that provide preparation for work in all areas of chemical engineering. Breadth elective sequences in biochemical engineering, biomedical engineering, computing, energy, electrochemical engineering, electronic materials, environmental engineering, management/entrepreneurship, polymer science, systems and control, or advanced studies provide depth and specialization for undergraduates majoring in chemical engineering. A special biochemical engineering track is available, where students integrate biochemistry, biology, and bioengineering courses into the standard chemical engineering curriculum. Chemical and Biomolecular engineering undergraduates are members of the student chapter of the American Institute of Chemical Engineers (AIChE). The AIChE chapter sponsors social events, field trips to local industry, technical presentations by outside speakers, and employment counseling. Information about the AIChE can be obtained through the department, the chapter president or the chapter advisor. There are eleven full-time faculty members, all of whom are pursuing active research programs. The research of the faculty is aimed at advanced and emerging areas of chemical engineering.

Mission

The chemical engineering department seeks to provide the expertise, environment, facilities, and administrative structure that inspire learning and the pursuit of scholarly activities in chemical engineering and related science and engineering disciplines. The Department will provide an educational program and research environment that will permit our graduates to compete in the evolving workplace, to permit students and faculty to advance knowledge at the highest levels of the profession, and to address the technological and personnel needs of industry, governments, and society.

Background

The profession of chemical engineering involves the analysis, design, operation and control of processes that convert matter and energy to more useful forms, encompassing processes at all scales from the molecular to the megascale. Traditionally, chemical engineers are responsible for the production of basic chemicals, plastics, and fibers. However, today's chemical engineers are also involved in food and
fertilizer production, synthesis of electronic materials, waste recycling, and power generation. Chemical engineers also develop new materials (ceramic composites and electronic chips, for example) as well as biochemistry and pharmaceuticals. The breadth of training in engineering and the sciences gives chemical engineers a particularly wide spectrum of career opportunities. Chemical engineers work in the chemical and materials related industries, in government, and are readily accepted by graduate schools in engineering, chemistry, medicine, or law (mainly for patent law).

Research
Research in the department is sponsored by a variety of state and federal agencies, by private industry, and by foundations. Current active research topics include:

**Energy Conversion and Storage**
- Fuel cells
- Batteries
- Supercapacitors
- Transport/structure properties of polymer electrolytes for fuel cell applications
- Electrocatalysis
- Photovoltaics

**Electrochemical Processes and Devices**
- Electrodeposition
- Electrochemical sensors
- Implantable electrochemical devices
- Electrochemical reactor design
- Electrode processes
- Metallization of semiconductor devices by plating
- Electrometallurgy

**Biomedical Applications of Chemical Engineering**
- Cell/cellular transport processes in inflammation
- Tissue engineering
- Wound healing
- Neurosensing and neural stimulation
- Engineering of surfaces for sensing applications
- Implantable electrochemical devices
- BioMEMS and biosensors
- Dental implants
- Drug delivery

**Diamond and Diamond-like Materials**
- Chemical vapor deposition of diamond
- Electrochemistry on diamond
- Conductive diamond films

**Design and Synthesis of Advanced Materials**
- Growth of single-crystal Group III nitrides
- Plasma and plasma processing
- Nanoparticles, nanotubes, nanowires
- Molecular electronics Electrochemical synthesis of alloys and compounds
- Microvascular constructs
- Functional polymers and composites

**Processing and Characterization of Novel Materials**
- Nanomaterials and polymer nanocomposites
- Development of responsive additives for particle clusters
- Electronic materials
- Surface and colloidal phenomena
- Surfactant and polymer solutions
- NMR spectroscopy and imaging
- Light scattering/spectroscopy

**Advanced Separation Methods**
- Enhanced oil recovery
- Ultrasonically assisted sorting and collection of small particles
- Haemodialysis
- Electrochemical and membrane separations
- Nanoporous materials

**Simulation and Modeling**
- Mathematical modeling of engineering processes
- Molecular simulation, statistical mechanics
- Triboelectric charging
- Light scattering and laser anemometry
- Data acquisition, statistical analyses
- Current distributions/electrochemical systems
- Redox equilibria
- Biomimetics
- Monolayer dynamics
- Stochastic processes
- Electrode structures

Major (p. 45) | Concentrations and Elective Sequences (p. 45) | BS/MS (p. 48) | Minor (p. 48)

**Undergraduate Programs**
The Bachelor of Science degree program in Chemical Engineering is accredited by the Engineering Accreditation Commission of ABET, www.abet.org (http://www.abet.org).

**Program Educational Objectives**
The undergraduate program in chemical engineering seeks to produce graduates who will:

1. apply the knowledge and skills acquired through the chemical engineering curriculum to their professional careers
2. assume positions of responsibility and/or leadership in industry, government, and business
3. pursue professional careers across a broad range of industries
4. succeed in post-graduate and professional degree programs
Student Outcomes
As preparation for achieving the above educational objectives, the BS degree program in Chemical Engineering is designed so that students attain:

- an ability to apply knowledge of mathematics, science, and engineering
- an ability to design and conduct experiments, as well as to analyze and interpret data
- an ability to design a system, component, or process to meet desired needs within realistic constraints such as economic, environmental, social, political, ethical, health and safety, manufacturability, and sustainability
- an ability to function on multidisciplinary teams
- an ability to identify, formulate, and solve engineering problems
- an understanding of professional and ethical responsibility
- an ability to communicate effectively
- the broad education necessary to understand the impact of engineering solutions in a global, economic, environmental, and societal context
- a recognition of the need for, and an ability to engage in life-long learning
- a knowledge of contemporary issues
- an ability to use the techniques, skills, and modern engineering tools necessary for engineering practice

Bachelor of Science in Engineering
Required Courses: Major in Chemical Engineering

Major Required Courses

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ECHE 151</td>
<td>Introduction to Chemical Engineering at Case</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ECHE 260</td>
<td>Introduction to Chemical Systems</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ECHE 360</td>
<td>Transport Phenomena for Chemical Systems</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ECHE 361</td>
<td>Separation Processes</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ECHE 362</td>
<td>Chemical Engineering Laboratory</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ECHE 363</td>
<td>Thermodynamics of Chemical Systems</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ECHE 364</td>
<td>Chemical Reaction Processes</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ECHE 365</td>
<td>Measurements Laboratory</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ECHE 367</td>
<td>Process Control</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ECHE 398</td>
<td>Process Analysis and Design</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ECHE 399</td>
<td>Chemical Engineering Design Project</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
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</table>

Related Required Courses

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CHEM 223</td>
<td>Introductory Organic Chemistry I</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>or CHEM 323</td>
<td>Organic Chemistry I</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CHEM 290</td>
<td>Chemical Laboratory Methods for Engineers</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CHEM 336</td>
<td>Physical Chemistry II</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STAT 313</td>
<td>Statistics for Experimenters</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
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</table>

Materials Elective: one of the following courses: 3

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EMAC 270</td>
<td>Introduction to Polymer Science and Engineering</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EMAC 276</td>
<td>Polymer Properties and Design</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EMSE 343</td>
<td>Materials for Electronics and Photonics</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Approved Breadth Elective Sequence 9-11
Total Units 58-60

Concentrations and Breadth Elective Sequences

A distinctive feature of the chemical engineering program is the three-course breadth elective sequence taken during the junior and senior years that permits a student to major in chemical engineering and, at the same time, pursue an interest in a related field. Eleven elective sequences have standing departmental approval: biochemical engineering, biomedical engineering, computing, electrochemical engineering, electronic materials, energy, environmental engineering, management/entrepreneurship, polymer science, undergraduate research and systems and control. There is also an advanced study sequence for students in the combined BS/MS program. Subject to departmental approval, students may alternatively choose to design their own breadth elective sequence.

In addition, two concentrations, one in biochemical engineering and the second in pre-medical studies, are available for students interested in these paths.

Biochemical Engineering Concentration

Biochemical engineering can be defined as the field of application of chemical engineering principles to systems that utilize biomolecules or bio-organisms to bring forth biotransformation. Biochemical engineering applications are versatile, ranging from waste-water treatment to production of therapeutic proteins. For the biochemical engineering concentration, students should take the following six courses and two electives selected from the subsequent lists:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>BIOL 300</td>
<td>Dynamics of Biological Systems: A Quantitative Introduction to Biology</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BIOL 301</td>
<td>Biotechnology Laboratory: Genes and Genetic Engineering</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BIOC 307</td>
<td>Introduction to Biochemistry: From Molecules To Medical Science</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BIOC 308</td>
<td>Molecular Biology</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BIOL 343</td>
<td>Microbiology</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ECHE 340</td>
<td>Biochemical Engineering</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Plus any two courses selected from the following: 6

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>BIOL 334</td>
<td>Structural Biology</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BIOL 382</td>
<td>Drugs, Brain, and Behavior</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PHRM 309</td>
<td>Principles of Pharmacology</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Total Units 26

Pre-Medical Concentration

The Pre-Medical Concentration provides a focused approach to medical school preparation for chemical engineering majors. By using the flexibility provided by science and technical electives in the curriculum, students are able to pursue courses that provide the background needed for medical school. Students take the following courses to meet the course requirements of most medical schools:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CHEM 113</td>
<td>Principles of Chemistry Laboratory (Freshman, Fall)</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BIOL 214</td>
<td>Genes, Evolution and Ecology (Freshman, Spring)</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Course Code</td>
<td>Course Title</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-------------</td>
<td>------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CHEM 223</td>
<td>Introductory Organic Chemistry I (Sophomore, Fall)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>or CHEM 323</td>
<td>Organic Chemistry I</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CHEM 224</td>
<td>Introductory Organic Chemistry II (Sophomore, Spring)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>or CHEM 324</td>
<td>Organic Chemistry II</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CHEM 233</td>
<td>Introductory Organic Chemistry Laboratory I (Junior, Fall)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BIOC 307</td>
<td>Introduction to Biochemistry: From Molecules To Medical Science (Junior, Fall)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BIOL 215</td>
<td>Cells and Proteins (Junior, Fall)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CHEM 234</td>
<td>Introductory Organic Chemistry Laboratory II (Junior, Spring)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Total Units**: 22

A student enrolled in this concentration satisfies the material and science electives requirements as well as the breadth elective sequence requirements of the program. Further, the student does not have to take CHEM 290 Chemical Laboratory Methods for Engineers.

### Approved Breadth Elective Sequences

#### Biochemical Engineering (Advisor: Dr. Qutubuddin)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>BIOC 307</td>
<td>Introduction to Biochemistry: From Molecules To Medical Science (Fall)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BIOL 343</td>
<td>Microbiology (Spring)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ECHE 340</td>
<td>Biochemical Engineering (Spring)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Total Units**: 10

#### Biomedical Engineering (Advisor: Dr. Baskaran)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EBME 201</td>
<td>Physiology-Biophysics I (Fall)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EBME 202</td>
<td>Physiology-Biophysics II (Spring)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EBME 309</td>
<td>Modeling of Biomedical Systems (Spring)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ECHE 355</td>
<td>Quantitative Molecular, Cellular and Tissue Bioengineering (Spring)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Total Units**: 9

#### Computing (Advisor: Dr. Lacks)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EECS 281</td>
<td>Logic Design and Computer Organization</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EECS 346</td>
<td>Engineering Optimization (Spring)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>One additional course selected from:</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EBME 352</td>
<td>Engineering Systems</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EECS 347</td>
<td>Digital Systems</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EECS 348</td>
<td>Microcontroller Systems</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Total Units**: 10-11

#### Electrochemical Engineering (Advisor: Dr. Landau) ^h

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ECHE 381</td>
<td>Electrochemical Engineering (Spring)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ECHE 383</td>
<td>Chemical Engineering Applied to Microfabrication and Devices (Fall)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>One additional course selected from:</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EMSE 343</td>
<td>Materials for Electronics and Photonics</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EECS 309</td>
<td>Electromagnetic Fields I (Fall)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Total Units**: 9

### Electronic Materials (Advisor: Dr. Liu) ^h

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ECHE 383</td>
<td>Chemical Engineering Applied to Microfabrication and Devices (Fall)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EECS 309</td>
<td>Electromagnetic Fields I (Fall)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>One additional course selected from:</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EMSE 343</td>
<td>Materials for Electronics and Photonics</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EECS 321</td>
<td>Semiconductor Electronic Devices (Spring)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Total Units**: 9

#### Energy (Advisor: Dr. Savinell)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ECHE 381</td>
<td>Electrochemical Engineering (Fall)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Plus two courses selected from the following:</td>
<td>6-7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EECS 312</td>
<td>Introduction to Electric Power Systems</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EECS 374</td>
<td>Advanced Control and Energy Systems</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Total Units**: 9

### Environmental Engineering (Advisor: Dr. Feke)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ECIV 368</td>
<td>Environmental Engineering (Spring)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Two additional courses selected from the following:</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ECIV 351</td>
<td>Engineering Hydraulics and Hydrology</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ECIV 361</td>
<td>Water Resources Engineering (Fall)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ECIV 362</td>
<td>Solid and Hazardous Waste Management (Spring)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ESTD 398</td>
<td>Seminar in Environmental Studies (Fall)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EEPS 303</td>
<td>Environmental Law</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EEPS 321</td>
<td>Hydrogeology</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EECS 342</td>
<td>Introduction to Global Issues (Fall)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Total Units**: 9

### Management/Entrepreneurship (Advisor: Dr. Savinell)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>BAFI 355</td>
<td>Corporate Finance (Fall)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ACCT 203</td>
<td>Survey of Accounting</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>One additional course selected from the following:</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ENTP 311</td>
<td>Entrepreneurship and Wealth Creation (Spring)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ENTP 310</td>
<td>Entrepreneurial Finance - Undergraduate (Fall)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Total Units**: 9

### Polymer Science (Advisor: Dr. Mann) ^h

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EMAC 270</td>
<td>Introduction to Polymer Science and Engineering (Fall)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Plus any two courses selected from:</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EMAC 276</td>
<td>Polymer Properties and Design (Fall)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EMAC 376</td>
<td>Polymer Engineering (Spring)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EMAC 377</td>
<td>Polymer Processing (Spring)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EMAC 378</td>
<td>Polymer Engineer Design Product (Spring)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Total Units**: 9
### Bachelor of Science in Engineering

#### Suggested Program of Study: Major in Chemical Engineering

**First Year**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| General Physics I - Mechanics (PHYS 121)
a                                                                         | Fall 4      |
| Principles of Chemistry for Engineers (CHEM 111)                      | Fall 4      |
| Calculus for Science and Engineering I (MATH 121)                     | Fall 4      |
| FSxx SAGES First Seminar\(^b\)                                        | Fall 4      |
| Introduction to Chemical Engineering at Case (ECHE 151)               | Fall 1      |
| PHED (2 half semester courses)                                        |             |
| General Physics II - Electricity and Magnetism (PHYS 122)\(^a\)       | Fall 4      |
| Chemistry of Materials (ENGR 145)                                     | Fall 4      |
| Calculus for Science and Engineering II (MATH 122)\(^a\) or Calculus II (MATH 124) | Fall 4 |
| Elementary Computer Programming (ENGR 131)                           | Fall 3      |
| USxx SAGES University Seminar I\(^b\)                                 | Fall 3      |

**Second Year**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Units</th>
<th>Fall</th>
<th>Spring</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>17</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Introductory Organic Chemistry I (CHEM 223) or Organic Chemistry I (CHEM 323)</td>
<td>Fall 3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Calculus for Science and Engineering III (MATH 223) or Calculus III (MATH 227)</td>
<td>Fall 3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Thermodynamics, Fluid Dynamics, Heat and Mass Transfer (ENGR 225)</td>
<td>Fall 4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Introduction to Chemical Systems (ECHE 280)</td>
<td>Fall 3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>USxx 2xx SAGES University Seminar II(^b)</td>
<td>Fall 3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Elementary Differential Equations (MATH 224) or Differential Equations (MATH 228)</td>
<td>Fall 3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Statistics for Experimenters (STAT 313)</td>
<td>Fall 3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Thermodynamics of Chemical Systems (ECHE 363)</td>
<td>Fall 3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Science elective (^a)</td>
<td>Fall 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Humanities/Social Science elective I</td>
<td>Fall 3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Year Total:</td>
<td>Fall 16</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Third Year**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Units</th>
<th>Fall</th>
<th>Spring</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Transport Phenomena for Chemical Systems (ECHE 360)</td>
<td>Fall 4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Process Control (ECHE 367)</td>
<td>Fall 4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Introduction to Circuits and Instrumentation (ENGR 210)</td>
<td>Fall 4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chemical Laboratory Methods for Engineers (CHEM 290)</td>
<td>Fall 3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Breadth elective sequence I(^c)</td>
<td>Fall 3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Separation Processes (ECHE 361)</td>
<td>Fall 3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Measurements Laboratory (ECHE 365)</td>
<td>Fall 3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Professional Communication for Engineers (ENGR 398)(^d)</td>
<td>Fall 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Professional Communication for Engineers (ENGL 398)(^d)</td>
<td>Fall 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chemical Reaction Processes (ECHE 364)</td>
<td>Fall 3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Humanities/Social Science elective II</td>
<td>Fall 3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Year Total:</td>
<td>Fall 18</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Fourth Year**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Units</th>
<th>Fall</th>
<th>Spring</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Process Analysis and Design (ECHE 398)</td>
<td>Fall 3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chemical Engineering Laboratory (ECHE 362)</td>
<td>Fall 4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Materials elective (^i)</td>
<td>Fall 3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Breadth Elective Sequence II(^f)</td>
<td>Fall 3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Humanities/Social Science elective III</td>
<td>Fall 3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chemical Engineering Design Project (ECHE 399)(^g)</td>
<td>Fall 3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Statics and Strength of Materials (ENGR 200)</td>
<td>Fall 3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Physical Chemistry II (CHEM 336)</td>
<td>Fall 3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Breadth elective sequence III(^f)</td>
<td>Fall 3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Humanities/Social Science elective IV</td>
<td>Fall 3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Five-Year Combined BS/MS Program

This program offers outstanding undergraduate students the opportunity to obtain an MS degree, with a thesis, in one additional year of study beyond the BS degree. (Normally, it takes two years beyond the BS to earn an MS degree.) In this program, an undergraduate student can take up to nine hours of graduate credit that simultaneously satisfies undergraduate degree requirements. Typically, students in this program start their research leading to the MS thesis in the fall semester of the senior year. The BS degree is awarded at the completion of the senior year. Application for admission to the five-year BS/MS program is made after completion of five semesters of coursework. Minimum requirements are a 3.2 grade point average and the recommendation of the department.

Five-and-a Half Year Cooperative BS/MS Program

The cooperative bachelor’s/master’s program enables outstanding students who are enrolled in the cooperative education program to earn an MS in one semester beyond the BS degree. Students complete six credits of a graduate project (ECHE 660) during the second co-op period and follow an Advanced Study elective sequence. The courses ECHE 460, ECHE 461, and an agreed-upon mathematics course are used to satisfy both graduate and undergraduate requirements. At the end of the fifth year, the student receives the BS degree. Upon completion of an additional 12 credits of graduate work the following semester, the student receives the MS degree (non-thesis). Application for admission to the five-and-a-half-year co-op BS/MS program is made during the second semester of the junior year (this semester is taken in the fall of the fourth year). Minimum requirements are a 3.2 grade point average, satisfactory performance in the previous co-op assignment, and the recommendation of the department.

Minor in Chemical Engineering

The minor in chemical engineering is for students majoring in other disciplines. A minimum of 17 hours in chemical engineering courses are required for the minor. The required courses are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ENGR 225</td>
<td>Thermodynamics, Fluid Dynamics, Heat and Mass Transfer</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ECHE 260</td>
<td>Introduction to Chemical Systems</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ECHE 360</td>
<td>Transport Phenomena for Chemical Systems</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Plus two courses selected from the following:</td>
<td>6-7</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ECHE 361</td>
<td>Separation Processes</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ECHE 363</td>
<td>Thermodynamics of Chemical Systems</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ECHE 364</td>
<td>Chemical Reaction Processes</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ECHE 365</td>
<td>Measurements Laboratory</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ECHE 367</td>
<td>Process Control</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Units</td>
<td></td>
<td>17-18</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Graduate Programs

Master of Science Program

Each MS candidate must complete a minimum of 27 hours of graduate-level credits. These credits can be distributed in one of two ways.

Plan A

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ECHE 401</td>
<td>Chemical Engineering Communications</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Six graduate-level courses</td>
<td></td>
<td>18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MS thesis research</td>
<td></td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Units</td>
<td></td>
<td>28</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Plan B

Part-time students, and those in the 5-1/2-year BS/MS cooperative program, may opt for Plan B, which requires completion of 24 credit hours (eight courses) of approved graduate course work and a 3 credit hour project replacing the MS thesis. In special cases, a student may be permitted to complete a 6 credit project. In this case only seven courses will be required.

All MS students are required to include the following courses in their program:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ECHE 460</td>
<td>Thermodynamics of Chemical Systems</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ECHE 461</td>
<td>Transport Phenomena</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ECHE 462</td>
<td>Chemical Reaction Engineering</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ECHE 475</td>
<td>Chemical Engineering Analysis</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>or an equivalent graduate-level math course</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The other courses should be technical graduate-level courses selected after consultation with the advisor. In special circumstances, e.g., students have taken a similar or complementary course at another university, one of the required courses may be waived from the program of study. Full-time MS students are expected to do some teaching or mentoring as part of their education. Also, at various points during their
thesis research, students will be required to present seminars and reports on their progress.

**Master of Engineering Program**

The Department of Chemical and Biomolecular Engineering also participates in the practice-oriented Master of Engineering program offered by the Case School of Engineering. The Department of Chemical and Biomolecular Engineering participates in the Chemical and Materials Processing and Synthesis sequence.

**Doctor of Philosophy Program**

The degree of Doctor of Philosophy is awarded in recognition of deep and detailed knowledge of chemical engineering and a comprehensive understanding of related subjects together with a demonstration of the ability to perform independent research, to suggest new areas for research, and to communicate results in an acceptable manner. For students entering the PhD program with a BS degree, a total of 12 courses (36 credit hours) is required. Course requirements for students entering with MS degrees are adjusted to account for work done at other universities, but a minimum of 6 courses (18 credit hours) must be taken at CWRU. The course requirements for students entering with a BS degree are as follows:

**Core Courses**

**All programs of study must include:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ECHE 460</td>
<td>Thermodynamics of Chemical Systems</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ECHE 461</td>
<td>Transport Phenomena</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ECHE 462</td>
<td>Chemical Reaction Engineering</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ECHE 475</td>
<td>Chemical Engineering Analysis</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total Units</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>12</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

A minimum of six additional graduate courses (in chemical engineering or other departments) must be taken. At least one of these electives must be in a Basic Science (i.e., Chemistry, Physics, Biology, Biochemistry, Mathematics, or Statistics). All PhD programs of study must include two mathematics or statistics courses, one of which must be ECHE 475 (listed above as a "core" course). With department approval, a 300-level lecture course can be used to replace an elective course.

**Professional Development Courses**

The balance of the PhD course work (two courses in addition to the TA assignment) is met through the professional development courses. All PhD students are required to assist in three teaching experiences as part of their degree requirements. Students enroll in the following courses for these teaching experiences.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ECHE 401</td>
<td>Chemical Engineering Communications</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ECHE 402</td>
<td>Chemical Engineering Communications II</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ECHE 470</td>
<td>Graduate Research Colloquium</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ECHE 400T</td>
<td>Graduate Teaching I</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ECHE 500T</td>
<td>Graduate Teaching II</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ECHE 600T</td>
<td>Graduate Teaching III</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total Units</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>6</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Six semesters of ECHE 470 Graduate Research Colloquium are required.

**Comments on PhD Guidelines**

The department anticipates that from time to time, special cases will arise which are exceptions to the above guidelines, e.g., a student may have taken a graduate-level course at another school. In these cases, the student must submit a statement with the Planned Program of Study justifying the departure from the guidelines. It should be noted that the above guidelines are a minimum requirement. All programs are chosen with the approval of the student’s faculty advisor.

**Other Requirements for the PhD Degree**

Students who wish to enter the PhD program must pass a First Proposition oral examination (with an accompanying written report) that tests a student’s ability to think creatively, grasp new research concepts, and discuss such concepts critically and comprehensively. The First Proposition serves as the qualifying examination for the PhD degree. A Second Proposition focusing on the students own research topic is required by the end of the second year in the program. All PhD students must satisfy the residency requirements of the university and the Case School of Engineering. In addition, at various points in the course of the dissertation research, students will be required to prepare reports and seminars on their work, and defend their dissertation. The Chemical and Biomolecular Engineering Graduate Student Handbook contains a more detailed description of the department’s PhD requirements and a time schedule for their completion.

**Facilities**

The department is housed in the Albert W. Smith Building and portions of the Bingham Building on the Case Quadrangle. Professor Smith was chair of industrial chemistry at Case from 1911 to 1927. Under his leadership a separate course of study in chemical engineering was introduced at Case in 1913. Professor Smith was also a close associate of Herbert Dow, the Case alumnus who founded Dow Chemical in 1890 with the help and support of Professor Smith. The Albert W. Smith Chemical Engineering Building contains one technology enhanced classroom; the undergraduate Unit Operations Laboratory; an undergraduate reading room, named after Prof. Robert V. Edwards; and the normal complement of offices and research laboratories. The lobby of the A.W. Smith Building, renovated by contributions from the James family, often serves as a formal and informal gathering place for students and faculty. The department has exceptionally strong facilities for electrochemical and energy research, for microfabrication, and for chemical vapor deposition and thin film synthesis. In addition, a full range of biochemical, analytical and materials characterization instrumentation is available in the Case School of Engineering. Analytical instrumentation is available within the Department of Chemical and Biomolecular Engineering, the Department of Chemistry, and the Materials Research Laboratory.

**Faculty**

Uziel Landau, PhD
(University of California, Berkeley)
Professor and Chair
Electrochemical engineering, modeling of electrochemical systems, electrodeposition, batteries, fuel cells, electrolyzers, corrosion

Rohan N. Akolkar, PhD
(Case Western Reserve University)
Associate Professor
John C. Angus, PhD
(University of Michigan)
Professor Emeritus
Chemical vapor deposition of diamond, electrochemistry of diamond, gallium nitride synthesis

Harihara Baskaran, PhD
(The Pennsylvania State University)
Associate Professor
Transport phenomena in biology and medicine

Donald L. Feke, PhD
(Princeton University)
Professor and Vice Provost for Undergraduate Education
Colloidal and transport phenomena, dispersive mixing, particle science and processing

Daniel Lacks, PhD
(Harvard University)
C. Benson Branch Professor of Chemical Engineering
Molecular simulation, statistical mechanics

Chung-Chiun Liu, PhD
(Case Institute of Technology)
Wallace R. Persons Professor of Sensor Technology and Control
Electrochemical sensors, electrochemical synthesis, electrochemistry related to electronic materials

J. Adin Mann Jr., PhD
(Iowa State University)
Emeritus Professor
Surface phenomena, interfacial dynamics, colloid science, light scattering, biomembranes, molecular electronics, Casimir force (effects)

Heidi B. Martin, PhD
(Case Western Reserve University)
Professor
Conductive diamond films; electrochemical sensors; chemical modification of surfaces for electrochemical and biomedical applications; biomaterials; microfabrication of sensors and devices

Syed Qutubuddin, PhD
(Carnegie Mellon University)
Professor
Surfactant and polymer solutions, separations, nanoparticles, novel polymeric materials, nanocomposites

R. Mohan Sankaran, PhD
(California Institute of Technology)
Associate Professor
Microplasmas, nanoparticle synthesis

Robert F. Savinell, PhD
(University of Pittsburgh)
George S. Dively Professor
Electrochemical engineering, electrochemical reactor design and simulation, electrode processes, batteries and fuel cells

Jesse S. Wainright, PhD
(Case Western Reserve University)
Associate Research Professor
Electrochemical power sources: fuel cells, batteries, supercapacitors; biomedical applications

Courses

ECHE 151. Introduction to Chemical Engineering at Case. 1 Unit.
An introduction to the profession of chemical engineering, its practice in industry, and review of the challenges and opportunities for the profession. The academic programs and curricular enhancements available to students majoring in chemical engineering at CWRU, including breadth sequence sequences and concentrations, undergraduate research, international study opportunities, cooperative education and internships, are presented. In addition to introducing the chemical engineering faculty and their research, a number of guest speakers representing the broad professional opportunities discuss career options with the students. Through lectures and discussions, students are also introduced to topics such as professionalism and ethics. Upperclassmen students conduct their co-op debriefing in the class, sharing experiences and initiating networking. In the lab/recitation section, students in smaller groups conduct experiments on chemical processes, spanning different aspects of the profession, and run computer-based simulations of those experiments. Analysis and discussion of the results will follow. Chemical engineering upperclassmen serve as teaching assistants.

ECHE 250. Honors Research I. 1 - 3 Unit.
A special program which affords a limited number of students the opportunity to conduct research under the guidance of one of the faculty.

ECHE 251. Honors Research II. 1 - 3 Unit.
(See ECHE 250.) Recommended preparation: ECHE 250.

ECHE 256. Introduction to Chemical Systems. 3 Units.
Material and energy balances. Conservation principles and the fundamental laws of physical chemistry applied to chemical processes. Developing skills in quantitative formulation and solution of word problems. Prereq: CHEM 111, ENGR 145 and MATH 122.

ECHE 340. Biochemical Engineering. 3 Units.
Chemical engineering principles applied to biological and biochemical systems and related processes. Microbiology and biochemicals linked with transport phenomena, kinetics, reactor design and analysis, and separations. Specific examples of microbial and enzyme processes of industrial significance. Recommended preparation: BIOC 307, BIOL 343 and ECHE 364, or permission of instructor.

ECHE 350. Undergraduate Research Project I. 3 Units.
This course affords a student the opportunity to conduct research under the guidance of one of the faculty, as part of the Chemical Engineering Research breadth elective sequence. Students who have a strong interest in research are encouraged to discuss research possibilities with the faculty. Assignments are made based on mutual interest.

ECHE 351. Undergraduate Research Project II. 3 Units.
This course affords a student the opportunity to conduct research under the guidance of one of the faculty, as part of the Chemical Engineering Research breadth elective sequence. Students who have a strong interest in research are encouraged to discuss research possibilities with the faculty. Assignments are made based on mutual interest. Prereq: ECHE 350.
ECHE 355. Quantitative Molecular, Cellular and Tissue Bioengineering. 3 Units.
Physical and chemical principles associated with kinetics and mass transport. Molecular-cellular components incorporated in quantitative analysis of cellular, tissue, and organ systems. Mathematical and computational modeling developed for diagnostic and therapeutic applications. Offered as EBME 350 and ECHE 355.

ECHE 360. Transport Phenomena for Chemical Systems. 4 Units.
Fundamentals of fluid flow, heat and mass transport from the microscopic and macroscopic perspectives. Applications to chemical systems, including steady and transient operations, convective and molecular (conduction and diffusion) effects, and interfacial transport. Design of unit operations (e.g., heat exchangers). Heat and mass transfer analogies. Vector/tensor analysis and dimensional analysis used throughout. Prereq: ENGR 225 and ECHE 355.

ECHE 361. Separation Processes. 3 Units.
Analysis and design of separation processes involving distillation, extraction, absorption, adsorption, and membrane processes. Design problems and the physical and chemical processes involved in separation. Equilibrium stage, degrees of freedom in design, graphical and analytical design techniques, efficiency and capacity of separation processes. Prereq: ECHE 260 and ECHE 363.

ECHE 362. Chemical Engineering Laboratory. 4 Units.
Experiments in the operation of separation and reaction equipment, including design of experiments, technical analysis, and economic analysis. Experiments cover distillation, liquid-liquid extraction, heat transfer, fluidized beds, control, membrane separations, and chemical and electrochemical reactors. Prereq: ECHE 260, ECHE 360, ECHE 361, ECHE 363 and ECHE 364.

ECHE 362D. Chemical Engineering Laboratory in Denmark. 4 Units.
Chemical Engineering Laboratory in Denmark. A version of ECHE 362 taught during the summer at DTU in Lyngby. Prereq: ECHE 260 and ECHE 360 and ECHE 361 and ECHE 363 and ECHE 364.

ECHE 363. Thermodynamics of Chemical Systems. 3 Units.
First law, second law, phase equilibria, phase rule, chemical reaction equilibria, and applications to engineering problems. Thermodynamic properties of real substances, with emphasis on solutions. Thermodynamic analysis of processes including chemical reactions. Prereq: ECHE 260 and Prereq or Coreq: ENGR 225.

ECHE 364. Chemical Reaction Processes. 3 Units.

ECHE 365. Measurements Laboratory. 3 Units.
Laboratory introduction to the measurement process in engineering. Matching measurements to approximate and exact physical models is stressed. Extraction of physical parameters and estimation of the errors in the parameter estimates is an important part of the course. Example projects cover steady and unsteady state heat transfer, momentum transfer, and the first law of thermodynamics. Recommended preparation: ECHE 360. Prereq: ECHE 260, ECHE 363 and ENGR 225.

ECHE 367. Process Control. 4 Units.
Theoretical and practical aspects of feedback control of chemical processes. The course involves extensive use of computer software with some exams taken using the computer. Short laboratories and Labview training are integrated into the course. Topics include: analysis of linear dynamical systems using Laplace transforms, derivation of unsteady state mathematical models of simple chemical processes, dynamic simulation of linear and nonlinear models, design of PID controllers by model inverse methods, tuning of controller to accommodate process model uncertainty, two degrees of freedom controllers, feed-forward and cascade control. The Labview training covers programming basics, interfacing to a data acquisition system, and incorporating control algorithms.. Prereq: ECHE 260 and MATH 224.

ECHE 370. Fluid Mechanics for Chemical Systems. 3 Units.
This course introduces the physical and mathematical concepts associated with the motion of material and the transfer of momentum. These concepts will be applied to the analysis of engineering systems to obtain both exact solutions and practical estimates. Both analytical and numerical solutions will be utilized.

ECHE 371. Heat and Mass Transfer for Chemical Systems. 3 Units.
This course introduces the physical and mathematical concepts associated with the transfer of heat and mass. These will be applied to the analysis of engineering situations to obtain both exact solutions and practical estimates. Analytical and numerical solutions will be utilized.

ECHE 381. Electrochemical Engineering. 3 Units.
Engineering aspects of electrochemical processes including current and potential distribution, mass transport and fluid mechanical effects. Examples from industrial processes including electroplating, industrial electrolysis, corrosion, and batteries. Recommended preparation: ECHE 260 or permission of instructor. Offered as ECHE 381 and ECHE 480.

ECHE 383. Chemical Engineering Applied to Microfabrication and Devices. 3 Units.
Silicon based microfabrication and micromachining require many chemical engineering technologies. Microfabricated devices such as sensors are also directly related to chemical engineering. The applications of chemical engineering principles to microfabrication and micromachining are introduced. Oxidation processing, chemical vapor deposition, etching and patterning techniques, electroplating and other technologies are discussed. Graduate students will submit an additional final project on some technical aspect of microfabrication technology or devices. Recommended preparation: ECHE 363 and ECHE 371. Offered as ECHE 383 and ECHE 483.

ECHE 396. Research and Innovation. 3 Units.
This course is an opportunity for undergraduate students to experience research--how to approach a research problem, design experiments and analyze data. This will be accomplished through (a) hands-on laboratory experiences with important research techniques, (b) assignment of open-ended projects on research topics, and (c) discussion of specific interdisciplinary research being pursued at Case. It is meant to be a mechanism for students to become involved in a research project; the final assignment is to submit a proposal for this project. Example interdisciplinary research areas to be included are Fuel Cells and Batteries, Sensors, Biomaterials, and Micro and Nano-fabricated Devices.

ECHE 397. Special Topics in Chemical Engineering. 3 Units.
Special topics within an area of chemical engineering.
ECHE 398. Process Analysis and Design. 3 Units.

ECHE 399. Chemical Engineering Design Project. 3 Units.
This is a course that uses the small teams approach to solve chemical process design problems. Numerous exercises involving process design are used to integrate material taught in previous and concurrent courses. This includes application of computer based design tools, economics, scheduling, decision making with uncertainty, and proposal and report preparation. This work leads to one comprehensive process design project done by the class, which includes a written and oral report. Counts as SAGES Senior Capstone. Prereq: ECHE 365, ECHE 367, ECHE 398.

ECHE 400T. Graduate Teaching I. 0 Units.
All Ph.D. students are required to take this course. The experience includes elements from the following tasks: development of teaching or lecture materials, teaching recitation groups, providing laboratory assistance, tutoring, exam/quiz/homework preparation and grading, mentoring students. Recommended preparation: Entering Ph.D. student in Chemical Engineering.

ECHE 401. Chemical Engineering Communications. 1 Unit.
Introductory course in communication for Chemical Engineering graduate students: preparation for first proposal for thesis, preparation of technical reports and scientific papers, literature sources, reviewing proposals, and manuscripts for professional journals, and making effective technical presentations.

ECHE 402. Chemical Engineering Communications II. 2 Units.
This course is a continuation of ECHE 401 and is designed to develop skills in writing proposals for funding research projects. The federal requirements are reviewed for submitting proposals to the major granting agents including NSF, NIH and DoD. We will study strategies for developing fundable projects. Each student will submit a research proposal for a thesis project and do an oral presentation of the project.

ECHE 460. Thermodynamics of Chemical Systems. 3 Units.
Phase equilibria, phase rule, chemical reaction equilibria in homogeneous and heterogeneous systems, ideal and non-ideal behavior of fluids and solutions, thermodynamic analysis of closed and open chemical systems with applications. Recommended preparation: ECHE 363.

ECHE 461. Transport Phenomena. 3 Units.

ECHE 462. Chemical Reaction Engineering. 3 Units.

ECHE 464. Surfaces and Adsorption. 3 Units.
Thermodynamics of interfaces, nature of interactions across phase boundaries, capillary wetting properties of adsorbed films, friction and lubrication, flotation, detergency, the surface of solids, relation of bulk to surface properties of materials, non-catalytic surface reactions. Recommended preparation: CHEM 335 or equivalent.

ECHE 466. Colloid Science. 3 Units.

ECHE 469. Chemical Engineering Seminar. 0 Units.
Distinguished outside speakers present current research in various topics of chemical engineering science. Graduate students also present technical papers based on thesis research.

ECHE 470. Graduate Research Colloquium. 0.5 Units.
Outside speakers present lectures on their current research. Various topics in the areas of chemical engineering science, basic and applied chemistry, bioengineering, material science, and applied mathematics are covered in the lectures. Graduate students also present technical papers based on their own research. Students are graded on the submission of one-page summary reports on any two lectures.

ECHE 474. Biotransport Processes. 3 Units.
Biomedical mass transport and chemical reaction processes. Basic mechanisms and mathematical models based on thermodynamics, mass and momentum conservation. Analytical and numerical methods to simulate in vivo processes as well as to develop diagnostic and therapeutic methods. Applications include transport across membranes, transport in blood, tumor processes, bioreactors, cell differentiation, chemotaxis, drug delivery systems, tissue engineering processes. Recommended preparation: EBME 350 and EBME 409 or equivalent. Offered as EBME474 and ECHE 474.

ECHE 475. Chemical Engineering Analysis. 3 Units.

ECHE 477. Data Acquisition and LabVIEW Bootcamp. 1 Unit.
This course will introduce and implement basic data acquisition concepts and LabVIEW virtual instrumentation programming, providing hands-on experience with hardware and software. It is intended to help those with little or no data acquisition experience to get started on setting up data acquisition for their application. No prior experience with LabVIEW is required. Consult with the instructor for additional details.

ECHE 480. Electrochemical Engineering. 3 Units.
Engineering aspects of electrochemical processes including current and potential distribution, mass transport and fluid mechanical effects. Examples from industrial processes including electroplating, industrial electrolysis, corrosion, and batteries. Recommended preparation: ECHE 260 or permission of instructor. Offered as ECHE 381 and ECHE 480.
ECHE 481. Corrosion Fundamentals. 3 Units.
This course will cover fundamentals of corrosion, including thermodynamic and kinetic aspects of the electrochemical reactions leading to corrosion. Salient features of the various types of corrosion will be reviewed, with an emphasis on fundamental mechanisms. Electrochemical testing, corrosion monitoring and techniques to stifle corrosion will be discussed. After completion of this course, students will be able to classify corrosion systems, understand the mechanisms underlying corrosion, and outline strategies to design corrosion-resistant systems.

ECHE 483. Chemical Engineering Applied to Microfabrication and Devices. 3 Units.
Silicon based microfabrication and micromachining require many chemical engineering technologies. Microfabricated devices such as sensors are also directly related to chemical engineering. The applications of chemical engineering principles to microfabrication and micromachining are introduced. Oxidation processing, chemical vapor deposition, etching and patterning techniques, electroplating and other technologies are discussed. Graduate students will submit an additional final project on some technical aspect of microfabrication technology or devices. Recommended preparation: ECHE 363 and ECHE 371. Offered as ECHE 383 and ECHE 483.

ECHE 500T. Graduate Teaching II. 0 Units.
All Ph.D. students are required to take this course. The experience will include elements from the following tasks: development of teaching or lecture materials, teaching recitation groups, providing laboratory assistance, tutoring, exam/quiz/homework preparation and grading, mentoring students. Recommended preparation: Ph.D. student in Chemical Engineering.

ECHE 580. Special Topics. 3 Units.
Special topics in chemical engineering. Prereq: Consent of instructor.

ECHE 590. Topics in Materials Engineering. 3 Units.
Seminar course focusing on topics related to materials engineering. Typical subjects include processing and properties of electronic and nanomaterials, composites and dispersions; mixing of particles and agglomerates; electrodeposition of alloys; molecular level simulations. Students will be assigned readings from book chapters, classical articles and state of the art publications. A discussion leader (pre-assigned) will be responsible for introducing the papers and leading a critical discussion. Active student participation in the discussions is expected.

ECHE 600T. Graduate Teaching III. 0 Units.
All Ph.D. students are required to take this course. The experience will include elements from the following tasks: development of teaching or lecture materials, teaching recitation groups, providing laboratory assistance, tutoring, exam/quiz/homework preparation and grading, mentoring students. Recommended preparation: Ph.D. student in Chemical Engineering.

ECHE 601. Independent Study. 1 - 18 Unit.

ECHE 651. Thesis M.S.. 1 - 18 Unit.

ECHE 660. Special Problems. 1 - 18 Unit.
Research course taken by Plan B M.S. students.

ECHE 701. Dissertation Ph.D.. 1 - 18 Unit.
Prereq: Predoctoral research consent or advanced to Ph.D. candidacy milestone.

Department of Civil Engineering

The Department of Civil Engineering offers programs of study in environmental, geotechnical, and structural engineering, construction engineering and management, and engineering mechanics.

Civil engineers plan, design, and construct facilities for meeting the needs of modern society. Civil engineers also help to reduce the environmental impact of these designs to help make modern society more sustainable. Examples of such facilities are transportation systems, schools and office buildings, bridges, dams, land reclamation projects, water treatment and distribution systems, commercial buildings, and industrial plants. Civil engineers can choose from a broad spectrum of opportunities in industry and consulting practice as well as research and development in firms in which civil engineers often participate as owners or partners. Employment can be found among a wide variety of industrial, governmental, construction, and private consulting organizations. There is a large demand for civil engineers nationally. The program at Case Western Reserve University is built around small classes, good faculty-student relationships and advising, and a program flexible enough to meet students’ personal career aims.

The Department of Civil Engineering of the Case School of Engineering offers an accredited Bachelor of Science degree in Civil Engineering with courses in almost all the traditional civil engineering subjects. The graduate program offers the Master of Science and Doctor of Philosophy degrees in structures, engineering mechanics, geotechnical and environmental engineering. A cooperative education program involving participating engineering firms is available for both undergraduate and graduate students.

An active research program gives the students opportunities to participate in projects related to design, analysis, and testing. Projects are in areas such as computational mechanics, probabilistic design, bridges, dynamics and wind engineering, response of concrete and steel structures, fracture mechanics, static and dynamic behavior of soils, earthquake engineering, subsurface and ex situ remediation, contaminated sediments, infrastructure materials and infrastructure systems optimization.

Mission Statement and Objectives

The Department of Civil Engineering developed its own mission statement and educational objectives that are consistent with those of the Engineering School. This process involved the entire Civil Engineering faculty and the Civil Engineering Advisory Committee. It was conducted during regular faculty meetings and special meetings called for this purpose. It is an ongoing process.

Mission Statement:

Our mission is to prepare students for leadership roles in civil and environmental engineering. The department will provide facilities and research expertise to advance the state of the civil engineering profession within the mission of the Case School of Engineering. Students will be taught to address problems building on solid technical foundations while taking advantage of advanced technologies. Our graduates will adhere to high technical and ethical standards, in service to the public. Graduates will be prepared for the pursuit of advanced learning in civil engineering and related fields, as well as for the practice of civil and environmental engineering at the highest professional levels.
Research

Research under way in Civil Engineering includes work in analytical, design and experimental areas and is sponsored by industry, state, and federal government sources. Major areas of research interest are:

- Random vibration
- Engineering materials
- Behavior of reinforced and prestressed concrete
- Wind engineering
- Earthquake analysis and design of structures
- Finite element methods
- Nondestructive Testing of Structures
- Passive and active control of the vibration of structures
- Transient response of nonlinear structures
- Blast loading of structures
- Modeling of micro electromechanical systems
- Fracture mechanics
- Multiscale simulation
- Modeling of concrete, of geomaterials and of asphalt concrete
- High and low-cycle fatigue
- Geotechnical/Pavement Materials
- Static behavior of anisotropic clays and sands
- Soil liquefaction
- Bifurcation and shear banding in soils
- Centrifuge modeling of static and dynamic soil behavior
- Dynamic soil structure interaction
- Non-destructive testing evaluation of soils and pavement materials
- Measurement of dynamic soil properties
- Design of Structures for High-Speed Vehicles
- Stability of tailings dams
- Environmental Engineering
- Environmentally conscious manufacturing
- Remediation of “old” metal-contaminated soils
- Brownfields/structural remediation
- Environmental modeling/software development
- Environmental decision analysis
- Geoenvironmental engineering
- Environmental fluid mechanics
- Sediment remediation
- In-situ remediation of non-aqueous phase liquids
- Environmental chemistry
- Bioremediation
- Sustainable engineering
- Structural health monitoring
- Transportation safety
- Infrastructure engineering
- Non-destructive Testing
- Sensor technology
- Smart materials
- Energy structures and geotechnology
- Biofuel development
- Urban hydraulics
- Soil contamination standards
- Intelligent infrastructure and transportation system
- Driver safety
- Building materials
- Sustainability

Undergraduate Programs

The faculty of the Civil Engineering Department believe very strongly that undergraduate education should prepare students to be productive engineers upon receiving the degree. For this reason, particular emphasis in undergraduate teaching is placed on the application of engineering principles to the solution of problems. After completing a broad civil engineering core program undergraduate students must choose an elective sequence in one of the areas of civil engineering of particular interest, such as structural, geotechnical or environmental engineering; construction management or engineering mechanics.

In order to provide undergraduates with experience in industry, the department attempts to arrange summer jobs for the three summers between their semesters at Case Western Reserve University. By working for organizations in all areas of design and construction, students can gain an invaluable knowledge of the way the industry functions. This experience lets them gain more from their education and makes them more attractive to prospective employers upon graduation.

A cooperative education program is also available, which allows the student to spend time working full-time in an engineering capacity with a contractor, consulting engineer, architect, or materials supplier during the course of his or her education. This learning experience is designed to integrate classroom theory with practical experience and professional development.

The Bachelor of Science degree program in Civil Engineering is accredited by the Engineering Accreditation Commission of ABET, www.abet.org (http://www.abet.org).

The curriculum has been designed so that the student chooses a sequence at least four (4) or more approved elective courses. The sequence is intended to give students the chance to pursue in some depth a particular area related to their careers as civil engineers. Samples of courses from which elective sequences could be chosen follow the civil engineering curriculum in this bulletin. In addition, the students are required to do a senior project in their area of interest.

Students enrolled in other majors may elect to pursue a minor in civil engineering or in environmental engineering. Department approval and a minimum of 15 credit hours are required.

Most classes in the Civil Engineering Department have enrollment of less than 25 so the students have opportunities to develop close relationships with the faculty. Students also have opportunities to gain practical experience as well as earn a supplemental income by assisting faculty members on consulting work during vacation periods.

Program Educational Objectives

1. Graduates of the ECIV Program will enter the profession of Civil Engineering and advance to positions of greater responsibility and leadership, in line with ASCE Professional Grade Descriptions.
2. Graduates of the ECIV Program will enter and successfully progress in, or complete, advanced degree programs within their fields of choice.
3. Graduates of the ECIV Program will progress toward or complete professional registration and licensure.

**Student Outcomes**

As preparation for achieving the above educational objectives, the BS degree program in Civil Engineering is designed so that students attain:

- an ability to apply knowledge of mathematics (including differential equations) and science (including calculus-based physics and general chemistry) and one additional area of science.
- an ability to design and conduct experiments, as well as to analyze and interpret data in more than one area of civil engineering.
- an ability to design a system, component, or process to meet desired needs within realistic constraints such as economic, environmental, social, political, ethical, health and safety, manufacturability, and sustainability.
- an ability to function on multi-disciplinary teams.
- an ability to identify, formulate, and solve engineering problems.
- an understanding of professional and ethical responsibility and the role of civil engineers in providing for the safety and well-being of the general public.
- an ability to communicate effectively in written and oral form.
- the broad education necessary to understand the impact of engineering solutions in a global, economic, environmental, and societal context.
- a recognition of the need for, and an ability to engage in life-long learning.
- a knowledge of contemporary issues.
- an ability to use the techniques, skills, and modern engineering tools necessary for engineering practice and the design of functional civil engineering facilities.
- proficiency in probability and statistics, as applied to civil engineering design and planning issues.
- an understanding of professional practice issues, including the role of civil engineering design and management professionals in the construction process, public policy and leadership.
- an ability to develop an understanding of the importance of professional licensure and the ethical use of a professional license.

**Bachelor of Science in Engineering**

**Required Courses: Major in Civil Engineering**

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Credits</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ECIV 160</td>
<td>Surveying and Computer Graphics</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ECIV 211</td>
<td>Civil Engineering Materials</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ECIV 310</td>
<td>Strength of Materials</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ECIV 320</td>
<td>Structural Analysis I</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ECIV 322</td>
<td>Structural Design I</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ECIV 330</td>
<td>Soil Mechanics</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ECIV 340</td>
<td>Construction Management</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ECIV 351</td>
<td>Engineering Hydraulics and Hydrology</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ECIV 360</td>
<td>Civil Engineering Systems</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ECIV 368</td>
<td>Environmental Engineering</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ECIV 398</td>
<td>Civil Engineering Senior Project</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Related Required Courses</td>
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<tr>
<td>EMAE 181</td>
<td>Dynamics</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EMAE 250</td>
<td>Computers in Mechanical Engineering</td>
<td>3</td>
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A minimum of four courses of the following technical elective sequences, two of which must be from civil engineering:

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Credits</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ECIV 321</td>
<td>Structural Analysis II</td>
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<tr>
<td>ECIV 323</td>
<td>Structural Design II</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>ECIV 411</td>
<td>Elasticity, Theory and Applications</td>
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<tr>
<td>ECIV 420</td>
<td>Finite Element Analysis</td>
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<tr>
<td>ECIV 421</td>
<td>Advanced Reinforced Concrete Design</td>
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<tr>
<td>ECIV 422</td>
<td>Advanced Structural Steel Design</td>
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<tr>
<td>ECIV 423</td>
<td>Prestressed Concrete Design</td>
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<tr>
<td>ECIV 424</td>
<td>Structural Dynamics</td>
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<tr>
<td>ECIV 425</td>
<td>Structural Design for Dynamic Loads</td>
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<tr>
<td>ECIV 426</td>
<td>Structural Reliability</td>
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<tr>
<td>ECIV 430</td>
<td>Foundation Engineering</td>
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<tr>
<td>ECIV 452</td>
<td>Infrastructure Aging and Assessment</td>
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<tr>
<td>ECIV 585</td>
<td>Fracture Mechanics</td>
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**Geotechnical Engineering**

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<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Credits</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ECIV 323</td>
<td>Structural Design II</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ECIV 411</td>
<td>Elasticity, Theory and Applications</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ECIV 420</td>
<td>Finite Element Analysis</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ECIV 430</td>
<td>Foundation Engineering</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ECIV 431</td>
<td>Special Topics in Geotechnical Engineering</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ECIV 432</td>
<td>Mechanical Behavior of Soils</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ECIV 437</td>
<td>Pavement Analysis and Design</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ECIV 433</td>
<td>Soil Dynamics</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EEPS 330</td>
<td>Geophysical Field Methods and Laboratory</td>
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**Engineering Mechanics**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Title</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ECIV 411</td>
<td>Elasticity, Theory and Applications</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>ECIV 420</td>
<td>Finite Element Analysis</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ECIV 433</td>
<td>Soil Dynamics</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ECIV 424</td>
<td>Structural Dynamics</td>
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<tr>
<td>ECIV 432</td>
<td>Mechanical Behavior of Soils</td>
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</table>

**Environmental Engineering**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Credits</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ECIV 361</td>
<td>Water Resources Engineering</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>ECIV 362</td>
<td>Solid and Hazardous Waste Management</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>ECIV 450</td>
<td>Environmental Engineering Chemistry</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ECIV 460</td>
<td>Environmental Remediation</td>
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<tr>
<td>ECIV 461</td>
<td>Environmental Engineering Biotechnology</td>
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<tr>
<td>EEPS 220</td>
<td>Environmental Geology</td>
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**Pre-Architecture**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Credits</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ARTS 106</td>
<td>Creative Drawing I</td>
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<tr>
<td>ARTS 206</td>
<td>Creative Drawing II</td>
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<tr>
<td>ARTS 302</td>
<td>Architecture and City Design I</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ARTS 304</td>
<td>Architecture and City Design III</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ECIV 323</td>
<td>Structural Design II</td>
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**Construction Engineering and Management**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Credits</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>BAFI 355</td>
<td>Corporate Finance</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ECIV 341</td>
<td>Construction Scheduling and Estimating</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>ECIV 430</td>
<td>Foundation Engineering</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ECON 369</td>
<td>Economics of Technological Innovation and</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Entrepreneurship</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ECON 368</td>
<td>Environmental Economics</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Computer use is an integral part of the Civil Engineering curriculum. From required courses in computer programming and numerical analysis to subsequent use and development of civil engineering programs, the student fully utilizes the computer as a planning, analysis, design, and managerial tool.

All sequences are constructed to provide a balance of marketable skills and theoretical bases for further growth. With departmental approval other sequences can be developed to meet students’ needs.

### Bachelor of Science in Engineering

**Suggested Program of Study: Major in Civil Engineering**

#### First Year

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Units</th>
<th>Fall</th>
<th>Spring</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Open elective</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Principles of Chemistry for Engineers (CHEM 111)</td>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Elementary Computer Programming (ENGR 131)</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>FSXX SAGES First Seminar</td>
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<tr>
<td>Calculus for Science and Engineering I (MATH 121)</td>
<td>4</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>PHED (two half semester classes)</td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SAGES University Seminar I</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chemistry of Materials (ENGR 145)</td>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Calculus for Science and Engineering II (MATH 122)</td>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>General Physics I - Mechanics (PHYS 121)</td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>PHED (two half semester classes)</td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Year Total:</td>
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#### Second Year

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Units</th>
<th>Fall</th>
<th>Spring</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SAGES University Seminar II</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>Surveying and Computer Graphics (ECIV 160)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Computers in Mechanical Engineering (EMAE 250)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Statics and Strength of Materials (ENGR 200)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Calculus for Science and Engineering III (MATH 223)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>General Physics II - Electricity and Magnetism (PHYS 122)</td>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Humanities or Social Science</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Strength of Materials (ECIV 310)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Dynamics (EMAE 181)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Introduction to Circuits and Instrumentation (ENGR 210)</td>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Elementary Differential Equations (MATH 224)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Year Total:</td>
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<td>16</td>
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#### Fourth Year

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Units</th>
<th>Fall</th>
<th>Spring</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Humanities or Social Science</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Construction Management (ECIV 340)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Civil Engineering Senior Project (ECIV 398)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Approved elective</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
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<td>Open elective</td>
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<tr>
<td>Year Total:</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>15</td>
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</table>

**Total Units in Sequence:** 130

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### Minor in Civil Engineering

Students enrolled in other majors may elect to pursue a minor in Civil Engineering. A minimum of 15 credit hours is required, as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Units</th>
<th>Fall</th>
<th>Spring</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ENGR 200</td>
<td>Statics and Strength of Materials</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ENGR 398 &amp; ENGL 398</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Structural Design I (ECIV 322)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Soil Mechanics (ECIV 330)</td>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Engineering Hydraulics and Hydrology (ECIV 351)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Environmental Engineering (ECIV 368)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Approved elective</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Approved elective</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Open elective</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Units in Sequence:</td>
<td>130</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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*a ENGR 398 and ENGL 398 must be taken concurrently.

*b Must be part of an approved sequence*
acquisition equipment. A 6 ft x 6 ft uni-axial shaking table is available for seismic testing of small physical models.

**Environmental Engineering Laboratory**

This laboratory is one in a suite of laboratories that support environmental engineering teaching and research. The facilities include a teaching laboratory, an advanced instrumentation laboratory, a remediation research laboratory and an electronic classroom/software laboratory. The Environmental Engineering Laboratory is equipped for conventional Standard Methods analysis of water, wastewater, soil, solid waste and air samples (pH meters, furnaces, ovens, incubators, hoods, etc.) and for aerobic microbiology work. The lab also offers generous bench top space for student teams to explore laboratory procedures and provides direct access to research, instrumentation, and computational facilities.

**Environmental Instrumentation Laboratory**

This laboratory is equipped for state-of-the-art analysis of environmental contaminants. The room supports a computer controlled Dionex DX-500 IC/HPLC system, a computer controlled Varian SPECTRAA 200/SIPS 10 (flame & furnace) AA system, and a computer controlled Hewlett Packard 6890 GC/MS analysis system for organic and inorganic pollutant analysis. Where appropriate, machines have been equipped with autosamplers to improve productivity.

**Remediation Research Laboratory**

This laboratory is designed to support physical research on the applied science and design of remediation engineering. The laboratory provides a modeling floor for the assembly of laboratory-scale remediation schemes, and provides immediate access to instrumentation and computational facilities for data analysis.

**Soil Mechanics Laboratory**

This laboratory has a full array of both instructional and research units; notable are automated triaxial units for generalized extension and compression tests, units permitting simultaneous application of hydrostatic, axial, and torsional static and dynamic stresses, a cubical device for true triaxial testing, units by means of which one-dimensional consolidation in the triaxial cell can be automatically achieved, and various pore pressure force and deformation measuring devices. Tests are monitored and evaluated by data acquisition-computer systems. Also available is a longitudinal and torsional resonant column device and a large size oedometer equipped with bender elements. The laboratory has a SP2000 high speed camera to study dynamic phenomena. A 20 g-tons fully automated centrifuge with a servo-hydraulic earthquake shaker is in operation. The laboratory has a full set of equipment for TDR tests.

**Haptic Research Laboratory**

The haptic interface laboratory hosts two state-of-the-art driving simulators. It provides holistic driving simulations for advanced research, education and training in the area of transportation safety, human perception and human-machine interface.

**Neff Civil Engineering Undergraduate Computer Laboratory**

This laboratory provides Civil Engineering students with access to all the computer resources needed for both course work and research. The laboratory is supplemented by other facilities provided by the university. All of the computers in the Neff lab can act as independent workstations or provide access via a fiber optic link to other campus computers.
Civil Engineering Study Lounge
This study area is designed to supplement the computer laboratories with a more quiet workplace for individual or group study.

ASCE Lounge
Provides a student controlled venue for hosting American Society of Civil Engineers (ASCE) student chapter activities.

Miller Library
The Miller Library named in honor of Graig J. Miller, a former Civil Engineering Faculty member, acts as both a library and as the Department’s premier meeting space.

Vose Room
The department also shares use of the Vose Room equipment for meetings and video conferencing.

Faculty
Xiangwu (David) Zeng, PhD, PE
(Cambridge University)
Chair and Frank H. Neff Professor
Geotechnical earthquake engineering; centrifuge modeling; foundation vibration

Dario A. Gasparini, PhD
(Massachusetts Institute of Technology)
Professor
Structures; wind and earthquake engineering; applied random processes; history of engineering

Aaron A. Jennings, PhD, PE
(University of Massachusetts)
Professor
Environmental and geoenvironmental engineering; groundwater contamination; hazardous waste management; uncertainty analysis for environmental models

Brian Metrovich, PhD
(Lehigh University)
Associate Professor
Structural engineering, fatigue and fracture mechanics, steel structures, atomistic modeling of failure phenomena, structural health monitoring, and nondestructive evaluation

Michael Pollino, PhD, PE
(University at Buffalo)
Assistant Professor
Structural engineering; seismic analysis and design, rehabilitation of structures and civil infrastructure, large scale experimental testing of structural systems and sub-assemblages, structural dynamics, steel structures

Kurt. R. Rhoads, Phd, PE
(Stanford University)
Assistant Professor
Environmental Engineering; Fate of organic pollutants, bioremediation, algal biofuel development

Adel S. Saada, PhD, PE
(Princeton University)
Professor
Mechanics of materials; static and dynamic mechanical behavior of soils; foundation engineering

Xiong (Bill) Yu, PhD, PE
(Purdue University)
Associate Professor
Geotechnical engineering; infrastructure; construction material testing; information technology

Emeritus Faculty
J. Ludwig Figueroa, PhD
(University of Illinois)
Professor Emeritus

Arthur A. Huckelbridge, DEng, PE
(University of California Berkeley)
Professor Emeritus

Adjunct Faculty
Terrance Cybulski, Adjunct Lecturer

Philip DeSantis, Adjunct Professor

Dan Ghiocel, Adjunct Professor

Kenneth L. Klika, Adjunct Professor

Mark D. Rokoff, Adjunct Assistant Professor

John Stevenson, Adjunct Professor

Lance Wanamaker, Adjunct Lecturer

Katie Wheaton, Adjunct Lecturer

Erwin V. Zaretsky, Adjunct Professor

Staff
Nancy A. Longo, Department Assistant

Courses
ECIV 160. Surveying and Computer Graphics. 3 Units.
Principles and practice of surveying; error analysis, topographic mapping, introduction to photogrammetry and GIS; principles of graphics; computer-aided-drafting. Laboratory.

ECIV 211. Civil Engineering Materials. 3 Units.
ECIV 300. Undergraduate Research. 3 Units.
Research conducted under the supervision of a sponsoring Civil Engineering faculty member. Research can be done on an independent topic or as part of an established on-going research activity. The student will prepare a written report on the results of the research. Course may fulfill one technical elective requirement.

ECIV 310. Strength of Materials. 3 Units.

ECIV 320. Structural Analysis I. 3 Units.

ECIV 321. Structural Analysis II. 3 Units.

ECIV 322. Structural Design I. 3 Units.

ECIV 323. Structural Design II. 3 Units.
Continuation of ECIV 322. Collapse limit state analysis/design, torsion of concrete members, reinforcing steel details, compression reinforced flexural members, two-way slabs, slender columns, torsion of steel members, lateral and local buckling of steel members, plate girders, intro to prestressed concrete design and timber design. Recommended preparation: ECIV 320 and ECIV 322.

ECIV 330. Soil Mechanics. 4 Units.
The physical, chemical, and mechanical properties of soils. Soil classification, capillarity, permeability, and flow nets. One dimensional consolidation, stress and settlement analysis. Shear strength, stability of cuts, and design of embankments, retaining walls and footings. Standard laboratory tests performed for the determination of the physical and mechanical properties of soils. Laboratory. Recommended preparation: ECIV 310.

ECIV 340. Construction Management. 3 Units.
Selected topics in construction management including specifications writing, contract documents, estimating, materials and labor, bidding procedures and scheduling techniques. The course is augmented by guest lecturers from local industries.

ECIV 341. Construction Scheduling and Estimating. 3 Units.
The focus is on scheduling, and estimating and bidding for public and private projects. This includes highways as well as industrial and building construction. The use of computers with the latest software in estimating materials, labor, equipment, overhead and profit is emphasized. Recommended preparation: ECIV 340 and consent of instructor.

ECIV 351. Engineering Hydraulics and Hydrology. 3 Units.
Application of fluid statics and dynamics to Civil Engineering Design. Hydraulic machinery, pipe network analysis, thrust, hammer, open channel flow, sewer system design, culverts, flow gauging, retention/detention basin design. Applied hydrology, hydrograph analysis and hydraulic routing will also be introduced. Recommended preparation: Concurrent enrollment in ENGR 225.

ECIV 360. Civil Engineering Systems. 3 Units.
Introduction to probability, random variables, and non-deterministic modeling. Decision-making in civil engineering. Engineering economics. Introduction to optimization and linear programming. Reliability analysis.

ECIV 361. Water Resources Engineering. 3 Units.
Water doctrine, probabilistic analysis of hydrologic data, common and rare event analysis, flood forecasting and control, reservoir design, hydrologic routing, synthetic streamflow generation, hydroelectric power, water resource quality, water resources planning. Recommended preparation: ECIV 351.

ECIV 362. Solid and Hazardous Waste Management. 3 Units.

ECIV 368. Environmental Engineering. 3 Units.
Principle and practice of environmental engineering. Water and waste water engineering unit operations and processes including related topics from industrial waste disposal, air pollution and environmental health.

ECIV 396. Civil Engineering Special Topics I. 1 - 3 Unit.
Special topics in civil engineering in which a regular course is not available. Conferences and report.

ECIV 397. Civil Engineering Special Topics II. 3 Units.
Special topics in civil engineering in which a regular course is not available. Conferences and report.

ECIV 398. Civil Engineering Senior Project. 3 Units.
A project emphasizing research and/or design must be completed by all civil engineers. Requirements include periodic reporting of progress, plus a final oral presentation and written report. Counts as SAGES Senior Capstone.

ECIV 400T. Graduate Teaching I. 0 Units.
This series of three courses will provide Ph.D. students with practical experience in teaching at the University level and will expose them to effective teaching methods. Each course assignment will be organized in coordination with the student's dissertation advisor and the department chairperson. Assignments will successively require more contact with students, with duties approaching the teaching requirements of a faculty member in the Ph.D. student's area of study. Prereq: Ph.D. students in Civil Engineering.

ECIV 411. Elasticity, Theory and Applications. 3 Units.
ECIV 420. Finite Element Analysis. 3 Units.
Development and application of finite element methods with emphasis on solid mechanics. Development of truss, beam, shell, and solid elements will be considered. Formulation of isoparametric elements. Meshing and modeling techniques discussed using commercial finite element software. Recommended preparation: ECIV 310 or permission of instructor.

ECIV 421. Advanced Reinforced Concrete Design. 3 Units.
Properties of plain and reinforced concrete, ultimate strength of reinforced concrete structural elements, flexural and shear design of beams, bond and cracking, torsion, moment redistribution, limit analysis, yield line analysis of slabs, direct design and equivalent frame method, columns, fracture mechanics concepts. Recommended preparation: ECIV 322 and consent of instructor.

ECIV 422. Advanced Structural Steel Design. 3 Units.
Selected topics in structural steel design including plastic design, torsion, lateral buckling, torsional-flexural buckling, frame stability, plate girders, and connections, including critical review of current design specifications relating to these topics. Recommended preparation: ECIV 322.

ECIV 423. Prestressed Concrete Design. 3 Units.
Design of prestressed concrete structures, mechanical behavior of concrete suitable for prestressing and post-tensioning steels, load balancing, partial prestressing, prestressing losses, continuous beams, prestressed slab design, columns. Recommended preparation: ECIV 323 or ECIV 421 and consent of instructor.

ECIV 424. Structural Dynamics. 3 Units.
Modeling of structures as single and multidegree of freedom dynamic systems. The eigenvalue problem, damping, and the behavior of dynamic systems. Deterministic models of dynamic loads such as wind and earthquakes. Analytical methods, including modal, response spectrum, time history, and frequency domain analyses. Recommended preparation: ECIV 321 and consent of instructor.

ECIV 425. Structural Design for Dynamic Loads. 3 Units.
Structural design problems in which dynamic excitations are of importance. Earthquake, wind, blast, traffic, and machinery excitations. Human sensitivity to vibration, mechanical behavior of structural elements under dynamic excitation, earthquake response and earthquake-resistant design, wind loading, damping in structures, hysteretic energy dissipation, and ductility requirements. Recommended preparation: ECIV 424.

ECIV 426. Structural Reliability. 3 Units.

ECIV 430. Foundation Engineering. 3 Units.

ECIV 431. Special Topics in Geotechnical Engineering. 3 Units.

ECIV 432. Mechanical Behavior of Soils. 3 Units.
Soil statics and stresses in a half space-tridimensional consolidation and sand drain theory; stress-strain relations and representations with rheological models. Critical state and various failure theories and their experimental justification for cohesive and noncohesive soils. Laboratory measurement of rheological properties, pore water pressures, and strength under combined stresses. Laboratory. Recommended preparation: ECIV 330.

ECIV 433. Soil Dynamics. 3 Units.

ECIV 434. Field Instrumentation and In-Situ Testing. 3 Units.

ECIV 437. Pavement Analysis and Design. 3 Units.

ECIV 450. Environmental Engineering Chemistry. 3 Units.
Fundamentals of inorganic, organic, and physical chemistry with emphasis on the types of problems encountered in the environmental engineering field. Equilibria among liquid, gaseous, and solid phases; kinetics to the extent that time permits. A strong mathematical approach is taken in solving the equilibrium and kinetic problems presented. Equilibrium speciation software for solution of more complex problems. Topics that will be covered in the course include chemical equilibrium, acid/base reactions, mathematical problem solving approach, graphical approaches, titration curves, solubility of gases and solids, buffering systems, numerical solution of equilibrium problems, thermodynamics, oxidation-reduction reactions, principles of quantitative chemistry and analytical techniques, introduction to the use of analytical instrumentation, and chemical kinetics. Prereq: ECIV 368 or requisites not met permission.

ECIV 451. Infrastructure Engineering Practice. 3 Units.
Case studies presenting significant accomplishments in infrastructure engineering presented by distinguished practicing engineers. Case studies will examine the historical development of our infrastructure, assessing cultural value of our built environment, alternate infrastructure models, public empowerment, sustainability, stewardship, financing, legal issues, and concepts for future development of infrastructure systems. Students will write environmental and cultural assessments of specific infrastructure projects.
ECIV 452. Infrastructure Aging and Assessment Technologies. 4 Units.
Mechanical, thermal, and electrochemical processes that cause degradation of our built infrastructure. Reinforced concrete carbonation and freezing and thawing; fatigue, brittle fracture, and corrosion of steel; weathering of masonry; degradation of asphalt pavements; deterioration of underground systems; aging of polymer-based construction products such as sealants and coatings. Assessment technologies, including non-destructive testing and mathematical modeling. Laboratory and field experiences.

ECIV 453. Infrastructure Rehabilitation Design. 4 Units.
Rehabilitation materials and systems; mechanical, electrochemical, thermal, environmental, and aesthetic criteria for decision-making; design principles; specifications and control of construction processes; rehabilitation case studies. Application to structures, pipelines, pavements, and drainage systems.

ECIV 454. Modeling Infrastructure Systems. 4 Units.
Examination of the properties that distinguish infrastructure performance models from more traditional engineering analysis models. Infrastructure software implementation strategies. Application of existing models to problems such as water distribution systems, mass transport, pavement management, and brownfield redevelopment. Development of new models to address infrastructure performance and sustainability.

ECIV 455. Infrastructure Engineering Decision Making. 3 Units.
Aspects of decision theory applied to infrastructure systems. Review of probability and statistics, engineering economics, cost-benefit analysis, impact of social, historical, environmental and government policies on decisions. Emergency management and security considerations. Methods of project financing; asset management and asset optimization.

ECIV 456. Intelligent Infrastructure Systems. 3 Units.
Topics on smart infrastructure systems; smart materials fabrication, embedded sensing technology for infrastructure condition monitoring, the system models for infrastructural condition diagnosing and adaptive controlling, and spatial-temporal integrated infrastructure management system.

ECIV 460. Environmental Remediation. 3 Units.
Evolution of proactive environmental engineering to recover contaminated air, water, and soil environments. Lake and river remediation, contaminated sediments, indoor air quality, chemical spills, underground storage tanks, contaminated soils, solid and hazardous waste sites, superfund remediation. Recommended preparation: ECIV 368 or consent of instructor.

ECIV 461. Environmental Engineering Biotechnology. 3 Units.
Process design fundamentals for biological reactors applied to environmental engineering processes, including wastewater treatment, bioremediation, and bioenergy production. Topics include mass balances, methane fermentation, fixed-growth reactors, molecular biology tools, and reactor models. Recommended preparation: ECIV 368 Environmental Engineering.

ECIV 500T. Graduate Teaching II. 0 Units.
This series of three courses will provide Ph.D. students with practical experience in teaching at the University level and will expose them to effective teaching methods. Each course assignment will be organized in coordination with the student's dissertation advisor and the department chairperson. Assignments will successively require more contact with students, with duties approaching the teaching requirements of a faculty member in the Ph.D. student's area of study. Prereq: Ph.D. student in Civil Engineering.

ECIV 560. Environmental Engineering Modeling. 3 Units.

ECIV 561. Groundwater Analysis. 3 Units.
Principles of mass transport through porous media, formulation of saturated and unsaturated flow equations in alternative coordinate systems, analytical and numerical solutions of flow equations, application of existing groundwater software, analysis of solute transport problems.

ECIV 585. Fracture Mechanics. 3 Units.
Crack tip fields, stress intensity factors, singular solutions, energy changes with crack growth, cohesive zone models, fracture toughness, small scale yielding, experimental techniques, fracture criteria, J-integral, R-curve, fatigue cracks, fracture of composites, dynamic fracture. Recommended preparation: ECIV 405, ECIV 411 and consent of instructor.

ECIV 587. Advanced Mechanics Seminar. 3 Units.
Advanced topics in mechanics of solids. Thermodynamics with internal variables; thermoelasticity; plasticity; gradient theories; finite theories of plasticity; damage mechanics; endochronic plasticity; non-linear fracture mechanics; probabilistic mechanics. Recommended preparation: ECIV 406, ECIV 420, ECIV 509 or consent of instructor.

ECIV 600T. Graduate Teaching III. 0 Units.
This series of three courses will provide Ph.D. students with practical experience in teaching at the University level and will expose them to effective teaching methods. Each course assignment will be organized in coordination with student's dissertation advisor and the department chairperson. Assignments will successively require more contact with students, with duties approaching the teaching requirements of a faculty member in the Ph.D. student's area of study. Prereq: Ph.D. students in Civil Engineering.

ECIV 601. Independent Study. 1 - 18 Unit.
Plan B.

ECIV 611. Civil Engineering Graduate Seminar. 0 Units.
Distinguished outside speakers present current research in various topics of Civil Engineering. Graduate students also present technical papers based on thesis research.

ECIV 650. Infrastructure Project. 1 - 6 Unit.
Project based experience in the application of infrastructure engineering principles to a complex infrastructure system.

ECIV 651. Thesis M.S.. 1 - 18 Unit.
Plan A.

ECIV 660. Special Topics. 1 - 18 Unit.
Topics of special interest to students and faculty. Topics can be those covered in a regular course when the student cannot wait for the course to be offered.

Prereq: Predoctoral research consent or advanced to Ph.D. candidacy milestone.
Department of Electrical Engineering and Computer Science

Electrical Engineering and Computer Science (EECS) spans a spectrum of topics from (i) materials, devices, circuits, and processors through (ii) control, signal processing, and systems analysis to (iii) software, computation, computer systems, and networking. The EECS Department at Case Western Reserve supports four synergistic degree programs: Electrical Engineering, Computer Science, Computer Engineering, and Systems & Control Engineering. Each degree program leads to the Bachelor of Science degree at the undergraduate level. The department also offers a Bachelor of Arts in Computer Science for those students who wish to combine a technical degree with a broad education in the liberal arts. At the graduate level, the department offers the Master of Science and Doctor of Philosophy degrees in Electrical Engineering, Computer Engineering, Systems & Control Engineering, and Computing & Information Sciences (i.e., computer science). We offer minors in Electrical Engineering, Computer Science (BS and BA), Computer Engineering, Systems & Control Engineering, and also in Computer Gaming, Artificial Intelligence (AI), and Electronics. For supplemental information to this bulletin as well as the latest updates, please visit the EECS Department web site at http://eecs.case.edu.

EECS is at the heart of modern technology. EECS disciplines are responsible for the devices and microprocessors powering our computers and embedded into everyday devices, from cell phones and tablets to automobiles and airplanes. Healthcare is increasingly building on EECS technologies: micro/nano systems, electronics/instrumentation, implantable systems, wireless medical devices, surgical robots, imaging, medical informatics, bioinformatics, system biology, and data mining and visualization. The future of energy will be profoundly impacted by EECS technologies, from smart appliances connected to the Internet, smart buildings that incorporate distributed sensing and control, to the envisioned smart grid that must be controlled, stabilized, and kept secure over an immense network. EECS drives job creation and starting salaries in our fields are consistently ranked in the top of all college majors. Our graduates work in cutting-edge companies—from giants to start-ups, in a variety of technology sectors, including computer and internet, healthcare and medical devices, manufacturing and automation, automotive and aerospace, defense, finance, energy, and consulting.

Department Structure

EECS at Case Western Reserve is organized internally into two informal divisions: (i) Computer Science (CS); and (ii) Electrical, Computer, and Systems Engineering (ECSE). The chair of EECS is Professor Kenneth Loparo.

Educational Philosophy

The EECS department is dedicated to developing high-quality graduates who will take positions of leadership as their careers advance. We recognize that the increasing role of technology in virtually every facet of our society, life, and culture makes it vital that our students have access to progressive and cutting-edge higher education programs. The program values for all of the degree programs in the department are:

- mastery of fundamentals
- creativity
- social awareness
- leadership skills
- professionalism

Stressing excellence in these core values helps to ensure that our graduates are valued and contributing members of our global society and that they will carry on the tradition of engineering leadership established by our alumni.

Our goal is to graduate students who have fundamental technical knowledge of their profession and the requisite technical breadth and communications skills to become leaders in creating the new techniques and technologies which will advance their fields. To achieve this goal, the department offers a wide range of technical specialties consistent with the breadth of electrical engineering and computer science, including recent developments in the field. Because of the rapid pace of advancement in these fields, our degree programs emphasize a broad and foundational science and technology background that equips students for future developments. Our programs include a wide range of electives and our students are encouraged to develop individualized programs which can combine many aspects of electrical engineering and computer science.

Research

The research thrusts of the Electrical Engineering and Computer Science department include:

1. Micro/Nano Systems
2. Electronics and Instrumentation
3. Robotics and Haptics
4. Embedded Systems, including VLSI, FPGA
6. Bioinformatics and Systems Biology
7. Machine Learning and Data Mining
8. Computer Networks and Distributed Systems
9. Secure and Reliable Software
10. Energy Systems, including Wind and Power Grid Management/Control
11. Gaming, Simulation, Optimization
12. Medical Informatics and Wireless Health

EECS participates in a number of groundbreaking collaborative research and educational programs, including the Microelectromechanical Systems Research Program, the Center for Computational Genomics, graduate program in Systems Biology and Bioinformatics, the Clinical & Translational Science Collaborative, the Great Lakes Energy Institute, and the VA Center for Advanced Platform Technology.

Electrical Engineering (p. 63) | Systems and Control Engineering (p. 65) | Computer Engineering (p. 66) | Computer Science (p. 67) | Suggested Programs of Study (p. 69)

Undergraduate Programs

The EECS department engineering offers accredited programs leading to BS degrees in:

1. Electrical Engineering
2. Systems and Control Engineering
3. Computer Engineering
4. Computer Science
These programs provide students with a strong background in the fundamentals of mathematics, science, and engineering. Students can use their technical and open electives to pursue concentrations in bioelectrical engineering, complex systems, automation and control, digital systems design, embedded systems, micro/nano systems, robotics and intelligent systems, signal processing and communications, and software engineering. In addition to an excellent technical education, all students in the department are exposed to societal issues, ethics, professionalism, and have the opportunity to develop leadership and creativity skills.

The Bachelor of Science degree programs in Computer Engineering, Electrical Engineering, and Systems and Control Engineering are accredited by the Engineering Accreditation Commission of ABET, www.abet.org (http://www.abet.org).

The Bachelor of Science degree program in Computer Science is accredited by the Computing Accreditation Commission of ABET, www.abet.org (http://www.abet.org).

Electrical Engineering
The Bachelor of Science program in electrical engineering provides our students with a broad foundation in electrical engineering through combined classroom and laboratory work, and prepares our students for entering the profession of electrical engineering, as well as for further study at the graduate level.

The educational mission of the electrical engineering program is to graduate students who have fundamental technical knowledge of their profession and the requisite technical breadth and communications skills to become leaders in creating the new techniques and technologies that will advance the general field of electrical engineering.

Program Educational Objectives
1. Graduates will be successful professionals obtaining positions appropriate to their background, interests, and education.
2. Graduates will use continuous learning opportunities to improve and enhance their professional skills.
3. Graduates will demonstrate leadership in their profession.

Student Outcomes
As preparation for achieving the above educational objectives, the BS degree program in Electrical Engineering is designed so that students attain:

- an ability to apply knowledge of mathematics, science, and engineering
- an ability to design and conduct experiments, as well as to analyze and interpret data
- an ability to design a system, component, or process to meet desired needs within realistic constraints such as economic, environmental, social, political, ethical, health and safety, manufacturability, and sustainability
- an ability to function on multi-disciplinary teams
- an ability to identify, formulate, and solve engineering problems
- an understanding of professional and ethical responsibility
- an ability to communicate effectively
- the broad education necessary to understand the impact of engineering solutions in a global, economic, environmental, and societal context
- a recognition of the need for, and an ability to engage in life-long learning
- a knowledge of contemporary issues
- an ability to use the techniques, skills, and modern engineering tools necessary for engineering practice.

Core courses provide our students with a strong background in signals and systems, computers, electronics (both analog and digital), and semiconductor devices. Students are required to develop depth in at least one of the following technical areas: electromagnetics, signals and systems, solid state, computer hardware, computer software, control, and circuits. Each electrical engineering student must complete the following requirements.

Major in Electrical Engineering

Major Requirements

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EECS 245</td>
<td>Electronic Circuits</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EECS 246</td>
<td>Signals and Systems</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EECS 281</td>
<td>Logic Design and Computer Organization</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EECS 309</td>
<td>Electromagnetic Fields I</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EECS 313</td>
<td>Signal Processing</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EECS 321</td>
<td>Semiconductor Electronic Devices</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EECS 398</td>
<td>Engineering Projects I</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EECS 399</td>
<td>Engineering Projects II</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Eighteen hours of approved technical electives including at least 9 hours of approved courses to constitute a depth of study

Breadth Requirement

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ENGR 131</td>
<td>Elementary Computer Programming</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ENGR 210</td>
<td>Introduction to Circuits and Instrumentation</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EECS 281</td>
<td>Logic Design and Computer Organization</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EECS 245</td>
<td>Electronic Circuits</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EECS 246</td>
<td>Signals and Systems</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EECS 309</td>
<td>Electromagnetic Fields I</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EECS 313</td>
<td>Signal Processing</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STAT 332</td>
<td>Statistics for Signal Processing</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EECS 321</td>
<td>Semiconductor Electronic Devices</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EECS 398</td>
<td>Engineering Projects I</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EECS 399</td>
<td>Engineering Projects II</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Total Units 39

Depth Requirement

Each student must show a depth of competence in one technical area by taking at least three courses from one of the following seven areas. This depth requirement may be met using a combination of the above core courses and a selection of open and technical electives.

Area I: Signals & Systems

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EECS 246</td>
<td>Signals and Systems</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EECS 313</td>
<td>Signal Processing</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Statistics Requirement

EECS 351  Communications and Signal Analysis  3
EECS 354  Digital Communications  3

Area II: Computer Software

EECS 233  Introduction to Data Structures  4
EECS 337  Compiler Design  4
EECS 338  Introduction to Operating Systems  4
EECS 393  Software Engineering  3

Area III: Solid State

PHYS 221  Introduction to Modern Physics  3
EECS 321  Semiconductor Electronic Devices  4
EECS 322  Integrated Circuits and Electronic Devices  3
EECS 415  Integrated Circuit Technology I  3

Area IV: Control

EECS 304  Control Engineering I with Laboratory  3
EECS 346  Engineering Optimization  3
EECS 381  Hybrid Systems  3
EECS 483  Data Acquisition and Control  3

Area V: Circuits

EECS 245  Electronic Circuits  4
EBME 310  Principles of Biomedical Instrumentation  3
EECS 344  Electronic Analysis and Design  3
EECS 371  Applied Circuit Design  4
EBME 418  Electronics for Biomedical Engineering  3
EECS 426  MOS Integrated Circuit Design  3

Area VI: Computer Hardware

EECS 281  Logic Design and Computer Organization  4
EECS 301  Digital Logic Laboratory  2
EECS 314  Computer Architecture  3
EECS 315  Digital Systems Design  4
EECS 316  Computer Design  3
EECS 318  VLSI/CAD  4

Area VII: Biomedical Applications

EBME 201  Physiology-Biophysics I (and 2 of the following 4 courses)  3
EBME 310  Principles of Biomedical Instrumentation  3
EBME 320  Medical Imaging Fundamentals  3
EBME 327  Bioelectric Engineering  3
EBME 401  Biomedical Instrumentation and Signal Analysis  4

At least 10 of the 14 required Electrical Engineering courses (EECS 281, 245, 246, 309, 313, 321, 398, 399, and the 6 Technical Electives) in the Electrical Engineering BS program must be satisfied by courses from the EECS department.

Statistics Requirement

STAT 332  Statistics for Signal Processing  3

* STAT 333 Uncertainty in Engineering and Science may be substituted with approval of advisor

Design Requirement

EECS 398  Engineering Projects I  4
EECS 399  Engineering Projects II  3

In consultation with a faculty advisor, a student completes the program by selecting technical and open elective courses that provide in-depth training in one or more of a spectrum of specialties such as digital and microprocessor-based control, communications and electronics, solid state electronics, and integrated circuit design and fabrication. With the approval of the advisor a students may emphasize other specialties by selecting elective courses from other programs or departments.

Many courses have integral or associated laboratories in which students gain “hands-on” experience with electrical engineering principles and instrumentation. Students have ready access to the teaching laboratory facilities and are encouraged to use them during nonscheduled hours in addition to the regularly scheduled laboratory sessions. Opportunities also exist for undergraduate student participation in the wide spectrum of research projects being conducted in the department.

Cooperative Education Program in Electrical Engineering

There are many excellent Cooperative Education (CO-OP) opportunities for electrical engineering majors. A CO-OP student does two CO-OP assignments in industry or government. The length of each assignment is a semester plus a summer which is enough time for a student to complete a significant engineering project. The CO-OP program takes five years to complete because the student is typically gone from campus for two semesters.

BS/MS Program in Electrical Engineering

The department encourages highly motivated and qualified students to apply for admission to the five-year BS/MS Program in the junior year. This integrated program, which permits up to 9 credit hours of graduate level coursework to be counted towards both BS and MS degree requirements (including an option to substitute MS thesis work for EECS 399, the second senior project). It also offers the opportunity to complete both the Bachelor of Science in Engineering and Master of Science degrees within five years.

Minor in Electrical Engineering

Students enrolled in degree programs in other engineering departments can have a minor specialization by completing the following courses:

EECS 245  Electronic Circuits  4
EECS 246  Signals and Systems  4
EECS 281  Logic Design and Computer Organization  4
EECS 309  Electromagnetic Fields I  3
Approved technical elective  3
Total Units  18

Minor in Electronics

The department also offers a minor in electronics for students in the College of Arts and Sciences. This program requires the completion of 31 credit hours, of which 10 credit hours may be used to satisfy portions of the students’ skills and distribution requirements. The following courses are required for the electronics minor:
Systems and Control Engineering

The Bachelor of Science program in systems and control engineering provides our students with the basic concepts, analytical tools, and engineering methods which are needed in analyzing and designing complex technological and non-technological systems. Problems relating to modeling, decision-making, control, and optimization are studied. Some examples of systems problems which are studied include: modeling and analysis of complex energy, environmental, and biological systems; computer control of industrial plants; developing world models for studying environmental policies; and optimal planning and management in large-scale systems. In each case, the relationship and interaction among the various components of a given system must be modeled. This information is used to determine the best way of coordinating and regulating these individual contributions to achieve the overall goal of the system.

Major in Systems and Control Engineering

The mission of the Systems and Control Engineering program is to provide internationally recognized excellence for graduate and undergraduate education and research in systems analysis, design, and control. These theoretical and applied areas require cross-disciplinary tools and methods for their solution.

Program Educational Objectives

1. Graduates will have applied systems methodology to multidisciplinary projects that include technical, social, environmental, political, and/or economic factors.
2. Graduates will use systems understanding, critical thinking and problem solving skills to analyze and design engineering systems or processes that respond to technical and societal needs as demonstrated by their measured professional accomplishments in industry, government and research.
3. Graduates will facilitate multidisciplinary projects that bring together practitioners of various engineering fields in an effective, professional, and ethical manner as demonstrated by their teamwork, leadership, communication, and management skills.

Student Outcomes

As preparation for achieving the above educational objectives, the BS degree program in Systems and Control Engineering is designed so that students attain:

• an ability to design and conduct experiments, as well as to analyze and interpret data
• an ability to design a system, component, or process to meet desired needs within realistic constraints such as economic, environmental, social, political, ethical, health and safety, manufacturability, and sustainability
• an ability to function on multi-disciplinary teams
• an ability to identify, formulate, and solve engineering problems
• an understanding of professional and ethical responsibility
• an ability to communicate effectively
• the broad education necessary to understand the impact of engineering solutions in a global, economic, environmental, and societal context
• a recognition of the need for, and an ability to engage in life-long learning
• a knowledge of contemporary issues
• an ability to use the techniques, skills, and modern engineering tools necessary for engineering practice.

There are four elective sequences available within the BS program in systems and control engineering curriculum that represent the breadth of the discipline:

Area: 1 Dynamic Systems, Control and Signal Processing

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MATH 201</td>
<td>Introduction to Linear Algebra</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EECS 351</td>
<td>Communications and Signal Analysis</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EECS 381</td>
<td>Hybrid Systems</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EECS 401</td>
<td>Digital Signal Processing</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EECS 408</td>
<td>Introduction to Linear Systems</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EECS 416</td>
<td>Convex Optimization for Engineering</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EECS 452</td>
<td>Random Signals</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EECS 483</td>
<td>Data Acquisition and Control</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EECS 489</td>
<td>Robotics I</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Area 2: Systems Biology and Complex Systems Analysis

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MATH 201</td>
<td>Introduction to Linear Algebra</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EECS 381</td>
<td>Hybrid Systems</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EECS 391</td>
<td>Introduction to Artificial Intelligence</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EECS 396</td>
<td>Independent Projects</td>
<td>1-6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EECS 408</td>
<td>Introduction to Linear Systems</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EECS 416</td>
<td>Convex Optimization for Engineering</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BIOL 325</td>
<td>Cell Biology</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BIOL 250</td>
<td>Introduction to Cell and Molecular Biology Systems</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Area 3: Manufacturing, Robotics and Operational Systems

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EECS 350/450</td>
<td>Operations and Systems Design</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EECS 360/460</td>
<td>Manufacturing and Automated Systems</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EECS 489</td>
<td>Robotics I</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OPMT 450</td>
<td>Project Management</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OPMT 420</td>
<td>Six Sigma and Quality Management</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EECS 281</td>
<td>Logic Design and Computer Organization</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Units</td>
<td></td>
<td>31</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
OPMT 476  Strategic Sourcing  3
OPMT 477  Enterprise Resource Planning in the Supply Chain  3

Area 4: Information Systems
EECS 233  Introduction to Data Structures  4
EECS 325  Computer Networks I  3
EECS 381  Hybrid Systems  3
EECS 391  Introduction to Artificial Intelligence  3
EECS 484  Computational Intelligence I: Basic Principles  3
EECS 491  Artificial Intelligence: Probabilistic Graphical Models  3

Cooperative Education Program in Systems and Control Engineering
There are many excellent Cooperative Education (CO-OP) opportunities for systems and control engineering majors. A CO-OP student does two CO-OP assignments in industry or government. The length of each assignment is a semester plus a summer which is enough time for the student to complete a significant engineering project. The CO-OP program takes five years to complete because the student is typically gone from campus for two semesters.

BS/MS Program in Systems and Control Engineering
The department encourages highly motivated and qualified students to apply for admission to the five-year BS/MS Program in the junior year. This integrated program, which permits up to 9 credit hours of graduate level coursework to be counted towards both BS and MS degree requirements (including an option to substitute MS thesis work for EECS 399, the second senior project). It also offers the opportunity to complete both the Bachelor of Science in Engineering and Master of Science degrees within five years.

Minor in Systems and Control Engineering
A total of five courses (15 credit hours) are required to obtain a minor in systems and control engineering. At least 9 credit hours must be selected from:

EECS 246  Signals and Systems  4
EECS 304  Control Engineering I with Laboratory  3
EECS 346  Engineering Optimization  3
EECS 352  Engineering Economics and Decision Analysis  3

The remaining credit hours can be chosen from EECS courses with the written approval of the faculty member (see the EECS web page for the current responsible faculty member (http://engineering.case.edu/eecs)) in charge of the minor program in the Systems and Control Program. A list of suggested EECS courses to complete the minor is:

EECS 324  Modeling and Simulation of Continuous Dynamical Systems  3
EECS 313  Signal Processing  3
EECS 350  Operations and Systems Design  3
EECS 360  Manufacturing and Automated Systems  3

Computer Engineering
The Bachelor of Science program in Computer Engineering is designed to give a student a strong background in the fundamentals of computer engineering through combined classroom and laboratory work. A graduate of this program will be able to use these fundamentals to analyze and evaluate computer systems, both hardware and software. A computer engineering graduate would also be able to design and implement a computer system for general purpose or embedded computing incorporating state-of-the-art solutions to a variety of computing problems. This includes systems which have both hardware and software component, whose design requires a well-defined interface between the two, and the evaluation of the associated trade-offs.

The educational mission of the computer engineering program is to graduate students who have fundamental technical knowledge of their profession along with requisite technical breadth and communications skills to become leaders in creating the new techniques and technologies which will advance the general field of computer engineering. Core courses provide our students with a strong background in digital systems design, computer organization, hardware architecture, and digital electronics.

Program Educational Objectives
1. Graduates will be successful professionals obtaining positions appropriate to their background, interests, and education.
2. Graduates will engage in life-long learning to improve and enhance their professional skills.
3. Graduates will demonstrate leadership in their profession using their knowledge, communication skills, and engineering ability.

Student Outcomes
As preparation for achieving the above educational objectives, the BS degree program in Computer Engineering is designed so that students attain:

- an ability to apply knowledge of mathematics, science, and engineering
- an ability to design and conduct experiments, as well as to analyze and interpret data
- an ability to design a system, component, or process to meet desired needs within realistic constraints such as economic, environmental, social, political, ethical, health and safety, manufacturability, and sustainability
- an ability to function on multi-disciplinary teams
- an ability to identify, formulate, and solve engineering problems
- an understanding of professional and ethical responsibility
- an ability to communicate effectively
- the broad education necessary to understand the impact of engineering solutions in a global, economic, environmental, and societal context
- a recognition of the need for, and an ability to engage in life-long learning
- a knowledge of contemporary issues
- an ability to use the techniques, skills, and modern engineering tools necessary for engineering practice.
Major in Computer Engineering
Major Requirements

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EECS 132</td>
<td>Introduction to Programming in Java</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ENGR 210</td>
<td>Introduction to Circuits and Instrumentation</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EECS 233</td>
<td>Introduction to Data Structures</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EECS 281</td>
<td>Logic Design and Computer Organization</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EECS 301</td>
<td>Digital Logic Laboratory</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EECS 302</td>
<td>Discrete Mathematics</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EECS 314</td>
<td>Computer Architecture</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EECS 315</td>
<td>Digital Systems Design</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EECS 337</td>
<td>Compiler Design</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

One of the following:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EECS 318</td>
<td>VLSI/CAD</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EECS 338</td>
<td>Introduction to Operating Systems</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Statistics Requirement

One Statistics elective may be chosen from:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>STAT 312</td>
<td>Basic Statistics for Engineering and Science</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STAT 313</td>
<td>Statistics for Experimenters</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STAT 332</td>
<td>Statistics for Signal Processing</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STAT 333</td>
<td>Uncertainty in Engineering and Science</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Design Requirement

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EECS 398</td>
<td>Engineering Projects I</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

In consultation with a faculty advisor, a student completes the program by selecting technical and open elective courses that provide in-depth training in principles and practice of computer engineering. With the approval of the advisor a student may emphasize a specialty of his/her choice by selecting elective courses from other programs or departments.

Many courses have integral or associated laboratories in which students gain "hands-on" experience with computer engineering principles and instrumentation. Students have ready access to the teaching laboratory facilities and are encouraged to use them during nonscheduled hours in addition to the regularly scheduled laboratory sessions. Opportunities also exist for undergraduate student participation in the wide spectrum of research projects being conducted in the department.

Cooperative Education Program in Computer Engineering

There are many excellent Cooperative Education (CO-OP) opportunities for computer engineering majors. A CO-OP student does two CO-OP assignments in industry or government. The length of each assignment is a semester plus a summer which is enough time for the student to complete a significant computing project. The CO-OP program takes five years to complete because the student is typically gone from campus for two semesters.

BS/MS Program in Computer Engineering

Highly motivated and qualified students are encouraged to apply to the BS/MS Program which will allow them to get both degrees in five years. The BS can be in Computer Engineering or a related discipline, such as mathematics or electrical engineering. Integrating graduate study in computer engineering with the undergraduate program allows a student to satisfy all requirements for both degrees in five years.

Minor in Computer Engineering

The department also offers a minor in computer engineering. The minor has a required two course sequence followed by a two course sequence in either hardware or software aspects of computer engineering. The following two courses are required for any minor in computer engineering:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EECS 281</td>
<td>Logic Design and Computer Organization</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EECS 233</td>
<td>Introduction to Data Structures</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Students should note that EECS 132 Introduction to Programming in Java is a prerequisite for EECS 233 Introduction to Data Structures.

The two-course hardware sequence is:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EECS 314</td>
<td>Computer Architecture</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EECS 315</td>
<td>Digital Systems Design</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The corresponding two-course software sequence is:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EECS 337</td>
<td>Compiler Design</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EECS 338</td>
<td>Introduction to Operating Systems</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

In addition to these two standard sequences, a student may design his/her own depth area with the approval of the minor advisor. A student cannot have a major and a minor, or two minors, in both Computer Engineering and Computer Science because of the significant overlap between these subjects.

Computer Science

Bachelor of Science in Computer Science

The Bachelor of Science program in Computer Science is designed to give a student a strong background in the fundamentals of mathematics and computer science. A graduate of this program should be able to use these fundamentals to analyze and evaluate software systems and the underlying abstractions upon which they are based. A graduate should also be able to design and implement software systems which are state-of-the-art solutions to a variety of computing problems; this includes problems which are sufficiently complex to require the evaluation of design alternatives and engineering trade-offs. In addition to these program specific objectives, all students in the Case School of Engineering are exposed to societal issues, professionalism, and are provided opportunities to develop leadership skills.

Our mission is to graduate students who have fundamental technical knowledge of their profession and the requisite technical breadth and communications skills to become leaders in creating the new techniques and technologies which will advance the field of computer science.

Program Educational Objectives

1. To educate and train students in the fundamentals of computer science and mathematics, in order to analyze and solve computing problems, as demonstrated by their professional accomplishments in industry, government and graduate programs and measured within three to five years after graduation.

2. To educate students with an understanding of real-world computing needs, as demonstrated by their ability to address technical issues...
involving computing problems encountered in industry, government and graduate programs and measured within three to five years after graduation.

3. To train students to work effectively, professionally and ethically in computing-related professions, as demonstrated by their communications, teamwork and leadership skills in industry, government and graduate programs and measured within three to five years after graduation.

**Student Outcomes**

As preparation for achieving the above educational objectives, the BS degree program in Computer Science is designed so that students attain:

- An ability to apply knowledge of computing and mathematics appropriate to the discipline
- An ability to analyze a problem, and identify and define the computing requirements appropriate to its solution
- An ability to design, implement, and evaluate a computer-based system, process, component, or program to meet desired needs
- An ability to function effectively on teams to accomplish a common goal
- An understanding of professional, ethical, and social responsibilities
- An ability to communicate effectively
- An ability to analyze the impact of computing on individuals, organizations, and society, including ethical, legal, security, and global policy issues
- Recognition of the need for and an ability to engage in continuing professional development
- An ability to use current techniques, skills, and tools necessary for computing practice
- An ability to apply mathematical foundations, algorithmic principles, and computer science theory in the modeling and design of computer-based systems in a way that demonstrates comprehension of the tradeoffs involved in design choices
- An ability to apply design and development principles in the construction of software systems of varying complexity

**Bachelor of Arts in Computer Science**

The Bachelor of Arts program in Computer Science is a combination of a liberal arts program and a computing major. It is a professional program in the sense that graduates can be employed as computer professionals, but it is less technical than the Bachelor of Science program in Computer Science. This degree is particularly suitable for students with a wide range of interests. For example, students can major in another discipline in addition to computer science and routinely complete all of the requirements for the double major in a 4 year period. This is possible because over a third of the courses in the program are open electives. Furthermore, if a student is majoring in computer science and a second technical field such as mathematics or physics many of the technical electives will be accepted for both majors. Another example of the utility of this program is that it routinely allows students to major in computer science and take all of the pre-med courses in a four-year period.

**Cooperative Education Program in Computer Science**

There are many excellent Cooperative Education (CO-OP) opportunities for computer science majors. A CO-OP student does two CO-OP assignments in industry or government. The length of each assignment is a semester plus a summer which is enough time for the student to complete a significant computing project. The CO-OP program takes five years to complete because the student is typically gone from campus for two semesters.

**BS/MS Program in Computer Science**

Students with a grade point average of 3.2 or higher are encouraged to apply to the BS/MS Program which will allow them to get both degrees in five years. The BS can be in Computer Science or a related discipline, such as mathematics or electrical engineering. Integrating graduate study in computer science with the undergraduate program allows a student to satisfy all requirements for both degrees in five years.

**Minor in Computer Science (BS or BSE)**

For students pursuing a BS or BSE degree, the following three courses are required for a minor in computer science:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Credits</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EECS 233</td>
<td>Introduction to Data Structures</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EECS 338</td>
<td>Introduction to Operating Systems</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EECS 340</td>
<td>Algorithms</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

A student must take an additional 4 credit hours of computing courses with the exclusion of EECS 132 Introduction to Programming in Java and ENGR 131 Elementary Computer Programming. EECS 302 Discrete Mathematics may be used in place of three of these credit hours since it is a prerequisite for EECS 340 Algorithms. Students should note that EECS 132 Introduction to Programming in Java is a prerequisite for EECS 233 Introduction to Data Structures.

**Minor in Computer Science (BA)**

For students pursuing BA degrees, the following courses are required for a minor in computer science:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Credits</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EECS 132</td>
<td>Introduction to Programming in Java</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EECS 233</td>
<td>Introduction to Data Structures</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MATH 125</td>
<td>Math and Calculus Applications for Life, Managerial, and Social Sci I</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Two additional computing courses are also required for this minor.

**Minor in Computer Gaming (CGM)**

The minor is 16 hours as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Credits</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EECS 233</td>
<td>Introduction to Data Structures</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EECS 324</td>
<td>Modeling and Simulation of Continuous Dynamical Systems</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EECS 366</td>
<td>Computer Graphics</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EECS 390</td>
<td>Advanced Game Development Project</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EECS 391</td>
<td>Introduction to Artificial Intelligence</td>
<td>3</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

The open elective in the spring of the first year is strongly recommended to be EECS 290 Introduction to Computer Game Design and Implementation. In addition, it is recommended that one additional open elective be a “content creation” course taken from the following areas: Art, English, or Music. Students should note that EECS 132 Introduction to Programming in Java is a prerequisite for EECS 233 Introduction to Data Structures.
### Bachelor of Science in Engineering
#### Suggested Program of Study: Major in Electrical Engineering

**First Year**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Units</th>
<th>Fall</th>
<th>Spring</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SAGES First Year Seminar</td>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Principles of Chemistry for Engineers (CHEM 111)</td>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Calculus for Science and Engineering I (MATH 121)</td>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Elementary Computer Programming (ENGR 131)</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>Open elective</td>
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<td></td>
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<td>PHED (2 half semester courses)</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>SAGES University Seminar</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chemistry of Materials (ENGR 145)</td>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>General Physics I - Mechanics (PHYS 121)</td>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Calculus for Science and Engineering II (MATH 122)</td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>PHED (2 half semester courses)</td>
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<td><strong>Year Total:</strong></td>
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**Second Year**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Units</th>
<th>Fall</th>
<th>Spring</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>General Physics II - Electricity and Magnetism (PHYS 122)</td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Calculus for Science and Engineering III (MATH 223)</td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Introduction to Circuits and Instrumentation (ENGR 210)</td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Logic Design and Computer Organization (EECS 281)</td>
<td>4</td>
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<tr>
<td>SAGES University Seminar</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Thermodynamics, Fluid Dynamics, Heat and Mass Transfer (ENGR 225)</td>
<td>4</td>
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<td>Elementary Differential Equations (MATH 224)</td>
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<td>Electronic Circuits (EECS 245)</td>
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<td>Electromagnetic Fields I (EECS 309)</td>
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<td><strong>Year Total:</strong></td>
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**Third Year**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Units</th>
<th>Fall</th>
<th>Spring</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>HM/SS elective&lt;sup&gt;a&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Statistics for Signal Processing (STAT 332)</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>Statics and Strength of Materials (ENGR 200)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Signals and Systems (EECS 246)</td>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Approved technical elective&lt;sup&gt;d&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HM/SS elective&lt;sup&gt;a&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Semiconductor Electronic Devices (EECS 321)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Applied Statistics Req.&lt;sup&gt;*&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Approved technical elective&lt;sup&gt;d&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Approved technical elective&lt;sup&gt;d&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Year Total:</strong></td>
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<td><strong>16</strong></td>
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</table>

**Fourth Year**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Units</th>
<th>Fall</th>
<th>Spring</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>HM/SS elective&lt;sup&gt;a&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Engineering Projects I (EECS 398)&lt;sup&gt;f&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
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<tr>
<td>Open elective</td>
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<tr>
<td>Professional Communication for Engineers (ENGL 398)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Professional Communication for Engineers (ENGR 398)</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Approved technical elective&lt;sup&gt;d&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HM/SS elective&lt;sup&gt;a&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Engineering Projects II (EECS 399)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Approved technical elective&lt;sup&gt;d&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Approved technical elective&lt;sup&gt;d&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
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<td></td>
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<td>Open elective</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Year Total:</strong></td>
<td><strong>16</strong></td>
<td><strong>15</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Total Units in Sequence:** 128

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**Hours Required for Graduation:** 128

- <sup>a</sup> Humanities/Social Science course
- <sup>b</sup> Selected students may be invited to take PHYS 123 Physics and Frontiers I - Mechanics and PHYS 124 Physics and Frontiers II - Electricity and Magnetism in place of PHYS 121 General Physics I - Mechanics and PHYS 122 General Physics II - Electricity and Magnetism.
- <sup>c</sup> Students may replace STAT 332 Statistics for Signal Processing with STAT 333 Uncertainty in Engineering and Science if approved by their advisor.
- <sup>d</sup> Technical electives will be chosen to fulfill the depth requirement and otherwise increase the student’s understanding of electrical engineering. Courses used to satisfy the depth requirement must come from the department’s list of depth areas and related courses. Technical electives not used to satisfy the depth requirement are more generally defined as any course related to the principles and practice of electrical engineering. This includes all EECS courses at the 200 level and above, and can include courses from other programs. All non-EECS technical electives must be approved by the student’s advisor.
- <sup>e</sup> This applied statistics requirement must utilize statistics in electrical engineering applications and is typically selected from EECS 351 Communications and Signal Analysis or EECS 313 Signal Processing. Other courses are possible with approval of advisor.
- <sup>f</sup> CO-OP students may obtain design credit for one semester of Engineering Projects if their co-op assignment included significant design responsibility; however, the student is still responsible for such course obligations as reports, presentations, and ethics assignments. Design credit and fulfillment of remaining course responsibilities are arranged through the course instructor.

### Bachelor of Science in Engineering
#### Suggested Program of Study: Major in Systems and Control Engineering

**First Year**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Units</th>
<th>Fall</th>
<th>Spring</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SAGES First Year Seminar</td>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Principles of Chemistry for Engineers (CHEM 111)</td>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Bachelor of Science in Engineering
Suggested Program of Study: Major in Computer Engineering

**First Year**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Units</th>
<th>Fall</th>
<th>Spring</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SAGES First Year Seminar</td>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Principles of Chemistry for Engineers (CHEM 111)</td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Calculus for Science and Engineering I (MATH 121)</td>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Introduction to Programming in Java (EECS 132)</td>
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<td>Open elective</td>
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<td>PHED (2 half semester courses)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Year Total:</td>
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<td>15</td>
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**Second Year**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Units</th>
<th>Fall</th>
<th>Spring</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SAGES University Seminar</td>
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<tr>
<td>General Physics I - Mechanics (PHYS 121)</td>
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<td>Calculus for Science and Engineering II (MATH 122)</td>
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<td>Chemistry of Materials (ENGR 145)</td>
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<td>Year Total:</td>
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<td>15</td>
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**Third Year**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Units</th>
<th>Fall</th>
<th>Spring</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>HM/SS elective</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Signals and Systems (EECS 246)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Modeling and Simulation of Continuous Dynamical Systems (EECS 324)</td>
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<td>Introduction to Global Issues (EECS 342)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Control Engineering I with Laboratory (EECS 304)</td>
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<td>Control Engineering I Laboratory (EECS 305)</td>
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<td>Engineering Optimization (EECS 346)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Open elective</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Year Total:</td>
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<td>17</td>
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</table>

**Fourth Year**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Units</th>
<th>Fall</th>
<th>Spring</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>HM/SS elective</td>
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<tr>
<td>Professional Communication for Engineers (ENGL 398)</td>
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<td>Professional Communication for Engineers (ENGR 398)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Engineering Economics and Decision Analysis (EECS 352)</td>
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<td>Engineering Projects I (EECS 398)</td>
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<tr>
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**Total Units in Sequence:** 128

**Hours Required for Graduation:** 128
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Units</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Calculus for Science and Engineering III (MATH 223)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Introduction to Circuits and Instrumentation (ENGR 210)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Introduction to Data Structures (EECS 233)</td>
<td>4</td>
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<tr>
<td>HM/SS elective</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Elementary Differential Equations (MATH 224)</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Statics and Strength of Materials (ENGR 200)</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>Logic Design and Computer Organization (EECS 281)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Technical elective</td>
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<td>Year Total:</td>
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**Third Year**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Units</th>
<th>Fall</th>
<th>Spring</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>HM/SS elective</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>Discrete Mathematics (EECS 302)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Thermodynamics, Fluid Dynamics, Heat and Mass Transfer (ENGR 225)</td>
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<td>Compiler Design (EECS 337)</td>
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<td>Technical elective</td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Professional Communication for Engineers (ENGL 398)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Professional Communication for Engineers (ENGR 398)</td>
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<td>Digital Logic Laboratory (EECS 301)</td>
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<td>Computer Architecture (EECS 314)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Digital Systems Design (EECS 315)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Introduction to Operating Systems (EECS 338) (or 4)</td>
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<td>Technical elective,3,4,5,6,7</td>
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**Fourth Year**

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<tr>
<th>Units</th>
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<tr>
<td>Statistics elective</td>
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<tr>
<td>Technical elective</td>
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<tr>
<td>Technical elective (or EECS 318 VLSI/CAD)4</td>
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<td>Open elective</td>
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<td>HM/SS elective</td>
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<tr>
<td>Engineering Projects I (EECS 398)</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Technical elective</td>
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<td>Open elective</td>
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<td>Year Total:</td>
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</table>

**Total Units in Sequence:** 129

**Hours Required for Graduation:** 129

Technical electives are more generally defined as any course related to the principles and practice of computer engineering. This includes all EECS courses at the 200 level and above, and can include courses from other programs. All non-EECS technical electives must be approved by the student’s advisor.

The student must take either EECS 318 VLSI/CAD (Fall Semester) or EECS 338 Introduction to Operating Systems (Spring Semester), and a three credit hour technical elective.

Chosen from: STAT 312 Basic Statistics for Engineering and Science, STAT 313 Statistics for Experimenters, STAT 332 Statistics for Signal Processing, STAT 333 Uncertainty in Engineering and Science

May be taken in the Fall semester if the student would like to take EECS 399 Engineering Projects II in the Spring semester.

**Bachelor of Science**

**Suggested Program of Study: Major in Computer Science**

**First Year**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Units</th>
<th>Fall</th>
<th>Spring</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SAGES First Year Seminar</td>
<td>4</td>
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<tr>
<td>Principles of Chemistry for Engineers (CHEM 111)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Calculus for Science and Engineering I (MATH 121)</td>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Introduction to Programming in Java (EECS 132)</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>PHED (2 half semester courses)</td>
<td>0</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Open elective</td>
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<tr>
<td>SAGES University Seminar</td>
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<tr>
<td>General Physics I - Mechanics (PHYS 121)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Calculus for Science and Engineering II (MATH 122)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Chemistry of Materials (ENGR 145)</td>
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<td>PHED (2 half semester courses)</td>
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<td>Year Total:</td>
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**Second Year**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Units</th>
<th>Fall</th>
<th>Spring</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SAGES University Seminar</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>General Physics II - Electricity and Magnetism (PHYS 122)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Calculus for Science and Engineering III (MATH 223)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Logic Design and Computer Organization (EECS 281)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Technical elective</td>
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<tr>
<td>Elementary Differential Equations (MATH 224)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Discrete Mathematics (EECS 302)</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>Introduction to Data Structures (EECS 233)</td>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>HM/SS elective</td>
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<td>Year Total:</td>
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**Third Year**

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Units</th>
<th>Fall</th>
<th>Spring</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Technical elective</td>
<td>4</td>
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<tr>
<td>Algorithms (EECS 340)</td>
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<td>HM/SS elective</td>
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<td>Statistics elective</td>
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<td>Open elective</td>
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<tr>
<td>Professional Communication for Engineers (ENGL 398)</td>
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<td>Professional Communication for Engineers (ENGR 398)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Computer Architecture (EECS 314)</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>Introduction to Operating Systems (EECS 338)</td>
<td>4</td>
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</table>
Introduction to Database Systems (EECS 341) 3
Theoretical Computer Science (EECS 343) 3
Year Total: 16 16

**Fourth Year**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Units</th>
<th>Fall</th>
<th>Spring</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Software Engineering (EECS 393)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Computer Networks I (EECS 325)</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>Technical elective&lt;sup&gt;a&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
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<tr>
<td>Technical elective&lt;sup&gt;a&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
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<tr>
<td>Open elective</td>
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<tr>
<td>HM/SS elective</td>
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<tr>
<td>Introduction to Artificial Intelligence (EECS 391)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Senior Project in Computer Science (EECS 395)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Programming Language Concepts (EECS 345)</td>
<td>3</td>
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<td>Open elective</td>
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Year Total: 15 16

**Total Units in Sequence:** 129

**Hours Required for Graduation:** 129

<sup>a</sup> Chosen from the list of approved CS technical electives. All other technical electives must be approved by the student’s advisor. Note that one 4-credit technical is suggested to fulfill the total credit hour graduation requirement.

<sup>b</sup> ENGR 210 Introduction to Circuits and Instrumentation is recommended because it provides flexibility in choice of major and advanced EECS courses.

<sup>c</sup> Chosen from: MATH 380 Introduction to Probability STAT 312 Basic Statistics for Engineering and Science STAT 313 Statistics for Experimenters STAT 332 Statistics for Signal Processing STAT 333 Uncertainty in Engineering and Science

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**Bachelor of Arts**

**Suggested Program of Study: Computer Science**

**First Year**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Units</th>
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<th>Spring</th>
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<tr>
<td>SAGES First Year Seminar</td>
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<tr>
<td>Math and Calculus Applications for Life, Managerial, and Social Sci I (MATH 125)</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Introduction to Programming in Java (EECS 132)</td>
<td>3</td>
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<td>HM/SS elective</td>
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<td>PHED (2 half semester courses)</td>
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<td>SAGES University Seminar</td>
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<tr>
<td>Math and Calculus Applications for Life, Managerial, and Social Sci II (MATH 126)</td>
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Year Total: 17 16

**Second Year**

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<tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SAGES University Seminar</td>
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<td>Logic Design and Computer Organization (EECS 281)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Open elective</td>
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<tr>
<td>Discrete Mathematics (EECS 302)</td>
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<td>Introduction to Data Structures (EECS 233)</td>
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<td>HM/SS elective</td>
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Year Total: 16 16

**Third Year**

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<th>Units</th>
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<tr>
<td>Professional Communication for Engineers (ENGL 398)&lt;sup&gt;c&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
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<td>Professional Communication for Engineers (ENGR 398)&lt;sup&gt;c&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
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<tr>
<td>Open elective</td>
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<tr>
<td>Computer Architecture (EECS 314)</td>
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<td>Introduction to Operating Systems (EECS 338)</td>
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<td>Introduction to Database Systems (EECS 341)</td>
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Year Total: 13 13

**Fourth Year**

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<th>Units</th>
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<tr>
<td>Algorithms (EECS 340)</td>
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<td>Open elective</td>
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<tr>
<td>Open elective</td>
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<tr>
<td>Senior Project in Computer Science (EECS 395)&lt;sup&gt;b&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
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</table>

Year Total: 15 16

**Total Units in Sequence:** 122

**Hours Required for Graduation:** 121

<sup>a</sup> One technical elective must be a computer science course. The other two technical electives may be computer science, MATH or STAT courses. Note that one 4-credit technical is suggested to fulfill the total credit hour graduation requirement.

<sup>b</sup> SAGES capstone course

<sup>c</sup> SAGES Departmental Seminar
Graduate Programs

The EECS department offers graduate study leading to the Master of Science and Doctor of Philosophy degrees in (a) Electrical Engineering; (b) Computer Engineering; (c) Systems & Control Engineering; (d) Computing & Information Sciences (i.e., computer science). These graduate programs provide a balance of breadth and depth appropriate for each degree and support the department’s research thrust areas by emphasizing:

**Electrical Engineering**

Research in microelectromechanical systems (MEMS), micro/nano sensors, solid-state and photonic devices, wireless implantable biosensors, CMOS and mixed-signal integrated circuit design, robotics, surgical robotics and simulation, and haptics.

**Systems and Control Engineering**

Research in non-linear control, optimization, simulation, signal processing, systems biology, smart grid, and wind energy.

**Computer Engineering**

Research in VLSI design, programmable logic, computer architectures, embedded systems, design for testability, reconfigurable processors, and hardware security.

**Computer Science**

Research in bioinformatics, databases, software engineering, data mining, machine learning, pervasive networks, distributed systems, computational biology, and medical informatics.

Incoming students are encouraged to apply for departmental teaching assistantships. In addition, training and research funds are used to provide assistantships that support the academic preparation and thesis research of graduate students. A limited number of fellowships providing partial support may also be available for students enrolled in the BS/MS program.

The department believes that the success of its graduates at all levels is due to emphasis on project and problem-oriented course material coupled with the broad-curricular curricular requirements.

MS students may select either Plan A which requires a research thesis or Plan B which does not require a thesis. Doctoral dissertations in all programs must be original contributions to the existing body of knowledge in engineering and science.

Academic requirements for graduate degrees in engineering are as specified by the Case School of Engineering in this bulletin (p. 9). A more detailed set of rules and regulations for each degree program contained here is available from the department, and may also be found on the department Web page (http://engineering.case.edu/eecs).

**Graduate Certificates**

Graduate Certificates are discipline independent and intended to enable knowledgeable entry into the field of study. They are prescribed 3-course, 9-credit subsets of our MS degree offerings.

- Health Informational Technology
- Mobility-Driven Computing
- Security in Computing
- Wearable Computing
- Wireless Health
- Wireless Health Product Development

For more details, please refer to the Graduate Certificate information on the Case School of Engineering - San Diego website.

**Master of Science - Optional Specialization**

**Wearable Computing**

The MS degree in Electrical Engineering (EE) with a specialization in Wearable Computing may be completed as a "course-only" option program of study. Students who complete this 9-course, 27-credit course-only option will have the requisite knowledge to enter and advance the wearable computing industry.

**Wireless Health**

The MS degree in Electrical Engineering (EE) with a specialization in Wireless Health is a 6-course-plus-thesis, 27 credit thesis-option program of study. Students who complete this 27-credit will have the requisite knowledge to enter and advance the wireless health industry, with a greater emphasis on the technology aspects.

For more details, please refer to the Master’s Degree (http://engineering.case.edu/sandiego/msacademics) information on the Case School of Engineering - San Diego website.

**Facilities**

**Computer Facilities**

The department computer facilities incorporate both Unix (primarily Solaris) and Microsoft Windows-based operating systems on high end computing workstations for education and research. A number of file, printing, database, and authentication servers support these workstations, as well as the administrative functions of the department. Labs are primarily located in the Olin and Glennan buildings, but include Nord Hall, and are networked via the Case network.

The Case network is a state-of-the-art, high-speed fiber optic campus-wide computer network that interconnects laboratories, faculty and student offices, classrooms, and student residence halls. It is one of the largest fiber-to-desktop networks anywhere in the world. Every desktop has a 1 Gbps (gigabit per second) connection to a fault-tolerant 10 Gbps backbone. To complement the wired network, over 1,200 wireless access points (WAPs) are also deployed allowing anyone with a laptop or wireless enabled PDA to access resources from practically anywhere on campus.

Off campus users, through the use of virtual private network (VPN) servers, can use their broadband connections to access many on campus resources, as well as software, as if they were physically connected to the Case network. The department and the university participate in the Internet2 and National Lambda Rail projects, which provides high-speed, inter-university network infrastructure allowing for enhanced collaboration between institutions. The Internet2 infrastructure...
allows students, faculty and staff alike the ability to enjoy extremely high performance connections to other Internet2 member institutions.

Aside from services provided through a commodity Internet connection, Case network users can take advantage of numerous online databases such as EUCALplus, the University Libraries’ circulation and public access catalog, as well as Lexus-Nexus™ and various CD-ROM based dictionaries, thesauri, encyclopedias, and research databases. Many regional and national institutional library catalogs are accessible over the network, as well.

EECS faculty are active users of the Microfabrication Laboratory and participants in the Advanced Platform Technology Center described under Interdisciplinary Research Centers.

Additional Department Facilities

Sally & Larry Sears Undergraduate Design Laboratory

This laboratory supports all departmental courses in circuits and includes a state-of-the-art lecture hall, a modernistic glass-walled lab, an electronic “store”, and a student lounge and meeting area. Specialized lab space is available for senior projects and sponsored undergraduate programs. The lab is open to all undergraduates, and components are provided free of charge, so students can “play and tinker” with electronics and foster innovation and creativity. The laboratory provides access to PCs, oscilloscopes, signal generators, logic analyzers, and specialized equipment such as RF analyzers and generators. In addition, the lab includes full-time staff dedicated to the education, guidance and mentoring of undergraduates in the “art and practice” of hands-on engineering.

This is the central educational resource for students taking analog, digital, and mixed-signal courses in electronics, and has been supported by various corporations in addition to alumnus Larry Sears, a successful engineer and entrepreneur. Basic workstations consist of Windows-based computers equipped with LabView software, as well as Agilent 546xx oscilloscopes, 33120A Waveform Generators, 34401A Digital Multimeters, and E3631A power supplies. Advanced workstations are similarly configured, but with a wider variety of high-performance test equipment.

Jennings Computer Center Lab

Supported by an endowment from the Jennings Foundation, this lab provides our students with the educational resources necessary for their classwork and exploration of the art of computing. This lab has both PCs and Sun Unix workstations, and includes two high-speed laser printers.

EECS Undergraduate Computer Lab

This laboratory (recently renovated with major funding provided by Rockwell Automation) on the 8th floor of the Olin building is accompanied by a suite of instructor/TA offices, and supports the freshman computing classes: ENGR 131 Elementary Computer Programming and EECS 132 Introduction to Programming in Java. Thirty student Macintosh workstations with underlying UNIX operating systems are available for hands-on instruction, and support the study of introductory programming at the university.

Nord Computer Laboratory

This is a general-purpose computer facility that is open 24 hours a day, to all students. The lab contains 50 PCs running Windows and four Apple Macintosh computers. Facilities for color printing, faxing, copying and scanning are provided. Special software includes PRO/Engineer, ChemCAD and Visual Studio. Blank CDs, floppy disks, transparencies and other supplies are available for purchase. Visit the website (http://www.scl.cwru.edu) for more information.

Virtual Worlds (Gaming and Simulation) Laboratory

The Virtual Worlds Gaming and Simulation Lab forms the basis for experiential work in existing game related courses such as Artificial Intelligence, Graphics, and Simulation and for new gaming/simulation courses. Multi-disciplinary senior projects also use the lab facilities. In addition, a large number of significant cross-disciplinary immersive learning opportunities are available with the Cleveland Institute of Art, the CWRU Music department, and the CWRU School of Medicine.

The Virtual Worlds laboratory includes a PC room, a Console room, an Immersion room, an Audio room, a Medical Simulation room, and a Virtual Reality room containing:

- 24 networked high-performance Alienware gaming quality PCs
- Virtual reality components including three head mounted displays, three data gloves, a four sensor magnetic tracker, two inertial trackers, and three haptic interfaces
- Game consoles, e.g. PS2, Xbox, Gamecube, Nintendo DS, PSP
- Large screen 2-D and 3-D projection displays
- Audio and music synthesis and production equipment

Database and Bioinformatics Research Laboratory

Primarily funded by equipment grants from the National Science Foundation and Microsoft Research, this laboratory provides PCs running Windows and Linux supporting research in database systems and bioinformatics.

Networks Laboratory

Supported through donations from both Cisco Systems and Microsoft Research, the networks lab has 15 stations complete with a PC, a Cisco switch and router, IP telephony equipment, as well as network patches back to a central rack where devices at one workstation may be routed to other equipment in the lab. A “library” of related equipment is also available.

Intelligent Networks & Systems Architecting (INSA) Research Laboratory

The Intelligent Networks & Systems Architecting (INSA) Research Laboratory is a state-of-the-art research facility dedicated to intelligent computer networks, systems engineering, design, and architecture. It includes optimization, simulation, artificial intelligent, visualization, and emulation. This lab has been partially supported by NASA’s Space Exploration programs for Human and Robotic Technology (H&RT). The INSA Lab is equipped with 10 high-performance workstations and 2 servers in a mixed Windows and Linux environment, with over 40 installed network interface cards providing connectivity to its wired and wireless research networks. It includes software packages such as GINO and LINDO, Arena simulation, ns2 and OPNET, as well as the STK satellite toolkit, artificial neural network, systems architecture and modeling, and statistical analysis and data management packages such as SPSS. The INSA Lab is also used for research in heterogeneous,
sensor web, and mobile ad-hoc networks with space and battlefield applications.

VLSI Design Laboratory

This lab has been supported by the Semiconductor Research Corporation, NSF, NASA, Synopsys and Sun Microsystems. This laboratory has a number of advanced UNIX workstations that run commercial CAD software tools for VLSI design and is currently used to develop design and testing techniques for embedded system-on-chip.

Embedded Systems Laboratory

The Embedded Systems Laboratory is equipped with several Sun Blade Workstations running Solaris and Intel PCs running Linux. This lab has recently equipped with advanced FPGA Virtex II prototype boards from Xilinx, including about 100 Xilinx Virtex II FPGAs and Xilinx CAD tools for development work. A grant-in-aid from Synopsys has provided the lab access to Synopsys commercial CAD tools for software development and simulation. This Lab is also equipped with NIOS FPGA boards from Altera, including software tools.

Mixed-Signal Integrated Circuit Laboratory

This research laboratory includes a cluster of Windows workstations and a UNIX server with integrated circuit design software (Cadence Custom IC Bundle), as well as a variety of equipment used in the characterization of mixed-signal (analog and digital) integrated circuits, which are typically fabricated using the MOSIS foundry service. The lab has been equipped with an IC probe station, surface-mount soldering equipment, logic analyzers, an assortment of digital oscilloscopes with sample rates up to 1 GHz, and a variety of function generators, multi-meters, and power supplies.

Microelectromechanical Systems (MEMS) Research Laboratory

The MEMS Research Laboratory is equipped for microfabrication processes that do not require a clean room environment. These include chemical-mechanical polishing (two systems), bulk silicon etching, aqueous chemical release of free-standing micromechanical components, and supercritical point drying. In addition to the fabrication capabilities, the lab is also well equipped for testing and evaluation of MEMS components as it houses wafer-scale probe stations, a vacuum probe station, a multipurpose vacuum chamber, and an interferometric load-deflection station. Two large (8 x 2 ft2) vibration isolated air tables are available for custom testing setups. The laboratory has a wide variety of electronic testing instruments, including a complete IV-CV testing setup.

BioMicroSystems Laboratory

This research laboratory focuses on developing wireless integrated circuits and microsystems for a variety of applications in biomedical and neural engineering. The laboratory contains several PC computers, software packages for design, simulation, and layout of high-performance, low-noise, analog/mixed-signal/RF circuits and systems, and testing/measurement equipment such as DC power supply, arbitrary function generator, multichannel mixed-signal oscilloscope, data acquisition hardware, spectrum analyzer, potentiostat, and current source meter. Visit the website (http://www.mohsenilab-cwru.org) for more information.

Emerging Materials Development and Evaluation Laboratory

The EMDE Laboratory is equipped with tooling useful in characterizing materials for MEMS applications. The laboratory contains a PC-based apparatus for load-deflection and burst testing of micromachined membranes, a custom-built test chamber for evaluation and reliability testing of MEMS-based pressure transducers and other membrane-based devices, a probe station for electrical characterization of micro-devices, a fume hood configured for wet chemical etching of Si, polymers, and a wide variety of metals, tooling for electroplating, an optical reflectometer, and a supercritical-point dryer for release of surface micromachined devices. The lab also has a PC with layout and finite element modeling software for device design, fabrication process design and analysis of testing data.

Laboratory for Nanoscale Devices and Integrated Systems

This research lab explores new engineering and physics at the nanoscale, and by applying such knowledge, develops new devices and tools for emerging technological applications in the new frontiers of information, biomedical, and life sciences. A primary current theme of the research is on developing nanoscale electromechanical systems (NEMS), based on exploration and understandings of mesoscopic devices fundamentals and new characteristics of various nanoscale structures and functional systems. The lab has been developing NEMS with new functions and high performance, in combination with some of the latest advances in advanced materials, integrated circuits, and others, through transdisciplinary explorations and collaboration. The lab is dedicated to the development of various NEMS transducers, biosensors, high-frequency nanodevices, and high-precision instruments. For more information, contact Dr. Philip Feng (philip.feng@case.edu).

Some of the recent research highlights include: the first very-high-frequency silicon nanowire resonators and sensors, the first ultra-high-frequency self-sustaining oscillators (aka NEMS clocks), the first low-voltage (~1V), high-speed nanowire NEMS switches, and the first NEMS mass sensors for weighing single-biomolecules and for probing the noise arising from adsorbed atoms walking on the surface of a vibrating NEMS.

Control and Energy Systems Center (CESC)

The Control and Energy Systems Center (CESC) looks for new transformational research and engineering breakthroughs to build a better world, improving our industry, economy, energy, environment, water resources and society, all with sustainability and within an international collaboration framework. With an interdisciplinary and concurrent engineering approach, the CESC focuses on bridging the gap between fundamental and applied research in advanced control and systems engineering, with special emphasis in energy innovation, wind energy, power systems, water treatment plants, sustainability, spacecraft, environmental and industrial applications. Fundamental research foci are to gain knowledge and understanding on multi-input-multi-output physical worlds, nonlinear plants, distributed parameter systems, plants with non-minimum phase, time delay and/or uncertainty, etc., and to develop new methodologies to design quantitative robust controllers to improve the efficiency and reliability of such systems. Applied research aims to develop advanced solutions with industrial partners, for practical control engineering problems in energy systems, multi-megawatt wind turbines, renewable energy plants, power system dynamics and control, grid integration, energy storage, power electronics, wastewater treatment plants, desalination systems, formation flying
spacecraft, satellites with flexible appendages, heating systems, robotics, parallel kinematics, telescope control, etc. The Center was established in 2009 with the support of the Milton and Tamar Maltz Family Foundation and the Cleveland Foundation.

**Process Control Laboratory**

This laboratory contains process control pilot plants and computerized hardware for data acquisition and process control that is used for demonstrations, teaching, and research. This laboratory also has access to steam and compressed air for use in the pilot processes that include systems for flow and temperature control, level and temperature control, pH control, and pressure control plants.

**Dynamics and Control Laboratory**

This laboratory contains data acquisition and control devices, PLCs, electromechanical systems, and mechanical, pneumatic, and electrical laboratory experiments for demonstrations, teaching, and research. Particular systems include: AC/DC servo systems, multi-degree-of-freedom robotic systems, rectilinear and torsional multi-degree-of-freedom vibration systems, inverted pendulum, magnetic levitation system, and a PLC-controlled low-voltage AC smart grid demonstration system that includes conventional and renewable (wind and solar) generation, battery and compressed air energy storage, residential, commercial and industry loads, a capacitor bank for real-time power factor correction, and advanced sensing and controls implemented through an interconnected system of intelligent software agents.

**Electrical, Computer, and Systems Engineering Division**

Kenneth A. Loparo, PhD
(Case Western Reserve University)

Now Professor of Engineering and Chair of EECS

Stability and control of nonlinear and stochastic systems; fault detection, diagnosis, and prognosis; recent applications work in advanced control and failure detection of rotating machines, signal processing for the monitoring and diagnostics of physiological systems, and modeling, analysis, and control of power and energy systems

Swarup Bhunia, PhD
(Purdue University)

T. and A. Schroeder Associate Professor

Low power and robust nanoelectronics, adaptive nanocomputing, hardware security and protection, implantable electronics

Marc Buchner, PhD
(Michigan State University)

Associate Professor

Computer gaming and simulation, virtual reality, software-defined radio, wavelets, joint time-frequency analysis

M. Cenk Cavusoglu, PhD
(University of California, Berkeley)

Professor

Robotics, systems and control theory, and human-machine interfaces; with emphasis on medical robotics, haptics, virtual environments, surgical simulation, and bio-system modeling and simulation

Vira Chankong, PhD
(Case Western Reserve University)

Associate Professor

Large-scale optimization; logic-based optimization; multi-objective optimization; optimization applications in radiation therapy treatment planning, medical imaging, manufacturing and production systems, and engineering design problems

Philip Feng, PhD
(California Institute of Technology)

Assistant Professor

Nanoelectromechanical systems (NEMS), energy-efficient devices, advanced materials & devices engineering, bio/chemical sensors & biomedical microsystems, RF/microwave devices & circuits, low-noise measurement & precision instruments

Mario Garcia-Sanz, DrEng
(University of Navarra, Spain)

Milton and Tamar Maltz Professor in Energy Innovation

Robust and nonlinear control, quantitative feedback theory, multivariable control, dynamic systems, systems modeling and identification; energy innovation, wind energy, spacecraft, electrical, mechanical, environmental and industrial applications

Evren Gurkan-Cavusoglu, PhD
(Middle East Technical University)

Assistant Professor

Systems and control theory, systems biology, computational biology, biological system modeling, signal processing applied to biological systems, signal processing

Mingguo Hong, PhD

Associate Professor

Power systems, electricity markets, operation research, optimization, smart grid

Gregory S. Lee, PhD
(University of Washington)

Assistant Professor

Haptic devices, including low-power design and effects on perception; applications to robotic surgery and telesurgery; secure teleoperation

Wei Lin, PhD
(Washington University in St. Louis)

Professor

Nonlinear control, dynamic systems and homogeneous systems theory, H-infinity and robust control, adaptive control, system parameter estimation and fault detection, nonlinear control applications to under-actuated mechanical systems, biologically-inspired systems and systems biology

Behnam Malakooti, PhD, PE
(Purdue University)

Professor

Design and multi-objective optimization, manufacturing/production/operations systems, intelligent systems and networks, artificial neural networks, biological systems, intelligent decision making
Mehran Mehregany, PhD
(Massachusetts Institute of Technology)
Goodrich Professor of Engineering Innovation
Research and development at the intersections of micro/nano-electro-mechanical systems, semiconductor silicon carbide and integrated circuits

Francis "Frank" L. Merat, PhD, PE
(Case Western Reserve University)
Associate Professor
Computer and robot vision, digital image processing, sensors, titanium capacitors and power electronics; RF and wireless systems; optical sensors; engineering education

Pedram Mohseni, PhD
(University of Michigan)
Associate Professor
Biomedical microsystems, bioelectronics, wireless neural interfaces, CMOS interface circuits for MEMS, low-power wireless sensing/actuating microsystems

Wyatt S. Newman, PhD, PE
(Massachusetts Institute of Technology)
Professor
Mechatronics, high-speed robot design, force- and vision-based machine control, artificial reflexes for autonomous machines, rapid prototyping, agile manufacturing, mobile robotic platforms

C. A. Papachristou, PhD
(Johns Hopkins University)
Professor
VLSI design and CAD, computer architecture and parallel processing, design automation, embedded system design

Daniel Saab, PhD
(University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign)
Associate Professor
Computer architecture, VLSI system design and test, CAD design automation

Sree N. Sreenath, PhD
(University of Maryland)
Professor
Systems biology complexity research (modeling, structural issues, and simulation); cell signaling, population behavior, and large-scale behavior; global issues and sustainable development

Hongping Zhao, PhD
(Lehigh University)
Assistant Professor
Applied physics of semiconductor optoelectronics materials and devices, physics of semiconductor nanostructures, and semiconductors for light emitting diodes, lasers, and energy applications; emphasis on III-Nitride semiconductors

Christian A. Zorman, PhD
(Case Western Reserve University)
Professor
Materials and processing techniques for MEMS and NEMS, wide bandgap semiconductors, development of materials and fabrication techniques for polymer-based MEMS and bioMEMS

Computer Science Division

Harold S. Connamacher, PhD
(University of Toronto)
Assistant Professor
Constraint satisfaction problems, graph theory, random structures, and algorithms

Chris Fietkiewicz, PhD
(Case Western Reserve University)
Assistant Professor
Applied and theoretical neuroscience, neuronal modeling, signal processing and signal analysis, electrophysiology, applications to epilepsy and respiratory control

Mehmet Koyuturk, PhD
(Purdue University)
T. & D. Schroeder Associate Professor of Computer Science and Engineering
Bioinformatics and computational biology, computational modeling and algorithm development for systems biology, integration, mining and analysis of biological data, algorithms for distributed systems

Michael Lewicki, PhD
(California Institute of Technology)
Associate Professor
Computational perception and scene analysis, visual representation and processing, auditory representation and analysis

Jing Li, PhD
(University of California, Riverside)
Associate Professor
Computational biology and bioinformatics, statistical genomics and functional genomics, systems biology, algorithms

Vincenzo Liberatore, PhD
(Rutgers University)
Associate Professor
Distributed systems, Internet computing, randomized algorithms

Gultekin Ozsoyoglu, PhD
(University of Alberta, Canada)
Professor
Graph databases and data mining problems in metabolic networks, metabolomics, and systems biology, bioinformatics, web data mining

Z. Meral Ozsoyoglu, PhD
(University of Alberta, Canada)
Andrew R. Jennings Professor of Computing
Database systems, database query languages and optimization, data models, index structures, bioinformatics, medical informatics

H. Andy Podgurski, PhD
(University of Massachusetts, Amherst)
Professor
Software engineering methodology and tools, especially use of data mining, machine learning, and program analysis techniques in software testing, fault detection and localization, reliable engineering and software security, electronic mediadic records, privacy
Research Faculty

Michael Fu, PhD
(Case Western Reserve University)
Research Assistant Professor
Neuro-rehabilitation and motor-relearning, with emphasis on virtual environments, neuromuscular electrical stimulation, robotics, psychophysics, haptic interfaces, and brain-machine interfaces

Farhad Kaffashi, PhD
(Case Western Reserve University)
Research Assistant Professor
Signal processing of physiological time series data, systems and control

Joseph A. Potkay, PhD
(University of Michigan)
Research Assistant Professor
Medical microsystems, MEMS, microfluidics; microfabricated artificial organs, biocompatible sensor/actuator systems; energy harvesting and implantable power generators

Active Emeritus Faculty

George W. Ernst, PhD
(Carnegie Institute of Technology)
Emeritus Professor
Learning problem solving strategies, artificial intelligence, expert systems, program verification

Dov Hazony, PhD
(University of California, Los Angeles)
Emeritus Professor
Network synthesis, ultrasonics, communications

Wen H. Ko, PhD
(Case Institute of Technology)
Emeritus Professor
Solid state electronics, micro and nano sensors, biomedical instrumentation, implant telemetry

Mihajlo D. Mesarovic, PhD
(University of Belgrade)
Emeritus Professor
Complex systems theory, global issues and sustainable development, systems biology

Lee J. White, PhD
(University of Michigan)
Emeritus Professor
Software testing: regression testing, GUI testing, specification-based testing, testing of object-oriented software

Adjunct Faculty Appointments

Michael Adams, PhD
(Case Western Reserve University)
Adjunct Assistant Professor

Mark A. Allman, MSEE
(Ohio University)
Adjunct Instructor

Michael S. Branicky, ScD, PE
(Massachusetts Institute of Technology)
Adjunct Professor

Lev Gonick, Ph.D.
(York University, Toronto)
Adjunct Professor

John C. Hoag, Ph.D.
(The Ohio State University)
Adjunct Associate Professor

Reza Jamesebi, PhD
(Case Western Reserve University)
Adjunct Assistant Professor

Suparerk Janjarasjitt, PhD
(Case Western Reserve University)
Adjunct Assistant Professor

John R. Miller, Ph.D.
(Massachusetts Institute of Technology)
Adjunct Professor

Srinivas Raghavan, PhD
(Ohio State University)
Adjunct Professor

Gideon Samid, PhD
(Israel Institute of Technology)
Adjunct Assistant Professor

Shivakumar Sastry, PhD
(Case Western Reserve University)
Adjunct Associate Professor
Secondary Faculty Appointments

Alexis R. Abramson, PhD
(University of California, Berkeley)
*Associate Professor, Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering*

Gurkan Bebek, Ph.D.
(Case Western Reserve University)
*Secondary Instructor*

Dominique Durand, Ph.D.
(University of Toronto)
*Secondary Professor*

Mark Griswold, PhD
(University of Würzburg, Germany)
*Professor, Radiology*

Thomas LaFramboise, PhD
(University of Illinois)
*Associate Professor, Genetics*

Anant Madabhushi, Ph.D.
(University of Pennsylvania)
*Secondary Associate Professor*

Roger D. Quinn, PhD
(Virginia Polytechnic Institute and State University)
*Professor, Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering*

Satya S. Sahoo, PhD
(Wright State University)
*Assistant Professor, Center for Clinical Investigations*

Nicole Sieberlich, PhD
(University of Würzburg, Germany)
*Assistant Professor, Biomedical Engineering*

Xiong (Bill) Yu, PhD, PE
(Purdue University)
*Associate Professor, Civil Engineering*

Courses

**EECS 132. Introduction to Programming in Java. 3 Units.**
Introduction to computer programming and problem solving with the Java language. Computers, operating systems, and Java applications; software development; conditional statements; loops; methods; arrays; classes and objects; object-oriented design; unit testing; strings and text I/O; inheritance and polymorphism; GUI components; application testing; abstract classes and interfaces; exception handling; files and streams; GUI event handling; generics; collections; threads; comparison of Java to C, C++, and C#.

**EECS 233. Introduction to Data Structures. 4 Units.**
The programming language Java; pointers, files, and recursion. Representation and manipulation of data: one way and circular linked lists, doubly linked lists; the available space list. Different representations of stacks and queues. Representation of binary trees, trees and graphs. Hashing; searching and sorting. Prereq: EECS 132.

**EECS 245. Electronic Circuits. 4 Units.**

**EECS 246. Signals and Systems. 4 Units.**
EECS 251. Numerical Methods. 3 Units.
Introduction to basic concepts and algorithms used in the numerical solution of common problems including solving non-linear equations, solving systems of linear equations, interpolation, fitting curves to data, integration and solving ordinary differential equations. Computational error and the efficiency of various numerical methods are discussed in some detail. Most homework requires the implementation of numerical methods on a computer. Prereq: MATH 122 and either ENGR 131 or EECS 132.

EECS 281. Logic Design and Computer Organization. 4 Units.
Fundamentals of digital systems in terms of both computer organization and logic level design. Organization of digital computers; information representation; boolean algebra; analysis and synthesis of combinational and sequential circuits; datapaths and register transfers; instruction sets and assembly language; input/output and communication; memory. Prereq: ENGR 131 or EECS 132.

EECS 290. Introduction to Computer Game Design and Implementation. 3 Units.
This class begins with an examination of the history of video games and of game design. Games will be examined in a systems context to understand gaming and game design fundamentals. Various topics relating directly to the implementation of computer games will be introduced including graphics, animation, artificial intelligence, user interfaces, the simulation of motion, sound generation, and networking. Extensive study of past and current computer games will be used to illustrate course concepts. Individual and group projects will be used throughout the semester to motivate, illustrate and demonstrate the course concepts and ideas. Group game development and implementation projects will culminate in classroom presentation and evaluation. Prereq: EECS 132.

EECS 293. Software Craftsmanship. 4 Units.
A course to improve programming skills, software quality, and the software development process. Software design; Version control; Control issues and routines; Pseudo-code programming process and developer testing; Defensive programming; Classes; Debugging; Self-documenting code; Refactoring. Prereq: EECS 233.

EECS 296. Independent Projects. 1 - 3 Unit.

EECS 297. Special Topics. 1 - 3 Unit.
Special topics in Computer Engineering, Computer Science, Electrical Engineering, and Systems and Control Engineering. Prereq: Limited to freshmen and sophomores.

EECS 301. Digital Logic Laboratory. 2 Units.
This course is an introductory experimental laboratory for digital networks. The course introduces students to the process of design, analysis, synthesis and implementation of digital networks. The course covers the design of combinational circuits, sequential networks, registers, counters, synchronous/asynchronous Finite State Machines, register based design, and arithmetic computational blocks. Prereq: EECS 281.

EECS 302. Discrete Mathematics. 3 Units.
A general introduction to basic mathematical terminology and the techniques of abstract mathematics in the context of discrete mathematics. Topics introduced are mathematical reasoning, Boolean connectives, deduction, mathematical induction, sets, functions and relations, algorithms, graphs, combinatorial reasoning. Offered as EECS 302 and MATH 304. Prereq: MATH 122 or MATH 124 or MATH 126.

EECS 304. Control Engineering I with Laboratory. 3 Units.
Analysis and design techniques for control applications. Linearization of nonlinear systems. Design specifications. Classical design methods: root locus, bode, nyquist. PID, lead, lag, lead-lag controller design. State space modeling, solution, controllability, observability and stability. Modeling and control demonstrations and experiments single-input/single-output and multivariable systems. Control system analysis/design/implementation software. The course will incorporate the use of Grand Challenges in the areas of Energy Systems, Control Systems, and Data Analytics in order to provide a framework for problems to study in the development and application of the concepts and tools studied in the course. Various aspects of important engineering skills relating to leadership, teaming, emotional intelligence, and effective communication are integrated into the course. Prereq: EECS 246 or equivalent.

EECS 305. Control Engineering I Laboratory. 1 Unit.
A laboratory course based on the material in EECS 304. Modeling, simulation, and analysis using MATLAB. Physical experiments involving control of mechanical systems, process control systems, and design of PID controllers. Coreq: EECS 304.

EECS 309. Electromagnetic Fields I. 3 Units.
Maxwell's integral and differential equations, boundary conditions, constitutive relations, energy conservation and Pointing vector, wave equation, plane waves, propagating waves and transmission lines, characteristic impedance, reflection coefficient and standing wave ratio, in-depth analysis of coaxial and strip lines, electro- and magneto-quasistatics, simple boundary value problems, correspondence between fields and circuit concepts, energy and forces. Prereq: PHYS 122. Prereq or Coreq: MATH 224.

EECS 312. Introduction to Electric Power Systems. 3 Units.
This course is intended to be an introduction to three-phase electric power systems. Modeling of system components including generators, transformers, loads, transmission lines. The per-unit system. One-line diagrams and equivalent circuits. Real and reactive power. Phasor diagrams. Voltage and frequency regulation. Load-flow analysis. Short-circuit calculations. Fault analysis using the techniques of symmetrical component analysis.

EECS 313. Signal Processing. 3 Units.
Fourier series and transforms. Analog and digital filters. Fast-Fourier transforms, sampling, and modulation for discrete time signals and systems. Consideration of stochastic signals and linear processing of stochastic signals using correlation functions and spectral analysis. The course will incorporate the use of Grand Challenges in the areas of Energy Systems, Control Systems, and Data Analytics in order to provide a framework for problems to study in the development and application of the concepts and tools studied in the course. Various aspects of important engineering skills relating to leadership, teaming, emotional intelligence, and effective communication are integrated into the course. Prereq: EECS 246.
EECS 314. Computer Architecture. 3 Units.
This course provides students the opportunity to study and evaluate a modern computer architecture design. The course covers topics in fundamentals of computer design, performance, cost, instruction set design, processor implementation, control unit, pipelining, communication and network, memory hierarchy, computer arithmetic, input-output, and an introduction to RISC and super-scalar processors. Prereq: EECS 281.

EECS 315. Digital Systems Design. 4 Units.
This course gives students the ability to design modern digital circuits. The course covers topics in logic level analysis and synthesis, digital electronics: transistors, CMOS logic gates, CMOS lay-out, design metrics space, power, delay, Programmable logic (partitioning, routing), state machine analysis and synthesis, register transfer level block design, datapath, controllers, ASM charts, microsequencers, emulation and rapid prototyping, and switch/logic-level simulation. Prereq: EECS 281.

EECS 316. Computer Design. 3 Units.
Methodologies for systematic design of digital systems with emphasis on programmable logic implementations and prototyping. Laboratory which uses modern design techniques based on hardware description languages such as VHDL, CAD tools, and Field Programmable Gate Arrays (FPGAs). Prereq: EECS 281 and EECS 315.

EECS 318. VLSI/CAD. 4 Units.
With Very Large Scale Integration (VLSI) technology there is an increased need for Computer-Aided Design (CAD) techniques and tools to help in the design of large digital systems that deliver both performance and functionality. Such high performance tools are of great importance in the VLSI design process, both to perform functional, logical, and behavioral modeling and verification to aid the testing process. This course discusses the fundamentals in behavioral languages, both VHDL and Verilog, with hands-on experience. Prereq: EECS 281 and EECS 315.

EECS 319. Applied Probability and Stochastic Processes for Biology. 3 Units.
Applications of probability and stochastic processes to biological systems. Mathematical topics will include: introduction to discrete and continuous probability spaces (including numerical generation of pseudo random samples from specified probability distributions), Markov processes in discrete and continuous time with discrete and continuous sample spaces, point processes including homogeneous and inhomogeneous Poisson processes and Markov chains on graphs, and diffusion processes including Brownian motion and the Ornstein-Uhlenbeck process. Biological topics will be determined by the interests of the students and the instructor. Likely topics include: stochastic ion channels, molecular motors and stochastic ratchets, actin and tubulin polymerization, random walk models for neural spike trains, bacterial chemotaxis, signaling and genetic regulatory networks, and stochastic predator-prey dynamics. The emphasis will be on practical simulation and analysis of stochastic phenomena in biological systems. Numerical methods will be developed using both MATLAB and the R statistical package. Student projects will comprise a major part of the course. Offered as BIOL 319, EEMS 319, MATH 319, BIOL 419, EBME 419, and PHOL 419. Prereq: MATH 224 or MATH 223 and BIOL 300 or BIOL 306 and MATH 201 or MATH 307 or consent of instructor.

EECS 321. Semiconductor Electronic Devices. 4 Units.
Energy bands and charge carriers in semiconductors and their experimental verifications. Excess carriers in semiconductors. Principles of operation of semiconductor devices that rely on the electrical properties of semiconductor surfaces and junctions. Development of equivalent circuit models and performance limitations of these devices. Devices covered include: junctions, bipolar transistors, Schottky junctions, MOS capacitors, junction gate and MOS field effect transistors, optical devices such as photodetectors, light-emitting diodes, solar cells, and lasers. Prereq: PHYS 122. Prereq or Coreq: MATH 224.

EECS 322. Integrated Circuits and Electronic Devices. 3 Units.
Technology of monolithic integrated circuits and devices, including crystal growth and doping, photolithography, vacuum technology, metalization, wet etching, thin film basics, oxidation, diffusion, ion implantation, epitaxy, chemical vapor deposition, plasma processing, and micromachining. Basics of semiconductor devices including junction diodes, bipolar junction transistors, and field effect transistors. Prereq: PHYS 122. Prereq or Coreq: MATH 224.

EECS 324. Modeling and Simulation of Continuous Dynamical Systems. 3 Units.
This course examines the computer-based modeling and simulation of continuous dynamical system behavior in a variety of systems including electric power systems, industrial control systems, and signal processing that are represented by a set of differential equations need to be solved numerically in order to compute and represent their behavior for study. In addition to these applications, there are many other important applications of these tools in computer games, virtual worlds, weather forecasting, and population models, to name a few examples. Numerical integration techniques are developed to perform these computations. Multiple computational engines such as Matlab, Simulink, Unity, and physics engines etc. are also examined as examples of commonly used software to solve for and visualize continuous-time system behavior. The course will incorporate the use of Grand Challenges in the areas of Energy Systems, Control Systems, and Data Analytics in order to provide motivation and a framework for problems to study in the development and application of the concepts and tools studied in the course. Various aspects of important engineering skills relating to leadership, teaming, emotional intelligence, and effective communication are integrated into the course. Prereq: MATH 224.

EECS 325. Computer Networks I. 3 Units.

EECS 326. Instrumentation Electronics. 3 Units.
A second course in instrumentation with emphasis on sensor interface electronics. General concepts in measurement systems, including accuracy, precision, sensitivity, linearity, and resolution. The physics and modeling of resistive, reactive, self-generating, and direct-digital sensors. Signal conditioning for same, including bridge circuits, coherent detectors, and a variety of amplifier topologies: differential, instrumentation, charge, and transimpedance. Noise and drift in amplifiers and resistors. Practical issues of interference, including grounding, shielding, supply/return, and isolation amplifiers. Prereq: ENGR 210 and (EECS 246, EBME 308 or EMAE 350).
**EECS 337. Compiler Design. 4 Units.**
Design and implementation of compilers and other language processors. Scanners and lexical analysis; regular expressions and finite automata; scanner generators; parsers and syntax analysis; context free grammars; parser generators; semantic analysis; intermediate code generation; runtime environments; code generation; machine independent optimizations; data flow and dependence analysis. There will be a significant programming project involving the use of compiler tools and software development tools and techniques. Prereq: EECS 233 and EECS 281.

**EECS 338. Introduction to Operating Systems. 4 Units.**
CPU scheduling, memory management, concurrent processes, semaphores, monitors, deadlocks, secondary storage management, file systems, protection, UNIX operating system, fork, exec, wait, UNIX System V IPCs, sockets, remote procedure calls, threads. Must be proficient in "C" programming language. Prereq: EECS 337.

**EECS 339. Web Data Mining. 3 Units.**
Web crawling technology, web search and information extraction, unsupervised and semi-supervised learning techniques and their application to web data extraction, social network analysis, various pagerank algorithms, link analysis, web resource discovery, web, resource description framework (RDF), XML, Web Ontology Language (OWL). Prereq: EECS 338, EECS 341, and (EECS 302 or MATH 304).

**EECS 340. Algorithms. 3 Units.**
Fundamentals in algorithm design and analysis. Loop invariants, asymptotic notation, recurrence relations, sorting algorithms, divide-and-conquer, dynamic programming, greedy algorithms, basic graph algorithms. Prereq: EECS 233 and (EECS 302 or MATH 304).

**EECS 341. Introduction to Database Systems. 3 Units.**
Relational model, ER model, relational algebra and calculus, SQL, OBE, security, views, files and physical database structures, query processing and query optimization, normalization theory, concurrency control, object relational systems, multimedia databases, Oracle SQL server, Microsoft SQL server. Prereq: EECS 233 and (EECS 302 or MATH 304).

**EECS 342. Introduction to Global Issues. 3 Units.**
This systems course is based on the paradigm of the world as a complex system. Global issues such as population, world trade and financial markets, resources (energy, water, land), global climate change, and others are considered with particular emphasis put on their mutual interdependence. A reasoning support computer system which contains extensive data and a family of models is used for future assessment. Students are engaged in individual, custom-tailored, projects of creating conditions for a desirable or sustainable future based on data and scientific knowledge available. Students at CWRU will interact with students from fifteen universities that have been strategically selected in order to give global coverage to UNESCO'S Global-problématicque Education Network Initiative (GENIe) in joint, participatory scenario analysis via the internet.

**EECS 342I. Global Issues, Health, & Sustainability in India. 3 Units.**
Global Issues, Health, & Sustainability in India is an interdisciplinary social work and engineering collaboration that includes a short-term cross-cultural immersion. This course brings together social work (knowledge, values, and skills) and health care (promotion, education, and community) perspectives to the understanding of technical project assessment, selection, planning and implementation in India. The course is also designed to help students understand culturally relevant community engagement strategies to ensure project acceptance in underserved and developing communities. Many field sites will be visited in order to observe first-hand the community assessment and development of projects that engineers implement. An example of these projects could include infrastructure to support green energy and water (resource planning, development, conservation, and sanitation). This study abroad course will acquaint students with history and culture of India, its social, political and economic development and the impact it has on health and the delivery of social services. Participants will learn about factors affecting the abilities to reach, treat, educate, and equip communities to improve health outcomes. Engineering students will learn the quantitative aspects using a paradigm of hierarchical systems, mathematical modeling, and scenario analysis using a 'reasoning support' system. Together the engineering, social work, and health sciences students in disciplinary-balanced teams will jointly work on real and meaningful projects marrying the descriptive scenarios (that is the 'subjective' aspect) with the numerical scenario analysis based on mathematical modeling (or 'objective' aspect) to form a coherent view of the future. The course will be taught using both lecture and experiential modalities. Engineering students will conduct computer modeling work. Along with visiting a variety of governmental and non-governmental institutions, organizations and projects, students will visit historical sites and attend cultural events. Offered as EECS 342I and SASS 375I Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

**EECS 343. Theoretical Computer Science. 3 Units.**
Introduction to different classes of automata and their correspondence to different classes of formal languages and grammars, computability, complexity and various proof techniques. MATH/EECS 343 and MATH 410 cannot both be taken for credit. Offered as EECS 343 and MATH 343. Prereq: EECS 302 or MATH 304.

**EECS 344. Electronic Analysis and Design. 3 Units.**
The design and analysis of real-world circuits. Topics include: junction diodes, non-ideal op-amp models, characteristics and models for large and small signal operation of bipolar junction transistors (BJTs) and field effect transistors (FETs), selection of operating point and biasing for BJT and FET amplifiers. Hybrid-pi model and other advanced circuit models, cascaded amplifiers, negative feedback, differential amplifiers, oscillators, tuned circuits, and phase-locked loops. Computers will be extensively used to model circuits. Selected experiments and/or laboratory projects. Prereq: EECS 245.
EECS 345. Programming Language Concepts. 3 Units.
This course examines the four main programming paradigms: imperative, object-oriented, functional, and logical. It is assumed that students will come to the course with significant exposure to object-oriented programming and some exposure to imperative programming. The course will teach the functional paradigm in depth, enhance the students' knowledge of the object-oriented and imperative paradigms, and introduce the logical paradigm. The course will explore language syntax, semantics, names/scopes, types, expressions, assignment, subprograms, abstraction and inheritance. This exploration will have several forms. Students will study the programming language concepts at a theoretical level, use the concepts in functional language programming, and implement the concepts by designing language interpreters. Prereq: EECS 233 and (EECS 302 or MATH 304).

EECS 346. Engineering Optimization. 3 Units.
Optimization techniques including linear programming and extensions; transportation and assignment problems; network flow optimization; quadratic, integer, and separable programming; geometric programming; and dynamic programming. Nonlinear optimization topics: optimality criteria, gradient and other practical unconstrained and constrained methods. Computer applications using engineering and business case studies. The course will incorporate the use of Grand Challenges in the areas of Energy Systems, Control Systems, and Data Analytics in order to provide a framework for problems to study in the development and application of the concepts and tools studied in the course. Various aspects of important engineering skills relating to leadership, teaming, emotional intelligence, and effective communication are integrated into the course. Recommended preparation: MATH 201.

EECS 350. Operations and Systems Design. 3 Units.
Introduction to design, modeling, and optimization of operations and scheduling systems with applications to computer science and engineering problems. Topics include, forecasting and time series, strategic, tactical, and operational planning, life cycle analysis, learning curves, resources allocation, materials requirement and capacity planning, sequencing, scheduling, inventory control, project management and planning. Tools for analysis include: multi-objective optimization, queuing models, simulation, and artificial intelligence.

EECS 351. Communications and Signal Analysis. 3 Units.
Fourier transform analysis and sampling of signals. AM, FM and SSB modulation and other modulation methods such as pulse code, delta, pulse position, PSK and FSK. Detection, multiplexing, performance evaluation in terms of signal-to-noise ratio and bandwidth requirements. Prereq: EECS 246 or requisites not met permission.

EECS 352. Engineering Economics and Decision Analysis. 3 Units.
Economic analysis of engineering projects, focusing on financial decisions concerning capital investments. Present worth, annual worth, internal rate of return, benefit/cost ratio. Replacement and abandonment policies, effects of taxes, and inflation. Decision making under risk and uncertainty. Decision trees. Value of information. The course will incorporate the use of Grand Challenges in the areas of Energy Systems, Control Systems, and Data Analytics in order to provide a framework for problems to study in the development and application of the concepts and tools studied in the course. Various aspects of important engineering skills relating to leadership, teaming, emotional intelligence, and effective communication are integrated into the course.

EECS 354. Digital Communications. 3 Units.

EECS 359. Bioinformatics in Practice. 3 Units.
This course covers basic computational methods of organizing and analyzing biological data, targeting senior and junior level students from both mathematical/computational sciences and life sciences. The aim of the course is to provide the students with basic skills to be able to understand molecular biology data and associated abstractions. (sequences, structure, gene expression, molecular network data), access to available resources (public databases, computational tools on the web). Implement basic computational methods for biological data analysis, and use understanding of these methods to solve other problems that arise in biological data analysis. Topics covered include DNA and protein sequence databases, pairwise sequence alignment and sequence search (dynamic programming, BLAST), multiple sequence alignment (HMMs, CLUSTAL-W), sequence clustering, motif finding, pattern matching, phylogenetic analysis (tree reconstruction, neighbor joining, maximum parsimony, maximum likelihood), gene finding, functional annotation, biological ontologies, analysis of gene expression data, and network biology (protein protein interactions, topology, modularity). Prereq: Junior or Senior Standing.

EECS 360. Manufacturing and Automated Systems. 3 Units.
Formulation, modeling, planning, and control of manufacturing and automated systems with applications to computer science and engineering problems. Topics include, design of products and processes, location/spatial problems, transportation and assignment, product and process layout, group technology and clustering, cellular and network flow layouts, computer control systems, reliability and maintenance, and statistical quality control. Tools and analysis include: multi-objective optimization, artificial intelligence, and heuristics for combinatorial problems. Offered as EECS 360 and EECS 460.

EECS 365. Complex Systems Biology. 3 Units.
Complex Systems Biology is an interdisciplinary course based on systems science, engineering, biology, and medicine. The objective is to provide students with an understanding of the current state of systems biology and major challenges ahead. The biological phenomena across the level of complexity will be considered from molecular to organisms and ecology to provide universality of the systems concepts for understanding the functions and behavior of biological systems. Case studies are used and a course project is required to be completed. Prereq: Junior Standing.

EECS 366. Computer Graphics. 3 Units.
EECS 368. Power System Analysis I. 3 Units.
This course introduces the steady-state modeling and analysis of electric power systems. The course discusses the modeling of essential power system network components such as transformers and transmission lines. The course also discusses important steady-state analysis of three-phase power system network, such as the power flow and economic operation studies. Through the use of PowerWorld Simulator education software, further understanding and knowledge can be gained on the operational characteristics of AC power systems. Special topics concerning new grid technologies will be discussed towards the semester end. The prerequisite requirements of the course include the concepts and computational techniques of Alternative Current (AC) circuit and electromagnetic field. Offered as EECS 368 and EECS 468. Prereq: EECS 245.

EECS 369. Power System Analysis II. 3 Units.
This course extends upon the steady state analysis of power systems to cover study topics that are essential for power system planning and operation. Special system operating conditions are considered, such as unbalanced network operation and component faults. Among the most important analytical methods developed, are symmetrical components and sequence networks. Other study topics discussed include the electric machine modeling and power system transient stability. The latter half of the course presents computational methods and control algorithms that are essential for power system operation, such as generation control and state estimation. Offered as EECS 369 and EECS 469. Prereq: EECS 368.

EECS 370. Smart Grid. 3 Units.
This course starts with an introduction to the US electric power system infrastructure and national electricity policy. Then power system operations and reliability practices are described. In the context of currently existing infrastructure and operation strategies, the course discusses the new Smart Grid technologies such as renewable resources, distributed generation, demand response, energy storage and electric vehicles. Additional important topics of discussion include Advanced Meter Infrastructure, microgrids, the IEEE 1547 Interconnection Standard, and other interoperability standards. The course captures the evolving progress made in Smart Grid technologies and the impacts on power system economics and reliability. Offered as EECS 370 and EECS 470. Prereq: EECS 368.

EECS 371. Applied Circuit Design. 4 Units.
This course will consist of lectures and lab projects designed to provide students with an opportunity to consolidate their theoretical knowledge of electronics and to acquaint them with the art and practice of circuit and product design. The lectures will cover electrical and electronic circuits and many electronic and electrical devices and applications. Examples include mixed-signal circuits, power electronics, magnetic and piezo components, gas discharge devices, sensors, motors and generators, and power systems. In addition, there will be discussion of professional topics such as regulatory agencies, manufacturing, testing, reliability, and product cost. Weekly labs will be true "design" opportunities representing real-world applications. A specification or functional description will be provided, and the students will design the circuit, select all components, construct a breadboard, and test. The objective will be functional, pragmatic, cost-effective designs. Prereq: EECS 245.

EECS 374. Advanced Control and Energy Systems. 3 Units.
This course introduces applied quantitative robust and nonlinear control engineering techniques to regulate automatically renewable energy systems in general and wind turbines in particular. The course also studies the fundamentals for dynamic multidisciplinary modeling and analysis of large multi-megawatt wind turbines (mechanics, aerodynamics, electrical systems, control concepts, etc.). The course combines lecture sessions and lab hours. The 400-level includes an experimental lab competition, where the object is to design, implement, and experimentally validate a control strategy to regulate a real system in the laboratory (helicopter control competition or similar); it will also include additional project design reports. Offered as EECS 374 and EECS 474. Prereq: EECS 304.

EECS 375. Applied Control. 3 Units.
This course provides a practical treatment of the study of control engineering systems. It emphasizes best practices in industry so that students learn what aspects of plant and control system design are critical. The course develops theory and practice for digital computer control systems; PID controller design (modes, forms and tuning methods); Control structure design (feed-forward, cascade control, predictive control, disturbance observers, multi-loop configurations, multivariable control); Actuators, sensors and common loops; Dynamic performance evaluation; and some advanced control techniques (quantitative robust control, gain-scheduling and adaptive control) to achieve a good performance over a range of operating conditions. Recommended preparation: EECS 374 or EECS 474. Offered as EECS 375 and EECS 475. Prereq: EECS 304 or Requisites Not Met permission.

EECS 376. Mobile Robotics. 4 Units.
Design of software systems for mobile robot control, including: motion control; sensory processing; localization and mapping; mobile-robot planning and navigation; and implementation of goal-directed behaviors. The course has a heavy lab component involving a sequence of design challenges and competitions performed in teams. Prereq: ENGR 131 or EECS 233.

EECS 381. Hybrid Systems. 3 Units.
Today, the most interesting computer code and microprocessor designs are "embedded" and hence interact with the physical world, producing a mixture of digital and analog domains. The class studies an array of tools for understanding and designing these "hybrid systems." Topics include: basics of language and finite state automata theory, discrete-event dynamic systems, Petri nets, timed and hybrid automata, and hybrid dynamical systems. Simulation, verification, and control concepts and languages for these models. Prereq: MATH 224 and (EECS 246 or EECS 302 or MATH 304).

EECS 390. Advanced Game Development Project. 3 Units.
This game development project course will bring together an interdisciplinary group of advanced undergraduate students in the fields of Electrical Engineering and Computer Science, Art, Music, and English to focus on the design and development of a complete, fully-functioning computer game (as an interdisciplinary team). The student teams are given complete liberty to design their own fully functional games from their original concept to a playable finished product, i.e., from the initial idea through to the wrapped box. The student teams will experience the entire game development cycle as they execute their projects. Responsibilities include creating a game idea, writing a story, developing the artwork, designing characters, implementing music and sound effects, programming and testing the game, and documenting the entire project. Recommended preparation: Junior or Senior standing and consent of instructor.
EECS 391. Introduction to Artificial Intelligence. 3 Units.
This course is an introduction to artificial intelligence. We will study
the concepts that underlie intelligent systems. Topics covered include
problem solving with search, constraint satisfaction, adversarial games,
knowledge representation and reasoning using propositional and
first order logic, reasoning under uncertainty, introduction to machine
learning, automated planning, reinforcement learning and natural
language processing. Recommended: basic knowledge of probability and
statistics. Prereq: ENGR 131 or EECS 132.

EECS 393. Software Engineering. 3 Units.
Topics: Introduction to software engineering; software lifecycle models;
development team organization and project management; requirements
analysis and specification techniques; software design techniques;
programming practices; software validation techniques; software
maintenance practices; software engineering ethics. Undergraduates
work in teams to complete a significant software development project.
Graduate students are required to complete a research project.
Recommended preparation for EECS 493: EECS 337. Offered as EECS
393 and EECS 493. Counts as SAGES Senior Capstone. Prereq: EECS
337.

EECS 394. Introduction to Information Theory. 3 Units.
This course is intended as an introduction to information and coding
theory with emphasis on the mathematical aspects. It is suitable for
advanced undergraduate and graduate students in mathematics,
applied mathematics, statistics, physics, computer science and electrical
engineering. Course content: Information measures-entropy, relative
entropy, mutual information, and their properties. Typical sets and
sequences, asymptotic equipartition property, data compression. Channel
coding and capacity: channel coding theorem. Differential entropy,
Gaussian channel, Shannon-Nyquist theorem. Information theory
inequalities (400 level). Additional topics, which may include compressed
sensing and elements of quantum information theory. Recommended
Preparation: MATH 201 or MATH 307. Offered as MATH 394, EECS
394, MATH 494 and EECS 494. Prereq: MATH 223 and MATH 380 or
requires not met permission.

EECS 395. Senior Project in Computer Science. 4 Units.
Capstone course for computer science seniors. Material from previous
and concurrent courses used to solve computer programming problems
and to develop software systems. Professional engineering topics such
as project management, engineering design, communications, and
professional ethics. Requirements include periodic reporting of progress,
plus a final oral presentation and written report. Scheduled formal project
presentations during last week of classes. Counts as SAGES Senior
Capstone. Prereq: Senior standing.

EECS 396. Independent Projects. 1 - 6 Unit.
Independent projects in Computer Engineering, Computer Science,
Electrical Engineering, and Systems and Control Engineering. Limited to
juniors and seniors. Prereq: Limited to juniors and seniors.

EECS 397. Special Topics. 1 - 6 Unit.
Special topics in Computer Engineering, Computer Science, Electrical
Engineering, and Systems and Control Engineering. Prereq: Limited to
juniors and seniors.

EECS 398. Engineering Projects I. 4 Units.
Capstone course for electrical, computer and systems and control
engineering seniors. Material from previous and concurrent courses used
to solve engineering design problems. Professional engineering topics
such as project management, engineering design, communications, and
professional ethics. Requirements include periodic reporting of progress,
plus a final oral presentation and written report. Scheduled formal project
presentations during last week of classes. Counts as SAGES Senior
Capstone. Prereq: Senior Standing. Prereq or Coreq: ENGR 398 and
ENGL 398.

EECS 399. Engineering Projects II. 3 Units.
Continuation of EECS 398. Material from previous and concurrent
courses applied to engineering design and research. Requirements
include periodic reporting of progress, plus a final oral presentation and
written report. Prereq: Senior Standing.

EECS 400T. Graduate Teaching I. 0 Units.
This course will provide the Ph.D. candidate with experience in teaching
undergraduate or graduate students. The experience is expected
to involve direct student contact but will be based upon the specific
departmental needs and teaching obligations. This teaching experience
will be conducted under the supervision of the faculty member who is
responsible for the course, but the academic advisor will assess the
educational plan to ensure that it provides an educational experience
for the student. Students in this course may be expected to perform one
or more of the following teaching related activities: grading homeworks,
quizzes, and exams, having office hours for students, tutoring students.
Recommended preparation: Ph.D. student in EECS department.

EECS 401. Digital Signal Processing. 3 Units.
Characterization of discrete-time signals and systems. Fourier analysis:
the Discrete-time Fourier Transform, the Discrete-time Fourier series, the
Discrete Fourier Transform and the Fast Fourier Transform. Continuous-
time signal sampling and signal reconstruction. Digital filter design: infinite
impulse response filters, finite impulse response filters, filter realization
and quantization effects. Random signals: discrete correlation sequences
and power density spectra, response of linear systems. Recommended
preparation: EECS 313.

EECS 405. Data Structures and File Management. 3 Units.
Fundamental concepts: sequential allocation, linked allocation, lists,
trees, graphs, internal sorting, external sorting, sequential, binary,
interpolation search, hashing file, indexed files, multiple level index
structures, btrees, hashed files. Multiple attribute retrieval; inverted files,
multi lists, multiple-key hashing, hd trees. Introduction to data bases.
Data models. Recommended preparation: EECS 233 and MATH 304.

EECS 408. Introduction to Linear Systems. 3 Units.
Analysis and design of linear feedback systems using state-space
techniques. Review of matrix theory, linearization, transition maps
and variations of constants formula, structural properties of state-
space models, controllability and observability, realization theory, pole
assignment and stabilization, linear quadratic regulator problems,
observers, and the separation theorem. Recommended preparation:
EECS 304.
EECS 409. Discrete Event Systems. 3 Units.
A broad range of system behavior can be described using a discrete event framework. These systems are playing an increasingly important role in modeling, analyzing, and designing manufacturing systems. Simulation, automata, and queuing theory have been the primary tools for studying the behavior of these logically complex systems; however, new methods and techniques as well as new modeling frameworks have been developed to represent and to explore discrete event system behavior. The class will begin by studying simulation, the theory of languages, and finite state automata, and queuing theory approaches and then progress to examining selected additional frameworks for modeling and analyzing these systems including Petri nets, perturbation analysis, and Min-Max algebras.

EECS 412. Electromagnetic Fields III. 3 Units.

EECS 413. Nonlinear Systems I. 3 Units.
This course will provide an introduction to techniques used for the analysis of nonlinear dynamic systems. Topics will include existence and uniqueness of solutions, phase plane analysis of two dimensional systems including Poincare-Bendixon, describing functions for single-input single-output systems, averaging methods, bifurcation theory, stability, and an introduction to the study of complicated dynamics and chaos. Recommended preparation: Concurrent enrollment in EECS 408.

EECS 415. Integrated Circuit Technology I. 3 Units.

EECS 416. Convex Optimization for Engineering. 3 Units.
This course will focus on the development of a working knowledge and skills to recognize, formulate, and solve convex optimization problems that are so prevalent in engineering. Applications in control systems; parameter and state estimation; signal processing; communications and networks; circuit design; data modeling and analysis; data mining including clustering and classification; and combinatorial and global optimization will be highlighted. New reliable and efficient methods, particular those based on interior-point methods and other special methods to solve convex optimization problems will be emphasized. Implementation issues will also be underscored. Recommended preparation: MATH 201 or equivalent.

EECS 417. Introduction to Stochastic Control. 3 Units.
Analysis and design of controllers for discrete-time stochastic systems. Review of probability theory and stochastic properties, input-output analysis of linear stochastic systems, spectral factorization and Weiner filtering, minimum variance control, state-space models of stochastic systems, optimal control and dynamic programming, statistical estimation and filtering, the Kalman-Bucy theory, the linear quadratic Gaussian problem, and the separation theorem. Recommended preparation: EECS 408.

EECS 418. System Identification and Adaptive Control. 3 Units.

EECS 419. Computer System Architecture. 3 Units.
Interaction between computer systems hardware and software. Pipeline techniques - instruction pipelines - arithmetic pipelines. Instruction level parallelism. Cache mechanism. I/O structures. Examples taken from existing computer systems.

EECS 421. Optimization of Dynamic Systems. 3 Units.

EECS 422. Solid State Electronics II. 3 Units.

EECS 423. Distributed Systems. 3 Units.
Introduction to distributed systems; system models; network architecture and protocols; interprocess communication; client-server model; group communication; TCP sockets; remote procedure calls; distributed objects and remote invocation; distributed file systems; file service architecture; name services; directory and discovery services; distributed synchronization and coordination; transactions and concurrency control; security; cryptography; replication; distributed multimedia systems. Recommended preparation: EECS 338.

EECS 424. Introduction to Nanotechnology. 3 Units.
An exploration of emerging nanotechnology research. Lectures and class discussion on 1) nanostructures: superlattices, nanowires, nanotubes, quantum dots, nanoparticles, nanocomposites, proteins, bacteria, DNA; 2) nanoscale physical phenomena: mechanical, electrical, chemical, thermal, biological, optical, magnetic; 3) nanofabrication: bottom up and top down methods; 4) characterization: microscopy, property measurement techniques; 5) devices/applications: electronics, sensors, actuators, biomedical, energy conversion. Topics will cover interdisciplinary aspects of the field. Offered as EECS 424 and EMAE 424.

EECS 425. Computer Networks I. 3 Units.

EECS 426. MOS Integrated Circuit Design. 3 Units.
EECS 427. Optoelectronic and Photonic Devices. 3 Units.
In this course, we will study the optical transitions, absorptions, and gains in semiconductors. We will discuss the optical processes in semiconductor bulk as well as low dimensional structures such as quantum well and quantum dot. The fundamentals, technologies and applications of important optoelectronic devices (e.g., light-emitting diodes, semiconductor lasers, solar cells and photo-detectors) will be introduced. We will learn the current state-of-the-art of these devices. Recommended Preparation: EECS 321.

EECS 428. Computer Communications Networks II. 3 Units.
Introduction to topics and methodology in computer networks and middleware research. Traffic characterization, stochastic models, and self-similarity. Congestion control (Tahoe, Reno, Sack). Active Queue Management (RED, FQ) and explicit QoS. The Web: overview and components, HTTP, its interaction with QoS, Sack). Overlay networks and CDN. Expected work includes a course-long project on network simulation, a final project, a paper presentation, midterm, and final test. Recommended preparation: EECS 425 or permission of instructor.

EECS 433. Database Systems. 3 Units.

EECS 434. Microfabricated Silicon Electromechanical Systems. 3 Units.

EECS 435. Data Mining. 3 Units.
Data Mining is the process of discovering interesting knowledge from large amounts of data stored either in databases, data warehouses, or other information repositories. Topics to be covered includes: Data Warehouse and OLAP technology for data mining, Data Preprocessing, Data Mining Primitives, Languages, and System Architectures, Mining Association Rules from Large Databases, Classification and Prediction, Cluster Analysis, Mining Complex Types of Data, and Applications and Trends in Data Mining. Recommended preparation: EECS 341 or equivalent.

EECS 437. Advanced Topics in Data Mining and Bioinformatics. 3 Units.
This course will cover a large number of active data mining and bioinformatics research areas, which include but not limited to: text mining, sequence analysis, network/graph mining, microarray analysis, and mining mobile objects. Students are expected to understand various methods and approaches employed in these research areas and have critical thinking on the advantages and disadvantages of these approaches. In addition, students need to complete a course-long project which exhibits the independent research capability in these data mining and bioinformatics areas. Recommended preparation: EECS 340, EECS 435.

EECS 439. Web Data Mining. 3 Units.
Web crawling technology, web search and information extraction, unsupervised and semi-supervised learning techniques and their application to web data extraction, social network analysis, various pagerank algorithms, link analysis, web resource discovery, web, resource description framework (RDF), XML, Web Ontology Language (OWL). Recommended preparation: EECS 338, EECS 341.

EECS 440. Machine Learning. 3 Units.
Machine learning is a subfield of Artificial Intelligence that is concerned with the design and analysis of algorithms that “learn” and improve with experience. While the broad aim behind research in this area is to build systems that can simulate or even improve on certain aspects of human intelligence, algorithms developed in this area have become very useful in analyzing and predicting the behavior of complex systems. Machine learning algorithms have been used to guide diagnostic systems in medicine, recommend interesting products to customers in e-commerce, play games at human championship levels, and solve many other very complex problems. This course is focused on algorithms for machine learning: their design, analysis and implementation. We will study different learning settings, including supervised, semi-supervised and unsupervised learning. We will study different ways of representing the learning problem, using propositional, multiple-instance and relational representations. We will study the different algorithms that have been developed for these settings, such as decision trees, neural networks, support vector machines, k-means, harmonic functions and Bayesian methods. We will learn about the theoretical tradeoffs in the design of these algorithms, and how to evaluate their behavior in practice. At the end of the course, you should be able to: --Recognize situations where machine learning algorithms are applicable; --Understand, represent and formulate the learning problem; --Apply the appropriate algorithm(s), or if necessary, design your own, with an understanding of the tradeoffs involved; --Correctly evaluate the behavior of the algorithm when solving the problem. Prereq: EECS 391 or EECS 491 or consent of instructor.

EECS 441. Internet Applications. 3 Units.
This course exposes students to research in building and scaling internet applications. Covered topics include Web services, scalable content delivery, applications of peer-to-peer networks, and performance analysis and measurements of internet application platforms. The course is based on a collection of research papers and protocol specifications. Students are required to read the materials, present a paper in class, prepare short summaries of discussed papers, and do a course project (team projects are encouraged). Prereq: EECS 325 or EECS 425.

EECS 444. Computer Security. 3 Units.
General types of security attacks; approaches to prevention; secret key and public key cryptography; message authentication and hash functions; digital signatures and authentication protocols; information gathering; password cracking; spoofing; session hijacking; denial of service attacks; buffer overruns; viruses, worms, etc., principles of secure software design, threat modeling; access control; least privilege; storing secrets; socket security; RPC security; security testing; secure software installation; operating system security; database security; web security; email security; firewalls; intrusions. Recommended preparation: EECS 337.
EECS 450. Operations and Systems Design. 3 Units.
Introduction to design, modeling, and optimization of operations and scheduling systems with applications to computer science and engineering problems. Topics include, forecasting and times series, strategic, tactical, and operational planning, life cycle analysis, learning curves, resources allocation, materials requirement and capacity planning, sequencing, scheduling, inventory control, project management and planning. Tools for analysis include: multi-objective optimization, queuing models, simulation, and artificial intelligence.

EECS 451. Introduction to Digital Communications. 3 Units.
Analysis and design of modern digital communications systems: introduction to digital communication systems, review of basic analog and digital signal processing for both deterministic and stochastic signals, signal space representation, basis functions, projections and matched filters, pulse shaping, pulse amplitude modulation, quadrature amplitude modulation, deterministic performance and performance in noise, carrier frequency and phase tracking, symbol timing synchronization, source coding and channel coding. Extensive computer-based design exercises using Matlab and Simulink to design and test digital modems and communication systems. Prereq: STAT 332 or equivalent.

EECS 452. Random Signals. 3 Units.

EECS 454. Analysis of Algorithms. 3 Units.
This course covers fundamental topics in algorithm design and analysis in depth. Amortized analysis, NP-completeness and reductions, dynamic programming, advanced graph algorithms, string algorithms, geometric algorithms, local search heuristics. Offered as EECS 454 and OPRE 454. Prereq: EECS 340.

EECS 455. Introduction to Bioinformatics. 3 Units.

EECS 459. Bioinformatics for Systems Biology. 3 Units.

EECS 460. Manufacturing and Automated Systems. 3 Units.
Formulation, modeling, planning, and control of manufacturing and automated systems with applications to computer science and engineering problems. Topics include, design of products and processes, location/spatial problems, transportation and assignment, product and process layout, group technology and clustering, cellular and network flow layouts, computer control systems, reliability and maintenance, and statistical quality control. Tools and analysis include: multi-objective optimization, artificial intelligence, and heuristics for combinatorial problems. Offered as EECS 360 and EECS 460.

EECS 466. Computer Graphics. 3 Units.
Theory and practice of computer graphics: object and environment representation including coordinate transformations, image extraction including perspective, hidden surface, and shading algorithms; and interaction. Covers a wide range of graphic display devices and systems with emphasis in interactive shaded graphics. Laboratory. Recommended preparation: EECS 233.

EECS 467. Commercialization and Intellectual Property Management. 4 Units.
This interdisciplinary course covers a variety of topics, including principles of intellectual property and intellectual property management, business strategies and modeling relevant to the creation of start-up companies and exploitation of IP rights as they relate to biomedical-related inventions. The goal of this course is to address issues relating to the commercialization of biomedical-related inventions by exposing law students, MBA students, and Ph.D. candidates (in genetics and proteomics) to the challenges and opportunities encountered when attempting to develop biomedical intellectual property from the point of early discovery to the clinic and market. Specifically, this course seeks to provide students with the ability to value a given technological advance or invention holistically, focusing on issues that extend beyond scientific efficacy and include patient and practitioner value propositions, legal and intellectual property protection, business modeling, potential market impacts, market competition, and ethical, social, and healthcare practitioner acceptance. During this course, law students, MBA students, and Ph.D. candidates in genomics and proteomics will work in teams of five (two law students, two MBA students and one Ph.D. candidate), focusing on issues of commercialization and IP management of biomedical-related inventions. The instructors will be drawn from the law school, business school, and technology transfer office. Please visit the following website for more information: fusioninnovate.com. Offered as LAWS 5341, MGMT 467, GENE 367, GENE 467, EBME 467 and EECS 467.

EECS 468. Power System Analysis I. 3 Units.
This course introduces the steady-state modeling and analysis of electric power systems. The course discusses the modeling of essential power system network components such as transformers and transmission lines. The course also discusses important steady-state analysis of three-phase power system network, such as the power flow and economic operation studies. Through the use of PowerWorld Simulator education software, further understanding and knowledge can be gained on the operational characteristics of AC power systems. Special topics concerning new grid technologies will be discussed towards the semester end. The prerequisite requirements of the course include the concepts and computational techniques of Alternative Current (AC) circuit and electromagnetic field. Offered as EECS 368 and EECS 468. Prereq: EECS 245.
EECS 469. Power System Analysis II. 3 Units.
This course extends upon the steady state analysis of power systems to cover study topics that are essential for power system planning and operation. Special system operating conditions are considered, such as unbalanced network operation and component faults. Among the most important analytical methods developed, are symmetrical components and sequence networks. Other study topics discussed include the electric machine modeling and power system transient stability. The latter half of the course presents computational methods and control algorithms that are essential for power system operation, such as generation control and state estimation. Offered as EECS 369 and EECS 469. Prereq: EECS 368.

EECS 470. Smart Grid. 3 Units.
This course starts with an introduction to the US electric power system infrastructure and national electricity policy. Then power system operations and reliability practices are described. In the context of currently existing infrastructure and operation strategies, the course discusses the new Smart Grid technologies such as renewable resources, distributed generation, demand response, energy storage and electric vehicles. Additional important topics of discussion include Advanced Meter Infrastructure, microgrids, the IEEE 1547 Interconnection Standard, and other interoperability standards. The course captures the evolving progress made in Smart Grid technologies and the impacts on power system economics and reliability. Offered as EECS 370 and EECS 470. Prereq: EECS 368.

EECS 474. Advanced Control and Energy Systems. 3 Units.
This course introduces applied quantitative robust and nonlinear control engineering techniques to regulate automatically renewable energy systems in general and wind turbines in particular. The course also studies the fundamentals for dynamic multidisciplinary modeling and analysis of large multi-megawatt wind turbines (mechanics, aerodynamics, electrical systems, control concepts, etc.). The course combines lecture sessions and lab hours. The 400-level includes an experimental lab competition, where the object is to design, implement, and experimentally validate a control strategy to regulate a real system in the laboratory (helicopter control competition or similar); it will also include additional project design reports. Offered as EECS 374 and EECS 474. Prereq: EECS 304.

EECS 475. Applied Control. 3 Units.
This course provides a practical treatment of the study of control engineering systems. It emphasizes best practices in industry so that students learn what aspects of plant and control system design are critical. The course develops theory and practice for digital computer control systems; PID controller design (modes, forms and tuning methods); Control structure design (feed-forward, cascade control, predictive control, disturbance observers, multi-loop configurations, multivariable control); Actuators, sensors and common loops; Dynamic performance evaluation; and some advanced control techniques (quantitative robust control, gain-scheduling and adaptive control) to achieve a good performance over a range of operating conditions. Recommended preparation: EECS 374 or EECS 474. Offered as EECS 375 and EECS 475. Prereq: EECS 304 or Requisites Not Met permission.

EECS 476. Mobile Robotics. 3 Units.
Design of software systems for mobile robot control, including: motion control; sensory processing; localization and mapping; mobile-robot planning and navigation; and implementation of goal-directed behaviors. The course has a heavy lab component involving a sequence of design challenges and competitions performed in teams.

EECS 477. Advanced Algorithms. 3 Units.

EECS 478. Computational Neuroscience. 3 Units.
Computer simulations and mathematical analysis of neurons and neural circuits, and the computational properties of nervous systems. Students are taught a range of models for neurons and neural circuits, and are asked to implement and explore the computational and dynamic properties of these models. The course introduces students to dynamical systems theory for the analysis of neurons and neural learning, models of brain systems, and their relationship to artificial and neural networks. Term project required. Students enrolled in MATH 478 will make arrangements with the instructor to attend additional lectures and complete additional assignments addressing mathematical topics related to the course. Recommended preparation: MATH 223 and MATH 224 or BIOL 300 and BIOL 306. Offered as BIOL 378, COGS 378, MATH 378, BIOL 478, EBME 478, EECS 478, MATH 478 and NEUR 478.

EECS 480A. Introduction to Wireless Health. 3 Units.
Study of convergence of wireless communications, microsystems, information technology, persuasive psychology, and health care. Discussion of health care delivery system, medical decision-making, persuasive psychology, and wireless health value chain and business models. Understanding of health information technology, processing of monitoring data, wireless communication, biomedical sensing techniques, and health monitoring technical approaches and solutions. Offered as EECS 480A and EBME 480A.

EECS 480B. The Human Body. 3 Units.
Study of structural organization of the body. Introduction to anatomy, physiology, and pathology, covering the various systems of the body. Comparison of elegant and efficient operation of the body and the related consequences of when things go wrong, presented in the context of each system of the body. Introduction to medical diagnosis and terminology in the course of covering the foregoing. Offered as EECS 480B and EBME 480B.

EECS 480C. Biomedical Sensing Instrumentation. 3 Units.
Study of principles, applications, and design of biomedical instruments with special emphasis on transducers. Understanding of basic sensors, amplifiers, and signal processing. Discussion of the origin of biopotential, and biopotential electrodes and amplifiers (including biotelemetry). Understanding of chemical sensors and clinical laboratory instrumentation, including microfluidics. Offered as EECS 480C and EBME 480C. Prereq: EECS/EBME 480A, EECS/EBME 480B.

EECS 480D. The Health Care Delivery Ecosystem. 3 Units.
Health care delivery across the continuum of care in the United States, including health policy and reform, financing of care, comparative health systems, population health, public health, access to care, care models, cost and value, comparative effectiveness, governance, management, accountability, workforce, and the future. Discussions of opportunities and challenges for wireless health, integrated into the foregoing topics. Perspective on health care delivery in other countries. Offered as EECS 480D and EBME 480D.
EECS 480E. Wireless Communications and Networking. 3 Units.
Essentials of wireless communications and networking, including teletraffic engineering, radio propagation, digital and cellular communications, wireless wide-area network architecture, speech and channel coding, modulation schemes, antennas, security, networking and transport layers, and 4G systems. Hands-on learning of the anatomy of a cell phone, and a paired wireless health device and its gateway. Offered as EECS 480E and EBME 480E.

EECS 480F. Physicians, Hospitals and Clinics. 3 Units.
Rotation through one or more health care provider facilities for a first-hand understanding of care delivery practice, coordination, and management issues. First-hand exposure to clinical physician, patients, medical devices and instruments, and organizational workflow. Familiarity with provider protocols, physician referral practices, electronic records, clinical decision support systems, acute and chronic care, and inpatient and ambulatory care. Offered as EECS 480F and EBME 480F.

EECS 480G. Applied Cryptography. 3 Units.
This course begins with a discussion of how mobility-driven computing and communication systems use cryptography to protect data and protocols. The foundation for critical cryptographic concepts, techniques, and algorithms are covered. The fundamental cryptographic concepts are studied, including: symmetric encryption, public key encryption, digital signatures, cryptographic hash function, and message authentication codes; cryptographic protocols, such as key exchange, remote user authentication, and interactive proofs; cryptanalysis of cryptographic primitives and protocols, such as by side-channel attacks, differential cryptanalysis, or replay attacks; and cryptanalytic techniques on deployed systems, such as memory remanence, timing attacks, fault attacks, and differential power analysis. Techniques used for code making (cryptographic) and break codes (cryptanalytic) are covered, as well as how these techniques are used within larger security systems.

EECS 480H. Software Security. 3 Units.
This course begins with discussions of good software engineering practices to ensure security in modern software systems and additional challenges to security due to code mobility in software for mobility-driven computing. The basics of software security and threat models, methods to protect software (operating systems, databases, distributed software) - including risk analysis, authentication and authorization, access control, and software architecture for security - are studied. Principles of secure coding, validation and verification of secure software, software and data watermarking, code obfuscation, tamper resistant software are studied, as well as the benefits of open source and closed source software. Use of software as an attack mechanism and emerging attack models (including joint hardware-software attacks) are studied.

EECS 480K. Hardware Security. 3 Units.
This course begins with the keys to enabling secure, trustworthy operation of computer hardware - understanding security issues and how appropriate security measures are included during design, verification, test, and deployment. Increasingly the security primitives such as the Trusted Computing Module are being introduced at the hardware level to prevent the compromise of security in systems being deployed today. A comprehensive coverage of security issues in computer hardware is provided. Topics of embedded systems security, hardware Trojans, security in implantable medical devices, security in RFID/NFC, protection from side channel attacks, tamper resistance and crypto processor design, trusted FPGA design/JTAG, hardware-based cryptanalysis, and hardware IP protection against piracy and reverse-engineering are covered. A course project (Can you Hack It?) that challenges students to hack a hardware is included.

EECS 480M. Introduction to Medical Informatics. 3 Units.
Current state and emerging trends in Medical Informatics (MI) and associated health information systems. Principles, data, data management, system interoperability, patient privacy, information security, electronic records, telehealth, regulatory issues, clinical decision support, mobile documentation, devices and wireless communications in healthcare. Impact of wireless technology on emerging health information systems and processes. Offered as EECS 480M and EBME 480M.

EECS 480N. Introduction to Health Decision and Knowledge Support Systems. 3 Units.
Current state and emerging trends in use of decision support systems (DSS) and knowledge support systems (KSS) in health care delivery. Information, knowledge and decision principles; Health data; Clinical decision and knowledge support, DSS/KSS development and adoption, and regulatory issues. Impact of wireless technology on emerging DSS and KSS, and related processes. Offered as EECS 480N and EBME 480N.

EECS 480O. Introduction to Health Information Technology Implementation. 3 Units.
Current state and emerging trends in the implementation and adoption of health information technology (HIT). Macroergonomics; Technology transfer and adoption; Systems adoption life cycle; Impact of regulation; Decision and work transformation; HIT specification and acquisition; Contracting issues; Implementation, use, and evaluation; Impact of wireless technology on emerging processes. Offered as EECS 480O and EBME 480O. Prereq: EECS 480M.

EECS 480P. Advanced Biomedical Instrumentation. 3 Units.
Analysis and design of biosensors in the context of biomedical measurements. Base sensors using electrochemical, optical, piezoelectric, and other principles. Binding equilibria, enzyme kinetics, and mass transport modalities. Adding the "bio" element to base sensors and mathematical aspects of data evaluation. Applications to clinical problems and biomedical research. Offered as EECS 480P and EBME 480P.

EECS 480Q. Regulatory Policy and Regulations. 3 Units.
Introduction of wireless health technologies: spectrum, licensed versus unlicensed; personal area networks; body area networks; ultra-wideband low energy level short-range radios; wireless local area networks; wide area networks. The Federal system: separation of powers; the executive branch and its departments; the House of Representatives and its committees; the Senate and its committees; the FCC; policy versus regulatory versus legislative. What is a medical device: FDA; classification system; radiation-emitting products; software; RF in medical devices; converged medical devices; international aspects. Regulation of health information technology and wireless health: American Recovery and Reinvestment Act; Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act; FCC/FDA MoU; CMS and Reimbursement; privacy and security. Offered as EECS 480Q and EBME 480Q.

EECS 480R. User Experience Engineering. 3 Units.
Social, cognitive, behavioral, and contextual elements in the design of healthcare technology and systems. User-centered design paradigm from a broad perspective, exploring dimensions of product user experience and learning to assess and modify the design of healthcare technology. Practical utilization of user centered design method and assessment techniques for approaching a design problem. Offered as EECS 480R and EBME 480R.
EECS 480S. Wireless Health Product Development. 3 Units.
Integrating application requirements, market data, concept formulation, design innovation, and manufacturing resources for creating differentiated wireless health products that delight the user. Learning user-centric product development best practices, safety, security and privacy considerations, and risk management planning. Understanding the regulatory process. Identifying and managing product development tradeoffs. Offered as EECS 480S and EBME 480S. Prereq: EECS 480R.

EECS 480T. Wearable Computing Design. 3 Units.
Learning about wearable devices using flexible/conformal electronics designed for convenience and uninterrupted wear-ability. Examining related design challenges from the technology, human and business points of view. Understanding wearable product design for general and special-purpose tasks in information processing, media operations, and information extraction from sensed data. Learning about the technological challenges for design, including miniaturization, power delivery and management, data storage, and wireless networking. Learning about hardware choices (processor, field programmable gate array or custom ASIC based design) for wearable computers and software architectures for smart data processing. Learning about wearable designs centered on the human experience, including sensing and interfacing with the human body, as well as user interaction, convenience, and support for non-intrusive social appearance. Case studies tying the business requirements with the technology and design issues.

EECS 480U. Wearable Computing Technology. 3 Units.
Learning about a broad range of cutting-edge technologies suitable for wearable computing. Understanding printed and flexible electronics technologies required for creating wearable computing, in particular organics for active components due to their flexibility or conformity. Examining the tradeoffs between flexible/conformal versus rigid electronics in the context of wearable computing. Reviewing the history of printed electronics used as conductors for membrane keypads, car windscreen heaters and RFID tag antennas-to name a few application examples. Reviewing the latest technology advances in functional components such as displays, lighting, transistors (p-type & n-type), memory, batteries, photovoltaics (PV), sensors, and conductors as well as integration/packaging steps. Understanding the market potential of these technologies by reviewing emerging products.

EECS 480W. Wearable Computing Manufacturing. 3 Units.
Learning about the supply chain and manufacturing processes for flexible electronics, sensors, and other technologies contributing to the development of wearable products. Understanding supply chain issues in low mobility materials, multilevel substrates, nanocomposites, materials for low power sensors, and inks suitable for direct printing. Identifying the tradeoffs involved in various manufacturing methods such as roll-to-roll manufacturing a mature coating technology yet to be proven for full device integration. Studying other manufacturing techniques such as plate-to-plate, direct printing, 3D printing, and screening techniques for their applicability to the manufacturing and integration of flexible electronics. Understanding the use of lithography and vapor deposition techniques in the context of flexible electronics. Examining the issues of systems integration and packaging of the manufactured products.

EECS 480X. Mobility-Driven Computing. 3 Units.
Fundamental concepts in computing and architecture for mobile devices, mobile operating systems, mobility and mobile data management. Application of technologies for location awareness, context awareness, integrated sensors, mobile Internet, displays, pattern recognition and natural language processing, and touch/gesture based user interaction. Understanding of the tradeoffs in design (smartphones, tablets) due to resource constraints such as wireless connectivity, application processing, power management, and graphics. Integration of near- and wide-area wireless communication technologies (Bluetooth, Wireless WAN). Exploration of emerging technologies and services for the mobile platform. Integration of the foregoing concepts in a specific mobile context application (home/office, pedestrian, vehicular).

EECS 480Y. Mobility-Driven Embedded Systems. 3 Units.
Foundations of reliable, energy-efficient and secure design of embedded systems. Fundamentals of mobility in embedded systems including wireless technology, location awareness, sensors, and actuators. Design consideration for processors, DSP, memory, and interfaces under mobility constraints (connectivity, power, and data management). Systems software for embedded computing, device management, and real-time I/O. Software design under constraints of size, performance, availability, and reliability. Software development techniques and practices (compilers, OS. and runtime systems). Case studies of mobility driven real-time embedded systems and software. Applications of mobility driven embedded systems, for example in in biomedical implant systems.

EECS 480Z. Mobile Applications Development. 3 Units.
Understanding of the mobile application architecture, operating systems, and platforms. Challenges and opportunities in mobile application development. Evaluation of the leading mobile platform frameworks with respect to their features, functions, libraries, support, and ease of development. Software design for mobile applications in gaming, multimedia, entertainment, and enterprise applications. Development of enhanced user experience in a multi-touch, multi-sensor (accelerometer, gyroscopes, camera, geo-location) environment. Understanding of software development environments and testing tools, and use of wireless connectivity and data in mobile applications. Development of or extension of a modest application based on a major mobile platforms (iOS, Windows Phone 7, or Android).

EECS 483. Data Acquisition and Control. 3 Units.
Data acquisition (theory and practice), digital control of sampled data systems, stability tests, system simulation digital filter structure, finite word length effects, limit cycles, state-variable feedback and state estimation. Laboratory includes control algorithm programming done in assembly language.

EECS 484. Computational Intelligence I: Basic Principles. 3 Units.
This course is concerned with learning the fundamentals of a number of computational methodologies which are used in adaptive parallel distributed information processing. Such methodologies include neural net computing, evolutionary programming, genetic algorithms, fuzzy set theory, and "artificial life." These computational paradigms complement and supplement the traditional practices of pattern recognition and artificial intelligence. Functionality covered include self-organization, learning a model or supervised learning, optimization, and memorization.

EECS 485. VLSI Systems. 3 Units.
Basic MOSFET models, inverters, steering logic, the silicon gate, nMOS process, design rules, basic design structures (e.g., NAND and NOR gates, PLA, ROM, RAM), design methodology and tools (spice, N.mpc, Caesar, mkpla), VLSI technology and system architecture. Requires project and student presentation, laboratory.
EECS 486. Research in VLSI Design Automation. 3 Units.  
Research topics related to VLSI design automation such as hardware description languages, computer-aided design tools, algorithms and methodologies for VLSI design for a wide range of levels of design abstraction, design validation and test. Requires term project and class presentation.

EECS 488. Embedded Systems Design. 3 Units.  
Objective: to introduce and expose the student to methodologies for systematic design of embedded systems. The topics include, but are not limited to, system specification, architecture modeling, component partitioning, estimation metrics, hardware software co-design, diagnostics.

EECS 489. Robotics I. 3 Units.  

EECS 490. Digital Image Processing. 3 Units.  
Digital images are introduced as two-dimensional sampled arrays of data. The course begins with one-to-one operations such as image addition and subtraction and image descriptors such as the histogram. Basic filters such as the gradient and Laplacian in the spatial domain are used to enhance images. The 2-D Fourier transform is introduced and frequency domain operations such as high and low-pass filtering are developed. It is shown how filtering techniques can be used to remove noise and other image degradation. The different methods of representing color images are described and fundamental concepts of color image transformations and color image processing are developed. One or more advanced topics such as wavelets, image compression, and pattern recognition will be covered as time permits. Programming assignments using software such as MATLAB will illustrate the application and implementation of digital image processing.

EECS 491. Artificial Intelligence: Probabilistic Graphical Models. 3 Units.  
This course is a graduate-level introduction to Artificial Intelligence (AI), the discipline of designing intelligent systems, and focuses on probabilistic graphical models. These models can be applied to a wide variety of settings from data analysis to machine learning to robotics. The models allow intelligent systems to represent uncertainties in an environment or problem space in a compact way and reason intelligently in a way that makes optimal use of available information and time. The course covers directed and undirected probabilistic graphical models, latent variable models, associated exact and approximate inference algorithms, and learning in both discrete and continuous problem spaces. Practical applications are covered throughout the course. Prereq: EECS 391 or requisites not met permission.

EECS 492. VLSI Digital Signal Processing Systems. 3 Units.  
Digital signal processing (DSP) can be found in numerous applications, such as wireless communications, audio/video compression, cable modems, multimedia, global positioning systems and biomedical signal processing. This course fills the gap between DSP algorithms and their efficient VLSI implementations. The design of a digital system is restricted by the requirements of applications, such as speed, area and power consumption. This course introduces methodologies and tools which can be used to design VLSI architectures with different speed-area tradeoffs for DSP algorithms. In addition, the design of efficient VLSI architectures for commonly used DSP blocks is presented in this class. Recommended preparation: EECS 485.

EECS 493. Software Engineering. 3 Units.  
Topics: Introduction to software engineering; software lifecycle models; development team organization and project management; requirements analysis and specification techniques; software design techniques; programming practices; software validation techniques; software maintenance practices; software engineering ethics. Undergraduates work in teams to complete a significant software development project. Graduate students are required to complete a research project. Recommended preparation for EECS 493: EECS 337. Offered as EECS 393 and EECS 493. Counts as SAGES Senior Capstone.

EECS 494. Introduction to Information Theory. 3 Units.  
This course is intended as an introduction to information and coding theory with emphasis on the mathematical aspects. It is suitable for advanced undergraduate and graduate students in mathematics, applied mathematics, statistics, physics, computer science and electrical engineering. Course content: Information measures-entropy, relative entropy, mutual information, and their properties. Typical sets and sequences, asymptotic equipartition property, data compression. Channel coding and capacity: channel coding theorem. Differential entropy, Gaussian channel, Shannon-Nyquist theorem. Information theory inequalities (400 level). Additional topics, which may include compressed sensing and elements of quantum information theory. Recommended Preparation: MATH 201 or MATH 307. Offered as MATH 394, EECS 394, MATH 494 and EECS 494.

EECS 495. Nanometer VLSI Design. 3 Units.  
Semiconductor industry has evolved rapidly over the past four decades to meet the increasing demand on computing power by continuous miniaturization of devices. Now we are in the nanometer technology regime with the device dimensions scaled below 100nm. VLSI design using nanometer technologies involves some major challenges. This course will explain all the major challenges associated with nanoscale VLSI design such as dynamic and leakage power, parameter variations, reliability and robustness. The course will present modeling and analysis techniques for timing, power and noise in nanometer era. Finally, the course will cover the circuit/architecture level design solutions for low power, high-performance, testable and robust VLSI system. The techniques will be applicable to design of microprocessor, digital signal processor (DSP) as well as application specific integrated circuits (ASIC). The course includes a project which requires the student to work on a nanometer design issue. Recommended preparation: EECS 426 or EECS 485.

EECS 500. EECS Colloquium. 0 Units.  
Seminars on current topics in Electrical Engineering and Computer Science.

EECS 500T. Graduate Teaching II. 0 Units.  
This course will provide the Ph.D. candidate with experience in teaching undergraduate or graduate students. The experience is expected to involve direct student contact but will be based upon the specific departmental needs and teaching obligations. This teaching experience will be conducted under the supervision of the faculty member who is responsible for the course, but the academic advisor will assess the educational plan to ensure that it provides an educational experience for the student. Students in this course may be expected to perform one or more of the following teaching related activities: grading homeworks, quizzes, and exams, having office hours for students, running recitation sessions, providing laboratory assistance. Recommended preparation: Ph.D. student in EECS department.
EECS 516. Large Scale Optimization. 3 Units.
Concepts and techniques for dealing with large optimization problems encountered in designing large engineering structure, control of interconnected systems, pattern recognition, and planning and operations of complex systems; partitioning, relaxation, restriction, decomposition, approximation, and other problem simplification devices; specific algorithms; potential use of parallel and symbolic computation; student seminars and projects. Recommended preparation: EECS 416.

EECS 518. Nonlinear Systems: Analysis and Control. 3 Units.

EECS 520. Robust Control. 3 Units.
One of the most important problems in modern control theory is that of controlling the output of a system so as to achieve asymptotic tracking of prescribed signals and/or asymptotic rejection of undesired disturbances. The problem can be solved by the so-called regulator theory and H-infinity control theory. This course presents a self-contained introduction to these two important design methods. The intention of this course is to present ideas and methods on such a level that the beginning graduate student will be able to follow current research. Both linear and nonlinear results will be covered. Recommended preparation: EECS 408.

EECS 523. Advanced Neural Microsystems. 3 Units.
This course will cover the latest advances in neuroengineering with specific attention to integrated microsystems targeting wired/wireless multichannel interfacing with the nervous system at the cellular level in biological hosts. The aim is to provide students familiar with microfabrication and integrated circuit design with an application-driven, system-level overview of sensors and microelectronics in microsystems format for neural engineering. Recommended preparation: EECS 426.

EECS 526. Integrated Mixed-Signal Systems. 3 Units.
Mixed-signal (analog/digital) integrated circuit design. D-to-A and A-to-D conversion, applications in mixed-signal VLSI, low-noise and low-power techniques, and communication sub-circuits. System simulation at the transistor and behavioral levels using SPICE. Class will design a mixed-signal CMOS IC for fabrication by MOSIS. Recommended preparation: EECS 426.

EECS 527. Advanced Sensors: Theory and Techniques. 3 Units.
Sensor technology with a primary focus on semiconductor-based devices. Physical principles of energy conversion devices (sensors) with a review of relevant fundamentals: elasticity theory, fluid mechanics, silicon fabrication and micromachining technology, semiconductor device physics. Classification and terminology of sensors, defining and measuring sensor characteristics and performance, effect of the environment on sensors, predicting and controlling sensor error. Mechanical, acoustic, magnetic, thermal, radiation, chemical and biological sensors will be examined. Sensor packaging and sensor interface circuitry.

EECS 531. Computer Vision. 3 Units.
The goal of computer vision is to create visual systems that recognize objects and recover structures in complex 3D scenes. This course emphasizes both the science behind our understanding of the fundamental problems in vision and the engineering that develops mathematical models and inference algorithms to solve these problems. Specific topics include feature detection, matching, and classification; visual representations and dimensionality reduction; motion detection and optical flow; image segmentation; depth perception, multi-view geometry, and 3D reconstruction; shape and surface perception; visual scene analysis and object recognition.

EECS 589. Robotics II. 3 Units.
Survey of research issues in robotics. Force control, visual servoing, robot autonomy, on-line planning, high-speed control, man/machine interfaces, robot learning, sensory processing for real-time control. Primarily a project-based lab course in which students design real-time software executing on multi-processors to control an industrial robot. Recommended preparation: EECS 489.

EECS 600. Special Topics. 1 - 18 Unit.
Offered as EECS 600 and SYBB 600.

EECS 600T. Graduate Teaching III. 0 Units.
This course will provide Ph.D. candidate with experience in teaching undergraduate or graduate students. The experience is expected to involve direct student contact but will be based upon the specific departmental needs and teaching obligations. This teaching experience will be conducted under the supervision of the faculty member who is responsible for the course, but the academic advisor will assess the educational plan to ensure that it provides an educational experience for the student. Students in this course may be expected to perform one or more of the following teaching related activities running recitation sessions, providing laboratory assistance, developing teaching or lecture materials presenting lectures. Recommended preparation: Ph.D. student in EECS department.

EECS 601. Independent Study. 1 - 18 Unit.

EECS 602. Advanced Projects Laboratory. 1 - 18 Unit.

EECS 620. Special Topics. 1 - 18 Unit.

EECS 621. Special Projects. 1 - 18 Unit.

EECS 649. Project M.S.. 1 - 9 Unit.

EECS 651. Thesis M.S.. 1 - 18 Unit.

EECS 651. Thesis M.S.. 1 - 18 Unit.

Prereq: Predoctoral research consent or advanced to Ph.D. candidacy milestone.

Department of Macromolecular Science and Engineering

Macromolecular science and engineering is the study of the synthesis, structure, processing, and properties of polymers. These giant molecules are the basis of synthetic materials including plastics, fibers, rubber, films, paints, membranes, and adhesives. Research is constantly expanding these applications through the development of new high performance polymers, e.g. for engineering composites, electronic, optical, and biomedical uses. In addition, most biological systems are composed of macromolecules—proteins (e.g. silk, wool, tendon), carbohydrates (e.g. cellulose) and nucleic acids (RNA and DNA) are polymers and are studied by the same methods that are applied to synthetic polymers.
Production of polymers and their components is central to the chemical industry, and statistics show that over 75 percent of all chemists and chemical engineers in industry are involved with some aspect of polymers. Despite this, formal education in this area is offered by only a few universities in this country, resulting in a continued strong demand for our graduates upon completion of their BS, MS, or PhD degrees.

Research
The research activities of the department span the entire scope of macromolecular science and polymer technology.

Synthesis
New types of macromolecules are being made in the department’s synthesis laboratories. The emphasis is on creating polymers with novel functional properties such as photoconductivity, selective permeation, and biocompatibility, and in producing new materials which behave like classical polymers without being linked together by covalent bonds.

Physical Characterization
This is the broad area of polymer analysis, which seeks to relate the structure of the polymer at the molecular level to the bulk properties that determine its actual or potential applications. This includes characterization of polymers by infrared, Raman, and NMR and mass spectroscopy, thermal and rheological analysis, determination of structure and morphology by x-ray diffraction, electron microscopy, and atomic force microscopy, permeability and free volume, and investigation of molecular weights and conformation by light scattering.

Mechanical Behavior and Analysis
Polymeric materials are known for their unusual mechanical capabilities, usually exploited as components of structural systems. Analysis includes the study of viscoelastic behavior, yielding and fracture phenomena and a variety of novel irreversible deformation processes.

Processing
A major concern of industry is the efficient and large scale production of polymer materials for commercial applications. Research in this area is focusing on reactive processing, multi-layer processing and polymer mixing, i.e., compounding and blends. The integration of sensors and processing equipment, and methods for examining changes in structure and composition during processing steps are growing areas of inquiry. Both laboratory and simulation research are brought to bear on these critical issues.

Materials Development and Design
Often, newly conceived products require the development of polymeric materials with certain specific properties or design characteristics. Materials can be tailor-made by designing synthesis and processing conditions to yield the best performance under specified conditions. Examples might be the design of photoluminescent and semi-conducting polymers for use in optoelectronic devices, polymers that are stable at high temperatures for fire-retardant construction materials, high temperature polymer electrolytes for use in advanced fuel cells, low density thermal insulating polymer composite materials, advanced polymeric optical devices, and biocompatible polymers for use in prosthetic implants, reconstructive medicine and drug-delivery vehicles.

Biopolymers
Living systems are composed primarily of macromolecules, and research is in progress on several projects of medical relevance. The department has a long-standing interest in the hierarchical structure and properties of the components of connective tissues (e.g., skin, cartilage, and bone). The department is also engaged in the development of new biocompatible polymers for applications in human health.

Undergraduate Programs
In 1970, the department introduced a program leading to the Bachelor of Science in Engineering degree with a major in polymer science, which is designed to prepare the student both for employment in polymer-based industry and for graduate education in polymer science. The Bachelor of Science degree program in Polymer Science and Engineering is accredited by the Engineering Accreditation Commission of ABET, www.abet.org (http://www.abet.org).

The Case School of Engineering is proud that the polymer science and engineering program was the first such undergraduate program in the country to receive accreditation from the Engineering Council for Professional Development. The curriculum combines courses dealing with all aspects of polymer science and engineering with basic courses in chemistry, physics, mathematics, and biology, depending on the needs and interests of the student. The student chooses a sequence of technical electives, in consultation with a faculty advisor, allowing a degree of specialization in one particular area of interest, e.g., biomaterials, chemical engineering, biochemistry, or physics. In addition to required formal laboratory courses, students are encouraged to participate in the research activities of the department, both through part-time employment as student laboratory technicians and through the senior project requirement: a one or two semester project that involves the planning and performance of a research project.

Polymer science undergraduates are also strongly encouraged to seek summer employment in industrial laboratories during at least one of their three years with the department. In addition to the general undergraduate curriculum in macromolecular science, the department offers three specialized programs which lead to the BS with a macromolecular science major. The cooperative program contains all the course work required for full-time resident students plus one or two six-month cooperative sessions in polymer-based industry. The company is selected by the student in consultation with his or her advisor, depending on the available opportunities. The dual-degree program allows students to work simultaneously on two baccalaureate level degrees within the university. It generally takes five years to complete the course requirements for each department for the degree. The BS/MS program leads to the simultaneous completion of requirements for both the master’s and bachelor’s degrees. Students with a minimum GPA of 3.0 may apply for admission to this program in their junior year.

Mission Statement
To educate students who will excel and lead in the development of polymeric materials and the application of structure-property relationships. The department seeks to prepare students for either professional employment or advanced education, primarily in this or related science or engineering disciplines, but also in professional schools of business, law or medicine. Undergraduate students are offered opportunities for significant research experience, capitalizing on the strength of our graduate program.
Program Educational Objectives
This program will produce graduates who:

1. Are competent, creative, and highly valued professionals in industry, academia, or government.
2. Are flexible and adaptable in the workplace, possess the capacity to embrace new opportunities of emerging technologies, and embrace leadership and teamwork opportunities, all affording sustainable engineering careers.
3. Continue their professional development by obtaining advanced degrees in Polymer Science and Engineering or other professional fields, as well as medicine, law, management, finance or public policy.
4. Act with global, ethical, societal, ecological, and commercial awareness expected of practicing engineering professionals.

Student Outcomes
As preparation for achieving the above educational objectives, the BS degree in Polymer Science and Engineering is designed so that students attain:

- an ability to apply knowledge of mathematics, science, and engineering
- an ability to design and conduct experiments, as well as to analyze and interpret data
- an ability to design a system, component, or process to meet desired needs
- an ability to function in multi-disciplinary teams
- an ability to identify, formulate, and solve engineering problems
- an understanding of professional and ethical responsibility
- an ability to communicate effectively
- the broad education necessary to understand the impact of engineering solutions in a global and societal context
- a recognition of the need for, and an ability to engage in life-long learning
- a knowledge of contemporary issues
- an ability to use the techniques, skills, and modern engineering tools necessary for engineering practice

Bachelor of Science in Engineering
Suggested Program of Study: Major in Polymer Science and Engineering
(standard track)

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<td>Humanities/Social Science</td>
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<td>Principles of Chemistry for Engineers (CHEM 111)</td>
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<td>Elementary Computer Programming (ENGR 131)</td>
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<td>Calculus for Science and Engineering I (MATH 121)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Introductory Organic Chemistry I (CHEM 223)</td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Introduction to Polymer Science and Engineering (EMAC 270)</td>
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<td>Calculus for Science and Engineering III (MATH 223)</td>
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<tr>
<td>General Physics II - Electricity and Magnetism (PHYS 122)</td>
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<td>Humanities or Social Science</td>
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<tr>
<td>Introductory Organic Chemistry II (CHEM 224)</td>
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<td>Polymer Properties and Design (EMAC 276)</td>
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<td>Statics and Strength of Materials (ENGR 200)</td>
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<td>Elementary Differential Equations (MATH 224)</td>
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<tr>
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<tr>
<td>Natural Science elective</td>
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<tr>
<td>Chemical Laboratory Methods for Engineers (CHEM 290)</td>
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<td>Physical Chemistry for Engineering (EMAC 351)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Technical elective</td>
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<td>Humanities or Social Sciences</td>
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<td>Polymer Engineering (EMAC 376)</td>
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<td>Polymer Analysis Laboratory (EMAC 355)</td>
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<td>Professional Communication for Engineers (ENG 398)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Professional Communication for Engineers (ENGR 398)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Polymer Physics and Engineering (EMAC 352)</td>
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<th>Fourth Year</th>
<th>Units</th>
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<th>Spring</th>
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<tr>
<td>Introduction to Circuits and Instrumentation (ENGR 210)</td>
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<td>Polymer Chemistry (EMAC 370)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Fundamentals of Non-Newtonian Fluid Mechanics and Polymer Rheology (EMAC 375)</td>
<td>3</td>
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<td>Polymer Processing (EMAC 377)</td>
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<td>Polymer Science and Engineering Project I (EMAC 398)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Open elective</td>
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<tr>
<td>Polymer Processing and Testing Laboratory (EMAC 372)</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>Polymer Engineer Design Product (EMAC 378)</td>
<td>3</td>
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<td></td>
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</tbody>
</table>
Open elective 3
Technical elective IIIe 3
Year Total: 16 15
Total Units in Sequence: 128

Hours required for graduation: 129

a Engineering Core Courses
b Choice of USNA, USSO, or USSY course focused on thinking about the natural, social, or symbolic “world.”
c Approved Natural Science electives:
  • PHYS 221 Introduction to Modern Physics
  • STAT 312 Basic Statistics for Engineering and Science
  • PHYS 349 Methods of Mathematical Physics I
  • BIOC 307 Introduction to Biochemistry: From Molecules To Medical Science
d EMAC 325 may be taken as a technical elective. Students choosing the polymer major in the freshman year are encouraged to register for EMAC 125 (1 credit), which may be used as a technical elective provided the student also completes EMAC 325 for at least 2 credits.
e Technical sequence must be approved by department advisor.
f Preparation for the polymer science project should commence in the previous semester.

Bachelor of Science in Engineering
Suggested Program of Study: Major in Polymer Science and Engineering
(biomaterials track)

First Year

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Units</th>
<th>Fall</th>
<th>Spring</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Humans or Social Sciences</td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Principles of Chemistry for Engineers (CHEM 111)</td>
<td>4</td>
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<tr>
<td>Elementary Computer Programming (ENGR 131)a</td>
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<tr>
<td>Calculus for Science and Engineering I (MATH 121)</td>
<td>4</td>
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<tr>
<td>FSCC 100 Sages First Seminar</td>
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<tr>
<td>PHED Physical Education Activities</td>
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<tr>
<td>SAGES University Seminar Ibp</td>
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<tr>
<td>Chemistry of Materials (ENGR 145)a</td>
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<tr>
<td>Calculus for Science and Engineering II (MATH 122)</td>
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<tr>
<td>General Physics I - Mechanics (PHYS 121)</td>
<td>4</td>
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<tr>
<td>PHED Physical Education Activities</td>
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<tr>
<td>Year Total:</td>
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<td>15</td>
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Second Year

<table>
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<tr>
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<tr>
<td>Physiology-Biophysics I (EBME 201)</td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Introduction to Polymer Science and Engineering (EMAC 270)</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>Calculus for Science and Engineering III (MATH 223)</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>General Physics II - Electricity and Magnetism (PHYS 122)</td>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Humanities or Social Sciences II</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Year Total: 15 15
Total Units in Sequence: 125

Hours required for graduation: 129

a Engineering Core Courses
b Choice of USNA, USSO, or USSY course focused on thinking about the natural, social, or symbolic “world.”
c Approved Natural Science electives:
  • BIOL 214 Genes, Evolution and Ecology (d);
  • BIOL 215 Cells and Proteins (d);
  • BIOC 307 Introduction to Biochemistry: From Molecules To Medical Science (d);
  • BIOL 362 Principles of Developmental Biology
d Suggested for pre-med students
EMAC 355 Polymer Analysis Laboratory is strongly recommended.

At least 3 of the 4 Technical Electives have to be taken from:
- EBME 315 Applied Tissue Engineering;
- EBME 316 Biomaterials for Drug Delivery;
- EBME 325 Introduction to Tissue Engineering;
- EBME 350 Quantitative Molecular, Cellular and Tissue Bioengineering;
- EBME 408 Engineering Tissues/Materials - Learning from Nature’s Paradigms;
- EBME 426 Nanomedicine;
- EMAC 471 Polymers in Medicine / EBME 406 Polymers in Medicine;
- a three-credit research sequence of EMAC 125 Freshman Research on Polymers and EMAC 325 Undergraduate Research in Polymer Science
- EMAC 372 Polymer Processing and Testing Laboratory (offered in the spring semester of the fourth year)

Preparation for the polymer science project should commence in the previous semester.

Minor in Polymer Science and Engineering

The minor in Polymer Science and Engineering consists of five courses from the list below (special arrangements can be made to include appropriate EMAC graduate courses as well).

Choose any five of the following: 15

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EMAC 270</td>
<td>Introduction to Polymer Science and Engineering</td>
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<td>EMAC 276</td>
<td>Polymer Properties and Design</td>
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<td>EMAC 351</td>
<td>Physical Chemistry for Engineering</td>
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<td>EMAC 355</td>
<td>Polymer Analysis Laboratory</td>
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<td>EMAC 370</td>
<td>Polymer Chemistry</td>
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<td>EMAC 372</td>
<td>Polymer Processing and Testing Laboratory</td>
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<td>EMAC 375</td>
<td>Fundamentals of Non-Newtonian Fluid Mechanics and Polymer Rheology</td>
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<td>EMAC 376</td>
<td>Polymer Engineering</td>
</tr>
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<td>EMAC 377</td>
<td>Polymer Processing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EMAC 378</td>
<td>Polymer Engineer Design Product</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Total Units 15

Graduate Programs

Courses leading to the Master of Science (MS) and Doctor of Philosophy (PhD) degrees in macromolecular science are offered within the Case School of Engineering. They are designed to increase the student’s knowledge of macromolecular science and of his or her own basic area of scientific interest, with application to specific polymer research problems. Research programs derive particular benefit from close cooperation with graduate programs in chemistry, physics, materials science, chemical engineering, biological sciences, and other engineering areas. The interdisciplinary academic structure allows the faculty to fit the individual program to the student’s background and career plans. Basic and advanced courses are offered in polymer synthesis, physical chemistry, physics, biopolymers, and applied polymer science and engineering. A laboratory course in polymer characterization instructs students in the use of modern experimental techniques and equipment. Graduate students are also encouraged to take advanced course work in polymer solid state physics, physical chemistry, synthesis, rheology, and polymer processing. The department also offers, in conjunction with the School of Medicine, a six- to seven-year MD/PhD program for students interested in the application of polymers and plastics to medicine, as well as for students interested in a molecular structural basis of medicine, particularly related to connective tissues, biomechanics, aging, pharmacologicals, and blood behavior. Initiated in 1977, it is the only program of its kind in the nation.

Master of Science

Master’s Thesis (Plan A)

The minimum requirement to complete a master’s degree under Plan A is 27 hours. Of the 27 hours, at least 18 hours must be coursework, and 9 hours must be EMAC 651 Thesis M.S. (thesis research). At least 18 semester hours of coursework, including thesis, must be at the 400 level or higher.

All Plan A MS students must take 6 credits of departmental fundamentals courses including the lab component. Please note: Once a student begins registration of EMAC 651 Thesis M.S., the student must register for at least one credit hour of this course every semester until graduation. The normal residency period for an MS degree is 2 years.

For completion of master’s degree Plan A, an oral examination (defense) of the master’s thesis is required. The examination is conducted by a committee of three university faculty members. The candidate’s thesis advisor usually serves as the chair of the examining committee. The chair of the department or the curricular program faculty appoints members of the committee. The examining committee must agree unanimously that the candidate has passed the thesis examination.

Master’s Comprehensive (Plan B)

The master’s Plan B program is available for individuals who live out-of-state or are working full-time. A research report and oral examination is required before graduation. This option requires 27 total credit hours; categorized by the following:

1. 3-6 cr. hrs. need to be project credit (independent study) which needs to be approved by advisor
2. 21-24 course credits (of which 9 must be based in Macromolecular Science); and
3. 6 core course credits.

Each candidate for the master’s degree under Plan B must satisfactorily pass a comprehensive examination, which is administered by the department or curricular program committee. The examination may be written or oral or both. A student must be registered during the semester in which any part of the comprehensive examination is taken. If not registered for other courses, the student will be required to register for one semester hour of EXAM 600 Master's Comprehensive Exam, before taking the examination.

Elective and core courses can be taken via Distance Learning (ITN) or by transfer (transfers need to be approved by chair of department and dean of graduate studies; core courses also needs instructors’ approval).

Master of Science in Engineering with Specialization

Fire Science and Engineering

The Case School of Engineering at Case Western Reserve University offers an MS graduate program in Fire Science and Engineering. Students will choose either a Master of Science in Mechanical Engineering or a Master of Science in Macromolecular Science and Engineering, both with a concentration in fire science. Case Western
Reserve offers a unique intersection of expertise in macromolecular and combustion science and mechanical and chemical engineering, making us singularly suited to cover all aspects of fire protection, safety and flammability.

Through a 27-credit-hour curriculum, students explore and learn how to apply the fundamental principles of fire behavior and dynamics, protection and suppression systems, polymeric materials structure, properties and selection and more. The program is designed to be completed in a single 12 month year, but can be spread out over multiple years.

The Fire Science and Engineering program at Case Western Reserve covers all aspects of combustion and fire suppression. After graduating from this degree program, students will be ready to apply their thorough understanding of:

- The chemistry of fire and materials
- Flammability logistics
- Fire dynamics and fire behavior
- Fire risk assessment
- Fire protection engineering
- Combustion
- Fire and safety-related codes
- Human behavior and life safety analysis
- Structural fire protection
- Passive fire protection systems
- Polymer engineering

**Elective tracks:**

- Mechanical track to focus on mechanical engineering and combustion related to fire protection and suppression
- Materials track to focus on polymer chemistry and materials, and the chemistry of flammability and fire suppression

**Degree Options**

The Fire Science and Engineering master’s degree program comprises 27 credit hours of classwork (9 courses) and a research paper. Students can choose to receive a Master of Science in Mechanical Engineering with a concentration in Fire Science and Engineering or a Master of Science in Macromolecular Science and Engineering with a concentration in Fire Science and Engineering.

All students will take six core Fire Science and Engineering courses as well as three courses within their chosen elective track of mechanical engineering or macromolecular science and engineering. The mechanical track follows a traditional mechanical engineering/combustion approach to fire protection and suppression, but with specialization classes in polymers. The materials track focuses on polymer chemistry and materials, and the chemistry of flammability and fire suppression.

For additional information, please contact:

David Schiraldi, Chair of the Department of Macromolecular Science and Engineering

James S. Tien, Leonard Case Jr. Professor of Engineering in Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering

**How to Apply**

Application to the Fire Science and Engineering program is handled through the university’s School of Graduate Studies. Students will need to know whether they wish to apply for the MS in Mechanical Engineering or the MS in Macromolecular Science and Engineering.

Students interested in applying to the Fire Science and Engineering program should already have a bachelor’s degree in Chemistry, Chemical Engineering, Mechanical Engineering or Materials Science & Engineering and have taken the GRE. Additional application requirements include a statement of objectives, academic transcripts, and three letters of recommendation. International students will also need to take the Test of English as a Foreign Language (TOEFL). Read more about the university’s full application procedure requirements here (http://gradstudies.case.edu/prospect/admissions/apply.html).

When you are ready to apply, electronic applications can be submitted here (https://app.applyyourself.com/AYApplicantLogin/ ApplicantConnectLogin.asp?id=casegrad).

### PhD Programs

The PhD program consists of 36 hours of coursework, including the departmental core courses and 18 credit hours of PhD thesis (EMAC 701 Dissertation Ph.D.) are required for the PhD degree, in addition to passing the research qualifying exam (oral proposal) and the written qualifying exam.

Of the coursework credit requirements, the core courses are designated as "depth" courses (12 credits). In addition, all students will take a minimum of two breadth courses in basic science and/or other departments in the School of Engineering (for a total of six credits). The remaining breadth requirements (up to 18 credits) are satisfied by course modules taken in Macromolecular Science and Engineering.

Each doctoral student is responsible for becoming sufficiently familiar with the research interests of the department or program faculty to choose in a timely manner a faculty member who will serve as the student’s research advisor. The research advisor is expected to provide mentorship in research conception, methods, performance and ethics, as well as focus on development of the student’s professional communication skills, building professional contacts in the field, and fostering the professional behavior standard of the field and research in general.

The research advisor also assists with the selection of three other faculty to serve as the required additional members of the dissertation advisory committee. This committee must be formed within the second semester following admission. Throughout the development and completion of the dissertation, these members are expected to provide constructive criticism and helpful ideas generated by the research problem from the viewpoint of their particular expertise. Each member will make an assessment of the originality of the dissertation, its value, the contribution it makes and the clarity with which concepts are communicated, especially to a person outside the field.

The doctoral student is expected to arrange meetings and maintain periodic contact with each committee member. A meeting of the full committee for the purpose of assessing the student’s progress should occur at least once a year until the completion of the dissertation.

For students entering the PhD program with a MS degree, 18, instead of 36 credit hours, of coursework is required. Other requirements for a PhD remain the same as described above. Normally students should orient their training around their main area of interest/expertise and in relation to their research program. For those enrolled in the MD/PhD degree
program, all 18 course credits for breadth and depth courses must be taken within the Medical School Program.

The core courses designated as depth courses are:

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<th>Course Title</th>
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<tr>
<td>EMAC 401</td>
<td>Polymer Foundation Course I: Organic Chemistry</td>
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<td>EMAC 402</td>
<td>Polymer Foundation Course II: Physical Chemistry</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>EMAC 403</td>
<td>Polymer Foundation Course III: Physics</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EMAC 404</td>
<td>Polymer Foundation Course IV: Engineering</td>
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Students are required to take all four depth courses (12 credits), but on the approval of the instructor, can be excused from one or more of the courses if the relevant course content is not satisfied by a course taken in prior undergraduate or graduate degrees. However, the excused credits must be fulfilled by taking additional breadth courses. NOTE: While EMAC 401 Polymer Foundation Course I: Organic Chemistry and EMAC 402 Polymer Foundation Course II: Physical Chemistry, and EMAC 404 Polymer Foundation Course IV: Engineering are offered at the same time in the Fall and Spring semesters, respectively, students can still sign up for both courses, since one is offered in the first half and the other in the second half of the semester.

Two courses in basic science and/or engineering are required. These courses can be taken in other departments of the School of Engineering, or in the departments of Mathematics, Biology, Biochemistry, Chemistry, or Physics as approved by the advisor.

As part of the course requirements, all students are required to register for EMAC 677 Colloquium in Macromolecular Science and Engineering (the Friday departmental seminars) which will be graded with either “Pass” or “No Pass.”

Students who have taken EMAC 370 Polymer Chemistry and EMAC 376 Polymer Engineering as undergraduates can use these courses to fulfill one or more of the depth requirements in the Department of Macromolecular Science and Engineering for the MS and PhD degree. However, the credits for this course cannot be applied towards the course credit requirements for the graduate degree. Exceptions are possible for the combined BS/MS program.

**Engineering School Requirements**

Depth: The foundation courses are deemed to satisfy the depth requirements (12 credits).

Breadth: Two courses in basic science and/or other departments in the School of Engineering (for a total of six credits). The remaining breadth requirements (18 credits) are satisfied by course modules taken in Macromolecular Science and Engineering.

**Graduate Rules**

Graduates entering the Department of Macromolecular Science and Engineering are subject to the academic rules of the University, the School of Engineering, and of the Department. Consult the Graduate Student Handbook (http://gradstudies.case.edu).

A short abstract of important points include:

1. GPA requirements are described below in the Departmental Rules.
2. A student receiving a “U” in a course is automatically placed on probation and must remove him/herself from probation within one year (usually by repeating the course). If a course is repeated, both original and revised grades will count in the grade point average.
3. Some students are admitted on a probationary basis and must achieve a 3.0 GPA after two semesters to remain in good standing (this is a rule of the Engineering School).
4. Students entering the graduate program for a PhD will need to fill out the “Planned Program of Study” by the end of their second semester.
5. All students are required to serve as teaching assistants. Responsibilities as a TA include serving as an instructor, lab assistant, recitation leader, grader, or tutor in an undergraduate course. After fulfilling the required teaching assistant program, UNIV 400, students will make sure that three teaching courses (400T, 500T, and 600T) are listed on their Planned Program of Study. Completion of this teaching requirement will be monitored by Graduate Studies and is required in order to graduate.

**Engineering School Rules**

Most of these rules are incorporated in the number and type of courses required by the Department. However, Case School of Engineering PhD students are required to 1) maintain full-time status as a PhD bound student; 2) maintain a grade point average of 3.2 or above; and 3) continue making satisfactory academic progress as certified by their advisor.

**Departmental Rules**

1. Students in the PhD program receiving a GPA below 2.50 in any two consecutive semesters will be asked to terminate their graduate study program.
2. The GPA requirement established by the university at various stages of the graduate program shall exclude MS or PhD thesis credits which will be graded “S” or “U” until a final grade is given at the end of the program. Hence a student must maintain a minimum GPA of 2.75 (for an MS) or a 3.0 (for a PhD) in coursework. (As mentioned above, Case School of Engineering PhD students must maintain a GPA of 3.2 or above.)
3. Plan A MS students must give a departmental seminar (as part of the student lecture series).
4. Plan B MS degrees are limited to non-fellowship students.
5. Coursework may be transferred from another university, subject to Graduate Committee approval if:
   - the courses were taken in a graduate program elsewhere;
   - the courses were in excess of the undergraduate degree requirements; or
   - the courses were taken in a graduate program elsewhere;
   - a grade of B or better was achieved in those courses;
   - a petition is made to and approved by the Graduate Committee of the Department
   - the transferred grades will not count in the GPA at CWRU
6. The Department reserves the right to withhold financial support to a student if that student takes an undue amount of time in completing his/her MS or PhD requirements (normally no longer than 3 years for MS and 5 years after initial registration of EMAC 701 Dissertation Ph.D.).
7. A PhD student must pass the written Qualifying Exam within 18 months after enrollment with a MS degree into the PhD program. A PhD student must pass the written Qualifying Exam within 24 months after enrollment with a BS degree into the PhD program. A student only has two chances to pass the Qualifying Exam.
Students will be asked to answer 4 mandatory questions – one from each of the following five areas:

- Polymer Synthesis
- Polymer Physical Chemistry
- Polymer Physics
- Applied Polymer Science
- Seminars (from the previous year)

Two elective questions will be chosen from a number of questions from all elective courses offered in the Department. NOTE: The Qualifying Exam is given twice per year respectively on the first Friday in the beginning and the first Friday after the end of the Spring semester. For PhD students enrolled in a Spring semester, those with MS must pass the Qualifying Exam at the end of his/her second Spring semester, and those with BS must pass it at the beginning of his/her third Spring semester.

8. The Research Qualifying Exam (RQE) is designed to test the student’s knowledge of the chosen field as well as his/her originality and ability to perform high quality, independent research. It consists of a written research proposal and an oral defense. All PhD students who hold an MS degree must pass the RQE within 2 years of enrolling in the PhD program, while students with a BS degree must do so within 2.5 years. Successful passing of the Written Qualifying Exam (not to be confused with the written portion of this RQE) is prerequisite to taking the RQE. Students have two chances to pass the RQE and no student will be allowed to continue on to a PhD degree if he/she has not successfully taken it. A conditional pass with major revision (see below) requires modification to the written or oral portion, at the examination committee discretion, within ten business days and following guidelines by the examination committee. A second exam, if required due to failure of the first exam, must be taken within six months of the first exam with at least one examination committee member remaining the same. Passing the exam constitutes advancement to candidacy and is required for enrolling in EMAC 701 Dissertation Ph.D.

9. At least three (3) weeks prior to the RQE oral defense, the student will submit to the graduate chairperson a research proposal title with a one-paragraph synopsis of the research problem and approach, along with suggestions for two members (i) and (ii), below of the three member examination committee. The examining committee will consist of three faculty members: (i) a member (or intended member) of the student’s Thesis Advisory Committee, (ii) an expert in the research proposal area and (iii) a faculty member selected systematically and in a neutral manner by the Graduate Committee. The student’s primary thesis advisor or co-advisors is/are excluded from the examining committee. Upon establishing the examining committee, the student will arrange with the committee for the date, time, and location of the RQE. The student will then distribute the written research proposal to the examining committee five full business days before the defense. It should be no less than 15 and no more than 20 pages of double-spaced text with 1” margins on all sides. No more than 5 pages can be devoted to the proposal introduction or background. Figures, tables, and schemes should not exceed five pages in total. Literature citations are in addition to this page count. The oral presentation will be chaired by a designated chairperson from the examining committee. It should contain only limited background material, focusing primarily on execution of the proposed research. The oral presentation should last 20-30 minutes, with questions from faculty being for clarification only. Following the presentation, the examining committee will ask questions for the student to answer concerning the proposal. On the basis of the written proposal and oral defense (presentation and question responses) the faculty will then confer and tender a decision of pass, conditional pass with major revision, or fail, immediately. The decision will be communicated to the student and graduate chairperson in writing within one business day.

10. All PhD students are required to fulfill their teaching requirement by registering for the three teaching courses, 400T, 500T, and 600T that will be posted to the departmental roster each semester. Completion of the teaching requirement will be monitored by Graduate Studies, and these three teaching courses must appear both on the Program of Study form and the student’s transcript.

11. It is expected that all students will present the results of their research in a Departmental Seminar. This is mandatory for students enrolled in the PhD program. Attendance and registration for these seminars are mandatory.

12. The department requires the equivalent of six credit hours of departmental assistance. This requirement takes the form of grading, laboratory assistance and/or general departmental duties and is designed to utilize no more than three hours/week of a student’s time. The departmental service requirement must be completed within the first two semesters of study. However, the departmental service requirement form must be turned in at the end of the each semester until the obligation is met.

13. Vacation Policy. Graduate students in the department who receive fellowship support for 12 months are normally entitled to two weeks vacation plus national holidays. Alternative arrangements may be made with the student’s advisor, giving ample advance notice. In certain situations it is possible to take a leave of absence without financial support.

14. Prior to graduation a student is required to clean out his/her laboratory space including a removal of waste solvents and hazardous material.

15. Failure to comply with all of the above course requirements may result in termination or delay graduation.

**Facilities**

The Kent Hale Smith Science and Engineering Building houses the Department of Macromolecular Science. The building was built in 1993, and specifically designed to meet the specific needs of polymer research. The facility consists of five floors, plus a basement. The laboratories for chemical synthesis are located principally on the top floor, the molecular and materials characterization laboratories on the middle floors, and the major engineering equipment on the ground floor, while the NMR, MALDI-TOF, and TA-InstrumentsThermal Characterization instrumentation are located in the basement. Modern, computer-interfaced classrooms are installed on the ground floor. Additional instrumentation available includes Small and Wide-Angle X-ray diffractometers; scanning electron microscopy; a complete range of molecular spectroscopic equipment including FTIR, laser Raman, and high resolution solution and solid-state NMR (including imaging), as well as Raman and FTIR microscopes; and dynamic light scattering spectroscopy. There are also facilities for polymer characterization (molecular weight distribution), optical microscopy, solution and bulk rheology, scanning calorimetry, and for...
testing and evaluating the mechanical properties of materials. A newly built-out processing lab provides the complete suite of Thermo-Fisher batch, single- and twin-screw mixing and extrusion equipment, as well as that manufacturer’s state of the art rheometers. The C. Richard Newpher polymer processing laboratory includes a high temperature Rheometrics RMS-800 dynamic mechanical spectrometer, a Bomem DA-3 FTIR with FT-Raman capabilities, a compression molding machine, a Brabender plastocorder, a high speed Instron testing machine, and a vibrating sample magnetometer. The Charles E. Reed ’34 Laboratory is concerned with the mechanical analysis of polymeric materials. The major testing is done by Instron Universal testing instruments including an Instron model 1123 with numerous accessories such as an environmental chamber for high or low temperature experiments. Additional mechanical testing of fibers, films and injection-molded (Boy model 22-S) are provided by MTS universal testers which are used for both research and undergraduate teaching laboratory classes. The NSF Center for Layered Polymeric Systems (CLiPS) has its central facility within the department, with three cutting-edge multilayer extrusion systems as its centerpiece. CLiPS also operates a Bruckner KARO IV biaxial stretching unit, which allows controlled biaxial stretching of polymer films, and an Atomic Force Microscope which probes the morphological and mechanical properties of materials at the nanoscale. The Molecular Modeling Center provides access to various software packages for the rheological and molecular modeling of polymers.

**Faculty**

David Schiraldi, PhD  
(Understanding of Oregon)  
*Professor and Chair*  
Advanced composites based on aerogels and nanofillers, monomer and polymer synthesis, structure-property relationships, polymer degradation, polymerization catalysis, synthetic fibers, barrier packaging materials.

Rigoberto C. Advincula, PhD  
(Understanding of Florida)  
*Professor and Associate Chair*  
Design and synthesis of nanostructured materials, dendrimers, polymer brushes, thin films, and the use of innovative surface characterization techniques. Applications in electro-optical devices, sensors, biomaterials, and smart coatings.

Eric Baer, DEng  
(Johns Hopkins University)  
*Director, Centered for Layered Polymeric Systems (CLiPS) and Herbert Henry Dow Professor of Science and Engineering*  
Multilayered and ultrathin polymer films and devices. Irreversible microdeformation mechanisms; pressure effects on morphology and mechanical properties; relationships between hierarchical structure and mechanical function; mechanical properties of soft connective tissue; polymer composites and blends; polymerization and crystallization on crystalline surfaces; viscoelastic properties of polymer melts; damage and fracture analysis of polymers and their composites. Structure-property relationships in biological systems.

Liming Dai, PhD  
(Australian National University)  
*Kent Hale Smith Professor*  
Multifunctional nanomaterials; optoelectronic macromolecules; and biomaterials and bioinspiration.

Hatsuo Ishida, PhD  
(Case Western Reserve University)  
*Professor*  
Processing of polymers and composite materials; structural analysis of surfaces and interfaces; molecular spectroscopy of synthetic polymers.

Alexander M. Jamieson, DPhil  
(Oxford University, England)  
*Professor*  
Quasielastic laser light scattering; relaxation and transport of macromolecules in solution and bulk; structure-function relationships of biological macromolecules.

LaShanda T. Korley, PhD  
(Massachusetts Institute of Technology)  
*Assistant Professor*  
Structure-function relationships; toughening mechanisms in segmented copolymers; spatial confinement of self-assembled materials, including biomaterials; hierarchical microstructures.

João Maia, PhD  
(University of Wales Aberystwyth, U.K.)  
*Associate Professor*  
Polymer rheology: extensional rheology and rheometry; micro- and nano-rheology; bio-rheology: food rheology and processing; rheology for macromolecular technology: development and optimization of polymer blends and composites; viscoelasticity of micro- and nano-layered polymer films; on- and in-line monitoring of extrusion-based processes; micro-processing; environmental rheology and processing.

Ica Manas-Zloczower, DSc  
(Israel Institute of Technology)  
*Professor and Associate Dean of Faculty Development*  
Structure and micromechanics of finite particle clusters; interfacial engineering strategies for advanced materials processing; dispersive mixing mechanisms and modeling; design and mixing optimization studies for polymer processing equipment through flow simulations.

John Pokorski, PhD  
(Northwestern University)  
*Assistant Professor*  
Biomaterials for delivery of therapeutic proteins; protein-polymer conjugates; drug-delivery; biopolymer catalysts; self-assembling peptides; affinity-based delivery of therapeutics; layered polymeric delivery systems.

Stuart Rowan, PhD  
(University of Glasgow, UK)  
*Kent Hale Smith Professor*  
Organic chemistry, synthesis, supramolecular chemistry, conducting polymers, interlocked macromolecules (polyrotaxanes and polycatenanes), peptide nucleic acids, supramolecular polymerization, reversible ‘dynamic’ chemistry and combinatorial libraries.

Gary Wnek, PhD  
(University of Massachusetts, Amherst)  
*The Joseph F. Toot, Jr., Professor of Engineering and Faculty Director, The Institute for Management and Engineering (TIME)*  
Polymers with unusual electrical or optical properties; biomaterials for tissue engineering and regenerative medicine; electric field-mediated processing (electrospinning of nano- and micro fibers and morphology modulation in polymer blends); polymer-based microfluidic platforms; polymer product design.
Lei Zhu, PhD  
(University of Akron)  
*Associate Professor*  
Nanoscale structure and morphology of crystalline/liquid crystalline polymers and block copolymers; ferroelectric and dielectric polymers for electric energy storage; polymer/inorganic hybrid nanocomposites; biodegradable polymers for diagnostic and drug delivery

### Emeriti Faculty

**John Blackwell, PhD**  
(University of Leeds, England)  
*Leonard Case Jr. Professor*  
Determination of the solid state structure and morphology of polymers. X-ray analysis of the structure of thermotropic copolymesters, copolyimides, polyurethanes, polysaccharides; supramolecular assemblies, fluoropolymers; molecular modeling of semi-crystalline and liquid crystalline polymers; rheological properties of polysaccharides and glycoproteins

**Jack L. Koenig, PhD**  
(University of Nebraska, Lincoln)  
*The Donnell Institute Professor Emeritus*  
Polymer structure-property relationships using infrared, Raman, NMR spectroscopy and spectroscopic imaging techniques

**Jerome B. Lando, PhD**  
(Polytechnic Institute of Brooklyn)  
*Professor Emeritus*  
Solid state polymerization; X-ray crystallography of polymers; electrical properties of polymers; ultra-thin polymer films

**Morton H. Litt, PhD**  
(Polytechnic Institute of Brooklyn)  
*Professor Emeritus*  
Kinetics and mechanisms of free radical and ionic polymerization; mechanical properties of polymers; fluorocarbon chemistry; synthesis of novel monomers and polymers; polymer electrical properties; cross-linked liquid crystal polymers

### Secondary Faculty

**James M. Anderson, PhD**  
(Oregon State University, M.D.)  
*Professor of Macromolecular Science, Pathology, and Biomedical Engineering*  
Biocompatibility, inflammation, foreign body reaction to medical devices, prostheses, and biomaterials

**Donald Feke, PhD**  
(Princeton University)  
*Professor of Chemical Engineering and Macromolecular Science*  
Fine-particle processing, colloidal phenomena, dispersive mixing, and acoustic separation methods

**Roger French, PhD**  
(Massachusetts Institute of Technology)  
*F. Alex Nason Professor of Materials Science*  
Optical materials and elements, optical properties and electronic structure of materials, and electrodynamic van der Waals-London dispersion interactions

**Erin Lavik, PhD**  
(Massachusetts Institute of Technology)  
*Elmer Lincoln Lindseth Associate Professor in Biomedical Engineering*  
Development of new approaches to understand and treat injuries and to diseases of the spinal cord, optic nerve, and retina

**J. Adin Mann Jr., PhD**  
(Iowa State University)  
*Professor of Chemical Engineering*  
Surface phenomena, interfacial dynamics, light scattering, and stochastic processes of adsorption and molecular rearrangement at interfaces

**Roger Marchant, PhD**  
(Case Western Reserve University)  
*Professor of Biomedical Engineering*  
Biopolymers, polymer surface coatings, and properties and characterization of polymer surfaces on implants and sensors

**John Protasiewicz, PhD**  
(Cornell University)  
*Professor of Chemistry*  
Inorganic, organic, main group, materials, polymer, catalysis, organometallic chemistry, and X-ray crystallography

**Syed Qutubuddin, PhD**  
(Carnegie-Mellon University)  
*Professor of Chemical Engineering*  
Surfactant and interfacial phenomena in nanomaterials including microemulsions, nanoparticles and polymer nanocomposites

**Charles Rosenblatt, PhD**  
(Harvard University)  
*Professor of Physics*  
Experimental condensed matter physics and liquid crystal physics

**Kenneth Singer, PhD**  
(University of Pennsylvania)  
*Professor of Physics*  
Modern optics and condensed matter experiment and nonlinear optics

**Philip Taylor, PhD**  
(Cambridge University, England)  
*Perkins Professor of Physics*  
Phase transitions and equations of state for crystalline polymers; piezoelectricity and pyroelectricity

**Horst von Recum, PhD**  
(University of Utah, Salt Lake City)  
*Assistant Professor of Biomedical Engineering*  
Novel platforms for the delivery of molecules and cells and the use of novel stimuli-responsive polymers for use in gene and drug delivery

### Adjunct Faculty

**Scott E. Rickert, PhD**  
(Case Western Reserve University)  
*Adjunct Professor*  
Conducting polymers; microdevices; polymer electrodes; polymer adsorption
Courses

EMAC 125. Freshman Research on Polymers. 1 Unit.
Freshman research in polymer chemistry, engineering, and physics. Students will be placed in active research groups and will participate in real research projects under the supervision of graduate students and faculty mentors.

EMAC 270. Introduction to Polymer Science and Engineering. 3 Units.

EMAC 276. Polymer Properties and Design. 3 Units.
The course reviews chemical and physical structures of a wide range of applications for synthetic and natural polymers, and addresses "Which polymer do we choose for a specific application and why?" We examine the polymer properties, the way that these depend on the chemical and physical structures, and reviews how they are processed. We aim to understand the advantages and disadvantages of the different chemical options and why the actual polymers that are used commercially are the best available in terms of properties, processibility and cost. The requirements include two written assignments and one oral presentation. Recommended preparation: ENGR 145. Counts as SAGES Departmental Seminar.

EMAC 303. Structure of Biological Materials. 3 Units.
Structure of proteins, nucleic acids, connective tissue and bone, from molecular to microscopic levels. An introduction to bioengineering biological materials and biomimetic materials, and an understanding of how different instruments may be used for imaging, identification and characterization of biological materials. Offered as: EBME 303 and EMAC 303. Recommended preparation: EBME 201, EMBE 202, and EMAC 270.

EMAC 325. Undergraduate Research in Polymer Science. 1 - 3 Unit.
Undergraduate laboratory research in polymer chemistry/physics/engineering. Students will undertake an independent research project, working under the mentoring of both a graduate student and a faculty member. A mid-term written progress report is required. A written report and oral presentation will be made at the end of the semester. Can be taken for 1-3 credits per semester, up to a total of 6 credit hours. Students are expected to spend approximately 5 hours/week in the laboratory per credit registered each semester. Recommended preparation: Sophomore/Junior standing and consent of instructor.

EMAC 351. Physical Chemistry for Engineering. 3 Units.
Principles of physical chemistry and their application to systems involving physical and chemical transformations. The nature of physical chemistry, properties of gases, overview of the laws of thermodynamics, thermochemistry, solutions, phases and chemical equilibrium, kinetics of chemical reaction, solutions of electrolytes and introduction to quantum mechanics, atomic structure and molecular statistics. Recommended preparation: ENGR 225, PHYS 122.

EMAC 352. Polymer Physics and Engineering. 3 Units.
Single chain statistics and thermodynamics of dilute polymer solutions (single chain statistics, Flory-Krigbaum theory, vapor pressure and osmotic pressure, light, small angle X-Ray, and small-angle neutron scattering), solid state properties of polymers (polymer viscoelasticity (time-temperature superposition; rubber thermodynamics and statistics), glasses and related mechanical properties (fracture mechanism), crystals and liquid crystals; structure property relationship, polymer blends, block copolymers and composites, transport phenomena (conversation of mass, momentum and energy, differential forms, integral forms, momentum transport, laminar and turbulent flow, Navier-Stokes equation, mass transport, diffusion, Fick's law) and transport phenomena of polymer solutions (intrinsic viscosity, sedimentation and diffusion, dynamic light scattering, polyelectrolytes and block copolymers in solution, size exclusion chromatography). Prereq: EMAC 351

EMAC 355. Polymer Analysis Laboratory. 3 Units.
Experimental techniques in polymer synthesis and characterization. Synthesis by a variety of polymerization mechanisms. Quantitative investigation of polymer structure by spectroscopy, diffraction and microscopy. Molecular weight determination. Physical properties. Recommended preparation: EMAC 270 or MATH 224 or MATH 234.

EMAC 370. Polymer Chemistry. 3 Units.
The fundamentals of organic chemistry of polymer synthesis, suitable for laboratory and industrial polymer production. Prereq: EMAC 270.

EMAC 372. Polymer Processing and Testing Laboratory. 3 Units.
Basic techniques for the rheological characterization of thermoplastic and thermostet resins; "hands-on" experience with the equipment used in polymer processing methods such as extrusion, injection molding, compression molding; techniques for mechanical characterization and basic principles of statistical quality control. Recommended preparation: EMAC 377.

EMAC 375. Fundamentals of Non-Newtonian Fluid Mechanics and Polymer Rheology. 3 Units.
This course will involve the study of Rheology from the perspectives of rheological property measurement, phenomenological and molecular models, and applicability to polymer processing. In particular, students will be introduced to: 1) General concepts of Rheology and Newtonian Fluid Mechanics, 2) Standard flows and material functions; 3) The role of Rheology as a structural characterization tool, with an emphasis on polymeric systems; 4) Experimental methods in Rheology with quantitative descriptions of associated flows and data analyses; 5) Viscoelasticity and Non-Newtonian Fluid Mechanics, including the application of models, both phenomenological and molecular, to the prediction of rheological behavior and extraction of model parameters from real data sets; and 6) The relevance of rheological behavior of different systems to practical processing schemes, particularly with respect to plastics manufacturing. Offered as EMAC 375 and EMAC 475. Prereq: ENGR 225 or EMAC 404.
EMAC 376. Polymer Engineering. 3 Units.
Mechanical properties of polymer materials as related to polymer structure and composition. Visco-elastic behavior, yielding and fracture behavior including irreversible deformation processes. Recommended preparation: EMAC 276 and ENGR 200. Offered as EMAC 376 and EMAC 476.

EMAC 377. Polymer Processing. 3 Units.
Application of the principles of fluid mechanics, heat transfer and mass transfer to problems in polymer processing; elementary steps in polymer processing (handling of particulate solids, melting, pressurization and pumping, mixing); principles and procedures for extrusion, injection molding, reaction injection molding, secondary shaping. Recommended preparation: ENGR 225.

EMAC 378. Polymer Engineer Design Product. 3 Units.
Uses material taught in previous and concurrent courses in an integrated fashion to solve polymer product design problems. Practicality, external requirements, economics, thermal/mechanical properties, processing and fabrication issues, decision making with uncertainty, and proposal and report preparation are all stressed. Several small exercises and one comprehensive process design project will be carried out by class members. Offered as EMAC 378 and EMAC 478. Counts as SAGES Senior Capstone.

EMAC 396. Special Topics. 1 - 18 Unit.
(Credit as arranged.)

EMAC 398. Polymer Science and Engineering Project I. 1 - 3 Unit.
(Senior project). Research under the guidance of faculty. Requirements include periodic reporting of progress, plus a final oral presentation and written report. Repeatable up to 3 credit hours. When taken for 3 credits it may be spread over two successive semesters. Recommended preparation: Senior standing. Counts as SAGES Senior Capstone.

EMAC 399. Polymer Science and Engineering Project II. 1 - 9 Unit.
(Senior project.) Research under the guidance of staff, culminating in thesis. Recommended preparation: Majors only and senior standing.

EMAC 400T. Graduate Teaching I. 0 Units.
This course will engage the Ph.D. students in teaching experiences that will include non-contact (such as preparation and grading of homeworks and tests) and direct contact (leading recitations and monitoring laboratory works, lectures and office hours) activities. The teaching experience will be conducted under the supervision of the faculty. All Ph.D. students will be expected to perform direct contact teaching during the course sequence. The proposed teaching experiences for EMAC Ph.D. students are outlined below in association with undergraduate classes. The individual assignments will depend on the specialization of the students. The activities include grading, recitation, lab supervision and guest lecturing. Recommended preparation: Ph.D. student in Macromolecular Science.

EMAC 401. Polymer Foundation Course I: Organic Chemistry. 3 Units.
The course is an introduction to the synthesis and organic chemistry of macromolecules. The course introduces the most important polymerization reactions, focusing on their reaction mechanisms and kinetic aspects. Topics include free radical and ionic chain polymerization, condensation (step-growth) polymerization, ring-opening, insertion and controlled addition polymerization. There is no limit on the number of students for the class as a whole.

EMAC 402. Polymer Foundation Course II: Physical Chemistry. 3 Units.
This course is an introduction to the physical chemistry of polymers in solution. Topics include: polymer statistics; microstructure, chain configuration, and chain dimensions), thermodynamics and transport properties of polymers in solution, methods for molecular weight determination, physical chemistry of water-soluble polymers, and characterization of polymer microstructure (IR and NMR). There is no limit on the number of students for the class as a whole.

EMAC 403. Polymer Foundation Course III: Physics. 3 Units.
This course is an introduction to the physics of polymers in the bulk amorphous and crystalline states. Topics include: structural and morphological analysis using X-ray diffraction, electron microscopy and atomic force microscopy, characterization of thermal transitions, viscoelastic behavior and rubber elasticity, and dynamic mechanical analysis. There is no limit on the number of students for the class as a whole.

EMAC 404. Polymer Foundation Course IV: Engineering. 3 Units.
This course is an introduction to the engineering and technology of polymeric materials. Topics include: additives, blends and composites, natural polymers and fibers, thermoplastics, elastomers, and thermosets, polymer degradation and stability, polymers in the environment, polymer rheology and polymer processing, and polymers for advanced technologies (membrane science, biomedical engineering, applications in electronics, photonic polymers). There is no limit on the number of students for the class as a whole.

EMAC 405. Polymer Characterization Laboratory. 3 Units.
Laboratory experience through synthesis and characterization of polymers. Synthesis via addition and condensation polymerization. Characterization methods include size exclusion chromatography, infrared and NMR spectroscopy. Solid samples are characterized by x-ray diffraction, electron microscopy, thermal analysis, and physical properties. Fluid samples are characterized by melt rheology. Prereq: EMAC 401, EMAC 402, EMAC 403 and EMAC 404.

EMAC 410. Polymers Plus Self - Assembly and Nanomaterials. 2 Units.
The course focuses on the concepts of supramolecular chemistry and self-assembly specifically as it applies to nano-polymeric systems. After dealing with many of the fundamental aspects of supramolecular chemistry the focus of the class deals with how to access/utilize nano-scale features using such processes, namely the ‘bottom-up’ approach to nanomaterials/systems. Areas which will be addressed include block copolymers, DNA assemblies, nanotubes and dendrimers. Prereq: EMAC 401 or EMAC 370.

EMAC 412. Polymers Plus Inorganic/Coordination Chemistry. 2 Units.
The course focuses on the concepts of inorganic and coordination chemistry specifically as they apply to polymeric systems. The fundamental aspects of coordination chemistry, including coordinative saturation, kinetics and mechanism will be presented and used as a vehicle to describe coordination polymerizations and supramolecular coordination phenomena. The chemistry and physics of nanoscale inorganic modification of polymers by clays, silsesquioxanes, metal oxides and metal particles will also be discussed. Prereq: EMAC 401 or EMAC 370.
EMAC 413. Polymers Plus Green Chemistry and Engineering. 2 Units.
This course focuses on green chemistry and engineering, particularly as it relates to polymers. Specific topics to be covered in this course will include green chemistry, catalysis, alternative solvents, green processing, renewable materials, and life cycle analysis. Case studies will be utilized to connect lecture topics to real-world examples. Prereq: EMAC 401 and EMAC 404.

EMAC 414. Polymers Plus Advanced Composite and Nanocomposite Materials and Interfaces. 2 Units.
“Advanced Composite and Nanocomposite Materials and Interfaces” will aim at providing advanced concept in composite material structures, importance of interface on the property development, rheological background to be able to manufacture optimized materials, and appropriate processing techniques to choose for a specific product to be manufactured. Specifically, this course will discuss the following items: 1. Basic concept of heterogeneous materials including advantages and problems associated with making multiphase materials. 2. It will review broadly the materials used to make composites and nanocomposites. 3. Unique properties of composites/nanocomposites in rheological, mechanical, and physical properties will be discussed. 4. Various composite processing techniques will be discussed in detail. 5. Surface treatment of the reinforcing materials and interface/interphase structures of composites/nanocomposites will be discussed.

EMAC 415. Polymers Plus Structure and Morphology. 2 Units.
This special topic focuses on polymer structure and morphology and their applications. Topics include solid-state physics of various polymeric materials, ranging from crystalline polymers to liquid crystalline polymers, and block copolymers. First, symmetry operation, space groups, reciprocal spaces are introduced. Examples of the crystalline structures of industrially important polymers and typical polymer crystalline morphology such as lamellar and spherulitic crystals are discussed. Defects in crystalline polymer is also an important issue that determines their physical properties. Second, typical phase structure and transitions of liquid crystals and liquid crystalline polymers are introduced, including both thermotropic and lyotropic liquid crystals. Finally, nanostructure and morphology of block copolymers are discussed. Prereq: EMAC 402 and EMAC 403.

EMAC 416. Polymers Plus Applied Rheology and Processing. 2 Units.
This course focuses on the applications of Rheology to Polymer Engineering in general and processing technologies in particular. It starts with a general review of rheological concepts, including viscoelasticity and continues with the influence of shear rate, temperature, and pressure on the rheological properties. Next, the role of Rheology in support of polymer processing, including effects and defects of rheological origin will be analyzed; here the focus will be on the most common processing techniques - extrusion, injection molding, blow-molding, and thermoforming. Finally, there will be a brief introduction of the role of Rheology in the structural characterization of polymeric materials. Prereq: EMAC 376 or graduate standing.

EMAC 417. Functional Polymers. 2 Units.
Polymers have traditionally been used for the so-called passive applications in many areas, ranging from engineering materials to electronics devices. Various functional polymers have now been synthesized with unusual electronic, optical, and mechanical properties. These properties allow polymers to be used as active components for various applications, where they play an active role in regulating the property of materials and performance of devices. Examples include, but not limited to, polymer sensors, polymer actuators, polymer light-emitting diodes, and polymer photovoltaic cells. The objective of this proposed course is to provide polymer engineering and polymer science students with the recent development in functional polymers and their device-related applications. Course Outline: 1. The Concept of Functional Polymers (0.5 week) 2. Electronically Active polymers (1 weeks) - Synthesis, Structure, Conduction Mechanism, and Property 3. Optically Active Polymers (1.5 weeks) - Light-Emitting Polymers, Photoactive Polymers, Non-Linear Optical Polymers 4. Stimuli-Responsive Polymers (2 weeks): Solvent/Temperature/pH Responsive Polymers, Field Responsive Polymers 5. Functional Polymers for Device Applications (2 weeks): Polymer Sensors and Actuators, Plastic Electronics, Polymer Light-Emitting Diodes and Photovoltaic Cells, Polymeric Biomedical Devices

EMAC 421. Polymer Plus Hierarchical Structures and Properties. 2 Units.
Discuss the hierarchical solid state structure of synthetic and naturally occurring polymeric systems and relate these structures to their properties. Particular emphasis will be on natural systems containing collagen(s) and carbohydrate(s), and on synthetic crystalline, liquid crystalline, and reinforced composite polymeric materials. In order to prepare students for application of these concepts we will determine how mechanical, transport and optical (photonic) behavior can be controlled by structure manipulation. Prereq: EMAC 403 and EMAC 404 or EMAC 474 or EMAC 476.

EMAC 422. Polymers Plus Microscopy. 2 Units.
This course focuses on application of microscopy techniques to the analysis of the microstructure of polymeric materials. Specifically, atomic force microscopy, transmission and scanning electron microscopy, and optical microscopy will be discussed. Practical aspects of these techniques will be applied to a variety of systems, including block copolymers, nanocomposites, LC polymers, and multi-layered films. Prereq: EMAC 403 or EMAC 474.

EMAC 423. Polymers Plus Adhesives, Sealants and Coatings. 2 Units.
EMAC 425. Polymer Plus Energy. 2 Units.
Energy research has become the focus of the twenty-first century. This course is a special topic on polymers in the energy field and related applications. We primarily focus on polymers for solar cells, fuel cells, batteries, double layer electrochemical capacitors, dielectric capacitors, and wind energy. For solar cells, we will introduce conducting polymers and basic types of polymer solar cells. For fuel cells, we will introduce both proton- and hydroxide-exchange fuel cells. Fundamental issues of ion transport, water management, and fuel cell longevity will be introduced. For supercapacitors, we will introduce porous carbon structures and charge storage mechanism. For dielectric capacitors, we will introduce fundamental concepts in electrostatics, different types of polarization, and loss mechanism. For wind energy, we will introduce polymer composites for wind blades and polymer coatings. This course will combine lectures and contemporary literature reviews/essays.

EMAC 426. Biopolymers: Structure, Synthesis, and Application in Medicine. 2 Units.
An introduction to biomacromolecules including DNA, RNA, and proteins. The course will deal with the synthesis and manipulation of biological and synthetic macromolecules as it applies to topics in modern medicine. Topics covered will include nanoparticle gene and drug delivery systems, polymer hydrogels, polymer imaging agents, and protein-polymer conjugates. The purpose of this course is to provide a survey of important areas in medicine where a polymer chemist/engineer can intervene to make a meaningful contribution. Prereq: CHEM 323 and CHEM 324.

EMAC 427. Polymers Plus a Sustainable Economy. 2 Units.
This course is an interdisciplinary seminar-based course surveying the diverse roles played by polymers in a sustainable economy. Specific topics for discussion include: (i) Renewable Energy and the Sustainable Economy; (ii) Renewable Polymers and the Sustainable Economy; (iii) Challenges for Biotechnology in the Sustainable Economy; (iv) Lifetime Analysis of Polymers; Green Policy in the Sustainable Economy; (v) Sustainable Product Innovation in Northeast Ohio; (vi) Advanced Manufacturing for a Sustainable Economy in Northeast Ohio; (vii) Eco-conscious business models in the polymer industry (viii) Bioethics in Biotechnology; (ix) Alternative Solvents and Processing; and (x) Polymers for Energy Storage and Delivery. Prereq: EMAC 401 and EMAC 404.

EMAC 450. The Business of Polymers. 2 Units.
This course will link polymer technology to business and management issues that need to be considered for successful technology commercialization. Topics include project management, finance, opportunity assessment, the voice of the customer, and protection of intellectual property. Case studies from both large and small companies will be used to illustrate key concepts. Recommended preparation: EMAC 270, EMAC 276.

EMAC 451. Polymer Product Design. 2 Units.
This course introduces the fundamentals of successful product design and development with specific attention to products based on polymeric materials. Topics covered include the voice of the customer, idea generation and screening, concept selection, prototyping, manufacturing, marketing, and launch. The importance of good design beyond simple form and function will be stressed. Each student will complete a product design portfolio that considers all of these issues. Recommended preparation: EMAC 270, EMAC 276, EMAC 450.

EMAC 461. Chemistry of Fire Safe Polymers and Composites. 3 Units.
Chemistry of Fire Safe Polymers and Composites starts with the introduction of characterization techniques used for fire safe materials and combustion phenomena research. General discussion on how reduced flammability of polymers and composites are obtained, for example by additives and preparing intrinsically thermally stable chemical structure and some examples of smart approaches, will be discussed. It also discusses the synthetic methods of preparing high temperature stable polymers in addition to the raw materials used to prepare those materials. Special emphasis will be placed on the thermal stability data obtained by thermogravimetric analysis (TGA) and combustion calorimetry for those fire safe materials. Mechanistic aspects of the flammability of polymers will be explained with special emphasis on the molar contribution of chemical functionality to the heat release capacity. Theoretical derivation of thermokinetic parameters will be explained. In addition, a common sense build-up will be attempted by providing actual numbers associated with those thermokinetic parameters. Upon completion of background formation, a more advanced materials, composites and nanocomposites, will be discussed using the results recently reported. Preliminary attempts to explain flame retardation by nanocomposite structures will also be discussed. Offered as EMAC 461 and EMAE 461.

EMAC 471. Polymers in Medicine. 3 Units.
This course covers the important fundamentals and applications of polymers in medicine, and consists of three major components: (i) the blood and soft-tissue reactions to polymer implants; (ii) the structure, characterization and modification of biomedical polymers; and (iii) the application of polymers in a broad range of cardiovascular and extravascular devices. The chemical and physical characteristics of biomedical polymers and the properties required to meet the needs of the intended biological function will be presented. Clinical evaluation, including recent advances and current problems associated with different polymer implants. Recommended preparation: EBME 306 or equivalent. Offered as EBME 406 and EMAC 471.

EMAC 475. Fundamentals of Non-Newtonian Fluid Mechanics and Polymer Rheology. 3 Units.
This course will involve the study of Rheology from the perspectives of rheological property measurement, phenomenological and molecular models, and applicability to polymer processing. In particular, students will be introduced to: 1) General concepts of Rheology and Newtonian Fluid Mechanics; 2) Standard flows and material functions; 3) The role of Rheology as a structural characterization tool, with an emphasis on polymeric systems; 4) Experimental methods in Rheology with quantitative descriptions of associated flows and data analyses; 5) Viscoelasticity and Non-Newtonian Fluid Mechanics, including the application of models, both phenomenological and molecular, to the prediction of rheological behavior and extraction of model parameters from real data sets; and 6) The relevance of rheological behavior of different systems to practical processing schemes, particularly with respect to plastics manufacturing. Offered as EMAC 375 and EMAC 475. Prereq: ENGR 225 or EMAC 404.

EMAC 477. Elementary Steps in Polymer Processing. 3 Units.
This course is an application of principles of fluid mechanics and heat transfer to problems in polymer processing. In the first part of the course, basic principles of transport phenomena will be reviewed. In the second part, the elementary steps in polymer processing will be described and analyzed with application to a single screw extruder.
EMAC 478. Polymer Engineer Design Product. 3 Units.
Uses material taught in previous and concurrent courses in an integrated fashion to solve polymer product design problems. Practicability, external requirements, economics, thermal/mechanical properties, processing and fabrication issues, decision making with uncertainty, and proposal and report preparation are all stressed. Several small exercises and one comprehensive process design project will be carried out by class members. Offered as EMAC 378 and EMAC 478. Counts as SAGES Senior Capstone.

EMAC 480. Writing an NSF-Style Scientific Proposal. 2 Units.
The aim of this course is to learn how to develop a National Science Foundation (NSF) grant proposal. The class will include all aspects of building an NSF proposal from the intellectual Merit of the scientific content to its Broader impacts. It will also focus on how to put together the other aspects required for an NSF proposal, such as budget, facilities, NSF-style bio, etc. The class will involve some lectures on the basics of putting the proposal together (best practices, etc.) followed by writing the NSF proposal using the NSF’s current Grant Proposal Guide (GPG). The class will meet once a week to discuss the progress of each of the student’s proposals. The students will be expected to come up with their own polymer-related scientific idea for the grant proposal (which has to be approved by the Macromolecular Sci & Eng Graduate Committee before the end of the second week of class). Toward the end of the class all proposals will be evaluated by the students (each student will be assigned as a primary reviewer for some of the proposals, a secondary reviewer and a scribe for others). The class will then hold a NSF-style proposal panel review. Each proposal will be awarded an NSF evaluation grade (Excellent, Very Good, Good, Fair, Poor) and a final review report for each proposal will be drafted by the students. The final grade for this class depends on the quality of the proposal as well as the students’ participation in the NSF-style panel review process.

EMAC 490. Polymers Plus Professional Development. 1 Unit.
This course focuses on graduate student professional development. The course involves weekly meetings and oral presentations with attention on the content and style of the presentation materials (PowerPoint, posters, etc.), oral presentation style and project management skills. This course can be taken for the total of 3 credits over three different semesters.

EMAC 491. Polymers Plus Literature Review. 1 Unit.
This course involves weekly presentations of the current polymer literature. It involves at least one presentation by the enrolled student and participation in all literature reviews (at least 10/semester). The course will focus on presentation skills (both oral and written), scientific interpretation, and development of peer-review skills. This course can be taken for a total of 3 credits over three different semesters.

EMAC 492. Carbon Nanoscience and Nanotechnology. 3 Units.
This course presents the fundamental aspects of nanoscience and nanotechnology with an emphasis on carbon nanomaterials and nanodevices. This proposed course intends to provide students with the fundamental aspects of nanoscience and nanotechnology. Nanotechnology draws on the strengths of all the basic sciences and is the engineering at the molecular level, which has the potential to lead to novel scientific discoveries as well as new industrial technologies. This course will give students insight into a new, exciting and rapidly developing field. The course has a good balance between basic knowledge and depth with a focus on some key application areas, which will enable students to work in a variety of scientific professions.

EMAC 490T. Graduate Teaching II. 0 Units.
This course will engage the Ph.D. students in teaching experiences that will include non-contact (such as preparation and grading of homework and tests) and direct contact (leading recitations and monitoring laboratory works, lectures and office hours) activities. The teaching experience will be conducted under the supervision of the faculty. All Ph.D. students will be expected to perform direct contact teaching during the course sequence. The proposed teaching experiences for EMAC Ph.D. students are outlined below in association with graduate classes. The individual assignments will depend on the specialization of the students. The activities include grading, recitation, lab supervision and guest lecturing. Recommended preparation: Ph.D. student in Macromolecular Science.

EMAC 600T. Graduate Teaching III. 0 Units.
This course will engage the Ph.D. students in teaching experiences that will include non-contact and direct contact activities. The teaching experience will be conducted under the supervision of the faculty. The proposed teaching experiences for EMAC Ph.D. student in this course involve instruction in the operation of major instrumentation and equipment used in the daily research activities. The individual assignments will depend on the specialization of the students. Recommended preparation: Ph.D. student in Macromolecular Science.

EMAC 601. Independent Study. 1 - 18 Unit.
(Credit as arranged.)

EMAC 651. Thesis M.S.. 1 - 18 Unit.
(Credit as arranged.)

EMAC 673. Selected Topics in Polymer Engineering. 2 - 3 Units.
Timely issues in polymer engineering are presented at the advanced graduate level. Content varies, but may include: mechanisms of irreversible deformation: failure, fatigue and fracture of polymers and their composites; processing structure-property relationships; and hierarchical design of polymeric systems. Recommended preparation: EMAC 376 or EMAC 476.

EMAC 677. Colloquium in Macromolecular Science and Engineering. 0 - 1 Units.
Lectures by invited speakers on subjects of current interest in polymer science and engineering. This course can be taken for 3 credits over three different semesters.

EMAC 690. Special Topics in Macromolecular Science. 1 - 18 Unit.
(Credit as arranged.) Prereq: Predoctoral research consent or advanced to Ph.D. candidacy milestone.

EMAC C200. Co-op Seminar II for Macromolecular Science and Engineering. 2 Units.
Professional development activities for students returning from cooperative education assignments. Recommended preparation: COOP 002 and EMAC C100.

**Department of Materials Science and Engineering**

Materials science and engineering is a discipline that extends from the basic science of materials structure and properties to the design and evaluation of materials in engineering systems. Most engineers—mechanical, civil, chemical, and electrical—work with materials on the job, and many become well acquainted with the properties of the materials they use most often. The role of a materials engineer is to understand why materials behave as they do under various conditions;
to recognize the limits of performance that particular materials can attain; and to know what can be done during the manufacture of materials to meet the demands of a given application.

The Department of Materials Science and Engineering of the Case School of Engineering offers programs leading to the Bachelor of Science in Engineering, Master of Science, and Doctor of Philosophy degrees. The department conducts academic and research activities with metals, ceramics, polymers, composites, and electronic materials. Increasingly, the demands for new materials, and for improved materials in existing applications, transcend the traditional categories. The technological challenges that materials engineers face will continue to demand a breadth of knowledge across the spectrum of engineering materials.

While an engineering discipline, the field brings basic science tools to bear on the technological challenges related to materials products and their manufacture. Materials science draws on chemistry in its concern for bonding, synthesis, and composition of engineering materials and their chemical interactions with the environment. Physics provides a basis for understanding the mechanical, thermal, optical, magnetic and electrical properties of materials, as well as the tools needed to ascertain the structure and properties of materials. Mathematical simulations of materials manufacturing processes, computational modeling of fundamental materials science phenomena, and computer programs for materials design and microstructural analysis are examples of the growing importance of mathematics in materials science and engineering.

**Undergraduate Programs**

The curriculum leading to the degree of Bachelor of Science in Engineering, Major in Materials Science and Engineering, consists of the “Engineering Core”—basic courses in mathematics, physics, chemistry, and engineering, with electives in social sciences and humanities—plus materials courses, which also allow students to choose one of several areas of concentration within the major. A total of 129 credit hours is required. Please see the table for the recommended semester-by-semester listing of courses.

The Bachelor of Science degree program in Materials Science and Engineering is accredited by the Engineering Accreditation Commission of ABET, www.abet.org (http://www.abet.org).

Throughout the undergraduate curriculum in materials science and engineering, scientific fundamentals are integrated with coverage of current manufacturing, design, and applications of engineering materials.

The goal of the Department of Materials Science and Engineering is to prepare students for rewarding careers that provide creative, effective solutions to societal needs, through coursework and associated activities that emphasize:

- The interrelationships among the processing, structure, properties, and performance of engineering materials
- The mutual reinforcement of education and professional development throughout one’s career.

The undergraduate experience in Materials Science and Engineering at Case Western Reserve is marked by a high degree of hands-on experience and many opportunities for professional development before graduation. Lab courses, senior projects, and plant tours ensure that every student sees the field first-hand in current research and industrial settings.

**Program Educational Objectives**

1. Graduates will successfully enter and complete graduate and professional degree programs.
2. Graduates will assume leadership positions in materials science related industries.
3. Graduates will be effectively involved in solving technical problems.
4. Graduates will take an active part in professional organizations.

**Student Outcomes**

As preparation for achieving the above educational objectives, the BS degree program in Materials Science and Engineering is designed so that students attain:

- an ability to apply knowledge of mathematics, science, and engineering
- an ability to design and conduct experiments, as well as to analyze and interpret data
- an ability to design a system, component, or process to meet desired needs within realistic constraints such as economic, environmental, social, political, ethical, health and safety, manufacturability, and sustainability
- an ability to function on multi-disciplinary teams
- an ability to identify, formulate, and solve engineering problems
- an understanding of professional and ethical responsibility
- an ability to communicate effectively
- the broad education necessary to understand the impact of engineering solutions in a global, economic, environmental, and societal context
- a recognition of the need for, and an ability to engage in life-long learning
- a knowledge of contemporary issues
- an ability to use the techniques, skills, and modern engineering tools necessary for engineering practice.

**Program Outcomes**

- Graduates will understand the interrelationships among processing, structure, and properties of a wide range of engineering materials, and how these factors together control the materials performance.
- Graduates will be able to carry out laboratory experiments, analyze data, and interpret the significance of their results, especially with respect to the processing of engineering materials and characterization of their engineering properties.
- Graduates will be proficient in the oral, written, and electronic communication of their ideas.
- Graduates will be proficient in the use of computer technology and computer-based information systems.
- Graduates will be able to function effectively in groups of peers and independently.
- Graduates will be informed of the impact of engineering on society and of the professional, ethical, safety, and environmental responsibilities that that entails.
- Graduates will regard professional development and education as processes that should continue hand-in-hand throughout their academic and professional careers.
Bachelor of Science in Engineering  
Major in Materials Science and Engineering

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EMSE 110</td>
<td>Transitioning Ideas to Reality I - Materials in Service of Industry and Society</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EMSE 120</td>
<td>Transitioning Ideas to Reality II - Manufacturing Laboratory</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EMSE 220</td>
<td>Materials Laboratory I</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EMSE 228</td>
<td>Mathematical Methods for Materials Science and Engineering</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EMSE 276</td>
<td>Materials Properties and Design</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EMSE 319</td>
<td>Processing and Manufacturing of Materials</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EMSE 320</td>
<td>Materials Laboratory II</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EMSE 327</td>
<td>Thermodynamic Stability and Rate Processes</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EMSE 328</td>
<td>Meso-scale Science Including Nanotechnology</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EMSE 330</td>
<td>Materials Laboratory III</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EMSE 343</td>
<td>Materials for Electronics and Photonics</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EMSE 345</td>
<td>Materials for Biological and Medical Technology</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EMSE 349</td>
<td>Materials for Energy and Sustainability</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EMSE 372</td>
<td>Structural Materials by Design</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EMSE 379</td>
<td>Design for Lifetime Performance</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EMSE 398</td>
<td>Senior Project in Materials I</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EMSE 399</td>
<td>Senior Project in Materials II</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Related Required Courses</td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EMAC 276</td>
<td>Polymer Properties and Design</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EMAC 376</td>
<td>Polymer Engineering</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Units</td>
<td></td>
<td>48</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Concentrations

The undergraduate program includes courses that expose students to greater depth in areas related to materials science and engineering. These concentration sequences are of two types:

- Students may select an area of concentration that is based on an application or subfield of engineering materials. Each concentration will be a coherent set of courses that, in conjunction with one or more of the courses already required for all EMSE majors plus a specified mathematics/natural science/statistics course, will provide significant depth in an area of materials specialization.

- Students also have the option of designing a concentration — Advanced Materials Science and Engineering — in consultation with their advisors and subject to approval by the department’s Undergraduate Studies Committee.

The proposed concentrations are below. All concentrations equal 12 credit hours (four courses).

### Biomaterials

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EBME 201</td>
<td>Physiology-Biophysics I</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EBME 202</td>
<td>Physiology-Biophysics II</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Plus two of the following:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EBME/EMAC 303</td>
<td>Structure of Biological Materials</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EBME 305</td>
<td>Materials for Prosthetics and Orthotics</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EBME 306</td>
<td>Introduction to Biomedical Materials</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EBME 315</td>
<td>Applied Tissue Engineering</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Electronic Materials

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PHYS 221</td>
<td>Introduction to Modern Physics</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Plus three of the following (from either or both categories):

- Emphasis on solid state physics:
  - PHYS 315 Introduction to Solid State Physics
  - PHYS 326 Physical Optics
  - PHYS 327 Laser Physics
  - PHYS 331 Introduction to Quantum Mechanics I

- Emphasis on electronic device technology:
  - CHEM 340 Solar Energy Conversion
  - ECHE 383 Chemical Engineering Applied to Microfabrication and Devices
  - EECS 309 Electromagnetic Fields I
  - EECS 321 Semiconductor Electronic Devices
  - EECS 322 Integrated Circuits and Electronic Devices
  - EMSE 405 Dielectric and Electrical Properties of Materials
  - EMSE 406 Optical Materials, Elements and Technologies
  - EMSE 426 Semiconductor Thin Film Science and Technology
  - EMSE 427 Dislocations in Solids

### Polymers

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CHEM 223</td>
<td>Introductory Organic Chemistry I</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

or

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CHEM 323</td>
<td>Organic Chemistry I</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Plus three of the following:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EMAC 270</td>
<td>Introduction to Polymer Science and Engineering</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EMAC 351</td>
<td>Physical Chemistry for Engineering</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EMAC 355</td>
<td>Polymer Analysis Laboratory</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EMAC 372</td>
<td>Polymer Processing and Testing Laboratory</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EMAC 375</td>
<td>Fundamentals of Non-Newtonian Fluid Mechanics and Polymer Rheology</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EMAC 377</td>
<td>Polymer Processing</td>
<td></td>
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</tbody>
</table>

Completion of this concentration (including EMAC 276 and EMAC 376, as required for the major in Materials Science and Engineering) satisfies the requirements for a minor in Polymer Science and Engineering.

### Structural Materials and Mechanical Behavior

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>STAT 312</td>
<td>Basic Statistics for Engineering and Science</td>
<td>3</td>
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Plus three of the following:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ECIV 211</td>
<td>Civil Engineering Materials</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>ECIV 310</td>
<td>Strength of Materials</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EMAE 370</td>
<td>Design of Mechanical Elements</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>EMAE 378</td>
<td>Mechanics of Machinery</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EMSE 417</td>
<td>Properties of Materials in Extreme Environments</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Advanced Materials Science and Engineering

Students may satisfy the concentration requirement by taking nine credits of EMSE courses (beyond those specifically required in the curriculum) at the 300 level or above, plus a course to satisfy the Mathematics/Natural Sciences/Statistics requirement in the Engineering Core. The courses are to be selected in consultation with the student’s advisor and will be subject to approval by the department’s Undergraduate Studies Committee. This option is suitable for students who wish to pursue graduate studies in materials science and engineering and is compatible with the BS/MS program in the Case School of Engineering. This option is also appropriate for students who desire further study in a branch of materials science and engineering that is not represented by the four specializations listed above.

Bachelor of Science in Engineering

Suggested Program of Study: Major in Materials Science and Engineering

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>First Year</th>
<th>Units</th>
<th>Fall</th>
<th>Spring</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SAGES First year Seminar</td>
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<tr>
<td>PHED 1xx Physical Education Activities</td>
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<tr>
<td>Transitioning Ideas to Reality I - Materials in Service of Industry and Society (EMSE 110)</td>
<td>1</td>
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<tr>
<td>Calculus for Science and Engineering I (MATH 121)</td>
<td>4</td>
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<tr>
<td>Principles of Chemistry for Engineers (CHEM 111)</td>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Elementary Computer Programming (ENGR 131) or Introduction to Programming in Java (EECS 132)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>General Physics I - Mechanics (PHYS 121) or Physics and Frontiers I - Mechanics (PHYS 123)</td>
<td>4</td>
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<tr>
<td>Transitioning Ideas to Reality II - Manufacturing Laboratory (EMSE 120)</td>
<td>2</td>
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<tr>
<td>Chemistry of Materials (ENGR 145) or EMSE 146 Principles and Applications of Materials Chemistry</td>
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<tr>
<td>SAGES University Seminar I</td>
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<tr>
<td>Calculus for Science and Engineering II (MATH 122)</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PHED 1xx Physical Education Activities</td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Year Total:</td>
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<td>17</td>
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Second Year</th>
<th>Units</th>
<th>Fall</th>
<th>Spring</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>General Physics II - Electricity and Magnetism (PHYS 122) or Physics and Frontiers II - Electricity and Magnetism (PHYS 124)</td>
<td>4</td>
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<tr>
<td>Materials Properties and Design (EMSE 276)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Mathematics/Natural Science/Statistics</td>
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<tr>
<td>SAGES University Seminar 2</td>
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<tr>
<td>Year Total:</td>
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<td>17</td>
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</table>

Calculus for Science and Engineering III (MATH 223) or Calculus III (MATH 227) 3
Humanities/Social Science I 3
Elementary Differential Equations (MATH 224) or Differential Equations (MATH 228) 3
Statics and Strength of Materials (ENGR 200) 3
Materials Laboratory I (EMSE 220) 2
Mathematical Methods for Materials Science and Engineering (EMSE 228) 3
Polymer Properties and Design (EMAC 276) 3
Year Total: 16 17

Third Year

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Units</th>
<th>Fall</th>
<th>Spring</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Materials for Electronics and Photonics (EMSE 343)</td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Humanities/Social Science II</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>Introduction to Circuits and Instrumentation (ENGR 210)</td>
<td>4</td>
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<td>Materials Laboratory II (EMSE 320)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Structural Materials by Design (EMSE 372)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Concentration I</td>
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<tr>
<td>Thermodynamics, Fluid Dynamics, Heat and Mass Transfer (ENGR 225)</td>
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<td>Materials Laboratory III (EMSE 330)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Processing and Manufacturing of Materials (EMSE 319)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Thermodynamic Stability and Rate Processes (EMSE 327)</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>Professional Communication for Engineers (ENGL 398) &amp; Professional Communication for Engineers (ENGR 398)</td>
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<td>Year Total:</td>
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Fourth Year

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<tr>
<th>Units</th>
<th>Fall</th>
<th>Spring</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Concentration II</td>
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<tr>
<td>Meso-scale Science Including Nanotechnology (EMSE 328)</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>Senior Project in Materials I (EMSE 398)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Humanities/Social Science III</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Materials for Biological and Medical Technology (EMSE 345)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Materials for Energy and Sustainability (EMSE 349)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Concentration III</td>
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<tr>
<td>Design for Lifetime Performance (EMSE 379)</td>
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<td>Humanities/Social Science IV</td>
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<td>Senior Project in Materials II (EMSE 399)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Polymer Engineering (EMAC 376)</td>
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<td>Year Total:</td>
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<td>14</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

Total Units in Sequence: 129

Hours required for graduation: 129
Actual courses and sequence will vary depending on the concentration chosen; see "Concentrations."

**Cooperative Education**

The Cooperative Education program at Case Western Reserve began in the Materials Science and Engineering Department and the department's faculty continues to strongly support student participation. A wide range of opportunities exist for materials majors including large, small, and, mid-size firms, and government and corporate research centers. Many opportunities are local to Northern Ohio, but a wide range of possibilities around the country, and, occasionally, international opportunities arise.

The cooperative education experience is monitored to ensure that students progress in job responsibilities during the course of an assignment. It is common for students to assume positions of responsibility, including employee supervision or decision-making on behalf of the company.

**Five-Year Combined BS/MS Program**

This program offers outstanding undergraduate students the opportunity to obtain an MS degree, with a thesis, in one additional year of study beyond the BS degree. (Normally, it takes two years beyond the BS to earn an MS degree.) In this program, an undergraduate student can take up to 9 credit hours that simultaneously satisfy undergraduate and graduate requirements. Students considering the combined BS/MS Program should use the Advanced Materials Science concentration, and should select their concentration in consultation with their departmental academic advisor. Typically, students in this program start their research leading to the MS thesis in the fall semester of the senior year. The department endeavors to support such students through the following summer and academic year at the normal stipend for entering graduate students. The BS degree is awarded at the completion of the senior year.

Application for admission to the five year BS/MS program is made after completion of five semesters of course work. Minimum requirements are a 3.2 grade point average and the recommendation of a faculty member of the department. Interested students should contact Professor Peter Lagerlöf.

**Minor in Materials Science and Engineering**

In addition to the Bachelor of Science degree program in materials science and engineering, the department also offers a minor in materials science and engineering. This sequence is intended primarily for a student majoring in science or engineering, but it is open to any student with a sound background in introductory calculus, chemistry, and physics. This program requires the completion of EMSE 276 Materials Properties and Design and a minimum of 12 additional credit hours of EMSE courses, including no more than 3 credits of EMSE 125 Freshman Research in Materials Science and Engineering and EMSE 325 Undergraduate Research in Materials Science and Engineering, and no more than 3 credits of one- or two-credit courses. Professor Mark De Guire (mark.deguire@case.edu) (510 White, 368.4221) will assist EMSE minors with course selection.

**Graduate Programs**

The department offers programs leading to the Master of Science and Doctor of Philosophy degrees. The theory, properties, and engineering behavior of metals, ceramics, polymers, electronic materials, and composite materials is encompassed in the academic courses and research within the department. The primary areas of specialization are materials processing, structural materials, surface and microstructural characterization, and functional materials.

**MS Degree Requirements**

The MS degree in Materials Science and Engineering is awarded through either Plan A (Master's Thesis) or Plan B (Master's Comprehensive). Plan A involves a thesis based on individual research with a final oral defense; this plan is appropriate for full-time graduate students. Plan B involves a major project and a final oral exam; this route is usually followed by part-time graduate students who are currently employed as materials engineers. The examining committee consists of three faculty members of the department for either Plan A or Plan B. Additional committee members may be added at the discretion of the student in consultation with his or her advisor.

Plan A requires successful completion of 6 courses (18 credit hours) and at least 9 credit hours of EMSE 651 Thesis M.S. Plan B requires the successful completion of 8 courses (24 credit hours) as well as 3 credit hours of EMSE 649 Special Projects.

The six courses for Plan A and the eight courses for Plan B may include a maximum of two courses from an engineering or science curriculum outside the department. No more than two courses at the 300 level can be included; all other courses must be at a higher level. A cumulative GPA of 2.75 or higher is required. Transfer of credit from another university is limited to six credit hours of graduate level courses (with grade B or better) taken in excess of BS degree requirements at the other university.

A planned Program of Study must be submitted by the end of the second semester for Plan A and for Plan B students. The POS should be prepared by the student and his/her advisor and submitted online to the School of Graduate Studies.

**PhD Degree Requirements**

Immediately upon entering the department, the PhD candidate normally will:

- Fill out and submit the first part of the Program of Study & Supplementary Form
- Register for 2 classes during the first semester
- Register for EMSE 701 Dissertation Ph.D. (usually 3 credit hours) during the first semester. Note that registration for EMSE 701 is not permitted before the Program of Study form is turned in.

As specified in the University General Bulletin section of the School of Graduate Studies: "In order to meet the requirements for the doctorate, a student must pass satisfactorily a general examination (or a series of examinations covering different fields) specified and administered by the student's department or supervising committee."

Candidates for a PhD degree in Materials Science and Engineering must pass a two-part General Exam. The first part is a Comprehensive Exam and the second part is a Thesis Proposal Evaluation.

**PhD Comprehensive Exam**

Full-time students are required to take the PhD Comprehensive Exam within one year for students entering with an MS degree, or within three years for students entering with a BS degree. Part-time students must complete the exam prior to accumulating ten or more credit hours. The exam will be offered twice per year at roughly six months intervals,
typically in January and June. The exam will consist of a written test covering specific areas of materials science and engineering.

The exam has multi-part questions that cover the following 4 areas:

1. Structure
2. Thermodynamics
3. Phase Transformations
4. A Specialty Area: Structural Material, Microcharacterization, or Functional Materials

The 4-hour exam requires the student to answer one question chosen from a set of three for each of areas 1, 2, and 3. The student will also choose one of the three Specialty Areas and will answer one of two questions for the selected specialty.

The department faculty recommends the following textbooks be used in preparation for the exam.

**General Materials Science Books**


**Basic Science Books**


Students who achieve a score of 70 or above on three of the completed questions and an overall average of 75 or above will pass outright. Students who do not achieve this on their first taking of the written exam will have one more chance to take the written exam the next time the department offers it.

Students who do not achieve an outright passing score on the written may be offered a supplemental oral exam at the discretion of the faculty of the department. A committee of three MSE faculty members will administer the supplemental oral exam within a week of the written exam results. The results of the supplemental oral will be combined with the results of the written to determine pass or no pass. Students who avail themselves of the supplemental oral do not forfeit their right to a second written exam.

**Thesis Proposal Evaluation**

The Thesis Proposal Evaluation tests the more specific knowledge of the PhD candidate concerning the science underlying the proposed research and his or her intellectual maturity. It is composed of a written and an oral part, both dealing with the candidate’s proposed research project. The document should be prepared by the candidate and be given to each member of the student’s Dissertation Advisory Committee (excluding the non-departmental member) during the semester immediately following the successful completion of the PhD Comprehensive Exam. It should include a literature search, analysis of the research problem, suggested research procedures, and the general results to be expected. The student’s Dissertation Advisory Committee will examine the document for this purpose.

The oral part of the Thesis Proposal Evaluation lasts approximately two hours and must be given before the student’s Dissertation Advisory Committee within one week of submitting the above written document to the Committee. Both parts of the Thesis Proposal Exam will be graded Pass/Fail.

**PhD Program of Study (Course Requirements)**

A PhD student must take a minimum of 18 credit hours of EMSE 701 and must continue registration each succeeding regular semester (fall and spring) until the dissertation is complete, unless granted a leave of absence. The time limit for the PhD program is 5 years, starting with the first semester of EMSE 701 registration.

The minimum course requirement for a PhD degree is 12 courses (36 credit hours) beyond the BS level, out of which at least 6 courses (18 credit hours) must be taken at Case Western Reserve University. Of these 12 courses, 4 courses must satisfy the Breadth Requirement and 2 courses must satisfy the Basic Science Requirement for the department as outlined below. In the case of a student entering with a MS degree from another discipline, additional courses may be required as decided by the department. A GPA (grade point average) of 3.0 is required.

**MSE Core Sequence**: The Materials Science and Engineering core sequence (EMSE 503 Structure of Materials, EMSE 504 Thermodynamics of Solids, and EMSE 505 Phase Transformation, Kinetics, and Microstructure) is a required part of the Program of Study for all PhD students. Transfer credit for comparable graduate courses taken at another institution will be allowed on a case-by-case basis. Students may find it helpful to complete the core sequence prior to taking the PhD comprehensive exam.

**Breadth Requirement**: A broad knowledge of the field of Materials Science and Engineering includes a minimum level of understanding of the following 4 areas:

1. Structural Materials
2. Microcharacterization
3. Functional Materials
4. Processing

The Breadth Requirement for the PhD can be fulfilled by taking a total of 4 courses (12 credit hours); these 4 courses must include at least one course from areas 1, 2, 3, and 4. The department website (http://engineering.case.edu/emse/node/19) contains the current list of approved courses for each of these areas.

**Basic Science Requirements**: A minimum depth in Basic Science of 2 courses (6 credit hours) is required for a PhD degree. This requirement can be fulfilled by taking 2 courses selected from Physics, Chemistry, Mathematics and/or Statistics, and/or certain Engineering curricula. The department website (http://engineering.case.edu/emse/node/19) contains the current list of approved courses for the Basic Science Requirements.

The **Program of Study**, a list of the courses the student will take to fulfill the PhD requirements, will be discussed and approved at the time of the Thesis Proposal Evaluation. This form and the associated Supplementary Information form must be approved by the student’s Dissertation Committee (excluding the non-departmental member) and
the Chairman of the Department and submitted to the Dean of Graduate Studies within one semester of passing the General Exam.

Upon successful completion of all requirements and research, the PhD candidate must submit a written dissertation as evidence for his/her ability to conduct independent research at an advanced level. The PhD candidate must pass a final oral exam in defense of the dissertation. The Dissertation Committee must consist of at least three faculty members of the department and one non-departmental member. The candidate must provide each committee member with a copy of the completed dissertation at least 10 days before the exam, so that the committee members may have an opportunity to read and discuss it in advance.

The student must provide two unbound copies of the final approved version of the thesis for the university, and two bound copies of the thesis, one for the department and one for the student’s faculty advisor.

Research Areas

Deformation and Fracture
Determination of the relationships between structure and mechanical behavior of traditional and advanced materials: metals, ceramics, intermetallics, composites, and biological materials. State-of-the-art facilities are available for deformation processing as well as mechanical testing over a range of strain rates, test temperatures, stress states, and size scales for both monotonic and cyclic conditions.

Materials Processing
Ceramic and metal powder synthesis and processing, manufacturing of laminated materials, metals casting, crystal growth, thin film deposition, metallic glasses, deformation processing of metals.

Environmental Effects

Surfaces and Interfaces
Free surfaces, grain boundaries, metal/ceramic, polymer/metal composite interfaces. Major facilities for transmission electron microscopy, scanning electron microscopy, and surface spectroscopies.

Electronic, Magnetic, and Optical Materials
Materials for energy technologies such as photovoltaics, fuel cells, supercapacitors, and wind turbines; processing, properties, and characterization of magnetic materials; ferroelectric and piezoelectric ceramics.

Facilities

Materials Processing
The department’s processing laboratories include facilities which permit materials processing from the liquid state (casting) as well as in the solid state (powder processing). The department has its own foundry that houses mold making capabilities (green and bonded sand, permanent mold, and investment casting), induction melting furnaces of various capabilities for air melting of up to 1500 pounds of steel, electrical resistance furnaces for melting and casting up to 800 pounds of aluminum, and 500 pounds of magnesium under protective atmosphere, a dual chamber vacuum induction melting unit with a capacity of up to 30 pounds of superalloys, a 350 ton squeeze casting press, and state-of-the-art thermal fatigue testing and characterization equipment. The Crystal Growth Laboratory has facilities for production of high purity electronic single crystals using a variety of furnaces with the additional capability of solidifying under large magnetic fields. In addition, a CVD and MOCVD reactor has been set up to do research on the growth of SiC and GaN on Si, sapphire, and other substrates. Secondary processing and working can be accomplished using a high-speed hot and cold rolling mill, swaging units, and a state-of-the-art hydrostatic extrusion press.

The department has heat treatment capabilities including numerous box, tube, and vacuum furnaces. For the processing of powder metals or ceramics the department possesses a 300,000 pound press, a vacuum hot press (with capabilities of up to 7 ksi and 2300 C), a hot isostatic press (2000 C and 30 ksi), a 60 kis wet base isostatic press, and glove boxes. Sintering can be performed in a variety of controlled atmospheres while a microcomputer-controlled precision dilatometer is available for sintering studies. Several ball mills, shaker mills, and a laboratory model attritor are also available for powder processing. In addition, facilities are available for sol-gel processing, glass melting, and diamond machining; a spray dryer is available for powder granulation.

A Deformation Processing Laboratory has recently been commissioned that contains two dual hydraulic MTS presses. The first press is designed to evaluate the stretching and drawing properties of materials in sheet form. Its maximum punch and hold down forces are 150,000 each. Its maximum punch velocity is 11.8 inch/sec. The second press is designed to evaluate the plastic flow behavior of materials in an environment that simulates modern manufacturing processing. The press can deliver up to five consecutive impacts to a material in less than five seconds with a punch velocity as high as 110 inch/sec. The maximum punch force is 110,000 pounds.

Advanced Manufacturing and Mechanical Reliability Center (AMMRC)

The Advanced Manufacturing and Mechanical Reliability Center (AMMRC) permits the determination of mechanical behavior of materials over loading rates ranging from static to impact, with the capability of testing under a variety of stress states under either monotonic or cyclic conditions. A variety of furnaces and environmental chambers are available to enable testing at temperatures ranging from -196 C to 1800 C. The facility is operated under the direction of a faculty member and under the guidance of a full-time engineer. The facility contains one of the few laboratories in the world for high-pressure deformation and processing, enabling experimentation under a variety of stress states and temperatures. The equipment in this state-of-the-art facility includes:

High Pressure Deformation Apparatus: These units enable tension or compression testing to be conducted under conditions of high hydrostatic pressure. Each apparatus consists of a pressure vessel and diagnostics for measurement of load and strain on deforming specimens, as well as instantaneous pressure in the vessel. Pressures up to 1.0 GPa loads up to 10kN, and displacements of up to 25 mm are possible. The oil based apparatus is operated at temperatures up to 300°C room temperature while a gas (i.e. Ar) based apparatus is used at room temperature.

Hydrostatic Extrusion Apparatus: Hydrostatic extrusion (e.g. pressure-to-air, pressure-to-pressure) can be conducted at temperatures up to 300 C on manually operated equipment interfaced with a computer data acquisition package. Pressures up to 2.0 GPa are possible, with
The Swagelok Center for Surface Analysis of Materials (SCSAM) is a multi-user facility providing cutting-edge major instrumentation for microcharacterization of materials. SCSAM’s instruments encompass a wide and complementary range of characterization techniques, which provide a comprehensive resource for high-resolution imaging, diffractometry, and spatially-resolved compositional analysis.

Current capabilities for SEM (scanning electron microscopy) include four scanning electron microscopes, three of which are equipped for FIB (focused ion beam) micromachining, XEDS (X-ray energy-dispersive spectrometry), and acquisition of EBSP (electron backscattering patterns). Instruments for TEM (transmission electron microscopy) include a 300 kV high-resolution and a 200 kV analytical instrument, both equipped with fields-emission guns and imaging energy filters. Both instruments are capable of XEDS and EELS (electron energy-loss spectrometry). SCSAM’s SPM (scanning probe microscopy) capabilities include a UHV (ultra-high vacuum) variable-temperature atomic-resolution system for STM (scanning tunneling microscopy), STS (scanning tunneling spectroscopy), and all models of AFM (atomic-force microscopy), as well as a standard instrument for AFM, which can optionally be operated with a scanning nonindenter. A stand-alone automated nonindenter is available as well. SCSAM also operates a laser scanning confocal optical microscope, dedicated to imaging inorganic materials and capable of performing Raman microscopy. For XRD (X-ray diffractometry), SCSAM provides 3 diffractometers capable of a variety of techniques. SCSAM’s surface analysis suite of instruments includes an instrument for ToF-SIMS (time-of-flight secondary-ion mass spectrometry), a SAM (scanning Auger microscope) for spatially-resolved AES (Auger electron spectrometry), and an instrument for XPS (X-ray photoelectron spectrometry, also known as ESCA, electron spectrometry for chemical analysis), that accomplishes high spatial resolution by operating with a focused X-ray beam.

SCSAM is administered directly by the CSE (Case School of Engineering) and is central to much of the research carried out by CSE’s seven departments. However, the facility is also extensively used by the CAS (College of Arts and Sciences) Departments of Physics, Chemistry, Biology, and Earth, Environmental, and Planetary Sciences, as well as many departments within the School of Medicine and the School of Dental Medicine. In addition to CWRU clients, many external institutions utilize SCSAM’s facilities, including NASA Glenn Research Center, the Cleveland Clinic, and numerous Ohio universities. More than 250 users utilize the facility in any given year.

SCSAM’s instruments are housed in a centralized area, allowing users convenient access to state-of-the-art tools for their research.

Transmission Electron Microscope Laboratory

Two transmission electron microscopes are available that provide virtually all conventional and advanced microscopy techniques required for state-of-the-art materials research and involve an installed capacity worth $4,000,000.

- The FEI Tecnai F30 300 kV field-emission gun energy-filtering high-resolution analytical scanning transmission electron microscope has a point resolution below 0.20 nm and an information resolution limit better than 0.14 nm. The instrument is equipped with an EDAX system with a high-energy resolution Si-Li detector for XEDS (X-ray energy-dispersive spectroscopy), a HAADF (high-angle annular dark-field) detector for STEM (scanning transmission electron microscopy), and a Gatan GIF 2002 imaging energy filter including a 2 k-by-2 k pixel slow-scan CCD camera. The GIF in conjunction with the field-
emiemsc (scanning electron microscopy) provides valuable specimen materials. Advanced TEM techniques include the following:

- Defects (interfaces, grain boundaries, stacking faults) in crystalline are used routinely to analyze line defects (dislocations) and planar are isochromatic sample viewing areas and diffraction angle acceptance at sub-eV energy resolution. Excellent instrument performance further results from an advanced 300 mm column concept and a newly developed control electronics for sub-pm stability. The instrument has been retrofitted with a high-resolution pole piece for superior spatial resolution in still imaging and STEM.

Conventional TEM techniques, such as bright-field and dark-field imaging, electron diffraction, or weak-beam dark-field imaging (WBDF) are used routinely to analyze line defects (dislocations) and planar defects (interfaces, grain boundaries, stacking faults) in crystalline materials. Advanced TEM techniques include the following:

- High-resolution TEM. This technique enables imaging the projected atomistic structure of extended crystal defects, such as heterophase interfaces, grain boundaries, or dislocations.
- CBED (convergent-beam electron diffraction). This technique can be used to obtain crystallographic information (space group) and to determine orientation relationships between small (even nanoscopic) crystallites.
- EFTEM (energy-filtering TEM). This denotes a suite of techniques enabled by an imaging energy filter. In particular, the techniques include zero (energy)-loss filtering for improved contrast in images and diffraction patterns and ESI (electron spectroscopic imaging), a technique that enables rapid elemental mapping with high spatial resolution based on element-characteristic energy losses of the primary electrons in the specimen. Specimen preparation facilities for TEM, in addition to the FIB systems described above, consist of two dimple-grinders, two electropolishing units, two state-of-the-art PIPS (precision ion polishing systems) by Gatan, and a Fischione NanoMill 1040 for highest-quality specimens by post-processing of FIB-prepared foils.

Scanning Electron Microscopy Laboratory

SEM (scanning electron microscopy) provides valuable specimen information by enabling imaging with particularly great depth of field and stereo-imaging with resolutions down to the nanometer range. The topography of nearly any solid surface is possible with SEM. Spectrochemical studies are enabled by XEDS (X-ray energy-dispersive spectrometry) systems capable of detecting elements from boron to uranium. The laboratory houses four instruments:

- The Hitachi S-4500 is a field emission electron microscope with two secondary electron detectors, a backscattered-electron detector, and an infrared chamber scope. In addition, it has a Bruker SDD XEDS system. The microscope is capable of operating at a spatial resolution of 1.5 nm at 15 kV. It also performs well at reduced beam energies (1 kV), facilitating the observation of highly insulating materials.
- The second instrument is a dual beam FIB (focused ion beam), the xT Nova Nanolab 200 (FEI). In addition to the focused ion beam, which is used for preparing thin foils suitable for TEM directly out of the specimen surface, this instrument includes a complete and very-high-quality scanning electron microscope. This system has the advantage that the specimen can be observed by (high-resolution) SEM while being milled by the ion beam. Compared to previous FEI FIB systems, the Nova has an improved computer interface and software that enables entirely automated milling. Moreover, the Nova includes a newly designed internal "lift-out-" system for transferring the thin film generated by ion-beam milling onto a special Cu support grid, which can then be loaded into the specimen holder of a TEM. For elemental and crystallographic analysis, the system is equipped with a state-of-the-art Oxford AZtec system with a X-max 50mm² detector and a NORDLVS EBSP camera. EBSD mapping of phase and orientation relies on evaluating EBSP patterns of every scan point.
- The third instrument is an FEI Quanta 200 3D. This is a versatile low-vacuum SEM/FIB for 2D and 3D material characterization and analysis. It features three imaging modes: high-vacuum, low-vacuum, and ESEM, and can accommodates a wide range of samples. The instrument is equipped with a field-emission Ga ion source and a thermal electron emitter. The enabling technologies, integrated onto a single platform, further include high-volume milling capabilities, ESEM differential pumping variable pressure vacuum system (oil-free), gaseous secondary and backscattered electron detectors for imaging and analysis in a gaseous chamber environment, gas chemistry technology for enhanced milling rates, high-precision specimen goniometer with 50 mm travel along the x and y axes, automation serving unattended sectioning with full access to e-beam, i-beam, patterning, and gas chemistry functionality.
- The fourth instrument, a Helios NanoLab™ 650, features FEI's most recent advances in field-emission SEM and FIB (focused ion beam) technologies and their combined use. It is designed to access a "new world" of extremely high-resolution 2D and 3D characterization, 3D nano-prototyping, and higher quality TEM sample preparation. The Helios's capability of robust and precise FIB slicing, combined with a high-precision piezo stage (150 x 150 mm²), superb SEM performance, and advanced software allow unattended sample preparation or 3D characterization and analysis.

The outstanding imaging capabilities of the Helios NanoLab begin with its Elstar™ FESEM. Thanks to its integrated monochromator (UC) and beam deceleration, it delivers sub-nanometer resolution across the whole 1-30 kV range. The Elstar features other unique technologies such as constant power lenses for higher thermal stability and electrostatic scanning for higher deflection linearity and speed. Its through-the-lens detector, set for highest collection efficiency of SE (secondary electrons) and on-axis BSE (backscattered electrons), is complemented by FEI's latest advanced detection suite including three novel detectors: two multi-segment solid state detectors: CBS detector for backscattered electron imaging able to detect low kV BSE, a scanning transmission electron mode detector bale to record simultaneously BF, DF and HAADF images, and a third dedicated to FIB-SE and -SI (secondary ion imaging). The Helios NanoLab has the latest electron- and focused ion beam technology: an Elstar™ field-emission gun electron column with integrated monochromator (UC) and beam deceleration and a versatile Tomahawk focused ion beam column, featuring excellent FIB imaging and outstanding low-kV operation down to 500 V and up to 65 nA beam.
current. The Helios system is equipped with a state-of-the-art XEDS X-Max 80 mm2 silicon drift detector (SDD) system by Oxford with an energy resolution of 125 eV at Mn Kα (5.899 keV) at full width at half maximum. The extremely large active area significantly increases the collection solid angle. This results in a detector that performs measurements either more quickly at conditions at which traditional systems would be used or at higher energy resolution. The increased sensitivity allows the system to operate at much lower beam currents. This reduces the risk of sample damage.

**Surface Science Laboratories**

SCSAM’s tools for surface science include three instruments for surface analysis in UHV (ultra-high vacuum), two scanning probe systems, and a dedicated nanoindenter, all detailed below:

- **A PHI 680 scanning Auger microprobe.** This system consists of a field-emission scanning electron microscope with a Schottky emission cathode, a secondary electron detector, and an axial cylindrical mirror analyzer with a multi-channel detector to collect Auger electrons produced during electron imaging. Very small spot sizes can be realized with this instrument, down to 7 nm. This is useful for high-resolution imaging and for Auger data acquisition using low beam currents. Inert gas sputtering (using a PHI 06-350 ion gun) is used to clean surface contamination from samples and to remove material from a small area on the surface for depth profiling. Several modes of operation are available to the user, including survey, line, profile, and elemental mapping. Capable of multi-point analysis, the instrument is a powerful tool for routine failure analysis and quality control of inorganic samples. An additional device permits *in situ* fracture of samples, at liquid nitrogen temperature if necessary.

- **A PHI VersaProbe XPS Microprobe.** Based on XPS (X-ray photoelectron spectrometry, also known as ESCA – electron spectrometry for chemical analysis), this is a multi-technique surface analysis instrument based on PHI’s highly developed scanning X-ray microprobe technology. The most important advantage of this instrument is that the VersaProbe can produce a focused, highly monochromatic X-ray beam that can be scanned over the specimen surface. In this instrument, a point source of X-rays is created by focusing an electron beam onto an Al anode. A monochromator, consisting of an ellipsoid-shaped crystal, collects X-rays from the point source and focuses them on the surface of the specimen. The focused X-ray beam can be scanned across the specimen surface by correspondingly scanning the electron beam across the surface of aluminum anode. A major advantage of this design is that most of the photoelectrons generated by the focused X-ray beam are actually collected by the electron energy analyzer, whereas in the conventional design, most of the photoelectrons are lost. With the VersaProbe, the spot size can be varied between less than 10 µm diameter (for highest spatial resolution) to 100 µm (for highest sensitivity).

- **A TRIFT V nanoTOF made by PHI.** This is a time-of-flight secondary-ion mass spectrometer. This instrument is from the latest generation of PHI’s surface analysis line of ToF-SIMS instruments, utilizing a newly developed, high-quality “TRIFT” analyzer. It is equipped with a Au-, a C60-, and an Ar gun. An innovative new sample handling platform enables analysis of samples with complex geometries. In addition, the system has state-of-the-art charge compensation and ion gun performance. ToF-SIMS (time-of-flight secondary-ion mass spectrometry) provides sub-micrometer 3D (!) elemental mapping. It can also be used to image the topography of solid surfaces. Different from D-SIMS (“dynamic” SIMS), ToF-SIMS enables analyzing the outermost one or two mono-layers of a sample while basically preserving molecular integrity. While D-SIMS provides primarily elemental information, ToF-SIMS surface analysis yields chemical and molecular information. ToF-SIMS is ideal for both organic and inorganic materials and can be used to characterize both insulating and conductive samples. With detection limits in the ppm to ppb range, shallow depth profiling capabilities and automated analysis, the nanoTOF can be used to study surface contamination, trace impurities, films, delamination failures etc. It is also a valuable tool to investigate surface modification chemistry and catalyst surface composition.

- **A Dimension 3100 (Veeco Digital Instruments).** This is a state-of-the-art multi-mode scanning probe microscope (SPM), equipped with a NanoScope IIIa controller and Quadrex signal processor for 16-bit resolution on all 3 axes. The tool works under atmospheric pressure at room temperature and can work in air and in liquids, so that a full range of materials (metals, insulators, ceramics, polymers, and biological specimens) can be investigated with minimal sample preparation. It can accept samples up to 20 cm in diameter, with a height limitation of < 1.5 cm and a surface roughness limitation of < 5.5 mm. The instrument is equipped with an in-line optical zoom microscope with color CCD camera, with a maximum magnification of 800X for precise placement of the SPM probe onto the sample. The Dimension 3100 can operate in numerous imaging modes, the primary operation being atomic force microscopy (AFM) in contact mode, tapping mode, and phase imaging mode. Other data collection techniques include conductive-AFM to characterize conductivity variations, magnetic force microscopy, which uses a ferromagnetic-coated tip to probe magnetic fields, and force-distance measurements, which are performed to study attractive and repulsive forces on a tip as it approaches and retracts from the sample surface. Further, the Dimension 3100 SPM has been upgraded by a “TriboScope,” an attachment for nanomechanical testing, made by Hysitron. The TriboScope is a quantitative, depth-sensing nanindentation and nanoscratch system that interfaces with the SPM. This attachment enables quantitative characterization of mechanical properties (hardness, scratch resistance, wear resistance) on the nanometer length scale and *in situ* AFM imaging of the surface topography before and after mechanical testing. The capability of *in situ* imaging allows the user to choose the exact area, with sub-nm precision, for each nanoindentation/nanoscratch investigation, and to fully characterize the local specimen surface.

- **An RKH 7500 UHV VT.** This system includes a variable-temperature ultra-high vacuum scanning probe microscope, made by RKH Technologies. This instrument is part of a complete UHV (ultra-high vacuum) system, which includes a separately pumped specimen preparation chamber and a load-lock chamber in addition to the actual SPM (scanning probe microscopy) chamber. The base pressure of the system is specified to 2.10^{-12} Pa. In the preparation chamber, an electron gun combined with a hemispherical electron energy analyzer is attached to enable chemical analysis of the specimen surface via AES (Auger electron spectroscopy). A specimen manipulator installed on the vertical axis of the chamber allows precise positioning of the specimen in front of the electron energy analyzer. The manipulator can be connected to a cryostat via a differentially-pumped rotary stage, permitting cooling the specimen down to 25 K. By resistive or electron-beam heating, it will also be possible to heat the specimen up to temperatures of 1500 K.
To be able to clean the specimen surface, the system includes an Ar sputter gun. Evaporators installed at ports in the lower half of the chamber enable the deposition of metals onto the specimen surface. A gas dosing system facilitates gas adsorption experiments without backfilling the entire chamber or opening the main chamber to change gases. A mass spectrometer constantly detects and analyzes residual gas in the chamber. Finally, the preparation chamber includes a port large enough for a retractable reverse view LEED (low-energy electron diffraction) system for studying the surface structure of the specimen.

Using a magnetic transfer arm, the specimen can be moved from the preparation chamber into the actual SPM chamber. This chamber houses a cantilever atomic force microscope combined with a scanning tunneling microscope, suitable to image the surface structure of conducting as well as non-conducting materials. Both instruments are capable of atomic-resolution imaging. The scanning tunneling microscope also permits probing the local work function and the local density of states in the specimen surface by STS (scanning tunneling spectrometry). All modes of SPM will work over a very broad range of specimen temperatures: 25 to 750 K. The SPM chamber accepts thermal evaporators, a sputter gun and a gas dosing system that can perform their functions while the sample is actively being studied by any of the available scanning probe techniques.

- An Agilent Nano Indenter G200. This is a very accurate, flexible, user-friendly instrument for nanomechanical testing. Electromagnetic actuation allows unparalleled dynamic range in force and displacement and measurement of deformation over six orders of magnitude (from nanometers to millimeters). Potential applications include a wide scope of materials, e.g. semiconductors, films, MEMs (wafer applications), coatings and DLC films, composite materials, fibers, polymers, metals, ceramics, and biomaterials.

**X-Ray Diffractometry Laboratory**

The XRD (X-ray diffractometry) laboratory contains equipment for studying the atomic structures of mainly crystalline inorganic materials. Three instruments are available:

- A Scintag X1 diffractometer system. This includes a theta/theta wide-angle goniometer, a 4.0 kW X-ray generator with Cu tube, a third axis stress attachment, a thermoelectrically cooled Peltier Ge detector, a film analysis system, a dedicated PC for data acquisition, and a turbomolecular-pump evacuated furnace attachment permitting sample temperatures up to 1700 K.
- A Bruker Discover D8 X-ray diffractometer. This instrument has a monochromated Co X-ray source configured in point-focus mode. X-ray collimators are available for spot sizes from 200 μm to 800 μm, with 500 μm typical. The instrument houses a four-circle Huber goniometer equipped with an xyz stage and a laser video system to allow precision alignment of samples. A 2D Hi-Star detector allows a wide range of XRD techniques to be executed in short times. The 2D detector has a high sensitivity and is very useful for detecting phases with volume fraction so small that they might be missed by a conventional (0D) diffractometer. In addition, the 2D detector allows rapid measurements of stress and texture in a wide variety of materials.

**Electronic Properties Laboratory**

**Crystal Growth and Analysis Laboratory**

The Crystal Growth and Analysis Laboratory is equipped for research studies and characterization of bulk semiconductor and photonic materials. The growth facilities include a high pressure Czochralski system, low pressure Czochralski system, and a Vertical Bridgman system with magnetic field stabilization. The characterization facilities include capabilities for sample preparation, a Hall effect system, and an Infra-red microscope.

**Magnetometry Laboratory**

The Magnetometry Laboratory has facilities used to investigate the magnetic properties of materials. This laboratory has two instruments:

- A Lake Shore Cryotronics Model 7410 Vibrating Sample Magnetometer for measurement of hysteresis loops (at constant temperature) and thermomagnetic measurements (at constant magnetic field). The maximum applied field at room temperature (without furnace in place) is 3.1 Tesla. For high temperature measurements, the maximum applied field is 2.5 Tesla over the temperature range from room temperature to 1000°C.
- A home-built magnetostriction measurement system has been designed and built to measure the shape change of magnetic materials under applied magnetic fields. Better than 1 ppm sensitivity is possible by this strain gage technique. An applied field of ~0.2 Tesla is used to saturate samples.

**Fuel Cell Testing Laboratory**

Facilities located in the A. W. Smith Building for testing of solid oxide fuel cells include:

- 2 test stands for 1” cells and small stacks (Fuel Cell Technologies); test temperatures to 1000°C; professional turnkey LabView interface for system control and data acquisition
- 2 test stands for 4” cells and small stacks (Fuel Cell Technologies); test temperatures to 1000°C; professional turnkey LabView interface for system control and data acquisition; Omega mass flow controllers; Keithley and Amrel electronics; AutoLab Electrochemical Analyzer for I-V, galvanostatic or amperometric testing and AC impedance spectroscopy
- All test stands contained in dedicated enclosures rated for use with hydrogen, hydrogen sulfide, and carbon monoxide with ventilation system, leak detection, tank pressure monitors, alarm system
- Dedicated furnaces and ovens for preparing cells for testing

**The Solar-Durability and Lifetime Extension (S-DLE) Center**

The Solar-Durability and Lifetime Extension (S-DLE) Center located in CWRU’s White Hall, along with its S-DLE (Sun Farm) on CWRU’s West Quad is focused on long lifetime, environmentally exposed materials technologies such as photovoltaics, energy efficient lighting and building envelope applications. It is a Wright Projects center, funded by the Ohio Third Frontier commission. The center was founded to develop real-time and accelerated protocols for exposure to solar radiation and related environmental stressors to enable evaluation of the environmental durability and lifetime of materials, components, and products. Post-exposure optical and thermo-mechanical measurements are used to develop quantitative mechanistic models of degradation processes in
the bulk of the device materials and at the inherent interfaces between dissimilar materials. The S-DLE Center’s capabilities include:

- Solar exposures: 2-axis solar trackers with multi-sun concentrators, and power degradation monitoring
- Solar simulators for 1 to 1000X exposures
- Multi-factor environmental test chambers with temperature, humidity, freeze/thaw and cycling
- A full suite of optical, interfacial, thermo-mechanical and electrical evaluations of materials, components and systems

The Wind Energy Research and Commercialization (WERC) Center

The WERC Center is a multidisciplinary center for use by students, faculty, and industry providing instrumentation for wind resource characterization and research platforms in operating wind turbines. The WERC Center was established in 2010 with funding from the Ohio Department of Development Third Frontier Project and the Department of Energy. Additional support was provided by the following inaugural industrial partners: Cleveland Electric Laboratories, The Lubrizol Corporation, Parker Hannifin Corporation, Azure Energy LLC, Rockwell Automation, Inc., Swiger Coil Systems LLC, and Wm. Sopko & Sons Co.

The instruments in the WERC Center include:

- A continuous scan ZephIR LiDAR, manufactured by Natural Power. This instrument measures horizontal and vertical wind velocity along with wind direction at 1 Hz frequency at five user set heights up to 200 m.
- Five meteorological measurement systems: 3 on campus; 1 with the off campus wind turbines; and one at the City of Cleveland’s water intake crib located 3.5 miles offshore in Lake Erie.
- An ice thickness sensor that is deployed at the bottom of Lake Erie each fall and retrieved in the spring.
- A NorthWind 100 wind turbine manufactured by Northern Power Systems in Barre, VT USA. This 100kW community scale wind turbine has a direct drive generator with full power inverters, stall control blades with a 21 m rotor diameter, and a 37 m hub height. This wind turbine is located on campus just east of Van Horn field and began operation in November, 2010.
- A Vestas V-27 wind turbine originally manufactured by Vestas in Denmark. This 225kW medium scale wind turbine has a gearbox drive generator, pitch controlled blades with a 27 m rotor diameter, and a 30 m hub height. In addition it has a 50kW generator for low wind generation. This wind turbine is located at an industrial site in Euclid, OH about 15 minutes from campus and began operation in March, 2012.
- A Nordex N-54 wind turbine originally manufactured by Nordex in Germany. This 1.0MW utility scale wind turbine has a gearbox drive generator, stall control blades with a 54 m rotor diameter, and a 70 m hub height. In addition it has a 200kW generator for low wind generation. This wind turbine is located at an industrial site in Euclid, OH about 15 minutes from campus and began operation in October, 2012.

Faculty

James D. McGuffin-Cawley, PhD
(Case Western Reserve University)
Chair; Arthur S. Holden Professor of Engineering
Powder processing of ceramics; manufacturing and materials; additive manufacturing and rapid prototyping; aggregation phenomena; defects, diffusion, and solid state reactions; materials for optical devices.

William A. “Bud” Baeslack III, PhD
(Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute)
Provost and Executive Vice President
Welding, joining of materials, and titanium and aluminum metallurgy.

Jennifer W. Carter, PhD
(The Ohio State University)
Assistant Professor
Processing-structure-property relationships of crystalline and amorphous materials; development and implementation of novel multi-scale material characterization methods for correlating unique local microstructural features with particular mechanical and environmental responses in a variety of material systems.

Mark R. DeGuire, PhD
(Massachusetts Institute of Technology)
Associate Professor

Frank Ernst, PhD
(University of Gottingen)
Leonard Case Jr. Professor of Engineering
Microstructure and microchararials; defects in crystalline materials; interface and stress-related phenomena; semiconductor heterostructures, plated metallization layers; photovoltaic materials; surface hardening of alloys, quantitative methods of transmission electron microscopy.

Roger H. French, PhD
(Massachusetts Institute of Technology)
F. Alex Nason Professor of Materials Science
Optical materials science, including optical properties, electronic structure, and radiation durability of optical materials, polymers, ceramics and liquids using vacuum ultraviolet and optical spectroscopies and spectroscopic ellipsometry. Lifetime and degradation science of photovoltaic materials, components and systems including solar radiation durability and degradation mechanisms and rates. Quantum electrodynamics and van der Waals – London dispersion interactions applied to wetting, and long range interactions for manipulation of nanoscale objects such as carbon nanotubes and biomolecular materials.

Timothy Peshek, PhD
(Case Western Reserve University)
Assistant Research Professor
Developing new opportunities in power electronics and electronic devices.
Arthur H. Heuer, PhD, DSc
(University of Leeds, England)
*Distilled University Professor; Kyocera Professor of Ceramics; Director, Swagelok Center for Surface Analysis of Materials*
Interstitial hardening and improved corrosion resistance of stainless steels and nickel-base alloys; oxidation and hot corrosion of nickel-base and iron-base alloys; improved corrosion resistance of aluminum base alloys; solid oxide fuel cells; high resolution and analytical electron microscopy; 3D reconstruction of soft tissue for life science applications; oxygen and aluminum lattice and grain boundary diffusion in aluminum oxide; dislocations and plastic deformation of aluminum oxide; quantum mechanics of point defects, dislocations, and grain boundaries of aluminum oxide; and electronic structure of aluminum oxide.

Harold Kahn, PhD
(Massachusetts Institute of Technology)
*Research Associate Professor*
Materials reliability in microsystems technology and microelectromechanical systems; surface engineering of steels and alloys; mechanical testing of biological nanofibrils; microfluidic and micro-optical devices.

Peter Lagerlof, PhD
(Case Western Reserve University)
*Associate Professor*
Mechanical properties of ceramics and metals. Of particular interest is to understand how low temperature deformation twinning is related to plastic deformation by dislocation slip at elevated temperatures. Deformation twinning models for both basal and rhombohedral twinning in sapphire, which are properly related to dislocation slip at elevated temperatures, have been established. The basal twinning model has been confirmed experimentally using TEM techniques. Current research involves studies on how to generalize this twinning model to other materials systems; i.e., metals, intermetallic compounds and other ceramics.

John J. Lewandowski, PhD
(Carnegie Mellon University)
*Arthur P. Armington Professor of Engineering; Director, The Advanced Manufacturing and Mechanical Reliability Center (AMMRC)*
Mechanical behavior of materials; fracture and fatigue; micromechanisms of deformation and fracture; composite materials; bulk metallic glasses and composites; refractory metals; toughening of brittle materials; high-pressure deformation and fracture studies; hydrostatic extrusion; deformation processing.

David H. Matthiesen, PhD
(Massachusetts Institute of Technology)
*Associate Professor; Director, Wind Energy Research and Commercialization (WERC) Center*
Materials for use in wind turbines; wind resource measurements onshore and offshore; materials interactions with ice; bulk crystal growth processing; process engineering in manufacturing; heat, mass, and momentum transport.

P. Pirouz, PhD
(Imperial College of Science and Technology, England)
*Professor*
Defects in semiconductors; heteroepitaxial growth of electronic materials; diffraction theory; transmission electron microscopy and its applications in materials science; fiber-reinforced composites; synthetic growth of diamond.

Alp Sehirliogou, PhD
(University of Illinois at Urbana Champaign)
*Assistant Professor*
High-temperature piezoelectrics for actuators and ultrasonic applications; electro-thermal imaging; multifunctional electro-ceramics.

David Schwam, PhD
(The Technion University)
*Research Associate Professor*
Gating of advanced aluminum and magnesium alloys, development of die and permanent mold materials, thermal fatigue testing, recycling.

Gerhard E. Welsch, PhD
(Case Western Reserve University)
*Professor*
Metals and oxides; high temperature properties, mechanical and electrical properties. Materials for capacitive energy storage; metal sponges; high temperature materials, metal-cell composites. Synthesis of materials.

Matthew A. Willard, PhD
(Carnegie Mellon University)
*Associate Professor; Director, Case Metals Casting Laboratory*
Magnetic materials, including their magnetic properties, microstructure evolution, phase formation, and processing conditions; critical materials and sustainability, especially reducing dependence on rare earths through novel alloy design; rapid solidification processing of materials, with an emphasis on nanostructured and amorphous alloys; soft magnetic materials for power conditioning, conversion, and generation technologies and permanent magnet materials for motor, generator, and actuator applications (especially in energy dense applications and in extreme environments); other magnetic related phenomena, including magnetic shape memory alloys, magnetocaloric effects, magnetic nanoparticles, and multiferroics.

Secondary Faculty

Clemens Burda, PhD
*Professor of Chemistry*

Walter Lambrecht, PhD
*Professor of Physics*

Mohan Sankaran, PhD
*Professor in Chemical Engineering*

Nicole F. Steinmetz, PhD
*Assistant Professor of Biomedical Engineering*

Russell Wang, DDS
*Associate Professor of Dentistry*

Xiong (Bill) Yu, PhD, PE
*Assistant Professor of Civil Engineering*

Adjunct Faculty

Arnon Chait
*Adjunct Professor*
NASA Glenn Research Center, Brookpark, OH
N.J. Henry Holroyd  
*Adjunct Professor*  
Luxfer Gas Cylinders, Riverside, CA

Jennie S. Hwang  
*Adjunct Professor*  
H-Technologies Group, Cleveland, OH

Ina Martin, PhD  
(Colorado State University)  
*Adjunct Assistant Professor*

Terence Mitchell  
*Adjunct Professor*  
Los Alamos National Laboratory, Los Alamos, NM

Badri Narayanan  
*Adjunct Assistant Professor*  
Lincoln Electric Co., Euclid, OH

Rudolf Podgornik, PhD  
(University of Ljubljana)  
*Adjunct Professor*

Gary Ruff  
*Adjunct Professor*  
Ruff Associates, Rochester Hills, MI

Ali Sayir, PhD  
(Case Western Reserve University)  
*Adjunct Professor*

Courses

**EMSE 110. Transitioning Ideas to Reality I - Materials in Service of Industry and Society. 1 Unit.**

In order for ideas to impact the lives of individuals and society they must be moved from "blue sky" to that which is manufacturable. Therein lies true creativity - design under constraint. Greater Cleveland is fortunate to have a diverse set of industries that serve medical, aerospace, electric, and advanced-materials technologies. This course involves trips to an array of work sites of leading companies to witness first-hand the processes and products, and to interact directly with practitioners. Occasional in-class speakers with demonstrations will be used when it is not logistically reasonable to visit off-site.

**EMSE 120. Transitioning Ideas to Reality II - Manufacturing Laboratory. 2 Units.**

This course complements EMSE 110. In that class students witness a diverse array of processing on-site in industry. In this class students work in teams and as individuals within processing laboratories working with an array of "real materials" to explore the potential of casting, machining, and deformation processes to produce real parts and/or components. An introduction to CAD as a means of communication is provided. The bulk of the term is spent in labs doing hands-on work. Planned work is carried out to demonstrate techniques and potential. Students have the opportunity to work independently or in teams to produce articles as varied as jewelry, electronics, transportation vehicles, or novel components or devices of the students' choosing.

**EMSE 125. Freshman Research in Materials Science and Engineering. 1 Unit.**

Freshman students conduct independent research in the area of material science and engineering, working closely with graduate student(s) and/or postdoctoral fellow(s), and supervised by an EMSE faculty member. An average of 5-6 hr/wk in the laboratory, periodic updates, and an end of semester report is required. Prereq: Limited to freshman, with permission of instructor.

**EMSE 146. Principles and Applications of Materials Chemistry. 4 Units.**

An introduction to the role that fundamental chemical principles play in the structure, processing, properties, and applications of materials. The origins and types of primary and secondary chemical bonds, and how they determine mechanical, electrical, thermal, optical, and magnetic properties of metals, ceramics, polymers and electronic materials. Equilibrium thermodynamics applied to the synthesis of materials and their reactions with the environment. Examples drawn from current breakthroughs utilized in high-technology applications. Active learning techniques, demonstrations, guest lectures, and a limited number of off-campus site visits will be utilized throughout the course. Intended for students seeking a degree in a materials-intensive field or a minor track that is materials-intensive. Prereq: (MATH 121 and CHEM 110) or (MATH 121 and CHEM 105 and CHEM 106). Coreq: PHYS 121 or PHYS 123.

**EMSE 220. Materials Laboratory I. 2 Units.**


**EMSE 228. Mathematical Methods for Materials Science and Engineering. 3 Units.**

Problems in materials science and engineering drawn from thermodynamics, material property measurements, heat transfer, mass transfer, and failure analysis. Students will develop a fundamental understanding of the basis for solving these problems including understanding the constituent equations, solution methods, and analysis and presentation of results. Students will then solve these problems using current computational tools employed by practicing materials engineers and scientists. Advantages and disadvantages of techniques using spreadsheets, programming languages, and specialized programs. Recommended preparation or recommended co-requisite: MATH 224 or MATH 228. Prereq: EMSE 276 and (ENGR 131 or EECS 132) and (PHYS 121 or PHYS 123) and (MATH 122 or MATH 124).

**EMSE 276. Materials Properties and Design. 3 Units.**

Relation of crystal structure, microstructure, and chemical composition to the properties of materials. The role of materials processing in controlling structure so as to obtain desired properties, using examples from metals, ceramics, semiconductors, and polymers. Design content includes exercises in materials selection, and in design of materials to meet specified performance requirements. Prereq: MATH 121 and (ENGR 145 or EMSE 146). Prereq or Coreq: PHYS 122 or PHYS 124.
EMSE 301. Fundamentals of Materials Processing. 3 Units.
Introduction to materials processing technology with an emphasis on the relation of basic concepts to the processes by which materials are made into engineering components. Includes casting, welding, forging, cold-forming, powder processing of metals and ceramics, and polymer and composite processing. Recommended preparation: EMSE 201 and EMSE 202 and EMSE 203.

EMSE 307. Foundry Metallurgy. 3 Units.
Introduction to solid-liquid phase transformations and their application to foundry and metal casting processes. Includes application of nucleation and growth to microstructural development, application of thermodynamics to molten metal reactions, application of the principles of fluid flow and heat transfer to gating and risering techniques, and introduction to basic foundry and metal casting technology.
Recommended preparation: EMSE 202 and EMSE 203 and ENGR 225.

EMSE 310. Applications of Diffraction Principles. 1 Unit.
A lab sequence in conjunction with EMSE 312. Diffraction Principles, involving experiments on crystallography, optical diffraction, Laue backscattering on single crystals, powder diffraction of unknown compounds, electron diffraction and imaging, and chemical analysis using energy dispersive x-ray spectroscopy. Recommended preparation: EMSE 312 or consent of instructor.

EMSE 312. Diffraction Principles. 3 Units.

EMSE 313. Engineering Applications of Materials. 3 Units.
Optimum use of materials taking into account not only the basic engineering characteristics and properties of the materials, but also necessary constraints of component design, manufacture (including machining), abuse allowance (safety factors), and cost. Interrelations among parameters based on total system design concepts. Case history studies. Systems of failure analysis. Recommended preparation: EMSE 202 and ENGR 200.

EMSE 319. Processing and Manufacturing of Materials. 3 Units.
Introduction to processing technologies by which materials are manufactured into engineering components. Discussion of how processing methods are dependent on desired composition, structure, microstructure, and defects, and how processing affects material performance. Emphasis will be placed on processes and treatments to achieve or improve chemical, mechanical, physical performance and/or aesthetics, including: casting, welding, forging, cold-forming, powder processing of metals and ceramics, and polymer and composite processing. Coverage of statistics and computational tools relevant to materials manufacturing. Prereq: EMSE 276 or EMSE 201.

EMSE 320. Materials Laboratory II. 1 Unit.
Measurement of thermophysical properties of materials emphasizing thermal and electrical properties of materials. Laboratory teams are selected for all experiments. Statistical analysis of experimental results also emphasized. Recommended preparation or corequisite: EMSE 276.

EMSE 325. Undergraduate Research in Materials Science and Engineering. 1 - 3 Unit.
Undergraduate laboratory research in materials science and engineering. Students will undertake an independent research project alongside graduate student(s) and/or postdoctoral fellow(s), and will be supervised by an EMSE faculty member. Written and oral reports will be given on a regular basis, and an end of semester report is required. The course can be repeated up to four (4) times for a total of six (6) credit hours. Prereq: Sophomore or Junior standing and consent of instructor.

EMSE 327. Thermodynamic Stability and Rate Processes. 3 Units.
An introduction to thermodynamics of materials as applied to metals, ceramics, polymers and optical/radiant heat transfer for photovoltaics. The laws of thermodynamics are introduced and the general approaches used in the thermodynamic method are presented. Systems studied span phase stability and oxidation in metals and oxides; nitride ceramics and semiconductors; polymerization, crystallization and block copolymer domain formation; and the thermodynamics of systems such as for solar power collection and conversion. Recommended preparation: EMSE 228 and ENGR 225 or equivalent. Prereq: EMSE 276 or EMSE 201.

EMSE 328. Meso-scale Science Including Nanotechnology. 3 Units.
Mesoscale science focuses on addressing the frontiers of complex systems, between quantum and classical, nano and macro, and across the four dimensions of space and time. Nanoscience continues to advance, and multi-scale approaches are used to bridge orders of magnitude in length scales. This course will explore tools that are needed to bridge different length scales, including crystallography (crystal symmetries, point groups, crystal systems and space groups), crystal chemistry, characterization of microstructures (including grains, inclusions, second phases, texture, and voids), diffraction principles and their application in characterizing materials at differing length scales (nano, micro, meso, macro), device characterization methods, and fabrication technologies and processes. Offered as: EMSE 328 and EMSE 428. Prereq: (MATH 223 or MATH 227) and (EMSE 276 or EMSE 201).

EMSE 330. Materials Laboratory III. 2 Units.

EMSE 335. Strategic Metals and Materials for the 21st Century. 3 Units.
This course seeks to create an understanding of the role of mineral-based materials in the modern economy focusing on how such knowledge can and should be used in making strategic choices in an engineering context. The history of the role of materials in emerging technologies from a historical perspective will be briefly explored. The current literature will be used to demonstrate the connectedness of materials availability and the development and sustainability of engineering advances with examples of applications exploiting structural, electronic, optical, magnetic, and energy conversion properties. Processing will be comprehensively reviewed from source through refinement through processing including property development through application of: titanium, beryllium, molybdenum, cobalt, vanadium, manganese, tantalum, rhenium, and rare earth group metals. The concept of strategic recycling, including design for recycling and waste stream management will be considered. Offered as EMSE 335 and EMSE 435. Prereq: Senior standing or graduate student.
EMSE 343. Materials for Electronics and Photonics. 3 Units.  
This course covers the basics of planar processing, which is the foundation of producing semiconductor chips and photonic devices, and the way these devices are incorporated into electronics and display technologies. Basic characteristics of semiconductors and optoelectronic devices; and how advances in these technologies arise from, and drive, advances in materials and device architecture. Offered as: EMSE 434 and EMSE 443. Prereq: (PHYS 122 or PHYS 124) and (EMSE 276 or EMSE 201).

EMSE 345. Materials for Biological and Medical Technology. 3 Units.  
A survey of natural biomaterials and synthetic biomedical materials from the perspective of materials science and engineering, focusing on how processing/synthesis, structure, and properties determine materials performance. Structure and properties of bones and teeth, soft tissue, and cartilage. Introduction to properties and applications of materials for medical technologies, such as orthopedic implants, sensors, transducers, and materials for biomedical imaging and drug delivery. Selected case studies. Biomimetics as a design strategy for synthetic materials. Prereq: ENGR 200 and (ENGR 145 or EMSE 146).

EMSE 349. Materials for Energy and Sustainability. 3 Units.  
Levels and categories of energy usage in the U.S. and the world. Availability of raw materials, including strategic materials; factors affecting global reserves and annual world production. Design options to circumvent limitations of supplies. Resource demand (energy and water) of materials production, fabrication, and recycling. Roles of engineered materials in renewable or advanced energy technologies: photovoltaics, fuel cells, wind, batteries, capacitors, thermoelectrics. Energy harvesting. Energy return on energy invested. Semester projects will enable students to explore related topics (e.g. geothermal; biomass; solar thermal; advances in energy-efficient manufacturing) in greater depth. Prereq: ENGR 225 and (ENGR 145 or EMSE 146) and (PHYS 122 or PHYS 124) or requisites not met permission.

EMSE 360. Transport Phenomena in Materials Science. 3 Units.  
Review of momentum, mass, and heat transport from a unified point of view. Application of these principles to various phenomena in materials science and engineering with an emphasis on materials processing. Both analytical and numerical methodologies applied in the solution of problems. Recommended preparation: ENGR 225 and MATH 224 or equivalent.

EMSE 372. Structural Materials by Design. 4 Units.  

EMSE 379. Design for Lifetime Performance. 3 Units.  

EMSE 396. Special Project or Thesis. 1 - 18 Unit.  
Special research projects or undergraduate thesis in selected material areas.

EMSE 398. Senior Project in Materials I. 1 Unit.  
Independent Research project. Projects selected from those suggested by faculty; usually entail original research. The EMSE 398 and 399 sequence form an approved SAGES capstone. Counts as SAGES Senior Capstone.

EMSE 399. Senior Project in Materials II. 2 Units.  
Independent Research project. Projects selected from those suggested by faculty; usually entail original research. Requirements include periodic reporting of progress, plus a final oral presentation and written report. Recommended preparation: EMSE 398 or concurrent enrollment.. Counts as SAGES Senior Capstone.

EMSE 400T. Graduate Teaching I. 0 Units.  
To provide teaching experience for all Ph.D.-bound graduate students. This will include preparing exams/quizzes, homework, leading recitation sessions, tutoring, providing laboratory assistance, and developing teaching aids that include both web-based and classroom materials. Graduate students will meet with supervising faculty member throughout the semester. Grading is pass/fail. Students must receive three passing grades and up to two assignments may be taken concurrently. Recommended preparation: Ph.D. student in Materials Science and Engineering.

EMSE 401. Transformations in Materials. 3 Units.  

EMSE 403. Modern Ceramic Processing. 3 Units.  
Fundamental science and technology of modern ceramic powder processing and fabrication techniques. Powder synthesis techniques. Physical chemistry of aqueous and nonaqueous colloidal suspensions of solids. Shape forming techniques: extrusion; injection molding; slip and tape casting; dry, isostatic, and hot isostatic pressing. Recommended preparation: EMSE 316 or concurrent enrollment.

EMSE 404. Diffusion Processes in Solids and Melts. 3 Units.  
EMSE 405. Dielectric and Electrical Properties of Materials. 3 Units.

EMSE 406. Optical Materials, Elements and Technologies. 3 Units.
Optical materials, elements and technologies are the focus of this course. Inorganic or organic optical materials are defined by their optical properties, radiation durability under ultraviolet and solar irradiation, and ancillary properties required for robust application. Optical elements of, for example, photolithography (as used in the semiconductor industry) include photomasks, pellicles, and imaging fluids. Photovoltaics (PV) have reflective, refractive, anti-reflective, or encapsulating elements. To produce the desired optical function, both photolithography and photovoltaics rely on the structure-property relationships of materials and precise manufacturing methods. Ancillary properties of interest are latent image formation and development for photoresists and adhesion and environmental isolation for PV encapsulants. We will see how photolithography has been the dominant contributor to the continuous shrinkage of semiconductors, and, with photovoltaics, we will examine how PVs compete with current energy sources by potentially reducing the cost per kWh through technological advancement. Optimization of the optical, physical and economic performance of these materials and elements, including sufficient durability over their required lifetime, is a critical challenge for technological success. Higher performance materials and novel optical elements and system designs, coupled with increased PV module lifetimes and lower degradation rates, are important paths to cost-competitive PV electricity. We will also study the manner in which the evolution of technology has defined and driven the roadmaps of these optical technologies (Moore’s Law). The course will include two computational optics labs to design state-of-the-art optical technologies for photolithographic imaging of sub-wavelength semiconductor device feature sizes, and of non-imaging concentrating photovoltaic systems with high optical efficiencies.

EMSE 409. Deformation Processing. 3 Units.
Flow stress as a function of material and processing parameters; yielding criteria; stress states in elastic-plastic deformation; forming methods: forging, rolling, extrusion, drawing, stretch forming, composite forming. Recommended preparation: EMSE 303.

EMSE 411. Environmental Effects on Materials. 3 Units.
Oxidation, corrosion and modification of structure of properties of metallic, ceramic and carbonaceous materials in environments of air, gases and aqueous electrolytes at low and high temperatures; Coatings and other protection methods; Material selection for self-passivation. Conversion-reactions and anodizing for beneficial applications.

EMSE 413. Fundamentals of Materials Engineering and Science. 3 Units.
Provides a background in materials for graduate students with undergraduate majors in other branches of engineering and science: reviews basic bonding relations, structure, and defects in crystals. Lattice dynamics; thermodynamic relations in multi-component systems; microstructural control in metals and ceramics; mechanical and chemical properties of materials as affected by structure; control of properties by techniques involving structure property relations; basic electrical, magnetic and optical properties.

EMSE 417. Properties of Materials in Extreme Environments. 3 Units.
Fundamentals of degradation pathways of materials under extreme conditions; thermodynamic stability of microstructures, deformation mechanisms, and failure mechanisms. Extreme conditions that will typically be addressed include: elevated temperatures, high-strain rates (ballistic), environmental effects, nuclear radiation, and small scales. Examples will be drawn from recent events as appropriate.

EMSE 421. Fracture of Materials. 3 Units.

EMSE 426. Semiconductor Thin Film Science and Technology. 3 Units.

EMSE 427. Dislocations in Solids. 3 Units.
Elasticity and dislocation theory; dislocation slip systems; kinks and dislocation motion; jogs and dislocation interactions, dislocation dissociation and stacking faults; dislocation multiplication, applications to yield phenomena, work hardening and other mechanical properties.

EMSE 428. Meso-scale Science Including Nanotechnology. 3 Units.
Mesoscale science focuses on addressing the frontiers of complex systems, between quantum and classical, nano and macro, and across the four dimensions of space and time. Nanoscience continues to advance, and multi-scale approaches are used to bridge orders of magnitude in length scales. This course will explore tools that are needed to bridge different length scales, including crystallography (crystal symmetries, point groups, crystal systems and space groups), crystal chemistry, characterization of microstructures (including grains, inclusions, second phases, texture, and voids), diffraction principles and their application in characterizing materials at differing length scales (nano, micro, meso, macro), device characterization methods, and fabrication technologies and processes. Offered as: EMSE 328 and EMSE 428. Prereq: (MATH 223 or MATH 227) and (EMSE 276 or EMSE 201).

EMSE 429. Crystallography and Crystal Chemistry. 3 Units.
Crystal symmetries, point groups, translation symmetries, space lattices, crystal classes, space groups, crystal chemistry, crystal structures and physical properties.
EMSE 435. Strategic Metals and Materials for the 21st Century. 3 Units.
This course seeks to create an understanding of the role of mineral-based materials in the modern economy focusing on how such knowledge can and should be used in making strategic choices in an engineering context. The history of the role of materials in emerging technologies from a historical perspective will be briefly explored. The current literature will be used to demonstrate the connectedness of materials availability and the development and sustainability of engineering advances with examples of applications exploiting structural, electronic, optical, magnetic, and energy conversion properties. Processing will be comprehensively reviewed from source through refinement through processing including property development through application of: titanium, beryllium, molybdenum, cobalt, vanadium, manganese, tantalum, rhenium, and rare earth group metals. The concept of strategic recycling, including design for recycling and waste stream management will be considered. Offered as EMSE 335 and EMSE 435. Prereq: Senior standing or graduate student.

EMSE 443. Materials for Electronics and Photonics. 3 Units.
This course covers the basics of planar processing, which is the foundation of producing semiconductor chips and photonic devices, and the way these devices are incorporated into electronics and display technologies. Basic characteristics of semiconductors and optoelectronic devices; and how advances in these technologies arise from, and drive, advances in materials and device architecture. Offered as: EMSE 343 and EMSE 443. Prereq: (PHYS 122 or PHYS 124) and (EMSE 276 or EMSE 201).

EMSE 463. Magnetism and Magnetic Materials. 3 Units.
This course covers the fundamentals of magnetism and application of modern magnetic materials especially for energy and data storage technologies. The course will focus on intrinsic and extrinsic magnetic properties, processing of magnetic materials to achieve important magnetic performance metrics, and the state-of-the-art magnetic materials used today. The topics related to intrinsic properties, include: magnetic dipole moments, magnetization, exchange coupling, magnetic anisotropy and magnetostriction. Topics related to extrinsic properties, include: magnetic hysteresis, frequency dependent magnetic response and magnetic losses. Technologically important permanent magnets (including rare earth containing alloys and magnetic oxides), soft magnets (including electrical steels, amorphous, ferrites, and nanocrystalline alloys), and thin film materials (including iron platinum) will be discussed in the context of their technological interest. Throughout the course, experimental techniques and data analysis will be discussed. The course is suitable for most graduate students and advanced undergraduates in engineering and science.

EMSE 499. Materials Science and Engineering Colloquium. 0 - 1 Units.
Invited speakers deliver lectures on topics of active research in materials science. Speakers include researchers at universities, government laboratories, and industry. Course is offered both of 1 credit and 0 credits. Attendance is required for both, and graded coursework in the form of a term paper is required when registering for 1 credit. Offered as EMSE 499 and EMSE 599.

EMSE 500T. Graduate Teaching II. 0 Units.
To provide teaching experience for all Ph.D.-bound graduate students. This will include preparing exams/quizzes/homework, leading recitation sessions, tutoring, providing laboratory assistance, and developing teaching aids that include both web-based and classroom materials. Graduate students will meet with supervising faculty member throughout the semester. Grading is pass/fail. Students must receive three passing grades and up to two assignments may be taken concurrently. Recommended preparation: Ph.D. student in Materials Science and Engineering.

EMSE 502. Mechanical Properties of Metals and Composites. 3 Units.
Microstructural effects on strength and toughness of advanced metals and composites. Review of dispersion hardening and composite strengthening mechanisms. Toughening of brittle materials via composite approaches such as fiber reinforcement, ductile phases, and combinations of approaches. Recommended preparation: ENGR 200 and EMSE 303 or EMSE 421; or consent.

EMSE 503. Structure of Materials. 3 Units.
The structure of materials and physical properties are explored in terms of atomic bonding and the resulting crystallography. The course will cover basic crystal chemistry, basic crystallography (crystal symmetries, point groups, translation symmetries, space lattices, and crystal classes), basic characterization techniques and basic physical properties related to a materials structure.

EMSE 504. Thermodynamics of Solids. 3 Units.

EMSE 505. Phase Transformations, Kinetics, and Microstructure. 3 Units.
Phase diagrams are used in materials science and engineering to understand the interrelationships of composition, microstructure, and processing conditions. The microstructure and phases constitution of metallic and nonmetallic systems alike are determined by the thermodynamic driving forces and reaction pathways. In this course, solution thermodynamics, the energetics of surfaces and interfaces, and both diffusional and diffusionless phase transformations are reviewed. The development of the laws of diffusion and its application for both melts and solids are covered. Phase equilibria and microstructure in multicomponent systems will also be discussed.

EMSE 509. Conventional Transmission Electron Microscopy. 3 Units.
Introduction to transmission electron microscopy-theoretical background and practical work. Lectures and laboratory experiments cover the technical construction and operation of transmission electron microscopes, specimen preparation, electron diffraction by crystals, electron diffraction techniques of TEM, conventional TEM imaging, and scanning TEM. Examples from various fields of materials research illustrate the application and significance of these techniques. Recommended preparation: Consent of instructor.

EMSE 511. Failure Analysis. 3 Units.
Methods and procedures for determining the basic causes of failures in structures and components. Recognition of fractures and excessive deformations in terms of their nature and origin. Development and full characterization of fractures. Legal, ethical, and professional aspects of failures from service. Recommended preparation: EMSE 201 and EMSE 303 and ENGR 200; or consent.
EMSE 512. Advanced Techniques of Transmission Electron Microscopy. 3 Units.
Theory and laboratory experiments to learn advanced techniques of transmission electron microscopy, including high-resolution transmission electron microscopy (HRTEM), convergent-beam electron diffraction (CBED), microanalysis using X-ray energy-dispersive spectroscopy (XEDS) and electron energy-loss spectroscopy (EELS), and electron-spectroscopic imaging (ESI) for elemental mapping. Recommended preparation: EMSE 509.

EMSE 514. Defects in Semiconductors. 3 Units.
Presentation of the main crystallographic defects in semiconductors; point defects (e.g., vacancies, interstitials, substitutional and interstitial impurities), line defects (e.g., dislocations), planar defects (e.g., grain boundaries), Structural, electrical and optical properties of various defects. Interpretation of the properties from the perspective of semiconductor physics and materials science in correlation with these defects to physical properties of the material. Experimental techniques including TEM, EBIC, CL, DLTS, etc. Recommended preparation: EMSE 426.

EMSE 515. Analytical Methods in Materials Science. 3 Units.
Microcharacterization techniques of materials science and engineering: SPM (scanning probe microscopy), SEM (scanning electron microscopy), FIB (focused ion beam) techniques, SIMS (secondary ion mass spectrometry), EPMA (electron probe microanalysis), XPS (X-ray photoelectron spectrometry), and AES (Auger electron spectrometry), ESCA (electron spectrometry for chemical analysis). The course includes theory, application examples, and laboratory demonstrations.

EMSE 599. Materials Science and Engineering Colloquium. 0 - 1 Units.
Invited speakers deliver lectures on topics of active research in materials science. Speakers include researchers at universities, government laboratories, and industry. Course is offered both of 1 credit and 0 credits. Attendance is required for both, and graded coursework in the form of a term paper is required when registering for 1 credit. Offered as EMSE 499 and EMSE 599.

EMSE 600T. Graduate Teaching III. 0 Units.
To provide teaching experience for all Ph.D.-bound graduate students. This will include preparing exam/quizzes/homework, leading recitation sessions, tutoring, providing laboratory assistance, and developing teaching aids that include both web-based and classroom materials. Graduate students will meet with supervising faculty member throughout the semester. Grading is pass/fail. Students must receive three passing grades and up to two assignments may be taken concurrently. Recommended preparation: Ph.D. student in Materials Science and Engineering.

EMSE 601. Independent Study. 1 - 18 Unit.

EMSE 633. Special Topics. 1 - 18 Unit.

EMSE 649. Special Projects. 1 - 18 Unit.

EMSE 651. Thesis M.S.. 1 - 18 Unit.
Required for Master's degree. A research problem in metallurgy, ceramics, electronic materials, biomaterials or archeological and art historical materials, culminating in the writing of a thesis.

Required for Ph.D. degree. A research problem in metallurgy, ceramics, electronic materials, biomaterials or archeological and art historical materials, culminating in the writing of a thesis. Prereq: Predoctoral research consent or advanced to Ph.D. candidacy milestone.

Department of Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering

The Department of Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering of the Case School of Engineering offers programs leading to bachelors, masters, and doctoral degrees. It administers the programs leading to the degrees of Bachelor of Science in Engineering with a major in aerospace engineering and Bachelor of Science in Engineering with a major in mechanical engineering. Both curricula are based on four-year programs of preparation for productive engineering careers or further academic training. The Bachelor of Science degree program in Mechanical Engineering and the Bachelor of Science degree program in Aerospace Engineering are accredited by the Engineering Accreditation Commission of ABET, www.abet.org (http://www.abet.org).

Departmental Mission

The mission of the Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering Department is to educate and prepare students at both the undergraduate and graduate levels for leadership roles in the fields of Mechanical Engineering and Aerospace Engineering and to conduct research for the benefit of society.

The undergraduate program emphasizes fundamental engineering science, analysis and experiments to insure that graduates will be strong contributors in their work environment, be prepared for advanced study at top graduate schools and be proficient lifelong learners. The graduate programs emphasize advanced methods of analysis, mathematical modeling, computational and experimental techniques applied to a variety of mechanical and aerospace engineering specialties including, applied mechanics, dynamic systems, robotics, biomechanics, fluid mechanics, heat transfer, propulsion and combustion. Leadership skills are developed by infusing the program with current engineering practice, design, and professionalism (including engineering ethics and the role of engineering in society) led by concerned educators and researchers.

The academic and research activities of the department center on the roles of mechanics, thermodynamics, heat and mass transfer, and engineering design in a wide variety of applications such as aeronautics, astronautics, biomechanics and orthopedic engineering, biomimetics and biological inspired robotics, energy, environment, machinery dynamics, mechanics of advanced materials, nanotechnology and tribology. Many of these activities involve strong collaborations with the Departments of Biology, Electrical Engineering and Computer Science, Materials Science and Engineering and Orthopaedics of the School of Medicine.

The significant constituencies of the Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering Department are the faculty, the students, the alumni and the external advisory boards. The educational program objectives are established and reviewed on an ongoing basis based on the feedback from the various constituencies as well as archival information about the program graduates. The faculty engages in continuing discussions of the academic programs in the regularly scheduled faculty meetings throughout the academic year. Periodic surveys of alumni provide data regarding the preparedness and success of the graduates as well as guidance in program development. Archival data include the placement information for graduating seniors, which provides direct information regarding the success of the graduates in finding employment or being admitted to graduate programs.

Mastery of Fundamentals
A strong background in the fundamentals of chemistry, physics and mathematics.
Methods of mechanical engineering analysis, both numerical and mathematical, applied to mechanics, dynamic systems and control, thermodynamics, fluid mechanics and heat transfer.
Methods of modern experimental engineering analysis and data acquisition.

Creativity
Ability to identify, model, and solve mechanical and aerospace engineering design problems.
Ability to design experiments to resolve mechanical and aerospace engineering issues.
Ability to perform an individual senior project that demonstrates original research and/or design content.

Societal Awareness
Issues of environmental impact, efficient use of energy and resources, benefits of recycling.
An awareness of the multi-disciplinary nature of mechanical and aerospace engineering.
Impact of economic, product liability and other legal issues on mechanical and aerospace engineering manufacturing and design.

Leadership Skills
An ability to work in teams.
Ethical considerations in engineering decisions.
Proficiency in oral and written communication.
Professionalism
Students are encouraged to develop as professionals through participation in the student chapters of the American Society of Mechanical Engineers (ASME) and the American Institute of Aeronautics and Astronautics (AIAA).
Students are encouraged to augment their classroom experiences with the cooperative education program and the strong graduate research program of the department.
Students are encouraged to take the Fundamentals of Engineering Examination as the first step in the process of becoming a registered professional engineer.
The bachelor’s candidate must complete an independent design project with an oral and written final report.
The master’s candidate must demonstrate independent research resulting in a thesis or project suitable for publication and/or presentation in peer reviewed journals and/or conferences.
The doctoral candidate must complete a rigorous independent thesis containing original research results appropriate for publication in archival journals and presentation at leading technical conferences.

Aerospace Engineering
Aerospace engineering has grown dramatically with the rapid development of the computer in experiments, design and numerical analysis. The wealth of scientific information developed as a result of aerospace activity forms the foundation for the aerospace engineering major.

Scientific knowledge is being developed each day for programs to develop reusable launch vehicles (RLV), the International Space Station (ISS), High Speed Transport (HST), Human Exploration and Development of Space (HEDS) and micro-electro-mechanical sensors and control systems for advanced flight. New methods of analysis and design for structural, fluid, and thermodynamic applications are required to meet these challenges.

The aerospace engineering major has been developed to address the needs of those students seeking career opportunities in the highly specialized and advancing aerospace industries.

Mechanical Engineering
Civilization, as we know it today, depends on the intelligent and humane use of our energy resources and machines. The mechanical engineer’s function is to apply science and technology to the design, analysis, development, manufacture, and use of machines that convert and transmit energy, and to apply energy to the completion of useful operations. The top ten choices of the millennium committee of the National Academy of Engineering, asked to select the 20 top engineering accomplishments of the 20th century, was abundant with mechanical engineering accomplishments, electrification (large scale power generation and distribution), automobiles, air travel (development of aircraft and propulsion), mechanized agriculture, and refrigeration and air conditioning.

Research
Aerospace Technology and Space Exploration
Flow in turbomachinery, molecular dynamics simulation of rarefied gas flow, two phase flow, supersonic combustion and propulsion, thermoacoustic refrigeration, in-situ resource utilization from space. Gravitational effects on transport phenomena, fluids and thermal processes in advance life support systems for long duration space travel, interfacial processes, g-jitter effects on microgravity flows, two phase flow in zero and reduced gravity.

Combustion and Energy
Hydrogen ignition and safety, catalytic combustion, flame spread, fire research and protection, combustion in micro- and partial gravity.

Dynamics of Rotating Machinery
Forced and instability vibration of rotor/bearing/seal systems, nonlinear rotor dynamics, torsional rotor vibration, rotor dynamic characteristics of bearings and seals (computational and experimental approach), control of rotor system dynamics, rub-impact studies on bearings and compressor/turbine blading systems. Advanced rotating machinery monitoring and diagnostics.

Heat Transfer
Analysis of heat transfer in complex systems such as biological organisms, multi-functional materials and building enclosures.

Engineering Design
Optimization and computer-aided design, feasibility studies of kinematic mechanisms, kinematics of rolling element-bearing geometries, mechanical control systems, experimental stress analysis, failure analysis, development of biologically inspired methodologies.

Manufacturing
Agile manufacturing work cells developed to facilitate quick change over from assembly of one object to assembly of other objects contains multiple robots, a conveyor system and flexible parts feeders.

Materials

Development of novel experimental techniques to investigate material response at elevated temperatures and high rates of deformation. Constitutive modeling of damage evolution, shear localization and failure of advanced engineering materials. Fabrication of mechanical properties of composite materials; creep, rupture, and fatigue properties of engineering materials at elevated temperatures.

Multiphase Flow Research

Application of non-intrusive laser based diagnostic techniques and ultrasound techniques including pulsed ultrasound Doppler velocimetry to study solid-liquid, solid-gas, liquid-gas and solid-liquid-gas, multiphase flows encountered in slurry transport and bio-fluid mechanics.

Nanotechnology

Research related to various nanotechnology applications with particular emphasis on energy conversion, generation and storage in nanostructured materials including the synthesis of polymer-based nanocomposites. Current research projects include investigation of nanocomposites for thermoelectric devices, molecular simulation of thermal transport across interfacial regions, and biomimetic research on protein-based shark gel.

Musculoskeletal Mechanics and Materials Research

Design, modeling, and failure analysis of orthopaedic prostheses and material selection; mechanical properties of, and transport processes in, bone and soft tissue; tribology of native and tissue engineered cartilage; nondestructive mechanical evaluation of tissue engineered cartilage.

Robotics

Biologically inspired and biologically based design and control of legged robots. Dynamics, control and simulation of animals and robots.

Tribology and Seals

Time-resolved friction on nano- and microsecond time scale with applications to high speed machining and mechanics of armor penetration. Study of gas lubricated foil bearing systems with application to oil-free turbomachinery. Evaluation of advanced seal concepts and configurations for high temperature applications in gas turbine engines.

Turbomachinery

Vibration characteristics of seals and bearings and measurement of chaotic motion. Rub impact studies of blade tip/casing interactions, particle-blade/casing interactions in centrifugal pumps.

Bachelor of Science in Engineering

Program Educational Objectives: Aerospace Engineering

- **Objective 1** - Graduates will enter and successfully engage in careers in Aerospace Engineering and other professions appropriate to their background, interests, and skills.
- **Objective 2** - Graduates will engage in continued learning through post-baccalaureate education and/or professional development in engineering or other professional fields.

Program Educational Objectives: Mechanical Engineering

- **Objective 1** - Graduates will enter and successfully engage in careers in Mechanical Engineering and other professions appropriate to their background, interests, and skills.
- **Objective 2** - Graduates will engage in continued learning through post-baccalaureate education and/or professional development in engineering or other professional fields.
- **Objective 3** - Graduates will develop as leaders in their chosen professions.

Student Outcomes

As preparation for achieving the above educational objectives, the B.S. degree programs in Aerospace Engineering and Mechanical Engineering are designed so that students attain:

- an ability to apply knowledge of mathematics, science, and engineering
- an ability to design and conduct experiments, as well as to analyze and interpret data
- an ability to design a system, component, or process to meet desired needs within realistic constraints such as economic, environmental, social, political, ethical, health and safety, manufacturability, and sustainability
- an ability to function on multi-disciplinary teams
- an ability to identify, formulate, and solve engineering problems
- an understanding of professional and ethical responsibility
- an ability to communicate effectively
- the broad education necessary to understand the impact of engineering solutions in a global, economic, environmental, and societal context
- a recognition of the need for, and an ability to engage in life-long learning
- a knowledge of contemporary issues
- an ability to use the techniques, skills, and modern engineering tools necessary for engineering practice.

The Bachelor of Science in Mechanical Engineering and the Bachelor of Science in Aerospace Engineering degree programs are accredited by the Engineering Accreditation Commission of ABET, www.abet.org

Bachelor of Science in Engineering

Major in Aerospace Engineering

**Major Courses**

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<tr>
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<th>Credits</th>
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<td>EMAE 350</td>
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</table>
EMAE 355 Design of Fluid and Thermal Elements 3
EMAE 356 Aerospace Design 3
EMAE 359 Aero/Gas Dynamics 3
EMAE 376 Aerostructures 3
EMAE 382 Propulsion 3
EMAE 383 Flight Mechanics 3
EMAE 384 Orbital Dynamics 3
EMAE 398 Senior Project 3
One technical elective 3
For the Engineering Core natural science and math requirement 3
PHYS 221 Introduction to Modern Physics 3
Total Units 57

Bachelor of Science in Engineering
Suggested Program of Study: Major in Aerospace Engineering

First Year

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Second Year

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<td>Elementary Differential Equations (MATH 224)</td>
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Third Year

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Total Units in Sequence: 129

Hours required for graduation: 129

Bachelor of Science in Engineering
Major in Mechanical Engineering

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b Engineering Core Course
d May be taken fall or spring semester.
**Bachelor of Science in Engineering**

**Suggested Program of Study: Major in Mechanical Engineering**

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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Humanities or Social Science elective</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fluid and Thermal Engineering II (EMAE 325)</td>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mechanical Engineering Measurements Laboratory (EMAE 285)</td>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Strength of Materials (ECIV 310)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mechanical Engineering Analysis (EMAE 350)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Humanities or Social Science elective</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Introduction to Circuits and Instrumentation (ENGR 210)</td>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Fourth Year**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Units</th>
<th>Fall</th>
<th>Spring</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Humanities or Social Science elective</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Signals and Systems (EECS 246)</td>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Design of Fluid and Thermal Elements (EMAE 355)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Design and Manufacturing II (EMAE 360)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Open Elective</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Humanities or Social Science elective</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Technical elective</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Year Total:</strong></td>
<td>16</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Total Units in Sequence:** 129

Hours required for graduation: 129

- `b`: Engineering Core Course
- `d`: May be taken fall or spring semester.

**Technical Electives By Program**

**Aerospace Engineering:** For students following the Design and Manufacturing Track (see requirements for Design and Manufacturing below)

- All 200-, 300-, and 400-level courses from the following areas: EMAE all, EMAE cross-listed, EBME all, EBME cross-listed, ECIV all, EECS all, ECES cross-listed, & EMAC all
- All 300- and 400-level course in ECHE and EMSE areas
- All 300-level MATH and STAT courses with the concurrence of the advisor

  **NOTE:** We are not accepting EMSE 201 as a technical elective

**Mechanical Engineering:** For students following the Design and Manufacturing Track (See requirements for Design and Manufacturing below)

- All 200-, 300-, and 400-level courses from the following areas: EMAE all, EMAE cross-listed, EBME all, EBME cross-listed, ECIV all, EECS all, ECES cross-listed, & EMAC all
- All 300- and 400-level course in ECHE and EMSE areas
- All 300-level MATH and STAT courses with the concurrence of the advisor

  **NOTE:** We are not accepting EMSE 201 as a technical elective
Science Electives for Mechanical Engineering Majors

The Student Information System is currently set up to accept PHYS 221 Introduction to Modern Physics or STAT 312 Basic Statistics for Engineering and Science as a science elective. Other courses for individual students can be selected with the approval of the student’s advisor and the chair using an Academic Advisement Requirement Form (http://www.case.edu/provost/ugstudies/ARcorrection.pdf).

Humanities and Social Science Requirements

Consult the Office of Undergraduate Studies section (p. 549) in this bulletin.

Double Major Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering

The department also offers a double major in Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering. The course selection details are provided in the course listing section. The number of additional courses required can vary from six or two courses depending upon the student’s program of study.

Five Year Program of Study

The department curriculum offers a five-year cooperative (co-op) education program and a combined bachelors-masters programs which may be completed in five years. Co-op weaves two 7-month industrial internships into the normal four-year program by combining a summer with either a fall or spring semester to form the 7-month industrial experiences. Students apply in the middle of the sophomore year and normally begin the internship in the spring semester of the junior year. After completing the second internship, students return to campus in the spring or fall to complete their final year of study.

The combined bachelors/masters program allows a student to double count 9 credit hours of graduate course work towards the Bachelor of Science degree in any one of the department’s two degree programs. By completing the remaining graduate credit hours and a thesis, a student may earn a Master of Science degree in mechanical or aerospace engineering. This may take 5 years or a little longer. Application to this program is initiated in the spring of the junior year with the department’s graduate student programs office. A minimum grade point of 3.2 is required for consideration for this accelerated program.

Another option is the 5 year TiME Program taught in conjunction with the Weatherhead School of Management in which a student completes a BS in Aerospace or Mechanical Engineering and earns a Master of Engineering Management.

Minor in Mechanical Design and Manufacturing

A minor in Mechanical Design and Manufacturing is offered to students with an interest in design and manufacturing. The minor consists of an approved set of five EMAE courses.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EMAE 160</td>
<td>Mechanical Manufacturing</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EMAE 260</td>
<td>Design and Manufacturing I</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EMAE 370</td>
<td>Design of Mechanical Elements</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Two of the following:</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Double Major Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EMAE 290</td>
<td>Computer-Aided Manufacturing</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EMAE 372</td>
<td>Structural Materials by Design</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EMAE 390</td>
<td>Advanced Manufacturing Technology</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EMAE 397</td>
<td>Independent Laboratory Research</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1. Student writes a one-page proposal clearly explaining how the project involves mechanical design and/or manufacturing at an advanced undergraduate level.

2. The proposal is approved by both the student’s major advisor, and the EMAE advisor for the mechanical design and manufacturing minor.

Total Units: 15

Graduate Programs

Master of Science in Engineering

Research- or Project-Oriented

For a research-oriented MS, each candidate must complete a minimum of 27 hours of graduate-level credits, including at least 18 hours of graduate-level courses and 9 credit hours of MS thesis research.

For the project-oriented option, students must complete 27 credit hours distributed in either of three ways: 21, 24, or 27 credit hours (7, 8 or 9 courses) of approved graduate course work and 6, or 3 credit hours of project replacing the MS thesis.

Course Oriented

Each MS candidate must complete 27 hours of graduate-level credits. The candidate has to pass a comprehensive examination upon completion of the course work.

In addition, a BS/MS program and a 5-year TiME program (BS/ Master of Engineering Management) are also offered for our undergraduate students as indicated in the preceding section.

Master of Engineering Program

The Department of Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering participates in the practice-oriented Master of Engineering Program offered by the Case School of Engineering. In this program, students complete a core program consisting of five courses, and select a four-course sequence in an area of interest.

Doctor of Philosophy Program

Students wishing to pursue the doctoral degree in mechanical and aerospace engineering must successfully pass the doctoral qualifying examination consisting of both written and oral components. Qualifying exams are offered on applied mechanics, dynamics and design or fluid and thermal engineering sciences. Students can choose to take it in the fall or spring semesters. The minimum course requirements for the PhD degree are as follows:

Depth Courses

All programs of study must include 6 graduate level mechanical courses in mechanical engineering or aerospace engineering. Usually these courses follow a logical development of a branch of mechanics, dynamics and design or fluid and thermal engineering science determined in
Elective tracks:

understanding of:

from this degree program, students will be ready to apply their thorough
covers all aspects of combustion and fire suppression. After graduating
The Fire Science and Engineering program at Case Western Reserve
12 month year, but can be spread out over multiple years.

through the Robert M. Ward ’41 Laboratory, the Bingham Student Workshop, the Reinberger
Design Studio. The Ward Laboratory is modular in concept and available
to the student at regularly scheduled class periods to conduct a variety of
prepared experimental assignments. The lab is equipped with a variety of
instruments ranging from classic analog devices to modern digital
computer devices for the collection of data and the control of processes.
Advanced facilities are available for more specialized experimental tasks in the various laboratories dedicated to each specific discipline. Most of these laboratories also house the research activities of the department, so students are exposed to the latest technology in their prospective professional practice. Finally, every undergraduate and graduate degree program involves a requirement, i.e., Project, Thesis or Dissertation, in which the student is exposed to a variety of facilities of the department.

The following is a listing of the major laboratory facilities used for the advanced courses and research of the department.

### Biorobotics Laboratory Facilities
The Biorobotics Laboratory (http://biorobots.cwru.edu/) consists of approximately 1080 square feet of laboratory and 460 square feet of office space. The lab includes two CNC machines for fabrication of smaller robot components. The lab’s relationship with CAISR (Center for Automation and Intelligent Systems Research) provides access to a fully equipped machine shop where larger components are fabricated. The laboratory hardware features several biologically inspired hexapod robots including two cockroach-like robots, Robot III and Robot IV. Both are based on the Blaberus cockroach and have 24 actuated revolute joints. They are 17 times larger than the insect (30 inches long). Robot IV is actuated with pneumatic artificial muscles. A compressed air facility has been installed to operate the robots. In addition, the lab contains structural dynamic testing equipment (sensors, DAQ boards, shakers) and an automated treadmill (5 feet by 6 feet) for developing walking robots. The Biorobotics Laboratory contains 20 PCs, and a dedicated LAN connected to the campus. Algor Finite Element Analysis software, Mechanical Desktop, and Pro/Engineer are installed for mechanical design and structural analysis. Also, the lab has developed dynamic simulation software for analyzing walking animals and designing walking robots.

### Distributed Intelligence and Robotics Laboratory
The Distributed Intelligence and Robotics Laboratory (DIRL) is a new laboratory in the Department of Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering that facilitates research activities on robotics and mechatronics. The primary research focuses on distributed intelligence, multi-agent systems, biologically-inspired robotics and medical applications. The laboratory is currently being constructed to house self-sufficient facilities and equipment for designing, testing and preliminary manufacturing. The DIRL also conduct theoretical research related to design methodology and control algorithms based on information theory, complexity analysis and group theory.

### Mechanics of Materials Experimental Facility
The major instructional as well as research facility for experimental methods in mechanics of materials is the Daniel K. Wright Jr. Laboratory. Presently, the facility houses a single-stage gas-gun along with tension/compression split Hopkinson bar and torsional Kolsky bar apparatus for carrying out fundamental studies in dynamic deformation and failure of advanced material systems. Hewlett Packard and Tektronix high speed, wide bandwidth digitizing oscilloscopes along with strain-gage conditioners and amplifiers are available for data recording and processing. The facility houses state-of-the-art laser interferometry equipment for making spatial and temporal measurements of deformation. High speed Hg-Cd-Te detector arrays are available for making time resolved multi-point non-contact temperature measurements.

A Schenck Pegasus digital servo-controlled hydraulic testing system with a 20Kip Universal testing load frame equipped with hydraulic grips and instrumentation is available for quasi-static mechanical testing under load or displacement control. A newly developed moiré microscope is available for studying large-scale inelastic deformation processes on micron size scales. CCD camera along with the appropriate hardware/software for image-acquisition, processing and analyzing of full field experimental data from optical interferometers such as moiré microscope, photo-elasticity, and other laser based spatial interferometers are available.

### Multiphase Flow and Laser Diagnostics Laboratory
A laser diagnostics laboratory is directed toward investigation of complex two-phase flow fields involved in energy-related areas, bio-fluid mechanics of cardiovascular systems, slurry flow in pumps and thermoacoustic power and refrigeration systems. The laboratory is equipped with state-of-the-art Particle Image Velocimetry (PIV) equipment, Pulsed Ultrasound Doppler Velocimeter, Ultrasound concentration measurement instrumentation and modern data acquisition and analysis equipment including PCs. The laboratory houses a clear centrifugal slurry flow pump loop and heart pump loop. Current research projects include investigation of flow through micro-chip devices, CSF flow in ventricles, investigation of solid-slurry flow in centrifugal pumps using ultrasound technique and PIV, thermo-acoustic refrigeration for space application.

### Rotating Machinery Dynamics and Tribology Laboratory
This laboratory focuses on rotating machinery monitoring and diagnostic methods relating chaos content of dynamic non-linearity and model-based observers’ statistical measures to wear and impending failure modes. A double-spool-shaft rotor dynamics test rig provides independent control over spin speed and frequency of an adjustable magnitude circular rotor vibration orbit for bearing and seal rotor-dynamic characterizations.

Simultaneous radial and axial time-varying loads on any type of bearing can be applied on a second test rig. Real time control of rotor-mass unbalance at two locations on the rotor while it is spinning up to 10,000 rpm, simultaneous with rotor rubbing and shaft crack propagation, can be tested on a third rig. Self-excited instability rotor vibrations can be investigated on a fourth test rig.

### Musculoskeletal Mechanics and Materials Laboratories
These laboratories are a collaborative effort between the Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering Department of the Case School of Engineering and the Department of Orthopaedics of the School of Medicine that has been ongoing for more than 40 years. Research activities have ranged from basic studies of mechanics of skeletal tissues and skeletal structures, experimental investigation of prosthetic joints and implants, measurement of musculoskeletal motion and forces, and theoretical modeling of mechanics of musculoskeletal systems. Many studies are collaborative, combining the forces of engineering, biology, biochemistry, and surgery. The Biomechanics Test labs include Instron mechanical test machines with simultaneous axial and torsional loading capabilities, a non-contacting video extensometer for evaluation of biological materials and engineering polymers used in joint replacements, acoustic emission hardware and software, and specialized test apparatus for analysis of
joint kinematics. The Bio-imaging Laboratory includes microscopes and three-dimensional imaging equipment for evaluating tissue microstructure and workstations for three-dimensional visualization, measurement and finite element modeling. An Orthopaedic Implant Retrieval Analysis lab has resources for characterization and analysis of hard tissues and engineering polymers, as well as resources to maintain a growing collection of retrieved total hip and total knee replacements that are available for the study of implant design. The Soft Tissue Biomechanics lab includes several standard and special test machines. Instrumentation and a Histology facilities support the activities within the Musculoskeletal Mechanics and Materials Laboratories.

National Center for Space Exploration Research

The National Center for Space Exploration Research (NCSER) is a collaborative effort between the Universities Space Research Association (USRA), Case Western Reserve University (CWRU), and NASA Glenn Research Center (GRC) that provides GRC with specialized research and technology development capabilities essential to sustaining its leadership role in NASA missions. Expertise resident at NCSER includes reduced gravity fluid mechanics, reduced gravity combustion processes; heat transfer, two-phase flow, micro-fluidics, and phase change processes; computational multiphase fluid dynamics, heat and mass transfer, computational simulation of physico-chemical fluid processes and human physiological systems. This expertise has been applied to:

- Cryogenic fluid management
- Spacecraft fire safety
- Energy storage
- Thermal management and control
- ISS experiment development
- Astronaut health
- In situ resource utilization
- Materials synthesis
- Fluid structural interaction and tissue mechanics in physiological systems
- Orbit repair of electronics
- Exploration life support
- Dust management
- Environmental monitoring/control
- Integrated system health monitoring
- Planetary surface mobility
- Bio-fluid mechanics
- Biosystems modeling

nanoEngineering Laboratory

The nanoEngineering Laboratory focuses on research related to various nanotechnology applications with particular emphasis on energy conversion, generation and storage in nanostructured and bio-inspired materials. Synthesis of polymer-based nanocomposites, nanofluids and individual nanostructures is accomplished with tools available in the laboratory. Furthermore, the laboratory houses various pieces of equipment for thermal and electrical characterization of these materials. Research projects include investigation of nanocomposites for thermoelectric devices, molecular simulation of thermal transport across interfacial regions, characterization of nanomaterials for thermal management (of electronics and buildings) as well as thermal insulation applications, and biomimetic research on a protein-based shark gel.

Other Experimental Facilities

The department facilities also include several specialized laboratories.

Engineering Services Fabrication Center offers complete support to assist projects from design inception to completion of fabrication. Knowledgeable staff is available to assist Faculty, Students, Researchers, and personnel associated with Case Western Reserve University.

The Bingham Student Workshop is a 2380 sq.ft. facility complete with machining, welding, metal fabrication, and woodworking equipment. This facility is available for the Case undergrads in Mechanical Engineering. Before gaining access to the shop all ME students are required to take the EMAE 172, Mechanical Manufacturing course. This course gives the student a foundation in basic machining, welding, sheet metal fabrication, and safety. Manual drafting, design, and computer-aided drafting is also included in the course. After completion the student can use the shop for other Mechanical Engineering courses requiring prototypes. The BSW, also, is used for senior projects and student organizations, such as, the SAE Baja and Formula and the Design Build and Fly.

The Harry A. Metcalf Laboratory in Glenn Hall Room 422, which was made possible through the generous gift of Sylvia Lissa to honor her late husband and Mechanical Engineering graduate, Class of 1903, has recently been renovated and updated. The restructuring of the computational lab and adjacent experimental lab takes advantage of the Case School of Engineering’s Virtual Desktop Infrastructure built on Citrix XenDesktop via gigabit networking. This high-speed networking provides access to software packages including SolidWorks, PTC Creo, MasterCam, Abaqus, MatLab, Microsoft Office, Mathematica, Labview, and many others. The lab is set up to allow the students to use their laptops or ones provided in the lab by the Department for course and project work. As a result of using the Virtual Desktop Infrastructure, engineering students will also be able to access the engineering software listed above from anywhere on any device. Students’ home drives are automatically mapped as well when using the virtual applications so that they have access to their files at all times on any device.

The Reinberger Design Studio includes a total of 33 Wyse terminals for Undergraduate Student design use. The Studio is tied directly to the campus network allowing information to be shared with the HAMCL and other network resources. The Studio is used for the instruction of the SolidWorks 2005 CAD software, MasterCam 9.0 CAM software, Solidworks CAD/CAM/FEA software, and Algor 16.1 FEA software. The RDS also offers a 3D Systems SLA 250 and a Dimension machine for generating SLA models from CAD models.

The Reinberger Product and Process Development Laboratory is 1600 square feet of laboratory and office space dedicated to computer-aided engineering activities. The computer numerical control (CNC) laboratory includes both two industrial sized machine tools with additional space for lecture and group project activities. The CNC machine tools located in the laboratory are: a HAAS VF3 4 axis-machining center, a HAAS 2 axis lathe. A Mitutoyo coordinate measuring machine (CMM) located in its own laboratory space completes the facilities. The CMM enables students to inspect their manufactured components to a very degree of precision. The laboratory is used to support both undergraduate and graduate manufacturing courses (EMAE 390, EMAE 490).
High Performance Computing

For high performance computing the department uses the CWRU high performance computing cluster (HPCC). The HPCC consists of 112 compute nodes with Intel Pentium 4 Xeon EM64T processors. All nodes are interconnected with Gigabit Ethernet for MPI message passing and all nodes are interconnected by a separate Ethernet for the purpose of out-of-band cluster management. The MAE Department also has a direct access to all the Ohio Supercomputing Center and all NSF supercomputing centers, primarily to the Pittsburgh Supercomputing Center. Computing-intensive research projects can obtain an account on those supercomputers through their advisers. Research projects carried on in cooperation with the NASA Glenn Research Center can have access to NASA computing facilities. Sophisticated, extensive, and updated general and graphics software are available for applications in research and classroom assignments.

Faculty

Dwight T. Davy, PhD, PE
(University of Iowa)
Professor Emeritus and Interim Chair
Muskulo-skeletal biomechanics; applied mechanics

Jaikrishnan R. Kadambi, PhD
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Experimental fluid mechanics; multiphase flows; laser diagnostics; bio-fluid mechanics; turbomachinery

Alexis R. Abramson, PhD
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Macro/micro/nanoscale heat transfer and energy transport

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Ozan Akkus, PhD
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Combustion; propulsion, and fire research
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Musculo-skeletal biomechanics; applied mechanics

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Arthur P. Armington Professor Emeritus of Engineering
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Wilbert J. Austin Distinguished Professor Emeritus of Engineering
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Kent H. Smith Emeritus Professor of Engineering
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Fumiaki Takahashi, PhD
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Research Associate Professor, National Center for Space Exploration Research
Combustion, fire research, laser diagnostics

Associated Faculty

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Cleveland State University

J. Iwan D. Alexander, PhD
(Washington State University)
Adjunct Professor

Ali Ameri, PhD
(The Ohio State University)
Adjunct Assistant Professor
Computational Fluid Dynamics

Christos C. Chamis, PhD
(Case Western Reserve University)
Adjunct Professor; NASA Glenn Research Center
Structural analysis; composite materials; probabilistic structural analysis; testing methods

James Drake, BSE
(Case Western Reserve University)
Adjunct Instructor

Christopher Hernandez, PhD
(Stanford University)
Adjunct Assistant Professor
Musculoskeletal biomechanics, solid mechanics and medical device design

Meng-Seng Liou, PhD
(University of Michigan)
Adjunct Professor; NASA Glenn Research Center
Computational fluid mechanics; aerodynamics; multi-objective optimization

Kenneth Loparo, PhD
(Case Western Reserve University)
Professor of Electrical Engineering and Computer Science
Control; robotics; stability of dynamical systems; vibrations

David Matthiesen, PhD
(Massachusetts Institute of Technology)
Associate Professor of Materials Science Engineering
Microgravity crystal growth

Wyatt S. Newman, PhD
(Massachusetts Institute of Technology)
Professor of Electrical Engineering and Computer Science
Mechatronics; high-speed robot design; force and vision-bases machine control; artificial reflexes for autonomous machines; rapid prototyping; agile manufacturing

Research Faculty

Richard J. Bachmann, PhD
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Assistant Research Professor
Biologically inspired robotics

R. Balasubramaniam, PhD
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Research Associate Professor, National Center for Space Exploration Research
Microgravity fluid mechanics

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Vedha Nayagam, PhD
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Mario Garcia Sanz, PhD  
(University of Navarra)  
Professor of Electrical Engineering and Computer Science  
Systems and control, spacecraft controls, automated manufacturing

Chih-Jen Sung, PhD  
(Princeton University)  
Adjunct Professor; University of Connecticut  
Combustion, propulsion, laser diagnostics

Ravi Vaidyanathan, PhD  
(Case Western Reserve University)  
Adjunct Assistant Professor  
Robotics and control

Xiong Yu, PhD, PE  
(Purdue University)  
Assistant Professor  
Geotechnical engineering, non-destructive testing, intelligent infrastructures

Courses

EMAE 160. Mechanical Manufacturing. 3 Units.  
The course is taught in two sections—Graphics and Manufacturing.  
Manufacturing To introduce manufacturing processes and materials and their relationships to mechanical design engineering. Course includes hands-on machining and metal fabrication lab. Also, each lab creates a 'virtual' field trip of a manufacturing facility to be shared with the class. Graphics Development of mechanical engineering drawings in orthographic, sectional, and pictorial views using manual drafting and computer-aided drafting (CAD software), dimensioning, tolerancing geometric dimensioning and tolerancing and assembly drawings will also be covered. All students are paired up to give a Manufacturing Design Presentation demonstrating the course material. The course has two (75) minute lectures and one (110) minute Machining Lab per week.

EMAE 181. Dynamics. 3 Units.  
Elements of classical dynamics: particle kinematics and dynamics, including concepts of force, mass, acceleration, work, energy, impulse, momentum. Kinetics of systems of particles and of rigid bodies, including concepts of mass center, momentum, mass moment of inertia, dynamic equilibrium. Elementary vibrations. Recommended preparation: MATH 122 and PHYS 121 and ENGR. 200

EMAE 250. Computers in Mechanical Engineering. 3 Units.  

EMAE 260. Design and Manufacturing I. 3 Units.  
This is the second course of a 4-course sequence focusing on "Engineering Design and Manufacturing." This course develops students' competence and self-confidence as design engineers by exposing the students to design as a creative process and its relationship with modern manufacturing practices. The outcomes of the course focus on the student's ability to apply their knowledge of mathematics, science, and engineering to design a system, component, or process that meets desired needs within realistic, multi-dimensional constraints, such as: economic, environmental, social, political, ethical, health and safety, manufacturability, and sustainability. Additionally, students will be given the opportunity to identify, formulate, and solve engineering problems, while applying professional and ethical practices. Professional communication skills are emphasized and expected during all stages of the design process. The course has five main areas of emphasis: design as a creative process, decision-based design methodologies, project management, engineering economics, and design for manufacture (CAD/CAM/CAE) using industrial software tools. The course exposes the student to the integration of engineering design, manufacturing, and management disciplines and includes activities to consider and understand the complex processes associated with controlling and managing product data through all stages of the product life-cycle (PLM). Topics include: engineering ethics, design as a creative process, design methodologies, project management, engineering economics, product life-cycle management (PLM), CAD/CAM/CAE, and the role of digital manufacturing within the design process. Design/Rapid Prototyping Studio activities are an integral part of the course, and enable the students to be part of a design and build team working on various project-based tasks. Prereq: EMAE 160 or EMAE 172.

EMAE 282. Mechanical Engineering Laboratory I. 2 Units.  
Techniques and devices used for experimental work in mechanical and aerospace engineering. Lecture topics include elementary statistics, linear regression, propagation of uncertainty, digital data acquisition, characteristics of common measurement systems, background for measurement laboratories, and elements of report writing. Hands-on laboratory experiences may include measurements in solid mechanics, dynamics, and fluid and thermal sciences, which are summarized in group reports. At least one report will focus on design of a measurement. Specific lecture and measurement topics will be chosen for each student on a case-by-case basis. Only students who have taken EMAE 283 but not EMAE 282 may take EMAE 282.

EMAE 283. Mechanical Engineering Laboratory II. 2 Units.  
Techniques and devices used for experimental work in mechanical and aerospace engineering. Lecture topics include elementary statistics, linear regression, propagation of uncertainty, digital data acquisition, characteristics of common measurement systems, background for measurement laboratories, and elements of report writing. Hands-on laboratory experiences may include measurements in solid mechanics, dynamics, and fluid and thermal sciences, which are summarized in group reports. At least one report will focus on design of a measurement. Specific lecture and measurement topics will be chosen for each student on a case-by-case basis. Only students who have taken EMAE 282 but not EMAE 283 may take EMAE 283.
EMAE 285. Mechanical Engineering Measurements Laboratory. 4 Units.
Techniques and devices used for experimental work in mechanical and aerospace engineering. Lecture topics include elementary statistics, linear regression, propagation of uncertainty, digital data acquisition, characteristics of common measurement systems, background for measurement laboratories, and elements of report writing. Hands-on laboratory experiences may include measurements in solid mechanics, dynamics, and fluid and thermal sciences, which are summarized in group reports. At least one report will focus on design of a measurement. Recommended preparation: EMAE 181, ENGR 225 and ECIV 310.

EMAE 290. Computer-Aided Manufacturing. 3 Units.
An advanced design and manufacturing engineering course covering a wide range of topics associated with the ‘design for manufacturability’ concept. Students will be introduced to a number of advanced solid modeling assignments (CAD), rapid prototyping (RP), and computer-aided manufacturing (CAM). In addition students will be introduced to computer numerical control (CNC) manual part-programming for CNC milling and turning machine tools. All students will be given a design project requiring all detail and assembly drawings for a fully engineered design. The course has two (50) minute lectures and one (110) minute CAD/CAM Lab per week. Prereq: EMAE 160.

EMAE 325. Fluid and Thermal Engineering II. 4 Units.
The continuation of the development of the fundamental fluid and thermal engineering principles introduced in ENGR 225, Introduction to Fluid and Thermal Engineering. Applications to heat engines and refrigeration, chemical equilibrium, mass transport across semi-permeable membranes, mixtures and air conditioning, developing external and internal flows, boundary layer theory, hydrodynamic lubrication, the role of diffusion and convection in heat and mass transfer, radiative heat transfer and heat exchangers. Recommended preparation: ENGR 225.

EMAE 350. Mechanical Engineering Analysis. 3 Units.

EMAE 352. Thermodynamics in Energy Processes. 3 Units.
Thermodynamic properties of liquids, vapors and real gases, thermodynamic relations, non-reactive mixtures, psychrometrics, combustion, thermodynamic cycles, compressible flow. Prereq: ENGR 225.

EMAE 355. Design of Fluid and Thermal Elements. 3 Units.

EMAE 356. Aerospace Design. 3 Units.
Interactive and interdisciplinary activities in areas of fluid mechanics, heat transfer, solid mechanics, thermodynamics, and systems analysis approach in design of aerospace vehicles. Projects involve developing (or improving) design of aerospace vehicles of current interest (e.g., hypersonic aircraft) starting from mission requirements to researching developments in relevant areas and using them to obtain conceptual design. Senior standing required.

EMAE 359. Aero/Gas Dynamics. 3 Units.

EMAE 360. Design and Manufacturing II. 3 Units.
This is the third course of a 4-course sequence focusing on "Engineering Design and Manufacturing," and is the senior capstone design course focused on a semester-long design/build/evaluate project. The course draws on a student's past and present academic and industrial experiences and exposes them to the design and manufacture of a product or device that solves an open-ended "real world" problem with multidimensional constraints. The course is structured and time-tabled within the Case School of Engineering (CSE) to give the EMAE 360 students the opportunity to team with students from other CSE departments (e.g., BME and EECS) to form multidisciplinary design teams to work on the solution to a common problem. The outcomes of the course continue to focus on the student's ability to function on multidisciplinary teams while applying their knowledge of mathematics, science and engineering to design a system, component, or process that meets desired needs within realistic, multidimensional constraints, such as: economic, environmental, social, political, ethical, health and safety, manufacturability, and sustainability. Professional communication skills are emphasized and expected during all stages of the design process and will include formal and informal oral presentations, periodic peer-focused design reviews, and a development through its various evolutionary stages to completion. Counts as SAGES Senior Capstone. Prereq: EMAE 160 or EMAE 172, and EMAE 260.

EMAE 363. Mechanical Engineering Modern Analysis Methods. 4 Units.
This is a required mechanical engineering course to develop an in-depth fundamental understanding of current analysis software tools, as well as develop an ability to perform practical analyses using current software tools to analyze assigned industrial case studies for the following topical areas: (1) mechanism synthesis, (2) finite element analyses for stress and deflection, (3) machinery vibration, and (4) computational fluid dynamics. It is comprised of three lectures and one software application laboratory period per week. Prereq: ENGR 225, EMAE 181, EMAE 250, and ECIV 310.

EMAE 370. Design of Mechanical Elements. 3 Units.

EMAE 372. Structural Materials by Design. 4 Units.
EMAE 376. Aerostructures. 3 Units.

EMAE 377. Biobotics Team Research. 3 Units.
Many exciting research opportunities cross disciplinary lines. To participate in such projects, researchers must operate in multi-disciplinary teams. The Biobotics Team Research course offers a unique capstone opportunity for undergraduate students to utilize skills they developed during their undergraduate experience while acquiring new teaming skills. A group of eight students form a research team under the direction of two faculty leaders. Team members are chosen from appropriate majors through interviews with the faculty. They will research a biological mechanism or principle and develop a robotic device that captures the actions of that mechanism. Although each student will cooperate on the team, each has a specific role, and must develop a final paper that describes the research generated on their aspect of the project.
Students meet for one class period per week and two 2-hour lab periods. Initially students brainstorm ideas and identify the project to be pursued. They then acquire biological data and generate robotic designs. Both are further developed during team meetings and reports. Final oral reports and a demonstration of the robotic device occur in week 15. Offered as BIOL 377, EMAE 377, BIOL 477, and EMAE 477. Counts as SAGES Senior Capstone.

EMAE 378. Mechanics of Machinery I. 3 Units.
Comprehensive treatment of design analysis methods and computational tools for machine components. Emphasis is on bearings, seals, gears, hydraulic drives and actuators, with applications to machine tools. Recommended preparation: EMAE 370. Offered as EMAE 378 and EMAE 478.

EMAE 382. Propulsion. 3 Units.

EMAE 383. Flight Mechanics. 3 Units.

EMAE 384. Orbital Dynamics. 3 Units.
Spacecraft orbital mechanics: the solar system, elements of celestial mechanics, orbit transfer under impulsive thrust, continuous thrust, orbit transfer, decay of orbits due to drag, elements of lift-off and re-entry. Rigid body dynamics, altitude dynamics and control, simulations.

EMAE 387. Vibration Problems in Engineering. 4 Units.

EMAE 390. Advanced Manufacturing Technology. 3 Units.
This course will focus on advanced design and manufacturing technologies and systems, with an emphasis on the total product life cycle and the challenges of secure and efficient product data management. Topics will include: traditional and rapid subtractive and additive prototyping and manufacturing technologies, design for manufacture (DFM), control and quality assurance of the design and manufacturing process, manufacturing system integration, “Globalization,” and sustainable engineering. The course will be project-based and laboratory sessions will take place in the Reinberger and think[box] studios. Prereq: EMAE 290.

EMAE 396. Special Topics in Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering. 1 - 18 Unit.
(Credit as arranged.)

EMAE 397. Independent Laboratory Research. 1 - 3 Unit.
Independent research in a laboratory.

EMAE 398. Senior Project. 3 Units.
Individual or team design or experimental project under faculty supervisor. Requirements include periodic reporting of progress, plus a final oral presentation and written report. Recommended preparation: Senior standing. EMAE 360, and consent of instructor. Counts as SAGES Senior Capstone.

EMAE 399. Advanced Independent Laboratory Research/Design. 1 - 3 Unit.
Students perform advanced independent research or an extended design project under the direct mentorship of the instructor. Typically performed as an extension to EMAE 397 or EMAE 398. Prereq: EMAE 397.

EMAE 400T. Graduate Teaching I. 0 Units.
This course will engage the Ph.D. candidate in a variety of teaching experiences that will include direct contact (for example, teaching recitations and laboratories, guest lectures, office hours) as well non-contact preparation (exams, quizzes, demonstrations) and grading activities. The teaching experiences will be conducted under the supervision of the faculty member(s) responsible for coordinating student teaching activities. All Ph.D. candidates enrolled in this course sequence will be expected to perform direct contact teaching at some point in the sequence. Recommended preparation: Ph.D. student in Mechanical Engineering.

EMAE 401. Mechanics of Continuous Media. 3 Units.
Vector and tensor calculus. Stress and traction, finite strain and deformation tensors. Kinematics of continuous media, general conservation and balance laws. Material symmetry groups and observer transformation. Constitutive relations with applications to solid and fluid mechanics problems.

EMAE 402. Muscles, Biomechanics, and Control of Movement. 4 Units.
EMAE 414. Nanobiomechanics in Biology. 3 Units.
This course will elucidate the forces at play at the level of proteins including those associated with mass, stiffness, viscosity, thermal and chemical factors. Basic polymer mechanics within the context of biological molecules will be covered and structures of key proteins associated with mechanical functions, such as actin, myosin and the cell membrane will be explained. Generation of force by polymerization of filamentous proteins as well as motor proteins will be included. Interaction forces between proteins, DNA/RNA mechanics will also be elucidated. Besides lectures, there will be term long project assignments (outreach-based or detailed literature survey on a subject associated with nanomechanics of cells/proteins). Recommended Preparation: Mechanics of Materials, Thermodynamics, Statics, Introductory Level Differential Equations, Introductory Level Fluid Mechanics.

EMAE 415. Introduction to Musculo-skeletal Biomechanics. 3 Units.

EMAE 421. Multiscale Modeling of Bio- and Bio-inspired Systems. 3 Units.
Depending on who you ask, the topic of Multiscale Computational Modeling is either a hot topic or passé; multiscale modeling is either a key to deciphering cellular mechanisms, e.g., of organismal mechanobiology, or an impossibility due to the necessity of unlimited access to super computers and ultrahigh resolution imaging that allow for explicit definition of organ scale events at subcellular length and time scales (and that require access to data storage of greater than terabyte scale databases). If you ask me, we are already “doing multiscale modeling”, but new computational and experimental approaches are presenting opportunities to reach the goal of tying organ scale mechanical loading (physiological loading events) to cellular mechanisms of e.g. tissue modeling and remodeling during development, growth, aging, as well as in health and disease. In this graduate level class we will address one particular mechanobiological system as a case study (Spring 2013: Bone as a Biosystem) and then extrapolate approaches to student-driven, relevant biological, bio-inspired and medical problems. Typically graduate students participating in the class are developing computational models as part of their graduate research; tying the in the class topics to the student’s research modeling serves as the “lab” for this class and the student reports on these activities both in class as well as in the initial review paper, the multiscale model to be developed by the student, and the final class paper which should be prepared for submission to a relevant journal. Students will keep a lab/modeling notebook throughout the course to develop the ideas and concepts introduced in the course in context of their own bio- or bio-inspired system of interest. The biological system of interest and the problem to be addressed will be developed using typical engineering problem approach rubrics (problem statement/hypothesis, governing equations, idealizations/assumptions, initial & boundary conditions, knows/unknowns, in-/independent variables) to predict system behavior using a comp model. Recommended Preparation: Senior undergraduates in engineering recommended to have completed ENGR 225 and ECIV 310 and an engineering GPA above 3.25. Prereq: Senior undergraduates in Engineering, GPA greater or equal to 3.25.

EMAE 424. Introduction to Nanotechnology. 3 Units.
An exploration of emerging nanotechnology research. Lectures and class discussion on 1) nanostructures: superlattices, nanowires, nanotubes, quantum dots, nanoparticles, nanocomposites, proteins, bacteria, DNA; 2) nanoscale physical phenomena: mechanical, electrical, chemical, thermal, biological, optical, magnetic; 3) nanofabrication: bottom up and top down methods; 4) characterization: microscopy, property measurement techniques; 5) devices/applications: electronics, sensors, actuators, biomedical, energy conversion. Topics will cover interdisciplinary aspects of the field. Offered as EECS 424 and EMAE 424.

EMAE 450. Advanced Mechanical Engineering Analysis. 3 Units.
This course is intended to equip students with tools for solving mathematical problems commonly encountered in mechanical, fluid and thermal systems. Specific goals are to: i) Enable the student to properly categorize the problem in a variety of ways ii) Enable the student to identify appropriate approaches to solving the problem iii) Provide the student experience in applying some common methods for obtaining numerical solutions iii) Provide the student with understanding of trade-offs and expectations for the methods used. The course covers topics related to analytical and computational approaches to problems categorized in a variety of ways including: 1. Linear versus nonlinear problems 2) finite degrees of freedom v. infinite degrees of freedom, 3) equilibrium v. propagation v. eigenvalue problems, 4) direct formulations v. indirect formulations 5) analytical v. numerical solutions. The course will be built around specific examples from solid mechanics, dynamics, vibrations, heat transfer and fluid mechanics. The significance of the various categorizations will be developed as an ongoing part of the approach to solving the problems. Prereq: EMAE 350 or Requisites Not Met permission.

EMAE 453. Advanced Fluid Dynamics I. 3 Units.
Derivation and discussion of the general equations for conservation of mass, momentum, and energy using tensors. Several exact solutions of the incompressible Newtonian viscous equations. Kinematics and dynamics of inviscid, incompressible flow including free streamline theory developed using vector, complex variable, and numerical techniques.

EMAE 454. Advanced Fluid Dynamics II. 3 Units.

EMAE 455. Advanced Thermodynamics. 3 Units.
Basic ideas of thermodynamics and dominant methods of their development: operational, postulational, and statistical. Entropy and information theory. Irreversible thermodynamics. Applications.
Microscale technologies have enabled advanced capabilities for researchers in unexplored territories of cells in biology and medicine. Biological (or Biomedical) Micro-Electro-Mechanical Systems (BioMEMS) involve the fundamentals of mechanics, electronics and advanced microfabrication technologies with specific emphasis on biological applications. BioMEMS is an interdisciplinary research area which brings together multiple disciplines including, mechanical engineering, biomedical engineering, chemical engineering, materials science, electrical engineering, clinical sciences, medicine, and biology. BioMEMS based technologies have found real world applications in tissue engineering, implantable microdevices, proteomics, genomics, molecular biology, and point-of-care platforms. This course aims to: (1) introduce the need for miniaturized systems in biology and medicine and the fundamental design and microfabrication concepts, (2) introduce the basics of microscale manipulation of cells and biological agents employing the fundamentals of microscale behaviors of fluids and mechanical systems, (3) expose the students to applications of BioMEMS and on-chip technologies in biology and medicine with clinical impact. Recommended Preparation: ENGR 200, ENGR 225, EMAE 285, BIOL 325, EECS 424, and ECHE 483.

EMAE 457. Combustion. 3 Units.
Chemical kinetics and thermodynamics; governing conservation equations for chemically reacting flows; laminar premixed and diffusion flames; turbulent flames; ignition; extinction and flame stabilization; detonation; liquid droplet and solid particle combustion; flame spread, combustion-generated air pollution; applications of combustion processes to engines, rockets, and fire research.

EMAE 459. Advanced Heat Transfer. 3 Units.
Analysis of engineering heat transfer from first principles including conduction, convection, radiation, and combined heat and mass transfer. Examples of significance and role of analytic solutions, approximate methods (including integral methods) and numerical methods in the solution of heat transfer problems. Recommended preparation: EMAE 453.

EMAE 460. Theory and Design of Fluid Power Machinery. 3 Units.
Fluid mechanic and thermodynamic aspects of the design of fluid power machinery such as axial and radial flow turbomachinery, positive displacement devices and their component characterizations. Recommended preparation: Consent of instructor.

EMAE 461. Chemistry of Fire Safe Polymers and Composites. 3 Units.
Chemistry of Fire Safe Polymers and Composites starts with the introduction of characterization techniques used for fire safe materials and combustion phenomena research. General discussion on how reduced flammability of polymers and composites are obtained, for example by additives and preparing intrinsically thermally stable chemical structure and some examples of smart approaches, will be discussed. It also discusses the synthetic methods of preparing high temperature stable polymers in addition to the raw materials used to prepare those materials. Special emphasis will be placed on the thermal stability data obtained by thermogravimetric analysis (TGA) and combustion calorimetry for those fire safe materials. Mechanistic aspects of the flammability of polymers will be explained with special emphasis on the molar contribution of chemical functionality to the heat release capacity. Theoretical derivation of thermokinetic parameters will be explained. In addition, a common sense build-up will be attempted by providing actual numbers associated with those thermokinetic parameters. Upon completion of background formation, a more advanced materials, composites and nanocomposites, will be discussed using the results recently reported. Preliminary attempts to explain flame retardation by nanocomposite structures will also be discussed. Offered as EMAC 461 and EMAE 461.

EMAE 466. Mechanics of Biological Fluids. 3 Units.
This is a senior/graduate level course which aims to provide a solid grasp of the role of mechanics in biological fluids and in the human circulatory system that will help in the research and design of new medical instruments, equipment, and procedures. The course will cover properties of Newtonian and non-Newtonian fluids, hydrostatic and dynamic forces, principles of continuity, conservation of mass, energy and momentum and their applications in biological fluids, laminar and turbulent flows and boundary layer, introduction to Navier Stokes, dimensional analysis and similarity, blood flow in the cardiovascular system, gas exchange in the pulmonary system, blood flow in micrcirculation and vessels. Important concepts will be covered by case studies.

EMAE 477. Biorobotics Team Research. 3 Units.
Many exciting research opportunities cross disciplinary lines. To participate in such projects, researchers must operate in multi-disciplinary teams. The Biorobotics Team Research course offers a unique capstone opportunity for undergraduate students to utilize skills they developed during their undergraduate experience while acquiring new teaming skills. A group of eight students form a research team under the direction of two faculty leaders. Team members are chosen from appropriate majors through interviews with the faculty. They will research a biological mechanism or principle and develop a robotic device that captures the actions of that mechanism. Although each student will cooperate on the team, they each have a specific role, and must develop a final paper that describes the research generated on their aspect of the project. Students meet for one class period per week and two 2-hour lab periods. Initially students brainstorm ideas and identify the project to be pursued. They then acquire biological data and generate robotic designs. Both are further developed during team meetings and reports. Final oral reports and a demonstration of the robotic device occur in week 15. Offered as BIOL 377, EMAE 377, BIOL 477, and EMAE 477. Counts as SAGES Senior Capstone.
EMAE 478. Mechanics of Machinery I. 3 Units.
Comprehensive treatment of design analysis methods and computational tools for machine components. Emphasis is on bearings, seals, gears, hydraulic drives and actuators, with applications to machine tools. Recommended preparation: EMAE 370. Offered as EMAE 378 and EMAE 478.

EMAE 480. Fatigue of Materials. 3 Units.

EMAE 481. Advanced Dynamics I. 3 Units.

EMAE 487. Vibration Problems in Engineering. 3 Units.

EMAE 488. Advanced Robotics. 3 Units.
This course will focus on up-to-date knowledge and theories related to robotics and multi-agent systems. Related mathematics and theories including group theory (Lie groups), rigid-body motions (SO(3) and SE(3)), kinematics, dynamics, and control will be studied. In addition, the class will also discuss structural, computational and task complexity in robotic systems based on combinatorial analysis, information theory, and graph theory. Lecture and discussion topics: Kinematics; Introduction to Group Theory and Lie Groups; Rigid-body Motions (SO(3), SE(3)); Multi-body Dynamical Systems: Order-N computational methods; Complexity Analysis for Robotic Systems; Structural complexity, information-theoretic complexity, and task complexity; Special Discussion Topics; Special discussion topics may vary each year. Students enrolled in this class will be required to conduct a final project. Two or three students will work as a team. The topics for student teams may include: computer simulation of multi-body dynamical systems, art robot design, and complexity analysis for coupled complex systems. The detailed information will be provided in the first week of the class. The final presentations and demonstrations will be held during the last week of class and will be open to the public audience. Students are also required to submit a final report following a IEEE conference paper template. Prereq: EMAE 181, EECS 246.

EMAE 489. Robotics I. 3 Units.

EMAE 500T. Graduate Teaching II. 0 Units.
This course will engage the Ph.D. candidate in a variety of teaching experiences that will include direct contact (for example, teaching, recitations and laboratories, guest lectures, office hours) as well non-contact preparation (exams, quizzes, demonstration) and grading activities. The teaching experience will be conducted under the supervision of the faculty member(s) responsible for coordinating student teaching activities. All Ph.D. candidates enrolled in this course sequence will be expected to perform direct contact teaching at some point in the sequence. Recommended preparation: Ph.D. student in Mechanical Engineering.

EMAE 501. Constitutive Modeling of Solids. 3 Units.
Fundamentals of constitutive modeling of deformable solids. Hyperelastic, viscoelastic, plastic, and viscoplastic material responses and how microstructural mechanisms influence the macroscopic mechanical behavior in different materials. The course also aims at equipping students with necessary background to develop constitutive models that can be used in commercial/research finite element software for the analysis of complex structures and components. Prereq: EMAE 401.

EMAE 540. Advanced Dynamics II. 3 Units.

EMAE 541. Dynamics of Nonlinear Systems. 3 Units.
Nonlinear oscillations; including equations of Duffings, van der Pol, Hill, and Mathieu; and perturbation solution approaches. Bifurcation and jump phenomena, strange attractors, chaos. Poincare maps and related engineering applications.

EMAE 554. Turbulent Fluid Motion. 3 Units.

EMAE 555. Convection Heat Transfer. 3 Units.
Energy equation of viscous fluids. Dimensional analysis. Forced convection; heat transfer from non-isothermal and unsteady boundaries, free convection and combined free and forced convection; stability of free convection flow; thermal instabilities. Real gas effects, combined heat and mass transfer; ablation, condensation, boiling. Recommended preparation: EMAE 453 and EMAE 454.

EMAE 558. Conduction and Radiation. 3 Units.
Fundamental law, initial and boundary conditions, basic equations for isotropic and anisotropic media, related physical problems, steady and transient temperature distributions in solid structures. Analytical, graphical, numerical, and experimental methods for constant and variable material properties. Recommended preparation: Consent of instructor.

EMAE 570. Computational Fluid Dynamics. 3 Units.
EMAE 600T. Graduate Teaching III. 0 Units.
This course will engage the Ph.D. candidate in a variety of teaching experiences that will include direct (for example, teaching recitations and laboratories, guest lectures, office hours) as well non-contact preparation (exams, quizzes, demonstrations) and grading activities. The teaching experience will be conducted under the supervision of the faculty member(s) responsible for coordinating student teaching activities. All Ph.D. candidates enrolled in this course sequence will be expected to perform direct contact teaching at some point in the sequence. Recommended preparation: Ph.D. student in Mechanical Engineering.

EMAE 601. Independent Study. 1 - 18 Unit.
EMAE 651. Thesis M.S.. 1 - 18 Unit.
EMAE 657. Experimental Techniques in Fluid and Thermal Engineering Sciences. 3 Units.
Exposure to experimental problems and techniques provided by the planning, design, execution, and evaluation of an original project. Lectures: review of the measuring techniques for flow, pressure, temperature, etc.; statistical analysis of data: information theory concepts of instrumentation; electrical measurements and sensing devices; and the use of digital computer for data acquisition and reduction. Graduate standing or consent of instructor required.

EMAE 689. Special Topics. 1 - 18 Unit.
Prereq: Predoctoral research consent or advanced to Ph.D. candidacy milestone.

EMAE C100. Co-Op Seminar I for Mechanical Engineering. 1 Unit.
Professional development activities for students returning from cooperative education assignments. Recommended preparation: COOP 001.

EMAE C200. Co-Op Seminar II for Mechanical Engineering. 2 Units.
Professional development activities for students returning from cooperative education assignments. Recommended preparation: COOP 002 and EMAE C100.

Division of Engineering Leadership and Professional Practice

The Division of Engineering Leadership and Professional Practice (http://engineering.case.edu/delpp) (DELPP) designs, develops and administers programs and opportunities which complement and enhance the curricular offerings in the Case School of Engineering.

The DELPP staff is committed to serving all engineering undergraduate and graduate students. We work closely with students, faculty, staff, and off-campus organizational representatives to deliver experiences designed to promote excellence in engineering education.

Mission Statement

The mission of the Division of Engineering Leadership and Professional Practice is to support, through teaching and educational research, the Case School of Engineering's educational programs, student programs, and outreach activities at all academic levels: K-12, undergraduate, graduate, and continuing education.

The activities supported by DELPP include optional academic programs that enhance the engineering curriculum, such as Cooperative Education and the Dual Degree undergraduate programs, as well as global exchange programs and support of engineering student organizations and programs.

Cooperative Education

Cooperative Education (Co-op) (http://engineering.case.edu/coop) is an academic program that enables students to alternate classroom studies with career based experiences in industry. It is a learning experience designed to integrate classroom theory with practical experience and professional development. Co-op is a paid full time work experience designed to maximize the student’s education. Case co-op assignments are typically for two seven-month periods, each period consisting of a summer and a contiguous spring or fall semester. This program is available to students who have completed 4-5 semesters of coursework, in good academic standing, registered as a full time student, and pursuing a degree in engineering, engineering physics, physics, biochemistry, biology or chemistry. For additional information, please contact Ms. Mary Rose Tichar (mary.tichar@case.edu) at 216.368.4447.

Dual Degree (3-2) Engineering Program

The Dual Degree (3-2) (http://engineering.case.edu/delpp/dualdegree) Engineering Program enables superior students, enrolled at approximately forty participating liberal arts colleges in the continental United States and Puerto Rico, to combine a strong liberal arts foundation with the study of engineering. While enrolled at a cooperating liberal arts college, students complete courses in mathematics, chemistry, physics, and computer science in addition to studies in the humanities and social sciences. Students complete these courses during their first three years and must obtain the approval of the designated faculty liaison at the liberal arts college prior to admission to the Case School of Engineering.

Qualified candidates continue at the Case School of Engineering for an additional two years of concentrated coursework in an engineering field. At the conclusion of five years, two baccalaureate degrees are awarded: one from the liberal arts college and the other a Bachelor of Science degree from Case Western Reserve University. For additional information, please contact Ms. Deborah Fatica (deborah.fatica@case.edu) at 216.368.4449.

Engineering Academic Community Engagement

The DELPP develops strategic and intentional programming designed to engage students and promote a strong and supportive campus community.

Joint activities with faculty, alumni, staff and corporate sponsors include, but are not limited to: leadership opportunities in Engineering student organizations including National Engineers Week, hands-on industry sponsored design competitions, and networking and mentoring with alumni and faculty.

A list of the Engineering student organizations can be found at http://engineering.case.edu/delpp/studentorgs. For additional information on the student engagement opportunities, please contact Ms. Genine Aipdone (genine.apidone@case.edu) at 216.368.5024.

Global Programs

Global Programs (http://engineering.case.edu/delpp/global-exchange) offer international opportunities for engineering students ranging from
study abroad to short-term programs, internships and cooperative education experiences, and research opportunities. Participation in global activities optimizes the student’s educational experience as well as contributes to their societal awareness. Exposure to global activities is a very valuable asset for leadership positions within multinational corporations.

The Division of Engineering Leadership and Professional Practice designs and implements programs tailored to students’ interests. Currently, short term cultural and language immersion programs are offered in the summer at various international universities, with more being established. At the University of Botswana, a three-week engineering core course is taught, which intertwines engineering content with regional issues specific to sub-Saharan Africa. New programs and opportunities continue to develop for students.

In addition, the Case School of Engineering hosts many students from various countries which enables students to learn about and interact with various cultures.

Students may also be interested in the student chapter of Engineers Without Borders, a national non-profit organization devoted to delivering engineering assistance to developing areas around the world.

Approximately 80% of the Case School of Engineering faculty collaborate with over one hundred universities and organizations in over thirty countries spanning six continents. For additional information, please contact Ms. Deborah Fatica (deborah.fatica@case.edu) at 216.368.4449.

K-12 Outreach

K-12 partnerships are an emerging arm of the DELPP and are managed through the Leonard Gelfand STEM Center (http://gelfand.case.edu), a collaboration between the College of Arts and Sciences and the Case School of Engineering. The goals for the Gelfand STEM Center are to (1) increase the number and diversity of students in the STEM disciplines at Case Western Reserve University and elsewhere and (2) increase all students’ scientific literacy through a variety of innovative STEM programs. The Gelfand STEM Center leverages the resources of Case Western Reserve University to engage pre-college students, teachers, and families in activities that introduce them to scientific practices and concepts and inspire a lasting interest in science and engineering. For additional information, please contact Ms. Melani Joseph (melani@case.edu) at 216.368.1651.

Engineering Physics

The Engineering Physics major allows students with strong interests in both physics and engineering to concentrate their studies in the common areas of these disciplines. The Engineering Physics major prepares students to pursue careers in industry, either directly after undergraduate studies, or following graduate study in engineering or physics. Many employers value the unique problem solving approach of physics, especially in industrial research and development. Its engineering science and design components prepare students to work as professional engineers.

Students majoring in engineering physics complete the Engineering Core as well as a rigorous course of study in physics. Students select a concentration area from an engineering discipline, and must complete a sequence of at least four courses in this discipline. In addition, a senior research project under the guidance of a faculty member is required. The project includes a written report and participation in the senior seminar and symposium.

Mission and Program Objectives

The mission of the Engineering Physics program is to prepare students for careers in engineering where physics principles can be applied to the advancement of technology. This education at the intersection of engineering and physics will enable students to seek employment in engineering upon graduation while providing a firm foundation for the pursuit of graduate studies in either engineering or physics. The Engineering Physics program will develop sufficient depth in both engineering and physics skills to produce engineers who can relate fundamental physics to practical engineering problems, and will possess the versatility to address new problems in our rapidly changing technological base. The program will provide a curriculum and environment to develop interdisciplinary collaboration, ethical and professional outlooks, communication skills, and the tools and desire for life-long learning.

Program Educational Objectives

1. Graduates of the Engineering Physics program will apply their strong problem solving skills as physicists along with an understanding of the approach, methods, and requirements of engineering and engineering design for a successful career in advancing technology.

2. Graduates of the Engineering Physics program will use their strong skills in problem solving, research experience and knowledge in physics and engineering as successful graduate students and researchers in highly ranked graduate programs.

Program Outcomes

As preparation for achieving the above program educational objectives, the BS degree program in Engineering Physics is designed so that students attain:

- an ability to apply knowledge of mathematics, science, and engineering
- an ability to design and conduct experiments, as well as to analyze and interpret data
- an ability to design a system, component, or process to meet desired needs within realistic constraints such as economic, environmental, social, political, ethical, health and safety, manufacturability, and sustainability
- an ability to function on multi-disciplinary teams
- an ability to identify, formulate, and solve engineering problems
- an understanding of professional and ethical responsibility
- an ability to communicate effectively
- the broad education necessary to understand the impact of engineering solutions in a global, economic, environmental, and societal context
- a recognition of the need for, and an ability to engage in life-long learning
- a knowledge of contemporary issues
- an ability to use the techniques, skills, and modern engineering tools necessary for engineering practice.

The Bachelor of Science degree program in Engineering Physics is accredited by the Engineering Accreditation Commission of ABET, www.abet.org (http://www.abet.org).
# Bachelor of Science in Engineering

Sample Program of Study: Major in Engineering Physics

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<th>Year</th>
<th>Units</th>
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<td><strong>First Year</strong></td>
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<td>Principles of Chemistry for Engineers (CHEM 111)</td>
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<td>Calculus for Science and Engineering I (MATH 121)&lt;sup&gt;a&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
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<td><strong>PHED Physical Education Activities</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>Calculus for Science and Engineering II (MATH 122)&lt;sup&gt;a&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
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<td>Elementary Computer Programming (ENGR 131)&lt;sup&gt;c&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
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<td>Chemistry of Materials (ENGR 145)</td>
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<td>SAGES University Seminar</td>
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<td><strong>PHED Physical Education Activities</strong></td>
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<td>Thermodynamics and Statistical Mechanics (PHYS 313)</td>
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**Total Units in Sequence:** 129

**Hours required for graduation:** 129

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<sup>a</sup> Selected students may be invited to take MATH 124 Calculus II, MATH 227 Calculus III or MATH 228 Differential Equations in place of MATH 121 Calculus for Science and Engineering I, MATH 122 Calculus for Science and Engineering II, MATH 223 Calculus for Science and Engineering III or MATH 224 Elementary Differential Equations.

<sup>b</sup> Selected students may be invited to take PHYS 123 Physics and Frontiers I - Mechanics or PHYS 124 Physics and Frontiers II - Electricity and Magnetism in place of PHYS 121 General Physics I - Mechanics or PHYS 122 General Physics II - Electricity and Magnetism.

<sup>c</sup> Students may also choose to fulfill this requirement with EECS 132 Introduction to Programming in Java.

<sup>d</sup> Engineering Physics Concentration courses are flexible, but must be in a specific engineering discipline or study area and be approved by an advisor. Possible concentration areas include: Biomedical Engineering (Biomedical Systems and Analysis, Devices and Instrumentation, Biomaterials); Chemical Engineering; Civil Engineering (Solid Mechanics, Structural Engineering, Geotechnical Engineering, Environmental Engineering); Electrical Engineering and Computer Science (Solid State, Computer Science, Computer Engineering-Software, Computer Engineering-Hardware, Systems and Control); Macromolecular Science and Engineering; Materials Science and Engineering; Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering (Aerospace, Mechanics).

<sup>e</sup> Students may choose to fulfill this requirement in their third year:
- PHYS 332 Introduction to Quantum Mechanics II
- PHYS 327 Laser Physics
- EECS 321 Semiconductor Electronic Devices
- EMSE 405 Dielectric and Electrical Properties of Materials
College of Arts and Sciences

The Case Western Reserve University College of Arts and Sciences (http://artsci.case.edu) combines a history of educational excellence with a commitment to innovation and discovery. Building on a 188-year-old tradition, the college traces its origins to several predecessor institutions, including Adelbert College, Flora Stone Mather College, Cleveland College, Western Reserve College, and the Case Institute of Technology.

Today, the college offers educational and research programs in the arts and humanities, mathematics and natural sciences, and social sciences. It comprises 22 academic departments and 34 interdisciplinary programs and centers.

Brief History

Western Reserve College, the earliest of our predecessor institutions, was founded in 1826 in Hudson, Ohio, about 26 miles southwest of Cleveland. In 1882 the college moved to Cleveland, where it formed the basis for Western Reserve University. The institution expanded to include several professional and graduate schools in addition to its liberal arts programs. It also served as a magnet for other artistic, cultural, educational, medical, and scientific organizations, now its neighbors in the extraordinary setting known as University Circle.

Central to the heritage of the college are the traditions of the programs that preceded it: Adelbert College, as the men’s undergraduate unit of Western Reserve University was known after the move to Cleveland; Flora Stone Mather College, initially founded in 1888 as the Cleveland College for Women; and Cleveland College, founded in 1925 in downtown Cleveland to serve part-time and adult students. These three units, each with a distinguished history of scholarship and achievement, were brought together in 1972 under the revived name of Western Reserve College. The college took its present form in 1992, when undergraduate and graduate programs and research in the arts, humanities, and social sciences were united with those in the physical sciences to form the College of Arts and Sciences.

Since the early 19th century, the college and its predecessors have participated in important developments in higher education. Examples include:

*Engagement in issues of social justice.* Western Reserve College’s early years in Hudson saw debates between two groups, each opposing slavery. Colonizationists believed that liberated slaves should be resettled in Africa; abolitionists did not favor such a policy. After long and bitter conflict, supporters of the abolitionist movement carried the day.

*Emergence of science.* The college in Hudson was home to early and distinguished programs in astronomy and mathematics. Later, in 1887, Professor Edward Morley collaborated with Professor Albert Michelson of the Case School of Applied Science in a series of experiments that remain among the most significant in the history of physics.

*Education of women.* In the 1850s, the college’s Cleveland-based Department of Medicine awarded six of the first seven medical degrees granted to women in this country. The founding of the College for Women in 1888 was only the second instance of a separate “coordinate” college for women at a major university.

Demographic and technological change. Following World War II, enrollment in Cleveland College swelled with returning veterans. During this period, the introduction of new technologies and fields of study drove increasing demand for advanced education and research in a wide range of disciplines.

Undergraduate Programs

Undergraduates in the college can choose a major or minor from almost 60 programs, design their own courses of study, or enroll in integrated bachelor’s/master’s degree programs. The university offers great flexibility to students wishing to pursue double majors in disparate fields, such as physics and studio art. In addition, students from all fields are eligible to participate in the college’s vibrant performing arts programs, including music and dance ensembles.

Beyond their course work, students are encouraged to conduct independent research within the college, in other units of the university, or in the scientific and cultural institutions of University Circle. They also have opportunities to engage in service learning projects and internships in research institutions, businesses, cultural institutions, and governmental agencies. With funding from the college’s Experiential Learning Fellowship programs, undergraduates may design and carry out ambitious research projects in Cleveland or across the globe.

Graduate Programs

The college’s graduate offerings include doctoral programs in 19 fields and several distinctive master’s programs. Through a partnership with the Cleveland Play House, the Department of Theater has created one of the nation’s preeminent Master of Fine Arts programs in acting (http://theater.case.edu/graduate/master-of-fine-arts-in-acting). The Science and Technology Entrepreneurship Program (STEP) (http://step.case.edu) offers a three- or four-semester sequence of courses leading to a Master of Science degree in biotechnology, chemistry, or physics.

Centers in the College of Arts and Sciences

Baker-Nord Center for the Humanities

Established in 1996 with a generous endowment gift from Eric and Jane Nord, the Baker-Nord Center (http://artsci.case.edu/bakernord) is dedicated to: 1) highlighting and celebrating the arts and humanities at Case Western Reserve University (art history and art, classics, English, history, modern languages and literatures, music, philosophy, religious studies, theater, and dance) through public lectures, panels, performances, and special programs; 2) supporting research and creative work in the humanities and arts through fellowships, grants, and symposia, as well as encouraging new and innovative directions in research and creativity, including the digital humanities, through public forums and open discussion; and 3) facilitating cross-disciplinary and inter-disciplinary collaborations among Case Western Reserve University faculty and members of other University Circle institutions that address questions and problems of broad human interest, within and outside of the academy.

Center for Education and Research in Cosmology and Astrophysics

The Center for Education and Research in Cosmology and Astrophysics (http://www.case.edu/origins/sciences/cosmology.html) (CERCA) is a center for the advancement and promotion of the scientific understanding of the origin and evolution of the universe and its contents, and their
connection to fundamental physics. CERCA connects scientists and educators in the Departments of Physics and Astronomy and at the Shafran Planetarium of the Cleveland Museum of Natural History (CMNH). It draws together theoretical and experimental physicists and astrophysicists with observational astronomers to explore the cosmos and, together with partner educators, to communicate their excitement and knowledge to students and to the world at large. CERCA is also a partner in the Institute for the Science of Origins, a partnership of Case Western Reserve, CMNH, and ideastream to advance and promote knowledge in a wide range of origins sciences.

Center for Policy Studies
The Center for Policy Studies (http://policy.case.edu) has four objectives: 1) to make Case Western Reserve University a more attractive and rewarding institution for students and faculty who wish to learn about and engage in the creation of public policy; 2) to raise the public profile of the university by sponsoring programs and other activities that publicize and increase the reach of the work of CWRU’s policy analysts and their guests; 3) to contribute to the wider community by disseminating information and analysis of policy issues as generated both by faculty and by guests we bring to campus; and 4) to encourage creation of a community of policy studies on campus that may serve in the future as the basis for further development of policy-oriented curriculum at both the undergraduate and graduate levels.

Center for Research on Tibet
The Center for Research on Tibet (http://www.case.edu/affil/tibet) at Case Western Reserve University was founded in 1987 and is administered within the Department of Anthropology. The center’s goal is to conceptualize and conduct research on Tibetan history, society, language, ecology/physiology, and culture so as to understand traditional Tibet and the manner in which it has changed.

Leonard Gelfand STEM Center
The Leonard Gelfand STEM Center (http://www.case.edu/artsci/csm) links the resources of the College of Arts and Sciences - including faculty, staff, and students - with needs in the K-12 STEM community. Its collaborations with external partners, including schools and public libraries, park systems, and science museums, enhance instruction and generate student interest in the STEM fields of science, technology, engineering, and mathematics. The center hosts the annual Northeast Ohio Regional Science Olympiad, conducts a summer Shipwreck Camp that includes lessons in meteorology and marine geology, and engages middle school students in biological fieldwork in its Environmental Heroes Program. Through the Gelfand Science and Engineering Fair Program, it provides support for science fairs in Northeast Ohio schools, and it recruits and trains undergraduates to assist younger students with their science fair projects. In addition, the center participates in the university’s Robert Noyce Teacher Scholarship Program, which provides mentoring and other support for future math and science teachers.

Center for the Study of Writing
The Center for the Study of Writing (http://www.case.edu/writing/csw) (CSW) is a flexible, cross-disciplinary center that fosters connections between innovative writing research and sound pedagogical practices, and between specialized faculty expertise and the needs and interests of aspiring undergraduate and graduate students.

Dittrick Medical History Center
The Dittrick Medical History Center (http://www.case.edu/artsci/dittrick/museum) is comprised of the Dittrick museum, archives, and collections of rare books, artifacts, and images. The center originated as part of the Cleveland Medical Library Association (est. 1894) and today functions as an interdisciplinary study center within the College of Arts and Sciences.

Ernest B. Yeager Center for Electrochemical Sciences
The mission of the Ernest B. Yeager Center for Electrochemical Sciences (http://www.case.edu/artsci/chem/yces) (YCES) is: 1) to enhance the education and training of students in fundamental and applied aspects of electrochemistry; 2) to provide a national and international resource for the dissemination of electrochemical knowledge within industrial, laboratory, and academic communities and to the general public and to support the continuing education of professional electrochemists; (3) to promote interactions between electrochemists and their research colleagues through seminars and symposia; and 4) to foster the improvement of the environment and human welfare through research in the design of materials and the development of processes and devices that will positively influence fields from medicine and microelectronics to energy conversion and energy storage.

Schubert Center for Child Studies
The Schubert Center for Child Studies (http://schubertcenter.case.edu/home.aspx) aims to strengthen links between child-related academic study, public policy formation, and professional practice. The Schubert Center convenes experts from across campus and throughout the Cleveland community to provide an innovative forum for multidisciplinary education, research, and communications focused on child policy.

Skeletal Research Center
The mission of the Skeletal Research Center (http://www.case.edu/artsci/biol/skeletal) (SRC) is to facilitate the advancement of basic research and to accelerate the translation of this new information into innovative clinical strategies for the regeneration and maintenance of skeletal tissues. Based in the Department of Biology, the center provides an organizational umbrella for the creative and innovative interactions of faculty. Although members of our faculty have long been recognized as leaders in skeletal research, the center was established in 1986 to draw these individuals together into a multidisciplinary group which could jointly approach current basic research and clinical problems. SRC is an administrative entity under the dean of the College of Arts and Sciences and the dean of the School of Medicine.

Administration
Cyrus C. Taylor, PhD
(Massachusetts Institute of Technology)
Dean and Albert A. Michelson Professor in Physics

Molly W. Berger, PhD
(Case Western Reserve University)
Associate Dean

Stephen E. Haynesworth, PhD
(Case Western Reserve University)
Associate Dean

Jill E. Korbin, PhD
(University of California, Los Angeles)
Associate Dean
American Studies Program

The American Studies Program is designed to give students the flexibility to cross traditional intellectual boundaries in order to develop perspectives on American life that are more expansive and critical than those normally found within the limits of a single discipline. The interdisciplinary approach makes available a wide variety of materials, methods, theories, and themes to use as tools to investigate the complexities of the American past and present. The process of investigation is as important as the outcome, for it teaches students to analyze with breadth as well as depth, to think creatively as well as critically.

Undergraduate Programs

Major

Required courses (30 credit hours):

Required Courses:
- AMST 117. Exploring American History Through Biography. 3 Units.
- HSTY 112. Introduction to American History. 3 Units.
- AMST 390. Independent Study. 1 - 3 Units.

One of the following:
- ARTH 270. American Art and Culture Before 1900. 3 Units.
- ENGL 368B. History of Film. 3 Units.
- HSTY 361. Crime and Culture in Early America. 3 Units.
- HSTY 381. City as Classroom. 3 Units.
- SOCI 349. Social Inequality. 3 Units.

Elective Courses 18

Total Units 28-30

Elective Courses (18 credit hours):

Students are to choose six electives, in two areas of concentration. An area of concentration consists of either 1) courses in a single department, or 2) courses from more than one department focusing on a theme or issue such as technology and culture, urban studies, literature and society, etc.

Minor

A minor consists of five courses: the introductory class and four electives that focus on a significant period, problem area, or aspect of American civilization. The rationale for selecting such a minor program, and its relation to the student’s career or intellectual interests, must be discussed with and approved by the minor advisor.

Program Faculty

Renée M. Sentilles, PhD
Associate Professor, Department of History; Director, American Studies Program

Courses

AMST 117. Exploring American History Through Biography. 3 Units.
This discussion and lecture class uses various forms of biography to explore issues of American Identity throughout the course of American history. The class will discuss how certain biographies have created archetypal American identities, and how issues such as race, class, gender, sexuality, religion, and historical context have shaped the writing, reading and purpose of biography. The last third of the class will consider the process of “national memory,” the way the United States has decide to remember its past. Here the “biography” is collective, and created by myriad strands of mass culture woven together to create a national mythology. We will explore the works of those striving to pull apart these different strands, and explore what these memories tell us about established national identity. Students will explore biographical process through their assignments, and consider such questions as: How do American biographies influence our understanding of what it means to be American? How does biographical medium affect the message? Can we accept biography as history? This course investigates biography as a constructed genre that comes in a variety of forms, including autobiography, biographical novels, oral histories, and film. Offered as AMST 117 and HSTY 117. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

AMST 270. American Art and Culture Before 1900. 3 Units.
Survey of the development of American art from colonial times to the present which explores how art has expressed both American values and American anxieties. Painting is emphasized, but the course also considers architecture, the decorative arts, film, literature, and music. Offered as AMST 270 and ARTH 270.

AMST 271. American Art and Culture: The Twentieth Century. 3 Units.
Survey of the development of American art from 1900 to the present (and the future) which will explore how art has expressed both American values and American anxieties. Painting will be emphasized, but the course also considers architecture, the decorative arts, film, literature, and music. Offered as AMST 271 and ARTH 271.

AMST 327. American Theater and Playwrights. 3 Units.
Designed to provide students an overview of the development of theater in the United States and to familiarize them with the work and themes of selected American playwrights. Offered as AMST 327 and THTR 327.

AMST 390. Independent Study. 1 - 3 Unit.
Asian Studies Program

Asian studies has become an increasingly important area of study in North American colleges and universities. This is due in part to a growing acknowledgment that Asian cultures are of significance both regionally and globally. The Asian Studies Program offers students the opportunity to explore these cultures from a multidisciplinary perspective so that they are able to understand the social, cultural, political, and other forces that shape and have shaped Asian nations.

The Asian Studies Program draws on faculty and courses from such departments as anthropology, art history and art, economics, modern languages and literatures, history, philosophy, political science, and religious studies. A current list of approved courses is available from the program advisor. Departmental seminars and senior capstone courses in the Asian Studies Program may count toward the completion of the SAGES General Education Requirements.

The undergraduate program in Asian studies offers a major and a minor. Students are encouraged to take courses in different disciplines in order to obtain broad exposure to the languages, literature, art, culture, religious traditions, and political, economic, and social institutions of Asian countries. The Asian Studies Program also offers an honors program to qualified majors.

In addition to course offerings, the Asian Studies Program sponsors extracurricular activities that enhance the formal study of Asia and give students additional opportunities to explore and understand Asia’s importance in the global community. The program sponsors lectures and films and administers a Web site devoted to Asia. It also encourages students to participate in study abroad programs in Asian countries and to utilize Asian resources at the Cleveland Museum of Art and other local institutions.

Undergraduate Program

Major

The Asian studies major, which leads to a Bachelor of Arts degree, consists of 31 credit hours, including:

- At least 16 credit hours (two years) of Chinese or Japanese language
- 15 credit hours of Asia-related courses, selected in consultation with the program advisor

The 15 hours in Asia-related courses must be at the 200 or 300 level and come from at least three different departments.

Minor

The minor in Asian studies consists of 18 credit hours of Asia-related courses, selected in consultation with the program advisor. Only one year (8 credits) of language study (Japanese or Chinese) counts toward the minor.

The 18 hours in Asia-related courses must be at the 200 or 300 level and come from at least three different departments.

Honors Program

Asian Studies Honors is a semester-long program for Asian studies majors, normally taken during the senior year, which involves researching and writing an honors thesis. Honors program requirements include the completion of 12 semester hours of approved Asia-related courses, at least two semesters of study of an Asian language, and maintenance of a GPA of at least 3.0 overall and 3.2 in Asian studies courses.

A participating student enrolls in ASIA 398 Honors Thesis and writes a thesis under the direction of an Asian studies faculty member. The student also receives guidance from a second reader, who must be a member of the Asian Studies Program. A third reader, who need not be a member of the Asian Studies Program, is optional. Each student must maintain regular contact with the supervising faculty member in the various stages of researching and writing the thesis. Detailed guidelines and deadlines for the course are available from the program advisor.

Courses Available in East Asian Studies

Language Courses:

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<td>CHIN 102</td>
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<tr>
<td>CHIN 201</td>
<td>Intermediate Chinese I</td>
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<tr>
<td>CHIN 202</td>
<td>Intermediate Chinese II</td>
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<tr>
<td>CHIN 203</td>
<td>Intermediate Chinese III</td>
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<tr>
<td>CHIN 240</td>
<td>Modern Chinese Literature in Translation</td>
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<td>CHIN 250</td>
<td>Classical Chinese Literature in Translation</td>
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<td>CHIN 301</td>
<td>Advanced Chinese I</td>
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<td>CHIN 303</td>
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<td>Chinese Popular Culture</td>
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<td>Chinese Cinema</td>
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<td>Contemporary Chinese Texts I</td>
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<td>CHIN 399</td>
<td>Independent Study</td>
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<td>Advanced Japanese I</td>
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<tr>
<td>JAPN 302</td>
<td>Advanced Japanese II</td>
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<td>JAPN 225</td>
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<td>JAPN 255</td>
<td>Modern Japanese Literature in Translation</td>
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<td>JAPN 350</td>
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<td>JAPN 351</td>
<td>Contemporary Japanese Texts II</td>
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<td>JAPN 355</td>
<td>Modern Japanese Novels and the West</td>
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<td>JAPN 397</td>
<td>Senior Thesis I</td>
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Anthropology:

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<tr>
<td>ANTH 312</td>
<td>Ethnography of Southeast Asia</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ANTH 317</td>
<td>Asian Medical Systems</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ANTH 331</td>
<td>The Most Ancient Near East</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ANTH 333</td>
<td>Roots of Ancient India: Archaeology of South Asia</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
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<td>ANTH 352</td>
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<td>ANTH 354</td>
<td>Health and Healing in East Asia</td>
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<td>ASIA 235</td>
<td>Asian Cinema and Drama</td>
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<td>ASIA 288</td>
<td>Imperial China: The Great Qing</td>
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<tr>
<td>ASIA 289</td>
<td>Reform, Revolution, Republics: China 1895 to Present</td>
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<td>1 - 3</td>
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<td>ARTH 203</td>
<td>The Arts of Asia</td>
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<td>ARTH 204</td>
<td>Arts of East Asia</td>
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<td>ARTH 342</td>
<td>Issues in Indian and Southeast Asian Art</td>
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<td>HSTY 137</td>
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<td>Women's Histories in South Asia</td>
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<td>Issues in Indian and Southeast Asian Art</td>
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<td>HSTY 385</td>
<td>Readings in Society and Culture in Modern Chinese History</td>
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<td>PHIL 321</td>
<td>Advanced Indian Philosophy</td>
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<td>POSC 370C</td>
<td>The United States and Asia</td>
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<td>The Politics of China</td>
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<td>POSC 370H</td>
<td>China’s Foreign Policy</td>
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<td>RLGN 217</td>
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<td>Interpreting Buddhist Texts</td>
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<td>The History of Yoga: The Yoga of Transformation and the Transformation of Yoga</td>
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<td>RLGN 204</td>
<td>Introduction to Asian Religions</td>
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<td>Hinduism I: The Vedic, Epic and Puranic Periods</td>
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<td>RLGN 237</td>
<td>Religion and Dance in South Asia</td>
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<td>WLIT 225</td>
<td>Japanese Popular Culture</td>
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<td>Asian Cinema and Drama</td>
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<td>WLIT 255</td>
<td>Modern Japanese Literature in Translation</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

WLIT 345 - Japanese Women Writers - 3
WLIT 355 - Modern Japanese Novels and the West - 3

* These courses are simultaneously offered at the 400-level for graduate students.

**Program Advisory Committee**

Ananya Dasgupta, PhD  
(University of Pennsylvania)  
Assistant Professor, Department of History

Jia-Chen Fu, PhD  
(Yale University)  
Assistant Professor, Department of History; Program Advisor, Asian Studies Program

William E. Deal, PhD  
(Harvard University)  
Severance Professor in the History of Religion; Department of Religious Studies; Department of Cognitive Science

Noelle Giuffrida, PhD  
(University of Kansas)  
Assistant Professor, Department of Art History and Art

Melvyn C. Goldstein, PhD  
(University of Washington)  
John Reynolds Harkness Professor, Department of Anthropology; Co-Director, Center for Research on Tibet

Haomin Gong, PhD  
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Vanessa Hildebrand, PhD  
(Washington University, St. Louis)  
Assistant Professor, Department of Anthropology

Kelly M. McMann, PhD  
(University of Michigan)  
Associate Professor, Department of Political Science

Paul Schroeder, PhD  
(Ohio State University)  
Visiting Assistant Professor, Department of Political Science

Lihong Shi, PhD  
(Tulane University)  
Assistant Professor, Department of Anthropology
Courses

ASIA 133. Introduction to Chinese History and Civilization. 3 Units.
This course explains the continuities and discontinuities in the history of China by stressing the development and distinctive adaptations of cultural, religious, and political patterns from the origins of the Chinese civilization to the present. By focusing on major cultural, socioeconomic, and political issues such as Confucianism, Buddhism, trade relations, imperialism, and intellectual discourse in the overall Asian context (with particular reference to Korea and Japan), we discuss the historical development of China and its situation on entering the 21st century. Taking into account the key historical events in the last century, we examine the emergence of China as a modern nation-state and the fundamental transformation of Chinese society in the postwar period. Offered as ASIA 133 and HSTY 133. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

ASIA 134. Introduction to Japanese History and Civilization. 3 Units.
This course provides an introduction to various aspects of Japanese civilization, from its origins to the present. By focusing on major cultural, socio-economic, and political issues such as the adaptation and transformation of Confucianism, Buddhism, Shintoism, social structures, material culture, foreign relations, militarism, nationalism, and intellectual discourse in the overall Asian context (with particular reference to Korea and China), we discuss the historical development of Japan and the country's position on entering the 21st century. We examine the emergence of Japan as a modern nation-state and the fundamental transformation of its society in the post-war period. Offered as ASIA 134 and HSTY 134. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

ASIA 235. Asian Cinema and Drama. 3 Units.
Introduction to major Asian film directors and major traditional theatrical schools of India, Java/Bali, China, and Japan. Focus on the influence of traditional dramatic forms on contemporary film directors. Development of skills in cross-cultural analysis and comparative aesthetics. Offered as ASIA 235 and WLIT 235. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

ASIA 288. Imperial China: The Great Qing. 3 Units.
This course is an introduction to the history of Imperial China, from the fall of the Ming Dynasty in 1644 to the creation of the Chinese republic in 1912. We will explore the major historical transformations (political, economic, social, and cultural) of the last imperial dynasty, the Qing (1644-1911), and develop an understanding of the major social, political, economic, and intellectual cultural forces shaping the formation of modern China. Contrary to commonly-held ideas in both West and in China that traditional Chinese society was timeless or stagnant, historians now see dramatic and significant changes during this period—to the economy, to gender relations, to religion, and to many other aspects of life. This course surveys the social, political, economic, and cultural history of this era, with emphasis on recent research. The main goals of the course will be to acquaint students with the key changes and to show the interplay between economic, social, and cultural changes on the one hand and political developments on the other. By the end of the semester you should have a good sense of how Chinese society was transformed over the course of the 17th through early 20th centuries. The topics we will discuss include urbanization and commerce; gender, family and kinship; education and the examination system; opium and free trade; and ethnicity and nationalism. Offered as ASIA 288 and HSTY 288. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

ASIA 289. Reform, Revolution, Republics: China 1895 to Present. 3 Units.
Completes a two-term sequence of the Chinese history survey, although HSTY 288 is not a prerequisite for this course. Beginning with the First Sino-Japanese War (1895), we review the historical development of intellectual discourse, public reaction, and political protest in later Imperial China through the creation of the People's Republic in 1949 forward to contemporary times. In contrast to the conventional description of China from a Western point of view, this course tries to explain the emergence of modern China in the context of its intellectual, political, and socio-economic transformation as experienced by Chinese in the late 19th and into the 20th century. By discussing the influence of the West, domestic rebellions, and political radicalism, we examine how the Chinese state and society interacted in search for modernization and reforms, how these reforms were continued during the Republican period, and to what extent historical patterns can be identified in China's present-day development. Offered as ASIA 289 and HSTY 289. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

ASIA 398. Honors Thesis. 1 - 4 Unit.
Intensive study of a topic or problem under the direction of a faculty member, resulting in the preparation of an honors thesis.

ASIA 399. Independent Study. 1 - 3 Unit.
Tutorial in Asian Studies.

Biochemistry

The College of Arts and Sciences awards the Bachelor of Arts and Bachelor of Science degrees in biochemistry. The required courses for the majors and minor are offered by the Department of Biochemistry in the School of Medicine. For details about the department's undergraduate programs, please consult the Department of Biochemistry (p. 734) section of this bulletin.

Childhood Studies Program

Childhood Studies Program is an educational opportunity for undergraduate students interested in a wide array of issues concerning children and the experience of childhood. This interdisciplinary minor focuses on the life stages of infancy through adolescence and enables students to pursue interests in parenting, child development, gender, the life course and the place of children in society and culture.

While the Childhood Studies Program is situated in the College of Arts and Sciences, children and childhood are a focus of research and teaching in units throughout the university, including the School of Medicine, the Jack, Joseph and Morton Mandel School of Applied Social Sciences, the School of Law, the School of Dental Medicine, and the Frances Payne Bolton School of Nursing.

The Childhood Studies Program is associated with the Schubert Center for Child Studies, which sponsors research, lectures and programs on children and childhood and provides opportunities for student involvement in research, education and policy, including externships with local nonprofits.

Undergraduate Program

Minor

The undergraduate minor in childhood studies is built on a foundation in the social sciences. It is also suited, however, to students interested in exploring childhood from the perspectives of the natural sciences,
the humanities, or the arts. The minor requires a minimum of 15 hours of course work; the courses must be taken in at least two different departments.

The courses listed below are accepted toward the minor. Other courses may be accepted with approval from one of the program co-directors.

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<tr>
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<tr>
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<td>ANTH 313</td>
<td>The Anthropology of Adolescence</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>ANTH 399</td>
<td>Independent Study</td>
<td>1 - 6</td>
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<tr>
<td>CHST 301/ANTH 305/POSC 382A</td>
<td>Child Policy</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
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<td>CHST 302/ANTH 307</td>
<td>Experiential Learning in Child Policy</td>
<td>3 - 6</td>
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<td>CHST 398/ANTH 308</td>
<td>Child Policy Externship</td>
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</tr>
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<td>CHST/ANTH/PSCL 398C</td>
<td>Child Policy Externship and Capstone</td>
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<tr>
<td>COSI 313</td>
<td>Language Development</td>
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<td>ENGL 369</td>
<td>Children's Literature</td>
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<td>HSTY 387</td>
<td>Growing Up in America: 1607 - 2000</td>
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<td>MUED 391</td>
<td>Music in Early Childhood</td>
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<td>NTRN 328</td>
<td>Child Nutrition, Development and Health</td>
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<td>PSCL 230</td>
<td>Child Psychology</td>
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<td>PSCL 329</td>
<td>Adolescence</td>
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<td>PSCL 335C</td>
<td>Seminar and Practicum: Hospitalized Child</td>
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<td>PSCL 344</td>
<td>Developmental Psychopathology</td>
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<td>SASS 390</td>
<td>Independent Study for Undergraduates</td>
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<td>SOCI 320</td>
<td>Delinquency and Juvenile Justice</td>
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<td>SOCI 361</td>
<td>The Life Course</td>
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<td>SOCI 375</td>
<td>Independent Study</td>
<td>1 - 3</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

Independent studies or one-time course offerings approved by one of the program co-directors are also accepted toward the minor.

* No more than four hours of practicum experience can count toward the minor.

**NOTE:** Students may count up to six of these hours toward a major in another field. If they are pursuing more than one major, they may count up to six hours toward each one.

**Co-Directors**

Jill E. Korbin, PhD  
*Associate Dean, College of Arts and Sciences; Lucy Adams Leffingwell Professor, Department of Anthropology; Director, Schubert Center for Child Studies*

Elizabeth Short, PhD  
*Professor, Department of Psychological Sciences*

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**Courses**

**CHST 301. Child Policy. 3 Units.**

This course introduces students to issues in public policy that impact children and families. Local, state, and federal child policy will be considered, and topics will include, for example, policies related to child poverty, education, child welfare, juvenile justice, and children’s physical and mental health. Students will learn how policy is developed, how research informs policy and vice versa, and a framework for analyzing social policy. Recommended preparation: One social sciences course or consent. Offered as ANTH 305, CHST 301, and POSC 382A.

**CHST 302. Experiential Learning in Child Policy. 3 - 6 Units.**

Focus on state and federal legislative policy impacting children, youth, and families. Course includes an experiential learning component at the state or federal level and a travel experience to either Columbus, OH or Washington, DC to learn firsthand how policy is formed. Students may take this course twice for credit. Offered as ANTH 307 and CHST 302. Prereq: CHST 301.

**CHST 398. Child Policy Externship. 3 Units.**

Externships offered through CHST/ANTH 308 give students an opportunity to work directly with professionals who design and implement policies that impact the lives of children and their families. Agencies involved are active in areas such as public health, including behavioral health, education, juvenile justice, childcare and/or child welfare. Students apply for the externships, and selected students are placed in local public or nonprofit agencies with a policy focus. Each student develops an individualized learning plan in consultation with the Childhood Studies Program faculty and the supervisor in the agency.

CHST 398/ANTH 308 is a 3 credit-hour course and may be taken twice for a total of 6 credit hours. Offered as CHST 398 and ANTH 308. Prereq: CHST 301.

**CHST 398C. Child Policy Externship and Capstone. 3 Units.**

Externsships offered through CHST/ANTH/PSCL 398C give students an opportunity to work directly with professionals who design and implement policies that impact the lives of children and their families. Agencies involved are active in areas such as public health, including behavioral health, education, juvenile justice, childcare and/or child welfare. Students apply for the externships, and selected students are placed in local public or nonprofit agencies with a policy focus. Each student develops an individualized learning plan in consultation with the Childhood Studies Program faculty and the supervisor in the agency. Offered as CHST 398C, ANTH 398C, and PSCL 398C. Counts as SAGES Senior Capstone. Prereq: CHST 301.

**CHST 399. Independent Study. 1 - 6 Units.**

Students propose topics for independent reading and research.

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**Computer Science**

The College of Arts and Sciences awards the Bachelor of Arts degree in computer science. The required courses for the major and minor are offered by the Department of Electrical Engineering and Computer Science in the Case School of Engineering.
For details about the department’s undergraduate programs, please consult the Department of Electrical Engineering and Computer Science (p. 62) section of this bulletin.

**Department of Anthropology**

Anthropology, with its broad comparative approach, is in a strategic position to contribute to the identification and resolution of many of the problems, both local and global, that challenge society today. The Department of Anthropology offers programs leading to both undergraduate (Bachelor of Arts) and graduate (Master of Arts, Doctor of Philosophy) degrees. In addition, the department offers joint graduate degree programs with Case Western Reserve University School of Medicine (MA or PhD/MPH and MA or PhD/MD). Students graduating with a BA in anthropology (http://www.case.edu/artsci/anth) normally must continue for the MA or PhD degree if they are interested in working as anthropologists.

General Anthropology (p. 152) | Medical Anthropology (p. 152)

### Undergraduate Programs

#### Majors

The undergraduate major requires a minimum of 30 semester hours in anthropology. The undergraduate program provides a cross-cultural perspective on human behavior, culture, and biology. Students may choose from four major concentrations.

1. **The General Anthropology Concentration** provides training in three subdisciplines of anthropology. The first, sociocultural anthropology, emphasizes relationships among socioeconomic institutions, cultural ecology, health and medicine, religion and symbolism, individual psychological variables, and language. The second, physical anthropology, emphasizes human ecology and adaptability, human growth and development, nutritional adaptation, epidemiology, and human and nonhuman primate evolution. The third, archaeology, deals with the long sequences of independent sociocultural, technological, and ecological evolution that have taken place under diverse conditions.

2. **The Medical Anthropology Concentration** provides training in the three subdisciplines discussed above, but with a focus on their relationship to physical and mental health, illness, disease, and medicine.

3. **The Physical Anthropology Concentration** deals with the biological nature of humans past and present. Physical anthropologists look beyond purely biological phenomena to understand how biology, behavior, and environment interact. Most course work is in the subdiscipline of human biology, which seeks to understand those interactions by studying physiology, genetics, nutrition, and epidemiology in modern human populations throughout the world. The concentration also provides training in paleoanthropology, which documents the biological history of humans and, in conjunction with archaeology, analyzes those interactions for past humans.

4. **The Archaeology Concentration** focuses on the customs and daily life of people who lived in the past. Anthropologists excavate and analyze the material remains of the sites of human occupation. At the same time, archaeological research seeks to understand the evolution of culture and society by determining how and why changes in human society have occurred.

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<tr>
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<td>ANTH 314</td>
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<td>ANTH 312</td>
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<td>ANTH 314</td>
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<td>ANTH 331</td>
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<td>ANTH 349</td>
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<td>ANTH 353</td>
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<td>Three health/illness-related topics courses, such as:</td>
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</table>
Approved anthropology electives 6
Total Units 30

Physical Anthropology Concentration

ANTH 102  Being Human: An Introduction to Social and Cultural Anthropology 3
ANTH 103  Introduction to Human Evolution 3
ANTH 319  Introduction to Statistical Analysis in the Social Sciences 3

Geographic area course, such as:

- ANTH 312  Ethnography of Southeast Asia 3
- ANTH 314  Cultures of the United States 3
- ANTH 331  The Most Ancient Near East 3
- ANTH 333  Roots of Ancient India: Archaeology of South Asia 3
- ANTH 349  Cultures of Latin America 3
- ANTH 353  Chinese Culture and Society 3

Three physical anthropology courses, such as:

- ANTH 302  Darwinian Medicine 3
- ANTH/ANAT 375  Human Evolution: The Fossil Evidence 3
- ANTH/ANAT 377  Human Osteology 3
- ANTH 378  Reproductive Health: An Evolutionary Perspective 3
- ANTH 394  Seminar in Evolutionary Biology 3
- ANTH 396  Undergraduate Research in Evolutionary Biology 3

Approved anthropology electives 9
Total Units 30

Archaeology Concentration

ANTH 102  Being Human: An Introduction to Social and Cultural Anthropology 3
ANTH 103  Introduction to Human Evolution 3
ANTH 107  Archaeology: An Introduction 3
ANTH 319  Introduction to Statistical Analysis in the Social Sciences 3

Geographic area course, such as:

- ANTH 312  Ethnography of Southeast Asia 3
- ANTH 314  Cultures of the United States 3
- ANTH 331  The Most Ancient Near East 3
- ANTH 333  Roots of Ancient India: Archaeology of South Asia 3
- ANTH 349  Cultures of Latin America 3
- ANTH 353  Chinese Culture and Society 3

Three approved archaeology courses, such as:

- ANTH 202  Archaeology of Eastern North America 3
- ANTH 321  Methods in Archaeology 3
- ANTH 324  Field Methods in Archaeology 3
- ANTH 330  Special Topics in Prehistory 3
- ANTH 331  The Most Ancient Near East 3
- ANTH 333  Roots of Ancient India: Archaeology of South Asia 3
- ANTH 399  Independent Study (if approved by advisor) 3
- Summer fieldwork 3

Approved anthropology electives 6
Total Units 30

Departmental Honors

This program is open to qualified majors in anthropology who have completed 15 hours of anthropology with a 3.25 GPA and who have an overall 3.0 GPA. Students should apply for the program in the fall semester of their junior year and, if approved, register for ANTH 391 Honors Tutorial and ANTH 392 Honors Tutorial in the spring of their junior year and the fall of their senior year.

Honors students are required to undertake a research project under the supervision of one or more faculty members and to present an acceptable research paper in the fall semester of their senior year. Students interested in the program should contact one of the department’s undergraduate advisors.

Integrated Graduate Studies

The Department of Anthropology participates in the Integrated Graduate Studies Program (p. 563). Interested students can find the general requirements and the admission procedures for the program in the Undergraduate Studies section of this bulletin and may consult the department for further information.

Minors

The department offers four minor emphases in anthropology: general anthropology, medical anthropology, archaeology, and physical anthropology. All require a minimum of 15 semester hours in anthropology.

General Anthropology Minor

ANTH 102  Being Human: An Introduction to Social and Cultural Anthropology 3
ANTH 103  Introduction to Human Evolution 3
One geographic area course, such as:

- ANTH 330  Special Topics in Prehistory 3
- ANTH 333  Roots of Ancient India: Archaeology of South Asia 3
- ANTH 334  Cultures of Latin America 3
- ANTH 335  Chinese Culture and Society 3

Approved electives 6
Total Units 15

Medical Anthropology Minor

ANTH 102  Being Human: An Introduction to Social and Cultural Anthropology 3
ANTH 103  Introduction to Human Evolution 3
ANTH 215  Health, Culture, and Disease: An Introduction to Medical Anthropology 3
One geographic area course, such as:

- ANTH 330  Special Topics in Prehistory 3
- ANTH 333  Roots of Ancient India: Archaeology of South Asia 3
- ANTH 334  Cultures of Latin America 3
- ANTH 335  Chinese Culture and Society 3

Summer fieldwork 3

Approved anthropology electives 6
Total Units 30
Archaeology Minor

ANTH 102 Being Human: An Introduction to Social and Cultural Anthropology 3
ANTH 103 Introduction to Human Evolution 3
ANTH 107 Archaeology: An Introduction 3
One geographical area course, such as: 3
ANTH 312 Ethnography of Southeast Asia
ANTH 314 Cultures of the United States
ANTH 316 Current Global Health Events
ANTH 317 The Anthropology of Adolescence
ANTH 323 AIDS: Epidemiology, Biology, and Culture
ANTH 326 Power, Illness, and Inequality: The Political Economy of Health
ANTH 329 Methods in Archaeology
ANTH 331 The Most Ancient Near East
ANTH 333 Roots of Ancient India: Archaeology of South Asia
ANTH 339 Independent Study (if approved by advisor)

Total Units 15

Graduate Programs

The Department of Anthropology offers graduate programs leading to the Master of Arts and Doctor of Philosophy degrees in anthropology with specializations in medical anthropology and global health, cross-cultural aging, and other areas.

The department also offers these combined degrees with the School of Medicine:

- MA or PhD/MPH
- MA or PhD/MD

Master of Arts

The main purpose of the Master of Arts degree program is to prepare students to begin teaching, research, or service careers with a solid background in anthropology. Undergraduate course work in anthropology, while helpful, is not a prerequisite for admission.

Requirements for the master’s degree include credit hour requirements, core course requirements, and a six-hour comprehensive written Master of Arts examination. A candidate for the master’s degree is required to complete 27 hours of class work, including an approved statistics course (3 hours) in which the student has earned a grade of C or better. No more than 6 credit hours of electives may be taken in 300-level courses (advanced undergraduate courses). All master’s degree candidates are required to attain a minimum cumulative grade point average of 3.0 in the core courses (described below) in order to qualify for the degree.

All master’s degree candidates are required to take a six-hour comprehensive written examination in their field set by the department’s examination committee. This examination must be taken before the completion of 27 semester hours of graduate work. Written master’s degree examinations can receive one of three grades: High Pass, Pass, or Fail. “High Pass” signifies performance sufficient for both the Master of Arts degree and advancement to the Doctor of Philosophy program, provided other requirements have also been satisfied. “Pass” signifies performance adequate for the master’s degree but insufficient to enter the doctoral program. “Fail” means a performance inadequate for the master’s degree. In the case of grades of Pass and Fail, the written examination may be retaken once.
**Doctor of Philosophy**

The Doctor of Philosophy degree program includes specializations in medical anthropology and global health, cross-cultural aging, and sociocultural anthropology. It requires a minimum of 36 credit hours.

PhD students will work with their doctoral advisor and faculty committee to determine prior to completing candidacy exams what foreign language, if any, is needed to successfully complete the PhD. If language competency is required, the language requirement can be met by a demonstration of competency either in a relevant written language or in an oral field language. The advisor, in consultation with the committee, will determine the level of competency needed and by what means language proficiency will be certified. Certification of competency must occur prior to the dissertation defense.

**Medical Anthropology and Global Health Program**

The objective of the Medical Anthropology and Global Health Program is to train medical anthropologists, physicians, nurses, and other health professionals (1) to recognize and deal with, on both theoretical and practical levels, the complex relations between the biological, social, cultural, psychological, economic, and techno-environmental determinants and concomitants of sickness and health in both local and global settings; and (2) to analyze and evaluate how health services are organized and delivered.

Within the Medical Anthropology and Global Health Program, students may choose to specialize in medical anthropology, cross-cultural aging, international health, urban health, or psychological anthropology.

**MA Requirements**

The curriculum covers the range of medical anthropology interests: ethnomedicine, international health, urban health, psychiatric anthropology, human adaptation and disease, nutrition, social demography, and so on. All Master of Arts degree students in medical anthropology must complete 27 hours:

- ANTH 439 Ethnographic and Qualitative Research Methods 3
- ANTH 462 Contemporary Theory in Anthropology 3
- ANTH 480 Medical Anthropology and Global Health I 3
- ANTH 481 Medical Anthropology and Global Health II 3
- Approved statistics course 3
- Approved anthropology electives 12

**Total Units** 27

- Anthropology or other department offerings with advisor approval.

**PhD Requirements**

All PhD students in medical anthropology are required to complete the PhD requirements. Students develop a specific plan of study, requiring a minimum of 36 credit hours, in consultation with their advisor.

- Students must take an approved statistics course (3 credits) and earn a grade of C or better if this requirement has not been fulfilled at the MA level.
- Students must take ANTH 504 Anthropological Research Design
- Students must complete two approved seminars (500 level). ANTH 504 and ANTH 599 do not count towards this requirement.

- Students may not take more than six total credit hours of ANTH 599 Tutorial: Advanced Studies in Anthropology.
- Students must take 18 credit hours in dissertation (ANTH 701 Dissertation Ph.D.).

After completing course requirements, a student must take the written Doctor of Philosophy candidacy examination. This examination consists of two topical exams and a dissertation prospectus. The examination is designed and evaluated by the doctoral committee.

**Specializations in Medical Anthropology and Global Health**

**International Health**

The international health specialization offers students training in international health research as well as in evaluation of international health projects. The curriculum includes course work in medical anthropology, epidemiology, and special topics in international health, such as maternal and child health. Students are qualified to work in international health research, in academic positions, or in administrative positions in governmental or private agencies.

**Urban Health**

The urban health specialization prepares students for careers in anthropology, public health, or allied fields, with a special focus on racial and ethnic disparities in health and on underserved populations in urban areas around the world. Under the guidance of faculty with research experience both domestically and internationally, students will learn anthropological theory and methods focusing on health and illness among urban populations.

**Psychological Anthropology**

The psychological anthropology specialization prepares students for positions in teaching and research institutions. It is also relevant for mental health professionals concerned with research and theoretical issues related to multietnic patient populations.

**Cross-Cultural Aging**

The cross-cultural aging specialization focuses on the processes of aging and the circumstances of older people throughout the world. Particular attention is given to the impact of social, cultural, economic, political, and demographic variables on the experience of aging.

All MA students in the cross-cultural aging specialization must complete 27 credit hours, including the medical anthropology core courses, an approved statistics course, and 12 credit hours of electives approved by the advisor. At the PhD level, students specializing in cross-cultural aging must develop a program with their advisor to meet all PhD requirements.

**Cross-Cultural Aging Program**

In addition to the cross-cultural aging specialization in the Medical Anthropology Program, the department offers a distinct Cross-Cultural Aging Program. Degree candidates are required to demonstrate mastery of the literature, theories, and methods appropriate to Western and non-Western gerontology, and are encouraged to gain research experience in both Western and non-Western settings. The program emphasizes the integration of qualitative and quantitative methodologies.

**MA Requirements**

Graduates of the master’s program are qualified to work in research or administrative positions in governmental and private agencies, and
to teach at the college and university levels. All MA students in cross-cultural aging must complete 27 credit hours including the following core courses:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ANTH 404</td>
<td>Introduction to the Anthropology of Aging</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ANTH 462</td>
<td>Contemporary Theory in Anthropology</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ANTH 504</td>
<td>Anthropological Research Design</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Approved statistics course</td>
<td></td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Electives</td>
<td></td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Units</td>
<td></td>
<td>24</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- Anthropology or other department offerings with advisor approval.

**PhD Requirements**

All PhD students in cross-cultural aging are required to develop a specific plan of study, with a minimum of 36 credit hours, in consultation with their advisor.

Students must take 18 credit hours in electives as approved by their advisory committee. (For those students who have not completed the MA statistics requirement, an approved 3-credit course in statistics is required.) Students must take 18 credit hours in dissertation (ANTH 701 Dissertation Ph.D.).

After completing course requirements, a student must take the written Doctor of Philosophy candidacy examination. Within one semester of successfully completing this examination, the student is required to defend a dissertation prospectus with the cooperation of his or her advisor and committee. Before a candidate is permitted to defend the dissertation, he or she must demonstrate a reading knowledge in a foreign language in which there is a scholarly literature relevant to his or her program of studies. A foreign-born student may substitute his or her native language (if it is not English) if it meets the above conditions.

**Other Specializations**

Students interested in graduate degrees in social-cultural or physical anthropology should contact the department about requirements.

**Joint-Degree Programs**

**MA or PhD/MPH Program with the School of Medicine**

The joint MA or PhD/MPH program provides students with the opportunity to receive an anthropology graduate degree and a public health degree simultaneously. A combined public health/anthropology degree will be especially valuable to students interested in working in urban health or international health, or within health policy programs. The joint MA/MPH requires 54 credit hours (21 in anthropology and 33 in public health). The joint PhD/MPH requires an additional 18 credit hours in anthropology beyond the MA level and 18 hours of ANTH 701 Dissertation Ph.D., for a total of 90 credit hours. All joint-degree students will develop a program of study with their advisors in both anthropology and public health.

**MA or PhD/MD Program with the School of Medicine**

The objectives of the joint MA or PhD/MD program are to train unusually qualified students to conduct research on a broad range of bio-cultural problems, with emphasis on the relationship between medicine, ecology, subsistence variables, population dynamics, and disease epidemiology; and to identify and analyze sociocultural impediments to the successful introduction of effective functioning and evaluation of health care programs in diverse contexts. Applicants should make separate application for admission to the School of Medicine and the Department of Anthropology (through the School of Graduate Studies). Applications to the Department of Anthropology may include MCAT scores rather than GRE scores, in addition to other information indicated on the graduate school forms.

**Department Faculty**

Lawrence P. Greksa, PhD  
*Professor and Chair*

Physical anthropology; human biology; growth and development; nutrition; modernization; Polynesia; Andes; Old Order Amish

Katia M. Almeida-Tracy, PhD  
*Professor*

Cultural and social anthropology; cultures of Latin America and Brazil; globalization and socio-economic development, visual anthropology, ethnoart, museums, and patrimony; contemporary youth cultures; Amazonian ethnology; anthropology and education

Eileen Anderson-Fye, EdD  
*Robson Associate Professor; Adjunct Assistant Professor of Psychiatry, Case School of Medicine*

Psychological and medical anthropology; culture, gender, and human development; anthropology of adolescence; globalization; immigration; mental health; eating and body image disorders; obesity and obesity stigma; child abuse and trauma; adolescent psychiatric medication usage; person-centered ethnography; mixed methods; Belize; multi-sited ethnography; (Latin America, Caribbean, Asia)

Cynthia Beall, PhD  
*Distinguished University Professor and Sarah Idell Pyle Professor of Anthropology, Co-Director, Center for Research on Tibet*

Physical anthropology; adaptation to high-altitude hypoxia on the Andean, Tibetan, and East African plateau, evolutionary human biology, evolutionary medicine

Atwood D. Gaines, PhD  
*Professor of Psychiatry and Professor of Bioethics, Case School of Medicine; Professor of Nursing, Frances Payne Bolton School of Nursing*

Medical and psychiatric anthropology; cultural studies of science and medicine; cultural bioethics; religion; aging and dementia; social identity and health; United States; France and the Mediterranean

Melvin C. Goldstein, PhD  
*John Reynolds Harkness Professor; Co-Director, Center for Research on Tibet; Professor of International Health, School of Medicine*

Social and cultural anthropology; development/population anthropology; cross-cultural and global aging; cultural ecology, ethnicity, and nationalism; anthropology and history; Tibet, China, Mongolia, Himalayas
Vanessa M. Hildebrand, PhD  
(Washington University)  
Assistant Professor  
Sociocultural anthropology; maternal and reproductive health; science and technology studies; global health and global health policy; Southeast Asia, Indonesia, United States

Lee D. Hoffer, PhD  
(University of Colorado, Denver; Washington University School of Medicine)  
Associate Professor  
Cultural and medical anthropology; drug addiction; psychiatric epidemiology; ethnographic research methods; complex systems; computational modeling; economic anthropology; United States

Jill E. Korbin, PhD  
(University of California, Los Angeles)  
Lucy Adams Leffingwell Professor; Associate Dean, College of Arts and Sciences; Director, Schubert Center for Child Studies; Co-Director, Childhood Studies Program  
Cultural, medical, and psychological anthropology; culture and human development; child maltreatment; neighborhood; United States; Old Order Amish

Janet McGrath, PhD  
(Northwestern University)  
Professor; Director of Graduate Programs; Associate Professor of International Health, School of Medicine  
Biomedical anthropology; anthropology of infectious disease; international and global health; AIDS; urban health; United States, Africa

Jim Shaffer, PhD  
(University of Wisconsin, Madison)  
Associate Professor  
Archaeology; Middle East, Central Asia, Indus Valley, India

Lihong Shi, PhD  
(Tulane University)  
Assistant Professor  
Sociocultural anthropology; reproduction, gender, marriage, and family relations, population aging and sex-ratio imbalance; China, East Asia

Yohannes Haile-Selassie, PhD  
(University of California, Berkeley)  
Adjunct Professor; Curator and Head of Physical Anthropology, Cleveland Museum of Natural History  
Human evolution

David Kaawa-Mafigiri, PhD  
(Case Western Reserve University)  
Adjunct Assistant Professor  
Medical anthropology; global public health; social patterning of health; newly emerging and re-emerging infectious disease control; Africa, Uganda

Bruce Latimer, PhD  
(Kent State University)  
Adjunct Professor; Associate Professor of Anatomy; Acting Director, Center for Human Origins  
Biological anthropology; Plio-Pleistocene hominin evolution; comparative primate anatomy; biomechanics of locomotor system

Jill E. Korbin, PhD  
(University of California, Los Angeles)  
Lucy Adams Leffingwell Professor; Associate Dean, College of Arts and Sciences; Director, Schubert Center for Child Studies; Co-Director, Childhood Studies Program  
Cultural, medical, and psychological anthropology; culture and human development; child maltreatment; neighborhood; United States; Old Order Amish

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Biomedical anthropology; anthropology of infectious disease; international and global health; AIDS; urban health; United States, Africa

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Sociocultural anthropology; reproduction, gender, marriage, and family relations, population aging and sex-ratio imbalance; China, East Asia

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Human evolution

David Kaawa-Mafigiri, PhD  
(Case Western Reserve University)  
Adjunct Assistant Professor  
Medical anthropology; global public health; social patterning of health; newly emerging and re-emerging infectious disease control; Africa, Uganda

Primary Faculty

Adjunct Faculty

Jennifer Furin, MD  
(Harvard University; University of California)  
Adjunct Assistant Professor; Assistant Professor, Department of Infectious Disease, University Hospitals  
Medical anthropology; infectious diseases; HIV; TB; community health; health policy and programming; Haiti, Peru, former Soviet Union, Resotho, Rwanda

N’omi Greber, PhD  
(Case Western Reserve University)  
Adjunct Associate Professor; Curator of Archaeology, Cleveland Museum of Natural History  
Archaeology; Early/Middle Woodland of Eastern North America; Adena/Hopewell; geophysical remote sensing; archaeoastronomy

Secondary Faculty

Alanna Cooper, PhD  
(Boston University)  
Assistant Professor, Jewish Studies Program Manager, Laura and Alvin Siegel Lifelong Learning Program Jewish Studies

Patricia A. Marshall, PhD  
(University of Kentucky)  
Professor, Department of Bioethics, School of Medicine  
Empirical bioethics research; informed consent to research; ethics in genetics research; genomic research in Africa; cross-cultural studies

Isabel Parraga, PhD  
(Case Western Reserve University)  
Associate Professor, Department of Nutrition, School of Medicine  
Nutritional anthropology; international nutrition; nutrition and growth; maternal and child nutrition; schistosomiasis and growth and nutrition; public health nutrition

Scott Simpson, PhD  
(Kent State University)  
Professor, Department of Anatomy, School of Medicine  
Niocene-pleistocene hominin evolution; dental anthropology; human anatomy; functional anatomy
ANTH 225. Evolution. 3 Units.
Multidisciplinary study of the course and processes of organic evolution provides a broad understanding of the evolution of structural and functional diversity, the relationships among organisms and their environments, and the phylogenetic relationships among major groups of organisms. Topics include the genetic basis of micro- and macro-evolutionary change, the concept of adaptation, natural selection, population dynamics, theories of species formation, principles of phylogenetic inference, biogeography, evolutionary rates, evolutionary convergence, homology, Darwinian medicine, and conceptual and philosophic issues in evolutionary theory. Offered as ANTH 225, BIOL 225, EEPS 225, HSTY 225, and PHIL 225.

ANTH 233. Introduction to Jewish Folklore. 3 Units.
Exploration of a variety of genres, research methods and interpretations of Jewish folklore, from antiquity to the present. Emphasis on how Jewish folk traditions and culture give us access to the spirit and mentality of the many different generations of the Jewish ethnic group, illuminating its past and informing the direction of its future development. Offered as ANTH 233, RLGN 233, and JDST 233. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

ANTH 295. Comparative Primate Behavior. 3 Units.
The behavior of non-human primates (prosimians, monkeys, and apes) and the relevance of these studies for understanding the evolution of human behavior. Biological and ecological influences on behavior. The social aspects of primate life, both human and nonhuman. Recommended preparation: ANTH 102 or ANTH 103 or consent of department.

ANTH 302. Darwinian Medicine. 3 Units.
Darwinian medicine deals with evolutionary aspects of modern human disease. It applies the concepts and methods of evolutionary biology to the question of why we are vulnerable to disease. Darwinian (or evolutionary) medicine proposes several general hypotheses about disease causation including disease as evolutionary legacy and design compromise, the result of a novel environment, a consequence of genetic adaptation, the result of infectious organisms’ evolutionary adaptations, and disease symptoms as manifestation of defense mechanisms. It proposes that evolutionary ideas can explain, help to prevent and perhaps help to treat some diseases. This course presents the basic logic of Darwinian medicine and evaluates hypotheses about specific diseases that illustrate each of the hypotheses about disease causation. Recommended preparation: ANTH 103. Offered as ANTH 302 and ANTH 402.

ANTH 304. Introduction to the Anthropology of Aging. 3 Units.
Reviews historical and methodological approaches to the study of aging. Examines theoretical assumptions about aging by comparing studies from Western and non-Western societies that illustrate the differential importance of culture in the experience of aging. Recommended preparation: ANTH 102. Offered as ANTH 304 and ANTH 404.

ANTH 305. Child Policy. 3 Units.
This course introduces students to issues in public policy that impact children and families. Local, state, and federal child policy will be considered, and topics will include, for example, policies related to child poverty, education, child welfare, juvenile justice, and children’s physical and mental health. Students will learn how policy is developed, how research informs policy and vice versa, and a framework for analyzing social policy. Recommended preparation: One social sciences course or consent. Offered as ANTH 305, CHST 301, and POSC 382A.
ANTH 306. The Anthropology of Childhood and the Family. 3 Units.
Child-rearing patterns and the family as an institution, using evidence from Western and non-Western cultures. Human universals and cultural variation, the experience of childhood and recent changes in the American family. Recommended preparation: ANTH 102. Offered as ANTH 306 and ANTH 406.

ANTH 307. Experiential Learning in Child Policy. 3 - 6 Units.
Focus on state and federal legislative policy impacting children, youth, and families. Course includes an experiential learning component at the state or federal level and a travel experience to either Columbus, OH or Washington, DC to learn firsthand how policy is formed. Students may take this course twice for credit. Offered as ANTH 307 and CHST 302. Prereq: CHST 301.

ANTH 308. Child Policy Externship. 3 Units.
Exterships offered through CHST 398/ANTH 308 give students an opportunity to work directly with professionals who design and implement policies that impact the lives of children and their families. Agencies involved are active in areas such as public health, including behavioral health, education, juvenile justice, child care and/or child welfare. Students apply for the externships, and selected students are placed in local public or nonprofit agencies with a policy focus. Each student develops an individualized learning plan in consultation with the Childhood Studies Program faculty and the supervisor in the agency. CHST 398/ANTH 308 is a 3 credit-hour course and may be taken twice for a total of 6 credit hours. Offered as CHST 398 and ANTH 308. Prereq: CHST 301.

ANTH 310. Introduction to Linguistic Anthropology. 3 Units.
This is an introduction to the core concepts, theories and methodologies that form the study of language from an anthropological point of view. The course provides exposure to current issues in linguistic anthropological research and reviews some of the foundational topics of research past, highlighting the contributions of linguistics to anthropology and social science. Topics to be explored include: 1) an overview of the study of language (language structure and patterns, the effects of linguistic categories on thought and behavior, meaning and linguistic relativity, cross-language comparison, and non-verbal communication); 2) doing linguistic anthropology "on the ground" (an intro to the laboratory and field techniques of linguistic anthropology); 3) the study of language as function and social action (language and social structure speech acts and events, verbal art, language and emotion); and 4) the study of language/discourse and power (language in politics, medicine, and law). Offered as ANTH 310 and ANTH 410.

ANTH 311. Anthropology of Obesity. 3 Units.
Obesity is a pressing topic in global health. Increasingly, anthropology is turning to investigate multiple facets of the study of obesity. Theoretically and methodologically, the study of obesity is particularly interesting due to the combination of cultural and biological perspectives as well as due to the contemporary focus on globalization. This field of study also includes interdisciplinary perspectives from clinical health sciences, public health, sociology, psychology, psychiatry, neuroscience, and other fields. This course is designed as an intensive research course that combines reading key texts with learning data analysis and writeup skills using original mixed-methods data on global obesity stigma in three cultures. Students will be working in lab teams to hone data analysis and writing skills. The final product of the course is a contribution to an original paper to go out for review for publication. IRB certification is required for this class. Students may obtain IRB training during the first two weeks of class. Offered as ANTH 311 and ANTH 411. Prereq: ANTH 102, ANTH 103, and ANTH 215.

ANTH 312. Ethnography of Southeast Asia. 3 Units.
This course examines the people and cultures of Southeast Asia from an anthropological perspective. From a starting place of the local people we will explore important aspects of life in this region such as agriculture, religion, health, medicine, nation-building, ethnic identity, art, and technology. Additionally, we will examine and question the ideas, traditions, and scholarly modes of study that brought this geographical area together as a region. Offered as ANTH 312 and ANTH 412. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

ANTH 313. The Anthropology of Adolescence. 3 Units.
This course investigates the anthropology of adolescence. What are the conditions under which adolescence has appeared around the world as a life stage? What are the roles of adolescence cross-culturally? What are the varieties of adolescent experience? Through classic and contemporary texts, the course will address these questions as well as special topics particularly important to adolescence such as globalization, mental health, and sexuality. Offered as ANTH 313 and ANTH 413.

ANTH 314. Cultures of the United States. 3 Units.
This course considers the rich ethnic diversity of the U.S. from the perspective of social/cultural anthropology. Conquest, immigration, problems of conflicts and accommodation, and the character of the diverse regional and ethnic cultures are considered as are forms of racism, discrimination, and their consequences. Groups of interest include various Latina/o and Native peoples, African-American groups, and specific ethnic groups of Pacific, Mediterranean, European, Asian, and Caribbean origin. Offered as ANTH 314, ETHS 314, and ANTH 414. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

ANTH 316. Current Global Health Events. 3 Units.
This course will introduce students to an anthropological approach to understanding disease, illness, sickness and suffering in a global health context. The course will expose students to biological, socio-cultural, historical, political-economic, and epidemiological assessments of the disease and illness states. Students will be asked to bring a critical focus to the use of ethnographic, population-based, and clinical approaches to addresses global health problems. Additionally students will learn about the key organizations, institutions, and commercial enterprises that come to play in the assessment, prioritizing, and treatment of these health issues. Counts as SAGES Departmental Seminar. Prereq: ANTH 102 and ANTH 215.

ANTH 317. Asian Medical Systems. 3 Units.
Examines the philosophical assumptions and therapies of the traditional and contemporary medical systems of India, Tibet, China, and Japan. Particular attention will be given to the folk, popular, and institutional sectors of medical practice as well as to the contemporary relationship between traditional medicine and Western medicine in each of these societies. Recommended preparation: ANTH 102. Offered as ANTH 317 and ANTH 417.

ANTH 318. Death and Dying. 3 Units.
Examines cultural context of death and dying. Topics include social and psychological consequences of changing patterns of mortality, attitudes towards the taking of life, preparation for death, mortuary rituals, grief and mourning, and nature of relationship between living and dead. Recommended preparation: ANTH 102. Offered as ANTH 318 or ANTH 418.
ANTH 319. Introduction to Statistical Analysis in the Social Sciences. 3 Units.
Statistical description (central tendency, variation, correlation, etc.) and statistical evaluation (two sample comparisons, regression, analysis of variance, non-parametric statistics). Developing an understanding of statistical inference, particularly on proper usage of statistical methods. Examples from the social sciences. Cannot be used to meet the A&S Humanities and Social Sciences requirement. Not available for credit to students who have completed STAT 201 or PSCL 282. Counts for CAS Quantitative Reasoning Requirement. Prereq: Major in Anthropology.

ANTH 321. Methods in Archaeology. 3 Units.
This course reviews the basic methods and techniques used in modern anthropological archaeology. Topics to be discussed include the nature of the archaeological record, research design, techniques of field archaeology, methods of laboratory analysis, museum archaeology, ethnoarchaeology, and cultural interpretation. Prereq: ANTH 107.

ANTH 323. AIDS: Epidemiology, Biology, and Culture. 3 Units.
This course will examine the biological and cultural impact of AIDS in different societies around the world. Topics include: the origin and evolution of the virus, the evolutionary implications of the epidemic, routes of transmission, a historical comparison of AIDS to other epidemics in human history, current worldwide prevalences of AIDS, and cultural responses to the epidemic. Special emphasis will be placed on the long-term biological and social consequences of the epidemic. Recommended preparation: ANTH 102 or ANTH 103 or ANTH 105. Offered as ANTH 323 and ANTH 423.

ANTH 324. Field Methods in Archaeology. 3 - 4 Units.
This field course is designed to give the student a comprehensive introduction to archaeological field work. All participants will be introduced to the methods of archaeological survey, techniques of hand excavation, artifact identification, and the preparation of field notes and documentation. In large measure this is a "learning through doing" course which is supplemented by formal and informal lectures and discussions about archaeological methods and regional prehistory. The course will take place from Monday through Friday at an archaeological site in northeast Ohio. Students are responsible for their own transportation to and from the field site and must bring a sack lunch. All participants will receive a field manual which will provide detailed information on the course and techniques of field work.

ANTH 326. Power, Illness, and Inequality: The Political Economy of Health. 3 Units.
This course explores the relationship between social inequality and the distribution of health and illness across class, race, gender, sexual orientation, and national boundaries. Class readings drawn from critical anthropological approaches to the study of health emphasize the fundamental importance of power relations and economic constraints in explaining patterns of disease. The course critically examines the nature of Western biomedicine and inequality in the delivery of health services. Special consideration is given to political economic analysis of health issues in the developing world such as AIDS, hunger, reproductive health, and primary health care provision. Recommended preparation: ANTH 102 or ANTH 215. Offered as ANTH 326 and ANTH 426.

ANTH 327. Ancient Cultures of the Ohio Region. 3 Units.
This course surveys the archaeology of Native American cultures in the Great Lakes region from ca. 10,000 B.C. to A.D. 1700. The geographic scope of this course is the upper Midwest, southern Ontario, and the St. Lawrence Valley with a focus on the Ohio region. Recommended preparation: ANTH 107. Offered as ANTH 327 and ANTH 427.

ANTH 330. Special Topics in Prehistory. 3 Units.
Special topics or geographical areas of archaeological significance (e.g., the origins of food production, the archaeology of the Mediterranean, the archaeology of North America). Recommended preparation: ANTH 102 or ANTH 107.

ANTH 331. The Most Ancient Near East. 3 Units.
The Near East, archaeologically, is the most intensely researched area in the world. The research, spanning 150 years, reveals a continuous record of human adaptation spanning two million years, five human species, multiple major environmental changes, and shifts in human adaptive strategies from nomadic hunting and gathering to sedentary village agriculture and the emergence of urban centers "civilization." The archaeological record of this extraordinary period beginning two million years ago until about 4000 BC is reviewed. Emphasis is placed on the human response to social and ecological changes. The course examines how the emergence of sedentary settlements, surplus food production, population growth, interregional trade, and social-economically stratified societies fundamentally changed the human condition. Recommended preparation: ANTH 102 or ANTH 107.

ANTH 333. Roots of Ancient India: Archaeology of South Asia. 3 Units.
Archaeological discoveries in South Asia (modern India, Pakistan, Sri Lanka, Bangladesh, and Nepal) reveal a continuous record of human habitation from almost two million years ago until the present. Early human populations in the region encountered dramatically changing ecological conditions resulting in various cultural adaptations over this long period. Beginning with the earliest hunter-gatherer populations, archaeological data reveal a diversity of cultural changes/adaptations in South Asia resulting in the indigenous development of sedentary agricultural societies coexisting with hunters and gatherers, and with pastoral nomadic groups interacting over diverse ecologies. These cultural developments resulted in the formation of the Harappan (Indus Valley) culture - a unique, ancient (2600-1300 BC) Old World civilization. Archaeological data indicate this Harappan culture provided basic fundamental cultural traits that evolved into the culturally Early Historic Indian Tradition. Special attention is given to theoretical controversies surrounding the cultural continuity issue in South Asian culture history and its significance for understanding Old World archaeology. Recommended preparation: ANTH 102 or ANTH 107.

ANTH 335. Illegal Drugs and Society. 3 Units.
This course provides perspectives on illegal drug use informed by the social, political and economic dimensions of the issues. Framed by the history, epidemiology, and medical consequences of drug use, students will confront the complex challenges posed by addiction. Anthropological research conducted in the U.S. and cross-culturally will demonstrate, elaborate and juxtapose various clinical, public health, and law enforcement policies and perspectives. Topics examined will include: why exclusively using a bio-medical model of addiction is inadequate; how effective is the war on drugs; what prevention, intervention and treatment efforts work; and various ideological/moral perspectives on illegal drug use. Offered as ANTH 335 and ANTH 435.
ANTH 338. Maternal Health: Anthropological Perspectives on Reproductive Practices and Health Policy. 3 Units.
The reproductive process is shared by humans as biological beings. However, the experience of pregnancy and childbirth is also dependent on the cultural, social, political, historical, and political-economic setting. This course frames issues in reproductive health by looking at the complex issues associated with maternal health and mortality worldwide. After reviewing biomedical perspectives on reproductive processes this course will focus on childbirth and pregnancy as the process and ritual by which societies welcome new members. This course will review ethnomedical concepts; discuss the interaction between local, national, and global agendas shaping reproductive practices; and conclude with anthropological critiques of reproductive health initiatives. Offered as ANTH 338 and ANTH 438.

ANTH 339. Ethnographic and Qualitative Research Methods. 3 Units.
This is a course on applying ethnographic research methods in the social sciences. Ethnographic research seeks to understand and describe the experiences of research participants (i.e. subjects) through becoming involved in their daily lives. Findings from ethnography are generated through systematic observation within the natural context in which behavior occurs (i.e. fieldwork). Unlike methods that emphasize detachment, distance, and objectivity, ethnography involves developing knowledge by becoming an ad hoc member of the group(s) one is studying. The principal techniques of ethnography, “participant-observation” and “in-depth open ended interviewing,” require actively engaging the research process. This class will explore ethnographic research techniques, as well as other qualitative research methods. In addition to addressing how such methods make claims about social phenomena, this class will also explore more practical topics such as: developing questions, entering the field, establishing rapport, taking and managing field notes, coding data, and data analysis. Lectures, readings, and class discussion will be complimented by assignments using techniques. Offered as ANTH 339 and ANTH 439. Prereq: ANTH 102.

ANTH 341. Cultural Area Studies in Anthropology. 3 Units.
Recommended preparation: ANTH 102. Offered as ANTH 341 and ANTH 441.

ANTH 347. Cultural Ecology: An Epistemological Approach to Environmental Sustainability. 3 Units.
This course provides the understanding that the realm of human culture is where both the cause and cure of nearly all environmental sustainability challenges are found. This is because culture is the medium through which humans as living systems perceive, interpret, and act upon their environment. Through understanding principles that guide living systems and applying them to human/nature interaction in diverse cultures throughout the world, students develop an ecological epistemology, or way of knowing nature. This leads to more effective advocacy for environmental sustainability and an increasing depth in interaction with nature, particularly in the domains of aesthetics and the sacred. Offered as ANTH 347 and ANTH 447. Counts as SAGES Departmental Seminar. Prereq: ANTH 102.

ANTH 349. Cultures of Latin America. 3 Units.
The aim of this course is to consider cultural diversity and social inequality in contemporary Latin America from an anthropological perspective. A variety of aspects related to ethnicity, religion, music, gender, social movements, cuisine, urban spaces, violence, and ecology are considered in addition to current economic and political issues. These topics will be analyzed in relation to Latin America’s complex historical and social formation and its identity representations. The course takes under consideration various case studies in which not just local communities but also perceptions of national institutions and practices will be analyzed from pluralistic approaches (provided by either Latin American and non-Latin American researchers) that combine fieldwork, interviews and life experiences with textual and media sources. Special attention will be paid to contemporary global issues affecting Latin America. Offered as ANTH 349 and ANTH 449. Counts as SAGES Departmental Seminar. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement. Prereq: ANTH 102.

ANTH 350. Culture, Science and Identity. 3 Units.
This course in the Cultural Studies of Science focuses on the ways in which social identities are constructed and imagined in contemporary and historical sciences and medicines. In particular, the course will consider gender, ethnic, “racial,” class and age identities as these are (re)constructed over time in medical and natural scientific discourses across professional cultures. Attention is paid to the means by which notions of normality and abnormality and category specificity are created and altered and to the dynamics of discursive formations. The course also considers the social and medical consequences of specific constructions of biology in general and with respect to specific identities and social classifications. Offered as ANTH 350 and ANTH 450.

ANTH 351. Topics in International Health. 3 Units.
Special topics of interest in International Health. Recommended preparation: ANTH 102 or ANTH 215. Offered as ANTH 351 and ANTH 451.

ANTH 352. Japanese Culture and Society. 3 Units.
Focuses on contemporary Japanese cultural and social institutions. Topics include child-rearing, personality, values, education, gender roles, the dual economy, and popular culture. Recommended preparation: ANTH 102. Offered as ANTH 352 and ANTH 452. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

ANTH 353. Chinese Culture and Society. 3 Units.
Focuses on Chinese cultural and social institutions during the Maoist and post-Maoist eras. Topics include ideology, economics, politics, religion, family life, and popular culture. Recommended preparation: ANTH 102. Offered as ANTH 353 and ANTH 453. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

ANTH 354. Health and Healing in East Asia. 3 Units.
This course examines the illness experiences and the healing practices in East Asia. After introducing the anthropological approaches to the study of medicine, this course will explore the practices of ethnomedicine and biomedicine, mental health, family planning and reproductive health, the experience of aging and care giving, infectious disease, environmental health, and biotechnology. By delving into the illness experiences and the healing practices in East Asia, the course will discuss issues related to medical pluralism, health inequality, biological citizenship, social stigmatization, and bioethics. Offered as ANTH 354 and ANTH 454.
ANTH 357. Native American Cultures. 3 Units.
Intensive examination of the cultures of selected Native American peoples, including historical, political, religious, social organizational, linguistic, and medical/psychiatric aspects of American Indian life. Not available for credit to students who have completed USSO 219. Recommended preparation: ANTH 102. Offered as ANTH 357 and ANTH 457. Counts as SAGES Departmental Seminar. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

ANTH 359. Introduction to International Health. 3 Units.
Critical health problems and needs in developing countries. Prevalence of infectious disease, malnutrition, chronic disease, injury control. Examines strategies for improvement of health in less developed countries. Recommended preparation: ANTH 102. Offered as ANTH 359 and ANTH 459.

ANTH 360. Global Politics of Fertility, Family Planning, and Population Control. 3 Units.
This course offers an anthropological examination of fertility behaviors around the world. In particular, it explores various historical, cultural, socioeconomic, political, and technological factors contributing to reproductive activities. After introducing the anthropological approaches to the study of fertility, the course will delve into the ways to regulate fertility in historical and contemporary times, various factors contributing to fertility change, state intervention in reproduction through voluntary and coercive family planning programs, and new reproductive technologies and ethical concerns surrounding assisted reproduction and abortion. Offered as ANTH 360 and ANTH 460.

ANTH 361. Urban Health. 3 Units.
This course provides an anthropological perspective on the most important health problems facing urban population around the world. Special attention will be given to an examination of disparities in health among urban residents based on poverty, race/ethnicity, gender, and nationality. Offered as ANTH 361 and ANTH 461.

ANTH 362. Contemporary Theory in Anthropology. 3 Units.
A critical examination of anthropological thought in England, France and the United States during the second half of the twentieth century. Emphasis will be on the way authors formulate questions that motivate anthropological discourse, on the way central concepts are formulated and applied and on the controversies and debates that result. Readings are drawn from influential texts by prominent contemporary anthropologists. Recommended preparation: ANTH 102. Offered as ANTH 362 and ANTH 462.

ANTH 365. Gender and Sex Differences: Cross-cultural Perspective. 3 Units.
Gender roles and sex differences throughout the life cycle considered from a cross-cultural perspective. Major approaches to explaining sex roles discussed in light of information from both Western and non-Western cultures. Offered as ANTH 365, ANTH 465 and WGST 365. Prereq: ANTH 102 or consent of department.

ANTH 366. Population Change: Problems and Solutions. 3 Units.
The course examines population processes and their social consequences from an anthropological perspective. It introduces basic concepts and theories of population studies and demonstrates the ways in which anthropological research contributes to our understanding of population issues. We will explore questions such as: How has world population changed in history? How does a population age or grow younger? What are the factors affecting population health? Why do people migrate? And what are the policy implications of population change? We will examine the sociocultural, economic, political, and ecological factors contributing to population processes, such as factors affecting childbearing decisions, cultural context of sex-selective abortion, various caregiving arrangements for the elderly, and policy responses to population change. We will explore these issues with cases from across the world, with a special focus on China, the world's most populous country with the most massive family-planning program in modern human history. Offered as: ANTH 366 and ANTH 466.

ANTH 367. Topics in Evolutionary Biology. 3 Units.
The focus for this course on a special topic of interest in evolutionary biology will vary from one offering to the next. Examples of possible topics include theories of speciation, the evolution of language, the evolution of sex, evolution and biodiversity, molecular evolution. ANAT/ANTH/EEPS/PHIL/PHOL 467/BIOL 468 will require a longer, more sophisticated term paper, and additional class presentation. Offered as ANTH 367, BIOL 368, EEPS 367, PHIL 367, ANAT 467, ANTH 467, BIOL 468, EEPS 467, PHIL 467 and PHOL 467. Prereq: ANTH 225 or equivalent.

ANTH 368. Evolutionary Biology Capstone. 3 Units.
This course focuses on a special topic of interest in evolutionary biology that will vary from one offering to the next. Examples of possible topics include theories of speciation, the evolution of language, the evolution of sex, evolution and biodiversity, molecular evolution. Students will participate in discussions and lead class seminars on evolutionary topics and in collaboration with an advisor or advisors, select a topic for a research paper or project. Each student will write a major research report or complete a major project and will make a public presentation of her/his findings. Offered as ANTH 368, BIOL 369, and PHIL 368. Counts as SAGES Senior Capstone. Prereq: ANTH 225, BIOL 225, GEOL 225, HSTY 225, PHIL 225 or its equivalent or permission of instructor.

ANTH 370. Field Seminar in Paleoanthropology. 12 Units.
Paleoanthropology is the study of human physical and cultural evolution based on fossils and cultural remains from ancient geological times. These fossils and cultural remains are collected by conducting fieldwork in various parts of the world where geological phenomena have exposed fossiliferous sedimentary windows from the deep past. Hence, fieldwork is one of the major backbones of paleoanthropology. This course is designed for advanced undergraduate students who are interested in pursuing higher degrees in paleoanthropology, human paleobiology, evolutionary biology, or other related disciplines. This course introduces students to the principles and methods of paleontological fieldwork in real time. It introduces students to paleoanthropological fieldwork from locating fossiliferous areas based on aerial photo interpretations to survey methodology; from methods of systematic excavation, fossil collection and documentation in the field, to curation and preparation of fossil specimens in laboratories; from conducting scientific analyses in laboratory environments to subsequently publishing the results in peer-reviewed journals. Recommended preparation: ANTH 377. Prereq: ANTH 103 and ANTH 375.
ANTH 371. Culture, Behavior, and Person: Psychological Anthropology. 3 Units.
Cross-cultural perspectives on personality, human development, individual variability, cognition, deviant behavior, and the role of the individual in his/her society. Classic and contemporary psychological writings on Western and non-Western societies. Recommended preparation: ANTH 102. Offered as ANTH 371 and ANTH 471.

ANTH 372. Anthropological Approaches to Religion. 3 Units.
The development of, and current approaches to, comparative religion from an anthropological perspective. Topics include witchcraft, ritual, myth, healing, religious language and symbolism, religion and gender, religious experience, the nature of the sacred, religion and social change, altered states of consciousness, and evil. Using material from a wide range of world cultures, critical assessment is made of conventional distinctions such as those between rational/irrational, natural/supernatural, magic/religion, and primitive/civilized. Recommended preparation: ANTH 102. Offered as ANTH 372, RLGN 372 and ANTH 472.

ANTH 375. Human Evolution: The Fossil Evidence. 3 Units.
This course will survey the biological and behavioral changes that occurred in the hominid lineage during the past five million years. In addition to a thorough review of the fossil evidence for human evolution, students will develop the theoretical framework in evolutionary biology. Recommended preparation: ANTH 377, BIOL 225. Offered as ANAT 375, ANTH 375, ANAT 475 and ANTH 475. Prereq: ANTH 103.

ANTH 376. Topics in the Anthropology of Health and Medicine. 3 Units.
Special topics of interest, such as the biology of human adaptability; the ecology of the human life cycle; health delivery systems; transcultural psychiatry; nutrition, health, and disease; paleoepidemiology; and population anthropology. Recommended preparation: ANTH 102 or ANTH 103. Offered as ANTH 376 and ANTH 476.

ANTH 377. Human Osteology. 4 Units.
This course for upper division undergraduates and graduate students will review the following topics: human skeletal development and identification; and forensic identification (skeletal aging, sex identification and population affiliation). Offered as ANAT 377, ANTH 377, ANAT 477 and ANTH 477.

ANTH 378. Reproductive Health: An Evolutionary Perspective. 3 Units.
This course provides students with an evolutionary perspective on the factors influencing human reproductive health, including reproductive biology, ecology, and various aspects of natural human fertility. Our focus will be on variation in human reproduction in mostly non-western populations. Recommended preparation for ANTH 378: ANTH 103. Offered as ANTH 378 and ANTH 478. Counts as SAGES Departmental Seminar.

ANTH 379. Topics in Cultural and Social Anthropology. 3 Units.
Special topics of interest across the range of social and cultural anthropology. Recommended preparation: ANTH 102. Offered as ANTH 379 and ANTH 479.

ANTH 380. Independent Study in Laboratory Archaeology I. 1 - 3 Unit.
This course provides an introduction to the basic methods and techniques of artifact curation and laboratory analysis in archaeology. Under the supervision of the instructor, each student will develop and carry out a focused project of material analysis and interpretation using the archaeology collections of the Cleveland Museum of Natural History. Each student is required to spend a minimum of two hours per week in the Archaeology laboratory for each credit hour taken. By the end of the course, the student will prepare a short report describing the results of their particular project. Recommended preparation: ANTH 107 and permission of department, and prior permission of Department of Archaeology at the Cleveland Museum of Natural History.

ANTH 381. Independent Study in Laboratory Archaeology II. 1 - 3 Unit.
This course provides an introduction to the basic methods and techniques of artifact curation and laboratory analysis in archaeology. Under the supervision of the instructor, each student will develop and carry out a focused project of material analysis and interpretation using the archaeology collections of the Cleveland Museum of Natural History. Each student is required to spend a minimum of two hours per week in the Archaeology laboratory for each credit hour taken. By the end of the course, the student will prepare a short report describing the results of their particular project. Recommended preparation: ANTH 107 and permission of department, and prior permission of Department of Archaeology at the Cleveland Museum of Natural History.

ANTH 382. Anthropological and Ecological Perspectives on Preserving and Restoring the Natural World. 3 Units.
Now that the environmentally deleterious effects of modern Western culture on the natural world have reached major proportions it has become crucial to explore innovative solutions to this dilemma. In this course novel perspectives derived from the intersection of anthropology and ecology are discussed. The primary perspective focused upon is the understanding that human culture and the natural world in which it is embedded are essentially communicative, or semiotic processes, which thrive upon diverse interaction and feedback. Preserving and restoring the Natural World thus shifts from protecting individual species and particular cultural practices to enhancing the communicative matrix of life and multiple cultural views of the environment. Through this understanding, students will learn to apply a more elegant, effective, and aesthetically pleasing perspective to the challenging environmental issues facing our contemporary world. An in-depth examination of the North American Prairie, along with a comparison of influences on the landscape by indigenous and modern Western Culture will serve as the particular region of focus. Offered as ANTH 382 and ANTH 482. Counts as SAGES Departmental Seminar.

ANTH 385. Applied Anthropology. 3 Units.
This class will provide students with an overview of how anthropologists put theories, methods, and findings to use in addressing social issues and problems. Applied projects presented will span a diverse range of topics and fields, including: healthcare and medicine, nutrition, international development, displacement of populations, education, as well projects from business and industry. Class discussion will address orientations of and advantages in applied approaches, as well the ethical questions such projects often encounter. Offered as ANTH 385 and ANTH 485.
ANTH 387. Anthropology of Body Image. 3 Units.
The study of body image is an increasingly investigated area in anthropology. Theoretically and methodologically, it is particularly interesting due to the combination of cultural and biological perspectives in its investigation as well as due to the contemporary focus on globalization. This field of study also includes interdisciplinary perspectives from psychology, psychiatry, neuroscience, and other fields. This course first examines the definition and history of the study of body image in cultural anthropology. We examine an overview of how anthropology contributes to the wider field of body image through key texts in cultural, biocultural, and linguistic anthropology. We then turn to a variety of relevant topics in the anthropology of body image including body image development, alternate theoretical conceptions of body image, gender and globalization in body image, media and body image, body image and eating disorders, and obesity. Throughout the course, particular attention will be paid to methodology. Students will be responsible for one presentation throughout the course as well as multiple in-class and take home essay assignments. By the end of the course, students should have an excellent understanding of the available literature in the field, have a command of the extant literature, understand relevant methods for various types of research projects and questions, and be able to pose interesting and relevant research questions themselves for future study. Offered as ANTH 387 and ANTH 487. Prereq: ANTH 102, ANTH 103 and ANTH 215.

ANTH 388. Globalization, Development and Underdevelopment: Anthropological Persp. 3 Units.
This course examines both theoretical and practical perspectives on globalization and economic development in the "Third World." From "Dependency," "Modernization," and "World System" theory to post-structuralist critiques of development discourse, the course seeks to provide a framework for understanding current debates on development and globalization. The "neoliberal monologue" that dominates the contemporary development enterprise is critically examined in the context of growing global inequality. Special consideration is given to the roles of international agencies such as the World Bank, International Monetary Fund, United Nations, and non-governmental organizations (NGOs) in the "development industry." The course also focuses on the contribution of anthropologists to development theory and practice with emphasis on the impact of development on the health of the poor and survival of indigenous cultures. Opportunities for professional anthropologists in the development field are reviewed. Offered as ANTH 388 and ANTH 488. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement. Prereq: ANTH 102.

ANTH 391. Honors Tutorial. 3 Units.
Prereq: Acceptance into Honors Program.

ANTH 392. Honors Tutorial. 3 Units.
Prereq: Acceptance into Honors Program.

ANTH 394. Seminar in Evolutionary Biology. 3 Units.
This seminar investigates 20th-century evolutionary theory, especially the Modern Evolutionary synthesis and subsequent expansions of and challenges to that synthesis. The course encompasses the multidisciplinary nature of the science of evolution, demonstrating how disciplinary background influences practitioners' conceptualizations of pattern and process. This course emphasizes practical writing and research skills, including formulation of testable theses, grant proposal techniques, and the implementation of original research using the facilities on campus and at the Cleveland Museum of Natural History. Offered as ANTH 394, BIOL 394, EEPS 394, HSTY 394, PHIL 394, ANTH 494, BIOL 494, EEPS 494, HSTY 494, and PHIL 494.

ANTH 396. Undergraduate Research in Evolutionary Biology. 3 Units.
Students propose and conduct guided research on an aspect of evolutionary biology. The research will be sponsored and supervised by a member of the CASE faculty or other qualified professional. A written report must be submitted to the Evolutionary Biology Steering Committee before credit is granted. Offered as ANTH 396, BIOL 396, EEPS 396, and PHIL 396. Prereq: ANTH 225 or equivalent.

ANTH 398. Anthropology SAGES Capstone. 3 Units.
Supervised original research on a topic in anthropology, culminating in a written report and a public presentation. The research project may be in the form of an independent research project, a literature review, or some other original project with anthropological significance. The project must be approved and supervised by faculty. Group research projects are acceptable, but a plan which clearly identifies the distinct and substantial role of each participant must be approved by the supervising faculty. Counts as SAGES Senior Capstone. Prereq: Major in Anthropology.

ANTH 398C. Child Policy Externship and Capstone. 3 Units.
Externships offered through CHST/ANTH/PSCL 398C give students an opportunity to work directly with professionals who design and implement policies that impact the lives of children and their families. Agencies involved are active in areas such as public health, including behavioral health, education, juvenile justice, childcare and/or child welfare. Students apply for the externships, and selected students are placed in local public or nonprofit agencies with a policy focus. Each student develops an individualized learning plan in consultation with the Childhood Studies Program faculty and the supervisor in the agency. Offered as CHST 398C, ANTH 398C, and PSCL 398C. Counts as SAGES Senior Capstone. Prereq: CHST 301.

ANTH 399. Independent Study. 1 - 6 Unit.
Students may propose topics for independent reading and research.

ANTH 402. Darwinian Medicine. 3 Units.
Darwinian medicine deals with evolutionary aspects of modern human disease. It applies the concepts and methods of evolutionary biology to the question of why we are vulnerable to disease. Darwinian (or evolutionary) medicine proposes several general hypotheses about disease causation including disease as evolutionary legacy and design compromise, the result of a novel environment, a consequence of genetic adaptation, the result of infectious organisms’ evolutionary adaptations, and disease symptoms as manifestation of defense mechanisms. It proposes that evolutionary ideas can explain, help to prevent and perhaps help to treat some diseases. This course presents the basic logic of Darwinian medicine and evaluates hypotheses about specific diseases that illustrate each of the hypotheses about disease causation. Recommended preparation: ANTH 103. Offered as ANTH 302 and ANTH 402.

ANTH 404. Introduction to the Anthropology of Aging. 3 Units.
Reviews historical and methodological approaches to the study of aging. Examines theoretical assumptions about aging by comparing studies from Western and non-Western societies that illustrate the differential importance of culture in the experience of aging. Recommended preparation: ANTH 102. Offered as ANTH 304 and ANTH 404.

ANTH 406. The Anthropology of Childhood and the Family. 3 Units.
Child-rearing patterns and the family as an institution, using evidence from Western and non-Western cultures. Human universals and cultural variation, the experience of childhood and recent changes in the American family. Recommended preparation: ANTH 102. Offered as ANTH 306 and ANTH 406.
ANTH 410. Introduction to Linguistic Anthropology. 3 Units.
This is an introduction to the core concepts, theories and methodologies that form the study of language from an anthropological point of view. The course provides exposure to current issues in linguistic anthropological research and reviews some of the foundational topics of research past, highlighting the contributions of linguistics to anthropology and social science. Topics to be explored include: 1) an overview of the study of language (language structure and patterns, the effects of linguistic categories on thought and behavior, meaning and linguistic relativity, cross-language comparison, and non-verbal communication); 2) doing linguistic anthropology “on the ground” (an intro to the laboratory and field techniques of linguistic anthropology); 3) the study of language as function and social action (language and social structure speech acts and events, verbal art, language and emotion); and 4) the study of language/discourse and power (language in politics, medicine, and law). Offered as ANTH 310 and ANTH 410.

ANTH 411. Anthropology of Obesity. 3 Units.
Obesity is a pressing topic in global health. Increasingly, anthropology is turning to investigate multiple facets of the study of obesity. Theoretically and methodologically, the study of obesity is particularly interesting due to the combination of cultural and biological perspectives as well as due to the contemporary focus on globalization. This field of study also includes interdisciplinary perspectives from clinical health sciences, public health, sociology, psychology, psychiatry, neuroscience, and other fields. This course is designed as an intensive research course that combines reading key texts with learning data analysis and writeup skills using original mixed-methods data on global obesity stigma in three cultures. Students will be working in lab teams to hone data analysis and writing skills. The final product of the course is a contribution to an original paper to go out for review for publication. IRB certification is required for this class. Students may obtain IRB training during the first two weeks of class. Offered as ANTH 311 and ANTH 411.

ANTH 412. Ethnography of Southeast Asia. 3 Units.
This course examines the people and cultures of Southeast Asia from an anthropological perspective. From a starting place of the local people we will explore important aspects of life in this region such as agriculture, religion, health, medicine, nation-building, ethnic identity, art, and technology. Additionally, we will examine and question the ideas, traditions, and scholarly modes of study that brought this geographical area together as a region. Offered as ANTH 312 and ANTH 412. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

ANTH 413. The Anthropology of Adolescence. 3 Units.
This course investigates the anthropology of adolescence. What are the conditions under which adolescence has appeared around the world as a life stage? What are the roles of adolescence cross-culturally? What are the varieties of adolescent experience? Through classic and contemporary texts, the course will address these questions as well as special topics particularly important to adolescence such as globalization, mental health, and sexuality. Offered as ANTH 313 and ANTH 413.

ANTH 414. Cultures of the United States. 3 Units.
This course considers the rich ethnic diversity of the U.S. from the perspective of social/cultural anthropology. Conquest, immigration, problems of conflicts and accommodation, and the character of the diverse regional and ethnic cultures are considered as are forms of racism, discrimination, and their consequences. Groups of interest include various Latina/o and Native peoples, African-American groups, and specific ethnic groups of Pacific, Mediterranean, European, Asian, and Caribbean origin. Offered as ANTH 314, ETHS 314, and ANTH 414. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

ANTH 417. Asian Medical Systems. 3 Units.
Examines the philosophical assumptions and therapies of the traditional and contemporary medical systems of India, Tibet, China, and Japan. Particular attention will be given to the folk, popular, and institutional sectors of medical practice as well as to the contemporary relationship between traditional medicine and Western medicine in each of these societies. Recommended preparation: ANTH 102. Offered as ANTH 317 and ANTH 417.

ANTH 418. Death and Dying. 3 Units.
Examines cultural context of death and dying. Topics include social and psychological consequences of changing patterns of mortality, attitudes towards the taking of life, preparation for death, mortuary rituals, grief and mourning, and nature of relationship between living and dead. Recommended preparation: ANTH 102. Offered as ANTH 318 or ANTH 418.

ANTH 423. AIDS: Epidemiology, Biology, and Culture. 3 Units.
This course will examine the biological and cultural impact of AIDS in different societies around the world. Topics include: the origin and evolution of the virus, the evolutionary implications of the epidemic, routes of transmission, a historical comparison of AIDS to other epidemics in human history, current worldwide prevalences of AIDS, and cultural responses to the epidemic. Special emphasis will be placed on the long-term biological and social consequences of the epidemic. Recommended preparation: ANTH 102 or ANTH 103 or ANTH 105. Offered as ANTH 323 and ANTH 423.

ANTH 426. Power, Illness, and Inequality: The Political Economy of Health. 3 Units.
This course explores the relationship between social inequality and the distribution of health and illness across class, race, gender, sexual orientation, and national boundaries. Class readings drawn from critical anthropological approaches to the study of health emphasize the fundamental importance of power relations and economic constraints in explaining patterns of disease. The course critically examines the nature of Western biomedicine and inequality in the delivery of health services. Special consideration is given to political economic analysis of health issues in the developing world such as AIDS, hunger, reproductive health, and primary health care provision. Recommended preparation: ANTH 102 or ANTH 215. Offered as ANTH 326 and ANTH 426.

ANTH 427. Ancient Cultures of the Ohio Region. 3 Units.
This course surveys the archaeology of Native American cultures in the Great Lakes region from ca. 10,000 B.C. to A.D. 1700. The geographic scope of this course is the upper Midwest, southern Ontario, and the St. Lawrence Valley with a focus on the Ohio region. Recommended preparation: ANTH 107. Offered as ANTH 327 and ANTH 427.

ANTH 435. Illegal Drugs and Society. 3 Units.
This course provides perspectives on illegal drug use informed by the social, political and economic dimensions of the issues. Framed by the history, epidemiology, and medical consequences of drug use, students will confront the complex challenges posed by addiction. Anthropological research conducted in the U.S. and cross-culturally will demonstrate, elaborate and juxtapose various clinical, public health, and law enforcement policies and perspectives. Topics examined will include: why exclusively using a bio-medical model of addiction is inadequate; how effective is the war on drugs; what prevention, intervention and treatment efforts work; and various ideological/moral perspectives on illegal drug use. Offered as ANTH 335 and ANTH 435.
ANTH 438. Maternal Health: Anthropological Perspectives on Reproductive Practices and Health Policy. 3 Units.
The reproductive process is shared by humans as biological beings. However, the experience of pregnancy and childbirth is also dependent on the cultural, social, political, historical, and political-economic setting. This course frames issues in reproductive health by looking at the complex issues associated with maternal health and mortality worldwide. After reviewing biomedical perspectives on reproductive processes this course will focus on childbirth and pregnancy as the process and ritual by which societies welcome new members. This course will review ethnomedical concepts; discuss the interaction between local, national, and global agendas shaping reproductive practices; and conclude with anthropological critiques of reproductive health initiatives. Offered as ANTH 338 and ANTH 438.

ANTH 439. Ethnographic and Qualitative Research Methods. 3 Units.
This is a course on applying ethnographic research methods in the social sciences. Ethnographic research seeks to understand and describe the experiences of research participants (i.e. subjects) through becoming involved in their daily lives. Findings from ethnography are generated through systematic observation within the natural context in which behavior occurs (i.e. fieldwork). Unlike methods that emphasize detachment, distance, and objectivity, ethnography involves developing knowledge by becoming an ad hoc member of the group(s) one is studying. The principal techniques of ethnography, "participant-observation" and "In-depth open ended interviewing," require actively engaging the research process. This class will explore ethnographic research techniques, as well as other qualitative research methods. In addition to addressing how such methods make claims about social phenomena, this class will also explore more practical topics such as: developing questions, entering the field, establishing rapport, taking and managing field notes, coding data, and data analysis. Lectures, readings, and class discussion will be complimented by assignments using techniques. Offered as ANTH 339 and ANTH 439.

ANTH 441. Cultural Area Studies in Anthropology. 3 Units.
Recommended preparation: ANTH 102. Offered as ANTH 341 and ANTH 441.

ANTH 442. The Challenge of Suffering: Meaning, Responses, and Potential for Growth. 3 Units.
The interdisciplinary course will address the multiple facets of suffering, including the meaning of suffering, potential for growth and transformation, policies and practices that influence suffering, and those factors that affect quality of life and quality of death. Concepts and theories will be drawn from the social sciences and humanities, as well as from the health disciplines. The influence of socio-political, cultural, and economic forces of suffering will be addressed. Graduate standing or permission of instructor is required. Offered as: ANTH 442 and MEDS 9440 and NURS 440.

ANTH 447. Cultural Ecology: An Epistemological Approach to Environmental Sustainability. 3 Units.
This course provides the understanding that the realm of human culture is where both the cause and cure of nearly all contemporary environmental sustainability challenges are found. This is because culture is the medium through which humans as living systems perceive, interpret, and act upon their environment. Through understanding principles that guide living systems and applying them to human/nature interaction in diverse cultures throughout the world, students develop an ecological epistemology, or way of knowing nature. This leads to more effective advocacy for environmental sustainability and an increasing depth in interaction with nature, particularly in the domains of aesthetics and the sacred. Offered as ANTH 347 and ANTH 447. Counts as SAGES Departmental Seminar.

ANTH 449. Cultures of Latin America. 3 Units.
The aim of this course is to consider cultural diversity and social inequality in contemporary Latin America from an anthropological perspective. A variety of aspects related to ethnicity, religion, music, gender, social movements, cuisine, urban spaces, violence, and ecology are considered in addition to current economic and political issues. These topics will be analyzed in relation to Latin America's complex historical and social formation and its identity representations. The course takes under consideration various case studies in which not just local communities but also perceptions of national institutions and practices will be analyzed from pluralistic approaches (provided by either Latin American and non-Latin American researchers) that combine fieldwork, interviews and life experiences with textual and media sources. Special attention will be paid to contemporary global issues affecting Latin America. Offered as ANTH 349 and ANTH 449. Counts as SAGES Departmental Seminar. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

ANTH 450. Culture, Science and Identity. 3 Units.
This course in the Cultural Studies of Science focuses on the ways in which social identities are constructed and imagined in contemporary and historical sciences and medicines. In particular, the course will consider gender, ethnic, "racial," class and age identities as these are (re)constructed over time in medical and natural scientific discourses across professional cultures. Attention is paid to the means by which notions of normality and abnormality and category specificity are created and altered and to the dynamics of discursive formations. The course also considers the social and medical consequences of specific constructions of biology in general and with respect to specific identities and social classifications. Offered as ANTH 350 and ANTH 450.

ANTH 451. Topics in International Health. 3 Units.
Special topics of interest in International Health. Recommended preparation: ANTH 102 or ANTH 215. Offered as ANTH 351 and ANTH 451.

ANTH 452. Japanese Culture and Society. 3 Units.
Focuses on contemporary Japanese cultural and social institutions. Topics include child-rearing, personality, values, education, gender roles, the dual economy, and popular culture. Recommended preparation: ANTH 102. Offered as ANTH 352 and ANTH 452. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

ANTH 453. Chinese Culture and Society. 3 Units.
Focuses on Chinese cultural and social institutions during the Maoist and post-Maoist eras. Topics include ideology, economics, politics, religion, family life, and popular culture. Recommended preparation: ANTH 102. Offered as ANTH 353 and ANTH 453. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.
ANTH 454. Health and Healing in East Asia. 3 Units.
This course examines the illness experiences and the healing practices in East Asia. After introducing the anthropological approaches to the study of medicine, this course will explore the practices of ethnomedicine and biomedicine, mental health, family planning and reproductive health, the experience of aging and care giving, infectious disease, environmental health, and biotechnology. By delving into the illness experiences and the healing practices in East Asia, the course will discuss issues related to medical pluralism, health inequality, biological citizenship, social stigmatization, and bioethics. Offered as ANTH 354 and ANTH 454. Prereq: Graduate Standing.

ANTH 457. Native American Cultures. 3 Units.
Intensive examination of the cultures of selected Native American peoples, including historical, political, religious, social organizational, linguistic, and medical/psychiatric aspects of American Indian life. Not available for credit to students who have completed USSO 219. Recommended preparation: ANTH 102. Offered as ANTH 357 and ANTH 457. Counts as SAGES Departmental Seminar. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

ANTH 459. Introduction to International Health. 3 Units.
Critical health problems and needs in developing countries. Prevalence of infectious disease, malnutrition, chronic disease, injury control. Examines strategies for improvement of health in less developed countries. Recommended preparation: ANTH 102. Offered as ANTH 359 and ANTH 459.

ANTH 460. Global Politics of Fertility, Family Planning, and Population Control. 3 Units.
This course offers an anthropological examination of fertility behaviors around the world. In particular, it explores various historical, cultural, socioeconomic, political, and technological factors contributing to reproductive activities. After introducing the anthropological approaches to the study of fertility, the course will delve into the ways to regulate fertility in historical and contemporary times, various factors contributing to fertility change, state intervention in reproduction through voluntary and coercive family planning programs, and new reproductive technologies and ethical concerns surrounding assisted reproduction and abortion. Offered as ANTH 360 and ANTH 460. Prereq: Graduate Standing.

ANTH 461. Urban Health. 3 Units.
This course provides an anthropological perspective on the most important health problems facing urban population around the world. Special attention will be given to an examination of disparities in health among urban residents based on poverty, race/ethnicity, gender, and nationality. Offered as ANTH 361 and ANTH 461.

ANTH 462. Contemporary Theory in Anthropology. 3 Units.
A critical examination of anthropological thought in England, France and the United States during the second half of the twentieth century. Emphasis will be on the way authors formulate questions that motivate anthropological discourse, on the way central concepts are formulated and applied and on the controversies and debates that result. Readings are drawn from influential texts by prominent contemporary anthropologists. Recommended preparation: ANTH 102. Offered as ANTH 362 and ANTH 462.

ANTH 465. Gender and Sex Differences: Cross-cultural Perspective. 3 Units.
Gender roles and sex differences throughout the life cycle considered from a cross-cultural perspective. Major approaches to explaining sex roles discussed in light of information from both Western and non-Western cultures. Offered as ANTH 365, ANTH 465 and WGST 365.

ANTH 466. Population Change: Problems and Solutions. 3 Units.
The course examines population processes and their social consequences from an anthropological perspective. It introduces basic concepts and theories of population studies and demonstrates the ways in which anthropological research contributes to our understanding of population issues. We will explore questions such as: How has world population changed in history? How does a population age or grow younger? What are the factors affecting population health? Why do people migrate? And what are the policy implications of population change? We will examine the sociocultural, economic, political, and ecological factors contributing to population processes, such as factors affecting childbearing decisions, cultural context of sex-selective abortion, various caregiving arrangements for the elderly, and policy responses to population change. We will explore these issues with cases from across the world, with a special focus on China, the world's most populous country with the most massive family-planning program in modern human history. Offered as: ANTH 366 and ANTH 466. Prereq: Graduate standing.

ANTH 467. Topics in Evolutionary Biology. 3 Units.
The focus for this course on a special topic of interest in evolutionary biology will vary from one offering to the next. Examples of possible topics include theories of speciation, the evolution of language, the evolution of sex, evolution and biodiversity, molecular evolution. ANAT/ANTH/EEPS/PHIL/PHOL 467/BIOL 468 will require a longer, more sophisticated term paper, and additional class presentation. Offered as ANTH 367, BIOL 368, EEPS 367, PHIL 367, ANAT 467, ANTH 467, BIOL 468, EEPS 467, PHIL 467 and PHOL 467.

ANTH 470. Tutorial in Physical Anthropology. 3 Units.
Guided readings in physical anthropology. Recommended preparation: Graduate standing and consent of department.

ANTH 471. Culture, Behavior, and Person: Psychological Anthropology. 3 Units.
Cross-cultural perspectives on personality, human development, individual variability, cognition, deviant behavior, and the role of the individual in his/her society. Classic and contemporary anthropological writings on Western and non-Western societies. Recommended preparation: ANTH 102. Offered as ANTH 371 and ANTH 471.

ANTH 472. Anthropological Approaches to Religion. 3 Units.
The development of, and current approaches to, comparative religion from an anthropological perspective. Topics include witchcraft, ritual, myth, healing, religious language and symbolism, religion and gender, religious experience, the nature of the sacred, religion and social change, altered states of consciousness, and evil. Using material from a wide range of world cultures, critical assessment is made of conventional distinctions such as those between rational/irrational, natural/supernatural, magic/religion, and primitive/civilized. Recommended preparation: ANTH 102. Offered as ANTH 372, RLGN 372 and ANTH 472.

ANTH 475. Human Evolution: The Fossil Evidence. 3 Units.
This course will survey the biological and behavioral changes that occurred in the hominin lineage during the past five million years. In addition to a thorough review of the fossil evidence for human evolution, students will develop the theoretical framework in evolutionary biology. Recommended preparation: ANTH 377, BIOL 225. Offered as ANAT 375, ANTH 375, ANAT 475 and ANTH 475. Prereq: ANTH 103.
ANTH 476. Topics in the Anthropology of Health and Medicine. 3 Units.
Special topics of interest, such as the biology of human adaptability; the ecology of the human life cycle health delivery systems; transcultural psychiatry; nutrition, health, and disease; paleoepidemiology; and population anthropology. Recommended preparation: ANTH 102 or ANTH 103. Offered as ANTH 376 and ANTH 476.

ANTH 477. Human Osteology. 4 Units.
This course for upper division undergraduates and graduate students will review the following topics: human skeletal development and identification; and forensic identification (skeletal aging, sex identification and population affiliation). Offered as ANTH 377, ANTH 377, ANTH 477 and ANTH 477.

ANTH 478. Reproductive Health: An Evolutionary Perspective. 3 Units.
This course provides students with an evolutionary perspective on the factors influencing human reproductive health, including reproductive biology, ecology, and various aspects of natural human fertility. Our focus will be on variation in human reproduction in mostly non-western populations. Recommended preparation for ANTH 378; ANTH 103. Offered as ANTH 378 and ANTH 478. Counts as SAGES Departmental Seminar.

ANTH 479. Topics in Cultural and Social Anthropology. 3 Units.
Special topics of interest across the range of social and cultural anthropology. Recommended preparation: ANTH 379 and ANTH 479.

ANTH 480. Medical Anthropology and Global Health I. 3 Units.
The first in a sequence of two graduate core courses in medical anthropology and global health. This course focuses on foundational concepts and theories in medical anthropology, as well as topical areas which have been central to the development of the field. Prereq: Graduate Standing in Anthropology.

ANTH 481. Medical Anthropology and Global Health II. 3 Units.
The second in a sequence of two graduate core courses in medical anthropology and global health. This course focuses on the application of medical anthropology theory and methods to the study of global health. Recommended preparation: ANTH 480. Prereq: Graduate Standing in Anthropology.

ANTH 482. Anthropological and Ecological Perspectives on Preserving and Restoring the Natural World. 3 Units.
Now that the environmentally deleterious effects of modern Western culture on the natural world have reached major proportions it has become crucial to explore innovative solutions to this dilemma. In this course novel perspectives derived from the intersection of anthropology and ecology are discussed. The primary perspective focused upon is the understanding that human culture and the natural world in which it is embedded are essentially communicative, or semiotic processes, which thrive upon diverse interaction and feedback. Preserving and restoring the Natural World thus shifts from protecting individual species and particular cultural practices to enhancing the communicative matrix of life and multiple cultural views of the environment. Through this understanding, students will learn to apply a more elegant, effective, and aesthetically pleasing perspective to the challenging environmental issues facing our contemporary world. An in-depth examination of the North American Prairie, along with a comparison of influences on the landscape by indigenous and modern Western Culture will serve as the particular region of focus. Offered as ANTH 382 and ANTH 482. Counts as SAGES Departmental Seminar.

ANTH 485. Applied Anthropology. 3 Units.
This class will provide students with an overview of how anthropologists put theories, methods, and findings to use in addressing social issues and problems. Applied projects presented will span a diverse range of topics and fields, including: healthcare and medicine, nutrition, international development, displacement of populations, education, as well projects from business and industry. Class discussion will address orientations of and advantages in applied approaches, as well as the ethical questions such projects often encounter. Offered as ANTH 385 and ANTH 485.

ANTH 487. Anthropology of Body Image. 3 Units.
The study of body image is an increasingly investigated area in anthropology. Theoretically and methodologically, it is particularly interesting due to the combination of cultural and biological perspectives in its investigation as well as due to the contemporary focus on globalization. This field of study also includes interdisciplinary perspectives from psychology, psychiatry, neuroscience, and other fields. This course first examines the definition and history of the study of body image in cultural anthropology. We examine an overview of how anthropology contributes to the wider field of body image through key texts in cultural, biocultural, and linguistic anthropology. We then turn to a variety of relevant topics in the anthropology of body image including body image development, alternate theoretical conceptions of body image, gender and globalization in body image, media and body image, body image and eating disorders, and obesity. Throughout the course, particular attention will be paid to methodology. Students will be responsible for one presentation throughout the course as well as multiple in-class and take home essay assignments. By the end of the course, students should have an excellent understanding of the available literature in the field, have a command of the extant literature, understand relevant methods for various types of research projects and questions, and be able to pose interesting and relevant research questions themselves for future study. Offered as ANTH 387 and ANTH 487.

ANTH 488. Globalization, Development and Underdevelopment: Anthropological Persp. 3 Units.
This course examines both theoretical and practical perspectives on globalization and economic development in the "Third World." From "Dependency," "Modernization," and "World System" theory to post-structuralist critiques of development discourse, the class seeks to provide a framework for understanding current debates on development and globalization. The "neoliberal monologue" that dominates the contemporary development enterprise is critically examined in the context of growing global inequality. Special consideration is given to the roles of international agencies such as the World Bank, International Monetary Fund, United Nations, and non-governmental organizations (NGOs) in the "development industry." The course also focuses on the contribution of anthropologists to development theory and practice with emphasis on the impact of development on the health of the poor and survival of indigenous cultures. Opportunities for professional anthropologists in the development field are reviewed. Offered as ANTH 388 and ANTH 488. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.
ANTH 494. Seminar in Evolutionary Biology. 3 Units.
This seminar investigates 20th-century evolutionary theory, especially the Modern Evolutionary synthesis and subsequent expansions of and challenges to that synthesis. The course encompasses the multidisciplinary nature of the science of evolution, demonstrating how disciplinary background influences practitioners' conceptualizations of pattern and process. This course emphasizes practical writing and research skills, including formulation of testable theses, grant proposal techniques, and the implementation of original research using the facilities on campus and at the Cleveland Museum of Natural History. Offered as ANTH 394, BIOL 394, EEPS 394, HSTY 394, PHIL 394, ANTH 494, BIOL 494, EEPS 494, HSTY 494, and PHIL 494.

ANTH 495. Research Practicum in Medical Anthropology and Global Health. 3 Units.
This course prepares selected Anthropology graduate students for research in medical anthropology and global health in both local and global settings, with the goal of enhancing the research skills of students early in their graduate careers. Prereq: Graduate standing in Anthropology.

ANTH 500. Research Practicum in Med Anthropology and Cross-cultural Gerontology. 3 Units.
Provides M.A. students with firsthand experience in applying anthropology to health and aging problems. Prereq: Graduate standing.

ANTH 503. Seminar in Social Cultural Anthropology. 3 Units.

ANTH 504. Anthropological Research Design. 3 Units.
Practical and theoretical issues in the selection of questions for health and aging research in societal settings. Illustration of frameworks and designs for research. Discussion of the problems of collection, analysis, and interpretation of data along with the nonscientific influences on the research process and the use of results. Prereq: Graduate standing in anthropology.

ANTH 506. Seminar in Comparative Health Systems. 3 Units.
Prereq: ANTH 480.

ANTH 507. Seminar in Controversial Issues in Anthropology. 3 Units.
The goals of this course are to provide students with opportunities to: (1) Familiarize themselves with the (alleged) facts of various controversial issues that have characterized the field of anthropology over the past 50 years; (2) enhance their skills in analyzing and assessing the nature and quality of the arguments and empirical data employed by parties to the controversies; (3) develop an appreciation of the role of historical and political contexts in shaping the emergence and evolution of the controversies; and (4) consider the ethics involved in the practice and public representation of anthropology. Prereq: ANTH 480 and ANTH 481.

ANTH 508. Seminar in Policy and Program Planning and Evaluation. 3 Units.
Prereq: ANTH 504.

ANTH 510. Seminar in International Health. 3 Units.
This seminar will survey the major areas of research in the field of international health, including anthropology and public health research in international health. Emphasis will be on critical evaluation of current international health theory and methods and review of relevant literature, in regard to the health of the world's population. Prereq: ANTH 480 and ANTH 481.

ANTH 511. Seminar in Anthropology and Global Health: Topics. 3 Units.
This course examines the current issues in global health and the emerging anthropological paradigm directed at global health issues. The objective of the course is to provide graduate students in medical anthropology an in-depth examination of global health from several perspectives. The course will feature perspectives from anthropologists as well as others working in the fields of global health. Prereq: Graduate standing in Anthropology.

ANTH 513. Seminar in Ethnopsychiatry. 3 Units.
Theory and practice of psychotherapeutic forms. Diagnostic and therapeutic forms from Europe, the United States, Japan, India, and other major cultural traditions and those of local areas such as West Africa, Native America, and Latin America. The cultural theories of mental disorders, related conceptions of self and person, and the relationships of local psychological theory to clinical praxis and outcome.

ANTH 519. Seminar in Human Ecology and Adaptability. 3 Units.

ANTH 530. Seminar in Medical Anthropology: Topics. 3 Units.
Various topics will be offered for graduate students in medical anthropology, such as "Anthropological Perspectives on Women's Health and Reproduction" and "Biocultural Anthropology." Prereq: ANTH 480.

ANTH 591. Seminar in Physical Anthropology. 3 Units.

(Credit as arranged.) Prereq: Predoctoral research consent or advanced to Ph.D. candidacy milestone.

Department of Art History and Art

The Department of Art History and Art (http://www.case.edu/artsci/arth/arth.html) offers opportunities to study art history, to engage in pre-professional museum training, to participate in a broad range of studio offerings, and to pursue state teacher licensure in art education. The Bachelor of Arts degree is granted in art history and in pre-architecture (second major only), and the Bachelor of Science degree in art education. The department offers graduate programs leading to the degrees of Doctor of Philosophy in art history, Master of Arts in art history, Master of Arts in art history and museum studies, and Master of Arts in art education. In conjunction with the School of Law the department also offers a combined JD/Master of Arts in art history and museum studies. Qualified undergraduates majoring in art history or art education may participate in the Integrated Graduate Studies Program. All art programs are considerably enhanced by close cooperation with cultural institutions located in University Circle, in particular the Cleveland Museum of Art, the Cleveland Institute of Art, and the Museum of Contemporary Art (MOCA). The newly founded Nancy and Joseph Keithley Institute for Art History, created jointly with the Cleveland Museum of Art, will promote art historical studies through graduate fellowship support, collections-based graduate seminars, travel and research funding, undergraduate internship funding, and joint programming with the Cleveland Museum of Art.
Art History Program

Students majoring in art history have a wide variety of career opportunities. Graduates with a strong background in art history are employed as college and university professors; as museum professionals (in curatorial, educational, and administrative positions); as art librarians and archivists; as development officers; as journalists; as art gallery or auction house staff members; as art conservators and restorers; as art specialists in the diplomatic service and at all levels of government; and in other careers in industry, film, and television. Some of these specialties require additional study and professional preparation beyond the bachelor’s degree. Other art history majors who have fulfilled the required prerequisites go on to attend law, medical, or business school.

The graduate programs in art history are offered as part of the joint program in art history of Case Western Reserve University and the Cleveland Museum of Art. Most classes, undergraduate and graduate level, are held in the museum, and some courses are offered or co-taught by museum curators who hold adjunct appointments in the department. Students taking advanced-level courses use the museum's extensive research library, and all students have an opportunity to study original works of art in the museum’s superb collections.

Art Education Program

The Art Education Program’s mission is “to prepare proactive, scholar-practitioner art educators who will develop into leaders, teachers, and talented artists in the field of art education.”

The undergraduate and graduate degree programs in art education are offered in conjunction with the Cleveland Institute of Art. Art education majors have the advantage of pursuing their academic studies in a university environment and their studio studies at a professional art school that educates artists and designers. Students participate in educational field experiences conducted in many of Greater Cleveland’s urban and suburban school systems, museums, and cultural institutions.

Graduates of the Art Education Program have pursued careers as teachers, supervisors, and consultants in public and private schools, colleges, art schools, and museums; as administrators of galleries and art organizations; as designers of educational programs for industry; and as practicing artists. The program is especially proud of its record in recruiting and graduating students from diverse backgrounds.

The program offers pre-architecture as a second major and as a minor for students who expect to continue architectural studies at the graduate level or who simply wish to pursue an area of interest. For students seeking to develop and nurture their artistic and creative talents, the program offers a variety of introductory and intermediate art studio courses, taught by experienced artists/teachers.

Art Studio Program

The Art Studio Program offers a variety of art courses that can be taken for personal enjoyment to gain experience in a variety of media. Courses in drawing, painting, design, ceramics, enameling and jewelry, textiles, photography, digital media, and architecture are taught at various skill levels by experienced, professional artists. These courses can be taken as university electives to fulfill minors in art studio, photography, or architecture, or to complete a second major in pre-architecture. At the end of each semester there is a comprehensive exhibition of student work in the Art Gallery.

BA Art History (p. 170) | BS Art Education (p. 170) | BA Pre-Architecture (p. 172) | Minors (p. 172)

Undergraduate Programs

The art history curriculum is designed to give students a broad grounding in a variety of artistic media with a strong emphasis on understanding the cultural context in which they were produced. Students develop technical and critical vocabularies as well as sound writing skills to analyze works of art. Study of and research on works of art in the Cleveland Museum of Art is an essential component of the undergraduate curriculum. Internships for credit or with volunteer status are available at the Cleveland Museum of Art, the Museum of Contemporary Art, and other arts institutions in University Circle.

Integrated Graduate Studies Program. Qualified undergraduates majoring in art history or art education may also participate in the Integrated Graduate Studies Program (p. 563). Interested students should note the general requirements and the admission procedures in this bulletin and may consult the department for further information.

 Majors

Bachelor of Arts in Art History

This major requires 36 hours of course work in art history, including:

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<tr>
<th>Course</th>
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<th>Credit</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ARTH 101</td>
<td>Art History I: Pyramids to Pagodas</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>ARTH 102</td>
<td>Art History II: Michelangelo to Maya Lin</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>Art History 200-level courses</td>
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<td>3-6</td>
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<tr>
<td>ARTH 396</td>
<td>Majors Seminar</td>
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<tr>
<td>Art History electives at the 300 level</td>
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<tr>
<td>Art Studio courses</td>
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Foreign language study (French, German, or Italian) is highly recommended.

Departmental Honors. Majors who wish to earn the Bachelor of Arts degree with honors in art history must make written application to the department chair no later than the fall semester of their senior year. Departmental honors are awarded upon fulfillment of the following requirements: a grade point average of at least 3.5 in the major and an A in ARTH 399 Honors Thesis.

Bachelor of Science in Art Education

The Bachelor of Science in art education requires a total of 124 credits and is designed to educate professional teachers of art for the public and private schools who are also competent, creative artists. The program meets the requirements of the Ohio Board of Education to qualify its university-recommended students for Pre-K-12 Visual Art Specialist Licensure to teach art in the public schools of Ohio and more than 40 reciprocating states.

This program is conducted jointly by Case Western Reserve University and the Cleveland Institute of Art. Admission requires application to Case Western Reserve and submission of an art portfolio to the Cleveland Institute of Art. Credentials must be acceptable to both institutions. Academic work is taken at Case Western Reserve, and the majority of art studio courses at the Cleveland Institute of Art, as follows:
Decision Point 1: Application for Admission to the Program

Official admission to the Art Education Program generally occurs at the end of the fall semester of the sophomore year after a student completes ARTS 295 Introduction to Art Education. Admission to the program requires:

1. being accepted to the university
2. being accepted as an art major through a portfolio review before matriculation
3. successful completion of ARTS 295 Introduction to Art Education, including evaluation of an initial Teaching ePortfolio
4. cumulative Case GPA of 2.5 or better
5. submission of a signed Statement of Assurance of Good Moral Character
6. a satisfactory interview with art education faculty, documented on the Teacher Licensure Admission Assessment Form

Decision Point 2: Application for Advanced Standing

The Application for Advanced Standing should be submitted by the junior year and the fall semester after Decision Point 1. The application requires:

1. a successful review of the updated Teaching ePortfolio
2. submission of a current DPR form documenting the following: a cumulative GPA of 2.5 or better, an art course GPA of 2.5 or better, and an education GPA of 3.0 or better
3. a passing score on the Candidate Disposition Assessment Inventory, completed by the art education faculty

Decision Point 3: Application for Student Teaching

The Application for Student Teaching should be completed by week 8 of the semester prior to student teaching. The application requires:

1. a successful review of the updated Teaching ePortfolio
2. submission of a current DPR form documenting the following: a cumulative GPA of 2.5 or better, an art course GPA of 2.5 or better, and an education GPA of 3.0 or better
3. a passing score on the Candidate Disposition Assessment Inventory, completed by the art education faculty
4. passing a TB test
5. presenting documentation of Hepatitis B vaccination
6. passing official Federal and State criminal background checks

Decision Point 4: Application for Initial Licensure

Application for Initial Licensure occurs after successful completion of all degree requirements. The application requires:

1. a successful review of the completed Teaching ePortfolio
2. submission of a current DPR form documenting the following: a cumulative GPA of 2.5 or better, an art course GPA of 2.5 or better, and an education GPA of 3.0 or better
3. a passing score on the Candidate Disposition Assessment Inventory, completed by the art education faculty
4. achievement of state-mandated scores on the two Praxis II national teacher exams
5. completion of the Case Student Teaching Final Assessment by the cooperating teacher and university supervisor with a grade of B or better
6. completion of the Case Teacher Licensure Exit Interview and Survey
After successfully completing all requirements at the four decision points, the student is recommended by the university’s director of teacher education for the Ohio Visual Art (Pre-K-12) License. Completion of the Bachelor of Science in art education does not ensure that the State of Ohio’s Visual Art Teacher License will be awarded. Teacher licensure is also obtainable through the Art Education Graduate Program of Study.

Additional information on this program is available in the office of the director of art education.

Bachelor of Arts in Pre-Architecture

The Pre-Architecture Program introduces the student to the forms, history, and functions of architecture as well as to the studio skills relevant to its practice. The program is designed to provide a background for undergraduate students who plan to continue architectural studies at the graduate level, as well as for those interested in the study of architecture as part of a liberal or technical education.

Pre-architecture may be chosen only as a second major. The double major is required so that the perspectives provided by this interdisciplinary program may be complemented by a concentrated disciplinary experience. For a student who completes a Bachelor of Science degree (BS, BSE, or BSN), pre-architecture may serve as the sole major for a BA degree.

To declare a pre-architecture major, students should have declared a first major and have sophomore or junior standing. Up to 6 credits in general education requirements and elective courses taken by students for their first major may be applied to their pre-architecture major.

The major consists of a minimum of 30 credit hours, 15 of which are in required courses and the remainder of which are approved elective courses taken by students for their first major may be applied to their pre-architecture major.

The required courses are:

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<tr>
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<tr>
<td>ARTS 106</td>
<td>Creative Drawing I</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>ARTS 302</td>
<td>Architecture and City Design I</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>ARTS 303</td>
<td>Architecture and City Design II</td>
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<td>Art history courses</td>
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<td>Two of the following:</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>ARTS 101</td>
<td>Design and Color I</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ARTS 201</td>
<td>Design and Color II</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ARTS 206</td>
<td>Creative Drawing II</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ARTS 220</td>
<td>Photography Studio I</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>THTR 223</td>
<td>Introduction to Scenic Design</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>THTR 224</td>
<td>Introduction to Lighting Design</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>One of the following:</td>
<td></td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MATH 125</td>
<td>Math and Calculus Applications for Life, Managerial, and Social Sci I</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MATH 126</td>
<td>Math and Calculus Applications for Life, Managerial, and Social Sci II</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PHYS 115</td>
<td>Introductory Physics I</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PHYS 116</td>
<td>Introductory Physics II</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PHYS 121</td>
<td>General Physics I - Mechanics</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

PHYS 122  General Physics II - Electricity and Magnetism  30

- For students whose interests lie in aesthetics and the history of architecture, the required 3 hours may be in sociology, American studies, anthropology, history (specifically courses on the history of science and technology), civil engineering, or earth, environmental, and planetary sciences.

Minors

Four minors, each requiring 18 credit hours, are available: one in art history, and three through the Art Studio Program.

Art History

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ARTH 101</td>
<td>Art History I: Pyramids to Pagodas</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ARTH 102</td>
<td>Art History II: Michelangelo to Maya Lin</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Art History electives (at least 3 hours must be taken at the 200 level)</td>
<td>12</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Total Units  18

Art Studio

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ARTS 101</td>
<td>Design and Color I</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ARTS 106</td>
<td>Creative Drawing I</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Four additional studio courses, two of which must be in the same area (i.e., drawing, painting, design, textiles, photography, ceramics and enameling)</td>
<td>12</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Total Units  18

Photography

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ARTS 220</td>
<td>Photography Studio I</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ARTS 320</td>
<td>Photography Studio II</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ARTS 322</td>
<td>Digital Photography I</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ARTS 325</td>
<td>Creative Photography</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>or ARTS 365D</td>
<td>B&amp;W Photography Studio</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ARTS 365E</td>
<td>Color Studio</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>One of the following:</td>
<td></td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ARTS 399</td>
<td>Independent Study in Art Studio</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ARTH 102</td>
<td>Art History II: Michelangelo to Maya Lin</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ARTS 350</td>
<td>Multimedia I</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Total Units  18

Pre-Architecture

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ARTH 101</td>
<td>Art History I: Pyramids to Pagodas</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ARTH 102</td>
<td>Art History II: Michelangelo to Maya Lin</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ARTS 106</td>
<td>Creative Drawing I</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ARTS 302</td>
<td>Architecture and City Design I</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ARTS 303</td>
<td>Architecture and City Design II</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>One approved elective (the following are recommended):</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ARTS 304</td>
<td>Architecture and City Design III</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ARTS 350</td>
<td>Multimedia I</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Total Units  18
Graduate Programs

Doctor of Philosophy in Art History

The doctoral program in art history, offered in collaboration with the Cleveland Museum of Art, provides an object-focused grounding for museum or academic careers. A BA or MA in art history and reading knowledge of one approved foreign language (such as French, German, Italian, Japanese, or Chinese) are required prerequisites. Admission preference is given to applicants whose scholarly interests coincide with the interests of a department faculty member, those who wish to focus on distinctive holdings in the collection of the Cleveland Museum of Art, and/or those planning to pursue topics in museum or collecting history or the history of the art market. Admission to the program is made on the basis of academic record and scholarly promise, recommendations, experience, and personal interviews. Applicants must also submit GRE scores and two art history research papers. Students whose MA was awarded more than five years prior to application for admission may be required to pass a qualifying examination and/or foreign language examination administered by the department before being admitted to full standing in the PhD program.

Required courses:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ARTH 495</td>
<td>Methodologies of Art History</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ARTH 496</td>
<td>Materials, Methods, and Physical Examination of Works of Art</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Four graduate seminars at the 500 level. At least one seminar must be collection-based.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Six courses at the 400 level or above</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ARTH 610A</td>
<td>Advanced Visual Arts and Museums: Internship I</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ARTH 610B</td>
<td>Advanced Visual Arts and Museums Internship II</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ARTH 701</td>
<td>Dissertation Ph.D.</td>
<td>18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Total Units</td>
<td>60</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Doctoral students must demonstrate an ability to read two approved languages other than English useful in art historical research. The general examination cannot be taken until the language requirement is fulfilled either through course work or successfully passing a reading examination in a language.

Doctoral students are required to pass a written and oral general examination before being advanced to candidacy. Within two weeks after the written examination, the faculty examining committee will administer the oral examination. A final evaluation will be based on the student’s performance in both the written and oral sections of the general examination.

Master of Arts in Art History

The MA program in art history is designed to provide the student with a broad knowledge of the major art historical periods, the scholarly and bibliographical resources, and the methodologies of art history. It also offers an opportunity to investigate art historical problems in some depth. In addition to the regular graduate school application form, applicants to the graduate program in art history are required to submit GRE scores and copies of two research papers that they consider to represent their best work. Applicants for the MA should have a BA major or minor concentration in art history or a related humanities field and a minimum GPA of 3.5. All applicants whose native language is not English, or who have not received a degree from an English-speaking university, must take the Test of English as a Foreign Language (TOEFL); the required minimum score is 100 if Internet-based.

The master’s degree in art history is conducted exclusively under Plan B as described under the School of Graduate Studies (p. 668) in this bulletin. All other requirements of the MA program must be fulfilled:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ARTH 495</td>
<td>Methodologies of Art History</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Eight graduate courses at the 400 level or above, three of which must be seminars on the 500 level. These eight courses must include one course from four of the following five areas: world art, ancient, medieval, Renaissance/Baroque and modern/ American.</td>
<td>24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ARTH 489</td>
<td>M.A. Qualifying Paper</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>A reading knowledge of one foreign language (normally French, German, or Italian)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Successful performance on the MA comprehensive examination</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Total Units

Master of Arts in Art History and Museum Studies

The MA program in art histroy and museum studies includes the same broad requirements and objectives of the MA program in art history, along with a year-long museum studies course and two supervised museum internships. In addition to the regular graduate school application form, applicants to the graduate program in art history are required to submit GRE scores and copies of two research papers that they consider to represent their best work. Applicants for the MA should have a BA major or minor concentration in art history or a related humanities field and a minimum GPA of 3.5. All applicants whose native language is not English, or who have not received a degree from an English-speaking university, must take the Test of English as a Foreign Language (TOEFL); the required minimum score is 100 if Internet-based.

The requirements include:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ARTH 495</td>
<td>Methodologies of Art History</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ARTH 490A</td>
<td>Visual Arts and Museums I</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ARTH 490B</td>
<td>Visual Arts and Museums: II</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ARTH 491A</td>
<td>Visual Arts and Museums: Internship</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ARTH 491B</td>
<td>Visual Arts and Museums: Internship</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Six graduate courses at the 400 level or above, three of which must be seminars on the 500 level. These six courses must include one course each from four of the following five areas: world art, ancient, medieval, Renaissance/Baroque and modern/ American.</td>
<td>18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>A reading knowledge of one foreign language (normally French, German, or Italian)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Successful performance on the MA comprehensive examination</td>
<td>31</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Total Units

JD/MA in Art History and Museum Studies

The School of Law at Case Western Reserve University prepares JD students to practice law in, among other areas, the fields of intellectual property and law and the arts. The MA in Art History and Museum Studies program, coordinated by the Department of Art History and Art and the Cleveland Museum of Art, is designed to provide students with a broad knowledge of the major art historical periods, of the historiography and critical methodologies of art history, and of museological practice and history, connoisseurship, conservation, and interpretation, through course work and museum internships. The dual degree program prepares
students to participate in the fields of intellectual property and law and the visual arts and provides students with an opportunity to develop expertise in areas of substantive interest.

The School of Law requires 88 credit hours of coursework, including 36 hours of required courses and an upper-class writing requirement, for the JD degree. Most of the requirements are completed during the first year of the law program, which includes:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
<th>Hours</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>LAWS 1100</td>
<td>Introduction to Lawyering</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LAWS 1202</td>
<td>Constitutional Law I</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LAWS 1201</td>
<td>Civil Procedure</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LAWS 1101</td>
<td>Contracts</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LAWS 1102</td>
<td>Criminal Law</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LAWS 1103</td>
<td>Torts</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LAWS 1203</td>
<td>Property</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LAWS 1801</td>
<td>Legal Writing, Leadership, Experiential Learning, Advocacy, and Professional 1</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LAWS 1802</td>
<td>Legal Writing, Leadership, Experiential Learning, Advocacy, and Professional 2</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Elective from approved list of perspective courses</td>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

In addition to the 31 credits of first year courses, JD students must complete LAWS 2001 Professional Responsibility and LAWS 2803 Core 3: Transaction, Writing, and Skills during their second year of study. Students must also fulfill an upper-class writing requirement (through participation in one of several law journals, completion of a 2-credit supervised research project, or completion of an approved writing requirement seminar or lab).

Students in the MA program in art history and museum studies must complete 31 hours of graduate credit, nine hours of which must be taken in the Law School to satisfy the dual JD/MA degree. In addition, students in the MA program must demonstrate a reading knowledge of one approved modern language other than English. They must also take the MA comprehensive examination at the conclusion of their art history studies.

The thirty-one hours of coursework must be taken at the 400 level or higher, and be distributed as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
<th>Hours</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ARTH 490A</td>
<td>Visual Arts and Museums I</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ARTH 490B</td>
<td>Visual Arts and Museums: II</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ARTH 491A</td>
<td>Visual Arts and Museums: Internship</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ARTH 491B</td>
<td>Visual Arts and Museums: Internship</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ARTH 495</td>
<td>Methodologies of Art History</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

One course in each of the three following areas:

- Pre-Modern (pre-1800) 9
- Modern (post-1800) 9
- Non-Western 9

Relevant Law School courses 9

Students wishing to enroll in the dual degree program must be separately admitted to each program. The Department of Art History and Art will waive the GRE requirement for admission to the MA program and use the LSAT in the admissions process. Applicants can apply to the dual degree program when they apply to the School of Law or after the first year of enrollment in the School of Law. Once students have been admitted, they will consult with the Associate Dean for Academic Affairs at the School of Law and the Department of Art History and Art liaison to determine their appropriate course of study.

Master of Arts in Art Education

The Master of Arts in Art Education is offered in two plans: Plan I for those who already hold teacher licenses and who desire advanced studio- and art-related studies; Plan II for those holding the Bachelor of Fine Arts or equivalent degree who desire multi-age teacher licensure as visual art specialists. Both programs are offered jointly by Case Western Reserve University and the Cleveland Institute of Art, and both require 36 semester hours.

The admission procedure includes an online application, three letters of recommendation, a college transcript, which are to be submitted to the
Decision Point 2: Application for Advanced Standing

Application for advanced standing requires:

1. a successful review of the updated Teaching ePortfolio
2. submission of a current transcript documenting the following: a cumulative GPA of 3.0 or better, an art course GPA of 3.0 or better, and an education GPA of 3.0 or better
3. a passing score on the Candidate Disposition Assessment Inventory, completed by the art education faculty at the end of the first semester

Decision Point 3: Application for Student Teaching

Application for student teaching requires:

1. a successful review of the updated Teaching ePortfolio
2. submission of a current transcript documenting the following: a cumulative GPA of 3.0 or better, an art course GPA of 3.0 or better, and an education GPA of 3.0 or better
3. a passing score on the Candidate Disposition Assessment Inventory, completed by the art education faculty
4. passing a TB test
5. presenting documentation of Hepatitis B vaccination
6. passing official Federal and state criminal background checks

Decision Point 4: Application for Initial Licensure

Application for initial licensure occurs after successful completion of all degree requirements. The application requires:

1. a successful review of the updated Teaching ePortfolio
2. submission of a current final transcript documenting the following: a cumulative GPA of 3.0 or better, an art course GPA of 3.0 or better, and an education GPA of 3.0 or better
3. a passing score on the Candidate Disposition Assessment Inventory, completed by the art education faculty
4. achievement of state-mandated scores on the two Praxis II national teacher exams
5. completion of the Case Student Teaching Final Assessment by the cooperating teacher and university supervisor with a grade of B or better
6. completion of the Case Teacher Licensure Exit Interview and Survey

After successfully completing all requirements at the four decision points, the student is recommended by the university’s director of teacher education for the Ohio Provisional Art (Pre-K-12) License. Completion of the Master’s Plan II Program in Art Education degree does not ensure that the State of Ohio’s Provisional Visual Art Teacher License will be awarded.

Department Faculty

Catherine B. Scallen, PhD
(Princeton University)
Chair and Andrew W. Mellon Professor in the Humanities; Associate Professor
Northern Renaissance and Baroque art and historiography

Henry Adams, PhD
(Yale University)
Ruth Coulter Heede Professor of Art History
American art
Erin Benay, PhD  
(Rutgers University)  
Assistant Professor  
Early Modern Southern European Art  

Elina Gertsman, PhD  
(Boston University)  
Associate Professor  
European medieval art  

Noelle Giuffrida, PhD  
(University of Kansas)  
Assistant Professor  
Asian art  

Maggie L. Popkin, PhD  
(The Institute of Fine Arts, New York University)  
Assistant Professor  
Ancient Roman art and archaeology  

Andrea Wolk Rager, PhD  
(Yale University)  
Jesse Hauk Shera Assistant Professor  
Nineteenth- and twentieth-century British and European art  

William Robinson, PhD  
(Case Western Reserve University)  
Curator, Modern European Art  

Barbara Tannenbaum, PhD  
(University of Michigan)  
Curator of Photography  

Marjorie Williams, MA  
(University of Michigan)  
Senior Director of Endowment Development  
Asian art  

Adjunct Art History Faculty  
Gary Sampson, PhD  
(University of California, Santa Barbara)  
Associate Dean, Graduate Studies, Cleveland Institute of Art  
History of photography  

Holly Witchey, PhD  
(Case Western Reserve University)  
Adjunct Professor  
Museum studies  

Art Education  
Tim Shuckerow, MA  
(Case Western Reserve University)  
Director, Art Education and Art Studio Program  
Painting, ceramics  

Judy Flamik, BA, NBCT  
(Lake Erie College)  
Part-time Lecturer and University Supervisor, Secondary Student Teaching  

Sandra Noble, MA  
(Cleveland State University)  
Part-time Lecturer and University Supervisor, Elementary Student Teaching and Clinical/Field-Based Experience  

Adjunct Faculty from the Cleveland Museum of Art  
Michael Bennett, PhD  
(Harvard University)  
Curator, Greek and Roman Art  

Susan Bergh, PhD  
(Columbia University)  
Curator, Art of the Ancient Americas  

Jane Glaubinger, PhD  
(Case Western Reserve University)  
Curator of Prints  

Heather Lemonedes, PhD  
(The Graduate School and University Center, City University of New York)  
Associate Curator of Drawings  

Constantine Petridis, PhD  
(Ghent University)  
Curator, African Art  

Adjunct Art History Faculty  
Gary Sampson, PhD  
(University of California, Santa Barbara)  
Associate Dean, Graduate Studies, Cleveland Institute of Art  
History of photography  

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Museum studies  

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Sandra Noble, MA  
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Alexander Aitkin, MFA  
(Ohio University)  
Full-time Lecturer  
Photography, creative photography  

Jared Bendis, MA  
(Case Western Reserve University)  
Adjunct Lecturer  
Multimedia  

Adjunct Art History Faculty  
Gary Sampson, PhD  
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History of photography  

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Museum studies  

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Part-time Lecturer and University Supervisor, Elementary Student Teaching and Clinical/Field-Based Experience  

Art Studio  
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(Case Western Reserve University)  
Director, Art Education and Art Studio Program  
Painting, ceramics  

Alexander Aitkin, MFA  
(Ohio University)  
Full-time Lecturer  
Photography, creative photography  

Jared Bendis, MA  
(Case Western Reserve University)  
Adjunct Lecturer  
Multimedia
ARTH Courses

ARTH 101. Art History I: Pyramids to Pagodas. 3 Units.
The first half of a two-semester survey of world art highlighting the major monuments of the ancient Mediterranean, medieval Europe, MesoAmerica, Africa, and Asia. Special emphasis on visual analysis, and socio-cultural contexts, and objects in the Cleveland Museum of Art. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

ARTH 102. Art History II: Michelangelo to Maya Lin. 3 Units.
The second half of a two-semester survey of world art highlighting the major monuments of art made in Africa, the Americas, Asia, and Europe from 1400 to the present. Special emphasis on visual analysis, historical and sociocultural contexts, and objects in the Cleveland Museum of Art. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

ARTH 203. The Arts of Asia. 3 Units.
A survey of Japanese and Chinese art from the Bronze Age to the 18th century, with particular emphasis on objects in the Cleveland Museum of Art. The relationship of art works to Buddhism and Hinduism is explored along with cultural rituals, ceremonies, and traditions. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

ARTH 204. Arts of East Asia. 3 Units.
A survey of the major developments in the arts of East Asia from the bronze age to the present in a wide range of media, including sculpture, painting, ceramics, architecture, calligraphy, prints, and installations. The course explores factors behind the making of works of art, including social, political and religious meanings, while examining the historical contexts for the arts of China, Japan, and Korea. Attention will be paid to the relationship between art and the ideas and practices of Buddhism, Shinto, Daoism, and Confucianism. Our topics include: secular and sacred narrative scroll painting, ceramics and tea culture, landscape painting, Buddhist cave temples, ancient bronzes, mortuary art, expressions of resistance and reclusion in visual arts, cross-cultural exchanges within the region and with the West, and the role of East Asian artists in the contemporary international art market. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

ARTH 208. Arts of Japan. 3 Units.
This course explores a selection of major developments in Japanese visual and material culture from ancient times to the present day. We consider works in multiple media including paintings, sculpture, ceramics, woodblock prints, architecture, performance art, and installations. We look into the roles of art in society, the relationship of art to political authority, the place of art in religious practice and experience, connections between art and literature, and how art relates to the expression of personal, social, political, and cultural identity. We pay particular attention to tea ceramics, Edo and Meiji period, woodblock prints, Chinese and Euro-American influences on Japanese art, works associated with Buddhist religious practices and ideas such as ink painting, portraiture, and statuary connected with Zen. We also examine the role of museums in selecting, preserving, and presenting Japanese art in the 20th and 21st century. Visits to the Cleveland Museum of Art form an integral part of the course.

ARTH 220. Jewish Traditional Art and Architecture. 3 Units.
Tradition and transformation in Jewish artistic expression over time and across space. Course will begin with biblical period and continue down to the present day in Israel and America. Examination of how concepts such as "Jewish" and "art" undergo change within the Jewish community over this period. Offered as ARTH 220 and JDST 220. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.
ARTh 221. Building on Antiquity. 3 Units.
Beginning with Ancient Greece and Rome and ending in Cleveland, the
course will provide orientation in the architectural orders and in most
periods of European and Euro-American architectural history, as well
as, to an extent, architectural criticism. The issue of how architecture
has meaning will be central, not least in connection with the formalized
"language" of classicism and the emergence of development of building
types (temple, museum, civic hall, transportation buildings, etc.).
We will also review more subtle ways in which architecture conveys
meaning or mood, and the assignment of gendered associations to
certain architectural elements. The course will consider more or less
blatant political uses of architecture and architectural imagery, but also
more elusive and/or ambiguous cases, as well as the phenomenon of
the shifting meanings of architecture through changes of era, owner,
audience, etc. Offered as ARTH 221 and CLSC 221.

ARTh 228. Ancient Greek Athletics. 3 Units.
Exploration of the role of athletics in the ancient, primarily Greek world,
and their reflection in the art of the period. Offered as ARTH 228 and
CLSC 228.

ARTh 230. Ancient Roman Art and Architecture. 3 Units.
This course explores the history of Roman art and architecture
from Rome's founding in 753 B.C. up through the reign of Constantine
(A.D. 306-337). Students learn how to analyze works of art and
architecture in terms of form, function, and iconography. Particular
emphasis is placed on situating objects and monuments within the
changing historical, cultural, political, and religious contexts of ancient
Rome, including major changes such as the shift from the Roman
Republic to the Roman Empire and the advent of Christianity. Students
will study a variety of media--such as statues, painting, metalwork, and
domestic and public architecture--from the city of Rome itself as well as
Roman provinces as far afield as Asia Minor and North Africa. The course
will introduce students to famous buildings such as the Colosseum and
the Pantheon but also to lesser known but equally important works.
As we study major objects and monuments from ancient Rome, we
will consider questions of design, patronage, artistic agency, viewer
reception, and cultural identity. We will also consider Rome's complex
relationship to Greek culture and attempt to answer the question of what
makes Roman art distinctly "Roman." Offered as ARTH 230 and CLSC

ARTh 241. Medieval Art. 3 Units.
This course will introduce students to the pivotal works of art created
between approximately 250 and 1500. We will discuss painting,
sculpture, architecture, manuscript illumination, and graphic arts.
Medieval visual and material culture will be considered within the
framework of socio-political developments, rapid urban growth, the
flowering of monastic culture, the rise of universities, and changes in
devotional practices. While the course will primarily focus on western part
of the medieval Christendom, we will also discuss Jewish, Byzantine,
and Islamic art. Visits to the CMA will form an integral part of the course.
Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

ARTh 249. The Global Middle Ages: From Paris to Baghdad. 3 Units.
This reading-intensive course will explore the ways in which medieval
thought was manifested in Christian and Islamic art, and discuss
parallels, divergences, and convergences between the two visual
cultures. Topics will include, but will not be limited to, medieval attitudes
towards the body as manifested in illuminated manuscripts; art as a tool
for religion and a vehicle for devotion; illustrations in herbals and medical
books; advances in architecture; literary themes translated into visual
art; art created by and for women, and the image as an instrument for
political thought and propaganda. While Christian and Islamic visual
cultures are traditionally studied separately, this course will examine
medieval culture as a whole, thereby providing the students with a
distinctive educational experience. Offered as ARTH 249 and HSTY 249.
Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

ARTh 250. Art in the Age of Discovery. 3 Units.
A survey of developments in Renaissance art and architecture in northern
Europe and Italy during a new age of science, discovery and exploration,
1400-1600.

ARTh 260. Art in Early Modern Europe. 3 Units.
A survey of European art in the seventeenth and eighteenth centuries,
an era of rising nationalism, political aggrandizement, religious expansion
and extravagant art patronage. The tensions between naturalism and
idealization, court and city, public and private, church and secular
patronage, grand commissions and an open air market, will provide
themes of the course as we explore what characterized the arts of
Austria, Belgium, England, France, Germany, Italy, The Netherlands, and

ARTh 270. American Art and Culture Before 1900. 3 Units.
Survey of the development of American art from colonial times to the
present which explores how art has expressed both American values
and American anxieties. Painting is emphasized, but the course also
considers architecture, the decorative arts, film, literature, and music.
Offered as AMST 270 and ARTH 270.

ARTh 271. American Art and Culture: The Twentieth Century. 3 Units.
Survey of the development of American art from 1900 to the present
(and the future) which will explore how art has expressed both American
values and American anxieties. Painting will be emphasized, but the course
will also consider architecture, the decorative arts, film, literature,
and music. Offered as AMST 271 and ARTH 271.

ARTh 274. Nineteenth-Century European Art. 3 Units.
This course will examine the development of European art across the
tumultuous long nineteenth century, from the French Revolution in
1789 to the eve of the First World War in 1914. Adopting a thematic, as
well as an international approach, this course will seek to interrogate
the canonical understanding of this period of dramatic change across
France, Britain, Germany, and Spain. We will explore issues of politics,
economics, class, gender, imperialism, nationalism, and industrialization
that surround the advent of artistic modernity. The class will also consider
a range of artistic media, including painting, sculpture, photography,
the decorative arts, and architecture, taking advantage of the rich collections
of the Cleveland Museum of Art. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural
Diversity Requirement.

ARTh 280. Modern Art and Modern Science. 3 Units.
An examination of the development of painting, sculpture, and
architecture from the 19th to the mid 20th century. Special attention is
given to the emergence of "modernism" and the influence of science on
such movements as Impressionism and Cubism.
ARTH 284. History of Photography. 3 Units.
A survey of the history of photography from its inception in 1839 to the present. Emphasis is on the complex relationship between technological innovations and picture-making; the artistic, documentary, and personal uses of photography; and the relationship of photography to other art forms.

ARTH 301. Museums and Globalization. 3 Units.
Museums are everywhere contested spaces today. Historically designed as symbols of power, centers for research, agents of public education and community formation in Western industrial societies, they have become sites of development and cultural controversy on a global scale. From Cleveland and Paris to Nairobi and Dubai museums figure in urban redevelopment, national identity formation, conflicts between religion and science, and global tourism. Questions we will consider in this course: what are the fundamental features of museums as institutions? what ties have linked them to wider national and international communities of academics, NGO's and business? to political, economic and social concerns? how do museums in Asia, Africa, the Middle East, and Latin America figure in the current international contention over heritage rights? This is an innovative course allowing students to collaborate on projects, engage with guest lecturers and access museums across the globe. The course is organized in three parts: Part I: National Identity Building and Museums; Part II: Museums and Identity Politics; Part III: Museums and Global Development. Offered as HSTY 329, ARTH 301, HSTY 429, and ARTH 401. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

ARTH 302. Buddhist Art in Asia. 3 Units.
This course explores the visual and material culture of Buddhism in Asia from its origins in India to its transmission and transformation in China, Korea, Japan, Tibet, Thailand, Cambodia and Indonesia. Our historically and culturally structured examination traces major developments in Buddhist art and their relationships with belief, practice, and ritual. We consider the ways that artistic traditions have adapted and evolved both within individual cultures and cross-culturally. We primarily focus on studying the historical contexts for sculpture, architecture, and painting, but we also consider the movement of Buddhist works from temples to sites of secular display in museums around the world, and the religious, cultural, and ethical issues that arise from these moves. Topics include: representations of the life of the historical Buddha; visual programs of temples; artistic representations of paradises and hells; sacred sites and architecture; imperial patronage of Buddhist art; the role of art in pilgrimage and ritual; and visual imagery associated with Pure Land, Chan, Zen and esoteric traditions. Visits to and engagement with objects in the new Asian galleries at the Cleveland Museum of Art provide a rich environment for our class sessions and student projects. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement. Offered as ARTH 302 and ARTH 402. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

ARTH 307. Arts of China. 3 Units.
This course explores a selection of major developments in Chinese visual and material culture from ancient times to the present day. We consider works in multiple media including bronzes, pottery, sculpture, calligraphy, paintings, ceramics and installations. We look into the roles of art in society, the relationship of art to political authority, the place of art in religious practice and experience, connections between art and literature, and how art relates to the expression of personal, social, political, and cultural identity. We pay particular attention to landscape painting; pictorial and sculptural programs of Buddhist grottoes; art commissioned and collected by the imperial court; objects associated with Daoist, Buddhist, and Confucian religious practices and sacred sites; art produced during periods of non-Chinese rule under the Mongols and Manchus; the affects of foreign styles and ideas on artists; and the role of Chinese artists in the contemporary global art world and market. We also examine the role of museums in selecting, preserving, and presenting Chinese art in the 20th and 21st century. Visits to the Cleveland Museum of Art form an integral part of the course. Offered as ARTH 307 and ARTH 407 Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

ARTH 311. Rome: City and Image. 3 Units.
This course studies the architectural and urban history of Rome from the republican era of the ancient city up to the eighteenth century using the city itself as the major "text." The emphasis will be placed on the extraordinary transformations wrought in the city, or at least in key districts, by powerful rulers and/or elites, especially in the ancient empire and in the Renaissance and baroque eras. In a larger perspective, the great construction projects exerted a far-reaching effect within and beyond Europe, but we will study them in relation to their topographical situation, their functions, and their place in a long history of variations on prestigious themes since many of the artworks and the urban settings featured in the course carry the mark of the Long history of the city itself. Recommended preparation: At least one 200-level course in ANTH, ARTH, CLSC, ENGL, HSTY, or RLGN. Offered as ARTH311/411 and CLSC 311.
ARTH 325. Art at the Crossroads of Religion: Polytheistic, Christian, and Islamic Art in Antiquity. 3 Units.
People often single out the reign of Constantine (A.D. 306-337) as the point in history when Rome transformed from a polytheistic empire to a Christian empire. This course questions the strict divide between the categories of "pagan" and "Christian" in Rome in the imperial period and beyond. Through a close examination of the artistic and architectural record, students will come to understand that this dichotomy is a modern invention; for people living in the Roman Empire, religious identities were extraordinarily fluid. Indeed, traditional polytheistic religion and Christianity remained closely intertwined for centuries after Constantine "Christianized" the Empire. Moreover, religious pluralism had been a fundamental part of Roman culture since the founding of ancient Rome. We will survey a range of material culture, including public statuary, sarcophagi, silver hordes, and temples and churches. We will also examine sites such as the border city of Dura-Europos in Syria to explore how religious identities in the Roman Empire (including Judaism, early Christianity, and so-called mystery cults) intertwined even when Rome was still supposedly a "pagan" Empire. The course pays particular attention to the art and architecture produced under Constantine, whom people today often remember as Rome's first Christian emperor but who represents, in fact, a complex amalgam of polytheistic and monotheistic practices and identities. We will also explore how Christian art slowly but ultimately became the predominant visual culture in the Roman Empire. Finally, we will examine how Early Islamic art and architecture exploited the Greco-Roman visual tradition to the ends of this new religion. Offered as ARTH 325, ARTH 425 and CLSC 325. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

ARTH 327. The Parthenon Then and Now: New Discoveries, Old Problems and Reception. 3 Units.
The Parthenon is an icon of western art and culture. Over 250 years of scholarship on this world-renowned building have revealed many of its secrets, but numerous questions still remain. New finds on the Acropolis itself and elsewhere in Greece have shed light on some of these issues, and as a result new theories abound. This seminar offers an overview of the temple, its architecture and sculpture, and will investigate its place in the civic and religious ideology of classical Athens. The course will also trace the Parthenon's many post-classical permutations, into a Christian Church and an Islamic mosque, and its impact on later western art and architecture. Finally the class will debate the moral and ethical issue of the Elgin Marbles - to repatriate them to Greece or to retain them in the British Museum in perpetuity. Offered as ARTH 327, ARTH 427, CLSC 327, CLSC 427. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

ARTH 332. Art and Archaeology of Ancient Italy. 3 Units.
The arts of the Italian peninsula from the 8th century B.C. to the 4th century A.D., with emphasis on recent archaeological discoveries. Lectures deal with architecture, sculpture, painting, and the decorative arts, supplemented by gallery tours at the Cleveland Museum of Art. Offered as ARTH 332, CLSC 332, and ARTH 432.

ARTH 333. Greek and Roman Painting. 3 Units.
Greek vase painting. Etruscan tomb painting and Roman wall painting. The development of monumental painting in antiquity. Offered as ARTH 333, CLSC 333, and ARTH 433.

ARTH 334. Art and Archaeology of Greece. 3 Units.
A survey of the art and architecture of Greece from the beginning of the Bronze Age (3000 B.C.) to the Roman conquest (100 B.C.) with emphasis on recent archaeological discoveries. Lectures deal with architecture, sculpture, painting, and the decorative arts, supplemented by gallery tours at the Cleveland Museum of Art. Offered as ARTH 334, CLSC 334, and ARTH 434.

ARTH 335. Issues in Ancient Art. 3 Units.
Various topics in Ancient art. Lectures, discussions and reports. Offered as ARTH 335 and ARTH 435.

ARTH 340. Issues in the Art of China. 3 Units.
This is a topics course. Each offering will focus on a specific topic within the area of Chinese art. Sample topics may include: Women painters in Beijing, Modern Artists in China-1980-Present, Shang Dynasty Tombs, Yuan Dynasty Buddhist Art. Lectures, discussions, and reports. Offered as ARTH 340 and ARTH 440. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

ARTH 341. Issues in the Art of Japan. 3 Units.
This is a topics course. Each offering will focus on a specific topic within the area of Japanese art. Sample topics may include: Muromachi Hanging Scrolls, Ryoan-ji Temple Garden Architecture, Rimpa School Panel Screens, Buddhist Painting in the Edo Period. Lectures, discussions, and reports. Offered as ARTH 341 and ARTH 441.

ARTH 342. Issues in Indian and Southeast Asian Art. 3 Units.
This course covers topics in the history of India and neighboring regions with emphasis on connections with works in the Cleveland Museum of Art. Offerings include The Buddha Image, Murals and Manuscripts, The Hindu Temple, Krishna in Art and Literature, and the History of Mughal Painting. Lectures, discussions, and reports. Offered as ARTH 342, ARTH 442, and HSTY 324. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

ARTH 344. Issues in the Art of Africa. 3 Units.
This is a topics course. Each offering will focus on a specific topic within the area of African art. Sample topics may include: Ritual Masks, Sub-Saharan Religious Architecture, Carvings of Twins in Fertility Rites, Benin Bronze Warrior Reliefs. Lectures, discussions, and reports. Offered as ARTH 344 and ARTH 444.

ARTH 349. Gothic Art: Vision and Matter. 3 Units.
This course will examine the development and dissemination of Gothic art in Western Europe in the High and Late Middle Ages. We will consider a variety of media, including architecture, metalwork, sculpture, manuscript illumination, panel paintings, fresco cycles, and small devotional objects. As we study medieval art in its socio-historical contexts--private and public, monastic and political, liturgical and lay--we will pay special attention to issues of patronage, relationships between texts and images, the introduction of visionary and mystical devotion, attitudes towards education and authority, differences between male and female piety, modes of medieval viewing, and reception and manipulation of art by medieval audiences. Visits to the CMA will form an integral part of the course. Offered as ARTH 349 and ARTH 449. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

ARTH 350. Issues in Medieval Art. 3 Units.
Various topics in Medieval art. Lectures, discussions, and reports. Offered as ARTH 350 and ARTH 450.

ARTH 351. Late Gothic Art in Italy. 3 Units.
Sculpture of the Pisani; early trends in Pisa, Siena, and Florence; Cimabue and Giotto; Duccio, Simone Martini, and the Lorenzetti; painting in Florence and Siena after the Black Death. Offered as ARTH 351 and ARTH 451.

ARTH 352. Italian Art of the 15th Century. 3 Units.
The early 15th century in Florence, civic humanism, the sculpture of Ghiberti and Donatello, the painting of Masaccio; the International Style in painting, the art of Uccello, Piero della Francesca, Mantegna, and Botticelli; Carpaccio and the Bellini in Venice. Offered as ARTH 352 and ARTH 452.
ARTH 353. Sixteenth Century Italian Art. 3 Units.
The development of the High Renaissance and Mannerist styles in Italy and late 16th century trends: painting and sculpture. Offered as ARTH 353 and ARTH 453.

ARTH 355. The Book in the Middle Ages: The Christian, Jewish, and Islamic Tradition. 3 Units.
This course will examine later medieval manuscript production, paying particular attention to the issues of patronage, gender, literacy, reception, and cultural biases. We will explore the imagery and texts of monastic and courtly manuscripts, travel books and devotional manuals, all within the framework of the tightly interwoven theological and social discourses of the institutions that commissioned them. As the title of the course indicates, we will study Christian, Jewish, and Islamic books and their interrelations; for example, we will compare Islamic encyclopedias of the natural world, such as Zakariya ibn Muhammad al-Qazwini's illustrated Wonders of Creation, with medieval bestiaries, herbaries, and encyclopedias such as Hartman Schedel's Liber Chronicarum and Les Merveilles du Monde. Each religious book will receive a special close-study spotlight: Jewish Haggadot (books for the Passover Seder), Christian courtly romances, and Islamic manuscripts of the Shahnama epic. Offered as ARTH 355 and ARTH 455. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

ARTH 358. Medieval Body. 3 Units.
This course will explore the meanings and representations of the body in western medieval culture. Topics will include bleeding bodies, fragmented bodies, lactating bodies, labile bodies, cosmic bodies, physiological bodies, mystical bodies, suffering bodies, edible bodies, enclosed bodies, gendered bodies, Christ's bodies, Mary's bodies, decomposing bodies, macabre bodies, resurrected bodies, dead bodies, intercessory bodies, unhinging bodies, translucent bodies, martyred bodies, desirable bodies, abhorrent bodies, mimetic bodies, nude bodies, marginalized bodies, defleshed bodies, social bodies, political bodies, monstrous bodies, mnemonic bodies, and deformed bodies. We will explore the complex rhetoric of embodiment as it manifests itself in the ambiguous discourse--both medieval and contemporary--on the relationships between the material and intangible, spiritual and physical, somatic and mental, corporeal and ethereal. Offered as ARTH 358 and ARTH 458. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

ARTH 359. Visual Culture of Medieval Women. 3 Units.
This course will consider the roles of women as patrons, subjects, producers and consumers of visual culture, focusing particularly on the twelfth through fifteenth centuries. Throughout the course, we will study the different ways medieval men and women perceived, read, figured, and interacted with the female body, which was frequently seen as a fraught site of desire and repulsion, fear and fascination. Students will be asked to read primary sources as well as critical materials that address contradictory constructions of gender and sex in medieval images and texts. The course, therefore, will not simply focus on artistic production, but will include readings and discussions of social and political history, theology, and literature of the Middle Ages. Offered as ARTH 359 and ARTH 459; cross-listed as WGST 359 since it focuses on the role of women in visual culture and so can satisfy a requirement in the program for the course on women in the arts. Offered as ARTH 359, ARTH 459 and WGST 359. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

ARTH 360. Renaissance Art in Northern Europe. 3 Units.
Painting, sculpture, and the graphic arts in Belgium, France, Germany, and The Netherlands, 1400-1580, highlighting the careers and contributions of specific artists such as Jan van Eyck, Albrecht Durer, and Pieter Bruegel. We will also analyze the changing social, cultural, religious, and political circumstances of the art made during this period, which saw the invention of printmaking, the Protestant Revolution, and increased strife between rulers and their subjects. The rise of new subjects such as landscape and scene of everyday life will be explored, and changes in patronage will be discussed, concentrating on the shift from church and noble patronage to increasingly middle-class patronage related to the beginnings of the open art market. Offered as ARTH 360 and ARTH 460. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

ARTH 361. 17th-Century Art in Belgium and The Netherlands. 3 Units.
The arts of painting, drawing, and printmaking in Belgium and The Netherlands are discussed in relationship to political, social, cultural, and religious contexts. We will explore the careers and production of individual artists such as Rubens, Van Dyck, Hals, Rembrandt, and Vermeer. Developments in new subjects, artistic specialization, and the expansion of the open market are seen as important factors in shaping Belgian and Dutch art. Offered as ARTH 361 and ARTH 461. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

ARTH 362. Issues in Renaissance Art. 3 Units.
Various topics in Renaissance art. Lectures, discussions and reports. Offered as ARTH 362 and ARTH 462.

ARTH 367. 17th and 18th Century Art in France. 3 Units.
A Survey of the arts of painting, sculpture and architecture in France from 1600-1780, a period in which France became the leading political and cultural power in Europe. We will focus on the relationship between the arts and changing social, cultural, religious and political circumstances at a time that saw the rise of the absolute state before the French Revolution, the increased use of art for political propaganda, and the burgeoning of a consumer culture in the middle class. Offered as ARTH 367 and ARTH 467. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

ARTH 374. Impressionism to Symbolism. 3 Units.
Major developments in European painting and sculpture during the latter half of the nineteenth century. Post-impressionism synthetism, symbolism, and the arts and crafts movement considered in their socio-cultural contexts. Works of Degas, Manet, Monet, Klimt, Bocklin, Gauguin, etc. Offered as ARTH 374 and ARTH 474.

ARTH 379. Issues in 19th Century Art. 3 Units.
Various topics in 19th century art, with class lectures, discussions and reports. Consult department for current topic. Offered as ARTH 379 and ARTH 479.

ARTH 380. Abstract Expressionism and Its Aftermath. 3 Units.
An examination of the development and influences of Abstract Expressionism, including the impact on the Beat Generation and Pop Art. Offered as ARTH 380 and ARTH 480.
ARTH 382. Art, Eco-criticism, and the Environment. 3 Units.
As issues of sustainability and environmental impact have become increasingly dominant concerns in contemporary society, eco-criticism has emerged as a vital methodological thread across the humanities. Motivated by ethical as well as scholarly concerns, eco-criticism not only enacts a fundamental examination of nature as an ideological construct, but also seeks to investigate the complex interrelationship between humanity and the environment. Concurrently, there has been a marked interest in studying the role of “green issues” in contemporary art, particularly in tracing the development of earth art or eco-art from the early 1970s to the present. The goal of this seminar is to forge a link between these two emergent strands by tracing the complex relationship between art and the environment from the nineteenth-century to the present, seeking to thereby assess the capaciousness of eco-criticism as a methodological approach to art history. Offered as ARTH 382 and ARTH 482. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

ARTH 383. Gender Issues in Feminist Art: The 20th/21st Century. 3 Units.
This course aims at understanding the myriad ways issues of gender have been encoded and/or played out in 20th and early 21st century art. A variety of paintings, sculpture, photographs and performances by women, gays and other marginalized groups, especially those that engage in “the discourse of the body,” will be examined through a gender-oriented focus. Analysis of a variety of provocative readings will provide methodologies useful for assessing aesthetic and political meanings in modern and contemporary art across national boundaries. Special emphasis will be placed on women artists who have recently begun to integrate gender and ethnicity. Offered as ARTH 383, WGST 383 and ARTH 483. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

ARTH 384. American Art and Architecture in the Age of Washington and Jefferson. 3 Units.
In the 18th century, Americans created not only a political revolution but an artistic and creative one as well. In the 17th century, most Americans were subsistence farmers and most of their products, manufactures, and buildings were relatively crude. In the 18th century, Americans not only established a new and lasting form of government, but for the first time produced paintings, buildings, furniture and silver that rivaled the finest productions of Europe. Notably, many of the leaders of the American Revolution, such as Paul Revere, George Washington, and Thomas Jefferson, also made significant contributions to the arts. Offered as ARTH 384 and ARTH 484.

ARTH 385. American Avant-Garde: 1900 - 1925. 3 Units.
An examination of the development of avant-garde styles in New York during the early twentieth century. In-depth discussion of the Photo-secession, Stieglitz’s “291” gallery, the Armory Show, Marcel Duchamp’s move to America, and the formation and demise of the New York Dada movement. Offered as ARTH 385 and ARTH 485.

ARTH 386. Issues in American Art. 3 Units.
Various topics in American art. Each offering will focus on a specific topic within American art. Lectures, discussions, and report. The course will entail regular oral classroom reports and short writing assignments as well as a final paper. Producing an intellectually significant final paper is the major goal of the class. Graduate students are expected to produce a final paper of greater length than Undergraduates and that shows evidence of original scholarship. Offered as ARTH 386 and ARTH 486.

ARTH 389. Honors Thesis. 3 Units.
Intensive study of a topic or problem leading to the preparation of an honors thesis.
ARTH 401. Museums and Globalization. 3 Units.
Museums are everywhere contested spaces today. Historically designed as symbols of power, centers for research, agents of public education and community formation in Western industrial societies, they have become sites of development and cultural controversy on a global scale. From Cleveland and Paris to Nairobi and Dubai museums figure in urban redevelopment, national identity formation, conflicts between religion and science, and global tourism. Questions we will consider in this course: what are the fundamental features of museums as institutions? what ties have linked them to wider national and international communities of academics, NGO’s and business? to political, economic and social concerns? how do museums in Asia, Africa, the Middle East, and Latin America figure in the current international contention over heritage rights? This is an innovative course allowing students to collaborate on projects, engage with guest lecturers and access museums across the globe. The course is organized in three parts: Part I: National Identity Building and Museums; Part II: Museums and Identity Politics; Part III: Museums and Global Development. Offered as HSTY 329, ARTH 301, HSTY 429, and ARTH 401. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

ARTH 402. Buddhist Art in Asia. 3 Units.
This course explores the visual and material culture of Buddhism in Asia from its origins in India to its transmission and transformation in China, Korea, Japan, Tibet, Thailand, Cambodia and Indonesia. Our historically and culturally structured examination traces major developments in Buddhist art and their relationships with belief, practice, and ritual. We consider the ways that artistic traditions have adapted and evolved both within individual cultures and cross-culturally. We primarily focus on studying the historical contexts for sculpture, architecture, and painting, but we also consider the movement of Buddhist works from temples to sites of secular display in museums around the world, and the religious, cultural, and ethical issues that arise from these moves. Topics include: representations of the life of the historical Buddha; visual programs of temples; artistic representations of paradieses and hells; sacred sites and architecture; imperial patronage of Buddhist art; the role of art in pilgrimage and ritual; and visual imagery associated with Pure Land, Chan, Zen and esoteric traditions. Visits to and engagement with objects in the new Asian galleries at the Cleveland Museum of Art provide a rich environment for our class sessions and student projects. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement. Offered as ARTH 302 and ARTH 402. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

ARTH 407. Arts of China. 3 Units.
This course explores a selection of major developments in Chinese visual and material culture from ancient times to the present day. We consider works in multiple media including bronzes, pottery, sculpture, calligraphy, paintings, ceramics and installations. We look into the roles of art in society, the relationship of art to political authority, the place of art in religious practice and experience, connections between art and literature, and how art relates to the expression of personal, social, political, and cultural identity. We pay particular attention to landscape painting; pictorial and sculptural programs of Buddhist grottoes; art commissioned and collected by the imperial court; objects associated with Daoist, Buddhist, and Confucian religious practices and sacred sites; art produced during periods of non-Chinese rule under the Mongols and Manchus; the affects of foreign styles and ideas on artists; and the role of Chinese artists in the contemporary global art world and market. We also examine the role of museums in selecting, preserving, and presenting Chinese art in the 20th and 21st century. Visits to the Cleveland Museum of Art form an integral part of the course. Offered as ARTH 307 and ARTH 407. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

ARTH 411. Rome: City and Image. 3 Units.
This course studies the architectural and urban history of Rome from the republican era of the ancient city up to the eighteenth century using the city itself as the major “text.” The emphasis will be placed on the extraordinary transformations wrought in the city, or at least in key districts, by powerful rulers and/or elites, especially in the ancient empire and in the Renaissance and baroque eras. In a larger perspective, the great construction projects exerted a far-reaching effect within and beyond Europe, but we will study them in relation to their topographical situation, their functions, and their place in a long history of variations on prestigious themes since many of the artworks and the urban settings featured in the course carry the mark of the Long history of the city itself. Recommended preparation: At least one 200-level course in ANTH, ARTH, CLSC, ENGL, HSTY, or RLGN. Offered as ARTH311/411 and CLSC 311.

ARTH 425. Art at the Crossroads of Religion: Polytheistic, Christian, and Islamic Art in Antiquity. 3 Units.
People often single out the reign of Constantine (A.D. 306-337) as the point in history when Rome transformed from a polytheistic empire to a Christian empire. This course questions the strict divide between the categories of “pagan” and “Christian” in Rome in the imperial period and beyond. Through a close examination of the artistic and architectural record, students will come to understand that this dichotomy is a modern invention; for people living in the Roman Empire, religious identities were extraordinarily fluid. Indeed, traditional polytheistic religion and Christianity remained closely intertwined for centuries after Constantine “Christianized” the Empire. Moreover, religious pluralism had been a fundamental part of Roman culture since the founding of ancient Rome. We will survey a range of material culture, including public statuary, sarcophagi, silver hordes, and temples and churches. We will also examine sites such as the border city of Dura-Europos in Syria to explore how religious identities in the Roman Empire (including Judaism, early Christianity, and so-called mystery cults) intertwined even when Rome was still supposedly a “pagan” Empire. The course pays particular attention to the art and architecture produced under Constantine, whom people today often remember as Rome’s first Christian emperor but who represents, in fact, a complex amalgam of polytheistic and monotheistic practices and identities. We will also explore how Christian art slowly but ultimately became the predominant visual culture in the Roman Empire. Finally, we will examine how Early Islamic art and architecture exploited the Greco-Roman visual tradition to the ends of this new religion. Offered as ARTH 325, ARTH 425 and CLSC 325. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

ARTH 427. The Parthenon Then and Now: New Discoveries, Old Problems and Reception. 3 Units.
The Parthenon is an icon of Western art and culture. Over 250 years of scholarship on this world-renowned building have revealed many of its secrets, but numerous questions still remain. New finds on the Acropolis itself and elsewhere in Greece have shed light on some of these issues, and as a result new theories abound. This seminar offers an overview of the temple, its architecture and sculpture, and will investigate its place in the civic and religious ideology of classical Athens. The course will also trace the Parthenon’s many post-classical permutations, into a Christian Church and an Islamic mosque, and its impact on later western art and architecture. Finally the class will debate the moral and ethical issue of the Elgin Marbles - to repatriate them to Greece or to retain them in the British Museum in perpetuity. Offered as ARTH 327, ARTH 427, CLSC 327, CLSC 427. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.
ARTH 332. Art and Archaeology of Ancient Italy. 3 Units.
The art of the Italian peninsula from the 8th century B.C. to the 4th century A.D., with emphasis on recent archaeological discoveries. Lectures deal with architecture, sculpture, painting, and the decorative arts, supplemented by gallery tours at the Cleveland Museum of Art. Offered as ARTH 332, CLSC 332, and ARTH 432.

ARTH 333. Greek and Roman Painting. 3 Units.
Greek vase painting, Etruscan tomb painting and Roman wall painting. The development of monumental painting in antiquity. Offered as ARTH 333, CLSC 333, and ARTH 433.

ARTH 334. Art and Archaeology of Greece. 3 Units.
A survey of the art and architecture of Greece from the beginning of the Bronze Age (3000 B.C.) to the Roman conquest (100 B.C.) with emphasis on recent archaeological discoveries. Lectures deal with architecture, sculpture, painting, and the decorative arts, supplemented by gallery tours at the Cleveland Museum of Art. Offered as ARTH 334, CLSC 334, and ARTH 434.

ARTH 335. Issues in Ancient Art. 3 Units.
Various topics in Ancient art. Lectures, discussions and reports. Offered as ARTH 335 and ARTH 435.

ARTH 336. Issues in the Art of China. 3 Units.
This is a topics course. Each offering will focus on a specific topic within the area of Chinese art. Sample topics may include: Women painters in Beijing, Modern Artists in China-1980-Present, Shang Dynasty Tombs, Yuan Dynasty Buddhist Art. Lectures, discussions, and reports. Offered as ARTH 340 and ARTH 440. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

ARTH 341. Issues in the Art of Japan. 3 Units.
This is a topics course. Each offering will focus on a specific topic within the area of Japanese art. Sample topics may include: Muromachi Hanging Scrolls, Ryoan-ji Temple Garden Architecture, Rimpa School Panel Screens, Buddhist Painting in the Edo Period. Lectures, discussions, and reports. Offered as ARTH 341 and ARTH 441.

ARTH 342. Issues in Indian and Southeast Asian Art. 3 Units.
This course covers topics in the history of India and neighboring regions with emphasis on connections with works in the Cleveland Museum of Art. Offerings include The Buddha Image, Murals and Manuscripts, The Hindu Temple, Krishna in Art and Literature, and the History of Mughal Painting. Lectures, discussions, and reports. Offered as ARTH 342, ARTH 442, and HSTY 324. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

ARTH 343. Art History and Art. 3 Units.
This is a topics course. Each offering will focus on a specific topic within the area of African art. Sample topics may include: Ritual Masks, Sub-Saharan Religious Architecture, Carvings of Twins in Fertility Rites, Benin Bronze Warrior Reliefs. Lectures, discussions, and reports. Offered as ARTH 344 and ARTH 444.

ARTH 449. Gothic Art: Vision and Matter. 3 Units.
This course will examine the development and dissemination of Gothic art in Western Europe in the High and Late Middle Ages. We will consider a variety of media, including architecture, metalwork, sculpture, manuscript illumination, panel paintings, fresco cycles, and small devotional objects. As we study medieval art in its socio-historical contexts--private and public, monastic and political, liturgical and lay--we will pay special attention to issues of patronage, relationships between texts and images, the introduction of visionary and mystical devotion, attitudes towards education and authority, differences between male and female piety, modes of medieval viewing, and reception and manipulation of art by medieval audiences. Visits to the CMA will form an integral part of the course. Offered as ARTH 349 and ARTH 449. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

ARTH 450. Issues in Medieval Art. 3 Units.
Various topics in Medieval Art. Lectures, discussions, and reports. Offered as ARTH 350 and ARTH 450.

ARTH 451. Late Gothic Art in Italy. 3 Units.
Sculpture of the Pisani; early trends in Pisa, Siena, and Florence; Cimabue and Giotto; Duccio, Simone Martini, and the Lorenzetti; painting in Florence and Siena after the Black Death. Offered as ARTH 351 and ARTH 451.

ARTH 452. Italian Art of the 15th Century. 3 Units.
The early 15th century in Florence, civic humanism, the sculpture of Ghiberti and Donatello, the painting of Masaccio; the International Style in painting, the art of Uccello, Piero della Francesca, Mantegna, and Botticelli; Carpaccio and the Bellini in Venice. Offered as ARTH 352 and ARTH 452.

ARTH 453. Sixteenth Century Italian Art. 3 Units.
The development of the High Renaissance and Mannerist styles in Italy and late 16th century trends: painting and sculpture. Offered as ARTH 353 and ARTH 453.

ARTH 455. The Book in the Middle Ages: The Christian, Jewish, and Islamic Tradition. 3 Units.
This course will examine later medieval manuscript production, paying particular attention to the issues of patronage, gender, literacy, reception, and cultural biases. We will explore the imagery and texts of monastic and courtly manuscripts, travel books and devotional manuals, all within the framework of the tightly interwoven theological and social discourses of the institutions that commissioned them. As the title of the course indicates, we will study Christian, Jewish, and Islamic books and their interrelations; for example, we will compare Islamic encyclopedias of the natural world, such as Zakariya ibn Muhammad al-Qazwini's illustrated Wonders of Creation, with medieval bestiaries, herbal, and encyclopedias such as Hartman Schedel's Liber Chronicarum and Les Merveilles du Monde. Each religious culture will receive a special close-study spotlight: Jewish Haggadot (books for the Passover Seder), Christian courtly romances, and Islamic manuscripts of the Shahnama epic. Offered as ARTH 355 and ARTH 455. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.
ARTH 458. Medieval Body. 3 Units.
This course will explore the meanings and representations of the body in western medieval culture. Topics will include bleeding bodies, fragmented bodies, lactating bodies, labile bodies, cosmic bodies, physiological bodies, mystical bodies, suffering bodies, edible bodies, enclosed bodies, gendered bodies, Christ's bodies, Mary's bodies, decomposing bodies, macabre bodies, resurrected bodies, dead bodies, intercessory bodies, uninhaling bodies, translucent bodies, martyred bodies, desirable bodies, desirous bodies, abhorrent bodies, mimetic bodies, nude bodies, marginalized bodies, defleshed bodies, social bodies, political bodies, monstrous bodies, mnemonic bodies, and deformed bodies. We will explore the complex rhetoric of embodiment as it manifests itself in the ambitious discourse—both medieval and contemporary—on the relationships between the material and intangible, spiritual and physical, somatic and mental, corporeal and ethereal. Offered as ARTH 358 and ARTH 458. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

ARTH 459. Visual Culture of Medieval Women. 3 Units.
This course will consider the roles of women as patrons, subjects, producers and consumers of visual culture, focusing particularly on the twelfth through fifteenth centuries. Throughout the course, we will study the different ways medieval men and women perceived, read, figured, and interacted with the female body, which was frequently seen as a fraught site of desire and repulsion, fear and fascination. Students will be asked to read primary sources as well as critical materials that address contradictory constructions of gender and sex in medieval images and texts. The course, therefore, will not simply focus on artistic production, but will include readings and discussions of social and political history, theology, and literature of the Middle Ages. Offered as ARTH 359 and ARTH 459; cross-listed as WGST 359 since it focuses on the role of women in visual culture and so can satisfy a requirement in the program for the course on women in the arts. Offered as ARTH 359, ARTH 459 and WGST 359. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

ARTH 460. Renaissance Art in Northern Europe. 3 Units.
Painting, sculpture, and the graphic arts in Belgium, France, Germany, and The Netherlands, 1400-1580, highlighting the careers and contributions of specific artists such as Jan van Eyck, Albrecht Durer, and Pieter Bruegel. We will also analyze the changing social, cultural, religious, and political circumstances of the art made during this period, which saw the invention of printmaking, the Protestant Revolution, and increased strife between rulers and their subjects. The rise of new subjects such as landscape and scene of everyday life will be explored, and changes in patronage will be discussed, concentrating on the shift from church and noble patronage to increasingly middle-class patronage related to the beginnings of the open art market. Offered as ARTH 360 and ARTH 460. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

ARTH 461. 17th-Century Art in Belgium and The Netherlands. 3 Units.
The arts of painting, drawing, and printmaking in Belgium and The Netherlands are discussed in relationship to political, social, cultural, and religious contexts. We will explore the careers and production of individual artists such as Rubens, Van Dyck, Hals, Rembrandt, and Vermeer. Developments in new subjects, artistic specialization, and the expansion of the open market are seen as important factors in shaping Belgian and Dutch art. Offered as ARTH 361 and ARTH 461. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

ARTH 462. Issues in Renaissance Art. 3 Units.
Various topics in Renaissance art. Lectures, discussions and reports. Offered as ARTH 362 and ARTH 462.

ARTH 467. 17th and 18th Century Art in France. 3 Units.
A Survey of the arts of painting, sculpture and architecture in France from 1600-1780, a period in which France became the leading political and cultural power in Europe. We will focus on the relationship between the arts and changing social, cultural, religious and political circumstances at a time that saw the rise of the absolute state before the French Revolution, the increased use of art for political propaganda, and the burgeoning of a consumer culture in the middle class. Offered as ARTH 367 and ARTH 467. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

ARTH 474. Impressionism to Symbolism. 3 Units.
Major developments in European painting and sculpture during the latter half of the nineteenth century. Post-impressionism synthetism, symbolism, and the arts and crafts movement considered in their socio-cultural contexts. Works of Degas, Manet, Monet, Klimt, Bocklin, Gauguin, etc. Offered as ARTH 374 and ARTH 474.

ARTH 479. Issues in 19th Century Art. 3 Units.
Various topics in 19th century art, with class lectures, discussions and reports. Consult department for current topic. Offered as ARTH 379 and ARTH 479.

ARTH 480. Abstract Expressionism and Its Aftermath. 3 Units.
An examination of the development and influences of Abstract Expressionism, including the impact on the Beat Generation and Pop Art. Offered as ARTH 380 and ARTH 480.

ARTH 482. Art, Eco-criticism, and the Environment. 3 Units.
As issues of sustainability and environmental impact have become increasingly dominant concerns in contemporary society, eco-criticism has emerged as a vital methodological thread across the humanities. Motivated by ethical as well as scholarly concerns, eco-criticism not only enacts a fundamental examination of nature as an ideological construct, but also seeks to investigate the complex interrelationship between humanity and the environment. Concurrently, there has been a marked interest in studying the role of “green issues” in contemporary art, particularly in tracing the development of earth art or eco-art from the early 1970s to the present. The goal of this seminar is to forge a link between these two emergent strands by tracing the complex relationship between art and the environment from the nineteenth-century to the present, seeking to thereby assess the capaciousness of eco-criticism as a methodological approach to art history. Offered as ARTH 382 and ARTH 482. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

ARTH 483. Gender Issues in Feminist Art: The 20th/21st Century. 3 Units.
This course aims at understanding the myriad ways issues of gender have been encoded and/or played out in 20th and early 21st century art. A variety of paintings, sculpture, photographs and performances by women, gays and other marginalized groups, especially those that engage in “the discourse of the body,” will be examined through a gender-oriented focus. Analysis of a variety of provocative readings will provide methodologies useful for assessing aesthetic and political meanings in modern and contemporary art across national boundaries. Special emphasis will be placed on women artists who have recently begun to integrate gender and ethnicity. Offered as ARTH 383, WGST 383 and ARTH 483. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.
ARTH 484. American Art and Architecture in the Age of Washington and Jefferson. 3 Units.
In the 18th century, Americans created not only a political revolution but an artistic and creative one as well. In the 17th century, most Americans were subsistence farmers and most of their products, manufactures, and buildings were relatively crude. In the 18th century, Americans not only established a new and lasting form of government, but for the first time produced paintings, buildings, furniture and silver that rivaled the finest productions of Europe. Notably, many of the leaders of the American Revolution, such as Paul Revere, George Washington, and Thomas Jefferson, also made significant contributions to the arts. Offered as ARTH 384 and ARTH 484.

ARTH 485. American Avant-Garde: 1900 - 1925. 3 Units.
An examination of the development of avant-garde styles in New York during the early twentieth century. In-depth discussion of the Photo-secession, Stieglitz's "291" gallery, the Armory Show, Marcel Duchamp's move to America, and the formation and demise of the New York Dada movement. Offered as ARTH 385 and ARTH 485.

ARTH 486. Issues in American Art. 3 Units.
Various topics in American art. Each offering will focus on a specific topic within American art. Lectures, discussions, and report. The course will entail regular oral classroom reports and short writing assignments as well as a final paper. Producing an intellectually significant final paper is the major goal of the class. Graduate students are expected to produce a final paper of greater length than Undergraduates and that shows evidence of original scholarship. Offered as ARTH 386 and ARTH 486.

ARTH 489. M.A. Qualifying Paper. 3 Units.
Individual research and intensive study of a specific topic in art history that culminates in a written M.A. Qualifying Paper. Prereq: To be taken only after completion of 18 credit hours of graduate Art History coursework.

ARTH 490A. Visual Arts and Museums I. 3 Units.
This course examines the idea of the art museum in both its historical and contemporary manifestations, focusing on the context of Western Europe and the United States. As a result of this course, students should be familiar with the following topics: the historic development of the museum, from its origins in collecting practices to its modern incarnation as an institution; the development and care of a collection, including acquisition, cataloguing, and conservation; the display and housing of a collection, including internal and external museum architecture; the study and interpretation of the collection/exhibition, considering diverse publics; the governance of the institution, including project management, finance, and administration. Through the study of these topics, the student should be familiar with the following concepts: the museum as a place for learning, research and scholarship and the museum as steward of cultural property and the attendant issues of ethics and the law. ARTH 490B concentrates on the museum as an institution, including physical aspects, management and governance, and as a site of learning. The inter-connections between these broad fields and individual departments will be demonstrated and reinforced throughout the semester. Students who successfully complete ARTH 490A and ARTH 490B may be considered for admission into ARTH 491A, a supervised internship in an art museum or gallery situation.

ARTH 491A. Visual Arts and Museums: Internship. 1 Unit.
Recommended preparation: ARTH 490.

ARTH 491B. Visual Arts and Museums: Internship. 3 Units.
Second semester of Internship sequence. This internship focuses on the implementation of a comprehensive project that would serve a function similar to the requirement of a qualifying paper for the completion of a master's degree in art history. It is recommended that students undertake this internship in the same division in which their first internship was situated although students may find opportunities to parlay the skills acquired in the first internship to successful advanced work in another division. The key distinction here is that the work in ARTH 491B should build upon the expertise developed in ARTH 491 and represent a significant advance in responsibilities and skills. By week 10 of ARTH 491, students should begin to identify a potential project for ARTH 491B. By the first week of the semester in which ARTH 491B is to be completed, the student must file an internship agreement form with the department that includes a brief description of the project to be completed, including a summary of the project and major milestones/ time line. In addition to working under the direct supervision of a museum mentor, the student must obtain a faculty mentor for the project and this information should be included in the internship agreement form. Students must file a mid-term and final report describing their duties and responsibilities and a self-assessment of their performance and a final portfolio with a final version of their project as well as examples of drafts and feedback received in the course of completing the project. Students must also keep a journal that tracks their milestones in completing their projects. The faculty supervisor will solicit a letter of assessment from the internship supervisor immediately upon the close of the internship and in sufficient time for final grades. Recommended preparation: ARTH 490, ARTH 491A.

ARTH 492. Issues in 20th/21st Century Art. 3 Units.
Various topics in 20th/21st century art, with class lectures, discussions, and reports. Offered as ARTH 392 and ARTH 492.

ARTH 493. Contemporary Art: Critical Directions. 3 Units.
An examination of the directions taken by avant-garde American art and criticism in the aftermath of Abstract Expressionism. Includes the rise and fall of modernism in the 1960s and '70s, as well as an investigation of Post-modern trends and theories. Offered as ARTH 393 and ARTH 493.
ARTH 494A. Directed Readings in Non-Western Art. 1 - 3 Unit.
Directed reading.

ARTH 494B. Ancient Art. 1 - 3 Unit.
ARTH 494C. Medieval Art. 1 - 3 Unit.
ARTH 494D. Renaissance and Baroque Art. 1 - 3 Unit.
ARTH 494E. American Art. 1 - 3 Unit.
ARTH 494F. Modern Art. 1 - 3 Unit.

ARTH 495. Methodologies of Art History. 3 Units.
The study of art history as a discipline in its practical and theoretical aspects. Consideration given to research methods, style and historical context, and a critical examination of selected major art historical texts with a view to understanding traditional as well as recent approaches. Special attention is given to art historical writing, employing selected original works in the Cleveland Museum of Art. Required of first-year graduate students in the Ph.D. and Master's programs.

ARTH 496. Materials, Methods, and Physical Examination of Works of Art. 3 Units.
This foundational course will introduce students to the examination methods, terminology and goals of art conservation as it supports art historical research and practice. Students will learn about the various materials that make up different kinds of works of art, how these materials have been used, and what can be learned by the physical examination of works of art. Emphasis will be placed on understanding the uses of and results obtained with imaging techniques (such as X-radiography, infrared reflectography) and on what can be learned through the trained use of the human eye alone. While art from the western tradition, particularly from the 14th through the 21st centuries will be emphasized in class examples, comparisons will be made to objects from other global cultures. The growing field of technical art history, where the results of physical examination are used to illuminate art historical issues such as how workshops functioned, will be considered as well. Each student will research one work of art in the Cleveland Museum of Art or other local collections to understand the physical history and current condition of that object. The goal will be for students to gain an informed understanding of how to evaluate the condition of a work of art, of what options are available for conservation treatment, and of what art-historical information can be obtained through physical examination.

ARTH 512. Seminar in Ancient Art. 3 Units.
ARTH 518B. Seminar in Asian Art. 3 Units.

ARTH 545B. Seminar in Medieval Art. 3 Units.
ARTH 551. Seminar in Renaissance Art. 3 Units.

ARTH 552. Seminar in Baroque Art. 3 Units.
ARTH 565. Seminar in American Art. 3 Units.
ARTH 570. Seminar: 19th Century Art. 3 Units.
ARTH 575. Critical Theory Seminar. 3 Units.
In-depth study of controversial revisionist writings which demonstrate the strong impact of structuralist, poststructuralist, semiotic, Marxist, psychoanalytic, film, and gender theories on recent art historical discourse. Discussion of a wide range of current theoretical positions applied to visual and critical analysis of 19th and 20th century art works. Recommended preparation: ARTH 495.

ARTH 576. Seminar in Modern Art. 3 Units.

ARTH 590. History and Practice of Connoisseurship. 3 Units.
In this seminar we will consider the history, historiography, and practice of connoisseurship. In western cultures connoisseurship, the practice of attributing works of art to specific artists, regions, and time periods and assessing their quality, can be traced back to classical antiquity. It was practiced with renewed vigor in Europe from the sixteenth century onward and in the nineteenth century was a foundational methodology for the academic discipline of art history. While it came under criticism in the twentieth century as a method too closely aligned with the art market, connoisseurship continues to be practiced today, especially in museums and auction houses, as a vital and necessary methodological approach. In recent decades art historians have also begun to reevaluate the history, practices and historiographic importance of this methodology. Class discussions of the scholarly literature of connoisseurship and case studies of its practice will alternate with sessions held in the Cleveland Museum of Art to examine objects from the permanent collections. The museum sessions, led by curators and conservators, will also emphasize the role that physical condition plays in making connoisseurship assessments. Specific topics will be designated each time the course is offered. Prereq: ARTH 495.

ARTH 601. Research in Art History. 1 - 18 Unit.
(Credit as arranged.)

ARTH 610A. Advanced Visual Arts and Museums: Internship I. 3 Units.
First semester of the internship sequence. The intern will work under the supervision of a museum professional to plan and execute a specific project. The student must also obtain a faculty mentor for the project. An internship agreement form must be filed with the department by the end of the first week of classes that includes a brief description of the project. If it is a project to be completed in one semester, a time line should be included as well. The intern must file a mid-term and final report describing their duties and responsibilities and a self-assessment of their performance. A portfolio kept in the department will include the final version of their project as it stands at the end of the semester, as well as examples of drafts and any evaluation received in the course of completing the project. The intern must also keep a journal that tracks their milestones in the execution of their project. The faculty supervisor will solicit a letter of assessment from the museum supervisor immediately upon the close of the internship and in sufficient time to assign a final grade.

ARTH 610B. Advanced Visual Arts and Museums Internship II. 3 Units.
Second semester of the internship sequence. The intern will either continue with the execution of the project begun in the first semester (ARTH 610A) or, when appropriate, undertake a new project. The intern will work under the supervision of a museum professional, and must obtain a faculty mentor for the project. An internship agreement form must be filed with the department by the end of the first week of classes that includes a brief description of the project. A time line should be included as well. The intern must file a mid-term and final report describing their duties and responsibilities and a self-assessment of their performance. A portfolio kept in the department will include the final version of their project as it stands at the end of the semester, as well as examples of drafts and any evaluation received in the course of completing the project. The intern must also keep a journal that tracks their milestones in the execution of their project. The faculty supervisor will solicit a letter of assessment from the museum supervisor immediately upon the close of the internship and in sufficient time to assign a final grade. Prereq: ARTH 610A.
ARTH 701. Dissertation Ph.D.. 1 - 18 Unit.  
(Credit as arranged.) Prereq: Predoctoral research consent or advanced to Ph.D. candidacy milestone.  

ARTS Courses  

ARTS 101. Design and Color I. 3 Units.  
Organizational and structural projects as a basis for the development of style. Studies in line, texture, shape, space, value, color, and two dimensional composition through studio problems, art studio media and techniques.  

ARTS 106. Creative Drawing I. 3 Units.  
Development of graphic fluency in black and white through direct observation of nature and the model. Drawing as a means of enlarging visual sensitivity using a wide range of media and subject matter. Work from nude model.  

ARTS 201. Design and Color II. 3 Units.  

ARTS 206. Creative Drawing II. 3 Units.  
Continuation of ARTS 106. Advanced work in graphic representation. Development of visual acuity and a personal drawing style while working in color. Work from nude model. Prereq: ARTS 106.  

ARTS 210. Enameling and Jewelry I. 3 Units.  
Techniques in the application of vitreous enamel on copper and of constructed metal jewelry. Technical skill and suitability of design as applied to the medium.  

ARTS 212. Weaving, Fibers, and Textiles I. 3 Units.  

ARTS 214. Ceramics I. 3 Units.  
The techniques of hand building in pinch, coil and slab methods. Development of sensitivity to design and form. Basic work in stoneware, earthenware, and glazing.  

ARTS 216. Painting I. 3 Units.  
The creative, conceptual, visual, and technical aspects of painting. Style ranging from naturalism to abstraction. Work in acrylic and mixed media.  

ARTS 220. Photography Studio I. 3 Units.  
Camera, film, and darkroom techniques. Development of basic black and white perceptual and photographic skills. Darkroom and photographic field and lab work. 35mm camera required.  

ARTS 295. Introduction to Art Education. 3 Units.  
General history and theories of art education. Development of personal philosophy as basis for teaching art. Topics in professional standards, creativity, aesthetic theory, and art criticism. (Clinical/field experience required.)  

ARTS 300. Current Issues in Art Education. 3 Units.  
Contemporary issues in Art Education; understanding art goals and standards of National Art Education Association and the Ohio State Department of Education for teachers, students and administrators. Special topics: art and technology, multiculturalism, special populations and classroom management. Offered as ARTS 300 and ARTS 400. Prereq: ARTS 295.  

ARTS 302. Architecture and City Design I. 3 Units.  
The social spatial, and aesthetic elements in architecture; the components of the building: the window, door, roof, enclosing walls, and character of interior and exterior space. Projects related to small, intimate scale and residential structures. Lectures, field trips, studio experiences. Recommended ARTS 101 or ARTS 106 courses prior to enrollment. Offered as ARTS 302 or ARTS 402.  

ARTS 303. Architecture and City Design II. 3 Units.  
The social, spatial, and aesthetic elements of the urban setting of architecture, the organizational components of the city, the path, the node, the edge, and the grid. Projects related to large-scale and public buildings and their relationship to the encompassing visual world. Lectures, field trips, studio experiences. Recommended ARTS 101 or ARTS 106 courses prior to enrollment. Offered as ARTS 303 or ARTS 403.  

ARTS 304. Architecture and City Design III. 3 Units.  
A study of historic precedents and the social implications of modern and contemporary architecture including analysis and form interpretation as it relates to building and materials technologies. Practical application and synthesis of architectural knowledge through site visits and research of local and regional architecture. Discussions of historic and contemporary architects, engineers and significant architecture and engineering firms. Prereq: ARTS 302 and ARTS 303.  

ARTS 305. Study Abroad Paris Architecture: Design & Culture. 3 Units.  
Problem Solving is at the very core of Design, and no city has been more inventive when it comes to Problem Solving than Paris. In the mid-nineteenth century when women were not allowed to go into restaurants unaccompanied by men, Paris introduced outdoor cafes; in the seventeenth century when building heights were limited by the lower edge of roof tiles, Mansart introduced a roof with a steep pitch allowing extra height with living space behind the roof tiles; in the Middle Ages when balconies were banned because they extended beyond the building footprint, French doors opened into apartments creating windows that simulated balconies. This 4-week intensive Paris summer course immerses students into a culture that solves architectural problems through a sophisticated appreciation for design, aesthetics and conceptualization. The program introduces students to critical inquiry through the shared principles and theories of Art, Architecture and Design, as experienced in the city of Paris. Using Paris as our classroom, students will visit well-known sites, museums and monuments as well as hidden gems as they explore this major world cultural center. While no art or drawing skills are required, participants at every level will learn how to improve their visual skills through sketching, observation studies and analyses. Each week students will complete a design project; each will explore a unique aspect of French culture. The course offers Global and Cultural Diversity credit and is open to undergraduate students and graduate students. There is no language requirement for this course. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.  

ARTS 310. Enameling and Jewelry II. 3 Units.  

ARTS 312. Weaving, Fibers, and Textiles II. 3 Units.  
Continuation of ARTS 212. Exploration of a selected area of textiles in surface design or constructed textiles. Development of a personal aesthetic through design and execution of a series of projects. Prereq: ARTS 212.
ARTS 314. Ceramics II. 3 Units.

ARTS 316. Painting II. 3 Units.
The creative, conceptual, visual and technical aspects of painting. Styles ranging from expressionism, cubism, surrealism and abstraction. Work in acrylic and mixed media leading to the development of personal painting style. Prereq: ARTS 216.

ARTS 320. Photography Studio II. 3 Units.
Continuation of ARTS 220. Advanced theory and black and white techniques. Development of personal aesthetic encouraged. Field work. 35mm camera required. Prereq: ARTS 220.

ARTS 322. Digital Photography I. 3 Units.

ARTS 325. Creative Photography. 3 Units.
Creative photography through photographing and responding to photographs. The question of self-expression and photographic medium explored in the pursuit of understanding images. Prereq: ARTS 220 and ARTS 320 or ARTS 322.

ARTS 350. Multimedia I. 3 Units.
Fundamental concepts and skills for using technology to design, create, express, and present. This project-oriented class will develop knowledge and competencies related to digital imaging, animation, video, multimedia, production and presentation. Offered as ARTS 350 and ARTS 450. Prereq: One from ARTS 101, ARTS 106, ARTS 216, or ARTS 220 or permission of the Director of Art Education.

ARTS 365A. Painting. 3 Units.
Advanced painting projects determined in consultation with instructor. Prereq: ARTS 216 and ARTS 316.

ARTS 365B. Design and Color. 3 Units.
Advanced design projects determined in consultation with instructor. Prereq: ARTS 101 and ARTS 201.

ARTS 365C. Enameling and Jewelry. 3 Units.
Advanced enameling and jewelry projects determined in consultation with instructor. Prereq: ARTS 210 and ARTS 310.

ARTS 365D. B&W Photography Studio. 3 Units.
Advanced black and white projects determined in consultation with instructor. Prereq: ARTS 220 and ARTS 320.

ARTS 365E. Color Studio. 3 Units.
Advanced digital color studio projects determined in consultation with instructor. Prereq: ARTS 220 and ARTS 322.

ARTS 365G. Ceramics. 3 Units.
Advanced ceramics projects determined in consultation with instructor. Prereq: ARTS 214 and ARTS 314.

ARTS 365H. Weaving, Fibers, and Textiles. 3 Units.
Advance textile projects determined in consultation with instructor. Prereq: ARTS 212 and ARTS 312.

ARTS 366A. Student Teaching in Art: Pre-K - 6th Grade. 4 Units.

ARTS 366B. Student Teaching in Art: 7th - 12th Grade. 4 Units.

ARTS 385. Clinical/Field Based Experience I. 1 Unit.
Art education students observe and assist art teachers in classes in a variety of public and private educational environments such as local schools, Cleveland Museum of Art. Students study, identify, and analyze differences in art curriculum taught at the various art programs that they observe. Written reports using departmental observation guidelines are required. Prereq: ARTS 295.

ARTS 386. Clinical/Field Based Experience II. 1 Unit.
Art education students become sensitized to serving needs of “special” populations. Observation of educational strategies for teaching learning disabled and/or physically disabled students. Written reports using departmental observation guidelines required. Prereq: ARTS 295.

ARTS 387. Clinical/Field Based Experience III. 1 Unit.
Art education students observe and assist in art programs for artistically gifted students working in specialized art areas (drawing, painting, sculpture, printmaking, art history). Written reports using departmental observation guidelines are required. Prereq: ARTS 295.

ARTS 393. Art Content, Pedagogy, Methodology, and Assessment. 3 Units.
Growth and development of image making from Pre-K through young adult. Principles and practices of art instruction in grades Pre-K through 12th grade. Issues in art education. Curriculum construction, implementation and assessment of art lessons that address content areas of art production, art history, art appreciation, and art criticism. Clinical field experiences required. Offered as ARTS 393 and ARTS 493. Prereq: ARTS 295.

ARTS 395. Introduction to Multimedia Technology. 3 Units.
Fundamental concepts and skills for using technology in art, electronic portfolio development, and teaching and learning. This project-oriented class will develop knowledge and competencies related to digital imaging and video, multimedia production and presentation, the Internet, information processing, computer systems and management as they relate to art education. Offered as ARTS 395 and ARTS 495. Prereq: ARTS 101 and ARTS 201 or ARTS 220 and ARTS 320.

ARTS 399. Independent Study in Art Studio. 1 - 3 Unit.
Independent Study in Art Studio; by permit of Director only.

ARTS 400. Current Issues in Art Education. 3 Units.
Contemporary issues in Art Education; understanding art goals and standards of National Art Education Association and the Ohio State Department of Education for teachers, students and administrators. Special topics: art and technology, multiculturalism, special populations and classroom management. Offered as ARTS 300 and ARTS 400.
ARTS 402. Architecture and City Design I. 3 Units.
The social spatial, and aesthetic elements in architecture; the components of the building: the window, door, roof, enclosing walls, and character of interior and exterior space. Projects related to small, intimate scale and residential structures. Lectures, field trips, studio experiences. Offered as ARTS 302 or ARTS 402.

ARTS 403. Architecture and City Design II. 3 Units.
The social, spatial, and aesthetic elements of the urban setting of architecture, the organizational components of the city, the path, the node, the edge, and the grid. Projects related to large-scale and public buildings and their relationship to the encompassing visual world. Lectures, field trips, studio experiences. Recommended ARTS 101 or ARTS 106 courses prior to enrollment. Offered as ARTS 303 or ARTS 403.

ARTS 450. Multimedia I. 3 Units.
Fundamental concepts and skills for using technology to design, create, express, and present. This project-oriented class will develop knowledge and competencies related to digital imaging, animation, video, multimedia, production and presentation. Offered as ARTS 350 and ARTS 450.

ARTS 465. Seminar for Art Teachers. 4 Units.
For art education majors and teacher licensure candidates. Principles and practice in school art instruction grades Pre-K through 12th grade. Organization and management of the art program that incorporates writing sequential art curriculum that integrates art production, art history, appreciation, and criticism. Planning, development, and evaluation of teaching materials, lessons, and units. The seminar includes discussion of professional issues, ethics, art advocacy, and classroom management. Counts as SAGES Senior Capstone. Prereq: ARTS 295 or ARTS 402, and ARTS 393 or ARTS 493. Coreq: ARTS 366A and ARTS 366B or ARTS 466A and ARTS 466B.

ARTS 466A. Student Teaching in Art: Pre-K - 6th Grade. 4 Units.
Teaching art for early childhood, elementary, and middle school students in a school setting. Includes art curriculum development, implementation, and assessment. Professional standards and practices. Offered as ARTS 366A and ARTS 466A. Prereq: ARTS 385, ARTS 386, ARTS 387, ARTS 400, ARTS 493, and ARTS 602. Coreq: ARTS 465 and ARTS 466B.

ARTS 466B. Student Teaching in Art: 7th - 12th Grade. 4 Units.
Teaching adolescents and young adults art in a school setting. Includes art curriculum development, implementation, assessment and classroom management. Professional standards and practices. Offered as ARTS 366B and ARTS 466B. Prereq: ARTS 385, ARTS 386, ARTS 387, ARTS 400, ARTS 493, and ARTS 602. Coreq: ARTS 465 and ARTS 466A.

ARTS 493. Art Content, Pedagogy, Methodology, and Assessment. 3 Units.
Growth and development of image making from Pre-K through young adult. Principles and practices of art instruction in grades Pre-K through 12th grade. Issues in art education. Curriculum construction, implementation and assessment of art lessons that address content areas of art production, art history, art appreciation, and art criticism. Clinical field experiences required. Offered as ARTS 393 and ARTS 493. Prereq: ARTS 602.

ARTS 495. Introduction to Multimedia Technology. 3 Units.
Fundamental concepts and skills for using technology in art, electronic portfolio development, and teaching and learning. This project-oriented class will develop knowledge and competencies related to digital imaging and video, multimedia production and presentation, the Internet, information processing, computer systems and management as they relate to art education. Offered as ARTS 395 and ARTS 495.

ARTS 497. Summer Workshop in Art Education. 3 Units.
A current art education issue is covered in depth.

ARTS 602. Study in Art Education. 3 Units.
General history and theories of art education. Development of personal philosophy as basis for teaching art. Topics in professional standards, creativity, aesthetic theory, and art criticism. Students produce an art education research paper. Clinical/Field experiences are required.

ARTS 605. Final Creative Thesis. 1 - 3 Unit.
Students receive individual guidance for an approved self-designed creative project from program faculty members. A public exhibition or presentation is required. By permit only.

Department of Astronomy

The Department of Astronomy offers two undergraduate degrees, a Bachelor of Science and a Bachelor of Arts. The primary difference between them is that the BA degree allows somewhat more flexibility in choice of courses. The department offers a minor in astronomy as well.

The curriculum emphasizes a broad and substantial education in astronomy, physics and mathematics. A faculty actively engaged in research provides first-rate instruction and opportunities for undergraduate involvement in research.

A bachelor's degree in astronomy can prepare students for graduate study in astronomy (about 50% of our graduates take this path), but those who seek employment in other fields can fill the same jobs as physics and computer science majors.

The department offers a graduate program leading to the degree of Doctor of Philosophy in astronomy. Current research provides opportunities in observational and theoretical studies of galaxy formation and evolution, galaxy cluster evolution, astronomical instrumentation, and cosmology.

Facilities

The Department of Astronomy operates the Kitt Peak Station of the Warner and Swasey Observatory near Tucson, Arizona, home of the Burrell Schmidt telescope. This telescope is used for surveys and ultra-deep imaging with a large format CCD. The department is also a member of the Sloan Digital Sky Survey, which operates a 2.5m telescope with multi-object spectrographs and wide-field imager at Apache Point, New Mexico. The third incarnation of this survey includes a Baryon Oscillation survey of the large-scale structure of the universe and a spectroscopic survey of the Milky Way galaxy. A 9.5-inch refractor permanently mounted on the roof of the A. W. Smith Building is available for use by students. The department also houses a research and instruction computer laboratory and has access to the university's high-performance computing cluster.

BS Astronomy (p. 191) I BA Astronomy (p. 192) I Minor (p. 193)
**Bachelor of Science in Astronomy**

The Bachelor of Science in astronomy requires 122 credit hours, including 20 hours in astronomy, 43 hours in physics, 14 hours in math, and 12 hours in technical electives.

**Major courses**

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
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<td>Galaxies and Cosmology</td>
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<td>ASTR 306</td>
<td>Astronomical Techniques</td>
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<td>ASTR 309</td>
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<td>ASTR 311</td>
<td>Stellar Physics</td>
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<td>ASTR 323</td>
<td>The Local Universe</td>
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<td>Cosmology and the Structure of the Universe</td>
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**Additional required courses**

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<td>PHYS 121</td>
<td>General Physics I - Mechanics</td>
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<td>or PHYS 123</td>
<td>Physical Frontiers - Mechanics</td>
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<td>PHYS 122</td>
<td>General Physics II - Electricity and Magnetism</td>
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<td>PHYS 203</td>
<td>Analog and Digital Electronics</td>
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<td>Thermodynamics and Statistical Mechanics</td>
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<td>PHYS 326</td>
<td>Physical Optics</td>
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<tr>
<td>PHYS 331</td>
<td>Introduction to Quantum Mechanics I</td>
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**Approved technical electives** (these can be from astronomy, chemistry, mathematics, statistics, physics, or earth, environmental, and planetary sciences; check with advisor for complete list)

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<tr>
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<td>PHYS 316</td>
<td>Introduction to Nuclear and Particle Physics</td>
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<td>PHYS 349</td>
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<td>PHYS 350</td>
<td>Methods of Mathematical Physics II</td>
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**Total Units**

6 Six hours of mathematics and natural science (physics) are double counted towards the SAGES breadth requirements, and one required math course is double counted towards the SAGES Quantitative Reasoning requirement.

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**Sample Plan of Study: Bachelor of Science in Astronomy**

**First Year**

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>Fall</th>
<th>Units</th>
<th>Spring</th>
<th>Units</th>
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<td>Social Science I</td>
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<td>General Physics II - Electricity and Magnetism (PHYS 324)</td>
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<td>or Differential Equations (MATH 228)</td>
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<td>Arts &amp; Humanities I</td>
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**Second Year**

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<th>Spring</th>
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<td>Stars and Planets (ASTR 221)</td>
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<td>Calculus for Science and Engineering III (MATH 223)</td>
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<td>Advanced Instrumentation Laboratory (PHYS 204)</td>
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**Third Year**

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<td>Cosmology and the Structure of the Universe (ASTR 328)</td>
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<td>Year Total:</td>
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</table>
## Bachelor of Arts in Astronomy

The Bachelor of Arts in astronomy requires 120 credit hours, including 17 hours in astronomy, 29 hours in physics, 14 hours in math, and 6 hours in technical electives.

### Major Courses

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Title</th>
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<td>ASTR 221</td>
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### Additional required courses

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<td>or MATH 227</td>
<td>Calculus III</td>
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### Suggested, but not required for the major

- Calculus for Science and Engineering I (MATH 121) 4
- General Physics I - Mechanics (PHYS 121) 4
- SAGES First Seminar 4
- PHED (2 half semester courses) 0
- Social Science I 3
- Calculus for Science and Engineering II (MATH 122) 4
- General Physics II - Electricity and Magnetism (PHYS 122) 4
- Elementary Computer Programming (ENGR 131) 3
- PHED (2 half semester courses) 0
- Doing Astronomy (ASTR 151) 1
- Social Science II 3
- Year Total: 15 15

### Sample Plan of Study: Bachelor of Arts in Astronomy

#### First Year

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<tr>
<th>Units</th>
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### Second Year

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**Note:** Six hours of mathematics and natural science (physics) are double counted towards the SAGES breadth requirements, and one required math course is double counted towards the SAGES Quantitative Reasoning requirement.
### Third Year

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<th>Units</th>
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<td>3</td>
<td>Technical Elective</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
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### Fourth Year

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Units</th>
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<th>Spring</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Astronomical Techniques (ASTR 306)(^a)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Astrophysics Seminar I (ASTR 309)</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Introduction to Quantum Mechanics I (PHYS 331)</td>
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<tr>
<td>1 - 3</td>
<td>Astronomy Capstone Project (ASTR 351)(^b)</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Global and Cultural Diversity</td>
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<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Astrophysics Seminar II (ASTR 310)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 - 3</td>
<td>Astronomy Capstone Project (ASTR 351)</td>
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</tr>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17</td>
<td>Total Units in Sequence:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

\(a\) 300-level astronomy courses: three of the following four are required: ASTR 306, ASTR 311, ASTR 323, ASTR 328.

\(b\) A SAGES Capstone Experience is required of all students. The BA in astronomy does not require the astronomy capstone but only that a capstone be taken. The number of hours shown assumes the astronomy capstone with 1 hour in the senior fall semester and 3 hours in the senior spring semester. If another capstone is taken, the number of hours may be different.

* Suggested, but not required for the major.

---

### Minor in Astronomy

The requirements for the minor in astronomy are as follows:

One of the following:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Units</th>
<th>PHYS 115 Introductory Physics I</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>PHYS 121 General Physics I - Mechanics</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>PHYS 123 Physics and Frontiers I - Mechanics</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

One of the following:

| Units | PHYS 116 Introductory Physics II |

---

### Graduate Program

The PhD degree in astronomy is granted to those students who have shown an extensive knowledge of advanced astronomy and the ability to do original research. The student is required to pass a general qualifying examination in astronomy, usually taken at the end of the second year. The student must then prepare a dissertation based on the results of independent research. A PhD candidate must also satisfy the general requirements of the School of Graduate Studies.

Full-time graduate students who maintain satisfactory academic performance while pursuing the PhD degree in astronomy normally receive a stipend for teaching and/or research, which includes full tuition and a monthly amount sufficient to cover living expenses.

### Department Faculty

- **J. Christopher Mihos, PhD**
  
  (University of Michigan)
  
  Professor and Chair; Director of the Warner and Swasey Observatory
  
  Galaxy evolution; interacting and merging galaxies; galaxy clusters; computational and observational astronomy

- **R. Earle Luck, PhD**
  
  (University of Texas, Austin)
  
  Worcester R. and Cornelia B. Warner Professor of Astronomy
  
  Stellar and galactic chemical evolution; stellar spectrophotometry

- **Stacy S. McGaugh, PhD**
  
  (University of Michigan)
  
  Professor
  
  Galaxy formation via observational studies of the Milky Way and nearby galaxies; dark matter

- **Heather L. Morrison, PhD**
  
  (Australian National University)
  
  Professor
  
  Galaxy formation and evolution, low surface brightness galaxies, cosmology, dark matter, and gravity

- **Idit Zehavi, PhD**
  
  (Racah Institute of Physics, Hebrew University of Jerusalem)
  
  Associate Professor
  
  Cosmology and the large-scale structure of the universe; galaxy biasing; galaxy formation and evolution; structure formation; clustering of galaxies; cosmic flows.
Secondary Faculty

John Ruhl, PhD
(Princeton University)
Professor, Department of Physics
Experimental astrophysics and cosmology

Glenn D. Starkman, PhD
(Stanford University)
Professor, Department of Physics
Theoretical cosmology; particle physics; astrophysics

Adjunct Faculty

Jeffery R. Kriessler, PhD
(Michigan State University)
Adjunct Assistant Professor
Substructure in galaxy clusters

Courses

ASTR 151. Doing Astronomy. 1 Unit.
This course is intended to introduce students to how astronomy is done. The course will focus on the astronomical research process, the scientific community, and on career paths in astronomy. Course activities will include readings and class discussions focusing on various topics in modern astronomy, including ongoing research activity in the department. This course is largely intended for first- and second-year students considering majoring or minoring in astronomy, or pursuing a career in astronomy. Prereq: First- or second-year academic standing.

ASTR 201. The Sun and its Planets. 3 Units.
An overview of the solar system; the planets and other objects that orbit about the Sun and the Sun itself as the dominant mass and the most important source of energy in the solar system. Concepts and the development of our knowledge will be emphasized. Not available for credit to astronomy majors.

ASTR 202. Stars, Galaxies, and the Universe. 3 Units.
Stellar structure, energy sources, and evolution, including red giants, white dwarfs, supernovae, pulsars, and black holes. Stellar populations in the Milky Way and external galaxies. The universe and its evolution. Not available for credit to astronomy majors.

ASTR 204. Einstein's Universe. 3 Units.
This course is intended to introduce the non-scientist to the concepts of modern cosmology—the structure and evolution of the universe. No mathematical background beyond simple algebra is needed.

ASTR 206. Life in the Universe. 3 Units.
This course is intended to introduce the non-scientist to the field of astrobiology - the interdisciplinary study of, and the search for, extraterrestrial life and the conditions for extraterrestrial life in the Universe. We will explore questions such as: How did life begin on Earth? What conditions are necessary for life to survive? What conditions are required for the long-term habitability of the Earth? Can life exist elsewhere in our Galaxy? Students may receive credit for ASTR 206 or USNA 217 (Astrobiology), but not for both.

ASTR 221. Stars and Planets. 3 Units.

ASTR 222. Galaxies and Cosmology. 3 Units.

ASTR 306. Astronomical Techniques. 3 Units.
This course covers the techniques astronomers use to conduct research, including observations using ground- and space-based telescopes, computer simulations and other numerical methods, and statistical data mining of large on-line astronomical datasets. Offered as ASTR 306 and ASTR 406. Counts as SAGES Departmental Seminar. Prereq: ASTR 222.

ASTR 309. Astrophysics Seminar I. 1 Unit.
Selected topics in astronomy not covered ordinarily in courses. Presentation of talks by the students.

ASTR 310. Astrophysics Seminar II. 1 Unit.
Selected topics in astronomy not covered ordinarily in courses. Presentation of talks by students.

ASTR 311. Stellar Physics. 3 Units.
Radiative transfer, atomic and molecular opacities, and the observable properties of stars. Stellar interiors, nuclear processes, and energy generation. The evolution of stars of varying mass and production of the elements within supernovae explosions. Offered as ASTR 311 and ASTR 411. Prereq: ASTR 222.

ASTR 323. The Local Universe. 3 Units.

ASTR 328. Cosmology and the Structure of the Universe. 3 Units.

ASTR 351. Astronomy Capstone Project. 1 - 3 Unit.
A two semester course (1 hour in the Fall Semester and either 2 or 3 hours in the Spring Semester) for students desiring a Capstone Experience in astronomy. Students pursue a project based on experimental, theoretical or teaching research under the supervision of an astronomy faculty member. A departmental Capstone Project Committee must approve all project proposals (by the end of the Fall Semester) and this same committee will receive regular oral and written progress reports. Final results are presented at the end of the semester as a paper in a style suitable for publication in a professional journal as well as an oral report in a public symposium. Counts as SAGES Senior Capstone. Prereq: ASTR 222.

ASTR 369. Undergraduate Research. 1 - 3 Unit.
Supervised research on topics of interest. Can be used as a thesis course if desired. Students may register for more or less than for a maximum of 9 credits overall (1-3 credits each semester).

ASTR 396. Special Topics in Astronomy. 1 - 3 Unit.
Open to astronomy majors only.

ASTR 406. Astronomical Techniques. 3 Units.
This course covers the techniques astronomers use to conduct research, including observations using ground- and space-based telescopes, computer simulations and other numerical methods, and statistical data mining of large on-line astronomical datasets. Offered as ASTR 306 and ASTR 406. Counts as SAGES Departmental Seminar.
Astronomy and Physics. The department offers programs leading to the BA and BS degrees. Bachelor of Arts in Biology

The mission of the Department of Biology at Case Western Reserve University is to promote research programs of national and international prominence and to provide strong undergraduate and graduate educational programs that emphasize integrative approaches to biological problems. In doing so, our programs support preparation and professional development for careers related to the biological and health sciences.

The department offers courses leading to the degrees of Bachelor of Science, Bachelor of Science in Systems Biology, Bachelor of Arts, Master of Science, and Doctor of Philosophy. Cooperative programs between the Department of Biology and the Case Western Reserve University School of Medicine, the Cleveland Museum of Natural History, the Cleveland Botanical Garden, the Cleveland Metroparks Zoo, the Holden Arboretum, the Cleveland Institute of Art, and other departments in Case Western Reserve University significantly extend the range of resources available to biology students. Undergraduate students are encouraged to conduct individual supervised research projects with biology faculty and with faculty in cooperating departments. A supervised research project is required of all students in the BS biology program.

The undergraduate programs in biology provide excellent preparation for graduate or professional schools, including medical, dental, and veterinary schools and the many specialized graduate programs in the biological sciences. A biology degree also prepares students for careers in industry and government. For students interested in biotechnology—a field with growing career opportunities—the department offers elective sequences within the BA and BS degrees.

In addition to formal courses for credit, the department offers weekly seminars during the academic year, presenting recent advances in biology. These seminars are held every Thursday at 4:15 p.m. and are open to the university community.

BA Biology (p. 195) | BS Biology (p. 198) | Teacher Licensure (p. 197) | BS Systems Biology (p. 200) | Minors (p. 202)

Undergraduate Programs

Majors

Major programs share a core of foundation courses and provide options for specialization in a variety of areas, including biotechnology and genetic engineering, molecular and cellular biology, genetics, immunology, chemical biology, physiology and biophysics, neurobiology and animal behavior, developmental biology, population biology, ecology, and environmental science. Theoretical, mathematical, and computational approaches to these fields are emphasized in the Systems Biology BS program. Individual research projects form a significant part of the curriculum for many undergraduates in all programs, and are specifically required for students in the Biology BS program. Advanced biology majors may register, with permission, for graduate-level courses in the department and in the School of Medicine.

The department offers programs leading to the BA and BS degrees. Thirty hours of biology are required for the Biology BA, 39 hours for the Biology BS, and 30 hours for the Systems Biology BS. Ordinarily, all students begin their biology programs in the freshman year. All students must complete the SAGES seminar and General Education Requirements (GER) of the College of Arts and Sciences. While some BIOL courses serve as SAGES Departmental Seminars or SAGES Capstones, none of these are required courses for biology degree candidates, with the specific exception of BIOL 388S Undergraduate Research - SAGES Capstone for the Biology BS degree. A Biology BA student, for example, is free to take a non-BIOL SAGES Departmental Seminar or SAGES Capstone course, assuming that prerequisites are met (or waived by the instructor).

Bachelor of Arts in Biology

The Biology BA degree program provides a general background in biology, and has the most flexible scheduling of the three biology degrees offered. It is especially recommended for students who are preprofessional, have multiple majors, intend to do a junior year abroad or an internship program, or have significant extracurricular commitments (e.g., varsity athletics, student government, Greek life, or other campus involvement). Since the Biology BA degree does not formally require undergraduate research, students interested in graduate research careers should plan to take at least one semester of undergraduate research as an elective (BIOL 388 Undergraduate Research or BIOL 388S Undergraduate Research - SAGES Capstone) sometime during the senior year.

Biology core courses

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>BIOL 214</td>
<td>Genes, Evolution and Ecology</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BIOL 214L</td>
<td>Genes, Evolution and Ecology Lab</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BIOL 215</td>
<td>Cells and Proteins</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BIOL 215L</td>
<td>Cells and Proteins Laboratory</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BIOL 216</td>
<td>Development and Physiology</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BIOL 216L</td>
<td>Development and Physiology Lab</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

One genetics course

3
One course from any two of the following three subject areas (breadth requirement):

### Cell and molecular biology
- **BIOL 308**: Molecular Biology
- **BIOL 316**: Fundamental Immunology
- **BIOL 324**: Introduction to Stem Cell Biology
- **BIOL 325**: Cell Biology
- **BIOL 328**: Plant Genomics and Proteomics
- **BIOL 334**: Structural Biology
- **BIOL 342**: Parasitology
- **BIOL 343**: Microbiology
- **BIOL 365**: Evo-Devo: Evolution of Body Plans

### Organismal biology
- **BIOL 223**: Vertebrate Biology
- **BIOL 302**: Human Learning and the Brain
- **BIOL 318**: Introductory Entomology
- **BIOL 322**: Sensory Biology
- **BIOL 328**: Plant Genomics and Proteomics
- **BIOL 336**: Human Anatomy
- **BIOL 340**: Ichthyology
- **BIOL 346**: Human Physiology

### Population biology and ecology
- **BIOL 225**: Evolution
- **BIOL 307**: Evolutionary Biology of the Invertebrates
- **BIOL 336**: Aquatic Biology
- **BIOL 351**: Principles of Ecology
- **BIOL 358**: Animal Behavior
- **BIOL 364**: Research Methods in Evolutionary Biology
- **BIOL 368**: Topics in Evolutionary Biology
- **BIOL 374**: Neurobiology of Behavior
- **BIOL 385**: Seminar on Biological Processes in Learning and Cognition

### Organismal biology
- **BIOL 223**: Vertebrate Biology
- **BIOL 302**: Human Learning and the Brain
- **BIOL 318**: Introductory Entomology
- **BIOL 322**: Sensory Biology
- **BIOL 328**: Plant Genomics and Proteomics
- **BIOL 336**: Human Anatomy
- **BIOL 340**: Ichthyology
- **BIOL 346**: Human Physiology

### Mathematics core courses
- **MATH 125**: Math and Calculus Applications for Life, Managerial, and Social Sci I
- **or MATH 121**: Calculus for Science and Engineering I
- **MATH 126**: Math and Calculus Applications for Life, Managerial, and Social Sci II
- **or MATH 122**: Calculus for Science and Engineering II

### Chemistry core courses
- **CHEM 105**: Principles of Chemistry I
- **CHEM 106**: Principles of Chemistry II
- **CHEM 113**: Principles of Chemistry Laboratory
- **CHEM 223**: Introductory Organic Chemistry I
- **or CHEM 323**: Organic Chemistry I
- **CHEM 224**: Introductory Organic Chemistry II
- **or CHEM 324**: Organic Chemistry II
- **CHEM 233**: Introductory Organic Chemistry Laboratory I

### Physics core courses
- **PHYS 115**: Introductory Physics I
- **or PHYS 121**: General Physics I - Mechanics
- **PHYS 116**: Introductory Physics II
- **or PHYS 122**: General Physics II - Electricity and Magnetism

Total Units: 60-67

At least 15 hours of the selected electives and additional laboratory courses must be at the 300 level or higher.

### BA Biology, Suggested Sequence of Courses

#### First Year

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Units</th>
<th>Fall</th>
<th>Spring</th>
</tr>
</thead>
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<tr>
<td>Genes, Evolution and Ecology (BIOL 214)</td>
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<tr>
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<td>SAGES First Seminar</td>
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<td>PHED Physical Education</td>
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<tr>
<td>Math and Calculus Applications for Life, Managerial, and Social Sci I (MATH 125)</td>
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<tr>
<td>or Calculus for Science and Engineering I (MATH 121)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Principles of Chemistry I (CHEM 105)</td>
<td>3</td>
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<td>Principles of Chemistry Laboratory (CHEM 113)</td>
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<tr>
<td>SAGES University Seminar</td>
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<tr>
<td>Cells and Proteins (BIOL 215)</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cells and Proteins Laboratory (BIOL 215L)</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PHED Physical Education</td>
<td>0</td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Teacher Licensure

Students may become eligible for teacher licensure in the field of Life Sciences (Adolescents and Young Adults) by completing content area requirements as well as 34 semester hours in education courses (including student teaching) offered through CWRU. For more details, please contact James Bader (james.bader@case.edu), executive director of the Gelfand STEM Center.

### Subject Area Requirements

#### Biology core courses

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>BIOL 214</td>
<td>Genes, Evolution and Ecology</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>BIOL 214L</td>
<td>Genes, Evolution and Ecology Lab</td>
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<tr>
<td>BIOL 215</td>
<td>Cells and Proteins</td>
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<tr>
<td>BIOL 215L</td>
<td>Cells and Proteins Laboratory</td>
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<tr>
<td>BIOL 216</td>
<td>Development and Physiology</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BIOL 216L</td>
<td>Development and Physiology Lab</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CHEM 223</td>
<td>Introductory Organic Chemistry I</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CHEM 224</td>
<td>Introductory Organic Chemistry II</td>
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#### Mathematics core courses

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MATH 125</td>
<td>Math and Calculus Applications for Life, Managerial, and Social Sci I</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>MATH 126</td>
<td>Math and Calculus Applications for Life, Managerial, and Social Sci II</td>
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#### Chemistry core courses

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CHEM 105</td>
<td>Principles of Chemistry I</td>
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<tr>
<td>CHEM 106</td>
<td>Principles of Chemistry II</td>
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<td>Principles of Chemistry Laboratory</td>
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<td>CHEM 223</td>
<td>Introductory Organic Chemistry I</td>
<td>3</td>
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<td>CHEM 224</td>
<td>Introductory Organic Chemistry II</td>
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<td>CHEM 233</td>
<td>Introductory Organic Chemistry Laboratory I</td>
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#### Physics core courses

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<th>Course</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
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<tr>
<td>PHYS 115</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>PHYS 116</td>
<td>Introductory Physics II</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EEPS 101</td>
<td>The Earth and Planets</td>
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<td>EEPS 110</td>
<td>Physical Geology</td>
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<tr>
<td>EEPS 115</td>
<td>Introduction to Oceanography</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EEPS 117</td>
<td>Weather and Climate</td>
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</table>

#### One of the following genetics, cell and molecular biology, or microbiology courses

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>BIOL 308</td>
<td>Molecular Biology</td>
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<tr>
<td>BIOL 326</td>
<td>Genetics</td>
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<tr>
<td>BIOL 343</td>
<td>Microbiology</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BIOL 362</td>
<td>Principles of Developmental Biology</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BIOL 301</td>
<td>Biotechnology Laboratory: Genes and Genetic Engineering</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BIOL 344</td>
<td>Laboratory for Microbiology</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BIOL 362</td>
<td>Principles of Developmental Biology</td>
<td></td>
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</table>

#### One of the following behavior courses

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>BIOL 358</td>
<td>Animal Behavior</td>
<td>3-4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BIOL 373</td>
<td>Introduction to Neurobiology</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Bachelor of Science in Biology

The Biology BS degree program is intended to prepare students for work as traditional bench or field research scientists. In addition to a general background in biology (the same as provided by the Biology BA program), the Biology BS program requires two semesters of undergraduate research, plus additional courses in quantitative methods (computer programming, statistics, data analysis) and physical chemistry. The research may be done at the university or at any of its affiliated institutions, but the biology department does not formally place students into laboratories. Because of the extra course work and research requirements, the Biology BS program may present scheduling challenges to students who wish to pursue multiple majors, a junior year abroad or internship, or significant extracurricular activities. Early, careful planning in consultation with the major advisor is essential to stay on schedule.

Biology core courses

BIOL 214  Genes, Evolution and Ecology 3
BIOL 214L  Genes, Evolution and Ecology Lab 1
BIOL 215  Cells and Proteins 3
BIOL 215L  Cells and Proteins Laboratory 1
BIOL 216  Development and Physiology 3
BIOL 216L  Development and Physiology Lab 1

One genetics course 3

BIOL 301  Biotechnology Laboratory: Genes and Genetic Engineering (effective Fall 2014; previously satisfies the Genetics requirement)

One course from any two of the following three subject areas (breadth requirement) 6

Cell and molecular biology

BIOL 301  Biotechnology Laboratory: Genes and Genetic Engineering (effective Fall 2014; previously satisfies the Genetics requirement)

BIOL 308  Molecular Biology
BIOL 316  Fundamental Immunology
BIOL 324  Introduction to Stem Cell Biology
BIOL 325  Cell Biology
BIOL 328  Plant Genomics and Proteomics
BIOL 334  Structural Biology
BIOL 342  Parasitology
BIOL 343  Microbiology
BIOL 365  Evo-Devo: Evolution of Body Plans

Organismal biology

BIOL 223  Vertebrate Biology
BIOL 302  Human Learning and the Brain
BIOL 318  Introductory Entomology
BIOL 322  Sensory Biology

One of the following zoology or ecology courses 3-4

BIOL 305  Herpetology
BIOL 318  Introductory Entomology
BIOL 336  Aquatic Biology
BIOL 338  Ichthyology
BIOL 351  Principles of Ecology

Total Units 61-65

Bachelor of Science in Biology

The Biology BS degree program is intended to prepare students for work as traditional bench or field research scientists. In addition to a general background in biology (the same as provided by the Biology BA program), the Biology BS program requires two semesters of undergraduate research, plus additional courses in quantitative methods (computer programming, statistics, data analysis) and physical chemistry. The research may be done at the university or at any of its affiliated institutions, but the biology department does not formally place students into laboratories. Because of the extra course work and research requirements, the Biology BS program may present scheduling challenges to students who wish to pursue multiple majors, a junior year abroad or internship, or significant extracurricular activities. Early, careful planning in consultation with the major advisor is essential to stay on schedule.

Biology core courses

BIOL 214  Genes, Evolution and Ecology 3
BIOL 214L  Genes, Evolution and Ecology Lab 1
BIOL 215  Cells and Proteins 3
BIOL 215L  Cells and Proteins Laboratory 1
BIOL 216  Development and Physiology 3
BIOL 216L  Development and Physiology Lab 1

One genetics course 3

BIOL 301  Biotechnology Laboratory: Genes and Genetic Engineering (effective Fall 2014; previously satisfies the Genetics requirement)

One course from any two of the following three subject areas (breadth requirement) 6

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BIOL 325  Cell Biology
BIOL 328  Plant Genomics and Proteomics
BIOL 334  Structural Biology
BIOL 342  Parasitology
BIOL 343  Microbiology
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Organismal biology

BIOL 223  Vertebrate Biology
BIOL 302  Human Learning and the Brain
BIOL 318  Introductory Entomology
BIOL 322  Sensory Biology

One of the following zoology or ecology courses 3-4

BIOL 305  Herpetology
BIOL 318  Introductory Entomology
BIOL 336  Aquatic Biology
BIOL 338  Ichthyology
BIOL 351  Principles of Ecology

Total Units 61-65
MATH 125 Math and Calculus Applications for Life, Managerial, and Social Sci I 4
or MATH 121 Calculus for Science and Engineering I
MATH 126 Math and Calculus Applications for Life, Managerial, and Social Sci II 4
or MATH 122 Calculus for Science and Engineering II
Chemistry core courses
CHEM 105 Principles of Chemistry I 3
CHEM 106 Principles of Chemistry II 3
CHEM 113 Principles of Chemistry Laboratory 2
CHEM 223 Introductory Organic Chemistry I 3
or CHEM 323 Organic Chemistry I
CHEM 224 Introductory Organic Chemistry II 3
or CHEM 324 Organic Chemistry II
CHEM 233 Introductory Organic Chemistry Laboratory I 2
CHEM 301 Introductory Physical Chemistry I 3
Physics core courses
PHYS 115 Introductory Physics I 4
or PHYS 121 General Physics I - Mechanics
PHYS 116 Introductory Physics II 4
or PHYS 122 General Physics II - Electricity and Magnetism
One advanced mathematics or statistics course 3
MATH 201 Introduction to Linear Algebra
MATH 304 Discrete Mathematics
STAT 312 Basic Statistics for Engineering and Science
One computer programming course 3
ENGR 131 Elementary Computer Programming

Total Units 76-81

At least 11 hours of the selected electives and additional laboratory courses must be at the 300 level or higher.

**BS Biology, Suggested Sequence of Courses**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>First Year</th>
<th>Units</th>
<th>Fall</th>
<th>Spring</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Genes, Evolution and Ecology (BIOL 214)</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>Genes, Evolution and Ecology Lab (BIOL 214L)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Math and Calculus Applications for Life, Managerial, and Social Sci I (MATH 125)</td>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>or Calculus for Science and Engineering I (MATH 121)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Principles of Chemistry I (CHEM 105)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SAGES First Seminar</td>
<td>4</td>
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<tr>
<td>PHED Physical Education</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cells and Proteins (BIOL 215)</td>
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<td>Cells and Proteins Laboratory (BIOL 215L)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Math and Calculus Applications for Life, Managerial, and Social Sci II (MATH 126)</td>
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<tr>
<td>or Calculus for Science and Engineering II (MATH 122)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Principles of Chemistry II (CHEM 106)</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>Principles of Chemistry Laboratory (CHEM 113)</td>
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<tr>
<td>SAGES University Seminar</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>PHED Physical Education</td>
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</table>
Bachelor of Science in Systems Biology

Systems biology is a rapidly emerging area of research activity at the interface of mathematics, computer science, and the biological sciences. Many modern areas of biology research (e.g., biochemical, neural, behavioral, and ecosystem networks) require the mastery of advanced quantitative and computational skills. The Systems Biology BS degree program is intended to provide the quantitative and multidisciplinary understanding that is necessary for work in these areas. This skill set is different from that produced by traditional undergraduate programs in biology. Consequently, the Systems Biology BS program includes a specialized four-course core curriculum (different from the three-course core used in the Biology BA and BS programs), as well as foundation courses from computer science and advanced mathematics.

Undergraduate research is recommended as BIOL 388S Undergraduate Research - SAGES Capstone and BIOL 390 Advanced Undergraduate Research, but is not required.

Systems Biology core courses
- BIOL 250 Introduction to Cell and Molecular Biology Systems 3
- BIOL 251 Introduction to Organismal and Population Systems 3
- BIOL 300 Dynamics of Biological Systems: A Quantitative Introduction to Biology 3
- BIOL 306 Dynamics of Biological Systems II: Tools for Mathematical Biology 3

Approved subspecialty sequence (choose one of the following four sequences) 6

Neuroscience (any two BIOL courses)
- BIOL 373 Introduction to Neurobiology
- BIOL 374 Neurobiology of Behavior
- BIOL 376 Neurobiology Laboratory
- BIOL 378 Computational Neuroscience
  or MATH 378 Computational Neuroscience

Bioinformatics and genetics (any two courses; genetics must be BIOL, but bioinformatics may be any department)
- BIOL 301 Biotechnology Laboratory: Genes and Genetic Engineering
- BIOL 308 Molecular Biology
- BIOL 326 Genetics
- BIOL 328 Plant Genomics and Proteomics
- EECS 359 Bioinformatics in Practice
- EECS 458 Introduction to Bioinformatics
  or SYBB 459 Bioinformatics for Systems Biology

Ecology and evolutionary biology (any two BIOL courses)
- BIOL 305 Herpetology
- BIOL 307 Evolutionary Biology of the Invertebrates
- BIOL 336 Aquatic Biology
- BIOL 345 Mammal Diversity and Evolution
- BIOL 351 Principles of Ecology
- BIOL 358 Animal Behavior
- BIOL 364 Research Methods in Evolutionary Biology
- BIOL 368 Topics in Evolutionary Biology
- BIOL 308 Molecular Biology

BIOL 316 Fundamental Immunology
BIOL 324 Introduction to Stem Cell Biology
BIOL 325 Cell Biology
BIOL 334 Structural Biology
BIOL 342 Parasitology
BIOL 343 Microbiology
BIOL 362 Principles of Developmental Biology
BIOL 363 Experimental Developmental Biology
BIOL 365 Evo-Devo: Evolution of Body Plans

BIOL Electives (excluding 100-level courses, BIOL 214, BIOL 215, BIOL 216, and BIOL 240) 12
(Undergraduate research recommended)
- BIOL 388S Undergraduate Research - SAGES Capstone
  & BIOL 390 Advanced Undergraduate Research

Mathematics and statistics core courses
- MATH 121 Calculus for Science and Engineering I 4
- MATH 122 Calculus for Science and Engineering II
  or MATH 124 Calculus II
- MATH 223 Calculus for Science and Engineering III
  or MATH 227 Calculus III
- MATH 224 Elementary Differential Equations
  or MATH 228 Differential Equations
- STAT 312 Basic Statistics for Engineering and Science 3

Chemistry core courses
- CHEM 105 Principles of Chemistry I 3
- CHEM 106 Principles of Chemistry II 3
- CHEM 113 Principles of Chemistry Laboratory 2

Physics core courses
- PHYS 121 General Physics I - Mechanics 4
  or PHYS 123 Physics and Frontiers I - Mechanics
- PHYS 122 General Physics II - Electricity and Magnetism
  or PHYS 124 Physics and Frontiers II - Electricity and Magnetism

Computer science core courses
- EECS 132 Introduction to Programming in Java 3
- EECS 233 Introduction to Data Structures 4
- EECS 302 Discrete Mathematics 3
  or MATH 304 Discrete Mathematics

Systems Electives (any two of the following) 6
- Largely computer science
- EECS 313 Signal Processing
- EECS 324 Modeling and Simulation of Continuous Dynamical Systems
- EECS 340 Algorithms
- EECS 341 Introduction to Database Systems
- EECS 365 Complex Systems Biology

Largely mathematical
- EECS 246 Signals and Systems
- BIOL 304 Fitting Models to Data: Maximum Likelihood Methods and Model Selection
- BIOL 319 Applied Probability and Stochastic Processes for Biology
- MATH 201 Introduction to Linear Algebra
- MATH 378 Computational Neuroscience
Systems Biology - Suggested Sequence of Courses

**First Year**

<table>
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<th>Course</th>
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<td>Calculus for Science and Engineering I (MATH 121)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Principles of Chemistry I (CHEM 105)</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Principles of Chemistry Laboratory (CHEM 113)</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SAGES First Seminar</td>
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<td>Open Elective</td>
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<td>PHED Physical Education</td>
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<tr>
<td>Introduction to Cell and Molecular Biology Systems (BIOL 250)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Calculus for Science and Engineering II (MATH 122) or Calculus II (MATH 124)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Principles of Chemistry II (CHEM 106)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Introduction to Programming in Java (EECS 132)</td>
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<td>SAGES University Seminar</td>
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**Second Year**

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<td>General Physics I - Mechanics (PHYS 121) or Physics and Frontiers I - Mechanics (PHYS 123)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Calculus for Science and Engineering III (MATH 223) or Calculus III (MATH 227)</td>
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<td>SAGES University Seminar</td>
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<td>GER Course</td>
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<tr>
<td>Dynamics of Biological Systems: A Quantitative Introduction to Biology (BIOL 300)</td>
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<td>General Physics II - Electricity and Magnetism (PHYS 122) or Physics and Frontiers II - Electricity and Magnetism (PHYS 124)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Elementary Differential Equations (MATH 224) or Differential Equations (MATH 228)</td>
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<td>Open Elective</td>
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<td>GER Course</td>
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**Fourth Year**

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<th>Course</th>
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<td>SAGES Capstone</td>
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<tr>
<td>Undergraduate Research - SAGES Capstone (BIOL 388S) (recommended)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Subspecialty Elective</td>
<td>3</td>
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<td>Systems Elective</td>
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<td>Open Electives</td>
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<td>BIOL Elective (if needed)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Open Elective</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>Year Total:</td>
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**Total Units in Sequence:** 125

Concentrations in Areas of the Biological Sciences

Students are encouraged to utilize their elective courses in the biology major to take advantage of concentrations in various specialized areas. These concentrations have been developed between the biology department, the basic science departments of the School of Medicine, and other departments. Currently, concentrations have been developed in the following areas: biotechnology and genetic engineering; computational biology; developmental biology; genetics; cell and molecular biology; neurobiology and animal behavior; population biology, ecology and environmental science. Note: these concentrations are informal; they are not declared, and will not appear on the student's diploma or transcript.

Co-op Program in Biology

The Co-op (Cooperative Education) program offers full-time undergraduate students in good academic standing the opportunity to engage in full-time, paid employment consistent with their major fields of study. Typically students participate in the co-op program for one or two seven-month periods, such as summer-fall and/or spring-summer, beginning after their sophomore or junior year. Although participation in this program extends the time required to achieve a bachelor’s degree, students often benefit from higher starting salaries and greater lifetime earnings that can result from the experience acquired in co-op assignments. Co-op employment opportunities may exist at local companies engaged in biotechnology research, pharmaceuticals, or other areas involving the life sciences. Students interested in this program should contact the biology department office.
Advising

Biology faculty advisors are assigned to students at the time of major or minor declaration. All biology majors are required to meet with their departmental advisors at least once each semester to discuss their academic program, receive clearance for electronic course registration, and obtain approval for any drops, adds, or withdrawals. Contact Katie Bingman (kathryn.bingman@case.edu), undergraduate coordinator for the Department of Biology, for information about major or minor declaration.

Departmental Honors

To receive a bachelor’s degree “with Honors in Biology” (formally noted on the transcript), the student must meet the following criteria:

1. Maintain a 3.4 overall grade point average, with a 3.6 in BIOL courses
2. Carry out two semesters of independent research (taken as BIOL courses) at Case Western Reserve University
3. Write a senior honors thesis with the approval of the faculty supervisor
4. Submit the thesis for review by an ad hoc honors committee
5. Successfully defend the thesis at an oral examination

Additional information and application forms are available from the biology department office.

Minors

Two tracks are available for the minor, each requiring a total of 16 hours of biology courses. One track consists of any two of the three biology core lectures with their associated laboratories, plus electives:

Any two of the the following biology core classes (and associated labs) 8

| BIOL 214 | Genes, Evolution and Ecology and Genes, Evolution and Ecology Lab |
| BIOL 215 & 215L | Cells and Proteins and Cells and Proteins Laboratory |
| BIOL 216 & 216L | Development and Physiology and Development and Physiology Lab |
| BIOL electives (excluding 100-level courses, BIOL 240, BIOL 250, BIOL 251, and BIOL 390) |

Total Units 16

An alternative track, for students using the Systems Biology core, consists of:

Required courses

| BIOL 250 | Introduction to Cell and Molecular Biology Systems 3 |
| BIOL 251 | Introduction to Organismal and Population Systems 3 |
| BIOL electives (excluding 100-level courses, BIOL 214, BIOL 215, BIOL 216, BIOL 240, and BIOL 390) |

Total Units 16

Graduate Programs

Master of Science

The Department of Biology offers both thesis and non-thesis Master of Science degree programs. Both programs require a minimum of 30 semester hours of courses at the 300 level or higher. A minimum of 18 semester hours of formal course work is required for the thesis degree, and a minimum of 24 semester hours of formal course work for the non-thesis degree. The remaining credits may be research credits (BIOL 601 Research and BIOL 651 Thesis M.S.). The Entrepreneurial Biotechnology (EB) is a two-year Plan A professional MS degree in Biology. The program includes four (4) required courses, an internship and electives to make up the 30 semester hours. The thesis is based on a real entrepreneurial project with an existing company or your own startup (the internship).

Plan A (Thesis)

The Plan A Master of Science degree in biology is a thesis graduate degree program. The purpose of the program is to provide advanced exposure to biology for interested professionals, to provide additional training for those wishing to resume or change careers, or to provide additional preparation in biology for students interested in pursuing professional studies in the health sciences. Students are required to write a Master of Science thesis.

Program of Study

All candidates must complete a total of 30 credit hours in course work at the 300 level or higher within 5 years of matriculation into the graduate program. At least 18 of these credit hours must be at the 400 level or above. Further, at least 15 credit hours must be in courses offered by the biology department. The remaining course work may include courses offered by any department within the University, subject to an advisor’s approval and School of Graduate Studies regulations. Candidates are limited to 3 credit hours of BIOL 601 Research, but may take up to 9 credit hours of BIOL 651 Thesis M.S. According to rules of the School of Graduate Studies, once a candidate registers for BIOL 651, the registration must continue for a minimum of 1 credit per semester until completion of the degree program. Students who are uncertain about completing requirements for a Plan A master’s degree should consult the regulations for the Plan B Master’s degree. These two master’s degrees have different regulations concerning use of BIOL 601. A candidate may wish to use BIOL 599 Advanced Independent Study for Graduate Students; the letter grade assigned will reflect the evaluation by the entire Advisory Committee. The candidate’s program of study must also include a formal oral presentation in a seminar or journal club on a topic different from the candidate’s research topic.

Plan A (Thesis) Entrepreneurial Biotechnology

The Entrepreneurial Biotechnology (EB) students study state-of-the-art biotechnology, practical business, and technology innovation while working on a real-world entrepreneurial project with an existing company or their own startup. The EB helps to connect students with mentors, advisors, partners, funding sources and job opportunities. EB prepares students to work in diverse research or technology-centered environments. The Entrepreneurial Biotechnology Program (EB) requires students to write a thesis in order to graduate with a Master of Science in Biology, Entrepreneurship Track. The thesis must be based on a project of significant time investment on the part of the student and must be grounded in the real world (i.e., not simply an academic exercise). Thus,
Each student is required to work as an intern, employee, or entrepreneur, typically with a start-up, existing company, early-stage investment firm, or affiliate of a research organization. The duration must be at least one year, with one semester reserved for full-time work outside of the classroom (usually the fourth and final semester). Under this requirement, international students will be permitted no more than one semester of full-time curricular practical training (CPT).

Plan B (Non-thesis)
The Plan B Master of Science degree in biology is a non-thesis graduate degree program. The purpose of the program is to provide advanced exposure to biology for interested professionals, to provide additional training for those wishing to resume or change careers, or to provide additional preparation in biology for students interested in pursuing professional studies in the health sciences. Students are not required to write a Master of Science thesis, but the program does require independent study of all degree candidates.

Program of Study
All candidates must complete a total of 30 credit hours in course work at the 300 level or higher. At least 18 of these credit hours must be at the 400 levels or above. Further, at least 15 credit hours must be in courses offered by the Biology Department. At least one course must be taken in each of the following areas of biology: cell and molecular biology (including chemical biology), organismal biology, and population biology. The remaining course work may include courses offered by any department within the University, subject to the advisor's approval and School of Graduate Studies regulations. Candidates are limited to a total of 6 credit hours of independent study (BIOL 599 Advanced Independent Study for Graduate Students or BIOL 601 Research). Both of these courses require completion of a Course Proposal Form (available in the Biology Departmental Office) and approval by the advisor. In the case of enrollment in BIOL 599, the letter grade assigned will reflect the evaluation by a three person committee recruited by the student and advisor.

Doctor of Philosophy
The degree of Doctor of Philosophy is awarded in recognition of in-depth knowledge in a major field and comprehensive understanding of related subjects together with a demonstration of ability to perform independent investigation and to communicate the results of such investigation in an acceptable dissertation.

Students entering with a bachelor's degree will satisfactorily complete a minimum of 36 credit hours (which may include independent study/ research taken as BIOL 601 Research), tutorials, and seminars. For students entering with an approved master's degree, completion of at least 18 semester hours of course work is required. A minimum of 18 semester hours of dissertation research (BIOL 701 Dissertation Ph.D.) is required for all doctoral students.

Teaching experience is an integral part of the graduate training. Students are involved in supervised laboratory teaching in selected undergraduate courses taking into account both the specialized areas of interest of the student and his or her broader professional development. The normal teaching requirement consists of four semesters.

Department Faculty
Christopher A. Cullis, PhD
(University of East Anglia, United Kingdom)
Francis Hobart Herrick Professor of Biology; Chair
Plant molecular biology and genetics; modifications of the information content of plant cells

Karen C. Abbott, PhD
(University of Chicago)
Assistant Professor
Ecology; theoretical biology

Radhika Atit, PhD
(University of Cincinnati)
Associate Professor
Developmental biology and genetics; origin and patterning of skin

Michael F. Benard, PhD
(University of California, Davis)
George B. Mayer Chair in Urban and Environmental Studies; Assistant Professor
Ecology; evolutionary biology

Rebecca Benard, PhD
(University of California, Davis)
Instructor
Plant population ecology; physiology

Susan M. Burden-Gulley, PhD
(Case Western Reserve University)
Instructor
Neuroscience; axonal growth; neural development; brain cancer

Jean H. Burns, PhD
(Florida State University)
Assistant Professor
Plant ecology; community assembly; invasibility; the role of phylogeny in assembly; the role of demographic processes in biological invasions

Arnold I. Caplan, PhD
(Johns Hopkins University)
Professor; Director, Skeletal Research Center
Developmental biology and biochemistry; molecular and cellular aspects of muscle, cartilage, and bone development

Leena Chakravarty, PhD
(Ohio State University)
Instructor
Microbial molecular genetics

Hillel J. Chiel, PhD
(Massachusetts Institute of Technology)
Professor
Neurobiology and animal behavior; cellular dynamics of neuronal computation

Sarah E. Diamond, PhD
(University of North Carolina, Chapel Hill)
Assistant Professor
Evolutionary ecology; global change biology; invertebrate immunology; multivariate statistics
Richard F. Drushel, PhD  
(Case Western Reserve University)  
Instructor; Executive Officer  
Vertebrate anatomy and physiology; kinematic modeling and neural control; autonomous robotics

Jessica L. Fox, PhD  
(University of Washington)  
Assistant Professor  
Neurobiology of behavior

Stephen E. Haynesworth, PhD  
(Case Western Reserve University)  
Associate Professor; Associate Dean, College of Arts and Sciences  
Developmental and aging biology

Valerie Haywood, PhD  
(University of California, Davis)  
Instructor  
Plant developmental biology; molecular biology

Emmitt R. Jolly, PhD  
(University of California, San Francisco)  
Assistant Professor  
Molecular biology and genetics; developmental biology; parasitology; schistosomiasis

Barbara A. Kuemerle, PhD  
(Case Western Reserve University)  
Instructor  
Molecular biology and genetics; developmental neuroscience

Ryan A. Martin, PhD  
(University of North Carolina, Chapel Hill)  
Assistant Professor  
Evolutionary ecology; behavioral ecology; ecology’s role in evolutionary diversification; causes and consequences of phenotypic plasticity

Claudia M. Mizutani, PhD  
(Federal University of Rio de Janeiro, Brazil)  
Assistant Professor  
Developmental biology and genetics; embryonic body-axis formation

Ronald G. Oldfield, PhD  
(University of Michigan)  
Instructor  
Evolutionary ecology of cichlid fishes; ichthyology

Roy E. Ritzmann, PhD  
(University of Virginia)  
Professor  
Neurobiology of behavior; insect locomotion and brain studies

Charles E. Rozek, PhD  
(Wayne State University)  
Associate Professor; Vice Provost and Dean of Graduate Studies  
Molecular genetics; developmental biology

Robin Snyder, PhD  
(University of California, Santa Barbara)  
Associate Professor  
Theoretical ecology

Mark A. Willis, PhD  
(University of California, Riverside)  
Professor  
Neurobiology and behavior; sensorimotor control of insect flight; animal behavior

Jean F. Welter, MD, PhD  
(Leopold Franzens Universität, Austria; Case Western Reserve University)  
Research Associate Professor  
Tissue engineering and cell-based therapies; bioreactor design; mechanobiology; bone transplantation; imaging; fluorescence spectroscopy; drug delivery

Darin Croft, PhD  
(University of Chicago)  
Associate Professor, Department of Anatomy, School of Medicine  
Vertebrate paleontology and fieldwork; mammals, especially those of South America; paleoecology and ancient ecosystems

Brian M. McDermott, PhD  
(Columbia University)  
Assistant Professor, Department of Otolaryngology, University Hospitals of Cleveland  
Neurobiology; hearing and deafness; zebrafish; mechanotransduction; synapse development

Scott W. Simpson, PhD  
(Kent State University)  
Associate Professor, Department of Anatomy, School of Medicine  
Hominid paleontology and fieldwork; hominid dentition; locomotor capacities of early Homo erectus

Peter Thomas, PhD  
(University of Chicago)  
Associate Professor, Department of Mathematics, Applied Mathematics, and Statistics  
Synchronization and reliability of neural activity; gradient sensing, signal transduction and information theory; pattern formation in the visual cortex; malaria informatics

James Bader, MS  
(Case Western Reserve University)  
Adjunct Lecturer; Executive Director, Gelfand STEM Center  
STEM education; aquatic biology

David J. Burke, PhD  
(Rutgers University)  
Adjunct Assistant Professor, Holden Arboretum  
Rhizosphere ecology; plant-microbe interactions; molecular microbial ecology; plant ecology
Pam Dennis, PhD, DVM  
(Ohio State University; College of Veterinary Medicine, North Carolina State University)  
**Adjunct Assistant Professor; Clinical Assistant Professor, Cleveland Metroparks Zoo**  
Veterinary wildlife epidemiology in zoo and free-ranging animal populations

Nancy DiIulio, PhD  
(Pennsylvania State University College of Medicine)  
**Adjunct Instructor; Assistant Dean, Undergraduate Studies**  
Cell biology; biochemistry

Christopher Kuhar, PhD  
(Georgia Institute of Technology)  
**Adjunct Assistant Professor; Executive Director, Cleveland Metroparks Zoo**  
Conservation and education program evaluation; experimental psychology; animal behavior

Ana B. Locci, PhD  
(Case Western Reserve University)  
**Adjunct Assistant Professor; Director, University Farm**  
Aquatic ecology and population biology

Kristen E. Lukas, PhD  
(Georgia Institute of Technology)  
**Adjunct Assistant Professor; Curator, Conservation and Science, Cleveland Metroparks Zoo**  
Applied animal behavior; behavior and health; visitor attitudes and behavior

Audrey Lynn, PhD  
(Case Western Reserve University)  
**Adjunct Instructor**  
Human genetics; chromosome behavior during meiosis; mitochondrial disorders

Kurt Smemo, PhD  
(Cornell University)  
**Adjunct Assistant Professor, Holden Arboretum**  
Soil biogeochemistry

Gavin J. Svenson, PhD  
(Brigham Young University)  
**Adjunct Assistant Professor; Curator/Head, Department of Invertebrate Zoology, Cleveland Museum of Natural History**  
Phylogenetics and systematics

Mandi M. Vick, PhD  
(University of Kentucky)  
**Adjunct Assistant Professor; Associate Research Curator, Cleveland Metroparks Zoo**  
Endocrinology and reproductive physiology

Peter A. Zimmerman, PhD  
(Case Western Reserve University)  
**Professor, Center for Global Health and Diseases, School of Medicine**  
Infectious diseases; genetics; genomic epidemiology and evolution

---

**Lecturers**

Deborah L. Harris, MS  
(Wright State University)  
**Full-time Lecturer**  
Aquatic biofouling; mycology

Dianne M. Kube, PhD  
(University of North Dakota School of Medicine)  
**Full-time Lecturer**  
Cell biology; cystic fibrosis

---

**Emeritus Faculty**

Robert P. Davis, PhD  
(Cornell University)  
**Associate Professor of Biology Emeritus and Dean of Collegiate Affairs Emeritus**  
Developmental biology

Morris Burke, PhD  
(University of New South Wales, Australia)  
**Professor Emeritus**  
Muscle physiology; protein chemistry

Darhl L. Foreman, PhD  
(University of Chicago)  
**Professor Emerita**  
Reproductive physiology

Joseph F. Koonce, PhD  
(University of Wisconsin, Madison)  
**Professor Emeritus**  
Aquatic ecology; systems ecology

Martin J. Rosenberg, PhD  
(State University of New York, Stony Brook)  
**Senior Instructor Emeritus**  
Herpetology; vertebrate biology; human anatomy and physiology

Norman B. Rushforth, PhD  
(Cornell University)  
**Professor Emeritus**  
Epidemiology; animal behavior; population biology

Joanne Westin, PhD  
(Cornell University)  
**Senior Instructor Emerita**  
Neurobiology and behavior; physiology

James E. Zull, PhD  
(University of Wisconsin, Madison)  
**Professor Emeritus**  
Human learning; brain function in education
Courses

BIOL 114. Principles of Biology. 3 Units.
A one-semester course in biology designed for the non-major. A primary objective of this course is to demonstrate how biological principles impact an individual's daily life. BIOL 114 introduces students to the molecules of life, cell structure and function, respiration and photosynthesis, molecular genetics, heredity and human genetics, evolution, diversity of life, and ecology. Minimal background is required; however, some exposure to biology and chemistry at the high school level is helpful. This course is not open to students with credit for BIOL 214 or BIOL 250. This course does not count toward any Biology degree.

BIOL 116. Introduction to Human Anatomy and Physiology I. 3 Units.
This is the first course in a two-semester sequence that covers human anatomy and physiology for the non-major. BIOL 116 covers homeostasis, cell structure and function, membrane transport, tissue types and the integumentary, skeletal, muscular and nervous systems. This course is not open to students with credit for BIOL 216, BIOL 251, BIOL 340, or BIOL 346. This course does not count toward any Biology degree. Prereq or Coreq: BIOL 114.

BIOL 117. Introduction to Human Anatomy and Physiology II. 3 Units.
This is the second course in a two-semester sequence that covers human anatomy and physiology for the non-major. BIOL 117 covers the endocrine, circulatory, respiratory, digestive, lymphatic, urinary systems including acid-base regulation, and reproductive systems. This course is not open to students with credit for BIOL 216, BIOL 251, BIOL 340, or BIOL 346. This course does not count toward any Biology degree. Prereq: BIOL 114 and BIOL 116.

BIOL 214. Genes, Evolution and Ecology. 3 Units.
First in a series of three courses required of the Biology major. Topics include: biological molecules (focus on DNA and RNA); mitotic and meiotic cell cycles, gene expression, genetics, population genetics, evolution, biological diversity and ecology. Prereq or Coreq: CHEM 105 or CHEM 111.

BIOL 214L. Genes, Evolution and Ecology Lab. 1 Unit.
First in a series of three laboratory courses required of the Biology major. Topics include: biological molecules (with a focus on DNA and RNA); basics of cell structure (with a focus on malaria research); molecular genetics, biotechnology; population genetics and evolution, ecology. Assignments will be in the form of a scientific journal submission. Prereq or Coreq: BIOL 214.

BIOL 215. Cells and Proteins. 3 Units.
Second in a series of three courses required of the Biology major. Topics include: biological molecules (focus on proteins, carbohydrates, and lipids); cell structure (focus on membranes, energy conversion organelles and cytoskeleton); protein structure-function; enzyme kinetics, cellular energetics, and cell communication and motility strategies. Prereq: BIOL 214 and (CHEM 105 or CHEM 111). Prereq or Coreq: CHEM 106 or ENGR 145.

BIOL 215L. Cells and Proteins Laboratory. 1 Unit.
Second in a series of three laboratory courses required of the Biology major. Topics to include: protein structure-function, enzymes kinetics; cell structure; cellular energetics, respiration and photosynthesis. In addition, membrane structure and transport will be covered. Laboratory and discussion sessions offered in alternate weeks. This course is not available for students who have taken BIOL 215 as a 4-credit course. Prereq: BIOL 214L and Prereq or Coreq: BIOL 215.

BIOL 216. Development and Physiology. 3 Units.
This is the final class in the series of three courses required of the Biology major. As with the two previous courses, BIOL 214 and 215, this course is designed to provide an overview of fundamental biological processes. It will examine the complexity of interactions controlling reproduction, development and physiological function in animals. The Developmental Biology section will review topics such as gametogenesis, fertilization, cleavage, gastrulation, the genetic control of development, stem cells and cloning. Main topics included in the Physiology portion consist of: homeostasis, the function of neurons and nervous systems; the major organ systems and processes involved in circulation, excretion, osmoregulation, gas exchange, feeding, digestion, temperature regulation, endocrine function and the immunologic response. There are two instructional modes for this course: lecture mode and hybrid mode. In the lecture mode students attend class for their instruction. In the hybrid mode students watch online lectures from the course instructor and attend one discussion section with the course instructor each week. The online content prepares students for the discussion. Which mode is offered varies depending on the term. Students are made aware of what mode is offered at the time of registration. The total student effort and course content is identical for both instructional modes. Either instructional mode fulfills the BIOL 216 requirement for the BA and BS in Biology. Prereq: BIOL 214.

BIOL 216L. Development and Physiology Lab. 1 Unit.
Third in a series of three laboratory courses required of the Biology major. Students will conduct laboratory experiments designed to provide hands-on, empirical laboratory experience in order to better understand the complex interactions governing the basic physiology and development of organisms. Laboratories and discussion sessions offered in alternate weeks. Prereq: BIOL 214L. Prereq or Coreq: BIOL 216.

BIOL 223. Vertebrate Biology. 3 Units.
A survey of vertebrates from jawless fishes to mammals. Functional morphology, physiology, behavior and ecology as they relate to the groups' relationships with their environment. Evolution of organ systems. Two lectures and one laboratory per week. The laboratory will involve a study of the detailed anatomy of the shark and cat used as representative vertebrates. Students are expected to spend at least three hours of unscheduled laboratory each week. This course fulfills a laboratory requirement for the biology major.

BIOL 225. Evolution. 3 Units.
Multidisciplinary study of the course and processes of organic evolution provides a broad understanding of the evolution of structural and functional diversity, the relationships among organisms and their environments, and the phylogenetic relationships among major groups of organisms. Topics include the genetic basis of micro- and macro-evolutionary change, the concept of adaptation, natural selection, population dynamics, theories of species formation, principles of phylogenetic inference, biogeography, evolutionary rates, evolutionary convergence, homology, Darwinian medicine, and conceptual and philosophic issues in evolutionary theory. Offered as ANTH 225, BIOL 225, EEPS 225, HSTY 225, and PHIL 225.
BIOL 240. Personalized Medicine. 3 Units.
The emphasis of clinical practice is slowly shifting from one-disease and one-treatment-fits-all to more personalized care based on molecular markers of disease risk, disease subtype, drug effectiveness, and adverse drug reactions. This course, designed for non-biology majors, will introduce how the developments in gene sequencing, genetic markers, and stem cells can be applied for predictive testing and personalized therapies. Core concepts to be covered include the principles of genetics including the inheritance of traits determined by single genes and by multiple genes, the assignment of risk to particular genetic constitutions, and the nature and use of stem cells. The emergence of private companies as resources for the performance of the tests, and how the general public will be able to interpret their own data (with or without the access to genetic counselors), will also be covered. The course will include hands-on laboratory experiences of DNA manipulation and detection using the polymerase chain reaction and gel electrophoresis. The ethical, legal, and social issues associated with personal genetic testing will also be covered. This course does not count towards any Biology degree, nor towards the Biology minor.

BIOL 250. Introduction to Cell and Molecular Biology Systems. 3 Units.
This course will emphasize an understanding of living organisms at the cellular level from a molecular view point. Topics to be covered will include: unity and diversity of living things, evolutionary relatedness, cells, tissues and organelles, life as a biochemical process, molecular building blocks of life, gene structure and function, uses of model organisms and molecular experimental methods. The topics to be covered are relevant to current practices in biotechnology, medicine and agriculture and these connections will be highlighted. This course is not open to students who have received credit for BIOL 214 and/or BIOL 215.

BIOL 251. Introduction to Organismal and Population Systems. 3 Units.
This course will emphasize an understanding of the regulation of the structure and function of organismal and population systems. Adopting an evolutionary perspective, the course will provide students with a comparative analysis of plant and animal solutions to the problem of multicellularity. Detailed exploration of animals will focus on the development of tissue and organ systems and their coordination at an organismal level. This systems approach will then be extended to regulation of ecosystems and abundance of organisms in populations.

BIOL 300. Dynamics of Biological Systems: A Quantitative Introduction to Biology. 3 Units.
This course will introduce students to dynamic biological phenomena, from the molecular to the population level, and models of these dynamical phenomena. It will describe a biological system, discuss how to model its dynamics, and experimentally evaluate the resulting models. Topics will include molecular dynamics of biological molecules, kinetics of cell metabolism and the cell cycle, biophysics of excitability, scaling laws for biological systems, biomechanics, and population dynamics. Mathematical tools for the analysis of dynamic biological processes will also be presented. Students will manipulate and analyze simulations of biological processes, and learn to formulate and analyze their own models. This course satisfies a laboratory requirement for the biology major. Offered as BIOL 300 and EBME 300.

BIOL 301. Biotechnology Laboratory: Genes and Genetic Engineering. 3 Units.
Laboratory training in recombinant DNA techniques. Basic microbiology, growth, and manipulation of bacteriophage, bacteria and yeast. Students isolate and characterize DNA, construct recombinant DNA molecules, and reintroduce them into eukaryotic cells (yeast, plant, animal) to assess their viability and function. Two laboratories per week. Offered as BIOL 301 and BIOL 401. Prereq: BIOL 215 or BIOL 250.

BIOL 302. Human Learning and the Brain. 3 Units.
This course focuses on the question, “How does the human brain learn?” Through assigned readings, extensive class discussions, and a major paper, each student will explore personal perspectives on learning. Specific topics include, but are not limited to: the brain's cycle of learning; neocortex structure and function; emotion and limbic brain; synapse dynamics and changes in learning; images in cognition; symbolic brain (language, mathematics, music); memory formation; and creative thought and brain mechanisms. The major paper will be added to each student’s SAGES writing portfolio. In addition, near the end of the semester, each student will make an oral presentation on a chosen topic. Offered as BIOL 302 and COGS 322. Counts as SAGES Departmental Seminar.

BIOL 304. Fitting Models to Data: Maximum Likelihood Methods and Model Selection. 3 Units.
This course will introduce students to maximum likelihood methods for fitting models to data and to ways of deciding which model is best supported by the data (model selection). Along the way, students will learn some basic tenets of probability and develop competency in R, a commonly used statistical package. Examples will be drawn from ecology, epidemiology, and potentially other areas of biology. The second half of the course is devoted to in-class projects, and students are encouraged to bring their own data. Offered as BIOL 304 and BIOL 404. Prereq: MATH 121 and MATH 122 OR MATH 125 and MATH 126.

BIOL 305. Herpetology. 4 Units.
Amphibians and reptiles exhibit tremendous diversity in development, physiology, anatomy, behavior and ecology. As a result, amphibians and reptiles have served as model organisms for research in many different fields of biology. This course will cover many aspects of amphibian and reptile biology, including anatomy, evolution, geographical distribution, physiological adaptations to their environment, reproductive strategies, moisture-, temperature-, and food-relations, sensory mechanisms, predator-prey relationships, communication (vocal, chemical, behavioral), population biology, and the effects of venomous snake bite. Laboratory sessions will be devoted to learning species identification and evolutionary relationships, discussion of the ecology of Ohio’s amphibians and reptiles, survey techniques for determining population size and structure, and observations of the behavior of live reptiles and amphibians. Laboratory sessions may include trips to Squire Valleyeue Farm, Cleveland Museum of Natural History, and Cleveland Metroparks Zoo. Prereq: BIOL 214 or BIOL 251.

BIOL 306. Dynamics of Biological Systems II: Tools for Mathematical Biology. 3 Units.
Building on the material in Biology 300, this course focuses on the mathematical tools used to construct and analyze biological models, with examples drawn largely from ecology but also from epidemiology, developmental biology, and other areas. Analytic "paper and pencil" techniques are emphasized, but we will also use computers to help develop intuition. By the end of the course, students should be able to recognize basic building blocks in biological models, be able to perform simple analysis, and be more fluent in translating between verbal and mathematical descriptions. Offered as BIOL 306 and MATH 376. Prereq: BIOL 300 or MATH 224 or MATH 228.
BIOL 307. Evolutionary Biology of the Invertebrates. 3 Units.
Important events in the evolution of invertebrate life, as well as structure, function, and phylogeny of major invertebrate groups.

BIOL 308. Molecular Biology. 4 Units.
An examination of the flow of genetic information from DNA to RNA to protein. Topics include: nucleic acid structure; mechanisms and control of DNA, RNA, and protein biosynthesis; recombinant DNA; and mRNA processing and modification. Where possible, eukaryotic and prokaryotic systems are compared. Special topics include yeast as a model organism, molecular biology of cancer, and molecular biology of the cell cycle. Current literature is discussed briefly as an introduction to techniques of genetic engineering. Recommended preparation: BIOL 307. Offered as BIOC 308, BIOL 308, BIOC 408, and BIOL 408. Prereq: BIOL 215 or BIOC 307.

BIOL 311A. Survey of Bioinformatics: Technologies in Bioinformatics. 1 Unit.
SYBB 311/411A is a 5-week course that introduces students to the high-throughput technologies used to collect data for bioinformatics research in the fields of genomics, proteomics, and metabolomics. In particular, we will focus on mass spectrometer-based proteomics, DNA and RNA sequencing, genotyping, protein microarrays, and mass spectrometry-based metabolomics. This is a lecture-based course that relies heavily on out-of-class readings. Graduate students will be expected to write a report and give an oral presentation at the end of the course. SYBB 311/411A is part of the SYBB survey series which is composed of the following course sequence: (1) Technologies in Bioinformatics, (2) Data Integration in Bioinformatics, (3) Translational Bioinformatics, and (4) Programming for Bioinformatics. Each standalone section of this course series introduces students to an aspect of a bioinformatics project - from data collection (SYBB 311/411A), to data integration (SYBB 311/411B), to research applications (SYBB 311/411C), with a fourth module (SYBB 311/411D) introducing basic programming skills. Graduate students have the option of enrolling in all four courses or choosing the individual modules most relevant to their background and goals with the exception of SYBB 411D, which must be taken with SYBB 411A. Offered as SYBB 311A, BIOC 311A and SYBB 411A. Prereq: BIOL 214 and BIOL 215 or BIOL 250. Coreq: BIOL 311B, BIOL 311C, and BIOL 311D.

BIOL 311B. Survey of Bioinformatics: Data Integration in Bioinformatics. 1 Unit.
SYBB 311/411B is a five-week course that surveys the conceptual models and tools used to analyze and interpret data collected by high-throughput technologies, providing an entry point for students new to the field of bioinformatics. The knowledge structures that we will cover include: biomedical ontologies, signaling pathways, and interaction networks. We will also cover tools for genome exploration and analysis. The SYBB survey series is composed of the following course sequence: (1) Technologies in Bioinformatics, (2) Data Integration in Bioinformatics, (3) Translational Bioinformatics, and (4) Programming for Bioinformatics. Each standalone section of this course series introduces students to an aspect of a bioinformatics project - from data collection (SYBB 311/411A), to data integration (SYBB 311/411B), to research applications (SYBB 311/411C), with a fourth module (SYBB 311/411D) introducing basic programming. Graduate students have the option of enrolling in all four courses or choosing the individual modules most relevant to their background and goals with the exception of SYBB 411D, which must be taken with SYBB 411A. Offered as SYBB 311B, BIOC 311B, and SYBB 411B. Prereq: BIOL 214 and BIOL 215 or BIOL 250. Coreq: BIOL 311A, BIOL 311C, and BIOL 311D.

BIOL 311C. Survey of Bioinformatics: Translational Bioinformatics. 1 Unit.
SYBB 311/411C is a longitudinal course that introduces students to the latest applications of bioinformatics, with a focus on translational research. Topics include: "omic drug discovery, pharmacogenomics, microbiome analysis, and genominc medicine. The focus of this course is on illustrating how bioinformatic technologies can be paired with data integration tools for various applications in medicine. The course is organized as a weekly journal club, with instructors leading the discussion of recent literature in the field of bioinformatics. Students will be expected to complete readings beforehand; students will also work in teams to write weekly reports reviewing journal articles in the field. The SYBB survey series is composed of the following course sequence: (1) Technologies in Bioinformatics, (2) Data Integration in Bioinformatics, (3) Translational Bioinformatics, and (4) Programming for Bioinformatics. Each standalone section of this course series introduces students to an aspect of a bioinformatics project - from data collection (SYBB 311/411A), to data integration (SYBB 311/411B), to research applications (SYBB 311/411C), with a fourth module (SYBB 311/411D) introducing basic programming. Graduate students have the option of enrolling in all four courses or choosing the individual modules most relevant to their background and goals with the exception of SYBB 411D, which must be taken with SYBB 411A. Offered as SYBB 311C, BIOC 311C and SYBB 411C. Prereq: BIOL 214 and BIOL 215) or BIOL 250. Coreq: BIOL 311A, BIOL 311B, and BIOL 311D.

BIOL 311D. Survey of Bioinformatics: Programming for Bioinformatics. 1 Unit.
SYBB 311D/411D is a 1 credit, 5-week long course that will introduce students to bioinformatics software and programming in the R language; this course is designed for those with little or no prior programming experience. Students will gain hands-on experience working with R packages and functions designed for bioinformatics applications. Programming for Bioinformatics short course focuses on a platform, in this case R-project (rproject.org), and introduces students to basic programming in R, what packages are available for their use, and teaches an introductory hands-on experience working with R by walking through the students in analyzing a large-omics dataset. At the end of the class, the students are assessed with a small-scale project, where they analyze a publicly available dataset and produce a short report. The SYBB survey series is composed of the following course sequence: (1) Technologies in Bioinformatics, (2) Data Integration in Bioinformatics, (3) Translational Bioinformatics, and (4) Programming for Bioinformatics. Each standalone section of this course series introduces students to an aspect of a bioinformatics project - from data collection (SYBB 311/411A), to data integration (SYBB 311/411B), to research applications (SYBB 311/411C), with a fourth module (SYBB 311/411D) introducing basic programming. Graduate students have the option of enrolling in all four courses or choosing the individual modules most relevant to their background and goals with the exception of SYBB 411D, which must be taken with SYBB 411A. Offered as SYBB 311D, BIOL 311D and SYBB 411D. Prereq: BIOL 214 and BIOL 215) or BIOL 250. Coreq: BIOL 311A, BIOL 311B, and BIOL 311C.

BIOL 313. Genetics Laboratory. 2 Units.
This laboratory exposes students to the methods used to study the genetics of a wide range of organisms. Some of the topics covered are: gene mapping in diploids, tetrad analysis, mutagenesis, complementation, and mitotic recombination. Emphasis is placed on the relationship between the genotype and the biochemical events which determine the phenotype. One laboratory per week. Prereq or Coreq: BIOL 326.
Biol 315. Quantitative Biology Laboratory. 3 Units.
This course will apply a range of quantitative techniques to explore structure-function relations in biological systems. Using a case study approach, students will explore causes of impairments of normal function, will assemble diverse sets of information into a database format for the analysis of causes of impairment, will analyze the data with appropriate statistical and other quantitative tools, and be able to communicate their results to both technical and non-technical audiences. The course has one lecture and one lab per week. Students will be required to maintain a journal of course activities and demonstrate mastery of quantitative tools and statistical techniques. Graduate students will have a final project that applies these techniques to a problem of their choice. Offered as BIOL 315 and BIOL 415. Prereq: BIOL 214 or BIOL 251.

Biol 316. Fundamental Immunology. 4 Units.
Introductory immunology providing an overview of the immune system, including activation, effector mechanisms, and regulation. Topics include antigen-antibody reactions, immunologically important cell surface receptors, cell-cell interactions, cell-mediated immunity, innate versus adaptive immunity, cytokines, and basic molecular biology and signal transduction in B and T lymphocytes, and immunopathology. Three weekly lectures emphasize experimental findings leading to the concepts of modern immunology. An additional recitation hour is required to integrate the core material with experimental data and known immune mediated diseases. Five mandatory 90 minute group problem sets per semester will be administered outside of lecture and recitation meeting times. Graduate students will be graded separately from undergraduates, and 22 percent of the grade will be based on a critical analysis of a recently published, landmark scientific article. Offered as BIOL 316, BIOL 416, CLBY 416, and PATH 416. Prereq: BIOL 215 and 215L.

Biol 318. Introductory Entomology. 4 Units.
The goal of this course is to discover that, for the most part, insects are not aliens from another planet. Class meetings will alternate; with some structured as lectures, while others are laboratory exercises. Sometimes we will meet at the Cleveland Museum of Natural History, or in the field to collect and observe insects. The 50 minute discussion meeting once a week will serve to address questions from both lectures and lab exercises. The students will be required to make a small but comprehensive insect collection. Early in the semester we will focus on collecting the insects, and later, when insects are gone for the winter, we will work to identify the specimens collected earlier. Students will be graded based on exams, class participation and their insect collections. Offered as BIOL 318 and BIOL 418. Prereq: BIOL 214 and BIOL 215 and BIOL 216 or BIOL 250 and BIOL 251

Biol 319. Applied Probability and Stochastic Processes for Biology. 3 Units.
Applications of probability and stochastic processes to biological systems. Mathematical topics will include: introduction to discrete and continuous probability spaces (including numerical generation of pseudo random samples from specified probability distributions), Markov processes in discrete and continuous time with discrete and continuous sample spaces, point processes including homogeneous and inhomogeneous Poisson processes and Markov chains on graphs, and diffusion processes including Brownian motion and the Ornstein-Uhlenbeck process. Biological topics will be determined by the interests of the students and the instructor. Likely topics include: stochastic ion channels, molecular motors and stochastic ratchets, actin and tubulin polymerization, random walk models for neural spike trains, bacterial chemotaxis, signaling and genetic regulatory networks, and stochastic predator-prey dynamics. The emphasis will be on practical simulation and analysis of stochastic phenomena in biological systems. Numerical methods will be developed using both MATLAB and the R statistical package. Student projects will comprise a major part of the course. Offered as BIOL 319, EECS 319, MATH 319, BIOL 419, EBME 419, and PHOL 419. Prereq: MATH 224 or MATH 223 and BIOL 300 or BIOL 306 and MATH 201 or MATH 307 or consent of instructor.

Biol 321. Design and Analysis of Biological Experiments. 3 Units.
In this laboratory course, students will learn how to use a computer programming language (MATLAB) to design, execute, and analyze biological experiments. The course will begin with basic programming and continue to data output and acquisition, image analysis, and statistics. Students who are interested in carrying out research projects in any lab setting are encouraged to take this course and use the skills acquired to better organize and analyze their experiments. No prior programming knowledge is assumed. This course satisfies a laboratory requirement of the B.S. in biology. This course satisfies a laboratory or quantitative laboratory requirement of the B.S. in biology. Students will complete a final project on a topic of their choice; graduate students will be required to give an oral presentation of this project. Offered as BIOL 321 and BIOL 421. Counts for CAS Quantitative Reasoning Requirement. Prereq: BIOL 216 or BIOL 251.

Biol 322. Sensory Biology. 3 Units.
The task of a sensory system is to collect, process, store, and transmit information about the environment. How do sensory systems convert information from the environment into neural information in an animal's brain? This course will explore the ecology, physiology, and behavior of the senses across the animal kingdom. We will cover introductory neurobiology and principles of sensory system organization before delving more deeply into vision, olfaction, audition, mechanosensation, and multi-modal sensory integration. For each sensory modality, we will consider how the sensory system operates and how its operation affects the animal's behavior and ecology. We will also explore the evolution of sensory systems and their specialization for specific behavioral tasks. Students will finish the course with a research project on a topic of their choice; graduate students will present this project to the class. Offered as BIOL 322 and BIOL 422. Prereq: BIOL 216 or BIOL 251.
BIOL 324. Introduction to Stem Cell Biology. 3 Units.
This discussion-based course will introduce students to the exciting field of stem cell research. Students will first analyze basic concepts of stem cell biology, including stem cell niche, cell quiescence, asymmetric cell division, cell proliferation and differentiation, and signaling pathways involved in these processes. This first part of the course will focus on invertebrate genetic models for the study of stem cells. In the second part of the course, students will search for primary research papers on vertebrate and human stem cells, and application of stem cell research in regenerative medicine and cancer. Finally, students will have the opportunity to discuss about ethical controversies in the field. Students will rotate in weekly presentations, and will write two papers during the semester. Students will improve skills on searching and reading primary research papers, gain presentation skills, and further their knowledge in related subjects in the fields of cell biology, genetics and developmental biology. This course may be used as a cell/molecular subject area elective for the B.A. and B.S. Biology degrees. Offered as BIOL 324 and BIOL 424. Prereq: BIOL 325 or BIOL 326 or BIOL 362.

BIOL 325. Cell Biology. 3 Units.
This course will emphasize an understanding of the structure and function of eukaryotic cells from a molecular viewpoint. We will explore cell activities by answering the questions what do cells do and how do they do it. The answers to these questions will be developed using experimental evidence from the literature and explanations from the text. An important part of this course will be appreciation of the experimental evidence which supports our current understanding of cell function. To achieve this aim, students will read papers from the primary literature to supplement the text. Topics will include cell structure, protein structure and function, internal organization of the eukaryotic cell, membrane structure and function, protein sorting, organelle biogenesis, and cytoskeleton structure and function. The course will also cover the life cycles of cells, their interactions and finally use the immune response as a model of cell behavior. Prereq: BIOL 215 or BIOL 250.

BIOL 326. Genetics. 3 Units.
Transmission genetics, nature of mutation, microbial genetics, somatic cell genetics, recombinant DNA techniques and their application to genetics, human genome mapping, plant breeding, transgenic plants and animals, uniparental inheritance, evolution, and quantitative genetics. Offered as BIOL 326 and BIOL 426. Prereq: BIOL 214 or BIOL 250.

BIOL 328. Plant Genomics and Proteomics. 3 Units.
The development of molecular tools has impacted agriculture as much as human health. The application of new techniques to improve food crops, including the development of genetically modified crops, has also become controversial. This course covers the nature of the plant genome and the role of sequenced-based methods in the identification of the genes. The application of the whole suite of modern molecular tools to understand plant growth and development, with specific examples related agronomically important responses to biotic and abiotic stresses, is included. The impact of the enormous amounts of data generated by these methods and their storage and analysis (bioinformatics) is also considered. Finally, the impact on both the developed and developing world of the generation and release of genetically modified food crops will be covered. Recommended preparation: BIOL 326. Offered as BIOL 328 and BIOL 428.

BIOL 334. Structural Biology. 3 Units.
Introduces basic chemical properties of proteins and discusses the physical forces that determine protein structure. Topics include: the elucidation of protein structure by NMR and by X-ray crystallographic methods; the acquisition of protein structures from data bases; and simple modeling experiments based on protein structures. Offered as BIOC 334, BIOL 334, BIOC 434, and BIOL 434.

BIOL 336. Aquatic Biology. 3 Units.
Physical, chemical, and biological dynamics of lake ecosystems. Factors governing the distribution, abundance, and diversity of freshwater organisms. Offered as BIOL 336 and BIOL 436. Prereq: BIOL 214 or BIOL 251.

BIOL 338. Ichthyology. 3 Units.
Biological fishes. Students will first develop fundamental understanding of the evolutionary history and systematics of fishes to provide a context within which they can address diverse aspects of biology including anatomy, physiology (e.g., in species that change sex; osmoregulation in freshwater vs. saltwater), and behavior (e.g. visual, auditory, chemical, electric communication; social structures). Finally, this knowledge will be used to explore the biodiversity of fishes around the world, with emphasis on Ohio species, by examining preserved specimens in class and making two local field trips to (1) observe captive living specimens, and (2) to observe, capture, and identify wild fishes in their natural habitats. The course will conclude with an analysis of the current global fisheries crisis that has resulted from human activities. Fishes will be used to address broad topics in ecology and evolutionary biology that transcend the pure study of ichthyology. Recommended preparation for BIOL 438: BIOL 216. Offered as BIOL 338 and BIOL 438. Prereq: BIOL 216 or BIOL 251.

BIOL 339. Aquatic Biology Laboratory. 2 Units.
The physical, chemical, and biological limnology of freshwater ecosystems will be investigated. Emphasis will be on identification of the organisms inhabiting these systems and their ecological interactions with each other. This course will combine both field and laboratory analysis to characterize and compare the major components of these ponds. Students will have the opportunity to design and conduct individual projects. Prereq or Coreq: BIOL 336.

BIOL 340. Human Physiology. 3 Units.
This course will provide functional correlates to the students' previous knowledge of human anatomy. Building upon the basic principles covered in BIOL 216 and 346, the physiology of organs and organ systems of humans, including the musculoskeletal, nervous, cardiovascular, lymphatic, immune, respiratory, digestive, excretory, reproductive, and endocrine systems, will be studied at an advanced level. The contribution of each system to homeostasis will be emphasized. Prereq: BIOL 346 and BIOL 215 and BIOL 216 or BIOL 346 and BIOL 250 and BIOL 251

BIOL 342. Parasitology. 3 Units.
This course will introduce students to classical and current parasitology. Students will discuss basic principles of parasitology, parasite life cycles, host-parasite interaction, therapeutic and control programs, epidemiology, and ecological and societal considerations. The course will explore diverse classes of parasitic organisms with emphasis on protozoan and helminthic diseases and the parasites' molecular biology. Group discussion and selected reading will facilitate further integrative learning and appreciation for parasite biology. This course counts as an elective in the cell/molecular biology subject area for the Biology BA and BS degrees. Offered as BIOL 342 and BIOL 442. Prereq: BIOL 214, 215, 216 and 236.
BIOL 343. Microbiology. 3 Units.
The physiology, genetics, biochemistry, and diversity of microorganisms. The subject will be approached both as a basic biological science that studies the molecular and biochemical processes of cells and viruses, and as an applied science that examines the involvement of microorganisms in human disease as well as in workings of ecosystems, plant symbioses, and industrial processes. The course is divided into four major areas: bacteria, viruses, medical microbiology, and environmental and applied microbiology. Offered as BIOL 343 and BIOL 443. Prereq: BIOL 215 or BIOL 250.

BIOL 344. Laboratory for Microbiology. 2 Units.
Practical microbiology, with an emphasis on bacteria as encountered in a variety of situations. Sterile techniques, principles of identification, staining and microscopy, growth and nutritional characteristics, genetics, enumeration methods, epidemiology, immunological techniques (including ELISA and T cell identification), antibiotics and antibiotic resistance, chemical diagnostic tests, sampling the human environment, and commercial applications. One lab per week. Prereq or Coreq: BIOL 343.

BIOL 345. Mammal Diversity and Evolution. 4 Units.
This course focuses on the anatomical and taxonomic diversity of mammals in an evolutionary context. The emphasis is living (extant) mammals, but extinct mammals are also discussed. By the end of the course, students will be able to: (1) describe the key anatomical and physiological features of mammals; (2) name all orders and most families of living mammals; (3) identify a mammal skull to order and family; (4) understand how to create and interpret a phylogenetic tree; (5) appreciate major historical patterns in mammal diversity and biogeography as revealed by the fossil record. Two student-led seminars and one lab each week. Most labs will take place at the Cleveland Museum of Natural History. One weekend field trip to Cleveland Metroparks Zoo. This course satisfies a laboratory requirement for the biology major. Offered as ANAT 445, BIOL 345, and BIOL 445. Prereq: BIOL 214.

BIOL 346. Human Anatomy. 3 Units.
Gross anatomy of the human body. Two lectures and one laboratory demonstration per week. Prereq: BIOL 216 or BIOL 251.

BIOL 351. Principles of Ecology. 3 Units.
This lecture course explores spatial and temporal relationships involving organisms and the environment at individual, population, and community levels. An underlying theme of the course will be neo-Darwinian evolution through natural selection with an emphasis on organismal adaptations to abiotic and biotic environments. Studies and models will illustrate ecological principles, and there will be some emphasis on the applicability of these principles to ecosystem conservation. Students taking the graduate level course will prepare a grant proposal in which hypotheses will be based on some aspect of ecological theory. Offered as BIOL 351 and BIOL 451. Prereq: BIOL 214 or BIOL 251.

BIOL 351L. Principles of Ecology Laboratory. 2 Units.
Students in this laboratory course will conduct a variety of ecological investigations that are designed to examine relationships involving organisms and the environment at individual, population, and community levels. Descriptive and hypothesis-driven investigations will take place at Case Western Reserve University's Squire Valleevue Farm, in both field and greenhouse settings. The course is designed to explore as well as test a variety of ecological paradigms. Students taking the graduate level course will prepare a grant proposal in which hypotheses will be based on a select number of lab investigations. This course satisfies a laboratory requirement for biology majors. Recommended preparation for BIOL 451L: prior or concurrent enrollment in BIOL 451. Offered as BIOL 351L and BIOL 451L. Prereq or Coreq: BIOL 351.

BIOL 352. Ecology and Evolution of Infectious Diseases. 3 Units.
This course explores the effects of infectious diseases on populations of hosts, including humans and other animals. We will use computer models to study how infectious diseases enter and spread through populations, and how factors like physiological and behavioral differences among host individuals, host and pathogen evolution, and the environment affect this spread. Our emphasis will be on understanding and applying quantitative models for studying disease spread and informing policy in public health and conservation. To that end, computer labs are the central component of the course. This course satisfies a laboratory requirement of the B.A. in biology. This course satisfies a laboratory or quantitative laboratory requirement of the B.S. in biology. Offered as BIOL 352 and BIOL 452. Prereq: (BIOL 214 or BIOL 251) and (MATH 121 or MATH 125) and (MATH 122 or MATH 126).

BIOL 357. Backyard Behavior Capstone. 3 Units.
Interesting animal behavior is all around us. We need not go into a laboratory to observe it, but laboratory tools can help to understand the behaviors that we encounter every day. We interact with animals in our homes, in forests and wilderness areas and even in our own backyards. As pet dogs or cats interact with wild squirrels and birds, they provide insights regarding predation, neuromechanics, and mating behaviors, just to list a few concepts. This course takes advantage of the rich behavior that exists around us to provide a capstone experience for students who have an interest in animal behavior. The course will be open to 10 senior Biology majors who have emphasized the animal behavior and neurobiology courses offered by the Biology department. Each student will have taken at least one advanced course in Animal Behavior, Neurobiology, or Neuroethology. Entry into the course will be by permit, and permits will be issued only after an interview in which each student demonstrates to the instructor a deep interest in animal behavior and underlying neural control systems. Through classroom discussion, viewing of behaviorally-based video shows, and field trips, each student will choose one behavior to investigate in detail over the course of the semester. In order to move beyond casual observation to in-depth analysis, video cameras will be available to the students, as well as computer based motion analysis systems. The class will meet as a group twice weekly. During this formal classroom period, students will discuss behaviors in general and, as the course progresses, the specific topics that each student is investigating. They will present journal articles that are relevant to their topics, a prospectus on their intended study, and ultimately describe their projects outside of class time and will present a poster at a public poster fair. Counts as SAGES Senior Capstone. Prereq: BIOL 305 or BIOL 318 or BIOL 358 or BIOL 373 or BIOL 374.
BIOL 358. Animal Behavior. 4 Units.
Ultimately the success or failure (i.e., life or death) of any individual animal is determined by its behavior. The ability to locate and capture food, avoid being food, acquiring and defending territory, and successfully passing your genes to the next generation, are all dependent on complex interactions between an animal's design, environment and behavior. This course will be an integrative approach emphasizing experimental studies of animal behavior. You will be introduced to state-of-the-art approaches to the study of animal behavior, including neural and hormonal mechanisms, genetic and developmental mechanisms and ecological and evolutionary approaches. We will learn to critique examples of current scientific papers, and learn how to conduct observations and experiments with real animals. We will feature guest appearances by the Curator of Research from the Cleveland MetroParks Zoo and visits to working animal behavior research labs here at CWRU. Group discussions and writing will be emphasized. This course satisfies a laboratory requirement for biology majors. Offered as BIOL 358 and BIOL 458. Prereq: BIOL 214 and BIOL 215 and BIOL 216 or BIOL 250 and BIOL 251

BIOL 359. Genetic Basis of Behavior. 3 Units.
In this course, students will discuss scientific papers on Drosophila behavior. Emphasis will be given to studies that employ the powerful genetic tools available in Drosophila to the study of behavior. The topics covered will include: innate behaviors (e.g. sexual behavior); learning and memory; sensory information processing; anatomy of the Drosophila adult brain; genetic screenings for behavioral mutants; genetic tools to interfere with behavioral response. Students will be required to write and develop an objective project that combines genetics with behavioral tests. Students will be graded in presentations as well as a final grant proposal. Lab component will consist of experimentation in files using genetics and behavioral analyses, to be carried out in the last 6 weeks of the course. Counts as a Biology laboratory course for the B.A. and B.S. Biology degrees. Offered as BIOL 359 and BIOL 459. Prereq: BIOL 216 or BIOL 251.

BIOL 362. Principles of Developmental Biology. 3 Units.
The descriptive and experimental aspects of animal development. Gametogenesis, fertilization, cleavage, morphogenesis, induction, differentiation, organogenesis, growth, and regeneration. Students taking the graduate-level course will prepare an NIH-format research proposal as the required term paper. Offered as BIOL 362 and BIOL 462 and ANAT 462. Prereq: BIOL 216 or BIOL 251 or EBME 201 and EBME 202

BIOL 363. Experimental Developmental Biology. 3 Units.
This laboratory course will teach concepts and techniques in developmental biology. Emphasis will be on the mechanisms that pattern the embryo during development and how these mechanisms are explored using molecular, cellular, and genetic approaches. A term research paper is required. Students taking the graduate level course will prepare a grant proposal. One laboratory and one lecture per week. Offered as BIOL 363 and BIOL 463. Prereq: BIOL 362.

BIOL 364. Research Methods in Evolutionary Biology. 3 Units.
The process of evolution explains not only how the present diversity of life on earth has formed, but also provides insights into current pressing issues today, including the spread of antibiotic resistance, the causes of geographic variation in genetic diseases, and explanations for modern patterns of extinction risk. Students in Research Methods in Evolutionary Biology will be introduced to several of the major research approaches of evolutionary biology, including methods of measuring natural selection on the phenotypic and genotypic levels, quantifying the rate of evolution, reconstructing evolutionary relationships, and assessing the factors that affect rates of speciation and extinction. The course will consist of a combination of interactive lectures, in-class problem solving and data analysis, and the discussion of peer-reviewed scientific papers. Grades are based on participation in class, discussions and written summaries of published papers, in-class presentations, and two writing assignments. Offered as BIOL 364 and BIOL 464. Counts as SAGES Departmental Seminar. Prereq: BIOL 214 or BIOL 251.

BIOL 365. Evo-Devo: Evolution of Body Plans. 3 Units.
This discussion-based course offers a detailed introduction to Evolutionary Developmental Biology. The field seeks to explain evolutionary events through the mechanisms of Developmental Biology and Genetics. The course is structured into different modules. First we will look at the developmental genetic mechanisms that can cause variation. Then we focus on how alterations of these mechanisms can generate novel structural changes. We will then examine a few areas of active debate, where Evo-Devo is attempting to solve major problems in evolutionary biology. We will conclude with two writing assignments. Students will be required to present, read, and discuss primary literature in each module. Offered as BIOL 365 and BIOL 465. Counts as SAGES Departmental Seminar. Prereq: BIOL 225 or BIOL 251 or BIOL 362

BIOL 366. Topics in Evolutionary Biology. 3 Units.
The focus for this course on a special topic of interest in evolutionary biology will vary from one offering to the next. Examples of possible topics include theories of speciation, the evolution of language, the evolution of sex, evolution and biodiversity, molecular evolution. ANAT/ANTH/EEPS/PHIL/PHOL 467 can be taken to fulfill this requirement.
**BIOL 374. Neurobiology of Behavior. 3 Units.**

In this course, students will examine how neurobiologists interested in animal behavior study the linkage between neural circuitry and complex behavior. Various vertebrate and invertebrate systems will be considered. Several exercises will be used in this endeavor. Although some lectures will provide background and context on specific neural systems, the emphasis of the course will be on classroom discussion of specific journal articles. In addition, students will each complete a project in which they will observe some animal behavior and generate both behavioral and neurobiological hypotheses related to it. In lieu of examinations, students will complete three written assignments, including a theoretical grant proposal, a one-page Specific Aims paper related to the project, and a final project paper. These assignments are designed to give each student experience in writing biologically-relevant documents. Classroom discussions will help students understand the content and format of each type document. They will also present their projects orally to the entire class. Offered as BIOL 374, BIOL 474, and NEUR 474. Counts as SAGES Departmental Seminar.

**BIOL 376. Neurobiology Laboratory. 3 Units.**

Introduction to the basic laboratory techniques of neurobiology. Intracellular and extracellular recording techniques, forms of synaptic plasticity, patch clamping, immunohistochemistry and confocal microscopy. During the latter weeks of the course students will be given the opportunity to conduct an independent project. One laboratory and one discussion session per week. Recommended preparation for BIOL 476 and NEUR 476: BIOL 216. Offered as BIOL 376, BIOL 476 and NEUR 476. Prereq: BIOL 216 or BIOL 251.

**BIOL 377. Biorobotics Team Research. 3 Units.**

Many exciting research opportunities cross disciplinary lines. To participate in such projects, researchers must operate in multi-disciplinary teams. The Biorobotics Team Research course offers a unique capstone opportunity for undergraduate students to utilize skills they developed during their undergraduate experience while acquiring new teaming skills. A group of eight students form a research team under the direction of two faculty leaders. Team members are chosen from appropriate majors through interviews with the faculty. They will research a biological mechanism or principle and develop a robotic device that captures the actions of that mechanism. Although each student will cooperate on the team, they each have a specific role, and must develop a final paper that describes the research generated on their aspect of the project. Students meet for one class period per week and two 2-hour lab periods. Initially students brainstorm ideas and identify the project to be pursued. They then acquire biological data and generate robotic designs. Both are further developed during team meetings and reports. Final oral reports and a demonstration of the robotic device occur in week 15. Offered as BIOL 377, EMAE 377, BIOL 477, and EMAE 477. Counts as SAGES Senior Capstone.

**BIOL 378. Computational Neuroscience. 3 Units.**

Computer simulations and mathematical analysis of neurons and neural circuits, and the computational properties of nervous systems. Students are taught a range of models for neurons and neural circuits, and are asked to implement and explore the computational and dynamic properties of these models. The course introduces students to dynamical systems theory for the analysis of neurons and neural learning, models of brain systems, and their relationship to artificial and neural networks. Term project required. Students enrolled in MATH 478 will make arrangements with the instructor to attend additional lectures and complete additional assignments addressing mathematical topics related to the course. Recommended preparation: MATH 223 and MATH 224 or BIOL 300 and BIOL 306. Offered as BIOL 378, COGS 378, MATH 378, BIOL 478, EBME 478, EECS 478, MATH 478 and NEUR 478.

**BIOL 382. Drugs, Brain, and Behavior. 3 Units.**

This course is concerned with the mechanisms underlying neurochemical signaling and the impact of drugs on those mechanisms. The first half of the course emphasizes the fundamental mechanisms underlying intra- and extracellular communication of neurons and the basic principles of how drugs interact with the nervous system. The second half of the course emphasizes understanding the neural substrates of disorders of the nervous system, and the mechanisms underlying the therapeutic effects of drugs at the cellular and behavioral levels. This course will consist of lectures designed to give the student necessary background for understanding these basic principles and class discussion. The class discussion will include viewing video examples of behavioral effects of disorders of the nervous system, and analysis of research papers. The goal of the class discussions is to enhance the critical thinking skills of the student and expose the student to contemporary research techniques. Offered as BIOL 382, BIOL 482, and NEUR 482. Prereq: BIOL 215 and BIOL 216 or BIOL 250 and BIOL 251.

**BIOL 384. Reading and Writing Like an Ecologist. 3 Units.**

Students usually learn from textbooks, but scientists communicate with each other through journal articles. The purpose of this class is to help you learn to read and write like an ecologist. We will spend our time reading and discussing journal articles about three or four issues in ecology, including papers from both empirical and theoretical perspectives. In addition to the science, we'll talk about strategies for how to keep reading when you encounter something you don't understand and what makes a paper well or poorly written. At the end of each section, you will synthesize your ideas into a review article. Your initial paper will be submitted to me as hypothetical journal editor. I will send your paper out for review to two fellow classmates, and I'll send their comments back to you along with brief comments of my own. As all scientists know, it is virtually unheard of for a journal to accept a paper for publication without revisions. After this peer review, you will revise your papers and resubmit them to me. Your grade will be based on your participation in class discussions, your papers (both drafts) and your work as a reviewer for other students. Counts as SAGES Departmental Seminar. Prereq: BIOL 214 or BIOL 251.
BIOL 385. Seminar on Biological Processes in Learning and Cognition. 3 Units.
Students will read and discuss research papers on a range of topics relevant to the biological processes that lead to cognition and learning in humans. Sample topics are: cellular and molecular mechanisms of memory; visual sensory detection of images, movement, and color; role of slow neurotransmitters in synaptic plasticity; cortical distribution of cognitive functions such as working memory, decision making, and image analysis; functions of emotion-structures and their role in cognition; brain structures and mechanisms involved in language creation; others. Some papers will be assigned and others will be selected by students. Discussions will focus on the methods used, the experimental results, and the interpretations of significance. Students will work in groups on a semester project to be presented near the end of the semester. Counts as SAGES Senior Capstone. Prereq: BIOL 302.

BIOL 388. Undergraduate Research. 1 - 3 Unit.
Guided laboratory research under the sponsorship of a biology faculty member. May be carried out within the biology department or in associated departments. Appropriate forms must be secured in the biology department office. A written report must be approved by the biology sponsor and submitted to the chairman of the biology department before credit is granted. Only 3 credit-hours may count towards the biology majors or minor. Offered as BIOL 388 and SYBB 388.

BIOL 388S. Undergraduate Research - SAGES Capstone. 3 Units.
Guided laboratory research under the sponsorship of a biology faculty member. May be carried out within the biology department or in associated departments. May be taken only one semester during the student's academic career. Appropriate forms must be secured in the biology department office. A written report must be approved by the biology sponsor and submitted to the chairman of the biology department before credit is granted. A public presentation is required. Offered as BIOL 388S and SYBB 388S. Counts as SAGES Senior Capstone.

BIOL 389. Selected Topics. 1 - 3 Unit.
Individual library research projects completed under the guidance of a biology sponsor. May be carried out within the biology department or in associated departments. Appropriate forms must be secured in the biology department office. A written report must be approved by the biology sponsor and submitted to the chairman of the biology department before credit is granted. Only 3 credit-hours may count towards the biology majors or minor.

BIOL 389S. Selected Topics in Biology--SAGES Capstone. 3 Units.
Individual library research projects under the guidance of a biology sponsor. A major paper must be submitted and approved before credit is awarded. A public presentation is required. Counts as SAGES Senior Capstone.

BIOL 390. Advanced Undergraduate Research. 1 - 3 Unit.
Offered on a credit only basis. Students may carry out research in biology or related departments, but a biology sponsor is required. Does not count toward the 30 hours required for a major in biology, but may be counted toward the total number of hours required for graduation. A written report must be submitted to the chairman's office and approved before credit is granted. Prereq: BIOL 388 or BIOL 388S

BIOL 394. Seminar in Evolutionary Biology. 3 Units.
This seminar investigates 20th-century evolutionary theory, especially the Modern Evolutionary synthesis and subsequent expansions of and challenges to that synthesis. The course encompasses the multidisciplinary nature of the science of evolution, demonstrating how disciplinary background influences practitioners' conceptualizations of pattern and process. This course emphasizes practical writing and research skills, including formulation of testable theses, grant proposal techniques, and the implementation of original research using the facilities on campus and at the Cleveland Museum of Natural History. Offered as ANTH 394, BIOL 394, EEPS 394, HSTY 394, PHIL 394, ANTH 494, BIOL 494, EEPS 494, HSTY 494, and PHIL 494.

BIOL 395. Research Discussions. 1 Unit.
This is a seminar course which provides a forum within which students performing undergraduate research, or who have done so previously, can present and discuss their projects. Discussions will cover all aspects of the students' research projects: background material, experimental design and methods, results and their analysis and conclusions. At the beginning of the semester, each student will briefly outline his or her project and distribute a few key papers to provide background reading for all participants. After this introductory phase, each student will make a presentation of his/her own research. Graded as pass/fail, based upon attendance and participation. Prereq: BIOL 388. Prereq or coreq: BIOL 390.

BIOL 396. Undergraduate Research in Evolutionary Biology. 3 Units.
Students propose and conduct guided research on an aspect of evolutionary biology. The research will be sponsored and supervised by a member of the CASE faculty or other qualified professional. A written report must be submitted to the Evolutionary Biology Steering Committee before credit is granted. Offered as ANTH 396, BIOL 396, EEPS 396, and PHIL 396.

BIOL 401. Biotechnology Laboratory: Genes and Genetic Engineering. 3 Units.
Laboratory training in recombinant DNA techniques. Basic microbiology, growth, and manipulation of bacteriophage, bacteria and yeast. Students isolate and characterize DNA, construct recombinant DNA molecules, and reintroduce them into eukaryotic cells (yeast, plant, animal) to assess their viability and function. Two laboratories per week. Offered as BIOL 301 and BIOL 401.

BIOL 402. Principles of Neural Science. 3 Units.
Lecture/discussion course covering concepts in cell and molecular neuroscience, principles of systems neuroscience as demonstrated in the somatosensory system, and fundamentals of the development of the nervous system. This course will prepare students for upper level Neuroscience courses and is also suitable for students in other programs who desire an understanding of neurosciences. Recommended preparation: CBIO 453. Offered as BIOL 402 and NEUR 402.

BIOL 404. Fitting Models to Data: Maximum Likelihood Methods and Model Selection. 3 Units.
This course will introduce students to maximum likelihood methods for fitting models to data and to ways of deciding which model is best supported by the data (model selection). Along the way, students will learn some basic tenets of probability and develop competency in R, a commonly used statistical package. Examples will be drawn from ecology, epidemiology, and potentially other areas of biology. The second half of the course is devoted to in-class projects, and students are encouraged to bring their own data. Offered as BIOL 304 and BIOL 404. Prereq: MATH 121 and 122 OR MATH 125 and 126 or consent of instructor.
BIOL 407. Introduction to Biochemistry: From Molecules To Medical Science. 4 Units.
Overview of the macromolecules and small molecules key to all living systems. Topics include: protein structure and function; enzyme mechanisms, kinetics and regulation; membrane structure and function; bioenergetics; hormone action; intermediary metabolism, including pathways and regulation of carbohydrate, lipid, amino acid, and nucleotide biosynthesis and breakdown. The material is presented to build links to human biology and human disease. One semester of biology is recommended. Offered as BIOC 307, BIOC 407, and BIOL 407. Prereq: CHEM 223 and CHEM 224.

BIOL 408. Molecular Biology. 4 Units.
An examination of the flow of genetic information from DNA to RNA to protein. Topics include: nucleic acid structure; mechanisms and control of DNA, RNA, and protein biosynthesis; recombinant DNA; and mRNA processing and modification. Where possible, eukaryotic and prokaryotic systems are compared. Special topics include yeast as a model organism, molecular biology of cancer, and molecular biology of the cell cycle. Current literature is discussed briefly as an introduction to techniques of genetic engineering. Recommended preparation: BIOL 307. Offered as BIOC 308, BIOC 308, BIOC 408, and BIOL 408. Prereq: BIOL 215 or BIOC 307.

BIOL 415. Quantitative Biology Laboratory. 3 Units.
This course will apply a range of quantitative techniques to explore structure-function relations in biological systems. Using a case study approach, students will explore causes of impairments of normal function, will assemble diverse sets of information into a database format for the analysis of causes of impairment, will analyze the data with appropriate statistical and other quantitative tools, and be able to communicate their results to both technical and non-technical audiences. The course has one lecture and one lab per week. Students will be required to maintain a journal of course activities and demonstrate mastery of quantitative tools and statistical techniques. Graduate students will have a final project that applies these techniques to a problem of their choice. Offered as BIOL 315 and BIOL 415.

BIOL 416. Fundamental Immunology. 4 Units.
Introductory immunology providing an overview of the immune system, including activation, effector mechanisms, and regulation. Topics include antigen-antibody reactions, immunologically important cell surface receptors, cell-cell interactions, cell-mediated immunity, innate versus adaptive immunity, cytokines, and basic molecular biology and signal transduction in B and T lymphocytes, and immunopathology. Three weekly lectures emphasize experimental findings leading to the concepts of modern immunology. An additional recitation hour is required to integrate the core material with experimental data and known immune mediated diseases. Five mandatory 90 minute group problem sets per semester will be administered outside of lecture and recitation meeting times. Graduate students will be graded separately from undergraduates, and 22 percent of the grade will be based on a critical analysis of a recently published, landmark scientific article. Offered as BIOL 316, BIOL 416, CLBY 416, and PATH 416. Prereq: Graduate standing.

BIOL 417. Cytokines: Function, Structure, and Signaling. 3 Units.
Regulation of immune responses and differentiation of leukocytes is modulated by proteins (cytokines) secreted and/or expressed by both immune and non-immune cells. Course examines the function, expression, gene organization, structure, receptors, and intracellular signaling of cytokines. Topic include regulatory and inflammatory cytokines, colony stimulating factors, chemokines, cytokine and cytokine receptor gene families, intracellular signaling through STAT proteins and tyrosine phosphorylation, clinical potential, and genetic defects. Lecture format using texts, scientific reviews and research articles. Recommended preparation: PATH 416 or equivalent. Offered as BIOL 417, CLBY 417, and PATH 417.

BIOL 418. Introductory Entomology. 4 Units.
The goal of this course is to discover that, for the most part, insects are not aliens from another planet. Class meetings will alternate; with some structured as lectures, while others are laboratory exercises. Sometimes we will meet at the Cleveland Museum of Natural History, or in the field to collect and observe insects. The 50 minute discussion meeting once a week will serve to address questions from both lectures and lab exercises. The students will be required to make a small but comprehensive insect collection. Early in the semester we will focus on collecting the insects, and later, when insects are gone for the winter, we will work to identify the specimens collected earlier. Students will be graded based on exams, class participation and their insect collections. Offered as BIOL 318 and BIOL 418. Prereq: BIOL 214, and BIOL 215, and BIOL 216.

BIOL 419. Applied Probability and Stochastic Processes for Biology. 3 Units.
Applications of probability and stochastic processes to biological systems. Mathematical topics will include: introduction to discrete and continuous probability spaces (including numerical generation of pseudo random samples from specified probability distributions), Markov processes in discrete and continuous time with discrete and continuous sample spaces, point processes including homogeneous and inhomogeneous Poisson processes and Markov chains on graphs, and diffusion processes including Brownian motion and the Ornstein-Uhlenbeck process. Biological topics will be determined by the interests of the students and the instructor. Likely topics include: stochastic ion channels, molecular motors and stochastic ratchets, actin and tubulin polymerization, random walk models for neural spike trains, bacterial chemotaxis, signaling and genetic regulatory networks, and stochastic predator-prey dynamics. The emphasis will be on practical simulation and analysis of stochastic phenomena in biological systems. Numerical methods will be developed using both MATLAB and the R statistical package. Student projects will comprise a major part of the course. Offered as BIOL 319, EECS 319, MATH 319, BIOL 419, EBME 419, and PHOL 419.
BIOL 421. Design and Analysis of Biological Experiments. 3 Units.
In this laboratory course, students will learn how to use a computer programming language (MATLAB) to design, execute, and analyze biological experiments. The course will begin with basic programming and continue to data output and acquisition, image analysis, and statistics. Students who are interested in carrying out research projects in any lab setting are encouraged to take this course and use the skills acquired to better organize and analyze their experiments. No prior programming knowledge is assumed. This course satisfies a laboratory requirement of the B.A. in biology. This course satisfies a laboratory or quantitative laboratory requirement of the B.S. in biology. Students will complete a final project on a topic of their choice; graduate students will be required to give an oral presentation of this project. Offered as BIOL 321 and BIOL 421. Counts for CAS Quantitative Reasoning Requirement. Prereq: Graduate standing.

BIOL 422. Sensory Biology. 3 Units.
The task of a sensory system is to collect, process, store, and transmit information about the environment. How do sensory systems convert information from the environment into neural information in an animal’s brain? This course will explore the ecology, physiology, and behavior of the senses across the animal kingdom. We will cover introductory neurobiology and principles of sensory system organization before delving more deeply into vision, olfaction, audition, mechanosensation, and multi-modal sensory integration. For each sensory modality, we will consider how the sensory system operates and how its operation affects the animal’s behavior and ecology. We will also explore the evolution of sensory systems and their specialization for specific behavioral tasks. Students will finish the course with a research project on a topic of their choice; graduate students will present this project to the class. Offered as BIOL 322 and BIOL 422. Prereq: Graduate standing.

BIOL 424. Introduction to Stem Cell Biology. 3 Units.
This discussion-based course will introduce students to the exciting field of stem cell research. Students will first analyze basic concepts of stem cell biology, including stem cell niche, cell quiescence, asymmetric cell division, cell proliferation and differentiation, and signaling pathways involved in these processes. This first part of the course will focus on invertebrate genetic models for the study of stem cells. In the second part of the course, students will search for primary research papers on vertebrate and human stem cells, and application of stem cell research in regenerative medicine and cancer. Finally, students will have the opportunity to discuss about ethical controversies in the field. Students will rotate in weekly presentations, and will write two papers during the semester. Students will improve skills in searching and reading primary research papers, gain presentation skills, and further their knowledge in related subjects in the fields of cell biology, genetics and developmental biology. This course may be used as a cell/molecular subject area elective for the B.A. and B.S. Biology degrees. Offered as BIOL 324 and BIOL 424. Prereq: Graduate standing.

BIOL 426. Genetics. 3 Units.
Transmission genetics, nature of mutation, microbial genetics, somatic cell genetics, recombinant DNA techniques and their application to genetics, human genome mapping, plant breeding, transgenic plants and animals, uniparental inheritance, evolution, and quantitative genetics. Offered as BIOL 326 and BIOL 426.

BIOL 427. Neural Development. 3 Units.
Topics include cell commitment, regulation of proliferation and differentiation, cell death and trophic factors, pathfinding by the outgrowing nerve fiber, synapse formation, relationships between center and periphery in development and the role of activity. Offered as BIOL 427 and NEUR 427.

BIOL 428. Plant Genomics and Proteomics. 3 Units.
The development of molecular tools has impacted agriculture as much as human health. The application of new techniques to improve food crops, including the development of genetically modified crops, has also become controversial. This course covers the nature of the plant genome and the role of sequenced-based methods in the identification of the genes. The application of the whole suite of modern molecular tools to understand plant growth and development, with specific examples related agronomically important responses to biotic and abiotic stresses, is included. The impact of the enormous amounts of data generated by these methods and their storage and analysis (bioinformatics) is also considered. Finally, the impact on both the developed and developing world of the generation and release of genetically modified food crops will be covered. Recommended preparation: BIOL 326. Offered as BIOL 328 and BIOL 428.

BIOL 431. Statistical Methods I. 3 Units.
Application of statistical techniques with particular emphasis on problems in the biomedical sciences. Basic probability theory, random variables, and distribution functions. Point and interval estimation, regression, and correlation. Problems whose solution involves using packaged statistical programs. First part of year-long sequence. Offered as ANAT 431, BIOL 431, EPBI 431, and MPHP 431.

BIOL 432. Statistical Methods II. 3 Units.
Methods of analysis of variance, regression and analysis of quantitative data. Emphasis on computer solution of problems drawn from the biomedical sciences. Design of experiments, power of tests, and adequacy of models. Offered as BIOL 432, EPBI 432, and MPHP 432. Prereq: EPBI 431 or equivalent.

BIOL 434. Structural Biology. 3 Units.
Introduces basic chemical properties of proteins and discusses the physical forces that determine protein structure. Topics include: the elucidation of protein structure by NMR and by X-ray crystallographic methods; the acquisition of protein structures from data bases; and simple modeling experiments based on protein structures. Offered as BIOC 334, BIOL 334, BIOC 434, and BIOL 434.

BIOL 436. Aquatic Biology. 3 Units.
Physical, chemical, and biological dynamics of lake ecosystems. Factors governing the distribution, abundance, and diversity of freshwater organisms. Offered as BIOL 336 and BIOL 436.

BIOL 438. Ichthyology. 3 Units.
Biology of fishes. Students will first develop fundamental understanding of the evolutionary history and systematics of fishes to provide a context within which they can address diverse aspects of biology including anatomy, physiology (e.g., in species that change sex; osmoregulation in freshwater vs. saltwater), and behavior (e.g. visual, auditory, chemical, electric communication; social structures). Finally, this knowledge will be used to explore the biodiversity of fishes around the world, with emphasis on Ohio species, by examining preserved specimens in class and making two local field trips to (1) observe captive living specimens, and (2) to observe, capture, and identify wild fishes in their natural habitats. The course will conclude with an analysis of the current global fisheries crisis that has resulted from human activities. Fishes will be used to address broad topics in ecology and evolutionary biology that transcend the pure study of ichthyology. Recommended preparation for BIOL 438: BIOL 216. Offered as BIOL 338 and BIOL 438.
BIOL 442. Parasitology. 3 Units.
This course will introduce students to classical and current parasitology. Students will discuss basic principles of parasitology, parasite life cycles, host-parasite interaction, therapeutic and control programs, epidemiology, and ecological and societal considerations. The course will explore diverse classes of parasitic organisms with emphasis on protozoan and helminthic diseases and the parasites’ molecular biology. Group discussion and selected reading will facilitate further integrative learning and appreciation for parasite biology. This course counts as an elective in the cell/molecular biology subject area for the Biology BA and BS degrees. Offered as BIOL 342 and BIOL 442. Prereq: Graduate standing and consent of instructor.

BIOL 443. Microbiology, 3 Units.
The physiology, genetics, biochemistry, and diversity of microorganisms. The subject will be approached both as a basic biological science that studies the molecular and biochemical processes of cells and viruses, and as an applied science that examines the involvement of microorganisms in human disease as well as in workings of ecosystems, plant symbioses, and industrial processes. The course is divided into four major areas: bacteria, viruses, medical microbiology, and environmental and applied microbiology. Offered as BIOL 343 and BIOL 443.

BIOL 445. Mammal Diversity and Evolution. 4 Units.
This course focuses on the anatomical and taxonomic diversity of mammals in an evolutionary context. The emphasis is living (extant) mammals, but extinct mammals are also discussed. By the end of the course, students will be able to: (1) describe the key anatomical and physiological features of mammals; (2) name all orders and most families of living mammals; (3) identify a mammal skull to order and family; (4) understand how to create and interpret a phylogenetic tree; (5) appreciate major historical patterns in mammal diversity and biogeography as revealed by the fossil record. Two student-led seminars and one lab each week. Most labs will take place at the Cleveland Museum of Natural History. One weekend field trip to Cleveland Metroparks Zoo. This course satisfies a laboratory requirement for the biology major. Offered as ANAT 445, BIOL 345, and BIOL 445. Prereq: BIOL 214.

This lecture course explores spatial and temporal relationships involving organisms and the environment at individual, population, and community levels. An underlying theme of the course will be neo-Darwinian evolution through natural selection with an emphasis on organismal adaptations to abiotic and biotic environments. Studies and models will illustrate ecological principles, and there will be some emphasis on the applicability of these principles to ecosystem conservation. Students taking the graduate level course will prepare a grant proposal in which hypotheses will be based on some aspect of ecological theory. Offered as BIOL 351 and BIOL 451.

BIOL 451L. Principles of Ecology Laboratory, 2 Units.
Students in this laboratory course will conduct a variety of ecological investigations that are designed to examine relationships involving organisms and the environment at individual, population, and community levels. Descriptive and hypothesis-driven investigations will take place at Case Western Reserve University's Squire Valleyeue Farm, in both field and greenhouse settings. The course is designed to explore as well as test a variety of ecological paradigms. Students taking the graduate level course will prepare a grant proposal in which hypotheses will be based on a select number of lab investigations. This course satisfies a laboratory requirement for biology majors. Recommended preparation for BIOL 451L: prior or concurrent enrollment in BIOL 451. Offered as BIOL 351L and BIOL 451L.

BIOL 452. Ecology and Evolution of Infectious Diseases. 3 Units.
This course explores the effects of infectious diseases on populations of hosts, including humans and other animals. We will use computer models to study how infectious diseases enter and spread through populations, and how factors like physiological and behavioral differences among host individuals, host and pathogen evolution, and the environment affect this spread. Our emphasis will be on understanding and applying quantitative models for studying disease spread and informing policy in public health and conservation. To that end, computer labs are the central component of the course. This course satisfies a laboratory requirement of the B.A. in biology. This course satisfies a laboratory or quantitative laboratory requirement of the B.S. in biology. Offered as BIOL 352 and BIOL 452. Prereq: Graduate standing.

BIOL 454. Coadaptation of Organisms. 3 Units.
This graduate level course will examine biological interactions that result in organismal coadaptation and its ecological implications. Darwin was an avid observer of biological interactions that result in organismal coadaptation and its ecological implications. Darwin was an avid observer of biological interactions and his theory of evolution by natural selection focused primarily on one type of interaction; competition between individuals especially those of the same species. However, Darwin did not explicitly consider the role of cooperation in biological evolution. Nonetheless, cooperation can be a key agent in the coadaptation of organisms and in fact may have led to the evolution of eukaryotes. Three broad types of interactions will be examined in this course: competition, parasitism and cooperation. A particular focus of the course will be on biological cooperation or mutualism. Case studies will be presented to highlight the possible range of biological coadaptation. Lectures will be supplemented by discussion of the relevant literature.

BIOL 457. Conversations on Protein Structure and Function. 2 Units.
The goal of this course is to supplement the short and basic presentation of Proteins in C3MB by lectures and discussions for students with backgrounds in physical-chemical sciences or students who already have a good basic background in protein science. The course presents an overview of Protein structure/function. Following an introduction to the principles of protein structure, the physical basis of protein folding and stability, and a brief overview of structural and bioinformatics approaches to protein analysis is presented. Typically two lecture/discussion style presentations are followed by a student lead journal club on recent high profile papers. The way the Journal club is done is that one student presents a paper (background and figures in powerpoint slides) while presentation of the main figures is shared between the class. Papers and Figures will be assigned by instructor. Typically two papers will be presented per session. Offered as PHOL 456 and BIOL 457.
BIOL 458. Animal Behavior. 4 Units.
Ultimately the success or failure (i.e., life or death) of any individual animal is determined by its behavior. The ability to locate and capture food, avoid being food, acquiring and defending territory, and successfully passing your genes to the next generation, are all dependent on complex interactions between an animal's design, environment and behavior. This course will be an integrative approach emphasizing experimental studies of animal behavior. You will be introduced to state-of-the-art approaches to the study of animal behavior, including neural and hormonal mechanisms, genetic and developmental mechanisms and ecological and evolutionary approaches. We will learn to critique examples of current scientific papers, and learn how to conduct observations and experiments with real animals. We will feature guest appearances by the Curator of Research from the Cleveland MetroParks Zoo and visits to working animal behavior research labs here at CWRU. Group discussions and writing will be emphasized. This course satisfies a laboratory requirement for biology majors. Offered as BIOL 358 and BIOL 458.

BIOL 459. Genetic Basis of Behavior. 3 Units.
In this course, students will discuss scientific papers on Drosophila behavior. Emphasis will be given to studies that employ the powerful genetic tools available in Drosophila to the study of behavior. The topics covered will include: innate behaviors (e.g. sexual behavior); learning and memory; sensory information processing; anatomy of the Drosophila adult brain; genetic screenings for behavioral mutants; genetic tools to interfere with behavioral response. Students will be required to write and develop an objective project that combines genetics with behavioral tests. Students will be graded in presentations as well as a final grant proposal. Lab component will consist of experimentation in files using genetics and behavioral analyses, to be carried out in the last 6 weeks of the course. Counts as a Biology laboratory course for the B.A. and B.S. Biology degrees. Offered as BIOL 359 and BIOL 459. Prereq: BIOL 216 or BIOL 251.

BIOL 462. Principles of Developmental Biology. 3 Units.
The descriptive and experimental aspects of animal development. Gametogenesis, fertilization, cleavage, morphogenesis, induction, differentiation, organogenesis, growth, and regeneration. Students taking the graduate-level course will prepare an NIH-format research proposal as the required term paper. Offered as BIOL 362 and BIOL 462 and ANAT 462.

BIOL 463. Experimental Developmental Biology. 3 Units.
This laboratory course will teach concepts and techniques in developmental biology. Emphasis will be on the mechanisms that pattern the embryo during development and how these mechanisms are explored using molecular, cellular, and genetic approaches. A term research paper is required. Students taking the graduate level course will prepare a grant proposal. One laboratory and one lecture per week. Offered as BIOL 363 and BIOL 463.

BIOL 464. Research Methods in Evolutionary Biology. 3 Units.
The process of evolution explains not only how the present diversity of life on earth has formed, but also provides insights into current pressing issues today, including the spread of antibiotic resistance, the causes of geographic variation in genetic diseases, and explanations for modern patterns of extinction risk. Students in Research Methods in Evolutionary Biology will be introduced to several of the major research approaches of evolutionary biology, including methods of measuring natural selection on the phenotypic and genotypic levels, quantifying the rate of evolution, reconstructing evolutionary relationships, and assessing the factors that affect rates of speciation and extinction. The course will consist of a combination of interactive lectures, in-class problem solving and data analysis, and the discussion of peer-reviewed scientific papers. Grades are based on participation in class, discussions and written summaries of published papers, in-class presentations, and two writing assignments. Offered as BIOL 364 and BIOL 464. Counts as SAGES Departmental Seminar. Prereq: BIOL 214, BIOL 216, BIOL 251.

BIOL 465. Evo-Devo: Evolution of Body Plans. 3 Units.
This discussion-based course offers a detailed introduction to Evolutionary Developmental Biology. The field seeks to explain evolutionary events through the mechanisms of Developmental Biology and Genetics. The course is structured into different modules. First we will look at the developmental genetic mechanisms that can cause variation. Then we focus on how alterations of these mechanisms can generate novel structural changes. We will then examine a few areas of active debate, where Evo-Devo is attempting to solve major problems in evolutionary biology. We will conclude with two writing assignments. Students will be required to present, read, and discuss primary literature in each module. Offered as BIOL 365 and BIOL 465. Counts as SAGES Departmental Seminar.

BIOL 467. Biorobotics Team Research. 3 Units.
Many exciting research opportunities cross disciplinary lines. To participate in such projects, researchers must operate in multi-disciplinary teams. The Biorobotics Team Research course offers a unique capstone opportunity for undergraduate students to utilize skills they developed during their undergraduate experience while acquiring new teaming skills. A group of eight students form a research team under the direction of two faculty leaders. Team members are chosen from appropriate majors through interviews with the faculty. They will research a biological mechanism or principle and develop a robotic device that captures the actions of that mechanism. Although each student will cooperate on the team, they each have a specific role, and must develop a final paper that describes the research generated on their aspect of the project. Students meet for one class period per week and two 2-hour lab periods. Initially students brainstorm ideas and identify the project to be pursued. They then acquire biological data and generate robotic designs. Both are further developed during team meetings and reports. Final oral reports and a demonstration of the robotic device occur in week 15. Offered as BIOL 377, EMAE 377, BIOL 477, and EMAE 477. Counts as SAGES Senior Capstone.

BIOL 468. Topics in Evolutionary Biology. 3 Units.
The focus for this course on a special topic of interest in evolutionary biology will vary from one offering to the next. Examples of possible topics include theories of speciation, the evolution of language, the evolution of sex, evolution and biodiversity, molecular evolution. ANAT/ ANTH/EEPS/PHIL/PHOL 467/BIOL 468 will require a longer, more sophisticated term paper, and additional class presentation. Offered as ANTH 367, BIOL 368, EEPS 367, PHIL 367, ANAT 467, ANTH 467, BIOL 468, EEPS 467, PHIL 467 and PHOL 467.
Biol 471. Foundations of Advanced Ecology. 3 Units.
Advanced ecology, including discussion of the classic literature, in-depth study of key terms and concepts, applications of these foundational ideas to the modern literature, and current and future directions in the field. Intended for graduate students who have already taken undergraduate ecology (BIOL 351/451 or equivalent). Prereq: Graduate standing.

Biol 472. Foundations of Advanced Evolution. 3 Units.
Advanced evolutionary biology, including discussion of the classic literature, in-depth study of key terms and concepts, applications of these foundational ideas to the modern literature, and current and future directions in the field. Intended for graduate students who have already taken undergraduate evolution. Prereq: Graduate standing.

Biol 473. Introduction to Neurobiology. 3 Units.
How nervous systems control behavior. Biophysical, biochemical and molecular biological properties of nerve cells, their organization into circuitry, and their function within networks. Emphasis on quantitative methods for modeling neurons and networks, and on critical analysis of the contemporary technical literature in the neurosciences. Term paper required for graduate students. This course satisfies a lab requirement for the B.A. in Biology, and a Quantitative Laboratory requirements for the B.S. in Biology. Offered as BIOL 373, BIOL 473, and NEUR 473.

Biol 474. Neurobiology of Behavior. 3 Units.
In this course, students will examine how neurobiologists interested in animal behavior study the linkage between neural circuitry and complex behavior. Various vertebrate and invertebrate systems will be considered. Several exercises will be used in this endeavor. Although some lectures will provide background and context on specific neural systems, the emphasis of the course will be on classroom discussion of specific journal articles. In addition, students will each complete a project in which they will observe some animal behavior and generate both behavioral and neurobiological hypotheses related to it. In lieu of examinations, students will complete three written assignments, including a theoretical grant proposal, a one-page Specific Aims paper related to the project, and a final project paper. These assignments are designed to give each student experience in writing biologically-relevant documents. Classroom discussions will help students understand the context and format of each type document. They will also present their projects orally to the entire class. Offered as BIOL 374, BIOL 474, and NEUR 474. Counts as SAGES Departmental Seminar.

Biol 476. Neurobiology Laboratory. 3 Units.
Introduction to the basic laboratory techniques of neurobiology. Intracellular and extracellular recording techniques, forms of synaptic plasticity, patch clamping, immunohistochemistry and confocal microscopy. During the latter weeks of the course students will be given the opportunity to conduct an independent project. One laboratory and one discussion session per week. Recommended preparation for BIOL 476 and NEUR 476: BIOL 216. Offered as BIOL 376, BIOL 476 and NEUR 476.

Biol 478. Computational Neuroscience. 3 Units.
Computer simulations and mathematical analysis of neurons and neural circuits, and the computational properties of nervous systems. Students are taught a range of models for neurons and neural circuits, and are asked to implement and explore the computational and dynamic properties of these models. The course introduces students to dynamical systems theory for the analysis of neurons and neural learning, models of brain systems, and their relationship to artificial and neural networks. Term project required. Students enrolled in MATH 478 will make arrangements with the instructor to attend additional lectures and complete additional assignments addressing mathematical topics related to the course. Recommended preparation: MATH 223 and MATH 224 or BIOL 300 and BIOL 306. Offered as BIOL 378, COGS 378, MATH 378, BIOL 478, EBME 478, EECs 478, MATH 478 and NEUR 478.

Biol 480. Physiology of Organ Systems. 4 Units.
Our intent is to expand the course from the current 3 hours per week (1.5 hour on Monday and Wednesday) to 4 hours per week (1.5 hours on Monday and Wednesday plus 1 hour on Friday). Muscle structure and Function, Myasthenia gravis and Sarcopenia; Central Nervous System, (Synaptic Transmission, Sensory System, Autonomic Nervous System, CNS circuits, Motor System, Neurodegenerative Diseases, Paraplegia and Nerve Compression); Cardiovascular Physiology (Regulation of Pressure and flow; Circulation, Cardiac Cycle, Electrophysiology, Cardiac Function, Control of Cardiovascular function, Hypertension); Hemorrhage, Cardiac Hypertrophy and Fibrillation; Respiration Physiology (Gas Transport and Exchange, Control of Breathing, Acid/base regulation, Cor Pulmonaris and Cystic Fibrosis, Sleeping apnea and Emphysema); Renal Physiology (Glomerular Filtration, Tubular Function/transport, Glomerulonephritis, Tubulopathies); Gastro-Intestinal Physiology (Gastric motility, gastric function, pancreas and bile function, digestion and absorption, Liver Physiology; Pancreatitis, Liver Disease and cirrhosis); Endocrine Physiology (Thyroid, Adrenal glands, endocrine pancreas, Parathyroid, calcium sensing receptor, Cushing and diabetes, Reproductive hormones, eclampsia); Integrative Physiology (Response to exercise, fasting and feeding, aging). For all the classes, the students will receive a series of learning objectives by the instructor to help the students address and focus their attention to the key aspects of the organ physiology (and physiopathology). The evaluation of the students will continue to be based upon the students’ participation in class (60% of the grade) complemented by a midterm and a final exam (each one accounting for 20% of the final grade). Offered as BIOL 480 and PHOL 480.

Biol 482. Drugs, Brain, and Behavior. 3 Units.
This course is concerned with the mechanisms underlying neurochemical signaling and the impact of drugs on those mechanisms. The first half of the course emphasizes the fundamental mechanisms underlying intra- and extracellular communication of neurons and the basic principles of how drugs interact with the nervous system. The second half of the course emphasizes understanding the neural substrates of disorders of the nervous system, and the mechanisms underlying the therapeutic effects of drugs at the cellular and behavioral levels. This course will consist of lectures designed to give the student necessary background for understanding these basic principles and class discussion. The class discussion will include viewing video examples of behavioral effects of disorders of the nervous system, and analysis of research papers. The goal of the class discussions is to enhance the critical thinking skills of the student and expose the student to contemporary research techniques. Offered as BIOL 382, BIOL 482, and NEUR 482.
BIOL 491. Contemporary Biology and Biotechnology for Innovation I. 3 Units.
The first half of a two-semester sequence providing an understanding of biology as a basis for successfully launching new high-tech ventures. The course will examine physical limitations to present technologies and the use of biology to identify potential opportunities for new venture creation. The course will provide experience in using biology in both identification of incremental improvements and as the basis for alternative technologies. Case studies will be used to illustrate recent commercially successful (and unsuccessful) biotechnology-based venture creation and will illustrate characteristics for success.

BIOL 492. Contemporary Biology and Biotechnology for Innovation II. 3 Units.
Continuation of BIOL 491 with an emphasis on current and prospective opportunities for Biotechnology Entrepreneurship. Longer term opportunities for Biotechnology Entrepreneurship in emerging areas including (but not limited to) applications of DNA sequence information in medicine and agriculture; energy and the environment; biologically-inspired robots. Recommended preparation: BIOL 491 or consent of department.

BIOL 493. Feasibility and Technology Analysis. 3 Units.
This course provides the tools scientists need to determine whether a technology is ready for commercialization. These tools include (but are not limited to): financial analysis, market analysis, industry analysis, technology analysis, intellectual property protection, the entrepreneurial process and culture, an introduction to entrepreneurial strategy and new venture financing. Deliverables will include a technology feasibility analysis on a possible application in the student's scientific area. Offered as BIOL 493, CHEM 493, and PHYS 493.

BIOL 494. Seminar in Evolutionary Biology. 3 Units.
This seminar investigates 20th-century evolutionary theory, especially the Modern Evolutionary synthesis and subsequent expansions of and challenges to that synthesis. The course encompasses the multidisciplinary nature of the science of evolution, demonstrating how disciplinary background influences practitioners’ conceptualizations of pattern and process. This course emphasizes practical writing and research skills, including formulation of testable theses, grant proposal techniques, and the implementation of original research using the facilities on campus and at the Cleveland Museum of Natural History. Offered as ANTH 394, BIOL 394, EEPS 394, HSTY 394, PHIL 394, ANTH 494, BIOL 494, EEPS 494, HSTY 494, and PHIL 494.

BIOL 495. Introduction to Graduate School in the Biological Sciences. 1 Unit.
This course will help incoming Biology MS and Ph.D. students navigate their way through graduate school and participate in the scientific process. Students in the Biology graduate program will be strongly encouraged to take this course in their first year. This will be a skill-based course that will become part of their academic toolbox. In addition, there will be sessions to offer general tips for life in graduate school. Prereq: Graduate Standing.

BIOL 530. Seminar in the Rhizosphere. 1 - 2 Unit.
The rhizosphere is the dynamic zone of soil that surrounds plant roots. Chemical and physical processes in the rhizosphere are controlled by the interaction between plants and a diverse soil microflora. This graduate-level seminar course will explore these processes and interactions as they affect nutrient cycling and the fertility of natural systems. Each week one student will present and lead the discussion on a seminal or current key scientific article dealing with one of the following general topics: Rhizosphere biogeochemistry, diversity and function of the rhizosphere biota, interaction of organisms inhabiting the rhizosphere, influence of rhizospheric processes in plant fitness and ecosystem function.

BIOL 531. Seminar in Experimental Ecology. 1 - 3 Unit.

BIOL 541. Topics in Integrative Biology. 1 - 3 Unit.
The goal of this course is to encourage graduate students to think about any question in biology from a broad-based perspective, focusing on the integration of three major themes: 1) evolution and its effects, 2) the cellular basis of life, and 3) systems level control. Each semester, the course may focus on a different topic, but it will be examined from the perspectives of these three focus areas. One faculty instructor with strength in each of these areas will present a few introductory lectures to provide the class with a basic understanding of the topic as it is studied in their area. Then, each student will research a subject covered that semester and develop and present this subject to the class with an explicit evolutionary, cellular or systems level approach. Students will be graded on the quality of their presentations and the overall level of their participation in class.

BIOL 549. Mathematical Life Sciences Seminar. 1 - 3 Unit.
Continuing seminar on areas of current interest in the applications of mathematics to the life sciences. Allows graduate and advanced undergraduate students to become involved in research. Topics will reflect interests and expertise of the faculty and may include topics in mathematical biology, computational neuroscience, mathematical modeling of biological systems, models of infectious diseases, computational cell biology, mathematical ecology and mathematical biomedicine broadly construed. May be taken more than once for credit.

BIOL 550C. Seminar: Experimental Biology. 1 - 3 Unit.

BIOL 599. Advanced Independent Study for Graduate Students. 1 - 3 Unit.
Independent study of advanced topics in biology under the supervision of a biology faculty member. Registration requires submission of a proposal for a project or study and approval of the department.

BIOL 601. Research. 1 - 9 Unit.

BIOL 651. Thesis M.S.. 1 - 9 Unit.

BIOL 701. Dissertation Ph.D.. 1 - 9 Unit.
Prereq: Predoctoral research consent or advanced to Ph.D. candidacy milestone.

Department of Chemistry

The Department of Chemistry is the largest department representing the chemical sciences at Case Western Reserve University. It consists of 21 faculty members, 16 associated faculty, about 14 postdoctoral associates, approximately 90 graduate students, and over 150 undergraduate students majoring in chemistry. The department offers undergraduate and graduate degree programs leading to the Bachelor of Arts, Bachelor of Science, Master of Science, and Doctor of Philosophy.

The general focus of chemistry is on (1) understanding the basic properties of matter, and (2) employing this knowledge in the design,
Facilities

The department’s facilities for experimental and theoretical research are modern and extensive. They include diverse major instruments for use by faculty and students, as well as specialized equipment serving individual research groups. Shared instrumentation includes 400- and 600-MHz NMR spectrometers, ultrafast laser systems in the Center for Chemical Dynamics, and a cyber-enabled X-ray crystallographic facility.

Other departmental instrumentation includes equipment for laser Raman spectroscopy, GC-MS and LC-MS/MS mass spectrometers, calorimeters, stopped-flow kinetics instrumentation, a circular dichroism spectrometer, an analytical ultracentrifuge, and equipment for electrochemical measurements. Access to very high-field NMR instrumentation is available on campus at the Cleveland Center for Membrane Structural Biology (CCMSB), which is equipped with numerous 500- to 900-MHz NMR spectrometers for solution and solid-state measurements. The chemistry department’s computers are part of the campus-wide fiber optic communications network operated by Information Technology Services, and the entire University Circle area offers wireless access. In addition to the full complement of software, Internet, and library database services offered by the university, connections to off-site databases, such as SciFinder and Ohio Supercomputer Center, are available to departmental users.

The department uses some of the foremost equipment available in high-resolution nuclear magnetic resonance spectroscopy and in tunable laser spectroscopy. Work on various aspects of chemistry as studied by these techniques is recognized throughout the world.

Undergraduate Programs

Majors

The Department of Chemistry offers three curricula for undergraduate majors, leading to a Bachelor of Science (BS) degree in chemistry, Bachelor of Arts (BA) degree in chemistry, or Bachelor of Arts (BA) degree in chemical biology.

Bachelor of Science in Chemistry Program

The BS program in chemistry is designed for students who seek professional careers in the chemical sciences and is certified by the American Chemical Society. The BS curriculum provides a rigorous background in chemistry, yet offers considerable flexibility in the senior year in the choice of electives, allowing BS majors to pursue areas of chemistry of particular interest to them in greater depth. At least three units of research (CHEM 397 / CHEM 398) are required, and up to nine units of research may be credited toward the degree.

Total Units Required for Graduation: 120

Chemistry BS - Required Chemistry Courses

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>First Year</th>
<th>Units</th>
<th>Fall</th>
<th>Spring</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Principles of Chemistry I (CHEM 105)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Principles of Chemistry Laboratory (CHEM 113)</td>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Principles of Chemistry II (CHEM 106)</td>
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<td>Year Total:</td>
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<tr>
<th>Second Year</th>
<th>Units</th>
<th>Fall</th>
<th>Spring</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Quantitative Analysis Laboratory (CHEM 304)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Foundations of Analytical Chemistry (CHEM 310)</td>
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<td>Organic Chemistry I (CHEM 323)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Laboratory Methods in Organic Chemistry (CHEM 322)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Organic Chemistry II (CHEM 324)</td>
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<td>Year Total:</td>
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<tr>
<th>Third Year</th>
<th>Units</th>
<th>Fall</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Inorganic Chemistry I (CHEM 311)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Laboratory Methods in Inorganic Chemistry (CHEM 331)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Physical Chemistry I (CHEM 335)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Laboratory Methods in Physical Chemistry (CHEM 332)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Physical Chemistry II (CHEM 336)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Chemistry Elective (300-level, see text below)</td>
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<tr>
<th>Fourth Year</th>
<th>Units</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Research Requirement:</td>
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<tr>
<td>Undergraduate Research (CHEM 397)</td>
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<tr>
<td>or Undergraduate Research/Senior Capstone Project (CHEM 398)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Biochemistry Requirement (one of the following):</td>
<td>3 - 4</td>
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The American Chemical Society (http://www.acs.org), with more than 160,000 members, is the major professional society in the United States for practicing chemists. Both undergraduate and graduate students may join the society.

synthesis, and characterization of materials with novel and useful properties. The various degree programs strive to develop all aspects of the student’s chemical knowledge through a broad range of lecture and laboratory courses.

Chemical research is an integral part of the department’s activities: over $3 million of federal, state, and private research support flows into the department each year. State-of-the-art research facilities are available to both graduate and undergraduate students. Undergraduates are encouraged to participate in research projects with individual faculty members in order to expand their hands-on training, problem-solving skills, and understanding of the scientific method as applied in chemical research. These research projects typically involve interchange and collaboration across all levels of experience and may also involve scientists from other departments and institutions.

Chemistry is often referred to as “the central science” because of its key role in interdisciplinary studies. Correspondingly, a degree in chemistry affords a broad range of employment opportunities. Chemists can direct their talents to specialized problems of applied research, or they can choose to delve into fundamental investigations. A degree in chemistry can cover the spectrum of chemical specialties, from biochemistry to interstellar chemistry. The degree also provides valuable preparation for other professions, such as medicine, dentistry, and law.

Projects (CHEM 398)

Biochemistry Requirement (one of the following):

BS Chemistry (p. 221) | BA Chemistry (p. 222) | BA Chemical Biology (p. 223) | Honors (p. 223) | Teacher Licensure (p. 224) | Minor (p. 224)
Introductory Biochemistry (CHEM 328) (spring, 3 units)
Chemical Aspects of Living Systems (CHEM 329) (fall, 3 units)
Introduction to Biochemistry: From Molecules To Medical Science (BIOC 307) (4 units)
Chemistry Elective (300-level, see text below) 3
Technical Electives (see text below) 6
Year Total: 6-10

Total Units in Sequence: 55-59

Chemistry BS - Additional Required Courses

MATH 121 Calculus for Science and Engineering I 4
MATH 122 Calculus for Science and Engineering II 4
or MATH 124 Calculus II
MATH 223 Calculus for Science and Engineering III 3
or MATH 227 Calculus III
One of the following: 3
MATH 224 Elementary Differential Equations
MATH 228 Differential Equations
STAT 312 Basic Statistics for Engineering and Science
PHYS 121 General Physics I - Mechanics 4
or PHYS 123 Physics and Frontiers I - Mechanics
PHYS 122 General Physics II - Electricity and Magnetism 4
or PHYS 124 Physics and Frontiers II - Electricity and Magnetism
PHYS 221 Introduction to Modern Physics 3

Total Units 25

The chemistry elective may be any chemistry department course at the 300 level or above which is not part of the “core set,” or selected courses with a strong chemistry content at the 300 level or above from other science departments. Only three units of CHEM 397 may be applied to a chemistry elective.

The technical electives may be chosen more widely from any of the physical sciences, math, or engineering courses. An additional six units of CHEM 397 may be taken as technical electives. Further additional units of CHEM 397 may be taken as free electives. Students may wish to group their electives into “tracks” of specialization in order to tailor their degree to a particular area of chemistry.

BS majors who plan to go on to graduate study may elect to take advanced courses in:

Inorganic Chemistry
CHEM 412 Advanced Inorganic Chemistry I

Organic Chemistry
CHEM 421 Advanced Organic Chemistry I
CHEM 422 Advanced Organic Chemistry II
CHEM 435 Synthetic Methods in Organic Chemistry

Physical Chemistry
CHEM 406 Chemical Kinetics
CHEM 407 Chemical Thermodynamics
CHEM 446 Quantum Mechanics I

Students can also elect to take other graduate offerings. Interdisciplinary strengths can be achieved by selecting technical electives in biochemistry, biomedical engineering, chemical engineering, macromolecular science, and materials science as well as in biology, geological sciences, mathematics, physics, and statistics.

Bachelor of Arts in Chemistry Program

The BA program in chemistry is intended for pre-professional students who plan careers in medicine, dentistry, veterinary medicine, pharmacy, or in other fields for which a baccalaureate degree in chemistry provides appropriate training. BA majors may supplement their required courses with additional chemistry courses or may utilize the curriculum’s flexibility to develop an interdisciplinary program of their choice. Many chemistry BA majors participate in undergraduate research within the Department of Chemistry (CHEM 397 / CHEM 398) or in other science departments, including those in the medical school.

Total Units Required for Graduation: 120

Chemistry BA - Required Chemistry Courses

First Year

Units  
Fall  Spring
Principles of Chemistry I (CHEM 105) 3
Principles of Chemistry Laboratory (CHEM 113) 2
Principles of Chemistry II (CHEM 106) 3
Year Total: 5 3

Second Year

Units  
Fall  Spring
Introductory Organic Chemistry I (CHEM 223) 3
or Organic Chemistry I (CHEM 323)
Introductory Organic Chemistry Laboratory I (CHEM 233) (see below*) 2
Introductory Organic Chemistry II (CHEM 224) 3
or Organic Chemistry II (CHEM 324)
Introductory Organic Chemistry Laboratory II (CHEM 234) (see below*) 2-3
or Laboratory Methods in Organic Chemistry (CHEM 322)
Year Total: 5 5-6

Third Year

Units  
Fall  Spring
Introductory Physical Chemistry I (CHEM 301) 3
or Physical Chemistry I (CHEM 335)
Quantitative Analysis Laboratory (CHEM 304) 2
Foundations of Analytical Chemistry (CHEM 310) 3
Introductory Physical Chemistry II (CHEM 302) 3
or Physical Chemistry II (CHEM 336)
Introductory Physical Chemistry Laboratory (CHEM 305) 3
Year Total: 8 6

Fourth Year

Units  
Fall  Spring
Electives
Year Total:

Total Units in Sequence: 32-33
* CHEM 322 is offered in spring only, and may be substituted in place of both CHEM 233 and CHEM 234.

**Chemistry BA - Additional Required Courses**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Courses</th>
<th>Units</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PHYS 115 / PHYS 116</td>
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<tr>
<td>PHYS 122</td>
<td>4</td>
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<tr>
<td>MATH 125 / MATH 121</td>
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<tr>
<td>MATH 126 / MATH 122</td>
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Total Units: 16

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Bachelor of Arts in Chemical Biology Program

The BA program in chemical biology is intended for pre-professional students who plan careers in medicine, dentistry, veterinary medicine, pharmacy, or for individuals seeking careers that utilize chemistry to solve problems affecting living systems. A key component of the major is the flexibility imparted by fewer required courses and the integration of six credit hours of technical electives. Many chemical biology BA majors participate in undergraduate research within the Department of Chemistry (CHEM 397 / CHEM 398) or in other science departments, including those in the medical school.

Total Units Required for Graduation: 120

**Chemical Biology BA - Required Chemistry Courses**

**First Year**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Courses</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Principles of Chemistry I (CHEM 105)</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Principles of Chemistry II (CHEM 106)</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Principles of Chemistry Laboratory (CHEM 113)</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Year Total: 8

**Second Year**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Courses</th>
<th>Units</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Organic Chemistry I (CHEM 323) or CHEM 223 and CHEM 224</td>
<td>3-6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Introductory Organic Chemistry Laboratory I (CHEM 233) (see below*)</td>
<td>2-3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>or Laboratory Methods in Organic Chemistry (CHEM 322)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Biochemistry Laboratory (CHEM 306)</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Introductory Biochemistry (CHEM 328)</td>
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</tr>
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</table>

Year Total: 5-9

**Third Year**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Courses</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Introductory Physical Chemistry I (CHEM 301)</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>or Physical Chemistry I (CHEM 335)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Quantitative Analysis Laboratory (CHEM 304)</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Foundations of Analytical Chemistry (CHEM 310)</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Year Total: 8

**Fourth Year**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Courses</th>
<th>Units</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Technical Electives (see text below)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Undergraduate Research/Senior Capstone Project (CHEM 398)</td>
<td>3-6</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Year Total: 6-9

Total Units in Sequence: 36-43

* CHEM 322 is offered in spring only, and may be substituted in place of both CHEM 233 and CHEM 234. Only one semester of organic chemistry laboratory is required for our chemical biology BA program. However, some medical schools require two semesters of organic lab, so students should plan accordingly.

The technical electives may be chosen more widely from any of the physical sciences, math, or engineering courses. A maximum of six units of CHEM 397 may be taken as technical electives. Further additional units of CHEM 397 may be taken as free electives. Students may wish to group their electives into "tracks" of specialization in order to tailor their degree to a particular area of chemistry.

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Departmental Honors

Chemistry majors who have excellent academic records may participate in the Honors in Chemistry program. To graduate with honors in chemistry, a student must satisfy the following requirements:

1. A combined grade point average of 3.50 in chemistry, physics, and mathematics and an overall grade point average of 3.20
2. A minimum of six units of Undergraduate Research (CHEM 397), or chemical research done under another course number with departmental approval

Departmental Honors

Chemistry majors who have excellent academic records may participate in the Honors in Chemistry program. To graduate with honors in chemistry, a student must satisfy the following requirements:

1. A combined grade point average of 3.50 in chemistry, physics, and mathematics and an overall grade point average of 3.20
2. A minimum of six units of Undergraduate Research (CHEM 397), or chemical research done under another course number with departmental approval
A thesis approved by the department’s undergraduate affairs committee based on the level of research, quality of the manuscript, and chemical content.

### Teacher Licensure in Chemistry

The chemistry department offers a special option for undergraduate students who wish to pursue a chemistry major and a career in teaching. The Adolescent to Young Adult (AYA) Teacher Education Program in Physical Sciences prepares CWRU students to receive an Ohio Teaching License for grades 7-12. Students declare a second major in education – which involves 34 hours in education and practicum requirements – and complete a planned sequence of chemistry content coursework within the context of the BA chemistry major. The program is designed to offer several unique features not found in other programs and to place students in mentored teaching situations throughout their teacher preparation career. This small, rigorous program is designed to capitalize on the strengths of CWRU’s chemistry department, its Teacher Education Program, and the relationships the university has built with area schools.

### Chemistry Minor

Students may complete a minor in chemistry, defined as one year of freshman chemistry (including laboratory); two additional three-unit lecture courses; and two additional laboratory or approved courses. A recommended sequence would include:

- **Course List**
  - CHEM 105 Principles of Chemistry I 3
  - CHEM 106 Principles of Chemistry II 3
  - CHEM 113 Principles of Chemistry Laboratory 2
  - CHEM 223 Introductory Organic Chemistry I 3
    or CHEM 323 Organic Chemistry I 3
  - CHEM 224 Introductory Organic Chemistry II 3
    or CHEM 324 Organic Chemistry II 3
  - CHEM 233 Introductory Organic Chemistry Laboratory I 2
    or CHEM 234 Introductory Organic Chemistry Laboratory II 2

  **Total Units** 18

Other sequences may be followed after consultation with the Department of Chemistry.

### Graduate Programs

#### Master of Science Programs

The MS degree in chemistry may be obtained by completing (1) a program that includes the preparation of a master’s thesis, or (2) a program involving only coursework. Both programs require a minimum of 27 units, of which up to six units may be for the master’s thesis. Course work for the master’s degree may be taken on a part-time basis, but thesis research can be undertaken only by full-time graduate students.

Thus, only the master’s degree without thesis can be earned entirely on a part-time basis.

The Science and Technology Entrepreneurship Program (STEP) is a three- or four-semester professional MS degree offered in chemistry as well as in biotechnology and physics. Students enter the Chemistry Entrepreneurship program with a bachelor’s, master’s, or doctoral degree in a chemistry-related field. The program consists of advanced courses in chemistry, business, and technology innovation and an entrepreneurial project with technical content in an existing company or new venture.

#### Doctor of Philosophy Program

The PhD degree in chemistry is granted to those students who have shown an extensive knowledge of advanced chemistry and the ability to do original research. The program usually requires four years of full-time study after the bachelor’s degree. Besides advanced courses, the program consists of cumulative and oral examinations, seminars and colloquia, and an original research project. At least twelve months must be spent in residence on campus while fulfilling the PhD thesis research requirement.

Full-time graduate students who maintain satisfactory academic performance while pursuing the PhD degree in chemistry normally receive a stipend for teaching and/or research, which includes full tuition and a monthly amount sufficient to cover living expenses.

### Research

The Department of Chemistry is noted for research programs in (1) chemical biology and (2) energy and materials. Projects range from synthetic studies of important bioactive substances, including antibiotics and DNA-binding substances, to detailed examination of the surface properties of materials used in batteries and electrolytic cells. Studies are being performed with molecules as simple as oxygen and as complicated as those which describe the active centers of enzymes or the protein core of insoluble aggregates that deposit in neurodegenerative disease. Efforts are being made to understand the basic chemical properties leading to reactive mediators generated from physiological lipids.

Other research is aimed at developing new drugs for photodynamic therapy and at understanding the mechanism of action of drugs for antiretroviral therapy. The influence of metal ions in modifying reactivity is a common interest of several members of the faculty, as is the development of organometallic compounds for materials and catalysis. Chemical surfaces are being studied, as are various applications of nanoparticles, from cells to the environment. Studies designed to characterize electrode-electrolyte interfaces, the electrochemical properties of new semiconductors, and single-cell microelectrodes are also ongoing. These efforts are complemented by theoretical studies on the interfacial structure and bonding of composite materials.

Case Western Reserve University ranks among the leading universities internationally in its strengths in electrochemistry and has brought these strengths together in the Yeager Center for Electrochemical Studies (YCES) (http://electrochem.cwru.edu). The interdisciplinary nature of electrochemistry involves the interaction of electrochemists in the chemistry and chemical engineering departments with metallurgists, surface physicists, inorganic and organic chemists, polymer membrane chemists, and electrical engineers. Such interactions, lacking on most campuses, are promoted at Case Western Reserve University through YCES. Graduate students in the chemistry department have the
opportunity to specialize in electrochemistry in one of the most extensive
course and research programs in the United States.

Colloquia and Seminars
The department sponsors a rich program of colloquia and seminars on
recent advances in chemical research. Most notable among these is the
Frontiers in Chemistry Lecture Series, in which scientists of international
distinction lecture on major discoveries and developments in chemistry. In
addition, a weekly colloquium series provides lectures by invited speakers
in a variety of fields of chemical investigation. Both of these programs
are addressed to an audience of faculty, graduate students, and other
chemical scientists in the university and the Cleveland area, and are a
vital means to broaden current knowledge. Numerous other seminars
and meetings are held on a more specialized and informal level. Most
individual research groups conduct weekly discussions to evaluate their
progress.

Primary Faculty
Mary D. Barkley, PhD
(University of California, San Diego)
M. Roger Clapp University Professor of Arts and Sciences; Chair
Analytical Chemistry, Biochemistry, Biophysical Chemistry, Medicinal
Chemistry, Photochemistry, Physical Chemistry, Theoretical Chemistry
Alfred B. Anderson, PhD
(Johns Hopkins University)
Professor
Materials, Physical Chemistry, Electrocatalysis, Interfacial Phenomena,
Catalysis, Theoretical Chemistry
Clemens Burda, PhD
(University of Basel, Switzerland)
Professor
Photochemistry, Materials, Physical Chemistry, Nanochemistry, Bio-
and Energy Applications, Biophysical and Biomedical Science and
Engineering, Spectroscopy
James D. Burgess, PhD
(Virginia Commonwealth University)
Associate Professor
Analytical Chemistry, Biochemistry, Biophysical Chemistry, Materials,
Medicinal Chemistry, Bio-Inorganic Chemistry, Electrochemistry
Carlos E. Crespo-Hernández, PhD
(University of Puerto Rico)
Associate Professor
Analytical Chemistry, Biophysical Chemistry, Energy, Photochemistry,
Physical Chemistry, Chemical Dynamics and Kinetics, Computational
Chemistry, Environmental Chemistry, Time-Resolved Spectroscopy
Thomas G. Gray, PhD
(Harvard University)
Associate Professor
Inorganic Chemistry, Physical Chemistry, Energy
Malcolm E. Kenney, PhD
(Cornell University)
Hurlbut Professor of Chemistry
Biochemistry, Inorganic Chemistry, Medicinal Chemistry, Organometallic
Chemistry, Photochemistry, Bio-Inorganic Chemistry, Computational Chemistry, Drug Delivery, Dyes & Pigments,
Nanotechnology, Organosilicon Chemistry, Photodynamic Therapy, Polymers
Irene Lee, PhD
(Pennsylvania State University)
Professor
Biochemistry, Medicinal Chemistry, Bio-Organic Chemistry
Drew A. Meyer, PhD
(Stanford University)
John Teagle Professorial Fellow in Chemistry; Instructor
Physical Chemistry, Inorganic Chemistry, X-Ray Spectroscopy, Chemical
Education
Anthony J. Pearson, PhD
(University of Aston, Birmingham, England)
Rudolph and Susan Rense Professor of Chemistry
Organic Chemistry, Organometallic Chemistry, Catalysis, Natural
Products, Synthesis
Emily Pentzer, PhD
(Northwestern University)
Assistant Professor
Organic Chemistry, Materials & Energy, Polymers, Nanostructures, Self-
Assembly, Composites
John D. Protasiewicz, PhD
(Cornell University)
Professor; Associate Chair
Inorganic Chemistry, Materials & Energy, Organometallic Chemistry, Photochemistry, Catalysis, Computational Chemistry, Crystallography,
Electrochemistry, Green Chemistry, Main Group Chemistry, Molecular
Electronics, Nanotechnology, OLEDs, Optoelectronics, Physical
Organic Chemistry, Polymers, Solar Energy, Solid-State Chemistry,
Spectroscopy, Supramolecular Chemistry, Synthesis
Robert G. Salomon, PhD
(University of Wisconsin, Madison)
Charles Frederic Mabery Professor of Research in Chemistry
Biochemistry, Chemical Biology, Medicinal Chemistry, Organic
Chemistry, Bio-Organic Chemistry, Cellular Biology, Molecular Biology,
Natural Products, Pharmacology, Synthesis
Anna C. Samia, PhD
(Georgia Institute of Technology)
Assistant Professor
Analytical Chemistry, Inorganic Chemistry, Materials & Energy, Bio-
Inorganic Chemistry, Functional Nanomaterials, Nanotheranostics
Geneviève Sauvé, PhD
(California Institute of Technology)
Frank Hovorka Assistant Professor in Chemistry
Polymers, Nanoscale Morphology, Organic Electronics, Solar Energy
Conversion, Structure-Property Relationships
Daniel A. Scherson, PhD  
(University of California, Davis)  
**Frank Hovorka Professor of Chemistry**  
Analytical Chemistry, Materials, Physical Chemistry, Photochemistry, Electrochemistry

Rekha R. Srinivasan, PhD  
(Case Western Reserve University)  
**Instructor**  
Analytical Chemistry, Biophysical Chemistry, Organic Chemistry, Chemical Education

Gregory P. Tochtrop, PhD  
(Washington University Medical School)  
**Associate Professor**  

Blanton S. Tolbert, PhD  
(University of Rochester)  
**Assistant Professor**  
Biochemistry, Biophysical Chemistry, Structural Biology

Rajesh Viswanathan, PhD  
(University of Indiana)  
**Assistant Professor**  
Organic Chemistry, Protein Biochemistry, Chemical Biology, Chemical Synthesis and Characterization, Genetically-Encoded Natural Products, Molecular Biology, Microbial Genetics, Bioinformatics, Metabolic Pathways, Drug Discovery

Michael G. Zagorski, PhD  
(Case Western Reserve University)  
**Professor**  

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**Lecturer**

Raul E. Juarez Hernandez, PhD  
(University of Notre Dame)  
**Full-time Lecturer**  
Organic Chemistry, Chemical Education

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**Research Faculty**

Mikhail D. Linetsky, PhD  
(Academy of Science of Ukraine)  
**Research Associate Professor**  
Biochemistry, Chemical Biology, Protein Chemistry, Post-Translational Protein Modification, Proteomics

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**Secondary Faculty**

Paul Carey, PhD  
(University of Sussex, UK)  
**Professor, Department of Biochemistry**  
Biochemistry, Biophysical Chemistry, Microscopy / Imaging, Spectroscopy

John W. Crabb, PhD  
(University of Kansas Medical Center)  
**Professor, Department of Cell Biology, Lerner Research Institute, Cleveland Clinic**  
Proteomics of the visual cycle and age-related ocular diseases

Chris Dealwis, PhD  
**Associate Professor, Department of Pharmacology**  
Biochemistry, Biophysics, Enzyme Catalysis, Pharmacology, Proteins

Thomas Gerken, PhD  
(Case Western Reserve University)  
**Professor, Division of Pediatric Pulmonology**  
Biochemistry, Biophysical Chemistry, Chemical Biology, Glycosylation, Protein Chemistry, Protein Structure

Thomas Kelley, PhD  
(University of Notre Dame)  
**Associate Professor, Division of Pediatric Pulmonology**  
Biochemistry, Medicinal Chemistry, Cellular Biology, Pharmacology

Zheng-Rong Lu, PhD  
M. Frank and Margaret Domiter Rudy Professor, Department of Biomedical Engineering  
Drug Delivery, Molecular Imaging, Nanotechnology

John J. Mieyal, PhD  
(Case Western Reserve University)  
**Professor and Vice Chair, Department of Pharmacology**  
Biochemistry, Chemical Biology, Medicinal Chemistry, Bio-Organic Chemistry, Catalysis, Cellular Biology, Molecular Biology, Neurochemistry, Pharmacology

Stuart J. Rowan, PhD  
(University of Glasgow, UK)  
**Kent Hale Smith Professor, Department of Macromolecular Science & Engineering**  

David Schiraldi, PhD  
(University of Oregon)  
**Professor, Department of Macromolecular Science & Engineering**  
Polymer synthesis and structure-property relationships, Condensation polymers, Polymer nanocomposites, Fuel cell durability, Polymerization catalysis, Transport phenomena and packaging applications, Polymer blends and complex polymer systems.

Witold K. Surewicz, PhD  
(University of Lodz, Poland)  
**Professor, Department of Physiology and Biophysics**  
Biochemistry, Biophysical chemistry, Neurochemistry, Spectroscopy

Yanming Wang, PhD  
(Federal Institute of Technology, Zürich, Switzerland)  
**Associate Professor, Department of Radiology**  
Organic synthesis, Molecular probes for in vivo imaging
Courses

CHEM 102. The Molecules of Medicine. 1 Unit.
The central tenet of CHEM 102 is the identification and presentation of concrete examples to illustrate how basic scientific principles impact medicine in a substantive way. Several topics will be addressed that include medical diagnostics, medical instrument design, and drug development. An emphasis of this class will be to convey how topics being presented in other classes in the pre-medical curriculum have a direct and substantive impact on the practice of medicine.

CHEM 105. Principles of Chemistry I. 3 Units.
Atomic structure; thermochemistry; periodicity, bonding and molecular structure; intermolecular forces; properties of solids; liquids, gases and solutions. Recommended preparation: One year of high school chemistry.

CHEM 106. Principles of Chemistry II. 3 Units.
Thermodynamics, chemical equilibrium; acid/base chemistry; oxidation and reduction; kinetics; spectroscopy; introduction to nuclear, organic, inorganic, and polymer chemistry. Prereq: CHEM 105 or equivalent.

CHEM 111. Principles of Chemistry for Engineers. 4 Units.
A first course in university chemistry emphasizing chemistry of materials for engineering students. Atomic theory and quantitative relationships; gas laws and kinetic theory; solutions, acid-base properties and pH; thermodynamics and equilibrium; kinetics, catalysis, and mechanisms; molecular structure and bonding. Recommended preparation: One year of high school chemistry or permission of department.

CHEM 113. Principles of Chemistry Laboratory. 2 Units.
A one semester laboratory based on quantitative chemical measurements. Experiments include analysis, synthesis and characterization, thermochemistry and chemical kinetics. Computer analysis of data is a key part of all experiments. Prereq or Coreq: CHEM 105 or CHEM 106 or CHEM 111 or ENGR 145.

CHEM 114. Chemistry Frontiers Laboratory. 2 Units.
An introduction to laboratory techniques and computer-based methods for chemical research for the chemistry major. Scientific information databases, structural chemistry, experimental design and data handling, chemical synthesis and characterization. Prereq: CHEM 105 or CHEM 111, and CHEM 113. Coreq: CHEM 106.

CHEM 119. Concepts for a Molecular View of Biology I. 3 Units.
The first semester of a two-course sequence in elementary inorganic, organic, and biochemistry, intended for nursing students or non-majors. Topics include: atomic theory, the periodic table, chemical bonds, molecular geometry, ideal gas laws, equilibrium and reaction rates, acids and bases, nuclear chemistry, and nomenclature and reactions of organic compounds (including alkyl, aryl, alcohol, carbonyl, and amino compounds). Problems involving numeric computation are emphasized. This course is not open to students with credit for CHEM 105 or CHEM 111.
CHEM 121. Concepts for a Molecular View of Biology II. 3 Units.
The second course of a two-semester sequence in elementary inorganic, organic, and biochemistry, intended for nursing students or non-majors. Topics include: carbohydrates, lipids, proteins, enzyme kinetics, metabolic pathways and bioenergetics, DNA and RNA, methods of molecular biology, and nutrition. Applications to human physiology and medicine emphasized. This course is not open to students with credit for CHEM 223 or CHEM 323. Prereq: CHEM 119.

CHEM 223. Introductory Organic Chemistry I. 3 Units.
Introductory course for science majors and engineering students. Develops themes of structure and bonding along with elementary reaction mechanisms. Includes treatment of hydrocarbons, alkyl halides, alcohols, and ethers as well as an introduction to spectroscopy. Prereq: CHEM 106 or CHEM 111.

CHEM 224. Introductory Organic Chemistry II. 3 Units.
Continues and extends themes of structure and bonding from CHEM 223 and continues spectroscopy and more complex reaction mechanisms. Includes treatment of aromatic rings, carbonyl compounds, amines, and selected special topics. Prereq: CHEM 223 or CHEM 323.

CHEM 233. Introductory Organic Chemistry Laboratory I. 2 Units.
An introductory organic laboratory course emphasizing microscale operations. Synthesis and purification of organic compounds, isolation of natural products, and systematic identification of organic compounds by physical and chemical methods. Prereq: CHEM 106 or CHEM 111 and CHEM 113 or equivalent. Coreq: CHEM 223 or CHEM 323.

CHEM 234. Introductory Organic Chemistry Laboratory II. 2 Units.
A continuation of CHEM 233, involving multi-step organic synthesis, peptide synthesis, product purification and analysis using sophisticated analytical techniques such as chromatography and magnetic resonance spectroscopy. Prereq: CHEM 233. Coreq: CHEM 224

CHEM 290. Chemical Laboratory Methods for Engineers. 3 Units.
Techniques of chemical synthesis, analysis, and characterization. Uses students' backgrounds in general and organic chemistry, but requires no background in chemical laboratory operations. Prereq or Coreq: CHEM 223 or CHEM 323.

CHEM 301. Introductory Physical Chemistry I. 3 Units.
First of a two-semester sequence covering principles and applications of physical chemistry, intended for chemistry and engineering majors and other students having primary interests in biochemistry, biological or life-sciences areas. States and properties of matter. Thermodynamics and its application to chemical and biochemical systems. Chemical equilibrium. Electrochemistry. Recommended preparation: One year each of undergraduate physics and calculus, preferably including partial derivatives. Prereq: CHEM 106 or equivalent.

CHEM 302. Introductory Physical Chemistry II. 3 Units.

CHEM 304. Quantitative Analysis Laboratory. 2 Units.
A one-semester laboratory course providing practical experience in the analytical process. Focus is on statistical error analysis of measurements, method validation and instrument calibration, and reporting. Basic laboratory skills are developed and evaluated based on accuracy and precision of measurements. Experiments using titration, spectroscopy, electrochemistry, liquid and gas chromatography, and mass spectrometry are conducted. Prereq: CHEM 106 and CHEM 113. Coreq: CHEM 310.

CHEM 305. Introductory Physical Chemistry Laboratory. 3 Units.
A one-semester laboratory course focusing on the principles and quantitative characterization of chemical and biochemical systems. Experiments include chemical equilibrium kinetics, electrochemistry, spectroscopy and the use of computers for the statistical analysis of experimental data. Seminar discussions and disciplinary writing of results. Counts as SAGES Departmental Seminar. Prereq: CHEM 301 and CHEM 304 or CHEM 335. Or Prereq or Coreq: CHEM 302 or CHEM 336.

CHEM 306. Biochemistry Laboratory. 3 Units.
A one-semester laboratory and lecture course developed to introduce students to a variety of chemical biology laboratory themes including buffering, identification of amino acids, immunoassay, ligand binding, cellular fractionation, enzyme isolation and purification, proteomics, and enzyme kinetics. Techniques include titration, various forms of chromatography, colorimetric assays, electrophoresis, high performance liquid chromatography and liquid chromatography coupled with tandem mass spectrometry. Recommended preparation: CHEM 328/CHEM 428. Prereq: CHEM 233.

CHEM 310. Foundations of Analytical Chemistry. 3 Units.
A one-semester lecture covering classical and modern aspects of the analytical process; analysis requirements, method selection including capabilities and limitations, sampling and sample processing, measurement data statistics for evaluation of precision and accuracy, method validation, and reporting. Fundamental concepts in equilibrium thermodynamics are covered in the context of chemical analysis. Methods based on titration, spectroscopy, electrochemistry, chromatography, and mass spectrometry are emphasized. Prereq: CHEM 106 and CHEM 113. Coreq: CHEM 304.

CHEM 311. Inorganic Chemistry I. 3 Units.
Fundamentals of inorganic chemistry. Topics include molecular structure, molecular shape and symmetry, structure of solids, d-metal complexes, oxidation and reduction, and acids and bases. Prereq or Coreq: CHEM 301 or CHEM 335.

CHEM 312. Inorganic Chemistry II. 3 Units.
Continuation of CHEM 311. Fundamentals of inorganic chemistry. Topics include electronic spectra of complexes, structures and properties of solids, organometallic compounds, and descriptive chemistry of representative elements. Prereq: CHEM 311.

CHEM 322. Laboratory Methods in Organic Chemistry. 3 Units.
Experimental approach to the synthesis, purification and characterization of organic compounds. Nuclear magnetic resonance (NMR) and infrared (IR) spectroscopies; chromatographic techniques. Prereq: CHEM 304 and CHEM 223 or CHEM 323. Prereq or Coreq: CHEM 224 or CHEM 324.

CHEM 323. Organic Chemistry I. 3 Units.
Relationships between molecular structure and chemical reactivity and development of sophisticated problem-solving skills in the context of organic reaction mechanisms and multi-step synthesis. Homolytic and heterolytic substitution, elimination, oxidation and reduction reactions; topics in stereochemistry and spectroscopy. Recommended for chemistry, biochemistry, and related majors. Prereq: CHEM 106 or equivalent.

CHEM 324. Organic Chemistry II. 3 Units.
Continuation of CHEM 323. Introduces the chemistry of carbonyl, aromatic and amino functional groups, and develops the concepts of conjugation and resonance, molecular orbital theory and pericyclic reactions. Prereq: CHEM 223 or CHEM 323.
CHEM 325. Physical Methods for Determining Organic Structure. 3 Units.
Structure determination of organic compounds using mass spectrometry and modern instrumental techniques such as infrared, ultraviolet, visible, and nuclear magnetic resonance spectroscopy. Recommended preparation: Two semesters of undergraduate organic chemistry. Offered as CHEM 325 and CHEM 425.

CHEM 328. Introductory Biochemistry. 3 Units.
A survey of biochemistry with a strong emphasis on the chemical logic underlying metabolic pathways and the evolution of biomolecules. Cellular architecture. Amino acids and protein structure, purification, analysis, and synthesis. DNA, RNA, the flow of genetic information, and molecular biological technology. Enzyme kinetics, catalytic, and regulatory strategies. Sugars, complex carbohydrates, and glycoproteins. Lipids and cell membranes. Glycolysis, gluconeogenesis, carbon fixation through the "dark reactions" of photosynthesis, aerobic catabolism through the citric acid cycle, and glycogen metabolism. Biosynthesis and degradation of fatty acids, amino acids, and proteins. Offered as CHEM 328 and CHEM 428. Prereq: CHEM 224 or CHEM 324.

CHEM 329. Chemical Aspects of Living Systems. 3 Units.

CHEM 331. Laboratory Methods in Inorganic Chemistry. 3 Units.
Synthesis, separation techniques, physical properties, and analysis. Advanced techniques of chemical synthesis, leading the student to the preparation of interesting inorganic and organometallic compounds. Offered as: CHEM 331 and CHEM 431. Prereq: CHEM 322.

CHEM 332. Laboratory Methods in Physical Chemistry. 3 Units.

CHEM 333. Medicinal Chemistry and Drug Development. 3 Units.
This course provides an overview on how principles in chemistry and biology are integrated to facilitate drug development. Primary emphasis will be placed on the development of organic molecules as drugs and metabolic enzymes as drug targets. Subjects pertinent to the introduction of medicinal chemistry, evaluation of drug efficacies in vitro and in vivo, and drug metabolism will be covered. Offered as CHEM 333 and CHEM 433. Prereq: CHEM 223 or CHEM 323 and BIOL 215. Coreq: CHEM 224 or CHEM 324.

CHEM 335. Physical Chemistry I. 3 Units.

CHEM 336. Physical Chemistry II. 3 Units.

CHEM 337. Quantum Mechanics I. 3 Units.
Introduction to quantization, measurement and the Schrodinger equation; angular momentum and states of molecules. Perturbation theory, spectroscopy and chemical bonding. Variational theory and calculations of molecular properties. Offered as CHEM 335 and CHEM 446. Prereq: CHEM 336.

CHEM 339. Bioinorganic Chemistry. 3 Units.
An introduction to metal ions in biology and medicine. Topics of emphasis include metalloenzymes, inorganic elements in pharmaceuticals, and physical methods of characterization in biology. Course material will be presented through a seminar format, and will involve extensive class participation, student presentations, and literature research reports. Offered as CHEM 339 and CHEM 439. Prereq: CHEM 224 or CHEM 324.

CHEM 340. Solar Energy Conversion. 3 Units.
This is a multidisciplinary course from a chemist's point of view. This course teaches the background necessary to read and understand the scientific literature on solar energy conversion, and includes some basic device physics, materials chemistry and chemistry. Topics provide an overview of the field and includes: Global energy perspective, principles of photovoltaics, crystalline solar cells, thin-film solar cells, dye-sensitized solar cells, organic solar cells (with emphasis on polymer-based solar cells), photoelectrochemical cells and artificial photosynthesis for fuel production, and semiconductor nanostructures and quantum dots for solar energy conversion. The course includes three laboratories and a demo using state-of-the-art equipment, as well as presentations of recent research articles by the graduate students. It is recommended that students have experience with thermodynamics. The following CWRU courses would meet this expectation: CHEM 301, CHEM 335, ENGR 225 or PHYS 313. Offered as CHEM 340 and CHEM 440. Prereq: CHEM 106 or ENGR 145.

CHEM 341. Functional Nanomaterials. 3 Units.
This course is designed to introduce important concepts on the fundamental physical and chemical properties of technologically important nanometer scale materials. The course will cover an overview of the scientific principles pertaining to new properties at the nanoscale; synthesis and characterization tools; and existing and emerging applications of nanomaterials. It will center on current research developments on major classes of functional nanomaterials, including plasmonic nanoparticles, quantum dots, nanomagnets, carbon nanotubes, nanocatalysts and hybrid inorganic/organic nanostructures. In addition an emphasis will be placed on understanding the broader societal, economical and environmental impact of the scientific and technological advances brought forward by nanotechnology. Offered as CHEM 341 and CHEM 441.

CHEM 342. Computational Chemistry. 3 Units.
An introduction to computational methods in electronic structure. Molecular mechanics, semiempirical molecular orbital calculations, ab initio, post Hartree-Fock, density-functional theories, and hybrid approaches will be addressed. Continuum solvation calculations will be considered, time permitting. Offered as CHEM 342 and CHEM 442. Prereq: CHEM 223 or CHEM 323.
CHEM 395. Chemistry Colloquium Series. 1 Unit.
Course content provided by Thursday chemistry department colloquia (or Frontiers in Chemistry lectures). Discussion sessions review previous lectures and lay foundation for forthcoming lectures.

CHEM 397. Undergraduate Research. 1 - 6 Unit.
Independent research project within a research group in the chemistry department or, by petition, within a research group in another Case department. Arrangements should be made with the faculty member selected. Open to all chemistry majors and other qualified students; required for Honors in Chemistry. A written report is required each semester.

CHEM 398. Undergraduate Research/Senior Capstone Project. 3 - 6 Units.
Independent research project within a research group in the chemistry department or, by petition, within a research group in another Case department. Arrangements should be made by consultation with the faculty member selected and the Senior Capstone Committee of the chemistry department. Open to all chemistry majors and other qualified students. Satisfies the research requirement for Honors in Chemistry. A written report and public oral presentations are required. Counts as SAGES Senior Capstone.

CHEM 406. Chemical Kinetics. 3 Units.
Theory and characterization of chemical rate processes. Recommended preparation: Two semesters of undergraduate physical chemistry.

CHEM 407. Chemical Thermodynamics. 3 Units.
Thermodynamics and statistical thermodynamics and their application to chemical problems. Recommended preparation: Two semesters of undergraduate physical chemistry.

CHEM 408. Advanced Physical Chemistry. 3 Units.
Topics in physical chemistry, intended for entering graduate students, giving background tools appropriate for graduate research in areas of chemistry other than physical chemistry. Illustrations from the contemporary chemical research literature will be emphasized. Thermodynamics and statistical mechanics, quantum chemistry and computation, spectroscopy, and chemical kinetics and dynamics. Recommended preparation: One year of undergraduate physical chemistry.

CHEM 412. Advanced Inorganic Chemistry I. 3 Units.
Chemistry of inorganic systems. Spectroscopy, magnetism, and stereochemistry of transition metal compounds. Recommended preparation: One semester of undergraduate inorganic chemistry and two semesters of undergraduate physical chemistry.

CHEM 414. Organometallic Reactions and Structures. 3 Units.
Bonding, structure, and mechanistic aspects of organometallic chemistry and the relevance of organometallic species to chemical catalysis. Recommended preparation: One semester of undergraduate inorganic chemistry.

CHEM 421. Advanced Organic Chemistry I. 3 Units.

CHEM 422. Advanced Organic Chemistry II. 3 Units.

CHEM 425. Physical Methods for Determining Organic Structure. 3 Units.
Structure determination of organic compounds using mass spectrometry and modern instrumental techniques such as infrared, ultraviolet, visible, and nuclear magnetic resonance spectroscopy. Recommended preparation: Two semesters of undergraduate organic chemistry. Offered as CHEM 325 and CHEM 425.

CHEM 428. Introductory Biochemistry. 3 Units.
A survey of biochemistry with a strong emphasis on the chemical logic underlying metabolic pathways and the evolution of biomolecules. Cellular architecture. Amino acids and protein structure, purification, analysis, and synthesis. DNA, RNA, the flow of genetic information, and molecular biological technology. Enzyme kinetics, catalytic, and regulatory strategies. Sugars, complex carbohydrates, and glycoproteins. Lipids and cell membranes. Glycolysis, gluconeogenesis, carbon fixation through the "dark reactions" of photosynthesis, aerobic catabolism through the citric acid cycle, and glycogen metabolism. Biosynthesis and degradation of fatty acids, amino acids, and proteins. Offered as CHEM 328 and CHEM 428.

CHEM 429. Chemical Aspects of Living Systems. 3 Units.

CHEM 430. Advanced Methods in Structural Biology. 1 - 6 Unit.
The course is designed for graduate students who will be focusing on one or more methods of structural biology in their thesis project. This course is divided into 3-6 sections (depending on demand). The topics offered will include X-ray crystallography, nuclear magnetic resonance spectroscopy, optical spectroscopy, mass spectrometry, cryo-electron microscopy, and computational and design methods. Students can select one or more modules. Modules will be scheduled so that students can take all the offered modules in one semester. Each section is given in 5 weeks and is worth 1 credit. Each section covers one area of structural biology at an advanced level such that the student is prepared for graduate level research in that topic. Offered as BIOC 430, CHEM 430, PHOL 430, and PHRM 430.

CHEM 431. Laboratory Methods in Inorganic Chemistry. 3 Units.
Synthesis, separation techniques, physical properties, and analysis. Advanced techniques of chemical synthesis, leading the student to the preparation of interesting inorganic and organometallic compounds. Offered as: CHEM 331 and CHEM 431. Prereq: CHEM 322

CHEM 433. Medicinal Chemistry and Drug Development. 3 Units.
This course provides an overview on how principles in chemistry and biology are integrated to facilitate drug development. Primary emphasis will be placed on the development of organic molecules as drugs and metabolic enzymes as drug targets. Subjects pertinent to the introduction of medicinal chemistry, evaluation of drug efficacies in vitro and in vivo, and drug metabolism will be covered. Offered as CHEM 333 and CHEM 433.
CHEM 435. Synthetic Methods in Organic Chemistry. 3 Units.
Systematic consideration of reactions involving functional group
transformations and carbon-carbon bond formations used in modern
organic synthesis. Recommended preparation: Two semesters of
undergraduate organic chemistry.

CHEM 436. Complex Molecular Synthesis. 3 Units.
An advanced organic chemistry course providing students with an in-
depth examination of the art of total synthesis drawing from both classical
and recent examples. Recommended preparation: Two semesters of
undergraduate organic chemistry.

CHEM 439. Bioinorganic Chemistry. 3 Units.
An introduction to metal ions in biology and medicine. Topics of emphasis
include metalloenzymes, inorganic elements in pharmaceuticals, and
physical methods of characterization in biology. Course material will be
presented through a seminar format, and will involve extensive class
participation, student presentations, and literature research reports.
Offered as CHEM 339 and CHEM 439. Prereq: Graduate standing.

CHEM 440. Solar Energy Conversion. 3 Units.
This is a multidisciplinary course from a chemist's point of view. This
course teaches the background necessary to read and understand the
scientific literature on solar energy conversion, and includes some basic
device physics, materials chemistry and chemistry. Topics provide an
overview of the field and includes: Global energy perspective, principles
of photovoltaics, crystalline solar cells, thin-film solar cells, dye-sensitized
solar cells, organic solar cells (with emphasis on polymer-based solar
cells), photoelectrochemical cells and artificial photosynthesis for fuel
production, and semiconductor nanostructures and quantum dots for
solar energy conversion. The course includes three laboratories and a
demo using state-of-the-art equipment, as well as presentations of
recent research articles by the graduate students. It is recommended that
students have experience with thermodynamics. The following CWRU
courses would meet this expectation: CHEM 301, CHEM 335, ENGR 225
or PHYS 313. Offered as CHEM 340 and CHEM 440.

CHEM 441. Functional Nanomaterials. 3 Units.
This course is designed to introduce important concepts on the
fundamental physical and chemical properties of technologically
important nanoscale materials. The course will cover an
overview of the scientific principles pertaining to new properties at
the nanoscale; synthesis and characterization tools; and existing
and emerging applications of nanomaterials. It will center on current
research developments on major classes of functional nanomaterials,
including plasmonic nanoparticles, quantum dots, nanomagnets, carbon
nanotubes, nanocatalysts and hybrid inorganic/organic nanostructures.
In addition an emphasis will be placed on understanding the broader
societal, economical and environmental impact of the scientific and
technological advances brought forward by nanotechnology. Offered as
CHEM 341 and CHEM 441.

CHEM 442. Computational Chemistry. 3 Units.
An introduction to computational methods in electronic structure.
Molecular mechanics, semiempirical molecular orbital calculations,
ab initio, post Hartree-Fock, density-functional theories, and hybrid
approaches will be considered. Continuum solvation calculations will
be considered, time permitting. Offered as CHEM 342 and CHEM 442.
Prereq: CHEM 223 or CHEM 323.

CHEM 445. Electrochemistry I. 3 Units.
Electrochemical properties and processes of electrode/electrolyte
interfaces. Fundamental background for work in corrosion,
electrodeposition, industrial electrolysis, electro-organic synthesis,
batteries, fuel cells, and photoelectrochemical energy conversion.
Recommended preparation: One semester of undergraduate physical
chemistry.

CHEM 446. Quantum Mechanics I. 3 Units.
Introduction of quantization, measurement and the Schrodinger equation;
angular momentum and states of molecules. Perturbation theory,
spectroscopy and chemical bonding. Variational theory and calculations
of molecular properties. Recommended preparation: Two semesters of
undergraduate physical chemistry. Offered as CHEM 335 and CHEM 446.

CHEM 447. Quantum Mechanics II. 3 Units.
Continuation of CHEM 446. Ab initio and semi-empirical methods,
configuration interactions, time dependent phenomena, and introduction
to band theory of solids. Prereq: CHEM 446.

CHEM 450. Molecular Spectroscopy. 3 Units.
Translation, rotation, vibration, and electronic transitions of molecules.
Prereq: CHEM 446.

CHEM 475. Protein Biophysics. 3 Units.
This course focuses on in-depth understanding of the molecular
biophysics of proteins. Structural, thermodynamic and kinetic aspects of
protein function and structure-function relationships will be considered
at the advanced conceptual level. The application of these theoretical
frameworks will be illustrated with examples from the literature and
integration of biophysical knowledge with description at the cellular and
systems level. The format consists of lectures, problem sets, and student
presentations. A special emphasis will be placed on discussion of original
publications. Offered as BIOC 475, CHEM 475, PHOL 475, PHRM 475,
and NEUR 475.

CHEM 491. Modern Chemistry for Innovation I. 3 Units.
The first half of a two-semester sequence providing an understanding of
chemistry as a basis for successfully launching new high-tech ventures.
The course will examine physical limitations to present technologies and the
use of chemistry to identify potential opportunities for new venture
creation. The course will provide experience in using chemistry for
both identification of incremental improvements and as the basis for
alternative technologies. Case studies will be used to illustrate recent
commercially successful (and unsuccessful) venture creation and will
illustrate characteristics for success. Admission to this course requires
consent of the department.

CHEM 493. Feasibility and Technology Analysis. 3 Units.
This course provides the tools scientists need to determine whether a
technology is ready for commercialization. These tools include (but are
not limited to): financial analysis, market analysis, industry analysis,
technology analysis, intellectual property protection, the entrepreneurial
process and culture, an introduction to entrepreneurial strategy and new
venture financing. Deliverables will include a technology feasibility
analysis on a possible application in the student's scientific area. Offered as
BIOL 493, CHEM 493, and PHYS 493.

CHEM 501. Special Topics in Inorganic Chemistry. 1 - 6 Unit.
(Credit as arranged.) Lectures on advanced topics in inorganic chemistry
presented by staff or visiting lecturers. Course title, content, and credit
change from year to year.
CHEM 502. Special Topics in Inorganic Chemistry. 1 - 6 Unit.  
(Credit as arranged.) Lectures on advanced topics in inorganic chemistry presented by staff or visiting lecturers. Course title, content, and credit change from year to year.

CHEM 504. Special Topics in Organic Chemistry. 1 - 6 Unit.  
(Credit as arranged.) Lectures on advanced topics in organic chemistry presented by staff or visiting lecturers. Course title, content, and credit change from year to year.

CHEM 506. Special Topics in Physical Chemistry. 1 - 6 Unit.  
(Credit as arranged.) Lectures on advanced topics in physical chemistry presented by staff or visiting lecturers. Course title, content, and credit change from year to year.

CHEM 507. Special Readings in Chemistry. 1 - 6 Unit.  
Detailed study of a special topic in chemistry under the guidance of a faculty member.

CHEM 508. Special Readings in Chemistry. 1 - 6 Unit.  
Detailed study of a special topic in chemistry under the guidance of a faculty member.

CHEM 509. Special Topics in Analytical Chemistry. 1 - 6 Unit.

CHEM 601. Research. 1 - 18 Unit.  
(Credit as arranged.) Special research in an area of chemistry under the guidance of a faculty member.

CHEM 605. Chemistry Colloquium Series. 1 Unit.  
Course content provided by Thursday chemistry department colloquia (or Frontiers in Chemistry lectures). Discussion sessions review previous lectures and lay foundation for forthcoming lectures.

CHEM 651. Thesis M.S.. 1 - 18 Unit.  
(Credit as arranged.)

(Credit as arranged.) Prereq: Predoctoral research consent or advanced to Ph.D. candidacy milestone.

Department of Classics

The Department of Classics introduces students to the culture, life, and legacy of ancient Greece and Rome through courses in the Greek and Latin languages and literatures, in ancient history and archaeology, and in the visual and material cultures of the ancient Mediterranean world. When justified by enrollment, the department offers courses in Sanskrit and in ancient Indian religious texts. A relatively recent development is a focus on the classical tradition in Europe and beyond. The department faculty represents a range of academic disciplines and is committed, where appropriate, to an interdisciplinary approach in teaching and research.

The core purpose of the department is to offer the opportunity for study of the ancient classical languages, as a crucial point of entry into the conceptual worlds of Greece and Rome. Students are also exposed to the various facets of antiquity that made the ancient Mediterranean world the progenitor of the modern West, not least in its mingling of cultures and belief systems. The different sub-disciplines and methodologies represented in the department involve multiple ways of exploring and understanding antiquity. Our students explore the philological, literary, and philosophical dimensions of ancient texts, and they engage with material and visual culture and city form through archaeology, epigraphy, and art and architectural history. Further, they study major moments of the revival of antiquity and the various lenses through which subsequent eras understood or appropriated the past.

Knowledge of classical antiquity constitutes the backbone of a liberal education. It also provides an excellent basis for further professional training in whatever field a student may ultimately pursue; for informed engagement with the political, social, and cultural issues of our turbulent times; and for the appreciation and enjoyment of artistic and cultural achievement. A major in classics, or even a minor, may be (as it often has been) profitably combined with programs aimed toward law, medicine, management, diplomatic service, banking, journalism, library science, or politics; religious, philosophic, literary, or historical studies; careers in the fine arts (visual or performing); or museum or archival work.

Undergraduate Programs

Major

The core of the classics major is the study of the languages and literatures of ancient Greece and Rome and the societies that spoke Greek and Latin until the end of the ancient world (usually taken as the 5th century of the Common Era). The major uniquely offers exposure to a range of approaches: literary, philological, historical, archaeological, art historical, philosophical, and anthropological. Further, the scope of the department has expanded to embrace the classical tradition in and even beyond Europe, with courses on literature and art and architecture up to the 20th century.

Concentrations

There are three separate tracks in the classics major. Philology (Track A) is devoted to ancient languages and their associated literatures in the original languages (Greek, Latin, or Greek and Latin). Classical Civilization (Track B) focuses on ancient history, literature in translation, and archaeology. Classical Tradition (Track C) explores the legacy of antiquity from the European Middle Ages to the contemporary world. The relevant courses examine the various ways that subsequent civilizations and movements have drawn on the classical world, for a wide range of purposes (some good, some nefarious), and with an equally wide range of effects. Please note that for Tracks B and C, students must complete study of either Greek or Latin to at least the intermediate level.

Each track requires 10 courses (30 hours), and at least two of these courses must be at the 300 level. For students who elect to complete their junior and senior year SAGES requirements in classics, two additional courses (6 hours) are required, CLSC 320 Departmental Seminar: Alexander the Great and CLSC 381 Classics Senior Capstone. (CLSC 320 may count as one of the classics 300-level courses, provided the student takes his or her junior SAGES requirements outside of classics.)

In the Philology Concentration (Track A), students can earn one of three degrees: BA in Classics: Greek; BA in Classics: Latin; or BA in Classics: Greek and Latin. Students in Track A are required to take CLSC 231 Greek Civilization and CLSC 232 Roman Civilization, then any combination of eight GREK or LATN courses, at least two of which (6 hours) must be at the 300-level. To receive the BA in Classics: Greek and Latin, students must complete at least one year of their second language.

In the Classical Civilization Concentration (Track B), students are required to take CLSC 231 Greek Civilization and CLSC 232 Roman Civilization; at least one 200-level or higher GREK or LATN course (for most students, this will mean taking GREK or LATN 101, 102 and 201); and any combination of GREK, LATN, or CLSC courses to bring their course total to 10 (30 hours), at least two of which must be at the 300 level. The elective CLSC courses should consist of courses that focus...
on the period before the 6th century of the Common Era and not the Classical Tradition (Track C).

In the Classical Tradition Concentration (Track C), students are required to take and at least one course in Greek or Latin at the intermediate level or higher. (Students who enter the program without any Greek or Latin are required to take the introductory sequence in either language.) The department offers four 200-level courses in Classical Tradition, focusing respectively on the Renaissance and Baroque, the Enlightenment, Architecture and Urbanism from the Renaissance to the 20th Century, and Classics in Film (see list below). Students are required to take at least two of these courses.

Students in the Classical Tradition Concentration must take two of the following four 200-level courses:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Title</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CLSC/220</td>
<td>Art &amp; Literature in the Classical Tradition, Pt 1: Renaissance and Baroque (14th to 17th centuries)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CLSC/221</td>
<td>Building on Antiquity</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CLSC/222</td>
<td>Classical Tradition 2: Birth of Archaeology</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CLSC/224</td>
<td>Sword and Sandal: The Classics in Film</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Students must take at least one course at the 300 level from the following list:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Title</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CLSC/311</td>
<td>Rome: City and Image</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CLSC 313/COGS 318</td>
<td>Thinking Communication in Ancient and Medieval Literature</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CLSC 323/WLIT 423</td>
<td>Inspiration: The Topic of Creativity in Art and Literature-- Ancient to Medieval</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CLSC 324/WLIT 424</td>
<td>Epic: The Sublime and Terrible in Literature</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CLSC/COGS 340</td>
<td>Seminar in Enlightenment Art and Literature: Piranesi and Vico</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Keeping in mind that the student should have at least two 300-level courses out of ten, the remaining courses (two to four, depending on whether the student is required to take the beginning language sequence) may be chosen from the above lists or, subject to advisor's approval, from the classics, Greek, or Latin courses in general.

Study in Related Fields

Each student completing the classics major is strongly advised to choose a related minor, selected in consultation with and approved by the departmental advisor, in such closely related fields as anthropology, art history, philosophy, comparative literature, history, theater, or English. The association between the department and the World Literature Program is especially close.

Departmental Honors

Departmental honors are given to students who earn the grade of A for their senior dissertation in CLSC 382 Senior Honors Thesis and maintain a GPA in the major of 3.5.

The Minor

A minor in classics is designed to acquaint the student with aspects of the ancient civilizations of Greece and Rome by means of 15 hours of course work. These 15 hours may be any combination of Greek, Latin, and classics courses, at least 3 hours of which must be at or above the 300 level. While the study of either Greek or Latin is encouraged, neither is required for the minor.

Graduate Study

Graduate Certificate Program/Post-Baccalaureate

The purpose of a graduate certificate program in classics, known in our wider discipline as a post-baccalaureate certificate—or “post-bac” for short—is to prepare students who started “late” with Greek and Latin (i.e., after high school) for graduate work in classics and related fields such as philosophy, art history and medieval studies. As a rule, such students need to solidify their language skills and gain experience in reading large quantities of Greek and/or Latin at an advanced speed. Students planning graduate study will have a way to prepare themselves without impossible pressures and time constraints. It takes many years of patient study to master Greek and Latin; one must devote hours to the project every single day. Few people are able to progress satisfactorily in ancient languages on their own, without instruction and without peers.

Our one-year program provides a bridge to full-fledged graduate study, although some individuals may choose to pursue our certificate simply as a means of enriching their lives.

We give post-bac students training in Greek and Latin, and the guidance they need to gain admittance into MA and PhD programs in classics and other humanities disciplines. Here at CWRU, our post-bac students regularly interact not only with our advanced undergraduate classics majors but also with graduate students in history, English and art history, among other fields. This blending furnishes them with useful perspectives on the realities of doctoral studies in the humanities.

World Literature MA: Classics Track

Qualified students may pursue graduate work in classics through the MA in the World Literature Program (p. 460) (WLIT). Classics courses at the 300 level may be taken for graduate credit in this way.

Department Faculty

Paul A. Iversen, PhD
(Ohio State University)
Associate Professor and Chair
Greek and Latin epigraphy; Hellenistic history and culture; Greek and Roman New Comedy

Ricardo A. Apostol, PhD
(University of Michigan)
Assistant Professor
Augustan poetry and culture; Hellenistic poetry; material culture

Florin Berindeanu, PhD
(University of Georgia)
Instructor; Director, World Literature Program; Secondary Appointment, Department of Cognitive Science
European literature; literary and semiotic theory; mysticism

Jennifer Nels, PhD
(Princeton University)
Elsie B. Smith Professor in the Liberal Arts
Ancient art and classical archaeology
Rachel Hall Sternberg, PhD  
(Bryn Mawr College)  
*Associate Professor*  
Greek language and literature; Greek social history; history of emotion; reception of the classical tradition in the age of Jefferson

Timothy R. Wutrich, PhD  
(Tufts University)  
*Instructor*  
Vergil; trojan-cycle plays of Euripides; Homeric hero in drama since antiquity

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### Secondary Faculty

Maggie L. Popkin, PhD  
(The Institute of Fine Arts, New York University)  
*Assistant Professor*  
Ancient Roman art and archaeology

Deepak Sarma, PhD  
(University of Chicago)  
*Professor, Department of Religious Studies*  
Hinduism; Indian philosophy; method and theory in the study of religion

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### Visiting Faculty

Kevin Dicus, PhD  
(University of Michigan)  
*Visiting Assistant Professor*  
Classical archaeology, theory in archaeology, Latin, ancient history

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### CLSC Courses

**CLSC 193. The Ancient World. 3 Units.**  
Ancient Western history from the origins of civilization in Mesopotamia to the dissolution of the Roman Empire in the West. Offered as CLSC 193 and HSTY 193.

**CLSC 199. Athens: Environment and Ethics. 3 Units.**  
Students selected for their strong background or interest in Greek Civilization spend Spring Break in Athens, Greece (thanks to a collaboration between CWRU’s Department of Classics and the Athens Centre). They follow an intensive seven-day itinerary of travel, visiting major monuments and museums including the Acropolis, Delphi, Epidauros, and Aegina. Two class sessions of instruction in modern Greek help them to interact with people they meet; but the overwhelming emphasis lies on Classical Athens, the historical-cultural setting for the emergence of Western moral philosophy. The focus of this mini-course is on the figure of Socrates and the agenda of moral philosophy that the Athenian sage established. Readings from Plato, Aristophanes, and Aristotle. Via the Socratic method, students will also study Aristotle’s Ethics and test the applicability of that foundational text to their own lives.

**CLSC 202. Classical Mythology. 3 Units.**  
The myths of Classical Greece and Rome, their interpretation and influence.

**CLSC 203. Gods and Heroes in Greek Literature. 3 Units.**  
This course examines major works of Greek literature and sets them in their historical and cultural context. Constant themes are war, wandering, tyranny, freedom, community, family, and the role of men and women within the household and the ancient city-state. Parallels with modern life and politics will be explored. Lectures and discussions. Offered as CLSC 203 and WLIT 203.

**CLSC 204. Heroes and Hustlers in Latin Literature. 3 Units.**  
This course constitutes the second half of a sequence on Classical literature. Its main themes are heroism vs. self-promotion, love vs. lust, and the struggle between democracy and tyranny. These topics are traced in a variety of literary genres from the period of the Roman republic well into the empire. Parallels with modern life and politics will be drawn. Offered as CLSC 204 and WLIT 204.

**CLSC 206. Ancient and Medieval Spain: Prehistory to 1492. 3 Units.**  
This course focuses on the history of the Iberian peninsula from before the Roman conquest from the Iberians, Greek, and Carthaginian settlements, through Roman, Visigothic, and Muslim rule to the conquest of Ferdinand and Isabella of the last non-Christian territory on the peninsula in 1492. The issues of conquest, frontier, cultural diversity, and change, tolerance, and intolerance will be examined. Offered as CLSC 206 and HSTY 206. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

**CLSC 210. Byzantine World 300-1453. 3 Units.**  
Development of the Byzantine empire from the emperor Constantine’s conversion to Christianity and founding of the eastern capital at Constantinople to the fall of Constantinople to Turkish forces in 1453. Offered as CLSC 210 and HSTY 210. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

**CLSC 220. Art & Literature in the Classical Tradition, Pt 1: Renaissance and Baroque (14th to 17th centuries). 3 Units.**  
Through lectures, varied assignments, and visits to the Cleveland Museum of Art this course will introduce students to the major issues in the study of early modern art and literatures. The emphasis will inevitably be on Italy, as the place where the physical remains of ancient Rome confronted and inspired such remarkable masters as Michelangelo (as poet and artist), Palladio, Gian Lorenzo Bernini, Nicholas Poussin (Bernini and Poussin are represented in the CMAI), though some artists -- notably Leonardo -- resisted the lure of the classical past. From Italy new ideas spread to the rest of Europe and beyond. We will not have much time to study Shakespeare in the course, but we will not be able to ignore the greatest author of the Renaissance period. Like Shakespeare, we will move between the court and the city, between scenes of often-endangered order and scenes of sometimes-productive disorder, in which classical models provided a key cultural and even psychological resource in challenging times. Recommended preparation: CLSC 112. Offered as CLSC 220 and WLIT 220.
CLSC 222. Classical Tradition 2: Birth of Archaeology. 3 Units.
The course will focus on the history of diverse methods for studying societies remote in time and space; i.e., on the formation of the distinct disciplines of archaeology and anthropology, and the interest in the origins of human society and cultural practices. The birth of archaeology occurred in the context of the profound transformation of European cultural life in the eighteenth century, the era of the Enlightenment. On the basis of a range of cultural productions (literary and historical texts, objects of luxury and use, etc.), we will study visual and literary works and consider the relationship between different modes of artistic production and expression, as well as the marketing and display of prestigious objects, whether ancient or modern. We will consider the eighteenth-century model of experiential education, the "Grand Tour," and the formation of private and public collections, as well as the emergence of the museum as institution. Finally, we will also consider important recent work on the relationship between the production of luxury commodities (sugar, coffee, tea, etc.) through the plantation economy in the Americas and beyond and the development of attitudes and ideas in Europe. Offered as CLSC 222 and WLIT 222.

CLSC 224. Sword and Sandal: The Classics in Film. 3 Units.
Gladiator. Alexander. The 300. Contemporary society's continuing fascination with putting the ancient world on the big screen is undeniable; and yet the causes underlying this phenomenon are not quite so readily apparent. In this course we will watch and discuss a number of movies about the ancient world, running the gamut from Hollywood classics such as Ben-Hur and Spartacus to more recent treatments (the aforementioned 300 and Gladiator, for starters), and from the mainstream and conventional (Clash of the Titans, Disney's Hercules) to the far-out and avant-garde (Fellini's Satyricon, anyone?). As we do so we'll learn quite a bit about the art and economics of film, on one hand, and the ancient world, on the other. And yet what we'll keep coming back to are the big questions: what does our fascination with the ancient Mediterranean tell us about ourselves as a society? Why do such movies get made, and what kinds of agendas do they serve? To what extent can we recapture the past accurately? And if we can't, are we doomed to just endlessly projecting our own concerns and desires onto a screen, and dressing them in togas? No knowledge of ancient languages is required for this course. Offered as CLSC 224 and WLIT 224.

CLSC 228. Ancient Greek Athletics. 3 Units.
Exploration of the role of athletics in the ancient, primarily Greek world, and their reflection in the art of the period. Offered as ARTH 228 and CLSC 228.

CLSC 230. Ancient Roman Art and Architecture. 3 Units.
This survey course explores the history of Roman art and architecture from Rome's founding in 753 B.C. up through the reign of Constantine (A.D. 306-337). Students learn how to analyze works of art and architecture in terms of form, function, and iconography. Particular emphasis is placed on situating objects and monuments within the changing historical, cultural, political, and religious contexts of ancient Rome, including major changes such as the shift from the Roman Republic to the Roman Empire and the advent of Christianity. Students will study a variety of media—such as statues, painting, metalwork, and domestic and public architecture—from the city of Rome itself as well as Roman provinces as far afield as Asia Minor and North Africa. The course will introduce students to famous buildings such as the Colosseum and the Pantheon but also to lesser known but equally important works. As we study major objects and monuments from ancient Rome, we will consider questions of design, patronage, artistic agency, viewer reception, and cultural identity. We will also consider Rome's complex relationship to Greek culture and attempt to answer the question of what makes Roman art distinctively "Roman." Offered as ARTH 230 and CLSC 230. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

CLSC 231. Greek Civilization. 3 Units.
This course constitutes the first half of a year-long sequence on classical civilization. It examines the enduring significance of the Greeks studied through their history, literature, art, and philosophy. Lectures and discussion. (For the second course in the sequence, see CLSC 232 and HSTY 232.) Offered as CLSC 231 and HSTY 231.

CLSC 232. Roman Civilization. 3 Units.
The enduring significance of the Romans studied through their history, literature, art, and philosophy. Lectures and discussion. Offered as CLSC 232 and HSTY 232. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

CLSC 295A. Greek and Latin Elements in English: The Basic Course. 1.5 Unit.
A self-paced, computer-assisted course in the classical foundations of modern English in which the student learns the basic principles on which roots, prefixes, and suffixes combine to give precise meanings to composite words.

CLSC 295B. Greek and Latin Elements in English: Biomedical Terminology. 1.5 Unit.
(See CLSC 295A.) Advanced section that is oriented especially toward scientific and medical terminology. Prereq or Coreq: CLSC 295A.

CLSC 301. Ancient Philosophy. 3 Units.
Western philosophy from the early Greeks to the Skeptics. Emphasis on the pre-Socratics, Plato and Aristotle. Recommended preparation: PHIL 101 and consent of department. Offered as CLSC 301 and PHIL 301.

CLSC 302. Ancient Greece: Archaic, Classical, and Hellenistic Periods. 3 Units.
The rise of Hellenic thought and institutions from the eighth to the third centuries B.C., the rise of the polis, the evolution of democracy at Athens, the crises of the Persian and Peloponnesian Wars, fifth-century historiography, the growth of individualism, and the revival of monarchy in the Hellenistic period. Offered as CLSC 302 and HSTY 302.
CLSC 304. Ancient Rome: Republic and Empire. 3 Units.
Growth and development of the Roman state from the unification of Italy in the early third century B.C. to the establishment of the oriental despotism under Diocletian and Constantine. The growth of empire in the Punic Wars, the uncertain steps toward an eastern hegemony, the crisis in the Republic from the Gracchi to Caesar, the new regime of Augustus, the transformation of the leadership class in the early Empire, and the increasing dominance of the military over the civil structure. Offered as CLSC 304 and HSTY 304.

CLSC 305. Sanskrit Religious Texts. 3 Units.
Introduction to the Sanskrit language and culture through the reading of selected texts taken from the ancient religions of South Asia. Offered as CLSC 305 and RLGN 305.

CLSC 309. Advanced Sanskrit Religious Texts. 3 Units.
This class is a continuation of RLGN 309/CLSC 305, the introduction to the Sanskrit language and culture. In RLGN 309/CLSC 309 students will learn advanced Sanskrit grammar and syntax. Previous knowledge of Sanskrit is required. You will finish the lessons from Devavarnipravesika that we began in the introductory course. We will then translate sections for the Bhagavad Gita. Offered as CLSC 309 and RLGN 309.

CLSC 311. Rome: City and Image. 3 Units.
This course studies the architectural and urban history of Rome from the republican era of the ancient city up to the eighteenth century using the city itself as the major "text." The emphasis will be placed on the extraordinary transformations wrought in the city, or at least in key districts, by powerful rulers and/or elites, especially in the ancient empire and in the Renaissance and baroque eras. In a larger perspective, the great construction projects exerted a far-reaching effect within and beyond Europe, but we will study them in relation to their topographical situation, their functions, and their place in a long history of variations on prestigious themes since many of the artworks and the urban settings featured in the course carry the mark of the Long history of the city itself. Recommended preparation: At least one 200-level course in ANTH, ARTH, CLSC, ENGL, HSTY, or RLGN. Offered as ARTH 311/411 and CLSC 311.

CLSC 312. Women in the Ancient World. 3 Units.
The course offers a chronological survey of women's lives in Greece, Hellenistic Egypt, and Rome. It focuses on primary sources as well as scholarly interpretations of the ancient record with a view to defining the construction of gender and sexuality according to the Greco-Roman model. Additionally, the course aims to demonstrate how various methodological approaches have yielded significant insights into our own perception of sex and gender. Specific topics include matriarchy and patriarchy; the antagonism between male and female in myth; the legal, social, economic, and political status of women; the ancient family; women's role in religion and cult; ancient theories of medicine regarding women; pederasty and homosexuality. Offered as CLSC 312 and WGST 312.

CLSC 313. Thinking Communication in Ancient and Medieval Literature. 3 Units.
The ancients were much concerned with the nature and validity of signs: Important decisions depended on the flight of birds or the coloration of the liver of a sacrificial victim. The relationship of language to truth, i.e., a reality beyond the contingent, was a crucial issue, not least because of the rise of sophistic rhetoric: for an orator, language was a tool in a contest rather than a means to true understanding. The discipline of medicine, developed by such important figures as Galen and Hippocrates, depended on the interpretation of physical signs to diagnose and treat ailments of mind and body. The term for the theory of signs--semiotics--is derived from the Greek term "semeiotike," and for many Greek philosophers and their Roman and medieval successors the sign was a key issue. For Christians especially, new forms of vision and discerning truth presented particular problems: after all, the Christian God revealed his intentions through "portents" that had to be read and interpreted. And even if sacred scripture was in some way understood as encapsulating the whole word, there were countless passages requiring clarification or adaptation to contemporary situations. In other words, the concern was with the relationship between a universe of structured signs (the subject of semiotics) and structures of interpersonal communication (pragmatics). Offered as CLSC 313 and COGS 318. Prereq: WLIT 211 or WLIT 212.

CLSC 314. The Poetics of Eros: Love Poetry from Sappho to Shakespeare and Beyond. 3 Units.
This course will explore the theme of love in all its multiplicity of meanings and changes over time from its first appearances in Near Eastern poetry (Song of Songs) and Greek lyric (the titular Sappho) through its various elaborations, Roman, Medieval, Renaissance, and Romantic. It will also address theoretical inquiries into the nature and purpose of erotic desire and its evaluation as an aesthetic phenomenon, including Freudian theory and modern contributions such as Roland Barthes and Georges Bataille. No knowledge of the original languages required. Offered as CLSC 314 and WLIT 314.

CLSC 316. Greek Tragedy. 3 Units.
This course provides students the opportunity to read a significant number of ancient Greek tragedies in modern English translations. We shall read, study, and discuss selected works by Aeschylus, Sophocles, and Euripides, and attempt to understand the plays as literature composed for performance. We shall study literary elements within the plays and theatrical possibilities inherent in the texts. As we read the plays, we shall pay close attention to the historical context and look for what each play can tell us about myth, religion, and society in ancient Athens. Finally, we shall give occasional attention to the way these tragic dramas and the theater in which they were performed have continued to inspire literature and theater for thousands of years. Lectures will provide historical background on the playwrights, the plays, the mythic and historical background, and possible interpretation of the texts as literature and as performance pieces. Students will discuss in class the plays that they read. The course has three examinations and a final project that includes a short essay and a group presentation. Offered as CLSC 316, WLIT 316, WLIT 416.
CLSC 318. Landscape Archaeology and Epigraphy. 3 Units.
Landscape archaeology addresses the complex ways that people have consciously and unconsciously shaped the land around them. As by-products of the interaction between people and place, landscapes designate spaces occupied by specific social groups whose members draw from their environs a shared identity and who situate their actions within specific normative frameworks. The landscapes of the Greek and Roman East are no exception to this. As "cultural landscapes," they were the scene of thousands of years of actions, including the organizing of space or the altering of the land for diverse purposes such as subsistence, or for economic, social, political, religious and military concerns. As such they offer us the possibility to investigate the agencies, actions, and negotiations between particular communities and the various greater powers that exercised control over them. This course will, therefore, introduce students to the study of Landscape Archaeology/ Intensive Surveying through five weeks of hands-on fieldwork in the region of Isparta, Turkey, the locus of an ancient landscape called Northwestern Pisidia about which little is known. This landscape has a long storied past, lying as it did along a fault line between earthshaking empires, including the Hittites, Lydians and Persians to North and to the East, and the Greeks, Macedonians and Romans to the West. As such it was a contested space, not only in terms of the physical control of the land, but also the culture. This course will investigate this cultural landscape through the analysis of the archaeological material found. There will also be an opportunity to work with the archaeological material in the Isparta Museum, especially the epigraphical material there. We will also take field trips to important ancient sites and museums in the area to better grasp the region's ancient cultural profile and context. In addition, we will discuss archaeological ethics, issues of cultural patrimony, the importance of teamwork, and the need to work side by side with the local community. Offered as CLSC 318 and CLSC 418.

CLSC 320. Departmental Seminar: Alexander the Great. 3 Units.
This course is the Classics Departmental Seminar in the SAGES sequence, though it can also be taken for regular credit in Classics or History. The seminar on Alexander the Great is normally taken in the Spring semester of junior year, and offers students a firm grounding in the diverse materials, methods, and approaches that can be brought to bear on the study of Greco-Roman antiquity and of its legacy up to today. Alexander's career is urgently relevant today for two primary reasons: the establishment of new forms of interaction between European/"western" and Asian/"eastern" civilizations; and the idea of global domination, wedding Greek and Asian as well as African (Egyptian) conceptions of rule and governance. Beyond the exploration of the ancient world of, or shaped by, Alexander, we will focus also on the reception of the historical figure, i.e., on the sometimes fantastic image of Alexander diffused in later epochs (Islamic, medieval) as well as on the more critical but often ideologically slanted early modern approach. Because of the expansion of the scope of the seminar (as of Alexander himself) beyond Europe and the critical examination of the traditional separation of East and West--or the three continents (Europe, Africa, and Asia) distinguished in antiquity--this course qualifies as a Global and Cultural Diversity course. Offered as CLSC 320 and HSTY 320. Counts as SAGES Departmental Seminar.

CLSC 321. The Archaeology of Iron Age Italy and Sicily, ca. 1000-300 BCE. 3 Units.
This course traces the early history and archaeology of the Italian peninsula and Sicily from ca. 1000 BCE to 300 BCE. During this period, the movement of people brought with a transfer of people, ideas, and culture (both social and material) that would transform the population and landscape of ancient Italy and Sicily. We will look first at Southern Italy and Sicily, where, from about 750 BCE, Greek and Phoenician colonists settled. We will examine the characteristics of Greek and Phoenician colonies and monuments, as well as the characteristics of the interactions between the new arrivals and the indigenous population, especially the Sikels. We will then examine how the Villanovan culture was supplanted by the Etruscans in west-central Italy. Through the close examination of the material culture we will address topics such as status, urbanization, religion and ritual, and the cultures of Italy and Sicily within the wider Mediterranean world. Finally, we will look at another movement of people and politics: the expansion of Roman hegemony throughout the peninsula. Numerous theories attempt to explain the effect Roman occupation had on the other populations. We will analyze critically these theories and look for ourselves on the numerous ways indigenous populations could respond to "foreign" occupiers and how the occupiers responded to the indigenes. We will "read" material culture almost like text, guided by concepts such as "style," "agency" and "habitus" among others. Through these lenses we will examine the archaeological material from multiple points of view (social, economic, religious, political). In turn, recent theoretical advances that seek to explain the processes of accommodation and emulation of, and resistance to, outside cultural influences will be looked at with a critical eye so that we can come away with fresh ideas about understanding what, and who, culture really is. Offered as CLSC 321 and HSTY 321.

CLSC 322. Roman Drama and Theater. 3 Units.
This course is designed as a continuation of and companion to CLSC/ WLIT 316/416 Greek Tragedy in English Translation, although it may be taken without having taken, or before having taken, that course. Students in Roman Drama and Theater will read a significant number of ancient Roman plays in modern English translation and study non-literary theatrical entertainment of the Roman Republic and Empire, including mime and pantomime, gladiatorial shows, political speeches, courtroom drama, and various other spectacles. The dramatic texts that we shall study include the fragments of early Latin drama, selected comedies by Plautus and Terence, and the tragedies of Seneca, and the forensic speeches of statesmen such as Cicero. We shall also consider Greek and Roman literature that comments on Roman theatrical practices. These works will be read for their literary merits and theatrical possibilities, while at the same time examining them for what they can tell us about Roma culture and society. Similarly, when studying the non-literary theatrical works we shall examine historical and theatrical context including archaeological evidence from theaters and amphitheaters and material remains (masks, depictions of actors and gladiators on vases, terra cotta lamps, mosaics, etc.). Finally, while the majority of the course focuses on drama originally written in Latin and theatrical entertainments performed in ancient Rome, the course will conclude with a survey of selected post-classical works indebted to the tradition of Roman drama and theater. Authors to be studied include Hotvitha, Marlowe, Shakespeare, Racine, Molière, and the legacy of Roman drama and theater in contemporary stage and cinema such as Sondheim's A Funny Thing Happened on the Way to the Forum. Thus a secondary concern will be to consider how and in what ways the legacy of Roman drama and theater has continued to shape the dramatic arts since antiquity. Offered as CLSC 322, CLSC 422, WLIT 322, and WLIT 422.
CLSC 323. Inspiration: The Topic of Creativity in Art and Literature—Ancient to Medieval. 3 Units.
Inspiration is an inextricably essential part of the aesthetic genesis, and it has instantly become one of the most frequented themes of artistic creation. Where does inspiration come from? Are artists “chosen ones” that implicitly stand out from the “non-inspired” rest? Trying to answer these questions and others related to the phenomenon of creativity, one direction that this course should take and focus on is the theme of “divine” or “transcendent” as a source of inspiration in art and literature. The course will start with the mystical teaching and theories of Pythagoras that influenced Plato and the Neo-Platonists that will be carried on further in the general tradition of Christian literature. In this respect, the course will examine creativity in readings that include both Ancient and Medieval writers whose writings place the subject of inspiration at the center of their own aesthetic invention. Among the authors included in the course will be Pseudo-Dyonisius, Gregory Palamas, Jacopone da Todi, Caterina da Siena, Dante, Petrarch, and Meister Eckhart. Offered as: CLSC, CLSC 423, WLIT 323 and WLIT 423.

CLSC 324. Epic: The Sublime and Terrible in Literature. 3 Units.
The course focuses on the epic genre that dominates the dawn of Western literature as well as the literary traditions of much of the rest of the world. From the Homeric epic to the Middle Ages and deep into the Renaissance, there was a collective urge to record both in verse and in prose extraordinary adventures with exceptional heroes as central figures. Thus, the epic genre typically encouraged variations in the aesthetic treatment of the hero that eventually came to define distinct categories within the genre. “Sublime” and “terrible” are common notions in the aesthetics of classicism, from antiquity to the early modern period. Authors studied in the course include such key figures in the creation and development of epic as Homer, Virgil, Ovid, Gottfried von Strassburg, Dante, and Cervantes. The works of these authors exemplify, on the one hand, the aesthetic directions mentioned above and, on the other hand, provide opportunities for using the close engagement with particular texts to illuminate wider cultural fields, in which various aesthetic perceptions of social, political, and religious reality coexist and therefore stimulate remarkable innovations in the standard epic narrative. Offered as CLSC 324, CLSC 424, WLIT 324 and WLIT 424.

CLSC 325. Art at the Crossroads of Religion: Polytheistic, Christian, and Islamic Art in Antiquity. 3 Units.
People often single out the reign of Constantine (A.D. 306-337) as the point in history when Rome transformed from a polytheistic empire to a Christian empire. This course questions the strict divide between the categories of “pagan” and “Christian” in Rome in the imperial period and beyond. Through a close examination of the artistic and architectural record, students will come to understand that this dichotomy is a modern invention; for people living in the Roman Empire, religious identities were extraordinarily fluid. Indeed, traditional polytheistic religion and Christianity remained closely intertwined for centuries after Constantine “Christianized” the Empire. Moreover, religious pluralism had been a fundamental part of Roman culture since the founding of ancient Rome. We will survey a range of material culture, including public statuary, sarcophagi, silver hordes, and temples and churches. We will also examine sites such as the border city of Dura-Europos in Syria to explore how religious identities in the Roman Empire (including Judaism, early Christianity, and so-called mystery cults) intertwined even when Rome was still supposedly a “pagan” Empire. The course pays particular attention to the art and architecture produced under Constantine, whom people today often remember as Rome’s first Christian emperor but who represents, in fact, a complex amalgam of polytheistic and monotheistic practices and identities. We will also explore how Christian art slowly but ultimately became the predominant visual culture in the Roman Empire. Finally, we will examine how Early Islamic art and architecture exploited the Greco-Roman visual tradition to the ends of this new religion. Offered as ARTH 325, ARTH 425 and CLSC 325. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

CLSC 326. Rome on Site: The Archaeology of the Eternal City. 3 Units.
This course offers the opportunity to examine firsthand Roman remains spanning 500 years of the city’s history. For three weeks we will explore all sections of Rome and discover how different spheres of Roman life, such as religion, politics, leisure, and death, combined to shape one of the most renowned cityscapes of the ancient Mediterranean world. The course constitutes a mix of museum and site visits to expose us to the artifacts that help us interpret the Roman world, including art and other types of material culture, and the monumental architecture dominating much of Rome to this day. We will also explore important sites outside of the city, including Rome’s remarkably well-preserved port at Ostia, the Emperor Hadrian’s magnificent villa at Tivoli, and an optional visit to Pompeii and Herculaneum during an extended weekend. Some of the questions we will be asking when visiting the sites include: How did the expansion of the Roman Empire influence the stylistic repertoires of the capital’s artists and architects? How did the changing political environment shape the topography of the city from Republic to Empire? How can we read political messages and propaganda in the ancient structures? How did (and does) Rome live among, use, and reuse ancient remains? Students will be expected to be active participants in the daily tours. All students will be presenting on various structures as we come to them (topics to be assigned in advance of the trip). Graduate students are responsible for leading a day tour (with my assistance) to create the itinerary and develop the thematic framework. Grades will be based on participation on site, presentations, and a paper. Offered as CLSC 326 and CLSC 426. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.
CLSC 327. The Parthenon Then and Now: New Discoveries, Old Problems and Reception. 3 Units.
The Parthenon is an icon of western art and culture. Over 250 year of scholarship on this world-renowned building have revealed many of its secrets, but numerous questions still remain. New finds on the Acropolis itself and elsewhere in Greece have shed light on some of these issues, and as a result new theories abound. This seminar offers an overview of the temple, its architecture and sculpture, and will investigate its place in the civic and religious ideology of classical Athens. The course will also trace the Parthenon's many post-classical permutations, into a Christian Church and an Islamic mosque, and its impact on later western art and architecture. Finally the class will debate the moral and ethical issue of the Elgin Marbles - to repatriate them to Greece or to retain them in the British Museum in perpetuity. Offered as ARTH 327, ARTH 427, CLSC 327, CLSC 427. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

CLSC 330. Topics in Classical Tradition. 3 Units.
This course will examine facets and tendencies of cultural development in modern Europe and beyond which involve the engagement of historians, philosophers, literary authors and critics, artists, architects, and/or society in general with the classical world and its legacy. In some cases courses will be programmatically associated with special events, e.g., exhibitions in The Cleveland Museum of Art. No prerequisites have been included, but students taking this course should have completed intermediate humanities courses, preferably in CLSC/LATN/GREK as well as WLIT. Offered as CLSC 330 and CLSC 430.

CLSC 332. Art and Archaeology of Ancient Italy. 3 Units.
The arts of the Italian peninsula from the 8th century B.C. to the 4th century A.D., with emphasis on recent archaeological discoveries. Lectures deal with architecture, sculpture, painting, and the decorative arts, supplemented by gallery tours at the Cleveland Museum of Art. Offered as ARTH 332, CLSC 332, and ARTH 432.

CLSC 333. Greek and Roman Painting. 3 Units.
Greek vase painting, Etruscan tomb painting and Roman wall painting. The development of monumental painting in antiquity. Offered as ARTH 333, CLSC 333, and ARTH 433.

CLSC 334. Art and Archaeology of Greece. 3 Units.
A survey of the art and architecture of Greece from the beginning of the Bronze Age (3000 B.C.) to the Roman conquest (100 B.C.) with emphasis on recent archaeological discoveries. Lectures deal with architecture, sculpture, painting, and the decorative arts, supplemented by gallery tours at the Cleveland Museum of Art. Offered as ARTH 334, CLSC 334, and ARTH 434.

CLSC 340. Seminar in Enlightenment Art and Literature: Piranesi and Vico. 3 Units.
This course explores aspects of the European eighteenth century as a transformative epoch in the history of western culture. Though the Enlightenment is usually associated especially with France, in this course we will focus on Italy, as the irresistible goal of travelers taking part in the "Grand Tour," and as a landscape of powerful ancient and modern architecture and artworks universally recognized as exemplary. In particular we will study one of the strangest and most fascinating visual artists of the period, the self-proclaimed architect Giovanni Battista Piranesi (1720-1778) famous no less now than in his own time for his fantastic prison engravings as well as his views of Rome, involving a radical rethinking of the city as a particular kind of inhabited as well as imagined space. Piranesi's polemical response to the advocates of the Greek revival, then coming into fashion, will lead into discussion of the key philosophical debates and aesthetic shifts of the time, notably the emergence of the notion of the sublime as a category eventually subversive of western ideals of rationality and still present -- and potent -- in our own culture. Finally we will place Piranesi within a current of discussion of the origins and nature of language and of human society in general, not least as manifested in architecture and other symbolic practices. The leading figure here is the Neapolitan G.B. Vico, whose New Science of 1725 remains one of the most stimulating texts in the western intellectual tradition. Offered as CLSC 340, COGS 340, WLIT 340, CLSC 440, and WLIT 440.

CLSC 381. Classics Senior Capstone. 3 Units.
The capstone is the final requirement of the SAGES program and is normally taken in the fall semester of senior year. It involves an independent study paper resulting from exploration of a topic chosen in consultation with the student's capstone advisor, who will regularly review progress on the project. In the capstone students employ, integrate, and demonstrate analytical, rhetorical, and practical skills developed and honed through the SAGES curriculum as well as their major or minor studies. The Capstone Project has both a written and an oral component: oral presentation and argumentation will be stressed. The product of the capstone may take different forms: there will always be a written component, but other forms of expression are also encouraged, such as a webpage or poster for a poster session. As for the kind of project that might be done: students interested in literature might work on an annotated translation of a classical text; archaeology students might produce a virtual exhibit centered on a specific site or problem. Counts as SAGES Senior Capstone. Prereq: CLSC 111 and CLSC 112, plus courses prescribed for each track of the major.

CLSC 382. Senior Honors Thesis. 3 Units.
A course of independent study and research culminating in the preparation of a thesis on a topic approved by the supervising faculty member. Enrollment in this course must be approved by the Chair of the Department. Prereq: CLSC 381.

CLSC 395. Directed Readings. 1 - 3 Unit.
Readings in English on a topic of interest to the student and acceptable to the instructor. Designed and completed under the supervision of the instructor with whom the student wishes to work.
CLSC 416. Greek Tragedy. 3 Units.
This course provides students the opportunity to read a significant number of ancient Greek tragedies in modern English translations. We shall read, study, and discuss selected works by Aeschylus, Sophocles, and Euripides, and attempt to understand the plays as literature composed for performance. We shall study literary elements within the plays and theatrical possibilities inherent in the texts. As we read the plays, we shall pay close attention to the historical context and look for what each play can tell us about myth, religion, and society in ancient Athens. Finally, we shall give occasional attention to the way these tragic dramas and the theater in which they were performed have continued to inspire literature and theater for thousands of years. Lectures will provide historical background on the playwrights, the plays, the mythic and historical background, and possible interpretation of the texts as literature and as performance pieces. Students will discuss in class the plays that they read. The course has three examinations and a final project that includes a short essay and a group presentation. Offered as CLSC 316, WLIT 316, WLIT 416.

CLSC 418. Landscape Archaeology and Epigraphy. 3 Units.
Landscape archaeology addresses the complex ways that people have consciously and unconsciously shaped the land around them. As by-products of the interaction between people and place, landscapes designate spaces occupied by specific social groups whose members draw from their environs a shared identity and who situate their actions within specific normative frameworks. The landscapes of the Greek and Roman East are no exception to this. As "cultural landscapes," they were the scene of thousands of years of actions, including the organizing of space or the altering of the land for diverse purposes such as subsistence, or for economic, social, political, religious and military concerns. As such they offer us the possibility to investigate the agencies, actions, and negotiations between particular communities and the various greater powers that exercised control over them. This course will, therefore, introduce students to the study of Landscape Archaeology/Intensive Surveying through five weeks of hands-on fieldwork in the region of Isparta, Turkey, the locus of an ancient landscape called Northwestern Pisidia about which little is known. This landscape has a long storied past, lying as it did along a fault line between earthshaking empires, including the Hittites, Lydians and Persians to North and to the East, and the Greeks, Macedonians and Romans to the West. As such it was a contested space, not only in terms of the physical control of the land, but also the culture. This course will investigate this cultural landscape through the analysis of the archaeological material found. There will also be an opportunity to work with the archaeological material in the Isparta Museum, especially the epigraphical material there. We will also take field trips to important ancient sites and museums in the area to better grasp the region's ancient cultural profile and context. In addition, we will discuss archaeological ethics, issues of cultural patrimony, the importance of teamwork, and the need to work side by side with the local community. Offered as CLSC 318 and CLSC 418.

CLSC 422. Roman Drama and Theater. 3 Units.
This course is designed as a continuation of and companion to CLSC/WLIT 316/416 Greek Tragedy in English Translation, although it may be taken without having taken, or before having taken, that course. Students in Roman Drama and Theater will read a significant number of ancient Roman plays in modern English translation and study non-literary theatrical entertainment of the Roman Republic and Empire, including mime and pantomime, gladiatorial shows, political speeches, courtroom drama, and various other spectacles. The dramatic texts that we shall study include the fragments of early Latin drama, selected comedies by Plautus and Terence, and the tragedies of Seneca, and the forensic speeches of statesman such as Cicero. We shall also consider Greek and Roman literature that comments on Roman theatrical practices. These works will be read for their literary merits and theatrical possibilities, while at the same time examining them for what they can tell us about Roman culture and society. Similarly, when studying the non-literary theatrical works we shall examine historical and theatrical context including archaeological evidence from theaters and amphitheaters and material remains (masks, depictions of actors and gladiators on vases, terra cotta lamps, mosaics, etc.). Finally, while the majority of the course focuses on drama originally written in Latin and theatrical entertainments performed in ancient Rome, the course will conclude with a survey of selected post-classical works indebted to the tradition of Roman drama and theater. Authors to be studied include Hrotsvitha, Marlowe, Shakespeare, Racine, Mollère, and the legacy of Roman drama and theater in contemporary stage and cinema such as Sondheim's A Funny Thing Happened on the Way to the Forum. Thus a secondary concern will be to consider how and in what ways the legacy of Roman drama and theater has continued to shape the dramatic arts since antiquity. Offered as CLSC 322, CLSC 422, WLIT 322, and WLIT 422.

CLSC 423. Inspiration: The Topic of Creativity in Art and Literature--Ancient to Medieval. 3 Units.
Inspiration is an inextricably essential part of the aesthetic genesis, and it has instantly become one of the most frequented themes of artistic creation. Where does inspiration come from? Are artists "chosen ones" that implicitly stand out from the "non-inspired" rest? Trying to answer these questions and others related to the phenomenon of creativity, one direction that this course should take and focus on is the theme of "divine" or "transcendent" as a source of inspiration in art and literature. The course will start with the mystical teaching and theories of Pythagoras that influenced Plato and the Neo-Platoists that will be carried on further in the general tradition of Christian literature. In this respect, the course will examine creativity in readings that include both Ancient and Medieval writers whose writings place the subject of inspiration at the center of their own aesthetic invention. Among the authors included in the course will be Pseudo-Dionysius, Gregory Palamas, Jacopone da Todi, Caterina da Siena, Dante, Petrarch, and Meister Eckhart. Offered as: CLSC, CLSC 423, WLIT 323 and WLIT 423.
CLSC 424. Epic: The Sublime and Terrible in Literature. 3 Units.
The course focuses on the epic genre that dominates the dawn of Western literature as well as the literary traditions of much of the rest of the world. From the Homeric epic to the Middle Ages and deep into the Renaissance, there was a collective urge to record both in verse and in prose extraordinary adventures with exceptional heroes as central figures. Thus, the epic genre typically encouraged variations in the aesthetic treatment of the hero that eventually came to define distinct categories within the genre. “Sublime” and “terrible” are common notions in the aesthetics of classicism, from antiquity to the early modern period. Authors studied in the course include such key figures in the creation and development of epic as Homer, Virgil, Ovid, Gottfried von Strassburg, Dante, and Cervantes. The works of these authors exemplify, on the one hand, the aesthetic directions mentioned above and, on the other hand, provide opportunities for using the close engagement with particular texts to illuminate wider cultural fields, in which various aesthetic perceptions of social, political, and religious reality coexist and therefore stimulate remarkable innovations in the standard epic narrative. Offered as CLSC 324, CLSC 424, WLIT 324 and WLIT 424.

CLSC 426. Rome on Site: The Archaeology of the Eternal City. 3 Units.
This course offers the opportunity to examine firsthand Roman remains spanning 500 years of the city’s history. For three weeks we will explore all sections of Rome and discover how different spheres of Roman life, such as religion, politics, leisure, and death, combined to shape one of the most renowned cityscapes of the ancient Mediterranean world. The course constitutes a mix of museum and site visits to expose us to the artifacts that help us interpret the Roman world, including art and other types of material culture, and the monumental architecture dominating much of Rome to this day. We will also explore important sites outside of the city, including Rome’s remarkably well-preserved port at Ostia, the Emperor Hadrian’s magnificent villa at Tivoli, and an optional visit to Pompeii and Herculaneum during an extended weekend. Some of the questions we will be asking when visiting the sites include: How did the expansion of the Roman Empire influence the stylistic repertoires of the capital’s artists and architects? How did the changing political environment shape the topography of the city from Republic to Empire? How can we read political messages and propaganda in the ancient structures? How did (and does) Rome live among, use, and reuse ancient remains? Students will be expected to be active participants in the daily tours. All students will be presenting on various structures as we come to them (topics to be assigned in advance of the trip). Graduate students are responsible for leading a day tour (with my assistance) - to create the itinerary and develop the thematic framework. Grades will be based on participation on site, presentations, and a paper. Offered as CLSC 326 and CLSC 426. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

CLSC 427. The Parthenon Then and Now: New Discoveries, Old Problems and Reception. 3 Units.
The Parthenon is an icon of western art and culture. Over 250 year of scholarship on this world-renowned building have revealed many of its secrets, but numerous questions still remain. New finds on the Acropolis itself and elsewhere in Greece have shed light on some of these issues, and as a result new theories abound. This seminar offers an overview of the temple, its architecture and sculpture, and will investigate its place in the civic and religious ideology of classical Athens. The course will also trace the Parthenon’s many post-classical permutations, into a Christian Church and an Islamic mosque, and its impact on later western art and architecture. Finally the class will debate the moral and ethical issue of the Elgin Marbles - to repatriate them to Greece or to retain them in the British Museum in perpetuity. Offered as ARTH 327, ARTH 427, CLSC 327, CLSC 427. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

CLSC 430. Topics in Classical Tradition. 3 Units.
This course will examine facets and tendencies of cultural development in modern Europe and beyond which involve the engagement of historians, philosophers, literary authors and critics, artists, architects, and/or society in general with the classical world and its legacy. In some cases courses will be programmatically associated with special events, e.g., exhibitions in The Cleveland Museum of Art. No prerequisites have been included, but students taking this course should have completed intermediate humanities courses, preferably in CLSC/LATN/GREK as well as WLIT. Offered as CLSC 330 and CLSC 430.

CLSC 440. Seminar in Enlightenment Art and Literature: Piranesi and Vico. 3 Units.
This course explores aspects of the European eighteenth century as a transformative epoch in the history of western culture. Though the Enlightenment is usually associated especially with France, in this course we will focus on Italy, as the irresistible goal of travelers taking part in the “Grand Tour,” and as a landscape of powerful ancient and modern architecture and artworks universally recognized as exemplary. In particular we will study one of the strangest and most fascinating visual artists of the period, the self-proclaimed architect Giovanni Battista Piranesi (1720-1778) famous no less now than in his own time for his fantastic prison engravings as well as his views of Rome, involving a radical rethinking of the city as a particular kind of inhabited as well as imagined space. Piranesi’s polemical response to the advocates of the Greek revival, then coming into fashion, will lead into discussion of the key philosophical debates and aesthetic shifts of the time, notably the emergence of the notion of the sublime as a category eventually subversive of western ideals of rationality and still present -- and potent -- in our own culture. Finally we will place Piranesi within a current of discussion of the origins and nature of language and of human society in general, not least as manifested in architecture and other symbolic practices. The leading figure here is the Neapolitan G.B. Vico, whose New Science of 1725 remains one of the most stimulating texts in the western intellectual tradition. Offered as CLSC 340, COGS 340, WLIT 340, CLSC 440, and WLIT 440.

CLSC 481. Special Studies. 1 - 6 Unit.
Subject matter varies according to need.

CLSC 492. Graduate Certificate Thesis. 3 Units.
This course will be focused on the independent writing of a substantial term paper under the supervision of an advisor. It is required for the completion of the Graduate Certificate.

CLSC 493. Graduate Certificate Presentation. 1 Unit.
This course will involve the presentation of the term paper completed and refined during CLSC 492. Prereq: CLSC 492.

GREK Courses

GREK 101. Elementary Greek I. 3 Units.
Beginning course in Greek language, covering grammar (forms and syntax) and the reading of elementary selections from ancient sources. Makes a start toward reading Greek authors.

GREK 102. Elementary Greek II. 3 Units.
Beginning course in Greek language, covering grammar (forms and syntax) and the reading of elementary selections from ancient sources. Makes a start toward reading Greek authors. Prereq: GREK 101 or equivalent.

GREK 201. Greek Prose Authors. 3 Units.
Readings from authors such as Plato, Lysias, Xenophon, and Herodotus. Offered as GREK 201 and GREK 401.
GREK 202. Introduction to Greek Poetry. 3 Units.
Primarily readings from Homer, Hesiod, and Theocritus. Selections from Greek lyric may be introduced at the instructor's discretion. Offered as GREK 202 and GREK 402. Prereq: GREK 201 or equivalent.

GREK 305. Readings in Ancient Philosophy: Plato. 3 Units.
Reading and interpretation of selected dialogues by Plato or other philosophical works. Offered as GREK 305 and GREK 405. Prereq: GREK 202 or equivalent.

GREK 306. Tragedy. 3 Units.
Reading and interpretation of selected plays of Aeschylus, Euripides, and Sophocles. Offered as GREK 306 and GREK 406. Prereq: GREK 202 or equivalent.

GREK 307. History. 3 Units.
Extensive reading in Thucydides' History of the Peloponnesian War, especially Books VI and VII, the expedition against Syracuse. Offered as GREK 307 and GREK 407. Prereq: GREK 202 or equivalent.

GREK 308. Comedy. 3 Units.
Origin, ambiance, and development of Greek Old Comedy and persisting characteristics of the genre. Translation of selected plays from Greek into English. Offered as GREK 308 and GREK 408. Prereq: GREK 202 or equivalent.

GREK 311. Homer. 3 Units.
Reading and translation of extensive selections from the Odyssey. Introduction to epic meter, to Homeric Greek, and to the poet's style. Consideration of evidences of oral composition and discussion of the heroic tradition. Offered as GREK 311 and GREK 411. Prereq: GREK 202 or equivalent.

GREK 370. Greek Prose Composition. 3 Units.
This course introduces students to the principles and practice of composing continuous passages of Greek prose. It is designed to review and to strengthen students' command of Attic forms while becoming more aware of the ways Greek syntax was employed to express thought. Via practice at writing Greek prose, the ultimate goal is for the students to become more proficient and sensitive readers of ancient Greek. Offered as GREK 370 and GREK 470. Prereq: GREK 202 or equivalent.

GREK 380. Advanced Topics in Greek Literature. 3 Units.
Study and discussion of important authors, works, and topics not covered regularly. Content will reflect particular interests of students and faculty and timeliness of the topics. Offered as GREK 380 and GREK 480. Prereq: GREK 202 or equivalent.

GREK 401. Greek Prose Authors. 3 Units.
Readings from authors such as Plato, Lysias, Xenophon, and Herodotus. Offered as GREK 201 and GREK 401.

GREK 402. Introduction to Greek Poetry. 3 Units.
Primarily readings from Homer, Hesiod, and Theocritus. Selections from Greek lyric may be introduced at the instructor's discretion. Offered as GREK 202 and GREK 402.

GREK 405. Readings in Ancient Philosophy: Plato. 3 Units.
Reading and interpretation of selected dialogues by Plato or other philosophical works. Offered as GREK 305 and GREK 405.

GREK 406. Tragedy. 3 Units.
Reading and interpretation of selected plays of Aeschylus, Euripides, and Sophocles. Offered as GREK 306 and GREK 406.

GREK 407. History. 3 Units.
Extensive reading in Thucydides' History of the Peloponnesian War, especially Books VI and VII, the expedition against Syracuse. Offered as GREK 307 and GREK 407.

GREK 408. Comedy. 3 Units.
Origin, ambiance, and development of Greek Old Comedy and persisting characteristics of the genre. Translation of selected plays from Greek into English. Offered as GREK 308 and GREK 408.

GREK 411. Homer. 3 Units.
Reading and translation of extensive selections from the Odyssey. Introduction to epic meter, to Homeric Greek, and to the poet's style. Consideration of evidences of oral composition and discussion of the heroic tradition. Offered as GREK 311 and GREK 411.

GREK 470. Greek Prose Composition. 3 Units.
This course introduces students to the principles and practice of composing continuous passages of Greek prose. It is designed to review and to strengthen students' command of Attic forms while becoming more aware of the ways Greek syntax was employed to express thought. Via practice at writing Greek prose, the ultimate goal is for the students to become more proficient and sensitive readers of ancient Greek. Offered as GREK 370 and GREK 470.

GREK 480. Advanced Topics in Greek Literature. 3 Units.
Study and discussion of important authors, works, and topics not covered regularly. Content will reflect particular interests of students and faculty and timeliness of the topics. Offered as GREK 380 and GREK 480.

GREK 495. Directed Readings. 1 - 3 Unit.
Readings in Greek of authors selected to serve the individual interests and needs of undergraduate students. Each program planned and completed under the supervision of the instructor with whom the student wishes to work. Offered as GREK 395 and GREK 495.

LATN Courses

LATN 101. Elementary Latin I. 3 Units.
An introduction to the elements of Latin: pronunciation, forms, syntax, vocabulary, and reading.

LATN 102. Elementary Latin II. 3 Units.
An introduction to the elements of Latin: pronunciation, forms, syntax, vocabulary, and reading. Prereq: LATN 101 or equivalent.

LATN 201. Latin Prose Authors. 3 Units.
Reading and discussion of such prose authors as Cicero, Caesar, Livy or Pliny. Offered as LATN 201 and LATN 401. Prereq: LATN 101 or equivalent.

LATN 202. Vergil. 3 Units.
Primarily readings from The Aeneid; selections from Vergil's other work may be introduced at instructor's discretion. Recommended preparation: LATN 201 or equivalent. Offered as LATN 202 and LATN 402.

LATN 305. Literature of the Republic. 3 Units.
A reading course in prose and poetry of the Roman Republic. Extensive selections from Cicero and Catullus, and one comedy of Terence. Offered as LATN 305 and LATN 405. Prereq: LATN 202 or equivalent.
LATN 306. Survey of Latin Literature. 3 Units.
Reading and discussion of selections from the various genres of Latin literature of the Roman Republic and Empire such as historical narrative, lyric and elegiac poetry, comic drama, forensic rhetoric, philosophical dialogue, didactic literature, letters, and epigrams. Offered as LATN 306 and LATN 406. Prereq: LATN 202 or equivalent.

LATN 307. Livy. 3 Units.
Readings in Books I and XXI, with other selections from this major Augustan historian. Offered as LATN 307 and LATN 407. Prereq: LATN 202 or equivalent.

LATN 308. Horace: Odes and Epodes. 3 Units.
Readings and discussion of extensive selections from the poetry of Horace; consideration of Horace as exemplifying the spirit of the Augustan Age. Offered as LATN 308 and LATN 408. Prereq: LATN 202 or equivalent.

LATN 309. Medieval Latin. 3 Units.
Reading and interpretation of Latin texts from the Middle Ages. Material selected according to the needs and interests of students. Offered as LATN 309 and LATN 409. Prereq: LATN 202 or equivalent.

LATN 351. Latin Didactic Literature. 3 Units.
Readings from didactic poetry such as Lucretius and Vergil's Georgics. Parodies like Ovid's Ars Amatoria or prose treatises may also be introduced. Offered as LATN 351 and LATN 451. Prereq: LATN 202 or equivalent.

LATN 352. History. 3 Units.
Works of the Roman historian Cornelius Tacitus; his Annals I-VI dealing with his portrait of Emperor Tiberius and the Empire after the death of Augustus. Offered as LATN 352 and LATN 452. Prereq: LATN 202 or equivalent.

LATN 354. Drama. 3 Units.
Reading of at least one play each by Plautus and Terence. Attention to the history of Latin and Greek New Comedy, and the contrasting styles of the two authors. Offered as LATN 354 and LATN 454. Prereq: LATN 202 or equivalent.

LATN 356. Elegiac Poetry. 3 Units.
In this course we shall translate and interpret selected elegies by Catullus, Tibullus, Propertius, and Ovid. We will also devote considerable class time to the reading and in-depth analysis of the major secondary literature, starting with the introductory pieces in the newest companions published by Brill and Cambridge, and moving on to fundamental articles and perhaps even a full scholarly monograph. Offered as LATN 356 and LATN 456. Prereq: LATN 202 or equivalent.

LATN 370. Latin Prose Composition. 3 Units.
This course is designed to strengthen students' active command of Latin grammar and idiomatic prose style. At a basic level, students are trained to pay attention to details and thus write grammatically correct. Going beyond this, the course teaches Latin Idioms. Finally, it aims to develop students' intuitive feeling for the Latin language. The ultimate goal is to write in a Ciceronian prose style. Offered as LATN 370 and LATN 470. Prereq: LATN 202.

LATN 380. Advanced Topics in Latin Literature. 3 Units.
Study and discussion of important authors, works, and topics not covered regularly. Content will reflect particular interests of students and faculty and timeliness of topics. Offered as LATN 380 and LATN 480. Prereq: LATN 202 or equivalent.

LATN 395. Directed Readings. 1 - 3 Unit.
Directed readings in Latin of authors selected to serve the individual interests and needs of undergraduate students. Each program planned and completed under the supervision of the instructor with whom the student wishes to work. Offered as LATN 395 and LATN 495.

LATN 401. Latin Prose Authors. 3 Units.
Reading and discussion of such prose authors as Cicero, Caesar, Livy or Pliny. Offered as LATN 201 and LATN 401.

LATN 402. Vergil. 3 Units.
Primarily readings from The Aeneid; selections from Vergil's other work may be introduced at instructor's discretion. Recommended preparation: LATN 201 or equivalent. Offered as LATN 202 and LATN 402.

LATN 405. Literature of the Republic. 3 Units.
A reading course in prose and poetry of the Roman Republic. Extensive selections from Cicero and Catullus, and one comedy of Terence. Offered as LATN 305 and LATN 405.

LATN 406. Survey of Latin Literature. 3 Units.
Reading and discussion of selections from the various genres of Latin literature of the Roman Republic and Empire such as historical narrative, lyric and elegiac poetry, comic drama, forensic rhetoric, philosophical dialogue, didactic literature, letters, and epigrams. Offered as LATN 306 and LATN 406.

LATN 407. Livy. 3 Units.
Readings in Books I and XXI, with other selections from this major Augustan historian. Offered as LATN 307 and LATN 407.

LATN 408. Horace: Odes and Epodes. 3 Units.
Readings and discussion of extensive selections from the poetry of Horace; consideration of Horace as exemplifying the spirit of the Augustan Age. Offered as LATN 308 and LATN 408.

LATN 409. Medieval Latin. 3 Units.
Reading and interpretation of Latin texts from the Middle Ages. Material selected according to the needs and interests of students. Offered as LATN 309 and LATN 409.

LATN 451. Latin Didactic Literature. 3 Units.
Readings from didactic poetry such as Lucretius and Vergil's Georgics. Parodies like Ovid's Ars Amatoria or prose treatises may also be introduced. Offered as LATN 351 and LATN 451.

LATN 452. History. 3 Units.
Works of the Roman historian Cornelius Tacitus; his Annals I-VI dealing with his portrait of Emperor Tiberius and the Empire after the death of Augustus. Offered as LATN 352 and LATN 452.

LATN 454. Drama. 3 Units.
Reading of at least one play each by Plautus and Terence. Attention to the history of Latin and Greek New Comedy, and the contrasting styles of the two authors. Offered as LATN 354 and LATN 454.

LATN 455. Elegiac Poetry. 3 Units.
In this course we shall translate and interpret selected elegies by Catullus, Tibullus, Propertius, and Ovid. We will also devote considerable class time to the reading and in-depth analysis of the major secondary literature, starting with the introductory pieces in the newest companions published by Brill and Cambridge, and moving on to fundamental articles and perhaps even a full scholarly monograph. Offered as LATN 356 and LATN 456.
LATN 470. Latin Prose Composition. 3 Units.
This course is designed to strengthen students’ active command of Latin grammar and idiomatic prose style. At a basic level, students are trained to pay attention to details and thus write grammatically correct. Going beyond this, the course teaches Latin idioms. Finally, it aims to develop students’ intuitive feeling for the Latin language. The ultimate goal is to write in a Ciceronian prose style. Offered as LATN 370 and LATN 470.

LATN 480. Advanced Topics in Latin Literature. 3 Units.
Study and discussion of important authors, works, and topics not covered regularly. Content will reflect particular interests of students and faculty and timeliness of topics. Offered as LATN 380 and LATN 480.

LATN 495. Directed Readings. 1 - 3 Unit.
Directed readings in Latin of authors selected to serve the individual interests and needs of undergraduate students. Each program planned and completed under the supervision of the instructor with whom the student wishes to work. Offered as LATN 395 and LATN 495.

Department of Cognitive Science

Cognitive science is the scientific study of the mind in a transdisciplinary framework. The Department of Cognitive Science at Case Western Reserve University is specifically dedicated to the study of human higher cognition, including language, gesture, advanced social cognition, mathematical invention, scientific discovery, art, religion, music, literature, advanced tool use and advanced technology, theater and dance, fashions of dress, sign systems, creativity, and culture. The department draws on methods of research in the biological sciences, the social sciences, and the humanities. Its educational mission is to provide students with the best possible opportunity to integrate a wide variety of approaches and apply them to the study of human higher cognition.

The department provides basic training in core disciplines, as well as in a range of philosophical, evolutionary, linguistic, and computational issues bearing on cognitive science. It seeks to place cognitive science in a wider, more ecologically valid context than traditional programs in this field have typically allowed, so as to broaden our theories of those high-end cognitive capacities that mark human beings as distinctive.

The department offers an undergraduate major and minor in cognitive science and a master’s degree in cognitive linguistics. By developing wide-ranging expertise in at least two or three relevant disciplines, our students' intuitive feeling for the Latin language. The ultimate goal is to write in a Ciceronian prose style. Offered as LATN 370 and LATN 470.

The minor provides a good basic grounding in cognitive science, and allows students to narrow their exposure to those aspects of the field most relevant to their other academic interests. Individual programs can be developed in consultation with the chair of the department.

Graduate Program

MA in Cognitive Linguistics

“Cognitive linguistics goes beyond the visible structure of language and investigates the considerably more complex backstage operations of cognition that create grammar, conceptualization, discourse, and thought itself. The theoretical insights of cognitive linguistics are based on extensive empirical observation in multiple contexts, and on experimental work in psychology and neuroscience. Results of cognitive linguistics, especially from metaphor theory and conceptual integration theory, have been applied to wide ranges of nonlinguistic phenomena.”


Candidates may apply for admission to the degree program in cognitive linguistics with the purpose of pursuing the MA, or for non-degree status with the purpose of taking courses for credit that can be transferred to other institutions. The MA follows Plan A as described in the School of Graduate Studies (p. 668) section of this bulletin. Accordingly, it requires 30 credit hours and a written MA thesis.

Department Faculty

Todd Oakley, PhD
(University of Maryland)
Professor and Chair
Cognitive linguistics; discourse analysis; attention

William Deal, PhD
(Harvard)
Severance Professor in the History of Religion
The Cognitive Science of Religion

Undergraduate Programs

Major

In addition to meeting general education requirements, cognitive science majors must complete a minimum of 30 semester hours in cognitive science and approved related course work: 15 hours in the foundation component and 15 hours of elective course work. The foundation courses provide all students with a common basis for further study. They consist of:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>COGS 101</td>
<td>Introduction to Cognitive Science</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>COGS 102</td>
<td>Introduction to Cognitive Neuroscience</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>COGS 201</td>
<td>Human Cognition in Evolution and Development</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>COGS 202</td>
<td>Human Cognition Viewed from a Cultural Perspective</td>
<td>3</td>
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One of the following quantitative methods courses: 3

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ANTH 319</td>
<td>Introduction to Statistical Analysis in the Social Sciences</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PSCL 282</td>
<td>Quantitative Methods in Psychology</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STAT 201</td>
<td>Basic Statistics for Social and Life Sciences</td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Five elective courses (three must be at the 200 or 300 level) 15

Total Units 30

Minor

The minor requires students to take the following:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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</tr>
<tr>
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<td>Human Cognition Viewed from a Cultural Perspective</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Three COGS courses at the 200 or 300 level 9

Total Units 15
Anthony Jack, PhD  
(University College London)  
Associate Professor  
Cognitive neuroscience; social cognition; consciousness; neuroimaging

Fey Parrill, PhD  
(University of Chicago)  
Associate Professor  
Language and co-speech gesture

Vera Tobin, PhD  
(University of Maryland)  
Assistant Professor  
Cognitive linguistics, pragmatics, literature; evolution & development

Mark Turner, PhD  
(University of California, Berkeley)  
Institute Professor  
Higher-order cognition and creativity; conceptual integration

Secondary Faculty

Florin Berindeanu, PhD  
(University of Georgia)  
Instructor, Department of Classics

Richard J. Boland, Jr., PhD  
(Case Western Reserve University)  
Professor, Department of Information Systems, Weatherhead School of Management

Richard E. Boyatzis, PhD  
(Harvard University)  
Professor, Department of Organizational Behavior, Weatherhead School of Management

Daniela Calvetti, PhD  
(University of North Carolina, Chapel Hill)  
James Wood Williamson Professor, Department of Mathematics, Applied Mathematics, and Statistics

Angela Ciccia, PhD  
(Case Western Reserve University)  
Assistant Professor, Department of Psychological Sciences

Fred Collopy, PhD  
(Wharton School of the University of Pennsylvania)  
Professor, Department of Information Systems, Weatherhead School of Management

Heath A. Demaree, PhD  
(Virginia Institute of Technology)  
Professor, Department of Psychological Sciences

Robert L. Greene, PhD  
(Yale University)  
Professor, Department of Psychological Sciences

Sandra Russ, PhD  
(University of Pittsburgh)  
Distinguished University Professor and Louis D. Beaumont University Professor, Department of Psychological Sciences

Peter Thomas, PhD  
(University of Chicago)  
Associate Professor, Department of Mathematics, Applied Mathematics, and Statistics

Peter J. Whitehouse, MD, PhD  
(Johns Hopkins University)  
Professor, Department of Neurology, School of Medicine

Stuart Youngner, MD  
(Case Western Reserve University)  
Professor, Department of Bioethics, School of Medicine

Adjunct Faculty

Per Aage Brandt, Doctorat d'Etat  
(Sorbonne I, Paris)

Merlin W. Donald, PhD  
(McGill University)

Yohannes Haile-Selassie, PhD  
(University of California, Berkeley)  
Curator and Head of Physical Anthropology, Cleveland Museum of Natural History

Paul Marasco, PhD  
(Vanderbilt University)  
Principal Investigator in the Advanced Platform Technology Center at the Louis Stokes Department of Veterans Affairs Medical Center

Kristina Hooper Woolsey, PhD  
(University of California, San Diego)

Courses

COGS 101. Introduction to Cognitive Science. 3 Units.  
This course introduces students to the field of cognitive science. Cognitive scientists are interested in the nature of the human mind--basically, we ask how humans think. This is a huge question, and has been addressed in one way or another by pretty much every academic field. Cognitive science tries to unite work from many different fields, including computer science, neuroscience, psychology, linguistics, philosophy, music, art, and literary theory. In this course, you'll get a basic introduction to some of the topics that are central to human cognition, such as intelligence, categorization, language, and creativity. We'll ask what can be gained by taking an integrated, cognitive scientific approach to these topics.

COGS 102. Introduction to Cognitive Neuroscience. 3 Units.  
A survey of the fundamental methods, findings, and theories that attempt to understand the human mind from a neuroscientific standpoint. The course provides the student with background knowledge of brain processes underlying such psychological phenomena as consciousness, sensation, perception, thought, language, and voluntary action. Since many fields of neuroscience have contributed to cognitive neuroscience, the approach of this course is cross-disciplinary. It introduces theories and data from clinical and experimental neuropsychology, brain imaging, neuroelectric and neuromagnetic brain activity, the neuroscience of language, and behavioral neuroscience, among other fields.
COGS 201. Human Cognition in Evolution and Development. 3 Units.
COGS 201 covers mind unfolding in time, including the fundamental methods, findings, and theories of human mental phylo- and ontogenesis. It provides the student with background knowledge about the unfolding of cognitive structures and functions over time, in both the deep temporal perspective of evolution (measured across many lifetimes) and the shorter one of development (measured within single lifetimes). The approach of the course is cross-disciplinary, including approaches that come from anthropology, archaeology, philosophy, computing science, comparative psychology, primatology, and comparative linguistics, among others.

COGS 202. Human Cognition Viewed from a Cultural Perspective. 3 Units.
This course studies the human mind in its natural environment: culture. It covers the fundamental methods, findings, and theories that attempt to understand the growth and evolution of cognition from either a social science or humanistic standpoint. It provides the student with background knowledge of theories of human cultural evolution and change, of the relationship between the cognizing individual and larger social-cognitive structures, and of such phenomena as distributed networks, cooperative mental work, and the phenomenology of human experience. Many disciplines have contributed to this knowledge; hence the approach of this course is cross-disciplinary, including ideas from cultural anthropology, literary studies, art and art history, musicology, philosophy, and the history of technology, among others.

COGS 205. Cognition and Design. 3 Units.
Urbanism is design; architecture is design; of course, the aesthetic shaping of artifacts (such as computers, cars, and coffee machines) is design. Configuring surfaces, volumes, and portions of space in special ways, creating and changing formats for things and places that allow cultural practices to unfold while delimiting them, are essential ‘designing’ endeavors of human civilization and are, necessarily, activities based on the cognitive capacities and constraints of our species. We ‘cognize’ the human world in terms and frames of ‘designed’ surroundings. Design is a basic expressive activity, by which we interact with our artificial and natural surroundings and create ‘interfaces’ between mind and reality, thus upholding and interpretable world. Landscapes and cityscapes, work spaces of all sorts, buildings and parks, exteriors and interiors of homes, factories, institutions, and temples; furniture, artifacts such as machines, tools, weapons, symbolic objects, even the configuration (‘building’) of our own bodies, are design. An inquiry into cultural cognition, aiming to understand how humans as socio-cultural beings think and feel, therefore needs to explore this dimension of spatial expressivity and to acknowledge it as a constitutive fact of human meaning production; it needs to study the aesthetic and pragmatic, political and historical, philosophical and religious, and simply everyday practical, semiotic aspects of this basic form of human creativity. This course will focus on spatial expressivity–design–in several primary keys and scales, including design for learning; design for verbal and technical communication, interaction, and commerce; design for expressions of authority and deliberation; and design for emotional display.

COGS 206. Theory of Cognitive Linguistics I. 3 Units.
This is the first course in a two-course sequence presenting theory and practice of cognitive linguistics. Offered as COGS 206 and COGS 406.

COGS 272. Morality and Mind. 3 Units.
Recent research in cognitive science challenges ethical perspectives founded on the assumption that rationality is key to moral knowledge or that morality is the product of divine revelation. Bedrock moral concepts like free will, rights, and moral agency also have been questioned. In light of such critiques, how can we best understand moral philosophy and religious ethics? Is ethics primarily informed by nature or by culture? Or is ethics informed by both? This course examines 1) ways in which cognitive science—and related fields such as evolutionary biology—impact traditional moral perspectives, and 2) how the study of moral philosophy and comparative ethics forces reconsideration of broad cognitive science theories about the nature of ethics. The course examines the concept of free will as a case study in applying these interpretive viewpoints. Interdisciplinary readings include literature from moral philosophy, religious ethics, cognitive science, and evolutionary biology. Offered as COGS 272, RLGN 272.

COGS 301. Special Topics in Cognitive Science. 3 Units.
Special Topics in Cognitive Science. Topics vary. Permission of department is required. Offered as COGS 301 and COGS 401.

COGS 302. SAGES Departmental Seminar: Methods and Theories in Cognitive Science. 3 Units.
This course takes a look at the discipline of cognitive science by exploring the methods that cognitive scientists use in their research. We'll discuss how different methods reflect different approaches and traditions of thought and how they provide different answers to particular questions. We'll also discuss the process of translating research into writing and talk about how different kinds of writing reflect the many different methods used in cognitive science. Recommended preparation: COGS 101, COGS 102, COGS 201, COGS 202. Counts as SAGES Departmental Seminar.

COGS 303. SAGES Departmental Seminar: Current Controversies in Cognitive Science. 3 Units.
This course takes a look at the discipline of cognitive science by exploring the current controversies that impact cognitive scientists in their research. We'll discuss how different controversies effect different approaches and traditions of thought and how they elicit different answers to particular questions. We'll also discuss the process of translating research into writing and talk about how different kinds of writing reflect the many different controversial issues presented in cognitive science. Recommended preparation: COGS 101, COGS 102, COGS 201, and COGS 202. Counts as SAGES Departmental Seminar.

COGS 304. Conceptual Integration. 3 Units.
Conceptual Integration, otherwise known as "blending", is a defining feature of higher-order human cognition, indispensable for all behaviors typically taken as distinctive to human beings. This course presents the cognitive mechanisms of conceptual integration, the constraints on its operation, and its deployment and expression in a range of human behaviors such as learning, invention, mathematical and scientific discovery, language, art music, gesture, social understanding, institutional performance, reasoning, decision, judgment, choice, design, and engineering. A student in the class will work on an individual research project in any of a variety of fields, including engineering (e.g. designing with blends), computer science, the arts, the humanities, the social sciences, cognitive neuroscience, and linguistics. Only one of COGS 304 and COGS 404 can be taken for credit within any degree program. Offered as COGS 304 and COGS 404.
COGS 305. Departmental Seminar: Moral Boundaries and Limits of Science. 3 Units.
Cognitive Science is essentially interdisciplinary, and this seminar will focus on deep issues that lie at the intersection between science and philosophy. The class will explore how, and to what extent, science might both shape our ethical judgments and help us to understand them. We will also consider what, if anything, our deep moral intuitions, as evidenced by strong sentiments such as disgust or repugnance, tell us about the nature of morality. Current scholarship in moral psychology, moral neuroscience, and moral philosophy are shedding new light on these issues. We will focus on moral boundaries: distinctions between things that have powerful ethical and emotional significance, at least for some people. We will consider the following boundaries: - Male/ female and moral responses to homosexuality; - Human/animal and moral responses to bestiality and stem cell research that inserts human stem cells into animals; - Life/death and moral responses to euthanasia; - Human/machine and the moral responses to artificial intelligence, robots, and the use of steroids to enhance athletes and warfighters. In addition to learning and writing about relevant psychological and neuroscientific research, the course contains two other essential aspects. First, students will engage with relevant philosophical issues and arguments. Are there moral facts? If so, what is their basis? Second, the course will include experiential aspects--students will be asked to examine their own ethical responses, and to reexamine them in light of what they are learning. Recommended Preparation: (any two of following pre-requisites) COGS 101, COGS 102, COGS 201, COGS 202. Counts as SAGES Departmental Seminar.

COGS 307. Cog Linguistics Theory II. 3 Units.
This is the second course in a two-course sequence presenting theory and practice of cognitive linguistics. Offered as COGS 307 and COGS 407. Counts as SAGES Departmental Seminar.

COGS 310. Cognitive Science of Religion. 3 Units.
This course introduces theories and methods in the cognitive science of religion. Particular emphasis is placed on applying cognitive scientific concepts and theories to such religious issues as belief in deities, religious ritual, and morality. We examine such topics as the relationship of religious studies to evolution and cognition, cognitive theories or religious ritual, anthropomorphism and religious representation, religion as an evolutionary adaptation, and cognitive semantics and religious language. Course work includes student-led discussions, a research-intensive journal-length essay on a topic chosen in consultation with the Instructor, and presentation of research findings to the class. Course readings are taken from the humanities, the social sciences, and natural sciences. Offered as: COGS 310, COGS 410, RLGN 310, RLGN 410.

COGS 311. Mind and Media. 3 Units.
An introduction to the study of mind and media, including the study of multimodal communication. This course investigates patterns of human cognition that are ancient to human beings and upon which media have converged for powerful, immersive effect. The cognitive processes studied include perception, sensation, imagination, joint attention, narrative conception, simulation, dreaming, identity construction, imaginative play, and implicit learning. Students engage in hands-on media analysis to study how basic human mental operations are used in media to achieve a variety of effects. Students will be given access to a private website of instructions, readings, and materials for the course, and will be introduced to a range of vast, rich, searchable databases of media. Students will have ample opportunity to do research inside such databases. Offered as: COGS 311 and COGS 411.

COGS 313. Special Topics in Cognitive Linguistics. 3 Units.
This course covers special topics in the field of cognitive linguistics. Topics will vary from semester to semester. Offered as COGS 313 and COGS 413.

COGS 315. Mental Space Theory. 3 Units.
This course covers theory of mental spaces and methodology of mental space analysis, with special emphasis on the use of mental space theory to analyze human performance in various areas of cognition, including reasoning, judgment, decision, counterfactual thought, inference, planning, communication and language, gesture, social cognition, cognitive design and engineering, representation, learning, humor, symbol systems, and invention. It includes a consideration of experimental methods that have arisen under the influence of mental space theory. A student may earn credit for either COGS 315 or COGS 415, but not both. Offered as COGS 315 and COGS 415.

COGS 316. Decision-Making. 3 Units.
This course is a topical introduction to decision-making, a major area of cognitive social science, with connections to economics, law, political science, business, policy, and related fields. Topics include game theory and rational calculation, equilibria, kinds of choice, heuristics, the role of affect in decision, framing, bounded rationality, mechanisms of choice such as heuristics, the role of social cognition in choice, concepts of self and other, and computer modeling of choice. The course also includes an introduction to the design of empirical behavioral research. Offered as COGS 316 and COGS 416.

COGS 317. Cognitive Diversity. 3 Units.
This course surveys research from cognitive science (psychology, linguistics, neuroscience, etc.) on the ways that different people think differently. We will consider dimensions such as sex, gender, sexual orientation, race/ethnicity, bodily differences, cultural differences, and effects of speaking different languages. Students will choose the last two topics at the end of the semester (Different religions? Different ages? Whatever interests the class!). Offered as COGS 317 and COGS 417. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

COGS 318. Thinking Communication in Ancient and Medieval Literature. 3 Units.
The ancients were much concerned with the nature and validity of signs: Important decisions depended on the flight of birds or the coloration of the liver of a sacrificial victim. The relationship of language to truth, i.e., a reality beyond the contingent, was a crucial issue, not least because of the rise of sophistic rhetoric: for an orator, language was a tool in a contest rather than a means to true understanding. The discipline of medicine, developed by such important figures as Galen and Hippocrates, depended on the interpretation of physical signs to diagnose and treat ailments of mind and body. The term for the theory of signs--semiotics--is derived from the Greek term "semioiteke," and for many Greek philosophers and their Roman and medieval successors the sign was a key issue. For Christians especially, new forms of vision and discerning truth presented particular problems: after all, the Christian God revealed his intentions through "portents" that had to be read and interpreted. And even if sacred scripture was in some way understood as encapsulating the whole word, there were countless passages requiring clarification or adaptation to contemporary situations. In other words, the concern was with the relationship between a universe of structured signs (the subject of semiotics) and structures of interpersonal communication (pragmatics). Offered as CLSC 313 and COGS 318. Prereq: WLIT 211 or WLIT 212.
COGS 322. Human Learning and the Brain. 3 Units.
This course focuses on the question, "How does the human brain learn?" Through assigned readings, extensive class discussions, and a major paper, each student will explore personal perspectives on learning. Specific topics include, but are not limited to: the brain's cycle of learning; neocortex structure and function; emotion and limbic brain; synapse dynamics and changes in learning; images in cognition; symbolic brain (language, mathematics, music); memory formation; and creative thought and brain mechanisms. The major paper will be added to each student's SAGES writing portfolio. In addition, near the end of the semester, each student will make an oral presentation on a chosen topic. Offered as BIOL 302 and COGS 322. Counts as SAGES Departmental Seminar.

COGS 324. Discourse and Cognition. 3 Units.
This course explores discourse and interaction from a cognitive linguistic perspective, with special emphasis on mental space, conceptual integration, and cognitive grammar. Cognitive linguistics is a paradigm of language study that seeks to understand language structure, acquisition, and use as a function of embodied conceptualization. This means that it seeks to describe and explain language as a symbolic activity involving general cognitive processes, such as perception, attention, memory, categorization, framing and sensory-motor activities. Another burgeoning area of interest among cognitive linguists is social-cognition, gesture, and interaction. In each of these endeavors, the goal is to explain as much about language without having to posit autonomous and language-specific faculties. While cognitive linguists have always been seen discourse as a legitimate object of study, many still take the sentence, clause, and phrase as their primary unit of analysis. In this course, we shall focus on the relationship between discourse and relevant cognitive processes such as attention, memory, categorization, framing, and kinesthetic experience, with the intention of exploring who these cognitive processes shape discourse in English and other languages. We will subsequently reverse our orientation and explore how discourse (in text as well as embodied/face-to-face) in turn shapes how we pay attention, remember, categorize, frame, and even experience the world. The readings, discussion, and/or research projects for this course may include the following topics: interactional conduct, intersubjectivity, consciousness, co-speech gesture, mental spaces, prosody, time and temporality, and working memory. The international structure of this course will likely lead to focused discussion and research projects on English as a Second & Foreign Language. Offered as COGS 324 and COGS 424.

COGS 325. Cognitive Approaches to Literature. 3 Units.
This course approaches literature as a window into language, in which cognition is characterized by the same imaging and imaginary properties as artistic literature. It is an attempt to identify and analyze procedures as aesthetically interesting and generally relevant forms of human thinking, feeling, imagining, fantasizing, and conceptualizing. The course introduces current theories of literature in relation to language and mind, and it presents and discusses practical applications in critical reading and text analysis, using examples from modern literature in the main genres. A student may earn credit for either COGS 325 or COGS 425 but not both. Recommended preparation: COGS 101, COGS 202. Offered as COGS 325 and COGS 425.

COGS 326. Cognitive Approaches to Music. 3 Units.
This course will study the ways in which the presence of music relates to cognition and the semiotics of inter-subjective communication at large--the emergence of language, gesture, and symbolization of time. Topics of interests include: the ways that specific works of musical art invite semantic interpretation; how intelligible musical structure relates to meaning; how musical activities correspond to brain activity; and how music relates to and/or induces emotion. Recommended preparation: COGS 101, COGS 202. Offered as COGS 326 and COGS 426.

COGS 327. Gesture in Cognition and Communication. 3 Units.
Most people never notice that when they are talking, they're also gesturing. Why do we produce these gestures? What can studying them tell us about the human mind? This course surveys scientific research on gesture, exploring topics such as the role of gesture in communication, cross-cultural differences in gesture, and the relationship between gesture and signed languages. The course will focus on gestures produced with speech, but will cover symbolic and ritualized gesture in the visual arts and in dance. Offered as COGS 327 and COGS 427 and MLIT 327.

COGS 328. Cognition and Visual Aesthetic Experience. 3 Units.
This course is offered as a reciprocal exchange between new research on the mind/brain and existing theories of visual aesthetics. It would appeal to students from diverse majors, ranging from art, language or philosophy, to psychology, computer science or pre-medicine. The material covered links a traditional approach to philosophical aesthetics with a most up-to-date research on visual perception and brain functioning. Recommended preparation: COGS 101, COGS 202.

COGS 329. Performance and the Embodied Mind. 3 Units.
In the past twenty years cognitive scientists working in neuroscience, psychology, linguistics, philosophy, and related fields have made great progress in understanding perception, empathy, the human mind's sense of space and movement, emotions, meaning-making, and many other cognitive areas that are crucial to producing, enacting, and responding to performances on stage. This course will look at ways of incorporating many of the insights of cognitive science into the existing work of theatre and performance scholarship. The course will thus link a more traditional approach to the body in theatre and dance studies, where it has commonly been considered one of the main means of communication, to a most up-to-date research on embodied cognition. Observation of live and pre-recorded dance and theatre performances will regularly be used to supplement the theoretical discussion. Recommended preparation: COGS 101, COGS 202.
COGS 340. Seminar in Enlightenment Art and Literature: Piranesi and Vico. 3 Units.
This course explores aspects of the European eighteenth century as a transformative epoch in the history of western culture. Though the Enlightenment is usually associated especially with France, in this course we will focus on Italy, as the irresistible goal of travelers taking part in the "Grand Tour," and as a landscape of powerful ancient and modern architecture and artworks universally recognized as exemplary. In particular we will study one of the strangest and most fascinating visual artists of the period, the self-proclaimed architect Giovani Battista Piranesi (1720-1778) famous no less now than in his own time for his fantastic prison engravings as well as his views of Rome, involving a radical rethinking of the city as a particular kind of inhabited as well as imagined space. Piranesi's polemical response to the advocates of the Greek revival, then coming into fashion, will lead into discussion of the key philosophical debates and aesthetic shifts of the time, notably the emergence of the notion of the sublime as a category eventually subversive of western ideals of rationality and still present -- and potent -- in our own culture. Finally we will place Piranesi within a current of discussion of the origins and nature of language and of human society in general, not least as manifested in architecture and other symbolic practices. The leading figure here is the Neapolitan G.B. Vico, whose New Science of 1725 remains one of the most stimulating texts in the western intellectual tradition. Offered as CLSC 340, COGS 340, WLIT 340, CLSC 440, and WLIT 440.

COGS 349. Biocultural Approaches to Religion. 3 Units.
This course studies religious beliefs and rituals from a biocultural perspective. A biocultural approach to religion is based on the idea that human religiosity is informed by both our evolutionary biological makeup and by our ability to construct culture to adapt to variable social worlds and environments. According to a biocultural view, humans are biologically constrained but have the cultural capacity to adapt to the world in a variety of ways. Thus, a biocultural approach to religion asserts that biology and culture operate in tandem and that both biological and cultural insights are required in order to understand and explain religious beliefs and practices. This course explores these assumptions and examines them against specific religious data. This course introduces students to major ideas, concepts, and questions that motivate biocultural approaches to religion. The course requires students to apply course material to a final research project that explores particular religious beliefs and/or practices in terms of the intersection of cultural choices and biological constraints. Students will present their research findings to the class. Students who take this course under the COGS designation are expected to engage substantively with the contemporary scientific study of the human mind in their research project and other course work. Offered as RLGN 349, RLGN 449 and COGS 349.

COGS 352. Language, Cognition, and Religion. 3 Units.
This course utilizes theoretical approaches found in cognitive semantics -- a branch of cognitive linguistics -- to study the conceptual structures and meanings of religious language. Cognitive semantics, guided by the notion that conceptual structures are embodied, examines the relationship between conceptual systems and the construction of meaning. We consider such ideas as conceptual metaphor theory, conceptual blending, Image schemas, cross-domain mappings, metonymy, mental spaces, and idealized cognitive models. We apply these ideas to selected Christian, Buddhist, and Chinese religious texts in order to understand ways in which religious language categorizes and conceptualizes the world. We examine both the universality of cognitive linguistic processes and the culturally specific metaphors, conceptual blends, image schemas, and other cognitive operations that particular texts and traditions utilize. Offered as RLGN 352, RLGN 452, COGS 352 and COGS 452.

COGS 365. Advanced Topics in Cognitive Neuroscience. 3 Units.
This course focuses on specific areas of research in cognitive neuroscience in some depth. The first half of the semester covers basics and fundamental research areas (e.g., perception, attention) and examines the (sometimes controversial) theoretical issue of what cognitive neuroscience techniques tell us about the mind. The second half of the semester is dedicated to examining selected research topics of interest to students. Students research and write 'grant proposals' for cognitive neuroscience experiments. The class culminates with students and invited faculty simulating a funding panel, and deciding which grants to 'fund' from a limited budget. Prereq: COGS 102.

COGS 366. Functional Magnetic Resonance Imaging. 3 Units.
fMRI is the workhorse of cognitive neuroscience research. This course will take an in-depth look at this methodology, including hands on experience analyzing imaging data. The course will address the following issues: How do MRI and fMRI work? What does fMRI actually measure and how does that relate to cognition? What are the standard steps involved in processing and analyzing fMRI data to help answer specific questions? The course culminates in the production of a report of a novel analysis of imagining data that the students have performed (in small groups), including a broader description of what that analysis reveals about the neural basis of cognition. Prereq: COGS 102.

COGS 373. Intelligence and Cognition. 3 Units.
This course will focus on the notion and meaning of intelligence. What is intelligence? How is it measured, and are these measures adequate to the task? Is there more than one kind of intelligence? What is the relationship between individuals, genetic factors, biological factors, and socio-cultural-economic factors in the development of intelligence? How are language and thought related to intelligence? What is the difference between intelligence and talent? Intelligence seems to be necessary for culture, art, religious belief, the creation of theories and the quest for knowledge, truth and morality; thus intelligence is a necessary condition for the study of itself. To attempt to understand intelligence is an undertaking in which we will ask questions about the self and the common nature of humanity, while simultaneously examining the abilities of animals and machines. What is the mark of intelligence? Recommended preparation: PHIL 101 or COGS 201. Offered as COGS 373 and PHIL 373.
COGS 378. Computational Neuroscience. 3 Units.
Computer simulations and mathematical analysis of neurons and neural circuits, and the computational properties of nervous systems. Students are taught a range of models for neurons and neural circuits, and are asked to implement and explore the computational and dynamic properties of these models. The course introduces students to dynamical systems theory for the analysis of neurons and neural learning, models of brain systems, and their relationship to artificial and neural networks. Term project required. Students enrolled in MATH 478 will make arrangements with the instructor to attend additional lectures and complete additional assignments addressing mathematical topics related to the course. Recommended preparation: MATH 223 and MATH 224 or BIOL 300 and BIOL 306. Offered as BIOL 378, COGS 378, MATH 378, BIOL 478, EBME 478, EECS 478, MATH 478 and NEUR 478.

COGS 381. Philosophy and Cognitive Neuroscience. 3 Units.
This course will focus on the various methodologies used in the cognitive neurosciences, and explore their strengths and weaknesses from scientific and philosophical standpoints. We will begin by examining baseline measures (including IQ tests, tasks of cognitive flexibility, verbal and visual memory, causal/sequential thinking and narrative tasks) and their experimental design. Lesion methods will follow, with an eye toward understanding the strength of inferences that can be drawn from such data. The course will also focus on imaging techniques (CAT, PET, SPECT, IMRI, TMS, etc.) as well as measures of electrical activity such as EEG and single-cell recordings. Students will become familiar with many fundamental assumptions necessary for the implementation of each method, and philosophical questions associated with these endeavors and their potential impact on our knowledge and society. Recommend preparation: PHIL 101 or COGS 201. Offered as COGS 381 and PHIL 381.

COGS 390. Introduction to General Semiotics. 3 Units.
Semiotics, the study of meaning and signs conveying meaning, is a central part of cognitive semiotics, or ‘high level’ cognitive semantics. This discipline is typically taught in departments of linguistics, cognitive science, philosophy, or cultural studies. The domain of semiotics is in fact widely intersecting with other disciplines (general linguistics, philosophy, neuroscience, anthropology, music, literature, architecture, and the arts). Sign theory, text theory, studies of narrative structure, enunciation, natural logic, rhetoric and poetics, speech act forms, are important components in this field.

COGS 391. Introduction to Text Semiotics. 3 Units.
Introduction to Text Semiotics addresses both students of literature and students in Cognitive Science. Most of the authors included in the reading list extend their linguistic approach towards fields that intersect literature, psychology, philosophy, aesthetics, and anthropology. The scholarly traditions of text analysis and structural theory of meaning, including authors from classical formalism, structuralism, structural semiotics, and new criticism will be connected to cognitive theories of meaning construction in test, discourse, and cultural expressions in general. The focus of this course, taught as a seminar, is on empirical studies, specific text analyses, discourse analyses, speech act analyses, and other studies of speech, writing, and uses of language in cultural contexts. This course thus introduces to a study of literature and cultural expressions based on cognitive science and modern semiotics—the new view that has be coined Cognitive Semiotics. Offered as COGS 391 and WLIT 391.

COGS 397. SAGES Capstone in Cognitive Science. 3 Units.
Supervised original research on a topic in cognitive science, culminating in a public presentation. The research may be in the form of an independent research project, a literature review, or some other form approved by the department. Counts as SAGES Senior Capstone.

This course is for students with special interests and commitments that are not fully addressed in regular courses, and who wish to work independently.

COGS 401. Special Topics in Cognitive Science. 3 Units.
Special Topics in Cognitive Science. Topics vary. Permission of department is required. Offered as COGS 301 and COGS 401.

COGS 402. Advanced Introduction to Cognitive Neuroscience. 3 Units.
This course takes an advanced look at how the methods of cognitive neuroscience can be used to inform theories of cognitive function, with implications for a range of disciplines. Students will be given an overview of methods, brain anatomy, and major findings in the field. In addition, they will read a number of primary source papers. The student may expect to come away from the course with a broad acquaintance with modern cognitive neuroscience, how its findings are relevant to a variety of fields, and how to critically assess primary source material. Cognitive neuroscience is a rapidly evolving field which synthesizes methodologies and conceptual frameworks from numerous different disciplines. No single individual can hope to master all the methods, background knowledge and conceptual systems which are of key importance to the discipline at any one point in time. Cognitive Neuroscience is therefore a group activity, in which progress is critically dependent on group interactions both at a local level (the 'lab') and at more distributed levels (the wider scientific/academic community). The key objectives of this introductory course are therefore: 1. To give students a basic overview of current methods in cognitive neuroscience and the current state of knowledge in the field. 2. To enable students to go to, read, understand and evaluate the primary literature (i.e. journal articles). 3. To train students in the skills involved in group work, in particular through division of work and integration of acquired knowledge at a local level (i.e. lab-sized group), through effective and clear presentation of work, and through productive interactions with a large community. The first objective will be accomplished through lectures and assigned textbook readings. The second goal will be accomplished through assigned journal articles. The third goal will be accomplished through a group structured format for accomplishing work, and through 'journal club' style presentations to the class.

COGS 404. Conceptual Integration. 3 Units.
Conceptual Integration, otherwise known as “blending”, is a defining feature of higher-order human cognition, indispensable for all behaviors typically taken as distinctive to human beings. This course presents the cognitive mechanisms of conceptual integration, the constraints on its operation, and its deployment and expression in a range of human behaviors such as learning, invention, mathematical and scientific discovery, language, art music, gesture, social understanding, institutional performance, reasoning, decision, judgment, choice, design, and engineering. A student in the class will work on an individual research project in any of a variety of fields, including engineering (e.g. designing with blends), computer science, the arts, the humanities, the social sciences, cognitive neuroscience, and linguistics. Only one of COGS 304 and COGS 404 can be taken for credit within any degree program. Offered as COGS 304 and COGS 404.

COGS 406. Theory of Cognitive Linguistics I. 3 Units.
This is the first course in a two-course sequence presenting theory and practice of cognitive linguistics. Offered as COGS 206 and COGS 406.
COGS 407. Cog Linguistics Theory II. 3 Units.
This is the second course in a two-course sequence presenting theory and practice of cognitive linguistics. Offered as COGS 307 and COGS 407. Counts as SAGES Departmental Seminar. Prereq: COGS 406 or consent of instructor.

COGS 408. Workshop on Cognitive Linguistics I. 3 Units.
This is the first in a two-course sequence (408 & 409) designed to provide experience in research methods in cognitive linguistics at the MA level. A workshop in which students read examples of cognitive linguistics research, develop their own topics (theoretical or empirical), and work on them to produce a final paper.

COGS 409. Workshop in Cognitive Linguistics II. 3 Units.
The second course in a two-course sequence (408 & 409) designed to provide experience in research methods in cognitive linguistics at the MA level. A workshop in which students read examples of cognitive linguistics research, develop their own topics (theoretical or empirical), and work on them to produce a final paper. Prereq: COGS 408 or consent of instructor.

COGS 410. Cognitive Science of Religion. 3 Units.
This course introduces theories and methods in the cognitive science of religion. Particular emphasis is placed on applying cognitive scientific concepts and theories to such religious issues as belief in deities, religious ritual, and morality. We examine such topics as the relationship of religious studies to evolution and cognition, cognitive theories or religious ritual, anthropomorphism and religious representation, religion as an evolutionary adaptation, and cognitive semantics and religious language. Course work includes student-led discussions, a research-intensive journal-length essay on a topic chosen in consultation with the Instructor, and presentation of research findings to the class. Course readings are taken from the humanities, the social sciences, and natural sciences. Offered as: COGS 310, COGS 410, RLGN 310, RLGN 410.

COGS 411. Mind and Media. 3 Units.
An introduction to the study of mind and media, including the study of multimodal communication. This course investigates patterns of human cognition that are ancient to human beings and upon which media have converged for powerful, immersive effect. The cognitive processes studied include perception, sensation, imagination, joint attention, narrative conception, simulation, dreaming, identity construction, imaginative play, and implicit learning. Students engage in hands-on media analysis to study how basic human mental operations are used in media to achieve a variety of effects. Students will be given access to a private website of instructions, readings, and materials for the course, and will be introduced to a range of vast, rich, searchable databases of media. Students will have ample opportunity to do research inside such databases. Offered as: COGS 311 and COGS 411.

COGS 413. Special Topics in Cognitive Linguistics. 3 Units.
This course covers special topics in the field of cognitive linguistics. Topics will vary from semester to semester. Offered as COGS 313 and COGS 413.

COGS 415. Mental Space Theory. 3 Units.
This course covers theory of mental spaces and methodology of mental space analysis, with special emphasis on the use of mental space theory to analyze human performance in various areas of cognition, including reasoning, judgment, decision, counterfactual thought, inference, planning, communication and language, gesture, social cognition, cognitive design and engineering, representation, learning, humor, symbol systems, and invention. It includes a consideration of experimental methods that have arisen under the influence of mental space theory. A student may earn credit for either COGS 315 or COGS 415, but not both. Offered as COGS 315 and COGS 415.

COGS 416. Decision-Making. 3 Units.
This course is a topical introduction to decision-making, a major area of cognitive social science, with connections to economics, law, political science, business, policy, and related fields. Topics include game theory and rational calculation, equilibria, kinds of choice, heuristics, the role of affect in decision, framing, bounded rationality, mechanisms of choice such as heuristics, the role of social cognition in choice, concepts of self and other, and computer modeling of choice. The course also includes an introduction to the design of empirical behavioral research. Offered as COGS 316 and COGS 416.

COGS 417. Cognitive Diversity. 3 Units.
This course surveys research from cognitive science (psychology, linguistics, neuroscience, etc.) on the ways that different people think differently. We will consider dimensions such as sex, gender, sexual orientation, race/ethnicity, bodily differences, cultural differences, and effects of speaking different languages. Students will choose the last two topics at the end of the semester (Different religions? Different ages? Whatever interests the class!). Offered as COGS 317 and COGS 417. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

COGS 424. Discourse and Cognition. 3 Units.
This course explores discourse and interaction from a cognitive linguistic perspective, with special emphasis on mental space, conceptual integration, and cognitive grammar. Cognitive linguistics is a paradigm of language study that seeks to understand language structure, acquisition, and use as a function of embodied conceptualization. This means that it seeks to describe and explain language as a symbolic activity involving general cognitive processes, such as perception, attention, memory, categorization, framing and sensory-motor activities. Another burgeoning area of interest among cognitive linguists is social-cognition, gesture, and interaction. In each of these endeavors, the goal is to explain as much about language without having to posit autonomous and language-specific faculties. While cognitive linguists have always seen discourse as a legitimate object of study, many still take the sentence, clause, and phrase as their primary unit of analysis. In this course, we shall focus on the relationship between discourse and relevant cognitive processes such as attention, memory, categorization, framing, and kinesthetic experience, with the intention of exploring who these cognitive processes shape discourse in English and other languages. We will subsequently reverse our orientation and explore how discourse (in text as well as embodied face-to-face) turn shapes how we pay attention, remember, categorize, frame, and even experience the world. The readings, discussion, and/or research projects for this course may include the following topics: interactional conduct, intersubjectivity, consciousness, co-speech gesture, mental spaces, prosody, time and temporality, and working memory. The international structure of this course will likely lead to focused discussion and research projects on English as a Second & Foreign Language. Offered as COGS 324 and COGS 424.
COGS 425. Cognitive Approaches to Literature. 3 Units.
This course approaches literature as a window into language, in which cognition is characterized by the same imaging and imaginary properties as artistic literature. It is an attempt to identify and analyze procedures as aesthetically interesting and generally relevant forms of human thinking, feeling, imagining, fantasizing, and conceptualizing. The course introduces current theories of literature in relation to language and mind, and it presents and discusses practical applications in critical reading and text analysis, using examples from modern literature in the main genres. A student may earn credit for either COGS 325 or COGS 425 but not both. Recommended preparation: COGS 101, COGS 202. Offered as COGS 325 and COGS 425.

COGS 426. Cognitive Approaches to Music. 3 Units.
This course will study the ways in which the presence of music relates to cognition and the semiotics of inter-subjective communication at large—the emergence of language, gesture, and symbolization of time. Topics of interests include: the ways that specific works of musical art invite semantic interpretation; how intelligible musical structure relates to meaning; how musical activities correspond to brain activity; and how music relates to and/or induces emotion. Recommended preparation: COGS 101, COGS 202. Offered as COGS 326 and COGS 426.

COGS 427. Gesture in Cognition and Communication. 3 Units.
Most people never notice that when they are talking, they're also gesturing. Why do we produce these gestures? What can studying them tell us about the human mind? This course surveys scientific research on gesture, exploring topics such as the role of gesture in communication, cross-cultural differences in gesture, and the relationship between gesture and signed languages. The course will focus on gestures produced with speech, but will cover symbolic and ritualized gesture in the visual arts and in dance. Offered as COGS 327 and COGS 427 and MLIT 327.

COGS 452. Language, Cognition, and Religion. 3 Units.
This course utilizes theoretical approaches found in cognitive semantics -- a branch of cognitive linguistics -- to study the conceptual structures and meanings of religious language. Cognitive semantics, guided by the notion that conceptual structures are embodied, examines the relationship between conceptual systems and the construction of meaning. We consider such ideas as conceptual metaphor theory, conceptual blending, Image schemas, cross-domain mappings, metonymy, mental spaces, and idealized cognitive models. We apply these ideas to selected Christian, Buddhist, and Chinese religious texts in order to understand ways in which religious language categorizes and conceptualizes the world. We examine both the universality of cognitive linguistic processes and the culturally specific metaphors, conceptual blends, image schemas, and other cognitive operations that particular texts and traditions utilize. Offered as RLGN 352, RLGN 452, COGS 352 and COGS 452.

COGS 499. Independent Studies. 1 - 3 Unit.
This course is a face-to-face seminar between students and instructor, aiming at letting and helping the students independently develop original research on well-defined topics in the field of cognitive linguistics. Themes can vary within the wide area of cognition and culture.

COGS 651. Thesis. 1 - 6 Unit.
Conduct independent research and writing in Cognitive Linguistics under the guidance of a faculty adviser from Cognitive Science. The precise requirements of the course are to be determined by the faculty advisor. Prereq: COGS 406 and COGS 407 and COGS 408. Coreq: COGS 409.

Department of Dance

The Department of Dance offers education and participation in many aspects of dance, with course offerings in modern dance and ballet technique, choreography, kinesiology, history, production and more. Students have the opportunity to perform onstage as well as to serve on the technical crews in dance concerts. The high ratio of faculty to students ensures that students will be able to work closely with highly skilled professionals. The department treats all performances as educational experiences and welcomes the participation of all students, particularly in Mather Dance Collective (MaDaCol), regardless of their academic majors and career goals.

Graduates of the dance program are currently employed as modern dance company members (regionally and nationally), company directors/choreographers, and dance production managers, and as teachers, program directors, and administrators in colleges and universities. Others have transitioned into such disciplines as physical therapy and massage therapies.

Undergraduate Programs

Major

Degree requirements for the major in Dance, Bachelor of Arts degree, are as follows:

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<tr>
<th>Technique Core (all but 103 and 160 are repeatable for credit as advised and/or desired) (21)</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>DANC 103 First-Year Modern Dance Techniques I</td>
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<td>DANC 104 First-Year Modern Dance Techniques II</td>
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<td>DANC 203 Second-Year Modern Dance Techniques I</td>
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<td>DANC 204 Second-Year Modern Dance Techniques II</td>
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<td>DANC 303 Third-Year Modern Dance Techniques I</td>
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<td>DANC 304 Third-Year Modern Dance Techniques II</td>
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<td>DANC 317 Advanced Modern Dance Technique I</td>
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<td>DANC 318 Advanced Modern Dance Technique II</td>
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<td>DANC 403 Fourth-Year Modern Dance Technique I</td>
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<td>DANC 404 Fourth-Year Modern Dance Technique II</td>
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<td>DANC 417 Advanced Modern Dance Technique I</td>
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<td>DANC 418 Advanced Modern Dance Technique II</td>
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<tr>
<th>Ballet Techniques: By advisement and placement, select from among the 3 credit and floating credit classes below (15 credits):</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>DANC 103 First-Year Modern Dance Techniques I</td>
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<td>DANC 104 First-Year Modern Dance Techniques II</td>
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<td>DANC 203 Second-Year Modern Dance Techniques I</td>
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<td>DANC 204 Second-Year Modern Dance Techniques II</td>
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<td>DANC 303 Third-Year Modern Dance Techniques I</td>
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<td>DANC 304 Third-Year Modern Dance Techniques II</td>
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<td>DANC 317 Advanced Modern Dance Technique I</td>
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<td>DANC 417 Advanced Modern Dance Technique I</td>
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<td>DANC 418 Advanced Modern Dance Technique II</td>
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<tr>
<th>Core Theory and Creative Research Requirements (9)</th>
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<tr>
<td>DANC 121 Dance in Culture - Ethnic Forms</td>
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<tr>
<td>or DANC 122 Dance in Culture - Theatrical Forms</td>
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<td>DANC 314 The Craft of Choreography</td>
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</table>
MA candidates must complete a minimum of 30 hours, following a program similar to that suggested below. The principal faculty advisor may suggest modifications.

**Additional Core Requirements (choose 3 from below):** (9)  
- **DANC 315** Choreography and Music  
- **DANC 324** Dance Production Resources  
- **DANC 335** Modern Dance Pedagogy  
- **DANC 345** Kinesiology for Dance  
- **DANC 396** SAGES Senior Capstone in Dance

**Additional Performance/Physical Requirements (2)**  
- **DANC 385** Rehearsal and Production (repeatable for credit)  
- **DANC 386** Rehearsal and Performance

**Total Units** 41

### Departmental Honors

All majors are encouraged to apply for **DANC 397 Honors Studies I** and **DANC 398 Honors Studies II** in their final year. This adds 6 hours to the total.

**Minor**

- **DANC 103** First-Year Modern Dance Techniques I  3  
- **DANC 104** First-Year Modern Dance Techniques II  3  
- **DANC 203** Second-Year Modern Dance Techniques I  3  
- **DANC 204** Second-Year Modern Dance Techniques II  3  

Two of the following*: (6)  
- **DANC 160** Introduction to Ballet Technique I  6  
- **DANC 161** Introduction to Ballet Technique II  
- **DANC 260** Second-Year Ballet Technique I  
- **DANC 261** Second-Year Ballet Technique II  
- **DANC 303** Third-Year Modern Dance Techniques I  
- **DANC 304** Third-Year Modern Dance Techniques II  
- **DANC 360** Ballet Technique for Modern Dance Students I  
- **DANC 361** Ballet Technique for Modern Dance Students II

Total Units 18

### Graduate Programs

#### Master of Arts

Although the graduate dance program is geared toward the Master of Fine Arts degree (see below), all graduate students begin in the MA program. Advancement to the MFA program occurs upon faculty recommendation to the Dean of Graduate Studies in the third semester. The course work for the MA may be similar to that for the Master of Fine Arts, enhanced by related studies in theater and other departments. The candidate’s program of study will be designed by the primary dance faculty. As required by the School of Graduate Studies, students must maintain a minimum grade point average of 2.75. The Department of Dance requires an average of 3.0.

MA candidates must complete a minimum of 30 hours, following a program similar to that suggested below. The principal faculty advisor may suggest modifications.

**Technique Classes:** (12)  
- **DANC 417** Advanced Modern Dance Technique I  
- **& DANC 418** and Advanced Modern Dance Technique II  
- **DANC 403** Fourth-Year Modern Dance Technique I

**Additional courses, one or more courses by advisement** (9)  
- **DANC 460** & **DANC 461** Ballet Technique for Modern Dance Students I and Ballet Technique for Modern Dance Students II  
- **Choreography**  
- **DANC 414** The Craft of Choreography  
- **DANC 415** Choreography and Music  
- **DANC 416** Choreography and Theatrical Elements

**Dance Science:** 4-5  
- **DANC 445** Kinesiology for Dance  
- **DANC 446** Topics in Dance Medicine, Science, and Wellness

**Total Units** 33-37

The program recommends the School of Graduate Studies' plan B, with requirements including a non-performance, non-production thesis on a topic approved by the primary program faculty. The thesis must be a substantial contribution to the field, with potential for publication or presentation. The MA thesis must be completed no later than one academic year beyond the completion of the course requirements.

#### Master of Fine Arts (Contemporary Dance)

The Master of Fine Arts degree, available with emphasis areas in choreography, performance, pedagogy, and complementary courses in dance science, is a terminal pre-professional degree. Candidacy for the MFA program requires an undergraduate degree with (ideally) a major in dance, equivalent training and experience, or demonstrable potential for work at the MFA level. In addition, each candidate must provide evidence of technical skill and creative ability. Participation as a part-time student is not recommended.

At the end of each semester in residence, the student’s skill and creative ability are evaluated in light of his or her work in the department. Only students who have clearly demonstrated growth and excellence are permitted to remain in the program. The award of the MFA degree is contingent upon the student’s academic progress and upon the faculty’s assessment that the candidate possesses the potential to work in the field of dance on a professional level.

**Requirements for the MFA degree include:**

1. A minimum of 60 semester hours of graduate work beyond the bachelor’s degree  
2. A cumulative grade point average of 3.0 for all course work on the graduate level  
3. Completion of the course requirements for the MFA Thesis Portfolio  
4. Successful completion of the third year in performance in the Mather Dance Center mainstage season

**Specific requirements for the MFA degree are as follows:**

- **DANC 460** & **DANC 461** Ballet Technique for Modern Dance Students I and Ballet Technique for Modern Dance Students II  
- **Choreography**  
- **DANC 414** The Craft of Choreography  
- **DANC 415** Choreography and Music  
- **DANC 416** Choreography and Theatrical Elements  

**Dance Science:**  
- **DANC 445** Kinesiology for Dance  
- **DANC 446** Topics in Dance Medicine, Science, and Wellness

**Total Units** 41

The program recommends the School of Graduate Studies' plan B, with requirements including a non-performance, non-production thesis on a topic approved by the primary program faculty. The thesis must be a substantial contribution to the field, with potential for publication or presentation. The MA thesis must be completed no later than one academic year beyond the completion of the course requirements.
18 hours of dance technique 18
12 hours of choreography 12
4 hours of Ensemble, DANC 485 4
MUDE 501 Special Reading (M.M. and M.A.) 1
MUDE 501 Special Reading (M.M. and M.A.) (MUDE 501 is to be taken twice for a total of 2 credit hours) 1
3 hours of contemporary dance history 3
3 hours each of Music Resources, DANC 505 and Production Resources, DANC 424
9-12 hours from Kinesiology, Pedagogy, Dance Wellness, research or elective 9-12
6 hours of creative thesis 6
Total Units 60-63

Department Faculty

Karen Potter, MFA
(Case Western Reserve University)
Professor and Chair
Contemporary dance technique; choreography; pedagogy

Gary Galbraith, MFA
(Case Western Reserve University)
Professor; Artistic Director, Mather Dance Ensemble
Contemporary dance technique; choreography; dance wellness; production and technology

Shannon Sterne, MA, MS
(Case Western Reserve University)
Assistant Professor
Contemporary, Kinesiology, History

Courses

DANC 103. First-Year Modern Dance Techniques I. 3 Units.
Introduction to modern dance technique, through active participation, to serve individual development of basic movement principles, locomotor and axial skills and dance vocabulary, all in relation to time, space and dynamics and with a broad spectrum of applications, including dance, music, sports and theater. Explorations and investigations, both practical and cognitive, are designed to lay an introductory foundation for participating in and appreciating and understanding creative expressions.

DANC 104. First-Year Modern Dance Techniques II. 3 Units.
Continuation of DANC 103.

DANC 121. Dance in Culture - Ethnic Forms. 3 Units.
A lecture class designed to introduce dance as an art form and the many roles it plays in a variety of cultures. Focus will be on ethnic forms and primal cultures. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

DANC 122. Dance in Culture - Theatrical Forms. 3 Units.
Introduction to an historical and cultural overview of many different forms of dance from various cultures specifically selected to encompass geographic diversity and represent different periods in history. Basic craft elements of the structures of dance will be introduced to provide a foundation for viewing dance and developing a personal aesthetic.

DANC 160. Introduction to Ballet Technique I. 3 Units.
This introductory-level course offers the beginning ballet student the basic tenets and principles of ballet technique. Classwork will involve strong emphasis on proper alignment of the body, dynamic timings, and a command of ballet terminology.

DANC 161. Introduction to Ballet Technique II. 3 Units.
Continuation of DANC 160. Prereq: DANC 160 or consent of department.

DANC 203. Second-Year Modern Dance Techniques I. 3 Units.
For the performing arts student, normative movement principles are formally extended in both theory and application to include individual correction, modification of adaptation as foundational preparation for the subsequent specialized training needs of the actor, dancer, and singer. Prereq: DANC 103 and DANC 104.

DANC 204. Second-Year Modern Dance Techniques II. 3 Units.
Continuation of DANC 203. Prereq: DANC 103 and DANC 104.

DANC 237. Religion and Dance in South Asia. 3 Units.
This is an experimental interdisciplinary course in religion, dance, and South Asian studies. We will explore the performance of religion in bharata natyam, one storytelling dance form from South Asia. This dance style draws upon Hindu devotional (bhakti) allegories of sacred and profane love in its choreography. Lover and beloved, as the ideal relationship between God and the human, becomes the model for the performed relationship between heroes and heroines (nayaka-nayaki) danced on stages and, more recently, Bollywood screens. To this end we will examine primary and secondary sources on bharata natyam and aesthetic theory/classical dramatics. We will also observe dance performances in the greater Cleveland area. Offered as RLGN 237 and DANC 237.

DANC 260. Second-Year Ballet Technique I. 3 Units.
In-depth exploration of principles and foundations of ballet technique as preparation for the specialized training needs of dancers.

DANC 261. Second-Year Ballet Technique II. 3 Units.
Continuation of DANC 260. Prereq: DANC 260 or consent of department.

DANC 303. Third-Year Modern Dance Techniques I. 3 Units.
For the dance major and upper level non-major. Formalities of dance technique as a contemporary American art form serve as the basis of the aesthetic and technical challenges explored in the course. Prereq: DANC 204.

DANC 304. Third-Year Modern Dance Techniques II. 3 Units.
Continuation of DANC 303. Recommended preparation: DANC 303 or consent of department.

DANC 314. The Craft of Choreography. 3 Units.
An in-depth investigation of choreographic craft elements is presented through lecture, practical involvement and specified studies. Emphasized are tools to discover primary movement vocabulary, development of vocabulary through permutative investigations and the co-ordering of movement vocabulary into phrases, structural units, and larger sections. Offered as DANC 314 and DANC 414.

DANC 315. Choreography and Music. 3 Units.
Combining craft resources with emphasis on use of music. Music selections, historically categorized, are chosen for the purpose of analyzing metric and structural characteristics in accord with which choreography will be created. Offered as DANC 315 and DANC 415. Prereq: DANC 314 or requisite not met permission.

DANC 317. Advanced Modern Dance Technique I. 1 - 3 Unit.
Emphasis on performing skills enlarged to include rehearsal and performance of full repertory works. Adaptability, versatility, and fidelity to choreographic intention stressed. Offered as DANC 317 and DANC 417. Prereq: DANC 304

DANC 318. Advanced Modern Dance Technique II. 1 - 3 Unit.
Continuation of DANC 317/417. Offered as DANC 318 and DANC 418. Prereq: DANC 317.
DANC 324. Dance Production Resources. 3 Units.
An examination of dance production resources such as costumes construction, lighting design, and management. Exercises include design, construction, and implementation to emphasize practical applications. Offered as DANC 324 and DANC 424.

DANC 335. Modern Dance Pedagogy. 3 Units.
The study and investigation of the approaches and methods of teaching modern dance. Detailed study is made of kinesthetic, oral, and creative factors in teaching dance. Opportunity to assist and teach under supervision. Offered as DANC 335 and DANC 535.

DANC 345. Kinesiology for Dance. 3 Units.
Seminar and laboratory for assessment of kinesiological and biomechanical principles as related to dance. Assessment of current research will be implemented to affect cross-training protocols. Offered as DANC 345 and DANC 445.

DANC 355. History of Modern Dance. 3 Units.
Origins and development of contemporary dance in its historical context. Counts as SAGES Departmental Seminar. Prereq: 100 level first year seminar in USFS, FSCC, FSNA, FSSO, FSSY, or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100.

DANC 360. Ballet Technique for Modern Dance Students I. 1 - 3 Unit.
Ballet Technique for Dancers will focus on developing the ballet skills required of the Modern Dance major. The technical level of the class will range from intermediate to advanced where applicable in barre work as well as center. Offered as DANC 360 and DANC 460.

DANC 361. Ballet Technique for Modern Dance Students II. 1 - 3 Unit.
Ballet Technique for Dancers will focus on developing the ballet skills required of the Modern Dance major. The technical level of the class will range from intermediate to advanced where applicable in barre work as well as center. Offered as DANC 361 and DANC 461. Prereq: DANC 360.

DANC 385. Rehearsal and Production. 1 - 3 Unit.
PRACTICUM for students participating in production work in the Department of Dance. Supervised laboratory experience in technical theater, construction techniques, scenery, costumes, lighting, and props; production; ticket office operations, promotion, publicity and public relations; house management; wardrobe responsibilities; stage management; assistant directing; and other production positions relating to the mainstage performances in Mather Dance Center. Students are recommended to take one credit hour per production, with a maximum of 8 credit hours allowed during their undergraduate career.

DANC 386. Rehearsal and Performance. 0 Units.
PRACTICUM for students participating in performance in the Department of Dance, relating to the mainstage productions at Mather Dance Center.

DANC 396. SAGES Senior Capstone in Dance. 3 Units.
The course will be centered on creative work in dance, its culmination in public performance, and its extension into a community-based project. Through a review of relevant creative material and building upon skills developed through the dance program curriculum, a capstone project will be developed that represents a culmination of the undergraduate dance experience in the SAGES program. Counts as SAGES Senior Capstone. Prereq: DANC 203, DANC 204, DANC 303, DANC 304, DANC 355, DANC 414, DANC 423, or DANC 451.

DANC 397. Honors Studies I. 3 Units.
Individual projects in dance.

DANC 398. Honors Studies II. 3 Units.
Individual projects in dance.

DANC 399. Independent Study in Dance. 1 - 3 Unit.
Independent research and project work in areas of dance and pedagogy.

DANC 403. Fourth-Year Modern Dance Technique I. 1 - 3 Unit.
A logical progression of modern technique, this class is designed for the upper level dance major and graduate student in dance to further develop technical acumen with emphasis on aesthetic and physical challenges. Prereq: DANC 303.

DANC 404. Fourth-Year Modern Dance Technique II. 1 - 3 Unit.
Continuation of DANC 403. Prereq: DANC 403.

DANC 414. The Craft of Choreography. 3 Units.
An in-depth investigation of choreographic craft elements is presented through lecture, practical involvement and specified studies. Emphasized are tools to discover primary movement vocabulary, development of vocabulary through permutative investigations and the co-ordering of movement vocabulary into phrases, structural units, and larger sections. Offered as DANC 314 and DANC 414.

DANC 415. Choreography and Music. 3 Units.
Combining craft resources with emphasis on use of music. Music selections, historically categorized, are chosen for the purpose of analyzing metric and structural characteristics in accord with which choreography will be created. Offered as DANC 315 and DANC 415. Prereq: DANC 414.

DANC 416. Choreography and Theatrical Elements. 3 Units.
Use of properties, costumes, and scenic elements in both “first- and second-function” (Northrop) or “literal” and “abstract” applications challenge the functional and aestheticappropriateness of conjoined choices. Dance structures fully developed under supervision. Successful results may be programmed for performance and tested for applicability to the Production sequence. Prereq: DANC 414.

DANC 417. Advanced Modern Dance Technique I. 1 - 3 Unit.
Emphasis on performing skills enlarged to include rehearsal and performance of full repertory works. Adaptability, versatility, and fidelity to choreographic intention stressed. Offered as DANC 317 and DANC 417. Prereq: DANC 404.

DANC 418. Advanced Modern Dance Technique II. 1 - 3 Unit.
Continuation of DANC 317/417. Offered as DANC 318 and DANC 418. Prereq: DANC 417.

DANC 424. Dance Production Resources. 3 Units.
An examination of dance production resources such as costumes construction, lighting design, and management. Exercises include design, construction, and implementation to emphasize practical applications. Offered as DANC 324 and DANC 424.

DANC 425. Advanced Topics in Choreography. 3 Units.
Introduction and investigation of advanced topics in choreography including but not limited to dance and technology, directing ensemble dance, and dance and the narrative. This course work is explored in the format of in-studio practicum and lecture, discussion, and peer and instructor review of student generated work. Structured studies will be developed under instructor supervision; students will be required to dedicate time and energy in the studio outside of class meetings to develop choreography studies for in-class presentation and review. Prereq: DANC 414 and DANC 415 and DANC 416.

DANC 445. Kinesiology for Dance. 3 Units.
Seminar and laboratory for assessment of kinesiological and biomechanical principles as related to dance. Assessment of current research will be implemented to affect cross-training protocols. Offered as DANC 345 and DANC 445.
DANC 446. Topics in Dance Medicine, Science, and Wellness. 1 - 3 Unit.
Review and application of continually emerging information from the fields of Dance Medicine and Science that impacts general dancer health and the care and prevention and treatment of dance specific injuries. Participation in the Dancer Wellness Program is encouraged to facilitate continued application of principles developed in DANC 445.

DANC 447. Dancer Wellness Research. 1 - 6 Unit.
This course is designed to promote research interests for those students who have had an introduction to the field of Dancer Wellness through their other coursework and/or participation in the Dancer Wellness Program annual screening and summary profiles. Prereq: DANC 446.

DANC 455. History of Modern Dance. 3 Units.
Origin and development of modern dance in its historical context.

DANC 460. Ballet Technique for Modern Dance Students I. 1 - 3 Unit.
Ballet Technique for Dancers will focus on developing the ballet skills required of the Modern Dance major. The technical level of the class will range from intermediate to advanced where applicable in barre work as well as center. Offered as DANC 360 and DANC 460.

DANC 461. Ballet Technique for Modern Dance Students II. 1 - 3 Unit.
Ballet Technique for Dancers will focus on developing the ballet skills required of the Modern Dance major. The technical level of the class will range from intermediate to advanced where applicable in barre work as well as center. Offered as DANC 361 and DANC 461. Prereq: DANC 460.

DANC 485. Rehearsal, Performance and Production. 1 - 6 Unit.
(See DANC 385.)

DANC 505. Music Resources for Modern Dance. 3 Units.
Resources in the various periods and styles of music for the dancer/choreographer. Study of the choreographic use of music.

DANC 509. Introduction to Performance Theory. 1 - 3 Unit.
This independent study oriented course is designed to acquaint the dance student with the major theoretical writings and practices of performance theory. Areas of exploration may include anthropological, mythological, psychological, and cultural sources of art, performance, and the creative impulse.

DANC 535. Modern Dance Pedagogy. 3 Units.
The study and investigation of the approaches and methods of teaching modern dance. Detailed study is made of kinesthetic, oral, and creative factors in teaching dance. Opportunity to assist and teach under supervision. Offered as DANC 335 and DANC 535.

DANC 601. Special Projects. 1 - 3 Unit.
(Credit as arranged.)

DANC 610. Professional Internship. 1 - 4 Unit.
Involvement in intensive internships with professional dance companies, private studios, festivals, workshops or clinics to bridge the academic and professional lives. Internships may be scheduled for varying lengths of time.

DANC 640. M.F.A. Thesis Production I. 3 Units.
Preproduction conception in area of specialization researched and documented under appointed advisement, in accord with production syllabus, and subcommittee approval.

DANC 641. M.F.A. Thesis Production II. 3 Units.
Production implementation, post production evaluation/defense, and advisory assessment.

DANC 644. M.A. Project. 1 - 12 Unit.
Research and development of a Master of Arts project in Dance.

Department of Economics

Department of Economics

The College of Arts and Sciences awards the Bachelor of Arts degree in economics. The required courses for the major and minor are offered by the Department of Economics in the Weatherhead School of Management.

For details about the department’s undergraduate programs, please consult the Weatherhead School of Management (p. 1003) section of this bulletin.

Department of English

The Department of English offers courses of study leading to the Bachelor of Arts, Master of Arts, and Doctor of Philosophy degrees. Included among the department’s offerings are literary and cultural studies, linguistics, film, journalism and new media, creative writing, visual rhetoric, rhetoric, and professional writing.

Combining the intellectual resources of a major research university with a scale and set of values more typical of a liberal arts college, the department puts great stress on class discussion, individual conferences or tutorials, and other opportunities for students and faculty to work closely together. Likewise, the curriculum is deliberately flexible to respond to student needs and interests and to encourage close cooperation with the faculty in planning a course of study.

A major in English prepares one for various sorts of careers. Three paths are common:

- English leads readily to careers that put a premium on writing skills and on the ability to analyze complex human situations. In addition to the fields that have often been of first interest to English majors (writing and publishing, journalism, advertising, the film industry, public relations, and teaching), significant opportunities exist in the corporate world, in government, and in nonprofit organizations such as those devoted to social service, the environment, or the arts.
- The BA in English is usually essential to anyone expecting to do graduate work in English or to pursue a career as a teacher or a scholar in the field.
- The BA in English traditionally has been an important steppingstone to success in professional school, and many of our English majors choose this path. A significant number go on to law school, many to medical or business school, and some to nursing, journalism, social work, or library school, as well as directly into the business world.

Facilities

In addition to manuscript and rare-book holdings in the Special Collections Division, Kelvin Smith Library has strengths in Renaissance literature; 18th-, 19th-, and 20th-century English literature; and American literature. The library also houses an outstanding collection of several thousand films and other audiovisual materials, supported in part by English department endowment funds. In Strosacker Auditorium, the Film Society maintains facilities capable of projecting 35 mm and 16 mm films. In the library’s Freedman Center, students have access to video cameras, state-of-the-art digital editing software, and stations where they can view audiovisual materials from the library collection.
Teacher Licensure in Integrated Language Arts (p. 257) | Integrated Graduate Studies (p. 258) | Minors (p. 258)

**Undergraduate Programs**

**Major**

The major in English includes two tracks. The primary track consists of at least 30 semester hours in English above the 100 level (including 15 hours at the 300 level or above). The required courses are:

- **ENGL 300** English Literature to 1800  
  **ENGL 302** English Literature since 1800  
  **or ENGL 308** American Literature

- **ENGL 380** Departmental Seminar
- **ENGL 395** Capstone Seminar

One of the following:  
- **ENGL 310** History of the English Language  
- **ENGL 312** Chaucer  
- **ENGL 320** Renaissance Literature  
- **ENGL 323** Milton

- **ENGL 324** Shakespeare: Histories and Tragedies  
- **ENGL 325** Shakespeare: Comedies and Romances

- **ENGL 327** Eighteenth-Century Literature
- **ENGL 328** Studies in the Eighteenth Century

- **ENGL 329** English Literature, 1780-1837

Fifteen additional hours of English courses, at least 3 of which must be at the 300 level

**Total Units**: 30

Because of the flexibility of departmental requirements and the variety of career paths to which the major may lead, all students should confer frequently and closely with advisors. No courses outside the department are required for the major, but the department recommends courses in comparative literature, history, philosophy, history and criticism of the fine arts, theater, and literature in other languages. Students planning to go to graduate school are reminded of the importance of foreign language study.

Completion of the University composition requirement (ENGL 150 Expository Writing or SAGES First Seminar) is a prerequisite for most English courses at the 200 level and above.

**Departmental Honors**

To qualify for honors, English majors follow a track consisting of at least 36 hours above the 100 level, including the general requirements for the major (see above); ENGL 387 Literary and Critical Theory, or approved substitute; at least 18 hours of approved electives in literary and cultural studies; and one of the following language courses, or an equivalent in a substitute; at least 18 hours of approved electives in literary and cultural studies; and one of the following language courses, or an equivalent in a

- **ENGL 392** 
- **ENGL 393**

The award of honors requires a minimum GPA of 3.5 in courses taken for the honors program.

**Teacher Licensure in Integrated Language Arts**

The English Department offers a special option for undergraduate students who wish to pursue an English major and a career in teaching. The Adolescent to Young Adult (AYA) Teacher Education Program in Integrated Language Arts prepares CWRU students to receive an Ohio Teaching License for grades 7-12. Students declare a second major in Education – which involves 34 hours in Education and practicum requirements – and complete a planned sequence of English content coursework within the context of an English major. The program is designed to offer several unique features not found in other programs and to place students in mentored teaching situations throughout their teacher preparation career. This small, rigorous program is designed to capitalize on the strengths of CWRU’s English department, its Teacher Education Program, and the relationships the University has built with area schools.

The subject area requirements for teacher licensure (42 credit hours) are as follows:

- **ENGL 150** Expository Writing  
  **ENGL 200** Literature in English  
  **ENGL 202** Advanced Expository Writing  
  **ENGL 204** Introduction to Journalism  
  **ENGL 302** English Literature since 1800  
  **ENGL 308** American Literature  
  **ENGL 324** Shakespeare: Histories and Tragedies  
  **or ENGL 325** Shakespeare: Comedies and Romances

- **ENGL 380** Departmental Seminar

One of the following:

- **ENGL 301** Linguistic Analysis  
  **or ENGL 379** Topics in Language Studies  
  **or COSI 313** Language Development

Two of the following:

- **ENGL 270** Introduction to Gender Studies  
  **ENGL 363H** African-American Literature  
  **ENGL 365E** The Immigrant Experience  
  **ENGL 365N** Topics in African-American Literature  
  **ENGL 365Q** Post-Colonial Literature

One of the following:

- **ENGL 368B** History of Film  
  **ENGL 368C** Topics in Film

Recommended electives:

- **ENGL 203** Introduction to Creative Writing  
  **ENGL 213** Introduction to Fiction Writing  
  **ENGL 214** Introduction to Poetry Writing  
  **ENGL 303** Intermediate Writing Workshop: Fiction  
  **ENGL 304** Intermediate Writing Workshop: Poetry  
  **ENGL 310** History of the English Language  
  **ENGL 392** Classroom Teaching

Because of the flexibility of departmental requirements and the variety of career paths to which the major may lead, all students should confer frequently and closely with advisors. No courses outside the department are required for the major, but the department recommends courses in comparative literature, history, philosophy, history and criticism of the fine arts, theater, and literature in other languages. Students planning to go to graduate school are reminded of the importance of foreign language study.

Completion of the University composition requirement (ENGL 150 Expository Writing or SAGES First Seminar) is a prerequisite for most English courses at the 200 level and above.

**Departmental Honors**

To qualify for honors, English majors follow a track consisting of at least 36 hours above the 100 level, including the general requirements for the major (see above); ENGL 387 Literary and Critical Theory, or approved substitute; at least 18 hours of approved electives in literary and cultural studies; and one of the following language courses, or an equivalent in a language for which 300-level literature courses are available:

- **FRCH 202** Intermediate French II  
  **GREK 202** Introduction to Greek Poetry  
  **GRMN 202** Intermediate German II  
  **JAPN 202** Intermediate Japanese II  
  **LATN 202** Vergil  
  **SPAN 202** Intermediate Spanish II

The award of honors requires a minimum GPA of 3.5 in courses taken for the honors program.
**Integrated Graduate Studies**

The Department of English participates in the Integrated Graduate Studies Program (p. 563), which makes it possible to complete both a BA and an MA in English in about five years of full-time study. The department particularly recommends the program to qualified students who are interested in seeking admission to highly competitive professional schools or PhD programs. Interested students should note the general requirements and the admission procedures elsewhere in this bulletin.

**Minors**

**Minor in English**

The minor in English consists of at least 15 hours above the 100 level. Students who wish to minor in English arrange their sequence of courses in consultation with the department advisor. Minors are strongly advised to take ENGL 200 Literature in English early in the sequence. They should also keep in mind that the flexibility of the department’s requirements often makes it possible to take English as a second major.

**Minor in Film Studies**

Like the minor in English, the minor in Film Studies requires 15 hours:

- ENGL 367 Introduction to Film (Though students are not required to take this course first, it is recommended that they take it first or as early in the sequence as possible.)

Up to 12 credits in the following:

- ENGL 368B History of Film
- ENGL 368C Topics in Film
- ENGL 316 Screenwriting

Up to 6 credits of elective courses*

Total Units

**Minor in Creative Writing**

The minor in creative writing requires 15 credit hours. Students will take courses in 2 genres—poetry and fiction—and will be required to have an intro/intermediate sequence in one of those genres (e.g., ENGL 213 Introduction to Fiction Writing and ENGL 303 Intermediate Writing Workshop: Fiction).

Requirements:

- 15 credit hours
- 9 credit hours in creative writing courses (at least 6 hours in one genre)
- 6 credit hours in literature classes
- A creative writing portfolio

For the literature requirement, a student should take two 300-level classes; at least one of these classes should match their dominant genre.

These courses may be in other disciplines if crosslisted with English (e.g., World Lit). Up to six credits may count toward either the English major or another minor (but not both).

**Concentration in Film**

The film concentration requires that 9 of the 30 credits for the English major be approved film courses.

These 9 credits must include:

- ENGL 367 Introduction to Film

(Students are advised to take as early in the film sequence as possible.)

The remaining 6 credits can consist of any combination of the following:

- ENGL 368B History of Film
- ENGL 368C Topics in Film
- ENGL 316 Screenwriting
- ENGL 309 Immersion Journalism/Multimedia Storytelling

Or up to 3 credits of an elective course*

* Many courses taught across the University can qualify as elective courses, and new ones are coming along all the time. Past courses that would qualify include Latin American Cinema, Religion and Film, The Hollywood Musical, Topics in German Cinema, Film Music, Jewish Image in Popular Film, French Cinema, and Folklore & Myth in Japanese Film.

**Graduate Programs**

The Department of English offers programs in American and English literature and language leading to the Master of Arts and Doctor of Philosophy degrees. At either the MA or PhD level, students may elect a concentration in Writing History and Theory. The department also collaborates with the Department of Modern Languages and Literatures in offering a Master of Arts in world literature.

Candidates for graduate work in English should present an undergraduate major in English or a minimum of 18 semester hours of English (or its equivalent) beyond the freshman level. In some cases, students will be required to make up deficiencies without graduate credit. The department requires all candidates for admission to submit their scores on the aptitude sections of the Graduate Record Examination. Candidates are also required to submit a writing sample, consisting of at least 15 pages of academic writing.

A maximum of six semester hours of transfer credit will be accepted from another institution, provided they were earned in graduate-level courses, with the approval of the department and the dean of graduate studies. Such courses must have been taken within five years of matriculation at Case Western Reserve University and passed with grades of B or better. The department accommodates part-time students in certain circumstances.

Teaching is viewed as an essential part of the education of graduate students aspiring to academic posts, and is required of all students working under assistantships. The department provides opportunities for graduate assistants to gain teaching experience in a variety of courses and in the Writing Resource Center.

New and continuing graduate students are normally supported with graduate assistantships providing tuition remission and a living stipend. Assistantships are awarded by the dean on recommendation of the department. Applicants to the PhD program with previous teaching experience are preferred. All graduate assistants are required to take
university- and department-level training courses in their first semester of work at the University.

**Department Faculty**

Mary Grimm, MA  
(Cleveland State University)  
*Associate Professor and Chair*  
Creative writing (fiction); contemporary literature; graphic novels

Michael Clune, PhD  
(Johns Hopkins University)  
*Associate Professor*  
American literature; literature and science; poetry

Kimberly Emmons, PhD  
(University of Washington)  
*Associate Professor; Director of Composition*  
Rhetoric; composition; gender and language; medical humanities

Christopher Flint, PhD  
(University of Pennsylvania)  
*Associate Professor*  
18th-century English literature; print culture

T. Kenneth Fountain, PhD  
(University of Minnesota)  
*Associate Professor*  
Scientific and technical communication; visual culture; rhetorical theory

Sarah Gridley, MFA  
(University of Montana)  
*Associate Professor*  
Creative writing (poetry); feminist and eco-poetics

Megan Swihart Jewell, PhD  
(Duquesne University)  
*Instructor; Director, Writing Resource Center*  
American literature; writing studies; poetics

Hee-Seung Kang, PhD  
(University of Washington)  
*Instructor; Director of ESL Writing*  
Second-language learning; academic literacies

Kurt Koenigsberger, PhD  
(Vanderbilt University)  
*Associate Professor; Director of Graduate Studies*  
19th- and 20th-century British literature; postcolonial literature

William H. Marling, PhD  
(University of California, Santa Barbara)  
*Professor*  
American and world literature; modernism; popular culture

Marilyn Sanders Mobley, PhD  
(Case Western Reserve University)  
*Professor*  
Toni Morrison; Black women writers; African American literature; cultural studies

Erika Mae Olbricht, PhD  
(University of New Hampshire)  
*Instructor; SAGES Instructional Coordinator*  
16th- and 17th-century British literature and theatre; landscape studies

John M. Orlock, MFA  
(Pennsylvania State University)  
*Samuel B. and Virginia C. Knight Professor of Humanities*  
Playwriting; screenwriting

James Sheeler, MA  
(University of Colorado)  
*Shirley Wormser Professor of Journalism and Media Writing; Director of Undergraduate Studies*  
Journalism

William R. Siebenschuh, PhD  
(University of California, Berkeley)  
*Oviatt Professor of English*  
18th- and 19th-century British literature; biography and autobiography

Robert Spadoni, PhD  
(University of Chicago)  
*Associate Professor*  
Film studies

Thrity Umrigar, PhD  
(Kent State University)  
*Professor*  
Creative writing (fiction and memoir); journalism; African American literature

Maggie Vinter, PhD  
(Johns Hopkins University)  
*Assistant Professor*  
16th- and 17th-century British literature; drama

Athena Vrettos, PhD  
(University of Pennsylvania)  
*Associate Professor*  
19th-century British literature; literature and medicine; literature and psychology; women's and gender studies

Martha Woodmansee, PhD  
(Stanford University)  
*Professor*  
Literary theory; 18th- and 19th-century comparative literature; copyright

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**Adjunct Faculty**

Michael Householder, PhD  
((University of California--Irvine))  
*Adjunct Instructor*  
Early American literature; literary theory; bioethics

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**Courses**

**ENGL 146. Tools, Not Rules: English Grammar for Writers. 3 Units.**  
This course provides an Introduction to English grammar in context for academic writers. It focuses on the study of language in use, including parts of speech, sentence grammar, paragraph structure, and text cohesion. This course is specifically designed for multilingual students, but native speakers of English may take the course with the approval of the instructor.
ENGL 148. Introduction to Composition. 3 Units.
Practice and training in various modes and genres of writing. Undergraduate CIM students placed into ENGL 148 must complete the course with a grade of C or higher in order to enroll in ENGL 150.

ENGL 150. Expository Writing. 3 Units.
Substantial training and practice in academic writing.

ENGL 155. Introduction to Rhetoric and Public Speaking. 3 Units.
This course will focus on the theories of rhetoric, the work of developing and preparing a speech and on the art and skill of delivering various kinds of oral presentations. The assignments will: a) Introduce students to the traditions, theories and core principles of public speaking, from Aristotle's Rhetoric to Cicero to Kenneth Burke. b) Engage them in the five-part "canon of rhetoric" for developing speeches. c) Give them opportunities to develop and deliver several different types of classic speeches, both as a speaker and as a speechwriter.

ENGL 180. Writing Tutorial. 1 Unit.
Substantial scheduled tutorial work in writing.

ENGL 181. Academic Skills Tutorial. 1 Unit.
Substantial tutorial work on academic skills such as: reading and vocabulary development, academic interactions and resources, critical thinking, time management, and/or study strategies. Students may work individually with instructor or in small groups. The course may be repeated, but only one semester-hour will count towards the degree.

ENGL 183. Academic Writing Studio. 1 Unit.
Practice and training in various aspects of academic writing in a small group workshop environment. Offered concurrently with First Seminar; provides supplementary instruction to help students meet First Seminar writing objectives. Please note: only one semester hour of English 183 will count toward a degree, but the course may be repeated.

ENGL 184. Research Writing Studio. 1 Unit.
Practice and training in various aspects of research in a small-group workshop environment. Offered concurrently with University Seminar; provides supplementary instruction to help students meet University Seminar writing objectives. Please note: only two semester hours of ENGL 184 will count towards a degree.

ENGL 186. Writing Workshop for Researchers. 2 Units.
Individualized writing workshop/tutorial for graduate students, faculty, and staff. Includes small group workshops and individualized instruction in genres and forms of academic and research writing.

ENGL 200. Literature in English. 3 Units.
This course introduces students to the reading of literature in the English language. Through close attention to the practice of reading, students are invited to consider some of the characteristic forms and functions imaginative literature has taken, together with some of the changes that have taken place in what and how readers read. Recommended preparation: Concurrent enrollment in ENGL 150 or USFS 100.

ENGL 202. Advanced Expository Writing. 3 Units.
A workshop-style course for students that offers practice and training in genres of nonfiction prose. Special attention paid to style and presentation. Prereq: 100 level first seminar in FSCC, FSNA, FSSO, or FSSY.

ENGL 203. Introduction to Creative Writing. 3 Units.
A course exploring basic issues and techniques of writing narrative prose and verse through exercises, analysis, and experiment. For students who wish to try their abilities across a spectrum of genres.

ENGL 204. Introduction to Journalism. 3 Units.
Students will learn the basics of reporting and writing news stories, but also the traditions behind the craft and the evolving role of journalism in society. Instruction will include interviewing skills, fact-checking, word choice and story structure—all framed by guidance on making ethically sound decisions. Assignments could include stories from a variety of beats (business, entertainment, government, science), along with deadline stories and breaking news Web updates, profiles and obituaries.

ENGL 213. Introduction to Fiction Writing. 3 Units.
A beginning workshop in fiction writing, introducing such concepts as voice, point of view, plot, characterization, dialogue, description, and the like. May include discussion of literary examples, both classic and contemporary, along with student work.

ENGL 214. Introduction to Poetry Writing. 3 Units.
A beginning workshop, focusing on such elements of poetry as verse-form, syntax, figures, sound, tone. May include discussion of literary examples as well as student work.

ENGL 217A. Business and Professional Writing. 3 Units.
An introduction to professional communication in theory and practice. Special attention paid to audience analysis, persuasive techniques in written and oral communication, document design strategies, and ethical communication practices. Prereq: ENGL 150 or passing letter grade in a 100 level first year seminar in USFS, FSCC, FSNA, FSSO, FSSY, FSTS, FSCS.

ENGL 217B. Writing for the Health Professions. 3 Units.
This course offers practice and training in the professional and technical writing skills common to health professions (e.g., medicine, nursing, dentistry). Attention will be paid to the writing processes of drafting, revising, and editing. Typical assignments include: letters, resumes, personal essays, professional communication genres (e.g., email, reports, patient charts, and histories), and scholarly genres (e.g., abstracts, articles, and reviews). Prereq: ENGL 150 or passing letter grade in a 100 level first year seminar in USFS, FSCC, FSNA, FSSO, FSSY, FSTS, FSCS.

ENGL 257A. Introduction to Gender Studies. 3 Units.
This course introduces women and men students to the methods and concepts of gender studies, women's studies, and feminist theory. An interdisciplinary course, it covers approaches used in literary criticism, history, philosophy, political science, sociology, anthropology, psychology, film studies, cultural studies, art history, and religion. It is the required introductory course for students taking the women's and gender studies major. Offered as ENGL 270, HSTY 270, RLGN 270, SOCI 201, and WGST 201. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement. Prereq: ENGL 150 or passing letter grade in a 100 level first year seminar in USFS, FSCC, FSNA, FSSO, FSSY, FSTS, FSCS.

ENGL 257B. Poetry. 3 Units.
 Introductory readings in poetry. May be organized chronologically or thematically. Some attention to the novel as a historically situated genre.

ENGL 257C. Introduction to the Novel. 3 Units.
Introductory readings in the novel. May be organized chronologically or thematically. Some attention to the novel as a historically situated genre.

ENGL 260. Literature in English. 3 Units.
This course introduces students to the reading of literature in the English language. Through close attention to the practice of reading, students are invited to consider some of the characteristic forms and functions imaginative literature has taken, together with some of the changes that have taken place in what and how readers read. Recommended preparation: Concurrent enrollment in ENGL 150 or USFS 100.

ENGL 285. Special Topics Seminar. 3 Units.
Seminars on special topics in literature or language. Maximum of 3 credits.

ENGL 290. Masterpieces of Continental Fiction. 3 Units.
Major works of fiction from the 19th century and earlier. Offered as ENGL 290 and WLIT 290.
ENGL 291. Masterpieces of Modern Fiction. 3 Units.
Major works of fiction of the 20th century. Offered as ENGL 291 and WLIT 291.

ENGL 300. English Literature to 1800. 3 Units.
A survey of major British authors from Chaucer to Milton and Dryden.
Prereq: ENGL 150 or passing letter grade in a 100 level first year seminar in USFS, FSCC, FSNA, FSSO, FSSY, FSTS, FSCS.

ENGL 301. Linguistic Analysis. 3 Units.
Analysis of modern English from various theoretical perspectives: structural, generative, discourse analytical, sociolinguistic, psycholinguistic, and cognitive linguistic. Some attention to the major dialects of American English. Offered as ENGL 301 and ENGL 401.
Prereq: ENGL 150 or passing letter grade in a 100 level first year seminar in USFS, FSCC, FSNA, FSSO, FSSY, FSTS, FSCS.

ENGL 302. English Literature since 1800. 3 Units.
A survey of major British authors from Wordsworth to the present. Prereq: ENGL 150 or passing letter grade in a 100 first year seminar in USFS, FSCC, FSNA, FSSO, FSSY, FSTS, FSCS.

ENGL 303. Intermediate Writing Workshop: Fiction. 3 Units.
Continues developing the concepts and practice of the introductory courses, with reading, writing, and discussion of fiction in various forms, including the short story, the novella and the novel. Maximum 6 credits.
Prereq: ENGL 203 or ENGL 213.

ENGL 304. Intermediate Writing Workshop: Poetry. 3 Units.
Continues developing the concepts and practice of the introductory courses, with emphasis on experiment and revision as well as consideration of poetic genres through examples from established poets. Maximum 6 credits.
Prereq: ENGL 203 or ENGL 214.

ENGL 305. Playwriting. 3 Units.
Theory and practice of dramatic writing, in the context of examples, classic and contemporary. Recommended preparation: ENGL 203 or ENGL 213 or ENGL 214 or ENGL 303 or ENGL 304. Offered as ENGL 305 and THTR 312.

ENGL 306. Intermediate Writing Workshop: Creative Non-Fiction. 3 Units.
A writing workshop that focuses on non-fiction. Students will study and write narrative journalism, the memoir, and the personal essay. Maximum 6 credits.
Prereq: ENGL 203 or ENGL 214.

ENGL 307. Feature/Magazine Writing. 3 Units.
Continues developing the concepts and practices of the introductory course, with emphasis on feature writing for magazines (print and online), story structure, fact-checking, reporting techniques and freelancing.
Prereq: ENGL 204 or instructor approval.

ENGL 308. American Literature. 3 Units.
A survey of major American authors from the Puritans to the present.
Prereq: ENGL 150 or passing letter grade in a 100 level first year seminar in USFS, FSCC, FSNA, FSSO, FSSY, FSTS, FSCS.

ENGL 309. Immersion Journalism/Multimedia Storytelling. 3 Units.
Students will spend the bulk of the semester documenting lives and stories from local nursing home through audio slideshows and video projects.
Prereq: ENGL 204 or instructor approval.

ENGL 310. History of the English Language. 3 Units.
An introductory course covering the major periods of English language development: Old, Middle, and Modern. Students will examine both the linguistic forms and the cultures in which the forms were used. Offered as ENGL 310 and ENGL 410.
Prereq: ENGL 150 or passing letter grade in a 100 level first year seminar in USFS, FSCC, FSNA, FSSO, FSSY, FSTS, FSCS.

ENGL 312. Chaucer. 3 Units.
An introduction to the work of Geoffrey Chaucer, with emphasis on "The Canterbury Tales." Prereq: ENGL 150 or passing letter grade in a 100 level first year seminar in USFS, FSCC, FSNA, FSSO, FSSY, FSTS, FSCS.

ENGL 314. Advanced Playwriting. 3 Units.
Theory and practice of dramatic writing with special focus on the craft of writing a full-length play. Offered as ENGL 314 and THTR 314.
Prereq: ENGL 305 or THTR 312.

ENGL 316. Screenwriting. 3 Units.
A critical exploration of the craft of writing for film, in which reading and practicum assignments will culminate in the student submitting an original full-length screenplay.
Offered as ENGL 316 and THTR 316.
Prereq: ENGL 305.

ENGL 320. Renaissance Literature. 3 Units.
Aspects of English Renaissance literature and its contexts from 1500-1620. Genres studied might include poetry, drama, prose fiction, expository and polemic writing, or some works from Continental Europe. Writers such as Skelton, More, Erasmus, Wyatt, Sidney, Spenser, Marlowe, Lanier, Wroth, Shakespeare, Donne. Maximum 6 credits.
Offered as ENGL 320 and ENGL 420.
Prereq: ENGL 150 or passing letter grade in a 100 level first year seminar in USFS, FSCC, FSNA, FSSO, FSSY, FSTS, FSCS.

ENGL 322. Milton. 3 Units.
Poetry and selected prose, including the careful study of "Paradise Lost." Offered as ENGL 322 and ENGL 423.
Prereq: ENGL 150 or passing letter grade in a 100 level first year seminar in USFS, FSCC, FSNA, FSSO, FSSY, FSTS, FSCS.

ENGL 324. Shakespeare: Histories and Tragedies. 3 Units.
Close reading of a selection of Shakespeare's tragedies and history plays (e.g., "Richard the Third," "Julius Caesar," "Hamlet," "King Lear"). Topics of discussion may include Renaissance drama as a social institution, the nature of tragedy, national history, gender roles, sexual politics, the state and its opponents, theatrical conventions. Assessment may include opportunities for performance.
Offered as ENGL 324, ENGL 424, and THTR 334.
Prereq: ENGL 150 or passing letter grade in a 100 level first year seminar in USFS, FSCC, FSNA, FSSO, FSSY, FSTS, FSCS.

ENGL 325. Shakespeare: Comedies and Romances. 3 Units.
Close reading of selected plays of Shakespeare in the genres of comedy and romance (e.g., "The Merchant of Venice," "Twelfth Night," "Measure for Measure," "The Tempest"). Topics of discussion may include issues of sexual desire, gender roles, marriage, the family, genre conventions. Assessment may include opportunities for performance.
Offered as ENGL 325, ENGL 425, and THTR 335.
Prereq: ENGL 150 or passing letter grade in a 100 level first year seminar in USFS, FSCC, FSNA, FSSO, FSSY, FSTS, FSCS.
ENGL 327. Eighteenth-Century Literature. 3 Units.
Survey of a variety of writings from or relevant to the eighteenth century. Writers discussed may include Dryden, Behn, Defoe, Pope, Swift, Gay, Fielding, Richardson, Burney, Wollstonecraft and others working in drama, lyric and epic poetry, biography and autobiography, political and philosophical writings and prose fiction. Thematic approaches may include: satire, journalism and literature, the rise of the novel. Maximum 6 credits. Offered as ENGL 327 and ENGL 427. Prereq: ENGL 150 or passing letter grade in a 100 level first year seminar in USFS, FSCC, FSNA, FSSO, FSSY, FSTS, FSCS.

ENGL 328. Studies in the Eighteenth Century. 3 Units.
This course examines selected topics in the English literary culture of the eighteenth century, a culture which extended to the Americas and to other English colonies. Literary writings will be examined in relation to other aspects of the century's culture, which may include visual arts, marital institutions, the printing industry, property law, medicine, and other topics. Maximum 6 credits. Offered as ENGL 328 and ENGL 428. Prereq: ENGL 150 or passing letter grade in a 100 level first year seminar in USFS, FSCC, FSNA, FSSO, FSSY, FSTS, FSCS.

ENGL 329. English Literature, 1780-1837. 3 Units.
Aspects of English literature and its contexts in the early 19th century. Genres might include poetry, prose fiction, political and philosophical writing, literary theory of the period. Writers such as Wordsworth, Coleridge, Blake, Austen, Byron, the Shelleys. Maximum 6 credits. Offered as ENGL 329 and ENGL 429. Prereq: ENGL 150 or passing letter grade in a 100 level first year seminar in USFS, FSCC, FSNA, FSSO, FSSY, FSTS, FSCS.

ENGL 330. Victorian Literature. 3 Units.
Aspects of English literature and its contexts during the reign of Queen Victoria. Genres studied might include poetry, prose fiction, political and philosophical writing. Writers such as the Brontes, Gaskell, Dickens, Eliot, Hardy, Tennyson, the Brownings, Arnold, Carlyle, Ruskin, Gosse, Swinburne, and Hopkins. Maximum 6 credits. Offered as ENGL 330 and ENGL 430. Prereq: ENGL 150 or passing letter grade in a 100 level first year seminar in USFS, FSCC, FSNA, FSSO, FSSY, FSTS, FSCS.

ENGL 331. Studies in the Nineteenth-Century. 3 Units.
Individual topics in English literature of the 19th century. Topics might be thematic or formal, such as literature and science; medicine; labor; sexuality; Empire; literature and other arts; Gothic fiction; decadence. Maximum 6 credits. Offered as ENGL 331 and ENGL 431. Prereq: ENGL 150 or passing letter grade in a 100 level first year seminar in USFS, FSCC, FSNA, FSSO, FSSY, FSTS, FSCS.

ENGL 332. Twentieth-Century British Literature. 3 Units.
Aspects of British literature (broadly interpreted) and its contexts during the 20th century. Genres studied might include poetry, fiction, and drama. Such writers as Joyce, Woolf, Conrad, Ford, Lawrence, Mansfield, Shaw, Beckett, Stoppard, Yeats, Edward or Dylan Thomas, Stevie Smith, Bowen, Spark. Maximum 6 credits. Offered as ENGL 332 and ENGL 432. Prereq: ENGL 150 or passing letter grade in a 100 level first year seminar in USFS, FSCC, FSNA, FSSO, FSSY, FSTS, FSCS.

ENGL 333. Studies in the Twentieth and Twenty-first Centuries. 3 Units.
Individual topics in twentieth- and twenty-first century literary culture. Particular issues and topics may cross national boundaries and genre lines as well as exploring political, psychological, and social themes, such as as movements, comparative studies across the arts, literature and war, literature and occultism. Maximum 6 credits. Offered as ENGL 333 and ENGL 433. Prereq: ENGL 150 or passing letter grade in a 100 level first year seminar in USFS, FSCC, FSNA, FSSO, FSSY, FSTS, FSCS.

ENGL 334. Rhetoric of Science and Medicine. 3 Units.
This course explores the roles language and rhetoric play in constructing, communicating, and understanding science and medicine. It surveys current and historical debates, theories, research, and textual conventions of scientific and medical discourse. May be taught with a specific focus, such as scientific controversies, concepts of health and illness, visualizations of science, the body in medicine, and the history of scientific writing. Offered as: ENGL 341 and ENGL 441. Prereq: ENGL 150 or letter grade in SAGES First Seminar.

ENGL 335. Language and Gender. 3 Units.
This course introduces students to the study of language and gender by exploring historical and theoretical trends, methods, and research findings on the ways gender, sexuality, language, and discourse interact with and even shape each other. Topics may include "grammatical" versus "biological" gender, feminine ecriture, the women and language debate, speech acts and queer performativity, nonsexist language policy, discourses of gender and sexuality, feminist stylistics, and LGBT sociolinguistics. Offered as: ENGL 343, ENGL 443, and WGST 343. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement. Prereq: ENGL 150 or passing letter grade in a 100 level first year seminar in USFS, FSCC, FSNA, FSSO, FSSY, FSTS, FSCS.

ENGL 336. American Literature Before 1865. 3 Units.
Aspects of American literature and its contexts from the colonial period through the end of the Civil War. Writers such as Bradstreet, Taylor, Franklin, Poe, Stowe, Alcott, Melville, Hawthorne, Emerson, Douglass. Maximum 6 credits. Offered as ENGL 336 and ENGL 456. Prereq: ENGL 150 or passing letter grade in a 100 level first year seminar in USFS, FSCC, FSNA, FSSO, FSSY, FSTS, FSCS.

ENGL 337. American Literature 1914-1960. 3 Units.
Aspects of American literature and its contexts from the First World War to the Cold War. Genres studied might include fiction, poetry, drama, polemics. Writers such as T.S. Eliot, Pound, Stevens, Moore, W.C. Williams, Dos Passos, West, Fitzgerald, Hemingway, Cather, Faulkner, Barnes, Miller, T. Williams, O'Neill. Maximum 6 credits. Offered as ENGL 337 and ENGL 458. Prereq: ENGL 150 or passing letter grade in a 100 level first year seminar in USFS, FSCC, FSNA, FSSO, FSSY, FSTS, FSCS.

ENGL 338. Studies in Contemporary American Literature. 3 Units.
Individual topics in literary culture since the 1960s. Topics may include: the Beats, literature of the Vietnam war, post-modern fiction, contemporary poetry, the documentary novel. Maximum 6 credits. Offered as ENGL 338 and ENGL 459. Prereq: ENGL 150 or passing letter grade in a 100 level first year seminar in USFS, FSCC, FSNA, FSSO, FSSY, FSTS, FSCS.

ENGL 339. Studies in American Literature. 3 Units.
Survey of a variety of writings from or relevant to the eighteenth century. Writers discussed may include Dryden, Behn, Defoe, Pope, Swift, Gay, Fielding, Richardson, Burney, Wollstonecraft and others working in drama, lyric and epic poetry, biography and autobiography, political and philosophical writings and prose fiction. Thematic approaches may include: satire, journalism and literature, the rise of the novel. Maximum 6 credits. Offered as ENGL 339 and ENGL 427. Prereq: ENGL 150 or passing letter grade in a 100 level first year seminar in USFS, FSCC, FSNA, FSSO, FSSY, FSTS, FSCS.

ENGL 341. Language and Gender. 3 Units.
This course introduces students to the study of language and gender by exploring historical and theoretical trends, methods, and research findings on the ways gender, sexuality, language, and discourse interact with and even shape each other. Topics may include "grammatical" versus "biological" gender, feminine ecriture, the women and language debate, speech acts and queer performativity, nonsexist language policy, discourses of gender and sexuality, feminist stylistics, and LGBT sociolinguistics. Offered as: ENGL 343, ENGL 443, and WGST 343. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement. Prereq: ENGL 150 or letter grade in SAGES First Seminar.

ENGL 342. Rhetoric of Science and Medicine. 3 Units.
This course explores the roles language and rhetoric play in constructing, communicating, and understanding science and medicine. It surveys current and historical debates, theories, research, and textual conventions of scientific and medical discourse. May be taught with a specific focus, such as scientific controversies, concepts of health and illness, visualizations of science, the body in medicine, and the history of scientific writing. Offered as: ENGL 341 and ENGL 441. Prereq: ENGL 150 or letter grade in SAGES First Seminar.
ENGL 363H. African-American Literature. 3 Units.
A historical approach to African-American literature. Such writers as Wheatley, Equiano, Douglass, Jacobs, DuBois, Hurston, Hughes, Wright, Baldwin, Ellison, Morrison. Topics covered may include slave narratives, African-American autobiography, the Harlem Renaissance, the Black Aesthetic, literature of protest and assimilation. Maximum 6 credits. Offered as ENGL 363H, ETHS 363H, WLIT 363H, ENGL 463H, and WLIT 463H. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement. Prereq: ENGL 150 or passing letter grade in a 100 level first year seminar in USFS, FSCC, FSNA, FSSO, FSSY, FSTS, FSCS.

ENGL 365E. The Immigrant Experience. 3 Units.
Study of fictional and/or autobiographical narrative by authors whose families have experienced immigration to the U.S. Among the ethnic groups represented are Asian-American, Jewish-American, Hispanic-American. May include several ethnic groups or focus on a single one. Attention is paid to historical and social aspects of immigration and ethnicity. Maximum 6 credits. Offered as ENGL 365E, WLIT 365E, ENGL 465E, and WLIT 465E. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement. Prereq: ENGL 150 or passing letter grade in a 100 level first year seminar in USFS, FSCC, FSNA, FSSO, FSSY, FSTS, FSCS.

ENGL 365N. Topics in African-American Literature. 3 Units.
Selected topics and writers from nineteenth, twentieth, and twenty-first century African-American literature. May focus on a genre, a single author or a group of authors, a theme or themes. Maximum 6 credits. Offered as ENGL 365N, ETHS 365N, WLIT 365N, ENGL 465N, and WLIT 465N. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement. Prereq: ENGL 150 or passing letter grade in a 100 level first year seminar in USFS, FSCC, FSNA, FSSO, FSSY, FSTS, FSCS.

ENGL 365Q. Post-Colonial Literature. 3 Units.
Readings in national and regional literatures from former European colonies such as Australia and African countries. Maximum 6 credits. Offered as ENGL 365Q, ETHS 365Q, WLIT 365Q, ENGL 465Q, and WLIT 465Q. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement. Prereq: ENGL 150 or passing letter grade in a 100 level first year seminar in USFS, FSCC, FSNA, FSSO, FSSY, FSTS, FSCS.

ENGL 366G. Minority Literatures. 3 Units.
A course dealing with literature produced by ethnic and racial minority groups within the U.S. Individual offerings may include works from several groups studied comparatively, or focus on a single group, such as Native Americans, Chicanos/Chicanas, Asian-Americans, Caribbean-Americans. African-American works may also be included. May cover the entire history of the U.S. or shorter periods. Maximum 6 credits. Offered as ENGL 366G, WLIT 366G, ENGL 466G, and WLIT 466G. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement. Prereq: ENGL 150 or passing letter grade in a 100 level first year seminar in USFS, FSCC, FSNA, FSSO, FSSY, FSTS, FSCS.

ENGL 367. Introduction to Film. 3 Units.
An introduction to the aesthetics of film form. We will analyze the elements that make up a film, screening films that facilitate our discussion of how these elements interact with one another to constitute whole formal systems that generate meanings and other effects. We will bring various theoretical and historical considerations to bear as we explore and appreciate the art of cinema. Offered as ENGL 367 and ENGL 467.

ENGL 368B. History of Film. 3 Units.
Analysis of selected topics in film history, such as film before 1940, American cinema 1940 to the present, European or Asian cinema since 1940. Maximum 6 credits. Offered as ENGL 368B and ENGL 468B.

ENGL 368C. Topics in Film. 3 Units.
Individual topics in film, such as a particular national cinema, horror films, films of Alfred Hitchcock, images of women in film, film comedy, introduction to film genres, Asian-cinema and drama, dance on screen, science fiction films, storytelling and cinema, and literature and film. Maximum 12 credits. Offered as ENGL 368C, WLIT 368C, ENGL 468C, and WLIT 468C.

ENGL 369. Children's Literature. 3 Units.
Individual topics in 19th-, 20th-, and 21st-century children's literature. Topics may focus on narrative and thematic developments in the genre, historical contexts, literary influences, or adaptations of children's literature into film and other media. Offered as ENGL 369 and ENGL 469. Prereq: ENGL 150 or passing letter grade in a 100 level first year seminar in USFS, FSCC, FSNA, FSSO, FSSY, FSTS, FSCS.

ENGL 371. Topics in Women's and Gender Studies. 3 Units.
Individual topics and issues in women's studies relating to writing by and about women, such as feminist theory and criticism; the politics of gender and sexuality; women in popular culture; women in the writing business. Maximum 6 credits. Offered as ENGL 371 and ENGL 471. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement. Prereq: ENGL 150 or passing letter grade in a 100 level first year seminar in USFS, FSCC, FSNA, FSSO, FSSY, FSTS, FSCS.

ENGL 372. Studies in the Novel. 3 Units.
Selected topics in the history and formal development of the novel, such as detective novels; science fiction; epistolary novels; the rise of the novel; the stream of consciousness novel; the Bildungsroman in English. Maximum 6 credits. Offered as ENGL 372 and ENGL 472. Prereq: ENGL 150 or passing letter grade in a 100 level first year seminar in USFS, FSCC, FSNA, FSSO, FSSY, FSTS, FSCS.

ENGL 373. Studies in Poetry. 3 Units.
Selected topics in the study of poetry, such as reading poetry, the elegy, pastoral poetry, love poetry, the long poem, form and meter in poetry. Maximum 6 credits. Offered as ENGL 373 and ENGL 473. Prereq: ENGL 150 or passing letter grade in a 100 level first year seminar in USFS, FSCC, FSNA, FSSO, FSSY, FSTS, FSCS.

ENGL 374. Internship in Journalism. 3 - 6 Units.
Students work as interns at area newspapers, magazines, trade publications, radio or television and meet as a class to share their experiences as interns and to focus on editorial issues--reporting, writing, fact-checking, editing--that are a part of any journalistic enterprise. Students are responsible for pre-arranging their internship prior to the semester they intend to take the class but can expect guidance from the instructor in this regard. Recommended preparation: ENGL 204 or permission of the department.

ENGL 376. Studies in Genre. 3 Units.
Topics in literary genres, such as comedy, biography and autobiography, satire, allegory, the short story, the apologue, narrative poetry. May cross over the prose/poetry boundary. Maximum 6 credits. Offered as ENGL 376 and ENGL 476. Prereq: ENGL 150 or passing letter grade in a 100 level first year seminar in USFS, FSCC, FSNA, FSSO, FSSY, FSTS, FSCS.

ENGL 377. Studies in Drama. 3 Units.
Readings and discussion of plays and related critical literature pertaining to a specific period in American or British drama. Topics and material will vary from semester to semester. Offered as ENGL 377 and ENGL 477. Prereq: ENGL 150 or passing letter grade in a 100 level first year seminar in USFS, FSCC, FSNA, FSSO, FSSY, FSTS, FSCS.
ENGL 378. Topics in Visual and New Media Studies. 3 Units.
This course will focus on selected topics in the study of visual rhetoric and/or new media, including theoretical, critical, and historical issues raised by texts and media platforms that communicate largely through visual means or through the interaction of visual and verbal modes. Possible syllabi may focus on topics such as visual rhetoric; new media story-telling; historical perspectives on visual rhetoric and/or new media; concentrations on a particular genre (for instance, the graphic novel, video games, etc.); visual narrative; theories of new media; etc. Offered as ENGL 378 and ENGL 478. Prereq: ENGL 150 or passing letter grade in a 100 level first year seminar in USFS, FSCC, FSNA, FSOS, FSSY, FSTS, FSCS.

ENGL 379. Topics in Language Studies. 3 Units.
Aspects of contemporary language studies. Topics might include history/theories of rhetoric, discourse studies, cognitive linguistics, metaphor, language acquisition, stylistics. Maximum 9 credits. Offered as ENGL 379 and ENGL 479. Prereq: ENGL 150 or passing letter grade in a 100 level first year seminar in USFS, FSCC, FSNA, FSOS, FSSY, FSTS, FSCS.

ENGL 380. Departmental Seminar. 3 Units.
A topical course, emphasizing disciplinary forms of writing. Required of all English majors, preferable in the junior year; also fulfills a SAGES requirement. Counts as SAGES Departmental Seminar. Prereq: ENGL 300.

ENGL 385. Special Topics in Literature. 3 Units.
Close study of a theme or aspect of literature not covered by traditional generic or period rubrics, such as "spatial imagination," "semiotics of fashion in literature," "epistolarity." Maximum 9 credits. Offered as ENGL 385 and ENGL 485. Prereq: ENGL 150 or passing letter grade in a 100 level first year seminar in USFS, FSCC, FSNA, FSOS, FSSY, FSTS, FSCS.

ENGL 386. Studies in Literature and Culture. 3 Units.
Boundary-crossing study of the relations between literary and other aspects of a particular culture or society, including theoretical and critical issues raised by such study. For example, literature and medicine, law and literature, gay and lesbian literature, Asian/Western literary relations, emotion in literature, philosophy and literature, literature and music. Maximum 9 credits. Offered as ENGL 386 and ENGL 486. Prereq: ENGL 150 or passing letter grade in a 100 level first year seminar in USFS, FSCC, FSNA, FSOS, FSSY, FSTS, FSCS.

ENGL 387. Literary and Critical Theory. 3 Units.
A survey of major schools and texts of literary and critical theory. May be historically or thematically organized. Maximum 6 credits. Offered as ENGL 387, WLIT 387, ENGL 487, and WLIT 487. Prereq: ENGL 150 or passing letter grade in a 100 level first year seminar in USFS, FSCC, FSNA, FSOS, FSSY, FSTS, FSCS.

ENGL 390. Independent Study and Creative Projects. 1 - 3 Unit.
Up to three semester hours of independent study may be taken in a single semester. Must have prior approval of faculty member directing the project. Projects may be critical or creative in nature.

ENGL 392. Classroom Teaching. 3 Units.
For undergraduate students who assist in the teaching of ENGL 150, 180, or 181. Interested students should check with the director of composition (for ENGL 150, 180, 181) before the beginning of the semester in which they wish to participate. May be repeated only once; not more than three semester hours in ENGL 392 may be counted toward the major. May also include up to three semester hours of supervised peer tutoring at the University Writing Center.

ENGL 395. Capstone Seminar. 3 Units.
Capstone course, to be taken in the senior year. Open to non-English majors. Required for all English majors in senior year. Features individual projects in a workshop environment; students have the option of a research-based or a creative writing project. Counts as SAGES Senior Capstone. Prereq: ENGL 300 and ENGL 302 or ENGL 308 and ENGL 380.

ENGL 398. Professional Communication for Engineers. 2 Units.
A writing course for Engineering students only, covering academic and professional genres of written and oral communication. Taken in conjunction with Engineering 398, ENGL 398 constitutes an approved SAGES Departmental Seminar. Counts as SAGES Departmental Seminar. Prereq: 100 level first year seminar in USFS, FSCC, FSNA, FSOS, FSSY, FSTS, or FSCS. Coreq: ENGR 398.

ENGL 400. Rhetoric and Teaching of Writing. 3 Units.
Classical and modern theories of rhetoric; their application in the classroom. Required of graduate assistants and tutors who have had no prior experience in the teaching of composition. Prereq: Graduate standing.

ENGL 401. Linguistic Analysis. 3 Units.
Analysis of modern English from various theoretical perspectives: structural, generative, discourse analytical, sociolinguistic, psycholinguistic, and cognitive linguistic. Some attention to the major dialects of American English. Offered as ENGL 301 and ENGL 401. Prereq: Graduate standing.

ENGL 406. Advanced Creative Writing. 3 Units.
Workshop for serious undergraduate and graduate writers. Offered alternate years; alternates between poetry and fiction. Admission requires review of writing sample by faculty. Maximum 6 credits. Prereq: Graduate standing.

ENGL 410. History of the English Language. 3 Units.
An introductory course covering the major periods of English language development: Old, Middle, and Modern. Students will examine both the linguistic forms and the cultures in which the forms were used. Offered as ENGL 310 and ENGL 410. Prereq: Graduate standing.

ENGL 420. Renaissance Literature. 3 Units.
Aspects of English Renaissance literature and its contexts from 1500-ca. 1620. Genres studied might include poetry, drama, prose fiction, expository and polemic writing, or some works from Continental Europe. Writers such as Skelton, More, Erasmus, Wyatt, Sidney, Spenser, Marlowe, Lanier, Wroth, Shakespeare, Donne. Maximum 6 credits. Offered as ENGL 320 and ENGL 420. Prereq: Graduate standing.

ENGL 423. Milton. 3 Units.
Poetry and selected prose, including the careful study of "Paradise Lost." Offered as ENGL 323 and ENGL 423. Prereq: Graduate standing.

ENGL 424. Shakespeare: Histories and Tragedies. 3 Units.
Close reading of a selection of Shakespeare’s tragedies and history plays (e.g., “Richard the Third,” “Julius Caesar,” “Hamlet,” “King Lear”). Topics of discussion may include Renaissance drama as a social institution, the nature of tragedy, national history, gender roles, sexual politics, the state and its opponents, theatrical conventions. Assessment may include opportunities for performance. Offered as ENGL 324, ENGL 424, and THTR 334. Prereq: Graduate standing.
ENGL 425. Shakespeare: Comedies and Romances. 3 Units.
Close reading of selected plays of Shakespeare in the genres of comedy and romance (e.g., "The Merchant of Venice," "Twelfth Night," "Measure for Measure," "The Tempest"). Topics of discussion may include issues of sexual desire, gender roles, marriage, the family, genre conventions. Assessment may include opportunities for performance. Offered as ENGL 325, ENGL 425, and THTR 335. Prereq: Graduate standing.

ENGL 427. Eighteenth-Century Literature. 3 Units.
Survey of a variety of writings from or relevant to the eighteenth century. Writers discussed may include Dryden, Behn, Defoe, Pope, Swift, Gay, Fielding, Richardson, Burney, Wollstonecraft and others working in drama, lyric and epic poetry, biography and autobiography, political and philosophical writings and prose fiction. Thematic approaches may include: satire, journalism and literature, the rise of the novel. Maximum 6 credits. Offered as ENGL 327 and ENGL 427. Prereq: Graduate standing or permission of instructor.

ENGL 428. Studies in the Eighteenth Century. 3 Units.
This course examines selected topics in the English literary culture of the eighteenth century, a culture which extended to the Americas and to other English colonies. Literary writings will be examined in relation to other aspects of the century's culture, which may include visual arts, marital institutions, the printing industry, property law, medicine, and other topics. Maximum 6 credits. Offered as ENGL 328 and ENGL 428. Prereq: Graduate standing.

ENGL 429. English Literature, 1780-1837. 3 Units.
Aspects of English literature and its contexts in the early 19th century. Genres might include poetry, prose fiction, political and philosophical writing, literary theory of the period. Writers such as Wordsworth, Coleridge, Blake, Austen, Byron, the Shelleys. Maximum 6 credits. Offered as ENGL 329 and ENGL 429. Prereq: Graduate standing.

ENGL 430. Victorian Literature. 3 Units.
Aspects of English literature and its contexts during the reign of Queen Victoria. Genres studied might include poetry, prose fiction, political and philosophical writing. Writers such as the Brontes, Gaskell, Dickens, Eliot, Hardy, Tennyson, the Brownings, Arnold, Carlyle, Ruskin, Gosse, Swinburne, and Hopkins. Maximum 6 credits. Offered as ENGL 330 and ENGL 430. Prereq: Graduate standing or permission of instructor.

ENGL 431. Studies in the Nineteenth-Century. 3 Units.
Individual topics in English literary culture of the 19th century. Topics might be thematic or formal, such as literature and science; medicine; labor; sexuality; Empire; literature and other arts; Gothic fiction; decadence. Maximum 6 credits. Offered as ENGL 331 and ENGL 431. Prereq: Graduate standing.

ENGL 432. Twentieth-Century British Literature. 3 Units.
Aspects of British literature (broadly interpreted) and its contexts during the 20th century. Genres studied might include poetry, fiction, and drama. Such writers as Joyce, Woolf, Conrad, Ford, Lawrence, Mansfield, Shaw, Beckett, Stoppard, Yeats, Edward or Dylan Thomas, Stevie Smith, Bowen, Spark. Maximum 6 credits. Offered as ENGL 332 and ENGL 432. Prereq: Graduate standing.

ENGL 433. Studies in the Twentieth and Twenty-first Centuries. 3 Units.
Individual topics in twentieth- and twenty-first century literary culture. Particular issues and topics may cross national boundaries and genre lines as well as exploring political, psychological, and social themes, such as movements, comparative studies across the arts, literature and war, literature and occultism. Maximum 6 credits. Offered as ENGL 333 and ENGL 433. Prereq: Graduate standing.

ENGL 441. Rhetoric of Science and Medicine. 3 Units.
This course explores the roles language and rhetoric play in constructing, communicating, and understanding science and medicine. It surveys current and historical debates, theories, research, and textual conventions of scientific and medical discourse. May be taught with a specific focus, such as scientific controversies, concepts of health and illness, visualizations of science, the body in medicine, and the history of scientific writing. Offered as: ENGL 341 and ENGL 441. Prereq: Graduate standing.

ENGL 443. Language and Gender. 3 Units.
This course introduces students to the study of language and gender by exploring historical and theoretical trends, methods, and research findings on the ways gender, sexuality, language, and discourse interact with and even shape each other. Topics may include "grammatical" versus "biological" gender, feminine écriture, the women and language debate, speech acts and queer performativity, nonsexist language policy, discourses of gender and sexuality, feminist stylistics, and LGBT sociolinguistics. Offered as: ENGL 343, ENGL 443, and WGST 343. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement. Prereq: Graduate standing.

ENGL 453. Major Writers. 3 Units.
Close and detailed study of the work of one or two writers: development, social and aesthetic contexts, reception, interpretation, significance. Maximum 6 credits. Offered as ENGL 353 and ENGL 453. Prereq: Graduate standing.

ENGL 456. American Literature Before 1865. 3 Units.
Aspects of American literature and its contexts from the colonial period through the end of the Civil War. Writers such as Bradstreet, Taylor, Franklin, Poe, Stowe, Alcott, Melville, Hawthorne, Emerson, Douglass. Maximum 6 credits. Offered as ENGL 356 and ENGL 456. Prereq: Graduate standing.

ENGL 458. American Literature 1914-1960. 3 Units.
Aspects of American literature and its contexts from the First World War to the Cold War. Genres studied might include fiction, poetry, drama, polemics. Writers such as T.S. Eliot, Pound, Stevens, Moore, W.C. Williams, Dos Passos, West, Fitzgerald, Hemingway, Cather, Faulkner, Barnes, Miller, T. Williams, O'Neil. Maximum 6 credits. Offered as ENGL 358 and ENGL 458. Prereq: Graduate standing.

ENGL 459. Studies in Contemporary American Literature. 3 Units.
Individual topics in literary culture since the 1960s. Topics may include the Beats, literature of the Vietnam war, post-modern fiction, contemporary poetry, the documentary novel. Maximum 6 credits. Offered as ENGL 359 and ENGL 459. Prereq: Graduate standing.

ENGL 460. Studies in American Literature. 3 Units.
Individual topics in American literary culture such as regionalism, realism, impressionism, literature and popular culture, transcendentalism, the lyric, proletarian literature, the legacy of the Civil War. Maximum 6 credits. Offered as ENGL 360 and ENGL 460. Prereq: Graduate standing or permission of instructor.

ENGL 463H. African-American Literature. 3 Units.
A historical approach to African-American literature. Such writers as Wheatley, Equiano, Douglass, Jacobs, DuBois, Hurston, Hughes, Wright, Baldwin, Ellison, Morrison. Topics covered may include slave narratives, African-American autobiography, the Harlem Renaissance, the Black Aesthetic, literature of protest and assimilation. Maximum 6 credits. Offered as ENGL 363H, ETHS 363H, WLIT 363H, ENGL 463H, and WLIT 463H. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement. Prereq: Graduate standing.
ENGL 465E. The Immigrant Experience. 3 Units.
Study of fictional and/or autobiographical narrative by authors whose families have experienced immigration to the U.S. Among the ethnic groups represented are Asian-American, Jewish-American, Hispanic-American. May include several ethnic groups or focus on a single one. Attention is paid to historical and social aspects of immigration and ethnicity. Maximum 6 credits. Offered as ENGL 365E, WLIT 365E, ENGL 465E, and WLIT 465E. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement. Prereq: Graduate standing.

ENGL 465N. Topics in African-American Literature. 3 Units.
Selected topics and writers from nineteenth, twentieth, and twenty-first century African-American literature. May focus on a genre, a single author or a group of authors, a theme or themes. Maximum 6 credits. Offered as ENGL 365N, ETHS 365N, WLIT 365N, ENGL 465N, and WLIT 465N. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement. Prereq: Graduate standing.

ENGL 466G. Minority Literatures. 3 Units.
A course dealing with literature produced by ethnic and racial minority groups within the U.S. Individual offerings may include works from several groups studied comparatively, or focus on a single group, such as Native Americans, Chicanos/Chicanas, Asian-Americans, Caribbean-Americans. African-American works may also be included. May cover the entire history of the U.S. or shorter periods. Maximum 6 credits. Offered as ENGL 366G, WLIT 366G, ENGL 466G, and WLIT 466G. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement. Prereq: Graduate standing.

ENGL 466Q. Post-Colonial Literature. 3 Units.
Readings in national and regional literatures from former European colonies such as Australia and African countries. Maximum 6 credits. Offered as ENGL 366Q, ETHS 366Q, WLIT 366Q, ENGL 466Q, and WLIT 466Q. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement. Prereq: Graduate standing.

ENGL 467. Introduction to Film. 3 Units.
An introduction to the aesthetics of film form. We will analyze the elements that make up a film, screening films that facilitate our discussion of how these elements interact with one another to constitute whole formal systems that generate meanings and other effects. We will bring various theoretical and historical considerations to bear as we explore and appreciate the art of cinema. Offered as ENGL 367 and ENGL 467. Prereq: Graduate standing.

ENGL 468B. History of Film. 3 Units.
Analysis of selected topics in film history, such as film before 1940, American cinema 1940 to the present, European or Asian cinema since 1940. Maximum 6 credits. Offered as ENGL 368B and ENGL 468B. Prereq: Graduate standing.

ENGL 468C. Topics in Film. 3 Units.
Individual topics in film, such as a particular national cinema, horror films, films of Alfred Hitchcock, images of women in film, film comedy, introduction to film genres, Asian-cinema and drama, dance on screen, science fiction films, storytelling and cinema, and literature and film. Maximum 12 credits. Offered as ENGL 368C, WLIT 368C, ENGL 468C, and WLIT 468C. Prereq: Graduate standing.

ENGL 469. Children's Literature. 3 Units.
Individual topics in 19th-, 20th-, and 21st-century children's literature. Topics may focus on narrative and thematic developments in the genre, historical contexts, literary influences, or adaptations of children's literature into film and other media. Offered as ENGL 369 and ENGL 469. Prereq: Graduate standing.

ENGL 471. Topics in Women's and Gender Studies. 3 Units.
Individual topics and issues in women's studies relating to writing by and about women, such as feminist theory and criticism; the politics of gender and sexuality; women in popular culture; women in the writing business. Maximum 6 credits. Offered as ENGL 371 and ENGL 471. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement. Prereq: Graduate standing.

ENGL 472. Studies in the Novel. 3 Units.
Selected topics in the history and formal development of the novel, such as detective novels; science fiction; epistolary novels; the rise of the novel; the stream of consciousness novel; the Bildungsroman in English. Maximum 6 credits. Offered as ENGL 372 and ENGL 472. Prereq: Graduate standing.

ENGL 473. Studies in Poetry. 3 Units.
Selected topics and issues in the study of poetry, such as reading poetry, the elegy, pastoral poetry, love poetry, the long poem, form and meter in poetry. Maximum 6 credits. Offered as ENGL 373 and ENGL 473. Prereq: Graduate standing.

ENGL 476. Studies in Genre. 3 Units.
Topics in literary genres, such as comedy, biography and autobiography, satire, allegory, the short story, the apologue, narrative poetry. May cross over the prose/poetry boundary. Maximum 6 credits. Offered as ENGL 376 and ENGL 476. Prereq: Graduate standing.

ENGL 477. Studies in Drama. 3 Units.
Readings and discussion of plays and related critical literature pertaining to a specific period in American or British drama. Topics and material will vary from semester to semester. Offered as ENGL 377 and ENGL 477. Prereq: Graduate standing.

ENGL 478. Topics in Visual and New Media Studies. 3 Units.
This course will focus on selected topics in the study of visual rhetoric and/or new media, including theoretical, critical, and historical issues raised by texts and media platforms that communicate largely through visual means or through the interaction of visual and verbal modes. Possible syllabi may focus on topics such as visual rhetoric; new media story-telling; historical perspectives on visual rhetoric and/or new media; concentrations on a particular genre (for instance, the graphic novel, video games, etc.); visual narrative; theories of new media; etc. Offered as ENGL 378 and ENGL 478. Prereq: Graduate standing.

ENGL 479. Topics in Language Studies. 3 Units.
Aspects of contemporary language studies. Topics might include history/theories of rhetoric, discourse studies, cognitive linguistics, metaphor, language acquisition, stylistics. Maximum 9 credits. Offered as ENGL 379 and ENGL 479. Prereq: Graduate standing.

ENGL 485. Special Topics in Literature. 3 Units.
Close study of a theme or aspect of literature not covered by traditional generic or period rubrics, such as "spatial imagination," "semiotics of fashion in literature," "epistolarity." Maximum 9 credits. Offered as ENGL 385 and ENGL 485. Prereq: Graduate standing.

ENGL 486. Studies in Literature and Culture. 3 Units.
Boundary-crossing study of the relations between literary and other aspects of a particular culture or society, including theoretical and critical issues raised by such study. For example, literature and medicine, law and literature, gay and lesbian literature, Asian/Western literary relations, emotion in literature, philosophy and literature, literature and music. Maximum 9 credits. Offered as ENGL 386 and ENGL 486. Prereq: Graduate standing.
ENGL 487. Literary and Critical Theory. 3 Units.
A survey of major schools and texts of literary and critical theory. May be historically or thematically organized. Maximum 6 credits. Offered as ENGL 387, WLIT 387, ENGL 487, and WLIT 487. Prereq: Graduate standing.

ENGL 501. Writing History and Theory. 3 Units.
This course addresses general research methods and theories specific to the study of writing, and functions as a required core course and overview for the Writing, History and Theory (WHIT) sequence in the English Department's Ph.D. program. Prereq: Graduate standing.

ENGL 506. Professional Writing: Theory and Practice. 3 Units.
Prepares graduate students to teach disciplinary forms of writing, including technical and professional writing, in academic and non-academic settings. Prereq: ENGL 400.

ENGL 508. Seminar: English Literature 1550-1660. 3 Units.
Prereq: Graduate standing.

ENGL 510. Research Methods. 3 Units.
This course focuses on methods and resources for research in English, including substantial treatments of narrative, poetics, and close-reading skills. It also introduces graduate students to questions of textuality, genre, medium, authorship, reception, historiography, and bibliography. Prereq: Graduate standing or permission of instructor.

ENGL 517. Seminar: American Literature. 3 Units.
Prereq: Graduate standing.

ENGL 518. Seminar: English Literature 1660-1800. 3 Units.
Prereq: Graduate standing.

ENGL 519. Seminar: English Literature 1800-1900. 3 Units.
Prereq: Graduate standing.

ENGL 520. Seminar: 20th Century Literature. 3 Units.
Prereq: Graduate standing.

ENGL 521. Seminar: The Novel. 3 Units.
Prereq: Graduate standing.

ENGL 522. Seminar: Topics in Poetry. 3 Units.
Prereq: Graduate standing.

ENGL 524. Seminar: Criticism and Other Special Topics. 3 Units.
Prereq: Graduate standing.

ENGL 525. Intellectual Property and the Construction of Authorship. 3 Units.
Study of the concepts, laws, norms, and practices through which writers and other creative producers establish "property" in their work. Offered as ENGL 525 and HSTY 525. Prereq: ENGL 400.

ENGL 550. External Seminar. 3 Units.
Coursework offered in cooperation with participating English departments in the region; content and approach vary. Requires prior approval of the Graduate Director.

ENGL 590. Special Reading or Research. 3 Units.
Independent study as arranged with individual instructors. Prereq: Graduate status or consent of department.

ENGL 601. Directed Reading. 1 - 6 Unit.
Preparation for the Ph.D. general examination. Prereq: Graduate status.

ENGL 651. Thesis M.A.. 1 - 18 Unit.
Prereq: Graduate standing.

ENGL 701. Dissertation Ph.D.. 1 - 18 Unit.
Prereq: Predoctoral research consent or advanced to Ph.D. candidacy milestone.

Department of Earth, Environmental, and Planetary Sciences

The earth, environmental and planetary sciences encompass a wide range of inquiries into the physical, chemical, and biological processes that shape the earth and the planets. Application of these inquiries to understanding a planet’s evolution through time is a unique attribute of geological investigations. Knowledge of the past and present reveals the constraints of our environment and serves as a guide for the future.

In recent years, significant advances have been made in the understanding of plate tectonics, properties of the earth’s interior, the nature of surface and near-surface processes, the history of the earth’s climate, the ecology of living and ancient organisms, and the comparative geology of other planets. Geologic knowledge is fundamental to resource conservation, land use planning, environmental geochemistry, hydrology, engineering construction works, and other environmental concerns.

Department faculty focus their research in three areas: surficial processes, planetary materials, and geochemistry. The department offers degree programs leading to the Bachelor of Arts (BA) and Bachelor of Science (BS) in geological sciences, BA in environmental geology, BA in environmental studies, Master of Science (MS), and Doctor of Philosophy (PhD). The Environmental Studies Program (p. 429) is described elsewhere in this bulletin.

Undergraduate Programs

Majors

Students in earth, environmental, and planetary sciences obtain a solid background in basic science and mathematics as well as intensive training in the major. In addition, because of the wide variety of ways in which geologic knowledge can be applied, all students are encouraged to take electives in subjects appropriate to their personal objectives, which may range from the engineering applications of geology to the socioeconomic and legal systems bearing on environmental issues. The undergraduate programs stress practical experience and fieldwork as well as classroom study. The environmental geology major combines courses in geological sciences with courses in basic and applied sciences to provide students with an understanding of environmental problems, with employable skills, and with a background for graduate study or professional school.

All students participate in a three-semester Senior Project sequence in which they propose a research project, conduct the research, write a thesis, and present it to the department.

Geological Sciences Major

Required courses:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EEPS 100</td>
<td>Introduction to Geology in the Field</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EEPS 110</td>
<td>Physical Geology</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EEPS 115</td>
<td>Introduction to Oceanography</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EEPS 119</td>
<td>Geology Laboratory</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EEPS 210</td>
<td>Historical Geology/Paleontology</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EEPS 301</td>
<td>Stratigraphy and Sedimentation</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>EEPS 315</td>
<td>Structural Geology and Geodynamics</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EEPS 317</td>
<td>Introduction to Field Methods</td>
<td>3</td>
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Environmental Geology Major

Required courses:

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<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EEPS 110</td>
<td>Physical Geology</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>EEPS 119</td>
<td>Geology Laboratory</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>EEPS 210</td>
<td>Historical Geology/Paleontology</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EEPS 220</td>
<td>Environmental Geology</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>EEPS 303</td>
<td>Environmental Law</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>or EEPS 202</td>
<td>Global Environmental Problems</td>
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<tr>
<td>EEPS 305</td>
<td>Geomorphology and Remote Sensing</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EEPS 317</td>
<td>Introduction to Field Methods</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EEPS 321</td>
<td>Hydrogeology</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EEPS 390</td>
<td>Introduction to Geological Research</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EEPS 391</td>
<td>Senior Project</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EEPS 392</td>
<td>Professional Presentation</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
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</table>

Nine hours of EEPS electives (three additional courses at the 200 level or higher which relate to the science or societal implications of environmental concerns. Must be approved by department advisor.)

Additional Required Courses

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>BIOL 114</td>
<td>Principles of Biology</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CHEM 105</td>
<td>Principles of Chemistry I</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CHEM 106</td>
<td>Principles of Chemistry II</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CHEM 113</td>
<td>Principles of Chemistry Laboratory</td>
<td>2</td>
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<tr>
<td>ESTD 101</td>
<td>Introduction to Environmental Thinking</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>STAT 201</td>
<td>Basic Statistics for Social and Life Sciences</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MATH 125</td>
<td>Math and Calculus Applications for Life, Managerial, and Social Sci I</td>
<td>4</td>
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<tr>
<td>or MATH 121</td>
<td>Calculus for Science and Engineering I</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MATH 126</td>
<td>Math and Calculus Applications for Life, Managerial, and Social Sci II</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>or MATH 122</td>
<td>Calculus for Science and Engineering II</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PHYS 115</td>
<td>Introductory Physics I</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>or PHYS 121</td>
<td>General Physics I - Mechanics</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>or PHYS 123</td>
<td>Physics and Frontiers I - Mechanics</td>
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<tr>
<td>PHYS 116</td>
<td>Introductory Physics II</td>
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<td>or PHYS 122</td>
<td>General Physics II - Electricity and Magnetism</td>
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<tr>
<td>or PHYS 124</td>
<td>Physics and Frontiers II - Electricity and Magnetism</td>
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Total Units: 70

EEPS 360 Summer Field Camp provides comprehensive field training in the summer between the junior and senior years (this course necessitates transfer credit, which must be approved by the department).

Environmental Geology Major

Environmental Geology Major

Graduate Programs

Graduate programs leading to the Master of Science and Doctor of Philosophy degrees are offered. Both programs are flexible so as to meet the needs of the individual student. General areas of study include aquatic systems, aquatic and groundwater chemistry, environmental geochemistry, benthic ecology, biostatigraphy and paleontology, environmental and urban geology, geomorphology, limnology, paleoclimatology, petrology, sedimentary geochemistry, sedimentation and stratigraphy, stable isotope studies, meteoritics, planetary materials, geodynamics of planetary interiors, and planetary geology. More specific information is available from the departmental office, the departmental Web page, and the Office of Admission of the School of Graduate Studies.

Facilities

The department’s research facilities include thin sectioning and mineral separation facilities; laboratories for chemical analysis of water, including an ion chromatograph, colorimetric spectrometer, atomic absorption spectrophotometer, electrochemistry equipment, and an environmental glove box; alpha and gamma spectroscopic facilities for analysis of environmental nuclides; equipment for studying animal-sediment relations, including a scanning gamma spectrometer; scanning electron microscope; electronic microprobe; chemical reactors and a diamond anvil.
press for high-temperature and high-pressure geochemical experiments; and high-speed computing equipment.

Also housed in the department are laboratories for paleontological and micropaleontological investigations and for work in ecology and sedimentology. A well-field owned by the university is available for groundwater sampling and analysis.

The department also contains a wide range of other equipment, such as reflected and transmitted light microscopes, fluid inclusion microscope, cathodoluminescence microscope, submicron and clay-silt-sand particle size analyzers, high magnetic field mineral separator, X-ray diffractometer, and field equipment for groundwater and geophysical work, including resistivity meter, seismic refraction instrument, ground conductivity meter, magnetometer, and gravimeter and field equipment for soil and sediment sampling.

Department Faculty

James A. Van Orman, PhD  
(Massachusetts Institute of Technology)  
Professor and Chair  
Geochemistry

Ralph P. Harvey, PhD  
(University of Pittsburgh)  
Associate Professor  
Planetary geology

Steven A. Hauck, II, PhD  
(Washington University in St. Louis)  
Associate Professor  
Geodynamics

Zhicheng Jing, PhD  
(Yale University)  
Assistant Professor  
Mineral physics

Gerald Matisoff, PhD  
(Johns Hopkins University)  
Professor  
Sedimentary and environmental geochemistry

Peter L. McCall, PhD, JD  
(Yale University)  
Professor; Director, Environmental Studies Program  
Benthic ecology; paleoecology

Beverly Z. Saylor, PhD  
(Massachusetts Institute of Technology)  
Associate Professor  
Sedimentary geology

Peter J. Whiting, PhD  
(University of California, Berkeley)  
Professor and Associate Dean  
Geomorphology; surface water hydrology; environmental geology

Adjunct Faculty

Mulugeta Alene Araya, PhD  
(University of Turin/University of Genoa)  
Adjunct Associate Professor  
Structural geology

Carlo DeMarchi, PhD  
(Georgia Institute of Technology)  
Adjunct Assistant Professor  
Water resources

Andrew Dombard, PhD  
(Washington University in St. Louis)  
Adjunct Associate Professor; University of Illinois-Chicago  
Planetary geophysics

Joseph Hannibal, PhD  
(Kent State University)  
Adjunct Associate Professor; Cleveland Museum of Natural History  
Invertebrate paleontology

Michael Ryan, PhD  
(University of Calgary)  
Adjunct Associate Professor  
Vertebrate paleontology

David Saja, PhD  
(University of Pennsylvania)  
Adjunct Assistant Professor; Cleveland Museum of Natural History  
Mineralogy

Emeritus

Samuel M. Savin, PhD  
(California Institute of Technology)  
Jesse Earl Hyde Professor Emeritus of Geological Sciences and Dean Emeritus, College of Arts and Sciences  
Isotope geochemistry

Francis Stehli, PhD  
(Columbia University)  
Professor Emeritus  
Stratigraphy
Courses

EEPS 100. Introduction to Geology in the Field. 3 Units.
This 3-week field course will serve as an introduction to geology by looking at the land around us: glacial features, sedimentary rocks, and the structures they form when continents collide. We will travel by van to six different states and visit some famous rock outcrops and glacial features, collect from some of the best fossil localities in the world, investigate some environmental geology problems (hazardous waste disposal and groundwater pollution, landslides, mining benefits and costs), and see how the Appalachian mountains were made. The course is constructed, operated, and graded assuming no prior geologic experience. Students will have multiple opportunities to observe, measure, and interpret at the outcrop level, and work together to piece together the history of a region. Discussion will proceed from what is observed to what is interpreted/inferred to its regional/larger significance. The course is carried out mostly in the field away from Cleveland; tent camping and hiking are required. Course fee in addition to summer tuition rates.

EEPS 101. The Earth and Planets. 3 Units.
An examination of the geological processes that have shaped the planets and moons of the inner solar system, focusing on those with relevance to our own planet Earth. Following an introduction to the fundamentals of planetary geology, lectures and exercises will explore how the inner planets (the asteroids, Mercury, Venus, Earth, the Moon, and Mars) exhibit the effects of planetary differentiation, impact cratering, volcanic activity, tectonics, climate, and interactions with life.

EEPS 110. Physical Geology. 3 Units.
Introduction to geologic processes and materials that shape the world we live in. Hydrologic cycle and evolution of landscapes. Earthquakes, volcanoes, plate tectonics, and geologic resources. Students desiring laboratory experience should enroll in EEPS 119 concurrently.

EEPS 115. Introduction to Oceanography. 3 Units.
The sciences of oceanography. Physical, chemical, biologic, and geologic features and processes of the oceans. Differences and similarities between the oceans and large lakes including the Great Lakes. Required: Sunday field trip.

EEPS 117. Weather and Climate. 3 Units.
Introduction to the study of weather and climate. Covers the basics of meteorology, climate zones, the hydrologic cycle, and weather prediction. Lectures address timely topics including greenhouse warming, past global climates, and recent advances in meteorology.

EEPS 119. Geology Laboratory. 1 Unit.
Principles and techniques common to the geological sciences including rock and mineral identification, map interpretation, land form analysis, application of geological information to engineering works, and more. One three-hour laboratory or field trip weekly. Recommended preparation: EEPS 110.

EEPS 202. Global Environmental Problems. 3 Units.
Global Environmental Problems is a course designed to provide students with an understanding of, and an appreciation for, human-influenced environmental changes that are global in scope. Accordingly, much of the material will focus on the nature and structure of natural global systems, how and where in those systems human influences occur, and will delve deeply into a few particular problems and solutions of current interest, such as population growth, climate change, ozone depletion, and fisheries, from a variety of viewpoints. Offered as ESTD 202 and EEPS 202.

EEPS 210. Historical Geology/Paleontology. 3 Units.
History of life as recorded in sedimentary rocks. Case histories of important basins of deposition; the interrelationships of paleogeography, plate tectonics, and evolution. Two lectures and one laboratory weekly.

EEPS 220. Environmental Geology. 3 Units.

EEPS 225. Evolution. 3 Units.
Multidisciplinary study of the course and processes of organic evolution provides a broad understanding of the evolution of structural and functional diversity, the relationships among organisms and their environments, and the phylogenetic relationships among major groups of organisms. Topics include the genetic basis of micro- and macro-evolutionary change, the concept of adaptation, natural selection, population dynamics, theories of species formation, principles of phylogenetic inference, biogeography, evolutionary rates, evolutionary convergence, homology, Darwinian medicine, and conceptual and philosophical issues in evolutionary theory. Offered as ANTH 225, BIOL 225, EEPS 225, HSTY 225, and PHIL 225.

EEPS 301. Stratigraphy and Sedimentation. 3 Units.
Formation, distribution, and composition of sediments and sedimentary rocks. Modern depositional environments and their ancient analogues; principles of stratigraphic and biostratigraphic correlation. Two lectures and one laboratory per week. Offered as EEPS 301, EEPS 401

EEPS 303. Environmental Law. 3 Units.
Introduction to treatment of environmental issues in legal proceedings. Sources of environmental law, legal procedure, common law remedies (toxic torts and human health, nuisance, contract law), statutes and regulations, endangered species, public lands, toxics regulation, nuclear power, coal. The course employs the case method of reading and recitation of appellate judicial opinions. We read both classic cases in environmental law as well as current controversies. Offered as ESTD 303 and EEPS 303.

EEPS 305. Geomorphology and Remote Sensing. 3 Units.
Recognition and interpretation of land forms and their significance in revealing present and past geologic processes. Introduction to acquisition and analysis of data through aerial photography and satellite imagery. Two lectures and one laboratory weekly. Recommended preparation: EEPS 110 and EEPS 119. Offered as EEPS 305 and EEPS 405.

EEPS 307. Evolutionary Biology and Paleobiology of Invertebrates. 3 Units.
Important events in the evolution of invertebrate life; structure, function, and phylogeny of major invertebrate groups.

EEPS 315. Structural Geology and Geodynamics. 3 Units.
Theoretical analysis of deformation in earth materials, with illustrations of deformational styles in various tectonic settings and the dynamics of the Earth's interior. Recommended preparation: EEPS 110. Offered as EEPS 315 and EEPS 415.

EEPS 317. Introduction to Field Methods. 3 Units.
Practice in field procedures, recognition and testing of hypotheses in the field, field mapping and analysis of sedimentary, igneous, and metamorphic rocks in deformed and tectonically active settings. Weekly meeting plus spring break field trip. Students required to pay partial cost of meals, lodging, and travel. Offered as EEPS 317 and EEPS 417. Prereq: EEPS 119.
EEPS 318. Topics in Field Methods. 3 Units.
Field analysis of geological and environmental problems. Topics and locations will vary. Requires preparatory meetings and week-long field trip, usually during spring break. Students required to pay partial cost of meals, lodging, and travel. Recommended preparation: EEPS 119 or permission of instructor.

EEPS 321. Hydrogeology. 3 Units.
Basic and applied concepts pertaining to the occurrence and movement of groundwater. Definitions, basic equations, applications to a variety of geologic settings, wells. Requires one Saturday field trip to make field measurements, collect and analyze data, and prepare a report. Offered as EEPS 321 and EEPS 421.

EEPS 330. Geophysical Field Methods and Laboratory. 4 Units.
Use of seismic refraction and reflection, gravity, electrical, magnetic, and electromagnetic methods to infer the earth's structure and composition. Application of inverse theory to estimate model parameters. Requires students to make field measurements, analyze data, and prepare a report. Includes several required Saturday field trips. Offered as EEPS 330 and EEPS 430.

EEPS 336. Aquatic Chemistry. 4 Units.
Chemical equilibria occurring in natural waters. Quantitative methods of describing acid-base, metal ion/ligand, precipitation/dissolution, and oxidation/reduction reactions. Geochemical cycling of trace metals and nutrients. Offered as EEPS 336 and EEPS 436.

EEPS 340. Earth and Planetary Interiors. 3 Units.
Quantitative introduction to the composition, structure, dynamics, and evolution of Earth and other planets using principles of geophysics and geochemistry. Planetary formation and differentiation, composition and structure of Earth and planets, heat generation and heat flow, mantle convection and plate tectonics, planetary magnetism and core dynamics, chemical evolution of Earth and planets, extrasolar planets and super Earths. This course will be offered to both undergraduate students and graduates. In addition to the requirements for undergraduate students, graduate students will be asked to work on a small course project relevant to the subject of the course and submit a term paper based on this project by the end of semester. Offered as EEPS 340 and EEPS 440. Prereq: MATH 122 or MATH 126.

EEPS 341. Mineralogy. 4 Units.
Crystallography, hand specimen mineralogy and petrology, principles of crystal structure and crystal chemistry, elementary thermodynamics and phase diagrams, and an introduction to the petrographic microscope. Three lectures and one three-hour laboratory weekly. Recommended preparation: EEPS 119.

EEPS 344. Igneous and Metamorphic Petrology. 4 Units.
Composition, classification, and genesis of igneous and metamorphic rocks, emphasizing physical and chemical principles governing their origin. Laboratory study of rocks in thin section. Two lectures and two three-hour laboratories weekly. Prereq: EEPS 341.

EEPS 345. Planetary Materials. 1 - 3 Unit.
An introduction to the materials that make up the solid matter of the solar system. Student presentations will review our current understanding of accessible primitive materials such as meteorites, cosmic dust, lunar and ancient terrestrial rocks, and their relationship to modern natural materials and solar system processes. Offered as EEPS 345 and EEPS 445.

EEPS 349. Geological Problems. 1 - 3 Unit.
Special work arranged according to the qualifications of the student.

EEPS 350. Geochemistry. 3 Units.
Introduction to geochemistry. Properties of the elements, elemental and isotopic fractionation, element transport, geochemical systems, geochronology, mineral reactions, the solid Earth, Earth in the solar system. A quantitative approach to modeling geochemical processes will be emphasized throughout. Offered as EEPS 350 and EEPS 450.

EEPS 360. Summer Field Camp. 6 Units.
Six-week course in geologic field methods and mapping. Not offered at CWRU; must be taken at another college or university. Credits will be transferred.

EEPS 367. Topics in Evolutionary Biology. 3 Units.
The focus for this course on a special topic of interest in evolutionary biology will vary from one offering to the next. Examples of possible topics include theories of speciation, the evolution of language, the evolution of sex, evolution and biodiversity, molecular evolution. ANAT/ANTH/EEPS/PHIL/PHOL 467/BIOL 468 will require a longer, more sophisticated term paper, and additional class presentation. Offered as ANTH 367, BIOL 368, EEPS 367, PHIL 367, ANAT 467, ANTH 467, BIOL 468, EEPS 467, PHIL 467 and PHOL 467. Prereq: EEPS 225 or equivalent.

EEPS 390. Introduction to Geological Research. 3 Units.
Examination of factors in the selection, design, and conduct of research projects and in the analysis and interpretation of research results. Consideration of ethical issues in scientific research. Development of a written research proposal and oral presentation of proposed research. Consultations with department faculty in development of research proposal. Research initiation. Offered as EEPS 390 and EEPS 490. Counts as SAGES Departmental Seminar.

EEPS 391. Senior Project. 2 Units.
Research project required of all department majors, based on formal project proposals presented to department faculty. Proposals may be submitted prior to the semester in which EEPS 391 is taken. Grading based on project progress presentation that will include a statement of the problem, a literature review, a description of their field/lab work and presentation of their data collected to date. This course is the first of a 2-semester Senior Capstone (EEPS 391, 392) sequence. Recommended preparation: EEPS 390. Counts as SAGES Senior Capstone.

EEPS 392. Professional Presentation. 2 Units.
Preparation and presentation of final written and oral reports on individual Senior Projects. Class meetings focus on group discussion of problem areas in analysis and interpretation of project results, and in styles of writing poster and oral presentation as demonstrated by practice examples. This course is the second in a two-course (EEPS 391, 392) Senior Capstone sequence. Counts as SAGES Senior Capstone. Prereq: EEPS 390 and EEPS 391. Or Coreq: EEPS 390.

EEPS 394. Seminar in Evolutionary Biology. 3 Units.
This seminar investigates 20th-century evolutionary theory, especially the Modern Evolutionary synthesis and subsequent expansions of and challenges to that synthesis. The course encompasses the multidisciplinary nature of the science of evolution, demonstrating how disciplinary background influences practitioners' conceptualizations of pattern and process. This course emphasizes practical writing and research skills, including formulation of testable theses, grant proposal techniques, and the implementation of original research using the facilities on campus and at the Cleveland Museum of Natural History. Offered as ANTH 394, BIOL 394, EEPS 394, HSTY 394, PHIL 394, ANTH 494, BIOL 494, EEPS 494, HSTY 494, and PHIL 494.
EEPS 396. Undergraduate Research in Evolutionary Biology. 3 Units.

Students propose and conduct guided research on an aspect of evolutionary biology. The research will be sponsored and supervised by a member of the CASE faculty or other qualified professional. A written report must be submitted to the Evolutionary Biology Steering Committee before credit is granted. Offered as ANTH 396, BIOL 396, EEPS 396, and PHIL 396.

EEPS 401. Stratigraphy and Sedimentation. 3 Units.

Formation, distribution, and composition of sediments and sedimentary rocks. Modern depositional environments and their ancient analogues; principles of stratigraphic and biostratigraphic correlation. Two lectures and one laboratory per week. Offered as EEPS 301, EEPS 401.

EEPS 405. Geomorphology and Remote Sensing. 3 Units.

Recognition and interpretation of land forms and their significance in revealing present and past geologic processes. Introduction to acquisition and analysis of data through aerial photography and satellite imagery. Two lectures and one laboratory weekly. Recommended preparation: EEPS 110 and EEPS 119. Offered as EEPS 305 and EEPS 405.

EEPS 415. Structural Geology and Geodynamics. 3 Units.

Theoretical analysis of deformation in earth materials, with illustrations of deformational styles in various tectonic settings and the dynamics of the Earth's interior. Recommended preparation: EEPS 110 and EEPS 119. Offered as EEPS 315 and EEPS 415.

EEPS 417. Introduction to Field Methods. 3 Units.

Practice in field procedures, recognition and testing of hypotheses in the field, field mapping and analysis of sedimentary, igneous, and metamorphic rocks in deformed and tectonically active settings. Weekly meeting plus spring break field trip. Students required to pay partial cost of meals, lodging, and travel. Offered as EEPS 317 and EEPS 417.

EEPS 421. Hydrogeology. 3 Units.

Basic and applied concepts pertaining to the occurrence and movement of groundwater. Definitions, basic equations, applications to a variety of geologic settings, wells. Requires one Saturday field trip to make field measurements, collect and analyze data, and prepare a report. Offered as EEPS 321 and EEPS 421.

EEPS 425. Geotectonics. 3 Units.

Interpretation of the major crustal features of the earth in terms of plate tectonics and associated phenomena.

EEPS 430. Geophysical Field Methods and Laboratory. 4 Units.

Use of seismic refraction and reflection, gravity, electrical, magnetic, and electromagnetic methods to infer the earth's structure and composition. Application of inverse theory to estimate model parameters. Requires students to make field measurements, analyze data, and prepare a report. Includes several required Saturday field trips. Offered as EEPS 330 and EEPS 430.

EEPS 436. Aquatic Chemistry. 4 Units.

Chemical equilibria occurring in natural waters. Quantitative methods of describing acid-base, metal ion/ligand, precipitation/dissolution, and oxidation/reduction reactions. Geochemical cycling of trace metals and nutrients. Offered as EEPS 336 and EEPS 436.

EEPS 437. Chemistry of Natural Waters. 3 Units.

Advanced topics in aquatic chemistry. Thermodynamics models for ion/ligand speciation in natural waters; origin and composition of seawater, chemical and mineralogical sequence during evaporation, chemical weathering, groundwater and river water chemistry, chemical cycling and a global mass balances; perturbations on natural systems by man. Predictive capabilities of box models.

EEPS 440. Earth and Planetary Interiors. 3 Units.

Quantitative introduction to the composition, structure, dynamics, and evolution of Earth and other planets using principles of geophysics and geochemistry. Planetary formation and differentiation, composition and structure of Earth and planets, heat generation and heat flow, mantle convection and plate tectonics, planetary magnetism and core dynamics, chemical evolution of Earth and planets, extrasolar planets and super Earths. This course will be offered to both undergraduate students and graduates. In addition to the requirements for undergraduate students, graduate students will be asked to work on a small course project relevant to the subject of the course and submit a term paper based on this project by the end of the semester. Offered as EEPS 340 and EEPS 440. Prereq: MATH 122 or MATH 126.

EEPS 444. Flow and Sediment Transport. 3 Units.

This course focuses on open channel flow and sediment transport mechanics. A mathematical framework for the description of free surface flow and various modes of particle transport is built. This framework is used in discussions of geomorphic and sedimentologic processes and features. Specific topics covered include dimensional analysis, forces on settling particles, fluid flow, initiation of particle movement, bedload and suspended load transport and their calculation, and channel form.

EEPS 445. Planetary Materials. 1 - 3 Unit.

An introduction to the materials that make up the solid matter of the solar system. Student presentations will review our current understanding of accessible primitive materials such as meteorites, cosmic dust, lunar and ancient terrestrial rocks, and their relationship to modern natural materials and solar system processes. Offered as EEPS 345 and EEPS 445.

EEPS 450. Geochemistry. 3 Units.

Introduction to geochemistry. Properties of the elements, elemental and isotopic fractionation, element transport, geochemical systems, geochronology, mineral reactions, the solid Earth, Earth in the solar system. A quantitative approach to modeling geochemical processes will be emphasized throughout. Offered as EEPS 350 and EEPS 450.

EEPS 455. Isotope Geochemistry. 3 Units.

Principles and applications of naturally occurring variations of isotopic abundances in geologic, hydrologic, and biologic systems. Includes consideration of radioactive and radiogenic isotopes and their use in geochronology and as tracers; consideration of isotopic fractionations (especially of light stable isotopes), their thermodynamic and kinetic causes, and their use in understanding mechanisms and conditions of geologic processes and as tracers.

EEPS 467. Topics in Evolutionary Biology. 3 Units.

The focus for this course on a special topic of interest in evolutionary biology will vary from one offering to the next. Examples of possible topics include theories of speciation, the evolution of language, the evolution of sex, evolution and biodiversity, molecular evolution. ANAT/ANTH/EEPS/PHIL/PHOL 467/BIOL 468 will require a longer, more sophisticated term paper, and additional class presentation. Offered as ANTH 367, BIOL 368, EEPS 367, PHIL 367, ANAT 467, ANTH 467, BIOL 468, EEPS 467, PHIL 467 and PHOL 467.

EEPS 490. Introduction to Geological Research. 3 Units.

Examination of factors in the selection, design, and conduct of research projects and in the analysis and interpretation of research results. Consideration of ethical issues in scientific research. Development of a written research proposal and oral presentation of proposed research. Consultations with department faculty in development of research proposal. Research initiation. Offered as EEPS 390 and EEPS 490. Counts as SAGES Departmental Seminar.
EEPS 494. Seminar in Evolutionary Biology. 3 Units.
This seminar investigates 20th-century evolutionary theory, especially the Modern Evolutionary synthesis and subsequent expansions of and challenges to that synthesis. The course encompasses the multidisciplinary nature of the science of evolution, demonstrating how disciplinary background influences practitioners' conceptualizations of pattern and process. This course emphasizes practical writing and research skills, including formulation of testable theses, grant proposal techniques, and the implementation of original research using the facilities on campus and at the Cleveland Museum of Natural History. Offered as ANTH 394, BIOL 394, EEPS 394, HSTY 394, PHIL 394, ANTH 494, BIOL 494, EEPS 494, HSTY 494, and PHIL 494.

EEPS 503. Seminar: Geomorphology/Glacial Geology. 1 Unit.

EEPS 504. Seminar: Geochemistry. 1 Unit.

EEPS 506. Seminar in Geophysics. 1 - 3 Unit.
Selected topics in geophysics: advanced research issues, classical papers, current state of the field, advanced techniques. Course content will vary depending on interests of students and faculty.

EEPS 509. Seminar: Graduate Research. 1 Unit.

EEPS 511. Special Readings in Geology. 1 - 6 Unit.
Detailed study of a selected topic in geology under the guidance of a faculty member.

EEPS 512. Special Readings in Geology. 1 - 6 Unit.
Detailed study of a selected topic in geology under the guidance of a faculty member.

EEPS 601. Special Problems and Research. 1 - 18 Unit.
(Credit as arranged.)

EEPS 651. Thesis M.S.. 1 - 18 Unit.
(Credit as arranged.)

(Credit as arranged.) Prereq: Predoctoral research consent or advanced to Ph.D. candidacy milestone.

Department of History

The Department of History offers comprehensive undergraduate and graduate programs in all fields of history, with particular strengths in American history; the history of science, technology, environment, and medicine; and social history and policy. Historical studies are sometimes categorized among humanistic studies and sometimes among the social sciences. Allied with both traditions, historians seek an understanding of the past by analyzing societies and how they change over time.

The Department of History offers instruction within the customary frameworks that have formed the basis of historical studies, and it also has developed special emphases in social, cultural, political, and economic perspectives that allow instruction and research on such topics as the African-American experience, the environment, business and economy, technology and science, medicine, women's history and gender studies, legal history, and comparative social history. Courses in history, or a formal major or minor in history, traditionally have been attractive to students as preparation for a wide variety of career and professional interests, including teaching, law, government, and journalism, and such public history activities as archival administration, historical museum administration, restoration and preservation of historic sites, and writing.

Facilities

Case Western Reserve University, the other institutions in University Circle, and the Cleveland area in general offer excellent facilities for historical research. These facilities are especially strong in the fields of social history and policy and in the history of medicine, health care, nonprofit organizations, technology, and science. The university library's extensive collections in these fields are significantly augmented by the holdings of the nationally ranked Allen Memorial Library in the history of medicine and health care, and of the equally distinguished Western Reserve Historical Society in regional economic, social, nonprofit, ethnic, African-American, and Jewish history. Both the Allen Memorial Library and the Western Reserve Historical Society library are adjacent to the campus. The Cleveland Public Library, just five miles from campus in downtown Cleveland, is the third largest public library in the U.S.; it maintains excellent research collections in Ohio, U.S., and British history, technology, and business. The university has also pioneered the development of electronic connections to other libraries and to research resources in general; Ohio's many colleges and universities have one of the nation's leading interlibrary loan programs.

Undergraduate Programs

Major

The history major may be elected in one of two formats: the regular major or the teacher licensure major.

Regular Major

The regular major requires a minimum of 30 hours in history courses, including:

- HSTY 112 Introduction to American History 3
- HSTY 113 Introduction to Modern World History 3
- HSTY 250 Issues and Methods in History 3
- HSTY 398 Senior Research Seminar 3

The major also requires six additional courses in history, four of which must be agreed upon in consultation with the departmental advisor to form a coherent field of historical inquiry. All majors are encouraged to take at least two courses focused in geographical areas outside of Europe and the United States. With permission, one course in a related discipline outside of the history department may be accepted towards the requirements of the major.

Teacher Licensure Major

The teacher licensure major requires 30 hours of history, including the same four courses required for the regular major and a minimum of six semester hours in each of three focus areas: United States history, world/European studies, and Asian, African, and Latin American studies. Candidates for teacher licensure (Integrated Social Studies, Adolescents and Young Adults) must also take courses in economics, political science, and sociology (9 hours) and 35 hours in education courses, culminating in student teaching. Students interested in pursuing this option should confer with the department’s undergraduate advisor. See the Teacher Licensure (p. 453) section in this bulletin.

Subject area requirements:

- HSTY 112 Introduction to American History 3
- HSTY 113 Introduction to Modern World History 3
- HSTY 250 Issues and Methods in History 3


History and HSTY 113 Introduction to Modern World History (history core courses) and three additional courses, chosen in consultation with the departmental advisor; these courses must form a coherent field of historical inquiry.

Advanced Placement Credit

Students with Advanced Placement (AP) scores of 5 or better will receive three semester hours of college credit, applicable to the total number of credits required for graduation as well as to any major, minor, or sequence in history. AP credit may not be applied to the HSTY 112 Introduction to American History and HSTY 113 Introduction to Modern World History core courses. Credit by way of AP examination in U.S. history is given for HSTY 256 American Political History or in European history for HSTY 212 Modern European History.

Graduate Programs

The Department of History offers both the MA and the PhD in history. Many, but not all, of our PhD students work within one of the department’s two focused PhD programs: (1) Social History and Policy, and (2) History of Science, Technology, Environment and Medicine. In practice, these two programs are often closely related. The department also joins with the Law School to offer an MAJD dual-degree program. Applicants for graduate degrees in history must submit transcripts from all previous undergraduate, graduate, and professional study; scores on the GRE or a comparable standardized test; three letters of recommendation; application essays; and a writing sample.

Master of Arts

The MA in history requires 27 hours of course work, including 6 hours of carefully supervised work on a master’s thesis (a work of original research based on primary sources). For the joint JD/MA program, students must be admitted to both the history graduate program and the law school. They can earn the degree in either three and one-half years or three years and two summers of study, completing a total of 106 hours (including double credits of up to nine hours).

Doctor of Philosophy

Students are admitted into the history department’s graduate programs with or without a master’s or professional degree. Students who do not have a master’s degree in history will generally be required to complete that degree in the department before moving on to the PhD; those who have earned graduate or professional degrees closely related to their PhD programs may petition for direct admission to the PhD program. Students who first complete their MA in history at Case Western Reserve must complete an additional 24 hours of course work, pass the qualifying exams required by their program of study, and prepare a PhD dissertation while enrolling in at least 18 hours of supervised dissertation-writing work. Students who have completed their master’s-level work before coming to Case Western Reserve must complete at least 24 hours of course work before taking their qualifying exams and proceeding to their dissertation. All PhD students are required to take:

HSTY 470 Historiography, Method, and Theory 3
HSTY 476 Seminar in Comparative History 3
HSTY 479 Historical Research and Writing 3

Social History and Policy Program (SHP)

The Social History and Policy Program is designed to prepare students for careers either as analysts and administrators of social policy or as teachers and researchers in colleges and universities. The program

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### Integrated Graduate Studies

The Department of History participates in the Integrated Graduate Studies (IGS) Program (p. 563). Interested students should note the general requirements and procedures of the School of Graduate Studies, but they must also consult the departmental advisor about the specific requirements, guidelines, and opportunities for IGS in history.

### Minor

A minor in history is available to all undergraduate students. It consists of 15 hours in history, including HSTY 112 Introduction to American History and HSTY 260 U.S. Slavery and Emancipation.

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### Department of History Courses

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>HSTY 398</td>
<td>Senior Research Seminar</td>
<td>3</td>
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<td>Two of the following:</td>
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<td>6</td>
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<tr>
<td>HSTY 152</td>
<td>Technology in America</td>
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<td>HSTY 206</td>
<td>Ancient and Medieval Spain: Prehistory to 1492</td>
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<tr>
<td>HSTY 256</td>
<td>American Political History</td>
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<td>HSTY 257</td>
<td>Immigrants in America</td>
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<tr>
<td>HSTY 260</td>
<td>U.S. Slavery and Emancipation</td>
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<tr>
<td>HSTY 262</td>
<td>African-American History Since 1945</td>
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<tr>
<td>HSTY 325</td>
<td>U.S. Politics, Culture, and Society: 1790-1860</td>
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<td>Women in American History I</td>
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<td>HSTY 355</td>
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<td>HSTY 151</td>
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<td>The Medieval World, 300-1500</td>
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<td>History of 19th Century Germany</td>
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<td>HSTY 135</td>
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<td>History of Modern Mexico</td>
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<td>HSTY 383</td>
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<td>SOCI 101</td>
<td>Introduction to Sociology</td>
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<td>SOCI 113</td>
<td>Critical Problems in Modern Society</td>
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<td>Race and Ethnic Minorities in American Society</td>
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<td>SOCI 310</td>
<td>The Individual in Society</td>
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Total Units 36

(With advisor approval, the sociology requirement may be met with HSTY 262 African-American History Since 1945 or HSTY 325 U.S. Politics, Culture, and Society: 1790-1860, and the political science requirement may be met with HSTY 256 American Political History.)
defines social policy broadly to include not only welfare, family and juvenile matters, aging, health care, and medicine, but also education, urban history, environmental history, cultural policies regarding museums, libraries and similar agencies, and labor. The program recognizes that social policies are made and put into practice by private, nonprofit organizations and through legal institutions as well as through federal, state, and local legislatures and executives.

Entry into the program does not require an MA in history; several students have been admitted with JD, MSW, library science, or other degrees. However, the program often requires students with limited backgrounds in U.S. history to take extra course work.

More tightly structured than the traditional PhD, the Social History and Policy Program requires 18 hours of course work (and possibly additional hours to prepare for examinations); qualifying examinations in U.S. history and in the history of social policy; a cognate field, and a dissertation. The program also includes an option for the student to complete a policy-related internship. In the past, internships have been conducted with the Cleveland Federation for Community Planning, the Interchurch Council of Greater Cleveland, the Bureau of Jewish Education, the Sisters of Charity of St. Augustine, and the Hathaway Brown School.

**History of Science, Technology, Environment and Medicine Program (STEM)**

The History of Science, Technology, Environment and Medicine Program was established in 1961 as the first in the nation to emphasize the history of technology as well as the history of science. The program’s areas of particular strength include the social and cultural history of technology, both American and European; technology and science policy; the history of the physical sciences since the Renaissance; gender issues in technology and science; the history of medicine; and the history of the environment. The course of study for the PhD includes the MA requirements, written and oral qualifying examinations, and a dissertation. While most graduates of the program teach at colleges or universities, others work in museums or archives or deal with science policy questions.

**General PhD Program**

In addition to the specialized SHP and STEM programs, the Department of History also offers a general PhD in history, allowing students to specialize in any geographical, temporal, or topical area of history adequately covered by department faculty. In the past, this general program has been largely restricted to students pursuing topics in U.S. history (including American women's history, African-American history, U.S. cultural history, and the history of social movements), but the gradual expansion of the department now allows us to support PhD work in certain comparative or non-U.S. fields. All prospective graduate applicants are strongly encouraged to examine the research specialties of department faculty before applying to the program.

**Department Faculty**

Jonathan Sadowsky, PhD  
(Johns Hopkins University)  
*Theodore J. Castele Professor; Associate Professor and Chair*  
Medical history; African history; comparative history

Molly W. Berger, PhD  
(Case Western Reserve University)  
*Instructor; Associate Dean, College of Arts and Sciences*  
History of technology; U.S. cultural history; nineteenth and twentieth centuries

John Broich, PhD  
(Stanford University)  
*Associate Professor*  
British history; British Empire; environmental history; history of public health

Daniel Cohen, PhD  
(Brandeis University)  
*Associate Professor*  
Colonial America; U.S. cultural history

Ananya Dasgupta, PhD  
(University of Pennsylvania)  
*Assistant Professor*  
History of Modern South Asia; secularism in South Asia; gender and community in South Asia

John H. Flores, PhD  
(University of Illinois at Chicago)  
*Climo Junior Professor; Assistant Professor*  
Mexican American history; immigration; labor

Jia-Chen Fu, PhD  
(Yale University)  
*Assistant Professor*  
Qing and 20th-century China; history of medicine; history of the body

Jay Howard Geller, PhD  
(Yale University)  
*Samuel Rosenthal Professor of Judaic Studies; Associate Professor*  
Jewish history, modern European history, modern German history

David C. Hammack, PhD  
(Columbia University)  
*Hiram C. Haydn Professor of History*  
American social and urban history; economic history; history of civil society and philanthropy

Marixa Lasso, PhD  
(University of Florida)  
*Associate Professor*  
Latin American and Caribbean history; race and nationalism; urban history

Kenneth F. Ledford, PhD, JD  
(Johns Hopkins University; University of North Carolina)  
*Associate Professor*  
Modern German history; Modern European history; European legal history; history of the professions

Miriam R. Levin, PhD  
(University of Massachusetts, Amherst)  
*Professor*  
History of industrial societies and cultures; history of modern France; women in science
Alan Rocke, PhD
(University of Wisconsin, Madison)
*Distinguished University Professor and Henry Eldridge Bourne Professor of History*
History of science; science, technology, and society

Renée M. Sentilles, PhD
(College of William and Mary)
*Associate Professor*
American women's history; U.S. cultural history; American studies; children's studies

Peter Shulman, PhD
(Massachusetts Institute of Technology)
*Assistant Professor*
History of science, technology and American politics; environmental history and the history of energy; United States foreign relations

Theodore L. Steinberg, PhD
(Brandeis University)
*Adeline Barry Davee Distinguished Professor of History*
U.S. environmental and legal history

Gillian L. Weiss, PhD
(Stanford University)
*Associate Professor, and Director of Undergraduate Studies*
Early modern France; comparative slavery; the Mediterranean

Rhonda Y. Williams, PhD
(University of Pennsylvania)
*Associate Professor; Director, CWRU Social Justice Institute; Director, Postdoctoral Fellowship in African American Studies*
African American history; U.S. social history

John Grabowski, PhD
(Case Western Reserve University)
*Krieger-Mueller Joint Professor in History*
United States history; immigration and ethnicity; local history

Gladys Haddad, PhD
(Case Western Reserve University)
*Adjunct Professor; Director, Regionally Speaking*
American studies; women's education

Bernard Jim, PhD
(Case Western Reserve University)
*Part-time Lecturer and SAGES Fellow*
19th- and 20th-century US history; American history of science and technology; gender; methodology

Elizabeth Todd, PhD
(The Ohio State University)
*Part-time Lecturer*
Medieval history; Reformation Europe

John Vacha, MA
(Case Western Reserve University)
*Adjunct Assistant Professor; Director, History Day*
Theater history

**Courses**

**HSTY 110. Introduction to US History for International Students. 3 Units.**
This course offers an introduction to U.S. history for international and other students who have not studied U.S. history in secondary school. The course will emphasize topics relevant to understanding how change over the past 250 years has shaped the diversity of the people, the development of the economy, and the government and politics, and the international position of the U.S. as they exist today. Students will read a mix of classic short historical documents, quantitative analyses, and interpretations by historians and social scientists. With respect to the peopling of the U.S. the course will consider the native populations of North America and the movements of people from Europe, Africa, Central America, and Asia, as well as the history of movement and interactions of people within the U.S.: the course will pay particular attention to slavery, segregation, and to changes in American households and families. With respect to economic affairs, the course will consider the history of economic growth, the development of business firms and other key economic institutions, and the question of distribution -- of changes in wealth and poverty. With respect to government and politics, the course will consider the implications of the U.S. Constitution (including its emphasis on the separation of powers, federalism, "republican" values, private property, and the Bill of Rights) for the powers of the federal and state governments; the course will also consider the development and current roles of political parties in the U.S. With respect to international relations, the course will focus on the long-term expansion in U.S. engagement with the rest of the world, and on current challenges to the U.S. position. These topics attract deep and continuous debate; the aim of the course is to introduce students to the best current knowledge, and the most influential debates, about them.

**HSTY 112. Introduction to American History. 3 Units.**
History of the United States from the first settlements to the present. Emphasis on themes such as political and social revolution, slavery and race relations, industrialism, and national cultures.
HSTY 113. Introduction to Modern World History. 3 Units.
The history of the nineteenth and twentieth centuries in global context. Emphasis on the forces that have created or shaped the modern world: industrialization and technological change; political ideas and movements such as nationalism; European imperialism and decolonization; and the interplay of cultural values. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

HSTY 117. Exploring American History Through Biography. 3 Units.
This discussion and lecture class uses various forms of biography to explore issues of American Identity throughout the course of American history. The class will discuss how certain biographies have created archetypal American identities, and how issues such as race, class, gender, sexuality, religion, and historical context have shaped the writing, reading and purpose of biography. The last third of the class will consider the process of "national memory," the way the United States has decide to remember its past. Here the "biography" is collective, and created by myriad strands of mass culture woven together to create a national mythology. We will explore the works of those striving to pull apart these different strands, and explore what these memories tell us about established national identity. Students will explore biographical process through their assignments, and consider such questions as: How do American biographies influence our understanding of what it means to be American? How does biographical medium affect the message? Can we accept biography as history? This course investigates biography as a constructed genre that comes in a variety of forms, including autobiography, biographical novels, oral histories, and film. Offered as AMST 117 and HSTY 117. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

HSTY 133. Introduction to Chinese History and Civilization. 3 Units.
This course explains the continuities and discontinuities in the history of China by stressing the development and distinctive adaptations of cultural, religious, and political patterns from the origins of the Chinese civilization to the present. By focusing on major cultural, socioeconomic, and political issues such as Confucianism, Buddhism, trade relations, imperialism, and intellectual discourse in the overall Asian context (with particular reference to Korea and Japan), we discuss the historical development of China and its situation on entering the 21st century. Taking into account the key historical events in the last century, we examine the emergence of China as a modern nation-state and the fundamental transformation of Chinese society in the postwar period. Offered as ASIA 133 and HSTY 133. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

HSTY 134. Introduction to Japanese History and Civilization. 3 Units.
This course provides an introduction to various aspects of Japanese civilization, from its origins to the present. By focusing on major cultural, socioeconomic, and political issues such as the adaptation and transformation of Confucianism, Buddhism, Shintoism, social structures, material culture, foreign relations, militarism, nationalism, and intellectual discourse in the overall Asian context (with particular reference to Korea and China), we discuss the historical development of Japan and the country's position on entering the 21st century. We examine the emergence of Japan as a modern nation-state and the fundamental transformation of its society in the post-war period. Offered as ASIA 134 and HSTY 134. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

HSTY 135. Introduction to Modern African History. 3 Units.
A general introduction to major themes in modern African history, with an emphasis on the nineteenth and twentieth centuries. Topics include oral tradition and narrative, economic structure and dynamics, religious movements, colonialism, nationalism, and the dilemmas of independent African states. Offered as ETHS 253A and HSTY 135. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

HSTY 136. Introduction to Latin American History. 3 Units.
This course provides an introduction to the historical and cultural development of Latin America, in an attempt to identify the forces, both internal and external, which shape the social, economic and political realities in present day Latin America. Beginning with its pre-Columbian civilizations, the course moves through the conquest and colonial period of the Americas, the wars of independence and the emergence of nation-states in the nineteenth century, and the issues confronting the region throughout the turbulent twentieth century, such as migration and urbanization, popular protest and revolution, environmental degradation, great power intervention, the drug trade and corruption, and the integration of the region into the global economy. Offered as ETHS 253B and HSTY 136. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

HSTY 137. Introduction to Modern South Asia. 3 Units.
This course will introduce students to the history of the region that today includes India, Pakistan and Bangladesh. The course will deal with the following themes: global trade between the Indian subcontinent and the West in the 17th century; the rise of the East India Company's dominance over the Indian subcontinent in the 18th century; the transformation of India into a colonial economy; social and religious reform movements of the 19th century; changing modalities of colonial rule after the transfer of governing power from the East India Company to the British Crown-in-Parliament; the emergence and trajectories of elite and popular anti-colonial nationalisms; the struggles of women, low status groups, and other minorities in the region; decolonization; and the partition of the subcontinent. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

HSTY 151. Technology in European Civilization. 3 Units.
The history of technology in ancient Mediterranean, medieval, and modern European society until the First World War. The course introduces students to the relationship between technology and its social, political, and cultural settings, and to the values invested in technology at significant historical moments. There will be visits to local industrial sites, architectural and engineering monuments, and the Cleveland Museum of Art.

HSTY 152. Technology in America. 3 Units.
Origins and significance of technological developments in American history, from the first settlements to the present. Emphasis on the social, cultural, political, and economic significance of technology in American history.
HSTY 157. Women's Histories in South Asia. 3 Units.
This course traces the history of women in South Asia from pre-colonial times to the present. Themes explored in the course will include (but not be limited to): the historical transformations of institutions shaping women's lives such as state, family, religious and legal traditions; the impact of colonialism, nationalism, and decolonization on women, as well as the history of women's movements in various parts of South Asia. As we acquaint ourselves with the vibrant historiography on women in South Asia, we will also examine the theoretical and methodological challenges involved in writing histories using the analytical lens of gender. While a significant portion of the readings will focus on South Asia, we will occasionally bring in insights from histories of women in other parts of the world to help develop comparative perspectives and evaluate the South Asian cases and examples within the broader field of women's history. Offered as HSTY 157 and WGST 257. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

HSTY 163. Modern Britain and Its Empire. 3 Units.
This lecture and discussion course covers the history of Britain at the height of its political and industrial power and the history of the expanding and contracting British Empire. Britain was a nation of great technological, economic, and military power, but it also experienced extraordinary stresses. Industrialization meant material prosperity for some, but hardship and dehumanization for others. Many questioned how overwhelming poverty and ignorance could be allowed to stand beside such vast affluence. And subjects of the British in India, Ireland, and elsewhere struggled for independence from an empire that claimed to bring freedom, reason, and equality. The British learned to their cost, too, that decolonization often meant being caught in the crossfire of ethnic rivals. This course will explore the many paradoxes of the history of the British at their most dominant. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

HSTY 193. The Ancient World. 3 Units.
Ancient Western history from the origins of civilization in Mesopotamia to the dissolution of the Roman Empire in the West. Offered as CLSC 193 and HSTY 193.

HSTY 201. Science in Western Thought I. 3 Units.
The development of Western thinking about the natural world and our relation to it, as part of culture, from pre-classical civilizations to the age of Newton.

HSTY 202. Science in Western Thought II. 3 Units.
The development of Western thinking about the natural world and our relation to it, as part of culture, from Newton to the modern age. HSTY 201 is not a prerequisite.

HSTY 203. Natural Philosophy I. 3 Units.
Historical and philosophical interpretation of some epochal events in development of science. Copernican revolution, Newtonian mechanics, Einstein's relativity physics, quantum mechanics, and evolutionary theory; patterns of scientific growth; structure of scientific "revolutions;" science and "pseudo-science." First half of a year-long sequence. Offered as HSTY 203 and PHIL 203.

HSTY 204. Introduction to the Nonprofit Sector. 3 Units.
The United States has by far the largest and most important "nonprofit sector" in the world, a sector consisting of voluntary non-governmental organizations that provide health care, education and social services as well as arts, religious, and advocacy activities. Using mostly primary sources, this course considers the significance of the nonprofit sector in the U.S., its advantages and disadvantages, its uses for different groups of Americans, and current trends. Students have the option of writing either a standard term paper, or a study of strategic challenges facing a contemporary nonprofit organization. Offered as HSTY 204 and HSTY 404. Counts as SAGES Departmental Seminar.

HSTY 206. Ancient and Medieval Spain: Prehistory to 1492. 3 Units.
This course focuses on the history of the Iberian peninsula from before the Roman conquest from the Iberians, Greeks, and Carthaginian settlements, through Roman, Visigothic, and Muslim rule to the conquest of Ferdinand and Isabella of the last non-Christian territory on the peninsula in 1492. The issues of conquest, frontier, cultural diversity, and change, tolerance, and intolerance will be examined. Offered as CLSC 206 and HSTY 206. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

HSTY 208. Social History of Crime. 3 Units.
This course explores the relationship between law and history in American society. It uses social history methodology to suggest new ways of understanding how the law works as a system of power to advance certain interests at the expense of less powerful groups. Emphasis is on issues of pressing concern to America's poor and working class, including the death penalty, abortion, rape, the war on drugs, and the prison industry.

HSTY 210. Byzantine World 300-1453. 3 Units.
Development of the Byzantine empire from the emperor Constantine's conversion to Christianity and founding of the eastern capital at Constantinople to the fall of Constantinople to Turkish forces in 1453. Offered as CLSC 210 and HSTY 210. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

HSTY 211. The Medieval World, 300-1500. 3 Units.
Medieval history and civilization from the fall of the Roman Empire to the age of the Renaissance. Interactions between medieval Europe and other Mediterranean and Eurasian cultures. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

HSTY 212. Modern European History. 3 Units.
The history of Europe from the late eighteenth century to the present. Themes include political upheavals and movements, as well as industrial, social, intellectual, and cultural changes. This course provides a solid foundation for those wishing to take more specialized courses in European history.

HSTY 215. Europe in the 20th Century. 3 Units.
The twentieth century has seen stupendous transformations in the internal structures of European politics, economics, society, and culture and in Europe's place in the world. This course traces Europe's transition from a continent of sovereign nation-states or empires ruled by monarchs with starkly hierarchical social structures, through wars, revolution, dictatorships, destruction, division, and destitution, to a conflicted present. The contradictory combination of peace, freedom, and pluralism combined with cultural critique of the very consumer society that has reduced conflict challenges students' linear notions of historical development. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.
HSTY 216. Vikings and Medieval Scandinavia. 3 Units.
A survey of the history of the Vikings and medieval Scandinavia, covering approximately the eighth to the tenth centuries AD. Topics explored include: causes of the "outbreak" and cessation of Viking expeditions, the role of the Vikings as raiders and/or traders in Western Europe, the role of the Vikings in the emerging states of Russia, Iceland and medieval Scandinavian law, the historicity of the saga literature, and Viking descendents--Normans and "Rus." Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

HSTY 218. Jews in Early Modern Europe. 3 Units.
This course surveys the history of Jews in Europe and the wider world from the Spanish expulsion through the French Revolution. Tracking peregrinations out of the Iberian Peninsula to the British Isles, France, Holland, Italy, Germany, Poland-Lithuania, the Ottoman Empire, and the American colonies, it examines the diverse ways Jews organized their communities, interacted with their non-Jewish neighbors, and negotiated their social, economic, and legal status within different states and empires. What role did Jews play and what symbolic place did they occupy during a period of European expansion, technological innovation, artistic experimentation, and religious and political turmoil? What internal and external dynamics affected Jewish experiences in the sixteenth, seventeenth, and eighteenth centuries? Through a selection of inquisitorial transcripts, government records, memoirs, and historical literature, we will explore topics such as persecution, conversion, messianism, toleration, emancipation, and assimilation. Offered as HSTY 218, JDST 218, and ETHS 218. Counts as SAGES Departmental Seminar. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

HSTY 219. Berlin in the Tumultuous 20th Century. 3 Units.
The tumultuous but short twentieth century began and ended with a united Germany, with Berlin as its capital. But in between, Berlin, and Berliners, experienced the extremes of the economic, technological, and cultural progress that the century brought, and the devastation, violence, division, and uncertainty that it also brought. This course, taught with Berlin as its laboratory, introduces students to the German tumult of the twentieth century. We will read about historical events and developments, and then visit the places where those events and developments occurred. We will address persistent questions, such as why and how did Hitler come to power; what was life like behind the Berlin wall; why is there a Forever 21 across from the Kaiser-Wilhelm-Memorial Church; how does one come to grips with a history like Germany’s in the twentieth century; and what has life been like for ordinary Berliner/innen. Students are welcome to take this course before they have any background or acquaintance with the German language, although the instructor expects students to be able to navigate independently in Berlin after he provides them with an introduction. German proficiency will enrich the student's experience in Berlin, and the instructor hopes that some of the students who enroll will already be pursuing the study of the German language. The instructor further hopes that students who have never before studies German language will be inspired to begin to learn German after they return to Case Western Reserve. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

HSTY 220. The Early Modern Mediterranean. 3 Units.
For centuries before Columbus crossed the Atlantic Ocean, travelers and traders, pirates and pilgrims, mercenaries and missionaries explored the contours of the Mediterranean Sea--and engaged in commerce, as well as religious, economic and military competition. If religion and ethnicity divided Muslims, Christians and Jews from Algiers to Athens, did shared geography, foodstuffs, and cultural values bind them together? This course examines the unity and diversity of this maritime region by considering the peoples, beliefs, commodities and diseases that circulated through it during the sixteenth, seventeenth, and eighteenth centuries. Does the early modern Mediterranean showcase a clash of civilizations or provide an enduring model for coexistence? Topics include merchant culture, diplomacy, honor and shame, slavery and colonization. Offered as ETHS 220, HSTY 220. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

HSTY 222. Becoming Ken Burns: An introduction to Public History. 3 Units.
This course focuses on the practice of public (applied) history in the United States. Its purpose is to familiarize students with the background (historical and contemporary) of the manners in which history is taught and used outside of the school or college classroom as well to familiarize them with potential careers in public history, including museum work; editing; documentary film production; and the growing business of "history for hire." This overview will be complemented by an examination of a number of major issues in public history including the debate as to whether it can be as authoritative and insightful as academic scholarship, and the potential influences of the marketplace and politics on the topical focus and accuracy of public history "products." The course combines lecture and seminar-style classroom sessions with a variety of assigned readings, site visits, and an examination of public history products ranging from documentaries to monuments and recreated historical "landscapes" in order to provide students with a theoretical and "actual" introduction to the field. All assignments and examinations will be structured as essays based upon readings, lectures, discussion, site visits, and independent research conducted by the student.

HSTY 224. Early Modern Europe. 3 Units.
Europe has not always existed. To find out who created it and when, this course will ask two fundamental questions: First, how did the geographic, linguistic, religious and ethnic characteristics of European identity develop over the course of the sixteenth, seventeenth and eighteenth centuries? Second, how did Europeans in this period influence other parts of the world? Through close readings of memoirs, treatises and chronicles, and discussions of secondary literature, we will explore the political, social, and religious history of Europe from roughly 1500 to 1800. Topics include: exploration and conquest; Protestant and Catholic re formations; witchcraft and popular culture; science and medicine; Enlightenment and Revolution. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

HSTY 225. Evolution. 3 Units.
Multidisciplinary study of the course and processes of organic evolution provides a broad understanding of the evolution of structural and functional diversity, the relationships among organisms and their environments, and the phylogenetic relationships among major groups of organisms. Topics include the genetic basis of micro- and macro-evolutionary change, the concept of adaptation, natural selection, population dynamics, theories of species formation, principles of phylogenetic inference, biogeography, evolutionary rates, evolutionary convergence, homology, Darwinian medicine, and conceptual and philosophic issues in evolutionary theory. Offered as ANTH 225, BIOL 225, EEPS 225, HSTY 225, and PHIL 225.
HSTY 228. African Americans and Internationalism, 1885-1960s. 3 Units.
This course explores the development and articulation of African American Internationalism from the formal advent of the colonial project with the Berlin Conference in 1884-1885 up through the early stages of African decolonization in the 1960s. Internationalism is defined here, especially as it relates to African Americans, as the sustained interest among governmental and non-governmental actors in promoting a foreign policy agenda that sought to impact events in the Diaspora and on the African continent itself. Using Africa, Asia and the Caribbean as case studies, this course will excavate the role of governmental and non-governmental actors such as the African American press, church, civil rights organizations, advocacy groups and diplomats in developing a viable African American foreign policy constituency. This course will stress the centrality of race, gender and transnationalism as central proponents in the development of black internationalism. This course will examine a number of global events and the roles played by African Americans in shaping the outcomes including the Berlin Conference (1885), the Spanish American War (1898), the Russo-Japanese War (1905), The Mexican Revolution (1910-1920), World War I (1914-1919), the Italo-Ethiopian War (1935), World War II (1939-1945), and the beginning of the formal decolonization of Africa with Ghanaian independence in 1957 and the subsequent challenges faced by various African countries in the early 1960s. The course will utilize biographies, case studies, and primary documents to examine these issues.

HSTY 231. Greek Civilization. 3 Units.
This course constitutes the first half of a year-long sequence on classical civilization. It examines the enduring significance of the Greeks studied through their history, literature, art, and philosophy. Lectures and discussion. (For the second course in the sequence, see CLSC 232 and HSTY 232.) Offered as CLSC 231 and HSTY 231.

HSTY 232. Roman Civilization. 3 Units.
The enduring significance of the Romans studied through their history, literature, art, and philosophy. Lectures and discussion. Offered as CLSC 232 and HSTY 232. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

HSTY 234. France and Islam. 3 Units.
This seminar examines French encounters with the Muslim world from the Middle Ages to the present. Over the last millennium, France has viewed Saracens, Moriscos, Turks, Berbers, and Arabs with admiration and fear, disdain and incomprehension. Between the eleventh and thirteenth centuries, French soldiers battled in the Holy Land; for several hundred years after that, France and the Ottoman Empire exchanged diplomats, traders and slaves. The colonial occupation of Algeria that began in 1830 ended violently in 1962. By then, the empire that struck back had also come home through large waves of immigration. Today, the social and economic status, religious affiliation, political significance and cultural impact of French citizens of North African descent are the subject of burning national debate. Taking a long view on Franco-Muslim relations, the course will explore such topics as the Crusades, Mediterranean piracy and captivity, Napoleon’s Egyptian campaign, the Algerian War of Independence, the “veil affair,” riots in the suburbs of Paris and World Cup soccer. Offered as ETHS 234, HSTY 234. Counts as SAGES Departmental Seminar. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

HSTY 235. Pirates in the Early Modern World. 3 Units.
From the Caribbean to Somalia, pirates have captivated the American imagination. Beyond examining images of heroic outlaws and bloodthirsty criminals in popular culture and current affairs, this course investigates maritime predators of the early modern period (16th-18th centuries). With a focus on the Mediterranean and the Atlantic--and forays into the Indian Ocean, the Red Sea and elsewhere--it considers the motivations and strategies of sea robbers and the responses of states. What, it asks, can Barbary corsairs, Dutch freebooters, Spanish “sea dogs,” and Catholic privateers, teach us about social rebellion, religious conflict, economic development, political authority, legal norms, naval power and imperial expansion? Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

HSTY 241. Inventing Public Health. 3 Units.
The core principle of this course is that public health is a concept that was formed in different ways at different times in different places. It had no existence as we know it before the nineteenth century, but course participants will learn how it grew out of an ancient tradition of the political elite’s concern that its subjects were a threat to them and the stability of the realm. Course participants will discover how, in the nineteenth century, it became a professional practice as we know it and realized advances in human health, longevity, and security perhaps greater than any made since. At the same time, the course will also cover how many of the assumptions of those that inaugurated public health were completely alien to present-day practitioners—even though in many ways it is a practice that helped inaugurate the modern world so familiar to us. Course participants will learn about the close relationship between public health agencies and agendas and various kinds of social authority: political power, moral influence, colonial power, and others. Ultimately, the aim of the course is to show participants that even though public health seems a supremely common sense practice, it had a highly contested birth and early life that was anything but natural or preordained. That complicated birth continues to shape public health to this day. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

HSTY 243. The Age of Prozac: Social and Cultural Aspects of Depression. 3 Units.
Although often experienced as an intensely individual, private, and painfully isolated affliction, depression has profound social and cultural dimensions. This course will neglect neither biological (neurochemical or genetic) perspectives, nor personal or psychological aspects, but will emphasize perspectives derived from history, anthropology, and sociology. While there may be tangential attention to bi-polar disorder (“manic depression”), the emphasis will be on unipolar depression. The course will conclude with an in-depth exploration of the rise of pharmaceutical treatments.

HSTY 246. People and the Land in Pre-Modern Europe. 3 Units.
This course explores the relationship between the peoples of Europe and their environments as Europe changed from a backwater of the Roman Empire into the seat of a number of globe-spanning empires. It examines how Europeans changed the land over time in order to derive resources, teach us about social rebellion, religious conflict, economic development, and the responses of states. What, it asks, can Barbary corsairs, Dutch freebooters, Spanish “sea dogs,” and Catholic privateers, teach us about social rebellion, religious conflict, economic development, political authority, legal norms, naval power and imperial expansion? Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.
HSTY 249. The Global Middle Ages: From Paris to Baghdad. 3 Units.
This reading-intensive course will explore the ways in which medieval thought was manifested in Christian and Islamic art, and discuss parallels, divergences, and convergences between the two visual cultures. Topics will include, but will not be limited to, medieval attitudes towards the body as manifested in illuminated manuscripts; art as a tool for religion and a vehicle for devotion; illustrations in herbarials and medical books; advances in architecture; literary themes translated into visual art; art created by and for women, and the image as an instrument for political thought and propaganda. While Christian and Islamic visual cultures are traditionally studied separately, this course will examine medieval culture as a whole, thereby providing the students with a distinctive educational experience. Offered as ARTH 249 and HSTY 249. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

HSTY 250. Issues and Methods in History. 3 Units.
A methodological introduction to historical research. Students use a variety of approaches to interpret and study historical problems. Specific topics and instructors normally vary from year to year.

HSTY 252A. Introduction to African-American Studies. 3 Units.
This course is designed to introduce students to the study of Black History, cultures, economics, and politics. Students will learn about the development of the field by exploring theoretical questions, methodological approaches, and major themes that have shaped the study of black people, primarily in the U.S. context. This is a seminar-style, discussion-based course that emphasizes critical analysis and expository writing. Offered as ETHS 252A and HSTY 252A. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

HSTY 254. The Holocaust. 3 Units.
This class seeks to answer fundamental questions about the Holocaust: the German-led organized mass murder of nearly six million Jews and millions of other ethnic and religious minorities. It will investigate the origins and development of racism in modern European society, the manifestations of that racism, and responses to persecution. An additional focus of the course will be comparisons between different groups, different countries, and different phases during the Nazi era. Offered as HSTY 254, RLGN 254, ETHS 254, and JDST 254. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

HSTY 256. American Political History. 3 Units.
From the origins of American politics in the colonial period to the present. The Revolution and Constitutional debate; presidential politics and leadership; voters and voting patterns; Congress and the courts. Emphasis both on the ideas that animated American politics and on the relation of politics to society.

HSTY 257. Immigrants in America. 3 Units.
Immigration to America has constantly reshaped the way the nation views itself. This course examines the overall history of immigration to the United States, but places that movement within a global context. It also pays particular attention to the roles that policy and technology have played in controlling or defining immigration to America. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

HSTY 259. Introduction to Latina/o Studies. 3 Units.
Interdisciplinary introduction to the basis for a Latina/o ethnicity through an exploration of commonalities and differences in the peoples of Latin American and Caribbean origin within the continental United States. Topics include methodological and theoretical formulations central to the field (e.g., racial, gender, and sexual formations, modes and relations of production and class, nation and transnation), history and contemporary issues of identity, family, community, immigration, and the potential for a pan-ethnic identity. Discussions will focus on major demographic, social, economic and political trends: historical roots of Latinas/os in the U.S.; the evolution of Latina/o ethnicity and identity; immigration and the formation of Latina/o communities; schooling and language usage; tendencies and determinants of socioeconomic and labor force status; discrimination, segregation and bias in contemporary America; racial and gender relations; and political behavior among Latinas/os. Offered as: ETHS 252B and HSTY 259. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

HSTY 260. U.S. Slavery and Emancipation. 3 Units.
Begins with the African encounter with Europeans during the emergence of the modern slave trade. Students are introduced to the documents and secondary literature on the creation and maintenance of slavery, first in colonial America, and then in the United States. The course concludes with the destruction of slavery. Offered as ETHS 260 and HSTY 260. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

HSTY 261. African-American History 1865-1945. 3 Units.
Explores the fashioning of a modern African-American culture between emancipation and the end of World War II. Emergence of a northern-based leadership, the challenge of segregation, emergence of bourgeois culture, the fashioning of racial consciousness and black nationalism, the shift from a primarily southern and rural population to one increasingly northern and urban, the creation and contours of a modern African-American culture, the construction of racial/gender and racial/class consciousness. Offered as ETHS 261 and HSTY 261. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

HSTY 262. African-American History Since 1945. 3 Units.
Completes the three-term sequence of the African-American history survey (although the first two courses are not prerequisites for this course). Explores some of the key events and developments shaping African-American social, political, and cultural history since 1945. Offered as HSTY 262 and ETHS 262. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

HSTY 266. Introduction to Asian American History. 3 Units.
This course provides an introduction to the history of Asians in the United States from the mid-19th century to the beginning of the 21st century. Through lectures, readings, films, and discussions, we will examine the continuities and changes in the experience of Asian Americans through three chronological periods: the first wave of immigration (mid-19th century to 1934), the period of exclusion and international conflict (mid-20th century), and the second wave of Immigration (post-1965). Key events covered include the passage of the Chinese Exclusion Act, the Philippine War, Japanese internment and World War II, the Asian American Movement, the murder of Vincent Chin, and labor organizing. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.
HSTY 270. Introduction to Gender Studies. 3 Units.
This course introduces women and men students to the methods and concepts of gender studies, women’s studies, and feminist theory. An interdisciplinary course, it covers approaches used in literary criticism, history, philosophy, political science, sociology, anthropology, psychology, film studies, cultural studies, art history, and religion. It is the required introductory course for students taking the women’s and gender studies major. Offered as ENGL 270, HSTY 270, PHIL 270, RLGN 270, SOCI 201, and WGST 201. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement. Prereq: ENGL 150 or passing letter grade in a 100 level first year seminar in USFS, F SCC, FSNA, FSSO, FSSY, FSTS, FSCS.

HSTY 272. Sports in America: From Play to Profit. 3 Units.
This course reviews the history of sports in America from the colonial period to the present. It gives particular attention to the evolution of sports as a major business and to the roles of gender, ethnicity, and race in the history of America sport, as well as to the emergence of sport as a major defining characteristic of America life and society. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

HSTY 278. Nineteenth-Century Europe. 3 Units.
This course examines the history of Europe during the so-called long nineteenth century, lasting from the French Revolution, which signaled the end of the Old Order, through World War I, which led to the end of the European primacy in the world. Major themes include decline of aristocratic hegemony, the emergence of new ideologies (especially nationalism, liberalism, and socialism), the rise of the bourgeoisie, culture in Europe's golden age, and increasing national rivalry and competition. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

HSTY 280. History of Modern Mexico. 3 Units.
This course explores the major issues that have influenced the formation of modern Mexico. This class is organized around three major themes. First, we will examine Mexican identity formation and its political implications. Second, we will assess Mexican life in relation to the development of the Mexican economy. Finally, we will survey how elite and popular forms of violence have affected Mexican society. Throughout the course, we will discuss the significance of the colonial heritage, regional distinctions, racial and gender stratification, and the creation and reconfiguration of various types of borders. Offered as HSTY 280 and ETHS 280. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

HSTY 285. Modern Japan. 3 Units.
This course introduces students to the many changes that characterize the social, political, economic, and intellectual history of modern Japan from the mid-19th century to the present. We discuss to what extent the Meiji state was built upon Japan’s “traditional” heritage, how modernization and Western influence were implemented in and perceived by society, and which factors led the government to adopt extreme imperialist and militarist policies in the early 20th century. Looking at the emergence of a new Japan after World War II, we focus on employment structures, mass culture, urbanization, gender roles, and social patterns in order to understand the transformation of modern Japanese society. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

HSTY 287. State, War, Drugs, and Coffee in Colombia: History of Modern Colombia. 3 Units.
This course will analyze the major forces that have shaped Colombian history from the 19th century to the present. Colombia is one of the largest and most fascinating countries in Latin America. It has been intricately linked to the U.S. market as a major coffee producer and, more recently, as a major supplier of illicit drugs. Colombia has always been one of the wealthier Latin American countries, and it has a high degree of electoral democracy. Paradoxically, however, Colombia has also experienced rather high levels of regionalism and political violence. This course seeks to explore the history of these paradoxes. It will situate Colombia’s contemporary conflicts within a larger historical perspective. Offered as ETHS 287 and HSTY 287. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

HSTY 288. Imperial China: The Great Qing. 3 Units.
This course is an introduction to the history of Imperial China, from the fall of the Ming Dynasty in 1644 to the creation of the Chinese republic in 1912. We will explore the major historical transformations (political, economic, social, and cultural) of the last imperial dynasty, the Qing (1644-1911), and develop an understanding of the major social, political, economic, and intellectual cultural forces shaping the formation of modern China. Contrary to commonly-held ideas in both West and in China that traditional Chinese society was timeless or stagnant, historians now see dramatic and significant changes during this period—to the economy, to gender relations, to religion, and to many other aspects of life. This course surveys the social, political, economic, and cultural history of this era, with emphasis on recent research. The main goals of the course will be to acquaint students with the key changes and to show the interplay between economic, social, and cultural changes on the one hand and political developments on the other. By the end of the semester you should have a good sense of how Chinese society was transformed over the course of the 17th through early 20th centuries. The topics we will discuss include urbanization and commerce; gender, family and kinship; education and the examination system; opium and free trade; and ethnicity and nationalism. Offered as ASIA 288 and HSTY 288. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

HSTY 289. Reform, Revolution, Republics: China 1895 to Present. 3 Units.
Completes a two-term sequence of the Chinese history survey, although HSTY 288 is not a prerequisite for this course. Beginning with the First Sino-Japanese War (1895), we review the historical development of intellectual discourse, public reaction, and political protest in later Imperial China through the creation of the People’s Republic in 1949 forward to contemporary times. In contrast to the conventional description of China from a Western point of view, this course tries to explain the emergence of modern China in the context of its intellectual, political, and socio-economic transformation as experienced by Chinese in the late 19th and into the 20th century. By discussing the influence of the West, domestic rebellions, and political radicalism, we examine how the Chinese state and society interacted in search for modernization and reforms, how these reforms were continued during the Republican period, and to what extent historical patterns can be identified in China’s present-day development. Offered as ASIA 289 and HSTY 289. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.
HSTY 292. Energy and Environment in American History 1750-2010. 3 Units.
This course uses the prism of energy to examine the history of the United States from the colonial period to the present. We will consider how energy has affected, and is affected by, American society, culture, science and technology, politics, diplomacy, and the environment. Four broad, thematic questions will recur throughout the semester. First, how has increasing energy use transformed American social life, the economy, and politics? Second, what are the relationships between energy consumption and environmental change? Third, what are the relationships between scientific discoveries, technological innovation and social change? And finally, how did the United States grow to be the largest consumer of energy in the history of the world? Addressing these questions will reveal the fundamental ways in which energy has shaped American history.

HSTY 293. History of Drugs. 3 Units.
This course will survey the rise and political, social, and cultural effects of drugs in modern societies with an emphasis on the late 19th and 20th century United States. First we will examine the global emergence and popularization of drugs as part of what David Courtwright has coined the “psychoactive revolution.” Then, we will narrow this broad lens by shifting our gaze to narcotics in the expanding U.S. nation. Specifically, we will examine the shifting demographics, nature of, and debates regarding narcotic consumption, regulation, and policy—and how these disparately affect and shape the lives of diverse populations. Finally, we will explore the human toll of narcotics in post-World War II culture and cities. Counts as SAGES Departmental Seminar.

HSTY 298. Departmental Seminar. 3 Units.
The Department of History Departmental Seminar. A topical course, emphasizing disciplinary forms of writing, it is recommended for students before the end of their junior years. The class will advance the goals of SAGES within the disciplinary context of history by focusing on close readings of texts, analytical writing, and intensive seminar-style classroom discussions. Counts as SAGES Departmental Seminar.

HSTY 299. Topics in History. 3 Units.
Subject matter will vary with instructor but will focus on some particular topic or historical approach. Course description available from departmental office.

HSTY 302. Ancient Greece: Archaic, Classical, and Hellenistic Periods. 3 Units.
The rise of Hellenic thought and institutions from the eighth to the third centuries B.C., the rise of the polis, the evolution of democracy at Athens, the crises of the Persian and Peloponnesian Wars, fifth-century historiography, the growth of individualism, and the revival of monarchy in the Hellenistic period. Offered as CLSC 302 and HSTY 302.

HSTY 303. History of the Early Church: First Through Fourth Centuries. 3 Units.
Explores the development of the diverse traditions of Christianity in the Roman Empire from the first through the fourth centuries C.E. A variety of New Testament and extra-Biblical sources are examined in translation. Emphasis is placed on the place of Christianity in the larger Roman society, and the variety of early Christian ideals of salvation, the Church, and Church leadership. Offered as HSTY 303 and RLGN 373. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

HSTY 304. Ancient Rome: Republic and Empire. 3 Units.
Growth and development of the Roman state from the unification of Italy in the early third century B.C. to the establishment of the oriental despotism under Diocletian and Constantine. The growth of empire in the Punic Wars, the uncertain steps toward an eastern hegemony, the crisis in the Republic from the Gracchi to Caesar, the new regime of Augustus, the transformation of the leadership class in the early Empire, and the increasing dominance of the military over the civil structure. Offered as CLSC 304 and HSTY 304.

HSTY 306. History of Museums: Theory and Reality. 3 Units.
This course is an intensive summer internship (10 hours per week) at the Western Reserve Historical Society, complemented by extensive readings in museum/archival theory and public historical perception. It is designed both to introduce students to museum/archival work and to compare theoretical concepts with actual museum situations. Interns will be assigned a specific project within one of the Society's curatorial or administrative divisions, but will have the opportunity to work on ancillary tasks throughout the Historical Society's headquarters in University Circle. Offered as HSTY 306 and HSTY 406.

HSTY 307. Development of Chemistry and Chemical Engineering. 3 Units.
The development of chemical ideas; theories of matter, composition, structure, and reaction; the application of chemistry and chemical theory from antiquity to the 20th century; all considered in social context. Recommended preparation: One year of college chemistry. Offered as: HSTY 307 and HSTY 407.

HSTY 309. Reformation Europe, 1500-1650. 3 Units.
Origins and development of Protestantism, the Catholic Counter-Reformation, and the interaction between secular power and religious identity in Christian Europe. Offered as HSTY 309 and RLGN 374. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

HSTY 310. The French Revolutionary Era. 3 Units.
Causes, progress, and results of the internal transformation of France from 1789 to 1815; impact of revolutionary ideas on other European and non-European societies.

HSTY 311. Seminar: Modern American Historiography. 3 Units.
This seminar examines the approaches that professional historians of the United States have taken to the writing of American history in the past fifty years, with emphasis on changes in historical concerns, master debates among historians, and contemporary interests. Topics covered include national politics and government, economic development, social history, the history of ethnicity, race, and gender, and foreign policy and international relations. Each student will read widely and will prepare a series of reports on selected books and authors. Offered as HSTY 311 and HSTY 411.

HSTY 315. Heresy and Dissidence in the Middle Ages. 3 Units.
Survey of heretical individuals and groups in Western Europe from 500 - 1500 A.D., focusing on popular rather than academic heresies. The development of intolerance in medieval society and the problems of doing history from hostile sources will also be explored. Offered as HSTY 315 and RLGN 315. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

HSTY 318. History of Black Women in the U.S.. 3 Units.
Chronologically arranged around specific issues in black women's history organizations, participation in community and political movements, labor experiences, and expressive culture. The course will use a variety of materials, including autobiography, literature, music, and film. Offered as ETHS 318, HSTY 318, and WGST 318.
HSTY 319. The Crusades. 3 Units.
This course is a survey of the history of the idea of "crusade," the expeditions of Western Europeans to the East known as crusades, the Muslim and Eastern Christian cultures against which these movements were directed, as well as the culture of the Latin East and other consequences of these crusades. Offered as HSTY 319 and RLGN 319. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

HSTY 320. Departmental Seminar: Alexander the Great. 3 Units.
This course is the Classics Departmental Seminar in the SAGES sequence, though it can also be taken for regular credit in Classics or History. The seminar on Alexander the Great is normally taken in the spring semester of junior year, and offers students a firm grounding in the diverse materials, methods, and approaches that can be brought to bear on the study of Greco-Roman antiquity and of its legacy up to today. Alexander's career is urgently relevant today for two primary reasons: the establishment of new forms of interaction between European,"western," and Asian,"eastern" civilizations; and the idea of global domination, wedding Greek and Asian as well as African (Egyptian) conceptions of rule and governance. Beyond the exploration of the ancient world of, or shaped by, Alexander, we will focus also on the reception of the historical figure, i.e., on the sometimes fantastic image of Alexander diffused in later epochs (Islamic, medieval) as well as on the more critical but often ideologically slanted early modern approach. Because of the expansion of the scope of the seminar (as of Alexander himself) beyond Europe and the critical examination of the traditional separation of East and West--or the three continents (Europe, Africa, and Asia) distinguished in antiquity--this course qualifies as a Global and Cultural Diversity course. Offered as CLSC 320 and HSTY 320. Counts as SAGES Departmental Seminar.

HSTY 321. The Archaeology of Iron Age Italy and Sicily, ca. 1000-300 BCE. 3 Units.
This course traces the early history and archaeology of the Italian peninsula and Sicily from ca. 1000 BCE to 300 BCE. During this period, the movement of people brought with a transfer of people, ideas, and culture (both social and material) that would transform the population and landscape of ancient Italy and Sicily. We will look first at Southern Italy and Sicily, where, from about 750 BCE, Greek and Phoenician colonists settled. We will examine the characteristics of Greek and Phoenician colonies and monuments, as well as the characteristics of the interactions between the new arrivals and the indigenous population, especially the Sikels. We will then examine how the Villanovan culture was supplanted by the Etruscans in west-central Italy. Through the close examination of the material culture we will address topics such as status, urbanization, religion and ritual, and the cultures of Italy and Sicily within the wider Mediterranean world. Finally, we will look at another movement of people and politics: the expansion of Roman hegemony throughout the peninsula. Numerous theories attempt to explain the effect Roman occupation had on the other populations. We will analyze critically these theories and look for ourselves on the numerous ways indigenous populations could respond to "foreign" occupiers and how the occupiers responded to the indigenes. We will "read" material culture almost like text, guided by concepts such as "style," "agency" and "habitus" among others. Through these lenses we will examine the archaeological material from multiple points of view (social, economic, religious, political). In turn, recent theoretical advances that seek to explain the processes of accommodation and emulation of, and resistance to, outside cultural influences will be looked at with a critical eye so that we can come away with fresh ideas about understanding what, and who, culture really is. Offered as CLSC 321 and HSTY 321.

HSTY 324. Issues in Indian and Southeast Asian Art. 3 Units.
This course covers topics in the history of India and neighboring regions with emphasis on connections with works in the Cleveland Museum of Art. Offerings include The Buddha Image, Murals and Manuscripts, The Hindu Temple, Krishna in Art and Literature, and the History of Mughal Painting. Lectures, discussions, and reports. Offered as ARTH 342, ARTH 442, and HSTY 324. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

HSTY 325. U.S. Politics, Culture, and Society: 1790-1860. 3 Units.
This is a survey of the history of the United States during the years between the Revolutionary era and the Civil War, exploring the transformation of American politics, religion, and culture, as well as the emergence of distinctive regional economies and social systems in the South, the Midwest, and the Northeast. It focuses especially on the emergence of the social institutions, patterns, and conflicts that still characterize the United States during the early twenty-first century. Particular attention is also paid to the experience of women and African Americans.

HSTY 327. Comparative Environmental History. 3 Units.
Environmental history is the study of how humans have influenced the environments around them and how the environment itself has influenced the course of human societies. This course provides students with the skill to identify and analyze these interactions. It introduces course participants to the main themes of environmental history literature and the driving questions guiding environmental history research by examining case studies drawn around the globe, including Pre-Columbian America, Medieval Japan, Colonial Africa, and Modern Germany. This course will help course participants recognize the important patterns and developments that have led to present day human-environmental relationships. Offered as HSTY 327 and HSTY 427. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

HSTY 328. Comparative Perspectives on Museum and Archive History and Practice. 3 Units.
Comparative Perspectives on Archives and Museum History and Practice is a distance learning based course shared with students at Bilkent University in Ankara, Turkey. The course focuses on a comparison of the history and development of archives and museums in the United States and in late Ottoman and Republican Turkey. Topics considered include the "ownership" of culture; state vs. private control of heritage; marketing of museums; and the impact of evolving technologies on the presentation and preservation of culture. Students work together via a shared, live lecture format. In addition to the instructor, museum and archive professionals from both the US and Turkey provide lectures and lead discussions during the semester. The primary intellectual product of the course is a final paper/project which compares the history, operational structure, and mission of a museum/archive in the US with a similar institution in Turkey. The paper/project is created by collaborative effort between a student at CWRU and one at Bilkent. Provided grant funding is available, the course may involve exchange visits to Turkey and the US. Offered as HSTY 328 and HSTY 428. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.
HSTY 329. Museums and Globalization. 3 Units.
Museums are everywhere contested spaces today. Historically designed as symbols of power, centers for research, agents of public education and community formation in Western industrial societies, they have become sites of development and cultural controversy on a global scale. From Cleveland and Paris to Nairobi and Dubai museums figure in urban redevelopment, national identity formation, conflicts between religion and science, and global tourism. Questions we will consider in this course: what are the fundamental features of museums as institutions? what ties have linked them to wider national and international communities of academics, NGO’s and business? to political, economic and social concerns? how do museums in Asia, Africa, the Middle East, and Latin America figure in the current international contention over heritage rights? This is an innovative course allowing students to collaborate on projects, engage with guest lecturers and access museums across the globe. The course is organized in three parts: Part I: National Identity Building and Museums; Part II: Museums and Identity Politics; Part III: Museums and Global Development. Offered as HSTY 329, ARTH 301, HSTY 429, and ARTH 401. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

HSTY 332. European International Relations 1789-1945. 3 Units.

HSTY 333. Reading Capital: Political Economy in the Age of Modern Industry. 3 Units.
Since its first publication in German in 1867, and its appearance in English in 1886, Karl Marx’s Capital: A Critique of Political Economy, Volume I, has occupied a seminal position in European thought. Beginning with the presuppositions of classical liberal political economy, Marx employed his technique of the materialist dialectic to unmask, in his view, the contradictions and structural limitations that the capitalist mode of production imposed upon capitalists and proletarians alike. Much mentioned, but seldom read, Volume I of Capital remains a crucial window into understanding the intellectual, economic, social, and cultural currents of the 19th century, and its impact extends into the 21st . This course consists of a close, directed reading of the entire text of this volume, combined with discussion, research, and coordinated exploration, so that students can bring this powerful critique to bear on their reading of history and economics in the modern era. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

HSTY 334. History of 19th Century Germany. 3 Units.
Examines the political, social, economic, and cultural history of Germany from the late eighteenth century to 1914. Explores the intellectual and social background to the rise of German liberalism and nationalism, the struggle with bureaucratic absolutism, the revolutions of 1848, industrial capitalism and the emergence of a class society, unification under Bismarck, the role of the state, culture, religion, and changes of mentality, the development of mass politics, and the coming of World War I. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

HSTY 335. History of 20th Century Germany. 3 Units.
Examines the tumultuous history of Germany from 1914 to the unification of the two Germanys in 1989-1990. From the totalizing and traumatic experience of World War I, through a failed revolution, the republican experiment of Weimar, the National Socialist dictatorship under Hitler and the divided Germany suspended between the superpowers, to the newly unified democratic Federal Republic. Examines the ways in which Germans have tried to reconcile the state to their society, economy, and individual lives. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

HSTY 336. The Struggle for Justice in Latin America. 3 Units.
This course looks at how indigenous peoples, women, students, workers, peasants, and Afro-Latin Americans struggled for justice in Latin America. It will study how notions of justice have changed from colonial times to the present. It will also examine how different sectors of Latin American society understood the meaning of justice and how that understanding evolved through time. This class seeks to familiarize students with the history of the idea of justice in Latin America. At the end of this course students will understand the complex intellectual and political differences behind Latin America’s apparent chaotic and tumultuous political history. Second, it seeks to develop students’ critical thinking by examining how an abstract term, such as justice, changes across time and space. Offered as ETHS 336 and HSTY 336. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

HSTY 338. History of the American West. 3 Units.
The U.S. West has meant many things throughout American history—early explorers called it the Great American Desert, railroad boosters lured settlers to it by promising to make the arid land bloom into an agricultural Eden, urban immigrants looked to its limitless stretches of land as an escape from industrial labor, children read dime novels that glorified its heroes, and millions of tourists celebrate its raw beauty by visiting Yellowstone, Yosemite, and the Grand Canyon. The West has also been home diverse native societies for thousands of years, Asian immigrants who viewed it as an eastern frontier, women who struggled to feed their children in an arid land, and Latin Americans, whose ancestors often preceded the entry of White Americans. This course introduces students to the themes, questions, and debates central to the study of the American west by drawing in primary source material and scholarly interpretations. The goal of this course is to provide students with an understanding of the human history of the American west and the ability to express that history in clear, passionate writing and in-class discussion. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.
HSTY 339. The Origins of the Arab-Israeli Conflict, 1900-1948. 3 Units.
The British Empire took control of Palestine after driving the Germans and Turks from the region near the end of World War I. From that moment on, the British had an increasingly difficult time administering the region. Jewish colonists had already been settling in the land for decades, and with their takeover, the British gave them and other Zionists reason to believe that the Empire would facilitate Jewish efforts. At the same time, the indigenous Arabs of Palestine appealed to the British to protect their very birthright, to keep their country from passing into someone else's hands. The British gave Arabs, too, reason to believe that they would recognize and defend their claims. In the few decades that the British Mandate governed Palestine it oversaw riots, revolution, and terrorist bombings. When it withdrew from Palestine, its legacy was a brutal war between Arabs and Jews; and the legacy of that war holds an iron grip on the course of world history to this day. Had the British Empire not been in Palestine, and not made the fateful decisions that it did, there would be no Israel and no Arab-Israeli conflict as we know them. Course materials include histories of Zionism, pre-Zionist Palestine, the British Mandate years, the British Empire in other Arab lands, and the 1948 war and aftermath. Primary sources from the perspective British officials on the ground in Palestine receive much attention. The histories of engineering and agriculture are highlighted alongside traditional social and political perspectives. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

HSTY 340. A History of Workers in the United States. 3 Units.
This course examines the experience of working people in the United States with an emphasis on twentieth-century social movements. It explores the lives of the women and men, skilled and unskilled, and rural and urban laborers that produce the goods and provide the services that society consumes. At crucial moments, working people have created or helped sustain national social movements in an effort to improve some aspect of their lives. We therefore will assess laborers in relation to several known and less known American social movements, such as the eight-hour day movement during the late nineteenth century, the peace movement during WWI, and the Civil Rights movement in the wake of WWII. Throughout the course we will also discuss the politics of time-managed work; the influence of public policy and government institutions; the role of unions within a competitive market economy; the relationship between industrial economies and functional blue-collar communities; and the correlation between immigration and globalization. Offered as HSTY 340, HSTY 430, and ETHS 340. Counts as SAGES Departmental Seminar. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

HSTY 341. Jewish Urban History. 3 Units.
This course examines the relationship between Jews and the modern urban environment. It seeks to answer questions such as: How did the modernization of cities affect Jews and Jewish communities? In what ways did Jews contribute to modern urban cultural and social forms? What is Jewish urban space, is it unique, and how is it remembered later on? Are there differences between the patterns in Europe, the Middle East, and the Americas? Offered as HSTY 341 and JDST 341. Counts as SAGES Departmental Seminar. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

HSTY 342. Water. 3 Units.
This seminar will explore the history of the meaning of water—that is, the social, cultural, and/or political significance placed on water by individuals and governments in different times and places. It will also examine how humans have acted upon water, and how it has acted upon humans, with great consequences for human life. This seminar will look at the history of water in the context of science, technology and society; public health; political science; and environmental history. Case studies will be drawn from a wide chronological and geographical range; from the ancient world to Renaissance Italy, nineteenth century India, modern Britain, Egypt, and the U.S. The course provides a wide perspective on the themes of the history of human-water interactions, but will also focus closely on some critical cases. Seminar participants will write a research paper on the topic of their choice in the environmental history of water. Offered as: HSTY 342, HSTY 442, POSC 342, POSC 442. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

HSTY 344. Origins of the British Empire 1450-1750. 3 Units.
How did early modern England come to rule an empire upon which the sun never set? What compelled individuals to seek their fortunes abroad, planting the flag of St. George in the outlying areas of the archipelago and halfway across the globe? This course examines the troubled birth of an empire and of a place called "Britain" at the same time. This seminar provides history majors with an experience of working with early modern primary documents of a wide variety; essays and book chapters will be paired with documents from early modern England itself. How do documents, images, and quantitative analyses help historians explain how the British Empire came into being? Offered as HSTY 344 and HSTY 444.

HSTY 345. The European City. 3 Units.
An examination of architectural, social, cultural, philosophical, political, and economic aspects of life in European cities. The principle focus will be the transition of medieval and early modern cities to modern metropolises, both spatially and socially. An additional theme will be urban development and concomitant social questions in non-European cities that were built either to serve expatriate Europeans or to emulate European modernity. Case studies may include London, Paris, Berlin, Vienna, Moscow, the provincial and national capitals of East-Central Europe, and cities in Africa, Asia, and Latin America. Offered as HSTY 345 and HSTY 445. Counts as SAGES Departmental Seminar. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.
HSTY 346. Guns, Germs, and Steel. 3 Units.
Jared Diamond's Guns, Germs, and Steel won the Pulitzer for non-fiction in 1998. Diamond, a physiologist, explains that Western Europe came to occupy and dominate large areas of the globe because of natural resources present in certain regions of the Old World since the end of the last Ice Age. Where a historian might look for answers in the written evidence left by historical individuals, Diamond examines ancient patterns of plant diffusion or the place of mountain ranges and deserts in the development of technologies. This seminar is about applying the history of a specific time and place namely North America from European contact to 1850 - to Diamond's general environmental explanations and models. Placing Diamond's broad explanations within specific historical contexts is revealing. A range of alternative methods, perspectives, primary sources from North America, and case studies (especially within environmental history) help develop a critical understanding of the complexities of European expansion into the New World. The course engages in an extended comparative exploration of the worldviews of different world cultures, most extensively comparing European worldviews with Native American, but also paying significant attention to Asian worldviews. The Native American cultures under consideration include those of both North and South America. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

HSTY 348. History of Modern Political and Social Thought. 3 Units.
This course explores the responses of philosophers, economic theorists, culture critics, and public policy makers to changes in western society wrought by industrialization by focusing on their concerns with technological change. Offered as HSTY 348, HSTY 448 and POSC 348.

HSTY 351. Colonial America 1607-1763. 3 Units.
The formative years of American society and culture. Slavery and racism, expansionism, regionalism, the family, pluralism, sense of mission, and republican ideology.

HSTY 352. The Era of the American Revolution, 1763 - 1789. 3 Units.
This is an intensive survey of the Revolutionary period of American history, from the end of the French and Indian War in 1763 to the ratification of the U.S. Constitution in 1789, focusing especially on the underlying causes of the American Revolution, the chain of events leading to the Declaration of Independence, the war with England, the Constitutional Convention, and the ratification struggle that followed, with some background on the earlier period (1607-1763).

HSTY 353. Women in American History I. 3 Units.
The images and realities of women's social, political, and economic lives in early America. Uses primary documents and biographers to observe individuals and groups of women in relation to legal, religious, and social restrictions. Offered as HSTY 353, WGST 353, and HSTY 453. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

HSTY 354. Women in American History II. 3 Units.
With HSTY 353, forms a two-semester introduction to women's studies. The politics of suffrage and the modern woman's efforts to balance marriage, motherhood, and career. (HSTY 353 not a prerequisite.) Offered as HSTY 354, WGST 354, and HSTY 454. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

HSTY 355. Age of American Civil War 1815-80. 3 Units.
This course examines the causes and consequences of the Civil War, focusing on the rise of sectionalism, the dynamics of conflict, and reconstruction. Heavy emphasis is placed on archival research in relevant first person accounts from the period.

HSTY 356. Industrial America: 1880-1940. 3 Units.
This course will explore the history of the United States from 1880 to 1940 as the nation organized itself into a modern industrial society. We will examine the rise of a corporate and technological society, the development of cities and urban problems, the growth of government, and the way in which immigrants, women, and African-Americans negotiated a shifting social organization. This class will also focus on the growing dominance of consumerism and the cultural and intellectual critique of the changes that occurred during these events.

HSTY 358. America Since 1940. 3 Units.
This course will focus on the political, social, cultural, and economic changes that took place in the United States in the period spanning from the Great Depression to the present. Throughout the course, we will examine the challenges of pluralism, the position of the U.S. in the world, and the particular ways in which domestic conflict over such matters has shaped the contemporary United States.

HSTY 359. Books as Bombs: Books that Reshaped American Culture. 3 Units.
Every now and again a piece of prose profoundly reshapes American society and culture. In this advanced undergraduate seminar, students will read and discuss a selection of such works under the tutelage of Professors Shulman, a specialist in the History of Science and Technology, and Sentilles, who specializes in social and cultural history. The professors will set up the context of the work's publication or creation and then lead the class in a lively dissection of both the work and its impact. The main question asked of each book is "how and why did this work have such an effect?" In attempting to answer that question, students will come to a greater understanding of society that created and then responded to each work. Offered as HSTY 359 and HSTY 459. Counts as SAGES Departmental Seminar.

HSTY 361. Crime and Culture in Early America. 3 Units.
This course explores the intersection of crime, punishment, and popular culture in colonial British America and the early United States through 1860 by closely examining a series of popular crime genres, including execution sermons, criminal conviction narratives, criminal autobiographies, and trial reports. Readings in modern scholarship--drawing on several disciplines--will shed light on the popular literature and on underlying patterns of crime and punishment, while students will critically evaluate modern scholarly interpretations in light of the early crime publications. Types of crimes explored in the readings include witchcraft, piracy, burglary, robbery, and various types of murder, such as infanticide, filicide (cases of men murdering their wives and children), and sexual homicide. Each student will write several short analytical papers drawn from the shared readings and, at the end of the semester, produce an independent research paper. Offered as HSTY 361 and HSTY 461.

HSTY 363. Gender and Sexuality in America. 3 Units.
This multicultural seminar uses a mixture of historical text, gender theory, personal biography, and artistic expression to explore changing notions of gender and sexuality over the past two centuries in the United States. Offered as HSTY 363, HSTY 463 and WGST 363. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

HSTY 366. Science, Technology, and Government. 3 Units.
Traces the development and influence of federal technology and science policies from colonial times to the present, with emphasis on the 20th century. Offered as HSTY 366 and POSC 365.
HSTY 371. Jews under Islam and Christianity. 3 Units.
This course examines the social and political status of Jews under Muslim and Christian rule since the Middle Ages. Themes include interfaith relations, Islamic and Christian beliefs regarding the Jews, Muslim and Christian regulation of Jewry, and the Jewish response. Offered as HSTY 371, JDST 371 and RLGN 371. Counts as SAGES Departmental Seminar. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

HSTY 373. Advanced Topics in American Women's History. 3 Units.
This advanced seminar is designed to allow students to investigate aspects of American women's history that are not deeply explored in other courses. The two central purposes of the course are to move students forward in their study of American women's history and to provide advanced study for graduate students and other students interested in women-focused topics. The topic is subject to change, but may be any of the following or something similar: women and medicine, images of women in popular culture, growing up female, women and political movements, women and war, etc. Recommended preparation: HSTY 353/453 or HSTY 354/454. Offered as HSTY 373, WGST 373, and HSTY 473.

HSTY 375. Advance Readings in Latin American History. 3 Units.
This course will introduce graduate students and upper level undergraduates to the most important debates in the field of Latin American History. It will provide an overview of the evolution of the (English language) historical literature on Latin America during the past three decades. It will also help students with a field in Latin American history prepare for their comprehensive examinations. The course readings have been chosen thematically and chronologically. Student will critically engage a group of monographs that stand out for their historiographical and methodological value and that will help illuminate the discussions and approaches that guide research in this field. Offered as HSTY 375 and HSTY 475. Counts as SAGES Departmental Seminar. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

HSTY 378. North American Environmental History. 3 Units.
This course introduces major questions and approaches in the study of environmental history. Taking North American as our subject, we explore how humans have shaped the environment of the continent and how human history has, in turn been shaped by the natural world form antiquity to the present. Major topics include Pleistocene extinctions, the Columbian exchange, the market revolution in agriculture, American epidemics, industrialization, the origins of conservation, the environmental movement, and the globalization of America's environmental footprint. Offered as: HSTY 378 and HSTY 468.

HSTY 380. The Sixties in America. 3 Units.
This course examines social, cultural, and political changes in the United States during the 1960s. We begin by examining the economic prosperity and "fragile" political consensus of the post-WWII period, as well as the undercurrent of poverty, dissent, and Cold War fears. We then cover the civil rights movement, student activism, the women's movement, the growth of Liberal America and the welfare state, the Vietnam War, the counterculture and conservative youth movements, the growth of a national consumer-driven, mass-mediated market, and the music, art, and pop culture--as well as their growing reliance on technological intervention--during this period of creative efflorescence. We will do this through reading books, but also through "reading" contemporary evidence of life in America, including listening to music, viewing films, analyzing pictures and artifacts.

HSTY 381. City as Classroom. 3 Units.
In this course, the city is the classroom. We will engage with the urban terrain. We will meet weekly off-campus, interact with community members, and interface--both literally and figuratively--with the city as a way to examine the linkages between historical, conceptual, and contemporary issues, with particular attention paid to race and class dynamics, inequality, and social justice. This course will have four intersecting components, primarily focusing on American cities since the 1930s: the social and physical construction of urban space, the built environment, life and culture in the city, and social movements and grassroots struggles. Offered as HSTY 381, POSC 381, SOCI 381, HSTY 481, POSC 481, and SOCI 481. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

HSTY 383. Readings in PRC History. 3 Units.
This course examines the historiography of several key issues in the history of the People's Republic of China. Although the emphasis will be to explore at greater length and greater detail specific topics in post-1949 Chinese social, cultural, and political history, some topics will incorporate key historiographic works addressing the pre-1949 period as a point of comparison. We will explore the major historical transformations that led to a political break from China's imperial past, and we will examine both the continuities and discontinuities shaping China's experience as a modern nation during the latter half of the 20th century. Major themes covered include: the origins of the Chinese revolution, the Great Leap Forward, Cultural Revolution, rural-urban divide, the one-child policy, socialism with Chinese characteristics, et al. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

HSTY 385. Readings in Society and Culture in Modern Chinese History. 3 Units.
The primary goal of this course is to provide students an opportunity to explore at greater length specific topics in Chinese social and cultural history. The period covered by the assigned readings roughly spans the late eighteenth century through the first half of the twentieth century. Readings will cover a wide range of topical themes, including childhood, gender and sexuality, urban life, print media, religion, and the environment. Offered as HSTY 385 and HSTY 485. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.
HSTY 387. Growing Up in America: 1607 - 2000. 3 Units.
Children have been growing up in the United States since it was declared independent, in 1776, but how adults conceive of (and therefore legislate and interpret) children and childhood constantly changes to fit current circumstances. The experiences of children themselves have varied not only in terms of race, class, gender, and religion but also depending on specific events (i.e., coming of age during the Civil War versus the Civil Rights movement) or geography (i.e., growing up in rural Hawaii vs. urban New Jersey). We cannot cover all of those histories in one course, so this seminar course instead focuses on exploring the interplay of ideas about children and the expressed or historical experiences of children. When the puritans and plantations members (slave, bonded and free) came to the Atlantic shore, they brought with them particular ideas about what is meant to be a child, and to experience childhood. They encountered already established residents who also had ideas about childhood. How did those concepts adjust/meld/contrast over time, and how do we see those ideas reflected or reshaped by actual experiences? This course engages particular lines of inquiry: How and why do understanding about what is "natural" for children change over time? How do variables like race, class, gender, etc., uphold effects the manifesting of such concepts? What is the role of the state in children's lives and how has that changed over time? What is the impact of mass culture on modern childhood? Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

HSTY 388. The United States in the World. 3 Units.
Traditional accounts of American history usually stay within the geographical boundaries of the modern United States. Recent historical research, however, has found that many well known events of the past, from the Revolution to Progressive Era social reforms to the environmental movement, make more sense when examined from a global perspective. Through approaches variously known as "transnational history," "International history," "global history," and "borderlands history," historians have come to redefine the United States' role in the world. This course offers an introduction to this literature. Motivating questions range over time and topic: How were the Americans a product of Early Modern globalization? Was (or is) the United States an empire? How has the meaning of this term changed over time? What role have racial issues played in American involvement overseas as well as at home? How have the global flows of commodities shaped economic development? How was the American Civil War actually a global event? How was domestic social policy shaped by the exchange of ideas across the globe? How did American ideas about political rights and the consumer economy become globalized? How did Americans use new forms of media technologies to interpret and affect people from other parts of the world? This is not a course in the history of American diplomacy (though diplomacy will often come up), nor is it a history of American warfare abroad (though war, too, will often come up as well). Instead, it is a broad, thematic survey of the ways that American ideas, institutions, and people have shaped--and been shaped by--the rest of the world. Primary emphasis is placed on reading and discussing recent historical work: books and articles, but also essays, fiction, and visual art as well. Counts as SAGES Departmental Seminar.

HSTY 389. History of Zionism. 3 Units.
This course seeks to elucidate the major strands of Zionism, their origins, how they have interacted, and their impact on contemporary Israeli society. These may include political Zionism, cultural Zionism, socialist (labor) Zionism, Revisionist Zionism, and religious Zionism. This course will also examine the differences in the appeal of Zionism to Jews in different places, such as Western Europe, Eastern Europe and the United States. Offered as HSTY 389 and JDST 389. Counts as SAGES Departmental Seminar. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

HSTY 390. Senior Research Seminars in History and Philosophy of Science. 3 Units.
Directed independent research seminar for seniors who are majors in the History and Philosophy of Science program. The goal of the course is to develop and demonstrate command of B.A.-level factual content, methodologies, research strategies, historiography, and theory relevant to the field of history of science and/or philosophy of science. The course includes both written and oral components. Offered as HSTY 380 and PHIL 390. Counts as SAGES Senior Capstone.

HSTY 391. Food in History. 3 Units.
Food is inextricably interconnected with the development of agriculture and other technologies, with the rise and fall of empires, with increasing understanding of diet and nutrition, with laws and regulations, with the arts, with economic development and consumer culture, and with religious and ethnic identities. By examining selective and representative episodes pertaining to each of these topics, this course explores the global history of food, from the agricultural revolution of the neolithic era to the consumer revolution of the last generation. Offered as HSTY 391 and HSTY 491.

HSTY 393. Advanced Readings in the History of Race. 3 Units.
This course examines the concept of race as a social construction that carries political and economic implications. We begin by examining the histories of the early racial taxonomists (e.g., Bernier, Linnaeus, and Blumenbach among others) and the contexts that informed their writings. We then assess how the concept of race changed from the nineteenth to the twentieth century in the United States. We conclude by evaluating how the ideology of race has influenced U.S. domestic life and foreign policy at specific historical moments. Offered as HSTY 393, HSTY 493, and ETHS 393. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

HSTY 394. Seminar in Evolutionary Biology. 3 Units.
This seminar investigates 20th-century evolutionary theory, especially the Modern Evolutionary synthesis and subsequent expansions of and challenges to that synthesis. The course encompasses the multidisciplinary nature of the science of evolution, demonstrating how disciplinary background influences practitioners' conceptualizations of pattern and process. This course emphasizes practical writing and research skills, including formulation of testable theses, grant proposal techniques, and the implementation of original research using the facilities on campus and at the Cleveland Museum of Natural History. Offered as ANTH 394, BiOL 394, EEPS 394, HSTY 394, PHIL 394, ANTH 494, BIOL 494, EEPS 494, HSTY 494, and PHIL 494.

HSTY 395. History of Medicine. 3 Units.
This course treats selected topics in the history of medicine, with an emphasis on social and cultural history. Focusing on the modern period, we examine illnesses, patients, and healers, with attention to the ways sickness and medicine touch larger questions of politics, social relations and identity. Offered as HSTY 395 and HSTY 495.
HSTY 396. Advanced Topics in History. 3 Units.
Advanced topics in history, changing from semester to semester. The course provides students an opportunity to explore special themes or theoretical issues in history that are too briefly covered in broader surveys. Students may take this course more than once for credit, when different topics are covered. Offered as HSTY 396 and HSTY 496.

HSTY 397. Undergraduate Tutorial. 1 - 3 Unit.
Individual instruction with members of the history faculty. Recommended preparation: 12 hours of History.

HSTY 398. Senior Research Seminar. 3 Units.
Training in the nature and methods of historical writing and research. Counts as SAGES Senior Capstone. Prereq: Majors only, Senior standing.

HSTY 399. Advanced Readings in Black History. 3 Units.
This is an advanced readings course that may change from semester to semester. This course will provide students with an opportunity to more deeply explore special themes and theoretical issues in the field of black history that are often quickly and briefly covered in broad survey courses. Readings may be organized around specific topics such as resistance and social protest, black intellectual history, black nationalism and identity, black film and historical literacy black cultural forms and politics, black urban history, or some such other combination. Students may take this course more than once and receive credit as long as the course topic differs. Students should contact the History Department for more details on course content during any given semester. Offered as ETHS 391, HSTY 399 and HSTY 499.

HSTY 400. Graduate Topical Seminar. 3 Units.
A rotating graduate seminar, offered every semester by a different faculty member. Each semester focuses on a topic of central historiographical or methodological importance. Prereq: Graduate standing or instructor permission.

HSTY 402. Introduction to Historiography of Science. 3 Units.
A graduate-level historiographic review of the history of the sciences from the seventeenth century to the present. Prereq: Graduate standing or instructor permission.

HSTY 403. Advanced Topics in Environmental History. 3 Units.
The United States has by far the largest and most important "nonprofit sector" in the world, a sector consisting of voluntary non-governmental organizations that provide health care, education and social services as well as arts, religious, and advocacy activities. Using mostly primary sources, this course considers the significance of the nonprofit sector in the U.S., its advantages and disadvantages, its uses for different groups of Americans, and current trends. Students have the option of writing either a standard term paper, or a study of strategic challenges facing a contemporary nonprofit organization. Offered as HSTY 204 and HSTY 404. Counts as SAGES Departmental Seminar. Prereq: Graduate standing or instructor permission.

HSTY 404. History of Museums: Theory and Reality. 3 Units.
This course is an intensive summer internship (10 hours per week) at the Western Reserve Historical Society, complemented by extensive readings in museum/archival theory and public historical perception. It is designed both to introduce students to museum/archival work and to compare theoretical concepts with actual museum situations. Interns will be assigned a specific project within one of the Society's curatorial or administrative divisions, but will have the opportunity to work on ancillary tasks throughout the Historical Society's headquarters in University Circle. Offered as HSTY 306 and HSTY 406. Prereq: Graduate standing or instructor permission.

HSTY 406. History of Museums: Theory and Reality. 3 Units.
The development of chemical ideas; theories of matter, composition, structure, and reaction; the application of chemistry and chemical theory from antiquity to the 20th century; all considered in social context. Recommended preparation: One year of college chemistry. Offered as: HSTY 307 and HSTY 407.

HSTY 407. Development of Chemistry and Chemical Engineering. 3 Units.
The development of chemical ideas; theories of matter, composition, structure, and reaction; the application of chemistry and chemical theory from antiquity to the 20th century; all considered in social context. Recommended preparation: One year of college chemistry. Offered as: HSTY 307 and HSTY 407.

HSTY 408. Seminar: Modern American Historiography. 3 Units.
This seminar examines the historiography of early America. It is designed to acquaint history doctoral students with the major themes, methods, and scholars of American history from the seventeenth century to the mid-nineteenth century. Students will be expected to read and report on major works in the field. Prereq: Graduate standing or instructor permission.

HSTY 409. Seminar: Comparative Perspectives on Museum and Archive History and Practice. 3 Units.
Comparative Perspectives on Archives and Museum History and Practice. This course provides an opportunity to explore the history of archives and museums in the United States and in late Ottoman and Republican Turkey. Topics covered include the "ownership" of culture; state vs. private control of heritage; marketing of museums; and the impact of evolving technologies on the presentation and preservation of culture. Students work together via a shared, live lecture format. In addition to the instructor, museum and archive professionals from both the US and Turkey provide lectures and lead discussions during the semester. The primary intellectual product of the course is a final paper/project which compares the history, operational structure, and mission of a museum/archive in the US with a similar institution in Turkey. The paper/project is created by collaborative effort between a student at CWRU and one at Bilkent. Provided grant funding is available, the course may involve exchange visits to Turkey and the US. Offered as HSTY 328 and HSTY 428. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.
HSTY 429. Museums and Globalization. 3 Units.
Museums are everywhere contested spaces today. Historically designed as symbols of power, centers for research, agents of public education and community formation in Western industrial societies, they have become sites of development and cultural controversy on a global scale. From Cleveland and Paris to Nairobi and Dubai museums figure in urban redevelopment, national identity formation, conflicts between religion and science, and global tourism. Questions we will consider in this course: what are the fundamental features of museums as institutions? what ties have linked them to wider national and international communities of academics, NGO's and business? to political, economic and social concerns? how do museums in Asia, Africa, the Middle East, and Latin America figure in the current international contention over heritage rights? This is an innovative course allowing students to collaborate on projects, engage with guest lecturers and access museums across the globe. The course is organized in three parts: Part I: National Identity Building and Museums; Part II: Museums and Identity Politics; Part III: Museums and Global Development. Offered as HSTY 329, ARTH 301, HSTY 429, and ARTH 401. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement. Prereq: Graduate standing or instructor permission.

HSTY 430. A History of Workers in the United States. 3 Units.
This course examines the experience of working people in the United States with an emphasis on twentieth-century social movements. It explores the lives of the women and men, skilled and unskilled, and rural and urban laborers that produce the goods and provide the services that society consumes. At crucial moments, working people have created or helped sustain national social movements in an effort to improve some aspect of their lives. We therefore will assess laborers in relation to several known and less known American social movements, such as the eight-hour day movement during the late nineteenth century, the peace movement during WWI, and the Civil Rights movement in the wake of WWII. Throughout the course we will also discuss the politics of time-managed work; the influence of public policy and government institutions; the role of unions within a competitive market economy; the relationship between industrial economies and functional blue-collar communities; and the correlation between immigration and globalization. Offered as HSTY 340, HSTY 430, and EThS 340. Counts as SAGES Departmental Seminar. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

HSTY 440. Science and Society Through Literature. 3 Units.
This course will examine the interaction of scientific investigation and discovery with the society it occurred in. What is the effect of science on society and, as importantly, what is the effect of society on science? An introduction will consider the heliocentric controversy with focus on Galileo. Two broad areas, tuberculosis and the Frankenstein myth, will then be discussed covering the period 1800-present. With tuberculosis, fiction, art and music will be examined to understand the changing views of society towards the disease, how society's perception of tuberculosis victims changed, and how this influenced their treatments and research. With Frankenstein, the original novel in its historical context will be examined. Using fiction and film, the transformation of the original story into myth with different connotations and implications will be discussed. Most classes will be extensive discussions coupled with student presentations of assigned materials. Offered as PHRM 340, BETH 440, PHRM 440, and HSTY 440.

HSTY 442. Water. 3 Units.
This seminar will explore the history of the meaning of water—that is, the social, cultural, and/or political significance placed on water by individuals and governments in different times and places. It will also examine how humans have acted upon water, and how it has acted upon humans, with great consequences for human life. This seminar will look at the history of water in the context of science, technology and society; public health; political science; and environmental history. Case studies will be drawn from a wide chronological and geographical range; from the ancient world to Renaissance Italy, nineteenth century India, modern Britain, Egypt, and the U.S. The course provides a wide perspective on the themes of the history of human-water interactions, but will also focus closely on some critical cases. Seminar participants will write a research paper on the topic of their choice in the environmental history of water. Offered as: HSTY 342, HSTY 442, POSC 342, POSC 442. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

HSTY 445. The European City. 3 Units.
An examination of architectural, social, cultural, philosophical, political, and economic aspects of life in European cities. The principle focus will be the transition of medieval and early modern cities to modern metropolises, both spatially and socially. An additional theme will be urban development and concomitant social questions in non-European cities that were built either to serve expatriate Europeans or to emulate European modernity. Case studies may include London, Paris, Berlin, Vienna, Moscow, the provincial and national capitals of East-Central Europe, and cities in Africa, Asia, and Latin America. Offered as HSTY 345 and HSTY 445. Counts as SAGES Departmental Seminar. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

HSTY 448. History of Modern Political and Social Thought. 3 Units.
This course explores the responses of philosophers, economic theorists, culture critics, and public policy makers to changes in western society wrought by industrialization by focusing on their concerns with technological change. Offered as HSTY 348, HSTY 448 and POSC 348.

HSTY 451. History of European Technology. 3 Units.
A graduate-level, research seminar on the history of European technology from the Industrial Revolution to the present. Special emphasis is on cultural history of technology with a transatlantic view. The themes of the seminar vary from year to year, but include: communications, industrialization, control, cultural and intellectual approaches to the history of technology. Required work includes a research paper based on original sources. Prereq: Graduate standing or instructor permission.

HSTY 452. Readings in the History of American Technology. 3 Units.
A graduate-level review of the history of American technology from a wide chronological and geographical range; from the ancient world to Renaissance Italy, nineteenth century India, modern Britain, Egypt, and the U.S. The course provides a wide perspective on the themes of science, technology and society; public health; political science; and environmental history. Case studies will be drawn from a wide chronological and geographical range; from the ancient world to Renaissance Italy, nineteenth century India, modern Britain, Egypt, and the U.S. The course provides a wide perspective on the themes of the history of human-water interactions, but will also focus closely on some critical cases. Seminar participants will write a research paper on the topic of their choice in the environmental history of water. Offered as: HSTY 342, HSTY 442, POSC 342, POSC 442. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

HSTY 453. Women in American History I. 3 Units.
The images and realities of women's social, political, and economic lives in early America. Uses primary documents and biographers to observe individuals and groups of women in relation to legal, religious, and social restrictions. Offered as HSTY 353, WGST 353, and HSTY 453. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement. Prereq: Graduate standing or instructor permission.

HSTY 454. Women in American History II. 3 Units.
With HSTY 353, forms a two-semester introduction to women's studies. The politics of suffrage and the modern woman's efforts to balance marriage, motherhood, and career. (HSTY 353 not a prerequisite.) Offered as HSTY 354, WGST 354, and HSTY 454. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement. Prereq: Graduate standing or instructor permission.
HSTY 459. Books as Bombs: Books that Reshaped American Culture. 3 Units.
Every now and again a piece of prose profoundly reshapes American society and culture. In this advanced undergraduate seminar, students will read and discuss a selection of such works under the tutelage of Professors Shulman, a specialist in the History of Science and Technology, and Sentilles, who specializes in social and cultural history. The professors will set up the context of the work's publication or creation and then lead the class in a lively dissection of both the work and its impact. The main question asked of each book is "how and why did this work have such an effect?" In attempting to answer that question, students will come to a greater understanding of society that created and then responded to each work. Offered as HSTY 359 and HSTY 459. Counts as SAGES Departmental Seminar.

HSTY 461. Crime and Culture in Early America. 3 Units.
This course explores the intersection of crime, punishment, and popular culture in colonial British America and the early United States through 1860 by closely examining a series of popular crime genres, including execution sermons, criminal conversion narratives, criminal autobiographies, and trial reports. Readings in modern scholarship--drawing on several disciplines--will shed light on the popular literature and on underlying patterns of crime and punishment, while students will critically evaluate modern scholarly interpretations in light of the early crime publications. Types of crimes explored in the readings include witchcraft, piracy, burglary, robbery, and various types of murder, such as infanticide, familial murder (cases of men murdering their wives and children), and sexual homicide. Each student will write several short analytical papers drawn from the shared readings and, at the end of the semester, produce an independent research paper. Offered as HSTY 361 and HSTY 461. Prereq: Graduate standing or instructor permission.

HSTY 463. Gender and Sexuality in America. 3 Units.
This multicultural seminar uses a mixture of historical text, gender theory, personal biography, and artistic expression to explore changing notions of gender and sexuality over the past two centuries in the United States. Offered as HSTY 363, HSTY 463 and WGST 363. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

HSTY 468. North American Environmental History. 3 Units.
This course introduces major questions and approaches in the study of environmental history. Taking North American as our subject, we explore how humans have shaped the environment of the continent and how human history has, in turn been shaped by the natural world form antiquity to the present. Major topics include Pleistocene extinctions, the Columbian exchange, the market revolution in agriculture, American epidemics, industrialization, the origins of conservation, the environmental movement, and the globalization of America's environmental footprint. Offered as: HSTY 378 and HSTY 468. Prereq: Graduate standing or instructor permission.

HSTY 470. Historiography, Method, and Theory. 3 Units.
a graduate level survey of fundamental themes in historiography, method, and theory, as well as interdisciplinary methods and theories. Prereq: Graduate standing or instructor permission.

HSTY 473. Advanced Topics in American Women's History. 3 Units.
This advanced seminar is designed to allow students to investigate aspects of American women's history that are not deeply explored in other courses. The two central purposes of the course are to move students forward in their study of American women's history and to provide advanced study for graduate students and other students interested in women-focused topics. The topic is subject to change, but may be any of the following or something similar: women and medicine, images of women in popular culture, growing up female, women and political movements, women and war, etc. Recommended preparation: HSTY 353/453 or HSTY 354/454. Offered as HSTY 373, WGST 373, and HSTY 473. Prereq: Graduate standing or instructor permission.

HSTY 475. Advance Readings in Latin American History. 3 Units.
This course will introduce graduate students and upper level undergraduates to the most important debates in the field of Latin American History. It will provide an overview of the evolution of the (English language) historical literature on Latin America during the past three decades. It will also help students with a field in Latin American history prepare for their comprehensive examinations. The course readings have been chosen thematically and chronologically. Student will critically engage a group of monographs that stand out for their historiographical and methodological value and that will help illuminate the discussions and approaches that guide research in this field. Offered as HSTY 375 and HSTY 475. Counts as SAGES Departmental Seminar. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

HSTY 476. Seminar in Comparative History. 3 Units.
An introduction to comparative method for historians. The topics will vary year to year, but the course will require exposure to historical contexts outside of the United States. Prereq: Graduate standing or instructor permission.

HSTY 477. Modern Policy History of the United States. 3 Units.
This course offers a historical perspective on policy and policy making in the United States since the late nineteenth century. It emphasizes the increasing role of the federal government, the persisting importance of the states, the significance of the courts, the revolutionary impact of the women's and civil rights movements, and the consequences of the growth and transformation of the American economy. Each student selects a policy area for detailed exploration; students often choose topics related to civil rights, women's rights, health care, environmental reform, non-profit and non-governmental organizations, the arts, and education, but other topics are also appropriate. Prereq: Graduate standing or instructor permission.

HSTY 479. Historical Research and Writing. 3 Units.
Research seminar for graduate students. Intensive focus on processes of historical research and writing. Students produce conference paper and research paper based on primary sources. Prereq: Graduate standing or instructor permission.

HSTY 481. City as Classroom. 3 Units.
In this course, the city is the classroom. We will engage with the urban terrain. We will meet weekly off-campus, interact with community members, and interface--both literally and figuratively--with the city as a way to examine the linkages between historical, conceptual, and contemporary issues, with particular attention paid to race and class dynamics, inequality, and social justice. This course will have four intersecting components, primarily focusing on American cities since the 1930s: the social and physical construction of urban space, the built environment, life and culture in the city, and social movements and grassroots struggles. Offered as HSTY 381, POSC 381, SOCI 381, HSTY 481, POSC 481, and SOCI 481. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.
HSTY 485. Readings in Society and Culture in Modern Chinese History. 3 Units.
The primary goal of this course is to provide students an opportunity to explore at greater length specific topics in Chinese social and cultural history. The period covered by the assigned readings roughly spans the late eighteenth century through the first half of the twentieth century. Readings will cover a wide range of topical themes, including childhood, gender and sexuality, urban life, print media, religion, and the environment. Offered as HSTY 385 and HSTY 485. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

HSTY 491. Food in History. 3 Units.
Food is inextricably interconnected with the development of agriculture and other technologies, with the rise and fall of empires, with increasing understanding of diet and nutrition, with laws and regulations, with the arts, with economic development and consumer culture, and with religious and ethnic identities. By examining selective and representative episodes pertaining to each of these topics, this course explores the global history of food, from the agricultural revolution of the neolithic era to the consumer revolution of the last generation. Offered as HSTY 391 and HSTY 491. Prereq: Graduate standing or instructor permission.

HSTY 493. Advanced Readings in the History of Race. 3 Units.
This course examines the concept of race as a social construction that carries political and economic implications. We begin by examining the histories of the early racial taxonomists (e.g., Bernier, Linnaeus, and Blumenbach among others) and the contexts that informed their writings. We then assess how the concept of race changed from the nineteenth to the twentieth century in the United States. We conclude by evaluating how the ideology of race has influenced U.S. domestic life and foreign policy at specific historical moments. Offered as HSTY 393, HSTY 493, and ETHS 393. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

HSTY 494. Seminar in Evolutionary Biology. 3 Units.
This seminar investigates 20th-century evolutionary theory, especially the Modern Evolutionary synthesis and subsequent expansions of and challenges to that synthesis. The course encompasses the multidisciplinary nature of the science of evolution, demonstrating how disciplinary background influences practitioners' conceptualizations of pattern and process. This course emphasizes practical writing and research skills, including formulation of testable theses, grant proposal techniques, and the implementation of original research using the facilities on campus and at the Cleveland Museum of Natural History. Offered as ANTH 394, BIOL 394, EEPS 394, HSTY 394, PHIL 394, ANTH 494, BIOL 494, EEPS 494, HSTY 494, and PHIL 494.

HSTY 495. History of Medicine. 3 Units.
This course treats selected topics in the history of medicine, with an emphasis on social and cultural history. Focusing on the modern period, we examine illnesses, patients, and healers, with attention to the ways sickness and medicine touch larger questions of politics, social relations and identity. Offered as HSTY 395 and HSTY 495. Prereq: Graduate standing or instructor permission.

HSTY 496. Advanced Topics in History. 3 Units.
Advanced topics in history, changing from semester to semester. The course provides students an opportunity to explore special themes or theoretical issues in history that are too briefly covered in broader surveys. Students may take this course more than once for credit, when different topics are covered. Offered as HSTY 396 and HSTY 496.

HSTY 497. Graduate Independent Study. 1 - 3 Unit.
Independent reading and research programs with individual members of the faculty.

HSTY 499. Advanced Readings in Black History. 3 Units.
This is an advanced readings course that may change from semester to semester. This course will provide students with an opportunity to more deeply explore special themes and theoretical issues in the field of black history that are often quickly and briefly covered in broad survey courses. Readings may be organized around specific topics such as resistance and social protest, black intellectual history, black nationalism and identity, black film and historical literacy black cultural forms and politics, black urban history, or some such other combination. Students may take this course more than once and receive credit as long as the course topic differs. Students should contact the History Department for more details on course content during any given semester. Offered as ETHS 391, HSTY 399 and HSTY 499. Prereq: Graduate standing or instructor permission.

HSTY 525. Intellectual Property and the Construction of Authorship. 3 Units.
Study of the concepts, laws, norms, and practices through which writers and other creative producers establish "property" in their work. Offered as ENGL 525 and HSTY 525. Prereq: Graduate standing or permission.

HSTY 601. Independent Studies. 1 - 18 Unit.
(Credit as arranged.)

HSTY 651. Thesis M.A.. 1 - 18 Unit.
(Credit as arranged.)

HSTY 701. Dissertation Ph.D.. 1 - 18 Unit.
(Credit as arranged.) Limited to Ph.D. candidates actively engaged in the research and writing of their dissertations. Prereq: Predoctoral research consent or advanced to Ph.D. candidacy milestone.

Department of Mathematics, Applied Mathematics, and Statistics

The Department of Mathematics, Applied Mathematics, and Statistics at Case Western Reserve University is an active center for mathematical research. Faculty members conduct research in algebra, analysis, applied mathematics, convexity, dynamical systems, geometry, imaging, inverse problems, life sciences applications, mathematical biology, modeling, numerical analysis, probability, scientific computing, stochastic systems, and other areas.

The department offers a variety of programs leading to both undergraduate and graduate degrees in traditional and applied mathematics and statistics. Undergraduate degrees are Bachelor of Arts or Bachelor of Science in mathematics, Bachelor of Science in applied mathematics, and Bachelor of Arts or Bachelor of Science in statistics. Graduate degrees are Master of Science and Doctor of Philosophy. The Integrated BS/MS program allows a student to earn a Bachelor of Science in either mathematics or applied mathematics and a master’s degree from the mathematics department or another department in five years. The department, in cooperation with the college’s Teacher Licensure Program, offers a program for individuals interested in pre-college teaching. Together with the Department of Physics, it offers a specialized joint Bachelor of Science in Mathematics and Physics.

Mathematics plays a central role in the physical, biological, economic, and social sciences. Because of this, employment prospects are always strong for individuals with degrees in mathematics, and there are excellent career opportunities. A bachelor’s degree in mathematics or applied mathematics offers a strong background for graduate school
in many areas (including computer science, medicine, and law, in addition to mathematics and science) or a position in the private sector. A master’s degree in mathematics or applied mathematics, or an undergraduate degree in applied mathematics combined with a master’s in a different area, is an excellent basis for employment in the private sector in a technical field. A PhD degree is usually necessary for college teaching and research.

Statistics links mathematics to other disciplines in order to understand uncertainty and probability in the abstract and in the context of actual applications to science, medicine, actuarial science, social science, management science, business, engineering, and contemporary life. As technology brings advances, the statistical theory and methodology required to do them justice becomes more challenging; higher dimensional, dynamic, or computer-intensive. The field of statistics is rapidly expanding to meet the three facets of these challenges: the underlying mathematical theory, the data analysis and modeling methodology, and the interdisciplinary collaborations and new fields of application.

Students in the department, both undergraduate and graduate, have opportunities to interact personally with faculty and other students, and research and other activities are available. In addition, undergraduates can obtain teaching experience via the department’s supplemental instruction program.

BA in Mathematics (p. 294) | Teacher Licensure (p. 294) | BS in Mathematics (p. 294) | BS in Applied Mathematics (p. 295) | BS in Mathematics and Physics (p. 295) | BA in Statistics (p. 297) | BS in Statistics (p. 297) | Integrated BS/MS (p. 298) | Minor in Mathematics (p. 298) | Minor in Statistics (p. 299)

### Undergraduate Programs

#### Majors

A Bachelor of Arts in mathematics, a Bachelor of Science in mathematics, a Bachelor of Science in applied mathematics, a Bachelor of Science in mathematics and physics, a Bachelor of Arts in statistics, and a Bachelor of Science in statistics are available to students at Case Western Reserve University. All undergraduate degrees in the department are based on a four-course sequence in calculus and differential equations and have a computational component. The mathematics degrees all require a further mathematics core in analysis and algebra. The statistics degrees all require a further statistics core. Each of these cores consists of four courses. There are additional technical requirements particular to each degree.

#### Bachelor of Arts in Mathematics

The BA degree in mathematics requires at least 38 hours of mathematics courses, including:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MATH 121</td>
<td>Calculus for Science and Engineering I</td>
<td>4</td>
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<tr>
<td>MATH 122</td>
<td>Calculus for Science and Engineering II</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>or MATH 124</td>
<td>Calculus II</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MATH 223</td>
<td>Calculus for Science and Engineering III</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>or MATH 227</td>
<td>Calculus III</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MATH 224</td>
<td>Elementary Differential Equations</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>or MATH 228</td>
<td>Differential Equations</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MATH 307</td>
<td>Introduction to Abstract Algebra I</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>MATH 308</td>
<td>Introduction to Abstract Algebra II</td>
<td>3</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

#### Bachelor of Science in Mathematics

The BS degree in mathematics requires at least 50 hours of mathematics courses, including:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MATH 121</td>
<td>Calculus for Science and Engineering I</td>
<td>4</td>
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<tr>
<td>MATH 122</td>
<td>Calculus for Science and Engineering II</td>
<td>4</td>
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<tr>
<td>or MATH 124</td>
<td>Calculus II</td>
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<tr>
<td>MATH 223</td>
<td>Calculus for Science and Engineering III</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>or MATH 227</td>
<td>Calculus III</td>
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<tr>
<td>MATH 224</td>
<td>Elementary Differential Equations</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>or MATH 228</td>
<td>Differential Equations</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MATH 307</td>
<td>Introduction to Abstract Algebra I</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>MATH 308</td>
<td>Introduction to Abstract Algebra II</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Six approved technical electives

The following three courses:

PHYS 121 General Physics I - Mechanics
PHYS 122 General Physics II - Electricity and Magnetism
PHYS 221 Introduction to Modern Physics

One of the following sequences:

- ASTR 201 The Sun and its Planets
- & ASTR 202 and Stars, Galaxies, and the Universe
- CHEM 105 Principles of Chemistry I
- & CHEM 106 and Principles of Chemistry II
- CHEM 111 Principles of Chemistry for Engineers
- & ENGR 145 and Chemistry of Materials
- EEPS 110 Physical Geology
- & EEPS 115 and Introduction to Oceanography
- or EEPS 210 Historical Geology/Paleontology

Total Units: 67

* No more than 9 hours may be from outside the department.

Bachelor of Science in Applied Mathematics

A student in this degree program must design a program of study in consultation with his or her academic advisor. This program of study must explicitly list the mathematics electives and the professional core in the area of application.

Areas of research in applied mathematics well represented in the department include:

- Applied dynamical systems
- Applied probability and stochastic processes
- Imaging
- Life science
- Scientific computing

Study plans with emphasis on areas of application closely related to mathematics but centered in other departments will also be considered. Such areas might include engineering applications, biology, cognitive science, or economics.

The BS degree in applied mathematics requires at least 50 hours of course work in mathematics and related subjects, in addition to a professional core that is specific to the area of application of interest to the student, including:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MATH 21</td>
<td>Calculus for Science and Engineering I</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MATH 22</td>
<td>Calculus for Science and Engineering II</td>
<td>4</td>
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<tr>
<td>or MATH 24</td>
<td>Calculus II</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>MATH 23</td>
<td>Calculus for Science and Engineering III</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>or MATH 27</td>
<td>Calculus III</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>MATH 24</td>
<td>Elementary Differential Equations</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>or MATH 28</td>
<td>Differential Equations</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

One of the following two courses:

- MATH 324 Introduction to Complex Analysis
- MATH 425 Complex Analysis I

Approved mathematics electives:

- Four courses specific to the concentration area of interest to the student (12 units)
- Three MATH courses at the 300 level or higher (9 units)

Professional Core requirement

- 12 approved credit hours specific to an area of application. This requirement is intended to promote scientific breadth and encourage application of mathematics to other fields.

Non-mathematics requirements

The following three courses:

PHYS 121 General Physics I - Mechanics
PHYS 122 General Physics II - Electricity and Magnetism
PHYS 221 Introduction to Modern Physics

One of the following sequences:

- ASTR 201 The Sun and its Planets
- & ASTR 202 and Stars, Galaxies, and the Universe
- CHEM 105 Principles of Chemistry I
- & CHEM 106 and Principles of Chemistry II
- CHEM 111 Principles of Chemistry for Engineers
- & ENGR 145 and Chemistry of Materials
- EEPS 110 Physical Geology
- & EEPS 115 and Introduction to Oceanography
- or EEPS 210 Historical Geology/Paleontology

Total Units: 79-81

Bachelor of Science in Mathematics and Physics

In contrast to the BS in applied mathematics or the BS in physics with a mathematical physics concentration, this degree provides a synergistic, coherent, and parallel education in mathematics and physics. To a close approximation, the challenging course work corresponds to combining the mathematics and physics cores, with the Physics Laboratory cluster replaced by a single, fourth-year laboratory semester. A student in this new program may use either of two official advisors, one available from each department, who would also constitute a committee for the administration of the degree and the approval of curriculum petitions.

The BS degree in mathematics and physics requires a total of 126 credits, including:

A. Mathematics requirements (35)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MATH 121</td>
<td>Calculus for Science and Engineering I</td>
<td>4</td>
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<tr>
<td>MATH 122</td>
<td>Calculus for Science and Engineering II</td>
<td>4</td>
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<tr>
<td>or MATH 124</td>
<td>Calculus II</td>
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<tr>
<td>MATH 223</td>
<td>Calculus for Science and Engineering III</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>or MATH 227</td>
<td>Calculus III</td>
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<tr>
<td>MATH 224</td>
<td>Elementary Differential Equations</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>or MATH 228</td>
<td>Differential Equations</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

MATH 307 Introduction to Abstract Algebra I
MATH 321 Fundamentals of Analysis I
MATH 322 Fundamentals of Analysis II
MATH 330 Introduction of Scientific Computing

One of the following courses:

- MATH 324 Introduction to Complex Analysis
- MATH 425 Complex Analysis I

No more than 9 hours may be from outside the department.
MATH 224  Elementary Differential Equations  3
or MATH 228  Differential Equations
MATH 307  Introduction to Abstract Algebra I  3
MATH 308  Introduction to Abstract Algebra II  3
or MATH 330  Introduction of Scientific Computing
MATH 321  Fundamentals of Analysis I  3
MATH 322  Fundamentals of Analysis II  3
MATH 324  Introduction to Complex Analysis  3
Approved Mathematics electives  6

B. Physics requirements (38)
PHYS 121  General Physics I - Mechanics  4
or PHYS 123  Physics and Frontiers I - Mechanics  4
PHYS 122  General Physics II - Electricity and Magnetism  4
or PHYS 124  Physics and Frontiers II - Electricity and Magnetism  4
PHYS 221  Introduction to Modern Physics  3
PHYS 310  Classical Mechanics  3
PHYS 313  Thermodynamics and Statistical Mechanics  3
PHYS 331  Introduction to Quantum Mechanics I  3
or PHYS 481  Quantum Mechanics I
PHYS 332  Introduction to Quantum Mechanics II  3
or PHYS 482  Quantum Mechanics II
One of the following:  3
PHYS 315  Introduction to Solid State Physics
PHYS 316  Introduction to Nuclear and Particle Physics
PHYS 326  Physical Optics
PHYS 327  Laser Physics
PHYS 328  Cosmology and the Structure of the Universe
PHYS 336  Modern Cosmology
PHYS 365  General Relativity
PHYS 423  Classical Electromagnetism  3
PHYS 472  Graduate Physics Laboratory  3
Two of the following:  6
PHYS 250  Computational Methods in Physics
PHYS 349  Methods of Mathematical Physics I
PHYS 350  Methods of Mathematical Physics II

C. Senior project and seminar; one of two options: (6-7)  6-7
C. (i) Mathematics option
MATH 351  Senior Project for the Mathematics and Physics Program
SAGES departmental seminar in Mathematics
C. (ii) Physics option
PHYS 303  Advanced Laboratory Physics Seminar
PHYS 351  Senior Physics Project
PHYS 352  Senior Physics Project Seminar

D. Other science requirements (9-11)
CHEM 105  Principles of Chemistry I  3-4
or CHEM 111  Principles of Chemistry for Engineers
CHEM 106  Principles of Chemistry II  3-4
or ENGR 145  Chemistry of Materials
ENGR 131  Elementary Computer Programming  3

Total Units  88-91

* If approved by the M&P committee, other science sequence courses may be substituted.

In addition to the major coursework listed, there are requirements of 10 hours of SAGES First and University Seminars, 12 hours of CAS distribution requirements, and enough open electives to bring the total number of hours to at least 126.

First Year

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Units</th>
<th>Fall</th>
<th>Spring</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>General Physics I - Mechanics (PHYS 121)</td>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Calculus for Science and Engineering I (MATH 121)</td>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Elementary Computer Programming (ENGR 131)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Principles of Chemistry I (CHEM 105)</td>
<td>3-4</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Principles of Chemistry for Engineers (CHEM 111)</td>
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<tr>
<td>SAGES First Seminar</td>
<td>4</td>
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<tr>
<td>Principles of Chemistry Laboratory (CHEM 113)</td>
<td>2</td>
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<tr>
<td>General Physics II - Electricity and Magnetism (PHYS 122)</td>
<td>4</td>
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<tr>
<td>or Physics and Frontiers II - Electricity and Magnetism (PHYS 124)</td>
<td>4</td>
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<tr>
<td>Calculus for Science and Engineering II (MATH 122)</td>
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<tr>
<td>or Calculus II (MATH 124)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Principles of Chemistry II (CHEM 106)</td>
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<tr>
<td>or Chemistry of Materials (ENGR 145)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Principles of Chemistry Laboratory (CHEM 113)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Other non-major course</td>
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<td>Year Total:</td>
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</table>

Second Year

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Units</th>
<th>Fall</th>
<th>Spring</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Introduction to Modern Physics (PHYS 221)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Calculus for Science and Engineering III (MATH 223)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>or Calculus III (MATH 227)</td>
<td>3</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Introduction to Abstract Algebra I (MATH 307)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-major courses</td>
<td>9</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Classical Mechanics (PHYS 310)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MP Group I</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Elementary Differential Equations (MATH 224)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>or Differential Equations (MATH 228)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Introduction to Abstract Algebra II (MATH 308)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>or Introduction of Scientific Computing (MATH 330)</td>
<td>3-4</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Year Total:</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Third Year

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Units</th>
<th>Fall</th>
<th>Spring</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Thermodynamics and Statistical Mechanics (PHYS 313)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Introduction to Quantum Mechanics I (PHYS 331)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>or Quantum Mechanics I (PHYS 481)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fundamentals of Analysis I (MATH 321)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MP Group II</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-major courses</td>
<td>9</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Introduction to Quantum Mechanics II (PHYS 332)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>or Quantum Mechanics II (PHYS 482)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Bachelor’s Degrees in Statistics

Students in statistics begin with a foundation in mathematics. Then they add statistical theory, plus intensive modern data analysis and a concentration in a field of their choice. The goal is to develop an appreciation of each facet of the discipline and a mastery of technical skills. This prepares students to enter a growing profession with opportunities in the academic, governmental, actuarial, and industrial spheres.

For the undergraduate student looking toward graduate school, the course of study within these guidelines easily incorporates additional mathematics in preparation for graduate courses. The more specialized option in actuarial science expands the basic program in statistics to incorporate topics from operations research and numerical analysis which are fundamental to actuarial theory and computation. This actuarial option includes the course work necessary to prepare for Courses 1-3 of the Society of Actuaries Exams.

BA in Statistics

The BA degree offers flexibility and the chance to pursue a wider range of interests than the BS degree allows. It also offers students the possibility of expanding the interdisciplinary aspect of the program by completing a second major. For example, students may combine statistics with computer science, biology (molecular, organismal, or ecological), psychology, economics, accounting, or management science.

The BA degree in statistics requires a minimum of 56 hours of approved course work, including 27 hours in statistics and the remainder in related disciplines and a substantive field of application. The specific requirements are as follows:

MATH 121 Calculus for Science and Engineering I 4
MATH 122 Calculus for Science and Engineering II 4
or MATH 124 Calculus II
MATH 223 Calculus for Science and Engineering III 3
or MATH 227 Calculus III
MATH 224 Elementary Differential Equations 3
or MATH 228 Differential Equations
MATH 201 Introduction to Linear Algebra 3
Two computation classes 6
ENGR 131 Elementary Computer Programming
An additional higher-numbered course in computation from EECS or EPBI 414

BS in Statistics

The BS degree in statistics requires a minimum of 68 hours of approved course work, including 27 hours in statistics and the remainder in related disciplines and a substantive field of application. In addition to the requirements for the BA, the BS degree includes a laboratory science requirement. For students seriously interested in basic science, a natural science is the logical choice as a focus for the application, and the BS degree is the logical choice of program. The specific requirements are as follows:

MATH 121 Calculus for Science and Engineering I 4
MATH 122 Calculus for Science and Engineering II 4
Integrated BS/MS Program in Mathematics and/or Applied Mathematics

The integrated BS/MS program is intended for highly motivated candidates for the BS in mathematics and applied mathematics who wish to pursue an advanced degree. Application to the BS/MS program must be made after completion of 75 semester hours of course work and prior to attaining senior status (completion of 90 semester hours). Generally, this means that a student will submit the application during his/her sixth semester of undergraduate course enrollment and will have no fewer than two semesters of remaining BS requirements to complete. Applicants should consult the dean of undergraduate studies.

A student admitted to the program may, in the senior year, take up to nine hours of graduate courses (400 level and above) that will count towards both BS and MS requirements. The courses to be doubled-counted must be specified at the time of application. Any undergraduate course work that is to be applied to the MS must be beyond that used to satisfy BS degree requirements and must conform to university, graduate school, and department rules. Students may petition to transfer graduate course work taken prior to application to the BS/MS program subject to the rules of the graduate school.

Students for whom the master’s project or thesis is a continuation and development of the senior project should register for (or the appropriate project course) during the senior year and are expected to complete all other courses for the BS before enrolling in further MS course work and thesis (continuing the senior project). Students for whom the master’s thesis or project is distinct from the senior project will be expected to complete the BS degree before taking further graduate courses for the master’s degree.

Integrated BS/MS in Applied Mathematics and Another Discipline

There is the possibility of an integrated five-year study plan leading to a BS in applied mathematics and an MS in the area of application. In order to complete the requirements for the BS/MS in five years, students must choose an area outside mathematics that integrates well with mathematics, such as computing/information science, operations research, systems engineering, control theory, biology, or cognitive science. The general academic requirements for Integrated BS/MS programs must be followed. (Since the graduate courses required for the MS degree are determined by the respective department, each student programs must be followed. (Since the graduate courses required for the MS degree are determined by the respective department, each student must consult with his/her faculty advisor concerning requirements for the MS degree.)

Minor in Mathematics

A minor in mathematics is available to all undergraduates. No more than two courses can be used to satisfy both minor requirements and the requirements of the student’s major field (meaning departmental degree requirements, including departmental technical electives and common core requirements of the student’s school).

The minor in mathematics requires 17 hours of mathematics courses, including:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Title</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MATH 121</td>
<td>Calculus for Science and Engineering I</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>or MATH 125</td>
<td>Math and Calculus Applications for Life, Managerial, and Social Sci I</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MATH 122</td>
<td>Calculus for Science and Engineering II</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>or MATH 124</td>
<td>Calculus II</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>or MATH 126</td>
<td>Math and Calculus Applications for Life, Managerial, and Social Sci II</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MATH 223</td>
<td>Calculus for Science and Engineering III</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Bachelor's Degree Option in Actuarial Science

The actuarial program leading to either a BA or a BS in statistics requires 30 hours in statistics and actuarial studies and must satisfy the requirements for the appropriate degree program, with the following in addition to required courses.

- At least 12 hours in statistical methodology, to be chosen from courses numbered 300 and higher offered by the statistics department, or approved courses taught in biostatistics, electrical engineering and computer science, economics, mathematics, operations research, systems engineering, etc. At least 6 hours must be in STAT. STAT 243 and STAT 244 may be counted.

Two approved courses (or more) numbered 300 or above in an approved discipline outside statistics.

A combined total of 12 hours (or more) in ASTR, BIOL, CHEM, or PHYS which may be counted toward a major in that field, including at least one of the following sequences:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Title</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PHYS 121</td>
<td>General Physics I - Mechanics</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&amp; PHYS 122</td>
<td>General Physics II - Electricity and Magnetism</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CHEM 105</td>
<td>Principles of Chemistry I</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&amp; CHEM 106</td>
<td>Principles of Chemistry II</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&amp; CHEM 113</td>
<td>Principles of Chemistry Laboratory</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Students are strongly encouraged to include advanced expository or technical writing courses in their programs.

Total Units 68
or MATH 227 Calculus III
MATH 224 Elementary Differential Equations
or MATH 228 Differential Equations
MATH 150 Mathematics from a Mathematician’s Perspective
MATH 201 Introduction to Linear Algebra
or MATH 307 Introduction to Abstract Algebra I
MATH 301 Undergraduate Reading Course
MATH 302 Departmental Seminar
MATH 303 Elementary Number Theory
MATH 304 Discrete Mathematics
MATH 308 Introduction to Abstract Algebra II
MATH 321 Fundamentals of Analysis I
MATH 322 Fundamentals of Analysis II
MATH 324 Introduction to Complex Analysis
MATH 327 Convexity and Optimization
MATH 330 Introduction to Scientific Computing
MATH 333 Mathematics and Brain
MATH 338 Introduction to Dynamical Systems
MATH 343 Theoretical Computer Science
MATH 363 Knot Theory
MATH 380 Introduction to Probability
Or any 400-level MATH course

* To count toward a minor in mathematics, MATH 150 Mathematics from a Mathematician’s Perspective must be taken in the first or second year.

Minor in Statistics

A minor in statistics requires a minimum of 15 hours of approved course work. The minor must satisfy the requirements below and must include a minimum of 9 credits in STAT courses.

One of the following sequences:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>STAT 243</td>
<td>Statistical Theory with Application I</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&amp; STAT 244</td>
<td>and Statistical Theory with Application II</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STAT 345</td>
<td>Theoretical Statistics I</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&amp; STAT 346</td>
<td>and Theoretical Statistics II</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Or other approved sequence

One of the following:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>STAT 312</td>
<td>Basic Statistics for Engineering and Science</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STAT 313</td>
<td>Statistics for Experimenters</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STAT 332</td>
<td>Statistics for Signal Processing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STAT 333</td>
<td>Uncertainty in Engineering and Science</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STAT 325</td>
<td>Data Analysis and Linear Models</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Two approved elective courses numbered 300 or above. 6

Total Units 15

Graduate Programs

The department offers programs leading to the Master of Science and the Doctor of Philosophy degrees. At both the master’s and the doctoral levels, students may pursue degrees in mathematics or applied mathematics.

A student must satisfy all of the general requirements of the graduate school as well as the more specific requirements of the department to earn either a master’s or doctoral degree. Each graduate student is assigned a faculty advisory committee during the first year of study. The committee’s primary responsibility is to help the student plan an appropriate and sufficiently broad program of course work and study that will satisfy both the degree requirements and the special interests of the student. With the aid of the advisory committee, each student must present a study plan indicating how he or she intends to satisfy the requirements for a graduate degree.

The main requirements are as follows.

Master of Science in Mathematics

A minimum of 27 credit hours of approved course work, at least 18 of which must be at the 400 level or higher, is required for the MS degree in mathematics. Courses in two of the following three basic areas must be included among the 27 credit hours required for graduation:

Abstract Algebra 6
MATH 401 Abstract Algebra I
MATH 402 Abstract Algebra II

Analysis 6
MATH 423 Introduction to Real Analysis I
MATH 424 Introduction to Real Analysis II
or MATH 425 Complex Analysis I

Topology 3
MATH 461 Introduction to Topology

Total Units 15

The student must pass a comprehensive oral examination on three areas, two of which must be selected from the basic ones listed above (although no particular courses are specified). The third area for the examination may be any approved subject.

A student in the MS program in mathematics may substitute the comprehensive exam examination requirement with an expository or original thesis, which will count as 6 credit hours of course work. The thesis will be defended in the course of an oral examination, during which the student will be questioned about the thesis and related topics. These two variants correspond to the graduate school’s Plan A and Plan B.

Master of Science in Applied Mathematics

The department offers specialized programs in applied mathematics. For each of the programs, there is a minimum requirement of 27 credit hours of course work, at least 18 of which must be at the 400 level or higher. Students in the program must complete course work requirements in each of the following groups:

• At least 15 hours offered by the Department of Mathematics, Applied Mathematics, and Statistics
• At least 6 hours of courses offered outside the Department of Mathematics, Applied Mathematics, and Statistics
• 6 hours of thesis work (see below) or successful completion of a comprehensive exam

Given the great diversity of topics used in applications, there cannot be a large common core of requirements for the MS in applied mathematics.
Still, all students pursuing this degree are strongly advised to take MATH 431 Introduction to Numerical Analysis I and MATH 441 Mathematical Modeling. In addition, to add breadth to the student’s education, the set of courses taken within the department must include three credit hours of approved course work in at least three of the following seven breadth areas. (The list includes suitable courses for each area. Please note that a course may be used to satisfy only one breadth area requirement.)

### Applied Mathematics Breadth Areas

#### Analysis and Linear Analysis:
- MATH 471 Advanced Engineering Mathematics
- MATH 423 Introduction to Real Analysis I
- MATH 405 Advanced Matrix Analysis

#### Probability and its Applications:
- MATH 439 Integrated Numerical and Statistical Computations
- MATH 491 Probability I

#### Numerical Analysis and Scientific Computing:
- MATH 431 Introduction to Numerical Analysis I
- MATH 432 Numerical Differential Equations
- MATH 433 Numerical Solutions of Nonlinear Systems and Optimization

#### Differential Equations:
- MATH 435 Ordinary Differential Equations
- MATH 445 Introduction to Partial Differential Equations
- MATH 449 Dynamical Models for Biology and Medicine

#### Inverse Problems and Imaging:
- MATH 439 Integrated Numerical and Statistical Computations
- MATH 440 Computational Inverse Problems
- MATH 475 Mathematics of Imaging in Industry and Medicine

#### Logic and Discrete Mathematics:
- MATH 406 Mathematical Logic and Model Theory
- MATH 408 Introduction to Cryptology

#### Life Science:
- MATH 441 Mathematical Modeling
- MATH 449 Dynamical Models for Biology and Medicine
- MATH 478 Computational Neuroscience

* Not suitable for credit towards the PhD requirements.

#### Other suitable courses for students in applied mathematics include:
- MATH 424 Introduction to Real Analysis II 3
- MATH 425 Complex Analysis I 3
- MATH 427 Convexity and Optimization 3
- MATH 428 Fourier Analysis 3
- MATH 444 Mathematics of Data Mining and Pattern Recognition 3
- MATH 475 Mathematics of Imaging in Industry and Medicine 3
- MATH 492 Probability II 3

A student in the MS program in applied mathematics may substitute the comprehensive examination requirement with an expository or original thesis, which will count as 6 credit hours of course work. The thesis will be defended in the course of an oral examination, during which the student will be questioned about the thesis and related topics. These two variants correspond to the graduate school’s Plan A and Plan B.

### PhD Program

The doctorate is conferred not merely upon completion of a stipulated course of study, but rather upon clear demonstration of scholarly attainment and capability of original research work in mathematics. A doctoral student may plan either a traditional program of studies in mathematics (mathematics track) or a program of studies oriented toward applied mathematics (applied mathematics track). In either case, each student must take 36 credit hours of approved courses with a grade average of B or better. For students entering with a master’s degree in a mathematical subject compatible with our program, as determined by the graduate committee, this requirement is reduced to 18 credit hours of approved courses.

In addition to the course work, all PhD students in both tracks must complete the following specific requirements:

#### Qualifying Exams

Each student will be required to take two written qualifying exams. The exams will be in analysis and algebra for the mathematics track, and in numerical analysis and modeling for the applied mathematics track. Syllabi for the exams are available to students. Exams will be offered twice a year, usually in January and May. Students may attempt each exam up to three times. Under normal circumstances, students are expected to have passed both exams by the end of their fifth semester.

#### Area Exam

Each student will be required to pass an oral examination showing knowledge of the background and literature in the chosen area of specialization. The exam will be administered by the student’s advising committee, chaired by the principal advisor. The exam should normally take place within one year after final passage of the qualifying examinations and at least one year before the defense takes place. A student may retake the required exam once.

A written syllabus, with a list of the papers for which the student will be responsible, should be prepared and agreed upon by the student and advising committee at least two months before the exam takes place, at which time a specific date and time for the exam should be decided. Both the syllabus and the scheduled date of the exam should then be reported to the graduate committee.

#### Yearly Progress Reports

After passing the area exam, students will present yearly progress reports to their advising committees, usually in April. These reports will consist of both a written summary of progress and an oral presentation delivered to the advising committee.

#### Dissertation, Expository Talk, and Defense

Students are required to produce a written dissertation and present an oral defense. The dissertation is expected to constitute an original contribution to mathematical knowledge. It must be provided to the defense committee (the composition of which is discussed below) at least 10 days prior to the defense. Students are required to give a colloquium-
level presentation of their thesis work, open to all students and faculty, followed by an oral defense of the thesis work to the defense committee. The committee consists of at least four faculty members, including the student's principal advisor and at least one outside faculty member.

Deadlines for the thesis defense and approval of the dissertation are determined by the School of Graduate Studies. It is the student's responsibility to be aware of deadlines and make sure they are met.

Requirements specific to the different tracks

Mathematics Track

A student in the traditional mathematics program must demonstrate knowledge of the basic concepts and techniques of algebra, analysis (real and complex), and topology. This includes taking all courses in the three basic areas, and successfully completing qualifying examinations in algebra and analysis.

Qualifying Examination

A doctoral student in the mathematics track must take written examinations on abstract algebra and real analysis, as well as an oral examination in his or her chosen area of specialization. Subjects include complex analysis, control and calculus of variations, differential equations, dynamical systems, functional analysis, geometry, probability, and topology.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Abstract Algebra:</th>
<th>6</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MATH 401</td>
<td>Abstract Algebra I</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MATH 402</td>
<td>Abstract Algebra II</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Analysis:</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MATH 423</td>
<td>Introduction to Real Analysis I</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MATH 424</td>
<td>Introduction to Real Analysis II</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MATH 425</td>
<td>Complex Analysis I</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Topology:</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MATH 461</td>
<td>Introduction to Topology</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18 credit hours of approved course work</td>
<td>18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Units</td>
<td>36</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

A student with a master's degree in a mathematical subject compatible with our program, as determined by the graduate committee, must take 18 credit hours of approved courses. The graduate committee will determine which of the specific course requirements stated above have been satisfied by the master's course work.

Applied Mathematics Track

A student in the applied mathematics track must demonstrate knowledge of scientific computing, mathematical modeling, and differential equations. This includes taking qualifying examinations in the areas of computational mathematics and mathematical modeling, and taking certain courses in these three areas, as specified below.

Qualifying Examination

A doctoral student in the applied mathematics track must take written examinations in numerical analysis and in mathematical modeling, as well as an oral examination in his or her chosen area of specialization. Subjects include but are not restricted to fluid mechanics, statistical mechanics, epidemiology, neuroscience, and more traditional fields of mathematics.

| MATH 411          | Introduction to Numerical Analysis I | 3 |
| One of the following: | | |
| MATH 432          | Numerical Differential Equations | 3 |
| MATH 433          | Numerical Solutions of Nonlinear Systems and Optimization | 3 |
| MATH 441          | Mathematical Modeling | 3 |
| One of the following: | | |
| MATH 435          | Ordinary Differential Equations | 3 |
| MATH 445          | Introduction to Partial Differential Equations | 3 |
| 24 hours of approved courses | 24 |
| Total Units       | 36 |

A student with a master's degree in a mathematical subject compatible with our program, as determined by the graduate committee, must take 18 credit hours of approved courses, which must include at least 6 credit hours of courses offered outside the Department of Mathematics, Applied Mathematics, and Statistics and at least 9 credit hours offered by the Department of Mathematics, Applied Mathematics, and Statistics. The graduate committee will determine which of the specific course requirements stated above have been satisfied by the master's course work.

Sample study plans for students with concentrations in scientific computing, imaging, mathematical biology, and stochastics follow. The graduate committee will entertain ideas for other serious study plans or qualifying exam subjects in addition to the most common variants.

Scientific Computing Concentration

| MATH 431          | Introduction to Numerical Analysis I | 3 |
| MATH 432          | Numerical Differential Equations | 3 |
| MATH 433          | Numerical Solutions of Nonlinear Systems and Optimization | 3 |
| MATH 439          | Integrated Numerical and Statistical Computations | 3 |
| or MATH 440        | Computational Inverse Problems |
| MATH 441          | Mathematical Modeling | 3 |
| MATH 445          | Introduction to Partial Differential Equations | 3 |
| MATH 449          | Dynamical Models for Biology and Medicine | 3 |
| or MATH 478        | Computational Neuroscience |
| Application area  | 9 |

Imaging Concentration

| MATH 428          | Fourier Analysis | 3 |
| MATH 431          | Introduction to Numerical Analysis I | 3 |
| MATH 432          | Numerical Differential Equations | 3 |
| MATH 433          | Numerical Solutions of Nonlinear Systems and Optimization | 3 |
| MATH 439          | Integrated Numerical and Statistical Computations | 3 |
| or MATH 440        | Computational Inverse Problems |
| MATH 441          | Mathematical Modeling | 3 |
| MATH 444          | Mathematics of Data Mining and Pattern Recognition | 3 |
| MATH 445          | Introduction to Partial Differential Equations | 3 |
Life Science Concentration

MATH 431 Introduction to Numerical Analysis I 3
MATH 432 Numerical Differential Equations 3
MATH 433 Numerical Solutions of Nonlinear Systems and Optimization 3
MATH 439 Integrated Numerical and Statistical Computations 3
MATH 440 Computational Inverse Problems 3
MATH 441 Mathematical Modeling 3
MATH 445 Introduction to Partial Differential Equations 3
MATH 449 Dynamical Models for Biology and Medicine 3
MATH 478 Computational Neuroscience 3

Application area

Stochastics Concentration

MATH 423 Introduction to Real Analysis I 3
MATH 424 Introduction to Real Analysis II 3
MATH 431 Introduction to Numerical Analysis I 3
MATH 441 Mathematical Modeling 3
MATH 491 Probability I 3
MATH 492 Probability II 3

Application area

Total Units 27

PhD students entering with a bachelor’s degree are subject to the same breadth requirements as students pursuing the MS degree in applied mathematics.

Petitions

Any exceptions to departmental regulations or requirements must have the formal approval of the department’s graduate committee. Such exceptions are to be sought by a written petition, approved by the student’s advisory committee or thesis advisor, to the graduate committee.

Any exception to university rules and regulations must be approved by the dean of graduate studies. Such exceptions are to be sought by presenting a written petition to the graduate committee for departmental endorsement and approval prior to forwarding the petition to the dean.

Graduate Programs in Statistics

Please note: Currently, admission to the graduate program in Statistics is frozen due to reorganization of the program. Please check with the department for the latest update.

The department offers programs leading to the Master of Science and to the Doctor of Philosophy degrees. Graduate assistantships, both with teaching responsibilities and with research duties, are available to qualified applicants. The dual core of the MS program is mathematical statistics and modern data analysis, with the option of a special Entrepreneurial Track. Expanding from this core, students develop technical facility in a variety of statistical methodologies. This breadth of competence is designed to equip graduates to go beyond the appropriate choice of method for implementation and to be able to adapt these techniques and to construct new methods to meet the specific objectives and constraints of new situations.

Master of Science

The MS degree in statistics requires a minimum of 27 hours of approved course work in statistics and related disciplines and an MS research project or a thesis. Each student’s program is developed in consultation with the director of graduate studies or a senior faculty mentor and must satisfy the following requirements:

STAT 425 & STAT 426 Data Analysis and Linear Models and Multivariate Analysis and Data Mining 6
STAT 445 & STAT 446 Theoretical Statistics I and Theoretical Statistics II 6
STAT 455 Linear Models 3
STAT 495A Consulting Forum 3
or STAT 495B Consulting Forum With Practicum
STAT 621 M.S. Research Project 3
or STAT 651 Thesis M.S. 6

A minimum of six hours of approved graduate-level statistics electives.

Total Units 27

The goals of this program are:

1. to give each student a balanced view of statistical theory and the application of statistics in practice or in substantive research
2. to have the student develop a broad competence in statistical methodology.

The required core course work reflects this balance. The first two requirements are for full-year sequences in data analysis and theory; the third develops the theory underlying linear modeling. The requirement for applications of statistics will be satisfied through intensive participation in the consulting forum; the selection of an MS research project provides additional exposure. Graduate students are also required to participate in a forum or seminar to gain experience in written and oral presentation.

The remainder of each student’s program is individualized to address the more specialized statistical demands of the selected field of concentration or the focus of multidisciplinary work. Each student may choose either the applied research project or the thesis option, depending on individual interests. In either case, the student can expect to work with a faculty mentor in undertaking a significant task, the results of which will be suitable for publication or for presentation at professional society meetings.

A student coming to school from a position as a professional statistician might choose a statistical problem arising in the workplace as the basis for an MS research project. A student intending to continue graduate work toward a PhD might choose an MS research project to explore the intimate relationship of statistics to substantive fields. Alternatively, either student might choose the thesis option to tailor a methodology to a new setting or to make a first essay at mathematical statistical research.

Entrepreneurial Track

The Master of Science in Statistics – Entrepreneurial Track (MSS-ET) is a professional degree designed to provide training in statistics focused on developing data analysis and decision-making skills in industrial, government, and consulting environments where uncertainties and related risks are present. It expands our master’s program in statistics...
by creating a professional track that includes some business training. The Entrepreneurial Track provides instruction and real-world business experience to students who have a background in statistics and a vision for new and growing ventures. The MSS – ET program requires a minimum of 27 hours.

The required New Venture Creation and Technology Entrepreneurship courses will be offered by the Weatherhead School of Management. Students on internships will sign up for the consulting forum sequence. In addition, students are required to participate in an intensive (up to 30 hours) one-week annual workshop on the industrial use of statistics from the management perspective. This non-credit workshop will take place during the fall or spring undergraduate breaks.

**Doctor of Philosophy**

The doctoral program focuses on research, with a plan of study devoted to the development of statistical methodology or theory with innovative applications. Graduates will be able both to extend the theoretical basis for statistics and to bring statistical thought to scientific research in other fields. The objective of preparing students to collaborate in interdisciplinary work demands breadth as well, so advanced knowledge of a substantive field and participation in the collaborative experience are also integral to the program.

Students planning to enter the doctoral program in statistics should obtain information from the departmental office. Plans of study are prepared individually by the graduate student and a faculty advisor to develop the talents and interests of each student.

**Department Faculty**

Daniela Calvetti, PhD
(University of North Carolina)
*James Wood Williamson Professor and Chair*
Scientific computing; imaging, inverse problems; modeling and simulation in life science

Alethea Barbaro, PhD
(University of California, Santa Barbara)
*Assistant Professor*
Computational Science and Engineering

Jenny Brynjarsdóttir, PhD
(The Ohio State University)
*Assistant Professor*
Bayesian methodology; bayesian hierarchial modeling; dimension reduction in space-time modeling; environmental statistics; applications in climate and paleoclimate sciences; uncertainty quantification; model discrepancy

Christopher Butler, MS
(Case Western Reserve University)
*Instructor and Theodore M. Focke Professorial Fellow*
Teaching of mathematics

Julia Dobrosotskaya, PhD
(University of California, Los Angeles)
*Assistant Professor*
Harmonic analysis; PDE; variational methods; signal processing

John Duncan, PhD
(Yale University)
*Assistant Professor and Theodore M. Focke Professorial Fellow*
The structure theory of vertex algebras; applications of vertex algebra in representation theory; algebraic geometry; number theory; topology

Weihong Guo, PhD
(University of Florida)
*Warren E. Rupp Assistant Professor*
Image processing and analysis; compressive sensing; computational neuroscience; computer vision

David Guraliev, PhD
(Hebrew University, Jerusalem, Israel)
*Professor*
Applied mathematics (differential equations, dynamical systems) in physics, chemistry, biology; applications to population biology, infectious disease modeling, epidemiology, metabolism, geophysical fluid dynamics

Michael Hurley, PhD
(Northwestern University)
*Professor*
Dynamical systems; dynamics of cellular automata; dynamics of numerical methods

Steven H. Izen, PhD
(Massachusetts Institute of Technology)
*Professor*
Image reconstruction from projections, both theoretically and in applied situations

Joel Langer, PhD
(University of California, Santa Cruz)
*Professor*
Static and dynamics of curves and related physical models; the interplay between geometry and integrable Hamiltonian systems; geometry of finite and infinite dimensional spaces of curves

Marshall J. Leitman, PhD
(Brown University)
*Professor*
Continuum physics; integral equations; functional analysis; mechanics of materials

Elizabeth Meckes, PhD
(Stanford University)
*Associate Professor*
Probability theory; probabilistic problems in geometry, topology, and physics; random matrix theory

Mark Meckes, PhD
(Case Western Reserve University)
*Associate Professor*
Geometry in high dimensions; random matrix theory; geometric probability

Anirban Mondal, PhD
(Texas A&M University)
*Assistant Professor*
Bayesian Inference, Markov Chain Monte Carlo methods, spatial statistics, inverse problems
Adjunct Faculty

Carsten Schütt, PhD
(Christian-Albrecht Universität, Kiel)
Adjunct Professor
Convex geometry; Banach space theory; functional analysis

Richard Varga, PhD
(Harvard University)
Adjunct Professor
Rational approximation; Riemann hypothesis; Gershgorin disks

MATH Courses

MATH 110. Introduction to Mathematical Communication and Software. 1 Unit.

MATH 120. Elementary Functions and Analytic Geometry. 3 Units.
Polynomial, rational, exponential, logarithmic, and trigonometric functions (emphasis on computation, graphing, and location of roots) straight lines and conic sections. Primarily a precalculus course for the student without a good background in trigonometric functions and graphing and/or analytic geometry. Not open to students with credit for MATH 121 or MATH 125. Prereq: Three years of high school mathematics.

MATH 121. Calculus for Science and Engineering I. 4 Units.
Functions, analytic geometry of lines and polynomials, limits, derivatives of algebraic and trigonometric functions. Definite integral, antiderivatives, fundamental theorem of calculus, change of variables. Prereq: Three and one half years of high school mathematics. Counts for CAS Quantitative Reasoning Requirement.

MATH 122. Calculus for Science and Engineering II. 4 Units.
Continuation of MATH 121. Exponentials and logarithms, growth and decay, inverse trigonometric functions, related rates, basic techniques of integration, area and volume, polar coordinates, parametric equations. Taylor polynomials and Taylor's theorem. Prereq: MATH 121, MATH 123 or MATH 126.

MATH 124. Calculus II. 4 Units.

MATH 125. Math and Calculus Applications for Life, Managerial, and Social Sci I. 4 Units.
Discrete and continuous probability; differential and integral calculus of one variable; graphing, related rates, maxima and minima. Integration techniques, numerical methods, volumes, areas. Applications to the physical, life, and social sciences. Students planning to take more than two semesters of introductory mathematics should take MATH 121. Prereq: Three and one half years of high school mathematics. Counts for CAS Quantitative Reasoning Requirement.
MATH 125. Calculus of Several Variables. 3 Units.
Continuation of MATH 124 covering differential equations, multivariable calculus, and vector calculus. Partial derivatives, maxima and minima for functions of several variables, line integrals, and multiple integrals. Prereq: MATH 124 or MATH 126.

MATH 126. Math and Calculus Applications for Life, Managerial, and Social Sci II. 4 Units.
Continuation of MATH 125 covering differential equations, multivariable calculus, discrete methods. Partial derivatives, maxima and minima for functions of two variables, linear regression. Differential equations; first and second order equations, systems, Taylor series methods; Newton's method; difference equations. Prereq: MATH 121, MATH 123 or MATH 125.

MATH 150. Mathematics from a Mathematician's Perspective. 3 Units.
An interesting and accessible mathematical topic not covered in the standard curriculum is developed. Students are exposed to methods of mathematical reasoning and historical progression of mathematical concepts. Introduction to the way mathematicians work and their attitude toward their profession. Should be taken in freshman year to count toward a major in mathematics. Counts for CAS Quantitative Reasoning Requirement.

MATH 201. Introduction to Linear Algebra. 3 Units.
Matrix operations, systems of linear equations, vector spaces, subspaces, bases and linear independence, eigenvalues and eigenvectors, diagonalization of matrices, linear transformations. Determinants. Less theoretical than MATH 308. May not be taken for credit by mathematics majors. Only one of MATH 201 or MATH 308 may be taken for credit. Prereq: MATH 122, MATH 124 or MATH 126.

MATH 223. Calculus for Science and Engineering III. 3 Units.

MATH 224. Elementary Differential Equations. 3 Units.

MATH 227. Calculus III. 3 Units.

MATH 228. Differential Equations. 3 Units.
Elementary ordinary differential equations: first order equations; linear systems; applications; numerical methods of solution. Prereq: MATH 227 or placement by the department.

MATH 301. Undergraduate Reading Course. 1 - 3 Unit.
Students must obtain the approval of a supervising professor before registration. More than one credit hour must be approved by the undergraduate committee of the department.

MATH 302. Departmental Seminar. 3 Units.
A seminar devoted to understanding the formulation and solution of mathematical problems. SAGES Department Seminar. Students will investigate, from different possible viewpoints, via case studies, how mathematics advances as a discipline--what mathematicians do. The course will largely be in a seminar format. There will be two assignments involving writing in the style of the discipline. Enrollment by permission (limited to majors depending on demand). Counts as SAGES Departmental Seminar.

MATH 303. Elementary Number Theory. 3 Units.
Primes and divisibility, theory of congruencies, and number theoretic functions. Diophantine equations, quadratic residue theory, and other topics determined by student interest. Emphasis on problem solving (formulating conjectures and justifying them). Prereq: MATH 122 or MATH 124.

MATH 304. Discrete Mathematics. 3 Units.
A general introduction to basic mathematical terminology and the techniques of abstract mathematics in the context of discrete mathematics. Topics introduced are mathematical reasoning, Boolean connectives, deduction, mathematical induction, sets, functions and relations, algorithms, graphs, combinatorial reasoning. Offered as EECS 302 and MATH 304. Prereq: MATH 122, MATH 124 or MATH 126.

MATH 305. Introduction to Advanced Mathematics. 3 Units.
A course on the theory and practice of writing, and reading mathematics. Main topics are logic and the language of mathematics, proof techniques, set theory, and functions. Additional topics may include introductions to number theory, group theory, topology, or other areas of advanced mathematics. Prereq: MATH 122, MATH 124 or MATH 126.

MATH 307. Introduction to Abstract Algebra I. 3 Units.
First semester of an integrated, two-semester theoretical course in abstract and linear algebra, studied on an axiomatic basis. The major algebraic structures studied are groups, rings, fields, modules, vector spaces, and inner product spaces. Topics include homomorphisms and quotient structures, the theory of polynomials, canonical forms for linear transformations and the principal axis theorem. This course is required of all students majoring in mathematics. Only one of MATH 201 or MATH 307 may be taken for credit. Prereq: MATH 122 or MATH 124.

MATH 308. Introduction to Abstract Algebra II. 3 Units.

MATH 319. Applied Probability and Stochastic Processes for Biology. 3 Units.
Applications of probability and stochastic processes to biological systems. Mathematical topics will include: introduction to discrete and continuous probability spaces (including numerical generation of pseudo random samples from specified probability distributions), Markov processes in discrete and continuous time with discrete and continuous sample spaces, point processes including homogeneous and inhomogeneous Poisson processes and Markov chains on graphs, and diffusion processes including Brownian motion and the Ornstein-Uhlenbeck process. Biological topics will be determined by the interests of the students and the instructor. Likely topics include: stochastic ion channels, molecular motors and stochastic ratchets, actin and tubulin polymerization, random walk models for neural spike trains, bacterial chemotaxis, signaling and genetic regulatory networks, and stochastic predator-prey dynamics. The emphasis will be on practical simulation and analysis of stochastic phenomena in biological systems. Numerical methods will be developed using both MATLAB and the R statistical package. Student projects will comprise a major part of the course. Offered as BIOL 319, EECS 319, MATH 319, BIOL 419, EBME 419, and PHOL 419. Prereq: MATH 224 or MATH 223 and BIOL 300 or BIOL 306 and MATH 201 or MATH 307 or consent of instructor.
MATH 321. Fundamentals of Analysis I. 3 Units.
Abstract mathematical reasoning in the context of analysis in Euclidean space. Introduction to formal reasoning, sets and functions, and the number systems. Sequences and series; Cauchy sequences and convergence. Required for all mathematics majors. Additional work required for graduate students. (May not be taken for graduate credit by graduate students in the Department of Mathematics.) Offered as MATH 321 and MATH 421. Prereq: MATH 223 or MATH 227.

MATH 322. Fundamentals of Analysis II. 3 Units.
Continuation of MATH 321. Point-set topology in metric spaces with attention to n-dimensional space; completeness, compactness, connectedness, and continuity of functions. Topics in sequences, series of functions, uniform convergence, Fourier series and polynomial approximation. Theoretical development of differentiation and Riemann integration. Required for all mathematics majors. Additional work required for graduate students. (May not be taken for graduate credit by graduate students in the Department of Mathematics.) Offered as MATH 322 and MATH 422. Prereq: MATH 321.

MATH 324. Introduction to Complex Analysis. 3 Units.

MATH 326. Geometry and Complex Analysis. 3 Units.
The theme of this course will be the interplay between geometry and complex analysis, algebra and other fields of mathematics. An effort will be made to highlight significant, unexpected connections between major fields, illustrating the unity of mathematics. The choice of text(s) and syllabus itself will be flexible, to be adapted to the range of interests and backgrounds of pre-enrolled students. Possible topics include: the Møbius group and its subgroups, hyperbolic geometry, elliptic functions, Riemann surfaces, applications of conformal mapping, and potential theory in classical physical models. Offered as MATH 326 and MATH 426. Prereq: MATH 324.

MATH 327. Convexity and Optimization. 3 Units.
Introduction to the theory of convex sets and functions and to the extremes in problems in areas of mathematics where convexity plays a role. Among the topics discussed are basic properties of convex sets (extreme points, facial structure of polytopes), separation theorems, duality and polars, properties of convex functions, minima and maxima of convex functions over convex set, various optimization problems. Offered as MATH 327, MATH 427, and OPRE 427. Prereq: MATH 223 or MATH 227.

MATH 330. Introduction of Scientific Computing. 3 Units.
An introductory survey to Scientific Computing from principles to applications. Topics which will be covered in the course include: solution of linear systems and least squares, approximation and interpolation, solution of nonlinear systems, numerical integration and differentiation, and numerical solution of differential equations. Projects where the numerical methods are used to solve problems from various application areas will be assigned throughout the semester. Prereq or Coreq: MATH 224 or MATH 228.

MATH 333. Mathematics and Brain. 3 Units.
This course is intended for upper level undergraduate students in Mathematics, Cognitive Science, Biomedical Engineering, Biology or Neuroscience who have an interest in quantitative investigation of the brain and its functions. Students will be introduced to a variety of mathematical techniques needed to model and simulate different brain functions, and to analyze the results of the simulations and of available measured data. The mathematical exposition will be followed--when appropriate--by the corresponding implementation in Matlab. The course will cover some basic topics in the mathematical aspects of differential equations, electromagnetism, Inverse problems and imaging related to brain functions. Validation and falsification of the mathematical models in the light of available experimental data will be addressed. This course will be a first step towards organizing the different brain investigative modalities within a unified mathematical framework. Lectures will include a discussion portion. A final presentation and written report are part of the course requirements. Counts as SAGES Departmental Seminar. Prereq: MATH 224 or MATH 228.

MATH 338. Introduction to Dynamical Systems. 3 Units.
Nonlinear discrete dynamical systems in one and two dimensions. Chaotic dynamics, elementary bifurcation theory, hyperbolicity, symbolic dynamics, structural stability, stable manifold theory. Prereq: MATH 223 or MATH 227.

MATH 343. Theoretical Computer Science. 3 Units.
Introduction to different classes of automata and their correspondence to different classes of formal languages and grammars, computability, complexity and various proof techniques. MATH/EECS 343 and MATH 410 cannot both be taken for credit. Offered as EECS 343 and MATH 343. Prereq: MATH 304 and EECS 340.

MATH 351. Senior Project for the Mathematics and Physics Program. 2 Units.
A two-semester course (2 credits per semester) in the joint B.S. in Mathematics and Physics program. Project based on numerical and/or theoretical research under the supervision of a mathematics faculty member, possibly jointly with a faculty member from physics. Study of the techniques utilized in a specific research area and of recent literature associated with the project. Work leading to meaningful results which are to be presented as a term paper and an oral report at the end of the second semester. Supervising faculty will review progress with the student on a regular basis, including detailed progress reports made twice each semester, to ensure successful completion of the work. Counts as SAGES Senior Capstone.

MATH 352. Mathematics Capstone. 3 Units.
Mathematics Senior Project. Students pursue a project based on experimental, theoretical or teaching research under the supervision of a mathematics faculty member, a faculty member from another Case department or a research scientist or engineer from another institution. A departmental Senior Project Coordinator must approve all project proposals and this same person will receive regular oral and written progress reports. Final results are presented at the end of the second semester as a paper in a style suitable for publication in a professional journal as well as an oral report in a public Mathematics Capstone symposium. Counts as SAGES Senior Capstone.
MATH 357. Mathematical Modeling Across the Sciences. 3 Units.
A three credit course on mathematical modeling as it applies to the origins sciences. Students gain practical experience in a wide range of techniques for modeling research questions in cosmology and astrophysics, integrative evolutionary biology (including physical anthropology, ecology, paleontology, and evolutionary cognitive science), and planetary science and astrobiology. Offered as ORIG 301, ORIG 401 and MATH 357. Prereq: ORIG 201, ORIG 202, BIOL 225, MATH 122, CHEM 106 and (PHYS 122 or PHYS 124).

MATH 361. Geometry I. 3 Units.
An introduction to the various two-dimensional geometries, including Euclidean, spherical, hyperbolic, projective, and affine. The course will examine the axiomatic basis of geometry, with an emphasis on transformations. Topics include the parallel postulate and its alternatives, isometries and transformation groups, tilings, the hyperbolic plane and its models, spherical geometry, affine and projective transformations, and other topics. We will examine the role of complex and hypercomplex numbers in the algebraic representation of transformations. The course is self-contained. Counts as SAGES Departmental Seminar. Prereq: MATH 224.

MATH 363. Knot Theory. 3 Units.
An introduction to the mathematical theory of knots and links, with emphasis on the modern combinatorial methods. Reidemeister moves on link projections, ambient and regular isotopies, linking number, tricolorability, rational tangles, braids, torus knots, seifert surfaces and genus, the knot polynomials (bracket, X, Jones, Alexander, HOMFLY), crossing numbers of alternating knots and amphicheirality. Connections to theoretical physics, molecular biology, and other scientific applications will be pursued in term projects, as appropriate to the background and interests of the students. Prereq: MATH 223 or MATH 227.

MATH 376. Dynamics of Biological Systems II: Tools for Mathematical Biology. 3 Units.
Building on the material in Biology 300, this course focuses on the mathematical tools used to construct and analyze biological models, with examples drawn largely from ecology but also from epidemiology, developmental biology, and other areas. Analytic "paper and pencil" techniques are emphasized, but we will also use computers to help develop intuition. By the end of the course, students should be able to recognize basic building blocks in biological models, be able to perform simple analysis, and be more fluent in translating between verbal and mathematical descriptions. Offered as BIOL 306 and MATH 376. Prereq: BIOL 300 or MATH 224 or consent of instructor.

MATH 378. Computational Neuroscience. 3 Units.
Computer simulations and mathematical analysis of neurons and neural circuits, and the computational properties of nervous systems. Students are taught a range of models for neurons and neural circuits, and are asked to implement and explore the computational and dynamic properties of these models. The course introduces students to dynamical systems theory for the analysis of neurons and neural learning, models of brain systems, and their relationship to artificial and neural networks. Term project required. Students enrolled in MATH 478 will make arrangements with the instructor to attend additional lectures and complete additional assignments addressing mathematical topics related to the course. Recommended preparation: MATH 223 and MATH 224 or BIOL 300 and BIOL 306. Offered as BIOL 378, COGS 378, MATH 378, BIOL 478, EBME 478, EECS 478, MATH 478 and NEUR 478.

MATH 380. Introduction to Probability. 3 Units.

MATH 394. Introduction to Information Theory. 3 Units.
This course is intended as an introduction to information and coding theory with emphasis on the mathematical aspects. It is suitable for advanced undergraduate and graduate students in mathematics, applied mathematics, statistics, physics, computer science and electrical engineering. Course content: Information measures-entropy, relative entropy, mutual information, and their properties. Typical sets and sequences, asymptotic equipartition property, data compression. Channel coding and capacity: channel coding theorem. Differential entropy, Gaussian channel, Shannon-Nyquist theorem. Information theory inequalities (400 level). Additional topics, which may include compressed sensing and elements of quantum information theory. Recommended Preparation: MATH 201 or MATH 307. Offered as MATH 394, EECS 394, MATH 494 and EECS 494. Prereq: MATH 223 and MATH 380 or requisites not met permission.

MATH 400. Mathematics Teaching Practicum. 1 Unit.
Practicum for teaching college mathematics. Includes preparation of syllabi, exams, lectures. Grading, alternative teaching styles, use of technology, interpersonal relations and motivation. Handling common problems and conflicts.

MATH 401. Abstract Algebra I. 3 Units.
Basic properties of groups, rings, modules and fields. Isomorphism theorems for groups; Sylow theorem; nilpotency and solvability of groups; Jordan-Hölder theorem; Gauss lemma and Eisenstein's criterion; finitely generated modules over principal ideal domains with applications to abelian groups and canonical forms for matrices; categories and functors; tensor product of modules, bilinear and quadratic forms; field extensions; fundamental theorem of Galois theory, solving equations by radicals. Prereq: MATH 308.

MATH 402. Abstract Algebra II. 3 Units.
A continuation of MATH 401. Prereq: MATH 401.

MATH 405. Advanced Matrix Analysis. 3 Units.
An advanced course in linear algebra and matrix theory. Topics include variational characterizations of eigenvalues of Hermitian matrices, matrix and vector norms, characterizations of positive definite matrices, singular value decomposition and applications, perturbation of eigenvalues. This course is more theoretical than MATH 431, which emphasizes computational aspects of linear algebra Prereq: MATH 307.

MATH 406. Mathematical Logic and Model Theory. 3 Units.
Propositional calculus and quantification theory; consistency and completeness theorems; Gödel incompleteness results and their philosophical significance; introduction to basic concepts of model theory; problems of formulation of arguments in philosophy and the sciences. Offered as PHIL 306, MATH 406 and PHIL 406.
MATH 408. Introduction to Cryptology. 3 Units.
Introduction to the mathematical theory of secure communication. Topics include: classical cryptographic systems; one-way and trapdoor functions; RSA, DSA, and other public key systems; Primality and Factorization algorithms; birthday problem and other attack methods; elliptic curve cryptosystems; introduction to complexity theory; other topics as time permits. Recommended preparation: MATH 303.

MATH 421. Fundamentals of Analysis I. 3 Units.
Abstract mathematical reasoning in the context of analysis in Euclidean space. Introduction to formal reasoning, sets and functions, and the number systems. Sequences and series; Cauchy sequences and convergence. Required for all mathematics majors. Additional work required for graduate students. (May not be taken for graduate credit by graduate students in the Department of Mathematics.) Offered as MATH 321 and MATH 421.

MATH 422. Fundamentals of Analysis II. 3 Units.
Continuation of MATH 321. Point-set topology in metric spaces with attention to n-dimensional space; completeness, compactness, connectedness, and continuity of functions. Topics in sequences, series of functions, uniform convergence, Fourier series and polynomial approximation. Theoretical development of differentiation and Riemann integration. Required for all mathematics majors. Additional work required for graduate students. (May not be taken for graduate credit by graduate students in the Department of Mathematics.) Offered as MATH 322 and MATH 422. Prereq: MATH 321 or MATH 421.

MATH 423. Introduction to Real Analysis I. 3 Units.

MATH 424. Introduction to Real Analysis II. 3 Units.

MATH 425. Complex Analysis I. 3 Units.
Analytic functions. Integration over paths in the complex plane. Index of a point with respect to a closed path; Cauchy's theorem and Cauchy's integral formula; power series representation; open mapping theorem; singularities; Laurent expansion; residue calculus; harmonic functions; Poisson's formula; Riemann mapping theorem. More theoretical and at a higher level than MATH 324. Prereq: MATH 322 or MATH 422.

MATH 426. Geometry and Complex Analysis. 3 Units.
The theme of this course will be the interplay between geometry and complex analysis, algebra and other fields of mathematics. An effort will be made to highlight significant, unexpected connections between major fields, illustrating the unity of mathematics. The choice of text(s) and syllabus itself will be flexible, to be adapted to the range of interests and backgrounds of pre-enrolled students. Possible topics include: the Mobius group and its subgroups, hyperbolic geometry, elliptic functions, Riemann surfaces, applications of conformal mapping, and potential theory in classical physical models. Offered as MATH 326 and MATH 426.

MATH 427. Convexity and Optimization. 3 Units.
Introduction to the theory of convex sets and functions and to the extremes in problems in areas of mathematics where convexity plays a role. Among the topics discussed are basic properties of convex sets (extreme points, facial structure of polytopes), separation theorems, duality and polars, properties of convex functions, minima and maxima of convex functions over convex set, various optimization problems. Offered as MATH 327, MATH 427, and OPRE 427.

MATH 428. Fourier Analysis. 3 Units.

MATH 431. Introduction to Numerical Analysis I. 3 Units.

MATH 432. Numerical Solutions of Nonlinear Systems and Optimization. 3 Units.
The course provides an introduction to numerical solution methods for systems of nonlinear equations and optimization problems. The course is suitable for upper-undergraduate and graduate students with some background in calculus and linear algebra. Knowledge of numerical linear algebra is helpful. Among the topics which will be covered in the course are Nonlinear systems in one variables; Newton's method for nonlinear equations and unconstrained minimization; Quasi-Newton methods; Global convergence of Newton's methods and line searches; Trust region approach; Secant methods; Nonlinear least squares. Prereq: MATH 223 or MATH 227, and MATH 431 or permission.

MATH 433. Numerical Differential Equations. 3 Units.

MATH 434. Optimization of Dynamic Systems. 3 Units.
MATH 435. Ordinary Differential Equations. 3 Units.
A second course in ordinary differential equations. Existence, uniqueness, and continuation of solutions of ODE. Linear systems, fundamental matrix, qualitative methods (phase plane), Dependence on initial data and parameters (Gronwall's inequality, nonlinear variation of parameters). Stability for linear and nonlinear equations, linearization, Poincare-Bendixson theory. Additional topics may include regular and singular perturbation methods, autonomous oscillations, entrainment of forced oscillators, and bifurcations. Prereq: MATH 224 and either MATH 201 or MATH 307.

MATH 439. Integrated Numerical and Statistical Computations. 3 Units.
This course will embed numerical methods into a Bayesian framework. The statistical framework will make it possible to integrate a priori information about the unknowns and the error in the data directly into the most efficient numerical methods. A lot of emphasis will be put on understanding the role of the priors, their encoding into fast numerical solvers, and how to translate qualitative or sample-based information—or lack thereof—into a numerical scheme. Confidence on computed results will also be discussed from a Bayesian perspective, at the light of the given data and a priori information. The course should be of interest to anyone working on signal and image processing statistics, numerical analysis and modeling. Recommended Preparation: MATH 431. Offered as MATH 439 and STAT 439.

MATH 440. Computational Inverse Problems. 3 Units.
This course will introduce various computational methods for solving inverse problems under different conditions. First the classical regularization methods will be introduced, and the computational challenges which they pose, will be addressed. Following this, the statistical methods for solving inverse problems will be studied and their computer implementation discussed. We will combine the two approaches to best exploit their potentials. Applications arising from various areas of science, engineering, and medicine will be discussed throughout the course.

MATH 441. Mathematical Modeling. 3 Units.
Mathematics is a powerful language for describing real world phenomena and providing predictions that are otherwise hard or impossible to obtain. The course gives the students pre-requisites for translating qualitative descriptions given in the professional non-mathematical language into the quantitative language for mathematics. While the variety in the subject matter is wide, some general principles and methodologies that a modeler can pursue are similar in many applications. The course focuses on these similarities. The course is based on representative case studies that are discussed and analyzed in the classroom, the emphasis being on general principles of developing and analyzing mathematical models. The examples will be taken from different fields of science and engineering, including life sciences, environmental sciences, biomedical engineering and physical sciences. Modeling relies increasingly on computation, so the students should have basic skills for using computers and programs like Matlab or Mathematica. Prereq: MATH 224 or MATH 228.

MATH 444. Mathematics of Data Mining and Pattern Recognition. 3 Units.
This course will give an introduction to a class of mathematical and computational methods for the solution of data mining and pattern recognition problems. By understanding the mathematical concepts behind algorithms designed for mining data and identifying patterns, students will be able to modify to make them suitable for specific applications. Particular emphasis will be given to matrix factorization techniques. The course requirements will include the implementations of the methods in MATLAB and their application to practical problems. Prereq: MATH 201 or MATH 307.

MATH 445. Introduction to Partial Differential Equations. 3 Units.
Method of characteristics for linear and quasilinear equations. Second order equations of elliptic, parabolic, type; initial and boundary value problems. Method of separation of variables, eigenfunction expansions, Sturm-Liouville theory. Fourier, Laplace, Hankel transforms; Bessel functions, Legendre polynomials. Green's functions. Examples include: heat diffusion, Laplace's equation, wave equations, one dimensional gas dynamics and others. Appropriate for seniors and graduate students in science, engineering, and mathematics. Prereq: MATH 201 or MATH 308 and MATH 224 or MATH 228.

MATH 449. Dynamical Models for Biology and Medicine. 3 Units.
Introduction to discrete and continuous dynamical models with applications to biology and medicine. Topics include: population dynamics and ecology; models of infectious diseases; population genetics and evolution; biological motion (reaction-diffusion and chemotaxis); Molecular and cellular biology (biochemical kinetics, metabolic pathways, immunology). The course will introduce students to the basic mathematical concepts and techniques of dynamical systems theory (equilibria, stability, bifurcations, discrete and continuous dynamics, diffusion and wave propagation, elements of system theory and control). Mathematical exposition is supplemented with introduction to computer tools and techniques (Mathematica, Matlab). Prereq: MATH 224 or MATH 228, or BIOL/EBME 300, and MATH 201.

MATH 461. Introduction to Topology. 3 Units.

MATH 462. Algebraic Topology. 3 Units.
The fundamental group and covering spaces; van Kampen's theorem. Higher homotopy groups; long-exact sequence of a pair. Homology theory; chain complexes; short and long exact sequences; Mayer-Vietoris sequence. Homology of surfaces and complexes; applications. Prereq: MATH 461.

MATH 465. Differential Geometry. 3 Units.
Manifolds and differential geometry. Vector fields; Riemannian metrics; curvature; intrinsic and extrinsic geometry of surfaces and curves; structural equations of Riemannian geometry; the Gauss-Bonnet theorem. Prereq: MATH 321.

MATH 467. Differentiable Manifolds. 3 Units.
Differentiable manifolds and structures on manifolds. Tangent and cotangent bundle; vector fields; differential forms; tensor calculus; integration and Stokes' theorem. May include Hamiltonian systems and their formulation on manifolds; symplectic structures; connections and curvature; foliations and integrability. Prereq: MATH 322.
MATH 471. Advanced Engineering Mathematics. 3 Units.

MATH 473. Introduction to Mathematical Image Processing and Computer Vision. 3 Units.
This course introduces fundamental mathematics techniques for image processing and computer vision (IPCV). It is accessible to upper level undergraduate and graduate students from mathematics, sciences, engineering and medicine. Topics include but are not limited to image denoising, contrast enhancement, image compression, image segmentation and pattern recognition. Main tools are discrete Fourier analysis and wavelets, plus some statistics, optimization and a little calculus of variation and partial differential equations if time permitting. Students gain a solid theoretical background in IPCV modeling and computing, and master hands-on application experiences. Upon completion of the course, students will have clear understanding of classical methods, which will help them develop new methodical approaches for imaging problems arising in a variety of fields. Recommended preparation: Some coursework in scientific computing and ability to program in (or willingness to learn) a language such as Matlab or C/C++. Prereq: MATH 330 or MATH 431 or equivalent.

MATH 475. Mathematics of Imaging in Industry and Medicine. 3 Units.
The mathematics of image reconstruction; properties of radon transform, relation to Fourier transform; inversion methods, including convolution, backprojection, rho-filtered layergram, algebraic reconstruction technique (ART), and orthogonal polynomial expansions. Reconstruction from fan beam geometry, limited angle techniques used in MRI; survey of applications. Recommended preparation: PHYS 431 or MATH 471.

MATH 478. Computational Neuroscience. 3 Units.
Computer simulations and mathematical analysis of neurons and neural circuits, and the computational properties of nervous systems. Students are taught a range of models for neurons and neural circuits, and are asked to implement and explore the computational and dynamic properties of these models. The course introduces students to dynamical systems theory for the analysis of neurons and neural learning, models of brain systems, and their relationship to artificial and neural networks. Term project required. Students enrolled in MATH 478 will make arrangements with the instructor to attend additional lectures and complete additional assignments addressing mathematical topics related to the course. Recommended preparation: MATH 223 and MATH 224 or BIOL 300 and BIOL 306. Offered as BIOL 378, COGS 378, MATH 378, BIOL 478, EBME 478, EECS 478, MATH 478 and NEUR 478.

MATH 491. Probability I. 3 Units.

MATH 492. Probability II. 3 Units.

MATH 494. Introduction to Information Theory. 3 Units.
This course is intended as an introduction to information and coding theory with emphasis on the mathematical aspects. It is suitable for advanced undergraduate and graduate students in mathematics, applied mathematics, statistics, physics, computer science and electrical engineering. Course content: Information measures-entropy, relative entropy, mutual information, and their properties. Typical sets and sequences, asymptotic equipartition property, data compression. Channel coding and capacity: channel coding theorem. Differential entropy, Gaussian channel, Shannon-Nyquist theorem. Information theory inequalities (400 level). Additional topics, which may include compressed sensing and elements of quantum information theory. Recommended Preparation: MATH 201 or MATH 307. Offered as MATH 394, EECS 394, MATH 494 and EECS 494.

MATH 499. Special Topics. 3 Units.
Special topics in mathematics.

MATH 528. Analysis Seminar. 1 - 3 Unit.
Continuing seminar on areas of current interest in analysis. Allows graduate and advanced undergraduate students to become involved in research. Topics will reflect interests and expertise of the faculty and may include functional analysis, convexity theory, and their applications. May be taken more than once for credit. Consent of department required.

MATH 535. Applied Mathematics Seminar. 1 - 3 Unit.
Continuing seminar on areas of current interest in applied mathematics. Allows graduate and advanced undergraduate students to become involved in research. Topics will reflect interests and expertise of the faculty and may include topics in applied probability and stochastic processes, continuum mechanics, numerical analysis, mathematical physics or mathematical biology. May be taken more than once for credit.

MATH 549. Mathematical Life Sciences Seminar. 1 - 3 Unit.
Continuing seminar on areas of current interest to applied mathematics. Allows graduate and advanced undergraduate students to become involved in research. Topics will reflect interests and expertise of the faculty and may include topics in applied probability and stochastic processes, continuum mechanics, numerical analysis, mathematical physics or mathematical biology. May be taken more than once for credit.

MATH 601. Reading and Research Problems. 1 - 18 Unit.
Presentation of individual research, discussion, and investigation of research papers in a specialized field of mathematics.

MATH 651. Thesis (M.S.). 1 - 18 Unit.

Prereq: Predoctoral research consent or advanced to Ph.D. candidacy milestone.
STAT Courses

STAT 201. Basic Statistics for Social and Life Sciences. 3 Units.
Designed for undergraduates in the social sciences and life sciences who need to use statistical techniques in their fields. Descriptive statistics, probability models, sampling distributions. Point and confidence interval estimation, hypothesis testing. Elementary regression and analysis of variance. For credit toward major or minor in Statistics. Counts for CAS Quantitative Reasoning Requirement.

STAT 243. Statistical Theory with Application I. 3 Units.

STAT 244. Statistical Theory with Application II. 3 Units.

STAT 312. Basic Statistics for Engineering and Science. 3 Units.
For advanced undergraduate students in engineering, physical sciences, life sciences. Comprehensive introduction to probability models and statistical methods of analyzing data with the object of formulating statistical models and choosing appropriate methods for inference from experimental and observational data and for testing the model’s validity. Balanced approach with equal emphasis on probability, fundamental concepts of statistics, point and interval estimation, hypothesis testing, analysis of variance, design of experiments, and regression modeling. Note: Credit given for only one (1) of STAT 312, 313, 333, 433. Prereq: MATH 122 or equivalent.

STAT 313. Statistics for Experimenters. 3 Units.
For advanced undergraduates in engineering, physical sciences, life sciences. Comprehensive introduction to modeling data and statistical methods of analyzing data. General objective is to train students in formulating statistical models, in choosing appropriate methods for inference from experimental and observational data and to test the validity of these models. Focus on practicalities of inference from experimental data. Inference for curve and surface fitting to real data sets. Designs for experiments and simulations. Student generation of experimental data and application of statistical methods for analysis. Critique of model; use of regression diagnostics to analyze errors. Note: Credit given for only one (1) of STAT 312, 313, 333, 433. Prereq: MATH 122 or equivalent.

STAT 317. Actuarial Science I. 3 Units.
Practical knowledge of the theory of interest in both finite and continuous time. That knowledge should include how these concepts are used in the various annuity functions, and apply the concepts of present and accumulated value for various streams of cash flows as a basis for future use in: reserving, valuation, pricing, duration, asset/liability management, investment income, capital budgeting, and contingencies. Valuation of discrete and continuous streams of payments, including the case in which the interest conversion period differs from the payment period will be considered. Application of interest theory to amortization of lump sums, fixed income securities, depreciation, mortgages, etc., as well as annuity functions in a broad finance context will be covered. Topics covered include areas examined in the American Society of Actuaries Exam 2. Offered as STAT 317 and STAT 417. Prereq: MATH 122 or MATH 126 or requisites not met permission.

STAT 318. Actuarial Science II. 3 Units.
Theory of life contingencies. Life table analysis for simple and multiple decrement functions. Life and special annuities. Life insurance and reserves for life insurance. Statistical issues for prediction from actuarial models. Topics covered include areas examined in the American Society of Actuaries Exam 3. Offered as STAT 318 and STAT 418. Prereq: STAT 312 or STAT 317 or STAT 345 or requisites not met permission.

STAT 325. Data Analysis and Linear Models. 3 Units.
Basic exploratory data analysis for univariate response with single or multiple covariates. Graphical methods and data summarization, model-fitting using S-plus computing language. Linear and multiple regression. Emphasis on model selection criteria, on diagnostics to assess goodness of fit and interpretation. Techniques include transformation, smoothing, median polish, robust/resistant methods. Case studies and analysis of individual data sets. Notes of caution and some methods for handling bad data. Knowledge of regression is helpful. Offered as STAT 325 and STAT 425. Prereq: STAT 207 or STAT 243 or STAT 312 or EPBI 431 or EPBI 441 or EPBI 458.

STAT 326. Multivariate Analysis and Data Mining. 3 Units.

STAT 332. Statistics for Signal Processing. 3 Units.
Transmission through linear filters. Power spectra, bandwidth, white and colored noise. ARMA processes and forecasting. Optimal linear systems, signal-to-noise ratio, Wiener filter. Completion of additional assignments required from graduate students registered in this course. Offered as STAT 332 and STAT 432. Prereq: MATH 122.
STAT 333. Uncertainty in Engineering and Science. 3 Units.
Phenomena of uncertainty appear in engineering and science for various reasons and can be modeled in different ways. The course integrates the mainstream ideas in statistical data analysis with models of uncertain phenomena stemming from three distinct viewpoints: algorithmic/computational complexity; classical probability theory; and chaotic behavior of nonlinear systems. Descriptive statistics, estimation procedures and hypothesis testing (including design of experiments). Random number generators and their testing. Monte Carlo Methods. Mathematica notebooks and simulations will be used. Note: Credit given for only one (1) of STAT 312, 313, 333, 433. Graduate students are required to do an extra project. Offered as STAT 333 and STAT 433. Prereq: MATH 122 or MATH 223.

STAT 345. Theoretical Statistics I. 3 Units.
Topics provide the background for statistical inference. Random variables; distribution and density functions; transformations, expectation. Common univariate distributions. Multiple random variables; joint, marginal and conditional distributions; hierarchical models, covariance. Distributions of sample quantities, distributions of sums of random variables, distributions of order statistics. Methods of statistical inference. Offered as STAT 345, STAT 445, and EPBI 481. Prereq: MATH 122 or MATH 223 or Coreq: EPBI 431.

STAT 346. Theoretical Statistics II. 3 Units.
Point estimation: maximum likelihood, moment estimators. Methods of evaluating estimators including mean squared error, consistency, "best" unbiased and sufficiency. Hypothesis testing; likelihood ratio and union-intersection tests. Properties of tests including power function, bias. Interval estimation by inversion of test statistics, use of pivotal quantities. Application to regression. Graduate students are responsible for mathematical derivations, and full proofs of principal theorems. Offered as STAT 346, STAT 446, and EPBI 482. Prereq: STAT 345 or STAT 445 or EPBI 481.

STAT 395. Senior Project in Statistics. 3 Units.
An individual project done under faculty supervision involving the investigation and statistical analysis of a real problem encountered in university research or an industrial setting. Written report. Counts as SAGES Senior Capstone.

STAT 412. Statistics for Design and Analysis in Engineering and Science. 3 Units.
For graduate students (primarily) and advanced undergraduates in engineering, physical sciences, and life sciences. After basic statistical concepts are reviewed, the remainder of the course consists of a comprehensive introduction to statistical methods of designing experiments and analyzing data. The general objective is to train students in statistical modeling and in the choice of experimental designs to use in scientific investigations. A variety of experimental designs are covered, and regression analysis is presented as the primary technique for analyzing data from designed experiments, and in discriminating between various possible statistical models. The course is oriented toward graduate students engaged in or embarking on research. Prereq: MATH 122.

STAT 417. Actuarial Science I. 3 Units.
Practical knowledge of the theory of interest in both finite and continuous time. That knowledge should include how these concepts are used in the various annuity functions, and apply the concepts of present and accumulated value for various streams of cash flows as a basis for future use in: reserving, valuation, pricing, duration, asset/liability management, investment income, capital budgeting, and contingencies. Valuation of discrete and continuous streams of payments, including the case in which the interest conversion period differs from the payment period will be considered. Application of interest theory to amortization of lump sums, fixed income securities, depreciation, mortgages, etc., as well as annuity functions in a broad finance context will be covered. Topics covered include areas examined in the American Society of Actuaries Exam 2. Offered as STAT 317 and STAT 417. Prereq: MATH 122 or MATH 126 or requisites not met permission.

STAT 418. Actuarial Science II. 3 Units.
Theory of life contingencies. Life table analysis for simple and multiple decrement functions. Life and special annuities. Life insurance and reserves for life insurance. Statistical issues for prediction from actuarial models. Topics covered include areas examined in the American Society of Actuaries Exam 3. Offered as STAT 318 and STAT 418. Prereq: STAT 312 or STAT 317 or STAT 345 or requisites not met permission.

STAT 425. Data Analysis and Linear Models. 3 Units.
Basic exploratory data analysis for univariate response with single or multiple covariates. Graphical methods and data summarization, model-fitting using S-plus computing language. Linear and multiple regression. Emphasis on model selection criteria, on diagnostics to assess goodness of fit and interpretation. Techniques include transformation, smoothing, median polish, robust/resistant methods. Case studies and analysis of individual data sets. Notes of caution and some methods for handling bad data. Knowledge of regression is helpful. Offered as STAT 325 and STAT 425.

STAT 425. Data Analysis and Linear Models. 3 Units.
Basic exploratory data analysis for univariate response with single or multiple covariates. Graphical methods and data summarization, model-fitting using S-plus computing language. Linear and multiple regression. Emphasis on model selection criteria, on diagnostics to assess goodness of fit and interpretation. Techniques include transformation, smoothing, median polish, robust/resistant methods. Case studies and analysis of individual data sets. Notes of caution and some methods for handling bad data. Knowledge of regression is helpful. Offered as STAT 325 and STAT 425.

STAT 426. Multivariate Analysis and Data Mining. 3 Units.

STAT 427. Statistical Computing. 3 Units.
Basic topics in statistical computing: floating point arithmetic; seminumerical computation including generation and test of random numbers, Monte Carlo methods, variance reduction methods, stochastic models and simulation studies; numerical computation including numerical linear algebra, optimization and root-rinding, numerical integration; some graphical and symbolic computations, special topics in statistical computing: resampling methods, EM algorithms, Gibbs sampling and projection pursuit. Prereq: STAT 345 or STAT 425 or permission of department.
STAT 432. Statistics for Signal Processing. 3 Units.
For advanced undergraduate students or beginning graduate students in engineering, physical sciences, life sciences. Introduction to probability models and statistical methods. Emphasis on probability as relative frequencies. Derivation of conditional probabilities and memoryless channels. Joint distribution of random variables, transformations, autocorrelation, series of irregular observations, stationarity. Random harmonic signals with noise, random phase and/or random amplitude. Gaussian and Poisson signals. Modulation and averaging properties. Transmission through linear filters. Power spectra, bandwidth, white and colored noise. ARMA processes and forecasting. Optimal linear systems, signal-to-noise ratio, Wiener filter. Completion of additional assignments required from graduate students registered in this course. Offered as STAT 332 and STAT 432. Prereq: MATH 122.

STAT 433. Uncertainty in Engineering and Science. 3 Units.
Phenomena of uncertainty appear in engineering and science for various reasons and can be modeled in different ways. The course integrates the mainstream ideas in statistical data analysis with models of uncertain phenomena stemming from three distinct viewpoints: algorithmic/computational complexity; classical probability theory; and chaotic behavior of nonlinear systems. Descriptive statistics, estimation procedures and hypothesis testing (including design of experiments). Random number generators and their testing. Monte Carlo Methods. Mathematica notebooks and simulations will be used. Note: Credit given for only one (1) of STAT 312, 313, 333, 433. Graduate students are required to do an extra project. Offered as STAT 333 and STAT 433. Prereq: MATH 122 or MATH 223.

STAT 437. Stochastic Models: Time Series and Markov Chains. 3 Units.

STAT 439. Integrated Numerical and Statistical Computations. 3 Units.
This course will embed numerical methods into a Bayesian framework. The statistical framework will make it possible to integrate a priori information about the unknowns and the error in the data directly into the most efficient numerical methods. A lot of emphasis will be put on understanding the role of the priors, their encoding into fast numerical solvers, and how to translate qualitative or sample-based information--or lack thereof--into a numerical scheme. Confidence on computed results will also be discussed from a Bayesian perspective, at the light of the given data and a priori information. The course should be of interest to anyone working on signal and image processing statistics, numerical analysis and modeling. Recommended Preparation: MATH 431. Offered as MATH 439 and STAT 439.

STAT 445. Theoretical Statistics I. 3 Units.
Topics provide the background for statistical inference. Random variables; distribution and density functions; transformations, expectation. Common univariate distributions. Multiple random variables; joint, marginal and conditional distributions; hierarchical models, covariance. Distributions of sample quantities, distributions of sums of random variables, distributions of order statistics. Methods of statistical inference. Offered as STAT 345, STAT 445, and EPBI 481. Prereq: MATH 122 or MATH 223 or Coreq: EPBI 431.

STAT 446. Theoretical Statistics II. 3 Units.
Point estimation: maximum likelihood, moment estimators. Methods of evaluating estimators including mean squared error, consistency, "best" unbiased and sufficiency. Hypothesis testing; likelihood ratio and union-intersection tests. Properties of tests including power function, bias. Interval estimation by inversion of test statistics, use of pivotal quantities. Application to regression. Graduate students are responsible for mathematical derivations, and full proofs of principal theorems. Offered as STAT 346, STAT 446 and EPBI 482. Prereq: STAT 345 or STAT 445 or EPBI 481.

STAT 448. Bayesian Theory with Applications. 3 Units.
Principles of Bayesian theory, methodology and applications. Methods for forming prior distributions using conjugate families, reference priors and empirically-based priors. Derivation of posterior and predictive distributions and their moments. Properties when common distributions such as binomial, normal or other exponential family distributions are used. Hierarchical models. Computational techniques including Markov chain, Monte Carlo and importance sampling. Extensive use of applications to illustrate concepts and methodology. Recommended preparation: STAT 445.

STAT 455. Linear Models. 3 Units.
Theory of least squares estimation, interval estimation and tests for models with normally distributed errors. Regression on dummy variables, analysis of variance and covariance. Variance components models. Model diagnostics. Robust regression. Analysis of longitudinal data. Prereq: MATH 201 and STAT 346 or STAT 446

STAT 491. Graduate Student Seminar. 1 - 2 Unit.
Seminar run collaboratively by graduate students to investigate an area of current research, the topic chosen each semester. All graduate students participate in presentation of material each semester. Satisfies requirement for every full-time graduate student to enroll in a participatory seminar every semester while registered in any graduate degree program. Recommended preparation: Graduate standing.

STAT 495A. Consulting Forum. 1 - 3 Unit.
This course unifies what students have learned in their course work to apply their knowledge in consulting. It recognizes the fact that the essence of the statistical profession is continuing interaction with practitioners in the sciences, engineering, medicine, economics, etc. The course presents the views of prominent experts in the field as obtained from the literature and other sources. The responsibilities of the consultant and the client are discussed. Sample consulting problems are presented and strategies for solving them are provided. Prereq: STAT 325 or STAT 425.
STAT 495B. Consulting Forum With Practicum. 3 Units.
This course is designed to provide a hands-on experience with statistical consulting under the guidance of the instructor. It will include discussion of practical aspects of consulting such as the entrepreneurial nature of this activity. The students will become involved in actual consulting projects generated in a collaborative environment. Statistical problems, together with their substantive background, will be presented by individuals from the private sector (e.g., from industry) and/or CWRU faculty and students. Selected problems will be addressed in a collaborative fashion; i.e., by a team involving graduate students from the Statistics Department, the course instructor, and scientists. Some of these problems may lead to collaborative research or entrepreneurial ventures. Prereq: STAT 495A, STAT 325, or STAT 425 or consent of department.

STAT 527. Advanced Statistical Computing. 3 Units.
Special topics drawn from statistical computing, complex system and dynamic computation. Oriented to research. Prereq: STAT 427.

STAT 538. Stochastic Models: Diffusive Phenomena and Stochastic Differential Equations. 3 Units.
Introduction to stochastic modeling of data. Emphasis on models and statistical analysis of data with significant temporal and/or spatial structure. This course will analyze time and space dependent random phenomena from two perspectives: Brownian motion and diffusive processes; Classification of stochastic processes, finite dimensional distributions, random walks and their scaling limits, Brownian motion and its paths properties, general diffusive processes, Fokker-Planck-Kolmogorov equations, Poisson and point processes, heavy tail diffusions, Levy processes, tempered stable diffusions. Stochastic calculus and stochastic differential equations: Wiener random integrals, mean-square theory, Brownian stochastic integrals and Ito formula, stochastic integrals for Levy processes, martingale property, basic theory and applications of stochastic differential equations. This course is related to STAT 437 but can be taken independently of it. Prereq: STAT 312 or equivalent.

STAT 545. Advanced Theory of Statistics I. 3 Units.

STAT 571. Advanced Topics in Statistics. 1 - 3 Unit.
For advanced graduate students. Topics in specialized areas of statistical theory and methodology, with emphasis on recent advances in theory, developments of new methodology and definition of new research questions. Topics may change from year to year. Number of credit hours for the class will be predetermined each semester based on the material to be presented.

STAT 576. Advanced Topics in Modeling. 1 - 3 Unit.
Advanced topics in specialized areas of statistics and stochastic modeling designed to define new research directions drawing on recent advances in theory and model formulation. Focus on statistical issues arising in the application of statistical or stochastic models to new substantive research efforts. Topics may change from year to year. Number of credit hours for the class will be predetermined each semester based on the material to be presented.

STAT 601. Reading and Research. 1 - 9 Unit.
Individual study and/or project work.

STAT 621. M.S. Research Project. 1 - 9 Unit.
Completion of statistical design and/or analysis of a research project in a substantive field which requires substantial and/or nonstandard statistical techniques and which leads to results suitable for publication. Written project report must present the context of the research, justify the statistical methodology used, draw appropriate inferences and interpret these inferences in both statistical and substantive scientific terms. Oral presentation of research project may be given in either graduate student seminar or consulting forum.

STAT 651. Thesis M.S.. 1 - 18 Unit.
(Credit as arranged.) May be used as alternative to STAT 621 (M.S. Research Project) in fulfillment of requirements for M.S. degree in Statistics.

(Credit as arranged.) Prereq: Predoctoral research consent or advanced to Ph.D. candidacy milestone.

Department of Modern Languages and Literatures

The Department of Modern Languages and Literatures is committed to helping students become informed and literate citizens of the world. Through the acquisition of language skills and cultural awareness, our students prepare for careers that have an international dimension. To that end, we strongly encourage them to spend their junior year abroad in order to immerse themselves in a foreign culture and perfect their language skills. We also run our own study abroad programs: one German program (“The Munich Experience”), two French programs (“The Paris Experience” and “The Montreal Experience”), three Spanish programs (“The Cuban Experience,” “The Buenos Aires Experience” and “Advanced Spanish in Spain”), and one in Italy (“The Italian Experience”).

We work closely with other university departments and interdisciplinary programs as well as with the cultural institutions of University Circle to provide students with a broad understanding of the many opportunities that language and culture study offer. The department has strong interdisciplinary ties with the college's programs in Asian studies, French and Francophone studies, German studies, international studies, women's and gender studies, and world literature. Students also gain practical experience in different cultural and language environments through service learning in the Spanish, French, and Russian communities of Cleveland.

Undergraduate Programs

The Department of Modern Languages and Literatures offers courses of study leading to the Bachelor of Arts in French, German, Japanese Studies, and Spanish. In addition, the department offers minors in Chinese, Hebrew, Italian, and Russian, as well as course work in Arabic and Portuguese. Except in the case of courses cross-listed with the World
Literature Program and other interdisciplinary programs, all courses in modern languages and literatures are taught primarily in the target language. In addition to class meetings, work outside of class with audio materials is an integral part of all elementary and intermediate language courses taught by the department. Career opportunities exist in college and university teaching, translation and interpretation, diplomatic and other government service, business, international nonprofit agencies, and the arts, and are often enhanced by a double major.

Placement Procedure
Students with prior experience in French, German, or Spanish, however gained (e.g., in high school, with or without AP courses, at another institution, via study abroad), must take a placement examination before the first week of the semester in which they enroll in one of those languages. Placement depends both on examination results and on consultation with individual faculty members.

Majors
French, German, Japanese Studies, and Spanish
Majors in French, German, Japanese Studies, and Spanish are expected: 1) to acquire the ability to understand, speak, read, and write the language(s) of their choice; and 2) to develop a sound understanding of the relevant cultures and literatures. The major in French, German, or Spanish consists of 30-32 hours of course work and will vary based on students’ background in the language. The major in Japanese Studies requires a minimum of 35 credit hours. Individual counseling and placement tests are provided by the department.

Course requirements are as follows:

• For students placed into the 200 level: 201-202 and eight courses at the 300 level taught in the target language, or six 300-level courses plus two related courses.
• For students placed into the 300-level: ten 300-level courses taught in the target language, or eight 300-level courses plus two related courses.

Related courses are those outside the department which are closely related to French, German, Japanese, and Spanish cultures, as well as those departmental courses cross-listed with World Literature.

Additional Information for French Major
• Students who take both FRCH 311 and 312 may count the second course toward the major only as a related course.

• At least two of the 300-level courses should be numbered above 320 and taught in French.

• At least two courses numbered 320 or higher should be taken in residence at CWRU.

Integrated Graduate Studies (French)
The department participates in the Integrated Graduate Studies Program, which makes it possible to complete both a BA and an MA in French in about five years of full-time study. The department particularly recommends the program to qualified students who are interested in seeking admission to competitive professional schools or PhD programs. Interested students should note the general requirements and the admission procedures listed elsewhere in the general bulletin.

Additional Information for Japanese Major
For additional information for the Japanese major, please see the Japanese Studies Program (p. 447).

Additional Information for Spanish Major
• At least three of the 300-level courses should be numbered above 320.

Spanish subject area requirements

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
<th>Credits</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SPAN 201</td>
<td>Intermediate Spanish I  `</td>
<td>4</td>
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<tr>
<td>SPAN 202</td>
<td>Intermediate Spanish II `</td>
<td>4</td>
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<tr>
<td>SPAN 308</td>
<td>Advanced Spanish in Spain `</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>SPAN 310</td>
<td>Advanced Composition and Reading</td>
<td>3</td>
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<td>SPAN 311</td>
<td>Advanced Spanish Conversation</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>SPAN 314</td>
<td>Practice of Translation</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>SPAN 315</td>
<td>Latin American Cultural Conflicts `</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>SPAN 316</td>
<td>Studies in Civilization</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>SPAN 317</td>
<td>Contemporary Latin American Culture</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>SPAN 318</td>
<td>Contemporary Spanish Culture</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>SPAN 319</td>
<td>Spanish for Legal Professionals</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>SPAN 320</td>
<td>Introduction to Readings in Hispanic Literature</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>SPAN 322</td>
<td>Latin American Short Story `</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>SPAN 331</td>
<td>Spanish Golden Age Literature `</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>SPAN 340</td>
<td>Contemporary Latin-American Narrative `</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>SPAN 342</td>
<td>Latin American Feminist Voices `</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>SPAN 343</td>
<td>The New Drama in Latin American `</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SPAN 345</td>
<td>Hispanic Autobiographical Writing `</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SPAN 350</td>
<td>Spanish Fiction `</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SPAN 351</td>
<td>Hispanic Turn of the Century Literature `</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SPAN 353</td>
<td>Transatlantic Vanguard `</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SPAN 358</td>
<td>Latin American Cinema `</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SPAN 370</td>
<td>Special Topics in Spanish `</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SPAN 385</td>
<td>Hispanic Literature in Translation `</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>SPAN 398</td>
<td>Honors Thesis II `</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SPAN 399</td>
<td>Independent Study `</td>
<td>1 - 3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

• Required only for students who begin their Spanish major at the intermediate level.

** Students at the intermediate (200) level select five courses (15 credit hours); students entering the program at the advanced (300) level select seven courses (21 credit hours).

Departmental Honors
The departmental honors program is for especially dedicated majors. Requirements for honors in modern languages and literatures are: 1) a GPA of at least 3.5 in the major, and 2) an honors thesis (FRCH, GRMN, JAPN, or SPAN 397 and 398, beyond the 30-32 hours required for the major) devoted to the investigation of a literary, linguistic, or cultural topic. The thesis is written in the target language, except in the case of Japanese Studies, which may permit papers in English. It must be read and approved by two readers and will be accepted for honors only if it
achieves a grade of B or better. Students who qualify receive their degree “with Honors in Modern Languages and Literatures.” A registration form for students electing honors is available in the departmental office.

**Minors**

**Chinese, French, German, Italian, Japanese Studies, Russian, Spanish**

Course requirements for the minors are as follows:

- For students placed into the introductory level (no previous knowledge of the language): 101, 102, 201, 202, and one 300-level course (for the French minor, the 300-level course must be taught in the target language).
- For students placed into the 200 level or higher: five courses at the 200 and 300 levels.

Hebrew language courses may also count toward the minor in Judaic Studies.

**Graduate Programs**

The department offers the Master of Arts degree in French and, together with the Departments of English and Classics, the Master of Arts degree in world literature.

- The standard MA in French requires 27-28 semester hours. An MA in French with a minor concentration in German, Japanese, or Spanish requires 36 hours.
- The MA in world literature requires 27 hours.

Full-time students are expected to complete the MA within two academic years.

**Department Faculty**

Christine M. Cano, PhD  
(Yale University)  
*Associate Professor*  
20th- and 21st-century French literature and culture

Denise Caterinacci, MA  
(Kent State University)  
*Instructor*  
Italian language and culture; language pedagogy; the role of motivation in language learning

M. Gabriela Copertari, PhD  
(Georgetown University)  
*Associate Professor*  
Latin American literature and film, especially Argentinian; women’s writing; the modernista novel

Margaretmary Daley, PhD  
(Yale University)  
*Associate Professor*  
18th- and 19th-century German literature; German women writers; women’s studies; feminist literary criticism

Gilbert Doho, PhD  
(Université Sorbonne Nouvelle-Paris 3)  
*Associate Professor*  
French drama; African Francophone theater and film; people theater and social movements; playwriting; African performing arts

Linda C. Ehrlich, PhD  
(University of Hawaii/East-West Center)  
*Associate Professor*  
Asian (Japanese) cinema; traditional Asian theatre; set design, landscape architecture, and film; Japanese poetry; literature and film; cinema of Spain

Cristián G. Gómez Olivares, PhD  
(University of Iowa)  
*Assistant Professor*  
20th century Latin American narrative and poetry

Haomin Gong, PhD  
(University of California, Davis)  
*Assistant Professor*  
Modern Chinese literature and culture

Takao Hagiwara, PhD  
(University of British Columbia)  
*Associate Professor*  
Japanese literature, especially modern prose and poetry; classical and modern Japanese literature; pre-modern Japanese sensibilities and (post) modernism

Jutta Ittner, PhD  
(University of Hamburg)  
*Associate Professor*  
20th-century German literature; contemporary women writers; poetry; literary translation; German culture; representation of animals in contemporary literature

Marie Lathers, PhD  
(Brown University)  
*Elizabeth M. and William C. Treuhaft Professor of Humanities*  
Women and the visual arts; 19th-century French literature and the arts (painting, sculpture, photography, film); gender, science, and technology; feminist theory; space studies

Jacqueline C. Nanfro, PhD  
(University of California, Los Angeles)  
*Associate Professor*  
Colonial and 19th-century Latin American literature; Golden Age Hispanic literature; literary theory; Chicano literature; contemporary Latin American women writers

Damaris Punales-Alpizar, PhD  
(University of Iowa)  
*Assistant Professor*  
20th-century Latin American literature; Latin American cinema; Cuban cinema; contemporary Cuban and Caribbean narrative; 19th- and 20th-century Latin American poetry; 20th-century peninsular literature

Cheryl Toman, PhD  
(University of Illinois, Urbana-Champaign)  
*Associate Professor*  
African and Middle Eastern Francophone literature, especially Cameroon; women’s writing; immigrant communities in France
Susanne Vees-Gulani, PhD  
(University of Illinois, Urbana-Champaign)  
Associate Professor  
20th- and 21st-century literature and literary movements; German cultural studies; science and literature; medicine and literature; trauma studies; victim discourses; literary and cultural responses to World War II; German civil defense strategies in World War II

Peter Jianhua Yang, PhD  
(University of Utah)  
Associate Professor  
German literature, emphasis on 20th-century German literature; German theater; technology-enhanced language teaching; teaching pedagogy; business German; theatricality

Tatiana Zilotina, PhD  
(University of Virginia)  
Instructor  
19th- and 20th-century Russian literature; the poetry of Marina Tsvetaeva; women writers; Russian culture; Russian folklore

Lecturers

Man-Lih Chai, MA  
(University of Illinois, Urbana-Champaign)  
Full-time Lecturer (Chinese)

Yoram Daon, MBA  
(Keller Graduate School of Management, DeVry University)  
Full-time Lecturer (Hebrew)

Elena Fernández, MA  
(Cleveland State University)  
Full-time Lecturer (Spanish)

Margaret M. Fitzgerald, MA  
(The Ohio State University)  
Full-time Lecturer (Japanese)

Aiko Ishii, MA  
(University of Oregon)  
Full-time Lecturer (Japanese)

Ramez Islambouli, MA  
(Case Western Reserve University)  
Full-time Lecturer (Arabic)

Yoshiko Kishi, MA  
(New York University)  
Full-time Lecturer (Japanese)

Clara Lipszyc-Arroyo, MA  
(University of Western Ontario)  
Full-time Lecturer (Portuguese and Spanish)

Enno Lohmeyer, PhD  
(University of Kansas)  
Full-time Lecturer (German)

Carolina Perera Olivares, MA  
(University of South Florida)  
Full-time Lecturer (Spanish)

Fabienne Pizot-Haymore, MA  
(Université Paul Valéry, Montpellier III)  
Full-time Lecturer (French)

Charlotte Sanpere, PhD  
(Université Sorbonne Nouvelle-Paris 3)  
Full-time Lecturer (French)

ARAB Courses

ARAB 101. Beginning Arabic I. 4 Units.  
The course introduces learners of Arabic to the sound and writing systems of this language and provides them with basic structural and lexical knowledge to enable them to say things in Arabic, such as greeting others, thanking someone, introducing oneself, describing one's background, seeking and providing info and so forth. The ability to perform these language functions in real-life or lifelike situations is developed by engaging the learner in structured functional activities and grammatical exercises.

ARAB 102. Beginning Arabic II. 4 Units.  
ARAB 102 builds on the proficiency that students should have acquired in ARAB 101. The course follows a student-centered communicative approach in which class time is used in active learning through pair or group activities, role-play, games, selective listening and reading and other activities. The course emphasizes the four basic skills, reading, speaking, listening and writing. Students will be exposed to real audiovisual material in order to enhance comprehension and they will have to develop short oral and written responses about it. Aspects of culture across the Arab world will be included as an element of learning the language. Recommended preparation: ARAB 101

ARAB 201. Intermediate Arabic I. 4 Units.  
Intensive review of grammar and conversational skills in modern Arabic through readings, discussions and other activities that explore contemporary Arab life and culture. Recommended preparation: ARAB 102 or equivalent.

ARAB 202. Intermediate Arabic II. 4 Units.  
ARAB 202 is a continuation of ARAB 201 and will enable the students to develop advanced communicative skills for the use of Modern Arabic. It will focus on speaking, listening, reading and writing skills, and emphasize creative use of the language. Recommended preparation: ARAB 201 or equivalent.

ARAB 301. Advanced Arabic I. 3 Units.  
This is a higher level of Arabic study. The course objectives are to enhance the student's language skills and to develop ability to use high-level Arabic effectively. It is designed to help students move from the intermediate level of proficiency, which centers on daily life and the immediate world, to the advanced, which broadens to include topics of general and professional interest. Recommended preparation: ARAB 202 or equivalent.
ARAB 337. Women in the Arab World. 3 Units.
The purpose of this course is twofold: It is a course that allows students an in-depth look at the diverse women who represent a number of cultures in the Arab world in nations from the Mashrek to the Maghreb. The second primary goal of the course is to study such women through the eyes of leading Arab women theorists who have made an impact not only in their own countries, but also on disciplines intersecting with women's studies worldwide. We will study the Arab woman's place in her respective society, in political and economic systems, in education, and in the family. We will also analyze her contributions to art and literature as well as to the sciences. The course will provide an overview of the Arab woman throughout history, from her origins to her place within recent movements within the Arab Spring and other current world events. As Arab women are Muslim, Christian, and Jewish, views of women within these major world religions will also be taken into account as we study the Arab woman as well as religion's impact on culture in the Middle East and in the Maghreb in particular. In the course, we will utilize theoretical texts, but also case studies as well as examples from media and the arts. During the semester, we will take advantage of teleconferencing opportunities between CWRU and two major academic units for Women's Studies in the Arab world: The Institute for Women's Studies in the Arab World (IWSAW) in Beirut, Lebanon, and the University of Jordan's Center for Women's Studies in Amman. Offered as FRCH 337, FRCH 437, ARAB 337, ETHS 337 and WGST 337. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

ARAB 349. The Arab World Experience. 3 Units.
Taught and led by Case faculty, The Arab World Experience is a spring semester course with a spring break study abroad component in a Middle Eastern or North African country supplemented by course meetings before and after travel. It will rotate among countries such as Jordan, Lebanon, Morocco, etc. and be taught by faculty with appropriate area expertise in Arabic, Women's and Gender Studies, and/ or Ethnic Studies. The course focuses on topics such as history, politics, culture, and gender relations within the society of study. Workload and learning outcomes are commensurate with a semester-long three credit hour course. Guest lectures in the host country are an important component of the course as they bring a fresh, authentic perspective to the aforementioned topics discussed. There will be three three-hour meetings prior to travel, required reading, and one three-hour meeting after travel. In the host country, students will spend seven days (five-eight hours per day) in seminars, discussions, and site visits. Student grades are determined on the basis of participation, attendance, a daily experiential learning journal, interviews with guest speakers, and a final exam. Offered as ARAB 349, ETHS 349 and WGST 349.

ARAB 399. Independent Study in Arabic. 1 - 3 Unit.
Topics will be constructed to fit the interest of a student who has already taken an advanced course in Arabic. Prereq: ARAB 301.

CHIN Courses

CHIN 101. Elementary Chinese I. 4 Units.
Introductory course in speaking, understanding, reading and writing Chinese. Students are expected to achieve control of the sound system and basic sentence patterns of standard Mandarin Chinese. The course emphasizes speaking and aural comprehension.

CHIN 102. Elementary Chinese II. 4 Units.
Continuation of CHIN 101. Recommended preparation: Consent of department.

CHIN 201. Intermediate Chinese I. 4 Units.
Emphasizes basic structures of standard Mandarin Chinese; helps students improve reading, writing, listening and speaking abilities. Chinese culture, society, and people introduced through supplementary materials and activities. Recommended preparation: CHIN 102 or equivalent.

CHIN 202. Intermediate Chinese II. 4 Units.
Continuation of CHIN 201. Students must use course material offered by the Online Language Learning Center in addition to class meetings. Recommended preparation: CHIN 201.

CHIN 203. Intermediate Chinese III. 4 Units.
As the continuation of CHIN 202, CHIN 203 is the third course at the intermediate level in Chinese language at CWRU. In this course, students focus on conversation combined with further study of grammatical and syntactic rules, and of cultural elements. The objective is a further development of communicative skills in listening, speaking, reading, and writing. Upon completion of this course, students' proficiency will be optimal for entering CHIN 301. The course is a 4 credit course. The course uses integrated Chinese Level 2, Part 1, from the same series of textbooks for CHIN 201 and 202. The course covers 7 lessons of the book, two weeks for each lesson, in average. Students are expected to preview each lesson before class, to complete the assigned homework, and to study after class the content covered that day. The final grade will be based on the mid-term and final exams, and on quizzes. There will be a quiz at the end of each lesson. Chinese word-processing ability is one of the objectives of this course. Students will learn how to type Chinese texts using the Pinyin input method. Prereq: CHIN 202, or two years of study, or requisites not met permission.

CHIN 240. Modern Chinese Literature in Translation. 3 Units.
This course examines Modern Chinese Literature from the beginning of the 20th century to contemporary period in the contexts of Chinese historical and cultural transformations. It examines representative works of the major literary genres, including fiction, poetry, drama, and prose writing. We will be making the following inquiries: What is modern Chinese literature? What does it tell us about the cultural, social, psychological, and historical changes that occurred in modern China? Who are the main literary and cultural figures, and what did they contribute to the construction of the Chinese nation? How did Western thoughts impact on the ways in which Chinese reflected on their own cultural identities and social and gender relationships? This course is taught in English. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

CHIN 250. Classical Chinese Literature in Translation. 3 Units.
This course is a survey of the classical Chinese literature from the pre-Qin Period to the fall of Qing Dynasty in 1911. Students will be introduced to a variety of forms and genres, including classical poetry, lyric, aria, elegy, rhapsody, folk song, narrative verse, parallel prose, classical-language short story, vernacular short story, novel, drama, etc. This course is taught in English. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

CHIN 301. Advanced Chinese I. 4 Units.
Students work to achieve fluency in listening, speaking, reading and writing. Students must attend Language Resource Center in addition to class meetings. Recommended preparation: CHIN 202 or equivalent.

CHIN 302. Advanced Chinese II. 4 Units.
Continuation of CHIN 301.
CHIN 303. Topics in Chinese. 3 Units.

CHIN 304. Topics in Chinese. 3 Units.

CHIN 315. Business Chinese. 3 Units.
The Business Chinese course is designed to enhance students' listening, speaking, reading, and writing skills in Chinese through a variety of activities. It will focus on China's contemporary international business issues and practices. At the end of the semester, the students will have a basic knowledge of China's socio-cultural values, trade policy, and role in the world economy after its entry into the WTO and the ability to hold conversations on selected business topics with correct business vocabulary and in a culturally appropriate manner; to read business-related materials; and to write basic business communications including letters, reports and resumes. It is taught in Chinese and English. Offered as CHIN 315 and CHIN 415. Prereq: CHIN 202 or equivalent.

CHIN 320. Chinese Popular Culture. 3 Units.
In this course we are going to study Chinese (including Mainland China, Hong Kong, Taiwan, and Chinese Diaspora) popular culture since the 1980s. By examining different forms of popular culture, including popular literature, film, music, TV programs, posters, the Internet, etc., we will be looking into their political, ideological, sociological, cultural, and psychological mechanisms. The film viewing will take place outside the class. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

CHIN 330. Chinese Cinema. 3 Units.
This course is an exploration to the history of and critical issues in Chinese cinema: we will discuss early film making in Shanghai, leftist melodrama, Socialist films, the Chinese New Wave, underground films, the film making in the era of globalization, and etc. Themes and genres that will be investigated include melodrama, the "Fifth Generation", underground film making, filmic representations of women, minority films, and historical epics. Films from mainland China, Hong Kong, Taiwan, and diasporic communities will be discussed to illuminate what it means to be "Chinese." All of the films in this course come with English subtitles; the film viewing will take place outside the class. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

CHIN 380. Contemporary Chinese Texts I. 3 Units.
This course is designed for students who have completed CHIN 302 or equivalent. It provides intensive trainings in communicational skills by reading, watching, and discussing a variety of texts. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement. Prereq: CHIN 302 or equivalent.

CHIN 399. Independent Study. 1 - 3 Units.
Directed study for those students who have progressed beyond available course offerings. Prereq: CHIN 202.

CHIN 415. Business Chinese. 3 Units.
The Business Chinese course is designed to enhance students' listening, speaking, reading, and writing skills in Chinese through a variety of activities. It will focus on China's contemporary international business issues and practices. At the end of the semester, the students will have a basic knowledge of China's socio-cultural values, trade policy, and role in the world economy after its entry into the WTO and the ability to hold conversations on selected business topics with correct business vocabulary and in a culturally appropriate manner; to read business-related materials; and to write basic business communications including letters, reports and resumes. It is taught in Chinese and English. Offered as CHIN 315 and CHIN 415. Prereq: CHIN 202 or equivalent.

FRCH Courses

FRCH 101. Elementary French I. 4 Units.
Emphasizes conversational skills. Students are expected to achieve control of sound system and basic sentence structures of French. Students must complete assignments at the Online Language Learning Center in addition to attending scheduled class meetings.

FRCH 102. Elementary French II. 4 Units.

FRCH 201. Intermediate French I. 4 Units.
Intensive review of grammar and usage through readings, discussions and other activities that emphasize contemporary French life. Students must complete assignments at the Online Language Learning Center in addition to attending scheduled class meetings. Recommended preparation: FRCH 102 or equivalent.

FRCH 202. Intermediate French II. 4 Units.
A continuation of FRCH 201, the course focuses on the acquisition of intermediate-level skills in language and culture. Students must complete assignments at the Online Language Learning Center in addition to attending scheduled class meetings. Recommended preparation: FRCH 201 or equivalent.

FRCH 208. The Montreal Experience. 1 Unit.
One-week immersion learning experience performing community service in Montreal, Canada. Students meet several times for orientation before spending spring break in French-speaking Montreal. Community service may include volunteering in a homeless center, a hospital, or school. Application available from Department office. This course may be repeated once. Permit required. Prereq or Coreq: FRCH 202 or equivalent.

FRCH 295. The Francophone World. 3 Units.
The course offers an introduction to the Francophone World from a historical, cultural, and literary perspective. The Francophone World includes countries and regions around the globe with a substantial French-speaking population (and where French is sometimes, but not always, an official language): North America (Louisiana, Quebec, and Acadia); North Africa (Tunisia, Morocco, Algeria, and Egypt); the Middle-East (Lebanon, Syria); the Caribbean (Martinique, Guadeloupe, Haiti); Southeast Asia (Vietnam); and Europe (France, Belgium, Switzerland, and Luxembourg). FRCH 295 provides a comprehensive overview of the Francophone World, while focusing on a particular area or areas in any given semester. Offered as ETHS 295, FRCH 295, and WLIT 295. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.
FRCH 308. The Paris Experience. 3 Units.
Three-week immersion learning experience living and studying in Paris. The focus of the course is the literature and culture of the African, Arab, and Asian communities of Paris. Students spend a minimum of fifteen hours per week visiting cultural centers and museums and interviewing authors and students about the immigrant experience. Assigned readings complement course activities. Students enrolled in FRCH 308/408 do coursework in French. WLIT 308/408 students have the option of completing coursework in English. Graduate students have additional course requirements. Offered as FRCH 308, WLIT 308, FRCH 408, and WLIT 408. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement. Prereq: FRCH 202.

FRCH 310. Advanced Composition and Reading. 3 Units.
An initiation to the literature of Francophone expression with a focus on close reading. Texts may include short stories, essays, and novels. Students engage in the discussion of their readings and learn how to express their ideas both orally and in written form. Prereq: FRCH 202 or equivalent.

FRCH 311. Advanced Conversation I. 3 Units.
Designed to enhance pronunciation, speaking and listening-comprehension through the discussion of French literature and media for children. Required for Teacher Licensure candidates. Prereq: FRCH 202 or equivalent.

FRCH 312. Advanced Conversation II. 3 Units.
A functional approach to conversation. Students work to develop fluency in spoken French using current colloquial vocabulary and focusing on current issues. Practice in using speech appropriate to a variety of situations, including public debates. Prereq: FRCH 202 or equivalent.

FRCH 314. Translation Techniques. 3 Units.
Contrastive grammar analysis and stylistics are used to foster linguistic awareness and to introduce students to the methods and skills of translation. Recommended preparation: FRCH 310. Prereq: FRCH 202.

FRCH 315. Business French. 3 Units.
Business French is an upper-level course with a focus on the economic life of France and other Francophone countries. Students gain knowledge of the economic structures and the business organization of Francophone countries as they enhance the linguistic skills used in professional communication. Prereq: FRCH 202 or equivalent.

FRCH 316. Contemporary France. 3 Units.
A study of contemporary France, this course features discussions and lectures on a variety of topics (geography, political and social life, contemporary culture) to develop factual knowledge about France and a sound understanding of current issues as presented in the media. Prereq: FRCH 202 or equivalent.

FRCH 317. French Cinema. 3 Units.

FRCH 318. The Origins of France. 3 Units.
Examination through texts, films, and other media of major historical, intellectual, and artistic influences that have shaped the evolution of French civilization. Students will attempt to identify the values and myths that have contributed to the ongoing formation of modern France. Recommended preparation: FRCH 310. Prereq: FRCH 202.

FRCH 319. Modern France. 3 Units.
A study of France's political, social and cultural history from the French Revolution to World War II, with emphasis on the events, movements, and people that have shaped modern France. Highly recommended for students of Nineteenth- and Twentieth-Century French culture. Recommended preparation: FRCH 310. Prereq: FRCH 202.

FRCH 320. Introduction to French Literature. 3 Units.
Taught in French. An introduction to literary analysis through the study of important works of French literature. Written assignments are designed to develop skills in close reading, to introduce students to literary terminology in French, and to develop a capacity for clear, precise communication of an argument. Classes are discussion-based. Recommended preparation: FRCH 310. Counts as SAGES Departmental Seminar. Prereq: FRCH 202 or equivalent.

FRCH 321. Twelfth to Sixteenth-Century French Literature. 3 Units.
Medieval and Renaissance literature, from the chanson de geste and the roman courtois to Rabelais and Montaigne. Authors, works and topics may vary. May be offered on both Medieval and Renaissance, or on either. May be repeated if time period is different. Maximum 6 credits. Offered as: FRCH 321 and FRCH 421. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement. Prereq: FRCH 202. Coreq: FRCH 320.

FRCH 331. Seventeenth-Century French Literature. 3 Units.
The Age of Classicism, from Racine to Mme de Lafayette. Authors, works and topics may vary. Prereq: FRCH 320.

FRCH 335. Women in Developing Countries. 3 Units.
This course will feature case studies, theory, and literature of current issues concerning women in developing countries primarily of the French-speaking world. Discussion and research topics include matriarchal traditions and FGM in Africa, the Tunisian feminist movement, women, Islam, and tradition in the Middle East, women-centered power structures in India (Kerala, Pondichery), and poverty and women in Vietnam, Laos, and Cambodia. Guest speakers and special projects are important elements of the course. Seminar-style format, taught in English, with significant disciplinary writing in English for WGST, ETHS, and some WLIT students, and writing in French for FRCH and WLIT students. Writing assignments include two shorter essays and a substantial research paper. Offered as ETHS 335, FRCH 335, WLIT 335, WGST 335, FRCH 435 and WLIT 435. Counts as SAGES Departmental Seminar. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.
FRCH 337. Women in the Arab World. 3 Units.
The purpose of this course is twofold: It is a course that allows students an in-depth look at the diverse women who represent a number of cultures in the Arab world in nations from the Mashrek to the Maghreb. The second primary goal of the course is to study such women through the eyes of leading Arab women theorists who have made an impact not only in their own countries, but also on disciplines intersecting with women's studies worldwide. We will study the Arab woman's place in her respective society, in political and economic systems, in education, and in the family. We will also analyze her contributions to art and literature as well as to the sciences. The course will provide an overview of the Arab woman throughout history, from her origins to her place within recent movements within the Arab Spring and other current world events. As Arab women are Muslim, Christian, and Jewish, views of women within these major world religions will also be taken into account as we study the Arab woman as well as religion's impact on culture in the Middle East and in the Maghreb in particular. In the course, we will utilize theoretical texts, but also case studies as well as examples from media and the arts. During the semester, we will take advantage of teleconferencing opportunities between CWRU and two major academic units for Women's Studies in the Arab world: The Institute for Women's Studies in the Arab World (IWSAW) in Beirut, Lebanon, and the University of Jordan's Center for Women's Studies in Amman. Offered as FRCH 337, FRCH 437, ARAB 337, ETHS 337 and WGST 337. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

FRCH 338. The Cameroon Experience. 3 Units.
Three-week immersion learning experience living and studying in Cameroon. The focus of the course is the culture, literature, and language of Francophone Cameroon, with some emphasis on Anglophone Cameroon. Students spend a minimum of fifteen hours per week visiting cultural sites and attending arranged courses at the University of Buea. Students will prepare a research paper. Coursework is in French. To do coursework in English, students should enroll in WLIT 338/438 or ETHS 338/438. Offered as ETHS 338, FRCH 338, WLIT 338, ETHS 438, FRCH 438, and WLIT 438. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement. Prereq: FRCH 202.

FRCH 341. Eighteenth Century French Literature. 3 Units.
Topics from the Age of Enlightenment, from libertinage to revolution. Authors and works may vary. Offered as FRCH 341 and FRCH 441. Prereq or Coreq: FRCH 320.

FRCH 351. Nineteenth-Century French Literature. 3 Units.
Romanticism, realism, and naturalism in the novel and the dramatic tradition. Authors, works, and topics may vary. Offered as FRCH 351 and FRCH 451. Prereq or Coreq: FRCH 320.

FRCH 372. Topics in French Drama. 3 Units.
A topical approach to issues and problems specific to drama. Plays, playwrights, aesthetic theories, and historical periods studied in this course may vary. Offered as FRCH 372 and FRCH 472. Prereq or Coreq: FRCH 320.

FRCH 373. The Novel and the Novella. 3 Units.
A study of narrative fiction focused on either a particular genre (the novel, the short story) or a particular type of novel (psychological novel, realist novel, detective novel), tale (the fantastic tale, the fairytale), or novella. Offered as FRCH 373 and FRCH 473. Prereq or Coreq: FRCH 320.

FRCH 374. Major Writers and Literary Movements. 3 Units.
In-depth study of the work of a major writer, film director, or intellectual figure; or of a significant literary, intellectual, or artistic movement. Approaches, content, and instructor will vary. Offered as FRCH 374 and FRCH 474. Prereq: FRCH 320.

FRCH 375. Francophone Literature. 3 Units.
An examination of Francophone literature focused on the problematics of identity within the colonial and post-colonial context. Writers and works may vary. Offered as FRCH 375 and FRCH 475. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement. Prereq or Coreq: FRCH 320.

FRCH 376. Women Writers. 3 Units.
An examination of important literary texts by French and Francophone women writers. Critical essays are also studied to introduce historical and theoretical perspectives. Offered as FRCH 376 and FRCH 476. Prereq or Coreq: FRCH 320.

FRCH 377. Special Topics. 3 Units.
The special topics course is designed to provide a forum for specific themes or subjects not otherwise covered in the curriculum. Approaches and content will vary. Maximum 6 credits. Offered as FRCH 377 and FRCH 477. Prereq or Coreq: FRCH 320.

FRCH 395. French Literature in Translation. 3 Units.
Topics vary according to student and faculty interest. May include Francophone literature, literature and cinema, women writers, contemporary literature. Counts toward French major only as related course. No knowledge of French required. Offered as FRCH 395, WLIT 395, FRCH 495, and WLIT 495.

FRCH 396. Senior Capstone - French. 3 Units.
The Senior Capstone in French in an independent study project chosen in consultation with a capstone advisor. The capstone project should reflect both the student's interest within French and/or Francophone Studies and the courses he or she has taken to fulfill the major. The project requires independent research using an approved bibliography and plan of action. In addition to written research, the student will also present the capstone project in a public forum that is agreed upon by the project advisor and the student. Counts as SAGES Senior Capstone. Prereq: Senior status required. Major in French or Francophone Studies required.

FRCH 397. Honors Thesis I. 3 Units.
Intensive study of a literary, linguistic, or cultural topic with a faculty member, leading to the writing of a research paper in French. Limited to senior majors. Permit required.

FRCH 398. Honors Thesis II. 3 Units.
Continuation of FRCH 397. Limited to senior majors. Permit required. Prereq: FRCH 397.

FRCH 399. Independent Study. 1 - 3 Unit.
The course is for students who have special interests and commitments that are not addressed in regular courses, and who wish to work independently.

FRCH 408. The Paris Experience. 3 Units.
Three-week immersion learning experience living and studying in Paris. The focus of the course is the literature and culture of the African, Arab, and Asian communities of Paris. Students spend a minimum of fifteen hours per week visiting cultural centers and museums and interviewing authors and students about the immigrant experience. Assigned readings complement course activities. Students enrolled in FRCH 308/408 do coursework in French. WLIT 308/408 students have the option of completing coursework in English. Graduate students have additional course requirements. Offered as FRCH 308, WLIT 308, FRCH 408, and WLIT 408. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement. Prereq: Graduate standing.
FRCH 421. Twelfth to Sixteenth-Century French Literature. 3 Units.
Medieval and Renaissance literature, from the chanson de geste and the roman cortois to Rabelais and Montaigne. Authors, works and topics may vary. May be offered on both Medieval and Renaissance, or on either. May be repeated if time period is different. Maximum 6 credits. Offered as: FRCH 321 and FRCH 421. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement. Prereq: Graduate Standing.

FRCH 435. Women in Developing Countries. 3 Units.
This course will feature case studies, theory, and literature of current issues concerning women in developing countries primarily of the French-speaking world. Discussion and research topics include matriarchal traditions and FGM in Africa, the Tunisian feminist movement, women, Islam, and tradition in the Middle East, women-centered power structures in India (Kerala, Pondichery), and poverty and women in Vietnam, Laos, and Cambodia. Guest speakers and special projects are important elements of the course. Seminar-style format, taught in English, with significant disciplinary writing in English for WGST, ETHS, and some WLIT students, and writing in French for FRCH and WLIT students. Writing assignments include two shorter essays and a substantial research paper. Offered as ETHS 335, FRCH 335, WLIT 335, WGST 335, FRCH 435 and WLIT 435. Counts as SAGES Departmental Seminar. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

FRCH 437. Women in the Arab World. 3 Units.
The purpose of this course is twofold: It is a course that allows students an in-depth look at the diverse women who represent a number of cultures in the Arab world in nations from the Mashreq to the Maghreb. The second primary goal of the course is to study such women through the eyes of leading Arab women theorists who have made an impact not only in their own countries, but also on disciplines intersecting with women's studies worldwide. We will study the Arab woman's place in her respective society, in political and economic systems, in education, and in the family. We will also analyze her contributions to art and literature as well as to the sciences. The course will provide an overview of the Arab woman throughout history, from her origins to her place within recent movements within the Arab Spring and other current world events. As Arab women are Muslim, Christian, and Jewish, views of women within these major world religions will also be taken into account as we study the Arab woman as well as religion's impact on culture in the Middle East and in the Maghreb in particular. In the course, we will utilize theoretical texts, but also case studies as well as examples from media and the arts. During the semester, we will take advantage of teleconferencing opportunities between CWRU and two major academic units for Women's Studies in the Arab world: The Institute for Women's Studies in the Arab World (IWSAW) in Beirut, Lebanon, and the University of Jordan's Center for Women's Studies in Amman. Offered as FRCH 337, FRCH 437, ARAB 337, ETHS 337 and WGST 337. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

FRCH 438. The Cameroon Experience. 3 Units.
Three-week immersion learning experience living and studying in Cameroon. The focus of the course is the culture, literature, and language of Francophone Cameroon, with some emphasis on Anglophone Cameroon. Students spend a minimum of fifteen hours per week visiting cultural sites and attending arranged courses at the University of Buea. Students will prepare a research paper. Coursework is in French. To do coursework in English, students should enroll in WLIT 338/438 or ETHS 338/438. Offered as ETHS 338, FRCH 338, WLIT 338, ETHS 438, FRCH 438, and WLIT 438. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

FRCH 441. Eighteenth Century French Literature. 3 Units.
Topics from the Age of Enlightenment, from libertinage to revolution. Authors and works may vary. Offered as FRCH 341 and FRCH 441.

FRCH 451. Nineteenth-Century French Literature. 3 Units.
Romanticism, realism, and naturalism in the novel and the dramatic tradition. Authors, works, and topics may vary. Offered as FRCH 351 and FRCH 451.

FRCH 461. Twentieth-Century French Literature. 3 Units.
A study of representative novelists (e.g., Proust, Gide, Colette, Sartre, Beauvoir) and playwrights (e.g., Claudel, Beckett, Genet) in historical context. Authors, works, and topics may vary. Offered as FRCH 361 and FRCH 461.

FRCH 472. Topics in French Drama. 3 Units.
A topical approach to issues and problems specific to drama. Plays, playwrights, aesthetic theories, and historical periods studied in this course may vary. Offered as FRCH 372 and FRCH 472.

FRCH 473. The Novel and the Novella. 3 Units.
A study of narrative fiction focused on either a particular genre (the novel, the short story) or a particular type of novel (psychological novel, realist novel, detective novel), tale (the fantastic tale, the fairytale), or novella. Offered as FRCH 373 and FRCH 473.

FRCH 474. Major Writers and Literary Movements. 3 Units.
In-depth study of the work of a major writer, film director, or intellectual figure; or of a significant literary, intellectual, or artistic movement. Approaches, content, and instructor will vary. Offered as FRCH 374 and FRCH 474. Prereq: Graduate standing.

FRCH 475. Francophone Literature. 3 Units.
An examination of Francophone literature focused on the problematics of identity within the colonial and post-colonial context. Writers and works may vary. Offered as FRCH 375 and FRCH 475. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

FRCH 476. Women Writers. 3 Units.
An examination of important literary texts by French and Francophone women writers. Critical essays are also studied to introduce historical and theoretical perspectives. Offered as FRCH 376 and FRCH 476.

FRCH 477. Special Topics. 3 Units.
The special topics course is designed to provide a forum for specific themes or subjects not otherwise covered in the curriculum. Approaches and content will vary. Maximum 6 credits. Offered as FRCH 377 and FRCH 477.

FRCH 495. French Literature in Translation. 3 Units.
Topics vary according to student and faculty interest. May include Francophone literature, literature and cinema, women writers, contemporary literature. Counts toward French major only as related course. No knowledge of French required. Offered as FRCH 395, WLIT 395, FRCH 495, and WLIT 495. Coreq: Graduate Standing.

FRCH 590. Seminar: Topics in Modern Literature and Culture. 3 Units.
French literature and culture since the Revolution of 1789. Topics vary depending on student and instructor interests; may include realism and naturalism, Proust, contemporary film, or French philosophy. Maximum 9 credits. Prereq: Graduate Standing.

FRCH 595. Independent Research. 1 - 3 Unit.
Graded independent work on a literary topic arranged individually with the instructor. Prereq: Graduate Standing.

FRCH 601. Independent Study. 1 - 18 Unit.
For individual students or larger groups with special interests.
FRCH 651. Thesis M.A.. 6 - 9 Units.
Thesis M.A. serves the graduate plan A of the Graduate Handbook.

GRMN Courses

GRMN 101. Elementary German I. 4 Units.
Introductory course emphasizing conversational skills. Students achieve control of the sound system and basic sentence structures of spoken and written German. Students must use the course material offered by the Online Language Learning Center in addition to class meetings.

GRMN 102. Elementary German II. 4 Units.
Continuation of GRMN 101, emphasizing conversational skills. Prereq: GRMN 101 or equivalent.

GRMN 201. Intermediate German I. 4 Units.
Emphasizes both language and culture and is taught in German. Review of grammar and usage of German while studying texts and videotapes which focus on contemporary life in Germany. Prereq: GRMN 102 or equivalent.

GRMN 202. Intermediate German II. 4 Units.
Continuation of GRMN 201; conducted in German. Study of texts and videotapes which focus on contemporary life in Germany. Prereq: GRMN 201 or equivalent.

GRMN 303. German Culture & Civilization. 3 Units.
Examines aspects of contemporary Germany, including political and social systems and cultural life through seminar discussions of texts, films, and other media. Along with oral presentations and essay tests, students must select a research topic of interest to the discipline and write an analytic essay in German on the topic. Counts as SAGES Departmental Seminar. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement. Prereq: GRMN 202.

GRMN 308. The Munich Experience: Spring Course/Summer Study Advanced Level. 3 Units.
A semester seminar class, conducted in German, which culminates with a three-week immersion learning experience spent living and studying in Munich. Students reside with German families, study German daily in a formal setting, and practice comprehension, speaking, reading, and writing. Regular visits to museums, galleries, and cultural events; first-hand observation of history, life, and architecture of a major cultural center; day trips to cultural phenomena and events in the German countryside. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement. Prereq or Coreq: GRMN 202 or equivalent.

GRMN 310. Advanced German Reading and Composition. 3 Units.
An advanced-level skills course focusing on reading and writing for students who have already studied intermediate German. Develops abilities to read authentic, unabridged texts, such as contemporary newspaper and magazine articles; readings increase progressively in length and vary in genre. Also practices composition skills by composing academic prose such as objective summaries, reviews, precis, letters, short creative texts, and analytic written forms such as short essays to produce increasingly sophisticated analytical compositions in German. Includes instruction on use of English- and German-language research tools, German-German dictionaries, and study guides. Taught in German. Counts as SAGES Departmental Seminar. Prereq: GRMN 202 or equivalent.

GRMN 311. Advanced Conversation. 3 Units.
Students work to improve fluency in spoken German. Topics include contemporary issues; current vocabulary is stressed. Students practice using speech appropriate to various situations. Prereq: GRMN 202 or equivalent.

GRMN 312. German Proficiency Through Drama. 3 Units.
Readings begin with single scenes and progress to full length radio plays and theater plays which gradually increase in linguistic difficulty and complexity of central themes. Introduction to the elements of drama such as dialogue, character and dramatic structure, as well as the genres of tragedy, comedy, and tragicomedy. Focus: effective communication of critical, interpretative, and analytic ideas in discussion and in writing. Counts as SAGES Departmental Seminar. Prereq: GRMN 202 or equivalent.

GRMN 313. Intro to German Literature. 3 Units.
Introduction to German literature and the cultural issues it addresses. Readings include the main literary and folk genres (short texts or excerpts), gradually increasing in linguistic difficulty and complexity of central themes. They cover the major literary periods from the 18th to the 21st centuries. Focus: effective communication of critical, interpretative, and analytic ideas in discussion and in writing. Counts as SAGES Departmental Seminar. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement. Prereq: GRMN 202 or equivalent.

GRMN 315. Business German. 3 Units.
This course is taught in German. It is designed to enhance students' German listening, speaking, reading, and writing skills through a variety of activities. It also aims at developing students' cross-cultural awareness and communicative competence in the specialized field of German for Business and Economics in an increasingly global workplace. The course will explore German demography and economic geography; the European Union, the Euro, and Germany's role in this union; German economic systems, industries, banking systems, advertising and sales, transportation and tourism; Germany's corporate culture, industrial relations, codetermination in German companies, etc. Prereq: GRMN 202 or equivalent.

GRMN 320. Topics in Narrative. 3 Units.
This course examines representative prose works (tales, novellas, short novels, letters, and essays) chosen to present reactions and impressions to social and aesthetic conditions in German-speaking countries and to introduce students to different styles and varieties of German prose. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement. Prereq: One 300-level GRMN course.

GRMN 326. Witches, Weddings, and Wolves. 3 Units.
Intensive study of German Folk Tales as collected and altered by the Brothers Grimm. The Maerchen as both children's and adult literature. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement. Prereq: One 300-level GRMN course.

GRMN 330. Topics in German Cinema. 3 Units.
Overview of German Cinema from the beginning to the present. Film selection representative of major directors, major periods (such as expressionism or The New German Cinema), particular themes from different historical perspectives, and literature in film. All films are in German. Taught in German. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement. Prereq: One 300-level GRMN course.

GRMN 330. Topics in German Drama. 3 Units.
Overview of German drama from the beginning to the present. Explores German plays by applying different disciplinary approaches such as historical, cultural, and literary analyses. All plays are in German. Taught in German. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement. Prereq: One 300-level GRMN course.
GRMN 350. Topics in German Lyric. 3 Units.
This course presents a detailed study of German lyric through the frequent writing of critical papers and literary analysis of the formal elements of poetry: rhyme schemes, diction, meter, figures of speech. The poems selected cover a variety of styles, a range of historical periods, and a sampling of authors. Readings and discussions in German. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement. Prereq: One 300-level GRMN course.

GRMN 360. Topics in Major German Authors. 3 Units.
Concentrates on a specific author or small group of authors within an aesthetic or historical context, for example: Goethe, Heine, Bachmann, Junges Deutschland, or die Gruppe 47. Examines the breadth of themes and styles and may include literary, philosophical, biographical, and other kinds of texts. Readings and discussions in German. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement. Prereq: One 300-level GRMN course.

GRMN 365. Senior Capstone - German. 3 Units.
The Senior Capstone in German is an independent study project chosen in consultation with a capstone advisor. The capstone project should reflect both the student's interest within German and/or German studies and the courses he or she has taken to fulfill the major. The project requires independent research using and approved bibliography and plan of action. In addition to written research, the student will also present the capstone project in a public forum that agreed upon by the project advisor and the students. Counts as SAGES Senior Capstone. Prereq: Senior status required. Major in German required.

GRMN 397. Honors Thesis I. 3 Units.
Intensive study of a literary, linguistic, or cultural topic with a faculty member, leading to the writing of a research paper in German. Limited to senior majors. Permit required. Prereq: One 300-level GRMN course.

GRMN 398. Honors Thesis II. 3 Units.
Continuation of GRMN 397. Limited to senior majors. Permit required. Prereq: GRMN 397.

GRMN 399. Independent Study in German. 1 - 3 Unit.
For majors and advanced students under special circumstances. Permit required.

HBRW Courses

HBRW 101. Elementary Modern Hebrew I. 4 Units.
The course objective is to enable students to develop basic communicative skills in standard Modern Hebrew. Students will become acquainted with the Hebrew alphabet and vowels, and with basic grammar and vocabulary.

HBRW 102. Elementary Modern Hebrew II. 4 Units.
The course objective is to continue to develop the students' basic communicative skills in standard Modern Hebrew. Students will be introduced to more complex grammatical constructs, linguistic forms and vocabulary. Prereq: HBRW 101 or consent of department.

HBRW 201. Intermediate Modern Hebrew I. 4 Units.
The course objective is to advance the students' Hebrew communicative skills by studying the language in its cultural context. The focus will be on speaking, reading, and writing, with an emphasis on the use of the language as reflected in Israeli culture. Prereq: HBRW 102 or consent of department.

HBRW 202. Intermediate Modern Hebrew II. 4 Units.
The course objectives are to enhance and strengthen the students' Hebrew language skills, and to develop the ability to express thoughts, ideas and opinions freely, in both verbal and written forms. Prereq: HBRW 201 or consent of department.

HBRW 301. Advanced Modern Hebrew I. 3 Units.
The course objectives are to enhance the students' language skills and to develop their ability to use an advanced level of Hebrew effectively. Classes will be conducted in Hebrew, and will focus on speaking, reading, and writing with an emphasis on active and creative use of the language. Prereq: HBRW 202 or consent of department.

HBRW 302. Advanced Modern Hebrew II. 3 Units.
The course objectives are to enhance the students’ language skills within the domain of Modern Hebrew literature, and to enable them to use their Hebrew skills to perform detailed literary analyses in Hebrew. Classes will be conducted in Hebrew. Prereq: HBRW 301 or consent of department.

HBRW 399. Independent Studies. 1 - 3 Unit.
The course is for students with special interests and commitments that are not fully addressed in regular courses, and who wish to work independently. Prereq: HBRW 301 or consent of department.

ITAL Courses

ITAL 101. Elementary Italian I. 4 Units.
Introductory course; stress on mastery of the sound system and basic sentence structure of spoken and written Italian. Independent laboratory practice is a requirement.

ITAL 102. Elementary Italian II. 4 Units.
Continuation of ITAL 101; independent laboratory practice is required in addition to scheduled class meetings. Prereq: ITAL 101.
ITAL 201. Review and Progress in Italian. 4 Units.
Emphasizes language and culture. Review of Italian grammar and usage while studying written forms. Independent laboratory practice is required in addition to scheduled class meetings. Prereq: ITAL 102 or equivalent.

ITAL 202. Read and Discuss Italian Texts. 4 Units.
Focus on increasing proficiency acquired in elementary Italian and on mastering short narratives. Review of Italian grammar and usage through reading, conversation, and media. Independent laboratory practice is required in addition to scheduled class meetings. Prereq: ITAL 201 or equivalent.

ITAL 308. The Italian Experience. 3 Units.
A three-week summer study abroad course spent at a university in an Italian city well-known for its cultural and linguistic heritage and at other important sites during travel. Focus: Language immersion and processing of cultural experience. Main features: 1. Intense collaboration with an Italian university. Students interact with Italian peers; seminars are co-taught by Italian faculty. 2. Creation of an individual journal that synthesizes students' perception of and reflections on their experience, records the progress of their final project, and documents their improvement in language proficiency. 3. Final project. Students meet M-F in a formal setting for advanced language study designed to improve proficiency in speaking, comprehension, reading, and writing. They attend seminars on varied topics in literature, history, and civilization. Visits to museums, galleries, and attendance at cultural events are included. Prereq: ITAL 202 or equivalent.

ITAL 311. Conversation in Italian. 3 Units.
Focused on oral communication, ITAL 311 is designed to enhance listening/comprehension skills in Italian. Using audio-visual materials, students acquire the skills necessary to understand conversations between native-speakers and to emulate them. The situational and functional approach to the course facilitates progress towards advanced-level fluency in Italian. Prereq: ITAL 202 or equivalent.

ITAL 370. Special Topics in Italian Literature. 3 Units.
Special topics in Italian literature, literary criticism, and culture. Prereq: ITAL 202 or equivalent.

ITAL 399. Independent Study. 1 - 3 Unit.
The course is for students with special interests and commitments that are not fully addressed in regular courses, and who wish to work independently.

JAPN Courses

JAPN 101. Elementary Japanese I. 4 Units.
Introduction to understanding, speaking, reading, and writing Japanese. Students learn to read and write hiragana and katakana syllabaries and 50 kanji characters. Students are expected to achieve control of the sound system and basic structure of the language. Emphasizes aural comprehension and speaking.

JAPN 102. Elementary Japanese II. 4 Units.

JAPN 201. Intermediate Japanese I. 4 Units.
Further study of fundamental structures of Japanese. Students improve aural comprehension, speaking, reading, and writing abilities and learn approximately 100 new characters. Recommended preparation: JAPN 102 or equivalent.

JAPN 202. Intermediate Japanese II. 4 Units.
Continuation of JAPN 201. Students learn an additional 100 kanji characters. With the completion of JAPN 201 - 202, students should have control of the fundamentals of modern Japanese and a firm foundation in the writing system. Recommended preparation: JAPN 201 or equivalent.

JAPN 225. Japanese Popular Culture. 3 Units.
This course highlights salient aspects of modern Japanese popular culture as expressed in animation, comics and literature. The works examined include films by Hayao Miyazaki, writings by Kenji Miyazawa, Haruki Murakami and Banana Yoshimoto, among others. The course introduces students to essential aspects of modern Japanese popular culture and sensibility. Offered as JAPN 225 and WLIT 225. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

JAPN 245. Classical Japanese Literature in Translation. 3 Units.
Readings, in English translation, of classical Japanese poetry, essays, narratives, and drama to illustrate essential aspects of Japanese culture and sensibility before the Meiji Restoration (1868). Lectures explore the sociohistorical contexts and the character of major literary genres; discussions focus on interpreting the central images of human value within each period. Japanese sensibilities compared to and contrasted with those of Western and other cultures. Offered as JAPN 245 and WLIT 245.

JAPN 255. Modern Japanese Literature in Translation. 3 Units.
Focus on the major genres of modern Japanese literature, including poetry, short story, and novel (shosetsu). No knowledge of Japanese language or history is assumed. Lectures, readings, and discussions are in English. Films and slides complement course readings. Offered as JAPN 255 and WLIT 255.

JAPN 301. Advanced Japanese I. 4 Units.
Emphasizes conversational proficiency and reading. Students must use the course material offered by the Online Language Learning Center in addition to class meetings. Recommended preparation: JAPN 202 or equivalent.

JAPN 302. Advanced Japanese II. 4 Units.
Continuation of JAPN 301; emphasizes conversational proficiency and reading. Japanese life and culture introduced through supplemental materials and activities. Students must use the course material offered by the Online Language Learning Center in addition to class meetings. Recommended preparation: JAPN 301 or equivalent.

JAPN 345. Japanese Women Writers. 3 Units.
Contributions of women writers to the literature of pre-modern and modern Japan; investigations of how their works exemplify and diverge from "mainstream" literary practices. Emphasis on the social and cultural contexts of the texts. Offered as JAPN 345 and WLIT 345.

JAPN 350. Contemporary Japanese Texts I. 3 Units.
The primary aim of this course is to develop communication skills in Japanese based on those that the students have acquired in JAPN 302 or equivalent. The students will read and discuss various texts such as daily conversations, essays, and news scripts with the assistance of vocabulary and kanji (Chinese character) lists and formal grammar explanations. Attention also will be given to enhancing the students’ writing and aural/oral proficiencies through regularly assigned homework, presentations, tape listening, video viewing, and classroom discussion. Recommended preparation: JAPN 302 or equivalent.
JAPN 351. Contemporary Japanese Texts II. 3 Units.
This course is a continuation of JAPN 350 and its primary aim overlaps with that of JAPN 350: to develop more sophisticated communication skills in Japanese. Students will read and discuss various texts such as daily conversations, essays, and news scripts largely with the assistance of vocabulary and kanji (Chinese character) lists. Attention will be given to enhancing the students’ writing and aural/oral proficiencies through regularly assigned homework, presentations, tape listening, video viewing, and classrooms discussion. Prereq: JAPN 350 or consent of instructor.

JAPN 355. Modern Japanese Novels and the West. 3 Units.
This course will compare modern Japanese and Western novels, drama, and novels. Comparisons will focus on the themes of family, gender and alienation, which subsume a number of interrelated sub-themes such as marriage, home, human sexuality, amae (dependence), innocence, experience, death, God/gods, and nature (the ecosystem). Offered as JAPN 355, WLIT 355. Counts as SAGES Departmental Seminar. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

JAPN 396. Senior Capstone - Japanese. 3 Units.
The Senior Capstone in Japanese is an independent study project chosen in consultation with a capstone advisor. The capstone project should reflect both the student's interest within Japanese and the courses he or she has taken to fulfill the major. The project requires independent research using an approved bibliography and plan of action. In addition to written research, the student will also present the capstone project in a public forum that is agreed upon by the project advisor and the student. Counts as SAGES Senior Capstone. Prereq: Senior status required. Major in Japanese required.

JAPN 397. Senior Thesis I. 3 Units.
Intensive study of a literary, linguistic, or cultural topic with a faculty member, leading to the writing of a research paper in English or Japanese. Limited to senior majors. Permit required.

JAPN 398. Senior Thesis II. 3 Units.
Continuation of JAPN 397. Limited to senior majors. Prereq: JAPN 397.

JAPN 399. Independent Study. 1 - 3 Unit.
Directed study for students who have progressed beyond available course offerings.

JAPN 450. Japanese in Cultural Context I. 3 Units.
The primary aim of this graduate course is to develop sophisticated communication skills (listening, speaking, reading, and writing) in Japanese. The students will read and discuss various texts in the original, such as essays, news scripts, and literary works. Classroom instruction and discussion will be conducted in Japanese. The students also will be required to write a research paper of 4000-6000 letters/characters (10-15 genkoyoshi pages) in Japanese on a topic related to Japan and the student’s specialty. Recommended preparation: JAPN 351 or equivalent.

JAPN 451. Japanese in Cultural Context II. 3 Units.
This course is a continuation of JAPN 450 and it aims at a further development of sophisticated communication skills (listening, speaking, reading, and writing) in Japanese. The students will read and discuss various texts in the original, such as essays, news scripts, and literary works both classical and modern. Classroom instruction and discussion will be conducted in Japanese. The students also will be required to write a research paper of 6000-8000 letters/characters (15-20 genkoyoshi pages) in Japanese on a topic related to Japan and the student’s specialty. Recommended preparation: JAPN 450 or equivalent.

MLIT Courses

MLIT 315. Mysticism and Literature. 3 Units.
This co-taught seminar will explore and compare mystical elements in selected literary and theoretical works from the West and the East. Comparisons will focus on a number of interrelated sub-themes such as mind, language, alienation, innocence, experience, life, death, cosmogony, cosmology, good, evil, God/gods, and nature (the ecosystem). Offered as MLIT 315, WLIT 315, MLIT 415 and WLIT 415.

MLIT 327. Gesture in Cognition and Communication. 3 Units.
Most people never notice that when they are talking, they’re also gesturing. Why do we produce these gestures? What can studying them tell us about the human mind? This course surveys scientific research on gesture, exploring topics such as the role of gesture in communication, cross-cultural differences in gesture, and the relationship between gesture and signed languages. The course will focus on gestures produced with speech, but will cover symbolic and ritualized gesture in the visual arts and in dance. Offered as COGS 327 and COGS 427 and MLIT 327.

MLIT 328. Seminar in Intercultural Communication: A Multilingual Media Approach. 3 Units.
This seminar will study communication, especially news communication, through current media in different languages and cultures. It will compare discourse, terminology, vocabulary, and general rhetorical features of the genres of media-borne languages taught in the department. It will enhance the student's general knowledge of contemporary use of discourse in the foreign language.

MLIT 415. Mysticism and Literature. 3 Units.
This co-taught seminar will explore and compare mystical elements in selected literary and theoretical works from the West and the East. Comparisons will focus on a number of interrelated sub-themes such as mind, language, alienation, innocence, experience, life, death, cosmogony, cosmology, good, evil, God/gods, and nature (the ecosystem). Offered as MLIT 315, WLIT 315, MLIT 415 and WLIT 415.

PORT Courses

PORT 101. Elementary Portuguese I. 4 Units.
Introductory course. Students achieve control of the sound system and basic sentence structures of spoken and written Portuguese. Students use materials offered through the Language Center in addition to class meetings.

PORT 102. Elementary Portuguese II. 4 Units.
Continuation of PORT 101, emphasizing conversational skills. Prereq: PORT 101 or equivalent.

PORT 201. Intermediate Portuguese I. 4 Units.
PORT 201 is an intermediate language course. It assumes a fair knowledge of basic grammar that is reviewed and expanded. The course needs the student to show a strong determination to engage in conversation in Portuguese, and to commit to develop better writing in Portuguese. The student learns more about cultural aspects in the Portuguese-speaking world. The course is taught completely in Portuguese. Prereq: PORT 102 or equivalent.

PORT 399. Independent Study. 1 - 3 Unit.
This course is for students with special interests and commitments that are not addressed in regular courses and who wish to work independently.
**RUSN Courses**

**RUSN 101. Elementary Russian I. 4 Units.**
Introductory course emphasizing conversational skills. Students achieve control of alphabet, sound system, and basic sentence structures in spoken and written Russian. Students must use the course material offered by the Online Language Learning Center in addition to class meetings.

**RUSN 102. Elementary Russian II. 4 Units.**

**RUSN 201. Intermediate Russian. 4 Units.**
Furthers students’ ability in four basic language skills: understanding, speaking, reading and writing; expands knowledge of Russian grammar and vocabulary. Recommended preparation: RUSN 102.

**RUSN 202. Introduction to Contemporary Civilization. 4 Units.**
Continuation of RUSN 201; introduces contemporary Russian culture through readings and discussion. Recommended preparation: RUSN 201.

**RUSN 210. Russian for Russian heritage speakers who had no exposure to formal education in Russian. 3 Units.**
The course is aimed at “heritage speakers” of Russian who grew up speaking Russian in the family without a full Russian educational and cultural background. The course is designed for students who have speaking and comprehension abilities in Russian but have minimum exposure to writing and reading. Students will learn about Russian grammar (spelling rules, punctuation, word-formation, parts of speech). Readings include the works of Russian classical and contemporary authors. Multimedia materials will enhance cultural awareness.

**RUSN 311. Advanced Conversation. 3 Units.**
Students work to improve fluency in spoken Russian. Topics of conversation include aspects of contemporary civilization; current vocabulary is stressed. Recommended preparation: RUSN 202.

**RUSN 319. Life in Modern Russia. 3 Units.**
Examines aspects of life in modern Russia, between the 1917 Revolution and the present, including political and social systems and cultural life through the study of texts, films and other media. Recommended preparation: RUSN 202.

**RUSN 320. Introduction to Russian Literature. 3 Units.**
Introduction to major literary movements, principal writers, and outstanding works of Russian literary works. Recommended preparation: RUSN 202 or equivalent.

**RUSN 375. Russian Literature in Translation. 3 Units.**
Topics vary according to student and faculty interest. May include Russian classical and modern literature, cinema, women writers, individual authors. May count towards Russian minor. No knowledge of Russian required. Offered as RUSN 375 and WLIT 375.

**RUSN 399. Independent Study. 1 - 3 Unit.**

**SPAN Courses**

**SPAN 101. Elementary Spanish I. 4 Units.**
Introductory course. Students achieve control of the sound system and basic sentence structures of spoken and written Spanish. Students must use the course material offered by the Online Language Learning Center in addition to class meetings.

**SPAN 102. Elementary Spanish II. 4 Units.**
Continuation of SPAN 101, emphasizing conversational skills. Recommended preparation: SPAN 101.

**SPAN 201. Intermediate Spanish I. 4 Units.**
Intensive review of grammar and usage through readings, discussions, and other activities. Recommended preparation: SPAN 102 or equivalent.

**SPAN 202. Intermediate Spanish II. 4 Units.**
Continues grammar review of SPAN 201. Students will study texts and cultural documents which focus on contemporary life in Hispanic countries. Recommended preparation: SPAN 201 or equivalent.

**SPAN 285. The Hispanophone World. 3 Units.**
A survey of the imaginative literatures in a variety of genres from the Spanish-speaking world, including texts authored by Hispanics living in the United States. The selections will help students gain a greater understanding and appreciation of the impact and adaptation of Spanish language and culture among widely diverse populations of the world over the past centuries. Counts towards Spanish major as related course. No knowledge of Spanish required. Offered as SPAN 285 and WLIT 285.

**SPAN 303. Latin American History through Art, Literature and Cinema. 3 Units.**
This course is designed to provide a basic understanding of Latin America and the Caribbean through art, film and literature. Although it will address pertinent historical aspects related to its social, political, cultural and economic development, the course will focus on relevant contemporary issues affecting and transforming the region, such as the role of women, dictatorships vs. democracy, revolutionary movements, endemic poverty, the Indian communities, the role of art and culture, migration to urban centers, the drug war, the role of the Catholic Church and liberation theology, and the presence and intervention of the United State in the region. The course will be taught in English. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

**SPAN 305. Spanish for Political Science and International Relations. 3 Units.**
Spanish 305 is an upper-level Spanish language course designed to give students interested in political science and international relations specific field-related vocabulary and cultural information not found in basic textbooks. The course is divided into two parts: the first deals with political science; the second with international relations. Readings, discussions, and lectures are conducted in Spanish. Prereq: SPAN 202 or requisites not met permission.
SPAN 306. The Cuban Experience: an immersion in its culture and society. 3 Units.
This is a three week study-abroad intensive course that takes place at Editorial Vigia, in Matanzas, Cuba. The course combines the unique advantages of a total immersion environment in Spanish with a classroom curriculum that includes conversation practice and study of relevant cultural, literary and historical issues. Students complete three hours of classroom instruction and an hour and a half of publishing workshop every day. The course is interdisciplinary in approach and provides students with the tools they need to analyze and understand the complexities of modern Cuba. Students will have formal classes taught by their professor and talks and discussions with specialists on Cuban literature, art, architecture, history and other aspects of culture and society. In addition, they will attend lectures, participate in discussions, and take field trips that will expose them to many aspects of Cuban culture, such as art, architecture, music, dance, film, literature, artisan work, folklore, history and urban growth. Offered as SPAN 306, SPAN 406, and ETHS 306. Prereq: SPAN 202.

SPAN 307. Spanish Phonetics and Phonology. 3 Units.
Spanish Phonetics and Phonology is designed to introduce students to the study and practice of the sound system of Spanish. The course will focus on the articulatory descriptions of native pronunciations, the differences between letters and sounds, and the classification of sounds. The course will focus mainly on the sounds of Spanish but will also include the differences with English Language sounds. It will also develop awareness of the different dialectal variations of Spanish across the world. In addition, cultural competency will be achieved through a contextualized approach. The main goal of this course is to improve pronunciation and intonation in Spanish with special emphasis in the production of native-like sounds. Prereq: SPAN 202.

SPAN 308. Advanced Spanish in Spain. 3 Units.
Three week study-abroad intensive course that takes place in Valladolid, Spain. The course combines the unique advantages of a total immersion environment in Spanish with a classroom curriculum that includes grammar review, conversation practice, and study of relevant cultural issues. The focus of the culture curriculum is the study of Spain's key historical moments through the city of Valladolid and nearby communities: their literature, visual arts, films, and music. The cultural component is enhanced by visits to historic and cultural sites and museums. Four different one-hour orientation meetings during Spring semester. Prereq: SPAN 202 or equivalent.

SPAN 309. The Buenos Aires Experience. 3 Units.
Three week study-abroad intensive course that takes place in Buenos Aires, Argentina. The course combines the unique advantages of a total immersion environment in Spanish with a classroom curriculum that includes grammar review, conversation practice, and study of relevant cultural issues. The focus of the culture curriculum is the study of the city of Buenos Aires' history and culture through its literature, visual arts, films, and music. The cultural component is enhanced by visits to historic and cultural sites and museums. Four different one-hour orientation meetings during Spring semester. Prereq: SPAN 202 or equivalent.

SPAN 310. Advanced Composition and Reading. 3 Units.
Designed to facilitate the transition between lower and upper division courses in Spanish, and focus upon the simultaneous development of the reading and writing skills expected of students in all advanced Spanish courses. Prereq: SPAN 202.

SPAN 311. Advanced Spanish Conversation. 3 Units.
Engages students in conversation so that they develop oral proficiency. Short essays and newspaper articles dealing with everyday activities, socio-cultural roles and experiences, and self-awareness and life goals discussed; some literary materials discussed. Prereq: SPAN 202.

SPAN 312. Business Spanish. 3 Units.
Designed for students who are majoring in, or considering a major in, a health-related field. Focus on the vocabulary and expressions needed for the workplace, task-based practical skills, and grammatical structures. Prereq: SPAN 202 or equivalent.

SPAN 313. Spanish for Health Professionals. 3 Units.
Designed for students who are majoring in, or considering a major in, a health-related field. Focus on the vocabulary and expressions needed for the workplace, task-based practical skills, and grammatical structures. Prereq: SPAN 202 or equivalent.

SPAN 314. Practice of Translation. 3 Units.
Students learn necessary skills and techniques for solving linguistic problems in translation. Texts with a variety of contents, including articles from current press, will be translated from English into Spanish and occasionally from Spanish into English. Prereq: SPAN 202.

SPAN 315. Latin American Cultural Conflicts. 3 Units.
Evolution of Latin American socioeconomic characteristics and artistic production up to the present. Class discussions of diverse literary works, social research essays, and testimonials focus on conflicting elements in class structures, ethnicity, and urban modernization as well as family ethos, religious trends, cultural identity, and educational problems. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement. Prereq: SPAN 202.

SPAN 316. Studies in Civilization. 3 Units.
Major historical, intellectual, and artistic influences that have shaped the evolution of Spanish civilization. Prereq: SPAN 202.

SPAN 317. Contemporary Latin American Culture. 3 Units.
An intensive study of Latin American culture and civilization through the examination of its arts: literature, music, film, painting, photography, popular art. Designed to bring together the various strands of Latin American realities, emphasis is placed on the predominant view among Latin American intellectuals that artists and intellectuals have the power and the obligation to modify society. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement. Prereq: SPAN 202.

SPAN 318. Contemporary Spanish Culture. 3 Units.
Study of several key historical moments and several key aspects in contemporary Spain: Spanish civil war, Franco's dictatorship, and democratic Spain; rural-urban differences, industrialization and migratory movements; nationalism and terrorism; foreign immigration and tourism, the cultural renaissance and the cultural wars in Madrid and Barcelona. Feature films and literary texts will illustrate the issues under study. Prereq: SPAN 202.
SPAN 319. Spanish for Legal Professionals. 3 Units.
Spanish for Legal Professionals is designed to familiarize students with technical language, legal topics and documents used in legal professions. The course will focus in the American common law system but will also include comparison with the civil law tradition as applied in Latin America. It will also develop oral and written communication skills in order to improve the communication with Spanish speaking clients and the Hispanic community as required. In addition, cultural competency will be achieved through a contextualized approach. This course reviews the grammar studied in previous courses and promotes class discussions and includes readings as well as translation of legal documents. Prereq: SPAN 202 or equivalent.

SPAN 320. Introduction to Readings in Hispanic Literature. 3 Units.
Introduction to major literary movements and genres, and the works of outstanding authors of Spanish and Latin American literature through close readings and seminar-based discussions of the texts, as well as to disciplinary modes of inquiry and presentation. Requirements include active participation in seminar discussions, oral presentations, tests, and several written assignments, such as response papers, in-class writing exercises, and an analytic essay in Spanish on a research topic of interest to the discipline. Counts as SAGES Departmental Seminar. Prereq: SPAN 202.

SPAN 322. Latin American Short Story. 3 Units.
The history and development of the Latin American short story from the nineteenth century to the present. Intertextuality, rise of the Nuevo Cuento, and major characteristics of the works. Prereq: SPAN 320.

SPAN 325. Hispanic Intellectuals and Society: A Critical Approach. 3 Units.
This course offers an overview of the most important critical approaches to Spanish American culture and literature, with a socio-historical emphasis. Some of the authors we will discuss are Angel Rama, Jose Antonio Cornejo Polar and Nestor Garcia Canclini. We will analyze how the Latin American intellectuals had thought about specific issues such as identity, race, ideology, colonial and post-colonial relations with the metropolis and the process of formation of the nations in the continent. The class, the discussions, exams, oral presentations and papers will be in Spanish. Some of the readings must be in English, but most of them will be in Spanish. Offered as SPAN 325, SPAN 425, ETHS 325, WLIT 325 and WLIT 425. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement. Prereq: SPAN 320.

SPAN 326. The Fantastic in Latin American Prose. 3 Units.
Introduction to a distinctive trend in contemporary Latin American literature, the prose portrayal of the “fantastic,” a new narrative mode in Latin America. Critical examination of selected texts reveals new concepts of space and time and an increasing complexity of structure and style, one which juxtaposes and analyzes fantasy and reality. Offered as SPAN 326 and SPAN 426. Prereq: SPAN 320.

SPAN 331. Spanish Golden Age Literature. 3 Units.
Through close reading and discussion of representative texts, we will study different examples of Spanish and Latin American writing from the Middle Ages, Renaissance and Baroque periods. We will stress connections between Spain and Latin America, as well as cultural and literary topics of special relevance for contemporary Hispanic cultures. Prereq: SPAN 320.

SPAN 333. Contemporary Caribbean Literature. 3 Units.
In addition to developing a general familiarity with the literature and history of this region, students will acquire an awareness of the interrelation of national identity, memory, and language in the texts produced by contemporary Caribbean authors, and of the cultural hybridity characteristic of this production. The themes treated by these authors include colonialism and postcolonialism, cultural and religious syncretism, and sexual politics. Offered as SPAN 333, SPAN 433, ETHS 333, WLIT 333 and WLIT 433. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement. Prereq: SPAN 320.

SPAN 334. Mexican Literature. 3 Units.
The course studies, through a series of representative literary works, the most significant literary movements and styles in 20th and 21st Centuries Mexican Literature. Special attention will be paid to the political, aesthetic, and philosophical debates that have shaped the development of Mexican literature from the 1920s to the present, and to the different narrative techniques and ideologies that have characterized different historical periods, literary movements, and individual authors' styles in contemporary Mexican literature. Offered as SPAN 334 and SPAN 434. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement. Prereq: SPAN 320.

SPAN 339. Latin American Poetic Revolt. 3 Units.
Introduction to most important poets in contemporary Latin America, a region home to a significant number of eminent poets, including Nobel Laureates from Chile, Gabriela Mistral and Pablo Neruda. The course focuses on detailed textual analysis of pivotal works, combined with historical-literary perspective, so students gain insight into the diverse styles and tendencies that reflect the tumultuous history of poetry’s development in a relentless search for a Latin American cultural identity. Offered as SPAN 339, SPAN 439, WLIT 339 and WLIT 439. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement. Prereq: SPAN 320.

SPAN 340. Contemporary Latin-American Narrative. 3 Units.
Students explore the most significant narrative techniques since 1945 in Latin American fiction: Borges, Cortazar, Garcia Marquez, Vargas Llosa, Isabel Allende. Prereq: SPAN 320.

SPAN 342. Latin American Feminist Voices. 3 Units.
Examination of the awakening of feminine and feminist consciousness in the literary production of Latin American women writers, particularly from the 1920s to the present. Close attention paid to the dominant themes of love and dependency; imagination as evasion; alienation and rebellion; sexuality and power; the search for identity and the self-preservation of subjectivity. Readings include prose, poetry, and dramatic texts of female Latin American writers contributing to the emerging of feminist ideologies and the mapping of feminist identities. Offered as SPAN 342, SPAN 442, ETHS 342, WGST 342, WLIT 342, and WLIT 442. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement. Prereq: SPAN 320.

SPAN 343. The New Drama in Latin American. 3 Units.
Representative works of contemporary Latin American drama. Critical examination of selected dramatic works of twentieth-century Latin America provides students insight into the nature of drama and into the structural and stylistic strategies utilized by Latin American dramatists to create the "new theater," one which is closely related to Latin American political history. Offered as SPAN 343, SPAN 434, ETHS 343, WLIT 343 and WLIT 434. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement. Prereq: SPAN 320.
SPAN 345. Hispanic Autobiographical Writing. 3 Units.
The course studies issues of self-representation through the reading of autobiographical works from different periods from Latin America, Spain, and the U.S., and of theoretical works that address topics of first-person narratives, autobiography, and sub-alternity. Satisfies Global and Cultural Diversity requirement. Offered as SPAN 345 and SPAN 445. Prereq: SPAN 320.

SPAN 350. Spanish Fiction. 3 Units.
Narrative masterpieces from Cervantes and the picaresque (El Lazarillo) to the short stories and novels of 19th and 20th century authors. Prereq: SPAN 320.

SPAN 351. Hispanic Turn of the Century Literature. 3 Units.
Cultural and political transitions between 19th and 20th Century, between Spain and Latin America, and between literary models. Study of Spanish and Latin American writers and their literary connections (Generation of 1898, modernistas) in the context of colonial conflicts and economic changes. Offered as SPAN 351 and SPAN 451. Prereq: SPAN 320.

SPAN 353. Transatlantic Vanguard. 3 Units.
Presentation of transatlantic tendencies of the early vanguard movements represented by poets from Spain, Central and South America. Beginning with the advent of Modernism in Latin America and Symbolism in Spain, this course will trace the development of resulting movements in the early twentieth century. Surrealism, Creationism, Futurism, Ultraism and Dadaism forged a vital link between poets and artists from the Americas and their European counterparts. We will focus on the similarities and differences between these "isms" while drawing conclusions about the uniqueness of vanguard movements on both sides of the Atlantic. Offered as SPAN 353 and SPAN 453. Prereq: SPAN 320.

SPAN 356. Afro-Hispanic Literature. 3 Units.
This course will survey the literary and cultural production of writers and artists of African descent in Latin America and the Caribbean, paying attention to both their creative and theoretical texts. Discussion of questions of race and ethnicity will allow students to explore the ways in which these texts reformulate the idea of national identity and cultural belonging in the context of the nation-state, whose traditional centrality is being weakened through the effects of migration and exile. Readings include works by writers from Cuba, Puerto Rico, Dominican Republic, Costa Rica, Colombia, Panama, Ecuador, and Peru. Offered as SPAN 356, SPAN 456, ETHS 356, WLIT 356 and WLIT 456. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement. Prereq: SPAN 320.

SPAN 358. Latin American Cinema. 3 Units.
This course is designed to introduce students to the basic tools of film analysis as well as to the major trends and movements in Latin American cinema from the 1960s to the present. Through the analysis of representative films from Latin America, the course will examine the development of a variety of cinematic styles, paying particular attention to the historical contexts in which the films were produced and to the political, cultural, and aesthetic debates that surrounded their production. Offered as SPAN 358, SPAN 458, ETHS 358, WLIT 358 and WLIT 458. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement. Prereq: SPAN 320 or equivalent.

SPAN 370. Special Topics in Spanish. 3 Units.
This course is designed to respond to students’ and faculty interest in specific themes or issues not otherwise covered in the curriculum. Approaches, content, and instructor will vary and this course may have a focus that crosses generic, artistic, historical, disciplinary, and geographical boundaries. The honing of analytical and interpretative skills as well as the further development of Spanish language skills also are integral objectives of this course. The class is conducted in Spanish. Prereq: SPAN 320 or equivalent.

SPAN 385. Hispanic Literature in Translation. 3 Units.
Critical analysis and appreciation of representative literary masterpieces from Spain and Latin America, and by Hispanics living in the U.S. Texts cover a variety of genres and a range of literary periods, from works by Cervantes to those of Gabriel Garcia Marquez. The course will examine the relationship between literature and other forms of artistic production, as well as the development of the Hispanic literary text within the context of historical events and cultural production of the period. Counts toward Spanish major only as related course. No knowledge of Spanish required. Offered as ETHS 385, ETHS 485, SPAN 385, SPAN 485, WLIT 385, and WLIT 485. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

SPAN 396. Senior Capstone - Spanish. 3 Units.
The Senior Capstone in Spanish is an independent study project chosen in consultation with a capstone advisor. The capstone project should reflect both the student's interest within Spanish and the courses he or she has taken to fulfill the major. The project requires independent research using an approved bibliography and plan of action. In addition to written research, the student will also present the capstone project in a public forum that is agreed upon by the project advisor and the student. Counts as SAGES Senior Capstone. Senior status required. Major in Spanish required.

SPAN 397. Honors Thesis I. 3 Units.
Intensive study of a literary, linguistic, or cultural topic with a faculty member, leading to the writing of a research paper in Spanish. Limited to senior majors.

SPAN 398. Honors Thesis II. 3 Units.
Continuation of SPAN 397. Limited to senior majors. Permit required. Prereq: SPAN 397.

SPAN 399. Independent Study. 1 - 3 Unit.
The course is for students with special interests and commitments that are not fully addressed in regular courses, and who wish to work independently.

SPAN 400. Foreign Language Teaching Methodology Practicum. 3 Units.
This class is a requirement for first year MA students. This class will allow the Graduate students in Hispanic Studies to improve their teaching skills. Students will learn the most recent theories and methodologies regarding the teaching of a foreign language and will have practical experience dealing with pedagogical situations in a classroom while teaching a foreign language. Students will work and study under the supervision of their instructor. The course is designed as a practicum and it will work as an independent study while the student attends different language and culture classes to observe them. The combination of study and practice will allow the students to reflect about the teaching techniques they will learn.
SPAN 401. Introduction to Critical Theory. 3 Units.
This course is an introduction to the field of critical theory. It examines many of the major theoretical approaches to the study of literary and cultural texts such as Marxism, Post-structuralism, Feminism, and Post-colonial studies. It provides students with a critical map of some of the most influential theoretical approaches to the study of culture as well as with the necessary analytical tools for the interpretation of texts. The course is a requirement for first-year MA students in Hispanic Studies.

SPAN 406. The Cuban Experience: an immersion in its culture and society. 3 Units.
This is a three week study-abroad intensive course that takes place at Editorial Vigía, in Matanzas, Cuba. The course combines the unique advantages of a total immersion environment in Spanish with a classroom curriculum that includes conversation practice and study of relevant cultural, literary and historical issues. Students complete three hours of classroom instruction and an hour and a half of publishing workshop four days per week. In this workshop, they work in the edition of a bilingual book. In addition, they participate in organized visits to historic sites and museums connected to the culture curriculum. The focus of the culture curriculum is the study of Cuban history and culture through its literature, visual arts, films, and music. After applying and being accepted in the program, students meet for personal advising with the program director and attend four different one hour orientation-information meetings in the spring semester. After successful completion of the study-abroad program, students receive 3 upper-level credits in Spanish. The course is interdisciplinary in approach and provides students with the tools they need to analyze and understand the complexities of modern Cuba. Students will have formal classes taught by their professor and talks and meetings with specialists on Cuban literature, art, architecture, history and other aspects of culture and society. In addition, they will attend lectures, participate in discussions, and take field trips that will expose them to many aspects of Cuban culture, such as art, architecture, music, dance, film, literature, artisan work, folklore, history and urban growth. Offered as SPAN 306, SPAN 406, and ETHS 306. Prereq: SPAN 202.

SPAN 425. Hispanic Intellectuals and Society: A Critical Approach. 3 Units.
This course offers an overview of the most important critical approaches to Spanish American culture and literature, with a socio-historical emphasis. Some of the authors we will discuss are Angel Rama, Jose Antonio Cornejo Polar and Nestor Garcia Canclini. We will analyze how the Latin American intellectuals had thought about specific issues such as identity, race, ideology, colonial and post-colonial relations with the metropolis and the process of formation of the nations in the continent. The class, the discussions, exams, oral presentations and papers will be in Spanish. Some of the readings must be in English, but most of them will be in Spanish. Offered as SPAN 325, SPAN 425, ETHS 325, WLIT 325 and WLIT 425. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

SPAN 426. The Fantastic in Latin American Prose. 3 Units.
Introduction to a distinctive trend in contemporary Latin American literature, the prose portrayal of the "fantastic," a new narrative mode in Latin America. Critical examination of selected texts reveals new concepts of space and time and an increasing complexity of structure and style, one which juxtaposes and analyzes fantasy and reality. Offered as SPAN 326 and SPAN 426.

SPAN 433. Contemporary Caribbean Literature. 3 Units.
In addition to developing a general familiarity with the literature and history of this region, students will acquire an awareness of the interrelation of national identity, memory, and language in the texts produced by contemporary Caribbean authors, and of the cultural hybridity characteristic of this production. The themes treated by these authors include colonialism and postcolonialism, cultural and religious syncretism, and sexual politics. Offered as SPAN 333, SPAN 433, ETHS 333, WLIT 333 and WLIT 433. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

SPAN 434. Mexican Literature. 3 Units.
The course studies, through a series of representative literary works, the most significant literary movements and styles in 20th and 21st Centuries Mexican Literature. Special attention will be paid to the political, aesthetic, and philosophical debates that have shaped the development of Mexican literature from the 1920s to the present, and to the different narrative techniques and ideologies that have characterized different historical periods, literary movements, and individual authors' styles in contemporary Mexican literature. Offered as SPAN 334 and SPAN 434. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement. Prereq: SPAN 320

SPAN 439. Latin American Poetic Revolt. 3 Units.
Introduction to most important poets in contemporary Latin America, a region home to a significant number of eminent poets, including Nobel Laureates from Chile, Gabriela Mistral and Pablo Neruda. The course focuses on detailed textual analysis of pivotal works, combined with historical-literary perspective, so students gain insight into the diverse styles and tendencies that reflect the tumultuous history of poetry's development in a relentless search for a Latin American cultural identity. Offered as SPAN 339, SPAN 439, WLIT 339 and WLIT 439. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

SPAN 442. Latin American Feminist Voices. 3 Units.
Examination of the awakening of feminine and feminist consciousness in the literary production of Latin American women writers, particularly from the 1920s to the present. Close attention paid to the dominant themes of love and dependency; imagination as evasion; alienation and rebellion; sexuality and power; the search for identity and the self-preservation of subjectivity. Readings include prose, poetry, and dramatic texts of female Latin American writers contributing to the emerging of feminist ideologies and the mapping of feminist identities. Offered as SPAN 342, SPAN 442, ETHS 342, WGST 342, WLIT 342, and WLIT 442. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

SPAN 443. The New Drama in Latin American. 3 Units.
Representative works of contemporary Latin American drama. Critical examination of selected dramatic works of twentieth-century Latin America provides students insight into the nature of drama and into the structural and stylistic strategies utilized by Latin American dramatists to create the "new theater," one which is closely related to Latin American political history. Offered as SPAN 343, SPAN 434, ETHS 343, WLIT 343 and WLIT 434. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

SPAN 445. Hispanic Autobiographical Writing. 3 Units.
The course studies issues of self-representation through the reading of autobiographical works from different periods from Latin America, Spain, and the U.S., and of theoretical works that address topics of first-person narratives, autobiography, and sub-alternity. Satisfies Global and Cultural Diversity requirement. Offered as SPAN 345 and SPAN 445. Prereq: SPAN 320.
SPAN 451. Hispanic Turn of the Century Literature. 3 Units.
Cultural and political transitions between 19th and 20th Century, between Spain and Latin America, and between literary models. Study of Spanish and Latin American writers and their literary connections (Generation of 1898, modernistas) in the context of colonial conflicts and economic changes. Offered as SPAN 351 and SPAN 451.

SPAN 453. Transatlantic Vanguard. 3 Units.
Presentation of transatlantic tendencies of the early vanguard movements represented by poets from Spain, Central and South America. Beginning with the advent of Modernism in Latin America and Symbolism in Spain, this course will trace the development of resulting movements in the early twentieth century. Surrealism, Creationism, Futurism, Ultrasim and Dadaism forged a vital link between poets and artists from the Americas and their European counterparts. We will focus on the similarities and differences between these “isms” while drawing conclusions about the uniqueness of vanguard movements on both sides of the Atlantic. Offered as SPAN 353 and SPAN 453.

SPAN 456. Afro-Hispanic Literature. 3 Units.
This course will survey the literary and cultural production of writers and artists of African descent in Latin America and the Caribbean, paying attention to both their creative and theoretical texts. Discussion of questions of race and ethnicity will allow students to explore the ways in which these texts reformulate the idea of national identity and cultural belonging in the context of the nation-state, whose traditional centrality is being weakened through the effects of migration and exile. Readings include works by writers from Cuba, Puerto Rico, Dominican Republic, Costa Rica, Colombia, Panama, Ecuador, and Peru. Offered as SPAN 356, SPAN 456, ETHS 356, WLIT 356 and WLIT 456. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

SPAN 458. Latin American Cinema. 3 Units.
This course is designed to introduce students to the basic tools of film analysis as well as to the major trends and movements in Latin American cinema from the 1960s to the present. Through the analysis of representative films from Latin America, the course will examine the development of a variety of cinematic styles, paying particular attention to the historical contexts in which the films were produced and to the political, cultural, and aesthetic debates that surrounded their production. Offered as SPAN 358, SPAN 458, ETHS 358, WLIT 358 and WLIT 458. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

SPAN 485. Hispanic Literature in Translation. 3 Units.
Critical analysis and appreciation of representative literary masterpieces from Spain and Latin America, and by Hispanics living in the U.S. Texts cover a variety of genres and a range of literary periods, from works by Cervantes to those of Gabriel Garcia Marquez. The course will examine the relationship between literature and other forms of artistic production, as well as the development of the Hispanic literary text within the context of historical events and cultural production of the period. Counts toward Spanish major only as related course. No knowledge of Spanish required. Offered as ETHS 385, ETHS 485, SPAN 385, SPAN 485, WLIT 385, and WLIT 485. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement. Prereq: Graduate standing.

Department of Music
The Department of Music offers a range of degree programs and ensemble experiences for undergraduate and graduate students. Thanks to the diverse interests of our faculty, our students can explore everything from medieval music to rock and pop. The department offers the following degree programs:

- Music Bachelor of Arts (BA) within the context of liberal arts; see list of concentrations under “Majors” below
- Music Education Bachelor of Science (BS), Master of Arts (MA), Master of Arts for Teacher Licensure (MAL), Doctor of Philosophy (PhD)
- Historical Performance Practice Master of Arts (MA), Doctor of Philosophy (PhD), Doctor of Musical Arts (DMA)
- Music History and Literature Master of Arts (MA)
- Musicology Doctor of Philosophy (PhD)

Since 1968, the department has participated in a Joint Music Program (JMP) with the Cleveland Institute of Music (http://www.cim.edu) (CIM). Through our JMP, students enjoy the advantages of a top research university while receiving conservatory-level training in theory and performance. They also benefit from our active collaborations with the Cleveland Orchestra, the Rock and Roll Hall of Fame and Museum, the Cleveland Museum of Art, the Music Settlement, and other local cultural and educational institutions.

The Department of Music offers private instruction. Music majors should consult with their program advisor before registering for lessons. Non-major students interested in private instruction should visit the department office (Haydn 201) to begin the lesson registration process and learn further details.

A number of music ensembles (http://music.case.edu/ensembles) are open to all students. Entrance into the primary ensembles may be subject to a gateway audition; others require an audition for part assignment. Students may elect to earn one credit unit per semester for participation. Auditions for ensembles are held during the first week of classes each semester. Further information is available on the department website (http://music.case.edu).

Facilities

Haydn Hall
Haydn Hall houses the Department of Music faculty and staff offices, classrooms, the Kulas Music Library, the Music Education Resource Center, and The Core (see below). It is located in the heart of the Mather Quad. Originally a combination of a dormitory and classrooms, this building served as the only student center on campus. It was given to the college by Flora Stone Mather and named in honor of Hiram Collins Haydn, fifth president of Western Reserve University, pastor of the Old Stone Church, and the individual most active in convincing Western Reserve College to move to Cleveland. Charles F. Schweinfurth, the premier residential architect of Euclid Avenue (“Millionaires’ Row”) mansions, who also rebuilt the interior of the Old Stone Church in 1884 and designed Trinity Cathedral, designed Haydn Hall.

Florence Harkness Memorial Chapel
Harkness Chapel, built in 1902, features neo-Gothic architecture, antique oak and Georgia pine woodwork, and Tiffany windows. It is a warm, intimate, and acoustically resonant space for the performance of vocal and instrumental chamber music. The building provides space for concerts, music classes, and department recitals. Harkness Chapel was built to honor Florence Harkness Severance, the only daughter of Stephen Harkness and his second wife, Anna M. Richardson Harkness.

Kulas Music Library
Kulas Music Library is a satellite library of Kelvin Smith Library, the university’s main library. It contains more than 45,000 items, including
music scores, books on music, sound recordings, video recordings, microforms, and music periodicals. The library also contains a listening room for use of the sound recording and video collections. Music majors at the university also have access to the Robinson Music Library of the Cleveland Institute of Music. The Case Western Reserve Kulas Music Library and the CIM Robinson Music Library coordinate acquisitions and services, and their collections reflect institutional strengths as well as support the CWRU-CIM Joint Music Program.

The Core

The Core is a Macintosh computer classroom and lab dedicated to mind, sound, and vision. The Core is a collaborative space for all CWRU students, faculty and staff, as well as the University Circle community, to gather and collaborate, design in visual and aural mediums, and create masterpieces. It offers not only computers and software, but also video and digital cameras and microphones for checkout, one-on-one tutorial time, classes, and a meeting space. The Core is actively involved in bringing technology to the community, particularly younger children, and it works closely with faculty in providing support facilities for the department’s technology-related courses.

Denison/Wade Rehearsal Facility

The Denison/Wade Rehearsal Facility, located on East 115th Street, is used primarily for ensemble rehearsals. This facility houses several Wenger practice rooms, one of which is a “virtual reality” acoustic room; a percussion studio; and a music library. Classrooms include the Wade Rehearsal Hall, Denison Rehearsal Hall, and Denison Chamber Room. The facility also has storage lockers available on a first-come first-serve basis. In general, Denison/Wade facilities are to be utilized by students who are music majors or are enrolled in Department of Music ensembles.

Kulas Collection of Early Instruments

The department maintains an impressive collection of modern reproductions of early instruments. The instruments are used by the Collegium Musicum, the Case/CIM Baroque Orchestra, and the department’s program in historical performance practice. The collection includes medieval, Renaissance, and baroque strings, as well as brass, woodwinds, and keyboards.

Music Education Resource Center

The department provides a resource center for music education students to prepare educational materials and research projects. The center is in Haydn Hall, Room 12, and contains a variety of audiovisual media, including a library of education-oriented music software. Students may borrow items from a large collection of music textbooks, educational recordings, testing materials, vocal and instrumental books, curriculum guides, and classroom instruments. Use of this center is encouraged, and sometimes required, for many of the projects and assignments in courses throughout the music education curriculum.

BA in Music

The BA degree in music stresses a humanistic orientation and situates music study in the context of the liberal arts.

Approximately one half of the total 120 semester credit hours necessary for the degree are devoted to music study, with the remaining credits devoted to the SAGES and general education requirements (39 hours), a possible minor program, and a liberal selection of elective courses. The specific program of study differs from student to student.

The department offers several concentrations within the music portion of the degree: music history, music theory, historical performance practice, performance, general musicianship, popular music and audio recording. The general musicianship concentration is particularly suitable for students interested in music as part of a double major or dual degree.

Core courses for the BA in music are as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Music theory:</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MUTH 107</td>
<td>Theory for Music Majors I (CIM class)</td>
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<tr>
<td>or MUTH 101/105</td>
<td>Harmony-Keyboard I</td>
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<tr>
<td>MUTH 108</td>
<td>Theory for Music Majors II (CIM class)</td>
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<tr>
<td>or MUTH 102/106</td>
<td>Harmony-Keyboard II</td>
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<tr>
<td>MUTH 207</td>
<td>Theory for Music Majors III (CIM class)</td>
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<td>or MUTH 201/205</td>
<td>Harmony-Keyboard III</td>
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<tr>
<td>MUTH 208</td>
<td>Theory for Music Majors IV (CIM class)</td>
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<tr>
<td>or MUTH 202</td>
<td>Harmony-Keyboard IV</td>
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<tr>
<td>MUTH 320</td>
<td>Form and Analysis (CIM class)</td>
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<tr>
<td>MUDE 101</td>
<td>Eurhythmics I</td>
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<tr>
<td>MUDE 102</td>
<td>Eurhythmics II</td>
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Music history/literature:

MUHI 301 History of Western Music I
Performance instruction: MUAP (applied music) for a minimum of 10 semester hours.

Additional requirements:
1. Participation in assigned primary musical ensemble every semester of major (6 semesters for audio concentration)
2. Participation in additional musical ensemble for one year (audio concentration excepted)
3. Recital class attendance and performance every year of principal MUAP study (auto-enrolled with MUAP course)
4. Perform Jury Examinations at designated times during the applied lesson sequence for each concentration.

Additional course requirements for each concentration are as follows:

### Music History

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<tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MUHI 302</td>
<td>History of Western Music II</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>MUHI 303</td>
<td>History of Western Music III</td>
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<td>16th Century Counterpoint (CIM class)</td>
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<td>Eighteenth Century Counterpoint (CIM class)</td>
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### Historical Performance Practice

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<td>MUHI 341</td>
<td>Introduction to Historical Performance Practice</td>
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### Performance

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<tr>
<td>MUGN 308</td>
<td>Digital Music: Composition and Production</td>
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<tr>
<td>MUGN 309</td>
<td>Audio Production in Pro Tools</td>
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### General Musicianship

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<tr>
<td>MUHI 312</td>
<td>History and Analysis of Rock and Roll</td>
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<td>MUHI 313</td>
<td>American Popular Song to 1950</td>
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<td>MUHI 315</td>
<td>History of Jazz and American Popular Music</td>
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<td>MUHI 320</td>
<td>Global Pop</td>
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<tr>
<td>MUHI 390</td>
<td>Undergraduate Seminar in Music History</td>
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### Audio Recording

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<td>MUAR 152B</td>
<td>Case Audio Internship II</td>
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<td>MUAR 153B</td>
<td>Case Audio Internship III</td>
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<td>MUAR 200</td>
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<td>MUAR 300</td>
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<td>MUAR 303</td>
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<td>MUAR 310</td>
<td>Recording Studio Maintenance I (CIM class)</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MUAR 311</td>
<td>Recording Studio Maintenance II (CIM class)</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MUAR 320</td>
<td>Acoustics of Music I (CIM class)</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MUAR 321</td>
<td>Acoustics of Music II (CIM class)</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MUAR 322</td>
<td>Recording Workshop I (CIM class)</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MUAR 323</td>
<td>Recording Workshop II (CIM class)</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MUAR 380</td>
<td>Junior Recording Techniques Thesis (CIM class)</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MUAR 385</td>
<td>Recording Studio Internship (CIM class)</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MUAR 390</td>
<td>Senior Recording Tech Thesis/Senior Capstone</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Additional Course Requirements

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MUPM 215</td>
<td>History and Styles of Jazz</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MUPM 319</td>
<td>Jazz Skills I</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MUPM 320</td>
<td>Jazz Skills II</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MUHI 300</td>
<td>Audio Production II</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MUHI 312</td>
<td>History and Analysis of Rock and Roll</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MUHI 313</td>
<td>American Popular Song to 1950</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MUHI 315</td>
<td>History of Jazz and American Popular Music</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MUHI 320</td>
<td>Global Pop</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MUHI 390</td>
<td>Undergraduate Seminar in Music History</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Total Units

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MUHI 302</td>
<td>History of Western Music II</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MUHI 303</td>
<td>History of Western Music III</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MUTH 311</td>
<td>16th Century Counterpoint (CIM class)</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MUTH 312</td>
<td>Eighteenth Century Counterpoint (CIM class)</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MUHI 341</td>
<td>Introduction to Historical Performance Practice</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MUHI 390</td>
<td>Undergraduate Seminar in Music History</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

A minor in electronics is available from the Department of Electrical Engineering and Computer Science in the Case School of Engineering. A five-year, dual-degree program is also available in which the student earns a BA in music/audio and a BS in an elective field of engineering.

### BS in Music Education

The mission of the Music Education Program is to prepare proactive scholar-practitioners who will develop into leaders, teachers, and talented musicians in the field of music education. The nationally recognized program faculty specialize in research in music education, music technology, string pedagogy, and wind conducting and repertoire. The faculty are active in their respective professional organizations and as clinicians, conductors, lecturers, and authors.

The BS degree in music education requires a total of 122 credits and is designed to educate professional teachers of music education for public and private schools. The program meets the requirements of the Ohio Department of Education to prepare students to take the state-mandated
teacher exam (Praxis II) and apply for teaching licensure. Most states recognize the Ohio teaching license through reciprocity.

Music education students benefit from a wide range of instrumental, vocal, and general classroom methods courses. As an additional part of the program, students benefit from plentiful hands-on experiences by teaching sample lessons and conducting rehearsals in actual teaching situations.

Requirements for the BS in music education are as follows:

A. Core courses:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Name</th>
<th>Credit Hours</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MUTH 107</td>
<td>Theory for Music Majors I (CIM class)</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>or MUTH 101</td>
<td>Harmony-Keyboard I</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MUTH 108</td>
<td>Theory for Music Majors II (CIM class)</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>or MUTH 102</td>
<td>Harmony-Keyboard II</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MUTH 207</td>
<td>Theory for Music Majors III (CIM class)</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>or MUTH 201</td>
<td>Harmony-KeyBoard III</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MUTH 208</td>
<td>Theory for Music Majors IV (CIM class)</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>or MUTH 202</td>
<td>Harmony-KeyBoard IV</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MUTH 320</td>
<td>Form and Analysis (CIM class)</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MUDE 101</td>
<td>Eurhythmics I (Fulfills SAGES Phys Ed requirement; CIM class)</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MUDE 102</td>
<td>Eurhythmics II (Fulfills SAGES Phys Ed requirement; CIM class)</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Music history/literature:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Name</th>
<th>Credit Hours</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MUHI 302</td>
<td>History of Western Music II (Fulfills SAGES Arts and Humanities requirement)</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MUHI 303</td>
<td>History of Western Music III (Fulfills SAGES Arts and Humanities requirement)</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MUED 305</td>
<td>World Music in Education (Fulfills SAGES Global and Cultural Diversity requirement)</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Applied music lessons (every semester except student teaching):

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Name</th>
<th>Credit Hours</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MUAP 121</td>
<td>Principal Performance Area I</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MUAP 122</td>
<td>Principal Performance Area II</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MUAP 221</td>
<td>Principal Performance Area III</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MUAP 222</td>
<td>Principal Performance Area IV</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MUAP 321</td>
<td>Principal Level Performance Area V</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MUAP 322</td>
<td>Principal Level Performance Area VI</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Ensembles:

- Required Home Ensemble (every semester except student teaching) ¹

Added ensemble (one full year, keyboard students may sign up for MUEN 386 as their added ensemble)

B. Music Education Sequence (40)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Name</th>
<th>Credit Hours</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MUED 240</td>
<td>Foundations of Music Education</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MUED 320</td>
<td>Technology Assisted Music Teaching and Learning</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MUED 350</td>
<td>General Music Methods A</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MUED 355</td>
<td>Instructional Design in Music Education (Fulfills SAGES Departmental Seminar requirement)</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MUED 352</td>
<td>Instrumental Methods and Materials</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

or MUED 353 Choral Methods and Materials

Conducting and arranging:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Name</th>
<th>Credit Hours</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MUED 275</td>
<td>Elements of Conducting</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MUED 276</td>
<td>Advanced Conducting</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MUED 310</td>
<td>Instrumental and Choral Arranging</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Secondary instrument classes: ²

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Name</th>
<th>Credit Hours</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MUED 200A</td>
<td>Basic Skills and Pedagogy: Voice</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MUED 200B</td>
<td>Basic Skills and Pedagogy: Guitar</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MUED 200C</td>
<td>Basic Skills and Pedagogy: Upper Brass</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MUED 200D</td>
<td>Basic Skills and Pedagogy: Lower Brass</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MUED 200E</td>
<td>Basic Skills and Pedagogy: Clarinet and Saxophone</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MUED 200F</td>
<td>Basic Skills and Pedagogy: Double Reeds and Flute</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MUED 200G</td>
<td>Basic Skills and Pedagogy: Violin</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MUED 200H</td>
<td>Basic Skills and Pedagogy: Strings</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MUED 200P</td>
<td>Basic Skills and Pedagogy: Percussion</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Student teaching:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Name</th>
<th>Credit Hours</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MUED 396A</td>
<td>Student Teaching in Music Education</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MUED 396B</td>
<td>Student Teaching Seminar in Music Education</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

C. Professional Education Courses (9)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Name</th>
<th>Credit Hours</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EDUC 301</td>
<td>Introduction to Education</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EDUC 304</td>
<td>Educational Psychology</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EDUC 255</td>
<td>Literacy Across the Content Areas</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SAGES Requirements (22)

- 22 hours in addition to those major courses that fulfill SAGES requirements

² See: Required Methods and Secondary Instrument Courses by Music Education Focus Area, below

3 PSCL 101 General Psychology I is a prerequisite

Required Methods and Secondary Instrument Courses by Music Education Focus Area

Choral/General Focus

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Name</th>
<th>Credit Hours</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MUED 353</td>
<td>Choral Methods and Materials</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Secondary Instruments:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Name</th>
<th>Credit Hours</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MUED 200A</td>
<td>Basic Skills and Pedagogy: Voice</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MUED 200B</td>
<td>Basic Skills and Pedagogy: Guitar</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MUED 200P</td>
<td>Basic Skills and Pedagogy: Percussion</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MUED 200H</td>
<td>Basic Skills and Pedagogy: Strings</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Two of the following:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Name</th>
<th>Credit Hours</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MUED 200C</td>
<td>Basic Skills and Pedagogy: Upper Brass</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MUED 200D</td>
<td>Basic Skills and Pedagogy: Lower Brass</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MUED 200E</td>
<td>Basic Skills and Pedagogy: Clarinet and Saxophone</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

¹ 1 hour required for winds/percussion; 2 hours required for strings.

² Required Methods and Secondary Instrument Courses by Music Education Focus Area, below

³ PSCL 101 General Psychology I is a prerequisite
Admission to the Music Education Program generally occurs at the Program Decision Point 1: Application for Admission to Western Reserve.

For each of the decision points, there are three possible outcomes: unconditional admission; conditional admission with a prescribed remedial plan which when successfully completed will result in unconditional admission; or denial of admission. Denial of admission at any decision point means the student is no longer able to pursue a music education degree at Case Western Reserve.

Decision Point 2: Application for Advanced Standing

Application for Advanced Standing should be submitted by week 10 of the second semester after Decision Point 1 (usually the spring of the sophomore year). Application for Advanced Standing requires:

1. a successful review of the updated Teaching ePortfolio
2. submission of a current Academic Requirements Report documenting the following: a cumulative GPA of 2.5 or better, a music GPA of 2.5 or better, and an education GPA of 3.0 or better
3. a passing score on the Candidate Disposition Assessment Inventory completed by the music education faculty

Decision Point 3: Application for Student Teaching

Application for Student Teaching should be completed by Week 4 of the semester prior to student teaching. The application requires:

1. a successful review of the updated Teaching ePortfolio
2. submission of a current Academic Requirements Report documenting the following: a cumulative GPA of 2.5 or better, a music GPA of 2.5 or better, and an education GPA of 3.0 or better
3. a passing score on the Candidate Disposition Assessment Inventory completed by the music education faculty
4. passing a TB test
5. presenting documentation of Hepatitis B vaccination
6. passing an official criminal background check

Decision Point 4: Application for Initial Licensure

Application for Initial Licensure occurs after successful completion of all degree requirements. This application requires:

1. a successful review of the updated Teaching ePortfolio
2. submission of a current Academic Requirements Report documenting the following: a cumulative GPA of 2.5 or better, a music GPA of 2.5 or better, and an education GPA of 3.0 or better
3. a passing score on the Candidate Disposition Assessment Inventory completed by the music education faculty
4. achievement of state-mandated scores on the two Praxis II national teacher exams
5. completion of the Case Teacher Licensure Exit Interview and Survey
6. completion of the Case Student Teaching Final Assessment by the cooperating teacher and university supervisor with a grade of B or better:

Additional requirements include:

- MUED 396A & MUED 396B: Student Teaching in Music Education and Student Teaching Seminar in Music Education
- MUED 496A & MUED 496B: Student Teaching in Music Education and Student Teaching Seminar in Music Education (for master's students seeking licensure)

After successfully completing all requirements at the four decision points, the student is recommended by the university’s director of teacher education for the Ohio Provisional Music (Pre-K-12) License to teach music in the public schools in Ohio and more than 40 reciprocating states.
Completion of the BS degree does not ensure that the State of Ohio music teacher license will be awarded. Additional information is available from the Teacher Licensure (p. 453) section in this bulletin.

**Departmental Honors**

Departmental honors programs for the BA and BS degrees have the following admission and completion requirements:

For all students, admission to honors status requires an overall GPA of at least 3.2, a music GPA of at least 3.5, evidence of exceptional musicianship and scholarly interests, petition to the music faculty, nomination by a faculty member, and acceptance by the music faculty. The honors project must first be approved by the faculty project advisor, with the specific project timeline to be determined in consultation with the advisor. The student must submit a proposal to the faculty before the project start date, typically by the midpoint of the spring semester preceding the senior year.

For BA students, second-semester sophomore or junior standing is required for admission to honors status. The honors project should then be completed as part of the SAGES Capstone Seminar. For BS students, admission to honors status requires advanced standing in music education. The student must register for independent study or an approved seminar during the project period, and the honors project may not be pursued or completed during student teaching.

**Minor**

The music minor requires 15 credits units: 6 in music theory (MUTH), 6 in music history or appreciation (MUHI or MUGN) and 3 others, which may include MUAP or MUEN. For questions regarding eligible course substitutions, please contact the Department of Music Minor Advisor.

Music Theory: 6

- **MUTH 103** Theory I
- **MUTH 104** Theory II

Music History: Any two MUHI, MUGN, or MUPM courses 6

At least 3 additional hours, either in MUAP or MUEN 3

Total Units 15

A minor in music education may be devised in consultation with a music education advisor. CIM students may pursue a minor in music history by taking 15 hours of MUHI courses. The department welcomes students’ initiative in the development of minor programs suited to their needs. Courses can be substituted with the approval of the music minor program advisor.

**Electives for Non-Music Majors**

Electives designed for students not majoring in music are:

- **MUTH 103** Theory I 3
- **MUTH 104** Theory II 3
- **MUGN 201** Introduction to Music: Listening Experience I 3
- **MUGN 202** Introduction to Music: Listening Experience II 3
- **MUGN 250** Topics in Music for non-majors 3
- **MUGN 308** Digital Music: Composition and Production 3
- **MUGN 309** Audio Production in Pro Tools 3
- **MUPM 212** History of Rock and Roll 3
- **MUPM 215** History and Styles of Jazz 3

Ensembles (MUEN) are open to all non-majors. Gateway auditions (for enrollment) or placement auditions (for part assignment) may be required in most cases. For more information about the department’s ensemble offerings, please contact the Music Office 216.368.2400 or music@case.edu.

Individual instruction (MUAP) in keyboard, voice, and all instruments is available with consent of the department (additional fee for non-major). For more information about the department’s applied music offerings, please contact the Music Office 216.368.2400 or music@case.edu.

Non-music majors may also audition for admission to music ensembles (MUEN).

MA Programs (p. 337) | PhD and DMA Programs (p. 338) | Applied Music (p. 339)

**Graduate Programs**

General descriptions are given here; complete information on all degrees is available from the department (http://music.case.edu/prospective/graduate). Admission to each degree follows established guidelines of the School of Graduate Studies. Scores from the Graduate Record Examination are required for admission to programs in music history, musicology, and historical performance practice, and an audition is necessary for students interested in the historical performance practice program.

**MA Degree**

The MA degree is offered in the fields of:

1. music history and literature
2. music education

Within music history and literature, students may choose concentrations in music history and literature or in historical performance practice. Master’s degree candidates in music education may also choose to add course work that will qualify them to take teaching licensure exams for the State of Ohio.

**MA in Music History and Literature**

The concentration in music history and literature emphasizes research, history, literature, and the theory of music. Within the 30 hours required, the following are minimum requirements:

- **Music History** 9
- **Research** 6-9
- **Theory-Analysis** 6
- **Electives** 6-9
- **Total Units** 27-33

The concentration in historical performance practice presupposes the same strong liberal arts training as the music history and literature concentration, plus a strong performance interest and background. Research and its application to music performance are stressed. Within the 27 hours required, the following are minimum requirements:

- **Bibliography and Research** 3
- **Performance Practice** 6
- **Notation Theory** 6
Foundation courses for Plan A and Plan B include:

In both concentrations, remaining hours are freely elected in music history and research with advisor’s approval. For students pursuing the degree in historical performance practice, however, at least two semesters of applied music (0 credits) are required, in addition to MUAP 651 M.A. Lecture - Recital and Document, near the completion of the degree program. Ensemble participation is also required for performance practice students but does not earn credit hours toward the degree.

Examinations include initial placement tests in history and theory, and a reading test in a foreign language pertinent to the student’s field. In addition, performance practice students must audition as part of the admissions process. At least 18 credit hours must be at the 400 level or higher.

Fast Track MA/PhD Program

Students in the MA in music history and literature program are eligible for a fast track option to the PhD in historical musicology. To qualify for this option, students must complete 36 hours in the MA program and are advised to pursue the thesis option. By the end of the third semester of study (prior to the completion of the 36 hours), the student must inform the director of graduate studies of his/her desire to enter the PhD program, and, in consultation with the director, must present a petition to the musicology faculty for candidacy. Once faculty consent is secured, all remaining requirements of the degree program, as detailed above, remain the same.

MA in Music Education

This degree is built on a set of foundation courses in philosophy, curriculum, psychology, research, evaluation, and musicianship. Additional courses and independent studies enable students to tailor programs to their interests and needs.

Three degree options are available. Students who choose Plan A (thesis option) write a thesis based on original research and defend the thesis in an oral examination. Students who choose Plan B (comprehensive exam option) complete a comprehensive examination in music education. Applicants for Plans A or B should have a bachelor’s degree in music education, an undergraduate GPA of 3.0 or better, and at least one year of successful music teaching experience, usually in the public schools.

Students seeking teacher licensure credentials pursue Plan C. This program requires a core of graduate music education courses, graduate music courses, undergraduate music education methods courses, and one semester of student teaching. Applicants for MAL should have a bachelor’s degree in music (BA or BM), an undergraduate GPA of 3.0 or better, and some prior experience in working with children. The regulations for students in the BS program regarding advanced standing, grade point averages, and the Ohio Assessments for Educators exam apply to graduate students in Plan C as well. Completion of the Plan C degree does not ensure that the State of Ohio music teacher license will be awarded.

Foundation courses for Plan A and Plan B include:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Description</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Music education core of philosophy, curriculum, and research</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Music core of history, theory, and applied music</td>
<td>9-12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Electives</td>
<td>0-9</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Total Units 21-33

Students in Plan A receive 6 credit hours for thesis research. Students in Plan B complete a comprehensive written examination at the conclusion of course work, whereas students in Plan C complete a comprehensive oral examination.

A minimum of 30 credit hours is required for Plans A and B. Plan C requires a minimum of 65 hours, including:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Description</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Music education licensure core</td>
<td>35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Teacher licensure professional education core</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Graduate music education core</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Graduate music core</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Total Units 65

To remain in Plan C’s MAL program, students must meet GPA and professional standards each year. For more information, contact the area head of music education.

PhD Degree

The PhD degree is offered in two fields: (1) musicology (with concentrations in music history and historical performance practice), and (2) music education.

PhD in Musicology

The PhD in historical musicology is granted in recognition of superior scholarly ability and attainment. Award of the degree is based not only on computation of time or enumeration of courses, but also upon distinguished work. Highly qualified applicants may enter this program directly upon completion of a bachelor’s degree. All programs of study are formulated to suit the individual needs of the student and require the consent of the advisor.

Music History Concentration

The PhD requires 36 credit hours of course work and an additional 18 credit hours of dissertation research. Required course work includes MUHI 610 Bibliography and Research Methods in Music and MUTH 424 Introduction to Schenkerian Analysis as well as three doctoral seminars. In the first two years, students will be expected to take three courses (or 9 credits) per semester, for a total of 36 hours.

Students admitted to the program will take diagnostic examinations prior to the start of classes in their first year. Based on these examinations, students may be required to enroll in specific courses to address deficiencies; these course credits may be applied toward the degree requirements. The first year of study, the musicology faculty will conduct a formal review with each student. This process will include an evaluation of progress to date and advisement regarding the remainder of the program.

A written summary of this review, along with course grades and materials, will constitute the beginnings of the portfolio maintained by the director of graduate studies that will be the basis for considering each student’s advancement into the PhD program.

At the end of the second year of course work, students will be asked to submit a qualifying paper, which will be added to the portfolio. At the beginning of the fall in the third year of study, students will take comprehensive examinations, which will also function as qualifying exams for advancement to the PhD program. These examinations will consist of written and oral sections, and will be conducted and evaluated by the musicology faculty. Following the examinations, the faculty will review each student’s portfolio and, based on work contained therein,
make a decision regarding advancement to candidacy in the PhD program. Students who do not advance but who have done satisfactory work will be eligible to receive the MA in music history at this juncture.

Students who advance to candidacy for the PhD will register for dissertation research credits and begin research for the dissertation. Working with a faculty advisor, each student will develop a proposal for the dissertation, which will be presented in writing to the faculty no later than the end of the third year of study. It is expected that the fourth and possibly fifth year of study will be devoted to work on the dissertation. Upon completion of the thesis, each student will present a formal defense to the musicology faculty.

Under the rules of the School of Graduate Studies, a student must complete the thesis no later than five years after registering for the first dissertation research (701) credits.

**Historical Performance Practice Concentration**

The PhD in historical musicology with a concentration in historical performance practice requires a minimum of 36 hours of course work, seminars, and tutorials, and an additional 18 credit hours of dissertation research. Course distribution is as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Bibliography and research</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Performance practices</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Notation-theory</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Doctoral Seminars</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MUAP 751 Doctoral Lecture-Recital and Document I</td>
<td>0 - 3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total Units</strong></td>
<td><strong>27-30</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Remaining hours are freely elected in music history and research with the advisor's approval. At least three semesters of applied music (0 credits) are required. Ensemble participation is also required for performance practice students but does not earn credit hours toward the degree.

For other musicology students, private lessons at the 500 level, although not required, may be counted up to a maximum of six credits, at the discretion of the advisor.

Examinations include initial placement tests in history and theory; reading tests in two foreign languages pertinent to the student's field; and comprehensive examinations in history and theory, including written and oral sections, prior to admission to candidacy. Upon completion of the dissertation, an oral defense is held. In addition, performance practice students must audition as part of the admissions process. The candidate must teach a college-level course in music history and oral sections, prior to entering research for the dissertation. Upon completion of the dissertation, an oral defense is held. The dissertation topic is chosen by the student in consultation with the faculty.

**PhD in Music Education**

The doctorate in music education is offered to persons who have shown a strong and continuing dedication to music teaching and scholarship. Applicants must have completed at least three years of full-time music teaching, usually in the public schools. The degree is designed to prepare professionals to assume positions of leadership in elementary, secondary, and collegiate instruction. Prior to graduation, doctoral students demonstrate competency in teaching, research, and musicianship. Every effort will be made to plan a program based on individual student needs and interests while maintaining standards of musical and scholarly excellence. Electives, therefore, will be chosen in consultation with a faculty advisor in order to ensure a balance between individual interests and traditional graduate expectations. To remain in the program, students must meet GPA and professional standards each year. For more information, contact the area head of music education.

A total of 60 credit hours is required for the doctoral degree beyond the master’s level. Courses include:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Music education: research, philosophy, cognition/psychology, curriculum, and assessment</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Music: theory, history, applied music</td>
<td>9-12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Outside cognate</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Music education electives</td>
<td>9-12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dissertation</td>
<td>18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total Units</strong></td>
<td><strong>57-63</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

A qualifying examination follows the completion of course work, prior to beginning research for the dissertation. Upon completion of the dissertation, an oral defense is held. The dissertation topic is chosen by the student in consultation with the faculty.

**DMA in Historical Performance Practice**

This doctorate is granted in recognition of outstanding performing ability in early music combined with superior scholarly ability in the field of historical performance practice. All programs are formulated to suit the needs of the individual student and require the consent of a faculty advisor.

A minimum of 36 hours of course work, seminars, and tutorials is required. Distribution is as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Bibliography and Research</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Performance Practices</td>
<td>6-9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Notation-Theory</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Doctoral Seminars</td>
<td>3-6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MUAP 751 Doctoral Lecture-Recital and Document I</td>
<td>0 - 3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MUAP 752 Doctoral Lecture-Recital and Document II</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Electives chosen from music history and research (with advisor approval)</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MUAP 753 Doctoral Lecture-Recital and Document III</td>
<td>1 - 6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total Units</strong></td>
<td><strong>28-42</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Applied music (0 credits) must be taken every semester the student is on campus. Ensemble participation is required but does not earn credit hours toward the degree.

Examinations include a performance audition; initial placement tests in history and theory; reading tests in two foreign languages pertinent to the student’s field; and a comprehensive examination with history, theory, performance practice, and oral sections. Exceptional students may be admitted to a combined MA/DMK degree program in early music.

**Applied Music**

All MA and PhD degree students in the department must satisfy the applied music requirements specified in their degree programs. Graduate students who anticipate private lesson instruction in their programs should consult an advisor before registration. Students
register for individual applied music instruction in courses titled Principal Performance Area and Secondary Performance Area.

**Department Faculty**

David A. Ake, PhD  
(University of California, Los Angeles)  
*Professor and Chair*

Julie Andrijeski, DMA  
(Case Western Reserve University)  
*Senior Instructor; Director of CWRU/CIM Baroque Orchestra*  
Historical performance; dance

L. Peter Bennett, D Phil  
(Oxford University)  
*Associate Professor*  
17th-century French music; historical performance

Francesca Brittan, PhD  
(Cornell University)  
*Assistant Professor*  
19th-century France; Romantic aesthetics; popular music

Eric Charnofsky, MM  
(The Juilliard School)  
*Instructor*  
20th-century music; piano accompanying; keyboard repertoire

Gary M. Ciepluch, PhD  
(University of Wisconsin, Madison)  
*Associate Professor*  
Director of bands; conducting; music teacher education

Georgia J. Cowart, PhD  
(Rutgers University)  
*Professor*  
17th and 18th centuries; music, the arts, and politics

Ross W. Duffin, DMA  
(Stanford University)  
*Fynette H. Kulas Professor of Music*  
Historical Performance Practice; Shakespeare

Paul S. Ferguson, MM  
(Eastman School of Music)  
*Instructor*  
Jazz studies and contemporary music

Matthew L. Garrett, PhD  
(Florida State University)  
*Assistant Professor; Director of Undergraduate Studies in Music Education*  
Choral music education; conducting

Daniel Goldmark, PhD  
(University of California, Los Angeles)  
*Associate Professor; Director of Graduate Studies*  
American popular music; film music; history of the music industry

Stephen E. Hefling, PhD  
(Yale University)  
*Professor*  
Mahler; 18th and 19th centuries; chamber music; analysis

Kathleen A. Horvath, PhD  
(The Ohio State University)  
*Associate Professor*  
Music teacher education; string education and pedagogy

Juanita Karpf, DMA  
(University of Georgia)  
*Senior Instructor; Undergraduate Admission and First-Year Advisor*  
Music history

Lisa L. Koops, PhD  
(Michigan State University)  
*Associate Professor*  
Music teacher education; general music

Nathan B. Kruse, PhD  
(Michigan State University)  
*Associate Professor; Director of Graduate Studies in Music Education*  
Music teacher education; research methods

Susan McClary, PhD  
(Harvard University)  
*Professor*  
Musicology

David J. Rothenberg, PhD  
(Yale University)  
*Associate Professor; Coordinator of Undergraduate Studies*  
Medieval; Renaissance; musical symbolism

Robert Walser, PhD  
(University of Minnesota)  
*Professor*  
American music; jazz history; popular music studies; implications of recent neuroscience for humanistic scholarship; contemporary music production technology

**MUAP Courses**

**MUAP 10. Progress Jury Examination. 0 Units.**  
Progress Jury Examination (All BA and BS Music Majors)

**MUAP 11. Recital Class. 0 Units.**

**MUAP 121. Principal Performance Area I. 2 Units.**  
Limited to music and music education majors. Recommended preparation: Entrance Jury/Audition

**MUAP 122. Principal Performance Area II. 2 Units.**  
Limited to music and music education majors. Prereq: MUTH 003 and MUAP 121. Coreq: MUTH 003.

**MUAP 131. Secondary Performance. 1 - 2 Unit.**  
Secondary instrumental or vocal instruction (undergraduate level). Each student has the option of taking one-hour weekly lessons (2 credit units) or half-hour weekly lessons (1 credit unit). The applied lesson fee is waived for all music majors. Contact the Department of Music directly for registration consent.

**MUAP 20. Level 300 Applied Music Entrance Jury Exam. 0 Units.**  
Level Jury Examination

**MUAP 221. Principal Performance Area III. 2 Units.**  
Limited to music and music education majors. Prereq: MUTH 107 or MUTH 101/105, MUAP 122, Passed Progress Jury. Coreq: MUTH 107 or MUTH 101/105.
MUAP 222. Principal Performance Area IV. 2 Units.

MUAP 223. Principal Performance Area V. 2 Units.
Limited to music and music education majors. Prereq: MUTH 207 or MUTH 201/205, MUAP 222. Coreq: MUTH 207 or MUTH 201/205.

MUAP 224. Principal Performance Area VI. 2 Units.
Limited to music and music education majors. Prereq: (MUTH 208 or MUTH 202) and MUAP 223. Coreq: MUTH 208 or MUTH 202.

MUAP 225. Principal Performance Area VII. 2 Units.
Limited to music and music education majors. Prereq: MUAP 224.

MUAP 226. Principal Performance Area VIII. 2 Units.
Limited to music and music education majors. Prereq: MUAP 225.

MUAP 25. BA Exit Jury Examination. 0 Units.
BA Exit Jury Examination (Audio and General Music Concentrations)

MUAP 26. BA Exit Jury Examination. 0 Units.
BA Exit Jury Examination (Music History, Music Theory, and Early Music Performance Practice)

MUAP 30. BA Performance Exit Jury Examination. 0 Units.
BA Performance Exit Jury Examination

MUAP 321. Principal Level Performance Area V. 2 Units.

MUAP 322. Principal Level Performance Area VI. 2 Units.
Limited to music and music education majors. Prereq: (MUTH 208 or MUTH 202) and MUAP 321. Coreq: MUTH 208 or MUTH 202.

MUAP 323. Principal Performance Area VII. 2 Units.
Limited to music performance and music education majors.

MUAP 324. Principal Performance Area VIII. 2 Units.
Limited to music performance and music education majors.

MUAP 35. BS Music Education Jury Examination. 0 Units.
BS Music Education Jury Examination

MUAP 421. Principal Level Performance Area VII. 2 Units.
Limited to music and music education majors. Prereq: MUAP 322.

MUAP 422. Principal Level Performance Area VIII. 2 Units.
Limited to music and music education majors. Prereq: MUAP 421.

MUAP 500. Applied Music/Ensembles. 1 - 3 Unit.
Registration to reflect combined participation in a number of Historical Performance Ensembles, each of which is taken for 0 credit hours.

MUAP 521. Principal Performance Area IX. 0 - 3 Units.
Limited to music and music education majors.

MUAP 522. Principal Performance Area IX. 0 - 3 Units.
Limited to music and music education majors.

MUAP 523. Principal Performance Area IX. 0 - 3 Units.
Limited to music and music education majors.

MUAP 524. Principal Performance Area IX. 0 - 3 Units.
Limited to music and music education majors.

MUAP 525. Principal Performance Area IX. 0 - 3 Units.
Limited to music and music education majors.

MUAP 526. Principal Performance Area IX. 0 - 3 Units.
Limited to music and music education majors.

MUAP 531. Secondary Performance. 0 - 3 Units.
Secondary instrumental or vocal instruction (graduate level). Each student not majoring in music has the option of taking one-hour weekly lessons (2 credit units) or half-hour weekly lessons (1 credit unit). Graduate students in music may be advised by their program advisor to take this course for variable credit (0-3 units). The applied lesson fee is waived for all music majors. Contact the Department of Music directly for registration consent.

MUAP 600. Historical Performance Progress Jury. 0 Units.
Historical Performance Progress Jury, generally taken at the end of the second semester.

MUAP 651. M.A. Lecture - Recital and Document. 3 - 6 Units.
M.A. Lecture - Recital for students in Historical Performance Practice.

MUAP 700. Historical Performance Recital. 0 Units.
Historical Performance Recital. Intended to demonstrate mastery of historically-informed performance in a number of different national styles.

MUAP 751. Doctoral Lecture-Recital and Document I. 0 - 3 Units.

MUAP 752. Doctoral Lecture-Recital and Document II. 3 Units.

MUAP 753. Doctoral Lecture-Recital and Document III. 1 - 6 Unit.

MUAR Courses

MUAR 151B. Case Audio Internship I. 1 Unit.
Development of recording engineering skills through professional level work in the Harkness audio service. Recommended preparation: Open only to audio recording majors.

MUAR 152B. Case Audio Internship II. 1 Unit.
Recommended preparation: MUAR 151B.

MUAR 153B. Case Audio Internship III. 1 Unit.
Recommended preparation: MUAR 152B.

MUAR 154B. Case Audio Internship IV. 1 Unit.
Recommended preparation: MUAR 153B.

MUAR 200. Audio Recording I. 2 Units.
A study of basic recording principles and systems and techniques of recording and editing. Recommended preparation: Audio recording majors only.

MUAR 201. Audio Recording II. 2 Units.
Further study of basic recording principles and systems with an introduction to digital recording. Recommended preparation: MUAR 200.

MUAR 202. Pro Tools Production I. 2 Units.
Pro Tools is the Industry standard for digital Audio Production. This course follows the avid curriculum for Pro Tools user certification. Requires a personal laptop computer (Mac preferred) with Pro Tools 10 and the complete production toolkit software. Prereq: Audio Recording majors only.

MUAR 203. Pro Tools Production II. 2 Units.
Pro Tools is the Industry standard for digital Audio Production. This course follows the avid curriculum for Pro Tools user certification. Requires a personal laptop computer (Mac preferred) with Pro Tools 10 and the complete production toolkit software. Prereq: MUAR 203 and Audio Major.

MUAR 250. Audio Recording for Non-Majors. 2 Units.
This is a hands-on course for musicians who wish to understand the processes for recording music and speech that will be beneficial to their musical careers. Topics include microphone techniques, signal processing, delivering audio masters, computer workstations, audio software and the business of music.
MUAR 251B. Case Audio Recording Internship I. 0 Units.
Professional level work in the Case Western Reserve University Harkness audio service.

MUAR 252B. Case Audio Recording Internship II. 0 Units.

MUAR 253B. Case Audio Recording Internship III. 0 Units.

MUAR 254B. Case Audio Recording Internship IV. 0 Units.

MUAR 300. Advanced Recording Techniques I. 2 Units.
A study of advanced microphone, recording, and monitoring systems and techniques, with an emphasis on two track digital recordings of classical music and critical listening. Recommended preparation: MUAR 201.

MUAR 301. Advanced Recording Techniques II. 2 Units.
Further study of advanced microphone, recording, and monitoring systems and techniques, with an emphasis on two track digital recordings of large ensemble classical music. Recommended preparation: MUAR 300.

MUAR 302. Multitrack Recording Techniques I. 2 Units.
A study of multitrack recording and mixdown techniques. Recommended preparation: MUAR 301. Audio recording majors only.

MUAR 303. Multitrack Recording Techniques II. 2 Units.
Further study of multitrack recording and mixdown techniques, with an emphasis on synchronization to video. Recommended preparation: MUAR 302.

MUAR 310. Recording Studio Maintenance I. 1 Unit.
Study of techniques for optimizing professional recording equipment performance. Recommended preparation: MUAR 201. Audio recording majors only.

MUAR 311. Recording Studio Maintenance II. 1 Unit.

MUAR 320. Acoustics of Music I. 1 Unit.
A seminar in the basic concepts of musical acoustics and research in this area. The students actively participate in experiments exploring various topics in musical acoustics.

MUAR 321. Acoustics of Music II. 1 Unit.
A seminar in the basic concepts of musical acoustics and research in this area. The students actively participate in experiments exploring various topics in musical acoustics.

MUAR 322. Recording Workshop I. 1 Unit.
Recording Workshop provides an increased level of hands-on intensive study of microphone placement. Each week a different instrument or group of instruments will be available for experimentation. Each class represents a recording session centered on a specific instrument, resulting in a comprehensive set of test recordings at the end of each semester. These will provide the basis of reference for future recording decisions. Recommended preparation: MUAR 200.

MUAR 323. Recording Workshop II. 1 Unit.
Recording Workshop provides an increased level of hands-on intensive study of microphone placement. Each week a different instrument or group of instruments will be available for experimentation. Each class represents a recording session centered on a specific instrument, resulting in a comprehensive set of test recordings at the end of each semester. These will provide the basis of reference for future recording decisions. Recommended preparation: MUAR 200.

MUAR 380. Junior Recording Techniques Thesis. 3 Units.

MUAR 385. Recording Studio Internship. 4 Units.

MUAR 390. Senior Recording Tech Thesis/Senior Capstone. 6 Units.
Students will originate, design, organize, and complete a project that will demonstrate and document proficiency with his/her accumulated audio recording technology skills. This project must include evidence of critical thinking, clear planning, and establishment of reasonable goals with an appropriate plan of action. There is a significant written component that requires regular submission of drafts, progress reports, evidence of project advancement, and a final written document. There must also be a public presentation of the project in a venue approved by the department. Counts as SAGES Senior Capstone.

MUCP Courses

MUCP 399. Undergraduate Independent Studies. 1 - 3 Unit.
Each student develops a topic of interest to be explored with a faculty member.

MUCP 751. Composition Document-D.M.A.. 3 Units.

MUED Courses

MUED 200A. Basic Skills and Pedagogy: Voice. 1 Unit.
Designed for music education majors to provide the fundamentals of teaching methods for various instruments. Recommended preparation: Music education majors. Non-music majors accepted with consent of department.

MUED 200B. Basic Skills and Pedagogy: Guitar. 1 Unit.
Designed for music education majors to provide the fundamentals of teaching methods for various instruments. Recommended preparation: Music education majors. Non-music majors accepted with consent of department.

MUED 200C. Basic Skills and Pedagogy: Upper Brass. 1 Unit.
Designed for music education majors to provide the fundamentals of teaching methods for various instruments. Recommended preparation: Music education majors. Non-music majors accepted with consent of department.

MUED 200D. Basic Skills and Pedagogy: Lower Brass. 1 Unit.
Designed for music education majors to provide the fundamentals of teaching methods for various instruments. Recommended preparation: Music education majors. Non-music majors accepted with consent of department.

MUED 200E. Basic Skills and Pedagogy: Clarinet and Saxophone. 1 Unit.
Designed for music education majors to provide the fundamentals of teaching methods for various instruments. Recommended preparation: Music education majors. Non-music majors accepted with consent of department.

MUED 200F. Basic Skills and Pedagogy: Double Reeds and Flute. 1 Unit.
Designed for music education majors to provide the fundamentals of teaching methods for various instruments. Recommended preparation: Music education majors. Non-music majors accepted with consent of department.

MUED 200G. Basic Skills and Pedagogy: Violin. 1 Unit.
Designed for music education majors to provide the fundamentals of teaching methods for various instruments. Recommended preparation: Music education majors. Non-music majors accepted with consent of department.
MUED 200H. Basic Skills and Pedagogy: Strings. 1 Unit.
Designed for music education majors to provide the fundamentals of teaching methods for various instruments. Recommended preparation: Music education majors. Non-music majors accepted with consent of department.

MUED 200P. Basic Skills and Pedagogy: Percussion. 1 Unit.
Designed for music education majors to provide the fundamentals of teaching methods for various instruments. Recommended preparation: Music education majors. Non-music majors accepted with consent of department.

MUED 240. Foundations of Music Education. 3 Units.
An introduction to and overview of the music education profession. Philosophical, historical and psychological perspectives on music education in schools, including contemporary topics and trends. Introduction of Ohio academic content standards and curriculum model for music, along with K-12 National Music Standards. Observation of area music teachers and peer-teaching experience. Recommended preparation: Music education major or permission.

MUED 275. Elements of Conducting. 2 Units.
This course is designed to develop the physical tools, and philosophical and aesthetic ideologies necessary for students to conduct in an effective and appropriate manner. Students develop baton technique through systematic physical pattern exercises, and class and field conducting experiences (elementary through adult). Observations and written evaluations of Cleveland Orchestra rehearsals and concerts, along with video analysis/self-evaluation of personal conducting experiences are among the activities required in this course. Topics and content include: philosophical foundations for the conductor; considerations for selecting repertoire and creating a supportive learning environment; rehearsal techniques; planning for the rehearsal and record keeping; rehearsal management; group motivation; score analysis and preparation; participation in professional activities; effective use of technology for the conductor; and national, state, and professional standards. Clinical/Field experiences (all ages) required.

MUED 276. Advanced Conducting. 2 Units.
This course continues in-depth development of the physical tools, and philosophical and aesthetic ideologies presented in MUED 275. Students develop baton techniques (with experiences in complex and changing time signatures) through systematic physical/pattern exercises, along with continuous evaluations, from their class and field conducting experiences (elementary through adult), observations and written evaluations of Cleveland Orchestra Rehearsals and Concerts, written critiques from historically significant Master Conductors (from videos in the University’s Music Library), along with video analysis of personal class and field conducting, are among the activities required in this course. Topics and content include: philosophical foundations for the conductor, considerations for selecting repertoire and creating a supportive learning environment; rehearsal techniques; planning for the rehearsal and record keeping; rehearsal management; group motivation; score analysis and preparation; participation in professional activities; effective use of technology for the conductor; and national and state standards. Clinical/Field experiences (all ages) required.

MUED 305. World Music in Education. 3 Units.
This course acquaints students with the use of world music, or multicultural music, in the music education classroom. Students are given an overview of the history of world music within American music education, discuss topics related to world music in education, research diverse world music practices, and lead lessons based on this research. Topics and content include: definitions of world/multicultural music; philosophical basis for world music in education; diversity in our Cleveland community; authenticity; ethnomusicology; informal/formal music learning; international perspectives; pedagogical approaches; addressing the State and National Standards through world music in education; and the development of culturally informed music pedagogy based on the study of diverse music. Throughout the course students will become acquainted with the music of diverse cultures and people groups; these will be chosen in part based on student's own research interests. In addition to the musical cultures chosen by students for study and presentation, the music of The Gambia, West Africa; the Caribbean; and India will be highlighted during in-class activities and lessons. Recommended preparation: MUED 240. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

MUED 310. Instrumental and Choral Arranging. 3 Units.
Techniques of writing and arranging for instruments of the band and orchestra and voice. Study of scoring problems for school instrumental and vocal groups of all ages and abilities.

MUED 320. Technology Assisted Music Teaching and Learning. 3 Units.
Fundamental concepts and skills for using technology in music teaching and learning. This project-oriented class will develop knowledge and competencies related to electronic musical instruments, MIDI sequencing, music notation software, computer-assisted instruction, digital media, the Internet, information processing, computer systems, and lab management as they relate to music education in K-12 schools. Recommended preparation: MUED 240. Offered as MUED 320 and MUED 420.

MUED 350. General Music Methods A. 3 Units.
General Music A introduces student to methods and materials for planning and implementing general music experiences for all ages, with concentration on Pre-K through sixth grade children. Topics of the course include: multiple meanings of music for children; characteristics/needs of young children and creating a supportive learning environment; theories of music learning and teaching; learning styles and collaborative learning; assorted teaching methods, rhythm, pitch, listening, movement, performing, composing; curriculum design; technology for music instruction; multicultural music; music for exceptional children; integrating music with the arts and other curricula; motivation and classroom management; lesson planning and record keeping; developing a personal philosophy of music education; national, state, and professional standards; and assessment. Clinical/Field experiences (Clinical-all ages; Field-focus on Pre-K through elementary) required.
MUED 352. Instrumental Methods and Materials. 3 Units.
This course acquaints students with effective ways to develop, organize and maintain a successful instrumental program for any age group, based on a comprehensive instrumental music education model. Students are given a "womb to tomb" view of the instrumentalists' development, including physiological development and age appropriate instrumental exceptions. Topics and content include: philosophical basis for music education, considerations for selecting repertoire including multicultural music; rehearsal techniques; assessment and record keeping; planning for the rehearsal; recruitment, auditioning, and placement; motivation and classroom management; team teaching and collaborative learning; managing an instrumental program; participation in professional activities; effective use of technology in the instrumental program; philosophy; and national, state, and professional standards. Clinical/Field experiences (all ages) required.

MUED 353. Choral Methods and Materials. 3 Units.
This course acquaints students with effective ways to develop a successful choral program for any age group, based on a comprehensive choral music education model. Students are given a "womb to tomb" view of the singing voice, including physiological development, age appropriate vocal expectations, and establishing and maintaining vocal health. Topics include: philosophical basis for vocal music education; the child voice, the adolescent voice, and the adult voice; vocal tone; considerations for selecting repertoire including ensemble assessment, music evaluation, and multicultural music; rehearsal techniques, collaborative learning, and motivation; planning for the rehearsal; developing conducting technique; recruitment, auditioning, placement, score analysis and preparation; classroom management; managing a choral program; participation in professional activities; effective use of technology in a choral program; and national state, and professional standards. Clinical/Field experiences (all ages) required. Recommended preparation: MUED 276.

MUED 355. Instructional Design in Music Education. 3 Units.
This Music Education Department Seminar brings together all strands of the Music Education program by focusing on curriculum as the organizational element of instruction. Topics and content include: understanding the issues presented by special learners; techniques for integrating special learners into the music teaching environment; developing learning outcomes; designing instruction; planning classroom experiences; defining assessment and measurement; assessment techniques and instruments for the music classroom; and exploring elements of school music program organization and administration. Professional writing and clinical and field experiences will be a large part of the activities in this course. This course is presented in a seminar format that provides for discussions of classroom topics and commentary on field experiences. Counts as SAGES Departmental Seminar.

MUED 359. Music in Early Childhood. 3 Units.
The goal of the course is to provide students with an understanding of the role of music in early childhood and approaches to music education with young children. Students will experience an overview of selected theories of musical development of young children, discuss the importance of music to various areas of child development, explore cultural perspectives and influences on musical development, evaluate curricular materials and methods used in early childhood music education, observe children's music making in early childhood classrooms, and develop teaching skills for early childhood music settings. Topics and content of this course include: music's role in early childhood development; music aptitude and its measurement; theories of early childhood music learning; early childhood making; evaluating curricular materials for early childhood music; the importance of play in early childhood musical development; incorporating State and National Music Education Standards; designing instruction for early childhood music settings; assessment in early childhood music; cultural perspectives on music in early childhood; cultural influences on musical development; music therapy with young children; benefits of family interaction in music; the role of listening in early childhood musical development; and formal music instruction with young children. The class will participate in a weekly service learning project providing music instruction for young children and parents or caregivers from an underserved population. Offered as MUED 391 and MUED 491.

MUED 396A. Student Teaching in Music Education. 9 Units.
Teaching music in both elementary and secondary schools, full-time five days a week for 15 weeks. Closely supervised field experiences of all types with a wide variety of students. Emphasis on planning lessons and organizing materials, teaching methodologies, motivation, and student assessment. Topics addressed include communications and the arts, technology in learning, interdisciplinary learning, collaborative learning and teaching, creating a supportive environment, and professional development. Development of skills needed for self-assessment as well as student assessment. Clinical/Field experiences (all ages) required. Recommended preparation: Concurrent enrollment in MUED 396B. Offered as MUED 396A and MUED 496A. Counts as SAGES Senior Capstone. Prereq: EDUC 255 and MUAP 323 and MUAP 35.

MUED 396B. Student Teaching Seminar in Music Education. 3 Units.
This is the SAGES Senior Capstone requirement for students majoring in Music Education. Taken at the same time as the student teaching experience (MUED 396A/496A), this seminar will guide students through preparation for entering the professional world of music education, and mentor them in their preparation of their Senior Capstone Project and Presentation. Recommended preparation: Concurrent enrollment in MUED 496A. Offered as MUED 396B and MUED 496B. Counts as SAGES Senior Capstone.

MUED 399. Undergraduate Independent Studies. 1 - 3 Unit.
Each student develops a topic of interest to be explored with a faculty member.

MUED 400. Clinical/Field Experience. 3 Units.
This provides clinical/field experiences with all ages of students in all teaching areas. Students from a variety of socioeconomic and cultural backgrounds are encountered. Clinical/Field experiences (all ages) required.
The role of a Music Educator is complex and involves the practical application of music content in various Pre K-12 teaching environments. This course is designed for entering Master of Arts with Teaching License majors who have a performance-based undergraduate education to give a comprehensive overview of the profession and facilitate the journey and transition from music student to professional music educator. Prereq: Admission into the Master of Arts with Teacher License Music Education Program.

MUED 420. Technology Assisted Music Teaching and Learning. 3 Units.
Fundamental concepts and skills for using technology in music teaching and learning. This project-oriented class will develop knowledge and competencies related to electronic musical instruments, MIDI sequencing, music notation software, computer-assisted instruction, digital media, the Internet, information processing, computer systems, and lab management as they relate to music education in K-12 schools. Recommended preparation: MUED 240. Offered as MUED 320 and MUED 420.

MUED 421. Philosophy of Music Education. 3 Units.
In this course, students explore major aesthetic philosophies that have influenced contemporary music education, and discuss current issues central to our field. Among topics included: basic views about art/music; creating art/music; meaning in art/music, experiencing art/music; music and aesthetic education; criticism in music; multicultural music; and critical theories and inquiry regarding music education. Students are asked to assess their own roles in music education, as well as their obligations and potential capacities for leadership in the profession. Students will work toward development of a personal professional philosophy of music education.

MUED 422. Curriculum and Assessment in Music Education. 3 Units.
This course is designed to give graduate music education students thorough knowledge of the overarching role of curriculum and assessment as the organizational elements of instruction. In depth coverage of such topics as: the role of assessment and measurement in teaching; epistemology; scope and sequence; backward design; instructional goals; validity; reliability; performance assessments; measuring assessment; curriculum design; and teaching for understanding. These concepts and procedures will be explored in depth to give daily music instruction a global framework in the larger organizational structure of profession, state, national, and accreditation standards for P-12 and college music settings.

MUED 433. Music Cognition and Learning. 3 Units.
Survey and critical review of the literature as it relates to music teaching and learning, and music performance. Specific topics may include basic psychoacoustical processes, auditory perception, cognitive organization of musical sound, tonal and musical memory, neuromusical research, affective and physiological responses to music, learning theory, musical aptitude, development processes, and motivation.

MUED 434. Research in Music Education. 3 Units.
Paradigms and methods in music education research. Specific topics and assignments include research-related resources, tools and materials; research problems; research literature; research procedures, research proposals; qualitative and quantitative research studies; computer-assisted data analysis; and empirical research reports.

MUED 446. Sociology of Music Education. 3 Units.
In this course, students explore philosophical, social, cultural, and theoretical issues regularly encountered by music educators in classroom and rehearsal settings. Topics covered include: local, state, and national issues and policies intersecting with music education; social challenges and classroom realities facing music educators; social and cultural diversity issues in music education; and the role(s) of music education in society. Recommended preparation: MUED 444, Research in Music Education.

MUED 447. Seminar in College Music Teaching. 3 Units.
Seminar in College Music Teaching is a course to help prepare CWRU and CIM music graduate students for careers in university teaching. This course includes information on creating class syllabi, assessing students, interviewing for college jobs, and understanding the university ecosystem. Coursework will be tailored to meet the needs and goals of each graduate student, regardless of content area. Perspectives will be drawn from music education, applied music, musicology, conducting, music theory, and music technology. Prereq: Graduate music student at CWRU and CIM.

MUED 491. Music in Early Childhood. 3 Units.
The goal of the course is to provide students with an understanding of the role of music in early childhood and approaches to music education with young children. Students will experience an overview of selected theories of musical development of young children, discuss the importance of music to various areas of child development, explore cultural perspectives and influences on musical development, evaluate curricular materials and methods used in early childhood music education, observe children's music making in early childhood classrooms, and develop teaching skills for early childhood music settings. Topics and content of this course include: music's role in early childhood development; music aptitude and its measurement; theories of early childhood music learning; early childhood music teaching; evaluating curricular materials for early childhood music; the importance of play in early childhood musical development; incorporating State and National Music Education Standards; designing instruction for early childhood music settings; assessment in early childhood music; cultural perspectives on music in early childhood; cultural influences on musical development; music therapy with young children; benefits of family interaction in music; the role of listening in early childhood musical development; and formal music instruction with young children. The class will participate in a weekly service learning project providing music instruction for young children and parents or caregivers from an underserved population. Offered as MUED 391 and MUED 491.

MUED 496A. Student Teaching in Music Education. 9 Units.
Teaching music in both elementary and secondary schools, full-time five days a week for 15 weeks. Closely supervised field experiences of all types with a wide variety of students. Emphasis on planning lessons and organizing materials, teaching methodologies, motivation, and student assessment. Topics addressed include communications and the arts, technology in learning, interdisciplinary learning, collaborative learning and teaching, creating a supportive environment, and professional development. Development of skills needed for self-assessment as well as student assessment. Clinical/Field experiences (all ages) required. Recommended preparation: Concurrent enrollment in MUED 396B. Offered as MUED 396A and MUED 496A. Counts as SAGES Senior Capstone. Prereq: EDUC 255.
MUEN 357. New Music Ensemble. 1 - 2 Unit.
This course is designed for the most advanced woodwind, brass, and percussion players. Stresses the single-performance concept utilizing only players needed for a given piece. Audition required.

MUEN Courses

MUEN 324. Case Percussion Ensemble. 0 - 2 Units.
The Case Percussion Ensemble is open to all interested Case-affiliated individuals who seek to continue their musical development by performing percussion ensemble literature. Membership is contingent on an audition that demonstrates moderate percussion ability and the ability to read music. Audition materials can be acquired through the director. Recommended preparation: Audition required.

MUEN 355. Miscellaneous Ensembles. 0 - 2 Units.

MUEN 356. University Circle Wind Ensemble. 1 Unit.
Designed for the most advanced woodwind, brass, and percussion players. Stresses the single-performance concept utilizing only players needed for a given piece. Audition required.

MUEN 357. New Music Ensemble. 1 - 2 Unit.

MUEN 359. Music Education Seminar in Conducting. 3 Units.
In this course, students focus on advanced score study, preparation, and analysis. In depth conducting techniques on contemporary music and mixed meter compositions, along with the development of a comprehensive conducting bibliography are the major components in this seminar. Historical research, analytical evaluation, and the practical elements of the physical techniques required for one to conduct a chosen composition are all addressed for each composition studies. Seminar discussions include aesthetic and philosophical ideologies, and the practical issues a conductor faces when put in control of the advanced ensemble.


MUEN 696. College Teaching Practicum. 0 Units.

Prereq: Predoctoral research consent or advanced to Ph.D. candidacy milestone.

MUED Courses

MUED 696. College Teaching Practicum. 0 Units.

MUED 698. Advanced Research in Music Education. 3 Units.
Advanced studies in models and methods of music education research. Research projects using data analysis. In-depth examination of selected quantitative and/or qualitative research designs according to student interests. Discussion of thesis and dissertation proposal format process. Recommended preparation: MUED 444.

MUED 591. Music Education Seminar in Conducting. 3 Units.
This course will utilize music instruments in different combinations, focusing on keyboard history, literature, and performance critique. The course meets once per week. It is highly recommended that students be concurrently enrolled in applied lessons. Non-majors who are pianists and majors whose primary instrument is piano may enroll with instructor permission following a successful audition.

MUED 383. Symphonic Winds. 0 - 1 Units.
Performance of advanced symphonic band repertoire. Open to all Case students, faculty and staff. Audition required for part placement only.

MUED 384. Spartan Marching Band. 0 - 1 Units.

MUED 385. Case/University Circle Orchestra. 0 - 1 Units.
The orchestra is comprised of Case students, faculty, staff and community players who play strings, woodwinds, brass and percussion. Recommended preparation: Audition required.

MUED 386. Case Camerata Chamber Orchestra. 0 - 1 Units.
This chamber string ensemble is open to all interested Case affiliated individuals who seek to continue their music development by performing orchestral literature. Each person is required to audition to determine initial placement, section assignment, and seating. All members are required to perform a minimum of 2 concerts per academic year. Recommended preparation: Audition required.

MUED 387. University Singers. 0 - 1 Units.
Chorus performing a wide variety of traditional and popular choral works. Open to all Case students. No audition required.

MUED 389. Keyboard Ensemble. 0 - 1 Units.
Keyboard Ensemble is designed for music majors whose primary instrument is piano. The format involves coaching of in-class performances of solo literature, piano duets, and collaborative piano genres by enrolled students, as well as written and spoken presentations focusing on keyboard history, literature, and performance critique. The course meets once per week. It is highly recommended that students be concurrently enrolled in applied lessons. Non-majors who are pianists and majors whose primary instrument is not piano may enroll with instructor permission following a successful audition.

MUED 393. Baroque Chamber Ensembles. 0 - 1 Units.
Designed for students interested in exploring baroque music in a chamber setting on historical instruments. Prereq: Audition required.
MUEN 394. Baroque Dance Ensemble. 0 - 1 Units.
This course allows musicians and dancers alike to explore historical dance steps and notation. History of dance and its relationships to music will be emphasized as students learn and perform historical dances. Prereq: MUHI 342 or MUHI 442 or permission of Instructor.

MUEN 395. Collegium Musicum. 0 - 1 Units.
Recommended preparation: Audition required.

MUEN 396. Early Music Singers. 0 - 1 Units.
Recommended preparation: Audition required.

MUEN 397. Baroque Orchestra. 0 - 1 Units.
Recommended preparation: Audition required.

MUEN 398. Cleveland Orchestra Chorus. 0 - 1 Units.
Recommended preparation: Audition required.

MUGN Courses

MUGN 201. Introduction to Music: Listening Experience I. 3 Units.
A flexible approach to the study of the materials and literature of music. Aural and analytical skills primarily for classical music.

MUGN 202. Introduction to Music: Listening Experience II. 3 Units.
Application of the skills developed in MUGN 201 to the understanding of historical and stylistic content of Western music. Focus is on particular works in context of the era of composition. Recommended preparation: MUGN 201 or consent of department.

MUGN 250. Topics in Music for non-majors. 3 Units.
Close study of a theme, a work, or aspect of music such as "Music and Gender", "Music in Vienna", or "Instruments of Music." The course is intended as an exploration of diverse aspects of music in society, both historical and modern, and is primarily for non-majors as a follow-up to MUGN 201 or 202.

MUGN 308. Digital Music: Composition and Production. 3 Units.
Course focuses on digital music creation and composition using audio sequencing software. Topics include song writing, synthesizers, recording, editing, mixing, and film scoring. Course is open to music majors, minors, and non-majors with sufficient musical background. Emphasis on group work, creativity, and imagination. All work done on Macintosh computers in The Core, the Department of Music's multimedia classroom.

MUGN 309. Audio Production in Pro Tools. 3 Units.
Audio Production in Pro Tools. Practical training in contemporary audio production methods using the industry standard software, Pro Tools. Also covers the use of Pro Tools for musical analysis and evaluation of music copyright issues.

MUGN 399. Undergraduate Independent Studies. 1 - 3 Unit.
Each student develops a topic of interest to be explored with a faculty member.

MUGN 501. Special Reading (M.A. and M.M.). 1 - 18 Unit.


MUGN 751. Recital Document I-D.M.A.. 1 - 3 Unit.

MUGN 752. Recital Document II - D.M.A.. 1 - 3 Unit.

MUHI Courses

MUHI 301. History of Western Music I. 3 Units.
Developments in Western music from early Christian times to c1700. Prereq: MUTH 102 or MUTH 104 or (Prereq or Coreq) MUTH 108.

MUHI 302. History of Western Music II. 3 Units.
Developments in Western music from c1700 to c1900. Prereq: MUTH 102 or MUTH 104 or MUTH 108.

MUHI 303. History of Western Music III. 3 Units.
Music of the twentieth century, covering history, analysis, and aesthetic issues. Prereq: MUTH 102 or MUTH 104 or MUTH 108, MUHI 301 or MUHI 302.

MUHI 310. Music Cultures of the World: Music of Asia and Africa. 3 Units.

MUHI 312. History and Analysis of Rock and Roll. 3 Units.
This course surveys American popular song from the 1890s to the present, with an emphasis on rock ‘n’ roll and pop music of the last sixty years. The relationship of popular song to important currents in American life and culture will be examined. The origins of various styles of song in the cultures of different ethnic and national groups will be discussed, along with the subsequent diffusion and transformation of such music through mass mediation. The characteristics and meanings of music, lyrics, and images will be discussed with the aid of sound recordings, music videos and films. Students taking this course may not receive credit for MUPM 212. Prereq: For Music Majors only.

MUHI 313. American Popular Song to 1950. 3 Units.
Survey of popular music practices from the nineteenth century until the emergence of rock and roll. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

MUHI 314. Blues Histories and Cultures. 3 Units.
An investigation of the blues as a musical and lyrical form as well as a set of social and cultural practices. Beginning in the Mississippi Delta with the country blues, the course moves roughly chronologically, looking at classic and urban blues, the role of blues language and culture during the Harlem Renaissance, and their 'revival' in Britain in the 1960s. Our aim will be to open up questions surrounding blues transformations and black authenticities, the relationship between blues cultures and the rise of modernism, the racial and sexual coding of both black and white blues, and the ways in which blues sounds and aesthetics have permeated American popular music since the 1920s. Counts as SAGES Departmental Seminar. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

MUHI 315. History of Jazz and American Popular Music. 3 Units.

MUHI 320. Global Pop. 3 Units.
Exploration of popular music practices, particularly rock, pop, and hip hop, outside the United States. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

MUHI 341. Introduction to Historical Performance Practice. 3 Units.
Summary and perspective of the problems and issues associated with the field of historical performance practices. Offered as MUHI 341 and MUHI 441. Prereq: MUHI 301 and MUHI 302.

MUHI 342. Seminar in Historical Performance Practice. 3 Units.
Seminar in a specific instrument and/or vocal area of historical performance practices, such as baroque vocal, instrumental, or keyboard practices. May be repeated because topics vary. Offered as MUHI 342 and MUHI 442. Prereq: MUHI 341 or MUHI 441
MUHI 350. Topics in Music History. 3 Units.
Close study of a theme or aspect of music such as "Music and Gender," "Symphonies of Mahler," and "Wagner's Ring." Offered as MUHI 350 and MUHI 450.

MUHI 390. Undergraduate Seminar in Music History. 3 Units.
An intensive research seminar in music history for music majors. Counts as SAGES Departmental Seminar.

MUHI 395A. Capstone for Music Majors A. 1 Unit.
Not required for the music major, but intended for music majors in concentrations other than Audio Recording who choose to complete a capstone project in music. Course consists of projects varying according to the students’ area of study and interests, but each must include a document of appropriate length and scope and must be presented publicly in an appropriate forum. MUHI 395A guides students through the preliminary stages of the project and preparation of a formal Capstone proposal. Prereq: Successful completion of two of the following courses: MUHI 301, MUHI 302 or MUHI 303; and successful completion of SAGES Writing Portfolio.

MUHI 395B. Capstone for Music Majors B. 2 - 5 Units.
Not required for the music major, but intended for music majors in concentrations other than Audio Recording who choose to complete a capstone project in music. Course consists of projects varying according to students’ area of study and interests, but each must include a document of appropriate length and scope and must be presented publicly in an appropriate forum. MUHI 395B guides students through completion of the project, including the document and public presentation. Prereq: Successful completion of MUHI 395A.

MUHI 399. Undergraduate Independent Studies. 1 - 3 Unit.
Each student develops a topic of interest to be explored with a faculty member.

MUHI 401. Methodologies of Music History. 3 Units.
Introduction to the scholarly study of music, including principles of music bibliography, techniques of library research, and evaluation of editions. Special emphasis given to the relationship between musical performance and research in the history and criticism of music. Attention will also be given to design of program notes and essays. Required of first-year students in the Master of Music degree program.

MUHI 430. Music History for Educators. 3 Units.
Examines the intersections of composers’ musical output as it overlaps with theories of general education, music education, and pedagogy.

MUHI 431. Medieval Music: Early Christian to 1425. 3 Units.
The mass, liturgical drama, and early polyphony through the Ars Nova.

MUHI 432. Music of the Renaissance. 3 Units.
Vocal polyphonic music from the Burgundian school through the Elizabethan madrigal.

MUHI 433. Music of the Baroque. 3 Units.
Musical developments from Monteverdi to Bach and Handel.

MUHI 434. Viennese Classicism. 3 Units.
Development of the symphony, concerto, chamber music, and opera in the works of the Mannheim composers, Haydn, Mozart, and Beethoven.

MUHI 435. Nineteenth Century Music. 3 Units.
Romanticism and other 19th century trends in music up to impressionism.

MUHI 436. Twentieth Century Music. 3 Units.
Critical and analytical study of music since 1900. Examination and discussion of stylistic characteristics and aesthetic aims of contemporary composers.

MUHI 437. Popular Music Studies. 3 Units.
Introduction to the interdisciplinary field of popular music studies, with emphasis on musicological approaches. Analysis of musical signification within the complex cultural contexts shaped by place, history, commerce, and technology.

MUHI 441. Introduction to Historical Performance Practice. 3 Units.
Summary and perspective of the problems and issues associated with the field of historical performance practices. Offered as MUHI 341 and MUHI 441.

MUHI 442. Seminar in Historical Performance Practice. 3 Units.
Seminar in a specific instrument and/or vocal area of historical performance practices, such as baroque vocal, instrumental, or keyboard practices. May be repeated because topics vary. Offered as MUHI 342 and MUHI 442. Prereq: MUHI 341 or MUHI 441

MUHI 443. Medieval/Renaissance Notation. 3 Units.
Theory of chant, modal, mensural, and tablature notations. Practice in making literal transcriptions, editing, and preparing scores for performances.

MUHI 450. Topics in Music History. 3 Units.
Close study of a theme or aspect of music such as "Music and Gender," "Symphonies of Mahler," and "Wagner's Ring." Offered as MUHI 350 and MUHI 450.

MUHI 501. Special Reading (M.A. and M.M.). 1 - 18 Unit.

MUHI 590. Seminar in Musicology. 3 Units.
Problems in musical criticism, aesthetics, and analysis, as well as interdisciplinary methodologies.


MUHI 610. Bibliography and Research Methods in Music. 3 Units.
Seminar in research methods and techniques, stressing the analytic and functional approaches to bibliography.

MUHI 611. Doctor of Musical Arts Seminar. 3 Units.
Recommended preparation: MUHI 610.

MUHI 612. Analysis for Music Historians. 3 Units.
This seminar will be required of all first-year graduate students in Musicology and Historical Performance Practices. It seeks to develop the analytical skills of music historians, deepening their earlier technical training and teaching them how to approach repertories (music before 1700, after 1900, popular music) they are unlikely to have studied in depth previously. In contrast to the instruction offered at CIM, this seminar will present a range of ways in which to bridge between the details of a musical composition and the historical context within which it first appeared. The seminar deals with five case studies, one representative of each of the following repertories: Before 1700 (e.g., Josquin motets, Monteverdi madrigals, Frescobaldi toccatas) 1700-1820 (e.g., Rameau keyboard suites, Beethoven sonatas, Schubert string quartets) 1820-1910 (e.g., Berlioz Symphonie Fantastique, Brahms symphonies, Mahler songs) After 1910 (e.g., Stravinsky Sacre du Printemps, Webern Symphony, Ruth Crawford Seeger String Quartet, Ligeti Etudes) Popular Music (e.g. 12-bar blues, “rhythm changes,” “Round Midnight”) Of these, most students will have received training only in the analysis of music 1700-1820, and that training will have concentrated strictly on harmony and structure, without engagement with cultural context. Each unit of this seminar will proceed from basic grammatical norms for the repertory in question to formal criticism to cultural interpretation.

Prereq: Predoctoral research consent or advanced to Ph.D. candidacy milestone.

MUHI 751. Recital Document I-D.M.A.. 1 - 3 Unit.
MUHI 752. Recital Document II - D.M.A.. 1 - 3 Unit.
MUHI 753. Recital Document III-D.M.A.. 1 - 6 Unit.

MUPM Courses

MUPM 312. History of Rock and Roll. 3 Units.
This course surveys the musical practices of the rock and roll era, broadly defined to include much popular music since the 1950s. Music majors are to enroll in MUHI 312. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement. Prereq: For Non-Music Majors only.

MUPM 215. History and Styles of Jazz. 3 Units.

MUPM 319. Jazz Skills I. 3 Units.
This class is designed to teach students basic skills in jazz improvisation, jazz keyboard, arranging/composition and pedagogy. Basic theory is required. Students will eventually arrange their own composition for big band, which will feature them as the improvising soloist. Prereq: (MUTH 102 and MUTH 106) or MUTH 108 or permission of instructor.

MUPM 320. Jazz Skills II. 3 Units.
This course will build on the foundational skills developed in Jazz Skills I, providing a more intensive study of jazz harmony, improvisation and melodic construction. It is designed to give students an advanced experiential understanding of the theory and performance of jazz.

MUTH Courses

MUTH 101. Harmony-Keyboard I. 2 Units.
Scales, intervals, triads, seventh chords, and their inversions. Harmonization of melodies and basses, chorale study, modulation, analysis. Creative use of material. Correlated and taken concurrently with MUTH 105 and 106. Both aspects of the course must be passed in order to complete requirements.

MUTH 102. Harmony-Keyboard II. 2 Units.
(See MUTH 101.)

MUTH 103. Theory I. 3 Units.
Music theory for the nonmusic major. Intervals, scales, rhythmic drill, sight singing, eartraining, keyboard work, and harmony through inversions of triads and seventh chords. Not open to music majors.

MUTH 104. Theory II. 3 Units.
(See MUTH 103.) Recommended preparation: MUTH 103 or consent of department.

MUTH 107. Theory for Music Majors I. 4 Units.
This course is the first of four semesters of music theory requirements for Case music majors. It will include the study of harmony, analysis, eartraining, and keyboard skills. Recommended preparation: Placement exam through department.

MUTH 108. Theory for Music Majors II. 4 Units.
This course is the second of four semesters of music theory for Case music majors. It includes further study of harmony, analysis, eartraining, sight singing, and keyboard. Recommended preparation: MUTH 107 or placement exam through department.

MUTH 201. Harmony-Keyboard III. 2 Units.
Continuation of MUTH 101 and 102. Chromatically altered triads and 7th chords; 9th, 11th, 13th. Neapolitan and augmented 6th chords, regular and irregular solutions. Correlated and taken concurrently with MUTH 205 and 206. Both aspects of the course must be passed in order to complete requirements. Students cannot earn credit for both MUTH 201/205 and MUTH 207. Recommended preparation: MUTH 102 or placement examination.

MUTH 202. Harmony-Keyboard IV. 4 Units.
(See MUTH 201.) Recommended preparation: MUTH 102 or placement examination.

MUTH 207. Theory for Music Majors III. 4 Units.
This course is the third of four semesters of music theory for music majors. Continued study of harmony, analysis, eartraining, sight singing, and keyboard, including use of dissonance and chromaticism, diatonic modulation. Students cannot earn credit for both MUTH 201/205 and MUTH 207. Recommended preparation: MUTH 108 or placement exam through department.

MUTH 208. Theory for Music Majors IV. 4 Units.
This course is the fourth of four semesters of music theory for CWRU music majors. Continued study of harmony, analysis, ear-training, sight-singing, and keyboard. Use of dissonance and chromaticism, chromatic voice leading technique, tonal and post-tonal topics. Recommended preparation: MUTH 207 or placement exam through department.

MUTH 311. 16th Century Counterpoint. 2 Units.
Sixteenth century modal counterpoint. Exercises in the five species. Writing of short compositions and motets in two, three and four voices. Recommended preparation: MUTH 202 or MUTH 206.

MUTH 312. Eighteenth Century Counterpoint. 3 Units.
Analysis and writing of inventions in two parts, and fugues in three and four parts. Recommended preparation: MUTH 202 or MUTH 206.

MUTH 399. Undergraduate Independent Studies. 1 - 3 Unit.
Each student develops a topic of interest to be explored with a faculty member.

MUTH 400A. Review of Musical Structure. 3 Units.
Introduction of fundamentals of form, counterpoint, and four-part harmony. Designed for graduate students; credit not applicable toward degree requirements.

MUTH 400B. Sightsinging and Eartraining Review. 2 Units.
Background in fundamentals of sight singing in four clefs; melodic and harmonic dictation including chromatic harmony and modulation. Designed for graduate students; credit not applicable toward degree requirements.

MUTH 416. Pre-common Practice Theory and Analysis. 3 Units.
An exploration of treatises and analytical methods appropriate to music of the Medieval and Renaissance eras.

MUTH 422. Musical Analysis for Educators. 3 Units.
Musical Analysis for Educators is designed to strengthen the analysis skills of music educators and explore practical application of these skills. Recommended preparation: Placement exam.
MUTH 424. Introduction to Schenkerian Analysis. 3 Units.

MUTH 495. Seminar in Music Theory. 3 Units.

MUTH 501. Special Reading (M.A. and M.M.). 1 - 18 Unit.

Department of Philosophy

The Department of Philosophy offers an undergraduate major leading to the Bachelor of Arts degree. It also offers minor programs for undergraduates as well as graduate-level courses for candidates for the Master of Arts degree in such fields as biomedical ethics, history, English, mathematics, and the sciences.

The department’s course offerings are designed not only to provide knowledge and skills required for students whose main interest is in philosophy, but also to educate students in general about the intellectual issues that a reflective person is likely to encounter in various contexts of civilized life. The department emphasizes the relevance of philosophy to mathematics, computer science, the natural sciences, the social sciences, the humanities and arts, and law.

The major program in philosophy, besides offering a solid foundation for advanced study in philosophy and enriching programs in other disciplines, develops the skills for analytical and critical thinking, effective communication, and rational decision making needed in a wide range of endeavors. The program thus provides majors with unusual flexibility in the choice of subsequent careers, including law, medicine, and management, while complementing the pursuit of career objectives with a greater perspective and a richer quality of intellectual life.

In collaboration with the Department of History, the department participates in an interdisciplinary major in the History and Philosophy of Science Program (p. 445), leading to the Bachelor of Arts degree. The department also participates in, and contributes courses to, the interdisciplinary minor in artificial intelligence.

Undergraduate Programs

Major

The major consists of 30 hours (ten 3-credit courses) in philosophy, including PHIL 101 Introduction to Philosophy, PHIL 201 Introduction to Logic, PHIL 205 Contemporary Moral Problems, PHIL 301 Ancient Philosophy, PHIL 302 Modern Philosophy, and six other elective philosophy courses to be determined in consultation with the department’s undergraduate advisor. However, a student may request permission to take up to 6 hours (two 3-credit courses) of the required 18 hours of philosophy electives in another field or other fields. Such a request should be supported by considerations showing how the substitution(s) would strengthen the student’s major in philosophy. The advisor must approve the substitution(s) in advance.

Major Required Courses

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PHIL 101</td>
<td>Introduction to Philosophy</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>PHIL 201</td>
<td>Introduction to Logic</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>PHIL 301</td>
<td>Ancient Philosophy</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>PHIL 302</td>
<td>Modern Philosophy</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>PHIL 304</td>
<td>Science and Engineering Ethics</td>
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<tr>
<td>PHIL 305</td>
<td>Ethics</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>PHIL 315</td>
<td>Selected Topics in Philosophy</td>
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Six philosophy electives chosen in consultation with advisor. With permission of advisor, up to 6 hours may be taken outside the department. Only 3 units are permitted to be from a University Seminar. Please contact the department for a current list of University Seminars that may be taken for credit towards the Philosophy major.

Total Units: 30

Departmental Honors

The department offers an honors program for students pursuing a major in philosophy. Students in this program must complete a substantial thesis, pass an oral examination on the thesis, and maintain a B average in philosophy courses. To be eligible for admission, a student should have an overall grade point average of B or better, and a grade of B or better in each philosophy course already taken. A student normally should have taken at least four, and at most seven, philosophy courses at the time of application for admission. An honors student should register for PHIL 399 Directed Study to do honors work. Interested students should apply for admission to the program during the first semester of junior year.

Minor in Philosophy

The department offers a range of possible minor programs, each of which must include PHIL 101 Introduction to Philosophy and four other courses in philosophy at the 200 or 300 level (excluding PHIL 390 Senior Research Seminars in History and Philosophy of Science and PHIL 399 Directed Study), chosen to meet the specific needs of students majoring in other fields. The undergraduate advisor will assist students in devising minor programs.

Required Courses

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
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<th>Units</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PHIL 101</td>
<td>Introduction to Philosophy</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>PHIL 205</td>
<td>Contemporary Moral Problems</td>
<td>3</td>
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<td>or PHIL 206</td>
<td>Contemporary Moral Issues: Experiential</td>
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<tr>
<td>PHIL 305</td>
<td>Ethics</td>
<td>3</td>
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</table>

One Philosophy course chosen in consultation with advisor.

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<tr>
<th>Course</th>
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<th>Units</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PHIL 271</td>
<td>Bioethics: Dilemmas</td>
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<tr>
<td>PHIL 304</td>
<td>Science and Engineering Ethics</td>
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<tr>
<td>PHIL 330</td>
<td>Topics in Ethics</td>
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<tr>
<td>PHIL 315</td>
<td>Selected Topics in Philosophy</td>
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Minor in Ethics

The minor in ethics allows undergraduate students in any field to pursue a concentration of studies in ethics from multiple perspectives: theoretical and practical, philosophical and empirical/interdisciplinary. The goal is to encourage analytical reflection on the principles and situations of ethical action, social, interpersonal, or individual, in historical and contemporary contexts. The ethics minor requires PHIL 101 Introduction to Philosophy, PHIL 205 Contemporary Moral Problems or PHIL 206 Contemporary Moral Issues: Experiential, PHIL 305 Ethics, one other PHIL course at the 200-300 level, and one of several identified courses in a field other than philosophy.

Required Courses

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<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
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<tr>
<td>PHIL 101</td>
<td>Introduction to Philosophy</td>
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<td>PHIL 205</td>
<td>Contemporary Moral Problems</td>
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<td>or PHIL 206</td>
<td>Contemporary Moral Issues: Experiential</td>
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<td>PHIL 304</td>
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<tr>
<td>PHIL 315</td>
<td>Selected Topics in Philosophy</td>
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PHIL 317  War and Morality
PHIL 334  Political and Social Philosophy
PHIL 356  Comparative Philosophy
PHIL 399  Directed Study

One course from the following interdisciplinary list:
BETH 315  International Bioethics: Policy and Practice
RLGN 325  Justice, Religion, and Society
RLGN 330  Classical Jewish Religious Thought
RLGN 350  Jewish Ethics
COGS 272  Morality and Mind
COGS 305  Departmental Seminar: Moral Boundaries and Limits of Science
COGS 365  Advanced Topics in Cognitive Neuroscience
SOCI 349  Social Inequality

Philosophy Capstone
Students may fulfill their SAGES capstone requirement in philosophy by registering for PHIL 399 Directed Study after devising a suitable project in consultation with the undergraduate advisor and the supervising faculty member.

Department Faculty
Laura E. Hengehold, PhD
(Loyola University of Chicago)
Associate Professor and Chair
Political and social philosophy; philosophy of feminism; Foucault; contemporary continental philosophy

Jeremy Bendik-Keymer, PhD
(University of Chicago)
Emil G. Beamer-Hubert H. Schneider Professor in Ethics; Associate Professor
Ethics and moral philosophy; environmental philosophy; philosophy of education; meta-philosophy; history of ethics and moral philosophy

Shannon D. French, PhD
(Brown University)
Inamori Professor of Ethics; Associate Professor
Military ethics; leadership ethics; professional ethics; moral psychology; biomedical and environmental ethics

Chris Haufe, PhD
(Columbia University)
Assistant Professor
Philosophy of science, philosophy of biology

Chin-Tai Kim, PhD
(Harvard University)
Professor
History of philosophy (17th, 18th, and 19th centuries); theory of knowledge; metaphysics; foundations of ethics; phenomenology; comparative philosophy

Colin McLarty, PhD
(Case Western Reserve University)
Truman P. Handy Professor of Philosophy
Logic; philosophy of logic; philosophy of mathematics; philosophy of science; contemporary French philosophy

Adjunct Faculty
Joel Levin, DPhil
(University of Oxford, U.K.)
Adjunct Associate Professor; Adjunct Professor, Case Western Reserve University School of Law
Philosophy of law; political philosophy; ethical theory

Shannon Lundeen, PhD
(Stony Brook University)
Adjunct Associate Professor; Director, Flora Stone Mather Center for Women
Feminist theory; bioethics; sexuality studies; social and political philosophy

Secondary Faculty
Insoo Hyun, PhD
(Brown University)
Associate Professor, Department of Bioethics
Bioethics; moral and political philosophy

Anthony Jack, PhD
(University College London)
Associate Professor, Department of Cognitive Science
Cross-cultural study of theory of mind and moral reasoning

Deepak Sarma, PhD
(University of Chicago)
Professor, Department of Religious Studies
Hinduism; Indian philosophy; philosophy of religion; method and theory

Courses
PHIL 101. Introduction to Philosophy. 3 Units.
Basic problems of philosophy and methods of philosophical thinking. Problems raised by science, morality, religion, politics, and art. Readings from classical and contemporary philosophers. Normally given in multiple sections with different instructors and possibly with different texts. All sections share core materials in theory of knowledge, metaphysics, and ethics despite differences that may exist in emphasis.

PHIL 201. Introduction to Logic. 3 Units.

PHIL 203. Natural Philosophy I. 3 Units.
Historical and philosophical interpretation of some epochal events in development of science. Copernican revolution, Newtonian mechanics, Einstein’s relativity physics, quantum mechanics, and evolutionary theory; patterns of scientific growth; structure of scientific “revolutions;” science and “pseudo-science.” First half of a year-long sequence. Offered as HSTY 203 and PHIL 203.
PHIL 205. Contemporary Moral Problems. 3 Units.
Examination of selected contemporary moral problems and contemporary faces of perennial moral problems such as: when, if ever, lying is justified; the value of honesty and of confidentiality; under what circumstances, if any, various types of killing (suicide, execution, in war, euthanasia, killing of lower animals or ecosystems) are justified. Additional moral problems raised by new knowledge (such as genetic information) or new technology (such as rights to digital information), and responsible uses of these and other sources of power. Clarification of the concepts of value, ethical evaluation and justification, ethical argument, moral relevance, and the notion of a moral problem itself. Readings will draw on classical and contemporary sources in philosophy.

PHIL 206. Contemporary Moral Issues: Experiential. 3 Units.
What is good and how is it different from evil? How do you know when you have done the right thing? Is there an absolute grounding to morality? What is the role of reason in our lives? What is human nature? Are human beings essentially creatures of emotion? What bearing do these questions have on our basic moral determinations of good and evil? How are all these questions related to concerns about personal identity? Using sources from different eras and schools of philosophic thought, students will become more informed about the intricacies involved in thinking clearly about these issues.

PHIL 221. Indian Philosophy. 3 Units.
A survey of Indian philosophical thought with emphasis on the Vedas, early Hindu, and Jain literature. Offered as PHIL 221 and RLGN 221. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

PHIL 225. Evolution. 3 Units.
Multidisciplinary study of the course and processes of organic evolution provides a broad understanding of the evolution of structural and functional diversity, the relationships among organisms and their environments, and the phylogenetic relationships among major groups of organisms. Topics include the genetic basis of micro- and macro-evolutionary change, the concept of adaptation, natural selection, population dynamics, theories of species formation, principles of phylogenetic inference, biogeography, evolutionary rates, evolutionary convergence, homology, Darwinian medicine, and conceptual and philosophic issues in evolutionary theory. Offered as ANTH 225, BIOL 225, EEPS 225, HSTY 225, and PHIL 225.

PHIL 270. Introduction to Gender Studies. 3 Units.
This course introduces women and men students to the methods and concepts of gender studies, women's studies, and feminist theory. An interdisciplinary course, it covers approaches used in literary criticism, history, philosophy, political science, sociology, anthropology, psychology, film studies, cultural studies, art history, and religion. It is the required introductory course for students taking the women's and gender studies major. Offered as ENGL 270, HSTY 270, PHIL 270, RLGN 270, SOCI 201, and WGST 201. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement. Prereq: ENGL 150 or passing letter grade in a 100 level first year seminar in USFS, FSCC, FSNA, FSSO, FSSY, FSTS, FSCS.

PHIL 271. Bioethics: Dilemmas. 3 Units.
We have the genetic technology to change nature and human nature, but should we? We have the medical technology to extend almost any human life, but is this always good? Should we clone humans? Should we allow doctor-assisted suicide for the terminally ill? This course invites students from all academic disciplines and fields to examine current and future issues in bioethics—e.g., theory and methods in bioethics; death and dying; organ transplantation; genetics; aging and dementia; fertility and reproduction; distributive justice in health care access. The course will include guest lecturers from nationally-known Bioethics faculty. Offered as BETH 271, PHIL 271.
PHIL 315. Selected Topics in Philosophy. 3 Units.
Examination of views of a major philosopher or philosophical school, a significant philosophical topic, or a topic that relates to philosophy and other discipline. Recommended preparation: PHIL 101. Offered as PHIL 315 and PHIL 415. Counts as SAGES Departmental Seminar.

PHIL 316. African Political Thought. 3 Units.
Introduction to select themes in the work of contemporary African philosophers, with special emphasis on political thought. In this course, students will learn something about factors affecting the creation and flow of knowledge and ideas about Africa and discuss the relative importance of the "nation-state" as an idea in Europe, pre-colonial Africa, and postcolonial Africa. Offered as PHIL 316/416 and ETHS 316/416. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement. Prereq: PHIL 101.

PHIL 317. War and Morality. 3 Units.
The aim of this course is to explore a wide range of ethical issues relating to the decision to take a nation to war, how wars are conducted, and efforts to establish order in the wake of a conflict. Topics include the Just War tradition, pacifism, humanitarian intervention, moral repair and the establishment of a just peace, conduct of war, warrior codes, warrior transitions, and civil-military relations. We will be examining the ethics of war from the perspectives of both states and individuals. War is a crucible that strips those caught up in its horrors down to their fundamental selves inspiring acts of both inhuman depravity and seemingly superhuman nobility. This course is presented in a seminar format with lively discussions centering on contemporary readings in military ethics from texts and journals. Offered as PHIL 317, PHIL 417, and LAWS 5135.

PHIL 320. The Phenomenological Tradition. 3 Units.
The background of phenomenology: Descartes, Kant, and Brentano. The epistemological rationale of Husserl's phenomenology and its ontological implications; the powers and limits of the phenomenological method. Heidegger's transformation of phenomenology to interpretive ontology of human existence. The development of interpretation theory as the foundation of all human existence. The development of interpretation theory as the foundation of all human sciences in Gadamer and Ricoeur. Recommended preparation: PHIL 101. Offered as PHIL 320 and PHIL 420.

PHIL 321. Advanced Indian Philosophy. 3 Units.
We will closely examine a limited number of texts in Jain, Hindu, and/or Buddhist philosophy. Our concern will be the methods, presuppositions, arguments, and goals of these schools and trajectories of thought. What were their theories on the nature of the person, the nature of reality, and the nature and process of knowing? What were the debates between the schools and the major points of controversy? We will spend the majority of time analyzing the arguments or positions as they are found in primary texts (in translation). We will rely on the primary sources found in Sarma Introduction to Classical Indian Philosophy as well as PDFs provided by the instructor. Students will read texts out loud in class and will be expected to comment on the passage or passages. Students are expected to use outside sources in their preparations. The goal of the class is to continue to learn how to make and write arguments against (or in support of) the various positions using the prasangika (reductio ad absurdum) method. The papers are rigorous ones and require the student to present the position and then to posit arguments against it, finding internal incoherences. This is a writing-intensive class. Students will continue to learn how to write as per the genre of Indian philosophy. Offered as RLGN 321 and PHIL 321. Prereq: RLGN 221 or PHIL 221.

PHIL 325. Philosophy of Feminism. 3 Units.

PHIL 330. Topics in Ethics. 3 Units.
Examination of views in ethics of a major philosopher or philosophical school, a significant philosophical topic in ethics, or a topic that relates ethics to philosophy and another discipline. Recommended preparation: PHIL 101, PHIL 102, or PHIL 205. Offered as PHIL 330 and PHIL 430.

PHIL 332. Classical Jewish Religious Thought. 3 Units.
The thought of some major biblical and Rabbinic writings and of the classic age of medieval Jewish philosophy. Offered as JDST 330, PHIL 332, and RLGN 330.

PHIL 333. Philosophy of Religion. 3 Units.
Topics include: classical and contemporary arguments for God's existence; divine foreknowledge and human freedom; the problem of evil and theodicy; nature and significance of religious experience; mysticism; varieties of religious metaphysics; knowledge, belief and faith; nature of religious discourse. Readings from traditional and contemporary sources. Recommended preparation for PHIL 433 and RLGN 433: PHIL 101 or RLGN 102. Offered as PHIL 333, RLGN 333, PHIL 333, and RLGN 433.

PHIL 334. Political and Social Philosophy. 3 Units.
Justification of social institutions, primarily political ones. Such distinctions as that between de facto and legitimate authority; analysis of criteria for evaluation, such as social justice and equality; inquiry into theories of justification of the state; theory of democratic government and its alternatives. Readings from classical and contemporary sources. Recommended preparation: PHIL 101. Offered as PHIL 334, POSC 354, PHIL 434, and POSC 454.

PHIL 335. Philosophy of Law. 3 Units.
This is an examination of the general nature of law, the broad concerns of jurisprudence, the study of comparative law, and many of the issues raised in the literature of legal philosophy. Students will examine the principles of legal positivism, mitigated natural law, and rights theory. Selected readings and cases will illustrate these theories, which will also be examined in the context of rule selection by new governments in developing or revolutionary societies. The course also looks at the general nature of legal systems: how politics, morality, and individual views of justice and rights affect particular court cases and the course and development of law generally. Topics will include abortion, obscenity and sin, civil disobedience, affirmative action, surrogacy, and the death penalty. This is unlike any other of the legal theory or jurisprudence courses, and those who have sampled legal theory elsewhere in a different form are welcome and encouraged to enroll. Recommended preparation: PHIL 101. Offered as LAWS 353, PHIL 335, and PHIL 435.

PHIL 345. Epistemology and Metaphysics. 3 Units.
Traditional problems of epistemology, such as definition of knowledge, justification of belief, nature of evidence and foundationalism, skepticism, the a priori, and the role of sense perception in knowledge. Metaphysical presuppositions and implications of epistemological views. Forms of realism and anti-realism. Recommended preparation: PHIL 101. Offered as PHIL 345 and PHIL 445.
PHIL 355. 19th and Early 20th Century Philosophy. 3 Units.
History of philosophy after Kant up to and including logical empiricism. Interpretation and comparison of important philosophers and philosophical schools of the period in terms of common methods, problems, themes, doctrines, and ideologies. Emphasis on Schopenhauer, Hegel, Kierkegaard, Marx, and Nietzsche. Recommended preparation: PHIL 101. Offered as PHIL 355 and PHIL 455.

PHIL 356. Comparative Philosophy. 3 Units.
Philosophy in the etymological sense of the term, love of wisdom, subsumes ontological, ethical and epistemological inquires addressing fundamental questions about reality, the place of humans in that reality, the values of things and human obligations, and the sources of knowledge. The major purpose of this course is to discover, understand, explicate and articulate the affinities and differences in the way the fundamental questions are addressed in different cultural contexts, thereby to appreciate the cross-cultural kinship among human minds as well as to be challenged by the differences that may engender conflicts. We will explore the possibility of building a trans-cultural meta-cultural meta-discourse in which thinkers from many traditions can participate on equal footing. We will come to face up to the question whether truly universal philosophy is possible, upon what conditions. Representative texts from the Western, Chinese and Buddhist traditions including selected works of Plato, Aristotle, Augustine, Descartes, Kant, Nietzsche, Heidegger, Lao Tzu, Confucius, Chuang Tzu, Dhammapada of the Buddha and D. Suzuki's Zen Buddhism will be read. Offered as PHIL 356 and PHIL 456. Counts for CAS Global Cultural Diversity Requirement. Prereq: PHIL 101 or requisites not met permission.

PHIL 360. Science and Society. 3 Units.
This course examines the complex ethical and other value relationships that exist between science and society. Students will be encouraged to question the simplistic view that science proceeds independently of societal values and contentious ethical commitments. A range of other social factors, such as ethical belief systems, political forces, and large-scale financial interests all influence new scientific and technological developments. In order to illuminate each of these larger themes, this course focuses on three exciting areas of scientific inquiry: stem cell research; synthetic biology; and nanotechnology. Each of these contentious scientific fields provides an excellent view into the challenging ethical, cultural, social, political, and economic issues that will face students, both as scholars and as citizens. No prior technical knowledge is necessary for any of these scientific areas. All relevant scientific information will be provided during the course by the professor. Offered as BETH 360 and PHIL 360.

PHIL 367. Topics in Evolutionary Biology. 3 Units.
The focus for this course on a special topic of interest in evolutionary biology will vary from one offering to the next. Examples of possible topics include theories of speciation, the evolution of language, the evolution of sex, evolution and biodiversity, molecular evolution. ANAT/ANTH/EEPS/PHIL/PHOL 467/BIOL 468 will require a longer, more sophisticated term paper, and additional class presentation. Offered as ANTH 367, BIOL 368, EEPS 367, PHIL 367, ANAT 467, ANTH 467, BIOL 468, EEPS 467, PHIL 467 and PHOL 467. Prereq: PHIL 225 or equivalent.

PHIL 368. Evolutionary Biology Capstone. 3 Units.
This course focuses on a special topic of interest in evolutionary biology that will vary from one offering to the next. Examples of possible topics include theories of speciation, the evolution of language, the evolution of sex, evolution and biodiversity, molecular evolution. Students will participate in discussions and lead class seminars on evolutionary topics and in collaboration with an advisor or advisors, select a topic for a research paper or project. Each student will write a major research report or complete a major project and will make a public presentation of her/his findings. Offered as ANTH 368, BIOL 369, and PHIL 368. Counts as SAGES Senior Capstone.

PHIL 371. Advanced Bioethics. 3 Units.
This course offers upper-level instruction on many key bioethical issues introduced in BETH/PHIL 271. The class follows a discussion-intensive seminar format. Students begin with an in-depth analysis of ethical issues surrounding the conduct of clinical trials, both within the U.S. and through U.S.-sponsored research abroad. Next students examine the philosophical and practical challenges involved in medical decision making for adults and pediatric patients. This course concludes by addressing the broader ethical problem of what duties we owe to future generations in terms of our reproductive choices and the allocation of health-related public expenditures. Each of these general topic areas - clinical trials, medical decision making, and future generations - is of crucial importance for all students whether one plans to enter a career in biomedical research, the healthcare professions, or some other career path. Everyone is a potential patient or the family member of a potential patient. The topics covered in Advanced Bioethics will help prepare students to become responsible participants in an increasingly complex biomedical world. Offered as BETH 371 and PHIL 371. Prereq: BETH 271 or PHIL 271.

PHIL 373. Intelligence and Cognition. 3 Units.
This course will focus on the notion and meaning of intelligence. What is intelligence? How is it measured, and are these measures adequate to the task? Is there more than one kind of intelligence? What is the relationship between individuals, genetic factors, biological factors, and socio-cultural-economic factors in the development of intelligence? How are language and thought related to intelligence? What is the difference between intelligence and talent? Intelligence seems to be necessary for culture, art, religious belief, the creation of theories and the quest for knowledge, truth and morality; thus intelligence is a necessary condition for the study of itself. To attempt to understand intelligence is an undertaking in which we will ask questions about the self and the common nature of humanity, while simultaneously examining the abilities of animals and machines. What is the mark of intelligence? Recommended preparation: PHIL 101 or COGS 201. Offered as COGS 373 and PHIL 373.
PHIL 375. Issues in Aesthetics. 3 Units.
This course will seek to offer insight into the nature of artistic expression, the role of criticism in the arts, and the place of the arts in society. The term "arts" will be construed broadly to include painting, photography, theater, film, music, dance, poetry, etc. The following are examples of questions we will discuss. Does the term "beautiful" mean? Are there other measures of aesthetic value besides beauty? Do the arts, like the sciences, offer us knowledge of the world? What value do the arts have for society? Can aesthetic value conflict with moral value? Do artists have a responsibility to society? Should art ever be censored? What is the relationship between art and entertainment? Is the meaning and value of an artistic work a matter of individual opinion? What is the purpose of art criticism? How are interpretations and evaluations of art influenced by race, gender, class, etc.? What is creativity in the arts? Does it differ from creativity in the sciences? How important is originality in art? Offered as PHIL 375 and PHIL 475. Prereq: PHIL 101 or requisite not met permission.

PHIL 381. Philosophy and Cognitive Neuroscience. 3 Units.
This course will focus on the various methodologies used in the cognitive neurosciences, and explore their strengths and weaknesses from scientific and philosophical standpoints. We will begin by examining baseline measures (including IQ tests, tasks of cognitive flexibility, verbal and visual memory, causal/sequential thinking and narrative tasks) and their experimental design. Lesion methods will follow, with an eye toward understanding the strength of inferences that can be drawn from such data. The course will also focus on imaging techniques (CAT, PET, SPECT, IMRI, TMS, etc.) as well as measures of electrical activity such as EEG and single-cell recordings. Students will become familiar with many fundamental assumptions necessary for the implementation of each method, and philosophical questions associated with these endeavors and their potential impact on our knowledge and society. Recommended preparation: PHIL 101 or COGS 201. Offered as COGS 381 and PHIL 381.

PHIL 385. Philosophy of Language. 3 Units.

PHIL 390. Senior Research Seminars in History and Philosophy of Science. 3 Units.
Directed independent research seminar for seniors who are majors in the History and Philosophy of Science program. The goal of the course is to develop and demonstrate command of B.A.-level factual content, methodologies, research strategies, historiography, and theory relevant to the field of history of science and/or philosophy of science. The course includes both written and oral components. Offered as HSTY 380 and PHIL 390. Counts as SAGES Senior Capstone.

PHIL 394. Seminar in Evolutionary Biology. 3 Units.
This seminar investigates 20th-century evolutionary theory, especially the Modern Evolutionary synthesis and subsequent expansions of and challenges to that synthesis. The course encompasses the multidisciplinary nature of the science of evolution, demonstrating how disciplinary background influences practitioners' conceptualizations of pattern and process. This course emphasizes practical writing and research skills, including formulation of testable theses, grant proposal techniques, and the implementation of original research using the facilities on campus and at the Cleveland Museum of Natural History. Offered as ANTH 394, BIOL 394, EEPS 394, HSTY 394, PHIL 394, ANTH 494, BIOL 494, EEPS 494, HSTY 494, and PHIL 494.

PHIL 396. Undergraduate Research in Evolutionary Biology. 3 Units.
Students propose and conduct guided research on an aspect of evolutionary biology. The research will be sponsored and supervised by a member of the CASE faculty or other qualified professional. A written report must be submitted to the Evolutionary Biology Steering Committee before credit is granted. Offered as ANTH 396, BIOL 396, EEPS 396, and PHIL 396.

PHIL 399. Directed Study. 3 Units.
Under faculty supervision, students will undertake a project that demonstrates critical thinking, has clear goals, features periodic reporting of progress, and will result in a final report and public presentation. Counts as SAGES Senior Capstone.

PHIL 403. Topics in Philosophy of Science. 3 Units.
In-depth study of selected topics in general philosophy of science or philosophy of physical, biological, or social science. Topics may include: theories of explanation, prediction, and confirmation; semantics of scientific language; reductionism; space, time and relativity; philosophical issues about quantum mechanics; philosophical issues about life sciences (e.g., evolution, teleology, and functional explanation); explanation and understanding in social sciences; value in social science. Recommended preparation: PHIL 101 or PHIL 201 or PHIL 203. Offered as PHIL 303 and PHIL 403.

PHIL 404. Science and Engineering Ethics. 3 Units.
This course prepares students to recognize ethical problems that commonly arise in the scientific and engineering workplace, to understand ethical concepts, to evaluate ethical arguments, and to critically examine responses to problems and their ethical ramifications. It addresses questions such as: What are the criteria of fairness in crediting contributions to research? How safe is safe enough? What are professional responsibilities, and how do they change over time? What is research misconduct? When is ignorance culpable? What is intellectual property and what protections does it deserve? When is biological testing of workers justified? What are responsible ways of raising concerns, and what supports do good organizations give for raising them? What treatment counts as harassment or as an expression of prejudice? What are good means for controlling it? What are scientists' and engineers' responsibilities for environmental protection? What is a "conflict of interest" and how is it controlled? What protections for human research subjects are warranted? What, if any, use of animals in research is justified? Recommended preparation: PHIL 101 or PHIL 201 or PHIL 205. Offered as PHIL 304 and PHIL 404.

PHIL 405. Ethics. 3 Units.
Analysis of ethical theories and concepts of goodness, right, and obligation. Discussion of nature of justice, problem of justification of moral principles, and relation between facts and values. Recommended preparation: PHIL 101, PHIL 102 or PHIL 205. Offered as PHIL 305 and PHIL 405.

PHIL 406. Mathematical Logic and Model Theory. 3 Units.
Propositional calculus and quantification theory; consistency and completeness theorems; Gödel incompleteness results and their philosophical significance; introduction to basic concepts of model theory; problems of formulation of arguments in philosophy and the sciences. Offered as PHIL 306, MATH 406 and PHIL 406.

PHIL 413. Philosophy of Mathematics. 3 Units.
Logical paradoxes and their effects on foundations of mathematics. Status of mathematical entities and nature of mathematical truths. Formalist, logicalist, and intuitionist positions. Recommended preparation: PHIL 101 or PHIL 201. Offered as PHIL 313 and PHIL 413.
PHIL 415. Selected Topics in Philosophy. 3 Units.
Examination of views of a major philosopher or philosophical school, a significant philosophical topic, or a topic that relates to philosophy and other discipline. Recommended preparation: PHIL 101. Offered as PHIL 315 and PHIL 415. Counts as SAGES Departmental Seminar.

PHIL 416. African Political Thought. 3 Units.
Introduction to select themes in the work of contemporary African philosophers, with special emphasis on political thought. In this course, students will learn something about factors affecting the creation and flow of knowledge and ideas about Africa and discuss the relative importance of the "nation-state" as an idea in Europe, pre-colonial Africa, and postcolonial Africa. Offered as PHIL 316/416 and ETHS 316/416. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

PHIL 417. War and Morality. 3 Units.
The aim of this course is to explore a wide range of ethical issues relating to the decision to take a nation to war, how wars are conducted, and efforts to establish order in the wake of a conflict. Topics include the Just War tradition, pacifism, humanitarian intervention, moral repair and the establishment of a just peace, conduct of war, warrior codes, warrior transitions, and civil-military relations. We will be examining the ethics of war from the perspectives of both states and individuals. War is a crucible that strips those caught up in its horrors down to their fundamental selves inspiring acts of both inhuman depravity and seemingly superhuman nobility. This course is presented in a seminar format with lively discussions centering on contemporary readings in military ethics from texts and journals. Offered as PHIL 317, PHIL 417, and LAWS 5135.

PHIL 420. The Phenomenological Tradition. 3 Units.
The background of phenomenology: Descartes, Kant, and Brentano. The epistemological rationale of Husserl's phenomenology and its ontological implications; the powers and limits of the phenomenological method. Heidegger's transformation of phenomenology to interpretive ontology of human existence. The development of interpretation theory as the foundation of all human existence. The development of interpretation theory as the foundation of all human sciences in Gadamer and Ricoeur. Recommended preparation: PHIL 101. Offered as PHIL 320 and PHIL 420.

PHIL 425. Philosophy of Feminism. 3 Units.
Dimensions of gender difference. Definition of feminism. Critical examination of feminist critiques of culture, including especially politics, ideology, epistemology, ethics, and psychology. Readings from traditional and contemporary sources. Offered as PHIL 325, PHIL 425 and WGST 325. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

PHIL 430. Topics in Ethics. 3 Units.
Examination of views in ethics of a major philosopher or philosophical school, a significant philosophical topic in ethics, or a topic that relates ethics to philosophy and another discipline. Recommended preparation: PHIL 101, PHIL 102, or PHIL 205. Offered as PHIL 330 and PHIL 430.

PHIL 433. Philosophy of Religion. 3 Units.
Topics include: classical and contemporary arguments for God's existence; divine foreknowledge and human freedom; the problem of evil and theodicy; nature and significance of religious experience; mysticism; varieties of religious metaphysics; knowledge, belief and faith; nature of religious discourse. Readings from traditional and contemporary sources. Recommended preparation for PHIL 433 and RLGN 433: PHIL 101 or RLGN 102. Offered as PHIL 333, RLGN 333, PHIL 433, and RLGN 433.

PHIL 434. Political and Social Philosophy. 3 Units.
Justification of social institutions, primarily political ones. Such distinctions as that between de facto and legitimate authority; analysis of criteria for evaluation, such as social justice and equality; inquiry into theories of justification of the state; theory of democratic government and its alternatives. Readings from classical and contemporary sources. Recommended preparation: PHIL 101. Offered as PHIL 334, POSC 354, PHIL 434, and POSC 454.

PHIL 435. Philosophy of Law. 3 Units.
This is an examination of the general nature of law, the broad concerns of jurisprudence, the study of comparative law, and many of the issues raised in the literature of legal philosophy. Students will examine the principles of legal positivism, mitigated natural law, and rights theory. Selected readings and cases will illustrate these theories, which will also be examined in the context of rule selection by new governments in developing or revolutionary societies. The course also looks at the general nature of legal systems: how politics, morality, and individual views of justice and rights affect particular court cases and the course and development of law generally. Topics will include abortion, obscenity and sin, civil disobedience, affirmative action, surrogatehood, and the death penalty. This is unlike any other of the legal theory or jurisprudence courses, and those who have sampled legal theory elsewhere in a different form are welcome and encouraged to enroll. Recommended preparation: PHIL 101. Offered as LAWS 353, PHIL 335, and PHIL 435.

PHIL 445. Epistemology and Metaphysics. 3 Units.
Traditional problems of epistemology, such as definition of knowledge, justification of belief, nature of evidence and foundationalism, skepticism, the a priori, and the role of sense perception in knowledge. Metaphysical presuppositions and implications of epistemological views. Forms of realism and anti-realism. Recommended preparation: PHIL 101. Offered as PHIL 345 and PHIL 445.

PHIL 455. 19th and Early 20th Century Philosophy. 3 Units.
History of philosophy after Kant up to and including logical empiricism. Interpretation and comparison of important philosophers and philosophical schools of the period in terms of common methods, problems, themes, doctrines, and ideologies. Emphasis on Schopenhauer, Hegel, Kierkegaard, Marx, and Nietzsche. Recommended preparation: PHIL 101. Offered as PHIL 355 and PHIL 455.

PHIL 456. Comparative Philosophy. 3 Units.
Philosophy in the etymological sense of the term, love of wisdom, subsumes ontological, ethical and epistemological inquires addressing fundamental questions about reality, the place of humans in that reality, the values of things and human obligations, and the sources of knowledge. The major purpose of this course is to discover, understand, explicate and articulate the affinities and differences in the way the fundamental questions are addressed in different cultural contexts, thereby to appreciate the cross-cultural kinship among human minds as well as to be challenged by the differences that may engender conflicts. We will explore the possibility of building a trans-cultural meta-cultural meta-discourse in which thinkers from many traditions can participate on equal footing. We will come to face up to the question whether truly universal philosophy is possible, upon what conditions. Representative texts from the Western, Chinese and Buddhist traditions including selected works of Plato, Aristotle, Augustine, Descartes, Kant, Nietzsche, Heidegger, Lao Tzu, Confucius, Chuang Tzu, Dhammapada of the Buddha and D. Suzuki's Zen Buddhism will be read. Offered as PHIL 356 and PHIL 456. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.
PHIL 467. Topics in Evolutionary Biology. 3 Units.
The focus for this course on a special topic of interest in evolutionary biology will vary from one offering to the next. Examples of possible topics include theories of speciation, the evolution of language, the evolution of sex, evolution and biodiversity, molecular evolution. ANAT/ANTH/EEPS/PHIL/PHOL 467/BIOL 468 will require a longer, more sophisticated term paper, and additional class presentation. Offered as ANTH 367, BIOL 368, EEPS 367, PHIL 367, ANAT 467, ANTH 467, BIOL 468, EEPS 467, PHIL 467, PHIL 467.

PHIL 475. Issues in Aesthetics. 3 Units.
This course will seek to offer insight into the nature of artistic expression, the role of criticism in the arts, and the place of the arts in society. The term "arts" will be construed broadly to include painting, photography, theater, film, music, dance, poetry, etc. The following are examples of questions we will discuss. What does the term "beautiful" mean? Are there other measures of aesthetic value besides beauty? Do the arts, like the sciences, offer us knowledge of the world? What value do the arts have for society? Can aesthetic value conflict with moral value? Do artists have a responsibility to society? Should art ever be censored? What is the relationship between art and entertainment? Is the meaning and value of an artistic work a matter of individual opinion? What is the purpose of art critics? How are interpretations and evaluations of art influenced by race, gender, class, etc.? What is creativity in the arts? Does it differ from creativity in the sciences? How important is originality in art? Offered as PHIL 375 and PHIL 475.

PHIL 485. Philosophy of Language. 3 Units.
Nature of language; problems of meaning, reference, and truth. Offered as PHIL 385 and PHIL 485.

PHIL 494. Seminar in Evolutionary Biology. 3 Units.
This seminar investigates 20th-century evolutionary theory, especially the Modern Evolutionary synthesis and subsequent expansions of and challenges to that synthesis. The course encompasses the multidisciplinary nature of the science of evolution, demonstrating how disciplinary background influences practitioners’ conceptualizations of pattern and process. This course emphasizes practical writing and research skills, including formulation of testable theses, grant proposal techniques, and the implementation of original research using the facilities on campus and at the Cleveland Museum of Natural History. Offered as ANTH 394, BIOL 394, EEPS 394, HSTY 394, PHIL 394, ANTH 494, BIOL 494, EEPS 494, HSTY 494, and PHIL 494.

PHIL 499. Independent Study MA Level. 1 - 3 Unit.
This course enables graduate students in departments or interdisciplinary programs with an MA to pursue intensive directed study with a faculty member in Philosophy. Students should consult with the Instructor and with their MA director or graduate program director before enrolling. Prereq: Graduate Standing.

PHIL 699. Advanced Tutorial and Dissertation for Candidates in fields related to Philosophy. 1 - 3 Unit.
This course enables students in departments offering the Ph.D. to pursue intensive directed study with a faculty member in Philosophy, on philosophical aspects of their dissertation topic. Students should consult with the instructor and with their dissertation director before enrolling.

Department of Physics

The Department of Physics offers programs leading to the following undergraduate degrees: Bachelor of Arts, Bachelor of Science in physics, Bachelor of Science in mathematics and physics, and Bachelor of Science in engineering with an engineering physics major. Associated with the Bachelor of Science in physics degree are optional concentrations in mathematical physics and in biophysics. The department also offers the graduate degrees Master of Science and Doctor of Philosophy, as well as a unique master’s degree in entrepreneurship.

All of these programs involve the study of the basic laws of nature and the properties of energy and matter in their various forms. The curriculum reflects the varied interests of the faculty and will prepare students for a wide range of future activities. At the undergraduate level, open electives and engineering physics concentration area courses tailor the programs to the student’s interests and career plans. Employment opportunities at the bachelor’s level include research, development, and technical assistance (engineering, computer programming, management) in industrial, government, and university settings.

A similar flexibility exists in the first few years of graduate study. The research leading to the PhD degree normally centers on a specific area of physics. However, even at this stage, the broad background and training characteristic of a physics degree are emphasized.

BA in Physics (p. 357) | BS in Physics (p. 357) | BSE in Engineering Physics (p. 357) | BS Math and Physics (p. 358) | Minor (p. 358)

Undergraduate Programs

Majors

Course requirements and typical schedules for the majors are summarized in the Plan of Study Grids (click the button above).

Bachelor of Arts in Physics

The BA physics major includes a large number of elective courses, making it easy for the student to pursue other interests or complete a second major while earning a degree in physics.

Teacher Licensure Option

The Physics Department offers a special option for undergraduate students who wish to pursue a physics major and a career in teaching. The Adolescent to Young Adult (AYA) Teacher Education Program in Physical Sciences prepares CWRU students to receive an Ohio Teaching License for grades 7-12. Students declare a second major in education - which involves 34 hours in Education and practicum requirements - and complete a planned sequence of physics courses within the context of the BA Physics major. The program is designed to offer several unique features not found in other programs and to place students in mentored teaching situations throughout their teacher preparation career. This small, rigorous program is designed to capitalize on the strengths of CWRU’s Physics Department, its Teacher Education Program, and the relationships the university has built with area schools. (For details on education course work, see the program description for Teacher Licensure (p. 453) elsewhere in this bulletin.)

Bachelor of Science in Physics

The BS degree has two alternatives to the standard program: a mathematical physics concentration and a biophysics concentration.

BSE Degree in Engineering Physics

The BSE degree in engineering physics supplies an excellent background for graduate studies in physics, but is also designed for students who value an engineering credential and who are considering a career in engineering, either through employment following the BSE or through engineering graduate studies. This degree is awarded by
the Case School of Engineering and includes the Engineering Core Curriculum. The technical electives in this program are concentrated in any of sixteen specific engineering areas.

**BS in Mathematics and Physics**

The BS in mathematics and physics is a single degree for students interested in advanced mathematics and theoretical physics. This degree is distinct from the mathematical physics concentration in the BS in physics degree. The program is jointly administered by the Department of Physics and the Department of Mathematics, Applied Mathematics, and Statistics. Students may be advised by faculty members from either department.

All BS, BA, and BSE candidates complete a year-long senior project in which they work one-on-one with a faculty researcher, write a senior thesis, and present their work in public.

**Minor**

Course requirements for the minor in physics are as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PHYS 121</td>
<td>General Physics I - Mechanics</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>or</td>
<td>PHYS 116 Introductory Physics II</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>or</td>
<td>PHYS 123 Physics and Frontiers I - Mechanics</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PHYS 122</td>
<td>General Physics II - Electricity and Magnetism</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>or</td>
<td>PHYS 116 Introductory Physics II</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>or</td>
<td>PHYS 124 Physics and Frontiers II - Electricity and Magnetism</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PHYS 221</td>
<td>Introduction to Modern Physics</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Two of the following courses:</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PHYS 301</td>
<td>Advanced Laboratory Physics I</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PHYS 310</td>
<td>Classical Mechanics</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PHYS 313</td>
<td>Thermodynamics and Statistical Mechanics</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PHYS 315</td>
<td>Introduction to Solid State Physics</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PHYS 316</td>
<td>Introduction to Nuclear and Particle Physics</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PHYS 324</td>
<td>Electricity and Magnetism I</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PHYS 326</td>
<td>Physical Optics</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PHYS 327</td>
<td>Laser Physics</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PHYS 328</td>
<td>Cosmology and the Structure of the Universe</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>or</td>
<td>PHYS 336 Modern Cosmology</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PHYS 331</td>
<td>Introduction to Quantum Mechanics I</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PHYS 332</td>
<td>Introduction to Quantum Mechanics II</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total Units</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td>17</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* The Case School of Engineering has a policy stating that “no more than two courses taken for the minor may be used simultaneously to satisfy the requirements of the student’s major field, including departmental requirements, technical electives and the Engineering Core.” Thus, engineering students may have to choose between using physics courses as technical electives or counting them as part of a minor in physics.

**Graduate Programs**

The Department of Physics offers programs of study and research leading to both the Master of Science and the Doctor of Philosophy degrees. Graduate assistantships are available for the full-time support of qualified students. All MS programs in physics, with or without a thesis, normally can be completed in less than two years. The requirements for the PhD degree in physics include a flexible program of courses that typically is completed within three years, and a concurrent program of directed research with less course work and more research in each succeeding year.

**Master of Science in Entrepreneurship**

In addition to a traditional physics program, the department has created a Physics Entrepreneurship master’s degree program, which is part of the university’s larger Science and Technology Entrepreneurship Program. This two-year program is designed to empower physicists as entrepreneurs. It enables students and graduates to build on their physics skills to start new high-tech businesses or to launch new product lines in existing companies. The program provides top-level academic instruction and real-world entrepreneurial experience while connecting students with the business executives and leaders, experts, and venture capitalists who are crucial to success in start-up and growing ventures.

**Doctor of Philosophy**

For the PhD degree, the student is required to pass a general qualifying examination in physics, which is normally taken after the first year of study, and a topical oral examination within one year of joining a research group. The student must then prepare a dissertation based on the results of independent research. There is no foreign language requirement. Research pursuant to any of the graduate degree programs in physics may be carried out in five areas:

- **Condensed Matter Physics.** An extensive experimental and theoretical program in the electronic properties of solids; quantum liquids; mesoscopic physics; localization and quantum Hall effect; the physics of polymers, liquid crystals, and complex fluids; thin films; fluids dynamics; materials synthesis; the physics of surfaces and interfaces; electronic structure of materials and their defects; vibrational properties of solids (phonons); magnetism and magnetic materials; nano- and organic electronics.

- **Particle/Astrophysics and Cosmology.** The experimental efforts in this area include the study of the nature of dark matter in the universe, observations of high-energy gamma rays and cosmic rays, and measurements of the cosmic microwave background. Theoretical studies include the cosmic microwave background, gravitational lensing, dark matter, dark energy, structure formation, neutrino astrophysics, topological defects, phase transitions, inflation, non-gaussianities, gravitational waves, black holes, extra dimensions, modified gravity, and tests of General Relativity.

The Center for Education and Research in Cosmology and Astrophysics (CERCA) comprises groups from the Departments of Physics and Astronomy and the Cleveland Museum of Natural History. The center organizes international conferences, hosts visitors and lectures, and supports students and faculty in their research. As it grows, it will provide postdoctoral research positions and will also prepare public programs on cosmology and astrophysics.

- **Elementary Particle Physics.** Theoretical studies in the strong, weak, and electromagnetic interactions of the elementary particles, and in all areas of particle theory, gravitation, and cosmology.

- **Optics and Optical Materials.** Both experimental and theoretical programs in nonlinear optics, integrated optics, ultrastar optics, and the optical properties of fluids, liquid crystals, polymers, and crystals, including semiconductors, semiconductor mesoscopic systems, photonic crystals, and nanoscopic systems.
Imaging Physics, Biophysics, and Inverse Problems. An experimental and theoretical program in aspects of non-invasive imaging, including magnetic resonance imaging and ultrasound; medical diagnostic techniques to measure iron in the liver; and industrial and medical applications in electromagnetic field modeling.

Requirements Tables for Physics Programs

Bachelor of Arts in Physics

The Bachelor of Arts degree with a physics major requires completion of the Arts and Sciences General Education Requirements (GER) and 120 total credits, of which 56 are specified by the physics department as shown below. Courses specified for this major satisfy the 6-credit Arts and Sciences GER in Sciences and Mathematics.

One of the following: 4

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PHYS 115 Introductory Physics I</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PHYS 121 General Physics I - Mechanics</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PHYS 123 Physics and Frontiers I - Mechanics</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

One of the following: 4

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PHYS 116 Introductory Physics II</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PHYS 122 General Physics II - Electricity and Magnetism</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PHYS 124 Physics and Frontiers II - Electricity and Magnetism</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

All of the following:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PHYS 221 Introduction to Modern Physics</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PHYS 301 Advanced Laboratory Physics I</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PHYS 303 Advanced Laboratory Physics Seminar</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PHYS 313 Thermodynamics and Statistical Mechanics</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PHYS 331 Introduction to Quantum Mechanics I</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PHYS 351 Senior Physics Project (PHYS 351 is taken twice for 2 credit hours each)</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PHYS 352 Senior Physics Project Seminar (PHYS 352 is taken twice for 1 credit hour each)</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Two of the following: 6

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Units</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PHYS 310 Classical Mechanics</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PHYS 324 Electricity and Magnetism</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PHYS 315 Introduction to Solid State Physics</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PHYS 316 Introduction to Nuclear and Particle Physics</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PHYS 326 Physical Optics</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PHYS 327 Laser Physics</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PHYS 328 Cosmology and the Structure of the Universe</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PHYS 336 Modern Cosmology</td>
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<tr>
<td>PHYS 365 General Relativity</td>
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All of the following:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Units</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Intro Science 1</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Intro Science 2</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ENGR 131 Elementary Computer Programming</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MATH 121 Calculus for Science and Engineering I</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

One of the following: 4

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MATH 122 Calculus for Science and Engineering II</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MATH 124 Calculus II</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

MATH 126 Math and Calculus Applications for Life, Managerial, and Social Sci II

MATH 223 Calculus for Science and Engineering III 3

or MATH 227 Calculus III 3

PHED Physical Education (2 semesters) 0

SAGES First and University Seminars 10

Breadth Requirements 12

Open electives 42

Total Units 120

1 PHYS 303 Advanced Laboratory Physics Seminar + PHYS 352 Senior Physics Project Seminar satisfy the SAGES departmental seminar requirement. PHYS 351 Senior Physics Project is an approved SAGES capstone course.

2 Students may choose only one of these two courses to satisfy the requirements of the BA degree.

3 A two-course science sequence chosen from CHEM 105 Principles of Chemistry I and CHEM 106 Principles of Chemistry II; CHEM 111 Principles of Chemistry for Engineers and ENGR 145 Chemistry of Materials; BIOL 214 Genes, Evolution and Ecology and BIOL 215 Cells and Proteins; or another two-course sequence totaling 6 or more credits in a quantitative science (other than physics), with written approval of the physics undergraduate curriculum committee.

4 Or other approved computational course.

5 The breadth requirements include 6 hours of Social Sciences and 6 hours of Arts and Humanities. This may increase by 3 credits if the required Global and Cultural Diversity course is not also one of the breadth requirement courses. Courses required for the BA in Physics satisfy the 6-credit GER for Natural Sciences and Mathematics as well as the Quantitative Reasoning course requirement.

6 The BA degree requires a minimum of 30 semester hours at the 300-400 level, of which only 22 are specified as PHYS courses.

Typical Schedule

First Year

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Units</th>
<th>Fall</th>
<th>Spring</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Introductory Physics I (PHYS 115)</td>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>or General Physics I - Mechanics (PHYS 121)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>or Physics and Frontiers I - Mechanics (PHYS 123)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Calculus for Science and Engineering I (MATH 121)</td>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Intro Science Elective I</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SAGES First Seminar</td>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Physics Today and Tomorrow (PHYS 166)</td>
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<tr>
<td>PHED Physical Education Activities</td>
<td>0</td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Introductory Physics II (PHYS 116)</td>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>or General Physics II - Electricity and Magnetism (PHYS 122)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>or Physics and Frontiers II - Electricity and Magnetism (PHYS 124)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Calculus for Science and Engineering II (MATH 122)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Intro Science Elective II</td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>University Seminar</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Elementary Computer Programming (ENGR 131)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Department of Physics

PHED Physical Education Activities 0

Year Total: 16 17

Second Year

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Units</th>
<th>Fall</th>
<th>Spring</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Introduction to Modern Physics (PHYS 221)</td>
<td>3</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Calculus for Science and Engineering III (MATH 223)</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>University Seminar</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Humanities/Social Science Elective</td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Open Elective</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Physics Elective</td>
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<tr>
<td>Elementary Differential Equations (MATH 224)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Humanities/Social Science Elective</td>
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<tr>
<td>Open Elective</td>
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<tr>
<td>Year Total:</td>
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Third Year

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Units</th>
<th>Fall</th>
<th>Spring</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Advanced Laboratory Physics I (PHYS 301)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Advanced Laboratory Physics Seminar (PHYS 303)</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Thermodynamics and Statistical Mechanics (PHYS 313)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Introduction to Quantum Mechanics I (PHYS 331)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Humanities/Social Science Elective</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Open Elective</td>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Physics Elective</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Global and Cultural Diversity Elective</td>
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<tr>
<td>Humanities/Social Science Elective</td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Open Elective</td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Open Elective</td>
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<td>Year Total:</td>
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</table>

Fourth Year

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Units</th>
<th>Fall</th>
<th>Spring</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Senior Physics Project (PHYS 351)</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Senior Physics Project Seminar (PHYS 352)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Open Elective</td>
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<tr>
<td>Open Elective</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Open Elective</td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Open Elective</td>
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<tr>
<td>Senior Physics Project (PHYS 351)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Senior Physics Project Seminar (PHYS 352)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Open Elective</td>
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<tr>
<td>Open Elective</td>
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<td>Open Elective</td>
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<tr>
<td>Year Total:</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Total Units in Sequence: 117

Bachelor of Science in Physics

The Bachelor of Science in physics requires completion of the courses listed in the table below as well as the Arts and Sciences General Education Requirements, for a total of 127 credits. Many courses may be taken at times other than those shown in the "Typical Schedule" tables below.

PHYS 121 General Physics I - Mechanics 4
PHYS 122 General Physics II - Electricity and Magnetism 4
PHYS 221 Introduction to Modern Physics 3
PHYS 203 Analog and Digital Electronics 4
PHYS 204 Advanced Instrumentation Laboratory 4
PHYS 250 Computational Methods in Physics 3
PHYS 310 Classical Mechanics 3
PHYS 301 Advanced Laboratory Physics I 3
PHYS 303 Advanced Laboratory Physics Seminar 1
PHYS 313 Thermodynamics and Statistical Mechanics 3
PHYS 331 Introduction to Quantum Mechanics I 3
PHYS 332 Introduction to Quantum Mechanics II 3
PHYS 302 Advanced Laboratory Physics II 4
PHYS 324 Electricity and Magnetism I 3
PHYS 325 Electricity and Magnetism II 3
PHYS 351 Senior Physics Project (PHYS 351 is taken twice for 2 credit hours each) 1
PHYS 352 Senior Physics Project Seminar (PHYS 352 is taken twice for 1 credit hour each) 1

Choose one of the following: 3

PHYS 315 Introduction to Solid State Physics

PHYS 326 Physical Optics

PHYS 327 Laser Physics

Choose one of the following: 3

PHYS 316 Introduction to Nuclear and Particle Physics

PHYS 328 Cosmology and the Structure of the Universe

PHYS 336 Modern Cosmology

PHYS 365 General Relativity

CHEM 105 Principles of Chemistry I 3-4
CHEM 111 Principles of Chemistry for Engineers 3-4
CHEM 106 Principles of Chemistry II 3-4
ENGR 145 Chemistry of Materials

ENGR 131 Elementary Computer Programming 2 3
MATH 121 Calculus for Science and Engineering I 4
MATH 122 Calculus for Science and Engineering II 4
MATH 124 Calculus II
MATH 223 Calculus for Science and Engineering III 3
MATH 227 Calculus III
MATH 224 Elementary Differential Equations 3

PHED Physical Education (2 semesters) 0

SAGES First and University Seminars 10

Breadth Requirements 3 12

Open Electives 4 22

Total Units 127-129

1 PHYS 303 Advanced Laboratory Physics Seminar + PHYS 352 Senior Physics Project Seminar satisfy the SAGES departmental seminar requirement. PHYS 351 Senior Physics Project is an approved SAGES capstone course.

2 Or other approved computational course.
The breadth requirements include 6 hours of Social Sciences and 6 hours of Arts and Humanities. This may increase by 3 credits if the required Global and Cultural Diversity course is not also one of the breadth requirement courses. Courses required for the BS in physics satisfy the 6-credit GER for Natural Sciences and Mathematics as well as the Quantitative Reasoning course requirement.

The number of open electives may vary, depending on how many credits a student needs to reach the required total of 127.

### Typical Schedule

#### First Year

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#### Third Year

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<td>Methods of Mathematical Physics I (PHYS 349)</td>
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1. M-group 1, 2 and 3 are to be chosen from among approved advanced mathematics or statistics courses.
2. PHYS 303 Advanced Laboratory Physics Seminar + PHYS 352 Senior Physics Project Seminar satisfy the SAGES departmental seminar requirement. PHYS 351 Senior Physics Project is an approved SAGES capstone course.
3. Or other approved computational course.
4. The breadth requirements include 6 hours of Social Sciences and 6 hours of Arts and Humanities. This may increase by 3 credits if the required Global and Cultural Diversity course is not also one of the breadth requirement courses. Courses required for the BS in physics satisfy the 6-credit GER for Natural Sciences and Mathematics as well as the Quantitative Reasoning course requirement.
5. The number of open electives may vary, depending on the number of credits a student needs to reach the required total of 127.
## Bachelor of Science in Physics with Biophysics Concentration

This concentration is directed towards students interested in the combined study of biology and physics. The degree is a track within the standard BS in physics, in which four physics courses and certain open electives are replaced by a “biogroup” of five courses and a technical elective. All substitutions must be approved by a physics faculty committee.

The following table illustrates the requirements for the Bachelor of Science in physics with biophysics concentration.

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<th>Units</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Units</strong></td>
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**Total Units in Sequence:** 130-132

1. PHYS 303 Advanced Laboratory Physics Seminar + PHYS 352 Senior Physics Project Seminar satisfy the SAGES departmental seminar requirement. PHYS 351 Senior Physics Project is an approved SAGES capstone course.

2. Suggested technical electives include PHYS 315 Introduction to Solid State Physics, PHYS 316 Introduction to Nuclear and Particle Physics, PHYS 326 Physical Optics, PHYS 327 Laser Physics, PHYS 328 Cosmology and the Structure of the Universe, PHYS 336 Modern Cosmology, PHYS 365 General Relativity.

3. Or other approved computational course.

4. B-group 1-5 are to be chosen from among approved biology, biophysics, biochemistry, and biomedical engineering courses, including certain prerequisites as needed (e.g., chemistry). BIOL 214 Genes, Evolution and Ecology and BIOL 215 Cells and Proteins are suggested for B-group 1 and 2. The listing of credits includes numbers for the most likely choices of courses and, in parentheses, possible alternatives.

5. The breadth requirements include 6 hours of Social Sciences and 6 hours of Arts and Humanities. This may increase by 3 credits if the required Global and Cultural Diversity course is not also one of the breadth requirement courses. Courses required for the B.S. in physics satisfy the 6-credit GER for Natural Sciences and Mathematics as well as the Quantitative Reasoning course requirement.

6. The number of open electives may vary, depending on the number of credits a student needs to reach the required total of 127.

### Typical Schedule

#### First Year

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>Units</th>
<th>Fall</th>
<th>Spring</th>
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<tr>
<td>General Physics I - Mechanics (PHYS 121)</td>
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### Bachelor of Science in Engineering with Engineering Physics Major

The engineering physics major allows students with strong interests in both physics and engineering to concentrate their studies in the common areas of these disciplines. The major prepares students to pursue careers in industry, either directly after undergraduate studies, or following graduate study in engineering or physics. Many employers value the unique problem-solving approach of physics, especially in industrial research and development.

Students majoring in engineering physics complete the Engineering Core as well as a rigorous course of study in physics. Students select a concentration area from an engineering discipline, and must complete a sequence of at least four courses in this discipline. In addition, a senior research project under the guidance of a faculty member is required. The project includes a written report and participation in the senior seminar and symposium.

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Thermodynamics, Fluid Dynamics, Heat and Mass Transfer (ENGR 225)

Year Total: 16 17

**Third Year**

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**Total Units in Sequence:** 129

1. Selected students may be invited to take MATH 123, 124, 227, and 228 in place of MATH 121, 122, 223, and 224.
2. Selected students may be invited to take PHYS 123, 124 (Physics and Frontiers I, II Honors) in place of PHYS 121, 122.
3. Engineering physics concentration courses are flexible, but they must be in a specific engineering discipline or study area and approved by an advisor. Possible concentration areas include aerospace engineering, biomedical engineering “hardware,” biomedical engineering “software,” chemical engineering, civil engineering (solid mechanics, structural and geotechnical, environmental), computer science, computer systems hardware, computer systems software, control systems and automation, electrical engineering, macromolecular science, materials science and engineering, mechanical engineering, signal processing, systems analysis and decision making.

**Fourth Year**

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<th>Units</th>
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**Total Units in Sequence:** 129

1. Selected students may be invited to take MATH 121, 124, 227, and 228 in place of MATH 121, 122, 223, and 224.
2. Selected students may be invited to take PHYS 123, 124 (Physics and Frontiers I, II Honors) in place of PHYS 121, 122.
3. Engineering physics concentration courses are flexible, but they must be in a specific engineering discipline or study area and approved by an advisor. Possible concentration areas include aerospace engineering, biomedical engineering “hardware,” biomedical engineering “software,” chemical engineering, civil engineering (solid mechanics, structural and geotechnical, environmental), computer science, computer systems hardware, computer systems software, control systems and automation, electrical engineering, macromolecular science, materials science and engineering, mechanical engineering, signal processing, systems analysis and decision making.

**Bachelor of Science in Mathematics and Physics**

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1. MATH 121 Calculus for Science and Engineering I
2. MATH 122 Calculus for Science and Engineering II
3. MATH 124 Calculus II
4. PHYS 121 General Physics I - Mechanics
5. PHYS 123 Physics and Frontiers I - Mechanics
6. PHYS 122 General Physics II - Electricity and Magnetism
7. PHYS 124 Physics and Frontiers II - Electricity and Magnetism

**Senior Physics Project Seminar (PHYS 352)**

**Senior Engineering Physics Project (PHYS 353)**

**Advanced Physics Elective**
Breadth Requirements  

- Other science sequence courses may be substituted if approved by the mathematics and physics (MP) committee.
- Or other approved computational course
- The “MP group” of four courses corresponds to two physics courses and two mathematics courses. The physics courses are chosen from PHYS 250 Computational Methods in Physics, PHYS 349 Methods of Mathematical Physics I, and PHYS 350 Methods of Mathematical Physics II. The mathematics courses are subject to approval by the MP committee and are hence referred to as “approved electives.” They may be chosen from the general list of mathematics courses at the 300 level or higher. It may also be possible to choose a course outside the mathematics and physics departments as a substitute in the MP group, subject to approval by the committee.

- An advanced physics course to be selected from the following list: PHYS 315 Introduction to Solid State Physics, PHYS 316 Introduction to Nuclear and Particle Physics, PHYS 326 Physical Optics, PHYS 327 Laser Physics, PHYS 328 Cosmology and the Structure of the Universe, PHYS 336 Modern Cosmology, PHYS 365 General Relativity.
- PHYS 303 Advanced Laboratory Physics Seminar + PHYS 352 Senior Physics Project Seminar satisfy the SAGES departmental seminar requirement. PHYS 351 Senior Physics Project is an approved SAGES capstone course.
- Students may take either the math or physics SAGES departmental seminar, but must take their SAGES capstone course from the same department. The physics option consists of 1 credit of PHYS 303 Advanced Laboratory Physics Seminar plus two credits of PHYS 352 Senior Physics Project Seminar.
- The breadth requirements include 6 hours of Social Sciences and 6 hours of Arts and Humanities. This may increase by 3 credits if the required Global and Cultural Diversity course is not also one of the breadth requirement courses. Courses required for the BS in mathematics and physics satisfy the 6-credit GER for Natural Sciences and Mathematics as well as the Quantitative Reasoning course requirement.

- The number of open electives may vary, depending on how many credits the student needs to reach the required total of 126.

**Typical Schedule**

### First Year

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Units</th>
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<tr>
<td>General Physics I - Mechanics (PHYS 121)</td>
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<td>or Physics and Frontiers I - Mechanics (PHYS 123)</td>
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<td>Calculus for Science and Engineering I (MATH 121)</td>
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<td>Principles of Chemistry I (CHEM 105)</td>
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<td>Physics Today and Tomorrow (PHYS 166)</td>
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<td>SAGES First Seminar</td>
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### Second Year

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<tr>
<th>Units</th>
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<tr>
<td>Introduction to Modern Physics (PHYS 221)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Calculus for Science and Engineering III (MATH 223)</td>
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<td>or Calculus III (MATH 227)</td>
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<td>Introduction to Abstract Algebra I (MATH 307)</td>
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<td>Classical Mechanics (PHYS 310)</td>
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<td>Elementary Differential Equations (MATH 224)</td>
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<td>Introduction to Abstract Algebra II (MATH 308)</td>
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### Third Year

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<tr>
<td>Thermodynamics and Statistical Mechanics (PHYS 313)</td>
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<td>Introduction to Quantum Mechanics I (PHYS 331)</td>
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<td>SAGES Departmental Seminar</td>
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<td>Introduction to Quantum Mechanics II (PHYS 332)</td>
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<td>Fundamentals of Analysis II (MATH 324)</td>
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<td>Introduction to Complex Analysis (MATH 324)</td>
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<td>Global and Cultural Diversity Elective</td>
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### Fourth Year

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<td>Classical Electromagnetism (PHYS 423)</td>
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Open Elective 3
Year Total: 16 12
Total Units in Sequence: 126-128

Department Faculty

Kathleen Kash, PhD
(Massachusetts Institute of Technology)
Professor and Chair
Experimental condensed matter and mesoscopic physics; synthesis of novel semiconductors

Jesse Berezovsky, PhD
(University of California, Santa Barbara)
Assistant Professor
Imaging coherent transport in mesoscopic graphene; optical readout of single spin dynamics in a quantum dot; spin dynamics in layered core/shell nanocrystal quantum dots; measurements of nuclear and electron spin at a ferromagnetic/semiconductor interface; spatio-temporal imaging and simulation of magnetization dynamics in ferromagnetic structures

Robert W. Brown, PhD
(Massachusetts Institute of Technology)
Distinguished University Professor and Institute Professor
Medical imaging; industrial physics; particle physics theory; cosmology

Edward M. Caner, MS
(Case Western Reserve University)
Instructor
Science entrepreneurship

Gary S. Chottiner, PhD
(University of Maryland)
Professor and Director of Undergraduate Studies
Experimental physics of surfaces and thin films

Craig Copi, PhD
(University of Chicago)
Instructor
Theoretical cosmology; particle physics; astrophysics

Corbin E. Covault, PhD
(Harvard University)
Professor
Experimental high-energy astrophysics

Claudia de Rham, PhD
(University of Cambridge)
Assistant Professor
Massive gravity and degravitation; Supersymmetric Large Extra Dimensions (SLED); physics of codimension-2 objects; cosmological perturbations

Diana I. Driscoll, PhD
(Case Western Reserve University)
Instructor
Introductory physics

Xuan Gao, PhD
(Columbia University)
Associate Professor
Experimental condensed matter physics; nanomaterials; electron transport in nanostructures; correlated electrons in low dimensions

Michael Hinczewski, PhD
(Massachusetts Institute of Technology)
Assistant Professor
Theoretical Biophysics

Peter J. Kernan, PhD
(Ohio State University)
Instructor
Cosmology; Astrophysics

Kenneth L. Kowalski, PhD
(Brown University)
Professor
Theoretical and experimental particle physics

Walter R. Lambrecht, PhD
(University of Ghent)
Professor
Theoretical condensed matter physics; electronic structure-based physics of materials

Michael A. Martens, PhD
(Case Western Reserve University)
Associate Professor
Medical imaging physics, high energy particle physics, accelerator physics

Harsh Mathur, PhD
(Yale University)
Associate Professor
Condensed matter theory, particle-astrophysics theory

Rolfe G. Petschek, PhD
(Harvard University)
Professor
Theoretical condensed matter; optical materials

Charles Rosenblatt, PhD
(Harvard University)
Professor and Ohio Eminent Scholar in Condensed Matter Physics
Experimental condensed matter; liquid crystals and complex fluids

John E. Ruhl, PhD
(Princeton University)
Professor
Experimental astrophysics and cosmology

Kenneth D. Singer, PhD
(University of Pennsylvania)
Ambrose Swasey Professor of Physics; Director, Engineering Physics
Experimental condensed matter physics; nonlinear optics

Glenn D. Starkman, PhD
(Stanford University)
Professor; Director, Center for Education and Research in Cosmology and Astrophysics (CERCA)
Theoretical cosmology, particle physics, astrophysics

Giuseppe Strangi, PhD
(University of Calabria, Italy)
Professor and The Ohio Research Scholar in Surfaces of Advanced Materials
Opto-Plasmonics of Soft Composite Metamaterials; Liquid Crystal Photonics
Cyris C. Taylor, PhD  
(Massachusetts Institute of Technology)  
*Albert A. Michelson Professor in Physics; Dean, College of Arts and Sciences*  
Theoretical and experimental particle physics; physics entrepreneurship

Philip L. Taylor, PhD  
(University of Cambridge)  
*Distinguished University Professor and Perkins Professor of Physics*  
Theory of solids, polymers and other materials

Andrew J. Tolley, PhD  
(University of Cambridge)  
*Assistant Professor*  
Early universe cosmology; dark energy; gravity; extra dimensions; branes

### Secondary Faculty

J. Iwan Alexander, PhD  
(Washington State University)  
*Professor, Department of Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering, Case School of Engineering*  
Fluid dynamics, energy research

Roger H. French, PhD  
(Massachusetts Institute of Technology)  
*F. Alex Nason Professor, Department of Materials Science and Engineering, Case School of Engineering*  
Optical materials and technologies; experimental VIS/UV/VUV optical properties and long range interactions

Mark A. Griswold, PhD  
(University of Wuerzburg)  
*Associate Professor, Department of Radiology, School of Medicine*  
Medical imaging, MRI

Eckhard Jankowsky, PhD  
(Dresden Institute of Technology)  
*Associate Professor, Department of Biochemistry, School of Medicine*  
Proteins and enzymes; structural biology; regulation of gene expression

R. Earle Luck, PhD  
(University of Texas at Austin)  
*Worcester R. and Cornelia B. Warner Professor of Astronomy*  
Stellar and galactic chemical evolution; stellar spectrophotometry

J. Christopher Mihos, PhD  
(University of Michigan)  
*Professor, Department of Astronomy*  
Galaxy formation and evolution; galaxy interactions; clusters of galaxies; observational and computational astrophysics

Heather Morrison, PhD  
(Australian National University)  
*Professor, Department of Astronomy*  
Galactic structure; stellar populations; dark matter

Idit Zehavi, PhD  
(Hebrew University of Jerusalem)  
*Associate Professor, Department of Astronomy*  
Astrophysics

### Adjunct Faculty

James H. Andrews, PhD  
(Case Western Reserve University)  
*Adjunct Professor; Professor of Physics, Youngstown State University*  
Optical materials

Pierre Carlès, PhD, Habilitation  
(National Polytechnic Institute, Toulouse)  
*Adjunct Associate Professor; Associate Professor, Université Pierre et Marie Curie, Paris*  
Fluid mechanics; critical behavior; stability

Michael R. Dragowsky, PhD  
(Oregon State University)  
*Adjunct Associate Professor*  
Nuclear and particle astrophysics experiment

Jeffrey S. Dyck, PhD  
(Case Western Reserve University)  
*Adjunct Associate Professor; Associate Professor, John Carroll University*  
Experimental condensed matter physics

Karsten Eggert, PhD  
(RWTH Aachen University)  
*Adjunct Professor*  
Experimental particle physics; cosmic ray physics; diffractive physics; TOTEM experiment at CERN

Hiroyuki Fujita, PhD  
(Case Western Reserve University)  
*Adjunct Professor; President and CEO, Quality Electrodynamics and eQED*  
Hardware technology in imaging and renewable energies

Evalyn Gates, PhD  
(Case Western Reserve University)  
*Adjunct Professor; Executive Director and CEO, Cleveland Museum of Natural History*  
Cosmology and particle astrophysics

John T. Giblin, Jr., PhD  
(Yale University)  
*Adjunct Assistant Professor*  
Theoretical cosmology; high energy physics and particle physics; high performance computing and gravitational waves

E. Mark Haacke, PhD  
(University of Toronto)  
*Adjunct Professor; Professor, Wayne State University*  
Physics of imaging; experimental biophysics

Daeseung Kang, PhD  
(Case Western Reserve University)  
*Adjunct Associate Professor*  
Experimental condensed matter; liquid crystal

Gerald T. Mearini, PhD  
(Case Western Reserve University)  
*Adjunct Associate Professor; Genvac Aerospace Corporation*
The laboratory portion of first semester introductory physics.

PHYS 113A. Principles of Physics Laboratory - Mechanics. 1 Unit.
Recommended preparation: PHYS 100, PHYS 115, PHYS 121, or PHYS 123.
Preparation: PHYS 100, PHYS 115, PHYS 121, or PHYS 123.

PHYS 113B. Principles of Physics Laboratory - Electricity and Magnetism. 1 Unit.
The laboratory portion of the second semester of physics.

PHYS 115. Introductory Physics I. 4 Units.
First part of a two-semester sequence directed primarily towards students working towards a B.A. in science, with an emphasis on the life sciences. Kinematics; Newton's laws; gravitation; simple harmonic motion; mechanical waves; fluids; ideal gas law; heat and the first and second laws of thermodynamics. This course has a laboratory component.

PHYS 116. Introductory Physics II. 4 Units.
Electrostatics, Coulomb's law, Gauss's law; capacitance and resistance; DC circuits; magnetic fields; electromagnetic induction; RC and RL circuits; light; geometrical optics; interference and diffraction; special relativity; introduction to quantum mechanics; elements of atomic, nuclear and particle physics. This course has a laboratory component.

PHYS 121. General Physics I - Mechanics. 4 Units.
Particle dynamics, Newton's laws of motion, energy and momentum conservation, rotational motion, and angular momentum conservation. This course has a laboratory component. Recommended preparation: MATH 121 or MATH 123 or MATH 125 or one year of high school calculus.

PHYS 122. General Physics II - Electricity and Magnetism. 4 Units.
Electricity and magnetism, emphasizing the basic electromagnetic laws of Gauss, Ampere, and Faraday. Maxwell's equations and electromagnetic waves, interference, and diffraction. This course has a laboratory component. Prereq: PHYS 121 or PHYS 123. Prereq or Coreq: MATH 122 or MATH 124 or MATH 126.

PHYS 123. Physics and Frontiers I - Mechanics. 4 Units.
The Newtonian dynamics of a particle and of rigid bodies. Energy, momentum, and angular momentum conservation with applications. A selection of special frontier topics as time permits, including fractals and chaos, special relativity, fluid mechanics, cosmology, quantum mechanics. This course has a laboratory component. Admission to this course is by invitation only.

PHYS 124. Physics and Frontiers II - Electricity and Magnetism. 4 Units.
Time-independent and time-dependent electric and magnetic fields. The laws of Coulomb, Gauss, Ampere, and Faraday. Microscopic approach to dielectric and magnetic materials. Introduction to the usage of vector calculus; Maxwell's equations in integral and differential form. The role of special relativity in electromagnetism. Electromagnetic radiation. This course has a laboratory component. Prereq: PHYS 123. Prereq or Coreq: MATH 122 or MATH 124.

PHYS 166. Physics Today and Tomorrow. 1 Unit.
This course will provide students with an opportunity to learn about the most exciting and timely research areas in physics, as well as other topics germane to being a professional physicist. These discussions will cover fields such as nanoscience, ultrafast optics, exotic materials, biophysics, cosmology, string theory and the role of physicists in developing new technologies. Each week a member of the faculty will meet with students to discuss a topic of current interest, how a physicist approaches the problem, and how physicists interact with others to find a solution. Other topics germane to being a professional physicist also will be discussed, including the relationship among academic, industrial, and governmental laboratories; ethics, and non-traditional careers for students trained in physics.

Visiting Faculty
Cory Christenson, PhD
(University of Arizona)
Visiting Assistant Professor
Experimental condensed matter physics; Quantum optics

Research Professors
Ina Martin, PhD
(Colorado State University)
Senior Research Associate; Director of Operations, MORE Center
Thermal management materials; photovoltaic materials

Courses
PHYS 101. Distinguishing Science from Pseudo-Science. 3 Units.
There are many current issues arising in popular discourse, ranging from the believability of ESP to reincarnation, to “free energy” machines, which can benefit from simple physical analyses. This course will provide an introduction to the use of basic principles of physics to explore the viability of these ideas. A seminar format will be utilized with specific topics presented by students and by the instructor. Recommended preparation: PHYS 100, PHYS 115, PHYS 121, or PHYS 123.

PHYS 113A. Principles of Physics Laboratory - Mechanics. 1 Unit.
The laboratory portion of first semester introductory physics.
PHYS 203. Analog and Digital Electronics. 4 Units.
Elements of both analog and digital electronics from the practical viewpoint of the experimental scientist; AC circuits, linear and non-linear operation of op-amps, logic gates, flip-flops, counters, display, memory, transducers, A/D and D/A conversion. Laboratory work involves quantitative investigation of the operation of all these elements, together with projects that explore their combination. Recommended preparation: PHYS 122 or PHYS 124.

PHYS 203A. Analog and Digital Electronics for B.A.. 2 Units.
This course is the first half of the laboratory requirement for the B.A. degree in Physics and is the first half of PHYS 203. Elements of both analog and digital electronics from the practical viewpoint of the experimental scientist; AC circuits, linear and non-linear operation of op-amps, digital circuits including logic gates. This course includes weekly lecture and laboratory work in electronics; it may also include an additional weekly lecture, associated with PHYS 301, on topics such as error analysis, technical writing and oral presentations. Recommended preparation: PHYS 116, PHYS 122, or PHYS 124.

PHYS 204. Advanced Instrumentation Laboratory. 4 Units.
Principles of experimental design; limits of resolution via band-width, thermal noise, background signals; data acquisition and control by computer; computer simulation; signal processing techniques in frequency and time domains, FFT, correlations, and other transform methods; counting techniques. Applications include lock-in amplifiers, digitizing oscilloscopes and data acquisition systems. Recommended preparation: PHYS 203 and PHYS 221.

PHYS 208. Instrumentation and Signal Analysis Laboratory. 4 Units.
AC circuit theory, Fourier series, discrete Fourier series. Fourier integral, discrete Fourier integral; analysis in time and frequency domains, correlation, cross-correlation and other transform techniques; computer control of experiments via IEEE488 interface; advanced instrumentation; DMM, arbitrary waveform generator, multiplexing and digitizing oscilloscopes; experimental design, noise; design, construction, and testing of a lock-in amplifier. Recommended preparation: PHYS 203.

PHYS 221. Introduction to Modern Physics. 3 Units.
Concepts in special relativity, statistical mechanics and quantum mechanics. Applications to atomic structure, and selected topics in nuclear, condensed matter physics, particle physics, and cosmology. Prereq: PHYS 116 or PHYS 122 or PHYS 124.

PHYS 250. Computational Methods in Physics. 3 Units.

PHYS 301. Advanced Laboratory Physics I. 3 Units.
Problem solving approach with a range of available experiments in classical and modern physics. Emphasis on experimental techniques, data and error analysis, and the formal presentation of the work performed. Recommended preparation: PHYS 204. Coreq: PHYS 303.

PHYS 301B. Advanced Laboratory Physics for B.A.. 2 Units.
This course is the second half of the laboratory requirement for the B.A. degree in Physics and is the second half of PHYS 301. Problem solving approach with a range of available experiments in classical and modern physics. Emphasis on experimental technique and data and error analysis, and the formal presentation of the work performed. Recommended preparation: PHYS 203 or PHYS 203A and concurrent enrollment in PHYS 303.

PHYS 302. Advanced Laboratory Physics II. 4 Units.
Several projects using research-quality equipment in contemporary fields of experimental physics. Each requires reading appropriate literature, choosing appropriate instrumentation, performing data acquisition and analysis, and writing a technical paper. Topics include particle counting techniques, neutron activation, gamma-ray spectroscopy, a range of condensed matter experiments including temperature dependent properties between 10 and 350 K, modern optics, ultrahigh vacuum surface science. Recommended preparation: PHYS 301.

PHYS 303. Advanced Laboratory Physics Seminar. 1 Unit.
Students will discuss various issues associated with physics research. These include how to judge the quality of an experiment and data (error analysis), how to present your work in written and oral formats, safety and ethical concerns in the laboratory. Recommended preparation: PHYS 250. Counts as SAGES Departmental Seminar.

PHYS 310. Classical Mechanics. 3 Units.
Lagrangian formulation of mechanics and its application to central force motion, scattering theory, rigid body motion, and systems of many degrees of freedom. Recommended preparation: PHYS 221 and either MATH 223 or MATH 227.

PHYS 313. Thermodynamics and Statistical Mechanics. 3 Units.

PHYS 315. Introduction to Solid State Physics. 3 Units.
Characterization and properties of solids; crystal structure, thermal properties of lattices, quantum statistics, electronic structure of metals and semiconductors. PHYS 415 for graduate students in engineering and science. (May not be taken for departmental credit by graduate students in the Department of Physics.) Prerequisite may be waived with consent of department. Recommended preparation for PHYS 415: PHYS 331. Offered as PHYS 315 and PHYS 415. Prereq: PHYS 331 or PHYS 481.

PHYS 316. Introduction to Nuclear and Particle Physics. 3 Units.
The physics of nuclei and elementary particles; experimental methods used to determine their properties; models and theories developed to describe their structure. Prereq: PHYS 331 or PHYS 481.

PHYS 317. Engineering Physics Laboratory I. 3 Units.
Laboratory course for engineering physics majors. Emphasis is on experimental techniques, data and error analysis, and written and oral presentation of work. Four experiments drawn from classical and modern physics are carried out. These emphasize condensed matter, material and optical physics. Experiments include electric fields, resistivity of materials, optical interference, chaotic systems, and spectroscopy. Design of data analysis systems and software is required. Prereq: PHYS 208. Coreq: PHYS 303.

PHYS 318. Engineering Physics Laboratory II. 4 Units.
Laboratory course for engineering physics majors. Several projects using research-quality equipment in contemporary fields of experimental physics. Open-ended experiments each require reading appropriate literature, designing the experiment, performing data analysis, and writing a technical paper. Topics are drawn from areas of modern physics, and concentrate on condensed matter, material, and optical physics. Prereq: PHYS 317.
PHYS 324. Electricity and Magnetism I. 3 Units.
First half of a sequence that constitutes a detailed study of the basics of electromagnetic theory and many of its applications. Electrostatics and magnetostatics of free space, conductors, dielectric and magnetic materials; basic theory illustrated with applications drawn from condensed matter physics, optics, plasma physics, and physical electronics. Prereq: PHYS 116 or PHYS 122 or PHYS 124.

PHYS 325. Electricity and Magnetism II. 3 Units.
(Continuation of PHYS 324.) Electrodynamics, Maxwell’s equations, electromagnetic waves, electromagnetic radiation and its interaction with matter, potential formulation of electromagnetism, and relativity. Prereq: PHYS 324.

PHYS 326. Physical Optics. 3 Units.
Geometrical optics and ray tracing, wave propagation, interaction of electromagnetic radiation with matter, interference, diffraction, and coherence. Supplementary current topics from modern optics such as nonlinear optics, holography, optical trapping and optical computing. Prerequisite(s) may be waived with consent of department. Offered as PHYS 326 and PHYS 426. Prereq: PHYS 122 or PHYS 124.

PHYS 327. Laser Physics. 3 Units.
An introduction to theoretical and practical quantum electronics covering topics in quantum optics, laser physics, and nonlinear optics. Topics to be addressed include the physics of two-level quantum systems including the density matrix formalism, rate equations, and semiclassical radiation theory; laser operation including oscillation, gain, resonator optics, transverse and longitudinal modes, Q-switching, mode-locking, and coherence; and nonlinear optics including the nonlinear susceptibility, parametric interactions, stimulated processes, and self-action. Recommended preparation for PHYS 427. PHYS 331 or PHYS 481. Offered as PHYS 327 and PHYS 427. Prereq: PHYS 331 or PHYS 481.

PHYS 328. Cosmology and the Structure of the Universe. 3 Units.

PHYS 329. Independent Study. 1 - 4 Unit.
An individual reading course in any topic of mutual interest to the student and the faculty supervisor.

PHYS 331. Introduction to Quantum Mechanics I. 3 Units.
Quantum nature of energy and angular momentum, wave nature of matter, Schroedinger equation in one and three dimensions; matrix methods; Dirac notation; quantum mechanical scattering. Two particle wave functions. Prereq: PHYS 221.

PHYS 332. Introduction to Quantum Mechanics II. 3 Units.
Continuation of PHYS 331. Spin and fine structure; Dirac equation; symmetries; approximation methods; atomic and molecular spectra; time dependent perturbations; quantum statistics; applications to electrons in metals and liquid helium. Prereq: PHYS 331.

PHYS 336. Modern Cosmology. 3 Units.
An introduction to modern cosmology and an exploration of current topics in the field. The first half of the course will cover the mathematical and physical basis of cosmology, while the second will delve into current questions and the observations that constrain them. Offered as PHYS 336 and PHYS 436. Prereq: PHYS 221.

PHYS 339. Seminar. 1 - 3 Unit.
Conducted in small sections with presentation of papers by students and informal discussion. Special problem seminars and research seminars offered according to interest and need, often in conjunction with one or more research groups.

PHYS 349. Methods of Mathematical Physics I. 3 Units.
Analysis of complex functions: singularities, residues, contour integration; evaluation and approximation of sums and integrals; exact and approximate solution of ordinary differential equations; transform calculus; Sturm-Liouville theory; calculus of variations. Additional work required for graduate students. Offered as PHYS 349 and PHYS 449. Prereq: MATH 224.

PHYS 350. Methods of Mathematical Physics II. 3 Units.
(Continuation of PHYS 349/449.) Special functions, orthogonal polynomials, partial differential equations, linear operators, group theory, tensors, selected specials topics. Additional work required for graduate students. Prereq: PHYS 349.

PHYS 351. Senior Physics Project. 2 Units.
A two semester course required for senior BS and BA physics majors. Students pursue a project based on experimental, theoretical or teaching research under the supervision of a physics faculty member, a faculty member from another CWRU department or a research scientist or engineer from another institution. A departmental Senior Project Committee must approve all project proposals and this same committee will receive regular oral and written progress reports. Final results are presented at the end of the second semester as a paper in a style suitable for publication in a professional journal as well as an oral report in a public symposium. Counts as SAGES Senior Capstone. Prereq: PHYS 303. Coreq: PHYS 352.

PHYS 352. Senior Physics Project Seminar. 1 Unit.
This two semester seminar is taken concurrently with the student's two semester senior project. Students meet weekly to discuss their projects and the research experience. The class will include dialogues about professional issues such as ethics, graduate school, jobs, funding, professional organizations, public obligations, writing and speaking. Assignments include proposals, progress reports and posters. Counts as SAGES Departmental Seminar. Coreq: PHYS 351 or PHYS 353.

PHYS 353. Senior Engineering Physics Project. 2 Units.
A two semester course required for BS/EE Engineering Physics majors. Students are expected to complete a research project in their concentration area under the supervision of a faculty member in science, engineering, or, with approval, a researcher at another institution or company. The project may be computational, experimental or theoretical, and will address both the underlying physics and appropriate engineering and design principles. A program Senior Project Committee must approve all project proposals and will receive regular oral and written progress reports. Final results are presented at the end of the second semester as a paper in a style suitable for publication in a professional journal as well as an oral report in a public symposium. Counts as SAGES Senior Capstone. Prereq: PHYS 318. Coreq: PHYS 352.

PHYS 365. General Relativity. 3 Units.
This is an introductory course in general relativity. The techniques of tensor analysis will be developed and used to describe the effects of gravity and Einstein's theory. Consequences of the theory as well as its experimental tests will be discussed. An introduction to cosmology will be given. Additional work required for graduate students. Offered as PHYS 365 and PHYS 465.
PHYS 390. Undergraduate Research in Physics. 3 - 6 Units.
Research conducted under the supervision of a faculty member in the Department of Physics. Arrangements must be made with a faculty member and a written description of these arrangements must be submitted to and approved by the department before a permit will be issued to register for this course. A final report must be supplied to the department at the end of the semester.

PHYS 413. Classical and Statistical Mechanics I. 3 Units.
An integrated approach to classical and statistical mechanics. Lagrangian and Hamiltonian formulations, conservation laws, kinematics and dynamics, Poisson brackets, continuous media, derivation of laws of thermodynamics, the development of the partition function. To be followed by PHYS 414.

PHYS 414. Classical and Statistical Mechanics II. 3 Units.
A continuation of PHYS 413. Noninteracting systems, statistical mechanics of solids, liquids, gases, fluctuations, irreversible processes, phase transformations. Recommended preparation: PHYS 413 or consent of department.

PHYS 415. Introduction to Solid State Physics. 3 Units.
Characterization and properties of solids; crystal structure, thermal properties of lattices, quantum statistics, electronic structure of metals and semiconductors. PHYS 415 for graduate students in engineering and science. (May not be taken for departmental credit by graduate students in the Department of Physics.) Prerequisite may be waived with consent of department. Recommended preparation for PHYS 415: PHYS 315 and PHYS 415.

PHYS 423. Classical Electromagnetism. 3 Units.

PHYS 426. Physical Optics. 3 Units.
Geometrical optics and ray tracing, wave propagation, interaction of electromagnetic radiation with matter, interference, diffraction, and coherence. Supplementary current topics from modern optics such as nonlinear optics, holography, optical trapping and optical computing. Prerequisite(s) may be waived with consent of department. Offered as PHYS 326 and PHYS 426.

PHYS 427. Laser Physics. 3 Units.
An introduction to theoretical and practical quantum electronics covering topics in quantum optics, laser physics, and nonlinear optics. Topics to be addressed include the physics of two-level quantum systems including the density matrix formalism, rate equations, and semiclassical radiation theory; laser operation including oscillation, gain, resonator optics, transverse and longitudinal modes, Q-switching, mode-locking, and coherence; and nonlinear optics including the nonlinear susceptibility, parametric interactions, stimulated processes, and self-action. Recommended preparation for PHYS 427: PHYS 331 or PHYS 481. Offered as PHYS 327 and PHYS 427.

PHYS 428. Cosmology and the Structure of the Universe. 3 Units.

PHYS 431. Physics of Imaging. 3 Units.
Description of physical principles underlying the spin behavior in MR and Fourier imaging in multi-dimensions. Introduction of conventional, fast, and chemical-shift imaging techniques. Spin echo, gradient echo, and variable flip-angle methods. Projection reconstruction and sampling theorems. Bloch equations, T1 and T2 relaxation times, rf penetration, diffusion and perfusion. Flow imaging, MR angiography, and functional brain imaging. Sequence and coil design. Prerequisite may be waived with consent of instructor. Recommended preparation: PHYS 122 or PHYS 124 or EBME 410. Offered as EBME 431 and PHYS 431.

PHYS 436. Modern Cosmology. 3 Units.
An introduction to modern cosmology and an exploration of current topics in the field. The first half of the course will cover the mathematical and physical basis of cosmology, while the second will delve into current questions and the observations that constrain them. Offered as PHYS 336 and PHYS 436.

PHYS 441. Physics of Condensed Matter I. 3 Units.
Crystal structure, x-ray diffraction, band theory and applications. Free electron theory of metals and electrons in magnetic fields.

PHYS 442. Physics of Condensed Matter II. 3 Units.
Continuation of PHYS 441. Lattice vibrations, thermal properties of solids, semiconductors, magnetic properties of solids, and superconductivity. Prerequisite may be waived with consent of department. Recommended preparation: PHYS 441.

PHYS 449. Methods of Mathematical Physics I. 3 Units.
Analysis of complex functions: singularities, residues, contour integration; evaluation and approximation of sums and integrals; exact and approximate solution of ordinary differential equations; transform calculus; Sturm-Liouville theory; calculus of variations. Additional work required for graduate students. Offered as PHYS 349 and PHYS 449.

PHYS 451. Empirical Foundations of the Standard Model. 3 Units.
The experimental basis for modeling the electroweak and strong interactions in terms of fundamental fermions, quarks and leptons, and gauge bosons, photons, the weak bosons, and gluons; particle accelerators and detection techniques; phenomenology of particle reactions, decays and hadronic structure; space, time and internal symmetries; symmetries; symmetry breaking.

PHYS 460. Advanced Topics in NMR Imaging. 3 Units.
Frontier issues in understanding the practical aspects of NMR imaging. Theoretical descriptions are accompanied by specific examples of pulse sequences, and basic engineering considerations in MRI system design. Emphasis is placed on implications and trade-offs in MRI pulse sequence design from real-world versus theoretical perspectives. Recommended preparation: EBME 431 or PHYS 431. Offered as EBME 460 and PHYS 460. Prereq: Graduate standing or Undergraduate with Junior or Senior standing and a cumulative GPA of 3.2 or above.

PHYS 465. General Relativity. 3 Units.
This is an introductory course in general relativity. The techniques of tensor analysis will be developed and used to describe the effects of gravity and Einstein's theory. Consequences of the theory as well as its experimental tests will be discussed. An introduction to cosmology will be given. Additional work required for graduate students. Offered as PHYS 365 and PHYS 465.
PHYS 472. Graduate Physics Laboratory. 3 Units.
A series of projects designed to introduce the student to modern research techniques such as automated data acquisition. Students will be assessed as to their individual needs and a sequence of projects will be established for each individual. Topics may include low temperature phenomena, nuclear gamma ray detection and measurement and optics.

PHYS 481. Quantum Mechanics I. 3 Units.
Quantum mechanics with examples of applications. Schrödinger method; matrix and operator methods. Approximation methods including WKB, variational and various perturbation methods. Applications to atomic, molecular and nuclear physics including both bound states and scattering problems. Applications of group theory to quantum mechanics.

PHYS 482. Quantum Mechanics II. 3 Units.
Continuation of PHYS 481, including quantum field theory. Prerequisite may be waived with consent of department. Recommended preparation: PHYS 481 or consent of department.

PHYS 491. Modern Physics for Innovation I. 3 Units.
The first half of a two-semester sequence providing an understanding of physics as a basis for successfully launching new high-tech ventures. The course will examine physical limitations to present technologies, and the use of physics to identify potential opportunities for new venture creation. The course will provide experience in using physics for both identification of incremental improvements, and as the basis for alternative technologies. Case studies will be used to illustrate recent commercially successful (and unsuccessful) physics-based venture creation, and will illustrate characteristics for success.

PHYS 492. Modern Physics for Innovation II. 3 Units.
Continuation of PHYS 491, with an emphasis on current and prospective opportunities for Physics Entrepreneurship. Longer term opportunities for Physics Entrepreneurship in emerging areas including, but not limited to, nanoscale physics and nanotechnology; biophysics and applications to biotechnology; physics-based opportunities in the context of information technology. Recommended preparation: PHYS 491.

PHYS 493. Feasibility and Technology Analysis. 3 Units.
This course provides the tools scientists need to determine whether a technology is ready for commercialization. These tools include (but are not limited to): financial analysis, market analysis, industry analysis, technology analysis, intellectual property protection, the entrepreneurial process and culture, an introduction to entrepreneurial strategy and new venture financing. Deliverables will include a technology feasibility analysis on a possible application in the student's scientific area. Offered as BIOL 493, CHEM 493, and PHYS 493.

PHYS 494. Technology-Based Venture Creation. 3 Units.
This course provides the advanced tools needed to develop, articulate, and launch a venture plan for a technology identified as likely to be successful through a feasibility analysis. Additional topics include: entrepreneurial strategy, communication, sales, negotiation, entrepreneurial finance, and leadership in an entrepreneurial environment. Guest speakers will be featured in nearly every class session. Prereq: BIOL 493 or CHEM 493 or PHYS 493.

PHYS 539. Special Topics Seminar. 1 - 3 Unit.
Individual or small group instruction on topics of interest to the department. Topics include, but are not limited to, particle physics, astrophysics, optics, condensed matter physics, biophysics, imaging. Several such courses may run concurrently.

PHYS 566. Cosmology. 3 Units.
Introduction to our current understanding of the origin and evolution of the Universe and connection between our understanding of elementary particle physics and cosmology. Specific topics will include: General Parameters of Cosmology: Expansion, Lifetime, and Density of the Universe. The Early Universe, Constraints on Elementary Particles, Dark Matter and Dark Energy, Nucleosynthesis, Cosmic Microwave Background, Inflation, Stellar Evolution, Gravitational Waves, Baryogenesis. Some background in general relativity and particle physics phenomenology is recommended.

PHYS 581. Quantum Mechanics III. 3 Units.

PHYS 591. Gauge Field Theory I. 3 Units.
Noether's theorem, symmetries and conserved currents, functional integral techniques, quantization, Feynman rules, anomalies, QED, electroweak interactions, QCD, renormalization, renormalization group, asymptotic freedom and assorted other topics. Prereq: PHYS 581.

PHYS 592. Gauge Field Theory II. 3 Units.
(See PHYS 591.) Recommended preparation: PHYS 591.

PHYS 601. Research in Physics. 1 - 9 Unit.

PHYS 651. Thesis M.S.. 1 - 9 Unit.

PHYS 666. Frontiers in Physics. 0 Units.
Weekly colloquia given by eminent physicists from around the world on topics of current interest in physics.

PHYS 701. Dissertation Ph.D.. 1 - 9 Unit.
Prereq: Predoctoral research consent or advanced to Ph.D. candidacy milestone.

Department of Political Science

The study of political science is primarily concerned with how governments act and how they are controlled; and so how governments relate to each other, citizen-state relations, and the exercise of political power. Faculty specialties in the department include American politics and governmental institutions; elections and political parties in the United States and abroad; how political systems are created and revolutionized; public policy analysis, especially environmental, economic, budget and health policies; international relations with special focuses on international political economy and international organizations; religious and ethnic conflict; the politics of gender; political strategies; research methods; and comparative politics, with various regional concentrations. In its programs leading to the B.A., MA, and Ph.D., the department makes a strong effort to relate the study of politics to students' needs and concerns and to reflect in its courses both the excitement and seriousness of real-world politics.

The study of political science can build a foundation for many types of future employment. Many political science majors are preparing for graduate study or law school. Others intend to pursue careers in journalism, teaching, or public administration, or in private industry and business. Both the public and private sectors hold career possibilities for the political science major.
Undergraduate Programs

Major

The major in political science leads to the Bachelor of Arts degree. The major requires 30 hours of course work, distributed as follows:

Required Courses:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>POSC 109</td>
<td>The U.S. Political System</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>POSC 160</td>
<td>Introduction to Comparative Politics</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>POSC 172</td>
<td>Introduction to International Relations</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Six POSC courses at the 300 level</td>
<td>18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>POSC 396</td>
<td>Senior Project SAGES Capstone</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Total Units</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Students select courses based on their specific interests, with approval of the faculty advisor. No more than six hours of independent study (i.e., POSC 395 Special Projects and/or POSC 396 Senior Project SAGES Capstone) may count toward the major. Independent study completed through the Washington Center program is excluded from this limitation.

Departmental Honors

Majors who maintain a grade point average of at least 3.3 overall on completion of senior year and 3.7 in political science courses, and who earn a grade of A in POSC 396, will be eligible to be nominated to receive their degrees “with Honors in Political Science.”

Integrated Graduate Studies

The Integrated Graduate Studies (IGS) Program (http://bulletin.case.edu/undergraduates/gradprofessional/acceleratetowardgraduatedegreestext) in political science offers students the opportunity to earn an M.A. in addition to their B.A., within the usual period of undergraduate study or with a small amount of extra time. Students should notify the department of their interest no later than the beginning of the first semester of the junior year. Further application procedures are posted on the department’s website. Upon completion of 90 undergraduate hours, the student must have satisfied all general requirements for the BA, including at least 21 hours in the political science major and the General Education Requirements, and must have a 3.5 grade point average in political science courses and 3.3 overall. If admitted to the IGS program, the student will take 30 hours of graduate-level political science courses during the senior year, adhering to the departmental regulations governing the master’s degree program. If completed successfully, these hours will count simultaneously toward both degrees in political science.

The BA will be awarded upon completion of all requirements for that degree, including total hours. The MA will be awarded upon successful completion of the 30 hours of graduate-level courses and the MA examination or thesis.

Minor

Political Science

A minor in political science consists of 15 hours (five courses) in the department, of which 9 hours must be at the 300 level. An elected minor sequence must be approved by a political science faculty advisor.

Public Policy

A minor in public policy is available to undergraduates in the College of Arts and Sciences and to undergraduates in the economics and management programs in the Weatherhead School of Management. Please see the Public Policy Program’s (p. 452) section of the bulletin for details.

Graduate Programs

Master of Arts

Applicants to the Master of Arts program in political science are required to submit their undergraduate transcripts and three letters of recommendation from former instructors. The admission requirements also include a minimum score of 500 on the verbal and quantitative segments of the Graduate Record Examination (GRE) and 4.5 on the analytical section. The department strongly prefers that applicants have a minimum GPA of 3.2 overall and a minimum GPA of 3.4 in political science courses. For students from other countries, the requirements are a minimum score of 550 on the paper version of the Test of English as a Foreign Language (TOEFL), or at least 215 on the computer version of the TOEFL; the minimum GRE scores indicated above; and transcripts of all undergraduate study, indicating completion of a Bachelor of Arts or Bachelor of Science degree program.

In addition to coursework, students complete the Master of Arts program in political science either through a thesis, Graduate School Plan A, or a comprehensive examination, Graduate School Plan B, as described below.

The Master of Arts in political science is a broadly based program in which the student is expected to acquire and exhibit general knowledge and skills. Therefore, within the 30 hours of graduate-level course work (400 level and above) required for the master’s, 12 hours must be distributed as follows:

A class in the area of American government and politics 3
A class in the area of comparative politics 3
A class in the area of international relations 3
POSC 449 Political Science Research Methods 3

Total Units 12

Students who receive permission (due to special circumstances) from the graduate coordinator may take an alternative research methods course outside the department.

Among the remaining 18 hours of electives, the student will select courses to fit a plan to complete a thesis (in Plan A below) or complete an examination in two fields (Plan B below), as approved by the graduate studies director. A maximum of 9 hours may be taken outside the Department of Political Science, with prior approval from the graduate studies director, for specialized work related to the master’s degree for which no political science course is appropriate. A maximum of nine hours of independent study (POSC 601 Individual Investigation) may count toward the degree.

A minimum grade point average of 3.0 must be maintained throughout the Master of Arts program. A master’s student who fails to maintain a GPA of 3.0 will be placed on academic probation for one semester. If the GPA is not returned to the 3.0 minimum by the end of the probationary semester, the student will be separated from further study in the department.

Plan A: MA Thesis

An MA Thesis should be a major research paper equivalent to at least six hours of registration. Students shall register for POSC 651 Thesis
M.A., which will count towards the 30 hours of coursework required for completion of the MA. An MA Thesis will be read by a committee of three members of the faculty, and defended in an oral examination with the faculty committee. The committee shall vote on approval of the thesis after the oral defense. A majority vote will suffice to approve the thesis.

Students must define their thesis topic no later than the last week of the semester before the semester in which they expect to defend the thesis. The thesis supervisor will be selected by mutual agreement between the student and the faculty member who agrees to supervise. The topic must be defined before the student registers for POSC 651 Thesis M.A., and a permit for the course must be issued by the faculty supervisor. The student must prepare a prospectus describing the research question and research plans before the permit can be issued. The prospectus must be approved by both the faculty supervisor and the department’s graduate studies director. The director shall appoint the two other members of the examination committee. The graduate studies director will also schedule the oral defense, with assistance from the department staff.

Plan B: MA Examination

For the MA Examination, students should be able to explain, critique, integrate and apply the arguments of leading works in two out of the three fields of American Politics and Government, Comparative Politics, and International Relations. The examination is a written test of five hours’ duration, with 150 minutes for each of the chosen subfields. A student who chooses Plan B must request scheduling of the examination upon completion of no fewer than 30 hours and no more than 42 hours of master’s-level course work.

The examination is administered in a controlled, closed-book setting. The department maintains, on its website, MA reading lists of major scholarly works within the three fields listed above, and test questions will be based upon an expectation that the student has thoroughly studied — whether in or outside of classes — the works designated on those lists. Faculty members within each subfield write the questions for that subfield, which are then assembled by the graduate studies director, who is responsible for scheduling the exam.

The student must notify his or her faculty advisor and the graduate studies director of intent to take the exam, and the two subfields chosen, at least six weeks before he or she wishes to take it. Each section of the examination will be graded by two members of the faculty. The two faculty members must agree that the student has performed acceptably on that section of the examination in order for the student to pass on that section. The student must pass both sections to pass the exam.

Grading for the exam is Honors, Pass, or Fail. If the exam is failed, a student will have one calendar year in which to retake the exam. We expect the student will need at least one semester to prepare for retaking the exam. During the interim, the political science faculty may require the student to take additional classes to help address the concerns raised by the failed exam segment or segments. If the student does not pass the exam on a second attempt then, regrettfully, she or he will be separated from the department. Please note that university regulations require that students be registered for coursework during any semester during which the MA Exam is taken. A student who does not enroll in other courses should enroll for one hour of EXAM 600, “Comprehensive Exam” (noncredit).

Doctor of Philosophy

Requirements for admission to the Doctor of Philosophy program in political science are the same as for admission to the Master of Arts program, with the following additions. The department strongly prefers that applicants without an MA in political science have a minimum GPA of 3.2 overall and a minimum GPA of 3.4 in undergraduate political science courses, and that applicants with an MA degree in political science have a minimum GPA of 3.4 overall in their MA work. Because the department faculty is small, applicants should determine, prior to applying, whether one or more members of the department faculty are active in the applicant’s field of interest. PhD applications must specify the applicant’s field(s) of interest, as the Graduate Studies Committee will not recommend the admission of an applicant where the department faculty cannot support the applicant’s proposed course of study. Students who are accepted into the department’s MA program and then decide they would like to earn the PhD are expected to apply to the PhD program and meet the admission requirements. All PhD students must complete 45 hours of graduate-level courses, plus at least 18 hours of POSC 701 Dissertation Ph.D. credit. The required 45 hours of doctoral courses taken before dissertation credits must be distributed as follows:

12 hours in a primary subfield (American, comparative, or international relations)
9 hours in secondary subfield (one of the remaining two fields)
6 hours in the remaining subfield
6 hours in Research Methods:
POSC 449 Political Science Research Methods
12 hours of electives

Total Units 45

A maximum of 9 hours of independent study (POSC 601 Individual Investigation) may be undertaken. University regulations require PhD students to spend at least one academic year in full-time residence (two consecutive regular semesters with a minimum of 9 hours’ registration each semester).

Doctoral students whose MA in political science has been certified, and doctoral students with an MA in political science from Case Western Reserve, need complete only 18 of the 45 hours of doctoral coursework. The graduate studies director will set distribution requirements on an individual basis, reflecting the coursework completed for the MA. Doctoral students without a completed MA must pass the MA examination. They must take the examination upon completion of no fewer than 30 hours and no more than 36 hours of coursework. A student who does not pass this examination may not continue in the PhD program. See the description of the MA examination above for further information.

Upon completion of 45 hours of coursework, the student must pass the PhD comprehensive examinations in his or her primary and secondary subfields. After passing the examinations, a student must complete a dissertation, typically 150-400 pages in length, that draws on the student’s original research to make a contribution to the field of political science.

Dual JD/MA

Students accepted to the School of Law may pursue a Master of Arts in Political Science in conjunction with their JD degree. Completion of the program requires 97 hours of coursework, and so would be expected to require seven semesters. Students wishing to enroll in the dual-degree program must be separately admitted to each program, but the department will waive the GRE requirement and accept the LSAT within the admissions process. Students must complete a total of 21 hours of credit within the political science department, including at least three credit hours in American politics, comparative politics,
international relations, and research methods. Dual-degree students will normally begin study in the law school and defer enrollment in the MA program until their second year. They must pass the MA comprehensive examination upon completion of their political science coursework.

**Department Faculty**

Joseph White, PhD  
(University of California, Berkeley)  
*Luxenberg Family Professor of Public Policy and Chair; Director, Center for Policy Studies and Public Policy Program; Professor of Epidemiology and Biostatistics, School of Medicine*  
American government; Congress; public policy; health and welfare policy; comparative politics of rich democracies

Karen Beckwith, PhD  
(Syracuse University)  
*Flora Stone Mather Professor*  
Politics of gender; mass political participation; comparative political movements; democracy and representation

Justin Buchler, PhD  
(University of California, Berkeley)  
*Associate Professor*  
Congress; redistricting; political strategy; parties and elections

Jessica F. Green, PhD  
(Princeton University)  
*Assistant Professor*  
Global governance; international environmental law and policy; international law; international organizations; transnational regulation; qualitative methods

Kathryn C. Lavelle, PhD  
(Northwestern University)  
*Ellen and Dixon Long Professor in World Affairs*  
International relations; international organizations; Congress in world politics; politics of stock markets; governing institutions of national and international finance; U.S. foreign economic policy; Congress and banking policy

Kelly M. McMann, PhD  
(University of Michigan)  
*Associate Professor; Director, International Studies Program*  
Comparative politics; Central Asia; Russia and former East Bloc; democratization

Peter W. Moore, PhD  
(McGill University)  
*M. A. Hanna Professor of Political Science; Associate Professor*  
Comparative politics and political economy of the Middle East and Africa

Elliot Posner, PhD  
(University of California, Berkeley)  
*Associate Professor*  
International relations; international and comparative political economy; politics of finance; international organizations; European Union

Laura Y. Tartakoff, JD, MA  
(Case Western Reserve University School of Law; Tufts University)  
*Instructor*  
Constitutional law; civil liberties; comparative constitutionalism

**Secondary Faculty**

Jonathan L. Entin, JD  
(Northwestern University)  
*Professor, School of Law*  
American constitutional law; social science and the law

**Adjunct Faculty**

Lev Gomnick, PhD  
(York University, Toronto)  
*Adjunct Professor*  
Comparative historical international political economy; technology and government

Karl Kaltenhauser, PhD  
(Washington University)  
*Adjunct Professor*  
Comparative politics, political behavior/public opinion, political extremism and violence, political economy, Europe

Andrew M. Lucker, PhD  
(Case Western Reserve University)  
*Adjunct Assistant Professor*  
American government; state politics and government; history of political science

**Courses**

**POSC 109. The U.S. Political System. 3 Units.**  
This course provides an overview of governmental institutions and processes in the United States, the political forces that combine to shape them, and how we might best understand the system that government and politics create.

**POSC 160. Introduction to Comparative Politics. 3 Units.**  
Comparative politics is the study of processes and institutions within countries. Prompted by real-world puzzles, comparativists investigate broad, theoretical questions such as: What constitutes a revolution, and why do revolutions occur? How does one country become more democratic than another? Why do relations between some ethnic groups turn violent? This course introduces students to some of the central puzzles and theories of comparative politics in order to help them better understand world events. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

**POSC 172. Introduction to International Relations. 3 Units.**  
Why do countries fight wars? Can nuclear proliferation be curtailed? Does trade help developing countries or harm them? This survey of the field of International Relations examines "big questions" in world politics. It introduces themes including the rise, development and changes of the nation-state system; patterns and causes of international conflict and cooperation; international law, organizations, and transnational institutions; the roles of both state and non-state actors in international politics; and the methods used to understand this field.

**POSC 301. Decision-Making in American Cities. 3 Units.**  
Localities are the primary interface with government and provide the basic psychological place identification for most Americans. The course will explore this assertion in the context of urban America today. How are decisions made in cities? Who shapes these decisions and why? What role is played by shifting demographics, race, and poverty? What can the individual do to influence local decision-making? Offered as POSC 301 and POSC 401.
POSC 302. State Politics and Policy. 3 Units.
State governments may make more decisions that affect the life of an average citizen than does the federal government. The study of state politics and policy includes the different ways states organize the basic parts of American political systems (such as legislatures, executives, courts and parties); how state cultures, economies, and other factors shape how political institutions work; institutions of state governance that do not exist at the national level (such as the initiative and referendum); and the continual contest between state and federal governments to control policy, shift costs, and avoid blame. Offered as POSC 302 and POSC 402.

POSC 306. Interest Groups in the Policy Process. 3 Units.
Introduction to the institutions and processes that make up the political environment of nonprofit and other organizations in the United States, beginning with an examination of the role of civil society in a democracy and continuing with the framing of issues, role of political entrepreneurs and organized interests, elections, the legislative process and strategies for influencing it, and the roles of executive institutions and the courts. Offered as POSC 306 and POSC 406.

POSC 308. The American Presidency. 3 Units.
The sources of, strategies of, and restraints on presidential leadership in the United States. Emphasis on problems of policy formation, presidential relations with Congress and executive agencies, and the electoral process. Offered as POSC 308 and POSC 408.

POSC 310. The Legislative Process. 3 Units.
Legislative, representative, and other functions of Congress and state legislatures; legislative relations with the executive and with private interests; powers and limitations of the legislature as a policy-making institution. Offered as POSC 310 and POSC 410.

POSC 319. Politics and Money. 3 Units.
One of the most famous definitions of politics comes from Harold Laswell, who described it as the struggle over “who gets what, when, how.” Money is at the center of most political conflict. It is a resource, a motivation, and an end unto itself. This course will examine the role of money in politics, with particular emphasis on American politics. We will discuss the role of money in elections, in the policy-making process, and what it means for representation. The course will begin with the question of the role that financial consideration play in public opinion and voting behavior. We will then address the role that money plays in election results, both in terms of its role in financing campaigns, and the relationship between the state of the economy and election results. Finally, we will discuss the policy-making process. In that context, we will address the role that interest groups play in the process, and how the quest for economic benefits for one's constituency motivates the behavior of elected officials. We will conclude by discussing how policy changes at the systematic level occur and the influence that various groups have on policy outcomes. Offered as POSC 319 and POSC 419.

POSC 320B. The U.S. Midterm Elections. 3 Units.
Analysis of the midterm elections in the United States. Covers congressional and state elections in all regions, focusing on the issues, personalities, campaign strategies, and voter trends in this key electoral battle held between presidential elections. Offered every four years in conjunction with the election cycle. Offered as POSC 320B and POSC 420B.

POSC 320C. The Presidential Election. 3 Units.
Analysis of the upcoming presidential election in the United States. Focuses on the issues and personalities, polls and public opinion, campaign strategies, and electoral behavior. Offered every four years in conjunction with the United States presidential election cycle. Offered as POSC 320C and POSC 420C.

POSC 321. News Media and Politics. 3 Units.
Analysis of the political role of the news media in American government and politics. Examines the fascinating relationship between reporters and politicians. Covers the overall structure and legal position of the media as well as the media’s impact on the American political system. Offered as POSC 321 and POSC 421.

POSC 322. Political Movements and Political Participation. 3 Units.
Political Movements and Political Participation is concerned with the variety of ways citizens engage in collective activism in the United States and across national boundaries, and with the conditions under which citizens identify common concerns and join together in political movements to bring about change. The course begins with an examination of three general bodies of theory and research on political movements: resource mobilization, political opportunity structures, and cultural framing. We will also investigate frameworks of political participation for understanding the relationships among different expressions of collective activism and representation. In the context of these sometimes competing theories, we will consider 1) the conditions under which political movements are likely to emerge, as well as the circumstances in which collective political action is precluded; 2) how citizens come to recognize collective grievances and shared political identities; 3) the strategies and tactics of organized movements, and their likelihood of political success; and 4) the relationship between political movements, political parties, and the state. Offered as POSC 322 and POSC 422.

POSC 323. Judicial Politics. 3 Units.
Rejecting the view that judges mechanically apply the law, the study of judicial politics seeks to understand the behavior of judges as political actors with policy goals. Topics include judicial selection and socialization, judicial policy change, judicial strategy (especially the strategic interaction of judges on multi-judge panels), the interaction of courts in hierarchical judicial systems, the policy impact of judicial decisions, and the courts’ interactions with coordinate branches of government (the executive, Congress, state governments, state courts). Primary focus will be on the federal judiciary, with some discussion of state judicial systems. Offered as POSC 323 and POSC 423.

POSC 325. American Constitutional Law. 3 Units.
An introductory survey of U.S. constitutional law. Special attention given to the historical, philosophical, and political dimensions of landmark Supreme Court cases. Judicial review, federalism, separation of powers, due process, and equal protection. Supreme Court's involvement in major political controversies: the New Deal, abortion, physician-assisted suicide, school desegregation, and affirmative action. Offered as POSC 325 and POSC 425.

POSC 326. Constitutions in Practical Politics. 3 Units.
Overview of ancient Greek and Roman constitution-making, medieval principles, emergence of modern constitutionalism, and the constitutionalist vision of the American and French Revolutions. Examination of contemporary constitutional issues and developments in countries such as Canada, France, Germany, Great Britain, Ethiopia, India, and the United States. Offered as POSC 326 and POSC 426. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.
POSC 327. Civil Liberties in America. 3 Units.
Supreme Court's interpretation of the First Amendment: liberty of religion through the establishment and free exercise clauses, freedoms of speech and the press, of assembly and association. The "pure tolerance" view examined against subversive speech, "fighting words," libel, and obscenity. Survey of content-neutral regulation, symbolic expression, and current efforts to limit expression (campus speech codes and the feminist anti-pornography movement). Offered as POSC 327 and POSC 427.

POSC 328. Topics in Civil Liberties. 3 Units.
Rights of the accused as outlined in the Fourth, Fifth, Sixth, and Eighth Amendments. Topics covered are (1) arrests, searches, and seizures, (2) the privilege against compelled self-incrimination, (3) the rights to counsel, confrontation, and jury trial, and (4) the prohibition against cruel and unusual punishments. Case-specific approach but presents interplay of history, philosophy, and politics as background of each topic. Offered as POSC 328 and POSC 428.

POSC 334. Violence and the Political System. 3 Units.
Empirical analysis of various theories advanced in the cross-cultural explanation of factors which cause and mediate the occurrence of violence--revolutions, terrorism, and civil disorder--within the political system. Offered as POSC 334 and POSC 434.

POSC 341. Elections, Voters, and Political Parties. 3 Units.
Examination of American political parties, their activities, organization, characteristics, and functions. Candidate strategies and electoral history viewed within the context of voter orientations and predispositions, stressing linkages between citizen and party and between party and government. Offered as POSC 341 and POSC 441.

POSC 342. Water. 3 Units.
This seminar will explore the history of the meaning of water—that is, the social, cultural, and/or political significance placed on water by individuals and governments in different times and places. It will also examine how humans have acted upon water, and how it has acted upon humans, with great consequences for human life. This seminar will look at the history of water in the context of science, technology and society; public health; political science; and environmental history. Case studies will be drawn from a wide chronological and geographical range; from the ancient world to Renaissance Italy, nineteenth century India, modern Britain, Egypt, and the U.S. The course provides a wide perspective on the themes of the history of human-water interactions, but will also focus closely on some critical cases. Seminar participants will write a research paper on the topic of their choice in the environmental history of water. Offered as: HSTY 342, HSTY 442, POSC 342, POSC 442. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

POSC 343. Public Opinion and American Democracy. 3 Units.
Examination of theories, concepts and empirical research related to attitudes and the political behavior of mass publics. Offered as POSC 343 and POSC 443.

POSC 346. Women and Politics. 3 Units.
Women and Politics involves a critical examination of the impact of gender on the forms and distributions of power and politics, with primary reference to the experience of women in the United States. Major concerns of the course include what we mean by "sex," "gender," and "politics"; the relationship between women and the state; how women organize collectively to influence state policies; and how the state facilitates and constrains women's access to and exercise of political power. The course is organized around four foci central to the study of women and politics. The first section of the course focuses on what we mean by "women," "gender," and "politics." In this section, we will consider how these concepts intersect and the ways in which each may be used to deepen our understanding of the workings of governments and political systems, and of women's relative political powerlessness. The second section of the course employs these concepts to understand the (re) emergence of the US feminist movement, its meanings, practices, and goals, and its transformation across US political history. In the third section, we turn to conventional electoral politics, focusing on women's candidacies, their campaigns, and women's voting behavior. In the final section of the course, we consider those general factors that might provide for increased gender equality and improved life status for women, in global, comparative perspective. Offered as POSC 346 and POSC 446 and WGST 346. Counts as SAGES Departmental Seminar.

POSC 348. History of Modern Political and Social Thought. 3 Units.
This course explores the responses of philosophers, economic theorists, culture critics, and public policy makers to changes in western society wrought by industrialization by focusing on their concerns with technological change. Offered as HSTY 348, HSTY 448 and POSC 348.

POSC 349. Political Science Research Methods. 3 Units.
This course examines approaches that political scientists use to understand events and processes. In doing so, the course provides students with skills helpful to completing senior projects, such as the ability to evaluate and conduct research. Through exercises and projects, students will take part in the research process from constructing a question to developing a research design to interpreting results. Students will learn and apply key techniques, including inductive and deductive reasoning, hypothesis construction, operationalization of concepts, measurements, sampling and probability, causal inference, and the logic of controls. They will produce materials common to the discipline, such as research designs. Offered as POSC 349 and POSC 449. Counts as SAGES Departmental Seminar.

POSC 351. Modern Political Thought. 3 Units.
Examination of a limited topic in the study of modern political thought. Topics vary. Offered as POSC 351 and POSC 451.

POSC 352. American Political Thought. 3 Units.
Examination of the unique contribution to the science of government made by American political thinkers. Offered as POSC 352 and POSC 452.

POSC 354. Political and Social Philosophy. 3 Units.
Justification of social institutions, primarily political ones. Such distinctions as that between de facto and legitimate authority; analysis of criteria for evaluation, such as social justice and equality; inquiry into theories of justification of the state; theory of democratic government and its alternatives. Readings from classical and contemporary sources. Recommended preparation: PHIL 101. Offered as PHIL 334, POSC 354, PHIL 434, and POSC 454.
POSC 355. Modern Political Ideologies. 3 Units.
Substance and nature of ideological thinking in the contemporary world via a survey of political "isms"—for example, liberalism, libertarianism, conservatism, fascism, socialism, and even more recent trends such as feminism, environmentalism, etc. Offered as POSC 355 and POSC 455.

POSC 357. Democratic Politics: Theory and Practice. 3 Units.
Study of the theory and application of democracy. The concept of democracy will be examined from the Athenian model to contemporary debates over participatory and deliberative models. Then the concept will be applied to understanding issues of democratic practice and the study of politics in American, comparative, and international arenas. Finally, the course will address the potential effects, both good and ill, of technological innovation on democratic practices, such as "distance" participation, the Internet, and other communication technology. Offered as POSC 357 and POSC 457.

POSC 358. Political Strategy. 3 Units.
This course examines practical applications of prominent political science theories. It is partly a how-to course covering a broad range of political activities, but the primary objective is to link practical issues with theories to help you understand why events happen the way they do. The course focuses on American politics, but the materials will be applicable to a wide range of situations. The course is a seminar requiring regular student presentations that will generate discussion about the readings and current events. Papers consist of analysis of current events, and require students to analyze the strategies used by prominent figures in the context of the theories we discuss in class. Offered as POSC 358 and POSC 458. Counts as SAGES Departmental Seminar.

POSC 361. State-Building and State Collapse. 3 Units.
Are nation-states the most effective means of organizing society? This course explores this question by examining the historical rationales behind the development of the nation-state, contemporary challenges to the nation-state, and potential alternatives to the nation-state. Possible challenges to the nation-state include multinational corporations, international humanitarian intervention, and regional integration. Alternative providers of state services include charities, companies, and mercenaries. Offered as POSC 361 and POSC 461. Counts as CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

POSC 362. Politics of Central Asia. 3 Units.
Once an unfamiliar region to many people of the world, Central Asia took center stage in the fall of 2001 as a result of the U.S. campaign against terrorism. This course will introduce students to the politics of Central Asia, focusing on the region today composed of Uzbekistan, Turkmenistan, Tajikistan, Kyrgyzstan, and Kazakhstan. We will review the nationalism, foreign relations, religion, ethnicity, and economics of the region. Offered as ETHS 362, POSC 362, and POSC 462. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

POSC 363. Comparative Analysis of Elections and Electoral Systems. 3 Units.
Elections involve more than a simple act of voting to express individual preferences. The rules under which worldwide elections are held determine who controls the executive and how votes are converted into legislative seats. The mechanics of various electoral arrangements will be examined in detail and the consequences for the political system discussed in terms of strategies and desired outcomes on the part of contestants. Students will research individual countries and analyze recent elections from both qualitative and quantitative perspectives, including introduction to geospatial data for mapping variations in electoral behavior. Offered as POSC 363 and POSC 463. Counts as SAGES Departmental Seminar.

POSC 364. Dictatorship and Democracy in Modern Latin America. 3 Units.
Examination of political leadership in 20th-century Latin America, exploring the nature, causes, and consequences of dictatorship and democracy in the region, moving from the collapse of oligarchic rule and the emergence of populism in the 1930s and 1940s, to the end of democracy and establishment of military regimes in the 1960s and 1970s, and ultimately to the contemporary processes of democratization and economic liberalization. Offered as ETHS 364, POSC 364, and POSC 464. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

POSC 365. Science, Technology, and Government. 3 Units.
Traces the development and influence of federal technology and science policies from colonial times to the present, with emphasis on the 20th century. Offered as HSTY 366 and POSC 365.

POSC 366. Government and Politics of Africa. 3 Units.
Comparative analysis of the political forces and organizations currently functioning in Africa, as well as a survey of the formal government institutions. Special emphasis on single-party rule, military rule, and the political ramifications of African socialism, tribalism and the problems of national integration. Offered as ETHS 366, POSC 366, and POSC 466. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

POSC 367. Western European Political Systems. 3 Units.
Comparative analysis of sociopolitical systems of selected Western European industrial democracies, using North American systems as a point of comparison. Offered as POSC 367 and POSC 467.

POSC 369. Current Controversies in Latin American Politics and Society. 3 Units.
In addition to questions about race, religion, abortion, the drug industry, immigration, democracy, private property, and free trade, the course will tackle Latin America's apparent shift to the political and ideological left, Chavez's "Imperialism," and Cuba's humanitarian aid. Offered as ETHS 369, POSC 369 and POSC 469. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

POSC 370A. Political Economy. 3 Units.
Focus on debates concerning the proper relationship between political and economic systems, including conservative, liberal, and radical perspectives. The politics of international economics and the economics of international politics receive separate attention. The course concludes with study of "modern" political economy and the application of economic theory to the study of political systems. Offered as POSC 370A and POSC 470A.

POSC 370C. The United States and Asia. 3 Units.
Survey and analysis of U.S.-Asia relations in the post-World War II period. Focus specifically is on the interaction of politics and economics in the United States' relations with Japan, China, and Southeast Asian countries. Topics will include the role of Asia in U.S. Cold War policies, the dynamics of U.S.-Japan alliance politics, post-Cold War issues involving U.S. foreign policy toward Asia, a history and analysis of economic conflict cooperation, and an examination of the move toward Asia-Pacific "regionalism." Offered as POSC 370C and POSC 470C. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.
POSC 370D. The Politics of China. 3 Units.
Now more than ever, the Chinese state and society are facing tremendous economic, social, and political challenges. This course presents an overview of current issues facing the People's Republic, including a changing (or not) political culture, policy processes and outcomes at the national and local levels, reform and economic growth, the resultant societal changes and pressures, and the consequent challenges the Communist Party faces as demand for political reform grows. The class involves a mixture of lectures and discussion and draws on a combination of primary and secondary sources, including current news reports and films. Offered as POSC 370D and POSC 470D. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

POSC 370F. Financial Politics in the United States and the World. 3 Units.
This course explores how political institutions make policy in the financial area with particular emphasis on the United States. Using a bureaucratic politics framework, it examines money, banks and the securities industry by integrating a wide range of literature in economics and political science. Specific objectives include familiarizing students with different approaches to the political economy of finance from different disciplines, exploring the historical evolution of finance, examining the changing relationship between public and private authority within the financial system, considering how politics operates in a crisis, and evaluating the role of international financial institutions in the global economy. By taking this course, students will equip themselves for further research into politics and economics, as well as offer them tools to analyze future policy developments as they unfold. Offered as POSC 370F and POSC 470F.

POSC 370G. U.S. Intelligence and National Security. 3 Units.
Examination of the impact of the intelligence process on foreign policy making and superpower relations. Covers the life cycle of United States strategic intelligence from the collection of data to formulation of analytic judgments and the policy-level uses of intelligence. Emphasis on contemporary intelligence issues and processes, but includes the formative period of modern American intelligence in the World War II era. Offered as POSC 370G and POSC 470G.

POSC 370H. China's Foreign Policy. 3 Units.
The rise of China is evident in the country's more forward and robust foreign policy that began in 1979. At every turn, nations throughout the world must now consider China wherever their interests are at stake, be it Korea and Northeast Asia, Indochina and Southeast Asia, India/Pakistan and South Asia, or Afghanistan and Iran in the Middle East, not to mention the many African states that welcome Chinese investment but chafe at China's presence. Further, China is increasingly aggressive in international trade, a major determinant of its foreign policy. This course describes the key factors that make up Chinese foreign policy, including its cultural tradition, policy-making institutions, the role of the military, and domestic determinants of foreign policy. The course also examines China's ever-changing foreign policy strategies, from an aggressive posture to charming its neighbors only to become more strident once again. The course will also examine China's role involving possible mercantilism, currency manipulation, and the hunt for traditional and alternative energy sources. Throughout the course, we will pay attention to how China's foreign policy relates to international relations theories and what strategies might be used to manage China's growing role in international affairs. Offered as POSC 370H and POSC 470H. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

POSC 370J. International Law and Organizations. 3 Units.
Study of international organizations and international law as two means for regulating and coordinating nation-state behavior. History of the two techniques will be traced, covering 19th century efforts at cooperation, the League of Nations and the United Nations, regional and specialized global organization. The functions of international law in global politics will be stressed, with primary focus on the evolving role of law in dealing with global problems, e.g., war, the environment, economic cooperation, and human rights. Offered as POSC 370J and POSC 470J.

POSC 370K. Nationalism, Ethnicity, and Religion in World Politics. 3 Units.
Examination of the post-Cold War surge in conflicts among nationalisms, ethnic groups, and religions with particular attention to the former Yugoslavia, Ireland, India, Africa, and the Middle East. Offered as ETHS 370K, POSC 370K, and POSC 470K. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

POSC 370M. Theories of Political Economy. 3 Units.
This course is a SAGES departmental seminar in political economy that brings a wide range of theoretical perspectives to bear on the relations between market and state in the contemporary world. It focuses on three questions: What have been the major debates concerning the role of the government in the economy? How were these debates resolved in the compromise of embedded liberalism, and What experiences have individual states had with these questions of political economy? To answer these questions, we will read original literature to uncover the connections among politics, economics, and the world of ideas that has resulted in the political debates we confront today. Offered as POSC 370M and POSC 470M. Counts as SAGES Departmental Seminar.

POSC 371. Natural Resources and World Politics. 3 Units.
Examination of the political causes and ramifications of the uneven distribution of the valuable natural resources for modern industrial societies. Strategic and military issues and the exploitation of the seabed. Examination in some detail of selected commodity issues, including petroleum, copper and uranium. Offered as POSC 371 and POSC 471.

POSC 373. Politics of the European Union. 3 Units.
Study of the origins, operations, and prospects for the European Union. This can include the historical context for the effort to restrict national rivalries (which fueled two world wars) and create common interests; the diplomatic challenges in finding common ground; the tasks and processes of governance within the EU, including its governing institutions, enforcement of terms for European Monetary Union and the operations of its bureaucracies; the social pressures that create policy challenges (such as agriculture policy and immigration); broad tensions within the enterprise (e.g., "broadening" vs. "deepening"), and the EU's potential place in international politics, especially the efforts to create a common foreign and security policy and the possible implications of the Euro for international political economy. Offered as POSC 373 and POSC 473.

POSC 374. Politics of Development in the Global South. 3 Units.
Exploration of the post-World War II emergence of the Global South nations of Africa, Asia, the Middle East, Latin America, and the Eastern Europe arena. Offered as ETHS 374, POSC 374, and POSC 474. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.
POSC 375. The International Politics of Technology. 3 Units.
Technology is deeply political. Nowhere is this statement more evident than in the realm of international relations, where governments perceive technology as a source of power and wealth and a symbol of relative position and modernity. Yet for centuries skeptics have questioned the economic rationale of government technology policies. Still, to this day, countries support emulation, innovation and a host of other strategies as means for catching up with leading nations or locking in current advantages. What lies behind such policies? What do they accomplish? And what are the domestic and international politics surrounding them? After reading classic arguments, including texts by Adam Smith, Alexander Hamilton and Friedrich List, students will consider 20th and 21st century debates and an array of experiments tried by poor, middle-income and rich countries. Cases include the development of new industries; the imposition of sanctions; the dilemma of dual technologies and military spillovers; the forging of national champions; the reorganization of banks and the creation of international financial centers; the copying of regional clusters (e.g. Silicon Valley) and stock markets (e.g. the Nasdaq); and the extraterritorial extension of domestic regulation and governance techniques. There are no prerequisites and first year students are welcome. Offered as POSC 375 and POSC 475.

POSC 376. United States Foreign Policy. 3 Units.
Focus on U.S. foreign policy making with a dynamic network of executive and congressional actors and organizations; analysis of traditional and contemporary U.S. foreign policies from nuclear defense to current economic resource issues; future role of the United States in world affairs. Offered as POSC 376 and POSC 476.

POSC 377. Politics of Russia. 3 Units.
Russia faces three problems: the creation of a sovereign state, the development of a new political system, and the restructuring of its economy. In this course we will challenge the assumption that the outcome of these three transitions will be a strong, democratic, capitalist country. We will ask whether civil war, organized crime, an immature party system, poor social services, and nomenklatura privatization bode poorly for these three transformations. Offered as POSC 377 and POSC 477. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

POSC 378. International Relations Theory. 3 Units.
This course is a seminar in international relations theory. As such, we will bring a wide range of theoretical perspectives to bear on issues and debates in the area of international relations by systematically studying the evolution of the world system. The seminar is roughly divided into a first half focusing on war and the political system, and a second half focusing on trade, finance and the economic system. Each section devotes particular attention to ethical problems associated with political and economic issues. This course should develop students’ ability to read and critically evaluate academic literature in the field of international relations, and enable students to produce a scholarly paper on one substantive area of the field. Offered as POSC 378 and POSC 478. Counts as SAGES Departmental Seminar.

POSC 379. Introduction to Middle East Politics. 3 Units.
This is an introductory course about Middle East Politics, in regional as well as international aspects. In this course we will explore broad social, economic, and political themes that have defined the region since the end of World War Two. Since this is an introductory course, a major goal will be to gain comparative knowledge about the region’s states and peoples. The countries that comprise the modern Middle East are quite diverse; therefore, we will only be able to focus on a few cases in depth. A second goal is to use the tools and theories social scientists employ to answer broad questions related to the region, such as: How have colonial legacies shaped political and economic development in the Middle East? How do oil, religion, and identity interact with politics? How have external powers affected the region’s political development? What do the uprisings of 2011 hold for the region’s future? Offered as POSC 379 and POSC 479. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

POSC 380. State and War in Africa and the Middle East. 3 Units.
The Middle East, North Africa, and Sub-Saharan Africa remain the most volatile and conflict prone regions of the world. Traditional approaches to war and state conflict have emphasized systemic variables, such as balance of power, military capabilities, perceptions, the security dilemma, and of course anarchy. While these concepts have generated much academic interest, their ability to explain and understand conflict in the developing world is severely limited. This is due to the basic fact that nearly all conflict in the world today is not between states but is taking place within state boundaries. What drives these conflicts? Are there common factors and patterns within the Middle East and Africa? How does sub-state conflict affect political and economic development? What are the most likely resolution strategies? Recommended preparation: POSC 379. Counts as SAGES Departmental Seminar.

POSC 381. City as Classroom. 3 Units.
In this course, the city is the classroom. We will engage with the urban terrain. We will meet weekly off-campus, interact with community members, and interface—both literally and figuratively—with the city as a way to examine the linkages between historical, conceptual, and contemporary issues, with particular attention paid to race and class dynamics, inequality, and social justice. This course will have four intersecting components, primarily focusing on American cities since the 1930s: the social and physical construction of urban space, the built environment, life and culture in the city, and social movements and grassroots struggles. Offered as HSTY 381, POSC 381, SOCI 381, HSTY 481, POSC 481, and SOCI 481. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

POSC 382A. Child Policy. 3 Units.
This course introduces students to issues in public policy that impact children and families. Local, state, and federal child policy will be considered, and topics will include, for example, policies related to child poverty, education, child welfare, juvenile justice, and children’s physical and mental health. Students will learn how policy is developed, how research informs policy and vice versa, and a framework for analyzing social policy. Recommended preparation: One social sciences course or consent. Offered as ANTH 305, CHST 301, and POSC 382A.

POSC 383. Health Policy and Politics in the United States. 3 Units.
Overview of the principal institutions, processes, social forces, and ideas shaping the U.S. health system. Historical, political, economic, and sociological perspectives on the health system are explored as well as the intellectual context of recent policy changes, challenges, and developments. Students will acquire a sense of how health services are financed and delivered in the U.S. They will also learn how to assess its performance compared to that of other similar countries. Offered as POSC 383 and POSC 483.
POSC 384. Ethics and Public Policy. 3 Units.
Evaluation of ethical arguments in contemporary public policymaking discourse. That is, approaches to evaluating not only the efficiency of policy (Will this policy achieve its end for the least cost?) but also the ethics of policy (Are a policy's intended ends ethically justified or "good," and are our means to achieve those ends moral or "just"?). Overview of political ideologies that supply U.S. political actors with their ethical or moral arguments when proposing and implementing public policy, followed by an application of these differing perspectives to selected policy areas such as welfare, euthanasia, school choice, drug laws, censorship, or others. Offered as POSC 384 and POSC 484.

POSC 385. U.S. Bureaucratic Politics. 3 Units.
Bureaucracy is one of civilization's most important inventions. It is a way of coordinating very large numbers of people so as to do work, make decisions, and exercise power. Without it, much of modern life would be impossible. Yet "bureaucracy" is normally seen, in public discussion, as a problem, instead of as a solution. This course will consider both the reasons for and pathologies of bureaucratic organization. Its special focus is bureaucracy in American government. The course therefore will provide some introduction to the study of American public administration, but with special emphasis on how the work and performance of public bureaucracies in the United States is shaped by the specific tasks they are given and the distribution of power in the American political arena. Offered as POSC 385 and POSC 485. Counts as SAGES Departmental Seminar.

POSC 386. Making Public Policy. 3 Units.
Politics is about who wins, who loses, and why. Policy, by contrast, is often depicted as more "neutral"; policies are the means through which political decisions are carried out. In this class, we examine the notion that policy is the rational, impartial counterpart to the political arena. We will ask: How are public policies made? Why do some issues make it on to the agenda, while others do not? Can we separate facts from values, or are both always contested? We will examine how decision-making in a group introduces distinct challenges for policymaking. The course focuses on widely applicable themes of policymaking, drawing on both domestic and international examples. Offered as POSC 386 and POSC 486.

POSC 388. Politics, Policy, and the Global Environment. 3 Units.
This course examines the law, politics and policy surrounding global environmental challenges such as climate change. The course aims to provide a broad overview of the key concepts, actors, debates, and issues in global environmental politics. It aims to illustrate the complexities of addressing environmental problems—from the proliferation of global institutions and international actors, to the absence of central enforcement mechanisms. We examine the causes of environmental degradation and competing views on the gravity of the problem. Using concepts from political science and economics, we investigate the challenges in getting states to act jointly to address environmental problems. We examine the actors and institutions of global environmental politics, to understand how conditions are defined as problems and responses are chosen and implemented. The course concludes by applying the tools and concepts to the case of climate change. Offered as POSC 388, ESTD 388, POSC 488.

POSC 389. Special Topics in American Politics and Policy. 3 Units.
Specific topic will vary but will consist of an in-depth investigation of a particular policy area or political phenomenon. Topics will involve policy controversies of some current interest. Offered as POSC 389 and POSC 489.

POSC 395. Special Projects. 1 - 6 Unit.
Study of a topic of particular interest, or an approved internship. The student must submit to the departmental office a project prospectus form, approved and signed by the faculty supervisor, no later than the end of the second week of classes. The prospectus must outline the goals of the project and the research methodology to be used and is part of the basis for grading. The prospectus form is available from the departmental office of from the department's Web page.

POSC 396. Senior Project SAGES Capstone. 3 Units.
Capstone experience for political science majors or senior POSC minors as part of the SAGES program, providing opportunity to do an in-depth paper on a topic of particular interest to them. Students must obtain approval from a faculty project advisor and list that advisor on the registration form. The advisor must sign and student submit to department a prospectus including goals, schedule, and research methodology. This paper should demonstrate, and ideally even extend, the skills and expertise developed over the course of study in the department. Upon completion of the capstone, students will be expected to present their work in a public forum. Recommended preparation: Junior or Senior political science major or senior political science minor and departmental prospectus form. Counts as SAGES Senior Capstone.

POSC 401. Decision-Making in American Cities. 3 Units.
Localities are the primary interface with government and provide the basic psychological place identification for most Americans. The course will explore this assertion in the context of urban America today. How are decisions made in cities? Who shapes these decisions and why? What role is played by shifting demographics, race, and poverty? What can the individual do to influence local decision-making? Offered as POSC 301 and POSC 401.

POSC 402. State Politics and Policy. 3 Units.
State governments may make more decisions that affect the life of an average citizen than does the federal government. The study of state politics and policy includes the different ways states organize the basic parts of American political systems (such as legislatures, executives, courts and parties); how state cultures, economies, and other factors shape how political institutions work; institutions of state governance that do not exist at the national level (such as the initiative and referendum); and the continual contest between state and federal governments to control policy, shift costs, and avoid blame. Offered as POSC 302 and POSC 402.

POSC 406. Interest Groups in the Policy Process. 3 Units.
Introduction to the institutions and processes that make up the political environment of nonprofit and other organizations in the United States, beginning with an examination of the role of civil society in a democracy and continuing with the framing of issues, role of political entrepreneurs and organized interests, elections, the legislative process and strategies for influencing it, and the roles of executive institutions and the courts. Offered as POSC 306 and POSC 406.

POSC 408. The American Presidency. 3 Units.
The sources of, strategies of, and restraints on presidential leadership in the United States. Emphasis on problems of policy formation, presidential relations with Congress and executive agencies, and the electoral process. Offered as POSC 308 and POSC 408.

POSC 410. The Legislative Process. 3 Units.
Legislative, representative, and other functions of Congress and state legislatures; legislative relations with the executive and with private interests; powers and limitations of the legislature as a policy-making institution. Offered as POSC 310 and POSC 410.
POSC 419. Politics and Money. 3 Units.
One of the most famous definitions of politics comes from Harold Laswell, who described it as the struggle over “who gets what, when, how.” Money is at the center of most political conflict. It is a resource, a motivation, and an end unto itself. This course will examine the role of money in politics, with particular emphasis on American politics. We will discuss the role of money in elections, in the policy-making process, and what it means for representation. The course will begin with the question of the role that financial consideration play in public opinion and voting behavior. We will then address the role that money plays in election results, both in terms of its role in financing campaigns, and the relationship between the state of the economy and election results. Finally, we will discuss the policy-making process. In that context, we will address the role that interest groups play in the process, and how the quest for economic benefits for one’s constituency motivates the behavior of elected officials. We will conclude by discussing how policy changes at the systematic level occur and the influence that various groups have on policy outcomes. Offered as POSC 319 and POSC 419.

POSC 420B. The U.S. Midterm Elections. 3 Units.
Analysis of the midterm elections in the United States. Covers congressional and state elections in all regions, focusing on the issues, personalities, campaign strategies, and voter trends in this key electoral battle held between presidential elections. Offered every four years in conjunction with the election cycle. Offered as POSC 320B and POSC 420B.

POSC 420C. The Presidential Election. 3 Units.
Analysis of the upcoming presidential election in the United States. Focuses on the issues and personalities, polls and public opinion, campaign strategies, and electoral behavior. Offered every four years in conjunction with the United States presidential election cycle. Offered as POSC 320C and POSC 420C.

POSC 421. News Media and Politics. 3 Units.
Analysis of the political role of the news media in American government and politics. Examines the fascinating relationship between reporters and politicians. Covers the overall structure and legal position of the media as well as the media’s impact on the American political system. Offered as POSC 321 and POSC 421.

POSC 422. Political Movements and Political Participation. 3 Units.
Political Movements and Political Participation is concerned with the variety of ways citizens engage in collective activism in the United States and across national boundaries, and with the conditions under which citizens identify common concerns and join together in political movements to bring about change. The course begins with an examination of three general bodies of theory and research on political movements: resource mobilization, political opportunity structures, and cultural framing. We will also investigate frameworks of political participation for understanding the relationships among different expressions of collective activism and representation. In the context of these sometimes competing theories, we will consider 1) the conditions under which political movements are likely to emerge, as well as the circumstances in which collective political action is precluded; 2) how citizens come to recognize collective grievances and shared political identities; 3) the strategies and tactics of organized movements, and their likelihood of political success; and 4) the relationship between political movements, political parties, and the state. Offered as POSC 322 and POSC 422.

POSC 423. Judicial Politics. 3 Units.
Rejecting the view that judges mechanically apply the law, the study of judicial politics seeks to understand the behavior of judges as political actors with policy goals. Topics include judicial selection and socialization, judicial policy change, judicial strategy (especially the strategic interaction of judges on multi-judge panels), the interaction of courts in hierarchical judicial systems, the policy impact of judicial decisions, and the courts’ interactions with coordinate branches of government (the executive, Congress, state governments, state courts). Primary focus will be on the federal judiciary, with some discussion of state judicial systems. Offered as POSC 323 and POSC 423.

POSC 425. American Constitutional Law. 3 Units.
An introductory survey of U.S. constitutional law. Special attention given to the historical, philosophical, and political dimensions of landmark Supreme Court cases. Judicial review, federalism, separation of powers, due process, and equal protection. Supreme Court’s involvement in major political controversies: the New Deal, abortion, physician-assisted suicide, school desegregation, and affirmative action. Offered as POSC 325 and POSC 425.

POSC 426. Constitutions in Practical Politics. 3 Units.
Overview of ancient Greek and Roman constitution-making, medieval principles, emergence of modern constitutionalism, and the constitutionalist vision of the American and French Revolutions. Examination of contemporary constitutional issues and developments in countries such as Canada, France, Germany, Great Britain, Ethiopia, India, and the United States. Offered as POSC 326 and POSC 426. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

POSC 427. Civil Liberties in America. 3 Units.
Supreme Court’s interpretation of the First Amendment: liberty of religion through the establishment and free exercise clauses, freedoms of speech and the press, of assembly and association. The “pure tolerance” view examined against subversive speech, “fighting words,” libel, and obscenity. Survey of content-neutral regulation, symbolic expression, and current efforts to limit expression (campus speech codes and the feminist anti-pornography movement). Offered as POSC 327 and POSC 427.

POSC 428. Topics in Civil Liberties. 3 Units.
Rights of the accused as outlined in the Fourth, Fifth, Sixth, and Eighth Amendments. Topics covered are (1) searches, seizures, (2) the privilege against compelled self-incrimination, (3) the rights to counsel, confrontation, and jury trial, and (4) the prohibition against cruel and unusual punishments. Case-specific approach but presents interplay of history, philosophy, and politics as background of each topic. Offered as POSC 328 and POSC 428.

POSC 429. Courts, Public Policy, and Social Change. 2 Units.
Examines the social impact of law and use of social research in the legal process, assesses efforts to use law to effect social reform, and empirical studies of legal processes and institutions. Recommended preparation: Graduate standing or consent of department. Offered as LAWS 285 and POSC 429.

POSC 434. Violence and the Political System. 3 Units.
Empirical analysis of various theories advanced in the cross-cultural explanation of factors which cause and mediate the occurrence of violence—revolutions, terrorism, and civil disorder—within the political system. Offered as POSC 334 and POSC 434.
POSC 441. Elections, Voters, and Political Parties. 3 Units.
Examination of American political parties, their activities, organization, characteristics, and functions. Candidate strategies and electoral history viewed within the context of voter orientations and predispositions, stressing linkages between citizen and party and between party and government. Offered as POSC 341 and POSC 441.

POSC 442. Water. 3 Units.
This seminar will explore the history of the meaning of water—that is, the social, cultural, and/or political significance placed on water by individuals and governments in different times and places. It will also examine how humans have acted upon water, and how it has acted upon humans, with great consequences for human life. This seminar will look at the history of water in the context of science, technology and society; public health; political science; and environmental history. Case studies will be drawn from a wide chronological and geographical range; from the ancient world to Renaissance Italy, nineteenth century India, modern Britain, Egypt, and the U.S. The course provides a wide perspective on the themes of the history of human-water interactions, but will also focus closely on some critical cases. Seminar participants will write a research paper on the topic of their choice in the environmental history of water. Offered as: HSTY 342, HSTY 442, POSC 342, POSC 442. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

POSC 443. Public Opinion and American Democracy. 3 Units.
Examination of theories, concepts and empirical research related to attitudes and the political behavior of mass publics. Offered as POSC 343 and POSC 443.

POSC 446. Women and Politics. 3 Units.
Women and Politics involves a critical examination of the impact of gender on the forms and distributions of power and politics, with primary reference to the experience of women in the United States. Major concerns of the course include what we mean by "sex," "gender," and "politics"; the relationship between women and the state; how women organize collectively to influence state policies; and how the state facilitates and constrains women's access to and exercise of political power. The course is organized around four foci central to the study of women and politics. The first section of the course focuses on what we mean by "women," "gender," and "politics." In this section, we will consider how these concepts intersect and the ways in which each may be used to deepen our understanding of the workings of governments and political systems, and of women's relative political powerlessness. The second section of the course employs these concepts to understand the (re) emergence of the US feminist movement, its meanings, practices, and goals, and its transformation across US political history. In the third section, we turn to conventional electoral politics, focusing on women's candidacies, their campaigns, and women's voting behavior. In the final section of the course, we consider those general factors that might provide for increased gender equality and improved life status for women, in global, comparative perspective. Offered as POSC 346 and POSC 446 and WGST 346. Counts as SAGES Departmental Seminar.

POSC 449. Political Science Research Methods. 3 Units.
This course examines approaches that political scientists use to understand events and processes. In doing so, the course provides students with skills helpful to completing senior projects, such as the ability to evaluate and conduct research. Through exercises and projects, students will take part in the research process from constructing a question to developing a research design to interpreting results. Students will learn and apply key techniques, including inductive and deductive reasoning, hypothesis construction, operationalization of concepts, measurements, sampling and probability, causal inference, and the logic of controls. They will produce materials common to the discipline, such as research designs. Offered as POSC 349 and POSC 449. Counts as SAGES Departmental Seminar.

POSC 451. Modern Political Thought. 3 Units.
Examination of a limited topic in the study of modern political thought. Topics vary. Offered as POSC 351 and POSC 451.

POSC 452. American Political Thought. 3 Units.
Examination of the unique contribution to the science of government made by American political thinkers. Offered as POSC 352 and POSC 452.

POSC 454. Political and Social Philosophy. 3 Units.
Justification of social institutions, primarily political ones. Such distinctions as that between de facto and legitimate authority; analysis of criteria for evaluation, such as social justice and equality; inquiry into theories of justification of the state; theory of democratic government and its alternatives. Readings from classical and contemporary sources. Recommended preparation: PHIL 101. Offered as PHIL 354, POSC 354, PHIL 454, and POSC 454.

POSC 455. Modern Political Ideologies. 3 Units.
Substance and nature of ideological thinking in the contemporary world via a survey of political "isms"—for example, liberalism, libertarianism, conservatism, fascism, socialism, and even more recent trends such as feminism, environmentalism, etc. Offered as POSC 355 and POSC 455.

POSC 457. Democratic Politics: Theory and Practice. 3 Units.
Study of the theory and application of democracy. The concept of democracy will be examined from the Athenian model to contemporary debates over participatory and deliberative models. Then the concept will be applied to understanding issues of democratic practice and the study of politics in American, comparative, and international arenas. Finally, the course will address the potential effects, both good and ill, of technological innovation on democratic practices, such as "distance" participation, the Internet, and other communication technology. Offered as POSC 357 and POSC 457.

POSC 458. Political Strategy. 3 Units.
This course examines practical applications of prominent political science theories. It is partly a how-to course covering a broad range of political activities, but the primary objective is to link practical issues with theories to help you understand why events happen the way they do. The course focuses on American politics, but the materials will be applicable to a wide range of situations. The course is a seminar requiring regular student presentations that will generate discussion about the readings and current events. Papers consist of analysis of current events, and require students to analyze the strategies used by prominent figures in the context of the theories we discuss in class. Offered as POSC 358 and POSC 458. Counts as SAGES Departmental Seminar.
POSC 461. State-Building and State Collapse. 3 Units.
Are nation-states the most effective means of organizing society? This course explores this question by examining the historical rationales behind the development of the nation-state, contemporary challenges to the nation-state, and potential alternatives to the nation-state. Possible challenges to the nation-state include multinational corporations, international humanitarian intervention, and regional integration. Alternative providers of state services include charities, companies, and mercenaries. Offered as POSC 361 and POSC 461. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

POSC 462. Politics of Central Asia. 3 Units.
Once an unfamiliar region to many people of the world, Central Asia took center stage in the fall of 2001 as a result of the U.S. campaign against terrorism. This course will introduce students to the politics of Central Asia, focusing on the region today composed of Uzbekistan, Turkmenistan, Tajikistan, Kyrgyzstan, and Kazakhstan. We will review the nationalism, foreign relations, religion, ethnicity, and economics of the region. Offered as ETHS 362, POSC 362, and POSC 462. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

POSC 463. Comparative Analysis of Elections and Electoral Systems. 3 Units.
Elections involve more than a simple act of voting to express individual preferences. The rules under which worldwide elections are held determine who controls the executive and how votes are converted into legislative seats. The mechanics of various electoral arrangements will be examined in detail and the consequences for the political system discussed in terms of strategies and desired outcomes on the part of contestants. Students will research individual countries and analyze recent elections from both qualitative and quantitative perspectives, including introduction to geospatial data for mapping variations in electoral behavior. Offered as POSC 363 and POSC 463. Counts as SAGES Departmental Seminar.

POSC 464. Dictatorship and Democracy in Modern Latin America. 3 Units.
Examination of political leadership in 20th-century Latin America, exploring the nature, causes, and consequences of dictatorship and democracy in the region, moving from the collapse of oligarchic rule and the emergence of populism in the 1930s and 1940s, to the end of democracy and establishment of military regimes in the 1960s and 1970s, and ultimately to the contemporary processes of democratization and economic liberalization. Offered as ETHS 364, POSC 364, and POSC 464. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

POSC 466. Government and Politics of Africa. 3 Units.
Comparative analysis of the political forces and organizations currently functioning in Africa, as well as a survey of the formal government institutions. Special emphasis on single-party rule, military rule, and the political ramifications of African socialism, tribalism and the problems of national integration. Offered as ETHS 366, POSC 366, and POSC 466. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

POSC 467. Western European Political Systems. 3 Units.
Comparative analysis of sociopolitical systems of selected Western European industrial democracies, using North American systems as a point of comparison. Offered as POSC 367 and POSC 467.

POSC 469. Current Controversies in Latin American Politics and Society. 3 Units.
In addition to questions about race, religion, abortion, the drug industry, immigration, democracy, private property, and free trade, the course will tackle Latin America's apparent shift to the political and ideological left, Chavez's "Imperialism," and Cuba's humanitarian aid. Offered as ETHS 369, POSC 369 and POSC 469. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

POSC 470A. Political Economy. 3 Units.
Focus on debates concerning the proper relationship between political and economic systems, including conservative, liberal, and radical perspectives. The politics of international economics and the economics of international politics receive separate attention. The course concludes with study of "modern" political economy and the application of economic theory to the study of political systems. Offered as POSC 370A and POSC 470A.

POSC 470C. The United States and Asia. 3 Units.
Survey and analysis of U.S.-Asia relations in the post-World War II period. Focus specifically is on the interaction of politics and economics in the United States' relations with Japan, China, and Southeast Asian countries. Topics will include the role of Asia in U.S. Cold War policies, the dynamics of U.S.-Japan alliance politics, post-Cold War issues involving U.S. foreign policy toward Asia, a history and analysis of economic conflict cooperation, and an examination of the move toward Asia-Pacific "regionalism." Offered as POSC 370C and POSC 470C. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

POSC 470D. The Politics of China. 3 Units.
Now more than ever, the Chinese state and society are facing tremendous economic, social, and political challenges. This course presents an overview of current issues facing the People's Republic, including a changing (or not) political culture, policy processes and outcomes at the national and local levels, reform and economic growth, the resultant societal changes and pressures, and the consequent challenges the Communist Party faces as demand for political reform grows. The class involves a mixture of lectures and discussion and draws on a combination of primary and secondary sources, including current news reports and films. Offered as POSC 370D and POSC 470D. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

POSC 470F. Financial Politics in the United States and the World. 3 Units.
This course explores how political institutions make policy in the financial area with particular emphasis on the United States. Using a bureaucratic politics framework, it examines money, banks and the securities industry by integrating a wide range of literature in economics and political science. Specific objectives include familiarizing students with different approaches to the political economy of finance from different disciplines, exploring the historical evolution of finance, examining the changing relationship between public and private authority within the financial system, considering how politics operates in a crisis, and evaluating the role of international financial institutions in the global economy. By taking this course, students will equip themselves for further research into politics and economics, as well as offer them tools to analyze future policy developments as they unfold. Offered as POSC 370F and POSC 470F.
POSC 470G. U.S. Intelligence and National Security. 3 Units.
Examination of the impact of the intelligence process on foreign policy making and superpower relations. Covers the life cycle of United States strategic intelligence from the collection of data to formulation of analytic judgments and the policy-level uses of intelligence. Emphasis on contemporary intelligence issues and processes, but includes the formative period of modern American intelligence in the World War II era. Offered as POSC 370G and POSC 470G.

POSC 470H. China’s Foreign Policy. 3 Units.
The rise of China is evident in the country’s more forward and robust foreign policy that began in 1979. At every turn, nations throughout the world must now consider China wherever their interests are at stake, be it Korea and Northeast Asia, Indochina and Southeast Asia, India/ Pakistan and South Asia, or Afghanistan and Iran in the Middle East, not to mention the many African states that welcome Chinese investment but chafe at China’s presence. Further, China is increasingly aggressive in international trade, a major determinant of its foreign policy. This course describes the key factors that make up Chinese foreign policy, including its cultural tradition, policy-making institutions, the role of the military, and domestic determinants of foreign policy. The course also examines China’s ever-changing foreign policy strategies, from an aggressive posture to charming its neighbors only to become more strident once again. The course will also examine China’s role involving possible mercantilism, currency manipulation, and the hunt for traditional and alternative energy sources. Throughout the course, we will pay attention to how China’s foreign policy relates to international relations theories and what strategies might be used to manage China’s growing role in international affairs. Offered as POSC 370H and POSC 470H. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

POSC 470J. International Law and Organizations. 3 Units.
Study of international organizations and international law as two means for regulating and coordinating nation-state behavior. History of the two techniques will be traced, covering 19th century efforts at cooperation, the League of Nations and the United Nations, regional and specialized global organization. The functions of international law in global politics will be stressed, with primary focus on the evolving role of law in dealing with global problems, e.g., war, the environment, economic cooperation, and human rights. Offered as POSC 370J and POSC 470J.

POSC 470K. Nationalism, Ethnicity, and Religion in World Politics. 3 Units.
Examination of the post-Cold War surge in conflicts among nationalisms, ethnic groups, and religions with particular attention to the former Yugoslavia, Ireland, India, Africa, and the Middle East. Offered as ETHS 370K, POSC 370K, and POSC 470K. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

POSC 470M. Theories of Political Economy. 3 Units.
This course is a SAGES departmental seminar in political economy that brings a wide range of theoretical perspectives to bear on the relations between market and state in the contemporary world. It focuses on three questions: What have been the major debates concerning the role of the government in the economy? How were these debates resolved in the compromise of embedded liberalism, and What experiences have individual states had with these questions of political economy? To answer these questions, we will read original literature to uncover the connections among politics, economics, and the world of ideas that has resulted in the political debates we confront today. Offered as POSC 370M and POSC 470M. Counts as SAGES Departmental Seminar.

POSC 471. Natural Resources and World Politics. 3 Units.
Examination of the political causes and ramifications of the uneven distribution of the valuable natural resources for modern industrial societies. Strategic and military issues and the exploitation of the seabed. Examination in some detail of selected commodity issues, including petroleum, copper and uranium. Offered as POSC 371 and POSC 471.

POSC 473. Politics of the European Union. 3 Units.
Study of the origins, operations, and prospects for the European Union. This can include the historical context for the effort to restrict national rivalries (which fueled two world wars) and create common interests; the diplomatic challenges in finding common ground; the tasks and processes of governance within the EU, including its governing institutions, enforcement of terms for European Monetary Union and the operations of its bureaucracies; the social pressures that create policy challenges (such as agriculture policy and immigration); broad tensions within the enterprise (e.g., “broadening” vs. “deepening”), and the EU’s potential place in international politics, especially the efforts to create a common foreign and security policy and the possible implications of the Euro for international political economy. Offered as POSC 373 and POSC 473.

POSC 474. Politics of Development in the Global South. 3 Units.
Exploration of the post-World War II emergence of the Global South nations of Africa, Asia, the Middle East, Latin America, and the Eastern Europe arena. Offered as ETHS 374, POSC 374, and POSC 474. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

POSC 475. The International Politics of Technology. 3 Units.
Technology is deeply political. Nowhere is this statement more evident than in the realm of international relations, where governments perceive technology as a source of power and wealth and a symbol of relative position and modernity. Yet for centuries skeptics have questioned the economic rationale of government technology policies. Still, to this day, countries support emulation, innovation and a host of other strategies as means for catching up with leading nations or locking in current advantages. What lies behind such policies? What do they accomplish? And what are the domestic and international politics surrounding them? After reading classic arguments, including texts by Adam Smith, Alexander Hamilton and Friedrich List, students will consider 20th and 21st century debates and an array of experiments tried by poor, middle-income and rich countries. Cases include the development of new industries; the imposition of sanctions; the dilemma of dual technologies and military spillovers; the forging of national champions; the reorganization of banks and the creation of international financial centers; the copying of regional clusters (e.g. Silicon Valley) and stock markets (e.g. the Nasdaq); and the extraterritorial extension of domestic regulation and governance techniques. There are no prerequisites and first year students are welcome. Offered as POSC 375 and POSC 475.

POSC 476. United States Foreign Policy. 3 Units.
Focus on U.S. foreign policy making with a dynamic network of executive and congressional actors and organizations; analysis of traditional and contemporary U.S. foreign policies from nuclear defense to current economic resource issues; future role of the United States in world affairs. Offered as POSC 376 and POSC 476.
POSC 477. Politics of Russia. 3 Units.
Russia faces three problems: the creation of a sovereign state, the development of a new political system, and the restructuring of its economy. In this course we will challenge the assumption that the outcome of these three transitions will be a strong, democratic, capitalist country. We will ask whether civil war, organized crime, an immature party system, poor social services, and nomenklatura privatization bode poorly for these three transformations. Offered as POSC 377 and POSC 477. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

POSC 478. International Relations Theory. 3 Units.
This course is a seminar in international relations theory. As such, we will bring a wide range of theoretical perspectives to bear on issues and debates in the area of international relations by systematically studying the evolution of the world system. The seminar is roughly divided into a first half focusing on war and the political system, and a second half focusing on trade, finance and the economic system. Each section devotes particular attention to ethical problems associated with political and economic issues. This course should develop students' ability to read and critically evaluate academic literature in the field of international relations, and enable students to produce a scholarly paper on one substantive area of the field. Offered as POSC 378 and POSC 478. Counts as SAGES Departmental Seminar.

POSC 479. Introduction to Middle East Politics. 3 Units.
This is an introductory course about Middle East Politics, in regional as well as international aspects. In this course we will explore broad social, economic, and political themes that have defined the region since the end of World War Two. Since this is an introductory course, a major goal will be to gain comparative knowledge about the region's states and peoples. The countries that comprise the modern Middle East are quite diverse; therefore, we will only be able to focus on a few cases in depth. A second goal is to use the tools and theories social scientists employ to answer broad questions related to the region, such as: How have colonial legacies shaped political and economic development in the Middle East? How do oil, religion, and identity interact with politics? How have external powers affected the region's political development? What do the uprisings of 2011 hold for the region's future? Offered as POSC 379 and POSC 479. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

POSC 481. City as Classroom. 3 Units.
In this course, the city is the classroom. We will engage with the urban terrain. We will meet weekly off-campus, interact with community members, and interface—both literally and figuratively—with the city as a way to examine the linkages between historical, conceptual, and contemporary issues, with particular attention paid to race and class dynamics, inequality, and social justice. This course will have four intersecting components, primarily focusing on American cities since the 1930s: the social and physical construction of urban space, the built environment, life and culture in the city, and social movements and grassroot struggles. Offered as HSTY 381, POSC 381, SOCI 381, HSTY 481, POSC 481, and SOCI 481. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

POSC 483. Health Policy and Politics in the United States. 3 Units.
Overview of the principal institutions, processes, social forces, and ideas shaping the U.S. health system. Historical, political, economic, and sociological perspectives on the health system are explored as well as the intellectual context of recent policy changes, challenges, and developments. Students will acquire a sense of how health services are financed and delivered in the U.S. They will also learn how to assess its performance compared to that of other similar countries. Offered as POSC 383 and POSC 483.

POSC 484. Ethics and Public Policy. 3 Units.
Evaluation of ethical arguments in contemporary public policymaking discourse. That is, approaches to evaluating not only the efficiency of policy (Will this policy achieve its end for the least cost?) but also the ethics of policy (Are a policy's intended ends ethically justified or "good," and are our means to achieve those ends moral or "just"?). Overview of political ideologies that supply U.S. political actors with their ethical or moral arguments when proposing and implementing public policy, followed by an application of these divergent perspectives to selected policy areas such as welfare, euthanasia, school choice, drug laws, censorship, or others. Offered as POSC 384 and POSC 484.

POSC 485. U.S. Bureaucratic Politics. 3 Units.
Bureaucracy is one of civilization's most important inventions. It is a way of coordinating very large numbers of people so as to do work, make decisions, and exercise power. Without it, much of modern life would be impossible. Yet "bureaucracy" is normally seen, in public discussion, as a problem, instead of as a solution. This course will consider both the reasons for and pathologies of bureaucratic organization. Its special focus is bureaucracy in American government. The course therefore will provide some introduction to the study of American public administration, but with special emphasis on how the work and performance of public bureaucracies in the United States is shaped by the specific tasks they are given and the distribution of power in the American political arena. Offered as POSC 385 and POSC 485. Counts as SAGES Departmental Seminar.

POSC 486. Making Public Policy. 3 Units.
Politics is about who wins, who loses, and why. Policy, by contrast, is often depicted as more "neutral;" policies are the means through which political decisions are carried out. In this class, we examine the notion that policy is the rational, impartial counterpart to the political arena. We will ask: How are public policies made? Why do some issues make it on the agenda, while others do not? Can we separate facts from values, or are both always contested? We will examine how decision-making in a group introduces distinct challenges for policymaking. The course focuses on widely applicable themes of policymaking, drawing on both domestic and international examples. Offered as POSC 386 and POSC 486.

POSC 488. Politics, Policy, and the Global Environment. 3 Units.
This course examines the law, politics and policy surrounding global environmental challenges such as climate change. The course aims to provide a broad overview of the key concepts, actors, debates, and issues in global environmental politics. It aims to illustrate the complexities of addressing environmental problems—from the proliferation of global institutions and international actors, to the absence of central enforcement mechanisms. We examine the causes of environmental degradation and competing views on the gravity of the problem. Using concepts from political science and economics, we investigate the challenges in getting states to act jointly to address environmental problems. We examine the actors and institutions of global environmental politics, to understand how conditions are defined as problems and responses are chosen and implemented. The course concludes by applying the tools and concepts to the case of climate change. Offered as POSC 388, ESTD 388, POSC 488.

POSC 489. Special Topics in American Politics and Policy. 3 Units.
Specific topic will vary but will consist of an in-depth investigation of a particular policy area or political phenomenon. Topics will involve policy controversies of some current interest. Offered as POSC 389 and POSC 489.

POSC 495. Independent Study. 3 Units.
Graduate level independent study taken for a grade.
The Department of Psychological Sciences combines the areas of study found in many psychology departments with those typically found in communication sciences departments. Our distinctive department offers undergraduate majors and minors in communication sciences and in psychology. We also offer a minor in health communications. For graduate students, our Psychology Program offers accredited doctoral training in clinical psychology and in experimental psychology. Our accredited Communication Sciences Program offers a master's degree in speech-language pathology as well as a doctorate in communication sciences.

Communication Sciences

The Department of Psychological Sciences offers courses of study in communication sciences leading to Bachelor of Arts, Master of Arts, and Doctor of Philosophy degrees. The Communication Sciences Program prepares undergraduate and graduate students to address broad issues of human communication processes and disorders through the application of cutting-edge technology and rigorous clinical training. We provide a comprehensive foundation in normal and disordered human communication and combine it with innovative interdisciplinary experiences that capitalize on the extensive resources of the university and the surrounding medical community. The department enjoys a particularly close relationship with Cleveland Hearing & Speech Center (http://www.chsc.org), an outstanding independent, nonprofit provider of care in speech-language pathology and audiology; in fact, the program is housed within the center.

Many students pursue undergraduate study in communication disorders as preparation for further study in other fields or in conjunction with study in other fields. For example, one might study the word learning of children with normal language as well as that of children with language impairment.

Psychology

The Psychology Program offers the combined advantages of a strong liberal arts college and a major university. There are classes in all major areas of the psychology field. We encourage close student-faculty relationships and offer many opportunities for individualized study and research.

Psychology is the study of the mind and behavior. The discipline embraces all aspects of the human experience: from the functions of the brain to the actions of neurons, from child development to care for the aged. In settings ranging from scientific research centers to mental health care services, "the understanding of behavior" is the enterprise of psychologists. An undergraduate major in psychology offers a student preparation for a wide variety of careers. Many majors find psychology to be an excellent preparation for such service-oriented professions as social work, counseling and guidance, special education, and management. Those who pursue graduate work in one of the many fields of psychology often seek positions in teaching and research or applied human services. In addition, the study of psychology provides a knowledge and an understanding of behavior that has applications in professions such as nursing, medicine, law, teaching, business, and public relations.

Communication Sciences Program (p. 388) | Psychology Program (p. 388)

Communication Sciences

The major in communication sciences leads to the Bachelor of Arts degree. For many students, a BA in communication sciences is a pre-professional degree in preparation for graduate study in speech-language pathology or audiology. The undergraduate course work emphasizes the basic processes and acquisition of normal communication in children and adults. Graduate study then focuses on the study of disordered communication. (Please see the description of the Integrated Graduate Studies Program below.)

Students pursuing the BA are required to take 45 credit hours of course work which includes study in communication sciences and disorders, psychology, and English/linguistics, as well as in statistics and research design. A recommended course sequence is shown below. Please note, however, that an individual student’s sequence may differ from this one. For example, undergraduate students may elect to take 400- or 500-level graduate courses with departmental/instructor permission.

Suggested Sequence of Required Courses for the Bachelor of Arts Degree (45 credits)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>First Year</th>
<th>Units</th>
<th>Fall</th>
<th>Spring</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>General Psychology I (PSCL 101)</td>
<td></td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
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<td>Introduction to Communication Disorders (COSI 109)*</td>
<td></td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Year Total:</td>
<td></td>
<td>3</td>
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</table>

* Please note that this course is required for the communication sciences major.

POSC 601. Individual Investigation. 1 - 6 Unit.
The student must submit to the departmental office a project prospectus form, approved and signed by the faculty project supervisor, no later than the end of the second week of classes. The prospectus must outline the goals of the project and the research methodology to be used and is part of the basis for grading. The prospectus form is available from the departmental office. Prereq: Departmental prospectus form, graduate standing, and consent of department.

POSC 651. Thesis M.A.. 3 - 6 Units.
Independent study of a research question and completion of a major research paper. An approved prospectus is required. Prereq: Graduate standing.

POSC 701. Dissertation Ph.D.. 1 - 9 Unit.
Prereq: Predoctoral research consent or advanced to Ph.D. candidacy milestone.

Department of Psychological Sciences

Communication Sciences Program (p. 388) | Psychology Program (p. 388)

The Department of Psychological Sciences combines the areas of study found in many psychology departments with those typically found in communication sciences departments. Our distinctive department offers undergraduate majors and minors in communication sciences and in psychology. We also offer a minor in health communications. For graduate students, our Psychology Program offers accredited doctoral training in clinical psychology and in experimental psychology. Our accredited Communication Sciences Program offers a master’s degree in speech-language pathology as well as a doctorate in communication sciences.

Communication Sciences

The Department of Psychological Sciences offers courses of study in communication sciences leading to Bachelor of Arts, Master of Arts, and Doctor of Philosophy degrees. The Communication Sciences Program prepares undergraduate and graduate students to address broad issues of human communication processes and disorders through the application of cutting-edge technology and rigorous clinical training. We provide a comprehensive foundation in normal and disordered human communication and combine it with innovative interdisciplinary experiences that capitalize on the extensive resources of the university and the surrounding medical community. The department enjoys a particularly close relationship with Cleveland Hearing & Speech Center (http://www.chsc.org), an outstanding independent, nonprofit provider of care in speech-language pathology and audiology; in fact, the program is housed within the center.

Many students pursue undergraduate study in communication disorders as preparation for further study in other fields or in conjunction with study in other fields. For example, one might study the word learning of children with normal language as well as that of children with language impairment.

Psychology

103 Mather Memorial Building
Phone: 216.368.2686

The Psychology Program offers the combined advantages of a strong liberal arts college and a major university. There are classes in all major areas of the psychology field. We encourage close student-faculty relationships and offer many opportunities for individualized study and research.

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Communication Sciences Program (p. 388) | Psychology Program (p. 388)

Communication Sciences

The major in communication sciences leads to the Bachelor of Arts degree. For many students, a BA in communication sciences is a pre-professional degree in preparation for graduate study in speech-language pathology or audiology. The undergraduate course work emphasizes the basic processes and acquisition of normal communication in children and adults. Graduate study then focuses on the study of disordered communication. (Please see the description of the Integrated Graduate Studies Program below.)

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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Year Total:</td>
<td></td>
<td>3</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Please note that this course is required for the communication sciences major.
Second Year

Units
Fall Spring
Phonetics and Phonology (COSI 211) 3
Multicultural Aspects of Human Communication (COSI 260) 3
Child Psychology (PSCL 230) 3
Introduction to American Sign Language I (COSI 220) 3
Quantitative Methods in Psychology (PSCL 282) 3
Introduction to Linguistics (COSI 355) 3
Year Total: 9 9

Third Year

Units
Fall Spring
Language Development (COSI 313) 3
Anatomy and Physiology of Speech and Hearing Mechanism (COSI 325) 3
Research Design and Analysis (PSCL 375) 3
Speech and Hearing Science (COSI 321) 3
Year Total: 9 3

Fourth Year

Units
Fall Spring
Introduction to Clinical Practice in Speech-Language Pathology (COSI 352) 3
Introduction to Audiology (COSI 370) 3
Communication and Aging (COSI 345) 3
Year Total: 6 3
Total Units in Sequence: 45

* COSI 109 Introduction to Communication Disorders is offered in the fall and spring semesters. All other COSI courses are offered only one semester per year, as indicated above.

Departmental Honors

Juniors with a 3.0 overall grade point average and a 3.25 average in communication sciences are encouraged to apply to the honors program. The honors program consists of one three-credit course, COSI 395 Capstone and Honors Program, in which the student carries out an independent project in an area of interest, under the direction of a COSI faculty member. Satisfactory completion of the project qualifies the student to receive the Bachelor of Arts degree with departmental honors noted on the transcript. Admission to the honors program is by faculty approval.

The following are prerequisites to COSI 395 Capstone and Honors Program:

- STAT 201 or PSCL 282: Basic Statistics for Social and Life Sciences or Quantitative Methods in Psychology 3
- PSCL 375: Research Design and Analysis 3

Additional information is available from the academic advisor.

Integrated Graduate Studies

The Integrated Graduate Studies (IGS) Program (p. 563) is intended for undergraduate students who are interested in obtaining a graduate degree in communication disorders (speech-language pathology). Qualified students may be accepted for admission to the School of Graduate Studies after completing 90 hours of undergraduate course work.

Typically, a master's degree requires two additional years of study beyond the bachelor's degree. Through the IGS Program, however, a student can complete an undergraduate degree in communication disorders and a master's degree in communication disorders in five years. The recommended undergraduate sequence for students interested in the IGS Program is somewhat different from the recommended sequence presented above. Students should consult their academic advisor and the Office of Undergraduate Studies for additional information concerning IGS requirements.

Minor in Communication Sciences

The minor in communication sciences requires a minimum of 15 credit hours. It focuses on normal processes of speech, language, and hearing, as well as on the speech, language, and hearing disorders that result from breakdowns in these processes. Interested students should meet with an advisor for specific course requirements.

- COSI 109 Introduction to Communication Disorders 3
- COSI 313 Language Development 3
- COSI 325 Anatomy and Physiology of Speech and Hearing Mechanism 3

Two of the following courses:
- COSI 211 Phonetics and Phonology
- COSI 220 Introduction to American Sign Language I
- COSI 321 Speech and Hearing Science
- COSI 345 Communication and Aging

Total Units 15

Minor in Health Communication

The minor in health communication offers introductory and advance study in theoretical and practical application of communication within a health context. It includes a variety of additional courses that students can choose according to their specific areas of interest. The course work is designed to appeal to students in such fields as pre-med, nursing, pre-law, public policy, public health, communication disorders, gerontological studies, nutrition, health management, and social work.

The minor requires 15 credit hours of course work, of which 9 credit hours come from required courses:

- COSI 101 Introduction to Health Communication 3
- COSI 109 Introduction to Communication Disorders 3
- COSI 340 Health Communication 3

Two of the following:
- COSI 200 Interpersonal Communication
- COSI 260 Multicultural Aspects of Human Communication
- COSI 280 Organizational Communication
- COSI 332 Persuasion
- COSI 345 Communication and Aging

Total Units 15
Psychology

Undergraduate Programs

Major in Psychology

(Effective July 1, 2014 for those students who matriculate Fall 2014 or later)

An undergraduate major in psychology provides preparation for graduate training in psychology, medicine, social work, allied health professions, education, business, computer science, or law. The undergraduate degree directly prepares students for careers that require knowledge and understanding of behavior, research design, and the ability to collect, analyze, and interpret data.

Requirements for a Psychology Major

Beginning with Allport (1937), scientific psychology has historically relied on two broad complementary traditions in the study of human behavior. The nomothetic or experimental approach focuses on identifying general laws about human behavior. The idiographic approach is concerned with the uniqueness of people and focuses on differences among individuals. Although all psychology courses apply both perspectives to specific topics in psychology, subsets of psychology courses rely more heavily on one or the other; therefore, the major requirements below ensure training that reflects a balance of nomothetic and idiographic approaches.

The psychology major requires a total of 30 credit hours comprised of PSCL 101 General Psychology I and PSCL 282 Quantitative Methods in Psychology; 2 nomothetic courses; and 2 idiographic courses. The remaining 12 credits of elective course work can be taken as any combination of PSCL courses.

Psychology majors must complete 30 hours of course work in the department.

Take the 2 required core courses below (total of 6 credit hours)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Credits</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PSCL 101</td>
<td>General Psychology I</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PSCL 282</td>
<td>Quantitative Methods in Psychology</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Select 2 of the following nomothetic courses (total of 6 credit hours)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Credits</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PSCL 315</td>
<td>Social Psychology</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PSCL 352</td>
<td>Physiological Psychology</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PSCL 353</td>
<td>Psychology of Learning</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PSCL 357</td>
<td>Cognitive Psychology</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Select 2 of the following idiographic courses (total of 6 credit hours)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Credits</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PSCL 230</td>
<td>Child Psychology</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PSCL 313</td>
<td>Psychology of Personality</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PSCL 321</td>
<td>Abnormal Psychology</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PSCL 325</td>
<td>Psychotherapy and Personality Change</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PSCL 369</td>
<td>Adult Development and Aging</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Select Elective Courses (any combination of additional PSCL courses, total of 12 credit hours) *

* Although not required for the Psychology Major, PSCL 375 (Research Design and Analysis) is a prerequisite for most of the senior capstone courses in psychology.

Psychology majors should work closely with their major advisors to customize the selection of required and elective courses to provide them with courses suited to their own individual career goals.

Declaring a Major

Students who wish to major in psychology must complete a Major Declaration form, available from the Office of Undergraduate Studies (http://www.case.edu/provost/ugstudies/undstud.htm) (Sears 357), and then meet with the department chair, Dr. Lee Thompson, who will assign them an advisor and review the degree requirements.

Special Programs for Psychology Majors

Psychology Honors Program: Qualified psychology majors are encouraged to consider the department's honors program, which leads to a BA with honors in psychology. The program's purpose is to provide intensive, supervised research experience. Completion of the honors program also satisfies the SAGES capstone graduation requirement.

The program consists of PSCL 375 Research Design and Analysis, which students take in their junior year, and PSCL 395 Capstone and Honors Program, which they take as seniors. By the end of the senior year, students design and execute a research project, write it up in scholarly form, and present it in a public setting. Psychology majors who successfully complete PSCL 395, and who attain at least a 3.25 GPA in psychology course work and an overall GPA of at least 3.0, will graduate with honors in psychology.

The selection of a faculty advisor is an important part of the honors program. The first step is to identify a faculty member whose interests are as close as possible to the research area the student wishes to pursue. Students should contact a potential advisor as early as possible (junior year is recommended) and ask about the possibility of registering for PSCL 395. Each section of PSCL 395 is assigned to a specific faculty member, and registration is by permit only.

Because the honors program requires significant time and commitment, only psychology majors with a serious interest in the behavioral sciences should consider completing it.

Integrated Graduate Studies Program: The IGS Program enables qualified undergraduates to complete the academic work for a BA and MA degree in four years. Students accepted into the program must complete at least 27 credit hours of graduate course work during their senior year, plus a thesis or comprehensive exam, for a Master of Arts in General Psychology. The minimum standards for acceptance are:

- an overall GPA of 3.2
- completion of the Arts and Sciences General Education or SAGES Requirements and two semesters of physical education
- 90 semester hours of undergraduate credit (the last 60 hours must have been earned while the student was in residence at CWRU)
- completion of the psychology major requirements with at least a 3.2 GPA

Students should meet with their major advisor and with Dean Claudia Anderson in the Office of Undergraduate Studies during the fall semester of their junior year to receive pre-approval for eligibility for the IGS Program.

Students seeking admission to the IGS Program complete the same application process as those seeking admission to the graduate program in experimental psychology; instructions are provided on the department's website (http://psychology.case.edu/experimental/checklist.html). However, prospective IGS Program students are not required to submit GRE scores. The application deadline each year is January 15.
Participation in the IGS Program does not preclude involvement in the department's honors program. For more information, consult the IGS Program section of this bulletin (p. 563) or contact Dr. Lee Thompson (lee.thompson@case.edu).

Communication Sciences Program (p. 388) | Psychology Program (p. 388)

**Communication Sciences**

**Master of Arts**

The principal goal of the Master of Arts program is to develop clinical scientists who are skilled in the management of individuals with speech and language disorders. The master's program is accredited by the Council on Academic Accreditation of the American Speech-Language-Hearing Association (ASHA). Upon successful completion of the Master of Arts degree, students will also meet the academic and clinical practicum requirements for certification by ASHA and licensure in the State of Ohio.

Degree requirements include completion of 42 credit hours of course work, including a clinical practicum in communication disorders. In addition, students must satisfactorily complete a clinical research project or write a master's thesis.

**Clinical Opportunities in Speech, Language, and Hearing Disorders**

The program is affiliated with, and located in, Cleveland Hearing & Speech Center (CHSC), a nonprofit agency that serves children and adults with communication disorders. CHSC serves as the primary training site for graduate students enrolled in clinical practice. Its personnel and facilities provide exceptional clinical experiences for students seeking clinical certification in speech-language pathology.

The program also draws on clinical resources in University Circle and the Greater Cleveland area. In addition to clinical practicum experiences at CHSC, graduate students complete at least two externships at sites including University Hospitals of Cleveland, Rainbow Babies and Children’s Hospital, MetroHealth Medical Center, Cuyahoga County Board of Mental Retardation and Developmental Disabilities, Cleveland Clinic Center for Autism, Legacy Health Services, and Western Reserve Speech and Language Partners.

**Doctor of Philosophy**

The Doctor of Philosophy is awarded in recognition of (1) mastery, at an advanced level, of a body of knowledge in the disciplines of communication sciences and speech-language pathology, and (2) a demonstrated ability to perform independent research and communicate the results of that research. With the major advisor, the student designs an individual plan of study based on his/her professional goals and previous experience. Doctoral students choose a content area (such as communication and aging, medically based speech disorders, or child language development and disorders) as their primary focus of study. However, they are also encouraged to enhance their scholarly preparation by completing course work outside of their primary content area.

In addition to course work within the department, doctoral students may choose courses from graduate programs in other departments of the College of Arts and Sciences, as well as from several professional schools at the university, including the School of Medicine (e.g., neuroscience, genetics), the Case School of Engineering (e.g., biomedical engineering), the School of Dental Medicine, the Weatherhead School of Management, and the Mandel School of Applied Social Sciences.

Requirements for the doctoral program include course work, research rotations, a supervised classroom teaching experience, written and oral comprehensive examinations, and a dissertation.

- A minimum of 36 hours of course work is required, including 9 credit hours in statistics and research design and 3 credit hours of directed study and research. Fifteen credit hours in the primary content area are required.
- Two research rotations are required. One rotation is completed in the primary content area with the major advisor. The second rotation is completed with a faculty member other than the major advisor. The dissertation research is not included in either of the two research rotations.
- A supervised classroom teaching experience is completed under the guidance of a faculty member in the program.
- Written and oral examinations are taken after all course work and research rotations are completed.
- A dissertation prospectus is prepared under the guidance of a committee consisting of the dissertation advisor and two additional faculty members. A defense of the dissertation prospectus is required prior to commencing the dissertation study.
- An oral defense of the dissertation takes place at the end of the doctoral program.

Additional information about graduate work in communication sciences is available on the program's website (http://www.case.edu/artsci/cosi).

**Psychology**

The Department of Psychological Sciences offers full-time programs leading to a PhD in clinical or experimental psychology. These programs give students a thorough grounding in basic areas of psychological fact and theory and prepare them for careers as researchers, teachers, and practitioners. The Master of Arts degree can be earned in the department as part of work toward a doctorate.

**Clinical Psychology**. The department’s program in clinical psychology, which has been approved by the American Psychological Association, emphasizes the scientist-practitioner model. Students participate in an integrated curriculum of basic and applied courses, research activities, and practicum and pre-internship placements. The program’s goal is to prepare students to make meaningful contributions to the science and profession of psychology by instructing them in broad applications of clinical skills and research methods.

**Experimental Psychology**. Doctoral training in experimental psychology prepares the student for an academic career in teaching and research. It offers concentrations in developmental psychology, adulthood and aging, cognitive psychology, mental retardation research, and social psychology. Faculty members help students develop flexible programs of study, according to individual interests.

Additional information about graduate work in psychology is available on the program's website (http://psychology.case.edu).
Department Faculty

Lee A. Thompson, PhD  
(University of Colorado, Boulder)  
Professor; Chair  
Human behavior genetics; child development

Angela Hein Ciccia, PhD  
(Case Western Reserve University)  
Assistant Professor  
Neuroscience of communication and communication disorders in adolescents/adults, with focus on traumatic brain injury

Arin M. Connell, PhD  
(Emory University)  
Associate Professor  
Internalizing problems; coping skills during adolescence

Heath A. Demaree, PhD  
(Virginia Tech)  
Professor  
Cerebral and psychophysiological bases of emotion

Anastasia Dimitropoulos, PhD  
(Vanderbilt University)  
Associate Professor  
Genetic syndromes involving intellectual disabilities; compulsive behavior in MR/DD; functional neuroimaging

Julie J. Exline, PhD  
(State University of New York, Stony Brook)  
Armington Professor  
Social relationships; transgression; moral and religious issues

Norah C. Feery, PhD  
(Bryn Mawr College)  
Professor  
Evaluation of interventions for anxiety (e.g., post-traumatic stress disorder) and mood disorders

Grover C. Gilmore, PhD  
(Johns Hopkins University)  
Professor; Dean, Mandel School of Applied Social Sciences  
Perceptual development and aging; visual information processing; memory; psychophysics

Robert L. Greene, PhD  
(Yale University)  
Professor  
Human memory and cognition

Barbara Lewis, PhD  
(Case Western Reserve University)  
Professor  
Familial and genetic bases of speech/language

Brooke Macnamara, PhD  
(Princeton University)  
Assistant Professor  
Cognitive psychology, skill acquisition, learning, human performance, working memory, cognitive control, bilingualism, and communication

T. J. McCallum, PhD  
(University of Southern California)  
Associate Professor  
Older adults; caregiving; ethnicity; stress and coping

James C. Overholser, PhD  
(Ohio State University)  
Professor  
Adult psychopathology; depression; suicide; personality disorders

Amy Przeworski, PhD  
(Pennsylvania State University)  
Assistant Professor  
Anxiety disorders; emotion regulation; cultural factors in family interactions

Kathryn (Kyra) Rothenberg, PhD  
(Kent State University)  
Instructor  
Health communication

Sandra W. Russ, PhD  
(University of Pittsburgh)  
Distinguished University Professor and Louis D. Beaumont University Professor  
Creativity; affective development in children; personality assessment; coping mechanisms in children

Elizabeth J. Short, PhD  
(University of Notre Dame)  
Professor  
Cognitive psychology; applied developmental; learning disabilities

Jennell Vick, PhD  
(University of Washington)  
Assistant Professor  
Study of movements of the face, lips, and tongue that generate speech; acquisition and development of speech in typically developing infants and children; impact of various disorders on speech acquisition, development, and production

Lecturers

Jennifer L. Butler, PhD  
(Case Western Reserve University)  
Full-time Lecturer  
Social psychology

Patrice O. Carothers, MS, CCC-A  
(Ithaca College)  
Part-time Lecturer  
Fluency disorders

Kathryn (Kay) McNeal, MS, CCC-SLP  
(Purdue University)  
Full-time Lecturer  
Speech-language pathology

Jean Nisenboum, MA  
(Miami University)  
Full-time Lecturer  
Dysphagia, Diagnosis of speech
Adjunct Faculty

Melissa Baker, MS, CCC-SLP
(Bowling Green State University)
Adjunct Instructor; Monarch Center for Autism
Speech-language pathology

Rachel Berkowitz, MA, CCC-SLP
(University of Cincinnati)
Adjunct Instructor, Mayfield Schools
Speech-language pathology

Laura Brady, MA, CCC-A
(Kent State University)
Adjunct Instructor; Cleveland Hearing & Speech Center
Audiology

Lisa Bruening, MS, CCC-SLP
(University of Wisconsin)
Adjunct Instructor; ALS Association, Northern Ohio Chapter
Speech-language pathology

Jane R. Buder-Shapiro, PhD
Adjunct Assistant Professor; private practice

Michelle Burnett, MA, CCC-SLP
(Michigan State University)
Adjunct Instructor; Cleveland Hearing & Speech Center
Speech-language pathology

Cameron Camp, PhD
Adjunct Professor; Myers Research Institute

Sandra Caramela-Miller, PhD
Adjunct Assistant Professor; Cuyahoga County Coroner’s Office

Barbara Choudhury, MA, CCC-SLP
(Case Western Reserve University)
Adjunct Instructor; Cleveland Hearing & Speech Center
Speech-language pathology

Michael Christie, PhD
(University of Akron)
Adjunct Assistant Professor

Joseph Dittmer, PhD
(Kent State University)
Adjunct Assistant Professor

Margaret Duff, MA, CCC-SLP
(Kent State University)
Adjunct Instructor; Cleveland Hearing & Speech Center
Speech-language pathology

Barbara Ekelman, PhD
Adjunct Assistant Professor
Pediatrics

Thomas Ference, PhD
(University of Kansas)
Adjunct Assistant Professor

Michelle Foye, MA, CCC-SLP
(Kent State University)
Adjunct Instructor; Cleveland Hearing & Speech Center
Speech-language pathology

Thomas Frazier, PhD
(Case Western Reserve University)
Adjunct Assistant Professor
Autism

Nicole Gerami, MA, CCC-SLP
(Case Western Reserve University)
Adjunct Instructor; private practice
Speech-language pathology

Robert Goldberg, PhD
Adjunct Associate Professor; Louis Stokes Cleveland VA Medical Center

Bernard P. Henri, PhD
(Northwestern University)
Adjunct Associate Professor; Director, Cleveland Hearing & Speech Center
Fluency disorders; professional issues in speech-language pathology; health care management

Douglas Hicks, PhD
(Vanderbilt University)
Adjunct Professor; Cleveland Clinic Foundation
Voice disorders

Vanessa Jensen, PhD
Adjunct Assistant Professor; Cleveland Clinic

Karen Kantzes, AuD, CCC-A
(A.T. Stills University)
Adjunct Instructor, Cleveland Hearing & Speech Center
Audiology

Susan M. Knell, PhD
Adjunct Assistant Professor; Spectrum Psychological Associates

Bonnie Lawrence, Ph.D.
(Washington University)
Adjunct Assistant Professor

Marilyn Malkin, PhD
Adjunct Assistant Professor; private practice

Michael Manos, PhD
(University of Arizona)
Adjunct Assistant Professor

Lauren Masuga, MA, CCC-SLP
(Miami University)
Adjunct Instructor; Cleveland Hearing & Speech Center
Speech-language pathology

Darlene Moenter-Rodriguez, PhD
(Ohio State University)
Adjunct Assistant Professor; Louis Stokes Cleveland VA Medical Center
Auditory potentials

Shirley Prok
Adjunct Instructor; Sign Language Instructor, Cleveland Hearing & Speech Center
Philip Safford, PhD
Adjunct Professor; Emeritus, Kent State University

Ethan Schafer, PhD
Adjunct Assistant Professor; Spectrum Psychological Associates

Jes Sellers, PhD
Adjunct Assistant Professor; Director, University Counseling Services

Jeremy Shapiro, PhD
Adjunct Assistant Professor; Advanced Therapy Center

Harry Sivec, PhD
Adjunct Assistant Professor; Northcoast Behavioral Healthcare

Kevin Smith, PhD
(University of Akron)
Adjunct Assistant Professor

Kenneth Weiss, PhD
Adjunct Assistant Professor; Louis Stokes Cleveland VA Medical Center

Brigid Whitford, AuD, CCC-A
(A.T. Still University)
Adjunct Instructor; Cleveland Hearing & Speech Center
Audiology

Stacy Williams, PhD
Adjunct Assistant Professor

Lucene Wisniewski, PhD
Adjunct Assistant Professor; Cleveland Center for Eating Disorders

Secondary Faculty

Richard E. Boyatzis, PhD
Professor of Organizational Behavior, Weatherhead School of Management

Alan Castro, PhD
Senior Instructor; University Hospitals Case Medical Center

Howard Hall, PsyD, PhD
Associate Professor, School of Medicine/Rainbow Babies and Children's Hospital

Rebecca Hazen, PhD
Assistant Professor, School of Medicine/Rainbow Babies and Children's Hospital

Leslie L. Heinberg, PhD
Associate Professor, The Cleveland Clinic Lerner College of Medicine

Anthony Jack, PhD
(University College London)
Associate Professor, Department of Cognitive Science

Gunnar Karakurt, PhD
(Purdue University)
Assistant Professor
Family Medicine

Carolyn Landis, PhD
Associate Professor, School of Medicine/Rainbow Babies and Children's Hospital

Britt A. Nielsen, PhD
Assistant Professor, Department of Psychiatry, School of Medicine

Lynn Singer, PhD
Professor, School of Medicine/University Hospitals

Terry Stancin, PhD
Professor, School of Medicine/MetroHealth Medical Center

Thomas P. Swales, PhD
Assistant Professor, School of Medicine/MetroHealth Medical Center

Gerry Taylor, PhD
Professor, Department of Pediatrics, School of Medicine

Abraham Wolf, PhD
Professor, Department of Psychiatry, School of Medicine

James M. Yokely, PhD
Assistant Professor, Department of Psychiatry, School of Medicine

Clinical Faculty

Jennifer Anderson, PhD
(University of Toledo)
Clinical Instructor
Pediatrics

Kathleen Ashton, PhD
(Ohio State University)
Clinical Instructor
Bariatics

Karen Kernberg Bardenstein, PhD
Adjunct Assistant Professor; private practice

Karen Broer, PhD
(Kent State University)
Clinical Instructor

Richard A. Cirillo, PhD
Clinical Assistant Professor; Cuyahoga County Board of Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities

Sandra L. Curry, PhD
Clinical Assistant Professor; Department of Psychiatry, School of Medicine

Lori L. D’Angelo, PhD
Clinical Instructor; International Center for Clubhouse Development

Lisa Damour, PhD
Clinical Instructor; private practice

Mathew A. Fuller, PhD
Clinical Instructor; Louis Stokes Cleveland VA Medical Center

Thomas Hagesfeld, Ph.D.
(Case Western Reserve University)
Clinical Assistant Professor

Gerald Hayes, PhD
(Wright State University)
Clinical Instructor
An introductory examination of the influences associated with the functions of human life, communication processes, and research related to health and the health care industry from interpersonal, cultural, and organizational communication perspectives. The course will include a review of the history and development of communication theories and how application of theories enhances our understanding of various types of organizations. COSI 109 addresses the communication challenges faced by contemporary organizational leaders and members. Knowledge of the theories and development of analytical skills should improve students' chances for successful interactions in diverse organizational situations and cultures.
COSI 301. Professional Speaking. 3 Units.
This course is designed to introduce students to theories and practices and to develop their abilities to speak effectively in public. Students will develop skills in organization and presentation of ideas for public and conference forums, in critical listening, and in proper use of technology. Students demonstrate abilities via written assignments, skill building exercises, oral presentations, rhetorical analysis, and group projects. The expectations in this course include high levels of participation and interaction. This is a departmental seminar course with a focus on formal presentation in settings related to health care. This course will be beneficial to students planning professions in the health sciences where responsibilities include public instruction and exposition and for those preparing for capstone presentations in the Department of Psychological Sciences programs. Activities include: 1. Readings from McKerrow et al. text, 2. Class discussions related to communication competence in differing communication settings, 3. Application opportunities to give speeches, to work in groups, and relate with others in one-on-one situations, 4. Written assignments. Counts as SAGES Departmental Seminar. Prereq: Completion of 100 level first year seminar in USFS, FSCC, FSNA, FSSO, FSSY, or FSCS and either COSI 109 or PSCL 101.

COSI 302. Instrumental Measurements in Speech Sciences. 3 Units.
This course will provide hands on experience on techniques for instrumental measurements of speech and voice parameters, for applications to assessment and diagnosis of speech and voice disorders, to linguistic analysis of speech parameters (prosodic and segmental), and to speech production modeling. In particular, instrumental measures of voice parameters will be carried out by Electroglottography; evaluation of Voice Range Profile and of perturbation of frequency (jitter) and amplitude (shimmer) of the laryngeal waveform, by dedicated KayPentax software (Visi-pitch and Voice Range Profile) and by Praat software; spectrographic analyses will be carried out by Praat software, and articulographic measurements will be performed by an AG200 Electromagnetic Articulograph. Nasalance will be measured by a KapyPentax nasometer. Emphasis on use rather than theory. All instrumentation is available at the Case Speech Production Lab. Recommended preparation: COSI 211, COSI 321/421, and COGS 203, or bases in phonetics, linguistics and speech science; and Physics and Engineering instrumentation courses are good preliminaries to this course. Offered as COSI 302 and COSI 402.

COSI 313. Language Development. 3 Units.
Language acquisition theory and stages of development of syntax, semantics, pragmatics, and phonology in children. Contributions of biological, social, cognitive and environmental factors to process of language development. Information on language variation in multicultural populations. Open to majors and non-majors. Recommended prerequisite: Child Psychology. Offered as COSI 313 and COSI 413.

COSI 321. Speech and Hearing Science. 3 Units.
The course will focus on the aspects of normal speech production and perception and hearing perception. The purpose of this course is to provide a foundation in normal aspects of oral communication that will prepare students for advance study in the assessment and management of disorders of speech and hearing perception. Topics to be covered include motor speech control, aeromechanics, basic acoustics, phonatory acoustics, speech and hearing acoustics, psychoacoustics, and speech and hearing perception. Recommended preparation: COSI 325. Offered as COSI 321 and COSI 421.

COSI 325. Anatomy and Physiology of Speech and Hearing Mechanism. 3 Units.
The course will focus on normal anatomy and physiology of the body systems involved in the processes of speech, language, hearing, and swallowing including the following: the auditory, respiratory, phonatory, articulatory, resonatory, and nervous systems. In part, the course material will be presented in a problem-based learning format. That is, normal aspects of human anatomy and physiology will be discussed in the context of the disorders that affect the processes of human communication and swallowing.

COSI 332. Persuasion. 3 Units.
This survey course explores the history, theories, and dynamics of persuasion. There is an extensive focus on theoretical models of attitude change. Persuasion also plays a strong role in everyday aspects of our culture. Along these lines, we will investigate persuasion activities in everyday life from compliance gaining to media campaigns. Learning is conveyed through lecture, activities, and observation of the student's everyday life. At the end of the semester, the astute student will literate in a variety of persuasion strategies and dynamics.

COSI 340. Health Communication. 3 Units.
Various communication processes assume a central role in the acquisition and enactment of health care. This course examines communication activity across a broad range of health care contexts. Attention will be given to provider-client communication, communication, and ethical concerns, persuasive health promotion efforts, media impact on health, and basics in health communication methodology and research. Students will consider source, message, and receiver aspects of health communication as well as cultural and illness-specific issues. Prerequisite of COSI 101 for 300 - level only. Offered as COSI 340 and COSI 440. Prereq: COSI 101.

COSI 345. Communication and Aging. 3 Units.
The normal and abnormal psychobiological changes that occur during aging and their effects on communication are addressed, as are communicative interaction styles, disordered communication, and rehabilitation practices. Graduate students are given an opportunity to incorporate information from their own disciplines in a special project, where appropriate. Offered as COSI 345 and COSI 445. Counts as SAGES Departmental Seminar.

COSI 352. Introduction to Clinical Practice in Speech-Language Pathology. 3 Units.
Clinical assessment and teaching procedures as well as the role of research/theory in clinical practice. Procedures to observe, measure, analyze communication skills. Practical application through case studies. Students complete 25 hours of observation of speech/language assessment and intervention. Prereq: COSI 211 or COSI 313.

COSI 355. Introduction to Linguistics. 3 Units.
This course provides an introduction to linguistics, with application to clinical assessment, diagnosis and therapy of language disorders. In particular, the course provides an introduction to theory and methods of linguistics: universal properties of human language; phonetic, phonological, morphological, syntactic, and semantic structures and analysis; nature and form of grammar.
COSI 357. Acquired Neurogenic Communication Disorders. 3 Units.
This course is designed to provide knowledge about the theoretical foundations, etiologies, and characterizations of acquired language-based and cognitive-communication disorders in adults. The organization of the course is designed so that we will discuss communication disorders typically associated with left hemisphere lesions (e.g., aphasia), right hemisphere lesions (e.g., RHD), frontal lobe lesions (e.g., traumatic brain injury) and mesial temporal lesions (e.g., dementia). This course is intended to provide students with a framework for considering communication disorders of diverse medical etiologies rather than specific impairment types. The course is meant to provide information that can be used as a foundation for a clinically applied course in acquired language disorders. The course will focus on critical thinking, professional presentation (both oral and written), and critical consumption of research. Recommended preparation: Instructor consent for COSI 457 only. Offered as COSI 357 and COSI 457. Prereq: COSI 109.

COSI 370. Introduction to Audiology. 3 Units.
Disorders of hearing, assessment of hearing; including behavioral and objective measures; intervention strategies; and identification programs. Offered as COSI 370 and COSI 470. Prereq: COSI 325.

COSI 390. Independent Study. 1 - 6 Unit.
Individual study, under the guidance of a faculty member, involving specific programs of reading, research and special projects.

COSI 395. Capstone and Honors Program. 3 Units.
Supervision in carrying out an independent research study in the student's area of interest. Offered every semester. Any student majoring in communication sciences (COSI) may take this course to fulfill the capstone requirement AND to graduate with honors. During their Junior year, qualified COSI majors are encouraged to apply to the department’s Honors Program, which leads to a B.A. with Honors. The program’s purpose is to provide students with an intensive, supervised research experience in areas of their choice. The program consists of PSCL 375 and COSI 295 and begins in the junior year, when students receive instruction in research design and methodology. This provides the foundation for students to work under close supervision with a department faculty member during the senior year. At the end of the semester, the research project is written in scholarly form, and presented for consideration of graduation with Honors. Junior majors with a minimum 3.25 average in COSI major courses are a 3.0 overall GPA may apply. The Honors Program requires a great deal of work, and only students with a serious interest in behavioral sciences should apply. Counts as SAGES Senior Capstone. Prereq: (STAT 201 or PSCL 282) and PSCL 375.

COSI 402. Instrumental Measurements in Speech Sciences. 3 Units.
This course will provide hands on experience on techniques for instrumental measurements of speech and voice parameters, for applications to assessment and diagnosis of speech and voice disorders, to linguistic analysis of speech parameters (prosodic and segmental), and to speech production modeling. In particular, instrumental measurements of voice parameters will be carried out by Electroglottography; evaluation of Voice Range Profile and of perturbation of frequency (jitter) and amplitude (shimmer) of the laryngeal waveform, by dedicated KayPentax software (Visi-pitch and Voice Range Profile) and by Praat software; spectrographic analyses will be carried out by Praat software, and articulographic measurements will be performed by an AG200 Electromagnetic Articulograph. Nasalance will be measured by a KapyPentax nasometer. Emphasis on use rather than theory. All instrumentation is available at the Case Speech Production Lab. Recommended preparation: COSI 211, COSI 321/421, and COGS 203, or bases in phonetics, linguistics and speech science; also Physics and Engineering instrumentation courses are good preliminaries to this course. Offered as COSI 302 and COSI 402.

COSI 413. Language Development. 3 Units.
Language acquisition theory and stages of development of syntax, semantics, pragmatics, and phonology in children. Contributions of biological, social, cognitive and environmental factors to process of language development. Information on language variation in multicultural populations. Open to majors and non-majors. Recommended prerequisite: Child Psychology. Offered as COSI 313 and COSI 413.

COSI 421. Speech and Hearing Science. 3 Units.
The course will focus on the aspects of normal speech production and perception and hearing perception. The purpose of this course is to provide a foundation in normal aspects of oral communication that will prepare students for advance study in the assessment and management of disorders of speech and hearing perception. Topics to be covered include motor speech control, aeromechanics, basic acoustics, phonatory acoustics, speech and hearing acoustics, psychoacoustics, and speech and hearing perception. Recommended preparation: COSI 325. Offered as COSI 321 and COSI 421.

COSI 440. Health Communication. 3 Units.
Various communication processes assume a central role in the acquisition and enactment of health care. This course examines communication activity across a broad range of health care contexts. Attention will be given to provider-client communication, communication, and ethical concerns, persuasive health promotion efforts, media impact on health, and basics in health communication methodology and research. Students will consider source, message, and receiver aspects of health communication as well as cultural and illness-specific issues. Prerequisite of COSI 101 for 300 - level only. Offered as COSI 340 and COSI 440.

COSI 444. Evidence Based Practice in Communication Disorders. 4 Units.
Evidence-based practice is the conscientious, explicit and judicious use of current best evidence in making decisions about the care of individual clients. Having its origins in the fields of medicine and clinical epidemiology, EBP is now an essential component to clinical practice in speech-language pathology. The goal of COSI 444 is to instill in you a career-long desire to seek out high-quality relevant evidence pertinent to the clinical questions that affect your practice. To do this, you must first know how to find the evidence and evaluate the quality of evidence available. This course is intended to demystify the research process so that you can become critical consumers of the research literature in our field.
COSI 445. Communication and Aging. 3 Units.
The normal and abnormal psychobiological changes that occur during aging and their effects on communication are addressed, as are communicative interaction styles, disordered communication, and rehabilitation practices. Graduate students are given an opportunity to incorporate information from their own disciplines in a special project, where appropriate. Offered as COSI 345 and COSI 445. Counts as SAGES Departmental Seminar.

COSI 452A. Graduate Clinical Practicum I: Case Management. 1 Unit.
Addresses professional issues in speech-language pathology including case management, clinical effectiveness, counseling and working with families from diverse backgrounds. Four to ten hours of clinic contact per week at the Cleveland Hearing and Speech Center. (Maximum of 2 credits.) Recommended preparation: COSI 352 and COSI 413.

COSI 452B. Graduate Clinical Practicum II: Professional Issues. 1 Unit.
Addresses professional issues in speech-language pathology including case management, managed health care, ethics and interviewing. Four to ten hours of clinic contact per week at the Cleveland Hearing and Speech Center. (Maximum of 2 credits.) Recommended preparation: COSI 352, COSI 413, COSI 452A, and COSI 453.

COSI 452C. Graduate Clinical Practicum III: Special Populations. 1 Unit.
Addresses professional issues in speech-language pathology including case management, special clinical populations, collaborating with other professionals, teaming, leadership, and use of technology. Fifteen to thirty hours of clinic contact per week at area skilled nursing facilities, hospitals, rehab centers, early intervention centers, centers for developmentally disabled, private practices, etc. (Maximum of 2 credits.) Recommended preparation: COSI 352, COSI 452, COSI 452A, and COSI 453.

COSI 452E. Graduate Clinical Practicum V: Medical Speech Pathology. 1 Unit.
Addresses professional issues in speech-language pathology including case management, special clinical populations, collaborating with other professionals, documentation, managed health care, and use of technology. Fifteen to thirty hours of clinic contact per week at area skilled nursing facilities, hospitals. (Maximum of 2 credits.) Recommended preparation: COSI 352, COSI 452, COSI 452A, and COSI 452.

COSI 464. Case Studies in Communication Disorders: Diagnosis and Treatment. 3 Units.
Diagnosis as a clinical skill involving scientific hypothesis testing with clinical problem solving. The course includes academic learning combined with diagnostic clinic experiences. Overview of psychometric principles, survey of psychological communication tests, and measurements. Section on non-biased assessment. Instruction and practice in effective family interviewing techniques. Prereq: COSI 453 and COSI 456

COSI 470. Introduction to Audiology. 3 Units.
Disorders of hearing, assessment of hearing; including behavioral and objective measures; intervention strategies; and identification programs. Offered as COSI 370 and COSI 470. Prereq: COSI 325.

COSI 556. Language Disorders 2: Language and Literacy. 3 Units.
This course focuses on research-based theories of reading, cognition, language, and learning disorders in the school-age and adolescent student. Language development of the older child during the school age and adolescent years will be reviewed. Topics include the development of metalinguistic skills, the expanding lexicon, narration and discourse, and advances in syntax and morphology. The relationship of spoken language to literacy will be discussed. The course will examine common language, literacy and learning disabilities during the school age years. The student will explore interventions for word skills, reading decoding and comprehension, oral expression, vocabulary, and written languages as they apply to the Speech Language Pathologist. Assessment and intervention strategies for the school-age child and adolescent with a language/learning disorder are included. The class format includes lectures, discussions of case studies, and experiential learning through the observation of therapy with the school age/adolescent student. Prereq: COSI 456.

COSI 457. Acquired Neurogenic Communication Disorders. 3 Units.
This course is designed to provide knowledge about the theoretical foundations, etiologies, and characterizations of acquired language-based and cognitive-communication disorders in adults. The organization of the course is designed so that we will discuss communication disorders typically associated with left hemisphere lesions (e.g., aphasia), right hemisphere lesions (e.g., RHD), frontal lobe lesions (e.g., traumatic brain injury) and mesial temporal lesions (e.g., dementia). This course is intended to provide students with a framework for considering communication disorders of diverse medical etiologies rather than specific impairment types. The course is meant to provide information that can be used as a foundation for a clinically applied course in acquired language disorders. The course will focus on critical thinking, professional presentation (both oral and written), and critical consumption of research. Recommended preparation: Instructor consent for COSI 457 only. Offered as COSI 357 and COSI 457.

COSI 456. Child Language Disorders. 3 Units.

COSI 450. Medical Aspects of Speech Pathology I: Voice Disorders. 3 Units.
Aspects of normal and abnormal voice production, evaluation and management of various voice and resonance disorders.
COSI 561. Med Aspects of Speech Path II: Neumotor and Craniofacial Anomalies. 4 Units.
Speech disorders resulting from conditions acting on motor speech production including dysarthria and apraxia will be discussed. The speech production system, diseases and acquired and congenital neuropathological conditions that affect motor process and resulting speech disorders of phonation, articulation, resonance and prosody will be reviewed. Also covered will be the speech, language and hearing disorders stemming from craniofacial anomalies; cleft lip and palate. Principles and methods of assessment and treatment within an interdisciplinary rehabilitation framework will be reviewed for both types of disorders. Prereq: COSI 321 or COSI 421 and COSI 405 or equivalent.

COSI 562. Medical Aspects of Speech Pathology III: Dysphagia. 3 Units.
Course relates to medical speech-language pathology and includes analysis of clinical problems involving dysphagia in high risk populations. Course focus is on the anatomy and physiology of the normal swallow, dysphagia, early identification and prevention, the clinical swallow assessment, instrumental assessment and intervention in pediatric and adult populations.

COSI 580. Aural Rehabilitation. 3 Units.
The effects of hearing impairment, especially related to speech perception and language processing. Remediation and intervention strategies for hearing impaired children and adults, including speech reading, auditory training, and the use of hearing aids.

COSI 600. Special Problems and Topics. 1 - 3 Unit.
Topics and instructors by arrangement of the department chair.

COSI 601. Directed Study and Research. 1 - 6 Unit.
Individual study and research under the direction of a faculty member.

COSI 651. Thesis M.A.. 1 - 6 Unit.
Individual study and research under the direction of a faculty member.

COSI 690. Supervised Classroom Teaching. 3 Units.
Required of all doctoral students. Teaching of an undergraduate course planned in conjunction with a supervising faculty member. Follows the doctoral student's earlier experience of observing and assisting a faculty member in classroom teaching.

Prereq: Predoctoral research consent or advanced to Ph.D. candidacy milestone.

PSCL Courses

PSCL 101. General Psychology I. 3 Units.
Methods, research, and theories of psychology. Basic research from such areas as psychophysiology, sensation, perception, development, memory, learning, psychopathology, and social psychology.

PSCL 102. General Psychology II. 3 Units.
The applications of psychological research in normal problems of adjustment. Topics include: coping with anxiety, romance and marriage, and interpersonal behavior.

PSCL 230. Child Psychology. 3 Units.
Basic facts and principles of psychological development from the prenatal period through adolescence. Recommended preparation: PSCL 101.

PSCL 282. Quantitative Methods in Psychology. 3 Units.
The theory and application of basic methods used in the analysis of psychological data. Not available for credit to students who have completed STAT 201 or ANTH 319. Counts for CAS Quantitative Reasoning Requirement.

PSCL 313. Psychology of Personality. 3 Units.
The development and organization of personality; theories of personality and methods for assessing the person; problems of personal adjustment.

PSCL 315. Social Psychology. 3 Units.

PSCL 317. Health Psychology. 3 Units.
Examines psychological processes that affect physical health. Covers the physiological factors affecting the immune system, chronic physical disorders, pain, compliance with prescribed medical treatments, the effects of stress and coping, the effects of the patient-physician interaction, and the psychological aspects of the hospital and the health care systems. Recommended preparation: PSCL 101.

PSCL 321. Abnormal Psychology. 3 Units.

PSCL 325. Psychotherapy and Personality Change. 3 Units.
Three methods of psychotherapy (behavioral, psychoanalytic, and client-centered) are discussed. The therapy techniques and the manner by which personality change is effected are examined. Recommended preparation: PSCL 101.

PSCL 329. Adolescence. 3 Units.
Psychological perspectives on physical, cognitive, and social development. Recommended preparation: PSCL 101.

PSCL 334C. Seminar and Practicum: Hospitalized Children. 3 Units.
Supervised field placement and attendance at staff conferences in various child and adolescent settings. Regular seminar meetings. Prereq: PSCL 230.

PSCL 335C. Seminar and Practicum: Hospitalized Child. 3 Units.
Supervised field placement and attendance at staff conferences in various child and adolescent settings. Regular seminar meetings. Prereq: PSCL 230 and Junior or Senior Status.

PSCL 338. Seminar and Practicum in Adolescents. 3 Units.
Supervised field placement and attendance in early childhood, child, and adolescent settings including preschools, schools, hospitals, and neighborhood centers. This class is used to fulfill requirements by the Ohio Department of Education teacher licensure program. Recommended preparation: PSCL 101, EDUC 301, EDUC 304, and permission of program director. Offered as EDUC 338, PSCL 338, and SOCI 338.

PSCL 344. Developmental Psychopathology. 3 Units.
This course will focus on the interplay of biological, psychological, familial, and social determinants of disorders ranging from autism to delinquency and bulimia. Recommended preparation: PSCL 230 or PSCL 321. Offered as PSCL 344 and PSCL 444.

PSCL 350. Behavior Genetics. 3 Units.
Examines the impact of both nature and nurture on human behavior. Basic quantitative genetic methodology will be covered. Current family, twin and adoption studies in the areas of personality, intelligence, alcoholism, criminality, and psychopathology will be reviewed. Recommended preparation: PSCL 101.
PSCL 352. Physiological Psychology. 3 Units.
This course is designed to teach the fundamentals of neural communication and central nervous system structure. Special attention is placed on common neurological illnesses and their psychopharmacological treatments. Neural systems underlying sensory/perceptual, motor, and higher-order cognitive processes are also explored. Prereq: PSCL 101.

PSCL 353. Psychology of Learning. 3 Units.
The basic methods in the study of learning. The major theories proposed to account for the learning process. Development of the fundamental concepts and principles governing the learning process in both humans and lower animal. Recommended preparation: PSCL 101.

PSCL 355. Sensation and Perception. 3 Units.

PSCL 357. Cognitive Psychology. 3 Units.

PSCL 369. Adult Development and Aging. 3 Units.
An overview of concepts and research relating to adult development and aging. The lifespan perspective will be used in examining major developmental paradigms. Personality and cognitive lines of development will be traced across the lifespan. Data from both longitudinal and cross-sectional studies will be analyzed. Both normal and pathological aging will be discussed. Special emphasis will be given to areas of cognitive deterioration in aging. Implications for optimal adult development and aging will also be discussed.

PSCL 370. Human Intelligence. 3 Units.
Survey of individual differences in human intellect including construction and administration of intelligence tests, theories and models of intelligence, and the role of heredity and environment in intelligence and the development of intelligence. This course will also examine the relationships of cognitive abilities to intelligence and human to artificial intelligence. Recommended preparation: PSCL 101.

PSCL 375. Research Design and Analysis. 3 Units.

PSCL 379. Neurodevelopmental Disabilities. 3 Units.
Ways in which neurobehavioral development can go awry, the causes of such deviations, and their consequences. The course builds on basic psychological and neuroscience concepts to explore the manner in which developmental disabilities occur, ways of preventing disabilities, and approaches to ameliorating and managing disabling conditions. Recommended preparation: PSCL 101 and PSCL 230.

PSCL 382. Psychological Measurement. 3 Units.

PSCL 388. Human Sexual Behavior. 3 Units.
Sex is approached as a form of personal and interpersonal behavior. A broad range of theories from social psychology will be used to explain human sexual behavior, and these will be evaluated by using facts and findings from recent research studies. Topics include sexual relationships, gender differences, promiscuity, rape and coercion, finding and choosing sex partners, sexual risk-taking, harassment, sexual identity and orientation, cultural influences and differences, evolution of sexual motivations, prostitution, pornography, and love. Prereq: PSCL 101 and PSCL 315.

PSCL 389. Emotion and Emotion Regulation. 3 Units.
This course will focus on academic research associated with emotional processes and emotion regulation. Specifically, we will answer questions like: What are emotions, and why are they important? How are emotions communicated, and how do researchers measure them? How do emotions influence one’s thinking ability, and visa-versa? What is emotion regulation? How do people differ in terms of their overall happiness and well-being, the degree to which they seek/avoid positive/negative experiences, and how they try to control their emotions? And what brain mechanisms are involved in emotional processing and emotion regulation? This course is also intended to help students read research in a thorough, critical manner, which may have a positive impact on students considering an academic career. Prereq: PSCL 101 and PSCL 352.

PSCL 390. Seminars in Psychology. 1 - 3 Unit.
Seminars of special subject areas. Topics vary in response to faculty and student interests. Small group discussion. Prerequisite depends on content.

PSCL 391. Psychology Capstone Research Using Data Archives. 3 Units.
In this course, each student will derive and address a research question by identifying and analyzing archived publicly available data. Successful completion of the course will require: training in ethical research involving human participants; a critical review of the literature on a specific area of psychology with the goal of creating a research question; identification of a set of variables in a publicly available data set that can be used to address the research question, a final written research report in a format acceptable for publication in a psychological research journal, and an oral presentation of the research. Counts as SAGES Senior Capstone. Prereq: PSCL 101 and PSCL 282 or equivalent (ANTH 319, STAT 201), and PSCL 375.

PSCL 392. Capstone: Positive Psychology and Character Strengths. 3 Units.
This seminar-based course is designed to provide a senior capstone experience in the area of positive psychology and character strengths. Students will focus on one specific character strength or positive psychology concept for the class project. The project will include a literature review and critique as well as a self-reflective component. Students will present their projects in two formats: a classroom-based lecture presentation and a literature review (15-20 pages). Class periods will include a blend of lecture, discussion, and student presentations. All students will be assigned to small groups for classroom-based discussions. Assignments are designed to help students develop their projects and will focus on self-reflection, literature review skills, and effective strategies for writing, presenting, and evaluating the work of others. Counts as SAGES Senior Capstone. Prereq: Students must be seniors.
PSCL 393. Experimental Child Psychology. 3 Units.
The development of behavior from birth to adolescence. Growth of basic processes such as perception, learning, memory, intelligence, and language in the light of current theoretical models. Recommended preparation: PSCL 101.

PSCL 394. Psychology Capstone Seminar: Current Problems. 3 Units.
This seminar course will revolve around the identification and critical examination of current problems in society. Insights gained from psychological research will be applied to better understand these problems. Successful completion of the course will require critical analysis of published research, integration of information from different areas of psychology and from different disciplines, an oral presentation, and a final written research report including a literature review. Counts as SAGES Senior Capstone. Prereq: PSCL 375.

PSCL 395. Capstone and Honors Program. 3 Units.
Supervision in carrying out an independent research study in the student's area of interest. Counts as SAGES Senior Capstone. Prereq: PSCL 375.

PSCL 396. Anxiety and Depression: Symptoms, Etiology, and Treatment. 3 Units.
A research-based and writing-intensive presentation of current knowledge regarding the symptoms, etiology, and treatment of anxiety disorders and mood disorders. Counts as SAGES Departmental Seminar.

PSCL 397. Independent Study. 1 - 3 Unit.
Individual study involving specific programs of reading, research, and special projects. Prereq: PSCL 101.

PSCL 398C. Child Policy Externship and Capstone. 3 Units.
Externships offered through CHST/ANTH/PSCL 398C give students an opportunity to work directly with professionals who design and implement policies that impact the lives of children and their families. Agencies involved are active in areas such as public health, including behavioral health, education, juvenile justice, childcare and/or child welfare. Students apply for the externships, and selected students are placed in local public or nonprofit agencies with a policy focus. Each student develops an individualized learning plan in consultation with the Childhood Studies Program faculty and the supervisor in the agency. Offered as CHST 398C, ANTH 398C, and PSCL 398C. Counts as SAGES Senior Capstone. Prereq: CHST 301.

PSCL 402. Cognition and Information Processing. 3 Units.
Aspects of cognition beyond the area of sensation and perception, involving symbolic processes, especially problems of meaning, conceiving, reasoning, judging, and thinking.

PSCL 403. Physiological Foundations of Behavior. 3 Units.
Fundamental neurological processes controlling behavior.

PSCL 404. Learning Theory. 3 Units.
The research literature in learning; theoretical formulations of contemporary learning theorists. Limited to graduate students.

PSCL 405. Personality Theory. 3 Units.
General problems and systematic points of view in the analysis of personality. Limited to graduate students.

PSCL 407. Research Design and Quantitative Analysis I. 3 Units.
Intermediate research design and statistical analysis used in psychological research. Statistical inference from single variables, elementary principles of probability, correlation and regression. Recommended preparation: PSCL 282.

PSCL 408. Research Design and Quantitative Analysis II. 3 Units.

PSCL 409. Advanced Social Psychology. 3 Units.
This seminar-based course provides a broad, graduate-level overview of the field of social psychology. The course draws on theory and basic research in social and personality psychology to teach basic principles of human nature that can be applied to daily life, research, and clinical/applied work. Major topic areas include the self (e.g., self-regulation; self-assessment), social cognition and relationships (e.g., social comparison; transgression), and group processes (e.g., social influence; prejudice). The interface between social and personality psychology will also receive attention.

PSCL 410. Developmental Psychology. 3 Units.
The research literature and theoretical formulation in the area of developmental psychology. Limited to graduate students.

PSCL 412. Measurement of Behavior. 3 Units.

PSCL 418. History and Systems. 3 Units.
Historical antecedents of modern psychology.

PSCL 424. Clinical Interviewing. 3 Units.
Introduction to diagnostic and therapeutic interviewing.

PSCL 425. Methods of Assessment I. 3 Units.
Limited to graduate students in clinical psychology. Recommended preparation: Graduate standing in psychology with department permission.

PSCL 426. Methods of Assessment II. 3 Units.
Methods of psychological assessment, emphasizing personality and family function in childhood and adulthood. Recommended preparation: Limited to Grad students in Clinical Psychology. Requires approval of the Director of Clinical Training.

PSCL 429. Practicum in Assessment I. 1 Unit.

PSCL 430. Practicum in Assessment II. 1 Unit.
Recommended preparation: Approval of the Director of Clinical Training or concurrent enrollment in PSCL 426.

PSCL 431. Supervised Field Placement Year 2. 0 Units.
Supervised training in clinical psychology in agency, hospital, or university settings. Required in Fall and Spring terms of all second year students in the clinical psychology training program. Recommended preparation: PSCL 425, PSCL 426.

PSCL 444. Developmental Psychopathology. 3 Units.
This course will focus on the interplay of biological, psychological, familial, and social determinants of disorders ranging from autism to delinquency and bulimia. Recommended preparation: PSCL 230 or PSCL 321. Offered as PSCL 344 and PSCL 444.
PSCL 451. Special Topics in Psychology. 1 Unit.
These 1 credit mini-courses should provide enjoyable opportunities for students to explore interesting material related to clinical psychology that has not been covered in other required courses. A primary goal is to stimulate interest and discussion in the area. Thus, students will not be expected to write term papers or take any exams. In terms of background reading, students should be provided with roughly one journal article per hour of class meeting. The course is graded pass/no pass, and grading will be based on class attendance and class participation.

PSCL 453. Seminars in Psychology. 1 - 3 Unit.
A special problem or topic. Content varies with student and faculty interest. Recent offerings: creative thinking in research, community psychological evaluation of community processes, experimental and computer methods, consultation, and psychoanalytic ego psychology.

PSCL 469. Psychology of Aging. 3 Units.
Normal psychological development in later life; psychological development in the oldest old; definitions and assessment of successful aging.

PSCL 497. Graduate Independent Study. 1 - 9 Unit.
Independent research and reading programs with individual members of the faculty.

PSCL 501. Seminar: Pediatric Psychology. 1 - 3 Unit.
Seminar on current research topics, research design and methodological issues related to pediatric psychology. Introductory lectures provide an overview of research populations, methods, and practical issues appropriate to research with pediatric populations.

PSCL 502. Seminar: Pediatric Psychology. 1 - 3 Unit.
Seminar examining specific topics in pediatric psychology. Topics will deal with issues of infant development. Infants at risk for disability, neuropsychology and learning disabilities, and childhood psychopathology. Recommended preparation: Limited to Graduate students in Psychology department.

PSCL 510. Psychology and Diversity. 3 Units.
Diversity and multiculturalism in psychological theory, research and practice.

PSCL 524. Advanced Psychopathology. 3 Units.
Theoretical issues and current research data bearing on major patterns of psychological disturbance.

PSCL 525. Ethical and Professional Issues in Psychology. 3 Units.
Consideration of legal and ethical principles in research and practice in clinical psychology and contemporary controversies in professional psychology. Recommended preparation: Graduate standing in Psychology

PSCL 529A. Practicum in Intervention I: Behavior Therapy. 1 Unit.
Recommended Preparation: Graduate standing in clinical psychology.

PSCL 529C. Practicum in Intervention I: Psychodynamic. 1 Unit.
Recommended preparation: Graduate standing in clinical psychology.

PSCL 530A. Practicum in Intervention II: Behavior Therapy. 1 Unit.
Recommended preparation: Graduate standing in clinical psychology.

PSCL 530C. Practicum in Intervention II: Psychodynamic. 1 Unit.
Recommended preparation: Graduate standing in clinical psychology.

PSCL 531A. Seminar in Intervention I: Behavior Therapy. 2 Units.
Theoretical issues and research on psychological interventions. Recommended preparation: Graduate standing in clinical psychology.

PSCL 531B. Seminar in Intervention I: Psychodynamic. 2 Units.
Theoretical issues and research on psychological interventions. Recommended preparation: Graduate standing in clinical psychology.

PSCL 532A. Seminar in Intervention II: Behavior Therapy. 2 Units.
Theoretical issues and research on psychological interventions. Recommended preparation: Graduate standing in clinical psychology.

PSCL 532C. Seminar in Intervention II: Psychodynamic. 2 Units.
Theoretical issues and research on psychodynamic intervention. Recommended preparation: PSCL 531C and graduate standing in clinical psychology.

PSCL 535. Child and Family Intervention. 2 Units.
A course for advanced clinical graduate students that covers psychodynamic and cognitive behavioral approaches for working with children and adolescents and systems approaches for working with families.

PSCL 536. Advanced Child and Family Intervention. 2 Units.
A course for advanced clinical graduate students that covers evidence-based approaches to child and family therapy as well as parent training. Special emphasis on empirically guided treatment planning and outcome evaluation.

PSCL 537. Child and Family Case Seminar I. 1 Unit.
Clinical graduate students in child and family field placements present and receive group supervision on ongoing cases.

PSCL 538. Child and Family Case Seminar II. 1 Unit.
Clinical graduate students in child and family field placements present and receive group supervision on ongoing cases.

PSCL 539. Supervised Field Placement Year 3. 0 Units.
Supervised training in clinical psychology in agency, hospital, or university settings. Required in Fall and Spring terms of all third year students in the clinical psychology training program. Recommended preparation: PSCL 531A, PSCL 532A.

PSCL 540. Supervised Field Placement Year 4. 0 Units.
Supervised training in clinical psychology in agency, hospital, or university settings. Required in Fall and Spring terms of all fourth year students in the clinical psychology training program. Recommended preparation: PSCL 531A, PSCL 532A.

PSCL 601. Special Problems. 1 - 18 Unit.
(Credit as arranged.)

PSCL 651. Thesis M.A.. 1 - 18 Unit.
(Credit as arranged.)

PSCL 700. Internship. 0 Units.
Full-time predoctoral internship in clinical psychology. Required of all students in clinical psychology program. Registration requires written consent of director of clinical psychology training and must be for one calendar year.

(Credit as arranged.) Prereq: Predoctoral research consent or advanced to Ph.D. candidacy milestone.

Department of Religious Studies

The academic study of religion at Case Western Reserve University is multicultural, non-sectarian, and both disciplinary and interdisciplinary. Students examine a range of past and present cultures and societies using methods and approaches drawn from the humanities, arts, social sciences, and sciences, all of which sharpen critical and evaluative skills. Religious beliefs, institutions, and practices are studied with emphasis
placed on the critical problems and possibilities inherent in current theories, methods, and technologies.

The Department of Religious Studies offers both undergraduate (Bachelor of Arts) and graduate (Master of Arts) degrees. Undergraduates may pursue either a major or minor in the department; outstanding students may apply to the departmental honors program. Both the major and minor programs acquaint students with significant religious texts and traditions and with the cultures and societies in which these traditions are grounded. Majors are encouraged to participate in study abroad programs.

Where appropriate, courses are designed to utilize Internet and other technological resources, cultural institutions in University Circle, and the cultural diversity of Greater Cleveland. Several 300-level courses may be taken for graduate credit by fulfilling additional course requirements. The Department of Religious Studies also contributes courses to and supports a number of the college’s interdisciplinary programs and centers, such as Asian Studies, Environmental Studies, Ethnic Studies, Women’s and Gender Studies, International Studies, and Judaic Studies.

The academic study of religion, combined with appropriate courses in other fields, provides an excellent background for any professional career that involves interaction with diverse populations—including law, engineering, medicine and health care professions, journalism, and social work—and for graduate studies in a number of fields. A major in religious studies provides a well-rounded liberal arts education or can be combined conveniently with a second major. A minor in religious studies complements and broadens any field chosen as a major.

**Undergraduate Programs**

**Major**

Students majoring in religious studies must complete a minimum of 30 semester hours. Requirements for the major are as follows:

- **RLGN 102** Introduction to the Study of Religion * 3
- **RLGN 299** Method and Theory in the Study of Religion & RLGN 399 and Major/Minor Seminar 6

Seven courses dealing with the academic study of religion ** 21

| Total Units | 30 |

* RLGN 102 Introduction to the Study of Religion introduces students to various approaches to the academic study of religion, including (but not limited to) sociological approaches, cultural/anthropological approaches, and psychological approaches. It also introduces students to at least four different religious traditions.

** Subsequent course selections (totaling 21 credit hours) will be determined in consultation with the student’s major advisor and should display some diversity in themes and topics. Up to six of these credit hours may be taken outside the Department of Religious Studies, provided that the courses relate to the overall character of the major.

**Departmental Honors**

Majors who have an overall grade point average of 3.5 and a grade point average of 3.5 in religious studies courses may apply to the honors program. Such students should take RLGN 299 Method and Theory in the Study of Religion in the fall semester and RLGN 395 Honors Research II (instead of RLGN 399) in the spring semester of the senior year. During the fall semester, the student will work with an honors advisor to prepare a proposal to be approved by the department no later than the end of the first semester. Departmental honors are awarded upon completion and satisfactory defense of the senior project before a faculty committee, provided that the required grade point averages are maintained.

**Minor**

A minor in religious studies requires at least 18 credit hours, to include the following:

- **RLGN 102** Introduction to the Study of Religion 3
- **RLGN 299** Method and Theory in the Study of Religion & RLGN 399 and Major/Minor Seminar 6

Nine hours of elective credit * 9

| Total Units | 18 |

* The nine hours of elective credit hours are chosen in consultation with a departmental advisor. The courses should demonstrate study of diverse religious traditions.

**General Information**

The department offers a graduate program leading to a Master of Arts degree in Religious Studies. This two-year program concentrates on method and theory in the study of religion. The MA is designed to give students from a variety of backgrounds a solid foundation in the methods used in the contemporary study of religion.

**Program Curriculum**

**First Year**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Units</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Fall</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Foundational Readings in Religious Studies (RLGN 401) (A reading course based on the major formative works of the field. Bibliography to be worked out by graduate advisor in consultation with the student. Students will demonstrate familiarity with the literature through written examination.)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>One 400-level RLGN course</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>An elective dealing with the method and theory in the study of religion</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

**Second Year**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Units</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Fall</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>One 400-level RLGN course</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Thesis M.A. (RLGN 651) (or elective)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Thesis M.A. (RLGN 651)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| Year Total: | 9 |

| Total Units in Sequence: | 30 |
Department Faculty

Peter J. Haas, PhD
(Brown University)
Abba Hillel Silver Professor of Jewish Studies and Chair; Director, Judaic Studies Program
Jewish literature and thought; Western religions; science and religion; religion and culture

Timothy K. Beal, PhD
(Emory University)
Florence Harkness Professor of Religion
Biblical studies; Near Eastern studies; environmental studies; religion and culture; gender studies

Joy R. Bostic, PhD
(Union Theological Seminary)
Associate Professor
African-American religion; women and religion; U.S. urban religion

William E. Deal, PhD
(Harvard University)
Severance Professor in the History of Religion
Buddhism; East Asian religions; method and theory; religion and culture; cognitive science of religion and ethics

Justine Howe, PhD
(Northwestern University)
Assistant Professor
Anthropology of religion; Islamic studies

Deepak Sarma, PhD
(University of Chicago)
Professor
Hinduism; Indian philosophy; philosophy of religion; method and theory

Lecturers

Ramez Islambouli, MA
(Case Western Reserve University)
Full-time Lecturer
Islam; Islamic thought, Islamic law

Judith Neulander, PhD
(Indiana University)
Full-time Lecturer
Folklore, mythology; Jewish popular culture

Courses

RLGN 102. Introduction to the Study of Religion. 3 Units.
Introduction to the academic study of religion and of the religious dimensions of life. Open to all students but prerequisite for majors and minors in religious studies. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

RLGN 108. The History of Yoga: The Yoga of Transformation and the Transformation of Yoga. 3 Units.
In this class we will investigate the history and context of yoga. We will first examine yoga as a transformative disciplined practice through close study of primary sources. Next we will focus on Yoga as presented in Patanjali's Yoga Sutras. We will then examine the ways and extent to which yoga has been transformed in both India and outside of India. To this end we will scrutinize the development of American(ized) "Yoga." We will address the legal complexities concerning ownership and appropriation as well as those concerning the teaching of "Yoga" in public schools and the establishment clause of the First Amendment. We will also devote several classes to actual yoga experiences where the students can learn some asana (postures) and movements. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

RLGN 190. Sacred Space in Western Religions. 3 Units.
A significant problem facing all three of the great western religious traditions -- Judaism, Christianity and Islam -- is how to establish a sacred space on earth for the worship of a deity which cannot be contained. In many ways, architectural and artistic decisions about the location, internal layout, orientation and other features of such sacred spaces reflect deep presuppositions in each religion about the divine and how worship is to be effected in a human context. This course will be based around visits to a number of religious buildings to examine how one might understand and interpret such spaces. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

RLGN 204. Introduction to Asian Religions. 3 Units.
Principal Asian religious traditions based on a study of classical sources. Classical Chinese thought, Hinduism, and Buddhism. Readings include selections from the works of Confucius, Mencius, Mo Tzu, Lao Tzu, Chuang Tzu, the Mahabharata, the Bhagaavad Gita, and the early Buddhist canon. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

RLGN 206. Religion and Ecology. 3 Units.
Historical and cross-cultural introduction to religious perspectives on nature and ecology, including Jewish, Christian, Hindu, Buddhist, and Native American texts and ritual practices. Themes include: ecology of chaos and complexity, urban ecology, wilderness, and ecological crises. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

RLGN 207. Women and Religion. 3 Units.
Examination of feminist perspectives on religion, such as the status of women in Western and non-Western religions, the nature and purpose of religious beliefs and practices from the standpoints of religious and non-religious feminists, the current status of feminist philosophies of religion, and the efforts of feminists to transform traditional religions and to create new religions. Offered as RLGN 207 and WGST 207.

RLGN 208. Introduction to Western Religions. 3 Units.
Basic introduction to the three great monotheistic religions of the Western World: Christianity, Judaism, and Islam. All three of these religious traditions trace their roots to the faith of biblical Israel as revealed by a series of prophets including Noah, Abraham, and Moses. Each absorbed the philosophy and science of the Greco-Roman world and went on both to influence and struggle with each other. Many of the religious problems of the contemporary world, from Afghanistan to the Middle East to Yugoslavia, can be traced to tension within and between these religious groups. Offered as RLGN 208 and JDST 208. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.
RLGN 209. Introduction to Biblical Literature. 3 Units.
This course is an introduction to the academic study of biblical literature, including Hebrew Scriptures ("Old Testament") and the New Testament. The literature will be studied in light of both ancient and contemporary historical contexts, with a particular emphasis on the roles it plays in American culture and politics today. Class sessions will be discussion oriented and will involve close, careful analysis and interpretation of texts. No background in religion is necessary. Evaluation will be based on class preparation and participation, regular short writing assignments, two exams, and a major paper.

RLGN 211. Great Books of Western Religion. 3 Units.
Students will engage with the major writings that have shaped Western religious traditions (Christianity, Judaism, Islam) from their earliest expressions until the present day. Readings include the foundational Scriptures (Hebrew Bible, New Testament, Quran) of each tradition, religious poetry and other writings from the Middle Ages, and modern writers on spirituality and religiousness within each of these traditions. The course will be conducted as a seminar, in which students will read the selected original texts and will discuss their religious and spiritual meaning and significance in class. Each student will also prepare a final project based on the assigned authors or readings. Offered as RLGN 211 and JDST 211.

RLGN 212. Introduction to Christianity. 3 Units.
An introduction to the history, thought and culture of Christianity and its diverse traditions. Course will include field research with local Christian religious institutions.

RLGN 214. Introduction to Islam. 3 Units.
This course is an introduction to the beliefs, practices, sacred texts, and intellectual traditions of Islam. We will approach the many dimensions of Islam from the perspectives of religious studies. Our goal is to develop a foundational understanding of the core aspects of Islam, while critically analyzing how these features have been understood in Western academic discourse. Throughout the term, we will examine major developments in the history of Islam, underscoring the dynamic changes that the tradition has undergone in its 1400+ year history. We will also investigate how Muslim institutions developed in relation to diverse socioeconomic and cultural conditions, including Africa, the Americas, the Middle East, and Europe. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

RLGN 215. Religion In America. 3 Units.
Survey of religious histories in North America, from the trans-Bering migrations to the present. Drawing from a variety of approaches such as social history, ritual studies, and institutional and doctrinal histories, this course charts the religious development of various groups including Native Americans, African Americans, Euro-Americans, and others. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

RLGN 216. Hinduism I: The Vedic, Epic and Puranic Periods. 3 Units.
This course will provide an introduction to the Vedic, Epic and Puranic periods in the development of Hinduism. We will read a range of primary sources produced during these times. These texts were composed between 1500 BCE and the 5th century CE. The course has an emphasis on research and writing. We will not be examining contemporary issues or practice. The goal of the class is to gain detailed understanding of the kind of world(s) that were envisioned in these forms of early "Hinduism." Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

RLGN 217. Buddhism. 3 Units.
Buddhism is an important world religion that originated in India around 500 BCE. Subsequently, Buddhism spread to Central and East Asia. More recently, Buddhist traditions have been established in Europe and North America. Like Christianity and Islam, Buddhism is considered a "missionary" religion because its message has been actively propagated in cultural contexts outside its place of origin. Buddhist ideas and concepts have not only inspired religious practice, but have often provided the foundation for political, social, ethical, literary, artistic and other modes of cultural expression. It is, therefore, difficult to understand those Asian cultures in which Buddhism is or has been important without understanding this religious tradition itself. This course examines concepts, symbols, and institutions central to Buddhist religious practice throughout its 2500 year history. We will focus on the Theravada and Mahayana Buddhist traditions as they developed in India, on the development of Pure Land and Zen traditions in China and Japan, and on Tibetan Buddhist traditions. We will also consider Buddhist perspectives on contemporary ethical issues. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

RLGN 218. Islam: Faith and Politics. 3 Units.
An overview of the relationship between Islam as a religion and Islam as a political system and the effect of this relationship on Islamic society from its origin to the present time. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

RLGN 219. Islam in America. 3 Units.
The United States is home to one of the most diverse Muslim communities in the world. Using a variety of primary and secondary sources, this course examines the rich history of Islam in the United States, from the 18th century to the present, as it relates to key moments within American politics, religion and culture, and to transnational developments in Islamic thought and practice. We will also explore important issues within contemporary Muslim communities, including gender, shari'a, and religious pluralism. In addition to studying the experiences of Muslim immigrants, students will also investigate the vital role of African-American Muslims and converts in the development of American Muslim institutions, beliefs and rituals. This course will also introduce students to the history of Islam in Cleveland, and provide them with the opportunity to contribute to original research on Muslim communities in our city. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

RLGN 221. Indian Philosophy. 3 Units.
A survey of Indian philosophical thought with emphasis on the Vedas, early Hindu, and Jain literature. Offered as PHIL 221 and RLGN 221. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

RLGN 222. African-American Religions. 3 Units.
This course is an exploration of the rich diversity of African American religions from the colonial period to the present. Attention will be given to key figures, institutional expressions, and significant movements in African American religious history. Major themes include African traditions in American religions, slavery and religion, sacred music, social protest, Black Nationalism in religion, Islam, African American women and religion, and black and womanist theologies. Course requirements will include field trips to local religious sites. Offered as ETHS 222 and RLGN 222. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.
RLGN 223. Religious Roots of Conflict in the Middle East. 3 Units.
The course is about the rhetoric and symbols used by various voices in the Middle East in the ongoing debate about the future shape of the region. For historical and cultural reasons, much of the discourse draws on religious symbolism, especially (although not exclusively) Islamic, Jewish, and Christian. Because of the long and complex history of the region and the religious communities in it, virtually every act and every place is fraught with meaning. The course examines the diverse symbols and rhetorical strategies used by the various sides in the conflict and how they are understood both by various audiences within each community and among the different communities. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

RLGN 232. DESI: Diaspora, Ethnicity, Southasia(n), Interrogate. 3 Units.
In this class, we will interrogate the cultural identity(ies) and imagined community(ies) of the "South Asian" Diaspora. We will first examine taxonomy and categorization itself, as a methodological, philosophical, and political enterprise. We will then examine how such contradicted categories have been applied to the so-called desis, loosely and broadly understood as members of the South Asian Diaspora. To this end, we will scrutinize the development of American(ized) "Hinduism," the imagined location that desis have in North American racial and ethnic hierarchies, and the construction of assimilated, enculturated, and transnational imagined desi communities. Offered as RLGN 232, ETHS 232 and HSTY 232. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

RLGN 233. Introduction to Jewish Folklore. 3 Units.
Exploration of a variety of genres, research methods and interpretations of Jewish folklore, from antiquity to the present. Emphasis on how Jewish folk traditions and culture give us access to the spirit and mentality of the many different generations of the Jewish ethnic group, illuminating its past and informing the direction of its future development. Offered as ANTH 233, RLGN 233, and JDST 233. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

RLGN 235. Religion and Visual Culture. 3 Units.
Cross-cultural introduction to complex relations between religion and seeing. Study of visual culture, sacred iconography, calligraphy, film, mass media, and avant-garde fashion. Extensive use of cultural resources in University Circle. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

RLGN 237. Religion and Dance in South Asia. 3 Units.
This is an experimental interdisciplinary course in religion, dance, and South Asian studies. We will explore the performance of religion in bharata natyam, one storytelling dance form from South Asia. This dance style draws upon Hindu devotional (bhakti) allegories of sacred and profane love in its choreography. Lover and beloved, as the ideal relationship between God and the human, becomes the model for the performed relationship between heroes and heroines (nayaka-nayaki) danced on stages and, more recently, Bollywood screens. To this end, we will examine primary and secondary sources on bharata natyam and aesthetic theory/classical dramatics. We will also observe dance performances in the greater Cleveland area. Offered as RLGN 237 and DANC 237.

RLGN 238. Alternative Altars: Folk Religion in America. 3 Units.
Taking a multidisciplinary approach, students will become familiar with the distinction between conventional and unconventional religions, with the history and personalities associated with new belief systems in America, and with the means, motivations and methods of generating faith communities. Students will come to understand the role of cultural anxieties, new technologies, changing roles, globalization and other social tensions in the formation and duration of alternative altars. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

RLGN 240. The Heavens in Religion and Science. 3 Units.
Review of the relationships between scientific descriptions of the natural world and the religious and ethical implications drawn from those in Western civilizations. Introduction to the close cooperation between religion and science in the West until the modern period and review of the breakdown of that relationship in the past 200 years. Counts as SAGES Departmental Seminar.

RLGN 251. Perspectives in Ethnicity, Race, Religion and Gender. 3 Units.
This course is designed to introduce students to the study of ethnicity. Basic concepts such as race, gender, class, and identity construction will be examined. Students are encouraged to use the tools and perspectives of several disciplines to address the experiences of ethnic groups in the United States. Offered as ETHS 251 and RLGN 251. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

RLGN 254. The Holocaust. 3 Units.
This class seeks to answer fundamental questions about the Holocaust: the German-led organized mass murder of nearly six million Jews and millions of other ethnic and religious minorities. It will investigate the origins and development of racism in modern European society, the manifestations of that racism, and responses to persecution. An additional focus of the course will be comparisons between different groups, different countries, and different phases during the Nazi era. Offered as HSTY 254, RLGN 254, ETHS 254, and JDST 254. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

RLGN 260. Introduction to the Qur'an. 3 Units.
This course is an introduction to the Qur'an. For Muslims, the Qur'an is the inimitable word of God, and its influence has been both far-reaching and profound in various historical contexts. It introduces students to the text of the Qur'an, in English translation, providing a window into both Muslim interpretations of their scripture (from the early days of Islam to the present) and academic studies of the text. Students will approach the Qur'an as a living document, as text that is continually re-visited and re-interpreted by Muslims, and used in various ritual contexts and in daily life. This course will explore theological and legal dimensions of the Qur'an, touching on issues of God's nature, Islamic ethics, the foundations of Islamic law, and gender roles. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

RLGN 265. Malcolm and Martin. 3 Units.
An examination of the lives, religious thought, and ideological frameworks of Malcolm X and Martin Luther King, Jr. The course will investigate Malcolm X and Martin King’s religious beliefs and activist strategies; the ideas and strategies of other civil rights and Black Nationalist leaders who influenced and challenged Martin and Malcolm’s ideas on race, gender, class, and sexuality; and the historical antecedents for these strategies within nineteenth-century black religious, social, and political movements. Their impact on modern African American religious thought, American political culture, and international human rights movements will also be explored. Offered as ETHS 265 and RLGN 265. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.
RLGN 268. Women in the Bible: Ethnographic Approaches to Rite and Ritual, Story, Song, and Art. 3 Units.
Examination of women in Jewish and Christian Biblical texts, along with their Jewish, Christian (and occasionally Muslim) interpretations. Discussion of how these traditions have shaped images of, and attitudes toward, women in western civilization. Offered as RLGN 268, WGST 268, and JDST 268.

RLGN 270. Introduction to Gender Studies. 3 Units.
This course introduces women and men students to the methods and concepts of gender studies, women's studies, and feminist theory. An interdisciplinary course, it covers approaches used in literary criticism, history, philosophy, political science, sociology, anthropology, psychology, film studies, cultural studies, art history, and religion. It is the required introductory course for students taking the women's and gender studies major. Offered as ENGL 270, HSTY 270, PHIL 270, RLGN 270, SOCI 201, and WGST 201. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement. Prerequisite: ENGL 150 or passing letter grade in a 100 level first year seminar in USFS, FSCC, FSNA, FSSO, FSSY, FSTS, FSCS.

RLGN 272. Morality and Mind. 3 Units.
Recent research in cognitive science challenges ethical perspectives founded on the assumption that rationality is key to moral knowledge or that morality is the product of divine revelation. Bedrock moral concepts like free will, rights, and moral agency also have been questioned. In light of such critiques, how can we best understand moral philosophy and religious ethics? Is ethics primarily informed by nature or by culture? Or is ethics informed by both? This course examines 1) ways in which cognitive science--and related fields such as evolutionary biology--impact traditional moral perspectives, and 2) how the study of moral philosophy and comparative ethics forces reconsideration of broad cognitive science theories about the nature of ethics. The course examines the concept of free will as a case study in applying these interpretive viewpoints. Interdisciplinary readings include literature from moral philosophy, religious ethics, cognitive science, and evolutionary biology. Offered as COGS 272, RLGN 272.

RLGN 273. Religion and Healing in the United States. 3 Units.
A cross-cultural exploration of the relationships between religion, health and healing in the United States. Through an interdisciplinary approach that includes religious studies, medical anthropology and ethnic/gender studies, the course investigates how persons interpret illness and suffering. Attention is also paid to how different groups utilized, or are served by, the health care system. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

RLGN 280. Religion and Politics in the Middle East. 3 Units.
An in-depth look at the relationship between politics and religion in the Middle East. Students will spend the first week on the CWRU campus and the last three weeks in Israel, where time will be divided between classroom teaching, guest lectures, and “field trips” to important sites. Students will have the opportunity to interact directly with members of the region’s diverse religious groups within the political, social, and cultural contexts in which they live. A final research paper will be required. Knowledge of Hebrew is not necessary. Offered as JDST 280 and RLGN 280. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

RLGN 283. Muhammad: The Man and the Prophet. 3 Units.
The life of the Prophet Muhammad (c.470-632 CE) which was as crucial to the unfolding Islamic ideal as it is today. An examination of how he attempted to bring peace to war-torn Arabia by evolving an entirely new perspective of the human situation, guidance for human lives, and humans’ relationship with God. The course will include Western perceptions of Islam, especially in light of September 11, 2001. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

RLGN 284. Jesus Through Islamic Lens. 3 Units.
An introduction to an image of Jesus little known outside Arabic Islamic culture. It is an image that might be of interest to those who wish to understand how Jesus was perceived by a religious tradition which greatly revered him but rejected his divinity. The course will draw from various Islamic texts to provide a comprehensive selection of excerpts pertaining to the life and moral teachings of Jesus. Approaching Christ from an Islamic perspective, this course will offer the students a rare opportunity to understand the significance of Jesus in Islam and to gain a better understanding of the Islamic faith, not only as it contrasts with Christianity but also as it compares. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

RLGN 299. Method and Theory in the Study of Religion. 3 Units.
This is an advanced course in method and theory in the study of religion and is designed for majors in religious studies. The goal is to strengthen the foundation in religious studies first obtained in RLGN 102 and to prepare students for projects to be completed and presented during the second semester in RLGN 399. (or RLGN 395 for honors). Class time will be devoted to lectures and discussions of a variety of authors, methods and topics. Particular readings will be assigned by the designated instructor. Students are expected to attend class regularly, complete assigned reading and participate in class discussions. Prerequisite: RLGN 102 and 9 credits in other RLGN courses.

RLGN 301. Ritual in Religion. 3 Units.
Drawing from a broad range of approaches and academic fields, this seminar offers an introduction to the study of ritual. The course has three main goals: (1) to help students become familiar with important theories of and approaches to ritual studies; (2) to explore a number of ritual practices from different cultures, from ancient priestly rites in the Bible to contemporary cockfights in Bali; and (3) to study and discuss several representations of ritual in contemporary literature and film.

RLGN 304. Representations of Black Women and Religion in Film. 3 Units.
In this course we will explore cinematic representations of black women and religion in film. Each week we will view a film in class. We will begin the class with the film Imitation of Life and then the course with The Help. Throughout the course we will analyze the ways in which notions of gender, sexuality, intimate violence, and modern notions of race and color, have informed representations of black women and religion in film. In addition, we will discuss how these representations, in turn, have influenced cultural ideas about black women in the Americas. Offered as RLGN 304, RLGN 404, WGST 304, and ETHS 304. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

RLGN 305. Sanskrit Religious Texts. 3 Units.
Introduction to the Sanskrit language and culture through the reading of selected texts taken from the ancient religions of South Asia. Offered as CLSC 305 and RLGN 305.

RLGN 306. Interpreting Buddhist Texts. 3 Units.
Readings in translation of major texts from the Buddhist tradition. Special emphasis on problems of textual interpretation, historical context, Buddhist conceptions of the sacred, and Buddhist ethics. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.
RLGN 309. Advanced Sanskrit Religious Texts. 3 Units.
This class is a continuation of RLGN 305/CLSC 305, the introduction to the Sanskrit language and culture. In RLGN 309/CLSC 309 students will learn advanced Sanskrit grammar and syntax. Previous knowledge of Sanskrit is required. We will finish the lessons from Devavanipravesika that we began in the introductory course. We will then translate sections for the Bhagavad Gita. Offered as CLSC 309 and RLGN 309. Prereq: RLGN 305 or CLSC 305.

RLGN 310. Cognitive Science of Religion. 3 Units.
This course introduces theories and methods in the cognitive science of religion. Particular emphasis is placed on applying cognitive scientific concepts and theories to such religious issues as belief in deities, religious ritual, and morality. We examine such topics as the relationship of religious studies to evolution and cognition, cognitive theories or religious ritual, anthropomorphism and religious representation, religion as an evolutionary adaptation, and cognitive semantics and religious language. Course work includes student-led discussions, a research-intensive journal-length essay on a topic chosen in consultation with the Instructor, and presentation of research findings to the class. Course readings are taken from the humanities, the social sciences, and natural sciences. Offered as: COGS 310, COGS 410, RLGN 310, RLGN 410.

RLGN 311. Representations of Black Religion in Film. 3 Units.
In this course we will explore cinematic representations of black religion in the Americas and the Caribbean. Each week we will view a film representing diverse religious traditions such as Christianity, Candomble, Santeria, Vodou, and Islam. Films will include Cabin in the Sky, The Color Purple, Black Orpheus, The Serpent and the Rainbow, Malcolm X, Eve’s Bayou, and The Princess and the Frog. Throughout the course we will analyze the ways in which notions of gender, the history of colonialism, modern notions of race, and geographical landscapes have informed representations of black religion in film. In addition, we will discuss how these representations, in turn, have influenced cultural ideas of black religion in the Americas. Offered as RLGN 311, ETHS 311, and RLGN 411. Prereq: RLGN 222 or ETHS 251 or ENGL 367 or by permission of Instructor.

RLGN 312. The Mythical Trickster. 3 Units.
Few literary figures have as wide a distribution, and as long a history, as the mythical Trickster. He is at once sacred and profane, creator and destroyer; an incorrigible duper who is always duped. Free of social and moral restraints he is ruled instead by passions and appetites, yet it is through his unprincipled behavior that morals and values come into being. How are we to interpret this amazing creature? Using folkloristic theories and ethnographic methods, we will come to understand the social functions and symbolic meanings of the cross-cultural Trickster, over time and across space. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

RLGN 313. Topics in Biblical Literature:. 3 Units.
A departmental "topics" seminar focused on advanced textual analysis and interpretation of particular biblical (including apocryphal) texts and the critical issues of method, theory, theology, and history that pertain to those texts. Reading assignments will be divided between close, exegetical analysis of small units of texts and the study of scholarly criticism of the same texts (commentaries, journal articles, critical notes). Evaluation will be based on class preparation and participation, weekly short papers, an exegetical paper focused on a particular pericope of the student's choice, and an interpretive paper based on exegesis of several related passages. Graduate students enrolled in the course as RLGN 413 will have the following additional requirements: (a) preliminary academic reading on the biblical material; (b) leadership/teaching of one seminar session on an academic theoretical or theological approach to the biblical text, including an additional meeting with the professor in preparation for that session; and (c) a longer final paper that critical engages the approach that was the focus of the seminar session s/he leads (15-20 pages, suitable for publication at an academic conference). Offered as RLGN 313 and RLGN 413. Prereq: RLGN 209 or permission of instructor.

RLGN 314. Mythologies of the Afterlife. 3 Units.
This course provides a multidisciplinary approach to the idea of an afterlife, and its manifestation in diverse cultures. We will examine the way varying views of the afterlife influence religion, popular culture and palliative care, and how human creativity has shaped the heavens, hells, hauntings and holidays of diverse populations over time and across space. Students will come to see the afterlife as an integral part of human history and experience, not only because it helps people die with better hope, but because it helps them to live more richly. Offered as RLGN 314 and JDST 314.

RLGN 315. Heresy and Dissidence in the Middle Ages. 3 Units.
Survey of heretical individuals and groups in Western Europe from 500-1500 A.D., focusing on popular rather than academic heresies. The development of intolerance in medieval society and the problems of doing history from hostile sources will also be explored. Offered as HSTY 315 and RLGN 315. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

RLGN 319. The Crusades. 3 Units.
This course is a survey of the history of the idea of "crusade," the expeditions of Western Europeans to the East known as crusades, the Muslim and Eastern Christian cultures against which these movements were directed, as well as the culture of the Latin East and other consequences of these crusades. Offered as HSTY 319 and RLGN 319. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.
RLGN 321. Advanced Indian Philosophy. 3 Units.
We will closely examine a limited number of texts in Jain, Hindu, and/or Buddhist philosophy. Our concern will be the methods, presuppositions, arguments, and goals of these schools and trajectories of thought. What were their theories on the nature of the person, the nature of reality, and the nature and process of knowing? What were the debates between the schools and the major points of controversy? We will spend the majority of time analyzing the arguments or positions as they are found in primary texts (in translation). We will rely on the primary sources found in Sarma Introduction to Classical Indian Philosophy as well as PDFs provided by the instructor. Students will read texts out loud in class and will be expected to comment on the passage or passages. Students are expected to use outside sources in their preparations. The goal of the class is to continue to learn how to make and write arguments against (or in support of) the various positions using the prasangika (reductio ad absurdum) method. The papers are rigorous ones and require the student to present the position and then to posit arguments against it, finding internal incoherences. This is a writing-intensive class. Students will continue to learn how to write as per the genre of Indian philosophy. 
Offered as RLGN 321 and PHIL 321. Prereq: RLGN 221 or PHIL 221.

RLGN 324. Landscapes and Pilgrimages: Spatial Theory in the Study of Religion. 3 Units.
This course employs spatial approaches and theories to examine the religious praxis and identities of individuals and communities. Working notions of space include physical, socio-political, cultural, imaginative, and ritual dimensions. We will examine the themes of mapping, memory and movement related to religious landscapes and geographies as well as issues related to social justice, gender, race, power, difference, and ecology. We will also investigate the spatial practices of individuals and communities. These practices may include pilgrimage to, and construction of, religious sites, ritual procession, walking, devotional practices, community activism, and artistic endeavors. Course requirements include student participation in field excursions to religious sites and spaces in the Cleveland area and the development of a photo essay or a mixed media project related to religious space. 
Offered as RLGN 324 and RLGN 424.

RLGN 325. Justice, Religion, and Society. 3 Units.
The ways in which several 20th-century American religious figures, both North and South American, have interpreted their religion as requiring them to struggle for a better society by using direct action to deal with issues of poverty, peace, and social justice. Introduction to writings of prominent social justice activists such as Dorothy Day, Daniel Berrigan, Thomas Merton, and others. Course includes service learning within the Cleveland area via association with structured institutions and programs engaged in social justice and urban poverty issues in order to investigate these from the inside.

RLGN 330. Classical Jewish Religious Thought. 3 Units.
The thought of some major biblical and Rabbinic writings and of the classic age of medieval Jewish philosophy. Offered as J DST 330, PHIL 332, and RLGN 330.

RLGN 333. Philosophy of Religion. 3 Units.
Topics include: classical and contemporary arguments for God’s existence; divine foreknowledge and human freedom; the problem of evil and theodicy; nature and significance of religious experience; mysticism; varieties of religious metaphysics; knowledge, belief and faith; nature of religious discourse. Readings from traditional and contemporary sources. Recommended preparation for PHIL 433 and RLGN 433: PHIL 101 or RLGN 102. Offered as PHIL 333, RLGN 333, PHIL 433, and RLGN 433. 
Prereq: PHIL 101 or RLGN 102.

RLGN 338. Black Women and Religion. 3 Units.
This course is an exploration of the multidimensional religious experiences of black women in the United States. These experiences will be examined within particular historical periods and across diverse social and cultural contexts. Course topics and themes include black women and slave religion, spirituality and folk beliefs, religion and feminist/womanist discourse, perspectives on institutional roles, religion and activism, and spirituality and the arts. Offered as: ETHS 339 and RLGN 338 and WGST 339. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

RLGN 342. Mysticism: Sources, Methods, and Traditions. 3 Units.
Through an interdisciplinary approach that includes literary, historical and sociological methods, the course examines the history of Christian mysticism and the selected writings of mystics from diverse Christian traditions. We will explore the social and religious contexts in which these mystics speak, write and act; their impact on social, religious and political movements; and how perceptions of gender, race and power legitimate or delegitimate their claims of mystic knowledge. The course will highlight specific themes, issues and concepts such as religious practice, ritual, mystical itinerary, monasticism, disease and distress, delification, healing, asceticism, art, music, dance, ecology and the role of the body.

RLGN 343. Mysticism. 3 Units.
This class is an introduction to a central issue in the philosophy of religion concerning the nature of mystical and ineffable experiences. Are all mystical experiences the same? Is it possible to have an experience outside of language? What is the ontological and epistemological status of drug induced mystical experiences? Students will learn to write and present arguments against positions using the methods of philosophers of religion(s).

RLGN 345. Religion and Horror. 3 Units.
This seminar explores relations among religion, horror, and the monstrous in ancient scripture and contemporary horror. Course readings, discussions, and research projects approach the subject from two distinct but related directions: first, a focus on elements of horror and the monstrous in biblical and related ancient mythic and ritual texts; second, an examination of religious dimensions in the modern horror, especially as found in representations of monstrosity in literature and film. Offered as RLGN 345 and RLGN 445. Prereq: RLGN 102.

RLGN 349. Biocultural Approaches to Religion. 3 Units.
This course studies religious beliefs and rituals from a biocultural perspective. A biocultural approach to religion is based on the idea that human religiosity is informed by both our evolutionary biological makeup and by our ability to construct culture to adapt to variable social worlds and environments. According to a biocultural view, humans are biologically constrained but have the cultural capacity to adapt to the world in a variety of ways. Thus, a biocultural approach to religion asserts that biology and culture operate in tandem and that both biological and cultural insights are required in order to understand and explain religious beliefs and practices. This course explores these assumptions and examines them against specific religious data. This course introduces students to major ideas, concepts, and questions that motivate biocultural approaches to religion. The course requires students to apply course material to a final research project that explores particular religious beliefs and/or practices in terms of the intersection of cultural choices and biological constraints. Students will present their research findings to the class. Students who take this course under the COGS designation are expected to engage substantively with the contemporary scientific study of the human mind in their research project and other course work. Offered as RLGN 349, RLGN 449 and COGS 349.
RLGN 350. Jewish Ethics. 3 Units.
An exploration of Jewish moral and ethical discourse. The first half of the course will be devoted to studying the structure and content of classical Jewish ethics on issues including marriage, abortion, euthanasia, and social justice. Students will read and react to primary Jewish religious texts. The second half of the course will focus on various modern forms of Judaism and the diversity of moral rhetoric in the Jewish community today. Readings will include such modern thinkers as Martin Buber and Abraham Joshua Heschel. Offered as JDST 350, RLGN 350, and RLGN 450. Counts as SAGES Departmental Seminar.

RLGN 352. Language, Cognition, and Religion. 3 Units.
This course utilizes theoretical approaches found in cognitive semantics -- a branch of cognitive linguistics -- to study the conceptual structures and meanings of religious language. Cognitive semiotics, guided by the notion that conceptual structures are embodied, examines the relationship between conceptual systems and the construction of meaning. We consider such ideas as conceptual metaphor theory, conceptual blending, image schemas, cross-domain mappings, metonymy, mental spaces, and idealized cognitive models. We apply these ideas to selected Christian, Buddhist, and Chinese religious texts in order to understand ways in which religious language categorizes and conceptualizes the world. We examine both the universality of cognitive linguistic processes and the culturally specific metaphors, conceptual blends, image schemas, and other cognitive operations that particular texts and traditions utilize. Offered as RLGN 352, RLGN 452, COGS 352 and COGS 452.

RLGN 353. Hindu and Jain Bioethics. 3 Units.
This course will provide both an introduction to basic Hinduism and Jainism and an introduction to Hindu and Jain bioethics. We will ask: How would a Hindu or a Jain respond to issues concerning euthanasia, abortion, and other topics of controversy. Are these answers altered in the North American context or in the light of recent technological changes? Offered as RLGN 353, RLGN 453, BETH 353, and BETH 453. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

RLGN 357. Structuralism and Anthropology of Religion. 3 Units.
The anthropological study of religion attempts to understand individual religions as social constructs. As such, it investigates the phenomenon of religion as a general pattern of human behavior. It asks, among other things, why there are religions at all and what common characteristics, if any, religions share. Among the central concepts are notions of the sacred and the way the sacred is marked through individual behaviors and communal structures. This course introduces the philosophical and cognitive background to the anthropological study of religion and traces the ways in which this method has evolved and been applied over the last century and a half. Special emphasis will be placed on more recent developments, such as Structuralism, which focuses especially on the underlying structures of religions and religious organizations. Offered as RLGN 370 and RLGN 470.

RLGN 358. Jews under Islam and Christianity. 3 Units.
This course examines the social and political status of Jews under Muslim and Christian rule since the Middle Ages. Themes include interfaith relations, Islamic and Christian beliefs regarding the Jews, Muslim and Christian regulation of Jewry, and the Jewish response. Offered as HSTY 371, JDST 371 and RLGN 371. Counts as SAGES Departmental Seminar. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

RLGN 372. Anthropological Approaches to Religion. 3 Units.
The development of, and current approaches to, comparative religion from an anthropological perspective. Topics include witchcraft, ritual, myth, healing, religious language and symbolism, religion and gender, religious experience, the nature of the sacred, religion and social change, altered states of consciousness, and evil. Using material from a wide range of world cultures, critical assessment is made of conventional distinctions such as those between rational/irrational, natural/supernatural, magic/religion, and primitive/civilized. Recommended preparation: ANTH 102. Offered as ANTH 372, RLGN 372 and ANTH 472.

RLGN 373. History of the Early Church: First Through Fourth Centuries. 3 Units.
Explores the development of the diverse traditions of Christianity in the Roman Empire from the first through the fourth centuries C.E. A variety of New Testament and extra-Biblical sources are examined in translation. Emphasis is placed on the place of Christianity in the larger Roman society, and the variety of early Christian ideals of salvation, the Church, and Church leadership. Offered as HSTY 303 and RLGN 373. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

RLGN 374. Reformation Europe, 1500-1650. 3 Units.
Origins and development of Protestantism, the Catholic Counter-Reformation, and the interaction between secular power and religious identity in Christian Europe. Offered as HSTY 309 and RLGN 374. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

RLGN 375. Topics in Religion. 3 Units.
Critical assessment of selected topics of historical or current interest. Project must be accepted by a member of the department faculty prior to registration. Offered as RLGN 388 and RLGN 488.

RLGN 392. Independent Study. 1 - 3 Unit.
Up to three semester hours of independent study may be taken in a single semester. Must have prior approval of faculty member directing the project.

RLGN 394. Honors Research I. 3 Units.
Intensive study of a topic or problem leading to the writing of an honors thesis. Requires RLGN 102 plus 9 RLGN credits and department approval. Prereq: RLGN 102 plus 9 RLGN credits.

RLGN 395. Honors Research II. 3 Units.
Intensive study of a topic or problem leading to the writing of an honors thesis. By department approval only. Prereq: RLGN 394 and by departmental approval.

RLGN 399. Major/Minor Seminar. 3 Units.
Capstone course primarily for majors and minors in religious studies. Allows students to interact with peers and faculty, reflect critically, and integrate their learning experiences. Prepares students to continue their learning in the discipline and in the liberal arts. Subject matter varies according to student and faculty needs and perspectives. May be repeated once for up to six credit hours. Counts as SAGES Senior Capstone. Prereq: RLGN 299.

RLGN 401. Foundational Readings in Religious Studies. 3 Units.
Structured as an Independent Study, this course is meant to familiarize the student with the major classical works and thinkers that have shaped the modern field of Religious Studies. Students will meet on a regular basis with the Instructor to discuss the theories and methods described in the literature.
RLGN 404. Representations of Black Women and Religion in Film. 3 Units.
In this course we will explore cinematic representations of black women and religion in film. Each week we will view a film in class. We will begin the class with the film Imitation of Life and then the course with The Help. Throughout the course we will analyze the ways in which notions of gender, sexuality, intimacy, violence, and modern notions of race and color, have informed representations of black women and religion in film. In addition, we will discuss how these representations, in turn, have influenced cultural ideas about black women in the Americas. Offered as RLGN 304, RLGN 404, WGST 304, and ETHS 304. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

RLGN 408. Problem of Historical Jesus. 3 Units.
Understanding of Jesus by nascent Christianity and by modern scholarship.

RLGN 410. Cognitive Science of Religion. 3 Units.
This course introduces theories and methods in the cognitive science of religion. Particular emphasis is placed on applying cognitive scientific concepts and theories to such religious issues as belief in deities, religious ritual, and morality. We examine such topics as the relationship of religious studies to evolution and cognition, cognitive theories or religious ritual, anthropomorphism and religious representation, religion as an evolutionary adaptation, and cognitive semantics and religious language. Course work includes student-led discussions, a research-intensive journal-length essay on a topic chosen in consultation with the Instructor, and presentation of research findings to the class. Course readings are taken from the humanities, the social sciences, and natural sciences. Offered as: COGS 310, COGS 410, RLGN 310, RLGN 410.

RLGN 411. Representations of Black Religion in Film. 3 Units.
In this course we will explore cinematic representations of black religion in the Americas and the Caribbean. Each week we will view a film representing diverse religious traditions such as Christianity, Candomble, Santeria, Voodoo, and Islam. Films will include Cabin in the Sky, The Color Purple, Black Orpheus, The Serpent and the Rainbow, Malcolm X, Eve's Bayou, and The Princess and the Frog. Throughout the course we will analyze the ways in which notions of gender, the history of colonialism, modern notions of race, and geographical landscapes have informed representations of black religion in film. In addition, we will discuss how these representations, in turn, have influenced cultural ideas of black religion in the Americas. Offered as RLGN 311, ETHS 311, and RLGN 411.

RLGN 413. Topics in Biblical Literature:. 3 Units.
A departmental "topics" seminar focused on advanced textual analysis and interpretation of particular biblical (including apocryphal) texts and the critical issues of method, theory, theology, and history that pertain to those texts. Reading assignments will be divided between close, exegetical analysis of small units of texts and the study of scholarly criticism of the same texts (commentaries, journal articles, critical notes). Evaluation will be based on class preparation and participation, weekly short papers, an exegetical paper focused on a particular pericope of the student's choice, and an interpretive paper based on exegesis of several related passages. Graduate students enrolled in the course as RLGN 413 will have the following additional requirements:(a) preliminary academic reading on the biblical material; (b) leadership/teaching of one seminar session on an academic theoretical or theological approach to the biblical text, including an additional meeting with the professor in preparation for that session; and (c) a longer final paper that critical engages the approach that was the focus of the seminar session s/he leads (15-20 pages, suitable for publication at an academic conference). Offered as RLGN 313 and RLGN 413.

RLGN 424. Landscapes and Pilgrimages: Spatial Theory in the Study of Religion. 3 Units.
This course employs spatial approaches and theories to examine the religious praxis and identities of individuals and communities. Working notions of space include physical, socio-political, cultural, imaginative, and ritual dimensions. We will examine the themes of mapping, memory and movement related to religious landscapes and geographies as well as issues related to social justice, gender, race, power, difference, and ecology. We will also investigate the spatial practices of individuals and communities. These practices may include pilgrimage to, and construction, of religious sites, ritual procession, walking, devotional practices, community activism, and artistic endeavors. Course requirements include student participation in field excursions to religious sites and spaces in the Cleveland area and the development of a photo essay or a mixed media project related to religious space. Offered as RLGN 324 and RLGN 424.

RLGN 430. Genealogies of Religious Otherness. 3 Units.
Concepts of otherness pervade recent theories of religion. More or less related to one another, many of these concepts are borrowed from fields other than academic religious studies. This seminar explores the genealogies of otherness in theoretical discourse as they relate to religion. In the course of this seminar, our researches and discussions will address several key issues in academic religious studies, including: psychological and sociological processes of projection and their roles in the construction and deconstruction of religious identity; the significance of gender, sexuality, and ethnicity to these projections; concepts of otherness in mystical religious thought and experience; and the interrelations of order and chaos, figuring and disfiguring within religious ideas, institutions, and practices, interrelations that challenge common theoretical perspectives that treat religion primarily if not exclusively as a means of establishing order against chaos and as a force of social and ideological structure legitimation.

RLGN 433. Philosophy of Religion. 3 Units.
Topics include: classical and contemporary arguments for God's existence; divine foreknowledge and human freedom; the problem of evil and theodicy; nature and significance of religious experience; mysticism; varieties of religious metaphysics; knowledge, belief and faith; nature of religious discourse. Readings from traditional and contemporary sources. Recommended preparation for PHIL 433 and RLGN 433: PHIL 101 or RLGN 102. Offered as PHIL 333, RLGN 333, PHIL 433, and RLGN 433.

RLGN 440. Insiders and Outsiders in the Study of Religion. 3 Units.
This course will provide an introduction to one of the most important theoretical and methodological issues in the social sciences and in religious studies, namely, the epistemic authority of the insider and of the outsider. We will read books and articles, both classical and contemporary, on the topic. My goal is to place students at the center of a contemporary debate in the study of religion. We will also examine both hypothetical and actual communities that uphold insider epistemologies.

RLGN 445. Religion and Horror. 3 Units.
This seminar explores relations among religion, horror, and the monstrous in ancient scripture and contemporary horror. Course readings, discussions, and research projects approach the subject from two distinct but related directions: first, a focus on elements of horror and the monstrous in biblical and related ancient mythic and ritual texts; second, an examination of religious dimensions in the modern horror, especially as found in representations of monstrosity in literature and film. Offered as RLGN 345 and RLGN 445.
RLGN 449. Biocultural Approaches to Religion. 3 Units.
This course studies religious beliefs and rituals from a biocultural perspective. A biocultural approach to religion is based on the idea that human religiosity is informed by both our evolutionary biological makeup and by our ability to construct culture to adapt to variable social worlds and environments. According to a biocultural view, humans are biologically constrained but have the cultural capacity to adapt to the world in a variety of ways. Thus, a biocultural approach to religion asserts that biology and culture operate in tandem and that both biological and cultural insights are required in order to understand and explain religious beliefs and practices. This course explores these assumptions and examines them against specific religious data. This course introduces students to major ideas, concepts, and questions that motivate biocultural approaches to religion. The course requires students to apply course material to a final research project that explores particular religious beliefs and/or practices in terms of the intersection of cultural choices and biological constraints. Students will present their research findings to the class. Students who take this course under the COGS designation are expected to engage substantively with the contemporary scientific study of the human mind in their research project and other course work. Offered as RLGN 349, RLGN 449 and COGS 349.

RLGN 450. Jewish Ethics. 3 Units.
An exploration of Jewish moral and ethical discourse. The first half of the course will be devoted to studying the structure and content of classical Jewish ethics on issues including marriage, abortion, euthanasia, and social justice. Students will read and react to primary Jewish religious texts. The second half of the course will focus on various modern forms of Judaism and the diversity of moral rhetoric in the Jewish community today. Readings will include such modern thinkers as Martin Buber and Abraham Joshua Heschel. Offered as JDST 350, RLGN 350, and RLGN 450. Counts as SAGES Departmental Seminar.

RLGN 452. Language, Cognition, and Religion. 3 Units.
This course utilizes theoretical approaches found in cognitive semantics -- a branch of cognitive linguistics -- to study the conceptual structures and meanings of religious language. Cognitive semantics, guided by the notion that conceptual structures are embodied, examines the relationship between conceptual systems and the construction of meaning. We consider such ideas as conceptual metaphor theory, conceptual blending, Image schemas, cross-domain mappings, metonymy, mental spaces, and idealized cognitive models. We apply these ideas to selected Christian, Buddhist, and Chinese religious texts in order to understand ways in which religious language categorizes and conceptualizes the world. We examine both the universality of cognitive linguistic processes and the culturally specific metaphors, conceptual blends, image schemas, and other cognitive operations that particular texts and traditions utilize. Offered as RLGN 352, RLGN 452, COGS 352 and COGS 452.

RLGN 453. Hindu and Jain Bioethics. 3 Units.
This course will provide both an introduction to basic Hinduism and Jainism and an introduction to Hindu and Jain bioethics. We will ask: How would a Hindu or a Jain respond to issues concerning euthanasia, abortion, and other topics of controversy. Are these answers altered in the North American context or in the light of recent technological changes? Offered as RLGN 353, RLGN 453, BETH 353, and BETH 453. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

RLGN 460. Approaches to the Study of Urban Religion. 3 Units.
This course will introduce students to basic concepts and tools used in sociology of religion drawing upon works from various theorists and sociologists of religion such as Nancy Ammerman, Peter Berger, and Robert Wuthnow. The course will analyze the relationship between the role and structure of religion in North America and the larger historical, cultural and social landscape. Utilizing the city of Cleveland as a resource, students will apply the tools and concepts learned to explicate how religious organizations impact, and are impacted by, urban environments.

RLGN 470. Structuralism and Anthropology of Religion. 3 Units.
The anthropological study of religion attempts to understand individual religions as social constructs. As such, it investigates the phenomenon of religion as a general pattern of human behavior. It asks, among other things, why there are religions at all and what common characteristics, if any, religions share. Among the central concepts are notions of the sacred and the way the sacred is marked through individual behaviors and communal structures. This course introduces the philosophical and cognitive background to the anthropological study of religion and traces the ways in which this method has evolved and been applied over the last century and a half. Special emphasis will be placed on more recent developments, such as Structuralism, which focuses especially on the underlying structures of religions and religious organizations. Offered as RLGN 370 and RLGN 470.

RLGN 488. Topics in Religion. 3 Units.
Critical assessment of selected topics of historical or current interest. Project must be accepted by a member of the department faculty prior to registration. Offered as RLGN 388 and RLGN 488.

RLGN 601. Special Research. 1 - 6 Unit.
Project must be accepted by a member of the department faculty prior to registration. Prereq: Graduate standing.

RLGN 651. Thesis M.A.. 1 - 9 Unit.
Project must be accepted by a member of the department faculty prior to registration.

Department of Sociology

The Department of Sociology offers programs leading to the Bachelor of Arts, Master of Arts, and Doctor of Philosophy degrees.

Sociologists investigate basic human and social processes and change in an increasingly complex world. Sociological research addresses important and fascinating questions about many aspects of social life, ranging from the “micro-level” of everyday experience to the “macro-level” of cross-societal comparisons. Our faculty research strengths include the areas of the sociology of health and medicine, the sociology of age and the life course and social inequalities. Our undergraduate program also offers concentrations in crime and delinquency; gender, work and family; health and aging; and social inequality.

Many sociology majors participate in field-based learning experiences, both through their classes and through their involvement in faculty research projects. The Department of Sociology encourages interaction between students and faculty by offering many opportunities for individualized study and research. Our department has a long history of combining academic excellence and leadership in research with a friendly, student-centered culture, for both graduate and undergraduate students.

Especially with the increase in diversity in our society, many employers look favorably on the breadth of knowledge and perspective provided.
by majors in sociology. Our program prepares students for rigorous graduate and professional programs as well as for working in interesting jobs. Graduates of our program are working in positions in research institutions, medicine, private industry, and the public sector. A sociology degree is also excellent preparation for graduate or professional study, whether in sociology or in such fields as medicine, law, public health, and social work.

**Undergraduate Programs**

**Major**
The major in sociology has been designed to serve the different educational goals of undergraduates: general education, pre-professional training, postgraduate employment, and preparation for graduate school. The major requires a minimum of 30 hours of course work. All majors complete the common core requirements, plus electives:

- **SOCI 101** Introduction to Sociology 3
- **SOCI 300** Modern Sociological Thought 3
- **SOCI 303** Social Research Methods 3
- **PSCL 282** Quantitative Methods in Psychology 3
- **or STAT 201** Basic Statistics for Social and Life Sciences 3
- An additional 18 hours of electives, consisting of any six courses in sociology 18

Total Units 33

**SOCI 375** Independent Study is available to selected majors in their junior or senior year.

Majors have the option of choosing a general sociology curriculum or one of four concentrations:

1. Crime and Delinquency
2. Gender, Work and Family
3. Health and Aging
4. Social Inequality

Students may choose four courses within any of the following specializations for a concentration in that area:

**Crime and Delinquency Concentration**

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SOCI 204</td>
<td>Criminology</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>SOCI 320</td>
<td>Delinquency and Juvenile Justice</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>SOCI 328</td>
<td>Urban Sociology</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>SOCI 333</td>
<td>Sociology of Deviant Behavior</td>
<td>3</td>
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<td>SOCI 349</td>
<td>Social Inequality</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>SOCI 360</td>
<td>The Sociology of Law</td>
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**Gender, Work, and Family Concentration**

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<tr>
<td>SOCI 201</td>
<td>Introduction to Gender Studies</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>SOCI 208</td>
<td>Dating, Marriage, and Family</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>SOCI 222</td>
<td>Gender in U.S. Society</td>
<td>3</td>
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<td>SOCI 228</td>
<td>Sociology of Sexuality</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>SOCI 275</td>
<td>Lives in Medicine: Becoming and Being a Physician</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>SOCI 326</td>
<td>Gender, Inequality, and Globalization</td>
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**Health and Aging Concentration**

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<th>Units</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SOCI 203</td>
<td>Human Development: Medical and Social</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SOCI 264</td>
<td>Body, Culture and Disability</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SOCI 275</td>
<td>Lives in Medicine: Becoming and Being a Physician</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SOCI 311</td>
<td>Health, Illness, and Social Behavior</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SOCI 313</td>
<td>Sociology of Stress and Coping</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SOCI 319</td>
<td>Sociology of Institutional Care</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SOCI 345</td>
<td>Sociology of Mental Illness</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SOCI 361</td>
<td>The Life Course</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SOCI 365</td>
<td>Health Care Delivery</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SOCI 369</td>
<td>Aging in American Society</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SOCI 377</td>
<td>Population Dynamics and Changing Societies</td>
<td>3</td>
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**Social Inequality Concentration**

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<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SOCI 113</td>
<td>Critical Problems in Modern Society</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SOCI 201</td>
<td>Introduction to Gender Studies</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SOCI 203</td>
<td>Human Development: Medical and Social</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SOCI 228</td>
<td>Sociology of Sexuality</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SOCI 302</td>
<td>Race and Ethnic Minorities in American Society</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SOCI 320</td>
<td>Delinquency and Juvenile Justice</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SOCI 326</td>
<td>Gender, Inequality, and Globalization</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SOCI 328</td>
<td>Urban Sociology</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SOCI 347</td>
<td>Sociology of Education</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SOCI 349</td>
<td>Social Inequality</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SOCI 372</td>
<td>Work and Family: U.S. and Abroad</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SOCI 374</td>
<td>Using Law to Designate Public-Private Boundaries for Social Policies</td>
<td>3</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

**SAGES Participation**

In conjunction with the SAGES program, the department offers two special seminars, SOCI 325 Departmental Seminar in Sociology: Great Books and SOCI 392 Senior Capstone Experience. These seminars fulfill SAGES requirements but are NOT requirements for the major. They may, however, be counted toward the 30 hours for the sociology major or the 15 hours for the minor.

**Departmental Honors**

Juniors majoring in sociology with a 3.4 overall GPA and a 3.6 GPA in sociology are invited to apply for the department’s honors program, which consists of an intensive, year-long investigation of a research problem under the guidance of a faculty member. Students will earn credit through registration in SOCI 397 Honors Studies and SOCI 398 Honors Studies. Admission to honors work is by faculty approval.

The opportunity to join Alpha Kappa Delta (AKD), the national sociology honors fraternity, is available to junior or senior sociology majors. Membership requires a 3.3 GPA in sociology and a 3.0 GPA overall.

**Integrated Graduate Studies**

The Department of Sociology participates in the Integrated Graduate Studies Program (p. 563). Students in the program are able to obtain BA and MA degrees simultaneously. Interested students should note the
general requirements and the admission procedures in the appropriate section of this bulletin and may consult the department for further information.

**Minor**

The minor consists of 15 credit hours in sociology, including:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SOCI 101</td>
<td>Introduction to Sociology</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SOCI 300</td>
<td>Modern Sociological Thought</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Three additional electives, at least two of which must be 300-level courses</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Total Units</strong></td>
<td>15</td>
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</table>

**Graduate Programs**

The Department of Sociology offers graduate training leading to the Doctor of Philosophy degree. Students may petition for a Master of Arts degree once they fulfill the requirements outlined below. Sociology of Age and the Life Course, Medical Sociology, and Research Methods are the major areas of emphasis in the department.

**Master of Arts**

To receive the Master of Arts degree, a student must successfully complete 27 credit hours of course work.

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SOCI 400</td>
<td>Development of Sociological Theory</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SOCI 406</td>
<td>Logic of Social Inquiry</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SOCI 469</td>
<td>Aging in American Society</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SOCI 443</td>
<td>Medical Sociology</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>One of the following:</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SOCI 401</td>
<td>Contemporary Sociological Theory</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SOCI 407</td>
<td>Social Statistics</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Four general electives in sociology</td>
<td>12</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Total Units</strong></td>
<td>27</td>
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</table>

In addition, the student must pass one written comprehensive examination in Sociology of Age and the Life Course, Medical Sociology, or Research Methods.

**Doctor of Philosophy**

The Doctor of Philosophy degree is awarded upon the completion of all requirements of the School of Graduate Studies and the following departmental requirements.

1. Completion of 63 credit hours beyond the Bachelor of Arts degree, including 18 credits of SOCI 701 Dissertation Ph.D. (dissertation hours).

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SOCI 400</td>
<td>Development of Sociological Theory</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>SOCI 401</td>
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<tr>
<td>SOCI 406</td>
<td>Logic of Social Inquiry</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SOCI 407</td>
<td>Social Statistics</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SOCI 443</td>
<td>Medical Sociology</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SOCI 509</td>
<td>Advanced Statistical Analysis</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SOCI 514</td>
<td>Qualitative Methods/Field Research</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Two electives in medical sociology</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Two electives in aging</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Three general electives in sociology</td>
<td>9</td>
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<td></td>
<td><strong>Total Units</strong></td>
<td>60</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2. In addition, the student must pass two written comprehensive examinations in Sociology of Age and the Life Course, Medical Sociology, or Research Methods and successfully defend the dissertation.

A predoctoral training program in Health Research and Aging, sponsored by the National Institute of Aging, has been offered in conjunction with the Elderly Care Research Center of the Department of Sociology.

**Research Programs**

**The Elderly Care Research Center**

The Elderly Care Research Center (ECRC) conducts research projects focusing on theory-based and public policy-relevant issues in aging and medical sociology. Current projects relate to physical and mental health outcomes of stress, coping, cancer survivorship, and adaptation to frailty in late life. Research projects have been funded by the National Institute of Aging (NIA), the National Cancer Institute (NCI), and the National Institute of Nursing Research. In addition to conducting quantitative surveys and in-depth qualitative interviews with community-dwelling elders, researchers at the ECRC are also engaged in an NCI-funded intervention to help elderly patients communicate more effectively with their doctors.

The Center has been the recipient of an NIA Merit Award for a long-term study of very old residents of a retirement community. This research seeks to understand health promotion, proactive adaptation, and maintenance of wellness in late life. ECRC serves as a laboratory for student research. Collaborative and cross-national research involves colleagues from multiple disciplines at universities in Israel, Hungary, Britain, and Germany.

**Cancer Survivors Research Program**

The Cancer Survivors Research Program (CSRP) investigates the quality of life of older adults who face the dual vulnerability of aging and the long term effects of having survived cancer. The research also focuses on the health disparities and the psycho-social factors related to race and gender. Formally started in September 1998, the CSRP has received nearly continuous funding from the National Cancer Institute. Gary Deimling serves as program director and is assisted by colleagues in the Department of Sociology and the Case School of Medicine. As with many other research programs within the department and the university at large, the CSRP also serves as a teaching facility, training graduate students in the many methodological and theoretical aspects of socio-medical research. The program enables graduate students in sociology to gain hands-on experience in a formal research setting while putting their course work into practice.

**Comparative-Historical Analysis of Children’s Rights**

The Children’s Rights Index (CRI), developed by Brian Gran, is an innovative measure of the status of children’s rights in more than 190 countries for 2004. With funding from the National Science Foundation, this project is now replicating the CRI for five-year intervals during the period 1984 to 2009.

Past studies of children’s rights have focused on violations of particular rights, and on specific countries where children’s rights are frequently or severely violated. What has been lacking is systematic scholarship on
the various kinds of children's rights that exist, across countries and over time. This project will examine factors that promote or hinder children's rights. A short-term objective is to provide evidence on the status of children's rights. A long-term objective is to use the CRI to determine whether stronger rights lead to superior outcomes for children.

**Cumulative Dis/Advantage Research Group: Trajectories of Inequality Across the Life Course**

Across societies, inequalities in well-being and health exist throughout the life course but tend to increase with age. How does such inequality come about? What are its manifestations and consequences? The Cumulative Dis/Advantage (CDA) Research Group analyzes the social processes that create inequalities across multiple dimensions of well-being and health, including physical function, mental health, and longevity. The group also examines social policies that are intended to ameliorate these inequalities, such as Medicare. Professor Montez investigates why educational attainment has become one of the strongest predictors of longevity in the United States and how U.S. state policies affect the health of their residents. Professor Kelley-Moore examines the influence of social and economic circumstances over the life course on later-life health disparities, particularly those related to race/ethnicity and disability. Professor Dannefer is interested in identifying basic sociological processes that contribute to CDA and understanding their interrelation at macro-, meso-, and micro-levels of analysis.

**Learning from Those Who Know: Action Research and Reform Efforts in Long-term Care**

This project responds to the need to reform and restructure long-term care by incorporating the perspectives, insights, and expertise of those whom such reforms are intended to serve, yet who often have little voice in the reform process: the residents themselves. Using the method of participatory action research, the project assembles research groups consisting of residents, staff, family members, and researchers who meet weekly to discuss life in the facility and to identify areas where change could benefit those who live (or work) there.

**Masculinities and Fatherhood in Marginalized Urban Communities**

This research project is an examination of the perceptions and practices of masculinity among a group of incarcerated fathers participating in a fatherhood program. Using observations and interviews in the first phases of the project, researchers are exploring a range of masculinities, including conventional forms of masculinity that emphasize, for instance, the provider role in the family; street/protest forms that attempt to preserve autonomy and mastery through criminal behavior, social distance, or appearances of control and strength; and alternative forms that promote family and community advocacy and solidarity.

**Department Faculty**

Dale Dannefer, PhD  
(Rutgers University)  
*Selah Chamberlain Professor of Sociology and Chair*  
Aging and the life course; theory; work and family; research methods

Timothy Black, PhD  
(University of Massachusetts-Amherst)  
*Associate Professor*  
Social inequality; poverty; urban sociology; qualitative research methods

Gary Deimling, PhD  
(Bowling Green State University)  
*Professor*  
Medical sociology; sociology of aging; family sociology

Mary Patrice Erdmans, PhD  
(Northwestern University)  
*Associate Professor*  
Social inequality; race and ethnicity; immigration; qualitative research methods; gender

Brian Gran, PhD, JD  
(Northwestern University; Indiana University-Bloomington)  
*Associate Professor*  
Sociology of law; comparative sociology; health care policy; human rights

Susan W. Hinze, PhD  
(Vanderbilt University)  
*Associate Professor*  
Medical sociology; social inequality, sex and gender; work and family

Eva Kahana, PhD  
(University of Chicago)  
*Distinguished University Professor and Pierce T. and Elizabeth D. Robson Professor of the Humanities*  
Sociology of aging; medical sociology; social factors in stress and coping

Jessica Kelley-Moore, PhD  
(Purdue University)  
*Associate Professor*  
Health disparities; sociology of disability; sociology of the life course; race/ethnicity

Jennifer Karas Montez, PhD  
(University of Texas at Austin)  
*Assistant Professor*  
Socioeconomic inequalities in health and mortality; women's health; aging and the life course

Cassi Pittman, PhD  
(Harvard University)  
*Assistant Professor*  
Race & Ethnic Relations, Social Stratification & Inequality, Sociology of Consumption, Economic Sociology, Consumption, and Qualitative Methods

**Secondary Faculty**

David E. Biegel, PhD  
(University of Maryland, Baltimore)  
*Henry Zucker Professor, Mandel School of Applied Social Sciences*  
Family; social networks; caregiving; mental health

Kurt Stange, MD, PhD  
(University of North Carolina)  
*Professor, Department of Epidemiology and Biostatistics, School of Medicine*  
Epidemiology; preventive health care; biostatistics; disability prevention in the elderly
SOCI 201. Introduction to Gender Studies. 3 Units.
This course introduces women and men students to the methods and concepts of gender studies, women's studies, and feminist theory. An interdisciplinary course, it covers approaches used in literary criticism, history, philosophy, political science, sociology, anthropology, psychology, film studies, cultural studies, art history, and religion. It is the required introductory course for students taking the women's and gender studies major. Offered as ENGL 270, HSTY 270, PHIL 270, RLGN 270, SOCI 201, and WGST 201. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement. Prereq: ENGL 150 or passing letter grade in a 100 level first year seminar in USFS, FSCC, FSNA, FSSO, FSSY, FSTS, FSCS.

SOCI 222. Gender in U.S. Society. 3 Units.
The focus of this course is on unique and convergent experiences of men and women in U.S. society. Different social expectations and opportunities encountered by men and women in the context of marriage and the family, work settings, and in informal organizations will be addressed. Legislation and social policy dealing with gender issues will be considered. Offered as SOCI 222 and WGST 222.

SOCI 228. Sociology of Sexuality. 3 Units.
This course examines the issues of sex and sexuality from a sociological point of view. It is centered on the notion that what we consider to be 'normal' or 'natural' about sex and sexuality is, in reality, socially constructed. One's viewpoint on the issues surrounding sexuality are influenced by the social context in which they live, as opposed to the purely biological viewpoint that presupposes some sense of normalcy or naturalness regarding sexual relations. A range of topics will be covered, including readings that discuss the variations of sexuality and the notions of sexual "deviance" in order to explore the cultural and societal variation that exists along the lines of gender, race, ethnicity, sexual orientation, age and disability. Offered as SOCI 228 and WGST 228.

SOCI 255. Special Topics. 1 - 3 Unit.
Courses taught as special topics seminars focus on selected areas of study in sociology. They tend to be more specialized and emphasis is placed upon a sociological examination of one social institution (such as the media) or on one historical period (such as the '60s).

SOCI 264. Body, Culture and Disability. 3 Units.
This course examines the ways that the body is constructed through culture, media, and policy and how that, in turn, defines disability. Students will explore the socio-historical shifts in views and treatment of the body, as a way to understand how this is used to classify, marginalize and contain social differences. We trace these trends through the American Freak Show to present day Disability Determination Processes in the Social Security Administration. We further explore how historical perspectives of the body "carry forward" through social institutions such as health care, religion and education.
SOCI 269. Young and Old Face the 21st Century. 3 Units.
Examines prospects and problems of the young and old as a window into the 21st century. An intergenerational perspective is used to highlight opportunities for cooperation and conflict between young and old who face the future together. This approach represents a shift in thinking about aging as relevant only to the old, to a view that aging is relevant to the future of all individuals, families, and societies.

SOCI 275. Lives in Medicine: Becoming and Being a Physician. 3 Units.
This course applies a sociological approach to medical profession. Medical sociology emerged as a distinct field of study in the 1950s in part due to prominent studies of medical education such as The Student Physician by Robert K. Merton and Howard Becker's Boys in White. Since then, sociologists and other social scientists have written extensively about how issues of race, gender, aging and ethnicity are tied to issues of medical education, medical training, medical socialization and physician decision-making. Using a life course perspective, this course will examine how lives in medicine change over time; in particular, we'll study changing workforce patterns, physician satisfaction, and burnout. Other topics to be covered include contemporary ethical issues and alternative professional health careers. The course provides an overview of how medicine and medical practice have a profound influence on-- and are influenced by--social, cultural, political and economic forces. In short, you'll become familiar with how scholars outside of medicine cast a sociological gaze on the profession.

SOCI 300. Modern Sociological Thought. 3 Units.
The most profound commentary of industrial society began in the middle of the nineteenth century with thinkers such as Durkheim, Marx, and Max Weber. Students will read the work of these scholars as it appeared in the original sources. They thoughtfully address concepts such as social integration and alienation, crime and punishment, and the social impact of modernization. The course is of special relevance to students in the social sciences, but is also recommended for students in other fields who wish to understand the social context in which professional lives will be conducted. Prereq: SOCI 101 and Sophomore standing.

SOCI 302. Race and Ethnic Minorities in American Society. 3 Units.
Has the United States become a melting pot of ethnic groups or does it remain a salad bowl? American society is uniquely diverse in its ethnic and racial composition. This diversity has influenced much of American history and had substantial impact on the structure of social organization of present day society. This course familiarizes students with basic concepts of race and ethnicity, relevant theories and their applications to critical issues. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement. Prereq: SOCI 101.

SOCI 303. Social Research Methods. 3 Units.
Principles of making causal inferences about human behavior; problem formulation and research design; measurement of sociological concepts; data collection and analysis methods; evaluation of research findings. Prereq: SOCI 101 and Sophomore standing.

SOCI 310. The Individual in Society. 3 Units.
This course focuses on the relationship between individuals and the societies in which they live. Influences of values and culture on individuals' selves and identities are discussed as well as how individuals attach meaning to personal life experiences and histories in the context of society at large. Offered as SOCI 310 and SOCI 410. Prereq: SOCI 101.

SOCI 311. Health, Illness, and Social Behavior. 3 Units.
This course considers the role of social factors (e.g., poverty, occupational and family structure) on health and illness. Discussion will concentrate on the role of health promotion (e.g., anti-smoking campaigns), social behavior and lifestyle in health and health care use. Considerable attention is given to understanding health careers and professions and their role in the health of societies and individuals. Offered as SOCI 311 and SOCI 411. Prereq: SOCI 101 and Sophomore standing.

SOCI 313. Sociology of Stress and Coping. 3 Units.
This course will focus attention on human stress throughout the lifespan and its role in personal health and well-being. There have been exciting advances in recent years in understanding the nature of stress in everyday life as well as elements of extreme stress. Trauma is experienced by many people due to normative events such as illness and bereavement or natural and man-made disasters such as crime or war. Coping strategies and social supports which ameliorate negative impact of stress will be considered. Offered as SOCI 313 and SOCI 413. Prereq: SOCI 101 and Sophomore standing.

SOCI 319. Sociology of Institutional Care. 3 Units.
This course focuses on converging issues of theory, research, and practice in general hospitals, mental hospitals, nursing homes, hospices, and correctional institutions. The ecology of institutions and the adaptation of individuals within institutions will also be considered. There will be field trips to institutional facilities. Offered as SOCI 319 and SOCI 419. Prereq: SOCI 101 and Sophomore standing.

SOCI 320. Delinquency and Juvenile Justice. 3 Units.
The primary focus of this course is on acquainting the student with the nature and the extent of juvenile delinquency. Accordingly, theoretical approaches to delinquency causation and the prevention, control, and treatment of delinquent behavior in society are addressed. Important aspects of juvenile justice procedures, policy, and practice are examined, and the early history of the juvenile justice system and the many changes occurring over the years are discussed. Prereq: SOCI 101.

SOCI 325. Departmental Seminar in Sociology: Great Books. 3 Units.
This course fulfills the SAGES requirement of a Departmental Seminar. It focuses on close readings of contemporary classics in sociology, analytical writing and intensive seminar-type discussion. The course examines theoretical perspectives and methodological issues in sociology such that students are able to investigate, analyze and present research findings in written form. Research is always an inherently collaborative process and thus the course will utilize seminar-style discussions to formulate and examine ideas. The seminar will focus on topics germane to a critical reading of books that inform our understanding of large and small group processes as well as individual experiences. Students will be introduced to the sociological imagination as an overarching frame work to examine groundbreaking classical and contemporary books on topics such as health and aging, gender, work and family, social inequality and crime and delinquency, guided by the instructor of record. Readings will provide a sociological perspective for understanding and assessing macro- and micro-level interactions as well as encourage and stimulate critical thinking. Counts as SAGES Departmental Seminar.
**SOCI 326. Gender, Inequality, and Globalization. 3 Units.**

Using a sociological perspective, this course examines how major societal institutions, including the economy, politics, medicine, religion, education and family, are structured to reproduce gendered inequalities across the globe. Attention is given to the intersections of race/ethnicity, social class, gender and sexuality in social systems of power and privilege. Of critical importance is how gender figures in the relationship between Economic North and Economic South countries. We will elucidate how gender norms vary by culture and exert profound influence on the daily, lived experiences of women and men. The course will be informed by recent scholarship on feminism, women’s movements, and globalization. Offered as SOCI 326 and WGST 326. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement. Prereq: SOCI 101 or permission of program director.

**SOCI 328. Urban Sociology. 3 Units.**

The goal of this course is to acquaint the student with the realities and the possibilities of our urban society. Theories and applications of urban sociology interpreting city life and structure are reviewed. The transformation of the urban landscape, the emergence of cities, urban life, urban problems, and urban planning are explored. Issues related to finances, schooling, transportation, the infrastructure of the city, growth and decline, urban poverty, the homeless, crime, pollution, as well as the policy issues and questions such concerns provoke are studied. Key aspects of social science theories and research findings about the nature of spatial, economic and social relationships in cities in developed and developing countries will be analyzed, illuminating some of the processes of urban growth, social transition, and change. Offered as SOCI 328 and SOCI 428. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement. Prereq: SOCI 101.

**SOCI 333. Sociology of Deviant Behavior. 3 Units.**

Sociological approaches to causes of deviant behavior, and social psychology of deviance are studied. Illustrations range from juvenile delinquency to scientific misconduct and cover both criminal and noncriminal forms of deviance. Prereq: SOCI 101.

**SOCI 336. Institutional Care: Research and Reform. 3 Units.**

This course is designed to provide an introduction to the nature of long term care in the USA and to contemporary issues of reform and culture change. It also provides an introduction to techniques for studying nursing home culture, and for assessing culture changes. The issues and problems of long term care are well documented and the need for changing practices of long term care is so widely recognized and deeply felt that several initiatives for “changing the culture” of long term care have gained national notoriety and rapid momentum. While laudatory, such efforts are inevitable criticized on numerous grounds, including cost, philosophy and vision, and lack of research evidence to support claims of success. The course is designed to provide an introduction to these debates in the scientific literature and in popular culture, and will provide an opportunity to develop skills in structured observation and action research. Offered as SOCI 336 and SOCI 436.

**SOCI 338. Seminar and Practicum in Adolescents. 3 Units.**

Supervised field placement and attendance in early childhood, child, and adolescent settings including preschools, schools, hospitals, and neighborhood centers. This class is used to fulfill requirements by the Ohio Department of Education teacher licensure program. Recommended preparation: PSCL 101, EDUC 301, EDUC 304, and permission of program director. Offered as EDUC 338, PSCL 338, and SOCI 338.

**SOCI 345. Sociology of Mental Illness. 3 Units.**

Focus is on social construction of mental health and illness and sociology of emotions. Social determinants of psychological distress will be discussed along with social stigma associated with mental illness. Institutional and community options for care of the mentally ill will be considered along with the impact of recent social movements of deinstitutionalization and independent living. Offered as SOCI 345 and SOCI 445. Prereq: SOCI 101 and junior/senior standing.

**SOCI 347. Sociology of Education. 3 Units.**

This course provides an introduction to the field of sociology of education, which might be more properly called sociology of schooling. We will examine the development of schools historically and competing paradigms for understanding the place of school in society. Major theoretical perspectives concerning the nature and consequences of schools for individuals and for societies will be reviewed. Issues of individual opportunity - including how it is organized by race, class, and gender - will be covered, as well as issues institutional dynamics - including tracking, testing and so-called crisis and reform. Offered as SOCI 347 and SOCI 447. Prereq: SOCI 101 and junior or senior standing.

**SOCI 349. Social Inequality. 3 Units.**

This course discusses classical theory and contemporary research on the mechanisms of power that produce inequalities in income, wealth, education, privilege, and occupational prestige and are manifest in racial, ethnic, gender, age, health, and sexual hierarchies. Offered as SOCI 349 and SOCI 449. Prereq: SOCI 101 and Sophomore standing.

**SOCI 355. Special Topics. 3 Units.**

One or more sections each semester focusing on selected areas of study in sociology. Offered as SOCI 355 and SOCI 455.

**SOCI 360. The Sociology of Law. 3 Units.**

This course will focus on the role of rights in the U.S. legal system and society. In particular, we will consider three questions. The first is how do rights fit in the legal system and society? Second, how have different social groups used and thought about rights? Third, how do legal actors like judges and lawyers think about rights compared to non-lawyers? Offered as SOCI 360 and SOCI 460. Prereq: SOCI 101 and Sophomore standing.

**SOCI 361. The Life Course. 3 Units.**

Individual experiences and transitions over the life course are considered as the result of societal, cultural, psychological, biological, and historical influences. Developmental issues of childhood, adolescence, young adulthood, middle years and late life are discussed in the context of social expectations, challenges, and opportunities. Emphasis is placed on theoretical readings. Offered as SOCI 361 and SOCI 461. Prereq: SOCI 101 and Sophomore standing.

**SOCI 364. Disability and Society. 3 Units.**

This course considers and examines the relationship between disability and society. The course covers how we define, represent, and react to disability in modern society. This includes an analysis of stigma and discrimination. We also explore the timing and experience of disability from a life-course perspective. Finally, we examine the political, social, and economic influences on disability, including the Disability Rights movement. Offered as SOCI 364 and SOCI 464. SOCI 101 and sophomore standing.
SOCI 365. Health Care Delivery. 3 Units.
Health care in the U.S. may be approaching a critical cross-road. Limiting care to older persons and the chronically ill has been proposed as a means to combat rising costs and limited access to health care. What are the alternatives to health care rationing? Socialized medicine? National health insurance? This course deals with issues of cost, quality, and access to health care in the United States and other societies. It considers how solutions by other societies can provide directions for the organization of health care in the U.S. Offered as SOCI 355 and SOCI 455. Prereq: SOCI 101 and Sophomore standing.

SOCI 369. Aging in American Society. 3 Units.
Considers the position and participation of aged adults in American society. Sociological perspectives through which to interpret the aging process and old age; social policies; intergenerational relations; lifestyles and how they affect participation of the aged in American society; dying and death serve as major themes. Offered as SOCI 369 and SOCI 469. Prereq: SOCI 101 and Sophomore standing.

SOCI 370. Sociology of the Family. 3 Units.
This course provides the theoretical and methodological foundation for conducting family research. It also reviews the most current research in the sociology of the family arena such as intergenerational issues, ethnicity and gender, and family transitions. Offered as SOCI 370 and SOCI 470. Prereq: SOCI 101 and Sophomore standing.

SOCI 372. Work and Family: U.S. and Abroad. 3 Units.
Covers the impact on human lives of the interface between work and family; the different ways gender structures the experience of work and family depending upon racial and ethnic background, social class, age, and partner preference; the impact of historical context on work-family experiences; work-family policies in the United States and other countries. Offered as SOCI 372, WGST 372, and SOCI 472. Prereq: SOCI 101 and Sophomore standing.

SOCI 374. Using Law to Designate Public-Private Boundaries for Social Policies. 3 Units.
This course studies law and the public-private dichotomy. With a basis in important research on the sociology of law, it considers three questions: 1) What is the impact of "law" on the boundary separating the public and private sectors? 2) How does "law" designate which actors and institutions belong to the public and private sectors? 3) Is the public-private dichotomy adequate for sociological analyses of law and its influences? If not, what alternatives to the public-private dichotomy can we offer? Offered as SOCI 374 and SOCI 474. Prereq: SOCI 101.

SOCI 375. Independent Study. 1 - 3 Unit.
Prereq: SOCI 101 and SOCI 300.

SOCI 377. Population Dynamics and Changing Societies. 3 Units.
Population and social structure are inextricably linked, as changes in one elicit changes in the other. Social demography, as a discipline, examines these linkages through the systematic study of the size, composition and distribution of populations and their relationship to the social, political and economic organization of societies. This course will pay particular attention to mortality, morbidity and health, fertility, family and household organization, and migration as the major processes of population change. The population dynamics of the United States will be emphasized, with select comparisons to developing and developed countries. Offered as SOCI 377 and SOCI 477. Prereq: SOCI 101 or equivalent; 9 hours in SOCI, ANTH, or ECON.

SOCI 381. City as Classroom. 3 Units.
In this course, the city is the classroom. We will engage with the urban terrain. We will meet weekly off-campus, interact with community members, and interface--both literally and figuratively—with the city as a way to examine the linkages between historical, conceptual, and contemporary issues, with particular attention paid to race and class dynamics, inequality, and social justice. This course will have four intersecting components, primarily focusing on American cities since the 1930s: the social and physical construction of urban space, the built environment, life and culture in the city, and social movements and grassroots struggles. Offered as HSTY 381, POSC 381, SOCI 381, HSTY 481, POSC 481, and SOCI 481. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

SOCI 392. Senior Capstone Experience. 3 Units.
SOCI 392 represents the completion of an independent study paper involving exploration of a sociology topic to be chosen in consultation with the student's capstone advisor. The student will interact regularly with the faculty advisor who will review their progress on the project. This project allows for original thought and for the tailoring of the research to the student's interests. The student will integrate theory, methods and social issues as he/she applies critical thinking skills and insights to the analysis of some aspects of a subject chosen from any of the following subfields and concentrations: Gerontology, Social Inequality, Medical Sociology, Crime and Delinquency, The Life Course, Education, Work and Family, Sociology of Law, and Deviance. The Capstone Project has both a written and an oral component. Following the submission of the Capstone paper, the student will give a presentation of the project at the Senior Capstone fair, or another forum chosen by the department. Counts as SAGES Senior Capstone. Prereq: SOCI 101, SOCI 300, SOCI 303, and STAT 201 or PSCL 282.

SOCI 397. Honors Studies. 3 Units.
Intensive investigation of research or conceptual problem; original work under supervision of faculty member. Limited to senior majors. Prereq: Senior status.

SOCI 398. Honors Studies. 3 Units.
Intensive investigation of research on conceptual problem; original work under supervision of faculty member. Limited to senior majors.

SOCI 400. Development of Sociological Theory. 3 Units.
This course examines in detail the works of the major social theorists of the 19th and 20th centuries. It is intended to integrate their ideas with the social and historical milieu from which they were born. Questions of intergroup conflict vs. cooperation, interactions between economic, familial, religious, and political institutions, and the development of the self as a function of larger social processes are addressed. Such celebrated figures as Marx, Weber, and Durkheim, as well as modern thinkers will be presented and discussed. Prereq: Graduate standing.

SOCI 401. Contemporary Sociological Theory. 3 Units.
Current viewpoints in sociological theory are explored using contrasting theoretical perspectives.

SOCI 406. Logic of Social Inquiry. 3 Units.
The first of a two-semester series in social research methodology. Students will learn how to interpret and conduct social science research. The two-semester course covers problem formulation, the logic of causal inference, measurement models, research designs, sampling, data collection, and data analysis.

SOCI 407. Social Statistics. 3 Units.
The second of a two-semester series in social research methodology. (See SOCI 406.) Prereq: SOCI 406.
SOCI 410. The Individual in Society. 3 Units.
This course focuses on the relationship between individuals and the societies in which they live. Influences of values and culture on individuals' selves and identities are discussed as well as how individuals attach meaning to personal life experiences and histories in the context of society at large. Offered as SOCI 310 and SOCI 410.

SOCI 411. Health, Illness, and Social Behavior. 3 Units.
This course considers the role of social factors (e.g., poverty, occupational and family structure) on health and illness. Discussion will concentrate on the role of health promotion (e.g., anti-smoking campaigns), social behavior and lifestyle in health and health care use. Considerable attention is given to understanding health careers and professions and their role in the health of societies and individuals. Offered as SOCI 311 and SOCI 411.

SOCI 413. Sociology of Stress and Coping. 3 Units.
This course will focus attention on human stress throughout the lifespan and its role in personal health and well-being. There have been exciting advances in recent years in understanding the nature of stress in everyday life as well as elements of extreme stress. Trauma is experienced by many people due to normative events such as illness and bereavement or natural or man-made disasters such as crime or war. Coping strategies and social supports which ameliorate negative impact of stress will be considered. Offered as SOCI 313 and SOCI 413.

SOCI 419. Sociology of Institutional Care. 3 Units.
This course focuses on converging issues of theory, research, and practice in general hospitals, mental hospitals, nursing homes, hospices, and correctional institutions. The ecology of institutions and the adaptation of individuals within institutions will also be considered. There will be field trips to institutional facilities. Offered as SOCI 319 and SOCI 419.

SOCI 428. Urban Sociology. 3 Units.
The goal of this course is to acquaint the student with the realities and the possibilities of our urban society. Theories and applications of urban sociology interpreting city life and structure are reviewed. The transformation of the urban landscape, the emergence of cities, urban life, urban problems, and urban planning are explored. Issues related to finances, schooling, transportation, the infrastructure of the city, growth and decline, urban poverty, the homeless, crime, pollution, as well as the policy issues and questions such concerns provoke are studied. Key aspects of social science theories and research findings about the nature of spatial, economic and social relationships in cities in developed and developing countries will be analyzed, illuminating some of the processes of urban growth, social transition, and change. Offered as SOCI 328 and SOCI 428. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

SOCI 436. Institutional Care: Research and Reform. 3 Units.
This course is designed to provide an introduction to the nature of long term care in the USA and to contemporary issues of reform and culture change. It also provides an introduction to techniques for studying nursing home care, and for assessing culture changes. The issues and problems of long term care are well documented and the need for changing practices of long-term care is so widely recognized and deeply felt that several initiatives for “changing the culture” of long term care have gained national notoriety and rapid momentum. While laudatory, such efforts are inevitable criticized on numerous grounds, including cost, philosophy and vision, and lack of research evidence to support claims of success. The course is designed to provide an introduction to these debates in the scientific literature and in popular culture, and will provide an opportunity to develop skills in structured observation and action research. Offered as SOCI 336 and SOCI 436.

SOCI 443. Medical Sociology. 3 Units.
Course covers theories, research methods, and problems in sociology of medicine. Topics include social epidemiology, health and illness behavior, and sick role. Structures and functions of delivery systems and their interrelationships with other social institutions are discussed.

SOCI 445. Sociology of Mental Illness. 3 Units.
Focus is on social construction of mental health and illness and sociology of emotions. Social determinants of psychological distress will be discussed along with social stigma associated with mental illness. Institutional and community options for care of the mentally ill will be considered along with the impact of recent social movements of deinstitutionalization and independent living. Offered as SOCI 345 and SOCI 445.

SOCI 447. Sociology of Education. 3 Units.
This course provides an introduction to the field of sociology of education, which might be more properly called sociology of schooling. We will examine the development of schools historically and competing paradigms for understanding the place of school in society. Major theoretical perspectives concerning the nature and consequences of schools for individuals and for societies will be reviewed. Issues of individual opportunity - including how it is organized by race, class, and gender - will be covered, as well as issues institutional dynamics - including tracking, testing and so-called crisis and reform. Offered as SOCI 347 and SOCI 447.

SOCI 449. Social Inequality. 3 Units.
This course discusses classical theory and contemporary research on the mechanisms of power that produce inequalities in income, wealth, education, privilege, and occupational prestige and are manifest in racial, ethnic, gender, age, health, and sexual hierarchies. Offered as SOCI 349 and SOCI 449.

SOCI 455. Special Topics. 3 Units.
One or more sections each semester focusing on selected areas of study in sociology. Offered as SOCI 355 and SOCI 455.

SOCI 460. The Sociology of Law. 3 Units.
This course will focus on the role of rights in the U.S. legal system and society. In particular, we will consider three questions. The first is how do rights fit in the legal system and society? Second, how have different social groups used and thought about rights? Third, how do legal actors like judges and lawyers think about rights compared to non-lawyers? Offered as SOCI 360 and SOCI 460.

SOCI 461. The Life Course. 3 Units.
Individual experiences and transitions over the life course are considered as the result of societal, cultural, psychological, biological, and historical influences. Developmental issues of childhood, adolescence, young adulthood, middle years and late life are discussed in the context of social expectations, challenges, and opportunities. Emphasis is placed on theoretical readings. Offered as SOCI 361 and SOCI 461.

SOCI 464. Disability and Society. 3 Units.
This course considers and examines the relationship between disability and society. The course covers how we define, represent, and react to disability in modern society. This includes an analysis of stigma and discrimination. We also explore the timing and experience of disability from a life-course perspective. Finally, we examine the political, social, and economic influences on disability, including the Disability Rights movement. Offered as SOCI 364 and SOCI 464.
SOCI 465. Health Care Delivery. 3 Units.
Health care in the U.S. may be approaching a critical cross-road. Limiting care to older persons and the chronically ill has been proposed as a means to combat rising costs and limited access to health care. What are the alternatives to health care rationing? Socialized medicine? National health insurance? This course deals with issues of cost, quality, and access to health care in the United States and other societies. It considers how solutions by other societies can provide directions for the organization of health care in the U.S. Offered as SOCI 355 and SOCI 455.

SOCI 466. Promoting Health Across Boundaries. 3 Units.
This course examines the concepts of health and boundary spanning and how the synergy of the two can produce new, effective approaches to promoting health. Students will explore and analyze examples of individuals and organizations boundary spanning for health to identify practice features affecting health, compare and contrast practices and approaches, and evaluate features and context that promote or inhibit boundary spanning and promoting health. Offered as MPH 466, EPBI 466, SOCI 466, NURS 466 and BETH 466. Prereq: Graduate student status or instructor consent.

SOCI 469. Aging in American Society. 3 Units.
Considers the position and participation of aged adults in American society. Sociological perspectives through which to interpret the aging process and old age: social policies; intergenerational relations; lifestyles and how they affect participation of the aged in American society; dying and death serve as major themes. Offered as SOCI 369 and SOCI 469.

SOCI 470. Sociology of the Family. 3 Units.
This course provides the theoretical and methodological foundation for conducting family research. It also reviews the most current research in the sociology of the family arena such as intergenerational issues, ethnicity and gender, and family transitions. Offered as SOCI 370 and SOCI 470.

SOCI 472. Work and Family: U.S. and Abroad. 3 Units.
Covers the impact on human lives of the interface between work and family; the different ways gender structures the experience of work and family depending upon racial and ethnic background, social class, age, and partner preference; the impact of historical context on work-family experiences; work-family policies in the United States and other countries. Offered as SOCI 372, WGST 372, and SOCI 472.

SOCI 474. Using Law to Designate Public-Private Boundaries for Social Policies. 3 Units.
This course studies law and the public-private dichotomy. With a basis in important research on the sociology of law, it considers three questions: 1) What is the impact of "law" on the boundary separating the public and private sectors? 2) How does "law" designate which actors and institutions belong to the public and private sectors? 3) Is the public-private dichotomy adequate for sociological analyses of law and its influences? If not, what alternatives to the public-private dichotomy can we offer? Offered as SOCI 374 and SOCI 474. Prereq: SOCI 101.

SOCI 477. Population Dynamics and Changing Societies. 3 Units.
Population and social structure are inextricably linked, as changes in one elicit changes in the other. Social demography, as a discipline, examines these linkages through the systematic study of the size, composition and distribution of populations and their relationship to the social, political and economic organization of societies. This course will pay particular attention to mortality, morbidity and health, fertility, family and household organization, and migration as the major processes of population change. The population dynamics of the United States will be emphasized, with select comparisons to developing and developed countries. Offered as SOCI 377 and SOCI 477. Prereq: SOCI 101 or equivalent; 9 hours in SOCI, ANTH, or ECON.

SOCI 481. City as Classroom. 3 Units.
In this course, the city is the classroom. We will engage with the urban terrain. We will meet weekly off-campus, interact with community members, and interface—both literally and figuratively—with the city as a way to examine the linkages between historical, conceptual, and contemporary issues, with particular attention paid to race and class dynamics, inequality, and social justice. This course will have four intersecting components, primarily focusing on American cities since the 1930s: the social and physical construction of urban space, the built environment, life and culture in the city, and social movements and grassroots struggles. Offered as HSTY 381, POSC 381, SOCI 381, HSTY 481, POSC 481, and SOCI 481. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

SOCI 509. Advanced Statistical Analysis. 3 Units.
Research in social epidemiology, health service research and other applied fields increasingly demands an understanding of social research methodology. This seminar exposes students to state of the art analyses of social science data including: data preparation, factor analysis, regression and structural equation modeling. Students are provided the opportunity to interpret and critically evaluate the methodology used in journal articles, with an emphasis on data analytical techniques. Students will analyze data sets using SPSS and EQS. Prereq: STAT 401 or SOCI 406, and SOCI 407.

SOCI 514. Qualitative Methods/Field Research. 3 Units.
Students explore the theoretical foundations of qualitative social research. The course is designed to introduce and provide experience with a range of data generation strategies and analytic skills. The ethnographic techniques of semi-structured interviewing and participant-observation receive particular attention.

SOCI 601. Reading and Research. 1 - 9 Unit.
Individual study and/or project work.

Prereq: Predoctoral research consent or advanced to Ph.D. candidacy milestone.

Department of Theater

The Department of Theater offers education and participation in all aspects of drama, with course offerings in acting, stagecraft, costume, scene design, directing, screenwriting, and playwriting. Students have the opportunity to perform on stage as well as to serve on the technical crews in main-stage theatrical productions each year. The high ratio of faculty to students ensures that students will be able to work closely with highly skilled professionals. The department treats all performances as educational experiences and welcomes the participation of all students regardless of their academic majors and career goals.
Actor education in the theater program prepares majors for acting career opportunities in the American theater. Graduates are currently employed nationally and regionally. The MFA Acting Program, a collaboration between the university and The Cleveland Play House, represents a unique alliance between one of the oldest theater programs in the United States and the nation's first regional theater.

The department is partnered with London's prestigious Royal Academy of Dramatic Art (RADA) for a unique spring semester Study Abroad opportunity for sophomores and juniors. The RADA "Time Lines" program is an exciting combination of history and performance developed specifically for CWRU students. For more information on this opportunity, consult Ron Wilson, Chair of the Department of Theater, or Jeffrey Ullom, Director of Undergraduate Theater Studies.

**Undergraduate Programs**

**Theater Major**

The Bachelor of Arts program in theater offers concentrations in acting, design/technical theater, dramatic writing, history, and directing. Students intending to major in theater must complete 40 hours of course work. Most students will opt to take many classes beyond the requirements in order to enhance their knowledge and improve their skills. Students interested in declaring a specific concentration of study can satisfy the additional requirements listed below in order to fulfill a Bachelor of Arts with a specific concentration. Students who do not declare a concentration will receive the designation of "General Theater" on their transcript.

The basic course requirements for all theater majors are as follows:

Performance courses: Students must take all four of the following:

- THTR 110 Introduction to Theater
- THTR 102 Acting I for Majors
- THTR 103 Acting II
- THTR 330 Play Directing I

Design courses: Students must take one of the following:

- THTR 223 Introduction to Scenic Design
- THTR 224 Introduction to Lighting Design
- THTR 225 Costume Design

Theater history courses: Students must take all four of the following:

- THTR 228 Development of Theater: Beginnings to English Renaissance
- THTR 229 Development of Theater: Renaissance to Romanticism
- THTR 327 American Theater and Playwrights
- THTR 329 Modern and Contemporary Drama

Tech credit hours (minimum of 3 hours)

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<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>THTR 110</td>
<td>Introduction to Theater</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>THTR 102</td>
<td>Acting I for Majors</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>THTR 103</td>
<td>Acting II</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>THTR 330</td>
<td>Play Directing I</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>THTR 223</td>
<td>Introduction to Scenic Design</td>
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<tr>
<td>THTR 224</td>
<td>Introduction to Lighting Design</td>
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<tr>
<td>THTR 225</td>
<td>Costume Design</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>THTR 226</td>
<td>Stage Makeup</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>THTR 227</td>
<td>Stage Management</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>THTR 231</td>
<td>Acting III: Contemporary Technique</td>
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<tr>
<td>THTR 232</td>
<td>Acting IV: Classical Technique</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>THTR 306</td>
<td>Acting V: Camera Technique</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>THTR 311</td>
<td>Audition Laboratory</td>
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<tr>
<td>THTR 312</td>
<td>Playwriting</td>
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<tr>
<td>THTR 314</td>
<td>Advanced Playwriting</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>THTR 316</td>
<td>Screenwriting</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>THTR 323</td>
<td>Topics in Design</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>THTR 334</td>
<td>Shakespeare: Histories and Tragedies</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>THTR 335</td>
<td>Shakespeare: Comedies and Romances</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>THTR 375</td>
<td>Voice for the Stage I</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>THTR 376</td>
<td>Voice for the Stage II</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>THTR 385</td>
<td>Rehearsal and Production</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>THTR 386</td>
<td>Rehearsal and Performance</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>THTR 397</td>
<td>Honors Studies I</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>THTR 398</td>
<td>Honors Studies II</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>THTR 399</td>
<td>Independent Study in Theater Arts</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Elective Courses**

Students may enroll in additional theater courses beyond the 40 credits required for the major. Some of the courses in the list below can be counted toward the major requirements or taken as electives.

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<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>THTR 185</td>
<td>Theater Practicum (Students are required to enroll in THTR 185, a one-hour practicum credit, accumulating seven (7) credits during their eight semesters at CWRU. Students will enroll in THTR 185 each semester unless otherwise directed by the Director of Undergraduate Theater Studies. Any exemptions to this requirement (receiving two (2) credit-hours in one semester or not enrolling in THTR 185 for a semester) must receive approval from the Director of Undergraduate Theater Studies.)</td>
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<tr>
<th>Senior capstone</th>
<th>THTR 331</th>
<th>THTR 382</th>
<th>THTR 390</th>
<th>THTR 393</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Play Directing II</td>
<td>Crossing Bridges: The Public Role of Artist in Understanding Disease</td>
<td>Theater Design and Technology Capstone</td>
<td>Senior Capstone: Dramaturgy</td>
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</table>

**Concentration in Acting**

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<tr>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>THTR 231</td>
<td>Acting III: Contemporary Technique</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>THTR 232</td>
<td>Acting IV: Classical Technique</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>THTR 375</td>
<td>Voice for the Stage I</td>
<td>3</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

**Total Units**

9
Concentration in Design/Technical Theater

The two remaining design courses (excluding the course taken to fulfill the core requirements) from THTR 223, THTR 224, and THTR 225

Either THTR 226 or THTR 227

Total Units 3

Total Units 9

Concentration in Dramatic Writing

THTR 312  Playwriting  3
THTR 314  Advanced Playwriting  3
THTR 316  Screenwriting  3

Total Units 9

Concentration in Directing

THTR 331  Play Directing II  3
THTR 227  Stage Management  3
Either THTR 314 (Advanced Playwriting) or an additional design course (THTR 223, THTR 224, or THTR 225) not taken to fulfill the core requirements of the major.

Total Units 9

Departmental Honors in Theater

Majors wishing to take a Bachelor of Arts degree with honors in theater must make written application to the director of undergraduate theater studies no later than May 1 of their junior year. Students must have a minimum 3.25 overall grade point average and a minimum 3.75 grade point average in theater. Acceptance into the honors program is contingent upon faculty support and recommendation by the director of undergraduate theater studies and the department chair.

Those accepted register for THTR 397 Honors Studies I and THTR 398 Honors Studies II during their senior year, for a total of 6 hours. The honors project is defined as a production project in acting, design, playwriting, directing, or management/outreach. A supporting paper discussing the concept, execution, and performance of the project must be filed with the director of undergraduate theater studies no later than one week following the project presentation. Preparation of the project will be supervised by a department faculty member.

This project may be accepted for honors only if it receives a grade of A from both the project advisor and the Director of Undergraduate Theater Studies. The grade of A must be received both semesters. Students who qualify will receive the notation “Departmental Honors in Theater” on their diplomas. Information about the structure and specific requirements of the honors project is available from the director of undergraduate theater studies.

Minor

A minor in theater requires 18 hours. The requirements for each concentration are as follows:

General Theater

Required Courses:

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
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<th>Units</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>THTR 101</td>
<td>Acting I For Minors</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>THTR 102</td>
<td>Acting I for Majors</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>THTR 228</td>
<td>Development of Theater: Beginnings to English Renaissance</td>
<td>3</td>
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Dramatic Writing

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<td>THTR 101</td>
<td>Acting I For Minors</td>
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<td>THTR 228</td>
<td>Development of Theater: Beginnings to English Renaissance</td>
<td>3</td>
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<td>THTR 229</td>
<td>Development of Theater: Renaissance to Romanticism</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>THTR 312</td>
<td>Playwriting</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>THTR 316</td>
<td>Screenwriting</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>THTR 330</td>
<td>Play Directing I</td>
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Total Units 18

Directing

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<tr>
<td>THTR 228</td>
<td>Development of Theater: Beginnings to English Renaissance</td>
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<td>THTR 229</td>
<td>Development of Theater: Renaissance to Romanticism</td>
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<tr>
<td>THTR 223</td>
<td>Introduction to Scenic Design</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>or THTR 224</td>
<td>Introduction to Lighting Design</td>
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<tr>
<td>THTR 327</td>
<td>American Theater and Playwrights</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>THTR 330</td>
<td>Play Directing I</td>
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Total Units 18
Graduate Programs

Master of Fine Arts in Acting

In 1996, The Cleveland Play House and Case Western Reserve University joined forces to create a new Master of Fine Arts program in acting. The students begin their involvement with the Play House in their first semester, and their level of involvement steadily increases until, in the third year, they become professional interns at the Cleveland Play House.

The MFA in acting is a terminal pre-professional degree. Candidacy for the program requires an undergraduate degree with (ideally) a major in theater, equivalent training and experience, or demonstrable potential for work at the MFA level. In addition, candidates must provide evidence of technical skill and creative ability.

At the end of each semester in residence, the student’s skill and creative ability are evaluated in light of his or her work in the department. Only students who have clearly demonstrated growth and excellence are permitted to remain in the program. The award of the MFA degree is contingent upon the student’s academic progress and upon the assessment on the part of the faculty that the candidate possesses the potential to work in the field of theater on a professional level.

Requirements for the MFA degree include:

1. A minimum of 60 semester hours of graduate work beyond the bachelor’s degree
2. A cumulative grade point average of 3.0 for all course work on the graduate level
3. Completion of the course requirements for the MFA Thesis Portfolio
4. Successful completion of the Third Year Internship at The Cleveland Play House

Course requirements for the MFA in acting are as follows:

Courses in acting, including script analysis, implementation of acting theory, characterization, modernist playwrights, and Shakespeare 18
Courses in movement, chosen from mask work, period styles, stage combat, and commedia 12
Courses in voice, chosen from voice production, articulation, and interpretation 9
Courses in speech, using Edith Skinner techniques, dialects, verse and lyric drama, and Shakespeare 6
Courses in performance theory, projects, and professional seminars 6-9

Two of the following courses in creative thesis: 6

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<td>THTR 401</td>
<td>Advanced Stage Movement I</td>
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<td>THTR 473</td>
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<td>THTR 501</td>
<td>Text Analysis for the Actor</td>
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<tr>
<td>THTR 509</td>
<td>Seminar: Introduction to Performance Theory</td>
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Total Units 57-60

Department Faculty

Ron Wilson, BGS
(Wichita State University)
Katharine Bakeless Nason Professor of Theater and Drama and Chair; Director, CWRU/Cleveland Play House MFA Acting Program
Movement for the actor; acting; acting for the camera; playwriting; performance theory

Jill Davis, MFA
(Temple University)
Assistant Professor
Scene design; scene painting; stage management

Angelina M. Herin, MFA
(University of South Carolina)
Assistant Professor; Co-Director of Recruitment
Costume, hair and makeup design

Shanna Beth McGee, MFA
(University of Georgia)
Associate Professor
Voice

Jerrold Scott, MFA
(University of South Carolina)
Professor; Artistic Director, Eldred Theater
Directing; acting; speech

Jeffrey Ullom, PhD
(University of Illinois, Champaign-Urbana)
Assistant Professor; Director of Undergraduate Theater Studies
Dramatic literature, history

David Vegh, MFA
(California State University-Long Beach)
Assistant Professor
Acting; audition laboratory; acting for the camera
**Visiting Faculty**

Christopher Bohan, MFA  
(Wayne State University)  
Visiting Assistant Professor; Co-Director of Recruitment  
Acting; Voice; Movement

**Adjunct Faculty**

Donald Carrier  
(Webber Douglas Academy of Dramatic Art)  
Adjunct Associate Professor; Associate Director, MFA Acting Program  
Acting; script analysis

Laura Kepley  
Artistic Director, Cleveland Play House

Kevin Moore  
Managing Director, Cleveland Play House

**Courses**

**THTR 100. Introduction to Acting. 3 Units.**
A course designed to provide the non-major or undeclared liberal arts major experience with a basic understanding of acting and performance. Fundamentals in improvisation, vocabulary, and scene study are stressed. This course fulfills THTR 101 or THTR 102 should the undeclared student select theater as his or her major or minor. Students may receive credit for only one of THTR 100, THTR 101, or THTR 102.

**THTR 101. Acting I For Minors. 3 Units.**
This course is designed to expose the theater minor to the development of the actor's basic tools. Relaxation, concentration, and improvisation are taught along with basic scene study work. Students may receive credit for only one of THTR 100, THTR 101, or THTR 102.

**THTR 102. Acting I for Majors. 3 Units.**
This course is designed to expose the theater major to the development of the actor's basic tools. Relaxation, concentration, and improvisation are taught along with basic scene study work. Students may receive credit for only one of THTR 100, THTR 101, or THTR 102.

**THTR 103. Acting II. 3 Units.**
This course continues the work begun in THTR 101 or THTR 102 with emphasis on action, emotional life, and text analysis as the essential elements of the actor's work. Prereq: THTR 100, THTR 101, or THTR 102.

**THTR 105. Introduction to Stagecraft. 3 Units.**
An introduction to scenic construction and painting, hands-on oriented to workshop skills.

**THTR 106. Fundamentals in Movement. 3 Units.**
Encompass development of flexibility, strength building, alignment, motor skills, and concentration. Prereq: THTR 101 or THTR 102.

**THTR 107. Acting in the Theatre. 3 Units.**
This course offers the opportunity to learn, develop, and practice the art of set, costume, and lighting design by concentrates specifically on the processes, skills, and disciplines of design for performance. Furthermore, students will read several plays and examine ways in which theater design can suggest meaning and interpretation of the script. Students will learn basic design elements and principles of composition through interactive, collaborative projects and exercises in addition to critically analyzing other designers' works from a broad spectrum of design styles. Emphasis will be placed on creativity, discovery, analysis, and collaboration.

**THTR 108. Acting; Voice; Movement. 3 Units.**
This course is designed to expose the theater major to the development of the actor's basic tools. Relaxation, concentration, and improvisation are taught along with basic scene study work. Students may receive credit for only one of THTR 100, THTR 101, or THTR 102.

**THTR 109. Movement and Voice. 3 Units.**
This course is designed to expose the theater major to the development of the actor's basic tools. Relaxation, concentration, and improvisation are taught along with basic scene study work. Students may receive credit for only one of THTR 100, THTR 101, or THTR 102.

**THTR 110. Introduction to Theater. 3 Units.**
THTR 110 is a fundamental study of theatre from the standpoint of developing the critical acumen of a potential audience. It covers each ingredient of the theatrical experience—audience, playwriting, acting, directing, theatre architecture, design and technology—and attempts to help students define a reasonable set of standards to judge that part of the experience as an audience member and to clearly communicate their feelings and thoughts regarding that experience. The primary textbook is Edward Wilson's The Theatre Experience, former theatre critic for The Wall Street Journal. Readings in this text are augmented by the reading of specific plays that represent different periods, genres, conventions, and dramatic styles. Representative plays (typically six each semester) include Oedipus Rex (Sophocles), Hamlet (Shakespeare), Tartuffe (Moliere), Uncle Vanya (Chekhov), Waiting for Godot (Beckett), and Angels in America (Kushner). Many of these plays are supplemented by short films prepared by Films for the Humanities so that students can see examples of various dramatic and theatrical styles in performance. In addition to class discussions, lectures, and readings, students are also required to attend two live theatre productions offered by Case Western Reserve University's Department of Theater each semester. The students write critical essays about their experience as an audience member in relation to a particular aspect of the performance. Students also have an opportunity to complete in-class projects in which they gain experience functioning as a theatre practitioner. These projects and the accompanying written assignment are designed to increase the student's understanding of the function and interdependence of various theatre artists.

**THTR 111. Introduction to Design. 3 Units.**
This Practicum is designed to provide students with hands-on experience in a variety of positions, both on stage and behind the scenes. Students will register for one credit-hour per semester unless directed otherwise by the Director of Undergraduate Theater Studies. Each student will meet with the Director of Undergraduate Theater Studies to determine his/her position for the semester. Credit will be awarded on a P/NP basis.

**THTR 114. Introduction to Acting. 3 Units.**
This course is designed to expose the theater minor to the development of the actor's basic tools. Relaxation, concentration, and improvisation are taught along with basic scene study work. Students may receive credit for only one of THTR 100, THTR 101, or THTR 102.

**THTR 115. Exercise and Movement. 3 Units.**
This course is designed to expose the theater minor to the development of the actor's basic tools. Relaxation, concentration, and improvisation are taught along with basic scene study work. Students may receive credit for only one of THTR 100, THTR 101, or THTR 102.

**THTR 120. Acting for the Deaf. 3 Units.**
This course is designed to expose the theater minor to the development of the actor's basic tools. Relaxation, concentration, and improvisation are taught along with basic scene study work. Students may receive credit for only one of THTR 100, THTR 101, or THTR 102.

**THTR 121. Shakespeare. 3 Units.**
This course is designed to expose the theater minor to the development of the actor's basic tools. Relaxation, concentration, and improvisation are taught along with basic scene study work. Students may receive credit for only one of THTR 100, THTR 101, or THTR 102.

**THTR 122. Modern Theater. 3 Units.**
This course is designed to expose the theater minor to the development of the actor's basic tools. Relaxation, concentration, and improvisation are taught along with basic scene study work. Students may receive credit for only one of THTR 100, THTR 101, or THTR 102.

**THTR 123. Musical Theater. 3 Units.**
This course is designed to expose the theater minor to the development of the actor's basic tools. Relaxation, concentration, and improvisation are taught along with basic scene study work. Students may receive credit for only one of THTR 100, THTR 101, or THTR 102.

**THTR 124. Women in the Theatre. 3 Units.**
This course is designed to expose the theater minor to the development of the actor's basic tools. Relaxation, concentration, and improvisation are taught along with basic scene study work. Students may receive credit for only one of THTR 100, THTR 101, or THTR 102.

**THTR 125. Musical Theatre. 3 Units.**
This course is designed to expose the theater minor to the development of the actor's basic tools. Relaxation, concentration, and improvisation are taught along with basic scene study work. Students may receive credit for only one of THTR 100, THTR 101, or THTR 102.

**THTR 126. Shakespeare. 3 Units.**
This course is designed to expose the theater minor to the development of the actor's basic tools. Relaxation, concentration, and improvisation are taught along with basic scene study work. Students may receive credit for only one of THTR 100, THTR 101, or THTR 102.

**THTR 127. Musical Theater. 3 Units.**
This course is designed to expose the theater minor to the development of the actor's basic tools. Relaxation, concentration, and improvisation are taught along with basic scene study work. Students may receive credit for only one of THTR 100, THTR 101, or THTR 102.

**THTR 128. Women in the Theatre. 3 Units.**
This course is designed to expose the theater minor to the development of the actor's basic tools. Relaxation, concentration, and improvisation are taught along with basic scene study work. Students may receive credit for only one of THTR 100, THTR 101, or THTR 102.

**THTR 129. Musical Theatre. 3 Units.**
This course is designed to expose the theater minor to the development of the actor's basic tools. Relaxation, concentration, and improvisation are taught along with basic scene study work. Students may receive credit for only one of THTR 100, THTR 101, or THTR 102.

**THTR 130. Shakespeare. 3 Units.**
This course is designed to expose the theater minor to the development of the actor's basic tools. Relaxation, concentration, and improvisation are taught along with basic scene study work. Students may receive credit for only one of THTR 100, THTR 101, or THTR 102.

**THTR 131. Musical Theater. 3 Units.**
This course is designed to expose the theater minor to the development of the actor's basic tools. Relaxation, concentration, and improvisation are taught along with basic scene study work. Students may receive credit for only one of THTR 100, THTR 101, or THTR 102.

**THTR 132. Women in the Theatre. 3 Units.**
This course is designed to expose the theater minor to the development of the actor's basic tools. Relaxation, concentration, and improvisation are taught along with basic scene study work. Students may receive credit for only one of THTR 100, THTR 101, or THTR 102.

**THTR 133. Musical Theatre. 3 Units.**
This course is designed to expose the theater minor to the development of the actor's basic tools. Relaxation, concentration, and improvisation are taught along with basic scene study work. Students may receive credit for only one of THTR 100, THTR 101, or THTR 102.
THTR 206. Mr. Kiss Kiss Bang Bang - James Bond and Popular Culture. 3 Units.
The twenty-one films of James Bond have become part of popular culture, and the figure of the superspy has become mythic in proportion. This series, from its first installment in 1963 to the latest reinvention of James Bond in 2006, not only depicts one dashing man's efforts to save the world from disaster again and again, but also traces the development of our popular culture. Issues of violence, sex, the presentation and treatment of women, racial stereotypes, and spectacle among other topics can be discussed after viewing each film, providing an opportunity to explore the changing expectations of American audiences and the developing form of contemporary cinema. Students who have taken USSO 286D may not receive credit for this class.

THTR 223. Introduction to Scenic Design. 3 Units.
An introduction to visual design for the stage through established theories and knowledge of the theater as a physical space. Approaches practical problems of scenic design as well as professional potential of the field.

THTR 224. Introduction to Lighting Design. 3 Units.
A "grounds up" guide to theatrical lighting for the stage. Focus made upon instrumentation, choices made in the design process, aesthetics of presentation. Combines theory with practical application.

THTR 225. Costume Design. 3 Units.
This course is designed to introduce costume design techniques, approaches, and tools. Students will learn the process of costume design through application of skill and theories - from script analysis through post-production. In addition, students will participate in a costume history and drawing/rendering skills will be taught. This course will culminate in a project designed to incorporate skills and techniques acquired during the semester. Prereq: THTR 111 or instructor permission.

THTR 226. Stage Makeup. 3 Units.
An introductory hands-on course in theatrical makeup techniques and tools. Students will study the history of stage makeup, its application, and the relationship between stage makeup and developing a character. The course will explore a variety of makeup applications from basic corrective makeup to special effects including prosthetics, crepe hair, and blood effects.

THTR 227. Stage Management. 3 Units.
Designed to acquaint student with the numerous aspects of stage management.

THTR 228. Development of Theater: Beginnings to English Renaissance. 3 Units.
Theater 228/World Literature 228 explores the foundations of theater in Western civilization, beginning with Greece and then charting and analyzing the developments in playwriting, design, acting and theater architecture. Students read a wide variety of plays in order to obtain a comprehensive understanding of the history of the art form, but also learn how theater has played an integral societal function as a medium of political, economic, and cultural commentary. Development of Theater I explores developments from Aeschylus to the English Renaissance. Offered as THTR 228 and WLIT 228. Prereq: Sophomore standing.

THTR 229. Development of Theater: Renaissance to Romanticism. 3 Units.
THTR 229 explores the many developments in playwriting, design, acting, and theater architecture across the world. Students read a wide variety of plays in order to obtain a comprehensive understanding of the history of the art form, but also learn how theater has played an integral societal function as a medium of political, economic, and cultural commentary. Development of Theater II not only explores the development of theatrical conventions in Spain, England, Italy, France and other European countries that lead to the creation of modern drama, but the course also offers an in-depth look at the history and conventions of theater in India, Korea, China, and Japan. Offered as THTR 229 and WLIT 229. Counts as SAGES Departmental Seminar. Prereq: Sophomore standing.

THTR 231. Acting III: Contemporary Technique. 3 Units.
An exploration of advanced contemporary acting technique based on the work of Michael Chekhov. Provides advanced acting students with the tools necessary to work effectively and consistently with contemporary texts, with emphasis placed on psychological gesture and geste. Counts as SAGES Departmental Seminar. Prereq: THTR 101 and THTR 102.

THTR 232. Acting IV: Classical Technique. 3 Units.
An exploration of techniques to approach classical theater, with emphasis on the works of Shakespeare. Presents the challenges of working with heightened language in classical texts, and provides skills necessary to transfer modern acting methods to these more poetic plays. Prereq: THTR 102.

THTR 306. Acting V: Camera Technique. 3 Units.
Acting for the Camera class with emphasis on how it differs from onstage work. Interviews, scenes, and exercises will be used to highlight the differences and similarities. Emphasis on contemporary works. Prereq: THTR 231 or THTR 232.

THTR 311. Audition Laboratory. 1 Unit.
A discussion and practicum exploring the problems faced by an actor in various audition situations. Development of an audition repertory for the actor for stage, video and film. Prereq: Senior Theater major.

THTR 312. Playwriting. 3 Units.
Theory and practice of dramatic writing, in the context of examples, classic and contemporary. Recommended preparation: ENGL 203 or ENGL 213 or ENGL 214 or ENGL 303 or ENGL 304. Offered as ENGL 305 and THTR 312.

THTR 314. Advanced Playwriting. 3 Units.
Theory and practice of dramatic writing with special focus on the craft of writing a full-length play. Offered as ENGL 314 and THTR 314. Prereq: ENGL 305 or THTR 312.

THTR 316. Screenwriting. 3 Units.
A critical exploration of the craft of writing for film, in which reading and practicum assignments will culminate in the student submitting an original full-length screenplay. Offered as ENGL 316 and THTR 316. Prereq: THTR 312.

THTR 323. Topics in Design. 3 Units.
This course will examine various topics relating to theatre design and technology not covered in other design courses. Students will be provided with practical and theoretical knowledge on a specific topic in order to increase their design and/or technical skills. In addition, each course offering will have its own stated objectives. This course may be repeated by students with each new topic. Prereq: THTR 111 or instructor permission.
THTR 327. American Theater and Playwrights. 3 Units.
Designed to provide students an overview of the development of theater in the United States and to familiarize them with the work and themes of selected American playwrights. Offered as AMST 327 and THTR 327.

THTR 329. Modern and Contemporary Drama. 3 Units.
Theatre 329 explores the development of western drama and theatre from 1860 through present-day productions. The course emphasizes the relationship between different theatrical representations and their historical and social context. Shakespeare's well-known dictum that "theatre holds a mirror up to nature" is expanded when one examines who is holding that mirror, and how their actions participate in the constantly shifting construction of culture. Given this premise, the course investigates the development of specific European cultures (England, France, Germany, and Italy) as well as other regions (the United States, South America, and Russia) through the - live and literary - representations they make of themselves. Offered as THTR 329 and WLT 329. Prereq: Sophomore standing.

THTR 330. Play Directing I. 3 Units.
This course will begin a two-semester study of the art and craft of stage direction of plays. Topics covered will include history of the profession, directorial theory and practice, development of skills such as text analysis, design and concept, and general problem solving. Prereq: THTR 101 and THTR 102, and upperclass status.

THTR 331. Play Directing II. 3 Units.
This course will continue with the basic concepts learned in THTR 330 and will expand them in regard to actual production. Topics will include directing mechanics, ground planning, blocking, and visualization, staging and working with actors. The course will culminate in a faculty supervised directing project for public performance. There are three evening labs for this course. Counts as SAGES Senior Capstone. Prereq: THTR 330, and upperclass status.

THTR 334. Shakespeare: Histories and Tragedies. 3 Units.
Close reading of a selection of Shakespeare's tragedies and history plays (e.g., "Richard the Third," "Julius Caesar," "Hamlet," "King Lear"). Topics of discussion may include Renaissance drama as a social institution, the nature of tragedy, national history, gender roles, sexual politics, the state and its opponents, theatrical conventions. Assessment may include opportunities for performance. Offered as ENGL 324, ENGL 424, and THTR 334. Prereq: ENGL 150 or passing letter grade in a 100 level first year seminar in USFS, FSCC, FSNA, FSSO, FSSY, FSTS, FSCS.

THTR 335. Shakespeare: Comedies and Romances. 3 Units.
Close reading of selected plays of Shakespeare in the genres of comedy and romance (e.g., "The Merchant of Venice," "Twelfth Night," "Measure for Measure," "The Tempest"). Topics of discussion may include issues of sexual desire, gender roles, marriage, the family, genre conventions. Assessment may include opportunities for performance. Offered as ENGL 325, ENGL 425, and THTR 335. Prereq: ENGL 150 or passing letter grade in a 100 level first year seminar in USFS, FSCC, FSNA, FSSO, FSSY, FSTS, FSCS.

THTR 375. Voice for the Stage I. 3 Units.
Development of the actor's vocal instrument. Work in articulation, range, and flexibility. Prereq: Theater major or consent of department.

THTR 376. Voice for the Stage II. 3 Units.
Continuation of THTR 375. Prereq: THTR 375.

THTR 382. Crossing Bridges: The Public Role of Artist in Understanding Disease. 3 Units.
An in-depth look at the role of the artist in public life and in creating theatrical performance from life experience. The students interact with patients in medical treatment for catastrophic illness and as they understand the experience of disease, they help transform that experience into a performance that gives a voice to the unvoiced in our society. The approved service learning course is offered only as a Senior Capstone and is a demanding challenge for the serious student of theater. Prereq: Acting concentration or consent of department. Counts as SAGES Senior Capstone.

THTR 385. Rehearsal and Production. 1 - 3 Unit.
Practicum for students participating in production work in the Department of Theater and Dance. Supervised, laboratory experience in technical theater, construction techniques, scenery, costumes, lighting, and props; production; ticket office operations, promotion, publicity and public relations; house management; wardrobe responsibilities; stage management; assistant directing; and other production positions relating to the mainstage performances in Eldred Theater. Students are recommended to take one credit hour per production, with a maximum of 8 credit hours allowed during their undergraduate career.

THTR 386. Rehearsal and Performance. 1 Unit.
Practicum for students participating in performance in the Department of Theater and Dance, relating to the mainstage productions at Eldred Theater. This course may be repeated, for a maximum total of 2 credits.

THTR 390. Theater Design and Technology Capstone. 3 Units.
This is a SAGES Capstone course designed to provide an opportunity for advanced Design/Technical Theater Undergraduates to undergo a thorough theatrical design experience as would expected in the professional theater. The project requires a specific play or performance piece to be chosen or assigned and researched thoroughly. The research would culminate in a production concept which should be presented in written and oral form with a great deal of visual support. The production concept leads to the design, either scenic, costume, lighting or sound, which then must be executed. In professional theater, execution first means preparing all of the drafting, renderings, and paperwork necessary for a production team to create the set or costumes, or prepare the necessary lighting or sounds equipment in the venue. The final portion of the design execution will be the performance of the actual piece on stage. It could be appropriate for a scenic or costume design project to be complete at this stage as the vast majority of the work must be done before the actual performance and the realization of the design is executed by a production team. Lighting and sounds designers must finish the execution of their designs in the technical rehearsal phase of production. Their work is dependent on integration with the other elements of production. However, theater is a collaborative art form, and the final execution of every design on stage is the ultimate goal of the designers, and when possible, it would be preferable to have every capstone project culminate in a fully realized production. Due to budget constraints and the logistics of allowing every design/technical senior to be able to participate in a fully realized production, students can choose to pursue a more research intensive project in which the student could study specific designers, movements in design or the development of technology in theatrical design. These projects would be presented in a more traditional oral presentation with visual support. Counts as SAGES Senior Capstone.
THTR 393. Senior Capstone: Dramaturgy. 3 Units.
This course introduces students to theories of textual analysis and contextual research within the framework of theatrical performance. Students will investigate the history and methodologies of dramaturgy, and then apply the best practices of the profession to the study and production of contemporary plays. Because dramaturgy is a collaborative endeavor, students will participate with others in the production of a theoretical adaptation from a non-dramatic source, as well as the creation of an interdisciplinary theatre event and a multi-media performance project. By course end, students will be able to support their theatrical interests with dramaturgical insights and to work collaboratively to create productions that reflect the cultural and aesthetic diversity of the 21st century. Counts as SAGES Senior Capstone. Prereq: Senior standing.

THTR 396. Non-Verbal Theatrical Text. 3 Units.
This is a SAGES capstone course. It has been constructed to provide an opportunity for advanced Design/Technical Theater Undergraduates to examine and explore the roots and current trends of post-modern, contemporary theater as well as to investigate current design outside of its traditional decorative role. Rather, as in current movements described as “action design” or “affective space theory”, design will be used to create a text which combines with the spoken word in production for the purpose of audience perception of meaning. As a starting point, this course will examine the advent of realism on stage and follow this study by subsequent significant movements departing from realism. Through extensive use of video and live presentation, students will select movements in theater production for written and oral analysis. As a class, we will define post-modern as a term to describe contemporary theater and further explore the possibilities of theatrical presentation form a written dramatic source. This course will culminate in the production, whether group or individualized, of a creative design, based on a work written for the stage, but exploring non-verbal communication of an author’s or director’s intent. This exploration of theater language might combine non-verbal characteristics inclusive of images, relationships, activity, song, music, properties, objects, color, costume, movement, light, silence, sounds, presence or gesture. Goals of the seminar will be to find a process for textual analysis through an in-depth examination of the chosen text, to create a focus upon the action which drives this text, to discover a process for imagery that will give the text dimension and finally, to embody and realize ideas which impart to that text its intellectual content. A public presentation within Eldred’s black box, Mather’s dance studio space, or a public performing space within the CWRU campus will be integral to this process. Weekly participatory assignments will also be prescribed from a mandatory and suggested reading list. Counts as SAGES Senior Capstone. Prereq: Theater Majors with Design Tech Emphasis.

THTR 397. Honors Studies I. 3 Units.
Individual projects in acting, dance, and directing.

THTR 398. Honors Studies II. 3 Units.
Individual projects in acting, dance, playwriting, and directing.

THTR 399. Independent Study in Theater Arts. 1 - 3 Unit.
Independent research and project work in areas of acting, design, voice, theater history, playwriting, directing, or theater management.

THTR 401. Advanced Stage Movement I. 3 Units.
This beginning class focuses on developing flexibility, alignment, strength, concentration and basic motor skills and serves as a base for the remaining three semesters. Yoga and Tai Chi exercises are used to develop flexibility and a relaxation of the breath. Elements of Decroux based corporeal mime technique will strengthen the student’s physical instrument as well as address alignment problems. Motor skills (articulations, inclinations and design work) will be developed with Decroux, as well as LeCoq based exercises. Prereq: Must be candidate in M.F.A. Acting program.

THTR 402. Advanced Stage Movement II. 3 Units.
Continuation of THTR 401. The course focuses on simplifying and empowering the physical actor by continuing to connect breath to action to discover relaxation within the given task, and beginning work in characterization. Strength, flow, energy and the shedding of intrusive mannerisms will be gained from a study of Tai Chi form, and LeCoq based neutral mask work. Following the neutral mask work, students will progress to character work through the use of Physical Acting techniques. Stage combat work continues. Prereq: THTR 401.

THTR 403. Advanced Stage Movement III. 3 Units.
The class focuses on expanding the actor’s physical and imaginative range which will enable students to support larger and bolder physical choices in characterization. Building upon the Neutral Mask work from the previous semester, the student will experience, through LeCoq based techniques, Basel and Expressive Masks. Stage combat work continues. Prereq: THTR 402.

THTR 404. Advanced Stage Movement IV. 3 Units.
This class gives the actor the advanced physical skills and techniques needed to encompass the demands of historical dramatic texts. The work will center around period movement for the theater. The actor will experience the philosophies of carriage and deportment; religious, scientific thought and art from particular historic periods most often encountered in the professional theater. Stage combat work continues. Prereq: THTR 403.

THTR 473. Graduate Voice Technique I. 3 Units.
Assessment of students’ current vocal and alignment skills. Laboratory for exploring new vocal and alignment habits supportive of healthy vocal functioning. Exploration of the body and voice as it relates to breath, resonance, and the healthy exhalation of sound. Prereq: Must be candidate in M.F.A. Acting program.

THTR 474. Graduate Voice Technique II. 3 Units.
Continued laboratory for the exploration of alignment and vocal skills supportive of healthy vocal functioning. Continued exploration of the body and voice as it relates to breath, articulation, resonance, and the healthy exhalation of sound. Prereq: THTR 473.

THTR 475. Voice for Stage: Shakespeare. 3 Units.
Development of skills needed to address the specific needs of Shakespeare and Classical texts in performance, including vocal skills, the use of breath, using imagery, and textual studies. Prereq: THTR 473.

THTR 479. American Stage Speech. 2 Units.
Designed to evaluate the graduate student actors’ current speech skills, to teach them a stage-appropriate dialect using the Skinner narrow IPA set, and to achieve a level of mastery over articulation and diction. Prereq: Course limited to first-year M.F.A. candidates in Acting Program.
THTR 501. Text Analysis for the Actor. 2 Units.
An introduction to the craft of reading a theatrical text from an actor's point of view. Methods for analyzing the action and dialogue of a play will be applied to dramatic text so that the actor can learn to transform a one-dimensional text into a three-dimensional performance.

THTR 509. Seminar: Introduction to Performance Theory. 2 Units.
Research seminar designed to acquaint the theater student with the major theoretical writings of performance theory. Readings on the creative process and archetypal mythology. Exploration of anthropological, psychological, and cultural sources of art and the theatrical impulse.

THTR 512. Graduate Audition Lab. 1 - 2 Unit.

THTR 530. Ensemble Technique. 1 - 2 Unit.
A practicum course structured to explore the use of ensemble dynamic techniques in a rehearsal/performance environment, as well as to develop a set of exercises which encourage and sustain the actor's channels of interpersonal communication during a range of rehearsal and performance situations. Prereq: Must be candidate in M.F.A. Acting program.

THTR 531. Acting: Research and Performance I. 3 Units.
The various elements of the actor's process considered on advanced levels. Integration of rehearsal discoveries into a practical performance situation. Limited to M.F.A. candidates.

THTR 532. Acting: Research and Performance II. 3 Units.
The various elements of the actor's process considered on advanced levels. Exploration of rehearsal techniques for characterization. Limited to M.F.A. candidates.

THTR 533. Acting: Research and Performance III. 3 Units.
Sequential courses designed to explore the various elements of the actor's process on advanced levels and to integrate the discoveries made into a practical performance situations. Limited to M.F.A. candidates. Prereq: THTR 531 or THTR 532.

THTR 534. Acting: Research and Performance IV. 3 Units.
Sequential courses designed to explore the various elements of the actor's process on advanced levels and to integrate the discoveries made into a practical performance situation. Prereq: THTR 531 or THTR 532 or THTR 533.

THTR 540. The Business of the Business. 2 Units.
This course covers the basic knowledge needed for an actor to plan and manage a career in the theater. Included is discussion of union rules and applications for AEA, AFTRA, and SAG. Discussion of basic marketing techniques, including development of an individual marketing plan for each student. Guest lecturers might include IRS experts on the actor's special needs, casting directors, and commercial agents.

THTR 579. American Stage Speech II. 3 Units.
This course will continue the work begun in THTR 479 American Stage Speech, continuing the work on IPA, articulation, and general speech clarity for the stage. Exercises from the Berry and Rodenberg Schools of thought will be used in addition to the speech basics of Skinner. Prereq: THTR 479.

THTR 580. Stage Dialects. 2 Units.
This survey course will examine the use and application of major stage dialects in the American theatre using a phonetic tool set as a basis for understanding sound substitutions. The student will also study the ways in which rhythmic changes and resonance and tension shifts affect the dialects. Prereq: Graduate standing.

THTR 581. Classical Speech and Text. 2 Units.
This course will study ways in which the actor's speech instrument is used differently in classical texts, particularly those of Shakespeare. Students will study tools for analyzing a line of text in order of understand how to use the words and sound of the line.

THTR 601. Special Projects. 1 - 3 Unit.
(Credit as arranged.)

THTR 610. Professional Internship. 1 - 4 Unit.
Involvement in intensive internships with professional theaters in the Cleveland area bridging academic and professional lives. Internships range from six weeks to one semester.

THTR 630. Performance Studio. 3 Units.
A performance laboratory, ensemble-based practicum in which the student works to integrate effectively a wide range of performance skills culminating in a studio production. May be taken two times in the last two semesters of graduate study. Prereq: THTR 534.

THTR 642. Thesis Portfolio I. 1 Unit.
Course designed specifically for candidates in the Master of Fine Arts program in Acting. Graduate students enroll for the course during their third year of study, although work spans three years of study, based on roles the M.F.A. actor has created. A portfolio is prepared, according to requirements set forth in the department's M.F.A. Handbook, and is presented to the faculty during the spring semester of the third year, in a formal oral defense. Satisfactory completion of the portfolio and its oral defense are among the requirements for awarding the Master of Fine Arts degree. Course limited to M.F.A. candidates in the Acting program.

THTR 643. Thesis Portfolio II. 1 Unit.
Course designed specifically for candidates in the Master of Fine Arts program in Acting. Graduate students enroll for the course during their third year of study, although work spans three years of study, based on roles the M.F.A. actor has created. A portfolio is prepared, according to requirements set forth in the department's M.F.A. Handbook, and is presented to the faculty during the spring semester of the third year, in a formal oral defense. Satisfactory completion of the portfolio and its oral defense are among the requirements for awarding the Master of Fine Arts degree. Course limited to M.F.A. candidates in the Acting program.

THTR 644. M.A. Project. 1 - 12 Unit.
Research and development of a Master of Arts project in Theater.

Environmental Studies Program

Environmental studies is a multidisciplinary program that introduces students to the societal determinants and implications of environmental problems. The program emphasizes the moral, cultural, and political dimensions of environmental problems and solutions that arise from scientific understanding of the environment, bringing to bear the issues and methods of the humanities and social sciences as well as those of the sciences and the professions. The program is designed to serve the needs of students seeking a liberal education or a broad intellectual base for more technical training in environmental sciences. Students can pursue a major or a minor in environmental studies.

Undergraduate Programs
Major
The Environmental Studies Program offers a major (30 credit hours) leading to the Bachelor of Arts degree. However, it may be elected only as a second major. The double major is required so that the program's multidisciplinary perspective will be complemented by a concentrated
disciplinary major. Students may apply up to six credits from required and elective courses in their first major to the environmental studies major. None of the required courses may be taken pass/no pass.

The required courses are:

### Required courses

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ESTD 101</td>
<td>Introduction to Environmental Thinking</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ESTD 398</td>
<td>Seminar in Environmental Studies</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>or ESTD 399</td>
<td>Departmental Seminar in Environmental Studies</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

One course from each of the following disciplinary groups:

#### Humanities

- RLGN 206: Religion and Ecology
- HSTY 292: Energy and Environment in American History 1750-2010
- HSTY 327: Comparative Environmental History
- HSTY 378: North American Environmental History
- PHIL 330: Topics in Ethics

#### Social Policy

- ESTD 303: Environmental Law
- ESTD 388: Politics, Policy, and the Global Environment
- ECON 368: Environmental Economics

#### Science and Engineering

- ESTD 202: Global Environmental Problems
- BIOL 351: Principles of Ecology
- EECS 342: Introduction to Global Issues

Fifteen additional hours chosen in consultation with the departmental advisor. An approved Washington Study internship or summer field course may be used to satisfy part or all of the elective requirement. All programs of study must be approved by the director.

Total Units: 30

If a required course is not offered, substitution of a course to fulfill the distribution requirement is possible only with permission of the program director.

### Minor

The minor in environmental studies (15 credit hours) consists of:

#### Required course:

- ESTD 101: Introduction to Environmental Thinking 3

One course each from two of the following disciplinary groups: 6

#### Humanities

- RLGN 206: Religion and Ecology
- HSTY 292: Energy and Environment in American History 1750-2010
- HSTY 327: Comparative Environmental History
- HSTY 378: North American Environmental History
- PHIL 330: Topics in Ethics

#### Social Policy

- ESTD 303: Environmental Law
- ESTD 388: Politics, Policy, and the Global Environment
- ECON 368: Environmental Economics

#### Science and Engineering

- ESTD 202: Global Environmental Problems
- BIOL 351: Principles of Ecology

Six additional hours chosen in consultation with the departmental advisor. 6

Total Units: 15

### Program Faculty

- Peter L. McCall, JD, PhD  
  Professor, Department of Earth, Environmental, and Planetary Sciences; Director, Environmental Studies Program
- Jeremy Bendik-Keymer, PhD  
  Elmer G. Beamer-Hubert H. Schneider Professor in Ethics; Associate Professor, Department of Philosophy
- John Broich, PhD  
  Associate Professor, Department of History
- Jessica Green, PhD  
  Assistant Professor, Department of Political Science
- Gerald Matisoff, PhD  
  Professor, Department of Earth, Environmental, and Planetary Sciences
- John Ruhl, PhD  
  Professor, Department of Physics
- Peter Shulman, PhD  
  Assistant Professor, Department of History
- Theodore Steinberg, PhD  
  Adeline Barry Davee Distinguished Professor of History

### Courses

#### ESTD 101. Introduction to Environmental Thinking. 3 Units.

Critical comparison of scientific, historical, religious, and literary conceptions of nature. Theories of environmental ethics, legal, and economic conceptions of environmental goods. Current controversies concerning human population growth, energy use, the consumer society, and attitudes towards animals.

#### ESTD 202. Global Environmental Problems. 3 Units.

Global Environmental Problems is a course designed to provide students with an understanding of, and an appreciation for, human-influenced environmental changes that are global in scope. Accordingly, much of the material will focus on the nature and structure of natural global systems, how and where in those systems human influences occur, and will delve deeply into a few particular problems and solutions of current interest, such as population growth, climate change, ozone depletion, and fisheries, from a variety of viewpoints. Offered as ESTD 202 and EEPS 202.

#### ESTD 303. Environmental Law. 3 Units.

Introduction to treatment of environmental issues in legal proceedings. Sources of environmental law, legal procedure, common law remedies (tort actions and human health, nuisance, contract law), statutes and regulations, endangered species, public lands, toxics regulation, nuclear power, coal. The course employs the case method of reading and recitation of appellate judicial opinions. We read both classic cases in environmental law as well as current controversies. Offered as ESTD 303 and EEPS 303.
ESTD 388. Politics, Policy, and the Global Environment. 3 Units.
This course examines the law, politics and policy surrounding global environmental challenges such as climate change. The course aims to provide a broad overview of the key concepts, actors, debates, and issues in global environmental politics. It aims to illustrate the complexities of addressing environmental problems—from the proliferation of global institutions and international actors, to the absence of central enforcement mechanisms. We examine the causes of environmental degradation and competing views on the gravity of the problem. Using concepts from political science and economics, we investigate the challenges in getting states to act jointly to address environmental problems. We examine the actors and institutions of global environmental politics, to understand how conditions are defined as problems and responses are chosen and implemented. The course concludes by applying the tools and concepts to the case of climate change. Offered as POSC 388, ESTD 388, POSC 488.

ESTD 398. Seminar in Environmental Studies. 3 Units.
Small group discussion and student presentations concerning the cultural determinants of environmental attitudes and policies. Each student participates in all weekly discussions and leads at least one seminar. Prereq: ESTD 101 or previous credit for ESTD 398.

ESTD 399. Departmental Seminar in Environmental Studies. 3 Units.
Discussion and critique of recent publications in Environmental Studies. Students write weekly short essays on readings and participate in weekly group discussion. Reading list changes annually and is typically comprised of 7-9 books that center on a few unifying themes for that year (food, energy, futures, toxic torts, attitudes toward animals, consumer culture, climate crises for example). Students research, write, and defend a critical review of academic literature concerning some topic contained in the readings. Prior enrollment in ESTD 101 is recommended but not required. Students may not enroll in both ESTD 399 and 398 in the same year.

Ethnic Studies Program

The goal of the Ethnic Studies Program is to expand and enhance the university’s course offerings on ethnicity and race in the United States and around the world. The program’s objectives are:

1. to examine relationships among racial/ethnic groups, the processes of racial/ethnic formation, and their intersections with class, gender, and sexuality at the personal and collective levels
2. to foster the development of research skills in a broad range of disciplines in the humanities
3. to contribute to an interdisciplinary knowledge of the challenges and contributions of ethnic minorities in the United States
4. to impart to students a deep knowledge of the cultures of Africa and Latin America
5. to help students develop competencies for working with people of different racial/ethnic backgrounds and to foster an understanding of racial/ethnic diversity
6. to support students and faculty in the transmission of knowledge, in the discovery and development of new ideas, and in research and writing in the field of ethnic studies
7. to inculcate in students an understanding of the complexity and challenges of multietnic societies, and to prepare them for careers in education, business, law, government service, social work, social welfare, health care, teaching, public policy, law enforcement, urban and community development, and the arts.

Ethnic Studies is an interdisciplinary program. The program aims to develop fundamental skills in critical and global thinking and in comparative analysis, as well as an understanding of the interactions of race, class, gender, and sexuality in the experiences of a range of social groups. It is designed to bring together a community of students, faculty, and staff devoted to the transmission of knowledge and the discovery of new ideas in the field of ethnic studies. Ethnic Studies also offers diverse perspectives that challenge monolithic thinking about the formation of identities and societies.

The program’s core courses focus on the exploration and comparison of the cultures, history, politics, and economics of Africa, Latin America, and their diasporas. Program offerings explore ethnicity and cross-cultural exchange globally and in postcolonial frames. Ethnic Studies supports research pertinent to the field and encourages cultural and academic exchange among scholars and students.

The program is part of the university’s mission to enhance the recruitment, retention, and excellence of a diverse faculty and student body. Our long-term goals are to extend program offerings to encompass other ethnic minority groups and to develop a center that will foster an appreciation of ethnic diversity and difference in the learning and research communities of Case Western Reserve University.

Undergraduate Program

Minor

The Ethnic Studies minor is open to all undergraduate students. It requires a minimum of 15 credit hours. Students are required to take 6 credits from among Ethnic Studies core courses and 9 credits in their chosen areas of concentration. Community projects are strongly recommended, and students are encouraged to carry out field research in their areas of concentration.

The core courses are designed to introduce students to the interdisciplinary field of ethnic studies. Courses may be individually or team taught and will sometimes be conducted in seminar format. Students are encouraged to use the tools and perspectives of several disciplines (history, literature, art history, anthropology, film, sociology, and political science, for example) to address the experiences of African-Americans and Latino/a Americans. Courses center on the examination of social, cultural, political, and economic structures that shape the life of these ethnic minorities in the United States. They examine how race, class, and gender have impacted their identities as well as their economic, social, political, and cultural productions. Assignments and courses make maximum use of the archives and collections of University Circle institutions.

Required courses

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ETHS 251</td>
<td>Perspectives in Ethnicity, Race, Religion and Gender</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ETHS 252A</td>
<td>Introduction to African-American Studies</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ETHS 252B</td>
<td>Introduction to Latina/o Studies</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ETHS 253A</td>
<td>Introduction to Modern African History</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HSTY 135</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ETHS 253B</td>
<td>Introduction to Latin American History</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Nine hours chosen from one of the concentrations listed below: 9

Total Units 15
Concentrations

African Studies Concentration

Any three of the following courses:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>COSI 260</td>
<td>Multicultural Aspects of Human Communication</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ECON 375</td>
<td>Economics of Developing Countries</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ETHS 235</td>
<td>Theater and Identity</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ETHS 251A</td>
<td>Oral Performances and Ethnic Identities</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ETHS 252A</td>
<td>Introduction to African-American Studies</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ETHS 394</td>
<td>The Subaltern and The Poetics of War in Africa</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FRCH/ETHS 338</td>
<td>The Cameroon Experience</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FRCH/WLIT 295</td>
<td>The Francophone World</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FRCH/WLIT 308</td>
<td>The Paris Experience</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>POSC 366</td>
<td>Government and Politics of Africa</td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Total Units 9

African-American Studies Concentration

Any three of the following courses:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>COSI 260</td>
<td>Multicultural Aspects of Human Communication</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ECON 375</td>
<td>Economics of Developing Countries</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ENGL 365N</td>
<td>Topics in African-American Literature</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>ETHS 222</td>
<td>African-American Religions</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HSTY 260</td>
<td>U.S. Slavery and Emancipation</td>
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<tr>
<td>HSTY 261</td>
<td>African-American History 1865-1945</td>
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<tr>
<td>HSTY 262</td>
<td>African-American History Since 1945</td>
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<tr>
<td>HSTY 318</td>
<td>History of Black Women in the U.S.</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

Total Units 9

Latin American and Caribbean Studies Concentration

Any three of the following courses:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>COSI 260</td>
<td>Multicultural Aspects of Human Communication</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ECON 375</td>
<td>Economics of Developing Countries</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ETHS 287</td>
<td>State, War, Drugs, and Coffee in Colombia: History of Modern Colombia</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>ETHS 336</td>
<td>The Struggle for Justice in Latin America</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>POSC 364</td>
<td>Dictatorship and Democracy in Modern Latin America</td>
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<tr>
<td>SPAN 322</td>
<td>Latin American Short Story</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>SPAN 326</td>
<td>The Fantastic in Latin American Prose</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>SPAN 339</td>
<td>Latin American Poetic Revolt</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SPAN 342</td>
<td>Latin American Feminist Voices</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SPAN 343</td>
<td>The New Drama in Latin American</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SPAN 370</td>
<td>Special Topics in Spanish</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SPAN 385</td>
<td>Hispanic Literature in Translation</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Total Units 9

Global Ethnic Studies Concentration

Any three of the following courses:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ANTH 314</td>
<td>Cultures of the United States</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ANTH 357</td>
<td>Native American Cultures</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ANTH 388</td>
<td>Globalization, Development and Underdevelopment: Anthropological Persp</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ANTH 530</td>
<td>Seminar in Medical Anthropology: Topics</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>COSI 260</td>
<td>Multicultural Aspects of Human Communication</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ECON 375</td>
<td>Economics of Developing Countries</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ENGL 270</td>
<td>Introduction to Gender Studies</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ENGL/WLIT 365Q</td>
<td>Post-Colonial Literature</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FRCH/ETHS 295</td>
<td>The Francophone World</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FRCH/ETHS/ WLIT/WGST 335</td>
<td>Women in Developing Countries</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>POSC 362</td>
<td>Politics of Central Asia</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>POSC 370K</td>
<td>Nationalism, Ethnicity, and Religion in World Politics</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>POSC 374</td>
<td>Politics of Development in the Global South</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SOCI 302</td>
<td>Race and Ethnic Minorities in American Society</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SPAN/WLIT 285</td>
<td>The Hispanophone World</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WGST/ETHS 301</td>
<td>Women, Creativity and the Arts</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Total Units 9

Program Faculty

Cheryl Toman, PhD
(University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign)
Associate Professor, Department of Modern Languages and Literatures; Director, Ethnic Studies Program
Women in Sub-Saharan Africa and the Middle East

Joy Bostic, PhD
(Union Theological Seminary)
Associate Professor, Department of Religious Studies
African American Religion and Culture

M. Gabriela Copertari, PhD
(Georgetown University)
Associate Professor, Department of Modern Languages and Literatures
Latin American literature and film

Gilbert Doho, PhD
(University of Paris - Sorbonne Nouvelle)
Associate Professor, Department of Modern Languages and Literatures
Founding Director, Ethnic Studies Program
African theater and film, people theater

Marilyn Sanders Mobley, PhD
(Case Western Reserve University)
Professor, Department of English; Vice President for Inclusion, Diversity, and Equal Opportunity
African-American literature

Jacqueline Nanfito, PhD
(UCLA)
Associate Professor, Department of Modern Languages and Literatures
Latin American studies / Women's studies
Cristián Gómez Olivares, PhD
(University of Iowa)
Assistant Professor, Department of Modern Languages and Literatures
Latin American literature and theory

Damaris Punales-Alpizar, PhD
(University of Iowa)
Assistant Professor, Department of Modern Languages and Literatures
Latin American studies

Courses

ETHS 218. Jews in Early Modern Europe. 3 Units.
This course surveys the history of Jews in Europe and the wider world from the Spanish expulsion through the French Revolution. Tracking peregrinations out of the Iberian Peninsula to the British Isles, France, Holland, Italy, Germany, Poland-Lithuania, the Ottoman Empire, and the American colonies, it examines the diverse ways Jews organized their communities, interacted with their non-Jewish neighbors, and negotiated their social, economic, and legal status within different states and empires. What role did Jews play and what symbolic place did they occupy during a period of European expansion, technological innovation, artistic experimentation, and religious and political turmoil? What internal and external dynamics affected Jewish experiences in the sixteenth, seventeenth, and eighteenth centuries? Through a selection of inquisitorial transcripts, government records, memoirs, and historical literature, we will explore topics such as persecution, conversion, messianism, toleration, emancipation, and assimilation. Offered as HSTY 218, JDST 218, and ETHS 218. Counts as SAGES Departmental Seminar. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

ETHS 220. The Early Modern Mediterranean. 3 Units.
For centuries before Columbus crossed the Atlantic Ocean, travelers and traders, pirates and pilgrims, mercenaries and missionaries explored the contours of the Mediterranean Sea—and engaged in commerce, as well as religious, economic and military competition. If religion and ethnicity divided Muslims, Christians and Jews from Algiers to Athens, did shared geography, foodstuffs, and cultural values bind them together? This course examines the unity and diversity of this maritime region by considering the peoples, beliefs, commodities and diseases that circulated through it during the sixteenth, seventeenth, and eighteenth centuries. Does the early modern Mediterranean showcase a clash of civilizations or provide an enduring model for coexistence? Topics include merchant culture, diplomacy, honor and shame, slavery and colonization. Offered as ETHS 220, HSTY 220. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

ETHS 222. African-American Religions. 3 Units.
This course is an exploration of the rich diversity of African American religions from the colonial period to the present. Attention will be given to key figures, institutional expressions, and significant movements in African American religious history. Major themes include African traditions in American religions, slavery and religion, sacred music, social protest, Black Nationalism in religion, Islam, African American women and religion, and black and womanist theologies. Course requirements will include field trips to local religious sites. Offered as ETHS 222 and RLGN 222. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

ETHS 232. DESI: Diaspora, Ethnicity, Southasia(n), Interrogate. 3 Units.
In this class we will interrogate the cultural identity(ies) and imagined community(ies) of the “South Asian” Diaspora. We will first examine taxonomy and categorization itself, as a methodical, philosophical, and political enterprise. We will then examine how such contrived categories have been applied to the so-called desis, loosely and broadly understood as members of the South Asian Diaspora. To this end we will scrutinize the development of American(ized) “Hinduism.” the imagined location that desis have in North American racial and ethnic hierarchies, and the construction of assimilated, enculturated, and transnational imagined desi communities. Offered as RLGN 232, ETHS 232 and HSTY 232 Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

ETHS 234. France and Islam. 3 Units.
This seminar examines French encounters with the Muslim world from the Middle Ages to the present. Over the last millennium, France has viewed Saracens, Moriscos, Turks, Berbers, and Arabs with admiration and fear, disdain and incomprehension. Between the eleventh and thirteenth centuries, French soldiers battled in the Holy Land; for several hundred years after that, France and the Ottoman Empire exchanged diplomats, traders and slaves. The colonial occupation of Algeria that began in 1830 ended violently in 1962. By then, the empire that struck back had also come home through large waves of immigration. Today, the social and economic status, religious affiliation, political significance and cultural impact of French citizens of North African descent are the subject of burning national debate. Taking a long view on Franco-Muslim relations, the course will explore such topics as the Crusades, Mediterranean piracy and captivity, Napoleon’s Egyptian campaign, the Algerian War of Independence, the “veil affair,” riots in the suburbs of Paris and World Cup soccer. Offered as ETHS 234, HSTY 234. Counts as SAGES Departmental Seminar, Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

ETHS 235. Theater and Identity. 3 Units.
This course aims at surveying identities in dramatic and performance texts in the modern era. It will help students develop skills to study plays and related theatrical forms, to analyze images for their social and political meanings, to investigate issues of identity, to appreciate the complexities of identity and images of self and other as related in theater, media and the larger political and social contests. African and African-American identities, Latina/o-American and Latin American identities, Native-American identities, Asian-American and Asian identities, Gender identities will be examined. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

ETHS 251. Perspectives in Ethnicity, Race, Religion and Gender. 3 Units.
This course is designed to introduce students to the study of ethnicity. Basic concepts such as race, gender, class, and identity construction will be examined. Students are encouraged to use the tools and perspectives of several disciplines to address the experiences of ethnic groups in the United States. Offered as ETHS 251 and RLGN 251. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.
ETHS 253A. Introduction to African-American Studies. 3 Units.
This course is designed to introduce students to the study of Black History, cultures, economics, and politics. Students will learn about the development of the field by exploring theoretical questions, methodological approaches, and major themes that have shaped the study of black people, primarily in the U.S. context. This is a seminar-style, discussion-based course that emphasizes critical analysis and expository writing. Offered as ETHS 252A and HSTY 252A. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

ETHS 252B. Introduction to Latin American History. 3 Units.
This course provides an introduction to the historical and cultural development of Latin America, in an attempt to identify the forces, both internal and external, which shape the social, economic and political realities in present day Latin America. Beginning with its pre-Columbian civilizations, the course moves through the conquest and colonial period of the Americas, the wars of independence and the emergence of nation-states in the nineteenth century, and the issues confronting the region throughout the turbulent twentieth century, such as migration and urbanization, popular protest and revolution, environmental degradation, great power intervention, the drug trade and corruption, and the integration of the region into the global economy. Offered as ETHS 253B and HSTY 136. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

ETHS 254. The Holocaust. 3 Units.
This class seeks to answer fundamental questions about the Holocaust: the German-led organized mass murder of nearly six million Jews and millions of other ethnic and religious minorities. It will investigate the origins and development of racism in modern European society, the manifestations of that racism, and responses to persecution. An additional focus of the course will be comparisons between different groups, different countries, and different phases during the Nazi era. Offered as HSTY 254, RLGN 254, ETHS 254, and JDST 254. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

ETHS 260. U.S. Slavery and Emancipation. 3 Units.
Explores the fashioning of a modern African-American culture between emancipation and the end of World War II. Emergence of a northern-based leadership, the challenge of segregation, emergence of bourgeois culture, the fashioning of racial consciousness and black nationalism, the shift from a primarily southern and rural population to one increasingly northern and urban, the creation and contours of a modern African-American culture, the construction of racial/gender and racial/class consciousness. Offered as ETHS 261 and HSTY 261. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

ETHS 261. African-American History 1865-1945. 3 Units.
Explores the fashioning of a modern African-American culture between emancipation and the end of World War II. Emergence of a northern-based leadership, the challenge of segregation, emergence of bourgeois culture, the fashioning of racial consciousness and black nationalism, the shift from a primarily southern and rural population to one increasingly northern and urban, the creation and contours of a modern African-American culture, the construction of racial/gender and racial/class consciousness. Offered as ETHS 261 and HSTY 261. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

ETHS 262. African-American History Since 1945. 3 Units.
Completes the three-term sequence of the African-American history survey (although the first two courses are not prerequisites for this course). Explores some of the key events and developments shaping African-American social, political, and cultural history since 1945. Offered as HSTY 262 and ETHS 262. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

ETHS 265. Malcolm and Martin. 3 Units.
An examination of the lives, religious thought, and ideological frameworks of Malcolm X and Martin Luther King, Jr. The course will investigate Malcolm X and Martin's religious beliefs and activist strategies; the ideas and strategies of other civil rights and Black Nationalist leaders who influenced and challenged Martin and Malcolm's ideas on race, gender, class, and sexuality; and the historical antecedents for these strategies within nineteenth-century black religious, social, and political movements. Their impact on modern African American religious thought, American political culture, and international human rights movements will also be explored. Offered as ETHS 265 and RLGN 265. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.
ETHS 280. History of Modern Mexico. 3 Units.
This course explores the major issues that have influenced the formation of modern Mexico. This class is organized around three major themes. First, we will examine Mexican identity formation and its political implications. Second, we will assess Mexican life in relation to the development of the Mexican economy. Finally, we will survey how elite and popular forms of violence have affected Mexican society. Throughout the course, we will discuss the significance of the colonial heritage, regional distinctions, racial and gender stratification, and the creation and reconfiguration of various types of borders. Offered as HSTY 280 and ETHS 280. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

ETHS 287. State, War, Drugs, and Coffee in Colombia: History of Modern Colombia. 3 Units.
This course will analyze the major forces that have shaped Colombian history from the 19th century to the present. Colombia is one of the largest and most fascinating countries in Latin America. It has been intricately linked to the U.S. market as a major coffee producer and, more recently, as a major supplier of illicit drugs. Colombia has always been one of the wealthier Latin American countries, and it has a high degree of electoral democracy. Paradoxically, however, Colombia has also experienced rather high levels of regionalism and political violence. This course seeks to explore the history of these paradoxes. It will situate Colombia’s contemporary conflicts within a larger historical perspective. Offered as ETHS 287 and HSTY 287. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

ETHS 295. The Francophone World. 3 Units.
The course offers an introduction to the Francophone World from a historical, cultural, and literary perspective. The Francophone World includes countries and regions around the globe with a substantial French-speaking population (and where French is sometimes, but not always, an official language): North America (Louisiana, Quebec, and Acadia); North Africa (Tunisia, Morocco, Algeria, and Egypt); the Middle East (Lebanon, Syria); the Caribbean (Martinique, Guadeloupe, Haiti); Southeast Asia (Vietnam); and Europe (France, Belgium, Switzerland, and Luxembourg). FRCH 295 provides a comprehensive overview of the Francophone World, while focusing on a particular area or areas in any given semester. Offered as ETHS 295, FRCH 295, and WLIT 295. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

ETHS 301. Women, Creativity and the Arts. 3 Units.
WGST301/ETHS301 is one of two core courses for the program in Women’s and Gender Studies and an elective course for the ETHS minor. All WGST majors are to take one course concentrating on the subject of women and the arts specifically. This course also fulfills the cultural diversity requirement. In this course, students will focus on two areas of study: a) women and creativity and b) women and activism through the arts. A history of women in the arts will be covered, but the general focus of the course is on women in the arts since the 1960s in particular, and on artwork that reflects or provokes social change. “Arts” are defined in the broadest of sense. That is , students will study women’s production in painting, photography, graphic design, sculpture, dance, film, music, and theater. A variety of learning techniques will be applied: Students will look at feminist theories on art, be introduced to the notion of cyberfeminism, study actual artwork and its reproductions, understand the role of are in feminist activism and how women “create” differently from men, and work closely with several feminist artists/ activists through various programs on campus and the community in order to facilitate the planning and carrying out of artistic production. Subsequently, students will interact with children in Cleveland schools in conjunction with these artists giving master classes, and be exposed to art exhibits abroad through videoconferencing with the Algerian Cultural Center in Paris and locally through University Circle Institutions. Offered as WGST 301 and ETHS 301. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

ETHS 304. Representations of Black Women and Religion in Film. 3 Units.
In this course we will explore cinematic representations of black women and religion in film. Each week we will view a film in class. We will begin the class with the film Imitation of Life and then the course with The Help. Throughout the course we will analyze the ways in which notations of gender, sexuality, intimate violence, and modern notions of race and color, have informed representations of black women and religion in film. In addition, we will discuss how these representations, in turn, have influenced cultural ideas about black women in the Americas. Offered as RLGN 304, RLGN 404, WGST 304, and ETHS 304. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.
ETHS 306. The Cuban Experience: an immersion in its culture and society. 3 Units.
This is a three week study-abroad intensive course that takes place at Editorial Vigía, in Matanzas, Cuba. The course combines the unique advantages of a total immersion environment in Spanish with a classroom curriculum that includes conversation practice and study of relevant cultural, literary and historical issues. Students complete three hours of classroom instruction and an hour and a half of publishing workshop four days per week. In this workshop, they work in the edition of a bilingual book. In addition, they participate in organized visits to historic sites and museums connected to the culture curriculum. The focus of the culture curriculum is the study of Cuban history and culture through its literature, visual arts, films, and music. After applying and being accepted in the program, students meet for personal advising with the program director and attend four different one hour orientation-information meetings in the spring semester. After successful completion of the study-abroad program, students receive 3 upper-level credits in Spanish. The course is interdisciplinary in approach and provides students with the tools they need to analyze and understand the complexities of modern Cuba. Students will have formal classes taught by their professor and talks and meetings with specialists on Cuban literature, art, architecture, history and other aspects of culture and society. In addition, they will attend lectures, participate in discussions, and take field trips that will expose them to many aspects of Cuban culture, such as art, architecture, music, dance, film, literature, artisan work, folklore, history and urban growth. Offered as SPAN 306, SPAN 406, and ETHS 306. Prereq: SPAN 202.

ETHS 311. Representations of Black Religion in Film. 3 Units.
In this course we will explore cinematic representations of black religion in the Americas and the Caribbean. Each week we will view a film representing diverse religious traditions such as Christianity, Candomble, Santería, Vodoun, and Islam. Films will include Cabin in the Sky, The Color Purple, Black Orpheus, The Serpent and the Rainbow, Malcolm X, Eve's Bayou, and The Princess and the Frog. Throughout the course we will analyze the ways in which notions of gender, the history of colonialism, modern notions of race, and geographical landscapes have informed representations of black religion in film. In addition, we will discuss how these representations, in turn, have influenced cultural ideas of black religion in the Americas. Offered as RLGN 311, ETHS 311, and RLGN 411. Prereq: RLGN 222 or ETHS 251 or ENGL 367 or by permission of Instructor.

ETHS 314. Cultures of the United States. 3 Units.
This course considers the rich ethnic diversity of the U.S. from the perspective of social/cultural anthropology. Conquest, immigration, problems of conflicts and accommodation, and the character of the diverse regional and ethnic cultures are considered as are forms of racism, discrimination, and their consequences. Groups of interest include various Latina/o and Native peoples, African-American groups, and specific ethnic groups of Pacific, Mediterranean, European, Asian, and Caribbean origin. Offered as ANTH 314, ETHS 314, and ANTH 414. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

ETHS 316. African Political Thought. 3 Units.
Introduction to select themes in the work of contemporary African philosophers, with special emphasis on political thought. In this course, students will learn something about factors affecting the creation and flow of knowledge and ideas about Africa and discuss the relative importance of the "nation-state" as an idea in Europe, pre-colonial Africa, and post-colonial Africa. Offered as PHIL 316/416 and ETHS 316/416. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

ETHS 318. History of Black Women in the U.S.. 3 Units.
Chronologically arranged around specific issues in black women's history organizations, participation in community and political movements, labor experiences, and expressive culture. The course will use a variety of materials, including autobiography, literature, music, and film. Offered as ETHS 318, HSTY 318, and WGST 318.

ETHS 325. Hispanic Intellectuals and Society: A Critical Approach. 3 Units.
This course offers an overview of the most important critical approaches to Spanish American culture and literature, with a socio-historical emphasis. Some of the authors we will discuss are Angel Rama, Jose Antonio Cornejo Polar and Nestor Garcia Canclini. We will analyze how the Latin American intellectuals had thought about specific issues such as identity, race, ideology, colonial and post-colonial relations with the metropolis and the process of formation of the nations in the continent. The class, the discussions, exams, oral presentations and papers will be in Spanish. Some of the readings must be in English, but most of them will be in Spanish. Offered as SPAN 325, SPAN 425, ETHS 325, WLIT 325 and WLIT 425. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

ETHS 333. Contemporary Caribbean Literature. 3 Units.
In addition to developing a general familiarity with the literature and history of this region, students will acquire an awareness of the interrelation of national identity, memory, and language in the texts produced by contemporary Caribbean authors, and of the cultural hybridity characteristic of this production. The themes treated by these authors include colonialism and postcolonialism, cultural and religious syncretism, and sexual politics. Offered as SPAN 333, SPAN 433, ETHS 333, WLIT 333 and WLIT 433. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

ETHS 335. Women in Developing Countries. 3 Units.
This course will feature case studies, theory, and literature of current issues concerning women in developing countries primarily of the French-speaking world. Discussion and research topics include matriarchal traditions and FGM in Africa, the Tunisian feminist movement, women, Islam, and tradition in the Middle East, women-centered power structures in India (Kerala, Pondichery), and poverty and women in Vietnam, Laos, and Cambodia. Guest speakers and special projects are important elements of the course. Seminar-style format, taught in English, with significant disciplinary writing in English for WGST, ETHS, and some WLIT students, and writing in French for FRCH and WLIT students. Writing assignments include two shorter essays and a substantial research paper. Offered as ETHS 335, FRCH 335, WLIT 335, WGST 335, FRCH 435 and WLIT 435. Counts as SAGES Departmental Seminar. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

ETHS 336. The Struggle for Justice in Latin America. 3 Units.
This course looks at how indigenous peoples, women, students, workers, peasants, and Afro-Latin Americans struggled for justice in Latin America. It will study how notions of justice have changed from colonial times to the present. It will also examine how different sectors of Latin American society understood the meaning of justice and how that understanding evolved through time. This class seeks to familiarize students with the history of the idea of justice in Latin America. At the end of this course students will understand the complex intellectual and political differences behind Latin America's apparent chaotic and tumultuous political history. Second, it seeks to develop students' critical thinking by examining how an abstract term, such as justice, changes across time and space. Offered as ETHS 336 and HSTY 336. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.
ETHS 337. Women in the Arab World. 3 Units.
The purpose of this course is twofold: It is a course that allows students an in-depth look at the diverse women who represent a number of cultures in the Arab world in nations from the Mashrek to the Maghreb. The second primary goal of the course is to study such women through the eyes of leading Arab women theorists who have made an impact not only in their own countries, but also on disciplines intersecting with women's studies worldwide. We will study the Arab woman's place in her respective society, in political and economic systems, in education, and in the family. We will also analyze her contributions to art and literature as well as to the sciences. The course will provide an overview of the Arab woman throughout history, from her origins to her place within recent movements within the Arab Spring and other current world events. As Arab women are Muslim, Christian, and Jewish, views of women within these major world religions will also be taken into account as we study the Arab woman as well as religion's impact on culture in the Middle East and in the Maghreb in particular. In the course, we will utilize theoretical texts, but also case studies as well as examples from media and the arts. During the semester, we will take advantage of teleconferencing opportunities between CWRU and two major academic units for Women's Studies in the Arab world: The Institute for Women's Studies in the Arab World (IWSAW) in Beirut, Lebanon, and the University of Jordan's Center for Women's Studies in Amman. Offered as FRCH 337, FRCH 437, ARAB 337, ETHS 337 and WGST 337. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

ETHS 338. The Cameroon Experience. 3 Units.
Three-week immersion learning experience living and studying in Cameroon. The focus of the course is the culture, literature, and language of Francophone Cameroon, with some emphasis on Anglophone Cameroon. Students spend a minimum of fifteen hours per week visiting cultural sites and attending arranged courses at the University of Buea. Students will prepare a research paper. Coursework is in French. To do coursework in English, students should enroll in WLIT 338/438 or ETHS 338/438. Offered as ETHS 338, FRCH 338, WLIT 338, ETHS 438, FRCH 438, and WLIT 438. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

ETHS 339. Black Women and Religion. 3 Units.
This course is an exploration of the multidimensional religious experiences of black women in the United States. These experiences will be examined within particular historical periods and across diverse social and cultural contexts. Course topics and themes include black women and slave religion, spirituality and folk beliefs, religion and feminist/womanist discourse, perspectives on institutional roles, religion and activism, and spirituality and the arts. Offered as: ETHS 339 and RLGN 338 and WGST 339. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

ETHS 340. A History of Workers in the United States. 3 Units.
This course examines the experience of working people in the United States with an emphasis on twentieth-century social movements. It explores the lives of the women and men, skilled and unskilled, and rural and urban laborers that produce the goods and provide the services that society consumes. At crucial moments, working people have created or helped sustain national social movements in an effort to improve some aspect of their lives. We therefore will assess laborers in relation to several known and less known American social movements, such as the eight-hour day movement during the late nineteenth century, the peace movement during WWII, and the Civil Rights movement in the wake of WWII. Throughout the course we will also discuss the politics of time-managed work; the influence of public policy and government institutions; the role of unions within a competitive market economy; the relationship between industrial economies and functional blue-collar communities; and the correlation between immigration and globalization. Offered as HSTY 340, HSTY 430, and ETHS 340. Counts as SAGES Departmental Seminar. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

ETHS 342. Latin American Feminist Voices. 3 Units.
Examination of the awakening of feminine and feminist consciousness in the literary production of Latin American women writers, particularly from the 1920s to the present. Close attention paid to the dominant themes of love and dependency; imagination as evasion; alienation and rebellion; sexuality and power; the search for identity and the self-preservation of subjectivity. Readings include prose, poetry, and dramatic texts of female Latin American writers contributing to the emerging of feminist ideologies and the mapping of feminist identities. Offered as SPAN 342, SPAN 442, ETHS 342, WGST 342, WLIT 342, and WLIT 442. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

ETHS 343. The New Drama in Latin American. 3 Units.
Representative works of contemporary Latin American drama. Critical examination of selected dramatic works of twentieth-century Latin America provides students insight into the nature of drama and into the structural and stylistic strategies utilized by Latin American dramatists to create the "new theater," one which is closely related to Latin American political history. Offered as SPAN 343, SPAN 434, ETHS 343, WLIT 343 and WLIT 434. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

ETHS 349. The Arab World Experience. 3 Units.
Taught and led by Case faculty, The Arab World Experience is a spring semester course with a spring break study abroad component in a Middle Eastern or North African country supplemented by course meetings before and after travel. It will rotate among countries such as Jordan, Lebanon, Morocco, etc. and be taught by faculty with appropriate area expertise in Arabic, Women's and Gender Studies, and/or Ethnic Studies. The course focuses on topics such as history, politics, culture, and gender relations within the society of study. Workload and learning outcomes are commensurate with a semester-long three credit hour course. Guest lectures in the host country are an important component of the course as they bring a fresh, authentic perspective to the aforementioned topics discussed. There will be three three-hour meetings prior to travel, required reading, and one three-hour meeting after travel. In the host country, students will spend seven days (five-eight hours per day) in seminars, discussions, and site visits. Student grades are determined on the basis of participation, attendance, a daily experiential learning journal, interviews with guest speakers, and a final exam. Offered as ARAB 349, ETHS 349 and WGST 349.
ETHS 352. African Feminisms. 3 Units.
This course traces the history of African feminism from its origins within traditions through to a more contemporary theoretical analysis of gender, marriage, and motherhood seen from an Afrocentric perspective. Approaches studied are those that pertain to anthropology, history, literature, sociology, and culture. African feminist theory of scholars such as Filomina Steady, Cheikh Anta Diop, Buchi Emecheta, Ifi Amadiume, Obioma Nnameka, Oyeronko Oyewumi, and Calixthe Beyala will be studied and there will be some comparative analysis of Western theories to show how African feminisms are clearly distinct. Theories on these feminisms will be presented, and in the process, students will look at cases of women in Cameroon, Nigeria, Ghana, Kenya, and Senegal. It is commonly believed that African women were defined for a long time according to constructs of Western anthropology. This course will thus look at social institutions such as woman-to-woman marriage, matriarchy, and various women's rituals in order to identify African constructs of gender, family, kinship, marriage, and motherhood. Offered as ETHS 352 and WGST 352. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

ETHS 356. Afro-Hispanic Literature. 3 Units.
This course will survey the literary and cultural production of writers and artists of African descent in Latin America and the Caribbean, paying attention to both their creative and theoretical texts. Discussion of questions of race and ethnicity will allow students to explore the ways in which these texts rework the idea of national identity and cultural belonging in the context of the nation-state, whose traditional centrality is being weakened through the effects of migration and exile. Readings include works by writers from Cuba, Puerto Rico, Dominican Republic, Costa Rica, Colombia, Panama, Ecuador, and Peru. Offered as SPAN 356, SPAN 456, ETHS 356, WLIT 356 and WLIT 456. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

ETHS 358. Latin American Cinema. 3 Units.
This course is designed to introduce students to the basic tools of film analysis as well as to the major trends and movements in Latin American cinema from the 1960s to the present. Through the analysis of representative films from Latin America, the course will examine the development of a variety of cinematic styles, paying particular attention to the historical contexts in which the films were produced and to the political, cultural, and aesthetic debates that surrounded their production. Offered as SPAN 358, SPAN 458, ETHS 358, WLIT 358 and WLIT 458. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

ETHS 362. Politics of Central Asia. 3 Units.
Once an unfamiliar region to many people of the world, Central Asia took center stage in the fall of 2001 as a result of the U.S. campaign against terrorism. This course will introduce students to the politics of Central Asia, focusing on the region today composed of Uzbekistan, Turkmenistan, Tajikistan, Kyrgyzstan, and Kazakhstan. We will review the nationalism, foreign relations, religion, ethnicity, and economics of the region. Offered as ETHS 362, POSC 362, and POSC 462. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

ETHS 363H. African-American Literature. 3 Units.
A historical approach to African-American literature. Such writers as Wheatley, Equiano, Douglass, Jacobs, DuBois, Hurston, Hughes, Wright, Baldwin, Ellison, Morrison. Topics covered may include slave narratives, African-American autobiography, the Harlem Renaissance, the Black Aesthetic, literature of protest and assimilation. Maximum 6 credits. Offered as ENGL 363H, ETHS 363H, WLIT 363H, ENGL 463H, and WLIT 463H. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement. Prereq: ENGL 150 or passing letter grade in a 100 level first year seminar in USFS, FSCC, FSNA, FSSO, FSSY, FSTS, FSCS.

ETHS 364. Dictatorship and Democracy in Modern Latin America. 3 Units.
Examination of political leadership in 20th-century Latin America, exploring the nature, causes, and consequences of dictatorship and democracy in the region, moving from the collapse of oligarchic rule and the emergence of populism in the 1930s and 1940s, to the end of democracy and establishment of military regimes in the 1960s and 1970s, and ultimately to the contemporary processes of democratization and economic liberalization. Offered as ETHS 364, POSC 364, and POSC 464. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

ETHS 365N. Topics in African-American Literature. 3 Units.
Selected topics and writers from nineteenth, twentieth, and twenty-first century African-American literature. May focus on a genre, a single author or a group of authors, a theme or themes. Maximum 6 credits. Offered as ENGL 365N, ETHS 365N, WLIT 365N, ENGL 465N, and WLIT 465N. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement. Prereq: ENGL 150 or passing letter grade in a 100 level first year seminar in USFS, FSCC, FSNA, FSSO, FSSY, FSTS, FSCS.

ETHS 365Q. Post-Colonial Literature. 3 Units.
Readings in national and regional literatures from former European colonies such as Australia and African countries. Maximum 6 credits. Offered as ENGL 365Q, ETHS 365Q, WLIT 365Q, ENGL 465Q, and WLIT 465Q. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement. Prereq: ENGL 150 or passing letter grade in a 100 level first year seminar in USFS, FSCC, FSNA, FSSO, FSSY, FSTS, FSCS.

ETHS 366. Government and Politics of Africa. 3 Units.
Comparative analysis of the political forces and organizations currently functioning in Africa, as well as a survey of the formal government institutions. Special emphasis on single-party rule, military rule, and the political ramifications of African socialism, tribalism and the problems of national integration. Offered as ETHS 366, POSC 366, and POSC 466. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

ETHS 369. Current Controversies in Latin American Politics and Society. 3 Units.
In addition to questions about race, religion, abortion, the drug industry, immigration, democracy, private property, and free trade, the course will tackle Latin America's apparent shift to the political and ideological left, Chavez's "Imperialism," and Cuba's humanitarian aid. Offered as ETHS 369, POSC 369 and POSC 469. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

ETHS 370K. Nationalism, Ethnicity, and Religion in World Politics. 3 Units.
Examination of the post-Cold War surge in conflicts among nationalisms, ethnic groups, and religions with particular attention to the former Yugoslavia, Ireland, India, Africa, and the Middle East. Offered as ETHS 370K, POSC 370K, and POSC 470K. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

ETHS 374. Politics of Development in the Global South. 3 Units.
Exploration of the post-World War II emergence of the Global South nations of Africa, Asia, the Middle East, Latin America, and the Eastern Europe arena. Offered as ETHS 374, POSC 374, and POSC 474. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.
ETHS 385. Hispanic Literature in Translation. 3 Units.
Critical analysis and appreciation of representative literary masterpieces from Spain and Latin America, and by Hispanics living in the U.S. Texts cover a variety of genres and a range of literary periods, from works by Cervantes to those of Gabriel Garcia Marquez. The course will examine the relationship between literature and other forms of artistic production, as well as the development of the Hispanic literary text within the context of historical events and cultural production of the period. Counts toward Spanish major only as related course. No knowledge of Spanish required. Offered as ETHS 385, ETHS 485, SPAN 385, SPAN 485, WLIT 385, and WLIT 485. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

ETHS 391. Advanced Readings in Black History. 3 Units.
This is an advanced readings course that may change from semester to semester. This course will provide students with an opportunity to more deeply explore special themes and theoretical issues in the field of black history that are often quickly and briefly covered in broad survey courses. Readings may be organized around specific topics such as resistance and social protest, black intellectual history, black nationalism and identity, black film and historical literacy black cultural forms and politics, black urban history, or some such other combination. Students may take this course more than once and receive credit as long as the course topic differs. Students should contact the History Department for more details on course content during any given semester. Offered as ETHS 391, HSTY 399 and HSTY 499.

ETHS 393. Advanced Readings in the History of Race. 3 Units.
This course examines the concept of race as a social construction that carries political and economic implications. We begin by examining the histories of the early racial taxonomists (e.g., Bernier, Linnaeus, and Blumenbach among others) and the contexts that informed their writings. We then assess how the concept of race changed from the nineteenth to the twentieth century in the United States. We conclude by evaluating how the ideology of race has influenced U.S. domestic life and foreign policy at specific historical moments. Offered as HSTY 393, HSTY 493, and ETHS 393. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

ETHS 394. The Subaltern and The Poetics of War in Africa. 3 Units.
This course is a seminar on major war writers and filmmakers in Africa such as Chinua Achebe, Ngugi wa Thiongo, Emmanuel Dongola, Iweala Uzodinma, Ismael Beah, Semebene Ousmane, Ingrid Sinclair etc. Students will be asked to use postcolonial theory to critically read and view films and texts on war in Africa. They will engage in discussion with guest scholars in the field of African studies. In addition to a final research paper, students are also required to write short papers on selected books and films read and/or viewed during the semester. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

ETHS 399. Independent Study. 0 - 3 Units.
This course focuses on topics in ethnicity. In consultation with the program director and instructors, students pick topics in their concentrations and make a list of books and films for personal and intensive reading. Some of these projects might be Arts and Identity in post-independent Africa [African Concentration], films, literatures and human rights in Latin America [Latin America and Caribbean Concentration], civil rights through music and songs [African-American Concentration] etc. Travel may be a component of this course depending on the nature of the students' interests. Weekly reports are required for the instructors to measure the students' progress.

ETHS 416. African Political Thought. 3 Units.
Introduction to select themes in the work of contemporary African philosophers, with special emphasis on political thought. In this course, students will learn something about factors affecting the creation and flow of knowledge and ideas about Africa and discuss the relative importance of the "nation-state" as an idea in Europe, pre-colonial Africa, and postcolonial Africa. Offered as PHIL 316/416 and ETHS 316/416. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

ETHS 438. The Cameroon Experience. 3 Units.
Three-week immersion learning experience living and studying in Cameroon. The focus of the course is the culture, literature, and language of Francophone Cameroon, with some emphasis on Anglophone Cameroon. Students spend a minimum of fifteen hours per week visiting cultural sites and attending arranged courses at the University of Buea. Students will prepare a research paper. Coursework is in French. To do coursework in English, students should enroll in WLIT 338/438 or ETHS 338/438. Offered as ETHS 338, FRCH 338, WLIT 338, ETHS 438, FRCH 438, and WLIT 438. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

ETHS 485. Hispanic Literature in Translation. 3 Units.
Critical analysis and appreciation of representative literary masterpieces from Spain and Latin America, and by Hispanics living in the U.S. Texts cover a variety of genres and a range of literary periods, from works by Cervantes to those of Gabriel Garcia Marquez. The course will examine the relationship between literature and other forms of artistic production, as well as the development of the Hispanic literary text within the context of historical events and cultural production of the period. Counts toward Spanish major only as related course. No knowledge of Spanish required. Offered as ETHS 385, ETHS 485, SPAN 385, SPAN 485, WLIT 385, and WLIT 485. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

**Evolutionary Biology Program**

The Evolutionary Biology Program is designed to provide students with knowledge of macro- and micro-evolutionary processes underlying the evolution and diversification of life on Earth and an understanding of the meta-scientific issues involved in this unique field of study.

The program includes grounding in the history and philosophy of evolutionary thought and alternative conceptualizations of the mechanisms, patterns, and processes of evolution. It emphasizes evolutionary theory, foundations of ecology and genetics, focused study of particular organisms or groups of organisms, and the dynamics of evolutionary principles in scientific inquiry.

**Undergraduate Programs**

**Major**

Evolutionary biology is a second major, to be pursued in conjunction with a conventional disciplinary major. Up to 12 credits in required and elective courses taken by students for their first major may be applied to their evolutionary biology major.

The 30-credit interdisciplinary major in evolutionary biology consists of:

1. Three foundation courses
2. One course in ecology
3. One course in the philosophy/history of science
4. Four approved electives
The approved electives may include additional philosophy/history of science courses from the list below. In consultation with a major advisor, students will tailor intensive study to suit particular interests within the major.

**Required courses:**

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<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>BIOL 251</td>
<td>Introduction to Organismal and Population Systems</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>or BIOL 214</td>
<td>Genes, Evolution and Ecology</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EEPS 210</td>
<td>Historical Geology/Paleontology</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PHIL/ANTH/</td>
<td>Evolution</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BIOL/EEPS/</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HSTY 225</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Additional required courses (one from each area):**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Area</th>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ecology</td>
<td>BIOL 216</td>
<td>Development and Physiology</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>BIOL 336</td>
<td>Aquatic Biology</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>BIOL 351</td>
<td>Principles of Ecology</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Philosophy/History of Science</td>
<td>HSTY 201</td>
<td>Science in Western Thought I</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>HSTY 202</td>
<td>Science in Western Thought II</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>HSTY 402</td>
<td>Introduction to Historiography of Science</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>PHIL 203</td>
<td>Natural Philosophy I</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>PHIL 303</td>
<td>Topics in Philosophy of Science</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Approved electives:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ANTH 103</td>
<td>Introduction to Human Evolution</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ANTH 302</td>
<td>Darwinian Medicine</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ANTH 370</td>
<td>Field Seminar in Paleoanthropology</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ANTH 375</td>
<td>Human Evolution: The Fossil Evidence</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ANTH 377</td>
<td>Human Osteology</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ANTH 378</td>
<td>Reproductive Health: An Evolutionary Perspective</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BIOL 214L</td>
<td>Genes, Evolution and Ecology Lab</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BIOL 216L</td>
<td>Development and Physiology Lab</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BIOL 223</td>
<td>Vertebrate Biology</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BIOL 305</td>
<td>Herpetology</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BIOL 318</td>
<td>Introductory Entomology</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BIOL 326</td>
<td>Genetics</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BIOL 328</td>
<td>Plant Genomics and Proteomics</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BIOL 339</td>
<td>Aquatic Biology Laboratory</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BIOL 343</td>
<td>Microbiology</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BIOL 345</td>
<td>Mammal Diversity and Evolution</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BIOL 351L</td>
<td>Principles of Ecology Laboratory</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BIOL 358</td>
<td>Animal Behavior</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BIOL 359</td>
<td>Genetic Basis of Behavior</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BIOL 362</td>
<td>Principles of Developmental Biology</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BIOL 363</td>
<td>Experimental Developmental Biology</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BIOL 364</td>
<td>Research Methods in Evolutionary Biology</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BIOL 365</td>
<td>Evo-Devo: Evolution of Body Plans</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BIOL/ANTH/</td>
<td>Seminar in Evolutionary Biology</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EEPS/HSTY/</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PHIL 394</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EEPS 301</td>
<td>Stratigraphy and Sedimentation</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EEPS/BIOL/</td>
<td>Evolutionary Biology and Paleobiology of Invertebrates</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>307</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PSCL 350</td>
<td>Behavior Genetics</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STAT 201</td>
<td>Basic Statistics for Social and Life Sciences</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STAT 313</td>
<td>Statistics for Experimenters</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EECS 458</td>
<td>Introduction to Bioinformatics</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ANTH/EEPS/</td>
<td>Topics in Evolutionary Biology</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PHIL 367</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ANTH/BIOL/</td>
<td>Undergraduate Research in Evolutionary Biology</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EEPS/PHIL</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>396</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Total Units: 27**

**Minor**

The 15-credit interdisciplinary minor consists of three foundation courses and two approved electives. In consultation with a minor advisor, students will tailor intensive study to suit their particular interests.

**Required courses:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>BIOL 251</td>
<td>Introduction to Organismal and Population Systems</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>or BIOL 214</td>
<td>Genes, Evolution and Ecology</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BIOL/ANTH/</td>
<td>Evolution</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EEPS/HSTY/</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PHIL 225</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EEPS 210</td>
<td>Historical Geology/Paleontology</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Two approved electives selected in consultation with advisor:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Total Units: 15**

**Program Faculty**

Patricia Princehouse, PhD  
*Senior Research Associate, Department of History; Director, Evolutionary Biology Program*

Radhika Alt, PhD  
*Associate Professor, Department of Biology*

Cynthia M. Beall, PhD  
*Distinguished University Professor and Sarah Idell Pyle Professor of Anthropology, Department of Anthropology*

Michael Benard, PhD  
*George B. Mayer Chair in Urban and Environmental Studies; Assistant Professor, Department of Biology*

Darin Croft, PhD  
*Associate Professor, Department of Anatomy, School of Medicine*

Yohannes Haile-Selassie Ambaye, PhD  
*Adjunct Professor, Department of Anthropology; Curator and Head of Physical Anthropology, Cleveland Museum of Natural History*

Emmitt Jolly, PhD  
*Assistant Professor, Department of Biology*

Bruce Latimer, PhD  
*Adjunct Professor of Anthropology; Adjunct Associate Professor, Department of Anatomy, School of Medicine*

Peter McCall, JD, PhD  
*Professor, Department of Earth, Environmental, and Planetary Sciences*
French and Francophone Studies Program

Designed to develop cross-cultural awareness and to foster international understanding, the French and Francophone Studies (FFS) Program adds an exciting dimension to the traditional liberal arts curriculum. The French and Francophone Studies major differs from the traditional French major in two respects: its interdisciplinary nature and its greater flexibility in accommodating students’ areas of interest. The FFS major answers the needs of students with a strong interest in cultural issues in general and in French and Francophone history and society in particular. By allowing students to take course work in English, the FFS major allows them to profit from the many courses in various departments that focus on France and the Francophone world.

The FFS Program is an interdisciplinary, integrated program that understands the term “French” in its broadest sense. It thus reflects the diversity of the field of French studies, which explores varied cultures of Francophone expression: Canada, the Caribbean, North and West Africa, the Middle East, and Southeast Asia. Reaching beyond disciplinary and national boundaries, the program encourages students to choose from a large selection of courses in the humanities, the arts, and the social sciences. In this way, it provides both a meaningful course of study and an outstanding preparation for graduate or professional schools and for careers in international business and finance, law, journalism, diplomatic service, nonprofit and other international organizations, health, teaching, or the arts.

Major (p. 441) | Study Abroad (p. 442) | Minor (p. 442)

Undergraduate Programs

Major

Each student prepares a program of study in close consultation with a faculty advisor drawn from the advisory committee. Students should also discuss their choice of a minor or a second major with their advisor.

French and Francophone Studies (FFS) majors should demonstrate French language ability by completing French 201-202 or the equivalent. They will also take at least one 300-level FRCH course (see Foundations in Culture courses below).

The major in French and Francophone Studies requires a minimum of 33 credit hours in the following areas:

1. Foundations in Language (8 hours)

For students entering at the 200-level of French language:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>FRCH 201</td>
<td>Intermediate French I</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FRCH 202</td>
<td>Intermediate French II</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Students entering at the 300-level of language study complete 21 credits in Electives section below:

Total Units   8

2. Foundations in Culture: Introduction to French and Francophone cultures (9 hours)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>FRCH/WLIT 295</td>
<td>The Francophone World</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Two of the following:</td>
<td></td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FRCH 316</td>
<td>Contemporary France</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FRCH 318</td>
<td>The Origins of France</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FRCH 319</td>
<td>Modern France</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HSTY 310</td>
<td>The French Revolutionary Era</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Total Units   9

3. Electives: Related Courses in French and Other Disciplines (15-21 hours)

Students select from courses that focus on French and Francophone cultures in FRCH and other disciplines (art history, political science, history, etc.). These are chosen from the approved list (see below) and in conjunction with a program advisor. No more than 9 of these credits may be chosen from FRCH courses.

**Anthropology**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ANTH 399</td>
<td>Independent Study</td>
<td>1 - 6</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Art History**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ARTH 260</td>
<td>Art in Early Modern Europe</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ARTH 280</td>
<td>Modern Art and Modern Science</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ARTH 284</td>
<td>History of Photography</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ARTH 340</td>
<td>Issues in the Art of China</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ARTH 367</td>
<td>17th and 18th Century Art in France</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ARTH 374</td>
<td>Impressionism to Symbolism</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ARTH 379</td>
<td>Issues in 19th Century Art</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ARTH 392</td>
<td>Issues in 20th/21st Century Art</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ARTH 398</td>
<td>Independent Study in Art History</td>
<td>1 - 3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Economics**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ECON 372</td>
<td>International Finance</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ECON 373</td>
<td>International Trade</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ECON 375</td>
<td>Economics of Developing Countries</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**English**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ENGL/WLIT 290</td>
<td>Masterpieces of Continental Fiction</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ENGL 301</td>
<td>Linguistic Analysis</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ENGL/WLIT 368C</td>
<td>Topics in Film</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ENGL 379</td>
<td>Topics in Language Studies</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ENGL/WLIT 387</td>
<td>Literary and Critical Theory</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**History**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>HSTY 151</td>
<td>Technology in European Civilization</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HSTY 201</td>
<td>Science in Western Thought I</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HSTY 202</td>
<td>and Science in Western Thought II</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
HSTY 212  Modern European History  3  
HSTY 215  Europe in the 20th Century  3  
HSTY 234  France and Islam  3  
HSTY 250  Issues and Methods in History  3  
HSTY 309/RLGN  Reformation Europe, 1500-1650  3  
374  
HSTY 310  The French Revolutionary Era  3  
HSTY/RLGN 315  Heresy and Dissidence in the Middle Ages  3  
HSTY 332  European International Relations 1789-1945  3  
HSTY/POSC 348  History of Modern Political and Social Thought  3  
HSTY 397  Undergraduate Tutorial  1 - 3  

**International Studies**

INTL 396  International Independent Study  1 - 3  

**Music**

MUHI 301  History of Western Music I  3  
MUHI 302  History of Western Music II  3  
MUHI 303  History of Western Music III  3  

**Philosophy**

PHIL 302  Modern Philosophy  3  
PHIL 315  Selected Topics in Philosophy  3  
PHIL 325  Philosophy of Feminism  3  
PHIL 399  Directed Study  3  

**Political Science**

POSC 326  Constitutions in Practical Politics  3  
POSC/HSTY 348  History of Modern Political and Social Thought  3  
POSC 351  Modern Political Thought  3  
POSC 366  Government and Politics of Africa  3  
POSC 367  Western European Political Systems  3  
POSC 370A  Political Economy  3  
POSC 373  Politics of the European Union  3  
POSC 374  Politics of Development in the Global South  3  
POSC 395  Special Projects  1 - 6  

**Religious Studies**

RLGN/HSTY 315  Heresy and Dissidence in the Middle Ages  3  
RLGN 374/HSTY 309  Reformation Europe, 1500-1650  3  
RLGN 392  Independent Study  1 - 3  

**Theater**

THTR/WLIT 229  Development of Theater: Renaissance to Romanticism  3  
THTR 329  Modern and Contemporary Drama  3  
THTR 399  Independent Study in Theater Arts  1 - 3  

**World Literature**

WLIT 211  World Literature I  3  
WLIT 212  World Literature II  3  
WLIT/THTR 229  Development of Theater: Renaissance to Romanticism  3  
WLIT/ENGL 290  Masterpieces of Continental Fiction  3  
WLIT 300  The City in Literature  3  
WLIT/ENGL 368C  Topics in Film  3  
WLIT 390  Topics in World Literature  3  
WLIT 399  Independent Study  1 - 3  

Courses offered in a given semester with a French and Francophone Studies component are posted in Guilford House at registration time and on the French and Francophone Studies (http://www.case.edu/artsci/fr_studies) website.

**Study Abroad**

Study abroad in France, Belgium, Switzerland, French Canada, the Francophone Caribbean, or a Francophone African or Middle Eastern country is strongly encouraged but not required for FFS majors. The Department of Modern Languages and Literatures offers a summer study abroad program in Paris (FRCH 308 The Paris Experience / WLIT 308 The Paris Experience) in even-numbered years. A summer study abroad program in Cameroon (FRCH 308 The Paris Experience / WLIT 308 The Paris Experience / ETHS 338 The Cameroon Experience) is offered in odd-numbered years. FRCH 208 The Montreal Experience is a spring break service-learning excursion to Montreal.

**Minor**

The minor requires 15-17 credits. Students entering at the 200 level of language competence take:

FRCH 201  Intermediate French I  4  
FRCH 202  Intermediate French II  4  
Three courses in FRCH from the approved list  9  
Total Units  17  

At least 6 credits should be taken in disciplines other than FRCH. Students entering at the 300 level of language competence take five courses at the 200 and 300 levels in FRCH and from the approved list. At least 3 credits should be in courses from FRCH taught in the French language, and at least 6 credits should be taken in disciplines other than FRCH.

**Program Advisory Committee**

Gilbert Doho, PhD  
Associate Professor, Department of Modern Languages and Literatures  
Laura E. Hengehold, PhD  
Associate Professor and Chair, Department of Philosophy  
Marie Lathers, PhD  
Elizabeth M. and William C. Treuhaft Professor of Humanities,  
Department of Modern Languages and Literatures
German Studies Program

In its reconstituted form, Germany has again become a major player in European and global affairs. Germany has always been considered important to European development—at various times it has been called the crossroads of the entire continent—but the economic might of modern Germany and the integration of the European Union have now made American understanding of German culture and civilization more important to—and worthy of study by—American students than at any time since 1945.

German Studies, an integrated program of study leading to the BA degree, offers students the freedom to develop an interdisciplinary sequence of courses to meet their particular needs and interests. It builds the foundation for graduate work in many academic fields that call for a thorough knowledge of German language, culture, and history. It also prepares students for careers in international business or for future study in professional programs such as law and business administration.

German Studies administers a summer immersion program, The Munich Experience, which allows students to spend four weeks in Munich and experience the city’s vibrant culture and breathtaking surroundings. After graduation, many German and German Studies majors (most of whom have a second major in another field) return to Germany to study or work. Our majors have returned to Germany on Fulbright scholarships, through internships administered by the Carl-Duisberg-Gesellschaft, or as interns for the German parliament.

Undergraduate Programs

Major

The major in German Studies, which includes a German language requirement, concentrates on the study of the German cultural tradition in history, philosophy, the fine arts, music, film studies, politics, and culture. The major is particularly suited to students wishing to combine interests in German language and culture with a major in another discipline.

The major requires 30 hours, to be distributed as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>GRMN 303</td>
<td>German Culture &amp; Civilization</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GRMN 311</td>
<td>Advanced Conversation</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GRMN 396</td>
<td>Senior Capstone - German (or equivalent)</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Twenty-one additional hours approved by one of the co-directors</td>
<td>21</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Total Units 30

Possible concentrations for the German Studies major include history and philosophy; German literature and theater history; political science and history; art history; music history; and religious studies. Within the program requirements, students are free to shape the major as they wish, based on their own intellectual interests.

Minor

The course requirements for the minor (15 hours) are as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Requirement</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>One of the following:</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GRMN 303  German Culture &amp; Civilization</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GRMN 311  Advanced Conversation</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Four additional 300-level courses approved by one of the co-directors</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Total Units 15

Program Faculty

Kenneth Ledford, PhD
Associate Professor, Department of History; Co-Director, Max Kade Center for German Studies

Susanne Vees-Gulani, PhD
Associate Professor, Department of Modern Languages and Literatures; Co-Director, Max Kade Center for German Studies

Gerontological Studies Program

The Gerontological Studies Program is a multidisciplinary program designed to integrate research and theory from multiple disciplines about aging and the life course. Prompted in part by broad social and technological changes that include the “graying” of the world’s population, humanists, scientists, social scientists, and professionals have become interested in understanding the position of older adults in society, age-related processes in various contexts, and variations in the cultural meaning of age. The program draws on the most recent thinking and research in a variety of disciplines to provide students with a background that will be helpful after graduation, both in work and in graduate or professional school.

In keeping with the interdisciplinary nature of the program, the core courses are drawn from three departments: Anthropology, Psychological Sciences, and Sociology. Students may choose from a variety of courses according to their own interests. Most of the electives are not specifically gerontology courses but cover topics that contribute to the understanding of aging and the life course. The perspectives gained in the core courses will provide the student with the background needed to relate the material in the more general courses to gerontological issues. The program is firmly grounded in the liberal arts and thus provides the student with the challenge to think and communicate effectively and to integrate diverse information, theories, and practice.

Gerontological Studies is an appropriate major or minor for students with a wide variety of career goals. The aging of the population has made available entry-level positions for persons with baccalaureate degrees in organizations that provide services to older people and that formulate policy related to aging and older adults. Many graduate programs now include an emphasis on aging for which a degree in Gerontological Studies would serve as a useful background. Students planning to pursue professional degrees will find that an increasing number of their clients or patients will be older adults and that problems with which they must deal will be related to aging. The perspective provided by participating in the Gerontological Studies program provides students with excellent background for working with older populations.
Faculty members associated with the program are engaged in a variety of funded research projects. These include studies of Alzheimer’s disease; cancer survivorship; health disparities and cumulative dis/advantage over the life course; patterns of care for the elderly; visual perception changes that accompany aging; the impact of high levels of physical activity on the biological aging process; grandparent-grandchild relationships; and stress, coping, and adaptation among urban community and institutionalized elderly.

**Undergraduate Programs**

**Major**

The interdisciplinary program in Gerontological Studies offers a major as part of the Bachelor of Arts degree. Gerontological Studies may be selected only as a second major, since the primary major must be based in a traditional academic department. The major consists of a minimum of 30 credits; 15 are in required core courses and 15 are in approved elective courses.

**Required core courses:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ANTH 304</td>
<td>Introduction to the Anthropology of Aging</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>COSI 345</td>
<td>Communication and Aging</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PSCL 369</td>
<td>Adult Development and Aging</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SOCI 369</td>
<td>Aging in American Society</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Fifth required course to to be determined in consultation with the Gerontological Studies advisor

Any five of the following approved electives: 15

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ANTH 215</td>
<td>Health, Culture, and Disease: An Introduction to Medical Anthropology</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ANTH 318</td>
<td>Death and Dying</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SOCI 269</td>
<td>Young and Old Face the 21st Century</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SOCI 311</td>
<td>Health, Illness, and Social Behavior</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SOCI 313</td>
<td>Sociology of Stress and Coping</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SOCI 319</td>
<td>Sociology of Institutional Care</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SOCI 370</td>
<td>Sociology of the Family</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Minor**

Students may also elect a minor in Gerontological Studies. The minor requires a minimum of 15 credit hours, including at least two of the following four courses.

At least two of the following * 15

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ANTH 304</td>
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<td>3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Graduate Certificate Program in Gerontology**

University Center on Aging and Health

* The remaining nine hours required to fulfill the minor requirement may consist of any combination of the approved electives and core courses listed for the Gerontological Studies major.

**Program Faculty**

**Dale Dannefer, PhD**
(Rutgers University)

**Selah Chamberlain Professor of Sociology and Chair, Department of Sociology; Co-Director, Gerontological Studies Program**

* Aging and the life course; theory; work and family; research methods

**Gary T. Deimling, PhD**
(Bowling Green State University)

**Professor, Department of Sociology; Co-Director, Gerontological Studies Program**

* Medical sociology; sociology of aging; family sociology

**Grover C. Gilmore, PhD**
(Johns Hopkins University)

**Dean, Jack, Joseph and Morton Mandel School of Applied Social Sciences; Professor, Department of Psychological Sciences**

* Visual perception and aging, Alzheimer’s disease, intelligence

**Brian Gran, PhD (Northwestern University), JD (Indiana University-Bloomington)**

**Associate Professor, Department of Sociology**

* Sociology of law; comparative sociology; health care policy; human rights

**Eva Kahana, PhD**
(University of Chicago)

**Distinguished University Professor and Pierce T. and Elizabeth D. Robson Professor of the Humanities, Department of Sociology**

* Sociology of aging; medical sociology; social factors in stress and coping

---

1420 Frances Payne Bolton School of Nursing
Phone: 368-2692; Fax: 216-368-6389
Diana L. Morris, PhD, RN, FAAN, FGSA, Executive Director
diana.morris@case.edu

The University Center on Aging and Health (http://fpb.case.edu/Centers/UCAH/program.shtm) is dedicated to the premise that aging is a developmental process spanning the entire life cycle, and brings together social and behavioral sciences, health sciences, and the humanities to encourage teaching and research activities in every unit of the University. The Center sponsors a certificate program in gerontology for graduate and professional students and for those who already hold graduate degrees.

A student interested in a graduate certificate in gerontology must be enrolled in a master’s or doctoral program, or be a special non-degree student with at least a master’s degree (or equivalent). To receive a certificate in gerontology, a student must submit a formal application, be approved by the University Center on Aging and Health, and take 12 credit hours of course work.

The student must complete the following courses:

1. Two three-credit courses in gerontology within the student's discipline, one of which can be an independent study.
2. One three-credit course in gerontology or independent study outside the student’s discipline.
3. A three-credit seminar in gerontology offered by the center.

Any departures from the requirements must be approved by the center director. For further information, contact the University Center on Aging and Health.

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**Total Units**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
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<th>Units</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
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Any five of the following approved electives: 15

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**Total Units** 27

**At least two of the following * 15**

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<td>3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Total Units** 15
Jessica Kelley-Moore, PhD  
(Purdue University)  
Associate Professor, Department of Sociology  
Health disparities; sociology of disability; sociology of the life course; race/ethnicity

T. J. McCallum, PhD  
(University of Southern California)  
Associate Professor, Department of Psychological Sciences  
Older adults; caregiving; ethnicity; stress and coping

Jennifer Karas Montez, PhD  
(University of Texas at Austin)  
Assistant Professor, Department of Sociology  
Socioeconomic inequalities in health and mortality; women's health; aging and the life course

Diana L. Morris, PhD, RN, FAAN, FGSA  
(Case Western Reserve University)  
Florence Cellar Associate Professor of Genotological Nursing  
Geriatric mental health, aging and quality of life, family caregiving, science of unitary human beings

Courses

GERO 498. Seminar in Gerontological Studies. 3 Units.  
Major themes in gerontology. Seminar members choose a problem area, explore the relevant literature from a multi-disciplinary perspective, and develop a research project using knowledge gained through community observation and library exploration.

GERO 601. Independent Study. 1 - 3 Unit.  
For students enrolled in the graduate certificate program in gerontology.

History and Philosophy of Science Program

The Department of Philosophy and the Department of History together offer an undergraduate major in the history and philosophy of science. The purpose of the major is to develop a humanistic understanding of the nature and development of science through the combined use of philosophical and historical methods. The major provides a foundation for graduate study in a range of academic disciplines and for careers in such areas as business, medicine, law, public policy, and science journalism. It also may be profitably combined with a program in one of the sciences. Within the major, a student may seek an emphasis on the philosophy of science, the history of the physical sciences, or the history of the biological and medically related sciences.

Undergraduate Programs

Major

The history and philosophy of science major requires 30 credit hours from courses in philosophy and in history of science and technology:

Any four of the following seven classes:  
PHIL 101  Introduction to Philosophy  
HSTY 151  Technology in European Civilization  
HSTY 201  Science in Western Thought I  
HSTY 202  Science in Western Thought II  
HSTY/PHIL 203  Natural Philosophy I

Students who major in the history and philosophy of science are not permitted to take a second major in philosophy or to minor in philosophy.

Minor

Students who minor in history and philosophy of science are required to complete 15 credit hours, as follows:

Any three of the following five classes:  
PHIL 101  Introduction to Philosophy  
HSTY 202  Science in Western Thought II  
HSTY/PHIL 203  Natural Philosophy I  
PHIL 302  Modern Philosophy  
Two electives approved by the minor advisor

Total Units 15

Department Faculty

Colin McLarty, PhD  
Truman P. Handy Professor of Philosophy; Director, History and Philosophy of Science Program

James M. Edmonson, PhD  
Adjunct Associate Professor, Department of History; Director, Dittrick Medical History Center

Chris Haufe, PhD  
Assistant Professor, Department of Philosophy

Miriam R. Levin, PhD  
Professor, Department of History

Alan J. Rocke, PhD  
Distinguished University Professor and Henry Eldridge Bourne Professor of History

Jonathan Sadowsky, PhD  
Theodore J. Castele Professor; Associate Professor, Department of History

International Studies Program

The International Studies Program is a multidisciplinary program leading to the BA degree. Study in the program provides students with the ability to read beyond the headlines—to understand how world situations and events came about, how they fit into broader issues and systems, and how they might shape the future. To attain this goal, students are introduced to methods of conceptualizing international and global issues, and to the study of a society other than their own. They learn to think critically about contending and complementary methods and theories, developing an appreciation of both traditional disciplinary approaches and newer, cross-disciplinary approaches. Students also acquire skills in a language other than English (or other than their native language).

It is strongly recommended that all international studies students participate in at least one of several off-campus programs that facilitate
the international perspective: study abroad, summer internships overseas or in Washington, D.C., or professional, practicum-type work experiences in Cleveland that involve an international context.

In addition to forming the basis for an evolving understanding of and lifelong engagement with the modern world, a background in international studies provides excellent, practical preparation for careers that deal with the world’s emerging needs. International studies majors go on to careers in international marketing and management, diplomatic service, health, law, social services, and journalism, as well as careers within the academic disciplines. The professional schools of business, medicine, nursing, law, and applied social sciences at Case Western Reserve all have significant international foci, and our students can explore careers in these areas during their undergraduate years. The skills, analytic abilities, and critical approaches of international studies should equip students as well for new employment patterns which may not fit into existing career descriptions.

Undergraduate Program

Major

The major in international studies requires a minimum of 33 credit hours, chosen from approved topical and area studies courses, plus satisfaction of a language competency requirement. Each student will prepare a program of study that includes course selections meeting the seven requirements below. Normally, no more than two courses taken for international studies credit may count simultaneously toward a minor or another major. Courses taken to satisfy the language competency requirement are exempted from this rule, and several international studies courses contribute to the completion of general education requirements.

Requirements for the Major

1. Multidisciplinary Foundations (required courses; 12 hours). These courses provide an introduction to understandings of society and culture, principles of economics, change over time, and interactions among countries, while exposing students to a variety of world societies and issues. International studies majors will be expected to have completed the multidisciplinary foundations courses before embarking on a study abroad program. These courses are:

   ANTH 102 Being Human: An Introduction to Social and Cultural Anthropology 3
   ECON 103 Principles of Macroeconomics (*) 3
   HSTY 113 Introduction to Modern World History 3
   POSC 172 Introduction to International Relations 3

(*) Students who matriculated prior to Fall 2014 can use ECON 102 Principles of Microeconomics, rather than ECON 103 Principles of Macroeconomics, for the economics course, in accordance with the previous major requirements.

2. Area Focus (6 hours): Two courses that concentrate on a single region of the world. Such courses are offered in many departments and programs. In order to count toward the area focus, courses from the Department of Modern Languages and Literatures must include content other than exclusively language learning, such as the study of literature or cinema. Area foci include Africa, Asia, Europe, Latin America, and the Middle East.

3. Topical Focus (6 hours): A related pair of courses that examine a transnational topic. Topical foci include, but are not limited to, international security and diplomacy, global environment, international trade and finance, global health, international development, and global arts.

4. Elective Area or Topical Courses (6 hours): Two additional courses toward the area focus or topical focus.

5. Students must include courses from at least two different departments or programs among their six area, topical, and elective courses. (This is highly recommended, but not required, for students who matriculated prior to Fall 2014.) These courses should be selected in consultation with the international studies director.

6. Senior Project (required course, 3 hours): The senior project offers students the opportunity to demonstrate their understanding of the complexity and dynamics of the human world as a result of majoring in international studies. Students who matriculated Fall 2014 or later complete INTL 399 International Studies Colloquium, contingent on it being offered their senior fall. Otherwise those students must complete INTL 398 International Studies Senior Research Project. Students who matriculated before Fall 2014 must complete INTL 398.

INTL 398 International Studies Senior Research Project: Students work individually with a faculty project advisor to research and write a major paper, typically in their senior year. Students should identify their faculty project advisors and topics no later than the semester before they intend to complete INTL 398. Students must complete a prospectus no later than the second week of the semester. Upon request to the international studies director, who seeks approval from the director of SAGES, this course can meet the requirements of a SAGES capstone.

INTL 399 International Studies Colloquium: Students analyze topics relevant to the foreign geographic area and broad theme they have chosen for their major foci. To do so, they draw on their international experience, knowledge acquired through a foreign language, and prior coursework for the major. Students share their conclusions in the seminar itself and in a public presentation. This course meets the requirements of a SAGES capstone.

7. Language Competency (0 to 16 credit hours): In addition to the 33 credit hours of international studies course work, students must demonstrate competency in a language other than their native language. This may be done by:

   1. completing a language course at the 300 level or above
   2. completing four semesters in a single language
   3. demonstrating to the Department of Modern Languages and Literatures a non-native language competency equivalent to that attained by completing a 300-level or above course

Honors: Honors are awarded to students who meet three requirements—an exceptional senior project (grade of A), a 3.3 overall GPA, and a 3.7 GPA in international studies courses (area focus, topic focus, and electives).

There is no minor in international studies.

Faculty

Kelly McMann, PhD
(University of Michigan)
Associate Professor, Department of Political Science; Director, International Studies Program
Courses

INTL 396. International Independent Study. 1 - 3 Unit.
Study of a topic within the scope of international studies. The student must complete a prospectus form, approved and signed by the supervising faculty member, no later than the second week of classes. The prospectus must outline the goals of the project and the research methodology to be used and is part of the basis for grading. Open to juniors and seniors majoring in international studies.

INTL 398. International Studies Senior Research Project. 3 Units.
Individual work with a faculty tutor leading to the writing of a major research paper. Open only to seniors majoring in international studies.

INTL 399. International Studies Colloquium. 3 Units.
This course offers seniors the opportunity to demonstrate their understanding of the complexity and dynamics of the human world as a result of majoring in International Studies. Students analyze topics relevant to the foreign geographic areas and broad themes they have chosen for their major foci. To do so, they draw on their international experiences, knowledge acquired through foreign languages, and prior coursework for the major. Students share their conclusions in the seminar itself and in a public presentation. This course meets the requirements of a SAGES capstone.

Japanese Studies Program

Today’s students find themselves in a world of increasingly multi-ethnic, multi-religious, multicultural contexts. Through a long history of receiving, reworking, and incorporating influences from nearby cultural centers on the Asian mainland and surrounding Pacific islands and from the world beyond, including Europe and the Americas, Japan has developed a tradition of multiculturalism—a tradition that is best understood through interdisciplinary study. Following this thread, the Japanese Studies Program seeks to foster the student’s global and interdisciplinary perspectives, while at the same time maintaining a flexibility that allows individuals to pursue their own areas of interest. To further foster the students’ linguistic and cultural development, the Japanese Studies Program strongly encourages study abroad in Japan for a year, a semester, or a summer.

Courses

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>JAPN 201</td>
<td>Intermediate Japanese I</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>JAPN 202</td>
<td>Intermediate Japanese II</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>JAPN 301</td>
<td>Advanced Japanese I</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>JAPN 302</td>
<td>Advanced Japanese II</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>JAPN 350</td>
<td>Contemporary Japanese Texts I</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>or JAPN 450</td>
<td>Japanese in Cultural Context I</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>JAPN 351</td>
<td>Contemporary Japanese Texts II</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>or JAPN 451</td>
<td>Japanese in Cultural Context II</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>JAPN 397</td>
<td>Senior Thesis I</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>JAPN 398</td>
<td>Senior Thesis II</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Four Asian studies, world literature, or other related courses</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Total Units 40

* JAPN 450/451, if not taken as replacement(s) for JAPN 350/351, can be counted toward the four Asian studies, world literature, or other related courses.
** This course requires a substantial research paper in Japanese or English. Students are required to identify their faculty advisors and the topic of their paper by the end of the junior year. Exceptional papers may be considered for honors.
*** “Other related courses” may include courses in Japanese literature, film, theater, art history, anthropology, philosophy, religion, sociology, political science, or history.

Students beginning the major at the 300 level do not take JAPN 201 Intermediate Japanese I and JAPN 202 Intermediate Japanese II, but do take one “directed reading” in Japanese in an area related to their major research. All other requirements for the BA are the same.

Courses in other disciplines also form an important component of the Japanese Studies Program. They provide an international, as well as interdisciplinary, perspective on Japanese culture. A faculty advisor supervises each student’s selection of these courses.

In addition to the courses required for the major, the following courses are offered in the Japanese Studies Program:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>JAPN/WLIT 225</td>
<td>Japanese Popular Culture</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>JAPN/WLIT 255</td>
<td>Modern Japanese Literature in Translation</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>JAPN/WLIT 245</td>
<td>Classical Japanese Literature in Translation</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>JAPN/WLIT 345</td>
<td>Japanese Women Writers</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>JAPN/WLIT 355</td>
<td>Modern Japanese Novels and the West</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>JAPN 399</td>
<td>Independent Study</td>
<td>1 - 3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Program Honors

Exceptional papers written for the senior thesis may qualify for program honors. In addition, to qualify for the BA with honors in Japanese, students must achieve a minimum GPA of 3.5 in courses taken for the Japanese major.

Study Abroad

A year of study in Japan is highly recommended, as is additional study in another language. All efforts are made to grant appropriate credit for courses taken at a Japanese university during the year abroad.
Minor

For students beginning Japanese at the introductory level, the course requirements for the minor are as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>JAPN 101</td>
<td>Elementary Japanese I</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>JAPN 102</td>
<td>Elementary Japanese II</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>JAPN 201</td>
<td>Intermediate Japanese I</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>JAPN 202</td>
<td>Intermediate Japanese II</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>One 300-level course</td>
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<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Units</td>
<td></td>
<td>19</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

For students beginning Japanese at the 200 level, the requirements for the minor are five courses at the 200 and 300 level, approved by a program director.

Program Faculty

Linda C. Ehrlich, PhD  
(University of Hawaii)  
Associate Professor, Department of Modern Languages and Literatures; Co-Director, Japanese Studies Program

Takao Hagiwara, PhD  
(University of British Columbia)  
Associate Professor, Department of Modern Languages and Literatures; Co-Director, Japanese Studies Program

Margaret M. Fitzgerald, MA  
(Ohio State University)  
Full-time Lecturer, Department of Modern Languages and Literatures

Yoshiko Kishi, MA  
(New York University)  
Full-time Lecturer, Department of Modern Languages and Literatures

Aiko Ishii, MA  
(University of Oregon)  
Full-time Lecturer, Department of Modern Languages and Literatures

Program Advisory Committee

William E. Deal, PhD  
(Harvard University)  
Severance Professor in the History of Religion, Department of Religious Studies; Department of Cognitive Science

Courses

JAPN 101. Elementary Japanese I. 4 Units.
Introduction to understanding, speaking, reading, and writing Japanese. Students learn to read and write hiragana and katakana syllabaries and 50 kanji characters. Students are expected to achieve control of the sound system and basic structure of the language. Emphasizes aural comprehension and speaking.

JAPN 102. Elementary Japanese II. 4 Units.

JAPN 201. Intermediate Japanese I. 4 Units.
Further study of fundamental structures of Japanese. Students improve aural comprehension, speaking, reading, and writing abilities and learn approximately 100 new characters. Recommended preparation: JAPN 102 or equivalent.

JAPN 202. Intermediate Japanese II. 4 Units.
Continuation of JAPN 201. Students learn an additional 100 kanji characters. With the completion of JAPN 201 - 202, students should have control of the fundamentals of modern Japanese and a firm foundation in the writing system. Recommended preparation: JAPN 201 or equivalent.

JAPN 225. Japanese Popular Culture. 3 Units.
This course highlights salient aspects of modern Japanese popular culture as expressed in animation, comics and literature. The works examined include films by Hayao Miyazaki, writings by Kenji Miyazawa, Haruki Murakami and Banana Yoshimoto, among others. The course introduces students to essential aspects of modern Japanese popular culture and sensibility. Offered as JAPN 225 and WLIT 225. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

JAPN 245. Classical Japanese Literature in Translation. 3 Units.
Readings, in English translation, of classical Japanese poetry, essays, narratives, and drama to illustrate essential aspects of Japanese culture and sensibility before the Meiji Restoration (1868). Lectures explore the sociohistorical contexts and the character of major literary genres; discussions focus on interpreting the central images of human value within each period. Japanese sensibilities compared to and contrasted with those of Western and other cultures. Offered as JAPN 245 and WLIT 245.

JAPN 255. Modern Japanese Literature in Translation. 3 Units.
Focus on the major genres of modern Japanese literature, including poetry, short story, and novel (shosetsu). No knowledge of Japanese language or history is assumed. Lectures, readings, and discussions are in English. Films and slides complement course readings. Offered as JAPN 255 and WLIT 255.

JAPN 301. Advanced Japanese I. 4 Units.
Emphasizes conversational proficiency and reading. Students must use the course material offered by the Online Language Learning Center in addition to class meetings. Recommended preparation: JAPN 202 or equivalent.

JAPN 302. Advanced Japanese II. 4 Units.
Continuation of JAPN 301; emphasizes conversational proficiency and reading. Japanese life and culture introduced through supplemental materials and activities. Students must use the course material offered by the Online Language Learning Center in addition to class meetings. Recommended preparation: JAPN 301 or equivalent.

JAPN 345. Japanese Women Writers. 3 Units.
Contributions of women writers to the literature of pre-modern and modern Japan; investigations of how their works exemplify and diverge from "mainstream" literary practices. Emphasis on the social and cultural contexts of the texts. Offered as JAPN 345 and WLIT 345.
JAPN 350. Contemporary Japanese Texts I. 3 Units.
The primary aim of this course is to develop communication skills in Japanese based on those that the students have acquired in JAPN 302 or equivalent. The students will read and discuss various texts such as daily conversations, essays, and news scripts with the assistance of vocabulary and kanji (Chinese character) lists and formal grammar explanations. Attention also will be given to enhancing the students' writing and aural/oral proficiencies through regularly assigned homework, presentations, tape listening, video viewing, and classroom discussion. Recommended preparation: JAPN 302 or equivalent.

JAPN 351. Contemporary Japanese Texts II. 3 Units.
This course is a continuation of JAPN 350 and its primary aim overlaps with that of JAPN 350: to develop more sophisticated communication skills in Japanese. Students will read and discuss various texts such as daily conversations, essays, and news scripts largely with the assistance of vocabulary and kanji (Chinese character) lists. Attention will be given to enhancing the students' writing and aural/oral proficiencies through regularly assigned homework, presentations, tape listening, video viewing, and classrooms discussion. Prereq: JAPN 350 or consent of instructor.

JAPN 355. Modern Japanese Novels and the West. 3 Units.
This course will compare modern Japanese and Western novelists, drama, and novels. Comparisons will focus on the themes of family, gender and alienation, which subsume a number of interrelated sub-themes such as marriage, home, human sexuality, amae (dependence), innocence, experience, death, God/gods, and nature (the ecosystem). Offered as JAPN 355, WLIT 355. Counts as SAGES Departmental Seminar. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

JAPN 356. Senior Capstone - Japanese. 3 Units.
The Senior Capstone in Japanese is an independent study project chosen in consultation with a capstone advisor. The capstone project should reflect both the student's interest within Japanese and the courses he or she has taken to fulfill the major. The project requires independent research using an approved bibliography and plan of action. In addition to written research, the student will also present the capstone project in a public forum that is agreed upon by the project advisor and the student. Counts as SAGES Senior Capstone. Prereq: Senior status required. Major in Japanese required.

JAPN 357. Senior Thesis I. 3 Units.
Intensive study of a literary, linguistic, or cultural topic with a faculty member, leading to the writing of a research paper in English or Japanese. Limited to senior majors. Permit required.

JAPN 358. Senior Thesis II. 3 Units.
Continuation of JAPN 357. Limited to senior majors. Prereq: JAPN 357.

JAPN 359. Independent Study. 1 - 3 Unit.
Directed study for students who have progressed beyond available course offerings.

JAPN 450. Japanese in Cultural Context I. 3 Units.
The primary aim of this graduate course is to develop sophisticated communication skills (listening, speaking, reading, and writing) in Japanese. The students will read and discuss various texts in the original, such as essays, news scripts, and literary works. Classroom instruction and discussion will be conducted in Japanese. The students also will be required to write a research paper of 4000-6000 letters/characters (10-15 genkoyoshi pages) in Japanese on a topic related to Japan and the student's specialty. Recommended preparation: JAPN 351 or equivalent.

JAPN 451. Japanese in Cultural Context II. 3 Units.
This course is a continuation of JAPN 450 and it aims at a further development of sophisticated communication skills (listening, speaking, reading, and writing) in Japanese. The students will read and discuss various texts in the original, such as essays, news scripts, and literary works both classical and modern. Classroom instruction and discussion will be conducted in Japanese. The students also will be required to write a research paper of 6000-8000 letters/characters (15-20 genkoyoshi pages) in Japanese on a topic related to Japan and the student's specialty. Recommended preparation: JAPN 450 or equivalent.

Judaic Studies Program

The Judaic Studies Program offers an interdisciplinary approach to the study of the history, religion, social experience, and culture of the Jewish people. By bringing a variety of fields and disciplines to bear on its subject, the program intends to convey to students the complex interaction of forces that create and express Jewish ethnic and religious identity. Students completing the program will have a broad knowledge of the field along with the tools necessary for continued study of Jewish civilization in all its manifestations.

Undergraduate Program

Minor

The minor consists of a minimum of five or six courses, according to the following scheme, to be chosen in consultation with the program director.

Required Courses:
A. Introduction to Judaic Studies 3
   JDST 201 Introduction to Judaic Studies
B. Nine additional credit hours of courses that have a JDST cross-listing. Alternatively, students may take six credit hours of JDST courses plus three credit hours from one course on the following list:
   ENGL 365E The Immigrant Experience
   HBRW 201 Intermediate Modern Hebrew I
   HBRW 202 Intermediate Modern Hebrew II
   HBRW 301 Advanced Modern Hebrew I
   HBRW 302 Advanced Modern Hebrew II
   HBRW 399 Independent Studies
   HSTY 257 Immigrants in America
   POSC 370K Nationalism, Ethnicity, and Religion in World Politics
   POSC 379 Introduction to Middle East Politics
C. Two semesters of Hebrew (HBRW 101 and HBRW 102). 8

Students who place out of the 100-level HBRW courses must take an additional course from B as specified above.

Total Units 20

Program Faculty

Peter J. Haas, PhD
Abba Hillel Silver Professor of Jewish Studies, Department of Religious Studies; Director, Judaic Studies Program

Judith Neulander, PhD
Full-time Lecturer, Department of Religious Studies
Courses

JDST 201. Introduction to Judaic Studies. 3 Units.
An introduction to the academic study of Judaic religion and culture, this course does not presuppose any previous study of, or experience with, Judaism. The course takes an interdisciplinary approach, drawing on a variety of methods to examine the diverse issues that make up the current field of Judaic Studies. The course will examine the Jewish experience across time and space, and may include some "field" experience, such as a visit to a synagogue or to the Maltz Museum of Jewish Heritage. Required for the minor in Judaic Studies. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

JDST 208. Introduction to Western Religions. 3 Units.
Basic introduction to the three great monotheistic religions of the Western World: Christianity, Judaism, and Islam. All three of these religious traditions trace their roots to the faith of biblical Israel as revealed by a series of prophets including Noah, Abraham, and Moses. Each absorbed the philosophy and science of the Greco-Roman world and went on both to influence and struggle with each other. Many of the religious problems of the contemporary world, from Afghanistan to the Middle East to Yugoslavia, can be traced to tension within and between these religious groups. Offered as RLGN 208 and JDST 208. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

JDST 211. Great Books of Western Religion. 3 Units.
Students will engage with the major writings that have shaped Western religious traditions (Christianity, Judaism, Islam) from their earliest expressions until the present day. Readings include the foundational Scriptures (Hebrew Bible, New Testament, Quran) of each tradition, religious poetry and other writings from the Middle Ages, and modern writers on spiritually and religiously significant works of literature. The course will be conducted as a seminar, in which students will read the selected original texts and will discuss their religious and spiritual meaning and significance in class. Each student will also prepare a final project based on the assigned authors or readings. Offered as RLGN 211 and JDST 211.

JDST 218. Jews in Early Modern Europe. 3 Units.
This course surveys the history of Jews in Europe and the wider world from the Spanish expulsion through the French Revolution. Tracking peregrinations out of the Iberian Peninsula to the British Isles, France, Holland, Italy, Germany, Poland-Lithuania, the Ottoman Empire, and the American colonies, it examines the diverse ways Jews organized their communities, interacted with their non-Jewish neighbors, and negotiated their social, economic, and legal status within different states and empires. What role did Jews play and what symbolic place did they occupy during a period of European expansion, technological innovation, artistic experimentation, and religious and political turmoil? What internal and external dynamics affected Jewish experiences in the sixteenth, seventeenth, and eighteenth centuries? Through a selection of inquisitorial transcripts, government records, memoirs, and historical literature, we will explore topics such as persecution, conversion, messianism, toleration, emancipation, and assimilation. Offered as HSTY 218, JDST 218, and ETHS 218. Counts as SAGES Departmental Seminar. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

JDST 220. Jewish Traditional Art and Architecture. 3 Units.
Tradition and transformation in Jewish artistic expression over time and across space. Course will begin with biblical period and continue down to the present day in Israel and America. Examination of how concepts such as "Jewish" and "art" undergo change within the Jewish community over this period. Offered as ARTH 220 and JDST 220. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

JDST 228. The Jewish Image in Popular Film. 3 Units.
Explores film as social practice for its makers and its audience from the silent era through Hollywood's Golden Age, to the technological dazzle of the present day. Notes views of the Jews as stereotypical "Racial Other," not only capable of Jewish self-representation, but also capable of representing any group widely believed to be non-white, non-Christian or otherwise "alien." By studying select films in historical context, the course will trace changes in this stereotype. By the end of the semester, students will understand how film is shaped by, and how it actively shapes, our construction of American Selves vs. Ethnic Others. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

JDST 233. Introduction to Jewish Folklore. 3 Units.
Exploration of a variety of genres, research methods and interpretations of Jewish folklore, from antiquity to the present. Emphasis on how Jewish folklore traditions and culture give us access to the spirit and mentality of the many different generations of the Jewish ethnic group, illuminating its past and informing the direction of its future development. Offered as ANTH 233, RLGN 233, and JDST 233. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

JDST 254. The Holocaust. 3 Units.
This course seeks to answer fundamental questions about the Holocaust: the German-led organized mass murder of nearly six million Jews and millions of other ethnic and religious minorities. It will investigate the origins and development of racism in modern European society, the manifestations of that racism, and responses to persecution. An additional focus of the course will be comparisons between different groups, different countries, and different phases during the Nazi era. Offered as HSTY 254, RLGN 254, ETHS 254, and JDST 254. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.
JDST 268. Women in the Bible: Ethnographic Approaches to Rite and Ritual, Story, Song, and Art. 3 Units.
Examination of women in Jewish and Christian Biblical texts, along with their Jewish, Christian (and occasionally Muslim) interpretations. Discussion of how these traditions have shaped images of, and attitudes toward, women in western civilization. Offered as RLGN 268, WGST 268, and JDST 268.

JDST 280. Religion and Politics in the Middle East. 3 Units.
An in-depth look at the relationship between politics and religion in the Middle East. Students will spend the first week on the CWRU campus and the last three weeks in Israel, where time will be divided between classroom teaching, guest lectures, and “field trips” to important sites. Students will have the opportunity to interact directly with members of the region’s diverse religious groups within the political, social, and cultural contexts in which they live. A final research paper will be required. Knowledge of Hebrew is not necessary. Offered as JDST 280 and RLGN 280. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

JDST 314. Mythologies of the Afterlife. 3 Units.
This course provides a multidisciplinary approach to the idea of an afterlife, and its manifestation in diverse cultures. We will examine the way varying views of the afterlife influence religion, popular culture and palliative care, and how human creativity has shaped the heavens, hells, hauntings and holidays of diverse populations over time and across space. Students will come to see the afterlife as an integral part of human history and experience, not only because it helps people die with better hope, but because it helps them to live more richly. Offered as RLGN 314 and JDST 314.

JDST 330. Classical Jewish Religious Thought. 3 Units.
The thought of some major biblical and Rabbinic writings and of the classic age of medieval Jewish philosophy. Offered as JDST 330, PHIL 332, and RLGN 330.

JDST 341. Jewish Urban History. 3 Units.
This course examines the relationship between Jews and the modern urban environment. It seeks to answer questions such as: How did the modernization of cities affect Jews and Jewish communities? In what ways did Jews contribute to modern urban cultural and social forms? What is Jewish urban space, is it unique, and how is it remembered later on? Are there differences between the patterns in Europe, the Middle East, and the Americas? Offered as HSTY 341 and JDST 341. Counts as SAGES Departmental Seminar. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

JDST 350. Jewish Ethics. 3 Units.
An exploration of Jewish moral and ethical discourse. The first half of the course will be devoted to studying the structure and content of classical Jewish ethics on issues including marriage, abortion, euthanasia, and social justice. Students will read and react to primary Jewish religious texts. The second half of the course will focus on various modern forms of Judaism and the diversity of moral rhetoric in the Jewish community today. Readings will include such modern thinkers as Martin Buber and Abraham Joshua Heschel. Offered as JDST 350, RLGN 350, and RLGN 450. Counts as SAGES Departmental Seminar.

JDST 371. Jews under Islam and Christianity. 3 Units.
This course examines the social and political status of Jews under Muslim and Christian rule since the Middle Ages. Themes include interfaith relations, Islamic and Christian beliefs regarding the Jews, Muslim and Christian regulation of Jewry, and the Jewish response. Offered as HSTY 371, JDST 371 and RLGN 371. Counts as SAGES Departmental Seminar. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.
Astronomy
One of the following sequences: 6
ASTR 201 The Sun and its Planets (& Any other 200-level ASTR course)
ASTR 221 Stars and Planets
& ASTR 222 and Galaxies and Cosmology

Total Units 6

Biology
Two of the following sequences: 8
BIOL 214 Genes, Evolution and Ecology
& 214L and Genes, Evolution and Ecology Lab
BIOL 215 Cells and Proteins
& 215L and Cells and Proteins Laboratory
BIOL 216 Development and Physiology
& 216L and Development and Physiology Lab

Total Units 8

Chemistry
One of the following sequences: 8-10
CHEM 105 Principles of Chemistry I
& CHEM 106 and Principles of Chemistry II
& CHEM 113 and Principles of Chemistry Laboratory
CHEM 111 Principles of Chemistry for Engineers
& CHEM 113 and Principles of Chemistry Laboratory
& ENGR 145 and Chemistry of Materials

Total Units 8-10

Earth, Environmental, and Planetary Sciences
One of the following: 3
EEPS 101 The Earth and Planets
EEPS 110 Physical Geology
EEPS 115 Introduction to Oceanography
EEPS 117 Weather and Climate
EEPS 119 Geology Laboratory
One additional EEPS course

Total Units 3

Mathematics
One of the following sequences: 8
MATH 125 Math and Calculus Applications for Life, Managerial, and Social Sci I
& MATH 126 and Math and Calculus Applications for Life, Managerial, and Social Sci II
MATH 121 Calculus for Science and Engineering I
& MATH 122 and Calculus for Science and Engineering II

Total Units 8

Physics
One of the following sequences: 8-11
PHYS 115 Introductory Physics I
& PHYS 116 and Introductory Physics II

PHYS 121 General Physics I - Mechanics
& PHYS 122 and General Physics II - Electricity and Magnetism
& PHYS 221 and Introduction to Modern Physics

Total Units 8-11

Nutrition
The College of Arts and Sciences awards the Bachelor of Arts and Bachelor of Science degrees in nutrition and nutritional biochemistry and metabolism. The required courses for the majors and minor are offered by the Department of Nutrition in the School of Medicine. For details about the department’s undergraduate programs, please consult the Department of Nutrition (p. 760) section of this bulletin.

Public Policy Program
A minor in public policy is available to undergraduates in the College of Arts and Sciences and in the economics and management programs in the Weatherhead School of Management. The course requirements are in four categories: the public policy process; economic analysis; policy or political institutions or history; and a specific policy field. Courses are listed in the "Undergraduate" section (see link above). Substitutions can be made under exceptional circumstances, at the discretion of the program director.

Undergraduate or graduate courses with public policy content are offered through the Departments of Anthropology, Earth, Environmental and Planetary Sciences, History, Political Science, and Sociology in the College of Arts and Sciences; through the Department of Economics and other departments in the Weatherhead School of Management; through the School of Law, the School of Medicine, and the Frances Payne Bolton School of Nursing; and through the Jack, Joseph and Morton Mandel School of Applied Social Sciences. Students can engage with policy issues both through courses and through the extracurricular programming of the Center for Policy Studies and other university bodies.

Undergraduate Programs
Minor
One of the following: 3
POSC 386 Making Public Policy
POSC 383 Health Policy and Politics in the United States
POSC 306 Interest Groups in the Policy Process

The following: 3
ECON 102 Principles of Microeconomics

One of the following: 3
HSTY 256 American Political History
HSTY 400 Graduate Topical Seminar
POSC 308 The American Presidency
POSC 310 The Legislative Process
POSC 323 Judicial Politics
POSC 384 Ethics and Public Policy
POSC 385 U.S. Bureaucratic Politics

Two courses on a particular field of public policy * 6

Total Units 15
Selected with the approval of the program director. A list of courses that have been approved in the past is available on the Public Policy Program’s Web site (http://www.case.edu/artsci/public_policy/specialization.html).

**Program Advisory Committee**

Joseph White, PhD  
Luxenberg Family Professor of Public Policy and Chair, Department of Political Science; Director, Center for Policy Studies; Director, Public Policy Program

Brian Gran, JD  
Associate Professor, Department of Sociology

David C. Hammack, PhD  
Hiram C. Haydn Professor of History

Susan Helper, PhD  
AT&T Professor of Regional Economic Development, Department of Economics, Weatherhead School of Management

**Teacher Licensure Program**

Case Western Reserve University offers several programs leading to the Ohio teaching license. Teacher Licensure programs are offered in Art Education and Music Education at the undergraduate (Bachelor of Science) and graduate (Master of Arts) level. A unique feature of these programs is that each is offered in cooperation with a University Circle Institution—the Cleveland Institute of Art and the Cleveland Institute of Music.

In addition, several departments within the College of Arts and Sciences offer undergraduate majors leading to the following Ohio teaching licenses: Adolescent to Young Adult (grades 7-12) in Integrated Language Arts (English major), Integrated Social Studies (history major), Integrated Mathematics (math major), Life Science (biology major) and Physical Science (chemistry and physics majors). A Multi-Age license is offered for Pre-Kindergarten through grade twelve in French, Spanish and Latin. Students wishing to pursue a teaching license in one of these areas declare education as a second major and follow the appropriate course sequences leading to licensure.

Teacher Licensure programs at Case Western Reserve University are accredited by the Ohio Department of Education and the Ohio Board of Regents, and nationally by the Teacher Education Accreditation Council (TEAC). In addition, the National Association of Schools of Music (NASM) accredits the Music Education Program.

**Undergraduate Programs**

**Ohio Teacher Education Programs**

Students interested in pursuing a teaching career will pursue a primary major in the field of licensure (for which CWRU has received approval from the Ohio Board of Regents and the Ohio Department of Education), and must choose education as a second major. The teacher education major requires 34 credit hours in professional education.

Adolescence/Young Adult teacher licensure (grades 7-12) is available in integrated language arts, integrated social studies, integrated mathematics, life sciences, chemistry, and physics. Multi-Age licensure (grades PreK-12) is available in French, Spanish and Latin. For information concerning specific subject area requirements, go to the departmental descriptions for Biology (p. 453), Chemistry (p. 221), English (p. 256), History (p. 273), Mathematics (p. 294), Physics (p. 357), Classics (http://classics.case.edu) or Modern Languages and Literatures (http://dlm.c谯se.edu).

The education course requirements are as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EDUC 255</td>
<td>Literacy Across the Content Areas</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EDUC 301</td>
<td>Introduction to Education</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EDUC 304</td>
<td>Educational Psychology</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EDUC 325</td>
<td>Content Area Special Methods I</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EDUC 326</td>
<td>Content Area Special Methods II</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EDUC 338</td>
<td>Seminar and Practicum in Adolescents</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EDUC 340</td>
<td>Curriculum and Methods</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EDUC 386</td>
<td>Introduction to Instructional Technology</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EDUC 390</td>
<td>Student Teaching &amp; Professional Development Seminar</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EDUC 394</td>
<td>Student Teaching Practicum</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total Units</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>34</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Students must maintain a 3.0 GPA in all professional education courses, a 2.7 GPA in the specific content area, and a cumulative overall GPA of 2.7 to be recommended for Ohio teacher licensure.

As noted above, Case Western Reserve University also offers teacher licensure programs in Art Education and Music Education at the undergraduate (Bachelor of Science) and graduate (Master of Arts) levels. For further information on Art Education, see the Department of Art History and Art (p. 170) description in this bulletin; for Music Education, see the Department of Music (p. 333) description.

**Program Faculty**

Denise K. Davis, EdD  
(Teachers College, Columbia University)  
*Full-time Lecturer, Department of Music; Director of Teacher Education*

David Bellini, MA  
(Cleveland State University)  
*Part-time Lecturer, Department of Music*

Educational Psychology

Jared Bendis, MA  
(Case Western Reserve University)  
*Adjunct Lecturer, Department of Art History and Art*

Instructional Technology

Gary Ciepluch, PhD  
(University of Wisconsin-Madison)  
*Associate Professor, Department of Music*

Judy Flamik, BA  
(Lake Erie College)  
*Part-time Lecturer, Department of Art History and Art; University Supervisor*

Art Education

Matthew Garrett, PhD  
(Florida State University)  
*Assistant Professor, Department of Music*

Coordinator, Undergraduate Studies in Music Education
EDUC 301. Introduction to Education. 3 Units.
The historical, sociological, and philosophical role of education in a diverse society. Contemporary practices and issues are introduced, researched, and debated. Issues of professional development. Application of research to instructional methodologies. Clinical/Field experiences required. Research project required for graduate students. Offered as EDUC 301 and EDUC 401.

EDUC 304. Educational Psychology. 3 Units.

EDUC 325. Content Area Special Methods I. 2 Units.
This methods course, designed for licensure candidates in secondary or multi-age areas, specifically emphasizes the methods inherent in teaching the subject area of licensure. The first of two courses, EDUC 325 builds on the student's previous understanding of the methods involved in teaching their particular subject. The course will consist of weekly guided observations in a local high school classroom under the mentoring of a master teacher, various forms of exploring content and pedagogy, and monthly discussions in a special format called the "Reflective Triad" - composed of each CWRU student, his/her master teacher in the high school, and a CWRU faculty member in the content area. Additionally, the course involves introductory lesson design and teaching. Prereq: EDUC 301, EDUC 304.

EDUC 326. Content Area Special Methods II. 2 Units.
This methods course, designed for licensure candidates in secondary or multi-age areas, specifically emphasizes the methods inherent in teaching the subject area of licensure. This course is a continuation of the sequence and is the second of two courses. EDUC 326 continues students' work in the first seminar to understand, design and teach their content. The course consists of weekly guided observations in a local high school classroom under the mentoring of a master teacher, various forms of exploring content and pedagogy, and monthly discussions in a special format called the "Reflective Triad" - composed of each CWRU student, his/her master teacher in the high school, and a CWRU faculty member in the content area. Additionally, the course involves more sophisticated lesson design in the content area, content integration, an introduction to designing instruction to meet the needs of diverse learners, and teaching. Prereq: EDUC 301, EDUC 304, EDUC 325.
EDUC 386. Introduction to Instructional Technology. 3 Units.
This course is designed to address the basic technology skills, which are required of all teachers. The course uses both concept and project based learning activities. Each of the projects is centered on a set of activities designed to allow students to demonstrate a particular subset of competencies. The course will not always provide step-by-step directions for completing projects; instead it will promote the use of existing information and help resources to allow students to develop the ability to learn new technology independently. Each of the projects will also contain the opportunity for the student to reflect on how technology impacts their teaching. Course projects are designed to assess both a basic comfort level with learning and using technology tools and the student's ability to apply technology to improve teaching and learning. The nature of the course is a mix of technology and should engage teachers in thinking about ways to improve their teaching. Offered as EDUC 386 and EDUC 486.

EDUC 390. Student Teaching & Professional Development Seminar. 3 Units.
This course is taken in conjunction with student teaching and provides a forum for processing what students experience throughout the semester. Additionally, the course guides the professional development of each student. The course helps students integrate state and national standards in their teaching. The Teacher Performance Assessment (TPA) is addressed in this course and becomes part of the student teaching portfolio. Individual advisement is a critical component and involves resume writing, interview skills, job placement information and preparation for state mandated licensure exams. Prereq: EDUC 301, EDUC 304, EDUC 325, EDUC 326, EDUC 340. Coreq: EDUC 394 - Student Teaching Practicum - is taken in conjunction with the Student Teaching Seminar.

EDUC 394. Student Teaching Practicum. 9 Units.
This practicum represents a fifteen week student teaching experience involving curriculum design and implementation. Each student teacher plans and teaches a comprehensive unit, moving from guided practice to assuming full teacher responsibility within the school culture. Video analysis, pre- and post-teaching lesson analyses, problem-solving, and reflective dialogue are key emphases of the practicum. The Teacher Performance Assessment is a component of the student teaching.

EDUC 395. Independent Study in Education. 1 - 3 Unit.
Independent Study in Education is offered for students with special interests and/or commitments that are not fully addressed in other education courses and who wish to work independently. Offered as EDUC 395 and EDUC 495.

EDUC 401. Introduction to Education. 3 Units.
The historical, sociological, and philosophical role of education in a diverse society. Contemporary practices and issues are introduced, researched, and debated. Issues of professional development, Application of research to instructional methodologies. Clinical/Field experiences required. Research project required for graduate students. Offered as EDUC 301 and EDUC 401.

EDUC 404. Educational Psychology. 3 Units.

EDUC 486. Introduction to Instructional Technology. 3 Units.
This course is designed to address the basic technology skills, which are required of all teachers. The course uses both concept and project based learning activities. Each of the projects is centered on a set of activities designed to allow students to demonstrate a particular subset of competencies. The course will not always provide step-by-step directions for completing projects; instead it will promote the use of existing information and help resources to allow students to develop the ability to learn new technology independently. Each of the projects will also contain the opportunity for the student to reflect on how technology impacts their teaching. Course projects are designed to assess both a basic comfort level with learning and using technology tools and the student's ability to apply technology to improve teaching and learning. The nature of the course is a mix of technology and should engage teachers in thinking about ways to improve their teaching. Offered as EDUC 386 and EDUC 486.

EDUC 495. Independent Study in Education. 1 - 3 Unit.
Independent Study in Education is offered for students with special interests and/or commitments that are not fully addressed in other education courses and who wish to work independently. Offered as EDUC 395 and EDUC 495.

Washington Study Program
The Washington Study Program provides students with the opportunity to complete a full-time, research-intensive internship in Washington, D.C. By participating in a semester-length program during the fall or spring (WASH 2A Washington Center Internship), students earn 9 credit hours; for a summer internship (WASH 2D Washington Center Summer Internship), they earn 3 credit hours. In addition, students earn 3 credit hours by developing a portfolio based on their internship experiences (WASH 2C Washington Center - Portfolio). The credits earned can be counted as general electives or applied to a student's major or minor, with the prior consent of the individual department(s). Finally, as part of the Washington Study Program, students participate in a seminar and attend a weekly lecture/discussion group (WASH 2B Washington Center - Politics and Public Policy Course).

To be eligible for the program, a student is expected to be a junior or senior and have at least a 3.0 GPA. The program director, the student's major advisor, and the appropriate dean must approve each application. Students must ensure that their participation will not prevent them from meeting on-campus residency or other university requirements.

Women's and Gender Studies Program
The goal of the Women's and Gender Studies Program is to educate students in interdisciplinary approaches to feminist theories of women, gender, culture, and society. Students are exposed to a variety of forms of critical thinking in relation to:

1. the social construction of knowledge and philosophy
2. approaches to science and medicine informed by “feminist empiricism” and “feminist standpoint” theories
3. historiciaced and cross-cultural accounts of gender and gender inequality
4. literary criticism
5. contemporary theories of art, performance, language, jurisprudence, social science, and religion in the context of women's experience
Women's and Gender Studies is an interdisciplinary program that prepares students to think critically and creatively within a framework employing gender as a central category of analysis. The program is set up to test and challenge the technologies and limitations of gender roles in a multitude of cultural and historical settings. It is designed to familiarize students with the analytical and hermeneutic tools of research and interpretation, and to create awareness of the ethical, political, and aesthetic dimensions of gender in history and culture.

**Undergraduate Program**

**Major**

The Women's and Gender Studies Program offers a major leading to the Bachelor of Arts degree. The program offers a sound course of study with a disciplinary concentration grounding the program's interdisciplinary objectives. Up to six credit hours in required or elective courses for another major may also be applied to the Women's and Gender Studies major. In the two required courses, students become fluent in current tools of research and interpretation employed in women's and gender studies. These two "core" courses are 201 and one from the list below:

- **WGST 201/HSTY Introduction to Gender Studies**  
  270/ENGL/PHIL/RLGN 270

One of the following:

- **WGST 301** Women, Creativity and the Arts
- **WGST 318** History of Black Women in the U.S.
- **WGST 326** Gender, Inequality, and Globalization
- **WGST 353** Women in American History I
- **WGST 365** Gender and Sex Differences: Cross-cultural Perspective

Elective courses: WGST majors must distribute their courses among the Arts, Humanities, and Social Sciences. They must take at least one course in each of these three areas. In two of the areas, they must take two courses. Consult one of the program's academic representatives with questions about the curriculum. Majors and minors in WGST may also conduct an Independent Study (WGST 399) and/or a SAGES Capstone (WGST 396) with program faculty.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Total Units</th>
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<td>27</td>
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</table>

**Minor**

Fulfillment of the minor requires completion of 18 credit hours according to the following course distribution:

- **Required Courses:**
  - **WGST 201** Introduction to Gender Studies  
    3
  - Five approved electives  
    15

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<th>Total Units</th>
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To help ensure a comprehensive course of study in a particular area of interest, each student's combination of courses and the structure of an independent study must be approved by one of the program's academic representatives.

**Program Faculty**

- Cheryl Toman, PhD  
  Associate Professor, Department of Modern Languages and Literatures; Director and Academic Representative, Women's and Gender Studies Program

- Athena Vrettos, PhD  
  Associate Professor, Department of English; Academic Representative, Women's and Gender Studies Program

- Karen Beckwith, PhD  
  Flora Stone Mather Professor, Department of Political Science

- Joy Bostic, PhD  
  Associate Professor, Department of Religious Studies

- Susan S. Case, PhD  
  Associate Professor, Department of Organizational Behavior, Weatherhead School of Management

- Margaretmary Daley, PhD  
  Associate Professor, Department of Modern Languages and Literatures

- Ananya Dasgupta, PhD  
  Assistant Professor, Department of History

- Gilbert Doho, PhD  
  Associate Professor, Department of Modern Languages and Literatures

- T. Kenny Fountain, PhD  
  Associate Professor, Department of English

- Elina Gertsman, PhD  
  Associate Professor, Department of Art History and Art

- Laura E. Hengehold, PhD  
  Associate Professor, Department of Philosophy

- Susan W. Hinze, PhD  
  Associate Professor, Department of Sociology

- Justine Howe, PhD  
  Assistant Professor, Department of Religious Studies

- Megan Swihart Jewell, PhD  
  Instructor, Department of English; Director, Writing Resource Center

- Shannon Lundeen, PhD  
  Adjunct Associate Professor, Department of Philosophy; Director, Flora Stone Mather Center for Women

- Michelle McGowan, PhD  
  Assistant Professor, Department of Bioethics, School of Medicine

- Marilyn Sanders Mobley, PhD  
  Professor, Department of English; Vice President of Inclusion, Diversity, and Equal Opportunity

- Jennifer Karas Montez, PhD  
  Assistant Professor; Department of Sociology

- Jacqueline C. Nanfito, PhD  
  Associate Professor, Department of Modern Languages and Literatures
Courses

WGST 201. Introduction to Gender Studies. 3 Units.
This course introduces women and men students to the methods and concepts of gender studies, women's studies, and feminist theory. An interdisciplinary course, it covers approaches used in literary criticism, history, philosophy, political science, sociology, anthropology, psychology, film studies, cultural studies, art history, and religion. It is the required introductory course for students taking the women's and gender studies major. Offered as ENGL 270, HSTY 270, PHIL 270, RLGN 270, SOCI 201, and WGST 201. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement. Prereq: ENGL 150 or passing letter grade in a 100 level first year seminar in USFS, FSCC, FSNA, FSSO, FSSY, FSTS, FSCS.

WGST 207. Women and Religion. 3 Units.
Examination of feminist perspectives on religion, such as the status of women in Western and non-Western religions, the nature and purpose of religious beliefs and practices from the standpoints of religious and non-religious feminists, the current status of feminist philosophies of religion, and the efforts of feminists to transform traditional religions and to create new religions. Offered as RLGN 207 and WGST 207.

WGST 222. Gender in U.S. Society. 3 Units.
The focus of this course is on unique and convergent experiences of men and women in U.S. society. Different social expectations and opportunities encountered by men and women in the context of marriage and the family, work settings, and in informal organizations will be addressed. Legislation and social policy dealing with gender issues will be considered. Offered as SOCI 222 and WGST 222.

WGST 228. Sociology of Sexuality. 3 Units.
This course analyzes the issues of sex and sexuality from a sociological point of view. It is centered on the notion that what we consider to be 'normal' or 'natural' about sex and sexuality is, in reality, socially constructed. One's viewpoint on the issues surrounding sexuality are influenced by the social context in which they live, as opposed to the purely biological viewpoint that presupposes some sense of normalcy or naturalness regarding sexual relations. A range of topics will be covered, including readings that discuss the variations of sexuality and the notions of sexual "deviance" in order to explore the cultural and societal variation that exists along the lines of gender, race, ethnicity, sexual orientation, age and disability. Offered as SOCI 228 and WGST 228.

WGST 257. Women's Histories in South Asia. 3 Units.
This course traces the history of women in South Asia from pre-colonial times to the present. Themes explored in the course will include (but not be limited to): the historical transformations of institutions shaping women's lives such as state, family, religious and legal traditions; the impact of colonialism, nationalism, and decolonization on women, as well as the history of women's movements in various parts of South Asia. As we acquaint ourselves with the vibrant historiography on women in South Asia, we will also examine the theoretical and methodological challenges involved in writing histories using the analytical lens of gender. While a significant portion of the readings will focus on South Asia, we will occasionally bring in insights from histories of women in other parts of the world to help develop comparative perspectives and evaluate the South Asian cases and examples within the broader field of women's history. Offered as HSTY 157 and WGST 257. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

WGST 268. Women in the Bible: Ethnographic Approaches to Rite and Ritual, Story, Song, and Art. 3 Units.
Examination of women in Jewish and Christian Biblical texts, along with their Jewish, Christian (and occasionally Muslim) interpretations. Discussion of how these traditions have shaped images of, and attitudes toward, women in western civilization. Offered as RLGN 268, WGST 268, and JDST 268.

WGST 301. Women, Creativity and the Arts. 3 Units.
WGST301/ETHS301 is one of two core courses for the program in Women's and Gender Studies and an elective course for the ETHS minor. All WGST majors are to take one course concentrating on the subject of women and the arts specifically. This course also fulfills the cultural diversity requirement. In this course, students will focus on two areas of study: a) women and creativity and b) women and activism through the arts. A history of women in the arts will be covered, but the general focus of the course is on women in the arts since the 1960s in particular, and on artwork that reflects or provokes social change. "Arts" are defined in the broadest of sense. That is, students will study women's production in painting, photography, graphic design, sculpture, dance, film, music, and theater. A variety of learning techniques will be applied: Students will look at feminist theories on art, be introduced to the notion of cyberfeminism, study actual artwork and its reproductions, understand the role of are in feminist activism and how women "create" differently from men, and work closely with several feminist artists/ activists through various programs on campus and the community in order to facilitate the planning and carrying out of artistic production. Subsequently, students will interact with children in Cleveland schools in conjunction with these artists giving master classes, and be exposed to art exhibits abroad through videoconferencing with the Algerian Cultural Center in Paris and locally through University Circle Institutions. Offered as WGST 301 and ETHS 301. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

WGST 304. Representations of Black Women and Religion in Film. 3 Units.
In this course we will explore cinematic representations of black women and religion in film. Each week we will view a film in class. We will begin the class with the film Imitation of Life and then the course with The Help. Throughout the course we will analyze the ways in which notations of gender, sexuality, intimate violence, and modern notions of race and color, have informed representations of black women and religion in film. In addition, we will discuss how these representations, in turn, have influenced cultural ideas about black women in the Americas. Offered as RLGN 304, RLGN 404, WGST 304, and ETHS 304. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.
WGST 312. Women in the Ancient World. 3 Units.
The course offers a chronological survey of women's lives in Greece, Hellenistic Egypt, and Rome. It focuses on primary sources as well as scholarly interpretations of the ancient record with a view to defining the construction of gender and sexuality according to the Greco-Roman model. Additionally, the course aims to demonstrate how various methodological approaches have yielded significant insights into our own perception of sex and gender. Specific topics include matriarchy and patriarchy; the antagonism between male and female in myth; the legal, social, economic, and political status of women; the ancient family; women's role in religion and cult; ancient theories of medicine regarding women; pederasty and homosexuality. Offered as CLSC 312 and WGST 312.

WGST 315A. International Bioethics Policy and Practice: Women's Health in the Netherlands. 3 Units.
This 3-credit course allows students to familiarize themselves with social policies and practices related to women's health in the United States and the Netherlands. Issues covered in the course include birth control and family planning, abortion, prenatal testing, childbirth, health care disparities, cosmetic surgery, prostitution and trafficking in women. This course also addresses the US and Dutch national policies regarding the public provision of health care for women. The course places an emphasis on the ways in which social norms shape policies over time, which political actors are involved in shaping women's health policy, and the balance between women's health as a matter of the public good or individual responsibility. This course substantively explores gender-specific cultural values and practices in relation to women's health in the United States and the Netherlands and will help students develop the analytical skills necessary for evaluating social policy and ethical issues related to women's health. Offered as BETH 315A and BETH 415A. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

WGST 318. History of Black Women in the U.S.. 3 Units.
Chronologically arranged around specific issues in black women's history organizations, participation in community and political movements, labor experiences, and expressive culture. The course will use a variety of materials, including autobiography, literature, music, and film. Offered as ETHS 318, HSTY 318, and WGST 318.

WGST 325. Philosophy of Feminism. 3 Units.
Dimensions of gender difference. Definition of feminism. Critical examination of feminist critiques of culture, including especially politics, ideology, epistemology, ethics, and psychology. Readings from traditional and contemporary sources. Offered as PHIL 325, PHIL 425 and WGST 325. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

WGST 326. Gender, Inequality, and Globalization. 3 Units.
Using a sociological perspective, this course examines how major societal institutions, including the economy, polity, medicine, religion, education and family, are structured to reproduce gendered inequalities across the globe. Attention is given to the intersections of race/ethnicity, social class, gender and sexuality in social systems of power and privilege. Of critical importance is how gender figures in the relationship between Economic North and Economic South countries. We will elucidate how gender norms vary by culture and exert profound influence on the daily, lived experiences of women and men. The course will be informed by recent scholarship on feminism, women's movements, and globalization. Offered as SOCI 326 and WGST 326. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement. Prereq: SOCI 101 or permission of program director.

WGST 335. Women in Developing Countries. 3 Units.
This course will feature case studies, theory, and literature of current issues concerning women in developing countries primarily of the French-speaking world. Discussion and research topics include matriarchal traditions and FGM in Africa, the Tunisian feminist movement, women, Islam, and tradition in the Middle East, women-centered power structures in India (Kerala, Pondichery), and poverty and women in Vietnam, Laos, and Cambodia. Guest speakers and special projects are important elements of the course. Seminar-style format, taught in English, with significant disciplinary writing in English for WGST, ETHS, and some WLIT students, and writing in French for FRCH and WLIT students. Writing assignments include two shorter essays and a substantial research paper. Offered as ETHS 335, FRCH 335, WLIT 335, WGST 335, FRCH 435 and WLIT 435. Counts as SAGES Departmental Seminar. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

WGST 337. Women in the Arab World. 3 Units.
The purpose of this course is twofold: It is a course that allows students an in-depth look at the diverse women who represent a number of cultures in the Arab world in nations from the Mashrek to the Maghreb. The second primary goal of the course is to study such women through the eyes of leading Arab women theorists who have made an impact not only in their own countries, but also on disciplines intersecting with women's studies worldwide. We will study the Arab woman's place in her respective society, in political and economic systems, in education, and in the family. We will also analyze her contributions to art and literature as well as to the sciences. The course will provide an overview of the Arab woman throughout history, from her origins to her place within recent movements within the Arab Spring and other current world events. As Arab women are Muslim, Christian, and Jewish, views of women within these major world religions will also be taken into account as we study the Arab woman as well as religion's impact on culture in the Middle East and in the Maghreb in particular. In the course, we will utilize theoretical texts, but also case studies as well as examples from media and the arts. During the semester, we will take advantage of teleconferencing opportunities between CWRU and two major academic units for Women's Studies in the Arab world: The Institute for Women's Studies in the Arab World (IWASAW) in Beirut, Lebanon, and the University of Jordan's Center for Women's Studies in Amman. Offered as FRCH 337, FRCH 437, ARAB 337, ETHS 337 and WGST 337. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

WGST 339. Black Women and Religion. 3 Units.
This course is an exploration of the multidimensional religious experiences of black women in the United States. These experiences will be examined within particular historical periods and across diverse social and cultural contexts. Course topics and themes include black women and slave religion, spirituality and folk beliefs, religion and feminist/womanist discourse, perspectives on institutional roles, religion and activism, and spirituality and the arts. Offered as ETHS 339 and RLGN 338 and WGST 339. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.
WGST 342. Latin American Feminist Voices. 3 Units.
Examination of the awakening of feminine and feminist consciousness in the literary production of Latin American women writers, particularly from the 1920s to the present. Close attention paid to the dominant themes of love and dependency; imagination as evasion; alienation and rebellion; sexuality and power; the search for identity and the self-preservation of subjectivity. Readings include prose, poetry, and dramatic texts of female Latin American writers contributing to the emerging of feminist ideologies and the mapping of feminist identities. Offered as SPAN 342, SPAN 442, ETHS 342, WGST 342, WLIT 342, and WLIT 442. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

WGST 343. Language and Gender. 3 Units.
This course introduces students to the study of language and gender by exploring historical and theoretical trends, methods, and research findings on the ways gender, sexuality, language, and discourse interact with and even shape each other. Topics may include "grammatical" versus "biological" gender, feminine écriture, the women and language debate, speech acts and queer performativity, nonsexist language policy, discourses of gender and sexuality, feminist stylistics, and LGBT sociolinguistics. Offered as: ENGL 343, ENGL 443, and WGST 343. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement. Prereq: ENGL 150 or passing letter grade in a 100 level first year seminar in USFS, FSCC, FSNA, FSSO, FSSY, FSTS, FSCS.

WGST 346. Women and Politics. 3 Units.
Women and Politics involves a critical examination of the impact of gender on the forms and distributions of power and politics, with primary reference to the experience of women in the United States. Major concerns of the course include what we mean by "sex," "gender," and "politics"; the relationship between women and the state; how women organize collectively to influence state policies; and how the state facilitates and constrains women's access to and exercise of political power. The course is organized around four foci central to the study of women and politics. The first section of the course focuses on what we mean by "women," "gender," and "politics." In this section, we will consider how these concepts intersect and the ways in which each may be used to deepen our understanding of the workings of governments and political systems, and of women's relative political powerlessness. The second section of the course employs these concepts to understand the (re) emergence of the US feminist movement, its meanings, practices, and goals, and its transformation across US political history. In the third section, we turn to conventional electoral politics, focusing on women's candidacies, their campaigns, and women's voting behavior. In the final section of the course, we consider those general factors that might provide for increased gender equality and improved life status for women, in global, comparative perspective. Offered as POSC 346 and POSC 446 and WGST 346. Counts as SAGES Departmental Seminar.

WGST 349. The Arab World Experience. 3 Units.
Taught and led by Case faculty, The Arab World Experience is a spring semester course with a spring break study abroad component in a Middle Eastern or North African country supplemented by course meetings before and after travel. It will rotate among countries such as Jordan, Lebanon, Morocco, etc. and be taught by faculty with appropriate area expertise in Arabic, Women's and Gender Studies, and/or Ethnic Studies. The course focuses on topics such as history, politics, culture, and gender relations within the society of study. Workload and learning outcomes are commensurate with a semester-long three credit hour course. Guest lectures in the host country are an important component of the course as they bring a fresh, authentic perspective to the aforementioned topics discussed. There will be three three-hour meetings prior to travel, required reading, and one three-hour meeting after travel. In the host country, students will spend seven days (five-eight hours per day) in seminars, discussions, and site visits. Student grades are determined on the basis of participation, attendance, a daily experiential learning journal, interviews with guest speakers, and a final exam. Offered as ARAB 349, ETHS 349 and WGST 349.

WGST 352. African Feminisms. 3 Units.
This course traces the history of African feminism from its origins within traditions through to a more contemporary theoretical analysis of gender, marriage, and motherhood seen from an Afrocentric perspective. Approaches studied are those that pertain to anthropology, history, literature, sociology, and culture. African feminist theory of scholars such as Filomina Steady, Cheikh Anta Diop, Buchi Emecheta, Ili Amadiume, Obioma Nnamaka, Oyeronke Oyewumi, and Calixthe Beyala will be studied and there will be some comparative analysis of Western theories to show how African feminisms are clearly distinct. Theories on these feminisms will be presented, and in the process, students will look at cases of women in Cameroon, Nigeria, Ghana, Kenya, and Senegal. It is commonly believed that African women were defined for a long time according to constructs of Western anthropology. This course will thus look at social institutions such as woman-to-woman marriage, matriarchy, and various women's rituals in order to identify African constructs of gender, family, kinship, marriage, and motherhood. Offered as ETHS 352 and WGST 352. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

WGST 353. Women in American History I. 3 Units.
The images and realities of women's social, political, and economic lives in early America. Uses primary documents and biographers to observe individuals and groups of women in relation to legal, religious, and social restrictions. Offered as HSTY 353, WGST 353, and HSTY 453. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

WGST 354. Women in American History II. 3 Units.
With HSTY 353, forms a two-semester introduction to women's studies. The politics of suffrage and the modern woman's efforts to balance marriage, motherhood, and career. (HSTY 353 not a prerequisite.) Offered as HSTY 354, WGST 354, and HSTY 454. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.
WGST 359. Visual Culture of Medieval Women. 3 Units.
This course will consider the roles of women as patrons, subjects, producers and consumers of visual culture, focusing particularly on the twelfth through fifteenth centuries. Throughout the course, we will study the different ways medieval men and women perceived, read, figured, and interacted with the female body, which was frequently seen as a fraught site of desire and repulsion, fear and fascination. Students will be asked to read primary sources as well as critical materials that address contradictory constructions of gender and sex in medieval images and texts. The course, therefore, will not simply focus on artistic production, but will include readings and discussions of social and political history, theology, and literature of the Middle Ages. Offered as ARTH 359 and ARTH 459; cross-listed as WGST 359 since it focuses on the role of women in visual culture and so can satisfy a requirement in the program for the course on women in the arts. Offered as ARTH 359, ARTH 459 and WGST 359. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

WGST 363. Gender and Sexuality in America. 3 Units.
This multicultural seminar uses a mixture of historical text, gender theory, personal biography, and artistic expression to explore changing notions of gender and sexuality over the past two centuries in the United States. Offered as HSTY 363, HSTY 463 and WGST 363. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

WGST 365. Gender and Sex Differences: Cross-cultural Perspective. 3 Units.
Gender roles and sex differences throughout the life cycle considered from a cross-cultural perspective. Major approaches to explaining sex roles discussed in light of information from both Western and non-Western cultures. Offered as ANTH 365, ANTH 465 and WGST 365.

WGST 370. Women in Organizations. 3 Units.
The purpose of this course is to explore the unique challenges of life for women in their twenties as they increase understanding of the issues surrounding women, ambition, and success in a variety of organizations and professions. At this stage of life there are many choices women can make regarding careers and relationships. This course will broaden understanding of the context of work in women's lives and help women and men understand the leadership and managerial issues that will surround them in organizations. Offering more complex understandings of issues women face in the workplace related to race and gender, the course will help increase self knowledge about personal identity and direction, values, and abilities including the enhancement of leadership capabilities. It will also facilitate career development, improving the ability of individual women to be choiceful about the quality of integration of both a personal and professional life. Offered as ORBH 370 and WGST 370. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

WGST 372. Work and Family: U.S. and Abroad. 3 Units.
Covers the impact on human lives of the interface between work and family; the different ways gender structures the experience of work and family depending upon racial and ethnic background, social class, age, and partner preference; the impact of historical context on work-family experiences; work-family policies in the United States and other countries. Offered as SOCI 372, WGST 372, and SOCI 472.

WGST 373. Advanced Topics in American Women's History. 3 Units.
This advanced seminar is designed to allow students to investigate aspects of American women's history that are not deeply explored in other courses. The two central purposes of the course are to move students forward in their study of American women's history and to provide advanced study for graduate students and other students interested in women-focused topics. The topic is subject to change, but may be any of the following or something similar: women and medicine, images of women in popular culture, growing up female, women and political movements, women and war, etc. Recommended preparation: HSTY 353/453 or HSTY 354/454. Offered as HSTY 373, WGST 373, and HSTY 473.

WGST 383. Gender Issues in Feminist Art: The 20th/21st Century. 3 Units.
This course aims at understanding the myriad ways issues of gender have been encoded and/or played out in 20th and early 21st century art. A variety of paintings, sculpture, photographs and performances by women, gays and other marginalized groups, especially those that engage in "the discourse of the body," will be examined through a gender-oriented focus. Analysis of a variety of provocative readings will provide methodologies useful for assessing aesthetic and political meanings in modern and contemporary art across national boundaries. Special emphasis will be placed on women artists who have recently begun to integrate gender and ethnicity. Offered as ARTH 383, WGST 383 and ARTH 483. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

WGST 396. SAGES Capstone. 3 Units.
Capstone experience in the fields of Women's and Gender Studies for an in-depth, independent project of particular interest to the student. Students are strongly encouraged to work with a WGST program faculty member, but some projects may be supervised by faculty in other areas or by other qualified professionals. All capstones require a WGST faculty advisor's approval of the proposal prior to registration. Open to juniors and seniors majoring in Women's and Gender Studies. Counts as SAGES Senior Capstone. Prereq: WGST 201; Junior or Senior standing with major/minor in WGST.

WGST 399. Independent Study. 1 - 3 Unit.
Independent research project in the fields of Women's and Gender Studies. Project proposals must be approved by a WGST faculty advisor. Students are strongly encouraged to work with a WGST program faculty member, but some projects may be supervised by faculty in other areas for by other qualified professionals with a WGST faculty advisor's approval. Credit varies with the scope and depth of the project. Prereq: WGST 201.

World Literature Program

World literature is a discipline that draws together literatures and cultures of a wide variety of countries and regions, including Western and non-Western ones. It emphasizes literatures and cultures of the past (ancient Greece and Rome, for example) as well as the present. It understands “minority” or “third world” literatures as being just as worthy of study as European literatures, and it recognizes the importance of the “classics” of both the West and the East.

The World Literature Program offers comparative courses as well as courses on individual authors, periods, and literatures. The major in world literature requires study in a language other than English, thus emphasizing that literature and language are intimately related. Students learn to examine literature from a truly multi-cultural and multi-lingual...
standpoint, and they become conversant in the major schools of literary criticism and theory.

In addition, students in the program take courses that investigate visual arts, film, and music. These courses reflect a belief that literature and the arts must be in permanent dialogue, and they provide students with an interdisciplinary perspective in which cultural history and aesthetic history necessarily coexist.

The World Literature Program is associated with several departments in the College of Arts and Sciences, including classics, cognitive science, modern languages and literatures, philosophy, history, and religious studies.

Undergraduate Programs

Major

The World Literature Program offers a major leading to the Bachelor of Arts degree. Requirements for the major are as follows:

Required Courses:
- WLIT 211 World Literature I 3
- WLIT 212 World Literature II 3
- One of the following: 3
  - ENGL/WLIT 290 Masterpieces of Continental Fiction
  - ENGL/WLIT 291 Masterpieces of Modern Fiction
- One of the following: 3
  - WLIT/CLSC 203 Gods and Heroes in Greek Literature
  - WLIT/CLSC 204 Heroes and Hustlers in Latin Literature
- ENGL/WLIT 387 Literary and Critical Theory
- Two courses in literature at the 300 level in a language other than English 6
- WLIT 390 Topics in World Literature 3
- Twelve hours of electives 12

Total Units 33

All literature courses at the 200 and 300 levels offered by the Departments of Modern Languages and Literatures, Classics, and English are approved as world literature courses.

Undergraduate Honors

The honors program in world literature is for especially talented and dedicated majors. Requirements for honors are: 1) a GPA of at least 3.5 in the major, and 2) an honors thesis completed over the course of two semesters in the senior year, devoted to the investigation of a literary or cultural topic. Honors students enroll in WLIT 397 Honors Thesis I and WLIT 398 Honors Thesis II and write their thesis under the supervision of a WLIT faculty advisor. The thesis must be approved by a second faculty member and receive a grade of B or better. Students who qualify receive their degrees "with Honors in World Literature." A registration/proposal form for students electing honors must be completed by the end of the second week of classes in each of the two semesters.

Minor

The minor in world literature requires:

Required Courses:
- WLIT 211 World Literature I 3
- WLIT 212 World Literature II 3
- Nine credits of electives chosen in consultation with a program advisor 9

Total Units 15

BA in Classics: Classical Tradition Concentration

Students interested in world literature may also be interested in the new Classical Tradition Concentration, one of three tracks for a BA in Classics. For course information, please visit the Department of Classics page (p. 232).

Graduate Program

The World Literature Program offers a master of arts degree. Students pursuing the MA take courses that investigate visual arts, film, and music as well as literature, reflecting a belief that literature and the arts are in permanent dialogue. The program takes an interdisciplinary perspective in which cultural history and aesthetic history coexist.

Along with the Department of Classics, which hosts the program, World Literature is associated with other departments in the College of Arts and Sciences, including cognitive science, modern languages and literatures, philosophy, history, and religious studies.

The program offers tuition waivers and teaching assistant stipends to qualified students.

Program Director

Florin Berindeanu, PhD
Instructor, Department of Classics; Director, World Literature Program

Steering Committee

Sarah Gridley, MFA
Associate Professor, Department of English

Takao Hagiwara, PhD
Associate Professor, Department of Modern Languages and Literatures

William Siebenschuh, PhD
Oviatt Professor of English, Department of English

Timothy Wutrich, PhD
Instructor, Department of Classics

Courses

WLIT 203. Gods and Heroes in Greek Literature. 3 Units.
This course examines major works of Greek literature and sets them in their historical and cultural context. Constant themes are war, wandering, tyranny, freedom, community, family, and the role of men and women within the household and the ancient city-state. Parallels with modern life and politics will be explored. Lectures and discussions. Offered as CLSC 203 and WLIT 203.
WLIT 204. Heroes and Hustlers in Latin Literature. 3 Units.
This course constitutes the second half of a sequence on Classical literature. Its main themes are heroism vs. self-promotion, love vs. lust, and the struggle between democracy and tyranny. These topics are traced in a variety of literary genres from the period of the Roman republic well into the empire. Parallels with modern life and politics will be drawn. Offered as CLSC 204 and WLIT 204.

WLIT 211. World Literature I. 3 Units.
Survey of literature from antiquity to 1600. May include Western and non-Western texts by Homer, Vergil, Ovid, St. Augustine, Dante, Boccaccio, Rabelais, Cervantes, Sei Shonagon, Basho, and the Baghavad Gita.

WLIT 212. World Literature II. 3 Units.
Survey of literature from 1600 to present. May include Western and non-Western texts by Swift, Voltaire, Tolstoi, Baudelaire, Austen, Mann, Kafka, Lispector, Marmon Silko, Soyinka.

WLIT 220. Art & Literature in the Classical Tradition, Pt 1: Renaissance and Baroque (14th to 17th centuries). 3 Units.
Through lectures, varied assignments, and visits to the Cleveland Museum of Art this course will introduce students to the major issues in the study of early modern art and literatures. The emphasis will inevitably be on Italy, as the place where the physical remains of ancient Rome confronted and inspired such remarkable masters as Michelangelo (as poet and artist), Palladio, Gian Lorenzo Bernini, Nicholas Poussin (Bernini and Poussin are represented in the CMAI), though some artists -- notably Leonardo -- resisted the lure of the classical past. From Italy new ideas spread to the rest of Europe and beyond. We will not have much time to study Shakespeare in the course, but we will not be able to ignore the greatest author of the Renaissance period. Like Shakespeare we will move between the court and the city, between scenes of often-endangered order and scenes of sometimes-productive disorder, in which classical models provided a key cultural and even psychological resource in challenging times. Recommended preparation: CLSC 112. Offered as CLSC 220 and WLIT 220.

WLIT 222. Classical Tradition 2: Birth of Archaeology. 3 Units.
The course will focus on the history of diverse methods for studying societies remote in time and space; i.e., on the formation of the distinct disciplines of archaeology and anthropology, and the interest in the origins of human society and cultural practices. The birth of archaeology occurred in the context of the profound transformation of European cultural life in the eighteenth century, the era of the Enlightenment. On the basis of a range of cultural productions (literary and historical texts, objects of luxury and use, etc.), we will study visual and literary works and consider the relationship between different modes of artistic production and expression, as well as the marketing and display of prestigious objects, whether ancient or modern. We will consider the eighteenth-century model of experiential education, the “Grand Tour,” and the formation of private and public collections, as well as the emergence of the museum as institution. Finally, we will also consider important recent work on the relationship between the production of luxury commodities (sugar, coffee, tea, etc.) through the plantation economy in the Americas and beyond and the development of attitudes and ideas in Europe. Offered as CLSC 222 and WLIT 222.

WLIT 224. Sword and Sandal: The Classics in Film. 3 Units.
Gladiator. Alexander. The 300. Contemporary society’s continuing fascination with putting the ancient world on the big screen is undeniable; and yet the causes underlying this phenomenon are not quite so readily apparent. In this course we will watch and discuss a number of movies about the ancient world, running the gamut from Hollywood classics such as Ben-Hur and Spartacus to more recent treatments (the aforementioned 300 and Gladiator, for starters), and from the mainstream and conventional (Clash of the Titans, Disney's Hercules) to the far-out and avant-garde (Fellini's Satyricon, anyone?). As we do so we’ll learn quite a bit about the art and economics of film, on one hand, and the ancient world, on the other. And yet what we’ll keep coming back to are the big questions: what does our fascination with the ancient Mediterranean tell us about ourselves as a society? Why do such movies get made, and what kinds of agendas do they serve? To what extent can we recapture the past accurately? And if we can’t, are we doomed to just endlessly projecting our own concerns and desires onto a screen, and dressing them in togas? No knowledge of ancient languages is required for this course. Offered as CLSC 224 and WLIT 224.

WLIT 225. Japanese Popular Culture. 3 Units.
This course highlights salient aspects of modern Japanese popular culture as expressed in animation, comics and literature. The works examined include films by Hayao Miyazaki, writings by Kenji Miyazawa, Haruki Murakami and Banana Yoshimoto, among others. The course introduces students to essential aspects of modern Japanese popular culture and sensibility. Offered as JAPN 225 and WLIT 225. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

WLIT 228. Development of Theater: Beginnings to English Renaissance. 3 Units.
Theater 228/World Literature 228 explores the foundations of theater in Western civilization, beginning with Greece and then charting and analyzing the developments in playwriting, design, acting and theater architecture. Students read a wide variety of plays in order to obtain a comprehensive understanding of the history of the art form, but also learn how theater has played an integral societal function as a medium of political, economic, and cultural commentary. Development of Theater I explores developments from Aeschylus to the English Renaissance. Offered as THTR 228 and WLIT 228. Prereq: Sophomore standing.

WLIT 229. Development of Theater: Renaissance to Romanticism. 3 Units.
THTR 229 explores the many developments in playwriting, design, acting, and theater architecture across the world. Students read a wide variety of plays in order to obtain a comprehensive understanding of the history of the art form, but also learn how theater has played an integral societal function as a medium of political, economic, and cultural commentary. Development of Theater II not only explores the development of theatrical conventions in Spain, England, Italy, France and other European countries that lead to the creation of modern drama, but the course also offers an in-depth look at the history and conventions of theater in India, Korea, China, and Japan. Offered as THTR 229 and WLIT 229. Counts as SAGES Departmental Seminar. Prereq: Sophomore standing.

WLIT 235. Asian Cinema and Drama. 3 Units.
Introduction to major Asian film directors and major traditional theatrical schools of India, Java/Bali, China, and Japan. Focus on the influence of traditional dramatic forms on contemporary film directors. Development of skills in cross-cultural analysis and comparative aesthetics. Offered as ASIA 235 and WLIT 235. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.
WLIT 245. Classical Japanese Literature in Translation. 3 Units.
Readings, in English translation, of classical Japanese poetry, essays, narratives, and drama to illustrate essential aspects of Japanese culture and sensibility before the Meiji Restoration (1868). Lectures explore the sociohistorical contexts and the character of major literary genres; discussions focus on interpreting the central images of human value within each period. Japanese sensibilities compared to and contrasted with those of Western and other cultures. Offered as JAPN 245 and WLIT 245.

WLIT 255. Modern Japanese Literature in Translation. 3 Units.
Focus on the major genres of modern Japanese literature, including poetry, short story, and novel (shosetsu). No knowledge of Japanese language or history is assumed. Lectures, readings, and discussions are in English. Films and slides complement course readings. Offered as JAPN 255 and WLIT 255.

WLIT 285. The Hispanophone World. 3 Units.
A survey of the imaginative literatures in a variety of genres from the Spanish-speaking world, including texts authored by Hispanics living in the United States. The selections will help students gain a greater understanding and appreciation of the impact and adaptation of Spanish language and culture among widely diverse populations of the world over the past centuries. Counts towards Spanish major as related course. No knowledge of Spanish required. Offered as SPAN 285 and WLIT 285.

WLIT 290. Masterpieces of Continental Fiction. 3 Units.
Major works of fiction from the 19th century and earlier. Offered as ENGL 290 and WLIT 290.

WLIT 291. Masterpieces of Modern Fiction. 3 Units.
Major works of fiction of the 20th century. Offered as ENGL 291 and WLIT 291.

WLIT 295. The Francophone World. 3 Units.
The course offers an introduction to the Francophone World from a historical, cultural, and literary perspective. The Francophone World includes countries and regions around the globe with a substantial French-speaking population (and where French is sometimes, but not always, an official language): North America (Louisiana, Quebec, and Acadia); North Africa (Tunisia, Morocco, Algeria, and Egypt); the Middle-East (Lebanon, Syria); the Caribbean (Martinique, Guadeloupe, Haiti); Southeast Asia (Vietnam); and Europe (France, Belgium, Switzerland, and Luxembourg). FRCH 295 provides a comprehensive overview of the Francophone World, while focusing on a particular area or areas in any given semester. Offered as ETHS 295, FRCH 295, and WLIT 295. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

WLIT 300. The City in Literature. 3 Units.
Focus on major cities of the world as catalysts and reflections of cultural and historical change. Interdisciplinary approach utilizing the arts, literature, social sciences. Examples include Berlin at the turn of the century; Paris in literature and film; Tokyo in history and literature. Offered as WLIT 300 and WLIT 400.

WLIT 308. The Paris Experience. 3 Units.
Three-week immersion learning experience living and studying in Paris. The focus of the course is the literature and culture of the African, Arab, and Asian communities of Paris. Students spend a minimum of fifteen hours per week visiting cultural centers and museums and interviewing authors and students about the immigrant experience. Assigned readings complement course activities. Students enrolled in FRCH 308/408 do coursework in French. WLIT 308/408 students have the option of completing coursework in English. Graduate students have additional course requirements. Offered as FRCH 308, WLIT 308, FRCH 408, and WLIT 408. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

WLIT 314. The Poetics of Eros: Love Poetry from Sappho to Shakespeare and Beyond. 3 Units.
This course will explore the theme of love in all its multiplicity of meanings and changes over time from its first appearances in Near Eastern poetry (Song of Songs) and Greek lyric (the titular Sappho) through its various elaborations, Roman, Medieval, Renaissance, and Romantic. It will also address theoretical inquiries into the nature and purpose of erotic desire and its evaluation as an aesthetic phenomenon, including Freudian theory and modern contributions such as Roland Barthes and Georges Bataille. No knowledge of the original languages required. Offered as CLSC 314 and WLIT 314.

WLIT 315. Mysticism and Literature. 3 Units.
This co-taught seminar will explore and compare mystical elements in selected literary and theoretical works from the West and the East. Comparisons will focus on a number of interrelated sub-themes such as mind, language, alienation, innocence, experience, life, death, cosmogony, cosmology, good, evil, God/gods, and nature (the ecosystem). Offered as MLIT 315, WLIT 315, MLIT 415 and WLIT 415.

WLIT 316. Greek Tragedy. 3 Units.
This course provides students the opportunity to read a significant number of ancient Greek tragedies in modern English translations. We shall read, study, and discuss selected works by Aeschylus, Sophocles, and Euripides, and attempt to understand the plays as literature composed for performance. We shall study literary elements within the plays and theatrical possibilities inherent in the texts. As we read the plays, we shall pay close attention to the historical context and look for what each play can tell us about myth, religion, and society in ancient Athens. Finally, we shall give occasional attention to the way these tragic dramas and the theater in which they were performed have continued to inspire literature and theater for thousands of years. Lectures will provide historical background on the playwrights, the plays, the mythic and historical background, and possible interpretation of the texts as literature and as performance pieces. Students will discuss in class the plays that they read. The course has three examinations and a final project that includes a short essay and a group presentation. Offered as CLSC 316, WLIT 316, WLIT 416.
WLIT 322. Roman Drama and Theater. 3 Units.
This course is designed as a continuation of and companion to CLSC/ WLIT 316/416 Greek Tragedy in English Translation, although it may be taken without having taken, or before having taken, that course. Students in Roman Drama and Theater will read a significant number of ancient Roman plays in modern English translation and study non-literary theatrical entertainment of the Roman Republic and Empire, including mime and pantomime, gladiatorial shows, political speeches, courtroom drama, and various other spectacles. The dramatic texts that we shall study include the fragments of early Latin drama, selected comedies by Plautus and Terence, and the tragedies of Seneca, and the forensic speeches of statesman such as Cicero. We shall also consider Greek and Roman literature that comments on Roman theatrical practices. These works will be read for their literary merits and theatrical possibilities, while at the same time examining them for what they can tell us about Roma culture and society. Similarly, when studying the non-literary theatrical works we shall examine historical and theatrical context including archaeological evidence from theaters and amphitheaters and material remains (masks, depictions of actors and gladiators on vases, terra cotta lamps, mosaics, etc.). Finally, while the majority of the course focuses on drama originally written in Latin and theatrical entertainments performed in ancient Rome, the course will conclude with a survey of selected post-classical works indebted to the tradition of Roman drama and theater. Authors to be studied include Hrotsvitha, Marlowe, Shakespeare, Racine, Molière, and the legacy of Roman drama and theater in contemporary stage and cinema such as Sondelm's A Funny Thing Happened on the Way to the Forum. Thus a secondary concern will be to consider how and in what ways the legacy of Roman drama and theater has continued to shape the dramatic arts since antiquity. Offered as CLSC 322, CLSC 422, WLIT 322, and WLIT 422.

WLIT 323. Inspiration: The Topic of Creativity in Art and Literature--Ancient to Medieval. 3 Units.
Inspiration is an inextricably essential part of the aesthetic genesis, and it has instantly become one of the most frequent themes of artistic creation. Where does inspiration come from? Are artists “chosen ones” that implicitly stand out from the “non-inspired” rest? Trying to answer these questions and others related to the phenomenon of creation, one direction that this course should take and focus on is the theme of “divine” or “transcendent” as a source of inspiration in art and literature. The course will start with the mystical teaching and theories of Pseudo-Dionysius, Gregory Palamas, Jacopone da Todi, Caterina da Siena, Dante, Petrarch, and Meister Eckhart. Offered as: CLSC, CLSC 423, WLIT 323 and WLIT 423.

WLIT 324. Epic: The Sublime and Terrible in Literature. 3 Units.
The course focuses on the epic genre that dominates the dawn of Western literature as well as the literary traditions of much of the rest of the world. From the Homeric epic to the Middle Ages and deep into the Renaissance, there was a collective urge to record both in verse and prose extraordinary adventures with exceptional heroes as central figures. Thus, the epic genre typically encouraged variations in the aesthetic treatment of the hero that eventually came to define distinct categories within the genre. “Sublime” and “terrible” are common notions in the aesthetics of classicism, from antiquity to the early modern period. Authors studied in the course include such key figures in the creation and development of epic as Homer, Virgil, Ovid, Gotthfried von Strassburg, Dante, and Cervantes. The works of these authors exemplify, on the one hand, the aesthetic directions mentioned above and, on the other hand, provide opportunities for using the close engagement with particular texts to illuminate wider cultural fields, in which various aesthetic perceptions of social, political, and religious reality coexist and therefore stimulate remarkable innovations in the standard epic narrative. Offered as CLSC 324, CLSC 424, WLIT 324 and WLIT 424.

WLIT 325. Hispanic Intellectuals and Society: A Critical Approach. 3 Units.
This course offers an overview of the most important critical approaches to Spanish American culture and literature, with a socio-historical emphasis. Some of the authors we will discuss are Angel Rama, Jose Antonio Cornejo Poliar and Nestor Garcia Canclini. We will analyze how the Latin American intellectuals had thought about specific issues such as identity, race, ideology, colonial and post-colonial relations with the metropolis and the process of formation of the nations in the continent. The class, the discussions, exams, oral presentations and papers will be in Spanish. Some of the readings must be in English, but most of them will be in Spanish. Offered as SPAN 325, SPAN 425, ETHS 325, WLIT 325 and WLIT 425. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

WLIT 329. Modern and Contemporary Drama. 3 Units.
Theatre 329 explores the development of western drama and theatre from 1860 through present-day productions. The course emphasizes the relationship between different theatrical representations and their historical and social context. Shakespeare’s well-known dictum that “theatre holds a mirror up to nature” is expanded when one examines who is holding that mirror, and how their actions participate in the constantly shifting construction of culture. Given this premise, the course investigates the development of specific European cultures (England, France, Germany, and Italy) as well as other regions (the United States, South America, and Russia) through the - live and literary - representations they make of themselves. Offered as THTR 329 and WLIT 329. Prereq: Sophomore Standing

WLIT 333. Contemporary Caribbean Literature. 3 Units.
In addition to developing a general familiarity with the literature and history of this region, students will acquire an awareness of the interrelationship of national identity, memory, and language in the texts produced by contemporary Caribbean authors, and of the cultural hybridity characteristic of this production. The themes treated by these authors include colonialism and postcolonialism, cultural and religious syncretism, and sexual politics. Offered as SPAN 333, SPAN 433, ETHS 333, WLIT 333 and WLIT 433. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.
WLIT 335. Women in Developing Countries. 3 Units.
This course will feature case studies, theory, and literature of current issues concerning women in developing countries primarily of the French-speaking world. Discussion and research topics include matriarchal traditions and FGM in Africa, the Tunisian feminist movement, women, Islam, and tradition in the Middle East, women-centered power structures in India (Kerala, Pondichery), and poverty and women in Vietnam, Laos, and Cambodia. Guest speakers and special projects are important elements of the course. Seminar-style format, taught in English, with significant disciplinary writing in English for WGST, ETHS, and some WLIT students, and writing in French for FRCH and WLIT students. Writing assignments include two shorter essays and a substantial research paper. Offered as ETHS 335, FRCH 335, WLIT 335, WGST 335, FRCH 435 and WLIT 435. Counts as SAGES Departmental Seminar. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

WLIT 338. The Cameroon Experience. 3 Units.
Three-week immersion learning experience living and studying in Cameroon. The focus of the course is the culture, literature, and language of Francophone Cameroon, with some emphasis on Anglophone Cameroon. Students spend a minimum of fifteen hours per week visiting cultural sites and attending arranged courses at the University of Buea. Students will prepare a research paper. Coursework is in French. To do coursework in English, students should enroll in WLIT 338/438 or ETHS 338/438. Offered as ETHS 338, FRCH 338, WLIT 338, ETHS 438, FRCH 438, and WLIT 438. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

WLIT 339. Latin American Poetic Revolt. 3 Units.
Introduction to some of the most significant poets in contemporary Latin America, a region home to a significant number of eminent poets, including Nobel Laureates from Chile, Gabriela Mistral and Pablo Neruda. The course focuses on detailed textual analysis of pivotal works, combined with historical-literary perspective, so students gain insight into the diverse styles and tendencies that reflect the tumultuous history of poetry's development in a relentless search for a Latin American cultural identity. Offered as SPAN 339, SPAN 439, WLIT 339 and WLIT 439. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

WLIT 340. Seminar in Enlightenment Art and Literature: Piranesi and Vico. 3 Units.
This course explores aspects of the European eighteenth century as a transformative epoch in the history of western culture. Though the Enlightenment is usually associated especially with France, in this course we will focus on Italy, as the irresistible goal of travelers taking part in the "Grand Tour," and as a landscape of powerful ancient and modern architecture and artworks universally recognized as exemplary. In particular we will study one of the strangest and most fascinating visual artists of the period, the self-proclaimed architect Giovanni Battista Piranesi (1720-1778) famous no less now than in his own time for his fantastic prison engravings as well as his views of Rome, involving a radical rethinking of the city as a particular kind of inhabited as well as imagined space. Piranesi's polemical response to the advocates of the Greek revival, then coming into fashion, will lead into discussion of the key philosophical debates and aesthetic shifts of the time, notably the emergence of the notion of the sublime as a category eventually subversive of western ideals of rationality and still present -- and potent -- in our own culture. Finally we will place Piranesi within a current of discussion of the origins and nature of language and of human society in general, not least as manifested in architecture and other symbolic practices. The leading figure here is the Neapolitan G.B. Vico, whose New Science of 1725 remains one of the most stimulating texts in the western intellectual tradition. Offered as CLSC 340, COGS 340, WLIT 340, CLSC 440, and WLIT 440.

WLIT 342. Latin American Feminist Voices. 3 Units.
Examination of the awakening of feminine and feminist consciousness in the literary production of Latin American women writers, particularly from the 1920s to the present. Close attention paid to the dominant themes of love and dependency; imagination as evasion; alienation and rebellion; sexuality and power; the search for identity and the self-preservation of subjectivity. Readings include prose, poetry, and dramatic texts of female Latin American writers contributing to the emerging of feminist ideologies and the mapping of feminist identities. Offered as SPAN 342, SPAN 442, ETHS 342, WGST 342, WLIT 342, and WLIT 442. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

WLIT 343. The New Drama in Latin American. 3 Units.
Representative works of contemporary Latin American drama. Critical examination of selected dramatic works of twentieth-century Latin America provides students insight into the nature of drama and into the structural and stylistic strategies utilized by Latin American dramatists to create the "new theater," one which is closely related to Latin American political history. Offered as SPAN 343, SPAN 433, ETHS 433, WLIT 343 and WLIT 434. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

WLIT 345. Japanese Women Writers. 3 Units.
Contributions of women writers to the literature of pre-modern and modern Japan; investigations of how their works exemplify and diverge from "mainstream" literary practices. Emphasis on the social and cultural contexts of the texts. Offered as JAPN 345 and WLIT 345.

WLIT 355. Modern Japanese Novels and the West. 3 Units.
This course will compare modern Japanese and Western novelettes, drama, and novels. Comparisons will focus on the themes of family, gender and alienation, which subsume a number of interrelated sub-themes such as marriage, home, human sexuality, amae (dependence), innocence, experience, death, God/gods, and nature (the ecosystem). Offered as JAPN 355, WLIT 355. Counts as SAGES Departmental Seminar. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.
WLIT 356. Afro-Hispanic Literature. 3 Units.
This course will survey the literary and cultural production of writers and artists of African descent in Latin America and the Caribbean, paying attention to both their creative and theoretical texts. Discussion of questions of race and ethnicity will allow students to explore the ways in which these texts reformulate the idea of national identity and cultural belonging in the context of the nation-state, whose traditional centrality is being weakened through the effects of migration and exile. Readings include works by writers from Cuba, Puerto Rico, Dominican Republic, Costa Rica, Colombia, Panama, Ecuador, and Peru. Offered as SPAN 356, SPAN 456, ETHS 356, WLIT 356 and WLIT 456. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

WLIT 358. Latin American Cinema. 3 Units.
This course is designed to introduce students to the basic tools of film analysis as well as to the major trends and movements in Latin American cinema from the 1960s to the present. Through the analysis of representative films from Latin America, the course will examine the development of a variety of cinematic styles, paying particular attention to the historical contexts in which the films were produced and to the political, cultural, and aesthetic debates that surrounded their production. Offered as SPAN 358, SPAN 458, ETHS 358, WLIT 358 and WLIT 458. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

WLIT 363H. African-American Literature. 3 Units.
A historical approach to African-American literature. Such writers as Wheatley, Equiano, Douglass, Jacobs, DuBois, Hurston, Hughes, Wright, Baldwin, Ellison, Morrison. Topics covered may include slave narratives, African-American autobiography, the Harlem Renaissance, the Black Aesthetic, literature of protest and assimilation. Maximum 6 credits. Offered as ENGL 363H, ETHS 363H, WLIT 363H, ENGL 463H, and WLIT 463H. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement. Prereq: ENGL 150 or passing letter grade in a 100 level first year seminar in USFS, FSCC, FSNA, FSSO, FSSY, FSTS, FSCS.

WLIT 365. German Literature in Translation. 3 Units.
Goethe defined “World Literature” (Weltliteratur) as “Intellektuelle Handelsverkehr.” This course gives students the opportunity to study German literary works in translation and thus to trade intellectual relations with a literary culture previously unknown to them. Counts toward the German major only as a related course. No knowledge of German required. Offered as GRMN 365 and WLIT 365.

WLIT 365E. The Immigrant Experience. 3 Units.
Study of fictional and/or autobiographical narrative by authors whose families have experienced immigration to the U.S. Among the ethnic groups represented are Asian-American, Jewish-American, Hispanic-American. May include several ethnic groups or focus on a single one. Attention is paid to historical and social aspects of immigration and ethnicity. Maximum 6 credits. Offered as ENGL 365E, WLIT 365E, ENGL 465E, and WLIT 465E. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement. Prereq: ENGL 150 or passing letter grade in a 100 level first year seminar in USFS, FSCC, FSNA, FSSO, FSSY, FSTS, FSCS.

WLIT 365N. Topics in African-American Literature. 3 Units.
Selected topics and writers from nineteenth, twentieth, and twenty-first century African-American literature. May focus on a genre, a single author or a group of authors, a theme or themes. Maximum 6 credits. Offered as ENGL 365N, ETHS 365N, WLIT 365N, ENGL 465N, and WLIT 465N. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement. Prereq: ENGL 150 or passing letter grade in a 100 level first year seminar in USFS, FSCC, FSNA, FSSO, FSSY, FSTS, FSCS.

WLIT 365Q. Post-Colonial Literature. 3 Units.
Readings in national and regional literatures from former European colonies such as Australia and African countries. Maximum 6 credits. Offered as ENGL 365Q, ETHS 365Q, WLIT 365Q, ENGL 465Q, and WLIT 465Q. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement. Prereq: ENGL 150 or passing letter grade in a 100 level first year seminar in USFS, FSCC, FSNA, FSSO, FSSY, FSTS, FSCS.

WLIT 366G. Minority Literatures. 3 Units.
A course dealing with literature produced by ethnic and racial minority groups within the U.S. Individual offerings may include works from several groups studied comparatively, or focus on a single group, such as Native Americans, Chicanos/Chicanas, Asian-Americans, Caribbean-Americans. African-American works may also be included. May cover the entire history of the U.S. or shorter periods. Maximum 6 credits. Offered as ENGL 366G, WLIT 366G, ENGL 466G, and WLIT 466G. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement. Prereq: ENGL 150 or passing letter grade in a 100 level first year seminar in USFS, FSCC, FSNA, FSSO, FSSY, FSTS, FSCS.

WLIT 366C. Topics in Film. 3 Units.
Individual topics in film, such as a particular national cinema, horror films, films of Alfred Hitchcock, images of women in film, film comedy, introduction to film genres, Asian-cinema and drama, dance on screen, science fiction films, storytelling and cinema, and literature and film. Maximum 12 credits. Offered as ENGL 366C, WLIT 366C, ENGL 466C, and WLIT 466C.

WLIT 375. Russian Literature in Translation. 3 Units.
Topics vary according to student and faculty interest. May include Russian classical and modern literature, cinema, women writers, individual authors. May count towards Russian minor. No knowledge of Russian required. Offered as RUSN 375 and WLIT 375.

WLIT 385. Hispanic Literature in Translation. 3 Units.
Critical analysis and appreciation of representative literary masterpieces from Spain and Latin America, and by Hispanics living in the U.S. Texts cover a variety of genres and a range of literary periods, from works by Cervantes to those of Gabriel Garcia Marquez. The course will examine the relationship between literature and other forms of artistic production, as well as the development of the Hispanic literary text within the context of historical events and cultural production of the period. Counts toward Spanish major only as related course. No knowledge of Spanish required. Offered as ETHS 385, ETHS 485, SPAN 385, SPAN 485, WLIT 385, and WLIT 485. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

WLIT 387. Literary and Critical Theory. 3 Units.
A survey of major schools and texts of literary and critical theory. May be historically or thematically organized. Maximum 6 credits. Offered as ENGL 387, WLIT 387, ENGL 487, and WLIT 487. Prereq: ENGL 150 or passing letter grade in a 100 level first year seminar in USFS, FSCC, FSNA, FSSO, FSSY, FSTS, FSCS.

WLIT 390. Topics in World Literature. 3 Units.
In-depth examination of specific critical and literary theories and of their relevance for literature and culture studies. Authors, works and instructor may vary. Offered as WLIT 390 and WLIT 490.
WLIT 391. Introduction to Text Semiotics. 3 Units.
Introduction to Text Semiotics addresses both students of Literature and students in Cognitive Science. Most of the authors included in the reading list extend their linguistic approach towards fields that intersect literature, psychology, philosophy, aesthetics, and anthropology. The scholarly traditions of text analysis and structural theory of meaning, including authors from classical formalism, structuralism, structural semiotics, and new criticism will be connected to cognitive theories of meaning construction in test, discourse, and cultural expressions in general. The focus of this course, taught as a seminar, is on empirical studies, specific text analyses, discourse analyses, speech act analyses, and other studies of speech, writing, and uses of language in cultural contexts. This course thus introduces to a study of literature and cultural expressions based on cognitive science and modern semiotics—the new view that has been coined Cognitive Semiotics. Offered as COGS 391 and WLIT 391.

WLIT 395. French Literature in Translation. 3 Units.
Topics vary according to student and faculty interest. May include Francophone literature, literature and cinema, women writers, contemporary literature. Counts toward French major only as related course. No knowledge of French required. Offered as FRCH 395, WLIT 395, FRCH 495, and WLIT 495.

WLIT 397. Honors Thesis I. 3 Units.
Intensive study of a literary, linguistic, or cultural topic with a faculty member, leading to the writing of a research paper. Prereq: Senior status.

WLIT 398. Honors Thesis II. 3 Units.
Continuation of WLIT 397. Prereq: WLIT 397 and senior status.

WLIT 399. Independent Study. 1 - 3 Unit.
For majors and advanced students under special circumstances.

WLIT 400. The City in Literature. 3 Units.
Focus on major cities of the world as catalysts and reflections of cultural and historical change. Interdisciplinary approach utilizing the arts, literature, social sciences. Examples include Berlin at the turn of the century; Paris in literature and film; Tokyo in history and literature. Offered as WLIT 300 and WLIT 400. Prereq: Graduate standing.

WLIT 408. The Paris Experience. 3 Units.
Three-week immersion learning experience living and studying in Paris. The focus of the course is the literature and culture of the African, Arab, and Asian communities of Paris. Students spend a minimum of fifteen hours per week visiting cultural centers and museums and interviewing authors and students about the immigrant experience. Assigned readings complement course activities. Students enrolled in FRCH 308/408 do coursework in French. WLIT 308/408 students have the option of completing coursework in English. Graduate students have additional course requirements. Offered as FRCH 308, WLIT 308, FRCH 408, and WLIT 408. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement. Prereq: Graduate standing.

WLIT 415. Mysticism and Literature. 3 Units.
This co-taught seminar will explore and compare mystical elements in selected literary and theoretical works from the West and the East. Comparisons will focus on a number of interrelated sub-themes such as mind, language, alienation, innocence, experience, life, death, cosmogony, cosmology, good, evil, God/gods, and nature (the ecosystem). Offered as MLIT 315, WLIT 315, MLIT 415 and WLIT 415.

WLIT 416. Greek Tragedy. 3 Units.
This course provides students the opportunity to read a significant number of ancient Greek tragedies in modern English translations. We shall read, study, and discuss selected works by Aeschylus, Sophocles, and Euripides, and attempt to understand the plays as literature composed for performance. We shall study literary elements within the plays and theatrical possibilities inherent in the texts. As we read the plays, we shall pay close attention to the historical context and look for what each play can tell us about myth, religion, and society in ancient Athens. Finally, we shall give occasional attention to the way these tragic dramas and the theater in which they were performed have continued to inspire literature and theater for thousands of years. Lectures will provide historical background on the playwrights, the plays, the mythic and historical background, and possible interpretation of the texts as literature and as performance pieces. Students will discuss in class the plays that they read. The course has three examinations and a final project that includes a short essay and a group presentation. Offered as CLSC 316, WLIT 316, WLIT 416.

WLIT 422. Roman Drama and Theater. 3 Units.
This course is designed as a continuation of and companion to CLSC/WLIT 316/416 Greek Tragedy in English Translation, although it may be taken without having taken, or before having taken, that course. Students in Roman Drama and Theater will read a significant number of ancient Roman plays in modern English translation and study non-literary theatrical entertainment of the Roman Republic and Empire, including mime and pantomime, gladiatorial shows, political speeches, courtroom drama, and various other spectacles. The dramatic texts that we shall study include the fragments of early Latin drama, selected comedies by Plautus and Terence, and the tragedies of Seneca, and the forensic speeches of statesman such as Cicero. We shall also consider Greek and Roman literature that comments on Roman theatrical practices. These works will be read for their literary merits and theatrical possibilities, while at the same time examining them for what they can tell us about Roma culture and society. Similarly, when studying the non-literary theatrical works we shall examine historical and theatrical context including archaeological evidence from theaters and amphitheaters and material remains (masks, depictions of actors and gladiators on vases, terra cotta lamps, mosaics, etc.). Finally, while the majority of the course focuses on drama originally written in Latin and theatrical entertainments performed in ancient Rome, the course will conclude with a survey of selected post-classical works indebted to the tradition of Roman drama and theater. Authors to be studied include Hrotsvitha, Marlowe, Shakespeare, Racine, Mollère, and the legacy of Roman drama and theater in contemporary stage and cinema such as Sondelm's A Funny Thing Happened on the Way to the Forum. Thus a secondary concern will be to consider how and in what ways the legacy of Roman drama and theater has continued to shape the dramatic arts since antiquity. Offered as CLSC 322, CLSC 422, WLIT 322, and WLIT 422.
WLIT 423. Inspiration: The Topic of Creativity in Art and Literature--Ancient to Medieval. 3 Units.
Innovation is an inextricably essential part of the aesthetic genesis, and it has instantly become one of the most frequented themes of artistic creation. Where does inspiration come from? Are artists “chosen ones” that implicitly stand out from the “non-inspired” rest? Trying to answer these questions and others related to the phenomenon of creativity, one direction that this course should take and focus on is the theme of “divine” or “transcendent” as a source of inspiration in art and literature. The course will start with the mystical teaching and theories of Pythagoras that influenced Plato and the Neo-Platonists that will be carried on further in the general tradition of Christian literature. In this respect, the course will examine creativity in readings that include both Ancient and Medieval writers whose writings place the subject of inspiration at the center of their own aesthetic invention. Among the authors included in the course will be Pseudo-Dionysius, Gregory Palamas, Jacopone da Todi, Caterina da Siena, Dante, Petrarch, and Meister Eckhart. Offered as: CLSC 423, WLIT 323 and WLIT 423.

WLIT 424. Epic: The Sublime and Terrible in Literature. 3 Units.
The course focuses on the epic genre that dominates the dawn of Western literature as well as the literary traditions of much of the rest of the world. From the Homeric epic to the Middle Ages and deep into the Renaissance, there was a collective urge to record both in verse and in prose extraordinary adventures with exceptional heroes as central figures. Thus, the epic genre typically encouraged variations in the aesthetic treatment of the hero that eventually came to define distinct categories within the genre. “Sublime” and “terrible” are common notions in the aesthetics of classicism, from antiquity to the early modern period. Authors studied in the course include such key figures in the creation and development of epic as Homer, Virgil, Ovid, Gottfried von Strassburg, Dante, and Cervantes. The works of these authors exemplify, on the one hand, the aesthetic directions mentioned above and, on the other hand, provide opportunities for using the close engagement with particular texts to illuminate wider cultural fields, in which various aesthetic perceptions of social, political, and religious reality coexist and therefore stimulate remarkable innovations in the standard epic narrative. Offered as CLSC 324, CLSC 424, WLIT 324 and WLIT 424.

WLIT 425. Hispanic Intellectuals and Society: A Critical Approach. 3 Units.
This course offers an overview of the most important critical approaches to Spanish American culture and literature, with a socio-historical emphasis. Some of the authors we will discuss are Angel Rama, Jose Antonio Cornejo Polar and Nestor Garcia Canclini. We will analyze how the Latin American intellectuals had thought about specific issues such as identity, race, ideology, colonial and post-colonial relations with the metropolis and the process of formation of the nations in the continent. The class, the discussions, exams, oral presentations and papers will be in Spanish. Some of the readings must be in English, but most of them will be in Spanish. Offered as SPAN 325, SPAN 425, ETHS 325, WLIT 325 and WLIT 425. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

WLIT 433. Contemporary Caribbean Literature. 3 Units.
In addition to developing a general familiarity with the literature and history of this region, students will acquire an awareness of the interrelation of national identity, memory, and language in the texts produced by contemporary Caribbean authors, and of the cultural hybridity characteristic of this production. The themes treated by these authors include colonialism and postcolonialism, cultural and religious syncretism, and sexual politics. Offered as SPAN 333, SPAN 433, ETHS 333, WLIT 333 and WLIT 433. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

WLIT 435. Women in Developing Countries. 3 Units.
This course will feature case studies, theory, and literature of current issues concerning women in developing countries primarily of the French-speaking world. Discussion and research topics include matriarchal traditions and FGM in Africa, the Tunisian feminist movement, women, Islam, and tradition in the Middle East, women-centered power structures in India (Kerala, Pondichery), and poverty and women in Vietnam, Laos, and Cambodia. Guest speakers and special projects are important elements of the course. Seminar-style format, taught in English, with significant disciplinary writing in English for WGST, ETSH, and some WLIT students, and writing in French for FRCH and WLIT students. Writing assignments include two shorter essays and a substantial research paper. Offered as ETSH 335, FRCH 435, WLIT 335, WGST 335, FRCH 435 and WLIT 435. Counts as SAGES Departmental Seminar. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

WLIT 438. The Cameroon Experience. 3 Units.
Three-week immersion learning experience living and studying in Cameroon. The focus of the course is the culture, literature, and language of Francophone Cameroon, with some emphasis on Anglophone Cameroon. Students spend a minimum of fifteen hours per week visiting cultural sites and attending arranged courses at the University of Buea. Students will prepare a research paper. Coursework is in French. To do coursework in English, students should enroll in WLIT 338/438 or ETSH 338/438. Offered as ETSH 338, FRCH 338, WLIT 338, ETSH 438, FRCH 438, and WLIT 438. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

WLIT 439. Latin American Poetic Revolt. 3 Units.
Introduction to most important poets in contemporary Latin America, a region home to a significant number of eminent poets, including Nobel Laureates from Chile, Gabriela Mistral and Pablo Neruda. The course focuses on detailed textual analysis of pivotal works, combined with historical-literary perspective, so students gain insight into the diverse styles and tendencies that reflect the tumultuous history of poetry’s development in a relentless search for a Latin American cultural identity. Offered as SPAN 339, SPAN 439, WLIT 339 and WLIT 439. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.
WLIT 440. Seminar in Enlightenment Art and Literature: Piranesi and Vico. 3 Units.
This course explores aspects of the European eighteenth century as a
transformative epoch in the history of western culture. Though the
Enlightenment is usually associated especially with France, in this
course we will focus on Italy, as the irresistible goal of travelers taking
part in the “Grand Tour,” and as a landscape of powerful ancient and
modern architecture and artworks universally recognized as exemplary.
In particular we will study one of the strangest and most fascinating
visual artists of the period, the self-proclaimed architect Giovanni Battista
Piranesi (1720-1778) famous no less now than in his own time for his
fantastic prison engravings as well as his views of Rome, involving
a radical rethinking of the city as a particular kind of inhabited as well as
imaginative space. Piranesi’s polemical response to the advocates of
the Greek revival, then coming into fashion, will lead into discussion of
the key philosophical debates and aesthetic shifts of the time, notably
the emergence of the notion of the sublime as a category eventually
subversive of western ideals of rationality and still present -- and potent
-- in our own culture. Finally we will place Piranesi within a current of
discussion of the origins and nature of language and of human society
in general, not least as manifested in architecture and other symbolic
practices. The leading figure here is the Neapolitan G.B. Vico, whose
New Science of 1725 remains one of the most stimulating texts in the
western intellectual tradition. Offered as CLSC 340, COGS 340, WLIT
340, CLSC 440, and WLIT 440.

WLIT 442. Latin American Feminist Voices. 3 Units.
Examination of the awakening of feminine and feminist consciousness in
the literary production of Latin American women writers, particularly from
the 1920s to the present. Close attention paid to the dominant themes of
love and dependency; imagination as evasion; alienation and rebellion;
sexuality and power; the search for identity and the self-preservation of
subjectivity. Readings include prose, poetry, and dramatic texts of female
Latin American writers contributing to the emerging of feminist ideologies and
the mapping of feminist identities. Offered as SPAN 342, SPAN 442,
ETHS 342, WGST 342, WLIT 342, and WLIT 442. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

WLIT 443. The New Drama in Latin America. 3 Units.
Representative works of contemporary Latin American drama. Critical
examination of selected dramatic works of twentieth-century Latin
America provides students insight into the nature of drama and into
the structural and stylistic strategies utilized by Latin American dramatists to
create the “new theater,” one which is closely related to Latin American
political history. Offered as SPAN 343, SPAN 434, ETHS 343, WLIT 343
and WLIT 434. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

WLIT 456. Afro-Hispanic Literature. 3 Units.
This course will survey the literary and cultural production of writers and artists of African descent in Latin America and the Caribbean,
paying attention to both their creative and theoretical texts. Discussion of
questions of race and ethnicity will allow students to explore the ways in
which these texts reformulate the idea of national identity and cultural
belonging in the context of the nation-state, whose traditional centrality
is being weakened through the effects of migration and exile. Readings
include works by writers from Cuba, Puerto Rico, Dominican Republic,
Costa Rica, Colombia, Panama, Ecuador, and Peru. Offered as SPAN
356, SPAN 456, ETHS 356, WLIT 356 and WLIT 456. Counts for CAS
Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

WLIT 458. Latin American Cinema. 3 Units.
This course is designed to introduce students to the basic tools of
film analysis as well as to the major trends and movements in Latin American cinema from the 1960s to the present. Through the analysis of
representative films from Latin America, the course will examine the
development of a variety of cinematic styles, paying particular attention to
the historical contexts in which the films were produced and to the
political, cultural, and aesthetic debates that surrounded their production.
Offered as SPAN 358, SPAN 458, ETHS 358, WLIT 358 and WLIT 458.
Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

WLIT 463H. African-American Literature. 3 Units.
A historical approach to African-American literature. Such writers as
Wheatley, Equiano, Douglass, Jacobs, DuBois, Hurston, Hughes, Wright,
Baldwin, Ellison, Morrison. Topics covered may include slave narratives,
African-American autobiography, the Harlem Renaissance, the Black
Aesthetic, literature of protest and assimilation. Maximum 6 credits.
Offered as ENGL 363H, ETHS 363H, WLIT 363H, ENGL 463H, and
WLIT 463H. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.
Prereq: Graduate standing.

WLIT 465E. The Immigrant Experience. 3 Units.
Study of fictional and/or autobiographical narrative by authors whose
families have experienced immigration to the U.S. Among the ethnic
groups represented are Asian-American, Jewish-American, Hispanic-
American. May include several ethnic groups or focus on a single one.
Attention is paid to historical and social aspects of immigration and
equality. Maximum 6 credits. Offered as ENGL 365E, WLIT 365E,
ENGL 465E, and WLIT 465E. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.
Prereq: Graduate standing.

WLIT 465N. Topics in African-American Literature. 3 Units.
Selected topics and writers from nineteenth, twentieth, and twenty-first
century African-American literature. May focus on a genre, a single
author or a group of authors, a theme or themes. Maximum 6 credits.
Offered as ENGL 365N, ETHS 365N, WLIT 365N, ENGL 465N, and
WLIT 465N. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.
Prereq: Graduate standing.

WLIT 465Q. Post-Colonial Literature. 3 Units.
Readings in national and regional literatures from former European
colonies such as Australia and African countries. Maximum 6 credits.
Offered as ENGL 365Q, ETHS 365Q, WLIT 365Q, ENGL 465Q, and
WLIT 465Q. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.
Prereq: Graduate standing.

WLIT 466G. Minority Literatures. 3 Units.
A course dealing with literature produced by ethnic and racial minority
groups within the U.S. Individual offerings may include works from
several groups studied comparatively, or focus on a single group, such as
Native Americans, Chicanos/Chicanas, Asian-Americans, Caribbean-
Americans. African-American works may also be included. May cover
the entire history of the U.S. or shorter periods. Maximum 6 credits.
Offered as ENGL 366G, WLIT 366G, ENGL 466G, and WLIT 466G. Counts for
CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.
Prereq: Graduate standing.

WLIT 468C. Topics in Film. 3 Units.
Individual topics in film, such as a particular national cinema, horror
films, films of Alfred Hitchcock, images of women in film, film comedy,
introduction to film genres, Asian-cinema and drama, dance on screen,
science fiction films, storytelling and cinema, and literature and film.
Maximum 12 credits. Offered as ENGL 368C, WLIT 368C, ENGL 468C,
and WLIT 468C. Prereq: Graduate standing.
WLIT 485. Hispanic Literature in Translation. 3 Units.
Critical analysis and appreciation of representative literary masterpieces from Spain and Latin America, and by Hispanics living in the U.S. Texts cover a variety of genres and a range of literary periods, from works by Cervantes to those of Gabriel Garcia Marquez. The course will examine the relationship between literature and other forms of artistic production, as well as the development of the Hispanic literary text within the context of historical events and cultural production of the period. Counts toward Spanish major only as related course. No knowledge of Spanish required. Offered as ETHS 385, ETHS 485, SPAN 385, SPAN 485, WLIT 385, and WLIT 485. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement. Prereq: Graduate standing.

WLIT 487. Literary and Critical Theory. 3 Units.
A survey of major schools and texts of literary and critical theory. May be historically or thematically organized. Maximum 6 credits. Offered as ENGL 387, WLIT 387, ENGL 487, and WLIT 487. Prereq: Graduate standing.

WLIT 490. Topics in World Literature. 3 Units.
In-depth examination of specific critical and literary theories and of their relevance for literature and culture studies. Authors, works and instructor may vary. Offered as WLIT 390 and WLIT 490. Prereq: Graduate standing.

WLIT 495. French Literature in Translation. 3 Units.
Topics vary according to student and faculty interest. May include Francophone literature, literature and cinema, women writers, contemporary literature. Counts toward French major only as related course. No knowledge of French required. Offered as FRCH 395, WLIT 395, FRCH 495, and WLIT 495. Prereq: Graduate standing.

WLIT 590. Seminar in World Literature. 3 Units.
Topics vary depending on student and instructor interests; may include Postcolonial literature; Latin American literature and film; African Anglophone and Francophone literature. Prereq: Graduate standing.

WLIT 595. Independent Research. 1 - 3 Unit.
For graduate students under special circumstances. Prereq: Graduate standing.

WLIT 601. Independent Study. 1 - 18 Unit.
For graduate students under special circumstances. Prereq: Graduate standing.

WLIT 651. Thesis MA. 1 - 18 Unit.
Frances Payne Bolton School of Nursing

History
The Frances Payne Bolton School of Nursing (http://fpb.case.edu) (FPB) has a proud history beginning with the Lakeside Hospital Training School for Nurses established in 1898. With a generous endowment from Frances Payne Bolton (http://fpb.case.edu/Visitors/bolton.shtm), who was the first congresswoman from Ohio, FPB was established in 1923 as a school within Western Reserve University. In 1969, Western Reserve University and Case Institute of Technology merged forming the current university, Case Western Reserve University. Consistently, FPB is ranked among the leading schools in U.S. News and World Report and in funding from the National Institutes of Health. Graduate-level specialty majors have been in the top 10.

FPB is noted for its innovation, leadership and excellence in education, research and practice. To support this mission, the school has fifteen endowed chairs, among the largest number in the world for a school of nursing. FPB also houses one of only 10 World Health Organization Collaborating Centers (http://fpb.case.edu/Centers/WHOCC) for nursing in the country. The Sarah Cole Hirsh Center for Best Nursing Practices Based on Evidence (http://fpb.case.edu/Centers/Hirsh) was established in 1998 was the first national center of its kind.

Strategic Vision
Mission
The Frances Payne Bolton School of Nursing at Case Western Reserve University provides leadership in innovative research, education, and practice to promote health and reduce the burden of disease. Dedicated to interdisciplinary scholarship, we are committed to the pursuit of excellence in service to local and global communities.

Vision
Our vision is to create and nurture a learning environment that builds on our tradition of scientific inquiry and commitment to the highest standards of excellence in research, education, and practice in the world community, and to continue our rich history of innovation and global contributions.

Purpose
The purpose of the Frances Payne Bolton School of Nursing is to provide an environment that permits individuals to develop their personal and professional capabilities, including the sense of responsibility for continued learning; to learn as efficiently and effectively as possible; to find enjoyment, excitement, and challenge in the pursuit of knowledge and its application; and to develop behaviors that enable them to function in a changing, complex society. As an integral component of Case Western Reserve University, the school assumes responsibility for the preparation of individuals committed to excellence and leadership in professional nursing. The faculty of the school accepts the responsibility for teaching and scholarly inquiry as integral parts of the educational process.

Philosophy
FPB has set forth the following philosophy to accomplish the stated mission.

Nursing is an academic discipline and profession. Nursing as an academic discipline is a distinctive branch of human knowledge fundamental to nursing practice, nursing education, and nursing administration, and to the continuous development of the profession. The distinctive perspective of nursing includes a focus on the metaparadigm concepts of persons, environment and nursing. The specific conceptual focus within FPB is the health-seeking mechanisms and behaviors of human beings. Some of those mechanisms and behaviors are innate; others are learned or developed and may be subject to the influence of nurses’ knowledgeable ministrations. The body of nursing knowledge is continuously advanced, structured, and restructured as a consequence of a range of methods including scientific inquiry, philosophic inquiry, historical inquiry, and clinical evaluation.

Scientific inquiry within nursing is designed to discover, advance, and clarify knowledge about determinants and correlates of optimal biological, psychological, and social functioning; physical, emotional and spiritual comfort; and individual and group attainment of health goals in multiple environments and under a variety of circumstances (including illness and injury) attendant to birth, living, development, decline and death. Philosophic inquiry is undertaken to clarify the values that underlie consumers’ and nurses’ responsibilities for human health promotion, the ethics of nursing practice, and the nature of the body of knowledge known as nursing. Historical inquiry is undertaken to document significant influences (by events and individuals) on the development of nursing over time as a body of knowledge and as a profession. Clinical evaluation is designed to test and verify the relative efficacy of strategies used in nursing administration, consultation, education, and practice, and the means employed to advance nursing knowledge.

Professional nurses have mastery over a body of scientific and humanistic knowledge that is fundamental to their particular kinds of practice. They selectively use this knowledge in the execution of their professional responsibilities and in the attainment of professional goals. Those involved in differentiated nursing practices employ nursing technologies (skills and approaches that represent the application of scientific knowledge), using artistry in the execution of their professional responsibilities. Professional nurses’ several, particular practices are guided by a code of professional ethics and also by knowledge about the individuals and groups whom they serve. The nurse’s professional goal is to appraise accurately and to enhance effectively the health status, health assets, and health potentials of individuals, groups, families, and communities and to promote the initiative and independence of those they serve in the attainment of reasonable health goals, mutually agreed upon by consumers and by nurses as their health care providers. Nursing practice includes assisting persons in the maintenance of health, detecting deviations from health, assisting persons in the restoration of health, and supporting persons during life. These responsibilities are accomplished through a systematic and deliberative process. Nursing practice includes independent and interdependent functions and nurses are an integral part of the health care system.

Other beliefs essential to nursing that are shared by the faculty are stated below:

Nursing Strategies
Nursing strategies can be categorized according to the function they serve in facilitating clients’ health-seeking behaviors. A tentative
classification scheme according to the function strategies is set forth below. Within each category there are multiple behaviors from which the nurse can select depending on the nature of the clients' assets and deficits. Also, each category is open to the discovery of more activities than are presently known. Each category focuses on facilitating health-seeking behaviors.

- **Compensating**: Performing selected activities or measures (including monitoring) for clients when they are unable to do these activities.
- **Teaching**: Performing actions intended to induce learning.
- **Counseling**: Assisting clients to examine alternative course of action.
- **Supporting**: Promoting clients' ability to cope, adapt and change.
- **Stimulating**: Promoting clients' desire to perform health-seeking behaviors.
- **Advocating**: Intervening on behalf of the client to overcome obstacles that are interfering with health-seeking behaviors.
- **Comforting**: Providing an environment that promotes ease and well being.

The choice of nursing strategies for enhancing client's health-seeking behaviors is based on assessment of these behaviors and the intervening variables to determine the assets and deficits and potential for engaging in behaviors that are directed toward attaining, maintaining or regaining an optimal level of health.

**FPB Accreditation and Approvals**

**Approved Programs**

The Bachelor of Science in Nursing (BSN) (http://fpb.case.edu/BSN) and Master of Nursing (MN) (http://fpb.case.edu/GradEntry) programs are approved by the Ohio Board of Nursing. The last visit for the BSN program was in 2010 and the next visit is due in fall 2015. The last visit for the MN program was in 2012, and the next visit is due in 2017.

Ohio Board of Nursing
17 High Street
Suite 400
Columbus, OH 43215-3413
614-466-3947
www.state.oh.us/nur (http://www.state.oh.us/nur)

**Accreditation**

The Bachelor of Science in Nursing (BSN) (http://fpb.case.edu/BSN) and Master of Science in Nursing (MSN) (http://fpb.case.edu/MSN) programs are accredited by the Accreditation Commission for Education in Nursing and/or ACEN. The initial accreditation was in 1951. The last accreditation was in 2008. The next accreditation is due in 2016.

Accreditation Commission for Education in Nursing and/or ACEN.
3343 Peachtree Road NE
Suite 850
Atlanta, GA 30326
404-975-5000 http://www.acen.org/

The nurse anesthesia program (http://fpb.case.edu/MSN/anesthesia.shtm) is accredited by the Council on Accreditation of Nurse Anesthesia Education Programs (COA). The last accreditation was in 2012. The next accreditation is due in 2020.

Council on Accreditation of Nurse Anesthesia Educational Programs
222 South Prospect Avenue
Park Ridge, Illinois 60068-4001
(847) 655-1160
accreditation@coa.us.com (info@aana.com)
http://home.coa.us.com/Pages/default.aspx

The nurse midwifery program (http://fpb.case.edu/MSN/midwifery.shtm) is accredited by the Accreditation Commission for Midwifery Education (ACME) (formerly ACNM Division of Accreditation) in 2005. The next accreditation is due in 2015.

Accreditation Commission for Midwifery Education (ACME)
8403 Colesville Road, Ste 1550
Silver Spring, MD 20910-6374
240-485-1800
info@acnm.org
http://www.acnm.org/

The DNP program (http://fpb.case.edu/DNP) at Case Western Reserve University is accredited by the Commission on Collegiate Nursing Education (CCNE). The last accreditation was in 2011, and the next accreditation is due in 2016.

Commission on Collegiate Nursing Education
One Dupont Circle NW
Suite 530
Washington DC 20036
(202-887-6791
http://www.aacn.nche.edu/ccne-accreditation

Case Western Reserve University is accredited by the North Central Association of Colleges and Schools, Higher Learning Commission:

North Central Association of Colleges and Schools
The Higher Learning Commission
30 N. LaSalle Street, Suite 2400
Chicago, IL 60602-2504
(800) 621-7440
info@ncahigherlearningcommission.org

The university is chartered as an educational institution under the laws of the State of Ohio and holds a Certificate of Authorization from the Ohio Board of Regents.

**Facilities**

**Instructional Facilities**

With a highly qualified faculty engaged in teaching, research, and community service, FPB offers high quality academic programs. Instruction includes lectures, seminars, individual conferences and small group discussions, and clinical experiences. Modern research and educational facilities include computer and skills laboratories.

**Clinical Facilities**

Instructional facilities are abundant and varied. University Hospitals of Cleveland/Case Medical Center is a 947-bed academic medical center and is an aggregate of specialized hospitals that includes Alfred and Norma Lerner Tower, Samuel Mather Pavilion and Lakeside Hospital for adult medical/surgical care; Rainbow Babies and Children's Hospital; University MacDonald Women’s Hospital; Seidman Cancer Center; skilled nursing and rehabilitation services and home health care.
University Hospitals is part of the University Hospitals Health System with services provided at 100 locations in 40 northern communities.

The Cleveland Clinic Health System has 2,957 beds and is comprised of the Cleveland Clinic Foundation and Fairview Hospital, Health Hill Hospital for Children, Lakewood Hospital, Lutheran Hospital, Marymount Hospital, Euclid Hospital, Hillcrest Hospital, Huron Hospital, and South Pointe Hospital. The system also includes skilled nursing, rehabilitation and home health care.

MetroHealth Medical Center is a regional referral center with 690-beds for medical/surgical care to adults and children. It is a trauma I center with a burn center and 143-bed rehabilitation facility specializing in spinal cord injuries, only one of 19 in the nation. MetroHealth also has the Clement Center for Family Care, a neighborhood outpatient center, and a 291 bed skilled nursing care center. These hospitals are major clinical resources.

The Louis Stokes Cleveland Veterans Administration Medial Center (VAMC) is the third largest VA hospital in the US. In addition to inpatient services, the Cleveland VAMC has extensive outpatient and primary care, a domiciliary unit, hospice, and a variety of other services.

Additional opportunities are available in a variety of health, social, and educational agencies. These include, for example, Benjamin Rose Institute, Hospice of the Western Reserve, Cleveland Psychiatric Institute, Kenneth W. Clement Center for Family Health Care, Judson Park Retirement Community, The Cleveland Visiting Nurses Association, Cleveland Public Health Department, and many others.

Libraries

The Kelvin Smith Library, a 144,000 square foot building completed in 1996, houses most of the collections of Case Western Reserve University. This includes over 1,290,000 monographs, 7,363 serial titles, U.S. Government publications, company annual reports, newspapers, CDs, technical reports, over 12,000 DVDs and videos, and more. The library enables users to integrate both traditional resources and state-of-the-art technology into teaching, research, and learning. A variety of seating styles accommodates 900 people and provide electrical ports for connecting personal laptop computers. Case Western Reserve’s wireless network enables personal laptops to have internet access throughout the library. Two multimedia rooms include scanners and sound and video digitizers. Available are individual study spaces, meeting rooms, conference areas, and social gathering places. Thirty miles of compact movable shelving allows the library to keep much of its collection onsite for immediate access to print materials. The user-friendly interface to the online catalog, databases, and other resources allows library staff to focus their attention on working in-depth with faculty and students.

In addition to the Kelvin Smith Library, students and faculty have access to the following libraries located on campus: the Cleveland Health Sciences Libraries, supporting programs in dentistry, medicine and nursing; the School of Law Library; the Lillian and Milford Harris Library in the Mandel School of Applied Social Sciences; the Kulas Music Library; and the Astronomy Library. Altogether, collections at the Case Western Reserve libraries encompass more than 1.8 million volumes, nearly 14,000 serials and periodicals, and a wide range of electronic information resources, including a CD-ROM reference database that is accessible through the Case Western Reserve network. These include OhioLINK, a state-funded network that links the libraries of 17 public universities, 23 community/technical colleges, 44 private colleges, and the State Library of Ohio and also offers access to research databases and other information resources.

The Health Sciences Libraries, which consist of the Health Center Library and the Allen Memorial Library, serve as the major libraries for holdings related to nursing, medicine, dentistry, nutrition, and biology. The Health Center Library adjacent to the School of Nursing houses nearly 350,000 volumes, 2,780 current periodicals, and audiovisual materials. Approximately 8,800 volumes are specifically nursing texts, and more than 100 journals are nursing publications. The library also houses a historical collection of nursing materials. The most current and heavily used books are placed on reserve to insure their availability to students. Faculty also place materials on reserve for use in the library. There are 18 public workstations to access the internet, and the library also provides wireless access for those with properly-equipped laptop computers.

FPB School of Nursing Information Technology Services

The Frances Payne Bolton School of Nursing has its own Information Technology Services department (http://fpb.case.edu/CurrentStudents/technology.shtml). This department manages and oversees all computer related operations within the school. Furthermore, the team assists faculty, staff and students with any computer problems, issues, needs, or equipment purchase. FPB has its own Help Desk and provides troubleshooting of problems and repairs to all school-owned equipment. There are two computer laboratories including a Cyber-Café where students have access to computers and network-access connection for hooking up their laptops along with wireless network access. The main computer lab is located on the second floor and the Cyber-Café is located on the ground floor. These two areas are available during the weekdays, evenings, and weekend on a 24 hours basis. The second lab (Center for Bioinformatics) is located within the Learning Resource Center (LRC) on the ground floor and is only available when not used for classroom activities during weekdays from 9:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m.

Learning Resource Center (LRC)

The Learning Resource Center (LRC) (http://fpbrc.cwru.edu) is a state of the art facility comprised of four academic support units, the Cyber Café, the Center for Bioinformatics and Health Promotion, the Multimedia Simulation Center and the Clinical Teaching Center. FPB students have the opportunity to advance their nursing skills by active participation in hands-on training sessions that demonstrate the real-life aspects of nursing. The staff is available by appointment to meet with students individually in order to review a particular skill, practice with SimMan, CathSim, SimBaby, SimChild, or utilize the Bioinformatics lab to work with various nursing software packages. SimMan, SimBaby, and SimChild are high-tech human patient simulators that breathe, have a pulse, and maintain heart-rhythm and blood pressure. They simulate almost any patient emergency situation and are programmable to provide the most life-like responses with immediate feedback for student learning. CathSim is an intravenous trainer, which uses virtual reality-based patients to teach intravenous (IV) catheterization. They give students the ability to choose the patient they will start an IV on, depending on their particular clinical setting. The program offers immediate feedback and opportunities for review to enhance the nursing skills needed in real life environments.

FPB is equipped with four technology-enhanced classrooms, which allow our faculty to use powerful tools in teaching to engage the students with learning. The classrooms are equipped with computers, VHS DVD combo player, a ceiling mounted video projection system, a document camera, wall-mounted speakers, and a touch panel-controlled LCD
monitor. Selected classrooms have the ability to support in-person videoconferencing using high speed Internet connections.

**Administration**

Mary E. Kerr, PhD, RN, FAAN  
(Case Western Reserve University)  
*Dean and the May L. Wykle Endowed Professor*

Shirley Moore, PhD, RN, FAAN  
(Case Western Reserve University)  
*Associate Dean for Research; Edward J. and Louise Mellen Professor in Nursing*

Elizabeth A. Madigan, PhD, RN, FAAN  
(Case Western Reserve University)  
*Associate Dean for Academic Programs; Independence Foundation Professorship in Nursing Education; Head, WHO Collaboration Center*

Vicki J. Stouffer, BA, MBA  
(University of Findlay)  
*Associate Dean of Development & Alumni Relations*

Jaclene A. Zauszniewski, PhD, RN-BC, FAAN  
(Case Western Reserve University)  
*Kate Hanna Harvey Professor in Community Health Nursing; PhD Program Director*

Deborah Lindell, DNP, RN, CNE  
(Case Western Reserve University)  
*Assistant Professor; Director, MN Program*

Carol Savrin, DNP, CPNP, FNP, BC, FAANP  
(Case Western Reserve University)  
*Associate Professor; Director of the MSN Program*

Donna A. Dowling, PhD, RN  
(University of Illinois)  
*Associate Professor; Director of the Post-Master's DNP Program*

Diana L. Morris, PhD, RN, FAAN, FGSA  
(Case Western Reserve University)  
*Florence Cellar Associate Professor in Gerontological Nursing; Executive Director of the University Center on Aging & Health*

Evelyn G. Duffy, DNP, ANP/GNP-BC, FAANP  
(Case Western Reserve University)  
*Associate Professor; Associate Director of the University Center on Aging and Health*

Celeste M. Alfes, MSN, DNP, RN  
(Case Western Reserve University)  
*Assistant Professor; Director, Learning Resource Center*

Barbara Daly, PhD, RN, FAAN  
(Bowling Green State University)  
*Gertrude Perkins Oliva Professor in Oncology Nursing*

Teona C. Griggs, M.Ed., MA  
(Cleveland State University)  
*Director of Student Services, Diversity, and Inclusion*

Brigid L. Mercer, BS  
(Ohio State University)  
*Senior Director, Alumni Relations and Development*

Sarah Ott-Hansen, BA, MBA  
(Yale University and University of Chicago)  
*Director of Development*

Samira Hussney, MPH  
(Case Western Reserve University)  
*Director, International Programs & WHO Collaborating Center*

Susan Frey, MAFIS  
(Cleveland State University)  
*Assistant Dean for Administrative Services*

Caron Baldwin, MCSE  
(Ohio Wesleyan University)  
*Information Services Manager*

Kathleen O’Linn, BS  
(Ursuline College)  
*Manager, Human Resources and Facilities*

Helen Jones-Toms, MNO  
(Case Western Reserve University)  
*Director of Marketing*

Tiffany Cooper, MBA  
(Ursuline College)  
*Executive Aide*

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**Bachelor of Science in Nursing (BSN)**

**Bachelor of Science in Nursing**

The BSN program emphasizes intensive and early clinical experience, a strong foundation in acute and critical care nursing and a commitment to service to our community. Our students begin their clinical experience in the first term of the freshman year and complete their program with a 336-hour clinical preceptorship in the senior year. Students graduate with over 1600 hours of clinical experience, far exceeding that of other schools of nursing. In addition, students provide healthcare services to children and families—collectively amassing approximately 16,000 hours of service to local schools alone each year.

The student-learning environment includes traditional classrooms, world-class clinical facilities, community settings and the Learning Resource Center (LRC). The LRC consists of four activity centers: the Clinical Teaching Center; the Center for Bio-informatics and Health Promotion; the Multimedia Simulation Center; and the Cyber Café. Clinical experiences occur in Cleveland’s nationally and internationally renowned health care facilities including the University Hospitals of Cleveland, the Cleveland Clinic and the MetroHealth System. Students also have extensive experience in community health departments, community centers and the Cleveland Municipal School District.

The opportunities available to students are limitless. Students are encouraged to participate in interdisciplinary research projects with senior faculty. They have the opportunity to explore health issues in the global arena, to study in international sites as part of their standard curriculum. International activities are supported by FPB’s World Health Organization (WHO) Collaborating Center.

Graduates have a foundation in the discipline of nursing, demonstrate leadership in clinical practice, use clinical inquiry to advance practice,
become involved in research, and assume responsibility for their own professional development.

**Characteristics of the Graduate**

- Teaches and counsels individuals, families and other groups about health, illness and health seeking behaviors
- Critiques and applies research findings to clinical practice
- Provides direct patient care and assumes leadership role in directing nursing care to individuals, groups and families
- Participates and assumes beginning leadership roles
- Uses principles of ethics and the professional code as a framework for decision making
- Works effectively as a member of an interdisciplinary health care team
- Uses effective communication techniques with diverse clients, colleagues, and information systems
- Describes process of health care policy development

**Degree Requirements** ([http://fpb.case.edu/BSN/degree.shtm](http://fpb.case.edu/BSN/degree.shtm))

Candidates for the Bachelor of Science in Nursing degree must complete the following:

1. Minimum of 126 hours as specified by the requirements with a 2.000 GPA
2. A minimum of C for all courses taken in nursing and science courses counting toward the major
3. A minimum of 50 credit hours in 300 and 400 level courses
4. The SAGES General Education Requirements for the School of Nursing

For those with experience in the armed forces of the United States, or in the National Guard or in a reserve component, the Graduate Entry/MN or BSN program will (a) Review the individual's military education and skills training; (b) Determine whether any of the military education or skills training is substantially equivalent to the curriculum established in Chapter 4723-5 of the Ohio Administrative Code; and (c) Award credit to the individual for any substantially equivalent military education or skills training. (In accordance with Ohio Revised Code 4723-5)

**Progression in the BSN Program**

Progression in the Bachelor of Science in Nursing program is contingent upon satisfactory academic achievement in all required courses. To maintain satisfactory academic standing, students must attain a GPA of 2.000 or above by the end of their junior year and must obtain a C or above in all nursing and science courses counting toward the major. Students who receive two unsatisfactory grades (D or F) in nursing and/or natural and behavioral science courses may be subject to separation from the school of nursing. See the Undergraduate Student Handbook ([http://fpb.case.edu/CurrentStudents/handbook.shtm](http://fpb.case.edu/CurrentStudents/handbook.shtm)) for a description of the criteria for academic standing.

Students who receive a grade of Incomplete (I), given at the discretion of the instructor for the course, must complete course requirements by the eleventh week of the following semester. It is the student's responsibility to notify the instructor of the circumstances preventing completion of all assigned work. In the absence of notification or adequate justification, the instructor may give the student a final grade that assumes a failing grade for the missing work. If a student fails to submit the work required for removing the Incomplete by the date established or by the eleventh week of the following semester, the instructor will give a failing grade (F). The grade will convert from I to F when the deadline for making up incomplete grades from a previous semester has passed.

Students who receive a grade below C for a nursing course must register for that course the next semester that it is offered. If the student fails to meet the University's requirement for good academic standing, the student is placed on academic probation. If the GPA does not improve the next semester, the Academic Standing Board of the Faculty Senate Committee on Undergraduate Education will review the student's record to determine whether extenuating circumstances warrant an additional semester of probation or separation from the university.

**Curriculum** ([http://fpb.case.edu/BSN/curriculum.shtm](http://fpb.case.edu/BSN/curriculum.shtm))

This four-year generic program for high school graduates leads to a BSN degree. Upon successful completion of the program, graduates will be eligible to sit for the NCLEX examination ([http://www.ncsbn.org](http://www.ncsbn.org)) for licensure as a Registered Nurse (RN). A sample study plan ([http://fpb.case.edu/BSN/sampleplan.shtm](http://fpb.case.edu/BSN/sampleplan.shtm)) also demonstrates how a BSN student might schedule the required courses.

The FPB School of Nursing has the right to determine a student's readiness to sit for the NCLEX-RN examination and the right to restrict testing until the student demonstrates a readiness to pass this examination. This examination is given by State Boards of Nursing, and satisfactory completion of this examination enables the graduate to practice as an RN in the state for which the examination was written.

The BSN program includes nursing, science and liberal arts courses. A minimum of 126 credit hours, with at least 50 credits from upper division courses, are required for award of the BSN degree. Students must meet the University requirements for graduation. The ratio of clinical hours to credit hours is 4 to 1, and for laboratory hours, it is 2 to 1. The program plan for entry-level students to the BSN program is as follows:

**Freshman**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Courses</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Fall</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Foundations of the Discipline (NURS 110)</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Foundations of Practice (NURS 111)</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Principles of Biology (BIOL 114)</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Introduction to Human Anatomy and Physiology I (BIOL 116)</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SAGES University First Seminar</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GER General Education Requirement</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BCLS and First Aid for Health Care Providers (NURS 277)</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nursing Informatics I: Introduction (NURS 120)</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Foundations of Practice II (NURS 122)</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Applied Nutrition in Health and Disease (NURS 201)</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Community Engagement Seminar I (NURS 160)</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Introduction to Human Anatomy and Physiology II (BIOL 117)</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SAGES University Seminar</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Concepts for a Molecular View of Biology I (CHEM 119)</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Year Total:</strong></td>
<td><strong>17</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

This four-year program leads to a Bachelor of Science in Nursing degree. Courses are required for award of the BSN degree, and satisfactory completion of this examination enables the graduate to practice as an RN in the state for which the examination was written.
### 40 General Education Requirements

**86 Nursing Requirements**

**Doctor of Nursing Practice**

The Doctor of Nursing Practice Program (DNP) is an innovative academic program designed to prepare nurses for leadership positions in advanced nursing practice roles. The Post-Master’s DNP program is flexible in meeting the needs of distance education students, with an innovative executive format and cohort program that has partnerships with numerous academic institutions and hospitals around the country. The DNP program admits students at three different stages in order to accommodate students with diverse educational backgrounds.

- **Graduate Entry Program (Pre-Licensure stage; MN degree awarded):** The Graduate Entry program is a pre-licensure stage designed for individuals with baccalaureate (or above) degrees from an accredited college or university in a discipline other than nursing. Students admitted to the Graduate Entry program prepare for licensure as a registered nurse. A generalist Master of Nursing (MN) degree is awarded at successful completion of the program, and students can then apply to a Board of Nursing for licensure as a Registered Nurse and practice as a beginning staff nurse. They are also encouraged to proceed to the next phase of the DNP program to attain their MSN degree.

- **Post-Licensure (Advanced Nursing Practice stage; MSN degree awarded):** This phase of the DNP program is designed for registered nurses who have received the Master of Nursing (MN) degree. It awards a Master of Science in Nursing (MSN) degree and allows students to apply to a professional organization for certification in the advanced nursing specialty and to a Board of Nursing for credentials to practice in the advanced nursing specialty.

- **Post-Master’s DNP (Practice Doctorate stage; DNP degree awarded):** This stage of the DNP program prepares nurses with MSN degrees to be clinical leaders at the absolute pinnacle of their field. Students acquire in-depth knowledge in nursing theory, research, policy, and education or management. Most DNP students at the post-master’s level are already practicing in roles as advanced practice nurses, administrators, or educators. Once they are admitted to this phase of the program, they choose one of two elective sequences: education leadership or practice leadership.

### Characteristics of the Graduate

1. **Scientific Underpinnings for Practice**

   - Integrate nursing science and theory with knowledge and theory from ethics, the biophysical, psychosocial, cultural, and organizational sciences to develop and evaluate new practice approaches.

2. **Organizational and Systems Leadership for Quality Improvement and Systems Thinking**

   - Demonstrate leadership in the development and evaluation of care delivery approaches that meet current and future needs of patient populations from findings of nursing and other clinical sciences, as well as organizational, political and economic sciences.

   - Develop and evaluate effective strategies and ensure accountability for leading organizations, addressing quality improvement and patient safety initiatives, and managing ethical dilemmas inherent in patient care and research.
3. Clinical Scholarship and Analytical Methods for Evidence-Based Practice
   - Use analytic methods critically appraise existing evidence to
determine best practices.
   - Apply relevant findings and use quality improvement methods to
develop recommendations to improve practice and the practice
environment.
   - Disseminate findings from evidence-based practice and research to
improve health care outcomes.

4. Information Systems/Technology and Patient Care Technology for the
   Improvement and Transformation of Health Care
   - Evaluate programs that monitor outcomes of care, care systems,
and quality improvement including consumer use of health care
information systems.
   - Provide leadership in the evaluation and resolution of ethical and
legal issues within health care systems relating to use of information,
information technology, communication networks and patient care
technology.

5. Health Care Policy and Advocacy in Health Care
   - Demonstrate leadership in the critical appraisal, development, and/or
implementation of institutional, local, state, federal, and international
health policy.

6. Interprofessional Collaboration for Improving Patient and Population
   Health Outcomes
   - Collaborate using communication, consultative, and leadership skills,
with intraprofessional and interprofessional teams to improve quality
and safety in health care.

7. Clinical Prevention and Population Health for Improving the Nation’s
   Health
   - Analyze scientific data and synthesize concepts related to clinical
prevention and population health in developing, implementing, and
evaluating interventions to address health promotion and disease
prevention efforts.

Degree Requirements
   - Post-master’s entry students must complete the DNP program within
five years. Students who do not complete the DNP program within
the above timeframe should send a letter to the Director of the Doctor
of Nursing Practice Program with a request for an extension and a
proposed plan for completing of remaining requirements.
   - Records of students who do not complete the program within the
specified timeframe will be re-evaluated in terms of the curriculum
in effect at the time of review. The student may be required to take
additional course work to graduate.

Academic Performance
Progression in the Doctor of Nursing Practice degree program is
contingent upon satisfactory academic achievement in all required
courses.

Doctor of Nursing Practice students must achieve a cumulative grade
point average of 3.0 or above in all courses taken for credit as a DNP
student at the Frances Payne Bolton School of Nursing to be awarded
the DNP degree. All DNP students must successfully defend their
scholarly project.

The grade of incomplete (I) will be given at the discretion of the instructor
for work not completed in the semester. A grade of I must be removed
by the end of the semester following the one in which the course was
taken or before the student enrolls in a course for which the initial course
is a prerequisite. No credit is given for an I grade. The I will remain a
permanent part of the transcript if the student fails to complete course
requirements within the next year and the student will be required to
retake the course.

Scholarly Project
The DNP program culminates in successful completion of a scholarly
project. The scholarly project is designed by the student in collaboration
with a 3-member committee approved by the Program Director. The
scholarly project must focus on an issue related to improving patient
outcomes. The scholarly project can take the form of a five chapter
written project or a manuscript suitable for publication. The procedures
and written product must conform to the regulations of the FPB School of
Nursing.

Students must successfully defend their completed scholarly project in
an “oral examination” with their committee members who are responsible
for certifying that it meets acceptable scholarly standards. The defense is
open to faculty and students and to those outside of the University. The
committee determines the adequacy of the oral examination and written
product. A student will pass if two or more of the committee members
agree that the student successfully responded to questions during the
defense and the written product met scholarly standards.

Post-Master’s DNP Curriculum
Most classes are held in an intensive format (http://fpb.case.edu/
Programs/intensives.shtml), meeting for a specified number of days with
additional meetings held online. A 3-credit course will meet for 5-6 days.
Two courses are held online across the semester. Intensive sessions
are given three times a year (January, May, and August) for at least
two weeks. Papers and projects are due in the semester following the
intensive session.

Required Courses
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Credits</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NUND 450</td>
<td>Applied Statistics</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NUND 504</td>
<td>Theories for Nursing Practice and Scholarship</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NUND 506</td>
<td>Leadership in Organizations and Systems</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NUND 508</td>
<td>Health Care Policy and Planning</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NUND 510</td>
<td>Application of Health Information Technology and Systems</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NUND 540</td>
<td>Practice Focused Inquiry I</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NUND 541</td>
<td>Practice-Focused Inquiry II</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NUND 610</td>
<td>Translating Evidence into Nursing Practice</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NUND 611</td>
<td>Practicum</td>
<td>1-2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NUND 619</td>
<td>Proposal Development</td>
<td>1-2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NUND 620</td>
<td>Scholarly Project</td>
<td>1-3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Educational Leadership Electives

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
<th>Credits</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NUND 509</td>
<td>Curriculum and Instruction</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NUND 609</td>
<td>Theoretical Foundations of Educational Testing and Evaluation</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Practice Leadership Electives

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
<th>Credits</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NUND 507</td>
<td>Management in Advanced Nursing Practice</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NUND 607</td>
<td>Advanced Leadership and Management in Healthcare</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Graduate Entry Nursing Program

The Graduate Entry Nursing Program is designed for individuals who hold at least a BA/BS in a non-nursing major and whose career and educational goals include nursing practice at the advanced specialty level. All applicants are admitted to three stages of the program (http://fpb.case.edu/GradEntry/pathways.shtm): pre-licensure stage (leading to the Master of Nursing, or MN), advanced nursing practice stage (leading to the Master of Science in Nursing, or MSN), and practice doctorate stage (leading to the Doctor of Nursing Practice, or DNP).

Following completion of the MN degree, students may apply for the PhD program. However, if they are interested in applying to the combined DNP/PhD program, they must first complete the MSN degree. Certain MSN majors have separate RN experience requirements and/or admission process.

During the pre-licensure (MN) stage, students earn approximately 14 credits applicable to most MSN majors. The Graduate Entry Nursing program has an innovative quality and safety component (http://fpb.case.edu/QualSafe) woven throughout the curriculum, emphasizing the importance of the patient experience.

Characteristics of the Graduate

The MN (Master of Nursing) is a generalist nursing degree awarded to those who satisfactorily complete the pre-licensure stage of the Graduate Entry program. MN graduates possess the following characteristics:

- Teaching/Learning: Provides opportunities for individuals, other professionals, populations and communities to enhance their knowledge about health, illness, and health seeking behaviors through consultation and education conceived in partnership with the learner
- Research/Inquiry: Integrates best current evidence to continuously improve the delivery of care and identify areas where further evidence is needed
- Nature of Practice: Provides and directs nursing care for individuals, groups, families and populations, that focuses on safety, quality, and the recipients' needs, preferences and values
- Leadership: Assumes beginning nursing leadership roles that are directed toward outcomes evaluation and implementation of care improvement initiatives
- Ethics: Applies ethical principles in complex nursing situations
- Collaboration: Promotes nursing and inter-professional collaboration to achieve safe, quality healthcare
- Communication: Integrates technology and interpersonal techniques in communication, knowledge management, error mitigation, and decision-making with diverse clients and colleagues

- Policy Development: Actively participates in policy development at local, unit, and state levels to promote safe, quality healthcare

Degree Requirements

Time Frame for Completion of Degree

- Completion of MN degree. Graduate Entry Nursing Program students (non-nurses) must complete the MN program within 4 years of initial enrollment. Students who do not complete the MN curriculum within 4 years are required to reapply for the program.
- Completion of the MSN, DNP, or PhD; refer to policies for those programs.
- Records of students who do not complete their program within the specified timeframe will be re-evaluated in terms of the curriculum in effect at the time of review. The student may be required to take additional course work to graduate.

For those with experience in the armed forces of the United States, or in the National Guard or in a reserve component, the Graduate Entry/MN or BSN program will (a) Review the individual's military education and skills training; (b) Determine whether any of the military education or skills training is substantially equivalent to the curriculum established in Chapter 4723-5 of the Ohio Administrative Code; and (c) Award credit to the individual for any substantially equivalent military education or skills training. (In accordance with Ohio Revised Code 4723-5)

Progression in the Program

Satisfactory Academic Standing

Progression in the Graduate Entry Nursing Program is contingent upon satisfactory achievement in all required courses. To maintain satisfactory academic standing, students enrolled for the pre-licensure (Master of Nursing-MN) component of the Graduate Entry Nursing Program must attain and maintain a GPA of 3.0 or above. C, the lowest passing grade, is viewed as borderline performance. An overall GPA of 3.0 is required to progress to the post-licensure component of the Graduate Entry Nursing Program. If a student's semester GPA is less than 3.0 or the overall GPA is less than 3.0, the student will be placed on probation and an individualized plan will be developed and documented. The student will be removed from probation when the overall GPA is 3.0 or higher. If the student is on probation for two semesters, the student's record will be reviewed by the Executive Committee to determine whether extenuating circumstances warrant an additional semester of probation or whether the student should be separated from the program.

When a student receives a grade of F for a required course, the student must register for that course the next semester in which the course is available. Refer to the Student Handbook (http://fpb.case.edu/programs/handbook.shtm) for more information on repeating a course with an F grade and the GPA. Graduate Entry students who receive two failing grades indicating unsatisfactory performance (F, NP, or U) in required courses will be separated from Frances Payne Bolton. Progression from one semester to the next in the pre-licensure (MN) component of the Graduate Entry Nursing Program is contingent upon passing grades in all courses taken in the preceding semester.

The grade of Incomplete (I) will be given at the discretion of the instructor for work not completed in the semester. The "Arrangement to Resolve a Grade of Incomplete" form must be completed prior to the end of the semester, or the instructor may assign a grade of U or F. A grade of Incomplete must be removed by the end of the semester following the one in which the courses was taken or the next semester that the course is given or before the student enrolls in a course for which the initial
course is a prerequisite. No credit is given for a grade of Incomplete. The grade of Incomplete will remain a permanent part of the transcript if the student fails to complete course requirements within the next semester, unless alternative arrangements are approved in writing.

Graduate Entry students in the post-licensure component must meet all progression requirements of the degree program in which they are enrolled (MSN (p. 479), DNP (p. 476), or PhD (p. 488)). Refer to those sections of the Bulletin for further information.

Curriculum

Applicants admitted to the Graduate Entry Nursing Program are admitted for the MN, MSN and DNP degrees (certain MSN majors have separate experience requirements and/or admission process). On completion of the MN or MSN degrees, students may apply for the PhD or DNP/PhD programs.

Successful completion requires a grade of at least C in each course and successful completion of all courses in the MN curriculum (see below). On completion of required courses.

The MN curriculum (below) includes 72 credit hours of required courses. Students must meet the University requirements for graduation. The ratio of credit hours to clock hours is: didactic and seminar, 1:1; lab, 1:2; and clinical, 1:4.

First Year

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Fall</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spring</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Introduction to Nursing Informatics (NUMN 403) 1
Introduction to the Discipline and Practice of Nursing (NUMN 401) 7
Introduction to Public Health Nursing (NUMN 411) 2
Inquiry I - Theoretical Foundations (NURS 405) 3
Health Assessment (NUMN 410) 2
Introduction to Pharmacology (NUMN 402) 3
Altered Human Functioning (NUND 405) 3
Acute Care Nursing of the Adult (NUND 407) 8.5
Introduction to Concepts of Genetics in Nursing (NUND 408) 1
Professional Role Development: Leadership (NUND 409A) 1
Public Health Nursing A (NUND 411A) 2.5
Issues and Ethics in Health Care (NUND 413) 2
Year Total: 18

Second Year

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Fall</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spring</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Inquiry B for the Graduate Entry DNP (NUND 404B) 2
Inquiry C for the Graduate Entry DNP (NUND 404C) 2
Professional Role Development: Health Policy, Advocacy and Delegation (NUND 409B) 1.5
Public Health Nursing B (NUND 411B) 2
Parents and Neonates in Health and Illness (NUND 415) 4.5
or Children and Families in Health and Illness (NUND 416) 4
Psychiatric Mental Health Nursing (NUND 417) 4

Credits Toward the MSN Earned in the Master of Nursing Curriculum

Students who successfully complete the Master of Nursing curriculum and are awarded the MN degree have earned the following credits applicable toward most MSN majors for the MSN degree.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NURS 405 Inquiry I - Theoretical Foundations (Basis: NUND 404A and B) 3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NURS 425 Inquiry II - Research Process (Basis: NUND 404 B and C) 3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NURS 502 Inquiry III - Evidence-Based Nursing Practice 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NUND 410 Health Promotion Across the Life Span 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NUND 459 Advanced Health Assessment 3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NUND 444A Ethical and End of Life Issues in Advanced Nursing Practice (Basis: NUND 413) 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NUND 443C Teaching and Learning in Advanced Practice (Basis: NUND 411A) 1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Approval of RN Licensure Applications

The School of Nursing has the right to determine a student’s readiness to sit for the NCLEX-RN exam and also reserves the right to restrict testing until the student demonstrates a readiness to pass the examination.

In order to have the “Program Completion” section of the application for RN licensure approved by the Program Director, students must meet the following criteria:

1. Have been awarded the Master of Nursing (MN) degree.

2. Demonstrate readiness to take the NCLEX-RN examination by achieving at least a minimum score on a faculty-selected, standardized CLEX-RN predictor exam.

Master of Science in Nursing (MSN)

The Master of Science in Nursing program prepares registered nurses for advanced practice specialization either as a nurse practitioner, clinical nurse specialist, nurse midwife, or nurse anesthetist. Dual degree programs are offered in bioethics (MSN/MA), anthropology (MSN/MA), and public health (MSN/MPH). Post-master’s certificates can be provided for all programs and are crafted according to individual needs and background education.
Characteristics of the Graduate
• Teaching/Learning: Develops and teaches educational offerings and provides consultation with other professionals/populations and communities about health, illness and health-seeking behavior
• Research/Inquiry: Identifies clinical research problems, initiates utilization of research and participates in scientific inquiry
• Nature of Practice: Assumes functions and role of the Advanced Practice Nurse
• Leadership: Assumes leadership positions in employment or community organizations at the local/state/national level
• Ethics: Applies ethical principals in Advanced Practice Nursing
• Collaboration: Initiates interdisciplinary teams to enhance practice
• Communication: Establishes effective communication systems among clients and colleagues
• Policy Development: Contributes, implements and influences health policy development through work and professional organizations

Degree Requirements
The MSN program itself requires a minimum of 36 credit hours to graduate, but most majors require an average of 40 credit hours of graduate credit for the student who enters with a BSN degree. Other degree requirements must be fulfilled for those entering with the portfolio option. A maximum of nine (9) semester hours of credit in approved graduate courses, where the student obtained a grade of B or above, may be transferred to meet program requirements, and three (3) credits may be waived for a total of 12 credits. To be awarded an MSN degree, the student must have a cumulative GPA of 3.0 and received satisfactory grades in all nursing courses taken for credit as a MSN student. Degree requirements must be completed within 5 years of initial enrollment.

Path to the MSN
Students in the MSN program choose from several different majors, but virtually all students must take at least ten core courses (http://fpb.case.edu/MSN/program.shtm). Student must complete a required number of credit hours as well as clinical hours. Most majors require an average of 40 credit hours, usually completed in three or four semesters (including summer). Most MSN majors also require at least 500 clinical hours; the anesthesia, midwifery, and flight nursing programs require more.

Students can choose either a part-time or full-time program, with full-time consisting of 9 or more credits per semester and part-time being anything less.

Course Grades
Progression in the MSN program is contingent on a cumulative GPA of 3.0 and passing grades in all courses (A, B, C, P, or S). If the cumulative GPA falls below 3.0 during any semester, the student will be placed on academic probation. To be removed from probation, the student must have a cumulative GPA of 3.0 or higher in the next academic semester he/she is registered. If the student fails to be removed from academic probation at this time, he/she may be separated from the FPB School of Nursing.

The grade of Incomplete (I) will be given at the discretion of the instructor for work not completed in the semester. The “Arrangement to Resolve a Grade of Incomplete” form must be completed prior to the end of the semester, or the instructor may assign a grade of U or F. A grade of I must be removed by the end of the semester following the one in which the course was taken or the next time the course is offered and before the student enrolls in a course for which the initial course is a prerequisite. No credit is given for an I grade. The I will remain a permanent part of the transcript if the student fails to complete course requirements within the next semester, unless alternative arrangements are approved in writing.

A student who receives a grade of F or U for a required course must register for the course the next semester it is offered to continue in the MSN program. If the grade of U or F is in a course that is not required for the MSN program, the student may register for the same course or a substitute course and achieve a passing grade to continue in the MSN program. MSN students who receive 2 failing grades (F, U, NP) will be separated from FPB.

Majors and Sample Full-Time Curriculum
Virtually all MSN students must take at least ten core courses in Professional Development, Scientific Inquiry, and Nursing Practice (for nurse practitioner majors). Although the MSN program itself requires a minimum of 36 credit hours to graduate, most majors require an average of 40 credit hours, usually completed between 18 and 24 months, though the nurse anesthesia program requires 28 months of study. Students also need to put in at least 500 clinical hours for most MSN majors; the anesthesia, midwifery, cardiovascular, and flight nursing programs require even more. Post-master's certificates can be provided for all programs and are crafted according to individual needs and background education.

Nurse Practitioner Majors
Acute Care Nurse Practitioner (http://fpb.case.edu/MSN/ACNP.shtm) (ACNP)
• Subspecialty: Flight Nursing (http://fpb.case.edu/MSN/ACNPFlight.shtm)
• Subspecialty: Cardiovascular Nursing (http://fpb.case.edu/MSN/ACNPCardio.shtm)

Acute care nurse practitioners (ACNPs) often serve as first responders in a variety of healthcare settings that include community and academic hospitals, intensive care units, outpatient clinics, and specialty practices like medical cardiology, subacute care, or trauma.

As part of FPB’s MSN program, the ACNP major requires at least 39 credit hours of coursework and 600 hours of clinical experience. A recent year of adult intensive care (ICU) nursing experience is required prior to beginning this program.

First Year

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### Role Development in Advanced Practice (NURS 443B) 1

### Teaching and Learning in Advanced Practice (NURS 443C) 1

**Year Total:** 14 15

## Second Year

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**Total Units in Sequence:** 39-40

## Adult-Gerontology Nurse Practitioner ([http://fpb.case.edu/MSN/adultgero.shtm](http://fpb.case.edu/MSN/adultgero.shtm))

- Subspecialty: Cardiovascular Nursing ([http://fpb.case.edu/MSN/adultgerocardio.shtm](http://fpb.case.edu/MSN/adultgerocardio.shtm))
- Subspecialty: Gerontology

Adult-gerontology NPs provide comprehensive care, including wellness and acute and chronic illness care, to patients from late-adolescence through adulthood to the elderly. They specifically emphasize health promotion, disease prevention, and comprehensive gerontological assessment. They practice in a wide variety of locations that include hospitals, urgent and primary care settings, community clinics, long-term care facilities, and private practice.

As part of FPB's MSN program, the adult-gero NP major requires 41 hours of coursework, plus about 600 hours of clinicals. The coursework is usually completed within 18 months (four semesters) for full-time students, and courses are offered in a distance-friendly format that requires about eight trips to Cleveland.

### First Year

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## Second Year

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**Total Units in Sequence:** 41-42

## Pediatric Nurse Practitioner ([http://fpb.case.edu/MSN/PNP.shtm](http://fpb.case.edu/MSN/PNP.shtm)) (PNP)

- Subspecialty: Cardiovascular Nursing ([http://fpb.case.edu/MSN/PNPcardio.shtm](http://fpb.case.edu/MSN/PNPcardio.shtm))

Pediatric nurse practitioners (PNPs) are advanced degree nurses who provide primary health care for children from infancy to 21 years of age, including physical, psychosocial, and family dimensions of health. They diagnose and treat childhood illnesses, provide immunizations, perform developmental screenings and physical assessments, and much more in their objective to protect and enhance the health of children. Along with pediatricians and other providers, PNPs practice in settings such as private practice, primary care clinics, community health centers, and hospitals.

As part of FPB's MSN program, the PNP major requires 40 credit hours of coursework, plus about 600 hours of clinicals. The coursework is usually completed within 18 months (four semesters) for full-time students, and courses are offered in a distance-friendly format.

### First Year

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### Second Year

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Inquiry II - Research Process (NURS 425) 3
Pharmacology and Therapeutics (NURS 430) 3
Common and Acute Health Problems of Children (NUNP 402) 6
Inquiry III - Evidence-Based Nursing Practice (NURS 502) 2
Health Care Delivery and Finance in Advanced Practice (NURS 444B) 1
Role Development in Advanced Practice (NURS 443B) 1
Teaching and Learning in Advanced Practice (NURS 443C) 1
Year Total: 15 12 5

**Second Year**

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<td>Advanced Management in Pediatric Primary Care (NUNP 403)</td>
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Total Units in Sequence: 39.5-40.5

**Neonatal Nurse Practitioner (http://fpb.case.edu/MSN/NNP.shtm) (NNP)**

Neonatal nurse practitioners (NNPs) are advanced practice nurses who focus on the management and care of fragile, critically ill, and premature infants and their parents. Their role encompasses activities that promote optimal health, detect illness, and facilitate restoration and maintenance of the health of neonates. NNPs practice in neonatal intensive care units (NICUs), which are found in children’s and large general hospitals.

Two years of NICU nursing are needed prior to beginning the NNP major. As part of FPB’s MSN program, the major requires 40 credit hours of coursework, plus about 600 hours of clinicals in NICUs. Full-time coursework is completed within 18 months (4 semesters).

**First Year**

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Inquiry II - Research Process (NURS 425) 3
Pharmacology and Therapeutics (NURS 430) 3
Neonatal Nurse Practitioner II (NUNP 412) 4
Health Care Delivery and Finance in Advanced Practice (NURS 444B) 1
Role Development in Advanced Practice (NURS 443B) 1
Teaching and Learning in Advanced Practice (NURS 443C) 1
Inquiry III - Evidence-Based Nursing Practice (NURS 502) 2
Neonatal Nurse Practitioner III (NUNP 413) 3
Year Total: 12.5 13 5

Second Year

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Total Units in Sequence: 39.5-40.5

**Family Nurse Practitioner (http://fpb.case.edu/MSN/FNP.shtm) (FNP)**

• Subspecialty: Cardiovascular Nursing (http://fpb.case.edu/MSN/FNPcardio.shtm)
• Subspecialty: Gerontology

Family nurse practitioners (FNPs) are advanced nurses who offer care, promote health, and treat disease in patients ranging from children to elders. They provide comprehensive wellness care as well as management of acute and chronic illnesses. FNPs practice in hospitals, urgent care and primary care settings, federally-qualified health centers, and private practice offices.

As part of the MSN program, the FNP major requires 40 credit hours of coursework, plus about 600 hours of clinicals. The coursework is usually completed within 18 months (four semesters) for full-time students, and courses are offered in a distance-friendly format.
### First Year

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**Total Units in Sequence:** 40-41

### Women's Health Nurse Practitioner (http://fpb.case.edu/MSN/WHNP.shtm) (WHNP)

Women's health nurse practitioners (WHNPs) are experts in woman-focused health promotion and disease prevention. As specialists, WHNPs deliver comprehensive health care to women, with emphasis on reproductive and gynecologic health needs. They provide well-woman care, care during and after pregnancy, and care before and after menopause. They also care for women experiencing episodic acute or chronic illnesses. WHNPs see a broad range of patients in practice settings that include primary care centers, adolescent health centers, and private practice.

The WHNP major, as part of FPB's MSN program, requires 38 credit hours of coursework, plus about 600 hours of clinicals. With full-time enrollment, coursework is usually completed within 12 months (four semesters). Core MSN courses are offered in an intensive format (http://fpb.case.edu/Courses/intensive.shtml) that requires limited trips to Cleveland.

### Blended Role (NP/CNS) Majors

**Advanced Practice Adult Oncology/Palliative Care (http://fpb.case.edu/MSN/OncologyPalliativeCare.shtm)**

Advanced practice adult oncology/palliative care nurses provide expert care to patients undergoing cancer treatment and those focusing on the management of complex symptoms. These advanced practice nurses...
care for both inpatients and outpatients, within hospitals and clinics as well as via hospice and palliative care programs.

At FPB, this innovative, versatile major prepares graduates to practice in a variety of oncology or hospice and palliative care settings. Students may select either nurse practitioner or clinical nurse specialist tracks. Graduates of the program will be eligible for the adult nurse practitioner certification and/or oncology nurse practitioner certification, oncology clinical nurse specialist certification, or certification in palliative care, assuming other examination and practice requirements are met. The program can be done on either a full-time or part-time basis. One year of oncology nursing experience is required. The major requires 40-41 credit hours of coursework, plus about 500 hours of clinicals. The coursework is usually completed within 24 months (four semesters) for full-time students.

Opportunities to obtain post-Master’s certification in oncology or palliative care are also available. Palliative care courses (Symptom Management I and II) may be taken as electives as part of any other APN major, or by non-degree students seeking additional preparation for their practice.

### First Year

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<tr>
<th>Units</th>
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<th>Spring</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Advanced Pathophysiology (NURS 453)</td>
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<td>Role Development in Advanced Practice (NURS 443B)</td>
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<td>Teaching and Learning in Advanced Practice (NURS 443C)</td>
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<td>Inquiry I - Theoretical Foundations (NURS 405)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Family Health Nursing: Health of Adults and Older Adults (NUNP 419)</td>
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<td>Pharmacology and Therapeutics (NURS 430)</td>
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### Second Year

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<td>Health Policy Legislation and Legal Issues in Advanced Practice (NURS 444C)</td>
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<td>Comprehensive Care of the Chronically Ill Adult and Older Adult (NUNP 441)</td>
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**Total Units in Sequence:** 41-42

### Family Systems Psychiatric Mental Health Nursing (http://fpb.case.edu/MSN/familysystems-psych.shtm)

In addition to the shortage of advanced practice psychiatric nurses, healthcare systems are challenged to address the needs of an increasing elderly population; stressed military families; families impacted by the economy, loss of employment, home foreclosure, and other stressors; and a population facing an increase in reported rates of domestic and youth violence.

The work of an advanced practice psychiatric nurse practitioner or clinical nurse specialist is dynamic in scope, ranging from prevention and health promotion to early detection and assessment to integration and culturally appropriate, client-centered intervention. Similarly, they can practice in a multitude of environments, including community mental health clinics; hospitals systems; private physician offices; prison systems; military bases and Veteran’s Affairs Hospitals; treatment facilities; and psychiatric mental health community centers, among others.

The Family Systems Psychiatric Mental Health Nursing major, as part of the MSN program, requires 45 credit hours of coursework and 720 hours of clinicals. The coursework is usually completed within four semesters.

### First Year

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<td>General Systems Theory: Foundations for Practice (NURS 475)</td>
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<td>Advanced Practice Seminar: Blended Role of Psychiatric-Mental Health APRN (NURS 476)</td>
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<td>Family Systems Theoretical Foundations (NURS 481)</td>
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<td>Individual and Group Modalities for Family Systems Practice Across the Lifespan (NURS 484)</td>
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<td>Modalities for Family Systems Practice: Vulnerable Family Populations (NURS 486)</td>
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<td>Theoretical Basis of Practice and Supervision in Consultation, Collaboration (NURS 488)</td>
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Total Units in Sequence: 47-49

## Other Majors

### Nurse Anesthesia ([http://fpb.case.edu/MSN/anesthesia.shtm](http://fpb.case.edu/MSN/anesthesia.shtm))

Nurse anesthetists are advanced practice nurses who administer all types of anesthetic for every kind of surgery or procedure. As expert clinicians primarily responsible for direct patient care, they focus on preoperative evaluation, intraoperative management, and postoperative anesthesia care.

Clinical courses for MSN nurse anesthesia students at FPB provide them with the opportunity to give direct patient care, participate in staff education programs, and identify clinical topics for research. Students work one-on-one with a clinical preceptor with expertise in nurse anesthesia. They will also take part in administering general and regional anesthesia in persons of all ages. The management of emergency operations, obstetrics, pediatrics, and neurosurgery are an integral part of the clinical experience. Graduates will be eligible to take the certification examination administered by the Council on Certification of Nurse Anesthetists.

All applicants must have at least two years of recent experience in one of the following acute care settings: recovery room, emergency room, or medical, surgical, neonatal, or pediatric intensive care or one year’s experience with certification in their respective nursing specialty (CCRN, CEN, CPAN).

### First Year

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<tr>
<td>Principles of Anesthesia II (NUAN 459)</td>
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<td>Physiological Variables and Responses I: Respiratory System (NUAN 451)</td>
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<td>Physiological Variables and Responses: The Cardiovascular System (NUAN 452)</td>
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<td>Anesthesia Nursing I (NUAN 456)</td>
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<td>Principles of Anesthesia I (NUAN 458)</td>
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<td>Nurse Anesthesia: Advanced Practice I (NUAN 551A)</td>
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<td>Nurse Anesthesia: Advanced Practice I (NUAN 551B)</td>
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## Third Year

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Total Units in Sequence: 36-45

### Nurse Midwifery ([http://fpb.case.edu/MSN/midwifery.shtm](http://fpb.case.edu/MSN/midwifery.shtm))

Certified nurse-midwives (CNMs) are educated in the two disciplines of nursing and midwifery and are certified according to the requirements of the American Midwifery Certification Board. CNMs manage women’s health care, focusing on common primary care issues, family planning and gynecologic needs including menopause related issues, pregnancy, childbirth, the postpartum period, and care of the newborn. They practice within a healthcare system that provides for consultation, collaboration, or referral as indicated by the health status of the client, in accordance with the Standards for the Practice of Midwifery, as defined by the American College of Nurse-Midwives (ACNM).

Nurse midwife students must complete 48 credit hours of coursework as well as work individually with a clinical preceptors in a variety of outpatient, in-patient, and out-of-hospital settings to provide optimal care to women in the antepartum, intrapartum, (and) postpartum and non childbirth bearing periods. Graduates will be eligible to take the certification examination administered by the American Midwifery Certification Board.
By taking NURS 559, Advanced Practice in Nursing Care of Women, students are eligible for dual certification in Women's Health.

Certification Board. With the addition of the 4 credit NURS 559 Advanced Practice in Nursing Care of Women, students are eligible for dual certification in Women's Health.

### First Year

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<td>Advanced Pathophysiology (NURS 453)</td>
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<td>Advanced Health Assessment (NURS 459)</td>
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<td>Well Woman Health Care (NURS 454)</td>
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<td>The Childbearing Family (NURS 455)</td>
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<td>Integrated Assessment of the Neonate for Midwives (NURS 416)</td>
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<td>Health Promotion Across the Life Span (NUNP 410)</td>
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<td>Ethical and End of Life Issues in Advanced Nursing Practice (NURS 444A)</td>
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<td>Health Care Delivery and Finance in Advanced Practice (NURS 444B)</td>
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<td>Advanced Midwifery (NURS 557)</td>
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**Total Units in Sequence:** 48

### Joint Degrees

**MSN/PhD Dual Degree Program (p. 486)**

The Master of Science in Nursing / PhD combined degree program provides the opportunity for students with a BSN or MN degree to pursue the PhD while earning an MSN degree in a selected major or clinical specialty along the way. Application involves a dual submission process and applicants must be accepted into both programs. For the combined MSN/PhD program, up to 8 credits of course overlap are allowed depending on the selected clinical major.

**Master of Science in Nursing/Master of Arts in Anthropology (MSN/MA Anthropology) (http://fpb.case.edu/MSN/MSNMA.shtm)**

The Master of Science in Nursing/Master of Arts in Anthropology joint degree program provides students with the unique combination of cross-cultural expertise in medical anthropology and clinical expertise in nursing. Students must complete a minimum of 19 credits in nursing core courses, 12 to 22 credits in clinical major courses, and a minimum of 18 credits in anthropology courses, distributed as indicated below. The actual number of credits depends upon the major selected. This curriculum plan reflects clinical nursing majors other than nurse anesthesia and community health. Choice of electives should guarantee that minimum credit requirements are met. All students must pass the Masters Qualifying Examination in Anthropology.

### Required Nursing Courses

- NURS 443A Collaboration, Consultation, & Credentialing in Advanced Practice Nurs 1
- NURS 443B Role Development in Advanced Practice 1
- NURS 443C Teaching and Learning in Advanced Practice 1
- NURS 444A Ethical and End of Life Issues in Advanced Nursing Practice 1
- NURS 444B Health Care Delivery and Finance in Advanced Practice 1
- NURS 444C Health Policy Legislation and Legal Issues in Advanced Practice 1
- NURS 453 Advanced Pathophysiology 4
- NURS 459 Advanced Health Assessment 3
- NURS 430 Pharmacology and Therapeutics 3
- NURS 405 Inquiry I - Theoretical Foundations 3
- Clinical major selected 12-22

### Required Anthropology Courses

- ANTH 480 Medical Anthropology and Global Health I 3
- ANTH 481 Medical Anthropology and Global Health II 3
- ANTH 462 Contemporary Theory in Anthropology 3
- Anthropology electives (health-related) 6-9

### Required Research Courses

- NURS 425 Inquiry II - Research Process 3
- NURS 502 Inquiry III - Evidence-Based Nursing Practice 2
- NURS 503 Inquiry Practicum 1 - 2
- or ANTH 504 Anthropological Research Design
- 500-level medical anthropology course 3

### Required Elective

Approved Elective course in Anthropology OR Nursing 3

**Master of Science in Nursing/Master of Arts in Bioethics (MSN/MA Bioethics) (http://fpb.case.edu/MSN/MSNMBIO.shtm)**

The Master of Science in Nursing/Master of Art in Bioethics joint degree program is designed to provide nurses with the concepts essential to
ethics and ethical decision-making. This program is relevant for nurses who are family advocates within health care systems. The total MSN/MA degree requirements are 53-63 credits.

**Required Nursing Courses**

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<td>NURS 443A</td>
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<td>NURS 443B</td>
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**Required Bioethics Courses**

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<tr>
<td>BETH 405</td>
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**Nursing Centers of Excellence**

**Unparalleled Opportunities**

The Centers of Excellence at the Frances Payne Bolton School of Nursing expose students first-hand to nursing research, global health care systems, evidence-based practice, initiatives in aging care, self-management, end-of-life science, inclusion of persons with disabilities into research, and flight nursing.

**WHO Collaborating Center for Research and Clinical Training in Home Care Nursing (WHOCC)**

The WHOCC is affiliated with the World Health Organization, which was established in 1948 by the United Nations as its specialized agency for health. The WHO’s objective, as set out in its Constitution, is the attainment by all peoples of the highest possible level of health. WHO Collaborating Centers are national institutions around the world designated by the WHO to collect and disseminate information on world health issues, provide education and training, and participate in collaborative research. The WHO Collaborating Center at FPB is charged with research and clinical training in home care nursing and is one of only 10 designated centers for nursing in the United States.

**Sarah Cole Hirsh Institute for Best Nursing Practices Based on Evidence**

Evidence-based practice in nursing is the integration of best research evidence with clinical expertise and patient values. As one of only a few such centers in the country, the Hirsh Institute was established in 1998 to disseminate evidence-based practice information through printed and online publications. It also conducts certification training programs and consulting services and has awarded numerous certificates in evidence-based practice to nurses from within and outside Ohio.

**The University Center on Aging and Health (UCAH)**

By the year 2020, a staggering number (approximately 17%) of the US population will be considered elderly. In addition, almost 40% of a physician’s time will be spent treating the elderly by that year. UCAH at Case Western Reserve University serves international, national, and local communities by providing an interdisciplinary platform for gerontological education, research, and services. A key objective of UCAH is to increase the number of students in the role of gerontology and utilize its partnerships to promote interdisciplinary collaboration.

**Center of Excellence for Self-Management Advancement through Research and Translation (SMART)**

The SMART Center is an NIH-funded research center designed to address the science of self-management at the levels of individual, family, organization, and community. Its goals are to expand knowledge related to self-management through interdisciplinary investigations of self-management, serve as a national leader in research and dissemination of research findings to the scientific community, and diffuse knowledge into clinical practice and policy to enhance the use of self-management strategies to improve the health, function, and quality of life of individuals.

**Building End-of-life Science through Positive Human Strengths and Traits (BEST) Center**

The BEST Center is funded by the National Institute of Nursing Research/National Institute of Health. It focuses on quality of life research for seriously ill people, including those who are at the end of life. The Center’s mission is to radically shift the direction of quality of life research.

**Full Inclusion of Persons with Disabilities in Self-Management Research (FIND) Lab**

The FIND Lab’s mission is to promote the full inclusion of persons with disabilities in mainstream health care research through use of Universal Design of Research and to encourage research on the general health care needs of persons with disabilities. It is funded by the National Institutes of Nursing Research/National Institute of Health.

**The Dorothy Ebersbach Academic Center for Flight Nursing**

The Dorothy Ebersbach Academic Center for Flight Nursing, formerly the National Flight Nurse Academy, serves as part of the MSN program’s Adult-Gerontology Acute Care Nurse Practitioner Flight Nursing subspecialty. It is the first formal training program of its kind to prepare nurses at the advanced practice level to provide care to individuals outside of hospitals, but at a hospital level of care.

**Quality and Safety Education for Nurses (QSEN) Institute**

Funded by the Robert Wood Johnson Foundation, the QSEN Institute addresses the challenge of preparing future nurses so that they will have the knowledge, skills, and attitudes (KSAs) necessary to continuously improve the quality and safety of the healthcare systems within which they work. This website is a central repository of information on the core QSEN competencies, KSAs, teaching strategies, and faculty development resources designed to best support this goal.
Other Student Categories

Non-Degree Students

An applicant with basic preparation in nursing may apply to register as a non-degree student for up to 9 credits. After your application is received and approved, you will receive further instructions via e-mail on how to register via the Student Information System (SIS).

For those wishing to take PhD courses, the applicant must obtain written permission from the faculty teaching the course and the PhD Program Director in the FPB School of Nursing for those taking PhD courses. Contact the Graduate Studies Office at 216-368-4390.

For those wishing to take MSN or post-MSN DNP courses, the applicant must complete our online application and receive permission from the appropriate program director before being permitted to enroll in the course. Once the application has been submitted, the student will be notified if permitted to enroll into the course.

Clinical courses may not be taken as a non-degree student. Continuation of this status is at the discretion of FPB's administrative officer. Status as a non-degree student does not imply acceptance into FPB. If the non-degree student applies for admission to FPB, course work completed as a non-degree student will be evaluated on an individual basis for its applicability to degree requirements within the time frame for the degree.

Special Students

Special students are those who take a specified course of study designed to meet an individual's needs. They must meet the admission requirements for the program where the majority of class work will be done. Their status and satisfactory performance will be reviewed after one year. Students completing MSN courses to obtain a certificate in any advanced practice nursing major will be admitted as special students.

If a special student decides to pursue a graduate degree, the approval of the Associate Dean of Academic Programs must be obtained. Entrance into the degree program will be considered the date when the student enrolled in the first course work as a special student. These courses must have been taken within the last five years. If more than five years have elapsed since the course work as special student was done, the student must meet the current academic requirements for the major selected.

International Students

International students may enroll in any educational program. They must meet the admission requirements for the program that they select. In addition, application should be submitted approximately one year before the desired date of enrollment. English translations of transcripts are required.

Each applicant must document the ability to speak, read, and write English as evidenced by satisfactory performance on the Test of English as a Foreign Language (TOEFL). The International English Language Testing System (IELTS) is also accepted.

Test information can be obtained at: www.toefl.org (http://www.toefl.org) and www.ielts.org (http://www.ielts.org)

Students whose native language is English are exempt. For those whose native language is not English, the minimum acceptable scores are:

- Internet-based TOEFL: 90
- Paper-based TOEFL: 577

Additional requirements for international students:

- International students must present evidence of adequate financial resources to meet the expenses of full-time study and travel expenses to and from Cleveland. Financial assistance is not available from FPB. The student must arrange for a sponsor who will provide full financial support. The sponsor must document their ability to financially support the student, including costs of tuition and fees, room and meals, books, incidentals, and travel expenses.
- For some programs (e.g. MSN) students applying must be eligible for licensure as a registered nurse (RN) before enrollment in the program. To obtain RN licensure, the student can either 1) obtain licensure in a state other than Ohio and apply for reciprocity in Ohio; or, 2) sit for the licensure examination (NCLEX-RN) in Ohio. For information on how to become licensed in any state, you must obtain information from the specific state where you wish to become licensed. For the individual addresses of each State Board of Nursing, go to the National Council of State Boards of Nursing website (http://www.ncsbn.org) and then go to “Boards of Nursing.”

Students may also write to:

National Council of State Boards of Nursing
111 East Wacker Dr.
Suite 2900
Chicago, IL 60601-4277
Telephone: 312.525.3600

Once admitted to FPB, an application form for a student visa will be sent to the student. Upon enrollment at the university, the student must subscribe to the Student Medical Insurance Plan or have proof of other medical insurance coverage.

PhD in Nursing

The PhD program is a post baccalaureate degree program designed to prepare scientists who initiate and conduct research relevant to nursing. Expertise in clinical nursing and competence in research are required to prepare scholars to disseminate knowledge into clinical practice and nursing education. To achieve excellence in the academic program, students engage in activities consistent with the areas of research excellence of the faculty. Moreover, the faculty is committed to the intellectual growth of the student, which is achieved through mentorship and collaboration in scholarship.

The PhD student concentrates on the organization and development of knowledge requisite to nursing practice for service to a population. The population may include: age group (children, adults), focus of service (individual, family, or community) and position on the continuum of health (health and wellness, acute and chronic disruptions in health). PhD students are culturally diverse, and many develop and apply knowledge relevant to global health needs.

Characteristics of the Graduate

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Themes/Roles</th>
<th>Characteristics/Expected outcomes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>- IELTS: 7.0</td>
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</table>
Research/Knowledge Development

- Conduct original research
- Critique and integrate different scientific perspectives in the conduct of original research
- Lead interdisciplinary research teams and participate in team science

Leadership

- Understand the evolving roles and responsibilities of a nurse scholar
- Assume leadership in the conduct of culturally and linguistically appropriate scholarship
- Lead in advancing the discipline through scholarly contributions and science in the global community
- Provide career and research mentorship to others

Dissemination

- Communicate research through publications and presentations for professional, interdisciplinary, and lay audiences

Policy

- Generate and disseminate knowledge relevant to health care policy
- Understand the influence of politics and policy on knowledge generation

Values

- Appreciate the history and philosophy of science
- Understand the evolving nature of the nursing discipline
- Utilize professional and research ethics and judgment in the conduct of research

Substantive Area of Specialization

- Demonstrate mastery of in-depth knowledge in a substantive area

Degree Requirements

Our PhD in Nursing program prepares students for careers as researchers, scientists, or university-level faculty members. They have the opportunity to participate in the research that has a profound effect on the science of nursing and changing nursing practices. PhD students concentrate on the organization and development of knowledge requisite to nursing practice for service to a particular population. PhD students are culturally diverse, and many develop and apply knowledge relevant to global health needs.

The PhD requires a minimum of 57 semester hours of course work, which includes the foundation for the student’s dissertation as well as dissertation completion. The program is individualized, taking into account student interests, aspirations, and work experience. Students entering the program with a BSN who do not wish to obtain an MSN degree will have an option to take NURS 507 Clinical Knowledge and NURS 508 Context of Care; or to take 6 credits of MSN courses to ease their transition from BSN to PhD. A dual degree MSN/PhD program is available for those who also want an MSN degree.

The general program requirements are listed below. Additional coursework may also be required or recommended, as determined by the faculty advisor.

### Knowledge Development/Theory Core (6 credit hours)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Credits</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NURS 506</td>
<td>Nursing Epistemology</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NURS 511</td>
<td>Strategies for Theory Development</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Research Methods Core (9 credit hours)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Credits</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NURS 518</td>
<td>Qualitative Nursing Research</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NURS 530</td>
<td>Advanced Nursing Research Methods I</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NURS 531</td>
<td>Advanced Nursing Research II</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Statistics Core (9 credit hours)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Credits</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NURS 532</td>
<td>Basic Statistics: Fundamentals for Analysis</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NURS 630</td>
<td>Advanced Statistics: Linear Models</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NURS 631</td>
<td>Advanced Statistics: Multivariate Analysis</td>
<td>3</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

### Support Courses (12 credit hours)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Credits</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NURS 609</td>
<td>Health Care Policy and Planning</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NURS 615</td>
<td>Topical Seminar in Health Science Research</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Electives</td>
<td></td>
<td>3-6</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Preparation for Research (minimum 3 credit hours)

- Research Practicum (240 hours required) 0
- NURS 671 Proposal Development 3
- Candidacy Exam 0
- Proposal Defense 0

### Dissertation Research (minimum 18 credit hours)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Credits</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NURS 701</td>
<td>Dissertation Ph.D.</td>
<td>18</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Dissertation Fellowship (upon recommendation to the School of Graduate Studies) for a maximum of 4 consecutive semesters after completion of NURS 701

### Optional PhD Education Courses

To insure that graduates from our PhD in Nursing program are prepared to assume the full faculty role upon graduation, including preparation for teaching and mentoring others, students are encouraged to take optional courses that specifically address the development of their teaching skills.

While two of these courses are taught in an intensive format, between semesters, the third course consists of a 60-hour teaching practicum.

### Preparation for Nursing Education Coursework

- Curriculum and Instruction (3 credits)
- Theoretical Foundations of Testing and Evaluation (2 credits)
- Teaching Practicum (1-6 credits)
It is recommended that courses within this education track be integrated within the student's planned program of study within the first two years of the program.

The courses and teaching practicum must be completed before the student will be advanced to candidate status.

Opportunities for undergraduate and graduate clinical and didactic teaching during paid teaching assistantships are available to those who qualify.

Sample Curriculum Plans
See the website for details. (http://fpb.case.edu/PhD/sampleplans.shtm)

Traditional Format Sample Plan
Students who already have earned the MSN degree can enter the PhD program directly and complete the PhD core coursework during fall and spring semesters.

• A minimum of 3 credits of proposal development is required; however, students may need more time to complete their candidacy exam and proposal development and may therefore need to take more credits of proposal development.
• Concurrent enrollment in proposal development credits and dissertation credits is not permitted.
• Full time status is defined as 9 credits per semester ONLY while students are enrolled in their coursework prior to proposal development. However, enrollment in even a single credit of or constitutes full time study.
• Total required credit hours for the nursing PhD (post MSN) = 57 credits

Fast-Track Sample Plan
Students with a BSN or equivalent can pursue the PhD degree without earning an MSN. In addition to PhD core requirements, they must complete transition courses to gain clinical knowledge and be able to develop a research focus pertinent to nursing in the context of care.

• A minimum of 3 credits of proposal development is required; however, students may need more time to complete their candidacy exam and proposal development and may therefore need to take more credits of proposal development.
• Concurrent enrollment in proposal development credits and dissertation credits is not permitted.
• Full time status is defined as 9 credits per semester ONLY while students are enrolled in their coursework prior to proposal development. However, enrollment in even a single credit of or constitutes full time study.
• Total required credit hours for the nursing PhD (post BSN or equivalent) = 63 credits

Dual Degree Programs

MSN/PhD Dual Degree Program
Students are accepted into both programs. They select an MSN major or clinical specialty and may take MSN and PhD courses concurrently. Up to 8 credits of course overlap are allowed, depending on the clinical major.

DN/P/PhD Dual Degree Program
Students are accepted into both programs and meet course requirements for both doctorates with an overlap of 11 credits. Students develop proposals for the DNP thesis project and PhD dissertation concurrently in order to facilitate timely completion of both degrees.

Advanced Standing for DNP Graduates
Students who have earned a DNP degree within the past five years may be granted advanced standing in the PhD nursing program and qualify for a waiver of up to 9 credits.

Other Programs

Summers-Only Plan
Depending on the number of registrants, PhD courses may be offered during the summer months to enable students to earn the degree in six summers.

Accelerated Option Plan
Students who want to attain their PhD as soon as possible may accelerate their doctoral studies by taking PhD courses year round, including summers (minimum registration required). This option is contingent on whether the summer PhD program is offered.

School of Nursing Courses

NUAN Courses

NUAN 449. Chemical and Physical Properties of Anesthesia. 1 Unit.
Introduction and elaboration of basic chemical and physical principles as they relate to clinical nurse anesthesia practice. An in-depth study of organic and biochemical principles, structure/activity, relationships and their significance in pharmacology. Emphasis will be on the integration and practical application of these principles to clinical nurse anesthesia practice.

NUAN 450. Pharmacological Strategies in Anesthesia Practice. 1 Unit.
Application of pharmaco-kinetic and pharmaco-dynamic principles as they relate to specific anesthetic and adjunct drugs used in anesthesia practice. Integration of this information into clinical area regarding anesthetic uses, dosages, and side effects of these classes of drugs is emphasized. Coreq: NUAN 449.

NUAN 451. Physiological Variables and Responses I: Respiratory System. 1 Unit.
A detailed study of the anatomic structures and related physiochemical mechanisms governing respiratory function in health and disease. Assess the functional integrity of this system utilizing all pertinent objective and subjective data. Consider the impact of anesthetic agents and techniques on this system and how one can plan an anesthetic to facilitate health-seeking behaviors as a patient attempts to attain, maintain or regain optimal health. The effects of anesthesia, implications and for all types of surgery, and the impact on the respiratory system will be discussed. Prereq: NUAN 459 and NURS 453.
NUAN 452. Physiological Variables and Responses: The Cardiovascular System. 1 Unit.
A detailed study of the anatomic structures and related physicochemical mechanisms governing cardiovascular function in health and disease. Assess the functional integrity of this system utilizing all pertinent objective and subjective data. Consider the impact of anesthetic agents and techniques on this system and how one can plan anesthetic to facilitate health-seeking behaviors as patients attempt to attain, maintain, or regain optimal health. Implications for all types of surgery in view of effect of anesthesia on cardiovascular system, however, special attention on surgery involving this specific system. Coreq: NUAN 459 and NURS 453.

NUAN 453. Physiological Variables and Responses III: Peds, OB, Endo & Geriatrics. 1 - 5 Unit.
Study of health-seeking behaviors and intervening variables with special consideration of the anatomy, physiology, and pathophysiology of the pediatric and obstetric, endocrine and geriatric patient. Focus will be on the integration of this information into the nurse anesthesia care to support the health-seeking behaviors of these patients. Prereq: NUAN 451 and NUAN 452.

NUAN 454. Physiological Variables and Responses IV: Renal and Neurologic Systems. 3 Units.
Systematic investigation of the physiologic factors related to health-seeking behaviors with special emphasis on pathophysiology of the renal and neurologic systems. Focus will be on the integration of this knowledge into the planning, implementation, and evaluation of patients requiring nurse anesthesia intervention. Prereq: NUAN 453.

NUAN 455. Anesthesia Nursing I. 1 Unit.
An introduction to the art and science of nurse anesthesia including basic anesthetic principles and beginning clinical practicum to introduce the student to anesthetic equipment and operating room environment. This course is designed to give the student practical information regarding administration of safe anesthesia.

NUAN 456. Anesthesia Nursing I. 1 Unit.
Progressive, guided instruction on the clinical and ethical management of clients undergoing all forms of anesthesia. This course is designed to prepare the nurse in the administration of a safe, routine anesthetic with a moderate amount of instructor intervention. Prereq: NUAN 458 and NUAN 459.

NUAN 457. Anesthesia Nursing III. 1 Unit.
Graduated, guided instruction in clinical management of clients receiving various types of anesthesia. Focus is on the preparation and planning for anesthesia utilizing Schotfeld paradigm. Includes actual administration of anesthesia for clients exhibiting more complicated pathophysiology. More advanced technical instruction and experience. Correlation of didactic and clinical materials, as well as continuous evaluation of student progress are integral to this course. Prereq: NUAN 456.

NUAN 458. Principles of Anesthesia I. 2 Units.
An introduction to the art and science of nurse anesthesia, Including basic anesthetic principles, chemical and physical properties of anesthesia, and basic Anesthetic pharmacology. This course is designed to introduce students to basic anesthesia safety, Anesthesia practice, and the operating room environment. Coreq: NURS 459.

NUAN 459. Principles of Anesthesia II. 2 Units.
In-depth study of principles of regional anesthesia and pain management. Emphasis is placed on relevant anatomy and physiology, preoperative assessment and appropriate patient selection, appropriate use of equipment, pharmacology of commonly used medications, techniques for administration, and physiologic alterations/complications. Prereq: NUAN 458.

NUAN 551A. Nurse Anesthesia: Advanced Practice I. 2 Units.
Individual, in-depth study of advanced clinical nurse anesthesia in such specialty areas as neurosurgical, cardiovascular, obstetric and pediatric anesthesia. The nurse learns to handle more difficult, specialized patients who are at a higher risk. Emphasis is on more complex management with advanced monitoring techniques, use of pharmacological agents and handling higher stress situations. Students develop and utilize practical clinical applications of nurse anesthesia theory. Prereq: NUAN 457.

NUAN 551B. Nurse Anesthesia: Advanced Practice I. 2 Units.
(See NUAN 551A.) Prereq: NUAN 551A.

NUAN 551C. Nurse Anesthesia: Advanced Practice I. 1 - 5 Unit.
(See NUAN 551A.) Prereq: NUAN 551B.

NUAN 552. Nurse Anesthesia: Advanced Practice II. 1 - 5 Unit.
The continuation of advanced, independent clinical nurse anesthesia administration. Emphasis is on management of higher risk patients for more difficult procedures, performing total anesthetic care with minimum of anesthesiologist supervision, and readiness for transition from student to graduate status. Prereq: NUAN 551A and NUAN 551B and NUAN 551C.

NUND Courses

NUND 400. Guided Study. 1 - 6 Unit.
Selected topics in basic nursing. May include clinical experiences.

NUND 401. Introduction to the Discipline and Practice of Nursing. 7.5 Units.
This course is an introduction to the discipline and practice of nursing. Factors influencing health and illness will be explored. Selected nursing strategies and interventions designed to support the maximum health potential of the adult client will be incorporated into lab sessions and practiced in a variety of settings. Small group seminars will be used to examine historical, societal, and legal influences on nursing and the role of functions of the professional nurse. Coreq: NUND 402 and NUND 410.

NUND 402. Introduction to Pharmacology. 3 Units.
This course introduces basic principles of pharmacology and pharmacotherapeutics. A survey of characteristics and uses of major drug groups with an emphasis on nursing implications is presented. Coreq: NUND 401 and NUND 410.

NUND 403A. Introduction to Nursing Informatics. 1 Unit.
This course will introduce students to the concept of health informatics and the role nurses play in the management of information in supporting all areas of nursing including clinical practice, education, research, and administration. Using case studies, lecture and class discussion. Students will develop an awareness of the importance of nursing involvement in the design, implementation, and use of information systems and other technologies. Coreq: NUND 401.
NUND 403B. Nursing and Health Informatics. 1 Unit.
This is the second of a two part course sequence in Nursing Informatics. The focus of this course is the transdisciplinary nature of informatics in health care and the use of advanced information technologies (IT) to support decision-making, promote safety, and ensure quality in patient care. Current issues in health care policy and legislation relating to health information technology will be discussed. Prereq: NUND 403A.

NUND 404A. Inquiry A for the Graduate Entry DNP. 2 Units.
This course provides an introduction to conceptual and theoretical thinking. Students will examine knowledge development in nursing, conceptual structures, and the use of theory in nursing practice and research. Coreq: NUND 401.

NUND 404B. Inquiry B for the Graduate Entry DNP. 2 Units.
This course is a continuation of NUND 404A GE Inquiry A. It completes the introduction to conceptual and theoretical thinking and begins examination of the research process in nursing. The student will examine scientific inquiry and scientific investigation, including the research process. Prereq: NUND 404A

NUND 404C. Inquiry C for the Graduate Entry DNP. 2 Units.
This course is a continuation of NUND 404B GE DNP Inquiry B. It expands the examination of scientific investigation in nursing and includes data management, analysis, and interpretation; critique of existing research; and implications for nursing practice. Coreq: NUND 404B.

NUND 405. Altered Human Functioning. 3 Units.
Introduction to basic pathophysiological outcomes of selected intervening variables that alter human physiologic and cognitive functioning. This course builds on the student’s foundation of normal anatomy and physiology. Recommended preparation: completion of first semester of D.N.P. program. Prereq: NUND 407.

NUND 406. Aging in Health and Illness. 2 Units.
This course will explore the concept of aging in health and illness with an emphasis on the older adult as an individual with the capacity to grow and develop. Prereq or Coreq: NUND 401 and NUND 410.

NUND 407. Acute Care Nursing of the Adult. 8.5 Units.
The focus of this course is the integration of the nursing process in clinical practice. Human responses to significant health events and alterations are analyzed. Application of relevant physiology, psychosocial dimensions, and pharmacology are included. Particular emphasis is placed on nursing strategies, interventions, and the evaluation of their effectiveness in the care of the acutely ill adult. Prereq; NUND 401 and NUND 410.

NUND 408. Introduction to Concepts of Genetics in Nursing. 1 Unit.
Introduction to the theories and concepts relevant to human genetics and genomics and their applications in health care. Coreq: NUND 407.

NUND 409A. Professional Role Development: Leadership. 1 Unit.
This seminar is the second in a series designed to address professional role development. The seminar focuses specifically on leadership development in nursing Prereq: NUND 407.

NUND 409B. Professional Role Development: Health Policy, Advocacy and Delegation. 1.5 Unit.
This seminar is the third in a series designed to address professional role development. The seminar content focuses specifically on health policy, delegation and advocacy. Prereq: NUND 409A.

NUND 410. Health Assessment. 2.5 Units.
Comprehensive introduction to the assessment skills required for a successful nursing practice. Basic skills, such as vital signs, are taught along with a system by system approach to physical examination. Taking a health and psychosocial history is integrated into the course. The course is taught concurrently with anatomy and physiology, concepts of nursing practice, and strategies and interventions for alterations in functioning. Coreq: NUND 401 and NUND 402.

NUND 411A. Public Health Nursing A. 2.5 Units.
This is the first of a two course sequence in public health nursing - health promotion-disease prevention for groups, populations, and communities. This course will focus on enhancing the health and health-seeking behaviors of groups and populations. Adult teaching-learning theories and processes will be explored. Coreq: NUND 407.

NUND 411B. Public Health Nursing B. 2 Units.
This is the second of a two course sequence in public nursing - health promotion-disease prevention for groups, populations, and communities. This course will focus on enhancing the health and health-seeking behaviors of a selected community Coreq: NUND 411A.

NUND 413. Issues and Ethics in Health Care. 2 Units.
This course introduces students to the principles underlying ethical issues and methods of rational decision making. Fundamental theories will be reviewed and applied through case analyses to address ethical dilemmas common to modern health care. Coreq: NUND 407.

NUND 414. Concepts in Nursing Management. 2 Units.
This course focuses on the study of basic concepts related to management and working with groups in the provision of nursing care. Concepts of nursing management including: planning, organizing, staffing, directing, and controlling within healthcare settings will be discussed. Coreq: NUND 417 or permission of course faculty.

NUND 415. Parents and Neonates in Health and Illness. 4.5 Units.
This course introduces biological, psychosocial, and developmental concepts applicable to the nursing care of women, newborns, and families during the childbearing cycle. Emphasis is placed on assessment and identification of health needs as parents and neonates respond to the changes inherent in the childbearing cycle. Strategies related to nursing care of parents and neonates are discussed. The clinical experience focuses on the direct application of these concepts and strategies in the care of patients in various perinatal settings. Prereq: NUND 405, NUND 407, NUND 408, NUND 409A, NUND 411A.

NUND 416. Children and Families in Health and Illness. 4.5 Units.
This course is the study of children from infancy through adolescence and their health status from a developmental perspective. Emphasis is on healthy children as well as those with common acute and chronic illness within the context of their family environment. Nursing strategies focus on interventions to promote, restore, and maintain health and foster growth and development. These strategies are based on understanding advanced concepts of children's and families' responses in health and illness. Prereq: NUND 405 and NUND 407 and NUND 408 and NUND 409A and NUND 411A.

NUND 417. Psychiatric Mental Health Nursing. 4 Units.
This course is designed to address psychiatric and mental health nursing concepts. The focus is on clients with acute and chronic psychiatric disorders and their mental health. Nursing strategies that are appropriate for assessment and intervention with individuals, families, and groups to facilitate optimal mental health will be discussed and practiced. Prereq: NUND 407 and NUND 408.
NUND 418. Integrated Nursing Practice. 5.5 Units.
The focus of this course is implementation of the nursing process in the
care of clients with increasingly complex issues of health and illness.
Emphasis is placed on integrating principles of safe and quality nursing
care. The didactic component includes contemporary topics of relevance
to all specialties and settings of nursing practice. The clinical component
will allow the student to collaborate with faculty to shape the experience
based on the student’s identified learning needs. Prereq: NUND 404C,
NUND 409B, NUND 411B, NUND 417.

NUND 450. Applied Statistics. 3 Units.
This course provides an advanced overview of the assumptions and
applications necessary to analyze and interpret questions and research
related to clinical practice. Emphasis will be on statistical interpretation
of research. During the course, data management, statistical analysis,
and data interpretation, as well as univariate, bivariate, and multivariate
statistics such as ANOVA and ANCOVA will be examined. The data
analysis process will be examined and deconstructed throughout the
course. Prereq: STAT 201 or equivalent within past 5 years.

NUND 480. Action Research and Program Evaluation. 1 Unit.
This course introduces the student to the concept of purposeful
evaluation. The applicability of action research and evaluation to the
change process and to continuous improvement within various venues
will be explored. The iterative, participative, and emergent nature of
generation of new knowledge and practice innovations will be discussed.
Offered as NUND 480 and NURS 620. Prereq or Coreq: NUND 479.

NUND 500. D.N.P. Thesis. 1 - 6 Unit.
Systematic investigation of a clinically based research problem selected
by the student for independent study. This includes proposal refinement
and acceptance, data analysis and thesis completion under thesis
committee supervision. Prereq: NURS 521.

NUND 504. Theories for Nursing Practice and Scholarship. 3 Units.
This initial course in the Doctor of Nursing Practice program examines
the nature of theory, theory development in nursing, and significant
conceptualizations of nursing. Application of mid-range theory to
practice, practice change, and scholarship is explored. Recommended
preparation: Post Masters graduate standing or permission of faculty.

NUND 505. D.N.P. Project. 1 - 6 Unit.
Systematic completion of a project based on existing educational
or clinical research. The project could include: (1) program needs
assessment, (2) development and testing of an assessment instrument/protocol
for clients, (3) implementation and evaluation of a new program;
or evaluation of a major existing program. The evaluation may include
financial, clinical, or educational components as appropriate to the
project. The project will be developed under the supervision of the
student’s N.D. project committee. Prereq: NURS 521.

NUND 506. Leadership in Organizations and Systems. 3 Units.
This course introduces the student to organizational design and
leadership. The focus is developing skills to effectively lead individuals
and teams toward maximizing organizational effectiveness. Elements of
this course will include: organization culture, systems, communication,
innovation and change. Prereq: NUND 504.

NUND 507. Management in Advanced Nursing Practice. 3 Units.
This course is focused on management entrepreneurial concepts and
issues related to advanced nursing practice. Seminars will focus on
integrating legal, fiscal, quality improvement, and other intervening
variables that affect environments of care. Prereq: NUND 506.

NUND 508. Health Care Policy and Planning. 3 Units.
The primary focus of this course is to explore the leadership role of
nurses in health policy development and implementation as well as the
role of research in health care policy formation and planning. Special
emphasis is placed on selected national and international health policy
issues that form the socio-political and economic context of nursing
care and practice. Ethical dimensions of public policy formulations and
implementation are highlighted. Offered as NUND 508 and NURS 609.

NUND 509. Curriculum and Instruction. 3 Units.
The purpose of this course is to explore the theoretical underpinnings
of education and to examine innovative approaches to critical thinking.
Students are provided the opportunity to analyze philosophies and
principles of education along with teaching and learning styles. The focus
of this course is on curriculum planning and development congruent
with the philosophy and objectives of a nursing program. Curriculum
development includes determination of program and course objectives,
along with selection and organization of appropriate learning experiences
to meet these objectives. Effective techniques for instruction in the
classroom, laboratory, and clinical settings are explored.

NUND 510. Application of Health Information Technology and
Systems. 1 Unit.
In this course, an overview of health information technology (HIT) is
provided with focus on use of HIT in health care settings and among
consumers. Course content includes use and evaluation of HIT by health
care providers and patients.

NUND 530. Research Principles and Methods. 3 Units.
This course provides an overview of the components of the research
process. Application of these principles to traditional as well as non-
traditional research problems will be explored. Prereq: NUND 504.

NUND 531. Approaches to Practice Focused Research. 3 Units.
This course considers a variety of methods used for practice
improvement and research. The applicability of these methods, such
as action research, program evaluation and quality improvement, to the
change process and to continuous improvement within various venues
will be explored. The iterative, participative, and emergent nature of
knowledge and practice innovations will be discussed. Prereq: NUND
530.

NUND 540. Practice Focused Inquiry I. 3 Units.
This course introduces the student to a variety of approaches that can be
used for practice-focused inquiry. Applications of beginning elements of
the scholarly process to practice-focused inquiry are reviewed. Elements
include development of a problem statement and literature review.
Prereq: NUND 504. Coreq: NUND 450.

NUND 541. Practice-Focused Inquiry II. 3 Units.
This course builds on Practice-Focused Inquiry I. The content expands
student understanding of practice-focused methodology, including aims,
a conceptual or theoretical framework, setting, sample, sources of data,
measures and instruments. The student applies appropriate methodology
to the development of a plan for their scholarly practice-focused project.
Ethical issues and mechanisms for dissemination of the project results
are included. Prereq: NUND 540.

NUND 607. Advanced Leadership and Management in Healthcare. 2
Units.
Leadership strategies and competencies for adapting to strategic
advances in knowledge, technology, and organizational processes are
explored. Emphasis is placed on developing strategic capacity within the
dynamics of the competitive healthcare environment. Prereq: NUND 507.
NUND 609. Theoretical Foundations of Educational Testing and Evaluation. 2 Units.
In this course an overview of theories on educational measurement and evaluation is provided. Methods of evaluating teaching effectiveness, student learning, and student performance are explored with particular emphasis being placed on test construction and analysis. Prereq or Coreq: NUND 509.

NUND 610. Translating Evidence into Nursing Practice. 3 Units.
This course focuses on methods for developing best practice protocols, and translating them into practice. Prereq: NUND 504.

NUND 611. Practicum. 1 - 2 Unit.
Under the guidance of the faculty advisor and designated mentor(s), the student will develop, implement and evaluate a specific clinical practice experience that strengthens and expands current expertise. This practicum will synthesize previous coursework. Prereq or Coreq: NUND 504.

NUND 615. Teaching Practicum. 1 - 6 Unit.
In this preceptored teaching practicum, the student may engage in classroom, laboratory, and clinical teaching assignments in nursing. The student will be expected to use current educational theory and nursing knowledge in completing the practicum experience (minimum 60 hours). Offered as NUND 615 and NURS 621. Prereq: NUND 509 and NUND 609.

NUND 619. Proposal Development. 1 - 2 Unit.
Under guidance of the student's chair, the student will develop a proposal addressing a practice-based research problem for acceptance by the proposal committee and IRB. Prereq: NUND 610.

NUND 620. Scholarly Project. 1 - 3 Unit.
Under the guidance of their advisor and committee, the student will complete a systematic investigation of a identified previously problem. The experience will culminate with a written report of the findings. Prereq: NUND 619.

NUNI Courses

NUNI 421. Theoretical Foundations of Nursing Informatics. 4 Units.
This course focuses on the practice of Nursing Informatics through the examination of concepts, theories, models, and phenomena relevant to the discipline. Conceptual and functional components of information management will be discussed along with their application within the health care setting. Nursing language concepts will be discussed including the Nursing Minimum Data Set, NIC, NOC, NANDA, as well as various specialized data sets used in health care.

NUNI 431. Advanced Nursing Informatics. 4 Units.
This course emphasizes the information needs of clinical users and the flow of information within the health care environment. General systems theory concepts and their applicability to health care information systems will be discussed. Diagnosis of information management problems, formulation of user-friendly solutions, implementation of those solutions, and their subsequent evaluation will be emphasized. Evolving/emerging information technologies will be discussed as well as the role of human- technology interactions in health care. Prereq: NUNI 421, MIDS 409, and NURS 471.

NUNI 432. Health Care Information Systems. 3 Units.
This course covers concepts, techniques and technologies for providing information systems to enhance the effectiveness and efficiency of health care organizations. Offered as HSMC 432, MIDS 432, MPHP 532 and NUNI 432.

NUNI 499. Internship in Nursing Informatics. 1 - 5 Unit.
This capstone experience consists of four components: the precepted internship in an external health care setting, an outline discussion experience, a leadership seminar, and a comprehensive program examination. This internship is designed to provide the Nursing Informatics student with the opportunity to apply the knowledge and skills acquired through the program to the management of health care information activities. Recommended preparation: Completion of first year of M.S.N.

NUNP Courses

NUNP 401. Health Promotion in Children and Adolescents. 3 Units.
This course introduces the concepts of pediatric primary health care from a developmental perspective. Concepts and theories from nursing and other related disciplines associated with the assessment and care of well children and their families are explored. Clinical application of theories and nursing strategies to optimize the health of children and their families are emphasized in the professional role development of students. Coreq: NUNP 410.

NUNP 402. Common and Acute Health Problems of Children. 6 Units.
This course introduces the common and acute health problems occurring in infancy through adolescence using a bio/psycho/social/cultural approach. Pathophysiology, assessment and diagnostic strategies specific to acute and common problems in children will be emphasized. Nursing strategies used to enhance, maintain and restore health will be discussed. Prereq: NURS 453, NURS 459 and NUNP 410. Prereq or Coreq: NURS 430.

NUNP 403. Advanced Management in Pediatric Primary Care. 5 Units.
This course focuses on the primary rehabilitative health care concepts specific to the management of complex, multidimensional health problems experienced by infants, children and adolescents within the context of their family and community environments. Pathophysiology, assessment and diagnostic strategies specific to complex health problems in children are emphasized. The selection of clinical interventions, clinical decision making and evaluation of strategies used to enhance the health outcomes of children and their families will be stressed. Emphasis will be placed on the consultation and referral processes within interdisciplinary and multidisciplinary teams. Prereq: NUNP 402.

NUNP 405. Neonatal Nurse Practitioner I. 3 Units.
This course introduces the role of the Neonatal Nurse Practitioner and concepts relevant to the management of the well or ill neonate. Analysis of nursing strategies to optimize health-seeking behaviors in families with well or ill neonates is highlighted. Prereq or Coreq: NUNP 416.

NUNP 410. Health Promotion Across the Life Span. 2 Units.
This course introduces health promotion fundamental to advanced practice nursing. Epidemiological principles and international, national and local health promotion goals are examined with emphasis on cultural and environmental principles, individual assessment and evidence based practice. Diagnostic reasoning and intervention strategies to optimize health-seeking behaviors in clients and to foster therapeutic relationships are examined.
NUNP 412. Neonatal Nurse Practitioner II. 4 Units.
This course focuses on the health problems of the high-risk neonate in the context of family, culture, and community. Nursing strategies that enhance, maintain, and restore health in ill neonates and their families. Principles identified for advanced diagnostic and therapeutic approaches specific to the neonate, including pharmacology, are emphasized. Prereq: NUNP 405.

NUNP 413. Neonatal Nurse Practitioner III. 3 Units.
Pathophysiology, assessment, and diagnostic approaches specific to neonates with acute problems will be examined. Concepts related to discharge planning collaboration and long-term follow-up will be introduced. Prereq: NUNP 412.

NUNP 414. Neonatal Nurse Practitioner IV. 5 Units.
This course focuses on the acute and on-going habilitative care specific to the management of neonates with complex health problems. Pathophysiology, assessment, and diagnostic approaches specific to complex health problems of preterm infants, infants with chromosomal aberrations, and infants with multidimensional health problems will be emphasized within the context of their family and community environments. Community-based service learning will be stressed along with follow-up of the infant and family during the first year of life. Emphasis will be placed on consultation and referral processes within multidisciplinary teams. Prereq: NUNP 405, NUNP 412 and NUNP 413.

NUNP 416. Integrated Assessment of the Neonate. 2.5 Units.
This course introduces principles fundamental to the integrated assessment of the neonate. It stresses perinatal history taking, gestational age assessment, physical assessment skills, and assessment of genetic risks. The course provides the basis for problem identification, decision making, advanced therapeutics, and case management. Coreq: NUNP 405.

NUNP 419. Family Health Nursing: Health of Adults and Older Adults. 5 Units.
This course introduces the student to the practice of primary health care of adults and older adults. The course includes the principles of growth and development, health promotion, disease prevention, and management of common acute and chronic health problems. Emphasis is placed on the biological, psychological, social and cultural aspects of care. Pathophysiology, assessment and diagnostic techniques specific to the acute and common problems are stressed. Nursing strategies related to health problems used to enhance, maintain, and restore health are emphasized; health-seeking behaviors and the impact on family are stressed. Prereq: NURS 453, NURS 459 and NUNP 410. Prereq or Coreq: NURS 430.

NUNP 421. Symptom Management I. 1 Unit.
The emphasis of this course is on holistic care for persons and families, addressing symptoms that interfere with quality of life at all phases: during active-cure-oriented treatment of reversible illness, during life limiting illnesses, and at the end of life.

NUNP 422. Symptom Management II. 1 Unit.
The emphasis of this course includes the holistic care of persons and families, addressing symptoms that interfere with quality of life at all phases: during active cure-oriented treatment of reversible illness, during life limiting illnesses, and at the end of life. Contextual factors influencing care delivery will also be addressed. These include interdisciplinary collaborative practice models, financial, ethical, cultural, and legal considerations. The role of advanced practice nurse in promoting quality and safety in the provision of palliative care will be emphasized. Prereq: NUNP 421.

NUNP 429. Family Health Nursing: Health of the Family During Childbearing Years. 4 Units.
This course introduces the influence of family dynamics on the care of women and their families before pregnancy, during pregnancy and within the interconceptional period. Assessment of physical and psychosocial health and deviations is central to the course. Content also includes principles of education for childbearing, parenting and conception control. Nursing strategies to optimize health-seeking behaviors of the family during the childbearing years are emphasized. Prereq: NUNP 410 and NUNP 419.

NUNP 431. Advanced Oncology Nursing. 4 Units.
The emphasis of this course is on the genetic basis and pathophysiology of cancer, and common treatment modalities. Advanced practice nursing responsibilities in all phases of cancer care (prevention, detection, diagnosis, treatment, survivorship, and end of life) will be discussed. Traditional, experimental, and complementary treatment modalities will be explored in relation to mechanisms of action, efficacy, and short and long-term side effects. Strategies for addressing health promotion and problem management in promoting quality of life for patients with cancer will be critically evaluated. Prereq: NUNP 419.

NUNP 432. Common & Acute Health Problems of the Adult and Older Adult. 5 Units.
This course introduces the common and acute health problems occurring across the adult life span. A problem-oriented approach is used with emphasis on the biological, psychological, social, and cultural aspects of care. Pathophysiology, pharmacology, assessment, and diagnostic strategies specific to the acute and common problems of adults and older adults will be included. Nursing strategies used to enhance, maintain, and restore health will be emphasized. Prereq: NURS 453, NURS 459 and NUNP 410. Prereq or Coreq: NURS 430.

NUNP 433. Common and Acute Health Problems of the Adult II. 3 Units.
This course is a continuation of NUNP 432. Emphasis is on the pathophysiology, assessment and diagnostic approaches specific to the adolescent and adult client. Health-seeking behaviors will be stressed within the context of the family and community.

NUNP 434. Advanced Management in Adult and Older Adult Primary Care. 5 Units.
This course focuses on health care concepts specific to the management of complex multidimensional health problems experienced by adults and older adults within the context of their family and community environments. Pathophysiology, assessment, and diagnostic strategies specific to complex health problems are emphasized. The selection of evaluation strategies used to enhance the outcomes will be stressed. Prereq: NUNP 449.

NUNP 438. Foundations for Adult-Gerontology Acute Care Nursing. 4 Units.
The course focuses on establishing elements of advanced nursing practice assessment and diagnostic reasoning across the continuum of healthcare services to meet the specialized physiologic and psychological needs of adults and older adults with complex acute and/or chronic health conditions. Prereq or Coreq: NURS 453 and NURS 459 or students with an MSN and NP certification, permission of faculty.
NUNP 439. Family Health Nursing: Health of Children and Adolescents. 4 Units.
This course introduces the influence of family dynamics and the
information necessary for the practice of primary health care of children
and adolescents. The course includes application of the principles of
growth and development, disease prevention, and management of
common acute and chronic health problems. The impact of the family
on child and adolescent development and health is explored. Clinical
application of nursing strategies to optimize health-seeking behaviors is
emphasized. Prereq: NUNP 429.

NUNP 441. Comprehensive Care of the Chronically Ill Adult and Older Adult. 4 Units.
The focus of this course is on implementation of advanced practice for
patients with cancer and other life limiting conditions. Health promotion,
health protection, disease prevention, and treatment of patients with
cancer and other life-limiting conditions and their families will be included.
An interdisciplinary approach to the care of patients and families across
the cancer disease trajectory will be addressed. Cultural considerations
for diverse populations will be incorporated in the implementation of
advanced practice strategies.

NUNP 443. Acute Health Problems of Adults and Older Adults. 6 Units.
Emphasis in this second of sequenced Adult-Gerontology Acute Care Nursing clinical courses is on the pathophysiology, assessment, and
diagnostic approaches to adults and older adults with complex acute
and chronic health disorders that manifest with physiologic instability.
The clinical practicum focuses on further development of diagnostic
reasoning, clinical judgment, caring practices, and collaboration in health
care systems that deliver acute and critical advanced practice nursing.
Prereq or Coreq: NURS 430 and NUNP 438.

NUNP 444. Advanced Management of Acutely Ill Adults and Older Adults. 4 Units.
This course focuses on concepts specific to complex, multidimensional
health problems of acute and critically ill adults and older adults. Clinical
practice focuses on management of patients with complex health
problems and life-threatening conditions across the entire adult spectrum.
Students with a MSN and NP experience can request permission for
enrollment. Prereq: NUNP 443.

NUNP 449. Primary Care of Older Adults. 4 Units.
This course will focus on the assessment of the older adults. These
factors are analyzed in various environments. Epidemiological and health
behavior models are used to assess health risks, assist with problem
identification, primary, secondary, and tertiary prevention strategies.
Cultural, ethnic, and developmental issues are addressed. Concepts,
assessment strategies, interventions and evaluation approaches specific
for older adults are identified. Prereq: NUNP 432.

NUNP 454. Advanced Management of Complex Problems in the Older Adult. 4 Units.
This course focuses on the management of complex multidimensional
health problems experienced by older adults and their families in multiple
environments of care. Pathophysiology, assessment, and diagnostic
strategies specific to complex health problems in older adults are
emphasized. Evidence-based management strategies used to enhance
the outcomes in older adults to promote health and prevent disability will
be stressed. The role of the GNP on care giving teams will be included.

NUNP 455. Management of Complex Acute Problems in Children I. 5 Units.
Application of knowledge, research findings, advanced skills and
interventions, including pharmacotherapy, in the management of children
with acute, chronic and critical conditions. Critical assessment strategies
and management principals will be addressed. Prereq: NUNP 402.

NUNP 456. Management of Complex Acute Problems in Children II. 5 Units.
Integration of knowledge, research and advanced skills and interventions
in acute care nursing with children with complex, acute, critical
and chronic health conditions. Critical assessment strategies and
management principals will be addressed including knowledge and skills
with technological assessment modalities and procedures commonly
associated with care of the acutely ill child. Interpretations, indications,
contraindications, and complications will be addressed. Prereq: NUNP
455.

NURS Courses

NURS 110. Foundations of the Discipline. 1 Unit.
The course is designed to introduce the student to the practice,
profession and discipline of nursing. A futuristic perspective will provide
a framework for discussion of the foundation of contemporary nursing
practice within a variety of health care settings. Critical historical
influences that affected the development of contemporary nursing will be
discussed. Selected trends and issues that will guide future nursing
practice will conclude this course.

NURS 111. Foundations of Practice. 3 Units.
This course is designed as a foundation for clinical nursing practice
with a focus on communication, safety, and comfort. The relationship
among evidence, theory, and nursing care will be explored. The basic
components of the nursing process are presented as a framework for
beginning clinical practice.

NURS 120. Nursing Informatics I: Introduction. 2 Units.
This course focuses on the application of mathematics for nursing,
including algebra and biostatistics. Microcomputer, word processing and
information concepts for nursing practice will be introduced.

NURS 122. Foundations of Practice II. 3 Units.
This course builds on the concepts essential to the foundations of
nursing practice presented in previous nursing courses. It is designed
to focus on strategies, skills, and techniques to obtain a comprehensive
individual health history, family health history, and physical examination.
Therapeutic interventions based on assessment and scientific knowledge
will be performed. BIOL 114, BIOL 116, NURS 110, NURS 111, all with
grades of C or better.

NURS 160. Community Engagement Seminar I. 1 Unit.
This is the first in a series of public health nursing courses designed
to develop student knowledge, skills, and attitudes in assessing
culturally component health care in diverse populations using a service
learning model. This course explores the relationships between cultural
competency, health and wellness, and patient-centered care. Utilizing
a balance between knowledge-centered and skill-centered approaches
to assessing culturally competent care, students will engage in both
traditional classroom and transcultural experiential learning encounters.
Coreq: NURS 122.
NURS 201. Applied Nutrition in Health and Disease. 2 Units.
This course builds upon the student's knowledge of human physiology and metabolism. Nutrient requirements are highlighted as well as changes related to different stages in the lifespan. Contemporary nutritional issues will be addressed. Prereq: BIOL 114 and BIOL 116, both with grades of C or better. Coreq: BIOL 117 and CHEM 119.

NURS 210. Community Engagement Seminar II. 1 Unit.
This course expands on foundational public health nursing concepts to develop student knowledge, skills, and attitudes in providing culturally competent health care to diverse populations using the service learning model. This course explores the relationships between, learning needs, health literacy, teaching/learning interventions and evaluation of learning. Utilizing a balance between knowledge-centered and skill-centered approaches to delivering culturally competent care, students will engage in both traditional classroom and transcultural experiential learning encounters. Prereq: NURS 160 with a grade of C or better. Coreq: NURS 230 and NURS 250.

NURS 211. Introduction to Pharmacology. 2 Units.
Introduction to basic principles of pharmacology and pharmacotherapeutics. Review of characteristics and use of major drug groups with emphasis on nursing implications. Prereq: BIOL 117, CHEM 119, NURS 122, all with grades of C or better. Coreq: CHEM 121, NURS 230, NURS 250.

NURS 230. Nursing Care of the Adult I. 5 Units.
This is the first of two courses focusing on the application of the nursing process to adults and older adults experiencing common acute and chronic health alterations. Special emphasis is placed on patient assessment, diagnostic testing, beginning medication teaching and administration, and other nursing interventions as they relate to caring for adults and older adults with alterations in fluid/electrolyte and acid/base balance, and respiratory, cardiac, genitourinary, and endocrine (diabetes) functioning. Care of the patient in the perioperative setting and care of the patient with cancer are also emphasized. Prereq: CHEM 119, BIOL 117, NURS 122, all with grades of C or better. Coreq: CHEM 121, NURS 211, and NURS 250.

NURS 240. Nursing Care of the Adult II. 5 Units.
This course builds upon the knowledge and skills mastered in NURS 230. Course content and learning opportunities provide students with the information necessary to collaborate with other members of the health care team in providing comprehensive care to adults and older adults. Students are expected to collaborate with members of the health care team to plan and implement interventions and to evaluate patient responses to selected interventions. Special emphasis is placed on patients experiencing co-morbid conditions which include alterations in immunologic, hematologic, gastrointestinal, musculoskeletal, and neurologic functioning. Prereq: CHEM 121 and NURS 230, both with grades of C or better. Coreq: NURS 342, NURS 317 and NURS 260.

NURS 250. Aging in Health and Illness. 2 Units.
This course will explore the concept of aging as a healthy developmental process with a particular focus on older adults as active, independent and contributing members of the community. Content will include the process of healthy aging, major health problems for which older adults are at risk, and policy issues. Prereq: CHEM 119, BIOL 117, NURS 122, all with grades of C or better. Coreq: CHEM 121, NURS 211 and NURS 230.

NURS 260. Community Engagement Seminar III. 1 Unit.
This course expands on foundational public health nursing concepts to develop student knowledge, skills, and attitudes in providing culturally competent health care to diverse populations using the service learning model. Utilizing a balance between knowledge centered and skill centered approaches students will apply concepts of team work and collaboration to experiential learning outcomes. Prereq: NURS 210 with grade of C or better. Coreq: NURS 240, NURS 317, NURS 342.

NURS 277. BCLS and First Aid for Health Care Providers. 0 Units.
Designed for healthcare professional students, this course follows the American Heart Association Basic Life Support (BLS) for Healthcare Providers Course objectives. It provides a variety of healthcare professional students the ability to recognize several life-threatening emergencies, provide CPR, use an AED, and relieve choking in a safe, timely and effective manner. Basic first aid skills are also included in this course.

NURS 310. Community Engagement Seminar IV. 1 Unit.
This public health course is designed to develop student knowledge, skills and attitudes in providing culturally competent health care to diverse populations, using the service learning model. Students will explore nursing's role as a community health advocate in the promotion of health and the elimination of health disparities. Utilizing a balance between knowledge-centered and skill centered approaches to delivering culturally competent care, students will apply leadership concepts in both traditional classroom and transcultural experiential learning encounters. Prereq: NURS 260 and NURS 240, both with grades of C or better.

NURS 315. Parents and Neonates in Health and Illness. 4.5 Units.
This course focuses on the study of child bearing families and their health-seeking behaviors from a developmental perspective. Content includes nursing knowledge and skills related to assessment of health status of parents and neonates. Nursing strategies focusing on interventions to promote, restore, and maintain health are discussed. Prereq: NURS 240, NURS 317, NURS 342, SOCI 203, all with grades of C or better. Coreq: NURS 316.

NURS 316. Infants, Children, and Adolescents in Health and Illness. 4.5 Units.
The study of infants, children, and adolescents, and the health-seeking behaviors from a developmental perspective. Emphasis is on healthy infants, children, and adolescents as well as infants, children, and adolescents with common, acute, and chronic illness within the context of their family environment. Nursing strategies focus on interventions to promote, restore, and maintain health and foster growth and development. Prereq: NURS 240, NURS 317, NURS 342, all with grades of C or better. Coreq: NURS 315.

NURS 317. Psychiatric-Mental Health Nursing. 4 Units.
The course is designed to address health-seeking behavior patterns within the context of psychiatric and mental health nursing concepts. The focus is on clients with psychiatric disorders and their mental health. Nursing strategies that are appropriate for assessment and intervention with individuals, families, and groups to facilitate optimal mental health will be discussed and practiced. Prereq: CHEM 121 NURS 230, both with grades of C or better. Coreq: NURS 240, NURS 260, NURS 342.
NURS 318. Nursing in the Community. 4 Units.
The study of the promotion of health and the primary, secondary, and tertiary prevention of health problems of a population. Focuses on the community as client with nursing care of individuals, families, and groups. The clinical component focuses upon developing and evaluating health promotion programs, family assessment, community assessment, and community-based home care within the context of the community. Recommended preparation: RN license.

NURS 320. Theoretical and Evidence Bases for Best Practice in Nursing. 3 Units.
This course explores the theoretical and evidence bases for best practices in nursing. The course begins with an overview of the theoretical and philosophical underpinnings of nursing practice and nursing science. The course includes an intensive focus on the concept of evidence based practice and the process of evaluation supporting practice. Additionally, the course introduces evaluation models used to determine the effectiveness and quality of existing practice and to recommend improvements. Counts as SAGES Departmental Seminar. Prereq: NURS 345 and NURS 360.

NURS 338. Care of the Adult and Older Adult with Complex Health Alterations. 4.5 Units.
The purpose of this course is to provide the student with the knowledge and skills to care for one or more complex, acutely ill adult patients, who presents with co-morbid conditions and may be dependent on technologies. This complexity encompasses the physical, psychological, social, spiritual, and ethical domains of care and includes both patient and the family. Prereq: NURS 211 and NURS 240 and NURS 342.

NURS 339. Care of the Perioperative Patient. 3.5 Units.
The purpose of this course is to provide the student with a dynamic learning experience in a perioperative environment to enhance the knowledge, cognitive and psychomotor skills to care for one or more patients undergoing operative or invasive procedures. The Perioperative Patient-Focused Model (AORN, 2008) will provide the framework for this course. This Model addresses patient centered care, patient safety, physiologic responses, and behavioral responses of the patient and family. In addition, content will cover issues of quality and safety, informatics, and identification of evidence based practice within the perioperative context. The clinical setting is interdisciplinary and multidisciplinary with other members of the perioperative team. As a member of this team, the student will develop strategies to inspire team work and collaboration with emphasis on communication, patient advocacy and leadership skills. Prereq: NURS 211, NURS 230, NURS 240, NURS 342, all with grades of C or better. Coreq: NURS 338.

NURS 341. Concepts of Management and Leadership. 3 Units.
This course focuses on the study of basic concepts related to leadership and management in the provision of nursing care. Highlighted units of instruction include organizational culture and structure, leading high performing teams, human and capital resource management, delegation and outcome evaluation. The management functions of planning, organizing, directing and evaluating are explored. Prereq: NURS 315, NURS316, NURS 338, NURS 339, all with grades of C or better. Coreq: NURS 343 and one of the following: NURS 350 or 352 or 354 or 356.

NURS 342. Medical Microbiology, Immunity, and Infectious Disease. 4 Units.

NURS 343. Issues and Ethics in Health Care. 2 Units.
This course is designed to introduce the student to the principles underlying ethical issues and methods of rational decision making. Fundamental theories will be reviewed and opportunity provided, using case analysis, to apply the theories in addressing ethical dilemmas common to modern health care. Prereq: NURS 315, NURS 316, NURS 338, and NURS 339, all with grades of C or better. Coreq: NURS 341 and one of the following: NURS 350 or NURS 352 or NURS 354 or NURS 356.

NURS 345. Nursing Informatics III: Clinical NIS. 2 Units.
The focus of this course is directed toward the understanding and use of information technologies and systems that support decision making in nursing practice, administration, research and education. Tools such as list servers, the World Wide Web, e-mail and databases may be used to augment the knowledge base in the course. Recommended preparation: RN license. Prereq: NURS 120 with grade of C or better. Coreq: NURS 320 and NURS 360.

NURS 346. Nursing Informatics IV: Applications. 2 Units.
The focus of this course is directed toward the advanced informatics concepts and the implementation of selected applications within the health care setting. Systems analyzed and implemented may range from those used for patient care within the inpatient environment to those used in community or outpatient environments. Affected users of the systems may be clients, families, nursing or other health care professionals. Prereq: NURS 345 or permission.

NURS 350. Concepts and Management in Geriatric Nursing. 9 Units.
This course will introduce concepts of rehabilitation, family nursing, geriatric nursing, and geriatric mental health and assist students in applying these concepts in a long-term care setting. Content will focus on assessment and intervention strategies for health problems common in the older adult. This will include a focus on developmental issues in the elderly, the assessment and management of depression. The course will also include content on assessment and intervention to improve the physical and functional capacities of the elderly, exercise interventions to improve cardiovascular and muscular capacity required for daily activities. Prereq: NURS 250, NURS 370, NURS 371, NURS 372, NURS 373, all with grades of C or better. Coreq: NURS 341 and NURS 343.

NURS 352. Acute Care III. 9 Units.
This course focuses on the knowledge and skills necessary to provide nursing care for patients with complex problems. Emphasis is on nursing strategies designed to provide comprehensive care to patients and their families affected by acute illness. Clinical practice is directed toward the care of acutely ill adults. Prereq: NURS 370, NURS 371, NURS 372, NURS 373, all with grades of C or better. Coreq: NURS 341 and NURS 343.

NURS 354. Nursing Care of Critically Ill Adults. 9 Units.
This course focuses on the integration of knowledge and skills to provide effective and efficient nursing care to critically ill adults. Emphasis is on nursing strategies directed towards the care of the critically ill patient with a focus on use of biomedical technology, planning and managing patient care, and beginning care of patients with complex care needs. Prereq: NURS 338, NURS 370, NURS 371, NURS 372 and NURS 373, all with grades of C or better. Coreq: NURS 341 and NURS 343.
NURS 356. Nursing Care of Critically Ill Neonates, Infants, and Children. 9 Units.
This course focuses on the knowledge and skills necessary for beginning practice in the nursing care of critically ill neonates, infants, and children. Emphasis is on nursing strategies directed toward the application of basic principles of critical care nursing with attention to special needs of critically ill neonates, infants, and children and their families. Prereq: NURS 370, NURS 371, NURS 372, NURS 373.

NURS 360. Community Engagement Seminar V. 1 Unit.
This public health nursing course is designed to develop student knowledge, skills, and attitudes in providing culturally competent health care to diverse populations, using the service learning model, by analyzing key community components that influence health and wellness. Students will explore nursing's role as a community health advocate in the promotion of health and the elimination of health disparities. Utilizing a balance between knowledge-centered and skill-centered approaches to delivering culturally competent care, students will engage in both traditional classroom and transcultural experiential learning encounters. Prereq: NURS 310 with grade of C or better.

NURS 370. Information Technologies in Health. 1 Unit.
The focus of this course is the application of advanced information and communication technologies in the health care of communities and populations. Building on a base of consumer informatics, the course will explore Geographic Information Systems (GIS), data mining techniques, telemedicine technology, and advanced communication technologies in the context of global health. Prereq: NURS 315, NURS 316, NURS 338, NURS 339, all with grades of C or better. Coreq: NURS 371, NURS 372 and NURS 373.

NURS 371. Public Health Nursing. 3 Units.
In this course, students will utilize a problem-based approach to develop knowledge and specific competencies in applying key concepts of public health, public health nursing and epidemiology. Through guided observation and classroom experiences, students will discover strategies to assess, plan, implement and evaluate population-focused programs for health promotion and disease prevention. Prereq: NURS 315, NURS 316, NURS 338, NURS 339, all with grades of C or better. Coreq: NURS 370, NURS 372 and NURS 373.

NURS 372. Health in the Global Community. 3 Units.
This course focuses on an analysis of the forces shaping community and global health patterns. Drawing on multidisciplinary sources, this course explores the impact of these global processes as they manifest in the health of our own and other societies. Emphasis is placed on analysis of the broad cultural, environmental, social-economic, and political systems that contribute to health status and outcomes, health policies, and health care delivery around the world. Counts as CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement. Prereq: NURS 315, NURS 316, NURS 338, NURS 339, all with grades of C or better. Coreq: NURS 370, NURS 371 and NURS 373.

NURS 373. Global Health Practicum. 5 Units.
The purpose of this practicum is to provide students with the opportunity to analyze the concepts of health and health care, health policy and finance, culture and ethics through a preceptored, 10-week community-based immersion experience in local, national, or international settings. Students will apply epidemiological techniques, the skills of negotiation, partnership building, community assessment and nursing science in the identification and analysis of a health problem leading to the development of an intervention. Counts as SAGES Senior Capstone. Prereq: NURS 315, NURS 316, NURS 338, NURS 339, all with grades of C or better. Coreq: NURS 370, NURS 371 and NURS 372.

NURS 379. Independent Study. 1 - 12 Unit.
Independent guided study for undergraduate students with special needs or interests.

NURS 400. Guided Study in Nursing. 1 - 18 Unit.
Independent study for students with special needs and interests.

NURS 401. Statistics for Health Sciences. 3 Units.
This course examines statistical methods of analyses of variance and multiple linear regression. Content includes ANOVA, repeated measures analysis of variances, correlation analysis, and multiple linear regression. Learning statistical theories is coupled with practice of data analysis using statistical software. This course is for graduate students in nursing and health sciences. It is not for credit toward any undergraduate or graduate degrees in Statistics. Recommended preparation: completion of basic statistics within five years of admission to program. Prereq: STAT 201.

NURS 404. Emergent Care of the Child. 2 Units.
This course incorporates biological, developmental, psychological, emotional, social, and cultural aspects of care. The emphasis is on pathophysiology, assessment, diagnostic approaches, and interventions specific to emergent care of infants, children, and adolescents. Advanced therapeutics are introduced. Recommended preparation: Certification in PALS and neonatal resuscitation or concurrent enrollment in NUNP 444. Prereq or Coreq: NUNP 444.

NURS 405. Inquiry I - Theoretical Foundations. 3 Units.
This course provides an introduction to conceptual and theoretical thinking. Students will examine knowledge development in nursing, conceptual structures, and their uses as a basis for nursing practice and research.

NURS 406. Flight Nursing Seminar I. 1 Unit.
This seminar course provides a forum for preparing students to care for patients requiring air transfer to specialty care facilities. Special emphasis is placed on advanced procedures, flight physiology, and environmental influences on the clinical approach in order to apply acute care competencies to flight nursing practice. Prereq or Coreq: NUNP 443.
NURS 407. Flight Nursing Seminar II. 1 Unit.
This seminar continues to prepare students to care for patients requiring air transfer to specialty care facilities. Special emphasis is placed on clinical approaches to patient management across the lifespan. Recommended preparation: ACLS, PALS, and neonatal resuscitation certification. Recommended preparation or concurrent enrollment in NUNP 444, NURS 406, NURS 404.

NURS 409. Specialty Assessment and Diagnostics in Cardiovascular Nursing. 2 Units.
This course provides the basis for the selection and interpretation of assessment and testing strategies during the process of differential diagnosis of cardiovascular problems. Lecture is supplemented with specific clinical lab experiences.

NURS 410. Cardiovascular Nursing Seminar I. 1 Unit.
This seminar course focuses on cardiac rhythm abnormalities and their management. Prereq or Coreq: NURS 430. Coreq: NURS 409.

NURS 411. Cardiovascular Nursing Seminar II. 1 Unit.
This seminar course focuses on the management of complex cardiovascular disease. Prereq: NURS 410.

NURS 416. Integrated Assessment of the Neonate for Midwives. 1 Unit.
This course introduces principles fundamental to the integrated assessment of the neonate. Gestational age assessment, assessment of genetic risks, and physical assessment skills are developed.

NURS 425. Inquiry II - Research Process. 3 Units.
This course emphasizes scholarly inquiry, scientific integrity and scientific investigation. It includes study of the research process, particularly design, sampling, data collection and analysis, and interpretation and reporting of findings. Recommended preparation: NUND 201 or STAT 201. Prereq: NURS 405.

NURS 430. Pharmacology and Therapeutics. 3 Units.
Examination of the major categories of pharmacologic agents and application of pharmacologic concepts in the clinical setting. Emphasis is placed on understanding the physiologic action of the drugs, expected patient responses, and major side effects. Major-specific seminars integrate knowledge of pharmacology into clinical practice. Recommended preparation: NURS 453, RN license or consent of instructor.

NURS 431. Psychosocial and Spiritual Dimensions of Advanced Nursing Practice. 2 Units.
This course will focus on psychosocial and spiritual dimensions of care. Psychosocial aspects of care will address interviewing, counseling and coaching skills. In addition, skill in assessing depression, suicidal ideation and substance abuse issues will be addressed. The spiritual domain of health will be emphasized.

NURS 440. The Challenge of Suffering: Meaning, Responses, and Potential for Growth. 3 Units.
The interdisciplinary course will address the multiple facets of suffering, including the meaning of suffering, potential for growth and transformation, policies and practices that influence suffering, and those factors that affect quality of life and quality of death. Concepts and theories will be drawn from the social sciences and humanities, as well as from the health disciplines. The influence of socio-political, cultural, and economic forces of suffering will be addressed. Graduate standing or permission of instructor is required. Offered as: ANTH 442 and MEDS 9440 and NURS 440.

NURS 441. Mental Health of Older Adults. 1 Unit.
This course focuses on discussion of the consultative, investigative, and planning skills to meet the special mental health needs of the elderly. Concepts of mental health promotion, mental illness prevention, knowledge development, implementation, and evaluation of psychotherapeutic nursing strategies are examined. The examination of diverse mental health disorders in the aged mental health service delivery are included.

NURS 442. Mental Health Interventions with Older Adults. 1 Unit.
This course focuses on the theoretical basis of psychosocial assessment and intervention with older adults and their families, with an emphasis on individual, group, and family interventions. Concepts from individual, family, and group modalities and the process of consultation and education are examined. Students will also learn the components of individual and family assessment in "well elders" and the identification of mental disorders, including problems with memory and cognition. This knowledge base serves as the foundation for developing and applying interventions in practice to meet the mental health needs of older adults. Prereq or Coreq: NURS 441.

NURS 443. Collaboration, Consultation, & Credentialing in Advanced Practice Nurs. 1 Unit.
The focus of this course is the process of consultation and collaboration in advanced practice nursing. The organizations that are involved in promoting and assisting advanced practice nurses (APNs) will be addressed. The similarities and differences in the roles of the APN will be explored. The process of credentialing APNs will also be examined.

NURS 443A. Role Development in Advanced Practice. 1 Unit.
The focus of this course is the study of the multiple roles integrated into advanced practice nursing including principles of management and leadership. Strategies to market the value of the advanced practice nurse (APN) role and the individual APN are addressed.

NURS 443B. Role Development in Advanced Practice. 1 Unit.
The focus of this course is the examination of the process of teaching, learning, and evaluation. A variety of teaching modalities applicable across the lifespan will be explored.

NURS 444. Ethics and End of Life Issues in Advanced Nursing Practice. 1 Unit.
The focus of this course is ethical decision-making for advanced nursing practice. The interaction between the health care delivery system and ethical decision making is explored. The role of the nurse in advance practice in providing end of life care to patients and families is emphasized.

NURS 444A. Health Care Delivery and Finance in Advanced Practice. 1 Unit.
The focus of this course is the study of the financial and business factors related to the health care delivery system and advanced practice nursing. Students will discuss strategies related to reimbursement, business practices, billing, and coding.

NURS 444C. Health Policy Legislation and Legal Issues in Advanced Practice. 1 Unit.
The focus of this course is the critical analysis of health policy and legal issues. Strategies for influencing the regulatory process will be explored.

NURS 453. Advanced Pathophysiology. 4 Units.
This course focuses on the alterations produced by injury and disease across the lifespan to distinguish normal physiology from pathophysiologic process. Biologic concepts and relationships that contribute to capacity for health and vulnerability to illness are examined.
NURS 454. Well Woman Health Care. 3 Units.
Study of selected theoretical formulations and models applied by professional nurses in the promotion of growth and wellness in adolescent and adult women. Emphasis on conception, decision making, sexuality and health teaching. Acquisition of knowledge and skill related to physical and psychosocial health assessment of pregnant and nonpregnant clients. Individually planned experiences with nurse faculty who are serving as primary care givers in maternity, family planning and gynecologic care settings. Prereq or Coreq: NURS 453 and NURS 459.

NURS 455. The Childbearing Family. 4 Units.
This course will focus on analysis and applications of the nursing strategies to enhance health-seeking behaviors of the pregnant family during the maternity cycle and on the education of parents about the childbearing year. The normal aspects of the pregnant woman and the identification of any deviations from the normal are central to the content. The course will also emphasize the enhancement of the pregnant family's childbirth experience through utilization of the teaching-learning process. The student will learn to evaluate and apply techniques relative to childbirth education. Clinical experiences will be planned in antepartum, neonatal, childbirth education and home settings. Prereq: NURS 454. Coreq: NURS 430.

NURS 457. Labor and Birth. 5 Units.
The art, theory, and the science for nurse-midwifery practice is expanded through research, critical analysis of disseminated research, quality assurance, and other scholarly activities. The focus of this course is the application of theory, practice and research by advanced practice nurses in the promotion of health and wellness of women, newborns and their families during intrapartum and the immediate postpartum period. Emphasis is placed on the health-seeking behaviors of the mother and her family using a holistic approach which respects cultural, ethnic, and racial diversity in the provision and evaluation of care. Supervised clinical experience focuses on achieving the foundation for competent practice as a beginning practitioner. This includes anticipating and identifying complications and participating in consultations, referrals, and collaborative management. Prereq: NURS 430.

NURS 459. Advanced Health Assessment. 3 Units.
This course is designed to prepare the student to refine history taking and physical examination skills for individuals across the lifespan. It incorporates diagnostic reasoning skills and interpretation of data which provides the basis for advanced nursing practice.

NURS 460A. Theoretical Basis for Individual Counseling. 1 Unit.
This course emphasizes the ongoing development of the counseling relationship across the life span. The professional encounter between the individual and advanced practice nurse will be formulated based on the Helping Model for problem management. Students will differentiate counseling and therapy. Students will also develop and apply crisis intervention skills, interviewing skills and alternative adjunct therapies.

NURS 460B. Theoretical Basis for Individual Psychotherapy. 1 Unit.
This course will build therapeutic skills for the advanced practice nurse specializing in mental health. Students will master Helping Skills in their interventions with individuals with psychopathology. Prereq: NURS 460A. Prereq or Coreq: SSBT 548 or PSCL 524.

NURS 465. Psychopharmacology. 2 Units.
Course content will focus on drugs commonly used to treat psychiatric disorders and clinical implications for patient and family.

NURS 466. Promoting Health Across Boundaries. 3 Units.
This course examines the concepts of health and boundary spanning and how the synergy of the two can produce new, effective approaches to promoting health. Students will explore and analyze examples of individuals and organizations boundary spanning for health to identify practice features affecting health, compare and contrast practices and approaches, and evaluate features and context that promote or inhibit boundary spanning and promoting health. Offered as EPBI 468, MPHP 468, NURS 468.

NURS 473. Advanced Psychopathology Across the Lifespan: Part I (Infant through Young Adult). 2 Units.
The course focuses on the assessment and diagnosis of psychopathology in children of all ages, infants through young adults. Behavioral deviations from normal growth and development will be assessed while considering age, social, cultural, and economic differences. The responses of family members to psychopathology in these age groups will be discussed.

NURS 474. Advanced Psychopathology Across the Lifespan Part II (Adult and Older Adult). 2 Units.
The course focuses on the assessment and diagnosis of psychopathology in adults and older adults. Behavioral/cognitive deviations from normal growth and development will be evaluated while considering socio-cultural differences and age-appropriate behavior. Responses of family members in relation to adults or older adults' psychopathology will be discussed. Prereq: NURS 473.

NURS 475. General Systems Theory: Foundations for Practice. 2 Units.
This foundational seminar introduces General Systems Theory as a framework for understanding complex entities comprised of component parts that are in constant and mutual interaction. The concepts covered will emphasize the openness and flexibility of a system by attending to its entirety as opposed to focusing on separate parts. The focus is on the organizational structure and processes of that system that are circular in nature through cybernetics processes such as feedback loops which allow system adaptation and transformation. These changes enable systems to become more organized and efficient and to develop the capacity to repair themselves. Students will apply General Systems Theory to their disciplines.

NURS 476. Advanced Practice Seminar: Blended Role of Psychiatric-Mental Health APRN. 1 Unit.
Within the context of family and community, students will explore the blended role of the Psychiatric Mental Health Nurse Practitioner and Psychiatric Mental Health Clinical Nurse Specialist. A focus of the course is boundaries and professional development in the blended role. Students will examine ethical, legal, cultural and professional standards as they relate to micro and macro systems.
NURS 481. Family Systems Theoretical Foundations. 2 Units.
This course focuses on the major contemporary theoretical approaches and therapies for conceptualizing and working with families across the lifespan. Attention is given to families challenged by situations such as stress, trauma, violence, psychiatric disorders, and substance abuse. Prereq: NURS 453 and NURS 473 and NURS 475 and NURS 476 or requisites not met permission.

NURS 482. Family Systems Integration and Application. 1 Unit.
This practicum experience in the application of family theory addresses the professional encounter between the advanced practice nurse (APN) and the family system with attention to health promotion and psychiatric disorder management. Special consideration is given to policy, legal, cultural, and ethical issues regarding family care and practice. Group supervision of the practicum experience is an expectation. Prereq: NURS 473 and NURS 475 and NURS 476. Coreq: NURS 474 and NURS 481.

NURS 484. Individual and Group Modalities for Family Systems Practice Across the Lifespan. 3 Units.
This seminar addresses therapeutic modalities and their foundation as they are applied to families across the lifespan. Brief, individual, and group modalities will be studied in the context of Family Systems Theory with a focus on differences in family constellations and developmental stages. The selection of modalities for families will consider the implications of cultural and gender differences, vulnerable populations, and the stigma of psychiatric illness. Prereq: NURS 481 and NURS 482.

NURS 485. Practicum and Supervision: Family Systems Practice Across the Lifespan. 2 Units.
This practicum experience involves the professional encounter between the individual, group members, and nurse therapist within the context of family systems theory. The nurse therapist employs nursing strategies and concepts from psychiatry and behavioral and social sciences related to the promotion of mental health and biopsychosocial treatment in individual and group members across the life span. Attention will be given to situations such as stress, loneliness, trauma, violence, and substance abuse. Group supervision of the practicum experience is an expectation. Prereq: NURS 481 and NURS 482. Coreq: NURS 484.

NURS 486. Modalities for Family Systems Practice: Vulnerable Family Populations. 3 Units.
Within the context of family and community in urban and rural settings, students will explore the special needs of families who are currently manifesting mental health and substance abuse disorders. Examples of vulnerable families include those who have been exposed to acute and chronic stress, natural and man-made disasters, and military-related and other forms of trauma. The needs of youth and adults who are incarcerated will be addressed. Students will encounter the diverse nature of family relationships, including blended, migrant, and immigrant families; relationships that are defined by choice; and families residing on reservations and in religious enclaves. A variety of treatment modalities will be discussed. Prereq: NURS 482 and NURS 485.

NURS 488. Theoretical Basis of Practice and Supervision in Consultation, Collaboration. 2 - 3 Units.
This course focuses on the professional encounter between the nurse consultant-educator and families, work groups, and communities within the context of an environment of care. The nurse consultant-educator applies general systems and family systems theory to enhance the capacity of families to learn, adapt, and develop through mutual interaction and cybernetic processes based on systems theory. The roles of the nurse, educator, researcher, administrator, and therapist supervisor are explored. The theories and processes of consultation, collaboration, and adult education are discussed relative to mental health and community education. Prereq: NURS 484 and NURS 485.

NURS 489. Practicum and Supervision in Role of Family Systems Psych-Mental Health Advanced Practice Nurse. 3 Units.
This practicum course emphasizes the professional encounter between the psychiatric mental health nurse practitioner/clinical nurse specialist (NP/CNS), families, organizations, communities, and agency personnel providing mental health services in the context of an environment of care. Systems variables that influence the learning, adaptation, and development of families, organizations and systems are emphasized. The psychiatric nurse clinician functions as a change agent in direct and indirect care through the role of practitioner, educator, consultant, planner, evaluator, and researcher. Prereq: NURS 484 and NURS 485. Coreq: NURS 487

NURS 491. Public Health Nursing I: Foundations of Advanced Public Health Nursing. 3 Units.
This is the first course in the Public Health Nursing major. It is designed to introduce students to the role and functions of the advanced public health nurse and emphasizes the importance of population/community-based focused practice. Synthesizing knowledge from the discipline of nursing and public health sciences, students will examine the historical, philosophical, legal, and ethical foundations of community health nursing practice. This course requires a 60 hour community engagement experience in an existing population focused program. Coreq: NURS 405.

NURS 494. Global Health Seminar. 3 Units.
The focus of this course is the issues and trends in global health from both a nursing and a trans-disciplinary perspective. The course covers how international social, political, economic, environmental, and cultural issues affect health and health care. Particular emphasis is placed on nursing’s contribution to global health issues and outcomes. Offered as: NURS 394 and NURS 494. Coreq: INTH 301/401.

NURS 495. Public Health Nursing II: Assessment and Planning for the Health of Communities. 2 Units.
This is the second course in the Advanced Public Health Nursing major. Students will be introduced to assessment and program planning models based on theoretical underpinnings. Students will learn to identify appropriate evidence-based interventions based on primary, secondary, and tertiary prevention strategies to attain expected outcomes. Prereq: NURS 491.

NURS 496. Public Health Nursing III: Program Evaluation and Dissemination. 3 Units.
This course completes the Advanced Public Health Nursing major didactic content. A case method approach will be used to develop strategies for program evaluation. This course will explore approaches to encourage program dissemination, sustainability, community empowerment, coalition building, and collaborative activities with stakeholders. Prereq: NURS 495.

NURS 497. Public Health Nursing Clinical. 1.5 - 4.5 Unit.
The clinical hours for the Advanced Public Health Nurse major include population assessment, planning, implementation, and evaluation. The clinical content integrates the didactic content from the NURS 491, 495, and 496 courses. Students, in consultation with faculty and partnership with a community-based organization, identify a population, complete needs assessment, identify health assets and needs, develop and implement a program in consultation with stakeholders, and systematically evaluate the effectiveness of the program. Students can only implement the clinical aspects concurrent with or following the successful completion of the didactic content. For example, students may enroll for clinical hours for assessment while or after they have completed NURS 491 content. Coreq: NURS 491, NURS 495, or NURS 496.
NURS 499. The Nurse Executive-Personal & Professional Challenges in Health Care. 3 Units.
Offered toward end of the M.S.N./M.B.A. program and prepares the graduate for entry into a nurse management role. The focus will be on contemporary role demands in nursing management, ranging from head nurses to vice presidents of nursing to heads of community health and mental health agencies, and taking account of all regions of the U.S. Emphasis will be placed on exploring knowledge and skill requirements of nursing management, current developments (such as nursing values, goals, and tasks), and the strategic and operational configuration of hospitals and other health care agencies.

NURS 500. Master's Thesis. 1 - 4 Unit.
Systematic investigation of a research problem selected by the student for independent study. Prereq: NURS 415.

NURS 501. Clinical Knowledge. 3 Units.
This course examines the nature of theory and strategies for theory development in nursing. Students will explore a variety of strategies and select an approach for beginning theory development that addresses nursing phenomena in their area of interest.

NURS 502. Inquiry III - Evidence-Based Nursing Practice. 2 Units.
This course focuses on linking research evidence to nursing practice. Processes for implementation and evaluation of evidence-based nursing practice will be included. Prereq: NURS 425 or NUND 404C.

NURS 503. Inquiry Practicum. 1 - 2 Unit.
This course focuses on the development of competencies in scientific inquiry. Such competencies are achieved through participation in a research study or evidence-based project related to nursing science with dissemination of the experience. Prereq or Coreq: NURS 502.

NURS 504. Nursing Epistemology. 3 Units.
This course involves the study of knowledge shared among members of the discipline, the patterns of knowing and knowledge development, criteria for evaluating knowledge claims and philosophy of science. The course is a search and discussion experience aimed at enabling graduate students to become knowledgeable about approaches to the study of disciplines and scientific knowledge development. Forces affecting the development of knowledge, the origins of key terms and concepts, and identification of major themes in nursing will be explored.

NURS 505. Clinical Knowledge. 3 Units.
This course is structured to allow students to develop clinical knowledge about their area of interest and to begin the process of identifying clinical research questions. Supervision for this experience will be twofold. Students will be placed with an expert clinician with a minimum of a master's degree (in nursing) to identify and arrange relevant clinical experiences. The student and the clinician will work with the course faculty to create opportunities for the student to experience the clinical phenomena of interest, which may include actual "hands-on" experience. Students will also meet regularly with the other students in the course and the course faculty for group supervision that focuses on linking clinical practice issues to research questions. Course requirements would include eight hours of practicum experiences per week.

NURS 506. Context of Care. 3 Units.
This course is designed to allow students to explore the social, political, economic, and health care issues that form the context for their clinical phenomena of interest. The intent of this course is for the student to become knowledgeable about the broader forces that affect their clinical problem. Topics might include current research in their field, as well as health policy related to their phenomena, political entities that affect funding, and the regulation of practice in their area of interest. The student will need a content expert to help them plan and coordinate their practicum experiences, which should be multiple and varied, and include exposure to both local and state level entities. Prereq: NURS 507 or equivalent.

NURS 507. Context of Care. 3 Units.
This course focuses on conceptualization of a research problem within a nursing perspective, threats to validity, sampling, measurement, and survey, quasi-experimental, and experimental designs. The emphasis is on the application of these strategies while encouraging flexibility in conceptualizing a study using different research methods. Students will develop a research study using methods consistent with theoretical and empirical knowledge and the nursing perspective. Coreq: NURS 532.

NURS 508. Health Disparities. 3 Units.
This course aims to provide theoretical and application tools for students from many disciplinary backgrounds to conduct research and develop interventions to reduce health disparities. The course will be situated contextually within the historical record of the United States, reviewing social, political, economic, cultural, legal, and ethical theories related to disparities in general, with a central focus on health disparities. Several frameworks regarding health disparities will be used for investigating and discussing the empirical evidence on disparities among other subgroups (e.g., the poor, women, uninsured, disabled, and non-English speaking populations) will also be included and discussed. Students will be expected to develop a research proposal (observational, clinical, and/or intervention) rooted in their disciplinary background that will incorporate materials from the various perspectives presented throughout the course, with the objective of developing and reinforcing a more comprehensive approach to current practices within their fields. Offered as CRSP 510, EPBI 510, MPHP 510, NURS 510, and SASS 510.

NURS 511. Strategies for Theory Development. 3 Units.
This course examines the nature of theory and strategies for theory development in nursing. Students will explore a variety of strategies and select an approach for beginning theory development that addresses nursing phenomena in their area of interest.

NURS 512. Qualitative Nursing Research. 3 Units.
This course is a study of qualitative research approaches directed toward the development of nursing knowledge. This course will include methods and issues in data collection, analysis, and critique of research findings. It will focus on the philosophical and epistemological foundations of qualitative research, present an overview of various methodological approaches, examine in depth the criteria for rigor, and analyze ethical issues in qualitative methodologies.

NURS 513. Advanced Nursing Research II. 3 Units.
The discussion of research designs and their rationale for use will be continued. Principles of measurement, study implementation and data analysis will be discussed. The development of a research proposal will be the expected outcome of this two-semester sequence. Prereq: NURS 401 or STAT 401 and NURS 520.

NURS 522. Advanced Internship in Cardiovascular Nursing. 1 - 5 Unit.
This 600-hour internship is designated to provide the master's prepared ACNP-Cardiovascular Nursing Program graduate with the experience needed to enter practice as an APN caring for patients with complex cardiac disorders. Recommended preparation: completion of appropriate NP program. Prereq: NURS 411.

NURS 523. Advanced Internship in Flight Nursing. 1 - 5 Unit.
This internship is designed to provide the Master's prepared ACNP-flight nurse concentration graduate with experience needed to qualify for the Certification Examination in Flight Nursing. This experience consists of a 600 hour precepted internship in a flight nursing setting. Recommended preparation: Completion of M.S.N. program focus in Flight Nursing and ACNP certification, certification in ACLS, PALS, and neonatal resuscitation.

NURS 530. Advanced Nursing Research Methods I. 3 Units.
This course focuses on conceptualization of a research problem within a nursing perspective, threats to validity, sampling, measurement, and survey, quasi-experimental, and experimental designs. The emphasis is on the application of these strategies while encouraging flexibility in conceptualizing a study using different research methods. Students will develop a research study using methods consistent with theoretical and empirical knowledge and the nursing perspective. Coreq: NURS 532.
NURS 531. Advanced Nursing Research II. 3 Units.
This course is the second in a two-course sequence of research methods. It focuses on power analysis, data management, experimental and epidemiological designs and designs to assess change. Included is a discussion of ethics and concerns regarding human subjects. The emphasis is on the application of research strategies while encouraging flexibility in conceptualizing a study using different methods. The development of a research proposal is the outcome of this two-semester sequence. Prereq: NURS 530 and NURS 532 or consent of instructor.

NURS 532. Basic Statistics: Fundamentals for Analysis. 3 Units.
The purpose of this course is to provide the student with the fundamentals needed for analysis of research problems. It will review theoretical foundations of statistical analysis and inference, probability theory, and hypothesis testing. Use of measures of central tendency, basic parametric and non-parametric tests will be discussed, with specific application to health problems. Use of SPSS will be included. Prereq: Graduate standing or permission of instructor.

NURS 557. Advanced Midwifery. 6 Units.
In consultation with faculty, students select a nurse-midwifery service where they assume the responsibilities of beginning practitioner for a minimum of 10 weeks of intensive supervised clinical practice. Students synthesize the nurse-midwifery management process while providing continuity of care and integrating all core competency areas. Students explore the professional aspects of nurse-midwifery practice. Historical development of the profession will be emphasized as a framework for understanding current issues related to nurse-midwifery education and practice in the United States. Prereq: NURS 457.

NURS 559. Advanced Practice in Nursing Care of Women. 4 Units.
Integration of concepts, theories, conceptual, and theoretical models, focused on supporting the health-seeking of women and their families as they contend with intervening factors. Emphasis on psychosomatic, acute and long-term illnesses and their interplay with psychosocial problems encountered by women. Clinical practice and seminars will include providing nursing care to women and their families in all stages of life cycle. Prereq: NURS 455.

NURS 577. M.S.N./M.B.A. Management Practicum. 3 Units.
The student will enter the M.S.N./M.B.A. program with a minimum of two years of recent clinical nursing experience, and may or may not have had any management experience. This practicum is designed to provide a guided experience in a management context. NURS 577 will be offered in the spring semester of the second year of the M.S.N./M.B.A. program, after the student has completed nearly all basic courses in both schools. The management practicum will provide onsite experience in management activities. Most practicum sites will be area health care agencies. In some cases, students may alternate opportunities addressing health-related policies in area businesses or corporations. Typical practicum experiences will engage students in management projects, special assignments and/or research. Students are expected to use current management and nursing knowledge and will often use the research process in completing the practicum experience. They will work closely with nurse executives and managers within their organizations. Prereq: NURS 468 and NURS 471.

NURS 578. Curriculum and Instruction. 3 Units.
The purpose of this course is to explore the theoretical underpinnings of education and to examine innovative approaches to critical thinking. Students are provided the opportunity to analyze philosophies and principles of education along with teaching and learning styles. The course will focus on curriculum planning and development congruent with the philosophy and objectives of a nursing program. Curriculum development includes determination of program and course objectives, along with selection and organization of appropriate learning experiences to meet these objectives. Techniques for instruction in the classroom, laboratory, and clinical settings are explored.

NURS 601. Special Problems. 1 - 12 Unit.
This course is offered, with permission, to Ph.D. students in Nursing undertaking reading in a field of special interest.

NURS 609. Health Care Policy and Planning. 3 Units.
The primary focus of this course is to explore the leadership role of nurses in health policy development and implementation as well as the role of research in health care policy formation and planning. Special emphasis is placed on selected national and international health policy issues that form the socio-political and economic context of nursing care and practice. Ethical dimensions of public policy formulations and implementation are highlighted. Offered as NUND 508 and NURS 609.

NURS 615. Topical Seminar in Health Science Research. 3 Units.
This Ph.D. course is designed to provide in-depth knowledge of research in a given area. Opportunities are provided to apply knowledge for further development of the student's research interests and ideas. An in-depth examination of selected theoretical and methodological approaches to the development of research related to human science will be emphasized. Interrelationships among theory, research, and knowledge from nursing and related disciplines will be explored.

NURS 619. Theoretical Foundations of Educational Testing and Evaluation. 2 Units.
In this course, an overview of educational measurement and evaluation is provided. Methods of evaluating teaching effectiveness, student learning, and student performance are explored, with particular emphasis placed on test construction and analysis. Prereq: NURS 578.

NURS 620. Action Research and Program Evaluation. 1 Unit.
This course introduces the student to the concept of purposeful evaluation. The applicability of action research and evaluation to the change process and to continuous improvement within various venues will be explored. The iterative, participative, and emergent nature of generation of new knowledge and practice innovations will be discussed. Offered as NUND 480 and NURS 620. Prereq: NURS 619.

NURS 621. Teaching Practicum. 1 - 6 Unit.
In this preceptored teaching practicum, the student may engage in classroom, laboratory, and clinical teaching assignments in nursing. The student will be expected to use current educational theory and nursing knowledge in completing the practicum experience (minimum 60 hours). Offered as NUND 615 and NURS 621. Prereq: NURS 578, NURS 619, NURS 620. Coreq: NURS 578, NURS 619.

NURS 630. Advanced Statistics: Linear Models. 3 Units.
This course is focused on advanced procedures for data analysis and statistical inference in health research. The course is devoted to discussion of linear models, including simple and multiple regression, logistic regression and application to study design. The role of assumptions and theory in guiding the analysis plan is emphasized through lecture, readings, and critical evaluation of published research in the student's area of interest. Prereq: NURS 532.
NURS 631. Advanced Statistics: Multivariate Analysis. 3 Units.
This course focuses on selected advanced multivariate topics and procedures in health research. Topics will be covered through lecture, readings, computer analysis as well as critical analysis of published research in the health sciences fields. Topics to be covered in this course include: survival analysis, factor analysis, path analysis, repeated measures ANOVA and advanced regression techniques (logistic, loglinear, mixed models). Prereq: NURS 530 and NURS 531 and NURS 532 and NURS 630.

NURS 632. Advanced Statistics: Structural Equation Modeling. 3 Units.
This course focuses on advanced data analytic procedures using structural equation modeling (SEM) in health research. Content will be explored through lecture, computer analysis, and critical analysis of relevant research. Topics covered in this course include: SEM with latent variables, path analysis adjusting for measurement error, nested models, and advanced SEM techniques, e.g., exploratory SEM, autoregressive models, latent growth curves, and latent class analysis using mixture modeling. Prereq: NURS 630 or Instructor Consent

NURS 671. Proposal Development. 1 - 6 Unit.
Provides an opportunity for guided development of a candidacy proposal through planned contact with a designated committee of faculty members. The aim is to assist the student in the development of a refined proposal with strong scientific merit. The course should be utilized only by those with a candidacy proposal statement. Minimum 3 hours required for progression in program.

Prereq: Predoctoral research consent or advanced to Ph.D. candidacy milestone.

School of Nursing Faculty

Professors
Barbara J. Daly, PhD, RN, FAAN
(Bowling Green University)
The Gertrude Perkins Oliva Professorship in Oncology Nursing; Professor of Nursing
Joyce J. Fitzpatrick, PhD, MBA, RN, FAAN
(New York University)
Elizabeth Brooks Ford Professor of Nursing
Faye A. Gary, EdD, RN, FAAN
(University of Florida, Gainesville)
The Medical Mutual of Ohio Kent W. Clapp Chair & Professor of Nursing
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(Case Western Reserve University)
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The Independence Foundation Professor in Nursing Education; Associate Dean for Academic Programs

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Associate Professor of Nursing; Assistant Director, DNP Program
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Associate Professor of Nursing
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School of Nursing Faculty

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Assistant Professor of Nursing

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Assistant Professor of Nursing

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Assistant Professor of Nursing

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Assistant Professor of Nursing

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(Case Western Reserve University)
Assistant Professor of Nursing

Camille B. Warner, PhD
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Assistant Professor of Nursing

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Assistant Professor of Nursing

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Cleveland Clinic/Frances Payne Bolton School of Nursing Anesthesia
Instructor

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Erin Discenza, MSN, RN
(University of Akron)
Instructor of Nursing

Laura Distelhorst, MSN, RN
(Kent State University)
Instructor of Nursing

Mary Franklin, MSN, CNM
(Case Western Reserve University)
Instructor of Nursing

Laurine A. Gajkowski, ND, RN, CPN
(Case Western Reserve University)
Instructor of Nursing

Gregory Graham, MA
(Case Western Reserve University)
Instructor

Mary de Haan, MSN, ACNS-BC
(Ursinus College)
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Cleveland Clinic/Frances Payne Bolton School of Nursing Anesthesia
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(Kent State University)
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(Kent State University)
Instructor of Nursing

Joan M. Koesterer, BS, RN, MBA
(Case Western Reserve University)
Instructor of Nursing

Leslie S. Kushner, MSN, RN, CNM
(Case Western Reserve University)
Instructor of Nursing

Kathleen Massoli, MSN, CRNA
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Cleveland Clinic/Frances Payne Bolton School of Nursing Anesthesia
Instructor

Kelly K. McConnell, MSN, RN
(University of Phoenix)
Instructor of Nursing

Christopher F. Manacci, DNP, ACNPC
(Case Western Reserve University)
Instructor of Nursing

Angela Milosh, MSN, CRNA
(Ohio State University)
Instructor and Director, Cleveland Clinic/Frances Payne Bolton School of Nursing Anesthesia

Sonya D. Moore, MSN, CRNA
(University of Akron)
Instructor and Director, Nurse Anesthesia Program

Cindy L. Motley, MSN, RN, FNP-BC
(Graceland University)
Instructor of Nursing

Rebecca M. Patton, MSN, RN, CNOR, FAAN
(Case Western Reserve University)
Instructor of Nursing; The Lucy Jo Atkinson Scholar

Kerry Quisenberry, MSN, CRNA
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Andrew Reimer, PhD, RN
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Instructor of Nursing
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Instructor of Nursing

Rita M. Sfiligoj, MSN, RN, MPA
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Instructor of Nursing

Stephanie L. Steiner, MSN, RN, ACNP
(Case Western Reserve University)
Instructor of Nursing

La Tonya Martin Stergis, ND, RN, CNM
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Instructor of Nursing

Mary Njalian Variath, MSN, RN
(Duquesne University)
Instructor of Nursing

Elizabeth Zimmerman, DNP, RN, CNS
(University of Illinois)
Instructor of Nursing
Mandel School of Applied Social Sciences

The Jack, Joseph and Morton Mandel School of Applied Social Sciences (http://msass.case.edu) offers curricula leading to the Master of Science in Social Administration (MSSA) degree in social work, and to the Doctor of Philosophy (PhD) degree in social welfare. The school also operates a continuing education program for social work practitioners in the community.

Mission Statement

The mission of the Mandel School is to provide and integrate professional social work education, research, and service to promote social justice and empowerment in communities through social work practices locally, nationally and internationally.

A History of Innovation

Ranked among the nation’s top ten graduate schools of social work by U.S. News and World Report, and ranked number one in Ohio, the Jack, Joseph and Morton Mandel School of Applied Social Sciences has always committed itself to learning from and fostering the best in social work practice and to building social work’s knowledge base. Since its founding in 1915 as the nation’s first university-affiliated professional graduate school of social work, the Mandel School has been an innovator in professional education, where educators, researchers and practitioners work side-by-side to investigate, study and disseminate knowledge to bridge the gap between the classroom and communities in which social workers practice.

The Mandel School provides students with a solid foundation designed to build core competencies with its innovative Ability-Based Learning Environment, which allows graduates a great degree of flexibility and portability. Students choose concentrations in either Community and Social Development or Direct Practice, which offers specializations in Aging; Alcohol and Other Drug Abuse; Children, Youth and Families; Health; and Mental Health. Certificate programs include gerontology, global health, management and leadership, and school social work. Dual-degree programs enable Mandel School students to obtain their social work degree concurrently with a master’s degree in bioethics, law, management and public health.

The Mandel School believes that advanced practitioners are strategists of change, working in partnership with others to enhance the caring capacity of communities. The concentrations structure cross-trains Mandel School students, who build foundations in both areas that bring a breadth of knowledge to their work lives, allowing them the flexibility to pursue their interests even as they change over time. The school prepares advanced practitioners who become lifelong learners with the abilities needed to practice ethically and effectively with diverse populations and with systems of various sizes and types. Students learn to understand the dynamics of problematic social situations and to identify the strengths and resources in individuals, families and communities that offer the best solutions. The school is committed to a vision of social work practice as a force of social justice, empowerment, and the building of healthy communities. That commitment extends beyond our national borders with the Mandel School’s award-winning program of international study options.

The Mandel School counts among its alumni many prominent educators, government officials, accomplished practitioners, researchers, advocates, public-policy-makers, and chief executives of national and regional agencies. Faculty achievements in professional organizations, research, and agency consultation further extend the school’s reputation as an active participant in the advancement of social work practice.

A Mandel School education is more than preparation. It is an opportunity to join a national network of scholars and practitioners who are shaping the course of social work in communities throughout the world. The Mandel School is ranked seventh in faculty productivity among social work schools by Academic Analytics.

For nearly one hundred years, the Jack, Joseph and Morton Mandel School of Applied Social Sciences has stood at the forefront of social work education, introducing innovations in teaching, research, and practice at every step of the way, with an approach that integrates theory and practice like no other.

At the heart of the Mandel difference is experience – not just the in-depth experience of our distinguished faculty – but the experience students obtain working in the real world of social work from the time they start their education here. The Mandel School is unique among social work schools for its students’ paid field placements, providing invaluable work experience, and, by making the education more affordable, extending the opportunity to an even broader range of students. Students learn through the Mandel School’s teaching and by their own doing. What they discover in a classroom can be applied to real life at their placements. Graduates leave the Mandel School prepared to handle the demands of social work.

Mandel students take their places alongside long-time professionals in a variety of social work fields in placements at one of the more than 350 agencies with which the Mandel School collaborates, understanding firsthand the challenges of social work and sharing in its rewards. In a broad spectrum of local and regional organizations, students develop skills in direct practice, policy analysis and development, research, management and community development.

Accreditation and Licensure

The Jack, Joseph and Morton Mandel School of Applied Social Sciences is accredited by the Council on Social Work Education and the Ohio Chemical Dependency Professionals Board of Ohio.

The Master of Science in Social Administration (MSSA), the social work master’s degree program (MSW for many other programs), at the Jack, Joseph and Morton Mandel School of Applied Social Sciences is accredited by the Council on Social Work Education, a nationally recognized professional accrediting association for social work graduate and undergraduate programs.

The Jack, Joseph and Morton Mandel School of Applied Social Sciences’ Alcohol and Other Drug Abuse (AODA) curriculum is accredited by the Ohio Chemical Dependency Professionals Board of Ohio. The accreditation indicates that the AODA curriculum meets the formal master’s degree education requirements for the top level of licensed independent chemical dependency counselors in Ohio.

The Master of Science in Social Administration (MSSA) degree fulfills part of the requirements of social work licensure in fifty (50) states in the United States. For further information about various licensing requirements by state, visit the website of the Association of Social Work Boards (ASWB) (http://www.aswb.org).

The Master of Nonprofit Organizations (MNO) Degree Program is a recognized member of Nonprofit Academic Centers Council (NACC).

**Administration**

Grover Cleveland Gilmore, PhD  
*Dean and Professor*

Sharon E. Milligan, PhD  
*Associate Dean, Academic Affairs; Chair, Master’s Program; Associate Director of the Center on Urban Poverty and Community Development*

Aloen Townsend, PhD  
*Chair, Doctoral Program*

David Biegel, PhD  
*Associate Dean, Research and Training; Codirector, Center on Substance Abuse and Mental Illness*

Nora Hennessey, MNO  
*Associate Dean, Development and External Affairs*

Sarah Andrews, MSSA  
*Assistant Dean, Academic Affairs, Director, Twelve-Month Advanced Standing Program, Director, Virtual Online MSSA Program*

Andrea G. Porter, MSSA  
*Assistant Dean, Student Services, Director, Student Services*

Karen A. Powers, MBA  
*Assistant Dean, Finance and Administration*

Tracey Bradnan  
*Director of Communications and Marketing*

Claudia J. Coulton, PhD  
*Co-Director, Center on Urban Poverty and Community Development*

Churyl Croone, MNO  
*Director, Admissions and Financial Aid*

Nada Difranco  
*Director of Alumni Relations and Development*

Debra Fields  
*Registrar*

Robert L. Fischer, PhD  
*Co-Director, Center on Urban Poverty and Community Development, Director, Management of Nonprofit Organizations Degree Program*

Daniel J. Flannery, PhD  
*Director, Begun Center for Violence Prevention Research and Education*

Carmelo Franchina, BA  
*Director, Office of Information Technology*

Deborah R. Jacobson, DSW  
*Director, International Education Programs*

Lenore A. Kola, PhD  
*Co-Director, Ohio Substance Abuse and Mental Illness Coordinating Center of Excellence*

Gerald Mahoney, PhD  
*Director, Center on Interventions for Children and Families*

Soad Mansour, MSSA  
*Director, International Affairs for Social Welfare and Non-Government Organizations*

Michele Murphy, MNO  
*Director, Professional Development and Continuing Education*

LaShon Sawyer, MSSA  
*Assistant Director Virtual Field Education*

Richard Sigg  
*Director of Recruitment and Enrollment*

Mark Singer, PhD  
*Co-Director, Center on Substance Abuse and Mental Illness*

Samantha C. Skutnik, MLS  
*Director, Lillian F. & Milford J. Harris Library*

Gerald A. Strom, MSW  
*Director, Intensive Weekend Program, Assistant Dean, Enrollment Management*

Scott Wilkes, JD, PhD  
*Director, Field Education*

Zoe Breen Wood, PhD  
*Director, Educational Outcome Assessment*

Craig M. Zullig  
*Director, Office of Research Administration*

**Academic Regulations**

**Non-Degree Study**

Foundation courses may be taken on a non-degree basis with the permission of the assistant dean for academic affairs. A maximum of 12 hours earned on a non-degree basis may be counted toward requirements for the master’s degree if the student is subsequently admitted as a degree candidate.

**Admissions and Application Information**

Admission to the master’s degree program at the Jack, Joseph, and Morton Mandel School of Applied Social Sciences is granted on a selective basis determined by the quality of the total application. An applicant for admission is expected to meet the following minimum requirements:

1. A bachelor’s degree from an accredited college or university.
2. Evidence of capacity to succeed in graduate level education based on undergraduate work and any previous graduate work. Previous work must include courses strong enough to ensure the applicant’s ability to do creditable work at the graduate level.
3. A minimum undergraduate grade-point average is 2.7. A Miller Analogies Test or Graduate Record Exam is required for applicants with less than a 2.7 grade point average. In exceptional cases,
applicants who lack the required academic credentials but whose other qualifications are outstanding may be admitted on a probationary basis. Students who enter on probation may not carry more than 15 credit hours in their first semester. Probationary students must achieve at least a 3.0 grade point average in their first semester of course work (minimum of six credits) to have their probationary status removed and continue in the program.

4. Evidence of a combination of personal qualities and values that are considered essential for the professional practice of social work and/or the non profit sector: strong moral character; strong analytical and verbal skills; a caring and compassionate nature; and a personal commitment to social justice, empowering individuals, and serving vulnerable and under-represented groups, communities and organizations.

5. The school may request a personal interview or additional information about an applicant if necessary.

Admission Procedures

Application materials for admission to the Jack, Joseph, and Morton Mandel School of Applied Social Sciences can be secured from the Office of Student Services, Jack, Joseph, and Morton Mandel School of Applied Social Sciences, Case Western Reserve University, 10900 Euclid Avenue, Cleveland, Ohio 44106-7164; by calling 800.863.6772; or by visiting the school’s website (http://rmsass.case.edu).

Students applying for full-time study in the social work program are admitted in the fall semester. Applications are accepted on a rolling admissions basis but the latest application date is May 15. The deadline for Intensive Weekend Program applications is May 30.

Students pursuing the MSSA in the online format are admitted in fall, spring, and summer semesters. Deadlines for completed applications are as follows: Spring semester: December 1; Summer semester: March 15; and Fall semester: June 15.

Students seeking admission to the Management of Nonprofit Organization degree program are admitted in summer, fall and spring. Deadlines for completed applications for Summer semester: March 15; Fall semester: June 15; and Spring semester: December 1.

Although applications are accepted for all programs on a rolling admission basis, applicants are strongly encouraged to apply early.

Advanced Standing (Social Work Students Only)

Advanced standing may be granted to students who have earned a bachelor’s degree in social work within the past seven years from an institution accredited by the Council on Social Work Education. Students must have earned a grade of B or better in each social work foundation course for which advanced standing credit hours are given.

Proficiency Examinations (Non-BSW Social Work Students Only)

Students without a bachelor’s degree in social work may waive the foundation courses in policy, socio-behavioral theory, and research by passing a proficiency examination. Successful completion of the exam(s) exempts the student from the requirement to complete the course(s). Elective course(s) may be substituted in order to fulfill graduation requirements. There is no fee or penalty associated with taking the proficiency exams. However, each exam may be taken only once. Exams are offered prior to the start of fall and spring semesters. Students must make reservations to take those exams with the Mandel School Office of Student Services.

Transfer

Students who are transferring to the Mandel School from another accredited graduate school of social work may apply for transfer credit for up to one full year of academic work and field education. Transfer students from social work programs must submit field work evaluations, official transcripts, and course syllabi.

Transfer credit (6 hour limit) may be given for related, but non-social work, coursework completed within the past five years. Credit hours must not have been applied toward a previous graduate degree. Students must have received a grade of B or better in any course for which transfer credit is sought. Course syllabi, request for transfer form and official transcript must be submitted to the Mandel School Office of Student Services.

International Students

Applicants from other countries follow the regular application procedure. International students must have completed available social work training in their own countries, and have had paid experience in the social welfare or nonprofit field prior to entering the professional degree program.

International students are required to furnish results of the Test of English as a Foreign Language (TOEFL) administered by the Educational Testing Service (http://www.ets.org/toefl). Results of this test must be forwarded to the Office of Student Services. A student from abroad whose native language is English, who has completed his or her work in a foreign university where English is the language of instruction, or who has studied at or graduated from an American institution, is exempt from this requirement. Federal requirements mandate that all international students on J-1 visas purchase the medical insurance. No exceptions are allowed. All other students are strongly urged to carry health insurance of some kind.

All international applicants must submit to the university’s Office of International Students evidence of funding sources to fully finance the cost of education, housing, and transportation (approximately $13,000) for one year. Living expenses for dependents, if applicable, must also be included, i.e. spouse $6,000 and child $3,000.

All international applicants must submit to the Case Western Reserve Office of International Students evidence of funding sources to fully finance the cost of education, housing, and transportation. Applicants from other countries will be sent an additional form requiring them to provide evidence of financial resources sufficient to cover their anticipated expenses before acceptance can be finalized.

Students holding a BSW from their country of origin may be eligible for advanced standing. Applicants should contact the Council on Social Work Education (CSWE) (http://www.cswe.org) directly and ask to have their program reviewed.

An international applicant who holds a Master of Social Work (MSW) degree for his or her country may request a credit review for transfer credit. However, the student must complete at least 27 hours of academic credit and three semesters of field credit (9 hours) at the Mandel School.

Please note that material submitted for application cannot be returned to the applicant.
Financial Information

Tuition

In the 2014-2015 academic year, tuition for the Jack, Joseph, and Morton Mandel School of Applied Social Sciences in the full-time master’s degree program (12-16 credit hours) is a flat rate of $39,950, or $1322, per credit hour.

A non-refundable tuition deposit of $100 is required of all master’s degree candidates at the time of acceptance. This deposit will be applied toward tuition for the degree program. Complete information about academic policies, procedures, and financial aid is available by contacting the Office of Student Services, Jack, Joseph, and Morton Mandel School of Applied Social Sciences by calling 800.863.6772 or by visiting the school's website (http://msass.case.edu).

Doctoral Program

Doctor of Philosophy in Social Welfare

The purpose of the Doctor of Philosophy (PhD) in Social Welfare degree program is the preparation of scholars, teachers, and leaders to generate new knowledge on the policies and programs of social welfare and the practice of social work. Accordingly, we emphasize the creative and evaluative skills necessary for independent inquiry. The program prepares students to be knowledgeable in the following:

• Relevant areas of the social and behavioral sciences
• Research design, statistics, qualitative methods, mixed methods, and the philosophy of science
• Theory-building and theories of social welfare
• Methods for the application and transmission of knowledge in the human services

In addition to this foundation knowledge, students develop specialized expertise in policy analysis and program planning or social work practice theory and in one or more substantive areas of social welfare. Effort is made to provide an educational climate in which critical analysis and creative thinking flourish. The program core emphasizes philosophical and scientific approaches to theory development, the content and boundaries of theoretical social welfare, statistics, and advanced research methodologies, and the social and behavioral science foundations underpinning social welfare programs and social work practice.

The area of specialization enables the student to apply social science theory, analytical approaches, and research tools to a social problem or issue in either social welfare policy or social work practice. Students are encouraged to focus on a substantive policy or practice area during the period of specialization. This facilitates the development of a dissertation proposal. Permeating the content of the entire program is a focus on the development and transmission of knowledge as a part of an educational process.

To prepare students for academic careers in social work education is an integral part of the educational plan. Teaching mentorships are available.

Students can pursue special interests through individual reading and research projects. In addition, regular course offerings in other departments of the university are available to students. Practical experiences on faculty-conducted research projects are made available to doctoral students.

A total of 36 credit hours of course work is required, plus 18 hours of dissertation credit. A qualifying examination, given after completion of course work, determines each student’s eligibility for degree candidacy. The degree is awarded following successful completion of the dissertation.

The school reserves the right to require additional courses, which may not be credited toward the doctoral requirements, if the faculty believes the student has insufficient knowledge in core areas of the curriculum, or to assist students in their intellectual and professional development.

In response to the different needs and interests of potential PhD students, the Mandel School offers two formats for meeting course and degree requirements. Program requirements under both formats include taking 12 courses (36 credit hours), passing a qualifying exam, and completing a dissertation. The Alternative Program Structures are:

Full-Time Program

Under this format, full-time students can complete course requirements and individualized research fellowships over two academic years.

Plan of Study: Full-Time Doctoral Program

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Units</th>
<th>Fall</th>
<th>Spring</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>First Year</td>
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<tr>
<td>Philosophy of Science and Theory Building (SASS 608)</td>
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<td>Theories of Human Behavior: Macro and Micro Dimensions (SASS 610)</td>
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<td>Advanced Research Design (SASS 613)</td>
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<td>Theories of Social Welfare and Social Justice (SASS 609)</td>
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<td>Models of Qualitative Research (SASS 614)</td>
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<td>Social Statistics and Data Analysis (SASS 615)</td>
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<td>Second Year</td>
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<td>Applied Regression and the Linear Model (SASS 616)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Intervention Research for Social Work Practice (SASS 620) &amp; Social Welfare Policy (SASS 621)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Individual Reading (SASS 637) (or course outside of MSASS) or Research Project (SASS 632)</td>
<td>1-18</td>
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<tr>
<td>Measurement Issues in Quantitative Research (SASS 618)</td>
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<td>Seminar on Social Work Education (SASS 630)</td>
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<td>Specialization Seminar (SASS 617)</td>
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<td>Designing Mixed Methods Research (SASS 622)</td>
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<td>Individual Reading (SASS 637)</td>
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<td>Dissertation Ph.D. (SASS 701)</td>
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Part-Time Program
The part-time format accommodates social work professionals who must maintain their employment commitments but wish to pursue PhD study through the completion of a minimum of four courses per year.

Faculty Advisors
Each doctoral student is assigned a faculty advisor to assist in the planning of his or her educational experience. At the appropriate time, a dissertation advisor is appointed after consultation with the student.

Qualifying Examination
The qualifying examination for doctoral candidates is taken after completion of coursework. The exam is intended to test the student’s ability to critically analyze and integrate knowledge.

Admission to Candidacy
Students are admitted to candidacy for the PhD degree upon the successful completion of the qualifying examination. To be admitted to candidacy, the candidate also must have maintained a grade point average of 3.0 and received not more than one course grade of C or lower. To remain in the program, students must maintain a minimum of a cumulative 3.0 average and receive no more than one grade of C or lower.

Dissertation Requirements
Each candidate for the PhD degree must submit a written dissertation as evidence of his or her ability to conduct independent research at an advanced level. The dissertation must present a significant contribution to knowledge in the student’s field, and at least a portion of the content must be suitable for publication in a reputable professional journal or as a book or monograph.

The dissertation prospectus must be completed and accepted within two calendar years after the student has been admitted to candidacy, and the dissertation must be completed and accepted within five calendar years after admission to candidacy. It is to the student’s advantage to make steady progress in his or her research and aim for early completion of the dissertation.

Once a student registers for SASS 701 Dissertation Ph.D., he or she must continue to register each succeeding regular semester (fall and spring) until the dissertation is complete unless granted a leave of absence. The minimum requirement for the dissertation is 18 hours.

All requirements for the PhD degree must be completed within a period of five consecutive calendar years after a student is admitted to candidacy, including periods of leaves of absence.

Admission and Financial Aid
Information about admission and financial aid for the PhD in Social Welfare (http://msass.case.edu/doctorate) can be found on the Jack, Joseph, and Morton Mandel School of Applied Social Sciences website.

Dual Degree Programs
Dual and Interdisciplinary Degree Programs
Dual and interdisciplinary degree programs are available to full-time students only.

Master of Science in Social Administration and Law (MSSA/JD)
The dual-degree program established by the Jack, Joseph and Morton Mandel School of Applied Social Sciences and the university’s School of Law makes it possible for selected full-time students to pursue an integrated program of studies to receive the Master of Science in Social Administration (MSSA) and Juris Doctor (JD) degrees within four years rather than the normal five years. Applicants for the dual-degree program must apply to and meet the admission requirements of both professional schools and are encouraged to apply for admission to both programs simultaneously. Dual-degree students must receive the MSSA and JD degrees simultaneously to be granted credit for specific courses taken in the other program.

Master of Science in Social Administration and Business (MSSA/MBA)
The Jack, Joseph and Morton Mandel School of Applied Social Sciences and the Weatherhead School of Management offer a dual-degree program leading to the Master of Science in Social Administration (MSSA) with the Master of Science in Business Administration (MBA). The program is designed for candidates who wish to prepare for advanced social work practice in a variety of direct practice and community and social development settings, while developing the skills to assume management responsibility within those settings. Candidates must apply separately to each program.

MSSA/MBA students may begin the dual-degree in either Jack, Joseph and Morton Mandel School of Applied Social Sciences or Weatherhead School of Management. Students will continue to register in the school at which they began the program, regardless of the school they are attending. There are 102 credit hours in the dual MSSA/MBA Program (51 credit hours at MSASS, 51 credit hours at Weatherhead), compared with 124 credit hours if both degrees were completed separately. By integrating the course work, completing some course work over the summer, and reducing the elective requirements in each program, dual-degree students may complete the MSSA/MBA in three years, instead of the four years required if both degrees were to be completed separately. Dual-degree students must receive the MSSA and MBA degrees simultaneously to be granted credit for specific courses taken in the other program.

Master of Science in Social Administration and Bioethics (MSSA/MA)
A dual degree established by the Jack, Joseph and Morton Mandel School of Applied Social Sciences and the Department of Bioethics (http://www.case.edu/med/bioethics) in the university’s School of Medicine makes it possible for selected students to pursue an integrated program of studies to earn the Master of Science in Social Administration (MSSA) and the Master of Arts (MA) in Bioethics. In a full-time format both degrees may be earned in two years plus one summer semester.
As the number and complexity of ethical dilemmas continue to increase, there is a growing need for social workers knowledgeable of the principles and practices fundamental to bioethics. Graduates of this program may help counsel clients and care providers as well pursuing careers related to policy and practice.

Applicants must apply separately and meet the admission requirement of the both professional programs and are encouraged to apply simultaneously to both schools. Dual-degree students must receive the MSSA and MA degrees simultaneously to be granted credit for specific courses taken in the other program.

**Master of Science in Social Administration and Public Health (MSSA/MPH)**

The “Side by Side” Dual Degree Program leads to both the Masters of Science in Social Administration (MSSA) and the Masters in Public Health (MPH). The MSSA/MPH program will prepare graduates with flexibility for professional leadership in a broad range of health and social services within communities and organizations. Areas of study will include prevention, program planning, development and evaluation.

The impetus for this dual program arises from a growing societal recognition that issues once thought to represent individual-level interventions, such as family violence, substance use, and mental illness, are multi-level problems demanding multi-level interventions for their amelioration. The MSSA/MPH Degree Program will equip students with a broader set of skills and perspectives to address such issues.

This degree option is open to full-time students only due to the sequencing of courses. Applicants must apply separately and meet the admission requirement of the both professional programs and are encouraged to apply simultaneously to both schools. This dual degree can be completed in 36 months. Dual-degree students must receive the MSSA and MPH degrees simultaneously to be granted credit for specific courses taken in the other program.

**Master of Science in Social Administration and Master of Nonprofit Organization (MSSA/MNO)**

The dual degree in social work and non-profit organization offered by the Jack, Joseph and Morton Mandel School of Applied Social Sciences prepares students for leadership and management positions in human service organizations. Students may pursue either the Community Practice in Social Change concentration or the Direct Practice concentration. Further, this dual degree will place graduates into nonprofit management, administration, leadership, and research positions, which promises a great potential to influence the well-being of vulnerable groups and improve lives on a greater scale.

**Undergraduate Minor in Social Work**

**Undergraduate Social Work Minor**

The Social Work Minor offers interdisciplinary collaborative learning that includes service, community engagement, and an exploration of values. Students experience active learning that is practical and applied to real-world settings. The minor integrates social work theory and practice, social policy, socio-behavioral theory and research to understand and address complex social problems of our time, domestically and internationally. Some issues covered in the courses include oppression and privilege, poverty, violence, social justice, alcohol and other drug abuse, social welfare, community development, children, youth, and families. Courses can be taken on campus or through the MSASS international study and travel courses.

**Jack, Joseph and Morton Mandel School of Applied Social Sciences Courses**

**SASS Courses**

**SASS 284. Oppression and Privilege in a Multicultural Society. 3 Units.**

Privilege flings open the doors of opportunity in a multicultural society. Oppression jams those doors tightly shut. This course provides students with understandings of how oppression and privilege operate in a multicultural society to restrict the life chances of minority and disenfranchised group members. Increasing knowledge about the nature and dynamics of oppression and privilege are fundamental dimensions of the ability to value a diverse world. This undertaking requires self-assessment and reflection on discrimination, oppression, and privilege as components of individual awareness. Such insight will help students to live, work, study, and play well with “others” who are culturally different from themselves with respect to race/ethnicity, religion, class, gender, sexual orientation/gender identity, ability, and age. Beyond increasing respectful social interaction, it is hoped that students will be motivated to work towards dismantling systems that perpetuate de-valuing, exploitation, marginalization, and violence against members of subordinate groups. Major consideration will be given to structures of oppression and privilege related to racism, classism, religious bigotry, sexism, heterosexism/transgenderism, ableism, and ageism. Note: A student cannot receive degree credit for both SASS 284 and SOCI 349.

**SASS 315. Adoption Practice and Policy. 3 Units.**

This course covers the concepts, knowledge, skills, and policies associated with contemporary adoption practice. The practice method reflects a constellation perspective, meaning that adoption is examined from the viewpoints of birth families, adoptees, and adoptive families. Exemplars and case studies are presented for illustration purposes. Consideration of constellation members’ needs at different life cycle stages are presented. Ethical issues and dilemmas related to adoption are emphasized throughout the course in each content area. Course content is covered via lectures and classroom discussions, as well as appropriate guest speakers. Students are expected to participate fully through field trips and classroom discussions.
SASS 318. Death, Grief, and Loss. 3 Units.
This course provides students the opportunity to become informed, aware citizens understanding human issues related to end of-life decision making, dying, and experiencing grief and loss. Topics focus on death and grief across the lifespan; the role of death in American culture; understanding individual and family challenges with decision making at the end of life; and the experience of grieving across life stages, cultures, gender, and spiritual difference. The course provides exposure to the experience of death as it relates to the self of the student; the terminally ill person, and the bereaved. Students will gain insight into their own values and beliefs in this area, as well as understanding the needs of terminally ill people, those who need support in their grief and mourning, and persons dealing with challenging life and death decisions regarding self or loved ones. Creation of a personal learning objective is an additional focus. Course content is implemented via lectures, class discussion, individual and small group work, audio-visuals, and guest speakers.

SASS 325. The Netherlands Social Justice: Health and Violence. 3 Units.
Social justice issues including violence prevention and health care services/policies will be explored via agency visits, lectures, and discussion with Dutch experts. The pervasive use of a harm reduction policy in the Netherlands will be examined. The course will help students develop the analytical skills necessary for evaluating social policy and practice issues related to a range of health care services as well as social justice issues that pertain to health care, prostitution and substance use. Students will familiarize themselves with the United States and Dutch social policies and practices related to issues such as: right to die; euthanasia for terminally ill, those in chronic pain or severely ill newborns; access to healthcare and health disparities; addictions; and prostitution. The manner in which a society treats its citizens least capable of taking care of themselves reveals many of the core values of its cultural system of social justice and approaches to health care. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

SASS 350. Seminars in Applied Social Sciences. 3 Units.
Survey of special subject areas. Topics vary in response to faculty and student interests. Small group discussion. Prerequisite depends on content.

SASS 355. Drugs and Youth. 3 Units.
Drug abuse is a more acute problem and more widespread than in any previous era of our country. Just as technology continues to evolve, drug use follows similar paths of evolution. Today, there are thousands of new drugs available that are used for medicinal purposes, recreational purposes, and other uses that affect the health of our citizens. The impact of drug use and/or abuse on the lives of ordinary people will be explored both through academic readings as well as biographies of young people who have dealt with the problem of drug abuse. Material will be presented from a wide range of disciplines and theoretical perspectives highlighting the bio-psycho-social nature of the problem—both the etiology as well as the effects of addiction. The impact of both macro (society) and micro (family and friends) on drug use of both licit (alcohol, over the counter drugs, and prescription) and illicit (marijuana, hallucinogens, and cocaine) on various subcultures such as sports/athletics, college students, women, adolescents, etc. will be explored. Course content will be covered via lectures, classroom discussions as well as appropriate guest speakers.

SASS 367. Poverty, Wealth Building, and Social Entrepreneurship. 3 Units.
With poor communities and individuals across the world aspiring for higher standards of living and quality of life, monolithic development strategies are proving to be insufficient. Microenterprise and social entrepreneurship are among the latest strategies for poverty alleviation. New strategies that are grass-roots, multi-dimensional, entrepreneurial, and engage stakeholders as partners are gaining ground. They seek to fundamentally transform the roles and relationships of the stakeholders in the economy. While social entrepreneurship is revolutionizing the practice of development work, the micro-enterprise sector plays an important role for some of the poorest sectors of society who gain employment, connection to the market, and opportunities for innovation through it. In this course, we will examine social entrepreneurship, the change it brought about in how development is viewed, conceived, and implemented. Some of the examples that will provide core content include economic development strategies that promote asset building among the poor; Mandragon in Spain (and other similar institutions from across the world), Greyston Bakery (and other similar examples from around the United States) and Evergreen Cooperative (and other relevant local examples).

SASS 366. Whatever It Takes: Creating Paths Out of Poverty for Children. 3 Units.
This course will examine current community based strategies for providing young people living in high poverty, multiple needs, urban areas with the educational, social and economic support they need for a stronger future. The course will begin with a review of the debated root causes of poverty in the United States and an exploration of the short and long term effects of poverty on children. Students will understand how poverty differentially affects different populations and geographic areas across the United States and globally. Special attention will be given to the complexity of urban poverty issues and the corresponding need for holistic Interventions. The course will further explore the concepts and strategies underlying innovative community-based initiatives being implemented across the country including the theories, programming content, inclusion criteria and outcomes of these efforts. Students will have to critically think through the cost/benefits of this programming considering economic, political and social justice issues. Special attention will be given to the Harlem Children Zone’s (HCZ) model. The HCZ has achieved successes in boosting college attendance and closing the racial and socioeconomic achievement gap among youth in a high-poverty target area in New York City. The HCZ is the model for the Obama Administration’s Promise Neighborhoods Initiative to support comprehensive neighborhood development programs for children and youth. It includes efforts for social, educational and medical support designed sequentially to keep up with youth’s developmental needs. Students will critically analyze this model and its applicability across other geographic areas and populations. Students will also learn from local best practice Initiatives in education attempting to provide a path out of poverty for Cleveland’s children through site visits at local schools. This will include experiential opportunities for firsthand contact with program staff and youth.
SASS 369. Social Networking and Community Organizing in the 21st Century. 3 Units.
This course will examine the changing nature of place, given increased mobility and diversity in communities within the United States and the emergence of a truly global economy and communication network due to the revolution in information technology. Community itself is being redefined as many members of society consider their most important relationships are primarily virtual in nature. The forms of engaging citizens are also changing as old models of community organizing give way to new approaches that focus on connectivity through social networks. This course will examine various new approaches to engagement, from political or campaign organizing to social networking around mutual interest to mobilizing people for a cause. We will examine the Obama presidential campaign as an example of a new mobilization strategy that emphasizes choice, flexibility, value, and the ability to influence through organic informal networks. The course will also explore case studies, such as network centric organizing as developed by Bill Traynor and Lawrence (MA) Community Works. Special attention will be given to controversial efforts criticized by the right or the left, such as the ACORN voter registration initiative. Students will also explore the changing nature of community in Northeast Ohio and how this new approach might lead to social change and economic development for greater Cleveland.

SASS 375. International Travel and Study Seminar. 3 Units.
The course provides an intensive experiential learning experience that take students to a Non-Western European country for appropriately 10-12 days to explore social and community development issues, policies and practices. There will be at least 42 hours of contact time with the instructors in Cleveland and the Non-Western European country. The program explores innovative approaches to social development and draws parallels to that of the United States. The purpose of the trip is to familiarize students with social development and social policy issues. Topics appropriate to the targeted country, such as poverty alleviation, non-formal education, prostitution, HIV/AIDS, multicultural aspects of healthcare, international adoption, and possible application of information communication technologies in addressing social problems will be addressed. The trip will include guided tours to neighborhoods, field-action project workers, healthcare professionals, government officials, scholars, and researchers will further enhance students’ understanding. Students are required to attend a minimum of two pre-trip seminars, write and/or present pre-trip assignment(s), attend a post-trip meeting, and complete a final written assignment. The course requires an additional cost for travel. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

SASS 375A. International Travel & Study Abroad: Health, Human and Social Development in Urban & Rural Ecuador. 3 Units.
The study abroad program to Quito, Ecuador and surrounding rural areas will acquaint students with the history and culture of Ecuador, its social, political and economic development, and the impact it has on the delivery of social services. Ecuador’s historical and current relationship with the United States will also be explored. This course is designed for students and professionals who are interested in developing an international perspective for the study of social work and related health services. It will expose students to helping modalities within a cultural context and provide opportunities for cross cultural comparison. The course will be taught using both lecture and experiential modalities. Along with interaction with a variety of social service agencies, students will visit historical sites and attend cultural events. They will be introduced to the art and culture of the area and explore the region’s economic development. Lectures by guest speakers on topics regarding family systems, culture, and history, social and political issues will provide students with learning opportunities. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

SASS 375B. International Travel & Study Abroad: Mental Health Issues & Practice Netherlands. 3 Units.
This 3-credit course will be at least 42 hours of contact time, and include a trip to the Netherlands over Spring Break. The course will acquaint the participant (undergraduate and graduate) with the socio-political factors that influence policy development and the delivery of mental health care and services to the citizens of the Netherlands. The role of the social work profession in mental health care and service delivery will be explored via agency visits, lectures, and discussion with Dutch consumers and experts in the area of mental healthcare. This course will help students develop the analytical skills necessary for evaluating social policy and practice issues related to mental health. Students will familiarize themselves with the United States and Dutch social policies and practices related to specific mental health issues such as: treatment of severe mental illness, community mental health systems and community reintegration of the those with mental illness, psychosocial rehabilitation, the treatment of people with dual diagnoses of substance dependence and abuse and mental illness, homelessness and the mentally ill, psychiatric hospitalization, employment, education and issues of quality of life for people living with mental illness. Prior to the trip, students will attend a pre-trip session, will be expected to become familiar with the literature on concepts in social policy and practices relevant to mental health issues in both countries, and following the trip, meet for a post-trip session. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.
SASS 375C. International Travel & Study Abroad: Invisible Groups in a New Poland. 3 Units.
This 3 hour Spring Break for the undergraduate and graduate students introduces students and faculty to Polish culture and Polish social policies and practices concerning those social groups that are disenfranchised, stigmatized, and disempowered, including the poor, the unemployed, the homeless, the elderly, victims of domestic violence, and people affected by substance abuse and mental health problems. In cooperation with the Institute of Sociology at the University of Poznan, students and faculty will examine the issues of multiculturalism, social integration, feminism studies, and determinants of social exclusion in the context of the economic and social forces that are shaping a new Poland. The trip includes guided tours of neighborhoods and social institutions and daily lectures and workshops with government officials, practicing social workers, and many of Poland's most prominent scholars in residence at the University of Poznan. The experience will challenge students to recognize how the recent political and economic transformation of the country has affected the entire society and how certain groups have paid a higher price. Students and faculty will also participate in cultural events to gain a greater understanding of Polish society. Prior to the trip, students will attend two pre-trip sessions, will be expected to become familiar with the literature on concepts in social policy and practices relevant to social welfare issues in both countries, and following the trip, meet for a post trip session. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

SASS 375D. International Travel & Study Abroad: Child Welfare in Guatemala. 3 Units.
This program is designed to familiarize participants with child welfare issues, social services, and indigenous community development, particularly women cooperatives. The plan is for participants to learn Spanish each morning, followed by guided tours of various programs. The experience challenges participants to compare Guatemala with the United States, and to understand the strengths and weaknesses of social policies and human services in both countries. This course acquaints participants with the socio-political factors that influence the development of child welfare programs in the nongovernmental sector (private, nonprofit) and governmental sector in Guatemala. The role of the helping professions in child welfare are explored via agency visits, lectures, and collaboration with Guatemalan professionals. The program is an intense small group experience in living, learning, traveling, and studying. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

SASS 375E. International Travel & Study Abroad: Microcredit, Microfinance, and Social Development in Bangladesh. 3 Units.
This International travel/study course to Bangladesh is taught by SUIC School of Social Work, Case Western Reserve's Mandel School of Applied Social Sciences (MSASS), and Independent University, Bangladesh. Many international scholars and leaders will be involved, including 2006 Nobel Peace Prize winner Muhammad Yunus, as well as other officials in Bangladesh. The program will provide an intensive learning experience that will take students to Bangladesh for 12 days. The course to Bangladesh will be focusing on the role of Micro-credit and Microfinance and Social Developments to alleviate poverty and nurture social entrepreneurship. Students will spend 8 days in Dhaka, the Bangladesh capital, and 4 days in the villages visiting field projects. The program will provide lectures and field trips involving social, political, economic and developmental aspects of Micro-Credit and Micro-Finance. The trip will explore the basic ideas behind the Microcredit revolution in Bangladesh, its historical precedence, and will study it’s relation to health, finance, management, politics, social entrepreneurship and development. Student will learn about the mechanisms of micro-credit in social development and execute the knowledge in their own practice. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

SASS 375F. Gender and Sexuality Justice: LGBTQ life in Contemporary Dutch Culture. 3 Units.
This experiential and hands-on course explores the Dutch concept of "tolerance" through the lenses of sexuality, gender identity and gender expression. The course will investigate the Dutch concept of "tolerance" as it applies to non-heteronormative sexualities, as well as the range of gender identities and expressions outside of a binary of male/female, man/woman. Focusing on, but not limited to, the lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, queer (LGBTQ) community, the course will interrogate the ways in which the social discourse of acceptance is complicated by other salient sociopolitical factors present in the Netherlands such as historical and contemporary realities about immigration, religious diversity, age, ethnicity and race. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.
SASS 375i. Global Issues, Health, & Sustainability in India. 3 Units.
Global Issues, Health, & Sustainability in India is an interdisciplinary social work and engineering collaboration that includes a short-term cross-cultural immersion. This course brings together social work (knowledge, values, and skills) and health care (promotion, education, and community) perspectives to the understanding of technical project assessment, selection, planning and implementation in India. The course is also designed to help students understand culturally relevant community engagement strategies to ensure project acceptance in underserved and developing communities. Many field sites will be visited in order to observe first-hand the community assessment and development of projects that engineers implement. An example of these projects could include infrastructure to support green energy and water (resource planning, development, conservation, and sanitation). This study abroad course will acquaint students with history and culture of India, its social, political and economic development and the impact it has on health and the delivery of social services. Participants will learn about factors affecting the abilities to reach, treat, educate, and equip communities to improve health outcomes. Engineering students will learn the quantitative aspects using a paradigm of hierarchical systems, mathematical modeling, and scenario analysis using a ‘reasoning support’ system. Together the engineering, social work, and health sciences students in disciplinary-balanced teams will jointly work on real and meaningful projects marrying the descriptive scenarios (that is the ‘subjective’ aspect) with the numerical scenario analysis based on mathematical modeling (or ‘objective’ aspect) to form a coherent view of the future. The course will be taught using both lecture and experiential modalities. Engineering students will conduct computer modeling work. Along with visiting a variety of governmental and non-governmental institutions, organizations and projects, students will visit historical sites and attend cultural events. Offered as EECS 342I and SASS 375I Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

SASS 385. Social Welfare Capstone Seminar. 3 Units.
This seminar course will revolve around the identification and critical investigation of current social problems. Insights gained from social welfare research will be applied to better understand these problems. Successful completion of the course will require critical analysis of published research, integration of information from social work and different disciplines, an oral presentation and a final written research report including a literature review. Counts as SAGES Senior Capstone.

SASS 390. Independent Study for Undergraduates. 1 - 3 Unit.
Individual study in Applied Social Sciences involving specific programs of reading, research, and special projects. Requires prior approval of faculty member directing the project. Recommended preparation: 12 hours of social science courses; approval of MSASS Associate Dean.

SASS 401. History of the Nonprofit Sector. 3 Units.
An examination of the social history of nonprofit organizations in the United States, to develop an historical perspective and a sense of magnitude, scope, and functions of the nonprofit sector and its relationships with business and government. This course will explore the theoretical bases upon which social scientists have sought to understand the role of the nonprofit sector in our economy and in our political and social systems, and will explore the issues that will shape the future of the sector.

SASS 405. Nonprofit Ethics and Professionalism. 3 Units.
This course is an application of ethical frameworks and analysis to nonprofit organizations. Using cases and essays, the course will help nonprofit managers become better equipped to address ethical problems and dilemmas in their work in the following areas: ethics of boards, ethics and leadership, ethics and organizational culture, professional ethics, and ethics and fundraising.

SASS 406. Nonprofit Public Policy and Advocacy. 3 Units.
This course is an introduction to the institutions and processes that make up the political environment of nonprofit organizations in the United States. The course will examine the role of civil society in a democracy, take a general overview of American political institutions and the cultural beliefs that undergird them, and examine the important elements of the public policy process: the framing of issues, the role of political entrepreneurs and organized interests, elections, the legislative process and strategies for influencing it, and the roles of executive institutions and the courts. Emphasis will be placed on the ways that nonprofit advocates can advance their goals in the public policy process.

SASS 407. Nonprofit Revenue Planning and Development. 3 Units.
Revenue strategy and development are critical in advancing the mission and core work of a nonprofit organization, and are among the most strategic responsibilities held by an executive director and his/her board. Nonprofits face a myriad of revenue options which could be pursued but each of these has implications for how the organization advances it mission and its sustainability. The course will examine how to assess these revenue sources and evaluate how they can contribute to an organization's overall financial vitality.

SASS 408. Nonprofit Philanthropic Fundraising. 3 Units.
This course will provide current and future nonprofit leaders with a detailed survey of the practices, principles, and process of fundraising, enabling them to effectively create, participate in, and manage fund development programs and staff. Successful fundraising is shown to be communication-based and built upon solid relationships with defined constituencies of donors and potential donors.

SASS 409. Nonprofit Strategic Planning. 3 Units.
This is an integrated practicum designed to provide “hands-on” experience in planning for, designing, and conducting strategic planning in nonprofit organizations. Students will learn to assess organizational readiness, facilitate the design of strategic planning processes, create a variety of approaches involving key stakeholders, and finalize a planning design suited to organizational culture.

SASS 410. Nonprofit Databased Decision-Making. 3 Units.
This course is designed to give students basic understanding and working knowledge of data analysis, statistical concepts, use of computers, research designs for program planning and evaluation, and quantitative techniques for problem solving. The intent is to ensure that executives and leaders are able to effectively utilize and interpret statistical data, technical reports, research findings, and evaluation studies, and employ basic quantitative methods in their own analysis of problems and policies.

SASS 411. Nonprofit Leadership Dialogs. 1 Unit.
This course is intended to enable students to learn about major nonprofit leadership issues and trends through interaction and dialog with successful nonprofit leaders. It is also designed to provide outside nonprofit leaders with the opportunity to learn about the quality of the Mandel Center's student body.
SASS 412. Nonprofit Leadership. 3 Units.
This course examines leadership from nonprofit political, managerial, and sociological perspectives. Concepts of leadership will be applied to nonprofit organizations through case discussion, student experience, and class exercises. The course integrates theory-based and practice-based approaches and prepares students to participate in leader-follower dynamics in the nonprofit setting.

SASS 420. Nonprofit Organization and Management. 3 Units.
This course will focus on theories of organizations and general concepts and principles of management, governance, and leadership. Organizational design, behavior, performance, and effectiveness will be studied, and the special character and management problems of nonprofit organizations will be highlighted and analyzed.

SASS 422. Nonprofit Assessment and Program Evaluation. 3 Units.
The course is designed to introduce students to the approach to organizational assessment and evaluation of organizational issues and problems. The class will explore a variety of ways of viewing organizations, assessing their stage of development, look at factors that influence or interfere with their forward progress, review the dimensions essential to nonprofit organizations and explore some processes useful to enable change. In addition, the course will focus on the process of creating and measuring program outcomes.

SASS 424. Nonprofit Economics. 3 Units.
This course is designed to familiarize students with basic ideas of microeconomic analysis so that they may apply this reasoning to important resource-related decisions facing contemporary nonprofit organizations. This introductory course will orient the student to the role of nonprofit organizations in a market economy, familiarizing the student with basic concepts of microeconomic analysis and how they apply to resource-related decisions, and provide the student with tools and concepts for analyzing pricing, compensation, outsourcing, investment of funds, and engaging in partnerships.

SASS 425. Nonprofit Financial Management. 3 Units.
This course focuses on techniques and principles of financial management including budgeting, finance and investment decision making. Topics include budget formulation, analysis and planning, present value analysis, cost-effectiveness, cash flow analysis, portfolio management, and venture planning. Special emphasis will be given to the unique problems of nonprofits in capital formation, generating earned income, managing endowments, gifts and grants, and tax planning.

SASS 426. Research Methods in Social Work. 3 Units.
This course provides an overview of the basic concepts used in the conduct of scientific inquiry and the tools of research methodology. It introduces students to the issues involved in the design, implementation, analysis and utilization of social research. Students are encouraged to focus on a practice-related research problem in their individual or group research projects, as well as to focus on research issues relevant to their specialization, field of practice, or field of practicum setting. Students are alerted to the risks of cultural bias in research throughout the course, as well as to focus on research issues relevant to their specialization, field of practice, or field of practicum setting. Students are alerted to the risks of cultural bias in research throughout the course, as well as to focus on research issues relevant to their specialization, field of practice, or field of practicum setting. Students are alerted to the risks of cultural bias in research throughout the course, as well as to focus on research issues relevant to their specialization, field of practice, or field of practicum setting.

SASS 427. International Non-Governmental Organizations. 3 Units.
This course examines the role of voluntary associations in the international arena and, in particular, the multiple roles of international non-governmental organizations in affecting international political and economic outcomes. The course also examines the theoretical issues surrounding NGOs and international relations, particularly the relationship between global civil society and international political outcomes.

SASS 428. Trusteeship: Nonprofit Governance. 3 Units.
This elective course deals with the definition, history and concept of trusteeship, the areas of responsibilities of Boards of Trustees, the authority of Boards and the limits on its exercise, the organization of Boards and their committees, and the Board’s relationships with the Executive Director, the staff and the organization’s constituencies. Eligible for M.B.A. credit.

SASS 430. Nonprofit Human Resources. 3 Units.
Theories and principles of managing people in organizations are addressed in this course, including motivation theory and human resource development strategies. Particular attention is devoted to issues critical to nonprofit organizations, such as the management of volunteers, management of professionals, working with trustees, and staff/board relationships.

SASS 440. Human Development I: Child and Adolescent. 3 Units.
This course offers an overview of normal individual development throughout the life cycle. Psychosocial theory, learning theories, and social role theory constitute the theoretical base for this foundation course. Developmentally determined objectives and tasks for every life stage are examined in the context of biological, genetic, psychological, familial, and sociocultural factors. Special emphasis is placed on the impact of gender, health, and minority status, and on community institutions of human development. This course supports the foundation social work methods course by introducing substantive content on human development as a framework for assessment, prevention, and intervention with psychosocial problems. Curricularly related to the advanced socio-behavioral courses on human development and developmental dysfunction, this course provides a basic understanding of normal human development, which can serve as a contextual framework for developmental deviations from the norm.

SASS 441. Human Development II: Adult. 3 Units.
This course builds on SASS 440 Human Development I (child & adolescent) by compassing the general themes of feeling (emotion), thinking (cognition), and acting (behavior) with adult emotional, cognitive, and behavioral development. Students will understand the differences and similarities between earlier (child and adolescent) and later (adult, including older adult) emotional, cognitive, and behavioral development by examining, across the life-span, the idea/concept of: (1) adult development as gains/losses, (2) adult development as plasticity and variation (i.e., development can take many forms and can change), (3) adult development as risks, conflicts, protective factors, and resilience and (4) adult development as context (e.g., family, society, gender culture, ethnicity, social class, discrimination, sexual orientation, and socio-historical (i.e., cohort contexts). Prereq: SASS 440.

SASS 450. Nonprofit Law. 3 Units.
This course provides the student with a basic grounding in the laws and regulations governing nonprofit organizations. Content will include the procedures for incorporating, reporting, and maintaining tax-exempt status as a nonprofit organization, a familiarity with legal principles and research methods, and an overview of the legal, regulatory, and policy issues facing contemporary nonprofit organizations.

SASS 470. Social Policy. 3 Units.
This course provides basic perspectives on social policies related to poverty, health, aging, mental health, substance abuse, and discrimination. An analytical framework is used to systematically identify, define, and analyze social problems and policies. The course also introduces the student to social planning and service delivery.
SASS 477. Direct Practice Foundation Methods Skills. 3 Units.
The goal of this course is to develop culturally competent social work generalist practitioners who are armed with the knowledge and skills necessary to practice ethically with individuals and families in diverse social work practice settings. The course introduces major social work theories (i.e., systems-ecological theory) and intervention approaches (i.e., problem-solving). Understanding and practicing the skills necessary to carry out generalist practice will be a major focus on both lectures and skills lab.

SASS 478. Macro and Policy Practice Skills. 3 Units.
This course focuses on the development and application of practice skills in work with task groups, communities, and social policy institutions. It includes both didactic and experiential teaching and learning. The course is built on first semester foundation learning, particularly in the areas of social policy, diversity, discrimination, and oppression, and the direct practice skills lab. It will also draw on knowledge taught in the second semester course on theories of groups, organizations, and communities. Finally, there will be interaction with the field seminar and the field practicum. Prereq: SASS 477.

SASS 484. Theories of Oppression and Social Justice. 3 Units.
This course provides students with a basis for developing their ability to value a diverse world and to understand how discrimination and oppression operate to limit the life opportunities of members of minority and disenfranchised groups. Students will have the opportunity to develop and enhance their personal and professional awareness of their own cultural identity and to use this as a basis for developing their competence to work with individuals and groups different from themselves. Selected theoretical perspectives will provide a descriptive and explanatory framework for critically analyzing the manifestation of discrimination and oppression and their impact on the affected populations. Social work’s response to discrimination and oppression within the profession and in society at large will also be examined.

SASS 495. Field Education Seminar. 1 Unit.
This seminar prepares students for entry into field education. The course introduces students to a number of topics that are considered basic to beginning the social work field practicum.

SASS 500. Special Topics in Applied Social Sciences. 1 - 6 Unit.
SASS 501. Nonprofit Practicum. 0 - 3 Units.
The overall goal of this course is to provide MNO students the opportunity to develop a practicum experience in a non-profit organizational setting. The course is designed to enhance knowledge acquired in the classroom by allowing students the flexibility to develop an individualized plan that will integrate professional practice skill development. The students will work closely with their Academic Advisor to determine whether a practicum meets the student's learning needs. The student will also be assigned a Practicum Instructor, who is based at the non-profit setting and provides the direct instruction of the student. Finally, the student will work with the Faculty Advisor, who is based at the School and serves as a link between all parties, oversees the requirements and standards of the School, and participates and consults in the design of the student's learning experience. The Student, Practicum Instructor, and Faculty Advisor all participate in various ways in the evaluation of student's practicum; the Faculty Advisor is responsible for assigning the grade.

SASS 502. Infant and Toddler Development. 3 Units.
In this course, students will focus on that segment of the human life span called infancy and toddlerhood, a period of development from conception to age three years. Students will be introduced to the major theories of development and will integrate theory and research as they relate to children's physical and motor development, perception, intelligence, language and communication development, and social and emotional development. The impact of the family and sociocultural contexts that affect development will be discussed. Discussion, case studies, and observations will be used to facilitate learning. Prereq: SASS 440 or SASS 400-TR.

SASS 505. Adoption: Practice and Policy. 3 Units.
This course covers the concepts, knowledge, skills, and policies associated with contemporary adoption practice. The practice method reflects a triad perspective, meaning that adoption is examined from the viewpoints of birth parents, adoptees, and adoptive parents. For each topic area, social work roles, activities, tasks, and skills are explored along with policy issues. Exemplars and case studies are presented for illustration purposes. Consideration of triad needs at different life cycle stages are presented. The issues of ethnically competent adoption practice are emphasized throughout the course in each content area.

SASS 506. Perspectives on Management and Leadership. 0 Units.
This course is designed to explore management and leadership capabilities. The class explores personal and organizational aspects of leadership and management examining theoretical perspectives and models, governance, communication, advocacy, ethics and accountability. In addition, the course examines key tools for effective management and leadership to manage risk, challenges, building consensus and collaboration. The course also guides students through a personal leadership development journey. The classroom will serve as an interactive learning environment. Students will learn management and leadership abilities from readings, lecture, group discussion, reflection, assessment, planning and application. The content of the course integrates research across social work, business, the nonprofit sector, and literature to inform a solid perspective to enhance management and leadership capabilities. This course includes activities and feedback for students to facilitate growth and development, and is appropriate for students who want to become effective managers and leaders, growing related abilities and knowledge.

SASS 510. Health Disparities. 3 Units.
This course aims to provide theoretical and application tools for students from many disciplinary backgrounds to conduct research and develop interventions to reduce health disparities. The course will be situated contextually within the historical record of the United States, reviewing social, political, economic, cultural, legal, and ethical theories related to disparities in general, with a central focus on health disparities. Several frameworks regarding health disparities will be used for investigating and discussing the empirical evidence on disparities among other subgroups (e.g., the poor, women, uninsured, disabled, and non-English speaking populations) will also be included and discussed. Students will be expected to develop a research proposal (observational, clinical, and/or intervention) rooted in their disciplinary background that will incorporate materials from the various perspectives presented throughout the course, with the objective of developing and reinforcing a more comprehensive approach to current practices within their fields. Offered as CRSP 510, EPBI 510, MPHP 510, NURS 510, and SASS 510.
SASS 511. Issues in Health Policy and Service Delivery. 3 Units.
This course examines health care policy issues and options, and highlights the development of health care policy in the U.S., the influence of health policy development, and the role of social work. It also examines the problems, policy, and program issues in the subsidy, financing, reorganization, and regulatory capacity of health policy. National, state, and local issues will be stressed. The course is for students in the health concentration but also welcomes students from other areas. Prereq: SASS 470 or SASS 400-TR.

SASS 512. Legislative and Political Process. 3 Units.
This course focuses on how to deal effectively with legislators, their staff, and legislative systems. The roles of money and information in legislative and political systems are examined. The process through which a bill moves to become law is explored, including critical points of intervention in that process. Lobbying legislators, including presentation of testimony and use of coalitions, is featured. Prereq: SASS 470 or SASS 400-TR.

SASS 513. Aging Policy and Service Delivery. 3 Units.
This course reviews current income, health, and social service policies for older Americans. It also investigates patterns and levels of care for the elderly. Trends and issues in policies and programs for seniors are analyzed in the context of the dimensions and differential characteristics of the aging population in the country. Some cross-national comparisons of services for the elderly are included in this analysis. Prereq: SASS 470 or SASS 400-TR.

SASS 514. Mental Health Policy and Service Delivery. 3 Units.
This course is designed for students preparing for careers as social workers in the mental health field with an understanding of mental health policy and service delivery at the federal, state, and local levels. Through readings, lectures, discussion, and written assignments, the course will aid students in developing a macro-level perspective of mental health policies and programs. Prereq: SASS 470 or SASS 400-TR.

SASS 515. Family Caregiving. 3 Units.
The purpose of this interdisciplinary graduate-level seminar is to explore the theoretical research, policy, and practice issues related to informal caregiving of the elderly. Topics will include the historical and cultural context of family caregiving, theoretical paradigms (i.e., adult development, stress and coping), characteristics of caregivers (i.e., gender, relationship, race, ethnicity, employment status, geographical setting), characteristics of the elderly care-receiver (i.e., type of cognitive and physical impairments), ethics, physical and mental health outcomes, service delivery issues, institutionalization, and bereavement. Through readings, discussions, guest lectures, and paper presentations, students will learn about the complexities of informal caregiving of the elderly from a range of disciplinary perspectives in order to improve assessment and practice skills in a variety of settings. Students are encouraged to focus on issues relevant to their discipline, specialization, or field of practice for their seminar papers.

SASS 516. Alcohol and Other Drug Abuse Policy and Service Delivery. 3 Units.
This course explores selected current alcohol and other drug abuse (AODA) problems using a problem analysis framework. Emphasis is placed on current and past AODA problem definitions as they affect policy and program development. Conceptualization of the problems resulting from AODA patterns of use and abuse, causation theories, the impact of cultural and social diversity as well as discrimination upon all client systems, and the role of local and national institutions which advocate for this population group are reviewed. Prereq: SASS 470 or SASS 400-TR.

SASS 517. Family System Interventions. 3 Units.
This course covers the knowledge, concepts, and skills associated with working families. The practice method will reflect a family systems approach, integrating theories and approaches within a systemic perspective. It will build practice skills in assessing, interviewing, and intervening with families and emphasize a strength-based perspective on intervention with families. Considerations of family issues at different developmental stages will be presented. The issue of ethically competent and community-based social work practice with families will be stressed throughout the course for each content area. Prereq: SASS 477 or SASS 400-TR.

SASS 518. Social Work with Death, Grief and Loss. 3 Units.
This course focuses on the concept of death and related topics from a social work perspective. Such topics include the role of death in American culture; the dying process and its institutions; assessment and intervention strategies; life span and family life considerations; and end-of-life decisions. The course provides both theoretical and experiential exposure to the dying process as it relates to self, the dying person, and the bereaved. Students will gain insight into serving the terminally ill, those who need assistance with mourning and grief, and clients dealing with difficult life-and-death decisions regarding loved ones. Prereq: SASS 477 or SASS 400-TR.

SASS 519. Children and Families in the School Setting. 3 Units.
This course prepares students to be certified school social workers. The course addresses major issues in American schools; a theoretical framework for school social work services; design, deliverance, and evaluation of school social work services; legal and ethical issues; and the roles and intervention strategies of school social workers. It covers student and family problems and areas of need such as disability, truancy, divorce, teen pregnancy, youth depression and suicide, substance abuse, violence, and dropping out of school. This course is required for those participating in a planned program of study leading to state certification as a school social worker. If space permits, other students may enroll if they have or have had school social work experience. Prereq: SASS 477 or SASS 400-TR.

SASS 520. Homelessness Policy and Service Delivery. 3 Units.
This course provides an understanding of homelessness and its incidence and prevalence, its origins, both historical and social, its consequences, and policy-based strategies for its prevention. The course investigates the impact of homelessness on single individuals, families with children, minorities, and vulnerable populations such as the mentally ill and alcoholics. Students, organized into a task force, examine a range of professional and community-based responses to the problem. The task force method enables students to assess the effects of public policy on homeless people, critique the effectiveness and adequacy of local shelter and service programs, and propose community-based strategies to prevent, stop, and better homelessness. Prereq: SASS 470 or SASS 400-TR.

SASS 521. Supervision. 3 Units.
The course focuses on the role of strength-based supervision in improving outcomes clients served in the various social service and nonprofit systems, and on developing the skills necessary for effective supervision and leadership. The course examines the context of contemporary supervision, and presents models of supervision grounded in systems theory, developmental theory, and social justice theory. This course is also designed to build practical skills for organizational leadership, focusing on adaptive leadership.
SASS 522. Motivational Interviewing. 3 Units.
This advanced methods course provides a basic orientation to the concepts in Motivational Interviewing, which is a collaborative, person-centered form of eliciting and strengthening motivation for change. It is a way of working with persons to assist them in accessing their intrinsic motivation to change behaviors that contradict their essential values and interfere with the achievement of their life goals. Motivational Interviewing is both a philosophy and a set of strategic techniques. It is an evidence-based treatment with a broad range of applications. The course will place an emphasis on individuals with severe and persistent mental illness and/or substance use disorders. Specific techniques to recognize, elicit and strengthen change talk, as well as responding to resistance and consolidating a person's commitment to change will be explored. Exercises and examples specific to the unique practice setting of participants will be incorporated. Students will have an opportunity to practice these techniques in role/real-play and other group exercises as well as measure skill application and provide meaningful feedback to their peers. Prereq: SASS 477 or SASS 400-TR.

SASS 525. AIDS Seminar. 3 Units.
This course is designed to provide an understanding of HIV/AIDS. The nature and prevalence of the disease, including its impact upon vulnerable populations such as children and youth, women, gay and lesbian populations, people of color, prisoners, IV drug users, and street people are examined. The course focuses on public policies, programs, and service delivery for HIV/AIDS at local, state, and national levels. Topics include the policy-making role of advocacy groups, the function of AIDS service organizations, and the design of educational and preventive programs. Prereq: SASS 470 or SASS 400-TR.

SASS 527. The Theory and Practice of Leadership. 3 Units.
This course assists students preparing for management and leadership roles in social service organizations to understand theories of leadership and translate them into effective leadership practices. The class explores leadership definitions, tasks and responsibilities, and the development of leadership capabilities. Students also examine their personal values, beliefs, skills, and understanding of ethical principles underlying leadership. Prereq: SASS 440 or SASS 400-TR.

SASS 529. Child and Family Policy and Service Delivery. 3 Units.
This course focuses on major federal legislation impacting children, youth, and families, examined in the context of community-based social work policy/practice. It builds upon the foundation course in social welfare policy and enables students to use an advocacy approach to provide policy-informed services and to participate in policy and implementation and change. Prereq: SASS 470 or SASS 400-TR.

SASS 530. Practice Evaluation. 3 Units.
This advanced course prepares direct practice students to examine their own practice with individuals, families, and groups. Attention is given to basic principles of measurement and selection of appropriate measurement instruments for use in direct practice settings. The course is intended to provide students with the technical skills necessary to investigate the components of social work practice and contribute to an empirically validated social work knowledge base. The student is asked to determine the efficacy of his/her practice intervention in field placement by using a suitable design and method. A hands-on project is required using clinical experience from field practice. Prereq: SASS 426 and SRCH 426 or SASS 400-TR.

SASS 531. Collaboration & Strategic Partnerships. 3 Units.
The development of strategic alliances is being used increasingly as a key for nonprofit organizations to carry out their missions. This course is designed to provide students with the conceptual and practical resources necessary for leadership in the formation and maintenance of such alliances. Various models and strategies for creating and sustaining local, community-based, and national relationships are explored. The course is based on "practical theory," builds on current knowledge about creating mulch-organizational partnerships, and expands capabilities to participate in these efforts. The overarching goals of this course are that students, as members of this "learning community," will (a) develop a deeper understanding of the core knowledge required for successful collaboration, (b) deepen their appreciation of the values and ethics involved in creating strategic alliances, and (c) enhance their ability to apply acquired skills in the area of inter-organizational relations. Prereq: SASS 477 and SASS 478 or SASS 400-TR.

SASS 532. Needs Assessment and Program Evaluation. 3 Units.
This course covers research methods and analytic tools that are used in communities and organizations to plan, monitor and evaluate programs, projects and initiatives. It builds upon the research methods course in the foundation curriculum and deepens and expands this content at the advanced level. The content prepares students to use quantitative and qualitative research methods to plan and evaluate programs, policies and practices. The class covers the conceptual and technical aspects of conducting needs assessment in and applying the tools and findings to the community, program and organizational development process. The course employs a circle perspective with the goal that students will be able to judge the strengths and weaknesses of various tools and approaches and the degree to which ethical standards have been met. Students are introduced to a variety of methods for community and needs assessment, demographic, statistical and geographic analysis, qualitative and quantitative data gathering methods, and program and policy evaluation designs. The importance of conducting research in ways that respect cultural diversity and are valid across diverse populations is emphasized. The practical aspects of using data to drive decision making, quality improvement, outcomes management and the engagement of partners and stakeholders are also covered in the course. This course is structured to have a strong emphasis on skill development in data gathering, analysis and application. Prereq: SASS 426 or SRCH 426 or SASS 400-TR.

SASS 534. Theoretical Contexts Shaping Community Practice. 3 Units.
The aim of the course is to provide students in the Community Practice for Social Change concentration with a thorough overview and analysis of the range of individual, group, organizational and community-level theories that inform our practice with organizations, neighborhoods, communities, social institutions and policies. The course seeks to help students: (1) develop an appreciation of the main traditions, theoretical debates, experiences and research findings in community practice both as a change process and as an interdisciplinary field; (2) identify the key ideological assumptions underlying these theories with attention to the broader historical, economic, social, demographic, institutional and political influences that affect these assumptions as well as resultant practice both in the United States and internationally; (3) identify, articulate and apply theories of change through the practice of theorizing; and (4) understand and apply logic models for community problem solving. The course emphasizes application of theory to practice settings and developing skills and competencies for community work in diverse settings.
SASS 535. Human Sexuality. 3 Units.
The course addresses sexuality as an integral part of human functioning and human relationships throughout the life cycle. The formation of sexual identity is addressed, including gender identity, sexual orientation, and sexual intention. The physiological and psychological aspects of sexual behavior are covered, including the effects of aging, chronic illness, and sexually transmitted diseases. The course concludes with practical applications for social work, including an overview of assessment and treatment of sexual dysfunction. Prereq: SASS 440 or SASS 400-TR.

SASS 536. Individual Research Practicum. 3 Units.
With instructor and research sequence chair approval, an individual program of supervised research experience may be undertaken. This course allows the student to tailor a program of applied research to a specific practice issue or program. Prereq: SASS 426 or SASS 400-TR

SASS 538. Evidence-Based Practice: Selection, Implementation, and Practice Issues. 3 Units.
This course prepares students to critically assess and reflect on evidence-based practice theory, principles, and practice issues as they relate to social work. Students will integrate knowledge of assessment and clinical treatment theories with the growing research and science base of evidence-based practice. The course will focus on multiple levels of evidence-based practice promotion including the individual level, the programmatic and agency level, and the broader market place contexts. In the beginning of the course, students will be introduced to the history and background of the evidence-based practice movement, including definitions and terms. Students will also examine how to incorporate strategies optimizing client needs and circumstances into the EBP decision-making process, and to think critically about how to ensure that their practice adheres to social work values and ethics. Students will learn issues and strategies for locating, selecting, and evaluating EBP practice research, including the selection of EBPs tailored to a specific client or population. On the programmatic and agency levels, students will examine core implementation components and challenges (e.g., planning, educating, financing, restructuring, managing quality, attending to policy) commonly faced in agency practice by clinicians, supervisors and administrators. As students are exposed to the implementation science literature and research, they will appreciate how key multilevel implementation approaches can be designed and applied to promote health and behavioral health innovation on both the prevention and intervention levels. Finally, students will review that EBP landscape from a broader perspectives including prevention science, and the diffusion of innovations, examining important controversies and market trends that influence and impact contemporary evidence-based practice in social work. Prereq: SASS 477 and SASS 478.

SASS 539. Early Intervention: Theories and Practice. 1 - 3 Unit.
This course both describes the characteristics of young children with disabilities and examines the intervention models and practices that are used to address the developmental and social-emotional needs of these children. The course describes the legislative and philosophical foundations for contemporary early intervention practice. It discusses the meaning of evidence based practice and examines contemporary early intervention practices from this perspective. The readings and assignments for this course have been designed to reflect the course objectives.

SASS 539A. Early Intervention Practicum. 0 Units.
This practicum course is zero academic credit hour for students who have been selected for the Early Intervention Traineeship program. Students will work with the practicum instructor to complete 60 hours of experience in early intervention.

SASS 545. Program Design. 3 Units.
Program design and development are of critical importance in nonprofit organizations. In this course students will gain a practical, hands-on understanding of strategies for designing programs. The course focuses on program development approaches that attempt to maximize a program's relevance to the need being addressed and increase the likelihood that the program will attain its identified outcomes. Emphasis is placed on learning to understand a community's need/problem, reviewing evidence on potential strategies and identifying promising practices, anticipating potential implementation challenges and addressing them, and identifying potential funders. The link between program design and the development of effective program proposals is stressed. Through this course students will have the opportunity to design a program using a specific analytic framework. Students will learn: (1) to address the demands of multiple constituencies and competing values in program development process, (2) skills for developing and implementing programs in the nonprofit sector, and (3) to examine issues of diversity as they affect organizations and community efforts and explore personal values and ethics as these influence programs and interventions.

SASS 546. Poverty Strategies for Social Workers. 3 Units.
This course provides an understanding of poverty. It examines poverty through an exploration of its causes, theory, policy strategies for its amelioration and practice implications. The course investigates the impact of poverty on single individuals, families with children, minorities, and vulnerable populations. The course will examine welfare reform and its impact in bringing people out of poverty. Students, in teams, will examine one facet of poverty--its theories, policies, impacts on individuals and families, potential solutions, and our approaches to the issues as social workers. In addition to assigned texts and readings, the course will be supplemented by practitioners, organizers, and low-income persons addressing the issues of poverty. Prereq: SASS 440 or SASS 400-TR.

SASS 547. Problem Identification, Screening and Assessment/Diagnosis. 3 Units.
This course will provide a bio-psycho-social approach to identification, screening, assessment and diagnoses of common psychosocial problems/dysfunctions experienced clients. This course introduces the student to the etiology, recognition and diagnoses of these problems in the context of social work practice. Through use of a competency-based model, students will be introduced to techniques used to screen, assess and diagnose problems such as serious mental illness, suicidality, depression and anxiety, substance abuse, child abuse, elder abuse, and exposure trauma. Students will also become familiar with the use of the DSM IV TR in providing axis I diagnostic formulations. A skills-based approach will be used in presenting students with specific screening, assessment and diagnostic protocols. This course is designed to incorporate a range of issues associated with stages across the lifespan from childhood to late life. Prereq: SASS 477 or SASS 400-TR.

SASS 548. International Social Work. 3 Units.
This is an advanced seminar designed for students interested in the international dimensions of the social work profession and social work practice. The seminar focuses on commonalities and differences in the roles and functions of social workers in different nations. It also gives attention to social work as a global profession and social work practice on an international level. Prereq: SASS 477 or SASS 400-TR.
SASS 549. Theory/Practice Approaches in Direct Practice Social Work. 3 Units.
This required, three credit course introduces selected theories and practice approaches commonly used in social work with individuals, families and groups. The course is designed to provide students with knowledge of theoretical explanations and practice frameworks commonly used in direct social work practice. The course also encourages students to apply critical thinking skills to theory and its practical applications. Case presentations, class discussions and assignments will require students to apply various theoretical perspectives to common problems and issues in social work practice. The course will highlight the use of professional social work values and attention to human development issues, diversity and cultural perspectives as they apply in each theory or framework. Prereq: SASS 477 or SASS 400-TR.

SASS 550. Trauma Informed Social Work Practice with Children & Families. 3 Units.
This course builds on foundation direct practice courses and focuses specifically on children, adolescents and families affected by trauma. It uses both a developmental and an ecological systems perspective recognizing that in order to successfully treat trauma, it is important to not only focus on the individual but also on the family and the larger community environment of which the child or adolescent is a part. It is designed to foster an understanding of the neurobiology of trauma as well as to develop specific skills in interviewing children, child assessment including case formulation, selection of appropriate interventions, and using specific intervention strategies at different levels of the trauma system. Rather than teaching one specific intervention model, students will develop an understanding the importance of using the empirical literature, critical thinking skills, and clinical judgment to determine how to best intervene. The issues of ethically and culturally competent practice are emphasized throughout the course in each content area. Finally, the impact of secondary trauma on the practitioner is acknowledged and students develop plans for self-care.

SASS 555. Women’s Issues. 3 Units.
This course examines theories that are relevant to the development and socialization of women, and discusses issues that are relevant to women’s lives within the context of oppression based on sexism, racism, ageism, homophobia, and other forms of discrimination. Emphasis is placed on assisting students in becoming more aware of the issues that are specifically relevant to their own development and socialization, and preparing for effective and sensitive professional practice by increasing knowledge about the issues facing women. Prereq: SASS 440 or SASS 400-TR.

SASS 561. Community Practice Policy: Analyzing and Changing Social Policy. 3 Units.
This course teaches knowledge, values and skills for analyzing and changing social policy. The course uses a policy practice framework to examine the development and implementation of community and social policy and to prepare students to participate in policy change. A Policy Practice Project provides an opportunity for students to develop skills in planning, advocacy, and policy development. Students work in groups to develop and implement a change strategy targeted at the agency or community level. Course content includes policy analysis, logic models, and advocacy methods. The course will also cover essential social policies relevant to community practice including place based and population based policies for improving communities such as community development, employment and housing policies.

SASS 562. Social Work Intervent in Co-occuring Mental and Substance Abuse Disor. 3 Units.
This advanced methods course provides a basic orientation to substance use disorders in persons with mental illness (SAMI). A biopsychosocial framework will be used to explore the etiology, the maintenance and the recovery of both mental and substance use disorders. The historical background of practitioner, programmatic, and institutional barriers that impede the development and application of clinical skills to dually diagnosed individuals will be explored. Emphasis will be placed on strategies for the implementation of services to deal with individuals with co-occurring problems and their families using the evidence-based New Hampshire-Dartmouth Psychiatric Research Center Integrated Treatment (IT) Model. Current assessment techniques and treatment of special populations including, but not limited to: women, minorities, and adolescents will be discussed. Prereq: SASS 477 or SASS 400-TR.

SASS 563. Resources for Community And Social Development. 3 Units.
Students will be able to understand and utilize the methods to identify, garner, and effectively use resources that promote community and social development. These methods can be applied to expanding resources for individuals, families, communities, and society, as well as to generate resources for organizations. While primarily focusing on financial resources, the course will also consider the important means of positioning an agency or organization to attract and receive resources and collaborate with others to put those resources to their most effective use. The skills that students practice in the course will include fund raising, grant development, financing, strategic partnerships and business deals, marketing, etc. The course will introduce proven models, such as low income tax credits, micro-enterprise, individual development accounts, and revolving loan programs. Students will also learn how to analyze and understand key domestic and international policies and institutions (e.g., foundations, banks, businesses, governments, associations) that relate to resources for community and social development.

SASS 564. Social Work Practice in Alcohol and Other Drug Abuse. 3 Units.
SASS 564 is an advanced direct practice concentration course focused upon knowledge, skills and values important for social work practice with people who abuse and/or are dependent on alcohol and other drugs. The content of SASS 564 directly builds upon the foundation direct practice course (SASS 477) and the required advanced course in screening and assessment (SASS 576). SASS 564 takes a bio-psycho-social approach to prevention, assessment and treatment of alcohol and other drug abuse and dependency (AODA) problems. This course introduces the student to the etiology and treatment of alcohol and other drug abuse in the context of social work practice. The historical background and the development of the evidence base of alcohol and other drug treatment interventions, self-help groups, and conceptual models of addiction will be presented. Students will explore their own attitudes and values toward AODA problems and how these affect treatment outcome as well as commonly used prevention and treatment approaches in social work with people who abuse and/or are dependent upon alcohol and other drugs. The course will use case materials to illustrate similarities and differences among various populations including minority/ethnic identity groups. Prereq: SASS 477 or SASS 400-TR.
SASS 567. Assessing, Building & Organizing Community. 3 Units.
This course will examine strategies of community and social development, focusing on community as a means of impacting social change and improving the quality of life for individuals and families in low-income urban communities. Students will learn the history, frameworks and models of community building and community organizing. The course will include critical analysis of the goals, strategies, and the potential and the challenges that these efforts have faced and the lessons learned to date. Students will also learn practice skills in the related social processes in the United State and Internationally, such as strategic planning, participatory action research, consciousness-raising, and direct action. As community and social development models are presented, students will participate in a comparative analysis of the roles played by community organizers, community builders, community-based organizations, and community initiatives. Through real world experience and case studies, students will develop skills in neighborhood assessment, civic engagement, empowerment, leadership development, group work, relationship building, social capital formation, conflict resolution, democratic process, social policy analysis and change, and other methods.

SASS 569. Planning & Implementing Social Change. 3 Units.
This course builds skills for the design, planning and implementation of social change. The focus of this course is on promoting social change through more strategic and impactful planning, positioning and partnerships. The premise of this course is that the impact and sustainability of programs, initiatives and other change efforts can be strengthened through more effective planning, better strategic positioning and organizational adaptation to external circumstances and trends, and stronger collaborations and partnerships. Students will strengthen their ability to work effectively within organizations, in collaborations and coalitions, and within communities and systems. Course content includes the development of theories of change and action, logic, models, strategic planning, organizational assessment, strategic positioning, collaboration and coalition building, systems reform, and effective working relationships with funders and local intermediaries. A service learning assignment with a community partner. Prereq: SASS 567

SASS 574. Legal Issues in Social Work. 3 Units.
This course explores the legal issues that permeate the social work profession. Starting with a historical examination of our legal systems, the course will illustrate how social work is influenced and shaped by constitutional, statutory, and legal policy constructs. Students will learn about the skills necessary to provide testimony and to conduct forensic interviews, and we will discuss the legal foundation of ethical considerations and social work values. Students will also learn basic skills in how to utilize the law and legal processes to best advocate for clients and address larger social justice issues. By the end of the course, students will understand how social workers can competently navigate the choppy waters of the law in an interdisciplinary professional environment.

SASS 575. Travel and Study Seminar. 3 Units.
This course acquaints the student with the socio-political factors that influence the development of social welfare systems in a selected country and the impact of these systems on the development and functioning of individuals, families, groups, or communities. The role of the emerging social work profession in social change is explored via the social welfare system. Topics focus on the health care, mental health, aging, child, and/or educational systems and are oriented towards direct practice, management, or community development.

SASS 576. Integrative Seminar in Alcohol and Other Drug Abuse Treatment. 3 Units.
This course is an advanced level course in the Alcohol and Other Drug Abuse Specialization that provides opportunities for students to increase their knowledge of topics in the areas of assessment, diagnosis and treatment of alcohol and other drug disorders. The seminar builds upon course material in Foundation Methods (477) and in the advanced methods course (SASS 549 and SASS 564). The seminar is intended to help students understand the evidence base for the treatment of substance use disorders and to explore selected areas of social work practice in intervention in the context of that evidence. Community applications of theory and techniques are stressed. The integrative Seminar in AODA Treatment uses a seminar format and provides students the opportunity to interact with treatment professionals from various treatment and practice settings. The seminar format also facilitates individual learning: each student selects his or her own topic to pursue in depth. Each student is responsible for leading a minimum of one seminar presentation. Each student will select the topic for the seminar in consultation with the instructor. Coreq: SASS 477 and SSWM 564 or SASS 564.

SASS 577. Social Work With Persons with Serious Mental Illness. 3 Units.
This course focuses on people who have severe mental illnesses. Students learn primary and tertiary community-based treatment and rehabilitative approaches, services, and programs. In helping people achieve recovery, students learn the theory and practice skills that underscore the four major approaches to community-based service delivery: the assertive case management model; strengths case management model, psychosocial rehabilitation model, and the recovery model. Within each model, specific attention is placed on practice similarities and differences, especially interviewing assessment, and intervention. Within these practice skills, students learn how to identify social justice and empowerment values that are supported or undermined. Advocacy is highlighted as a central social work value and practice skill that cuts across community-based practice models. Finally, lectures, readings, and discussions examine how gender, ethnicity, and social class produce various experiences of mental illness and various social work interventions. Prereq: SASS 477 or SASS 400-TR.

SASS 579. Cognitive Behavioral Interventions. 3 Units.
This course acquaints students with the theoretical, conceptual, and skill bases of several cognitive-behavioral approaches to practice. Topics include assessment, use of tasks and homework, coping skills, cognitive restructuring, and problem solving approaches to practice. The course draws upon students’ field and work experiences to illustrate the application of the concepts and skills under discussion. Prereq: SASS 477 or SASS 400-TR.
SASS 580. Social Work Practice in Mental Health: Children and Adolescents. 3 Units.
This advanced methods course builds on the content from required foundation social work methods, policy and human development courses including Direct Practice Methods and Skills, Mental Health Policy and Service Delivery. This course complements the content of advanced methods courses including Social Work with People Who Have Chronic Mental Illness, Social Work in Child Abuse and Family Violence, and Interventions in Alcohol and Other Drug Abuse. This course develops biopsychosocial knowledge and intervention techniques related to professional settings specializing in child and adolescent mental health: hospitals, child guidance agencies, family service agencies, mental health centers, and residential treatment centers. Students learn to use development and clinical theory to guide interventions while, maximizing individual strengths, social work treatment centers. Students learn to use development and clinical theory to guide interventions while, maximizing individual strengths, social work values and ethics, and empowerment. Social and economic risk factors, such as poverty, discrimination, and oppression, are considered in the intervention process and in the utilization of mental health services. In addition, students learn to think critically about the myriad ways cultural diversity influences parenting, child and adolescent norms and expectations. Students utilize assessment skills, coupled with knowledge of development and clinical theory to explore clinical case studies. Prereq: SASS 440 and SASS 477 or SASS 400-TR.

SASS 581. Social Work Practice with Older Adults. 3 Units.
This course is an advanced methods course that builds on the knowledge gained in Foundation Methods. The content of SASS 581 directly builds upon the foundation direct practice course (SASS 477) and the required advanced course in screening and assessment (SASS 576). It is also a required course in the Aging Specialization for the MSSA. The course will focus on the persistent principles and emerging emphases in direct practice with older adults and their families. Students will be asked to develop a model of practice based on knowledge of this unique population, social work values, and practice concepts. The course includes special issues in assessment, strengths-base case management, and intervention approaches known to be effective with emotional disorders in older adults. Prereq: SASS 477 or SASS 400-TR.

SASS 582. Social Work in Child Abuse and Family Violence. 3 Units.
This course addresses the etiology, investigation, and treatment of child abuse including sexual abuse and the roles of child welfare, health, and mental health agencies. Particular attention is given to direct work with children and adults who have experienced abuse, and to interventions in instances of family violence. Prereq: SASS 440 and SASS 477 or SASS 400-TR.

SASS 583. Social Work Practice in Mental Health Adults. 3 Units.
This advanced methods course builds on the content from required foundation social work methods, policy, and advanced sociobehavioral theory courses including Direct Practice Methods and Skills, Mental Health Policy and Service Delivery, Advanced Child and Adolescent Development and Dysfunction, and Adult Psychopathology. This course complements the content of advanced methods courses including Social Work with People Who Have Chronic Mental Illness, Social Work in Child Abuse and Family Violence, and Interventions in Alcohol and Other Drug Abuse. This course develops biopsychosocial knowledge and intervention techniques related to professional settings specializing in child and adolescent mental health: hospitals, child guidance agencies, family service agencies, mental health centers, and residential treatment centers. Students learn to use development and clinical theory to guide interventions while, maximizing individual strengths, social work values and ethics, and empowerment. Social and economic risk factors, such as poverty, discrimination, and oppression, are considered in the intervention process and in the utilization of mental health services. In addition, students learn to think critically about the myriad ways cultural diversity influences parenting, child and adolescent norms and expectations. Students utilize assessment skills, coupled with knowledge of development and clinical theory to explore clinical case studies. Prereq: SASS 477 or SASS 400-TR.

SASS 584. Integrative Seminar in Mental Health: Children and Adolescents. 3 Units.
Integrative Seminar in Mental Health: Children and Adolescents is an advanced level course, a capstone course in the Mental Health Child and Adolescent Specialization, that provides opportunities for students to increase their knowledge of assessment, diagnosis and treatment. This course builds on the course material in SASS 580, SASS 477, SASS 549, and SASS 576. The seminar is intended to help students integrate theory and practice, especially in the context of public mental health and community-based, social service practice. The integrative Seminar in Social Work Practice with Children and Adolescents uses a seminar format facilitates individual learning and promotes a learning-to-practice, reflective approach. The seminar assumes there are numerous evidenced-based models and practices and focuses student learning on the role of the professional use of self in the implementation of theory, technique, model, or intervention.

SASS 585. Social Work with Groups. 3 Units.
A theoretical formulation of the social group work method as a problem solving process is addressed. Exercises are presented in the use of diagnostic skills to determine individual needs and problems for which groups may be helpful, the worker's role in facilitating group functioning through his/her use of various program media. Attention is given to the significance of goals, agency environment, and policy for direct work with groups. Prereq: SASS 477 or SASS 400-TR.

SASS 586. Social Work with Couples. 3 Units.
This course provides an overview of assessment and intervention methods for working with couples around issues of marriage, divorce, and remarriage. Alternate couple forms are discussed. The course emphasizes systems and social learning approaches, communication and negotiation in problem solving and its relevance to assessment, treatment structure, and techniques. Special attention will be given to problem areas such as commitment, sexual dysfunction, chemical dependency, and destructive communication patterns. Prereq: SASS 477 or SASS 400-TR.
SASS 587. Integrative Seminar in Mental Health: Adults. 3 Units.
The Integrative Seminar in Social Work Practice with Adults is an advanced level course, a capstone course in the Mental Health Adult Specialization, that provides opportunities for students to increase their knowledge of assessment, diagnosis and treatment. This course builds on course material in SASS 583, SASS 477, and SASS 576. The seminar is intended to help students integrate theory and practice, especially in the context of public mental health and community-based, social service practice. The Integrative Seminar in Social Work Practice with Adults uses a seminar format and provides students the opportunity to interact with professionals, from various treatment and practice settings. The seminar format facilitates individual learning and promotes a learning to practice, reflective approach. The seminar assumes there are numerous evidenced-based models and practices and focuses student learning on the role of the professional use of self in the implementation of theory, technique, model, or intervention. Prereq: SASS 583 or SASS 400-TR.

SASS 589. Advanced Social Work Practice In Integrated Healthcare. 3 Units.
The objective of this course is to introduce social work students to the direct practice of integrated behavioral health in primary care settings. Students will become knowledgeable of the roles of behavioral health providers working in healthcare settings, theories and models of care, and cross-cultural issues. They will develop skills in engagement, assessment, intervention, planning and implementation, and practice evaluation. Because the populations served in primary care settings span the continuum of severity in both the physical and behavioral health dimensions, students will develop competencies in engaging and supporting diverse patients across a range of health conditions. Prereq: SASS 477 or SASS 400-TR.

SASS 590. Field Practice. 1 - 12 Unit.
SASS 594. Independent Study Abroad. 1 - 12 Unit. (Credit as arranged.)
SASS 598. Individual Reading. 1 - 12 Unit.
Special written permission needed. See MSASS registrar.
SASS 601. Field Education I. 2 Units.
The overall goal of this course is to provide graduate level social work students with field related opportunities to develop foundation level competencies in the eight abilities by helping students apply knowledge of social work theory, skills, values and ethics acquired in the classroom in an agency setting. These collective experiences provide students with a forum to develop social work skills, integrate and operationalize the values and ethics inherent in professional practice, and confront social injustice as self-reflective, competent, developing practitioners. The field instructor is based at the social service setting and provides the direct instruction of the student. The faculty advisor, who is based at the School, serves as a link between all parties, interprets the requirements and standards of the School, and participates and consults in the design of the student’s learning experience. The field instructor assigns tasks to the student according to the requirements of the School and the educational and experiential level of the student. Student, field instructor, and faculty field advisor all participate in various ways in the evaluation of the student's work; the faculty advisor is responsible for assigning the grade.

SASS 602. Field Education II. 3 Units.
This course is designed to be taken by entering Advanced Standing students in the first semester of their master's program and by Foundation level social work students in the second semester of their master's program. It consists of a field practicum and participation in professional development opportunities. For students entering the program with advanced standing, there is an additional requirement of four logs and an integrative assignment, and periodic meetings with a field faculty advisor in addition to the field conference. The overall goal of this course is to provide graduate level social work students with field related opportunities to continue to develop foundation level competencies in the eight abilities by helping students apply knowledge of social work theory, skills, values, and ethics acquired in the classroom in an agency setting. The periodic meetings with the field faculty advisor are designed to provide students with an opportunity to integrate classroom and field learning. These collective experiences provide students with a forum to develop social work skills, integrate and operationalize the values and ethics inherent in professional practice, and confront social injustice as self-reflective, competent, developing practitioners. Students spend 336 hours in field and professional development in SASS 602. Prereq: SASS 601 or SASS 400-TR.

SASS 603. Field Education III. 3 Units.
The overall goal of this course is to provide graduate level social work students with field related opportunities to continue to develop advanced level competencies in their area of concentration in the eight abilities by helping students apply knowledge of social work theory, skills, values and ethics acquired in the classroom in an agency setting. The periodic meetings with the field faculty advisor are designed to provide students with an opportunity to integrate classroom and field learning. These collective experiences provide students with a forum to develop social work skills, integrate and operationalize the values and ethics inherent in professional practice, and confront social injustice as self-reflective, competent, developing practitioners. Students spend 336 hours in field and professional development in SASS 603. Prereq: SASS 602 or equivalent.

SASS 604. Field Education IV. 3 Units.
This course is designed to be taken by students in their advanced course of study. It consists of a field practicum and participation in professional development opportunities. The overall goal of this course is to provide graduate level social work students with field related opportunities to continue to develop advanced level competencies in their area of concentration in the eight abilities by helping students apply knowledge of social work theory, skills, values and ethics acquired in the classroom in an agency setting. The periodic meetings with the field faculty advisor are designed to provide students with an opportunity to integrate classroom and field learning. These collective experiences provide students with a forum to develop social work skills, integrate and operationalize the values and ethics inherent in professional practice, and confront social injustice as self-reflective, competent, developing practitioners. Students, field instructor, and field faculty advisor all participate in the evaluation of the student's work; the faculty advisor is responsible for assigning the grade. Students spend 336 hours in field and professional development in SASS 604. Prereq: SASS 603 or equivalent.

SASS 608. Philosophy of Science and Theory Building. 3 Units.
This is a required foundation course. The nature of theory is examined. Inductive and deductive methods for knowledge building are reviewed. Course content draws from philosophy of science as well as empirical and phenomenological research.
SASS 609. Theories of Social Welfare and Social Justice. 3 Units.
This is a foundation course required for all students. Theories of social welfare and social justice are examined. Course content draws from moral philosophy, economics, political science, cultural anthropology, sociology, history, psychology, and social welfare theory and provides students with a broad orientation to the field of theoretical social welfare.

SASS 610. Theories of Human Behavior: Macro and Micro Dimensions. 3 Units.
This is a required, foundation course and is designed to help students acquire a critical and reflective approach to theory in social work research and practice. The course provides a broad overview of theoretical perspectives at the individual, group, community, organizational and/or societal levels and addresses major theoretical perspectives used in social work and social welfare research.

SASS 613. Advanced Research Design. 3 Units.
This foundation course in research methods is required of all students. It is a prerequisite to the quantitative and qualitative courses. Topics covered include operationalization of variables, threats to validity, and experimental, quasi-experimental and non-experimental research design.

SASS 614. Models of Qualitative Research. 3 Units.
This required course introduces students to the principles, approaches, methods, and analytical techniques utilized when conducting qualitative research in the social sciences. Five models of qualitative research design and methodology are studied, including narrative analysis, case study, ethnography, and grounded theory and phenomenology. This course is designed to provide students with the tools to critically evaluate as well as to enhance the academic rigor or “quality” of qualitative data. Prereq: SASS 608 and SASS 613.

SASS 615. Social Statistics and Data Analysis. 3 Units.
This foundation course (or its equivalent) is required of all students. Content includes univariate, bivariate and inferential statistics, and the use of electronic data processing technology to manage and analyze data. Prereq: SASS 613.

SASS 616. Applied Regression and the Linear Model. 3 Units.
This is a required course in the research methods sequence for MSASS doctoral students. At the end of this course, students will be able to apply ordinary least squares regression and logistic regression in the analysis of social science data. They will learn to formulate research questions and hypotheses, specify statistical models, carry out the appropriate analyses, interpret their findings, and communicate their results clearly and effectively. Prereq: SASS 613 and SASS 615.

SASS 617. Specialization Seminar. 3 Units.
This elective course is a graduate level seminar; students and instructors share in the responsibility for presenting information and constructive criticism on the material. Topics include the selection and description of a social welfare topic, the theoretical explanations of that topic and the development of a focused, empirically-based literature review resulting in research questions and hypothesis.

SASS 618. Measurement Issues in Quantitative Research. 3 Units.
This required course covers the operationalization of social science concepts and development of methods for their measurement. Issues covered include index and scale construction, validity, reliability, questionnaire design, factor analysis, measurement error, and missing data. Prereq: SASS 613, SASS 615 and SASS 616.

SASS 620. Intervention Research for Social Work Practice. 3 Units.
This course provides a critical overview of the major theories and the body of research informing contemporary social work practice. Theories will include the foundational, such as psychodynamic, ego-psychological, ecological and systems, along with trans-theoretical and post-modern theories. The course will integrate a discussion of the history of scientific inquiry in social work, particularly focusing on practice or intervention studies, systematic reviews and meta-analyses. Criteria for evaluating individual studies and the evidence base in specific practice areas will be included, along with material on the current state of Evidence-Based Practice. Recommended preparation: SASS 610.

SASS 621. Social Welfare Policy. 3 Units.
This course focuses on the critical review and application of policy analysis frameworks related to social welfare policy. The conceptual, historical, ideological, and political foundations contributing to the development, formulation, implementation, and monitoring and evaluation of social welfare policies will be critiqued. Social welfare policies intended to ameliorate social ills (e.g., poverty, education, housing) will be analyzed using policy analysis frameworks in a critical and comparative fashion. Policy alternatives to respond to current and future social problems will be critically discussed for feasibility, viability and economic effects. Recommended preparation: SASS 610.

SASS 622. Designing Mixed Methods Research. 3 Units.
Prereq: SASS 608, SASS 613, and SASS 614 and SASS 615.

SASS 630. Seminar on Social Work Education. 3 Units.
This required seminar examines the structure and content of social work education within the context of higher education in American society. Emphasis is placed on curriculum design and course development. The course also is designed to help students develop a strategic approach to teaching based on learning theory. Finally, attention is given to current issues and future directions for social work education.

SASS 632. Research Project. 3 Units.
This elective course provides students with the opportunity to work with specific faculty engaged in research studies either on an individual or group basis. Prereq: 614 and SASS 615.

SASS 635. Methodological Issues in Qualitative Research. 3 Units.
This course focuses on the application of specific qualitative data-collection methods, data-analytic approaches, and strategies for representing findings from qualitative investigations. Prereq: SASS 614.

SASS 637. Individual Reading. 1 - 18 Unit.
This is an elective individual reading course permitting students to select areas of interest and pursue these interests with specific faculty.
SASS 651A. Field Education I-A. 1 Unit.
This course is designed to be taken by entering Non-Advanced Standing social work students in the first semester of their master's program. Students enrolled in SASS 651A take SASS 495, Field Education Seminar concurrently for the entire field period. The SASS 651A course is 16 weeks in duration. The overall goal of this course is to provide graduate level social work students with field related opportunities to develop foundation level competencies in the eight abilities by helping students apply knowledge of social work theory, skills, values and ethics acquired in the classroom in an agency setting. These collective experiences provide students with a forum to develop social work skills, integrate and operationalize the values and ethics inherent in professional practice, and confront social injustice as self-reflective, competent developing practitioners. The field instructor assigns tasks to the student according to the requirement of the School and the educational and experiential level of the student. Student, field instructor, and faculty field advisor all participate in various ways in the evaluation if student's work; the faculty advisor is responsible for assigning the grade. Students spend 75 hours in field and professional development in SASS 651A.

SASS 651B. Field Education I-B. 1 Unit.
This course is designed to be taken by entering Non-Advanced Standing social work students in the second semester of their master's program. The SASS 651B course is 16 weeks in duration. The overall goal of this course is to provide graduate level social work students with field related opportunities to develop foundation level competencies in the eight abilities by helping students apply knowledge of social work theory, skills, values and ethics acquired in the classroom in an agency setting. These collective experiences provide students with a forum to develop social work skills, integrate and operationalize the values and ethics inherent in professional practice, and confront social injustice as self-reflective, competent, developing practitioners. The field instructor assigns tasks to the student according to the requirements of the School and the educational and experiential level of the student. Student, field instructor, and faculty field advisor all participate in various ways in the evaluation if student's work; the faculty advisor is responsible for assigning the grade. Students spend 75 hours in field and professional development in SASS 651B. Prereq: SASS 651A.

SASS 652A. Field Education II-A. 1.5 Unit.
This course is designed to be taken by entering Advanced Standing students in the first semester of their master's program and by Non-Advanced Standing social work students in the third semester of their master's program. The SASS 652A course is 16 weeks in duration. It consists of a field practicum and participation in professional development opportunities. For students entering the program with advanced standing, there is an additional requirement of four logs and an integrative assignment, and periodic meetings with a field faculty advisor in addition to the field conference. The overall goal of this course is to provide graduate level social work students with field related opportunities to continue to develop foundation level competencies in the eight abilities by helping students apply knowledge of social work theory, skills, values, and ethics acquired in the classroom in an agency setting. The periodic meetings with the field faculty advisor are designed to provide students with an opportunity to integrate classroom and field learning. These collective experiences provide students with a forum to develop social work skills, integrate and operationalize the values and ethics inherent in professional practice, and confront social injustice as self-reflective, competent, developing practitioners. Students spend 150 hours in field and professional development in SASS 652A. Prereq: SASS 651A and SASS 651B or SASS 400-TR.

SASS 652B. Field Education II-B. 1.5 Unit.
This course is designed to be taken by entering Advanced Standing students in the second semesters of their master's program and by Non-Advanced Standing social work students in the fourth semester of their master's program. The SASS 652B course is 16 weeks in duration. It consists of a field practicum and participation in professional development opportunities. For students entering the program with advanced standing, there is an additional requirement of four logs and an integrative assignment, and periodic meetings with a field faculty advisor in addition to the field conference. The overall goal of this course is to provide graduate level social work students with field related opportunities to continue to develop foundation level competencies in the eight abilities by helping students apply knowledge of social work theory, skills, values, and ethics acquired in the classroom in an agency setting. The periodic meetings with the field faculty advisor are designed to provide students with an opportunity to integrate classroom and field learning. These collective experiences provide students with a forum to develop social work skills, integrate and operationalize the values and ethics inherent in professional practice and confront social injustice as self-reflective, competent, developing practitioners. Students spend 150 hours in field and professional development in SASS 652B. Prereq: SASS 652A.
SASS 653A. Field Education III-A. 1.5 Unit.
This course is designed to be taken by students in their advanced course of study. Advanced Standing social work students take this course in the third semester of their master's program. Non-Advanced Standing social work students take it in the fifth semester of their master's program. The SASS 653A course is 16 weeks in duration. It consists of a field practicum and participation in professional development opportunities. The overall goal of this course is to provide graduate level social work students with field related opportunities to continue to develop advanced level competencies in their area of concentration in the eight abilities by helping students apply knowledge of social work theory, skills, values and ethics acquired in the classroom in an agency setting. The periodic meetings with the field faculty advisor are designed to provide students with a forum to develop social work skills, integrate and operationalize the values and ethics inherent, competent, developing practitioners. Students spend 150 hours in field and professional development in SASS 653A. Prereq: SASS 652A and SASS 652B.

SASS 653B. Field Education III-B. 1.5 Unit.
This course is designed to be taken by students in their advanced course of study. Advanced Standing social work students take this course in the fourth semester of their master's program. Non-Advanced Standing social work students take it in the sixth semester of their master's program. The SASS 653B course is 16 weeks in duration. It consists of a field practicum and participation in professional development opportunities. The overall goal of this course is to provide graduate level social work students with field related opportunities to continue to develop advanced level competencies in their area of concentration in the eight abilities by helping students apply knowledge of social work theory, skills, values and ethics acquired in the classroom in an agency setting. The periodic meetings with the field faculty advisor are designed to provide students with a forum to develop social work skills, integrate and operationalize the values and ethics inherent, competent, developing practitioners. Students spend 150 hours in field and professional development in SASS 653B. Prereq: SASS 653A.

SASS 654A. Field Education IV-A. 1.5 Unit.
This course is designed to be taken by students in their advanced course of study. Advanced Standing social work students take this course in the fifth semester of their master's program. Non-Advanced Standing social work students take it in the seventh semester of their master's program. The SASS 654A course is 16 weeks in duration. It consists of a field practicum and participation in professional development opportunities. The overall goal of this course is to provide graduate level social work students with field related opportunities to continue to develop their advanced level competencies in their area of concentration in the eight abilities by helping students apply ethic acquired in the classroom in an agency setting. The periodic meetings with the field faculty advisor are designed to provide students with an opportunity to integrate classroom and field learning. These collective experiences provide students with a forum to develop social work skills, integrate and operationalize the values and ethics inherent in professional practice, and confront social injustice as self-reflective, competent, developing practitioners. Student, field instructor, and field faculty advisor all participate in the evaluation of the student's work; the faculty advisor is responsible for assigning the grade. Students spend 150 hours in field and professional development in SASS 654A. Prereq: SASS 653A and SASS 653B.

SASS 654B. Field Education IV-B. 1.5 Unit.
This course is designed to be taken by students in their advanced course of study. Advanced Standing social work students take this course in the sixth semester of their master's program. Non-Advanced Standing social work students take it in the eighth semester of their master's program. The SASS 654B course is 16 weeks in duration. It consists of a field practicum and participation in professional development opportunities. The overall goal of this course is to provide graduate level social work students with field related opportunities to continue to develop their advanced level competencies in their area of concentration in the eight abilities by helping students apply ethics acquired in the classroom in an agency setting. The periodic meetings with the field faculty advisor are designed to provide students with an opportunity to integrate classroom and field learning. These collective experiences provide students with a forum to develop social work skills, integrate and operationalize the values and ethics inherent in professional practice, and confront social injustice as self-reflective, competent, developing practitioners. Student, field instructor, and field faculty advisor all participate in the evaluation of the student's work; the faculty advisor is responsible for assigning the grade. Students spend 150 hours in field and professional development in SASS 654B. Prereq: SASS 654A.
SASS 655. Dual Degree Field Practicum II. 3 Units.
This course is designed to be taken by MSSA/MPH joint degree students as the second field period of their master's program. It consists of a field practicum and participation in professional development opportunities. The Field Practicum is an integral component of the MSASS and MPH curriculums, allowing students to apply, develop, and refine their conceptual knowledge and skills as part of a planned, supervised, and evaluated community-based experience. The Practicum is designed to move students beyond the walls of academia, to understand the political, economic, social, and organizational contexts within which social work and public health activities are conducted. These collective experiences provide students with a forum to develop skills, integrate and operationalize the values and ethics inherent in professional practice, and confront social injustice as self-reflective, competent developing practitioners. (EPAAS Program Objective M6 and EPAAS Content Area 4.7) The overall goal of this course is to provide graduate level MSSA/MPH joint degree students with field related opportunities to continue to develop foundation level competencies in the eight MSAS abilities by helping students apply knowledge of social work and public health theory, skills, values and ethics acquired in the classroom in an agency setting. Offered as MPHP 655 and SASS 655. Prereq: SASS 601.

SASS 656. Dual Degree Field Capstone III. 3 Units.
The Public Health Capstone Project is an integral component of the MPH curriculum, allowing students to apply, develop, and refine their conceptual knowledge and skills as part of a planned, mentored, and evaluated public health scholarly project. This course is designed to be taken by advanced level students. It consists of a 288 hour field based Capstone experience and participation in 12 hours of professional development opportunities. The overall goal of this course is designed to move students beyond the walls and constraints of the classroom, to understand the political, economic, social, and organizational contexts within which public health and social work activities are conducted. It is also designed to provide graduate level dual degree students with field related opportunities to begin to develop advanced level competencies in the eight abilities by helping students apply knowledge of social work theory, skills, values and ethics acquired in the classroom in an agency setting. These collective experiences provide students with a forum to develop and hone social work skills, integrate and operationalize the values and ethics inherent in professional practice, and confront social injustice as self-reflective, competent developing practitioners. (EPAAS Program Objective M6 and EPAAS Content Area 4.7) Offered as SASS 656 and MPHP 656. Prereq: SASS 655.

SASS 657. Dual Degree Field Capstone IV. 3 Units.
The Public Health Capstone Project is an integral component of the MPH curriculum, allowing students to apply, develop, and refine their conceptual knowledge and skills as part of a planned, mentored, and evaluated public health scholarly project. This course is designed to be taken by advanced level students. It consists of a 288 hour field based Capstone experience and participation in 12 hours of professional development opportunities. The overall goal of this course is designed to move students beyond the walls and constraints of the classroom, to understand the political, economic, social, and organizational contexts within which public health and social work activities are conducted. It is also designed to provide graduate level dual degree students with field related opportunities to begin to develop advanced level competencies in the eight abilities by helping students apply knowledge of social work theory, skills, values and ethics acquired in the classroom in an agency setting. Offered as MPHP 657 and SASS 657. Prereq: SASS 656 or MPHP 656.

This course is intended for students who have passed the qualifying examination and are actively working on their dissertation. Prereq: Predoctoral research consent or advanced to Ph.D. candidacy milestone.

SPPP Courses
SPPP 500. Special Topics in Social Work Policy. 3 Units.
This seminar course is intended for students who are interested in exploring advanced topics in social policy.

SSBT Courses
SSBT 500. Special Topics in Sociobehavioral Theory. 1 - 3 Unit.
This seminar is intended for students who are interested in exploring advanced topics of current interest in sociobehavioral theory.

SSWM Courses
SSWM 500. Special Topics in Social Work Methods. 1 - 3 Unit.
This seminar course is intended for students who are interested in exploring advanced topics of current interest in methods. Prereq: SSWM 400 or SASS 477 or SASS 400-TR.

Jack, Joseph, and Morton Mandel School of Applied Social Sciences Faculty

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Family development, death, loss & bereavement, women's issues

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Intersection of political philosophy and bioethics, consultation

David E. Biegel, PhD
(University of Maryland)
Henry L. Zucker Professor of Social Work Practice; Associate Dean for Research and Training; Co-director, Center on Substance Abuse and Mental Illness; Professor, Psychiatry and Sociology
Mental health, informal support systems, aging, caregiving

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*Lillian F. Harris Professor of Urban Research and Social Change; Co-Director, Center on Urban Poverty and Community Development*  
Research in urban poverty, neighborhoods, community development

David Crampton, PhD  
(University of Michigan)  
*Associate Professor, Social Work*  
Child welfare, community and social development, program evaluation

Kathleen J. Farkas, PhD  
(Case Western Reserve University)  
*Associate Professor, Social Work*  
Co-occurring substance abuse and mental disorders, jail/prison-based treatment, women/elderly substance abuse assessment and treatment

Robert L. Fischer, PhD  
(Vanderbilt University)  
*Associate Professor of Research, Social Work; Co-Director, Center for Urban Poverty and Community Development; Director, Master of Nonprofit Organizations Degree Program*  
Program evaluation, social/behavioral intervention research, child/family interventions, nonprofit programming, policy studies

Daniel J. Flannery, PhD  
(The Ohio State University)  
*Semi J. and Ruth Begun Professor in Violence Research Prevention and Education; Director, Begun Center for Violence Prevention Research and Education*  
Violence prevention, mental health, program evaluation

Mark S. Fleisher, PhD  
(Washington State University)  
*Research Professor, Social Work*  
Gangs, prisoner violence, cultural resilience

Darcy A. Freedman, PhD  
(Vanderbilt University)  
*Associate Professor, Epidemiology and Biostatistics*  
Food access interventions, health equity, public health literacy, qualitative methods, primary prevention of chronic disease

Kirsten Holzheimer Gail, MSSA  
(Case Western Reserve University)  
*Clinical Instructor, Social Work*  
Community and social development

Kathi I. Overmier Gant, MSSA  
(Case Western Reserve University)  
*Clinical Instructor, Social Work; Field Faculty Advisor*  
Direct practice, adult and adolescent mental health, assessment and diagnosis, criminal justice

Grover C. Gilmore, PhD  
(Johns Hopkins University)  
*Dean of the Mandel School; Professor, Psychology and Social Work*  
Visual perception and aging, Alzheimer's disease, intelligence

Victor K. Groza, PhD  
(University of Oklahoma)  
*Grace G. Brody Professor of Parent-Child Studies*  
Child welfare workforce and systems, older child and sibling group adoptions, intercountry adoption, international child welfare

Peter J. Haas, PhD  
(Brown University)  
*Abba Hillel Silver Professor of Jewish Studies; Chair, Department of Religious Studies*  
Judaic studies, anthropology of religion

Timothy F. Hagan, Honorary Doctor of Law  
(Cleveland State University)  
*Distinguished Visiting Faculty for Public Policy*  
Politics and policy, children's issues

Megan Holmes, PhD  
(University of California, Los Angeles)  
*Assistant Professor, Social Work*  
Domestic violence, alcohol use and child maltreatment, research

David Hussey, PhD  
(Case Western Reserve University)  
*Associate Professor, Social Work*  
Substance abuse, violence, social and behavioral science, psychopathology

Meri C. Hokenstad Jr., PhD  
(Brandeis University)  
*Ralph S. and Dorothy P. Schmitt Professor; Distinguished University Professor; Professor, Global Health and Disease, School of Medicine*  
International social welfare, health and social services policy and programs for older people, social work education

Leila West Jackson, PhD  
(John Hopkins University)  
*Assistant Professor, Epidemiology and Biostatistics, Environmental Health Sciences, and Social Work*  
Lifestyle, environmental and occupational impacts on reproductive and prenatal health, endocrine disrupters, heavy metals exposure assessment

Deborah Regenbogen Jacobson, PhD  
(Tulane University)  
*Assistant Professor, Social Work; Director, International Education Programs*  
International education and administration, practice evaluation

Jeffrey Janata, PhD  
(Case Western Reserve University)  
*Associate Professor, Psychiatry UH*  
Behavioral Medicine, Health Psychology, Obsessive-Compulsive Spectrum Disorders, Pain Disorders, Outcomes Measurement

Mark L. Joseph, PhD  
(University of Chicago)  
*Associate Professor, Social Work*  
Urban poverty, community development, mixed-income development, comprehensive community initiatives

Eva Kahana, PhD  
(University of Chicago)  
*Pierce T. & Elizabeth D. Robson Professor of Humanities; Professor, Social Work; Director, Elderly Care Research Center*  
Sociology of aging, medical sociology, social factors in stress and coping
Lenore A. Kola, PhD
(Boston University)
Associate Professor, Social Work; Co-Director, Ohio Center for Evidence Based Practices
Alcohol and other drug abuse, co-occurring mental and substance use disorders

Jill E. Korbin, PhD
(University of California, Los Angeles)
Professor, Anthropology and Social Work; Director, Schubert Center for Child Studies; Co-Director, Childhood Studies Interdisciplinary Program; Associate Dean, College of Arts and Sciences
Culture and human development, child well-being and child maltreatment, cultural, medical and psychological anthropology

Siran M. Koroukian, PhD
(Case Western Reserve University)
Associate Professor, Social Work; Associate Professor, Epidemiology and Biostatistics
Methodological issues in the use of large databases in health services research, Medicare and Medicaid programs, cancer-related and other health disparities

Jeff M. Kretschmar, PhD
(Miami University of Florida)
Assistant Professor of Research, Social Work
Violence and aggression, suicide, victimization, mental health and substance abuse

Sana Loue, PhD
(University of Southern California at Los Angeles and Case Western Reserve University)
Professor, Department of Epidemiology and Biostatistics; Director for Minority Public Health, School of Medicine
Immigration law and health, impact of HIV on the family, HIV in underserved populations, ethics in research, public health and law

Gerald J. Mahoney, PhD
(Vanderbilt University)
Verna Houck Motto Professor of Families and Communities; Director, Center on Interventions for Children and Families
Early childhood mental health, early intervention, parent education, disabilities

Soad Mansour, MSSA
(Case Western Reserve University)
Clinical Instructor, Social Work; Director of International Affairs
Management, policy, international social work, community development

Gillian Marshall, PhD
(University of Washington, Seattle)
Assistant Professor, Social Work
Aging/social gerontology, mental health disparities, cultural factors and immigrant health

David B. Miller, PhD
(University of Pittsburgh)
Associate Professor, Social Work
African American fatherhood, violence as a public health problem, child maltreatment, adolescent resiliency factors, treatment of individuals exposed to violence

Sharon E. Milligan, PhD
(University of Pittsburgh)
Associate Dean for Academic Affairs; Chair, Master's Program; Associate Professor, Social Work; Associate Director, Center on Urban Poverty and Community Development
Evaluation of community-based initiatives, community and social development practice and urban poverty research

Meeyoung Oh Min, PhD
(Case Western Reserve University)
Research Assistant Professor, Social Work
Substance-using mothers and their children, childhood trauma and its correlates/consequences, research methods and statistics

Sonia Minnes, PhD
(Case Western Reserve University)
Associate Professor, Social Work
Behavioral and mental health outcomes of prenatally drug-exposed children

Diana Morris, PhD
(Case Western Reserve University)
Florence Cellar Associate Professor of Gerontological Nursing; Executive Director, Case Western Reserve University Center on Aging and Health
Geriatric mental health, aging and quality of life, family care giving, science of unitary human beings

Nancy V. Neuer, MSSA
(Case Western Reserve University)
Clinical Instructor, Social Work
Clinical social work, health

G. Regina Nixon, PhD
(Howard University)
Instructor, Social Work
Poverty/high-risk populations, cultural diversity

Lori Longs Painter, MSSA
(Case Western Reserve University)
Clinical Instructor, Social Work
Social work practice

Andrea Goodloe Porter, MSSA
(Case Western Reserve University)
Assistant Dean, Student Services; Director, Student Services; Clinical Instructor, Social Work
Child abuse and child welfare, domestic violence, sexual abuse identification, investigation and treatment, crisis intervention

Robert J. Ronis, MD
(Case Western Reserve University)
Douglas Danford Bond Professor and Chair, Psychiatry; Professor, Social Work
Addiction psychiatry, public health, community mental health, co-occurring disorders

Anna Marie Santiago, PhD
(University of Wisconsin-Milwaukee)
Leona Bevis and Margaret Haynam Professor of Community Development
Housing and urban policy, social capital formation, neighborhood effects on child health and well-being, community development
LaShon Sawyer, MSSA  
(Case Western Reserve University)  
As Education/Associate Director of Virtual Field Education, Clinical  
Instructor, Social Work  
Mental health, juvenile justice  

Mark I. Singer, PhD  
(Case Western Reserve University)  
Leonard W. Mayo Professor in Family and Child Welfare; Co-Director,  
Center on Substance Abuse and Mental Illness; Deputy Director, Begun  
Center for Violence Prevention Research and Education  
Adolescent mental health, adolescent substance abuse, youth-related  
violence  

Sree N. Sreenath, PhD  
(University of Maryland, College Park)  
Professor, Electrical Engineering and Computer Science, Director of Case  
Complex Systems Biology Center  
Sustainable development, population behavior, modeling and control of  
multibody systems  

Louis Stokes, JD  
(Cleveland Marshall Law School)  
Distinguished Visiting Professor  
Government, public policy, social change, community development  

Gerald Strom, MSW  
(Howard University)  
Senior Instructor, Social Work; Director, Intensive Weekend Program  
Child abuse, growth and development, sex abuse investigation and  
treatment, clinical practice  

Jody Timko, MSW  
(Cleveland State University)  
Clinical Instructor, Social Work  
Medical, residential and community services to children, families, and  
adults  

Aloen Townsend, PhD  
(University of Michigan)  
Professor, Social Work; Associate Professor, Sociology; Chair, Doctoral  
Program  
Adult development and aging, research methods and statistics, adult  
physical and mental health, families and formal service systems  

Elizabeth M. Tracy, PhD  
(University of Washington)  
Grace Longwell Coyle Professor of Social Work  
Co-occurring substance use and mental health disorders, social  
networks, social support  

James J. Werner, PhD  
(Case Western Reserve University)  
Assistant Professor of Family Medicine, School of Medicine  
Health behavior change, methods for mental health service delivery  
and direct practice in primary care, practice-based research networks,  
clinician education  

Scott A. Wilkes, PhD  
(Case Western Reserve University)  
Director of Field Education; Assistant Professor, Social Work  
Child welfare, mental health, nonprofit management, social work ethics  

Rhonda Y. Williams, PhD  
(University of Pennsylvania)  
Associate Professor, History; Director, CWRU Social Justice Institute  
Social justice, race/ethnicity, urban activism  

Zoe Breen Wood, PhD  
(Case Western Reserve University)  
Assistant Professor, Social Work  
Adoption, child welfare, policy and practice, social work methods,  
international travel and study, leadership, ability based learning  

Jaclene A. Zauszniewski, PhD  
(Case Western Reserve University)  
Kate Hanna Harvey Professor in Community Health Nursing  
Treatment and prevention of depression across the lifespan, maintaining  
health and functioning of elders and grandmothers, family caregiving of  
persons with serious mental illness, substance abuse and dementia  

Master of Science in Social Administration (MSSA) & Master of Nonprofit Organizations (MNO)  

Master of Science in Social Administration (MSSA)  
The Master of Science in Social Administration (MSSA) program  
prepares students for advanced social work practice in a variety of  
settings. The master’s curriculum is designed to address the wide range  
of skills and functions required of a professional social worker. Mandel  
School students are instructed on the various theories of individual and  
group behavior as well as community systems theory. The application  
of this knowledge, along with the appropriate use of practice principles and  
techniques, is a major educational objective.  

The curriculum is divided into two levels: foundation and advanced.  
The foundation curriculum (27 credit hours) includes the knowledge,  
values, processes, and skills essential for the general practice of  
social work. It consists of general courses in social work methods,  
human development theory, social policy, research methods, and an  
introductory semester of field education. The advanced curriculum (33  
credit hours) builds on the professional foundation and provides for  
advanced knowledge and practice skills in the concentration selected  
by the student. Concentrations include the following: aging; alcohol and  
other drug abuse; children, youth and families; health; mental health; and  
community development. School social work is available as a special  
emphasis.  

Ability Based Learning Environment (ABLE)  
The MSSA program incorporates an ability-based learning environment  
that enables students to develop and demonstrate mastery of eight core  
social work abilities. Classroom courses and field education are designed  
to help students develop each ability and continuously assess their  
learning throughout the educational experience. Mastery of the abilities  
is demonstrated in the field practicum and documented in a cumulative  
learning portfolio.  

• Identify as a Reflective Professional Social Worker: Students will  
demonstrate an awareness of the potential influence of their actions  
and words as a professional social worker upon individuals, families,  
groups, organizations and communities. Students will demonstrate  

the ability to reflect on practice decisions and activities, using self-correction to assure continual professional development.

- **Advocate for Social, Economic and Environmental Justice**: Graduates will advocate for human rights and social and economic justice as one of their primary responsibilities.

- **Apply Social Work Methods**: Graduates of the MSASS master’s program are prepared to function as advanced practitioners in a changing arena of social work and social welfare. They are able to engage clients and client systems, assess client needs and strengths, provide or help arrange needed services and support, weigh intervention alternatives, implement change strategies, and evaluate results.

- **Integrate Cultural, Economic and Global Diversity**: Students will integrate into their practice the knowledge, skills, and values needed for understanding and appreciation of a diverse world, and for ongoing development of competence in working with diverse populations and settings.

- **Think Critically About Theory and Research Knowledge**: Graduating students will be able to think critically about their practice and its knowledge base, and about the social problems and situations they encounter. Critical thinking in social work includes selecting appropriate theoretical approaches and strategies to apply in practice, using research findings to improve practice, evaluating one’s own practice, and making contributions to knowledge in the field.

- **Communicate Effectively**: Graduating students will have the oral, written, nonverbal, and information technology skills that will enable them to communicate effectively and appropriately in professional roles and settings.

- **Develop as a Social Work Leader**: Social workers recognize that the context of practice is dynamic, and use knowledge and skill to respond proactively. Social work leaders are informed, resourceful, and proactive in responding to evolving organizational, community, societal and global contexts at all levels of practice in ways that improve quality of life.

Mandel School faculty place a high priority on the integration of theory with practice. To facilitate this integration, field work is done concurrent with course work. Through field education, students have the opportunity to acquire new skills and apply their classroom learning in their practice setting. The school is affiliated with over 350 agencies in the Greater Cleveland area, creating a vast network of field education as well as employment opportunities. Students are required to complete over 1000 clock hours of field education. The school and the affiliated agency or field setting agree on the content and conditions of field education, including the qualifications of social workers who serve as field instructors. Field placement decisions are based on educational criteria, with student interests and career objectives taken into consideration.

**Concentrations**

- Community Practice for Social Change
- Direct Practice

**Direct Practice Specializations**

- Aging
- Alcohol and Other Drug Abuse
- Children, Youth and Families
- Mental Health

- Health*

*Health specialization is offered only in the full-time format.

**Program Options**

**Full -Time Program**

Approximately one-half of Mandel School students are enrolled in the Full-Time Program. This program takes four semesters to complete. Students enroll for fall and spring semesters and are scheduled concurrently for classes and field work on a full-time basis. This program is demanding in depth and scope of experience. It is not advisable for students to assume extensive employment during their semesters of enrollment.

**Advanced Standing Program**

Advanced standing may be granted to students who have earned an Bachelor’s degree in Social Work (BSW) within the last seven years from an institution accredited by the Council on Social Work Education. Students must have earned a B or better in any social work course for which advanced standing is sought.

**Intensive Weekend Program**

The Intensive Weekend Program is designed to provide graduate-level education toward the MSSA to employed professionals who are maintaining full-time employment. Classes meet one weekend per month throughout the calendar year. Students are required to attend all classes. Students complete five courses each year and all program requirements in three years. Those who have graduated from an accredited BSW program in the last seven (7) years can complete the Intensive Weekend Program in two years.

**Senior Year in Professional Studies Program**

Undergraduate students of superior ability and achievement may be admitted to the Mandel School at the end of their junior year. This program enables qualified college seniors who are majoring in social work related fields to begin their first year of graduate study during what would normally be their last year of undergraduate work. Exceptional undergraduate students who are firmly committed to social work as a profession can earn both their undergraduate and graduate degrees in five years.

A student in the Senior Year in Professional Studies Program is permitted to substitute the first year (31 semester hours) at the Mandel School for the last year of undergraduate work. The bachelor’s degree will be granted by the undergraduate college when the student has completed his or her first year at the Mandel School.

Students applying for this program must be interviewed by an admissions officer as part of the application process to explore the candidate’s level of maturity, knowledge of social work, and readiness for professional education. Application for this program should be made prior to the second semester of the junior year.

To qualify for this program, students must demonstrate superior academic ability and achievement during their first three years of undergraduate study. All applicants must (a) have sufficient coursework in the social and behavioral sciences by the end of their junior year; (b) hold a cumulative grade point average of at least 3.25; and (c) have successfully completed three-quarters of the major and minor courses in their area of concentration. Acceptance into the Senior Year in Professional Studies Program is contingent upon receipt of a written...
statement from the dean of the applicant's undergraduate college, outlining any remaining requirements.

Note: This program is available to students at Case Western Reserve University, Hiram College, College of Wooster, Baldwin Wallace University, John Carroll University, Fisk University, and Ohio Northern University by joint agreement with these institutions. Interested students from other institutions are encouraged to speak with the director of admissions.

Part-Time Degree Program
Students may opt to complete their degree work on a part-time basis during their first year. During the second, third, and fourth years students complete field education requirements and carry a full-time, or nearly full-time, load.

Part-time students select classes from the full-time weekday schedule. These classes meet once a week for two hours. Employed professionals may participate in this program if they can arrange a flexible work schedule.

The part-time program may be completed in three years. Students granted advanced standing may complete the program in fewer semesters. Part-time students are required to register for a minimum of six credit hours per semester. A student must complete all degree requirements in a maximum of five years.

Non-Degree Study
Some designated courses may be taken on a non-degree basis with the permission of the assistant dean of academic affairs and the course instructor. A maximum of 12 hours earned on a non-degree basis may be counted toward requirements for the master's degree if the student is subsequently admitted as a degree seeking candidate. A bachelor's degree is required for enrollment.

Online MSSA Program
The Online MSSA Program option is designed to provide online graduate social work education for employed professionals who plan to maintain full-time employment. Classes meet online to complete all program requirements in two years for advanced standing, and three years for non-advanced standing.

Undergraduate Social Work Minor
The Social Work minor offers interdisciplinary collaborative learning that includes service, community engagement, and an exploration of values. Students experience active learning that is practical and applied to real-world settings. The minor integrates social work theory and practice, social policy, socio-behavioral theory and research to understand and address complex social problems of our time, domestically and internationally. Some issues covered in the courses include oppression and privilege, poverty, violence, social justice, alcohol and other drug abuse, social welfare, community development, children, youth, and families. Courses can be taken on campus or through the MSASS international study and travel courses.

Master of Nonprofit Organizations Degree Program (MNO)
The Master of Nonprofit Organizations (MNO) degree program prepares students interested in the nonprofit sector for management and leadership positions, by building their skills, competencies, knowledge and capacity. The MNO degree has five program educational objectives for its graduates: (1) to bring contextual understanding to managerial decision-making; (2) to develop, analyze and apply relevant data; (3) to inspire and engage volunteers and professionals in the creation and implementation of ethically-grounded strategies to advance organizational mission; (4) to develop and implement revenue generation strategies; and (5) to manage human and financial resources effectively, efficiently and ethically.

The full time program consisting of thirty-nine (39) credit hours can be completed in twelve (12) months over three (3) consecutive semesters, with students beginning each year in the summer semester (June 1) and concluding at University graduation in the following May.

The curriculum will provide education that instills analytical skills, knowledge relevant to ethical and entrepreneurial decision-making, and expertise in acquiring and managing resources. Graduates will be trained to enhance organizational effectiveness, harness passion, dedication, and vision, make the best use of available resources and seek new resources. Graduates will gain hard and soft management skills and knowledge needed to address a wide range of issues confronting nonprofits and become professionals who work to influence political and social decisions, create stronger organizations, building the capacity, and advancing the mission.

Students accepted for the MNO degree program must possess a bachelor's degree from an accredited college or university. They must have a record of excellent academic performance and potential evidenced by grade point average. Applicants with a GPA below 2.7 must take the Graduate Record Examination (GRE) or the Miller Analogies Test (MAT) as a condition of admission. Students must also show evidence of a strong interest in the nonprofit sector through volunteer activities, internship experiences, or employment in a nonprofit organization.

Eighteen-Month Advanced Standing Program
Advanced Standing students who are not in the Twelve-Month program generally follow the Eighteen-Month program leading to a Master of Science in Social Administration (MSSA). Students follow a fall semester, spring semester, fall semester sequence of courses and they graduate in January. Up to 15 hours of advanced standing may be granted to students who have completed their bachelor's degree in social work (BSW) in the last seven years from an institution that is accredited by the Council on Social Work Education (CSWE). Students pursue this option for the following reasons:

- One of the multi-disciplinary certificate programs or special focus areas
- Electives not offered during the summer semester
- Retaking core BSW courses in which they earned a grade of B- or below

Aging

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>First Year</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Field Education II (SASS 602)</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Problem Identification, Screening and Assessment/ Diagnosis (SASS 547)</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Social Work Practice with Older Adults (SASS 581)</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Theory/Practice Approaches in Direct Practice Social Work (SASS 549) 3
Aging Policy and Service Delivery (SASS 513) 3
(Intensive Weekend Format)
Field Education III (SASS 603) 3
Practice Evaluation (SASS 530) 3
Social Work with Death, Grief and Loss (SASS 518) 3
or Family Caregiving (SASS 515)
Free Elective 3
Free Elective 3
Year Total: 15

Second Year
Units
Field Education IV (SASS 604) 3
Free Elective 3
Free Elective 3
Free Elective 3
Free Elective 3
Year Total: 15

Total Units in Sequence: 45

Alcohol & Other Drug Abuse Plus-Chemical Dependency Professional License Eligibility

First Year
Units
Field Education II (SASS 602) 3
Problem Identification, Screening and Assessment/ Diagnosis (SASS 547) 3
Social Work Practice in Alcohol and Other Drug Abuse (SASS 564)
Theory/Practice Approaches in Direct Practice Social Work (SASS 549) 3
Free Elective 3
Field Education III (SASS 603) 3
Social Work with Groups (SASS 585) (or Free Elective)
Motivational Interviewing (SASS 522) (or Free Elective)
Integrative Seminar in Alcohol and Other Drug Abuse Treatment (SASS 576) (Intensive Weekend Format)
Alcohol and Other Drug Abuse Policy and Service Delivery (SASS 516) (Intensive Weekend Format)
Year Total: 15

Second Year
Units
Field Education IV (SASS 604) 3
Social Work Intervent in Co-occurring Mental and Substance Abuse Disor (SASS 562) (or Free Elective)
Free Elective 3
Practice Evaluation (SASS 530) 3
Free Elective 3
Year Total: 15

Total Units in Sequence: 45

Children Youth & Families

First Year
Units
Field Education II (SASS 602) 3
Problem Identification, Screening and Assessment/ Diagnosis (SASS 547)
Free Elective 3
Theory/Practice Approaches in Direct Practice Social Work (SASS 549) 3
Free Elective 3
Field Education III (SASS 603) 3
Free Elective 3
Family System Interventions (SASS 517) 3
Child and Family Policy and Service Delivery (SASS 529) 3
Free Elective 3
Year Total: 15

Second Year
Units
Field Education IV (SASS 604) 3
Social Work Intervent in Co-occurring Mental and Substance Abuse Disor (SASS 562) (or Free Elective)
Free Elective 3
Practice Evaluation (SASS 530) 3
Free Elective 3
Year Total: 15

Total Units in Sequence: 45

Community Practice for Social Change

First Year
Units
Field Education II (SASS 602) 3
Nonprofit Financial Management (SASS 425) (or Free Elective)
Theoretical Contexts Shaping Community Practice (SASS 534)
Free Elective 3
Assessing, Building & Organizing Community (SASS 567)
Field Education III (SASS 603) 3
Needs Assessment and Program Evaluation (SASS 532)
Planning & Implementing Social Change (SASS 569) 3
Free Elective 3
Free Elective 3
Year Total: 15

Second Year
Units
Field Education IV (SASS 604) 3

Second Year
Units
Field Education IV (SASS 604) 3
| Legislative and Political Process (SASS 512) (or Free Elective) | 3 |
| Free Elective | 3 |
| Free Elective | 3 |
| Free Elective | 3 |
| Year Total: | 15 |
| **Total Units in Sequence:** | 45 |

| **Health** |
| **First Year** |
| Field Education II (SASS 602) | 3 |
| Problem Identification, Screening and Assessment/ Diagnosis (SASS 547) | 3 |
| Advanced Social Work Practice in Integrated Healthcare (SASS 589) | 3 |
| Theory/Practice Approaches in Direct Practice Social Work (SASS 549) | 3 |
| Issues in Health Policy and Service Delivery (SASS 511) | 3 |
| Field Education III (SASS 603) | 3 |
| Social Work with Death, Grief and Loss (SASS 518) | 3 |
| or Family System Interventions (SASS 517) | 3 |
| Free Elective | 3 |
| Free Elective | 3 |
| Free Elective | 3 |
| Year Total: | 15 |
| **Second Year** |
| Field Education IV (SASS 604) | 3 |
| Practice Evaluation (SASS 530) | 3 |
| Free Elective | 3 |
| Free Elective | 3 |
| Free Elective | 3 |
| Year Total: | 15 |
| **Total Units in Sequence:** | 45 |

| **Mental Health-Children and Adolescent** |
| **First Year** |
| Field Education II (SASS 602) | 3 |
| Problem Identification, Screening and Assessment/ Diagnosis (SASS 547) | 3 |
| Free Elective | 3 |
| Theory/Practice Approaches in Direct Practice Social Work (SASS 549) | 3 |
| Social Work Practice in Alcohol and Other Drug Abuse (SASS 564) | 3 |
| or Social Work in Child Abuse and Family Violence (SASS 582) | 3 |
| Field Education III (SASS 603) | 3 |
| Integrative Seminar in Mental Health: Children and Adolescents (SASS 584) | 3 |
| Mental Health Policy and Service Delivery (SASS 514) | 3 |
| Social Work Practice in Mental Health: Children and Adolescents (SASS 580) | 3 |
| Free Elective | 3 |
| Year Total: | 15 |
| **Second Year** |
| Field Education IV (SASS 604) | 3 |
| Practice Evaluation (SASS 530) | 3 |
| Free Elective | 3 |
| Free Elective | 3 |
| Free Elective | 3 |
| Year Total: | 15 |
| **Total Units in Sequence:** | 45 |

| **Children, Youth & Families-School of Social Work** |
| **First Year** |
| Field Education II (SASS 602) | 3 |
| Field Education III (SASS 603) | 3 |
| Integrative Seminar in Mental Health: Adults (SASS 587) | 3 |
Twelve-Month Advanced Standing Program

The Twelve-Month Advanced Standing Program leading to a Master of Science in Social Administration (MSSA) is available to students who obtained a strong academic record in their bachelor of science (BSW) program.

Up to 15 hours of advanced standing may be granted to students who have completed their bachelor’s degree in social work (BSW). The Twelve-Month program follows a fall semester, spring semester, and summer session sequence of courses and is intended for students who have clear professional goals and can manage an accelerated program of study. Students complete their MSSA degree in August. Because of the short time frame for completing the Twelve-Month Program, dual degrees, individualized curricula, and the school social work emphasis are not available in this program.

Admission to the Twelve-Month Advanced Standing Program is open to students who have completed a bachelor’s degree in social work (BSW) in the last seven years from an institution which is accredited by the Council on Social Work Education (CSWE). Grades of B or better must have been attained in all foundation social work courses.

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Alcohol & Other Drug Abuse Plus-Chemical Dependency Professional License Eligibility

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Aging

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Twelve-Month Advanced Standing Program

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Alcohol & Other Drug Abuse Plus-Chemical Dependency Professional License Eligibility
### Free Elective

| Year Total: | 15 | 15 | 15 |

**Total Units in Sequence:** 45

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### Children, Youth & Families

#### First Year

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Units</th>
<th>Fall</th>
<th>Spring</th>
<th>Summer</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Field Education II (SASS 602)</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Problem Identification, Screening and Assessment/Diagnosis (SASS 547)</td>
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<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Free Elective</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Theory/Practice Approaches in Direct Practice Social Work (SASS 549)</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>Trauma Informed Social Work Practice with Children &amp; Families (SASS 550)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Field Education III (SASS 603)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Practice Evaluation (SASS 530)</td>
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**Total Units in Sequence:** 45

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### Community Practice for Social Change

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**Total Units in Sequence:** 45

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### Health

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**Total Units in Sequence:** 45

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### Mental Health-Adult

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Total Units in Sequence: 45

Mental Health-Children and Adolescent

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Total Units in Sequence: 45

Intensive Weekend Program

The Intensive Weekend program offers human service professionals who are employed full time to pursue a Master of Science in Social Administration (MSSA). Classes meet one weekend per month through the calendar year and students are required to attend all classes. Students complete four courses each year (six during the first year), and complete all program requirements in three years.

Courses consists of four distinct components:

- A three-day weekend of classes (Friday, Saturday, and Sunday, 9:00 a.m.-5:00 p.m.)
- A four-week study period, during which additional readings and written assignments are completed
- A two-day weekend of classes (Saturday and Sunday, 9:00 a.m.-5:00 p.m.)
- A final study period of approximately three weeks, during which the final course assignment is completed and materials for the next course are received.

Alcohol & Other Drug Abuse

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## Children, Youth and Families

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Year Total: 7 8 9

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Year Total: 9 6

Total Units in Sequence: 60

## Mental Health-Adult

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Total Units in Sequence: 60

### Intensive Weekend Advanced Standing

The Intensive Weekend program offers human service professionals who are employed full-time to pursue a Master of Science in Social Administration (MSSA). Classes meet one weekend per month through the calendar year and students are required to attend all classes. Up to 15 hours of advanced standing may be granted to students who have completed their bachelor’s degree in social work (BSE) in the last seven years from an institution that is accredited by the Council on Social Work Education (CSWE).

### Alcohol and Other Drug Abuse

### First Year

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Field Education II (SASS 602)  3
Theory/Practice Approaches in Direct Practice Social Work (SASS 549)  3
Alcohol and Other Drug Abuse Policy and Service Delivery (SASS 516)  3
Free Elective  3
Free Elective  3
Field Education III (SASS 603)  3
Year Total:  9 6 9

Second Year

Practice Evaluation (SASS 530)  3
Social Work Intervent in Co-occurring Mental and Substance Abuse Disor (SASS 562) (or Free Elective)  3
Social Work Practice in Alcohol and Other Drug Abuse (SASS 564)  3
Integrative Seminar in Alcohol and Other Drug Abuse Treatment (SASS 576)  3
Field Education IV (SASS 604)  3
Free Elective  3
Free Elective  3
Year Total:  6 9 6

Total Units in Sequence:  45

Children, Youth and Families

First Year

Family System Interventions (SASS 517)  3
Problem Identification, Screening and Assessment/Diagnosis (SASS 547)  3
Field Education II (SASS 602)  3
Theory/Practice Approaches in Direct Practice Social Work (SASS 549)  3
Trauma Informed Social Work Practice with Children & Families (SASS 550)  3
Free Elective  3
Free Elective  3
Field Education III (SASS 603)  3
Year Total:  9 6 9

Second Year

Practice Evaluation (SASS 530)  3
Child and Family Policy and Service Delivery (SASS 529)  3
Free Elective  3
Free Elective  3
Field Education IV (SASS 604)  3
Free Elective  3
Free Elective  3
Year Total:  6 9 6

Total Units in Sequence:  45

Mental Health: Adult

First Year

Problem Identification, Screening and Assessment/Diagnosis (SASS 547)  3
Social Work Practice in Mental Health Adults (SASS 583)  3
Field Education II (SASS 602)  3
Theory/Practice Approaches in Direct Practice Social Work (SASS 549)  3
Social Work Practice in Alcohol and Other Drug Abuse (SASS 564) (or Free Elective)  3
Free Elective  3
Free Elective  3
Field Education III (SASS 603)  3
Year Total:  9 6 9

Second Year

Practice Evaluation (SASS 530)  3
Free Elective  3
Integrative Seminar in Mental Health: Adults (SASS 587)  3
Mental Health Policy and Service Delivery (SASS 514)  3
Field Education IV (SASS 604)  3
Free Elective  3
Free Elective  3
Year Total:  6 9 6

Total Units in Sequence:  45

Full-Time Program

The Full-Time program takes four semesters to complete. Students are scheduled for classes and field education concurrently. In the first two semesters, students complete foundation courses which are prerequisites for concentration required courses. Advanced electives are completed in the last two semesters.

Aging

First Year

Field Education I (SASS 601)  2
Theories of Oppression and Social Justice (SASS 484)  3
Human Development I: Child and Adolescent (SASS 440)  3
Social Policy (SASS 470)  3
Field Education Seminar (SASS 495)  1
Direct Practice Foundation Methods Skills (SASS 477)  3
Field Education II (SASS 602)  3
### Human Development II: Adult (SASS 441) 3
### Macro and Policy Practice Skills (SASS 478) 3
### Research Methods in Social Work (SASS 426) 3
### Problem Identification, Screening and Assessment/ Diagnosis (SASS 547) 3

**Year Total:** 15 15

### Second Year

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**Year Total:** 15 15

### Total Units in Sequence: 60

### Alcohol & Other Drug Abuse

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**Year Total:** 15 15

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**Year Total:** 15 15

### Total Units in Sequence: 60

### Children, Youth, and Families

#### First Year

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**Year Total:** 15 15

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**Year Total:** 15 15

### Total Units in Sequence: 60

### Children, Youth, and Families: School Social Work

#### First Year

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**Skills (SASS 477)**

**Theories of Oppression and Social Justice (SASS 484)**

**Human Development I: Child and Adolescent (SASS 440)**

**Social Policy (SASS 470)**

**Field Education Seminar (SASS 495)**

**Field Education II (SASS 602)**

**Human Development II: Adult (SASS 441)**

**Macro and Policy Practice Skills (SASS 478)**

**Research Methods in Social Work (SASS 426)**

**Free Elective**

**Year Total:** 15 15

### Second Year

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### Total Units in Sequence:

60

### Community Practice for Social Change

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### Total Units in Sequence:

60

### Health

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Mental Health-Adult

First Year

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Total Units in Sequence: 60

Mental Health-Child

First Year

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>Units</th>
<th>Fall</th>
<th>Spring</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Field Education I (SASS 601)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Direct Practice Foundation Methods Skills (SASS 477)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Theories of Oppression and Social Justice (SASS 484)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Human Development I: Child and Adolescent (SASS 440)</td>
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<td>Social Policy (SASS 470)</td>
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<td>Field Education Seminar (SASS 495)</td>
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<td>Field Education II (SASS 602)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Human Development II: Adult (SASS 441)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Macro and Policy Practice Skills (SASS 478)</td>
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<td>Research Methods in Social Work (SASS 426)</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Problem Identification, Screening and Assessment/ Diagnosis (SASS 547)</td>
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Second Year

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<tr>
<th>Units</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Field Education III (SASS 603)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Practice Evaluation (SASS 530)</td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Social Work Practice in Alcohol and Other Drug Abuse (SASS 564)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>or Social Work With Persons with Serious Mental Illness (SASS 577)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>or Social Work in Child Abuse and Family Violence (SASS 582)</td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Free Elective</td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Theory/Practice Approaches in Direct Practice Social Work (SASS 549)</td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Field Education IV (SASS 604)</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>Mental Health Policy and Service Delivery (SASS 514)</td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Free Elective</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Social Work Practice in Mental Health: Children and Adolescents (SASS 580)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Integrative Seminar in Mental Health: Children and Adolescents (SASS 584)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Year Total:</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Total Units in Sequence: 60

Professional Development and Continuing Education

Professional Development and Continuing Education Program

Opportunities to increase practical knowledge and skills are offered to human services practitioners in a variety of seminars, institutes, conferences, and co-sponsored events. Programs are geared to provide practitioners with learning that is immediately applicable at their workplace, skills to help to advance their careers and opportunities for
Special Focus and Certificate Programs

Certificate Programs

Global Health

The Certificate in Global Health (http://www.case.edu/med/cfgh/Certificate.html) focuses on the broadest concept of public health, including international aspects of disease transmission, diagnosis, treatment, policy, and prevention. The overall objective of this interdisciplinary certificate is to support MSASS students with interests in health problems, issues, and concerns that (a) transcend national boundaries, (b) may be influenced by circumstances or experiences in other countries, and (c) are best addressed by cooperative actions and solutions. Current participating departments and schools at Case Western Reserve University include Mathematics, Medicine, Public Health, Anthropology, Nursing, Bioethics, Epidemiology, Biostatistics, Biology, and Engineering.

The requirements to receive the certificate differ by discipline and emphasize discipline-specific and interdisciplinary coursework. For MSASS students, this includes completion of two required interdisciplinary courses and an additional MSASS elective. The certificate is most appropriate for students who choose to complete the Community and Social Development program, or the Health or Aging specializations in the Direct Practice program.

Gerontology

Students with an interest in serving the needs of the aging population may pursue the multidisciplinary graduate certificate program offered through the Case Western Reserve University Center on Aging and Health (http://fpb.case.edu/Centers/UCAH). This program is designed for gerontological researchers, educators, and practitioners. Participating faculty are from the Mandel School and the Case Western Reserve University Schools of Medicine, Dental Medicine, Nursing and Arts and Sciences. Students must be enrolled in the Aging specialization at the Mandel School.
• Foster future leadership in community building, community
development, and housing.

**ADAMHS Board Fellowship**

The primary goal of the Alcohol, Drug Addiction and Mental Health Services Board program (ADAMHS) is to serve as an innovative and meaningful alternative for employed mental health and substance abuse social workers to pursue their graduate education objectives. Emphasis is placed on using evidence-based best practices to implement services that will assist individuals with mental health and substance abuse problems and their families. This weekend program makes it possible for employed individuals in Cuyahoga County to overcome the barriers of time and finances to pursue a degree in social work.

**Child Welfare Fellowship**

The primary goal of the Child Welfare Fellows program is to improve the public child welfare workforce in Northeast Ohio. Emphasis is placed on using evidence-based best practices in public child welfare and systems of care principles. The Mandel School's Intensive Weekend program makes it possible for employed individuals in public child welfare agencies in Northeast Ohio to overcome barriers of time and finances to pursue a Master's degree in social work.

**Leadership Fellows Program**

The Leadership Fellows Program focuses on exceptional students who want to assume leadership in clinical practice within an agency context. It is a two-year program of study for direct practice students in aging, alcohol and other drugs, children, youth and families, health or mental health.

**Paul D. Coverdell Fellows Program**

The Paul D. Coverdell Fellows Program for Returning Peace Corps Volunteers provides the option for students selecting concentrations in Community Practice for Social Change or Direct Practice. The Direct Practice concentration will allow students to select specializations in aging; alcohol and other drug abuse; children, youth and families; health; and mental health with children, adolescents and adults. Fellows will be able to integrate professional social work education, research and service to promote social justice and community empowerment domestically and around the world. Students also have the option of pursuing certificates and dual degrees in several interest areas.

**Global Practice Opportunities**

At the Mandel School, students have numerous opportunities to explore beyond our own borders. The Mandel School faculty includes experts in international social work and social policy research. The Mandel School also hosts numerous international full-time students, exchange students, visiting scholars and researchers.

Qualified students may choose to participate in a number of multi-disciplinary study abroad opportunities. Many trips occur during winter and spring break. Students are able to familiarize themselves with a variety of social policies of other countries, which have in the past included the Netherlands, Guatemala, China, Bangladesh, and Israel, among others.
Office of Undergraduate Studies

Case Western Reserve University confers baccalaureate degrees based on programs offered by the faculties of the Case School of Engineering, the College of Arts and Sciences, the Frances Payne Bolton School of Nursing, and the Weatherhead School of Management. Some major programs are offered in collaboration with the School of Medicine, the Cleveland Institute of Art, and the Cleveland Institute of Music. The faculties and administration are dedicated to offering educational programs that enable undergraduates to achieve disciplinary literacy in one or more major fields; to acquire educational breadth through study across the natural sciences, humanities and arts, and social sciences; and to learn to think critically and to communicate effectively. Overlap among the general education curricula for the various bachelor’s degree programs allows students flexibility in the choice of majors and degree program. Furthering the University mission, the educational programs aim to foster the development of qualities of integrity, creativity, leadership, and societal engagement.

Advisors for first-year students, major field advisors, other faculty, and deans assist students in selecting a field of study suited to each student's interests and qualifications. Students with broad educational interests and goals may pursue concurrently two or more majors for the Bachelor of Arts degree, two or more majors for the Bachelor of Science in Engineering degree, or two or more majors toward the Bachelor of Science in Management degree, or may earn two bachelor's degrees by completing both a Bachelor of Arts degree and a Bachelor of Science degree or by fulfilling the requirements for two Bachelor of Science degrees. The Bachelor of Music degree offered by the Cleveland Institute of Music may be combined with either a Bachelor of Arts or a Bachelor of Science degree at Case Western Reserve University. Qualified students who wish to accelerate their undergraduate and graduate or professional studies may earn the opportunity to begin in the senior year advanced study toward a graduate or professional degree.

The University provides undergraduates with a rich variety of experiential learning opportunities both on and off campus. Programs that engage students in curriculum-related employment include the Cooperative Education Program (http://engineering.case.edu/coop), the Practicum Program, and internships. Study abroad, the exchange program with Fisk University, and the Washington Semester immerse students in educational environments that build global and national knowledge and perspective. Research opportunities for undergraduates abound at the university, in University Circle institutions, and in Cleveland. Individual departments offer independent study opportunities to motivated and qualified students; some departments offer courses that incorporate practical field experience or community service. The location of the University in University Circle, with its outstanding array of cultural, educational, and health care institutions, and the proximity and accessibility of the university's various professional schools and their facilities enable undergraduates to draw upon diverse and distinctive resources to enrich their education.

Administration

Jeffrey Wolcowitz, PhD
(Harvard University)
Dean of Undergraduate Studies

Nancy A. Dilulio, PhD
(Pennsylvania State University College of Medicine)
Senior Associate Dean of Undergraduate Studies

Support for First-Year Students

Michael R. Mason, MEd
(Kent State University)
Associate Dean of Undergraduate Studies for First-Year Students

Nathan H. Fein, MEd
(University of Texas, Austin)
Coordinator of First-Year Residence Education in Juniper Residential College

Katherine E. Grooms, MEd
(University of South Carolina)
Coordinator of First-Year Residence Education in Cedar Residential College

Kimberly A. Scott, MEd
(University of Toledo)
Coordinator of First-Year Residence Education in Magnolia Residential College

Sueji M. Smith, MEd
(North Carolina State University)
Coordinator of First-Year Residence Education in Mistletoe Residential College

Support for Upperclass Students

Denise Butler, MA, MLIS
(Kent State University)
Assistant Dean of Undergraduate Studies
(students whose last names begin with S-Z)

Nancy A. Dilulio, PhD
(Pennsylvania State University College of Medicine)
Senior Associate Dean of Undergraduate Studies
(students whose last names begin with A-D)

Scott D. Hardy, PhD
(The Ohio State University)
Assistant Dean of Undergraduate Studies
(students whose last names begin with E-K)

Gregory J. Harris, MA
(Edinboro University of Pennsylvania)
Assistant Dean of Undergraduate Studies
(students whose last names begin with L-R)
Support for Transfer, Exchange, and Non-Degree Students
Claudia C. Anderson, BA
(Youngstown State University)
Assistant Dean of Undergraduate Studies

Advising about National Scholarships and Fellowships
Scott D. Hardy, PhD
(The Ohio State University)
Assistant Dean of Undergraduate Studies

Advising about Health Careers
Steven P. Scherger, MA
(The Ohio State University)
Director of Health Career Advising

Advising about Law School
Terri A. Mester, PhD
(Case Western Reserve University)
Pre-Law Advisor

Case School of Engineering Undergraduate Degree Requirements

Bachelor of Science in Engineering Degree
(Case School of Engineering)
Candidates for the Bachelor of Science in Engineering (BSE) degree, in addition to meeting the general requirements for bachelor’s degrees, including the SAGES and Physical Education requirements, must also complete the following requirements:

1. A minimum of 128-133 credit-hours as specified by the requirements for each BSE program.
2. The General Education Requirements of the Case School of Engineering listed below.
3. The requirements for the specific engineering major listed below as presented in this Bulletin in the section devoted to each department or program.

Note that most students pursuing a degree from the Case School of Engineering will complete ENGR 398 and ENGL 398 to fulfill the SAGES Departmental Seminar requirement and will complete an engineering senior project in their major to fulfill the SAGES Senior Capstone requirement.

Major Fields Available for the Bachelor of Science in Engineering degree:
- Aerospace Engineering
- Biomedical Engineering
- Chemical Engineering
- Civil Engineering
- Computer Engineering
- Electrical Engineering
- Engineering Physics
- Materials Science and Engineering
- Mechanical Engineering
- Polymer Science and Engineering
- Systems and Control Engineering
- Engineering (undesignated)

With the exception of the undesignated major in engineering, all of the engineering programs listed above are accredited by the Engineering Accreditation Commission of the Accreditation Board for Engineering and Technology (ABET).

General Education Requirements of the Case School of Engineering
These requirements provide a foundation in mathematics and sciences for programs in engineering leading to the Bachelor of Science degree. The CSE general education requirements are also designed to develop communication skills and to provide a body of work in the humanities and social sciences.

Course credit earned by Advanced Placement, International Baccalaureate, proficiency examinations, and transfer may be used to satisfy Case School of Engineering general education requirements.

Mathematics, Sciences, and Engineering Requirements (44 credit-hours)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MATH 121</td>
<td>Calculus for Science and Engineering I</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MATH 122</td>
<td>Calculus for Science and Engineering II</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>or MATH 124</td>
<td>Calculus II</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MATH 223</td>
<td>Calculus for Science and Engineering III</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>or MATH 227</td>
<td>Calculus III</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MATH 224</td>
<td>Elementary Differential Equations</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>or MATH 228</td>
<td>Differential Equations</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CHEM 111</td>
<td>Principles of Chemistry for Engineers</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PHYS 121</td>
<td>General Physics I - Mechanics</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>or PHYS 123</td>
<td>Physics and Frontiers I - Mechanics</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PHYS 122</td>
<td>General Physics II - Electricity and Magnetism</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>or PHYS 124</td>
<td>Physics and Frontiers II - Electricity and Magnetism</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ENGR 131</td>
<td>Elementary Computer Programming</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>or EECS 132</td>
<td>Introduction to Programming in Java</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ENGR 145</td>
<td>Chemistry of Materials</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>or EMSE 146</td>
<td>Principles and Applications of Materials Chemistry</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note that most students pursuing a degree from the Case School of Engineering will complete ENGR 398 and ENGL 398 to fulfill the SAGES Departmental Seminar requirement and will complete an engineering senior project in their major to fulfill the SAGES Senior Capstone requirement.
ENGR 200  Statics and Strength of Materials
ENGR 210  Introduction to Circuits and Instrumentation
ENGR 225  Thermodynamics, Fluid Dynamics, Heat and Mass Transfer**

Total Units 44

* NOTE: The Chemistry-Materials course sequences CHEM 105-CHEM 106-ENGR 145/EMSE 146 or AP/IB credit in chemistry-ENGR 145/EMSE 146, or CHEM 105-CHEM 106-EMAC 276 may substitute for the sequence CHEM 111-ENGR 145/EMSE 146

** Students pursuing a Polymer Science and Engineering major or the Biomaterials concentration in the Biomedical Engineering major may substitute EMAC 351 and EMAC 352 for ENGR 225.

Natural Sciences, Mathematics, or Statistics Requirement (3 credit-hours)
Course designated by major department.

Humanities and Social Sciences (15 credit-hours)
ENGL 398  Professional Communication for Engineers 2
ENGR 398  Professional Communication for Engineers 1

total credit-hours comprised of 3 or 4 credit-hour courses* 12
Total Units 15

* Humanities: Arabic (ARAB), Art History (ARTH), Art Studio (ARTS), Chinese (CHIN), Classics (CLSC), Dance (DANC), English (ENGL), French (FRCH), German (GRMN), Greek (GREK), Hebrew (HBRW), History (HSTY), Italian (ITAL), Japanese (JAPN), Latin (LATN), Music - General (MUGN), Music - History (MUHI), Music - Popular Music (MUPM), Music - Theory (MUTH), Philosophy (PHIL), Portuguese (PORT), Religious Studies (RLGN), Russian (RUSN), Spanish (SPAN), Theater (THTR), World Literature (WLIT) and/or
Social Sciences: Anthropology (ANTH), Cognitive Science (COGS), Communication Sciences (COSI), Economics (ECON), Political Science (POSC), Psychology (PSCL), Sociology (SOCI), and/or
Other Courses that Meet this Requirement for CSE Degree Candidates: Applied Social Sciences (SASS), Bioethics (BETH)

Bachelor of Science in Computer Science Degree

(Case School of Engineering)
Candidates for the Bachelor of Science in Computer Science degree, in addition to meeting the general requirements for bachelor’s degrees (p. 613), including the SAGES and Physical Education requirements, must also complete the following requirements:

1. A minimum of 129 credit-hours.
2. The General Education Requirements of the Case School of Engineering as modified for the Bachelor of Science in Computer Science degree listed below.
3. The requirements for the computer science Bachelor of Science major as presented in this Bulletin.

Note that most students pursuing a degree from the Case School of Engineering will complete ENGR 398 and ENGL 398 to fulfill the SAGES Departmental Seminar requirement and will complete an engineering senior project in their major to fulfill the SAGES Senior Capstone requirement.

General Education Requirements of the Case School of Engineering, modified for the Bachelor of Science in Computer Science degree
These requirements provide a foundation in mathematics and sciences for the Bachelor of Science program in computer science. The CSE general education requirements are also designed to develop communication skills and to provide a body of work in the humanities and social sciences.

Course credit earned by Advanced Placement, International Baccalaureate, proficiency examinations, and transfer may be used to satisfy Case School of Engineering general education requirements.

Mathematics, Sciences, and Engineering Requirements (33 credit-hours)

Mathematics, Science, and Engineering Requirements 14
MATH 121  Calculus for Science and Engineering I
MATH 122  Calculus for Science and Engineering II
or MATH 124  Calculus II
MATH 223  Calculus for Science and Engineering III
or MATH 227  Calculus III
MATH 224  Elementary Differential Equations
or MATH 228  Differential Equations
Chemistry* 4
CHEM 111  Principles of Chemistry for Engineers
Physics 8
PHYS 121  General Physics I - Mechanics
or PHYS 123  Physics and Frontiers I - Mechanics
PHYS 122  General Physics II - Electricity and Magnetism
or PHYS 124  Physics and Frontiers II - Electricity and Magnetism
Engineering 7
EECS 132  Introduction to Programming in Java
ENGR 145  Chemistry of Materials
or EMSE 146  Principles and Applications of Materials Chemistry

Total Units 33

* NOTE: The Chemistry-Materials course sequences CHEM 105-CHEM 106-ENGR 145/EMSE 146 or AP/IB credit in chemistry-ENGR 145/EMSE 146, or CHEM 105-CHEM 106-EMAC 276 may substitute for the sequence CHEM 111-ENGR 145/EMSE 146

Natural Sciences, Mathematics, or Statistics Requirement (3 credit-hours)
Course designated by major department.

Humanities and Social Sciences (15 credit-hours)
ENGL 398  Professional Communication for Engineers 2
ENGR 398  Professional Communication for Engineers 1
College of Arts and Sciences Undergraduate Degree Requirements

Bachelor of Arts Degree
(College of Arts and Sciences)

Candidates for the Bachelor of Arts (BA) degree, in addition to meeting the general requirements for bachelor's degrees (p. 613), including the SAGES and Physical Education requirements, must also complete the following requirements:

1. A minimum of 120 credit-hours.
2. No more than 42 credit-hours beyond the 100-level in any one department may be applied to the 120 credit-hour total.
3. At least 90 credit-hours in arts and sciences. These credits may be drawn from those offered by the College of Arts and Sciences, as well as those in economics, biochemistry, nutrition and computer science. (Students completing both a BA and BS degree are exempted from six hours of the 90 credit-hour arts and sciences requirement for the BA.)
4. A minimum of 30 credit-hours of courses at the 300- or 400-level.
5. The General Education Requirements of the College of Arts and Sciences listed below.
6. The requirements for a major listed below as specified in this bulletin for each department or program. A major requires a minimum of 30 credit-hours, at least 24 of which are taken in the major department or program.
7. For all courses taken in the major department and for which grades are averaged, and for all courses taken to satisfy major requirements and for which grades are averaged, a BA candidate must earn a minimum cumulative average of 2.000. Major requirements include all required and elective work completed in the major department combined with required courses completed in related fields. Transfer students must complete at Case Western Reserve University at least half the credit-hours required in the major department.

Major Concentrations Available for the Bachelor of Arts degree:

- American Studies*
- Anthropology
- Art History
- Asian Studies
- Astronomy
- Biochemistry
- Biology
- Chemical Biology
- Chemistry
- Classics
- Cognitive Science
- Communication Sciences
- Computer Science
- Dance
- Dean's Approved Major**
- Economics
- English
- Environmental Geology
- Environmental Studies*
- Evolutionary Biology*
- French
- French and Francophone Studies
- Geological Sciences
- German
- German Studies
- Gerontological Studies*
- History
- History and Philosophy of Science
- International Studies
- Japanese Studies
- Mathematics
- Music
- Natural Sciences*
- Nutrition
- Nutritional Biochemistry and Metabolism
- Philosophy
- Physics
- Political Science
- Pre-Architecture*
- Psychology
- Religious Studies
- Sociology
- Spanish
- Statistics
- Teacher Education*
- Theater Arts
- Women's and Gender Studies
- World Literature

* Humanities: Arabic (ARAB), Art History (ARTH), Art Studio (ARTS), Chinese (CHIN), Classics (CLSC), Dance (DANC), English (ENGL), French (FRCH), German (GRMN), Greek (GREK), Hebrew (HBRW), History (HSTY), Italian (ITAL), Japanese (JAPN), Latin (LATN), Music - General (MUGN), Music - History (MUHI), Music - Popular Music (MUPM), Music - Theory (MUTH), Philosophy (PHIL), Portuguese (PORT), Religious Studies (RLGN), Russian (RUSN), Spanish (SPAN), Theater (THTR), World Literature (WLIT)

** Social Sciences: Anthropology (ANTH), Cognitive Science (COGS), Communication Sciences (COSI), Economics (ECON), Political Science (POSC), Psychology (PSCL), Sociology (SOCI), and/or Other Courses that Meet this Requirement for CSE Degree Candidates: Applied Social Sciences (SASS), Bioethics (BETH)
May be taken only as a second major.

Any student interested in developing for the BA a major of his or her own design may submit, before the end of the sophomore year, a program proposal for a Dean's Approved Major to the Office of Undergraduate Studies. The Dean of Undergraduate Studies and the Dean of the College of Arts and Sciences must approve any proposed Dean's Approved Major.

General Education Requirements of the College of Arts and Sciences

These requirements provide a broad foundation for the Bachelor of Arts degree program.

Students pursuing a degree in the College of Arts and Sciences may not fulfill the Departmental Seminar requirement with a course that is being used to fulfill an Arts & Humanities, Social Sciences, or Natural & Mathematical Sciences breadth requirement. A course that has been designated as a Departmental Seminar and that also falls into the Global and Cultural Diversity category may be used to fulfill both requirements.

Course credit earned by Advanced Placement, International Baccalaureate, proficiency examinations, and transfer may be used to satisfy general education requirements.

Breadth Requirements (minimum of six 3- or 4-credit-hour courses, totaling at least 18 credit-hours)

NOTE: Two courses used to fulfill requirements for the major may be used also to fulfill the breadth requirements.

Arts and Humanities (6 - 8 credit-hours)

Two 3- or 4-credit-hour Arts and Humanities courses selected from:

- Arabic (ARAB)
- Art History (ARTH)
- Art Studio (ARTS)
- Chinese (CHIN)
- Classics (CLSC)
- Dance (DANC)
- English (ENGL)
- French (FRCH)
- German (GRMN)
- Greek (GREK)
- Hebrew (HBRW)
- History (HSTY)
- Italian (ITAL)
- Japanese (JAPN)
- Latin (LATN)
- Music - General (MUGN)
- Music - History (MUHI)
- Music - Popular (MUPM)
- Music - Theory (MUTH)
- Philosophy (PHIL)
- Portuguese (PORT)
- Religious Studies (RLGN)
- Spanish (SPAN)
- Theater (THTR)
- World Literature (WLIT)

Natural and Mathematical Sciences (6 - 8 credit-hours)

Two 3- or 4-credit-hour Natural and Mathematical Science courses selected from:

- Astronomy (ASTR)
- Biochemistry (BIOC)
- Biology (BIOL)
- Chemistry (CHEM)
- Earth, Environmental and Planetary Sciences (EEPS)
- Mathematics (MATH)
- Nutrition (NTRN)
- Physics (PHYS)
- Statistics (STAT)

Social Sciences (6 credit-hours)

Two 3-credit-hour Social Science courses selected from:

- Anthropology (ANTH)
- Cognitive Science (COGS)
- Communication Sciences (COSI)
- Economics (ECON)
- Political Science (POSC)
- Psychology (PSCL)
- Sociology (SOCI)

Quantitative Reasoning (3 - 4 credit-hours)

Each student must complete at least one 3- or 4-credit-hour course identified as a quantitative reasoning course selected from the list below. This course may also be used to fulfill a major, minor and/or breadth requirement.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
<th>Credit Hours</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ANTH 319</td>
<td>Introduction to Statistical Analysis in the Social Sciences</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BIOL 321</td>
<td>Design and Analysis of Biological Experiments</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EECS 132</td>
<td>Introduction to Programming in Java</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ENGR 131</td>
<td>Elementary Computer Programming</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MATH 121</td>
<td>Calculus for Science and Engineering I</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MATH 125</td>
<td>Math and Calculus Applications for Life, Managerial, and Social Sci I</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MATH 150</td>
<td>Mathematics from a Mathematician's Perspective</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PHIL 201</td>
<td>Introduction to Logic</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PSCL 282</td>
<td>Quantitative Methods in Psychology</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STAT 201</td>
<td>Basic Statistics for Social and Life Sciences</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Global and Cultural Diversity (3 - 4 credit-hours)

The goal of the Global and Cultural Diversity requirement is to provide students with the opportunity for academic reflection about the variation in human experience. Courses that satisfy this requirement must (1) substantively explore one or more cultures outside the United States, or (2) address in a substantive way ethnic, gender, sexual, religious, or
other cultural practices within the United States, so as to provide students with fresh perspectives on their own cultural assumptions, traditions, and experiences. This course may also be used to fulfill a major requirement and/or one of the breadth requirements.

Students who matriculate as undergraduate degree candidates in August 2012 or later must select a course from the list below; students who matriculated as degree candidates prior to August 2012 can find the list of options from which they may choose on their academic requirements report.

AMST 117 Exploring American History Through Biography 3
ANTH 233 Introduction to Jewish Folklore 3
ANTH 312 Ethnography of Southeast Asia 3
ANTH 349 Cultures of Latin America 3
ANTH 353 Chinese Culture and Society 3
ANTH 354 Health and Healing in East Asia 3
ARTH 337 Women in the Arab World 3
ARTH 349 The Arab World Experience 3
ARTH 101 Art History I: Pyramids to Pagodas 3
ARTH 102 Art History II: Michelangelo to Maya Lin 3
ARTH 208 Arts of Japan 3
ARTH 220 Jewish Traditional Art and Architecture 3
ARTH 230 Ancient Roman Art and Architecture 3
ARTH 241 Medieval Art 3
ARTH 249 The Global Middle Ages: From Paris to Baghdad 3
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### Bachelor of Science Degree (College of Arts and Sciences)

Candidates for the Bachelor of Science degrees, in addition to meeting the general requirements for bachelor's degrees (p. 613), including the SAGES and Physical Education requirements, must also complete the following requirements:

1. A minimum of 120-133 credit-hours as specified by the requirements for each BS program.
2. A minimum of 30 credit-hours of courses at the 300- or 400-level.
3. The General Education Requirements of the College of Arts and Sciences listed below. For some BS programs, the General Education Requirements of the College Arts and Sciences have been modified and incorporated into the degree requirements as presented in this bulletin in the section devoted to each department or program.
4. The requirements for a major field listed below as presented in this bulletin in the section devoted to each department or program.
5. For all courses taken in the major department and for which grades are averaged, and for all courses taken to satisfy major requirements and for which grades are averaged, a candidate for a BS from the College of Arts and Sciences must earn a minimum cumulative average of 2.000. Major requirements include all required and elective work completed in the major department combined with required courses completed in related fields. Transfer students must complete at least half the credit-hours required for the major.

#### Major Concentrations for the Bachelor of Science degree:

- Applied Mathematics
- Art Education
- Astronomy
- Biochemistry
- Biology
- Chemistry
- Geological Sciences
- Mathematics
- Mathematics and Physics
- Music Education
- Nutrition
- Nutritional Biochemistry and Metabolism
- Physics
- Statistics
- Systems Biology

### General Education Requirements of the College of Arts and Sciences

These requirements provide a broad foundation for the Bachelor of Arts and Bachelor of Science degree programs.

Students pursuing a degree in the College of Arts and Sciences may not fulfill the Departmental Seminar requirement with a course that is being used to fulfill an Arts & Humanities, Social Sciences, or Natural & Mathematical Sciences breadth requirement. A course that has been designated as a Departmental Seminar and that also falls in the Global and Cultural Diversity category may be used to fulfill both requirements.

Course credit earned by Advanced Placement, International Baccalaureate, proficiency examinations, and transfer may be used to satisfy general education requirements.

#### Breadth Requirements (minimum of six 3- or 4-credit-hour courses, totaling at least 18 credit-hours)

NOTE: Two courses used to fulfill requirements for the major may be used also to fulfill the breadth requirements.

#### Arts and Humanities (6 - 8 credit-hours)

Two 3- or 4-credit-hour Arts and Humanities courses selected from:

- Arabic (ARAB)
- Art History (ARTH)
- Art Studio (ARTS)
- Chinese (CHIN)
- Classics (CLSC)
- Dance (DANC)
- English (ENGL)
- French (FRCH)
- German (GRMN)
- Greek (GREK)
- Hebrew (HBRW)
- History (HSTY)
- Italian (ITAL)
- Japanese (JAPN)
- Latin (LATN)
- Music - General (MUGN)
- Music - History (MUHI)
- Music - Popular (MUPM)
- Music - Theory (MUTH)
- Philosophy (PHIL)
- Portuguese (PORT)
- Religious Studies (RLGN)
- Russian (RUSN)
- Spanish (SPAN)
- Theater (THTR)
Natural and Mathematical Sciences (6 - 8 credit-hours)

Two 3- or 4-credit-hour Natural and Mathematical Science courses selected from:

- Astronomy (ASTR)
- Biochemistry (BIOC)
- Biology (BIOL)
- Chemistry (CHEM)
- Earth, Environmental and Planetary Sciences (EEPS)
- Mathematics (MATH)
- Nutrition (NTRN)
- Physics (PHYS)
- Statistics (STAT)

Social Sciences (6 credit-hours)

Two 3-credit-hour Social Science courses selected from:

- Anthropology (ANTH)
- Cognitive Science (COGS)
- Communication Sciences (COSI)
- Economics (ECON)
- Political Science (POSC)
- Psychology (PSCL)
- Sociology (SOCI)

Quantitative Reasoning (3 - 4 credit-hours)

Each student must complete at least one 3- or 4-credit-hour course identified as a quantitative reasoning course selected from the list below. This course may also be used to fulfill a major, minor and/or breadth requirement.

- ANTH 319 Introduction to Statistical Analysis in the Social Sciences 3
- BIOL 321 Design and Analysis of Biological Experiments 3
- EECS 132 Introduction to Programming in Java 3
- ENGR 131 Elementary Computer Programming 3
- MATH 121 Calculus for Science and Engineering I 4
- MATH 125 Math and Calculus Applications for Life, Managerial, and Social Sci I 4
- MATH 150 Mathematics from a Mathematician’s Perspective 3
- PHIL 201 Introduction to Logic 3
- PSCL 282 Quantitative Methods in Psychology 3
- STAT 201 Basic Statistics for Social and Life Sciences 3

Global and Cultural Diversity (3 - 4 credit-hours)

The goal of the Global and Cultural Diversity requirement is to provide students with the opportunity for academic reflection about the variation in human experience. Courses that satisfy this requirement must (1) substantively explore one or more cultures outside the United States, or (2) address in a substantive way ethnic, gender, sexual, religious, or other cultural practices within the United States, so as to provide students with fresh perspectives on their own cultural assumptions, traditions, and experiences. This course may also be used to fulfill a major requirement and/or one of the breadth requirements.

Students who matriculate as undergraduate degree candidates in August 2012 or later must select a course from the list below; students who matriculated as degree candidates prior to August 2012 can find the list of options from which they may choose on their academic requirements report.

- AMST 117 Exploring American History Through Biography 3
- ANTH 233 Introduction to Jewish Folklore 3
- ANTH 312 Ethnography of Southeast Asia 3
- ANTH 349 Cultures of Latin America 3
- ANTH 353 Chinese Culture and Society 3
- ANTH 354 Health and Healing in East Asia 3
- ARAB 337 Women in the Arab World 3
- ARAB 349 The Arab World Experience 3
- ARTH 101 Art History I: Pyramids to Pagodas 3
- ARTH 102 Art History II: Michelangelo to Maya Lin 3
- ARTH 208 Arts of Japan 3
- ARTH 220 Jewish Traditional Art and Architecture 3
- ARTH 230 Ancient Roman Art and Architecture 3
- ARTH 241 Medieval Art 3
- ARTH 249 The Global Middle Ages: From Paris to Baghdad 3
- ARTH 260 Art in Early Modern Europe 3
- ARTH 274 Nineteenth-Century European Art 3
- ARTH 301 Museums and Globalization 3
- ARTH 302 Buddhist Art in Asia 3
- ARTH 307 Arts of China 3
- ARTH 325 Art at the Crossroads of Religion: Polytheistic, Christian, and Islamic Art in Antiquity 3
- ARTH 327 The Parthenon Then and Now: New Discoveries, Old Problems and Reception 3
- ARTH 342 Issues in Indian and Southeast Asian Art 3
- ARTH 349 Gothic Art: Vision and Matter 3
- ARTH 355 The Book in the Middle Ages: The Christian, Jewish, and Islamic Tradition 3
- ARTH 358 Medieval Body 3
- ARTH 359 Visual Culture of Medieval Women 3
- ARTH 360 Renaissance Art in Northern Europe 3
- ARTH 361 17th-Century Art in Belgium and The Netherlands 3
- ARTH 367 17th and 18th Century Art in France 3
- ARTH 382 Art, Eco-criticism, and the Environment 3
- ARTH 383 Gender Issues in Feminist Art: The 20th/21st Century 3
- ARTS 305 Study Abroad Paris Architecture: Design & Culture 3
- ASIA 288 Imperial China: The Great Qing 3
- ASIA 289 Reform, Revolution, Republics: China 1895 to Present 3
- BETH 315A International Bioethics Policy and Practice: Women's Health in the Netherlands 3
- BETH 315B International Bioethics Policy and Practice: Public Health in the Netherlands 3
- BETH 315C International Bioethics Policy and Practice: Health Care Costa Rica 3
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<td>International Bioethics: Policy and Practice—US and Spanish Perspectives, Salamanca Spain</td>
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<td>Bioethics Themes as Explored in Spanish and American Culture: Film, Television, and Literature</td>
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<td>Death, Dying &amp; Euthanasia: Netherlands &amp; the USA</td>
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<td>Hindu and Jain Bioethics</td>
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<td>Microfinance in Bangladesh</td>
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<td>Gender and Sexuality Justice: LGBTQ life in Contemporary Dutch Culture</td>
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**Frances Payne Bolton School of Nursing Undergraduate Degree Requirements**

**Bachelor of Science in Nursing Degree**

(Frances Payne Bolton School of Nursing)

Candidates for the Bachelor of Science in Nursing (BSN) degree, in addition to meeting the general requirements for bachelor's degrees (p. 613), including the SAGES and Physical Education requirements, must also complete the following requirements:

1. A minimum of 126 credit-hours.
2. The General Education Requirements of the Frances Payne Bolton School of Nursing listed below.
3. The requirements for the major in nursing as presented in this Bulletin.
4. For all courses specifically required for the major in nursing, a minimum grade of C.

Note that most Nursing students will complete NURS 320 Theoretical and Evidence Bases for Best Practice in Nursing to fulfill the SAGES Departmental Seminar requirement and will complete NURS 373 Global Health Practicum to fulfill the SAGES Senior Capstone requirement. Also, most Nursing students will complete NURS 277 upon matriculation to count as a half-semester of Physical Education credit; this course may be used again two years later for a second half-semester.

**General Education Requirements of the Frances Payne Bolton School of Nursing (minimum of ten 3- or 4-credit-hour courses, totaling at least 30 credit-hours)**

These requirements provide a broad educational foundation for the Bachelor of Science in Nursing program.

Course credit earned by Advanced Placement, International Baccalaureate, proficiency examinations, and transfer credit may be used to satisfy School of Nursing general education requirements.

**Arts and Humanities (6 - 8 credit-hours)**

Two 3- or 4-credit-hour Arts and Humanities courses selected from:

- Arabic (ARAB)
- Art History (ARTH)
- Art Studio (ARTS)
• Chinese (CHIN)
• Classics (CLSC)
• Dance (DANC)
• English (ENGL)
• French (FRCH)
• German (GRMN)
• Greek (GREK)
• Hebrew (HBRW)
• History (HSTY)
• Italian (ITAL)
• Japanese (JAPN)
• Latin (LATN)
• Music - General (MUGN)
• Music - History (MUHI)
• Music - Popular Music (MUPM)
• Music - Theory (MUTH)
• Philosophy (PHIL)
• Portuguese (PORT)
• Religious Studies (RLGN)
• Russian (RUSN)
• Spanish (SPAN)
• Theater (THTR)
• World Literature (WLIT)

Natural and Mathematical Sciences (18 credit-hours)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Credits</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ANTH 319</td>
<td>Introduction to Statistical Analysis in the Social Sciences</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PSCL 282</td>
<td>Quantitative Methods in Psychology</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STAT 201</td>
<td>Basic Statistics for Social and Life Sciences</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BIOL 114</td>
<td>Principles of Biology</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BIOL 116</td>
<td>Introduction to Human Anatomy and Physiology I</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BIOL 117</td>
<td>Introduction to Human Anatomy and Physiology II</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CHEM 119</td>
<td>Concepts for a Molecular View of Biology I</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CHEM 121</td>
<td>Concepts for a Molecular View of Biology II</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Total Units: 18

* Students choose one of these three courses. A student who successfully completes any one of these courses is not eligible to enroll in or receive credit for either of the other two.

Social Sciences

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Credits</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SOCI 203</td>
<td>Human Development: Medical and Social</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Social Science course ** 3

Total Units: 6

* or approved course in human growth and development

** Any 3-semester hour course selected from: Anthropology (ANTH), Cognitive Science (COGS), Communication Sciences (COSI), Economics (ECON), Political Science (POSC), Psychology (PSCL), Sociology (SOCI)

Programs Toward Graduate or Professional Degrees

Acceleration Toward Professional Degrees

Senior Year in Professional Studies at Case Western Reserve University

Students of outstanding ability and attainment who are candidates for the BA and who are admitted to professional studies in Case Western Reserve University by the end of the junior year are offered an opportunity to shorten their entire course of studies by one year through the Senior Year in Professional Studies privilege. Application should be made during the second semester of the junior year through the dean of undergraduate studies. This privilege is extended to students who are candidates for the BA and who attend the School of Dental Medicine, the School of Medicine, the Frances Payne Bolton School of Nursing, or the Mandel School of Applied Social Sciences of Case Western Reserve University.

A student granted the senior year in professional studies privilege is permitted to substitute the work of the first year in a professional school for that required during the last year in the undergraduate college. Upon the satisfactory completion of the first year’s work in the professional school, the student will be granted the bachelor’s degree from the College of Arts and Sciences. To be eligible for the senior year in professional studies privilege, a student must:

1. Be accepted for admission to professional studies in Case Western Reserve University.
2. Meet the following degree requirements:
   a. Completion of the SAGES requirements, the General Education Requirements of the College of Arts and Sciences, and the physical education requirement.
   b. Completion of three-fourths of the courses required for the major, including three-fourths of the courses required in the major department.
   c. Completion of 84 credit-hours of arts and sciences courses. These credit-hours may be drawn from those offered by the College of Arts and Sciences, as well as those in economics, biochemistry, nutrition, or computer science.
   d. Completion of at least 90 credit-hours of academic work, of which the final 60 credit-hours must have been in residence. A student may include in that final 60 credit-hours no more than six credit-hours earned in courses completed in other institutions, either by cross-registration in regular sessions or by approved transient registration in summer sessions. (Note: Students applying for the Senior Year in Professional Studies in the School of Medicine will generally be expected to have completed at least 117 credit-hours towards the BA degree.)

Upon admission to the program, students register in the professional school to which they have been admitted and are subject to the policies, rules and regulations of the professional school. They may, however, continue to receive merit-based undergraduate scholarships and may
continue to reside in undergraduate housing during what would normally be their senior year of undergraduate work.

For information, contact the Office of Undergraduate Studies (ugstudies@case.edu), 357 Sears Bldg., 216.368.2928.

Senior Year in Absentia Privilege for Students of Medicine and Dentistry

Students of outstanding ability and attainment who are candidates for the BA degree and are offered admission to a medical or dental school other than those at Case Western Reserve University at the end of the junior year are eligible for an opportunity to shorten their entire course of studies by one year through the Senior Year in absentia privilege. Application for this privilege should be made during the second semester of the junior year through the dean of undergraduate studies.

A student granted the Senior Year in absentia privilege is permitted to substitute the work of the first year in a professional school for that required during the last year in the undergraduate college. Upon the satisfactory completion of the first year’s work in the professional school, the student will be granted the BA from the College of Arts and Sciences. The privilege is extended to qualified students who attend medical schools in the United States or Canada approved by the Association of American Medical Colleges or dental schools in the United States approved by the American Association of Dental Schools.

To be eligible for the Senior Year in absentia privilege, a student must:

1. Be accepted for admission to professional studies.
2. Attain a cumulative grade point average of at least 3.200 in all courses attempted from the date of admission as an undergraduate.
3. Meet the following degree requirements:
   a. Completion of the SAGES requirements, the General Education Requirements of the College of Arts and Sciences, and the physical education requirement.
   b. Completion of three-fourths of the courses required for the major, including three-fourths of the courses required in the major department.
   c. Completion of 84 credit-hours of arts and sciences courses. These credits may be drawn from those offered by the College of Arts and Sciences, as well as those in economics, biochemistry, nutrition, or computer science.
   d. Completion of at least 90 credit-hours of academic credit, of which the final 60 credit-hours must have been in residence. A student may include in that final 60 credit-hours no more than six credit-hours earned in courses completed in other institutions, either by cross-registration in regular sessions or by approved transient registration in summer sessions.

For information, contact the Office of Undergraduate Studies (ugstudies@case.edu), 357 Sears Bldg., 216.368.2928.

For Candidates for the BS in Accounting

There are two programs that enable attainment of a BS in Accounting and a Master of Accountancy (MAcc) (p. 990) degree in five years or less. These programs are strongly recommended for those individuals planning to become certified accounting professionals, particularly as CPAs (Certified Public Accountants).

Joint BS in Accounting/Master of Accountancy (MAcc)

The University policies regarding the Joint BS in Accounting/Master of Accountancy program permit such students an opportunity to work towards completion of the Master of Accountancy during their undergraduate studies. By doing so, students are able to lessen the course load in their fifth year. After completion of the senior year, these students then enroll as graduate students in the Weatherhead School of Management to complete the master’s degree. For information, see Assistant Dean Tiffany Welch (tiffany.welch@case.edu), 472 Peter B. Lewis Building, 216.368.2058.

Accelerated BS in Accounting/Master of Accountancy (MAcc) Program

This program allows motivated students to accelerate their pursuit of both the BS and MAcc degrees. The Accelerated BS/MAcc program allows students to complete both degrees within the eight academic semesters as an undergraduate student. In some cases, one additional semester of study is needed to complete both degrees, at which time the student would be considered a Weatherhead graduate student.

Because of the necessity for proper planning of coursework and programs, undergraduate students are strongly encouraged to apply for the Master of Accountancy in the junior year. Weatherhead students must apply for and be admitted to the Master of Accountancy program. The Graduate Management Admission Test (GMAT) is required for admission to the MAcc program, but may be waived if certain requirements are met. Once admitted, students in an integrated study program are required to design a comprehensive study plan with both their Weatherhead undergraduate adviser and the faculty director of the MAcc program. For information, see Assistant Dean Tiffany Welch (tiffany.welch@case.edu), 472 Peter B. Lewis Building, 216.368.2058.

Acceleration Toward Graduate Study

Integrated Graduate Studies Program

The Integrated Graduate Studies Program (IGS) is intended for highly motivated undergraduate students who are candidates for the BA degree and whose objective is a degree at the master’s or doctoral level. Qualified students may be admitted to graduate study for their senior year and pursue the simultaneous completion of requirements for both the master’s and bachelor’s degrees. The baccalaureate will normally be awarded upon completion of the requirements for both degrees, unless a student satisfies all BA requirements prior to completing the master’s degree requirements. Students in the IGS Program are exempted from the 42-hour restriction imposed on BA candidates for work above the 100-level in a single department. However, the exemption is granted only upon completion of the master’s degree requirements.

Eligibility requirements for participation in the Integrated Graduate Studies Program are:

1. 90 credit-hours earned of which the last 60 credit-hours must have been in residence at Case Western Reserve University.
2. Completion of the SAGES requirements, the General Education Requirements of the College of Arts and Sciences, and the physical education requirement; students who have fulfilled all SAGES
requirements except the Senior Capstone will be required to complete the capstone during their first year in the IGS program.

3. Completion of three-fourths of the requirements for the major concentration, including three-fourths of the courses required in the major department.

4. Admission to a master’s or doctoral program offered through the School of Graduate Studies.

Upon admission to the program, IGS students register as students in the School of Graduate Studies and are subject to the policies, rules and regulations of the School of Graduate Studies. They may, however, continue to receive merit-based undergraduate scholarships and may continue to reside in undergraduate housing during what would normally be their senior year of undergraduate work.

For information, contact the Office of Undergraduate Studies (ugstudies@case.edu), 357 Sears Bldg., 216.368.2928.

**Integrated BS/MS in Nutrition**

Admission to the Integrated BS/MS in Nutrition program is subject to the same process and requirements as admission to the Integrated Graduate Studies Program described above. Upon successful completion of the program, students earn the BS in Nutrition and the MS in Nutrition.

**BS/MS Program for Candidates for the BS in Engineering, Computer Science, Mathematics, Natural Sciences, and Statistics**

The Integrated BS/MS Program is intended for highly motivated candidates for the BS in engineering, computer science, mathematics, natural sciences, or statistics who wish to pursue an advanced degree. Application to the BS/MS program must be made after completion of 75 credit-hours of course work and prior to attaining senior status (completion of 90 semester hours). Generally, this means that a student will submit the application during his or her sixth semester of undergraduate course enrollment and will have no fewer than two semesters of remaining BS requirements to complete.

A student admitted to the program may, in the senior year, take up to nine credit-hours of graduate courses (400-level and above) that will count towards both BS and MS requirements. The courses to be double-counted must be specified at the time of application. Courses taken prior to admission to the program cannot count towards the MS unless they are in excess of BS degree requirements and permission to use them towards the MS has been granted by the dean of graduate studies and the dean of undergraduate studies.

To be considered for the BS/MS Program, a student must:

1. submit to the School of Graduate Studies an application for admission to the program, and
2. submit to the Office of Undergraduate Studies an MS Planned Program of Study Form, showing the courses to be double-counted.

Students for whom the master’s project or thesis is a continuation and development of the senior project should register for Exxx 651 Thesis (or the appropriate project course) during the senior year and are expected to complete all other courses for the BS before enrolling in further MS course work and thesis (continuing the senior project). Students for whom the master’s thesis or project is distinct from the senior project will be expected to complete the BS degree before taking further graduate courses for the master’s degree.

Applicants in engineering or computer science should consult their departmental BS/MS advisor in the Case School of Engineering. Applicants in mathematics, natural sciences, and statistics should consult the dean of undergraduate studies.

**Conditionally Guaranteed Admission to the University’s Professional Schools**

The Pre-Professional Scholars Programs in medicine, dentistry, law, and social work grant to a few outstanding, entering first-year undergraduates conditional commitments of admission to the appropriate professional school at Case Western Reserve University. These commitments are honored upon successful completion of the requirements established by each professional school. Students admitted to these programs are relieved of much of the anxiety and uncertainty associated with pre-professional studies. Consequently, they feel free to undertake challenging courses of study and pursue a variety of interests as they prepare for professional studies. Pre-Professional Scholars are free to choose any of the bachelor’s degrees available in the University. Participants who wish to change their career goals or apply for admission to other professional schools are free to do so.

The Six-Year Dental Program gives exceptionally able and committed entering first-year undergraduates the opportunity to accelerate their undergraduate and professional studies.

**Pre-Professional Scholars Program in Dentistry**

Each year, a small number of exceptionally well-qualified high school seniors who plan to pursue careers in dentistry are offered places in the Pre-Professional Scholars Program in Dentistry. This program requires eight years: four years of successful undergraduate study and four years at the School of Dental Medicine.

Pre-Professional Scholars in Dentistry are free to choose a major in an area of interest, but must take the following courses to fulfill admission requirements of the School of Dental Medicine:

**Chemistry:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Credits</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CHEM 105</td>
<td>Principles of Chemistry I</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CHEM 106</td>
<td>Principles of Chemistry II</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CHEM 113</td>
<td>Principles of Chemistry Laboratory</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CHEM 223</td>
<td>Introductory Organic Chemistry I</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CHEM 224</td>
<td>Introductory Organic Chemistry II</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CHEM 233</td>
<td>Introductory Organic Chemistry Laboratory I</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CHEM 234</td>
<td>Introductory Organic Chemistry Laboratory II</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Biology:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Credits</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>BIOL 214 &amp; 214L</td>
<td>Genes, Evolution and Ecology and Genes, Evolution and Ecology Lab</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BIOL 215 &amp; 215L</td>
<td>Cells and Proteins and Cells and Proteins Laboratory</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BIOL 216 &amp; 216L</td>
<td>Development and Physiology and Development and Physiology Lab</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Mathematics:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Credits</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MATH 125</td>
<td>Math and Calculus Applications for Life, Managerial, and Social Sci I</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Physics:

PHYS 115  Introductory Physics I  4
PHYS 116  Introductory Physics II  4

They are required to take the Dental Admission Test in the junior year and achieve an acceptable level of performance on the test.

Successful progress through the program and admission to dental studies will be based on the pre-professional scholar's continuing to fulfill expectations for outstanding personal and academic development and on the scholar's achievement of a cumulative grade point average of 3.250 or higher for his or her work overall, as well as for his or her work in the required sciences. Successful progress in the program will be determined individually and reviewed at regular intervals during the student's undergraduate career.

Pre-Professional Scholars in Dentistry who wish to accelerate their program may apply for the senior year in professional studies (http://case.edu/ugstud/programs/senior-year-professional-studies.html) privilege.

Six-Year Dental Program

Each year a few exceptionally well-qualified high school seniors who plan to pursue careers in dentistry are offered places in the Six-Year Dental Program.

The first two years of the program are spent pursuing undergraduate studies, advised by the director of health career advising. Students are required to earn a minimum of 60 credit-hours. They are required to take all of the science and mathematics courses listed above for the Pre-Professional Scholars Program in Dentistry. If Advanced Placement credit is used to satisfy some of these science requirements, a minimum of 30 credit-hours in biology, chemistry, physics, and mathematics must be taken during the two years of undergraduate study. Additionally, to meet general education requirements, students must take one year of physical education, First Seminar, two University Seminars, one course in the area of Arts and Humanities, and one course in the area of Social Sciences, and must complete a writing portfolio. To qualify for the place reserved in the School of Dental Medicine, a student in the program must achieve the following:

1. A cumulative grade point average of 3.250 or higher for all course work completed;
2. Grades of B or higher in the required courses in biology, chemistry, physics, and mathematics;
3. An average score of 18 or higher on both the academic and PAT portions of the Dental Admission Test of the American Dental Association. The test must be taken no later than April of the second year.

Pre-Professional Scholars Program in Law

Each year, a small number of exceptionally well-qualified high school seniors who plan to pursue careers in law will be offered places in the Pre-Professional Scholars Program in Law at Case Western Reserve University. Pre-Professional Scholars receive a conditional commitment of admission to the Case Western Reserve School of Law, to be honored upon completion of the bachelor's degree at the University.

The Pre-Professional Scholars in Law are encouraged to gain a wide cultural experience in their undergraduate studies, to major in the area that most interests them, and to choose courses in which they will learn habits of rigor and logical analysis. The law school encourages applications from all majors, including engineering and the sciences. The School of Law recommends that Pre-Professional Scholars in Law take courses in accounting, economics, history, and philosophy and that they gain as much writing experience as possible, because the ability to write effectively is critical to success in law school and legal practice.

Students admitted to the Pre-Professional Scholars Program in Law will be guaranteed a seat in the School of Law upon graduation from Case Western Reserve University if they satisfy the requirements set out at the time of admission to the program.

Pre-Professional Scholars Program in Medicine

Each year, 15 to 20 exceptionally well-qualified high school seniors who plan to pursue careers in medicine are offered places in the Pre-Professional Scholars Program in Medicine. Pre-Professional Scholars receive a conditional commitment of admission to the University Program of the Case Western Reserve University School of Medicine to be honored upon successful progress toward and completion of the bachelor's degree. The Pre-Professional Scholars Program in Medicine requires eight years: four years of successful undergraduate study leading to the bachelor's degree followed by four years in the University Program of the School of Medicine. Pre-Professional Scholars in Medicine who complete their undergraduate degree requirements in less than four years are required to pursue other experiences intended to enhance their professional and personal development during the period following the receipt of their bachelor's degree and until study at the School of Medicine begins.

Pre-Professional Scholars in Medicine are free to choose from among all of the degree and major programs offered in the university, but must complete the courses in biochemistry, biology, chemistry, physics, math/ statistics, and behavioral sciences listed in the Conditions of Admission letter they received when accepted to the program. They are also expected to continue to fulfill expectations for outstanding professional and personal development as outlined in the Condition of Admission letter. These expectations include, but are not limited to, maintaining academic integrity and adhering to the university's standards of conduct (all academic integrity and judicial offenses will be reported to the School of Medicine), clinical shadowing, and involvement in undergraduate activities and community programs.

Pre-Professional Scholars in Medicine are not required to take the Medical College Admission Test (MCAT) for the program. However, if they do take the MCAT, they are expected to achieve a score that is above the 94th percentile on the MCAT. Program participants who have an interest in applying to any other medical schools, or who wish to be considered for a dean's merit scholarship at the Case Western Reserve School of Medicine, should plan on taking this test.

Pre-Professional Scholars are expected to demonstrate successful academic progress by meeting the following level of performance: A CWRU cumulative GPA of 3.63 and a cumulative American Medical College Application Service (AMCAS) GPA and AMCAS Biology, Chemistry, Physics and MATH (BCPM) GPA of 3.63 at the time of application and maintained on final graduation transcripts.

Progress is reviewed with each student at regular intervals in the program. At the end of the third year, Pre-Professional Scholars in Medicine who have met the required levels of performance go through the normal admission procedures for the University Program
of the School of Medicine, including submitting an application through the American Medical College Application Service (AMCAS) and an interview. Participants who do not meet the required levels of performance may still be admitted into the University Program of the School of Medicine, but such admission will be subject to review and approval by the School of Medicine’s Admissions Committee.

Successful completion of the Pre-Professional Scholars Program in Medicine guarantees admission only to the University Program of the School of Medicine. Students seeking admission to the Cleveland Clinic Lerner College of Medicine of the Case Western Reserve University School of Medicine must complete a separate application and will be considered in competition with all applicants for that program.

Pre-Professional Scholars Program in Social Work

Each year, as many as ten high school seniors who plan to pursue careers in social work are offered places in the Pre-Professional Scholars Program in Social Work. The program gives a conditional commitment of admission to the Case Western Reserve University Jack, Joseph, and Morton Mandel School of Applied Social Sciences to be honored upon successful completion of the bachelor’s degree.

Admission to the master’s degree program in social work at MSASS is dependent upon the following requirements:

1. Graduation from the University with a cumulative grade point average of 3.000 in the junior and senior years.
2. Completion of a minimum of 24 credit-hours in the social and behavioral sciences.
3. Continued evidence of a combination of personal qualities which are considered essential for the professional practice of social work.

Pre-Professional Scholars in Social Work who wish to accelerate their program may apply for the senior year in professional studies privilege. Application Procedures for Pre-Professional Scholars and Six-Year Dental Programs

Prospective students who wish to apply to any of the Pre-Professional Scholars Programs or to the Six-Year Dental Program should apply for admission through the Office of Undergraduate Admission of Case Western Reserve University. All forms are included within the application materials.

The application for admission, supporting test scores and high school transcript, must be submitted to the Office of Undergraduate Admission as early as possible, but no later than December 1.

Students who are admitted to the University and are also deemed eligible for consideration for one of the Pre-Professional Scholars Programs or the Six-Year Dental Program will be notified by February 1 and will be invited for interviews at the appropriate professional schools. The basis for selection for these programs will be dedication to the pursuit of the particular profession, distinguished academic performance, a record of personal accomplishments that attests to a student’s maturity, leadership, and interpersonal skills, and an interview with an admissions officer from the appropriate professional school. Decisions on admission to the programs will be communicated on or about April 1.

Students who are not admitted to these special programs are encouraged to pursue their undergraduate studies and to apply in the normal course to the professional school of their choice, including the professional schools of Case Western Reserve University.

SAGES Courses

SAGES Courses

For a full description of the SAGES Program, see the section on General Degree Requirements (p. 613).

This list of courses includes only those courses offered directly by the SAGES Program that have been approved as permanent offerings. Not all of the First Seminars and University Seminars listed are offered every year, but the list of offerings in any given year will include courses that received one-term approval. All Department Seminars are offered through the academic departments and are listed among their course offerings. Most Senior Capstone courses are offered through the academic departments, though several are offered through the SAGES Program and are included here with the course prefix UCAP.

FSCC Courses

FSCC 100. First Seminar. 4 Units.

This four credit-hour course provides an introduction to various dimensions of academic life. It will be characterized by intense yet open-ended intellectual inquiry, guided by reading from primary as well as secondary sources, and will include practice in written and oral communication in small groups. Each seminar is led both by a faculty member and a writing co-instructor. The goals are to enhance basic intellectual skills of academic inquiry, such as critical reading, thoughtful analysis, and written and oral communication; to introduce basic information literacy skills; to provide a foundation for ethical decision-making; to encourage a global and multidisciplinary perspective on the learning process; to facilitate faculty-student interactions; and, in the most general sense, to provide a supportive common intellectual experience for first-year students at Case.

FSCS Courses

FSCS 150. First Seminar Continuing Semester. 3 Units.

This is a continuation of the First Seminar experience for ESL students. The seminar will continue the introduction to various dimensions of academic life. It will be characterized by intense yet open-ended intellectual inquiry, guided by reading from primary as well as secondary sources, and will include practice in written and oral communication in small groups. The goals of the seminar are to continue to enhance basic intellectual skills of academic inquiry, such as critical reading, thoughtful analysis, and written and oral communication; to continue to introduce basic information literacy skills; to continue to provide a foundation for ethical decision-making; to continue to encourage a global and multidisciplinary perspective on the learning process; and to continue to facilitate faculty-student interactions. Prereq: 100 level first year seminar in USFS, FSCC, FSNA, FSSO, FSSY, or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100.
problems with language resulting from brain injury.

We'll use primary exercises, vitamins, and other habits such as reading) that are implicated in preventing or slowing down these disorders. The focus on a medical therapeutic approaches are limited and may not be suited to deal with the imminent problems. The seminar will examine lifestyle changes (i.e., diet, exercise, vitamins, and other habits such as reading) that are implicated in preventing or slowing down these disorders. The focus on a medical topic with important socioeconomic ramifications will provide a novel approach to enhancing critical thinking and communication skills.

FSNA 112. Talking Brains: The Neuroscience of Language. 4 Units.
J speaks both Italian and English. After suffering a stroke, he finds himself switching to Italian in the middle of a sentence, even when he knows the person he's talking to doesn't speak Italian! He can't stop himself no matter how hard he tries. In this discussion-based seminar, we'll use cases like J's to understand how a mass of cells can give rise to something as complicated as human language. We'll use primary source readings from neuroscience to study topics such as the typical organization of language in the brain, bilingualism, sign language, and problems with language resulting from brain injury.

FSNA 113. Facts and Values in Environmental Decisions. 4 Units.
This four-credit seminar will guide students to critically evaluate the evidence, uncertainties, and value judgments pertinent to some of the world's pressing environmental issues. We will begin by studying climate change. Students will decide the topics of exploration to follow. Through reading, field trips, discussions and writing we will investigate natural environmental processes and how they have changed with the growth in human population and technology. Students will learn about the scientific process and will consider the role of science and technology and their limits in making decisions about shared resources.

FSNA 116. Cities (Under Construction). 4 Units.
Based on the premise that cities are never "finished," and constantly being remade, we will look at the technological and cultural history of cities from the ancient world to the present day. Students will explore the history of building materials—wood, brick, steel, concrete, and glass—used in the construction of cities. We will also trace the development of city infrastructure such as water and sewage systems; streets, bridges, and subways; electricity, telephone and the internet. Specific technological innovations, such as the elevator and the automobile, will receive special consideration. We will move both geographically and temporally to visit the world's great cities, Athens, Mexico City, Tokyo, and New York City. As we do, we will study the examples of significant building projects, such as the Brooklyn Bridge, the Chicago World’s Fair, Washington, DC’s Metro, and Cleveland’s first skyscraper, the Rockefeller Building. The course will cover the history of the professions—engineering, architecture, and urban planning—that have contributed to the construction of cities, and will review the works of these practitioners, as well as that of artists, reformers, and utopians that have imagined new directions for the city. We will also explore first person narratives of the city, the impact of the city on personal and collective memory, and the possibilities and pitfalls of the "virtual" city. Through lecture, discussion, textual analysis, computer simulations, and writing assignments, Cities (Under Construction) will help students gain a deeper understanding of their role in remaking and sustaining the built environment.

FSNA 120. The Impact of Materials on Societal Development. 4 Units.
This four-credit-hour course provides an introduction to collegiate writing and to various dimensions of academic life, but will focus on the critical appreciation of the world of energy. Currently, most of the world runs on non-renewable resources; this course is designed to help students develop viewpoints about these issues, and to express themselves in a clear, coherent way. The class will involve both literacy and numeracy, and students will learn to become comfortable handling some of the quantitative measures of energy use. The class will be characterized by intense yet open-ended intellectual inquiry, guided by reading, lectures and discussion, and will include practice in written and oral communication individually and in small groups.

FSNA Courses

FSNA 103. Energy and Society. 4 Units.
This four-credit-hour course provides an introduction to collegiate writing and to various dimensions of academic life, but will focus on the critical appreciation of the world of energy. Currently, most of the world runs on non-renewable resources; this course is designed to help students develop viewpoints about these issues, and to express themselves in a clear, coherent way. The class will involve both literacy and numeracy, and students will learn to become comfortable handling some of the quantitative measures of energy use. The class will be characterized by intense yet open-ended intellectual inquiry, guided by reading, lectures and discussion, and will include practice in written and oral communication individually and in small groups.

FSNA 104. Archaeoastronomy: Monuments and Ideas. 4 Units.
The unifying theme of this course is how astronomical practice and knowledge is central to ancient civilizations and how that emphasis continues today as manifested through scientific endeavor and also as strongly through the power of unifying myth.

FSNA 109. Science and Race. 4 Units.
This four-credit seminar examines the development and impact of the concept of race. We will first focus on the causes of biological variability in species, leading to an evaluation of whether race is a useful device for understanding biological variability in humans. Second, we will examine how the understanding of race has changed over time within the biological sciences. Third, we will examine how scientific conceptualizations about race have influenced, and been influenced by, cultural beliefs. Through readings and open-ended discussion, we will critically examine the scientific process as it has been (and still is) being applied to the study of human races so that each student will ultimately be equipped to develop a scientifically sound conceptualization of race. Topics which will be covered include Social Darwinism, the eugenics movement, legislation to restrict immigration into the U.S., race-based medicine, and race and intelligence. Students are expected to enhance their skills at critical reading, thoughtful analysis, constructing logical arguments, and improving written and oral communication.

FSNA 111. Chemical Aspects of the Aging Mind. 4 Units.
This seminar will focus on three age-related neurological disorders: Alzheimer’s, Parkinson’s and Huntington disease. These diseases pose enormous social and economic impact, and current drug-based therapeutic approaches are limited and may not be suited to deal with the imminent problems. The seminar will examine lifestyle changes (i.e., diet, exercise, vitamins, and other habits such as reading) that are implicated in preventing or slowing down these disorders. The focus on a medical topic with important socioeconomic ramifications will provide a novel approach to enhancing critical thinking and communication skills.

FSNA 112. Talking Brains: The Neuroscience of Language. 4 Units.
J speaks both Italian and English. After suffering a stroke, he finds himself switching to Italian in the middle of a sentence, even when he knows the person he's talking to doesn't speak Italian! He can't stop himself no matter how hard he tries. In this discussion-based seminar, we'll use cases like J's to understand how a mass of cells can give rise to something as complicated as human language. We'll use primary source readings from neuroscience to study topics such as the typical organization of language in the brain, bilingualism, sign language, and problems with language resulting from brain injury.

FSNA 113. Facts and Values in Environmental Decisions. 4 Units.
This four-credit seminar will guide students to critically evaluate the evidence, uncertainties, and value judgments pertinent to some of the world's pressing environmental issues. We will begin by studying climate change. Students will decide the topics of exploration to follow. Through reading, field trips, discussions and writing we will investigate natural environmental processes and how they have changed with the growth in human population and technology. Students will learn about the scientific process and will consider the role of science and technology and their limits in making decisions about shared resources.

FSNA 116. Cities (Under Construction). 4 Units.
Based on the premise that cities are never “finished,” and constantly being remade, we will look at the technological and cultural history of cities from the ancient world to the present day. Students will explore the history of building materials—wood, brick, steel, concrete, and glass—used in the construction of cities. We will also trace the development of city infrastructure such as water and sewage systems; streets, bridges, and subways; electricity, telephone and the internet. Specific technological innovations, such as the elevator and the automobile, will receive special consideration. We will move both geographically and temporally to visit the world’s great cities, Athens, Mexico City, Tokyo, and New York City. As we do, we will study the examples of significant building projects, such as the Brooklyn Bridge, the Chicago World’s Fair, Washington, DC’s Metro, and Cleveland’s first skyscraper, the Rockefeller Building. The course will cover the history of the professions—engineering, architecture, and urban planning—that have contributed to the construction of cities, and will review the works of these practitioners, as well as that of artists, reformers, and utopians that have imagined new directions for the city. We will also explore first person narratives of the city, the impact of the city on personal and collective memory, and the possibilities and pitfalls of the “virtual” city. Through lecture, discussion, textual analysis, computer simulations, and writing assignments, Cities (Under Construction) will help students gain a deeper understanding of their role in remaking and sustaining the built environment.

FSNA 120. The Impact of Materials on Societal Development. 4 Units.
This four-credit-hour SAGES seminar provides an introduction to various dimensions of academic life through open-ended intellectual inquiry and guided by reading from primary and secondary sources. The course will require practice in written and oral communications in small groups. A primary focus of the seminar will be to examine the impact of engineering materials on societal development through human history using a few specific materials of interest as examples: concrete, steel, and semiconductors. At the conclusion of the course, students will be encouraged to explore the impact of other materials on the development of specific technologies as a group project.
FSNA 122. Science in the World of Harry Potter. 4 Units.
The Harry Potter books have attracted more readers than any other fantasy novel series. This seminar will discuss how science may account for or duplicate some of the magical endeavors described in the novels. We will assess the feasibility of certain means of transportation, such as traveling by the floo network, apparitions, and broomsticks, in the context of modern science and technology. Parallels between certain potions and contemporary drugs will be evaluated. The seminar's conceptual framework, integrating fantasy with technology, will loosely follow the format of Michio Kaku's nonfiction book "Visions: How Science Will Revolutionize the 21st Century." In "Visions," Professor Kaku offers the provocative thesis that many "fairy tale ideas" may be possible in the future thanks to advances in science and technology. A combination of Rowling and Kaku in one course should offer a unique opportunity for SAGES learning.

FSNA 123. The Automobile: Its Origins, Development, and Impact on American Society. 4 Units.
The automobile is without doubt one of the defining influences on American life and society. In 1900, most people lived in rural communities, and the main forms of personal transportation were walking and the horse and buggy. Half a century later, most Americans lived in cities or suburbs, there were millions of cars in garages, and roads and highways criss-crossed the nation. The car has transformed where we live and work, how we play, and the very nature of our cities. This course will examine the American automobile from several perspectives: its origins, evolution and effect on industry; its impact on American life and leisure; and the automobile as an art form and American icon. We will also discuss how we preserve examples of our automotive heritage. These topics will be explored in the context of the usual writing and discussion components of a first SAGES course.

FSNA 125. The Right Stuff. 4 Units.
This course will examine the Space Race. A key text for the course will be Tom Wolfe's The Right Stuff. By taking a historical approach to the study of the achievements and failures of NASA scientists and astronauts, it is possible to examine: 1) how individuals dedicated to achieving a particular scientific end draw on the scientific method, 2) the consequences of scientific inquiry, and 3) how science develops in specific historic contexts.

FSNA 126. Urban Ecology. 4 Units.
This course will explore the natural world in an urban context. Urban spaces are defined by the interaction between human creation (the built environment) and the natural world. We will explore how those definitions can be complicated by human innovation meant to re-create nature, such as engineered wetlands. We'll read some classical ecology to understand how ecological issues differ in cities. Some topics we'll cover include: wildlife management; human/organism conflict and interdependence; urban heat islands; watershed, stormwater, and sewer management; and how trees grow in urban conditions. We'll also explore ethical issues such as environmental justice and sustainable development. Our field trips are meant to illuminate how urban planners, park managers, and others deal with such issues to create positive and healthy environments for their communities. Students will apply arguments and concepts learned in the course readings to the sites we visit.

FSNA 128. Naturally Spicy: Spices, History, Culture, Health and Cuisine. 4 Units.
This course will delve into the world of spices. Each commercially important spice will be discussed with the goal of understanding the influence spices and the spice trade had on the history, culture, and cuisines of different parts of the world. The chemistry of some of the natural compounds present in the spices and their effect on various diseases will be explored by reading and discussing scientific literature. Finally, the class will cook with some of these spices and sample other distinctly spiced foods to learn more about various cuisines and cultures.

FSNA 129. Engineering Design for the World's Poorest. 4 Units.
Almost half (47%) of the people in Africa have incomes less than $1.25 per day. Most of these people live as subsistence farmers in small villages with no electricity, running water or automobiles (but with cell phones). Through readings, group discussions, writing assignments, and open-ended experiential learning activities, the course will address ways that engineering solutions can improve peoples' lives within these severe economic constraints. A hands-on component of the course will involve designing and building affordable devices to meet specific needs. We have developed interactions with villages in Senegal, Malawi, and Botswana, and the engineering solutions will be explored within the context of these villages.

FSNA 133. Engineering Innovation and Design. 4 Units.
Innovation and design are cornerstones of the engineering profession and are responsible for many of the improvements in the quality of life that have taken place over the last century. Innovation is also viewed as the essential skill that will drive economies and solve many of the challenges facing societies around the globe. This seminar-based course will provide a disciplined approach to engineering innovation and design. The course requires students to engage in written and oral communications as well as working in small teams to complete open-ended design/build-related assignments. The course will culminate in the design, fabrication and validation of a prototype product to meet an identified need. The design, fabrication and validation of these products will be carried out in think[box] 1.0 (Prentke-Romich Collaboratory), and the Reinberger Design Studio.

FSNA 134. Fuel Cells. 4 Units.
Fuel Cells convert hydrogen and other fuels directly to electricity and are viewed as a key technology for non-polluting, oil-independent energy in the future. In this course, we will study and critically analyze the prospects, technical and economic barriers, and impact of broad implementation of fuel cells, focusing on the transportation sector and portable power. Major topics of the course include: (i) World and US energy outlook; (ii) Potential role and impact of fuel-cells; their advantages, principles of operation, design and materials issues, limitations and prospects for improvements; (iii) Special focus on details of a polymer type fuel cells (PEMFCS) for transportation and portable power; (iv) Modeling fuel cell performance and evaluation of controlling mechanisms that limit performance. The course is designed for students from all disciplines. Students will be expected to read assigned texts and articles and critically analyze statements and points of view presented. Quantitative analysis will be encouraged and developed. Student teams will develop a hypothesis to improve fuel cell performance by modifying the design of a component of the fuel cell. The new component design with then be fabricated and tested in an operating prototype fuel cell. Data analysis, hypothesis conclusion, and reporting of results are expected.
BioDesign basics explores the art of finding patient needs. No prior clinical or medical education is required, as we focus on acquiring and refining the underpinning critical thinking skills needed to identify and articulate unmet clinical patient needs in contemporary healthcare settings. Many—if not a majority of—ideas leading to healthcare innovation are derived from issues that arise during the daily activities of caring for patients. Whether it is frustration with the use of a specific surgical instrument, processes that interfere with health care delivery, better waiting rooms for the family, designing more comfortable hospital gowns, or materials inadequate for intended outcomes, patient needs cover a broad range of physical and emotional states. Many students find the idea of identifying a “patient need” quite ambiguous at first, but the BioDesign process for defining patient need is a widely used national model developed at Stanford University that the student will find contains easy-to-follow steps that are simple and appealing. As an interactive and “hands-on” course, students will be engaged in discussions, events and activities to promote a first-hand understanding of “needs finding” to support individual mastery of writing and oral presentation skills.

The Fourth Hour will be centered on “walking tours” of local medical institutions around University Circle as well as actual use of medical devices (wheelchairs and crutches) on campus as ways to help your efforts identify a patient need based on those observations. In short, you will create your own experiences leading to stories that make writing fun. The course requires students to engage in written and oral communications as well as working in small teams to complete open-ended assignments.

FSNA 137. Volts, Amps, Bits, Bytes. 4 Units.
The electrical grid, the computer, biomedical devices, electric vehicles, interactive art, and smart homes are a few examples of the pervasiveness of electronics and computer technology. This seminar will introduce the engineering design process, and present the basics of electricity, electronic circuits, measurement, sensors, and microcomputers (the Arduino), and how to use them to design and build useful devices. Students will reverse-engineer products, learn electrical and mechanical prototyping and fabrication, and apply them in a variety of hands-on labs. The course will conclude with students proposing, designing, and prototyping innovative design projects. The course will make extensive use of the Sears Design Lab and Think[box] and is writing intensive.

FSNA 138. Light. 4 Units.
This course explores Light, otherwise know as visible electromagnetic radiation. We will examine what light is in its various forms; how it is created and detected; how we perceive it; and how it has influenced our evolutionary development, our technological, artistic, and religious cultures, and our conceptions of space and time. Students will discuss topics suggested by the course readings and by exposure to the many scientific activities, historical artifacts, and artistic works on the CWRU campus and at other local institutions that involve light in a significant way.

FSNA 142. Designed by Man, Built by Nature. 4 Units.
If you look at the structure of a human tendon, and at the reinforcement system in an automobile tire, they share many design elements in common. The eye of an octopus and a high performance surveillance lens can be similar as well. The structure of sea shell and of vehicular armor - again, these share common features. In this class we will examine how nature designs things for performance, and how mankind copies these to produce useful objects. Two general introductions to technology will be supplemented with specific readings from the technical literature to provide a broad introductory background. This writing-intensive seminar is tailored for incoming CWRU students with an interest in science, engineering and technology. Among other class activities this seminar will require the student to research, design and build prototype bio-inspired systems according to assignments made in class, with a competition held during the last week of the semester.

FSNA 143. Materials and Energy. 4 Units.
Manufacturing and using the materials of modern life—metals, polymers, ceramics, paper products, and others—play major roles in the world’s consumption of energy and natural resources. This course will objectively and (when applicable) quantitatively explore the technological and social forces that drive current levels of materials usage. Through readings, group discussions, writing assignments, and open-ended experiential learning activities, the course will address the following questions: What are the scale and geographical distribution of materials usage? How do the magnitude and impact of materials usage compare to those of other demands on energy and resources (such as agriculture, transportation, residential heating, and clean water)? What are the impacts—positive and negative—of materials consumption on society and the natural environment? How did the world get to its current situation, and what should, and can, be done in the future? Students successfully completing this course will be able to think critically and objectively about the role of materials in society’s use of energy and natural resources, and to articulate realistic, persuasive arguments based in quantifiable facts about these topics.

FSNA 148. Science or Pseudoscience? Exploring Extraordinary Claims. 4 Units.
In the contemporary world, extraordinary claims about ghosts, aliens, and the nature of the universe appear on popular television shows, on the Internet, and in the press. Many of these claims are framed as science. In this seminar, we critically examine the nature of these understandings of the world around us. We will ask if these claims are scientific and, if not, whether they constitute a form of pseudoscience. We will explore the role of demarcation, evidence, scientific progress, and fallacies of reasoning in pseudoscience. We will also consider the historical and sociocultural currents that give rise to these pseudoscientific claims as well as their social and political implications. Drawing on anthropological, philosophical, and historical case studies, we will consider topics such as cryptozoology, astrology, ancient aliens, parapsychology, the Nemesis theory of dinosaur extinctions, theories of intelligence, and other extraordinary claims.
FSSO Courses

FSSO 110. Conflict and Cooperation. 4 Units.
Why is it that when cooperation seems so likely, conflict breaks out? Or why at other times when conflict looms, cooperation wins out? This course explores the social and political complexities of this basic human condition. Through seminar discussions of classic readings, the course will introduce students to the basic social science concepts and theories used to explain conflict and cooperation. In addition to general knowledge, the course will also allow students hands on experience. Classroom time will be dedicated to simulating the decision making and negotiating dynamics which lead to cooperation or conflict. Studies will include individual, historical, and international cases. Graded projects will include small group negotiation and decision making exercises as well as individual writing tasks.

FSSO 111. The Ethnic/Racial Experience in America. 4 Units.
This four credit hour course focuses on the ethnic/racial experiences of Native, African, Latino and Asian Americans through representative works of fiction, nonfiction and film. We will look at the way racial and ethnic identities are produced through political struggle on a local/national/global scale and how they are maintained and transformed over time. We also pay close attention to the ways in which race and ethnicity intersect with gender, sexuality, class, parental pressure, and nation in order to better understand how systems of power and inequality are constructed, reinforced, and challenged.

FSSO 114. Music in Our Lives. 4 Units.
This seminar will examine the role, meaning, power, and influence of music in our lives. Readings, writing assignments, and fourth-hour events will focus on the following three themes: music is important, everyone is musical, and there are many uses of music and ways to be musical. Topics include the Cleveland music scene, the use of music in political movements, music in today's media, and the use of music to heal. This course will be characterized by intense yet open-ended intellectual inquiry, guided by reading from primary as well as secondary sources. It will also include practice in written and oral communication in small groups. The goals are to enhance basic intellectual skills of academic inquiry, such as critical reading, thoughtful analysis, and written and oral communication; to introduce basic information literacy skills; to provide a foundation for ethical decision-making; to encourage a global and multidisciplinary perspective on the learning process; to facilitate faculty-student interactions; and, in the most general sense, to provide a supportive common intellectual experience for first-year students at Case.

FSSO 116. Working-Class Heroes. 4 Units.
This course will focus on the representation of the American laborer in literary and other cultural texts. Beginning our study with mid-to-late nineteenth-century works, we will concentrate on how particularly working-class figures, viewing films, listening to music, and analyzing visual arts both in class and on visits to Cleveland cultural institutions. Writing Requirements include short critical response papers, two longer papers, and a final project accompanied by class presentations.

FSSO 119. Philanthropy in America. 4 Units.
This four-credit course provides an introduction to various dimensions of philanthropy and volunteerism. Using the seminar format and an array of interactive activities, we will conduct a broad but intellectual inquiry into the systems and ethics of giving time and money to charitable causes. In four units of inquiry, we will consider the giving traditions that have influenced American culture and society since its colonial days. We will examine the role that the Third Sector (also known as the Independent or Nonprofit Sector) plays as an agent of social change in a functioning democratic republic. We will explore the nature of donors and volunteers and take a critical look at the missions and goals of a cross section of nonprofit organizations. We will wrestle with ethical issues related to philanthropy and consider the giving patterns of different social, religious, and ethnic groups. We will also turn our collective thinking to how the nonprofit sector might better serve the social needs of the nation and the world. At the end of the semester, we will reflect on how our ideas about philanthropy have changed over the course of fifteen weeks.

FSSO 120. Poverty and Social Policy. 4 Units.
This course has two major foci: poverty and social policies designed to ameliorate poverty. Sociologists in the United States and in other countries have made major contributions to studies of poverty. They have primarily focused on income-based poverty, but more recently, have also studied other forms of poverty. In this class, we will examine different conceptualizations and measures of poverty. We will then examine short-term and long-term poverty experiences and their potential consequences. We will then turn to explanations of poverty: why are some individuals more likely to experience periods of low income than others? While the United States will be the focus of the course, we will contrast the experiences of other countries. The second component will be an analysis of social policies designed to ameliorate poverty. In particular, we will examine the development and rethrenchment of welfare states and other social policies, the various goals of social policy, and the different impacts social policies have had on individuals, families, other groups, and the country overall. This discussion will reflect on experiences of other countries.

FSSO 122. China in Modernization. 4 Units.
This four-credit hour course provides an introduction to various dimensions of modernization in contemporary China, especially cultural and social changes such as consumption, education, migration, and tourism as a result of economic reforms, trade expansion, foreign investments and technology transfer, especially the development of information technology. The seminar will also assess the impacts of these changes on various aspects of globalization and vice versa. It will be characterized by intense yet open-ended intellectual inquiry, guided by reading relevant material, and will include practice in written and oral communication in discussion forums and small groups. The goals are to enhance basic intellectual skills of academic inquiry, such as critical reading, thoughtful analysis, and written and oral communication; to introduce basic information on literacy skills; to provide a foundation for ethical decision-making; to encourage a global and multidisciplinary perspective on the learning process; to facilitate faculty-student interactions; and, in the most general sense, to provide a supportive common intellectual experience at CWRU.
FSSO 123. Ten Developments That Are Shaking The World. 4 Units.
This seminar is an introduction to some of the most important global developments of our times. We will examine these events through political, historical, economic, cultural, sociological, scientific and ethical lenses. Readings will come from a wide-range of sources, and assignments will include exercises in written and oral communication. The professor will choose the first three global developments to be investigated as well as the relevant readings. His topics will most likely be the proliferation of nuclear weapons, the rise of China as a great power and the fiftieth anniversary of the European Union. Each of the remaining seven will be chosen by small groups of students, who will assign the readings and run the sessions for their respective topic. Possible topics include the global food crisis, genocide and the failure of the world community to stop it, global warming and the growing gap between the world's rich and poor.

FSSO 126. Religion and the Ethics of War. 4 Units.
Although war is a highly rational, organized and purposeful affair, it also is the most destructive and bloody of human activities. For this reason, war and warfare has always been subject to various religious and moral restrictions. As technology has developed, the conduct of war has changed and the definitions of just and unjust war, as well as what it means to fight justly, have undergone profound changes. This course looks at war and warfare from a variety of angles and examines how various religious and moral thinkers have tried to define just war, and create guidelines for fighting a war justly. At the end of the semester, the course looks at the moral challenges presented by new technologies and new concepts of war.

FSSO 128. Movers and Shakers: Leadership. 4 Units.
"Never doubt that a small group of thoughtful, committed citizens can change the world. Indeed, it is the only thing that ever has" (Margaret Mead, 1901-1978). This seminar is about understanding what enables people to make a generative impact on the world. Students will explore the socio-emotional and motivational characteristics of effective leaders and their ability to create positive change. Students will also be encouraged to develop their own theories of leadership and to explore their personal approaches to making a difference. The seminar will profile leaders from different occupations and walks of life. Seminar sessions will feature assigned readings on leaders and change agents, class discussion on what drives movers and shakers, and individual and group presentations on class members' emergent leadership perspectives. A key objective of the seminar is the development of critical thinking skills, writing skills, and verbal skills. Consequently, the weekly class readings, reflection papers on class readings, class discussions, class presentations (individual and group), and final project are vital features of the seminar experience. Students will be expected to leave the seminar with a grounded perspective on leaders and leadership, and the ability to articulate their own personal views on making a difference in the world.

FSSO 129. Perspectives on Inequality. 4 Units.
We live in a world in which millions of people die every year in developing countries due to poverty-related conditions. Within the United States, where most commentators characterize the population as "middle class," at least 35 million people live in poverty. This course examines social inequality from multiple perspectives. We will discuss the concepts of poverty, discrimination, and social change on a global and national level. The first third of the course assesses several economic, cultural, and environmental theories of inequality. We will then survey a wide range of scholarship that has addressed various types of social inequalities from diverse viewpoints.

FSSO 131. Social, Political, Economic Environment of Cleveland Northeast Ohio Region. 4 Units.
This First Seminar will focus on the socio/political/economic environment of the Cleveland/Northeast Ohio Region. Students will be encouraged to explore the agents that create change in our region; major employers and start-up innovative businesses, politicians, philanthropic funds and grassroots activists. Our analysis will also include the topic of growth. Definitions of it, creation of it, measurement of it, equity of it and sustainability of it.

FSSO 132. Legal Lessons in Poems and Plays. 4 Units.
This First Seminar will focus on law-related practical and philosophical lessons learned through poems and plays. At its core is the belief that by studying law in literature, students can become better thinkers and writers, readers and speakers, as well as better participants in civic affairs. This seminar will broaden and deepen students' understanding of the presence of literature and human nature in law and society.

FSSO 140. Working-Class Literature. 4 Units.
In her volume, Silences (1978), writer Tillie Olson refers to the relationship between social class and literature as "the great unexamined." This statement still largely rings true, despite the continued production of novels, films, and poems depicting the working-class, and despite the unprecedented growth in recent years of America's working class. In this course, we will examine the relationship between social class and literature, reading narratives written by and about laborers in the hopes of understanding the complexities of working-class life in America, including the intricate ways in which economic status mediates one's sense of identity. Beginning our study with mid-to-late nineteenth-century works, we will consider ideas about economics, race, and gender that have shaped and that continue to influence the depiction of the working-class. Throughout the course, we will pair literary and historical readings with pop-cultural materials, viewing films, listening to music, and analyzing visual arts both in class and on visits to Cleveland cultural institutions such as the Western Reserve Historical Society and the Maltz Museum of Jewish History.

FSSO 143. Living With and Making Decisions Concerning Injustice. 4 Units.
Injustice. What do you think of when you hear that word? There are all types of injustice in this world, and chances are that during our lifetime we will either find ourselves in a position or system of power, perpetrating injustice on others; or in a position or system of supposed impotence, a subject of injustice. What are our choices? How will we respond? In this course we will examine the topic of living with and making decisions concerning injustice using, as an example, the specific injustice of slavery, examining the lives and decisions of both a famous slaveholder and two not-so-famous slaves; and learning from their lives and decisions how we might, ourselves, live with and make decisions concerning injustices we face in our lives.
FSSO 145. Berlin in History, History in Berlin. 4 Units.
From its emergence as a fishing village in the sandy marshes of the eastern frontier of Germany, to its 21st-century role as a cosmopolitan metropolis, Berlin has embodied the arc of change over time in human society. This course uses the history of the city of Berlin as the lens through which to contemplate the complexity of human social and cultural arrangements, their expression in economics and politics (including war), and the imbrication of human cultural and social constructions with the "natural" world. We will read books and articles about the history, culture, economy, and politics of Berlin, primarily from its establishment as the capital of new German Empire in 1871 to the present. We will view films that introduce us to the manic energy that Berlin represented in the transition to modernity. We will visit local museums that house examples of the material culture of Berlin, from the Cleveland Museum of Art to the Rock and Roll Hall of Fame and Museum. We will listen to the music of Berlin, from the baroque of the Brandenburg Concertos to the heavy metal of the Skorpions. And we will learn its history, from fishing village, to court city, to imperial metropolis and industrial engine, to divided symbol of the Cold War, to de-industrialized center of art, government, education, and incubator of high-technology. This First Seminar will prepare students to pursue their undergraduate degrees grounded in thinking about places in time, about change over time, and about human creativity, while preparing them to write and speak about their arguments with clarity and grace.

FSSY Courses

FSSY 106. Trauma and Memory: Modes of Remembrance and Representation. 4 Units.
The twentieth century has often been referred to as a traumatic century, characterized by unprecedented and unimaginable acts of violence. Traumatic events have engrained themselves into both individual and collective memory structures. Not surprisingly, trauma studies have become a central topic of investigation across disciplinary lines. Yet much of the field is still negotiated. We will try to recreate this ongoing discussion in our classroom, when learning, talking, and writing about trauma and its remembrance. The goal of this writing-intensive seminar is to give insight into the topic as well as introduce students to academic research, life, and expression. At first we will familiarize ourselves and take part in some fundamental debates: the distinction of memory and history, false memories, individual and collective memories, as well as the definitions of trauma across the disciplines. We will then have a closer look at the difficulty faced by researchers who grapple with trauma and its remembrance. In a final segment we will analyze representations of traumatic memories in public spaces, literature, and the visual arts.

FSSY 108. First Seminar: The Language of Sport. 4 Units.
This seminar explores, through the medium of sport literature, significant periods of life: maturing, playing, living, loving, aging, and dying. Through the genre of sport literature, the course explores sport as metaphor, fantasy, and myth in context (1) time and death, (2) religion and philosophy, and (3) the human condition. Literal, symbolic, euphonic, mythical and figurative interpretations of poetic sport in literature and the plot, point of view, characterization, symbolism, and emotion consideration when reading sport fiction serve as the framework for discussion concerning self, the meaning of sport and life, and the interaction of sport, culture, and self.

FSSY 110. The Greek Hero Since Antiquity. 4 Units.
The Greek Hero and Heroic Culture since Antiquity: the Classical Tradition in Literature and the Arts is the specific topic of this seminar. The influence of ancient Greece on subsequent Western civilization has been profound. This course focuses on the impact of Greek mythology on the literature and arts of five later periods: the Middle Ages, the Renaissance, the Baroque, the Revolutionary Age (1750-1848), and the Modern period. While there are many aspects of Greek mythology that we might investigate, the story of the Trojan War will serve as a central, unifying myth for exploration. The concept of the hero evolved considerably between the time of Homer and the time of Euripides; yet, the Homeric heroes continued to appear in literature and the arts from ancient times onward. How has the concept of the hero inherited from Homer changed in literature and art since antiquity? Does the word "hero" still have value? Are there relevant and meaningful applications of this very specific Greek word outside literature and art in our time? These are just some of the questions we shall consider in our study of the Greek Hero and Heroic Culture since Antiquity in literature and the arts.

FSSY 112. Shakespeare - Still a Hit. 4 Units.
What is the enduring appeal of the works of William Shakespeare? Not only are the plays themselves popular today; there are also many film versions and adaptations, some recent and some dating back to the early days of cinema. In this First Seminar, students will read approximately six Shakespeare plays, including at least one history, comedy, and tragedy. In addition, they will view at least one film version or adaptation of each play. With the help of Kelvin Smith Library, the films will be made available on streaming video with password-protected access, enabling students to view them when convenient and as often as necessary. Since this class (like all First Seminars) is writing-intensive, students will complete four formal essays as well as frequent in-class writing activities. There will also be in-class readings from the plays, discussions of the various film adaptations, and one or two short oral presentations or activities.

FSSY 113. Movies and Meaning. 4 Units.
This course explores methods for interpreting films. To interpret a film is a more aggressive and creative activity than is simply viewing one. How do critics and researchers of cinema "make meaning"? What strategies do they use? How does one mount a film interpretation that is both novel and persuasive? The course will emphasize close reading of films as, each week, we screen a film and together discuss what meanings we can infer from it. Also each week, we'll read an essay that offers an interpretation of the film. We'll analyze the reading in light of our sense of the film under consideration. Students will write short essays, approximately one every two weeks, in which they analyze the rhetorical and interpretive strategies of a given film analysis. Students will share their essays with the class, and these readings will serve as bases for class discussions. Final writing projects will consist of student interpretations of a film. At least twice during the semester, the class will, in substitution for the weekly required evening screening, attend a film off campus--either at the Cleveland Cinematheque or at the Cleveland Museum of Art. The course emphasizes writing instruction and discussion in a seminar format. There will be required evening screenings each week.
FSSY 119. Art, Music and The Museum. 4 Units.
This four credit-hour course provides an introduction to art, music, and the museum, particularly the intersections between and among these three subject areas. Formal training in these disciplines is not required. The course will be characterized by intense yet open-ended intellectual inquiry and guided by readings and the experience of artworks from a wide range of styles and cultures. A strong emphasis will be placed on academic writing. The goals are to enhance basic intellectual skills including critical reading, thoughtful analysis, and written and oral communication (including PowerPoint presentation); to introduce basic information literacy skills; to encourage a global and multidisciplinary perspective on the learning process; to facilitate faculty-student interactions; and, in the most general sense, to provide a supportive intellectual experience for first-year students at Case.

FSSY 126. Fly Fishing: The Sport, the Metaphysics, and the Literature. 4 Units.
The seminar will explore the sport of fly-fishing--and an individual's relationship to the natural world surrounding them--as presented in both fiction and non-fiction. Selected texts will provide the impetus for posing such questions as: What is the fundamental nature of sport, how does it vary from other forms of recreation, and can a sport be considered an art? What prompts the various authors to often imbue the fly-fishing with metaphysical, spiritual, or aesthetic dimensions? How does the intent and style of this genre of writing differ from those of traditional academic research? How might these elements of craft be applied and integrated into an effective academic writing style? In addition to considering the stylistic and philosophical approaches to the topic, seminar participants will also engage in several experiential learning sessions involving certain skill aspects of fly casting and tying, and consider those experiences both in discussion and written assignments.

FSSY 127. The Music of New Orleans. 4 Units.
This course focuses on the musical landscape of New Orleans from the late 18th century to the present. We will look at the diverse musics of the city, including opera and orchestral music, slave song, Gospel, solo piano, ragtime, jazz, rhythm and blues, rock and roll, and Cajun and zydeco. Through the course, students will develop a better understanding of music and music history and a deeper knowledge about the history of New Orleans. The course spends considerable time on communication: public speaking, discussion, and writing. Fourth Hour trips will include visits to the Rock and Roll Hall of Fame and the Western Reserve Historical Society.

FSSY 131. Death and Representation. 4 Units.
This four credit-hour course will explore the ways death has been represented in visual culture, from ancient times to the contemporary epoch. Can death, something abstract and never directly experienced, ever be represented? Throughout the ages, how have artists, patrons, and viewers influenced the imagery of death, and how, in turn, have they been influenced by it? The course includes multiple visits to the Cleveland Museum of Art, the Natural History Museum, and the Museum of Contemporary Art.

FSSY 137. Cultural Representations: Ideologies, Images, and the World. 4 Units.
Narrative forms, such as myths, folktales, novels, films, and the media make significant contributions to the varied ways that people understand and imagine the spatial structures of the world. Specifically, this course will help you a) to develop an understanding of how narratives and the media have an impact on the ways we come to terms with geopolitical regions and how geopolitical regions are invented and imagined; b) to point out and address geopolitical assumptions, over-generalizations and to engage concepts such as the 'East' and 'West,' etc. critically; c) to analyze travel narratives, films, and current media representations of certain areas of the world and situate your observations into a wider set of theoretical problems; and d) to develop a set of reading skills that will help you to decipher texts (both primary and secondary) so that you can formulate productive questions and articulate your intellectual discoveries in a compelling way.

FSSY 141. "Renaissance" Men and Women: Polymaths from Late Antiquity to Leonardo Da Vinci. 4 Units.
The term "Renaissance man" is often used to refer to a polymath, someone whose expertise spans numerous and diverse subject areas. Leonardo da Vinci (1452-1519), perhaps the most famous polymath of all, was an artist, scientist, engineer, musician, and indeed a man who lived during the Renaissance. Yet already in late antiquity and the Middle Ages many of the great thinkers were polymaths, and they were not all men. This course examines the intellectual contributions of Leonardo da Vinci and two earlier polymaths: Saint Augustine (390-430CE), a north African bishop, philosopher, and theologian who became a Doctor of the Church; and Hildegard of Bingen (1098-1179), a German nun who was a composer, philosopher, herbalist, and mystic visionary. Through discussion of writings by these three figures and of secondary literature about them, the course explores their intellectual diversity and the cultural forces that shaped them. It also examines what it meant to be a polymath at various points in history, why polymaths have become associated with the Renaissance and with men specifically, and why there are relatively few polymaths today.

UCAP Courses

UCAP 390. Conservation of National Parks and Protected Areas: A Service Learning Capstone. 3 Units.
This capstone course explores environmental conservation with a focus on protected natural areas and community engagement. Limited to a small group that meets in weekly seminar, the course investigates the often competing interests of ecosystem protection, private development, historic preservation, and public use. A vital part of the capstone is a service learning trip during break when students travel to a National Park or other protected area to contribute to conservation efforts and to gain hands-on experience with environmental management activities. Each student chooses an issue relevant to protected areas to investigate throughout the semester and writes a significant paper about that issue, utilizing the service learning trip experience to deepen their understanding and analysis of the issue. At the end of the semester, each student makes a public presentation of his/her work. Counts as SAGES Senior Capstone. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a 100 level first year seminar in USFS, FSNA, FSCC, FSSO, FSSY or FSCS.
UCAP 395. SAGES Capstone Experience. 1 - 6 Unit.
UCAP 395 affords students the opportunity to pursue a capstone experience outside the constraints of SAGES capstone courses offered by individual academic departments. Students must identify a project, a mentor and an oversight committee. If the mentor is not a Case faculty member, then the student must also identify a faculty advisor who does hold such an appointment and who will serve as the instructor of record. A capstone experience can take various forms but must include certain elements: critical thinking, regular oversight by the project advisor(s), periodic written and oral reporting of progress, a final written report which describes the project activity (which may be a performance, experiment, student teaching, live case analysis, creative writing endeavor, etc.), and a final public presentation. More details about course policies, including procedures for registering, are available via the SAGES office and web site. UCAP 395 may be taken as a one-semester or a two-semester course for 1-6 credits in any given semester and 3-6 credits total. Permit from Director of SAGES required. Counts as SAGES Senior Capstone.

UCAP 395A. Engage Cleveland Capstone Experience. 3 Units.
This community-based capstone provides a unique opportunity for students to learn about and become involved in community issues in greater Cleveland. Limited to a small group of students, the capstone weaves together hands-on experience and academic inquiry through which students learn about urban issues, community engagement, and about themselves as leaders and advocates for social change. The capstone has two parts - a summer community-based experience (non-credit) followed by a fall semester academic capstone course (3-credit), which utilizes and builds upon the summer experience. Counts as SAGES Senior Capstone.

USNA Courses

USNA 204. The Evolution of Scientific Ideas. 3 Units.
Scientific understanding has evolved over the years. There are very few beliefs about the natural world that have remained intact over the past few centuries, or even the past few decades. The chief goal of the course will be to give students an understanding of how scientific ideas change and how newer ideas supersede the old. Questions to be investigated include: What is Science? How do disciplinary scientific communities (physicists, chemists, biologists, etc.) form and identify themselves? How does the community of scientists within a discipline come to a consensus that it is time to adopt a new paradigm: What scientific, social, political, and cultural factors come into play during the periods of transition? The course will be in seminar format. The students will be given opportunities to explicitly develop critical thinking skills (the specific skills to be developed will be selected by the class from an explicit list) and writing and speaking skills. Class meetings will be used to share their research results and to study the assigned texts and papers. The students will be required to demonstrate their understanding in a variety of ways. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSSO, FSSY or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

USNA 206. Land and Life in the Americas. 3 Units.
This course investigates the physical processes that shape the Earth's environments and how these environments have influenced, and been influenced by, human history. A principle focus will be the evolution of the Americas since the end of the last ice age. We will apply what we learn to the history of cultural development and to debate environmental issues facing us today. This class is limited to students participating in SAGES. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSSO, FSSY or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

USNA 211. Einstein, Space and Time. 3 Units.
This course will explore the profound changes in our conception of space and time brought about by Einstein's theories of special and general relativity. As a University Seminar, it will also integrate writing and discussion about these topics into the class and explore the philosophical and technological context in which the ideas were developed. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSSO, FSSY or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

USNA 216. Fuel Cells–Reality, Prospects and Myth. 3 Units.
Fuel cells have been recently identified as a key source for non-polluting, oil-independent energy in the future. In this course, we will study and critically analyze the prospects, barriers, and impact of broad implementation of fuel cells, focusing primarily on the transportation sector. Major topics of the course include: (i) World and U.S. energy outlook; (ii) Potential role and impact of fuel-cells, their advantages, limitations and prospects for improvements; (iii) Alternative fuels–source, availability, distribution and cost; (iv) Potential political, public policy, economic, and environmental impact of large-scale implementation of fuel-cells technology. The course is designed for students from all disciplines. Students will be expected to read assigned texts and articles and critically analyze statements and points of view presented. Quantitative analysis is expected where appropriate. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSSO, FSSY or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

USNA 220. Suburban Landscapes: Nature, Technology, and Culture. 3 Units.
This course will examine suburban neighborhoods by focusing on the design of technology and nature in these spaces. The way that people understand and operate in the world is so entangled with values and assumptions that the physical shape of the world cannot be separated from human culture. In this sense, suburban landscapes are not simply neighborhoods but also examples of culture. The form of the land and the technologies in the suburbs are continually reshaped to correspond with the cultures of the people occupying those spaces. By studying suburban landscapes we can see how the ideas in people's heads become part of the physical world in which we live. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSSO, FSSY or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

USNA 223. Critical Science Fiction. 3 Units.
The emphasis of this seminar will be on developing skills of critical analysis of science fiction. A goal of the course is that the students will be able to distinguish plausible from impossible when they read their next science fiction book or watch a sci-fi movie. Upon completion of the course, the students should be well equipped to recognize scientifically unrealistic assumptions and statements in pseudoscientific books, movies, TV programs and other mass media sources. The course will be sufficiently flexible to allow coverage of topics that are proposed by, and interesting to, students, or the topics which would arise during discussions. The course will encourage open-minded approach to understanding controversial areas, as well as emphasize the great achievements that humankind made in the short historical period of our civilization. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSSO, FSSY or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.
USNA 224. Food, Farming, and Economic Prosperity. 3 Units.
Intended to challenge conventional thinking about “progress”, this course will examine the evolution of food production and consumption in the U.S. over the past 50 years. We will begin with the topic of food, itself. We will explore fundamental questions such as, What is food? Why should we care? Where does food come from? Why does it matter what we eat, and equally important, what we eat eats? Students will explore their own eating habits by keeping a journal of what, when, where, and how they eat. Discussions will focus on the social, cultural, nutritional, and technological aspects of food. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSSO, FSSY or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

USNA 226. Evolution of Human Behavior. 3 Units.
Human behavior is a result of the complex interplay between our genes and the environment, both of which have been shaped by evolutionary forces over millions of years. To what extent does natural selection shape our behavior today? Are humans naturally monogamous? Why do conflicts arise even in our most intimate relationships? Is human behavior ultimately in the service of reproductive success, ensuring that our genes are passed into the next generation? This course reviews the history of evolutionary theories of mind and behavior, as well as current ideas about the ecological and genetic components of behavior. We will examine key principles of neurobiology, sociobiology, and evolutionary psychology to critically evaluate evolutionary interpretations of human behaviors, including those comprising cultural traditions and social institutions. Specific topics to be addressed include human mate choice, parenting strategies, interpersonal conflict, and altruism. The course is structured as a seminar, with emphasis on discussion and formation of logical arguments. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSSO, FSSY or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

USNA 229. Astronomical Arguments: Pluto, Dark Matter, and Beyond. 3 Units.
This course explores how scientific controversies are resolved, using examples from astronomy and cosmology. We start with a discussion of the scientific process—both as an ideal and as a practical reality—and an overview of the scale of the universe in space and time. Then we address some historical controversies (with the benefit of scientific hindsight), made, the divergent ways in which thinkers such as Galileo and Kepler responded to official disapproval of their ideas, and the consequences of humanity's displacement when the model of a geocentric universe gave way to the current model of an expanding universe. Students will acquire historical and practical knowledge of such instruments in part through hands-on acquaintance with telescopes and other devices in the collection of the Cleveland Museum of Natural History. Students will also examine the historical context in which advances in astronomy were made, the divergent ways in which thinkers such as Galileo and Kepler responded to official disapproval of their ideas, and the consequences of humanity's displacement when the model of a geocentric universe gave way to the current model of an expanding universe. The seminar will include assignments in expository and persuasive writing, with an emphasis on improving and revising one's work and developing a well-researched final paper. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSSO, FSSY or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

USNA 231. Cholesterol: The Good, the Bad, and the Money. 3 Units.
Cholesterol molecules are essential building blocks of human cells and are required for biosynthesis of some hormones. The word “cholesterol” has, however, become notorious as several diseases are linked to improper bio-processing of the molecule. Indeed, all middle-aged people are encouraged to have their cholesterol checked and monitored as needed. This course will educate students with respect to the role of cholesterol in human health and in specific disease states. Students will learn the difference between “good” and “bad” cholesterol, and the rationale for these labels. Additional topics include dietary contributions to cholesterol, cholesterol lowering drugs, the continuing evolution of what is considered to be a healthy blood cholesterol level and the factors driving this changing scale. Reading assignments will range from News Paper articles to scientific publications. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSSO, FSSY or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

USNA 235. Exploring a Sense of Place. 3 Units.
Having a sense of place, or a rooted understanding of where we live, shapes our identity, actions, and commitment to community. In this course, we will go beyond the “campus bubble” to explore the concept and development of a sense of place by studying and photographing the Doan Brook, our local watershed. Course readings, writing, and discussion will focus on Doan Brook’s natural history, local environmental issues, and sustainability. We will utilize photography as a primary tool for investigating and connecting to place as we undertake a photography project documenting the Doan Brook, which will be shared with the community. We will also consider our responsibility to place and learn about community-based initiatives in which people have committed to place and taken action to make a difference. Throughout the course, we will develop a stronger understanding of Case’s ecological address and the intersection of sense of place, environmental issues, and engagement with the watershed. We will explore firsthand where we are--and why it matters. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSSO, FSSY or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

USNA 236. Upheavals in Astronomy. 3 Units.
Why the uproar over the invention of the telescope? How does the scientific method really work to advance knowledge? What do astronomers fear is the fate of the universe? This seminar begins with an introduction to the scientific instruments that brought about revolutionary changes in our understanding of the cosmos. Students will acquire historical and practical knowledge of such instruments in part through hands-on acquaintance with telescopes and other devices in the collection of the Cleveland Museum of Natural History. Students will also examine the historical context in which advances in astronomy were made, the divergent ways in which thinkers such as Galileo and Kepler responded to official disapproval of their ideas, and the consequences of humanity's displacement when the model of a geocentric universe gave way to the current model of an expanding universe. The seminar will include assignments in expository and persuasive writing, with an emphasis on improving and revising one's work and developing a well-researched final paper. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSSO, FSSY or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.
USNA 237. Landscape History and Conservation. 3 Units.

Human history is intimately intertwined with the natural landscape on which it occurred. From coastal preserves and their beach communities to Midwestern farmland and the preserved site of Thoreau's Walden Pond cabin, and at places like the Grand Canyon, the American landscape itself holds many clues to our country's natural, ecological, and cultural history. This course will investigate the lived landscape in two ways (which have a multitude of shades to them): as a place where humans shape the natural for their own memorial, productive, and aesthetic uses, or as a natural place that humans set aside or conserve. We will read landscape history and conservation theory, and we will consider global practices of conservation through UNESCO's World Heritage Sites. Class work will entail a process-oriented project on the Cleveland landscape, which students are encouraged to approach through the lens of their major. We will visit the Wade Oval and the cultural gardens of Rockefeller Park as an example of current conservation practices working to protect the natural and cultural value of the local landscape. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSSO, FSSY or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

USNA 238. The Role of Materials Science in Emerging Technologies. 3 Units.

The development of engineering applications is, and has historically been, closely related to the development of new engineering materials. In fact, specific civilizations and time periods in the past are classified by the materials used for engineering applications, e.g., the Bronze Age. This university seminar will examine the role of materials developments in the past, as well as explore the needs and impact of new materials in emerging technologies; areas of focus will be (i) Power generation, transmission and storage, (ii) Electronic devices and electronic applications, and (iii) Biomedical engineering and medical imaging applications. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSSO, FSSY or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

USNA 240. Technologies of the City. 3 Units.

Based on the premise that cities are never "finished," and constantly being remade, the University Seminar, Technologies of the City, will look at the technological and cultural history of cities from the ancient world to the present day. Students will explore the history of building materials—wood, brick, steel, concrete, and glass—used in the construction of cities. We will also trace the development of city infrastructure such as electricity, water and sewage systems, streets bridges, and subways. Technological innovations, such as the automobile, will receive special consideration. We will move moth geographically and temporally to visit the world's great cities, studying examples of significant building projects, such as the Brooklyn Bridge, the Chicago World’s Fair, and Cleveland’s first skyscraper, the Rockefeller Building. The course will cover the history of the professions—engineering, architecture, and urban planning—that have contributed to the construction of cities, and will review the works of these practitioners, as well as that of artists, reformers, and utopians that have imagined new directions for the city. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSSO, FSSY or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

USNA 241. Urban Transportation. 3 Units.

The course is intended to examine the variety of issues associated with urban transportation. To provide focus the Cleveland metropolitan area will be used as the example urban environment. The issues that will be addressed include the perceived transportation needs, the mutual influences of perceived needs and the transportation system, the effect on business, residence, recreation and entertainment, the variety of approaches that have been used or suggested in the United States and abroad and the approaches that might be used, the resources needed, and the time needed to make changes. It is expected that the students will further develop the issues that should be addressed, do the necessary study of available information, discuss the issues, and finally report on their findings, conclusions and possibly recommendations. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSSO, FSSY or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

USNA 243. CWRU's Carbon Footprint. 3 Units.

CWRU has conducted dozens of energy efficiency projects addressing sustainability, energy, and climate issues. All of which aims at reducing the University's environmental footprint. A core component of CWRU's first carbon footprint inventory, is engaging in strategies for reducing greenhouse gas emissions. Using the campus as a living laboratory, participants will complete CWRU's first carbon footprint inventory, and will collectively write the University's first Climate Action Plan. Students will become familiar with general climate issues and will conduct an institutional greenhouse gas inventory using data on CWRU's energy consumption and other pertinent institutional practices. Complementing the practical aspects of the course, we will also explore organizational and economic opportunities in sustainability, energy, policy, and processes of organizational change for sustainability. Many examples from other campuses will be used in addition to expert guest speakers. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSSO, FSSY or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

USNA 245. The Impact of Technology on Society. 3 Units.

There is commonly a lack of understanding and appreciation of how the spread of advanced technologies (the artifacts of engineering) has led to economic, social, and political changes on a global scale. As a result, young people do not think that careers in science and engineering are rewarding and useful or do they think of technology as one of the most powerful forces for social change. Furthermore, in a world where advanced knowledge is widespread and low-cost labor is readily available, U.S. advantages in the marketplace and in science and engineering have begun to erode. We want to be able to compete in the world. Economic growth is driven by technological innovation. Societies that foster it lead the pack, while others lag behind. An enlightened citizenry is essential both to support and to engage in new developments in science and engineering. Insights will be given on how engineering innovations develop and have changed the world, both good and bad and, hopefully, it will be clear that engineering is essential to meet many of the major global challenges of the future. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSSO, FSSY or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.
USNA 247. Epidemics in Human History. 3 Units.
This course will examine the role of epidemics (of all types) in human history. Disease has shaped our society in many ways and continues to do so. Despite the plethora of antibiotic and antiviral drugs since 1940, 90% of the decrease in (First World) infectious disease is due to simple public health measures and better hygiene. But overuse of antibiotics increasingly is causing the rapid evolution of "superbugs" that threaten new plagues and epidemics. Both historical and modern epidemics of plague, smallpox, Salmonella, cholera, tuberculosis, and HIV/AIDS will be examined. The interaction of these epidemics with societies and how the epidemics influence society, cultures, art, and literature will be major topics of discussion. The course is primarily discussion with short student presentations. In addition, 3-4 short "Front Lines" talks by and discussion with CWRU and University Hospital clinicians will explore today's realities of epidemics, infection, and antibiotic resistance in the United States, Uganda, South Africa and elsewhere. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSSO, FSSY or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

USNA 252. The Future of Food. 3 Units.
Since World War II, science and technology have transformed the way Americans produce and consume food. This transformation has been supported by government policies and accomplished through the application of industrial methods in agriculture, food processing, and food delivery. Such methods have allowed a tiny fraction of the American population to produce vast quantities of food products at very low prices for American consumers. But this American diet, while inexpensive, has turned out to be high in sugar, fat, and processed grains that are contributing to chronic disease such as diabetes and obesity. In addition, environmental impacts of confined animal feeding operations, vast monoculture grain production, and global food transport are raising questions about the sustainability of American agribusiness. This seminar will explore the evolution of food production in the United States since World War II and will ask the question: is it possible to nourish the world's population using nutrition and flavor as guiding principles rather than cost? What is the true meaning of "sustainability" in agriculture? The last third of the course will be devoted to creating a plan for using part of the University Farm to grow food for the University. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSSO, FSSY or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

USNA 258. Designing Urban Green Space. 3 Units.
In this course, we will investigate the history, theory and practical design of green space in cities. We will focus on types of green space and their community function, relationship to commerce, aesthetics, recreation, ecology, and health in particular. Students will engage in group projects where they locate all underused space in Cleveland (vacant space, gray or brown fields) and will propose a new use for it as green space of some kind. Individual research projects will be related to that site. Lively class discussion and frequent reading responses required. Mandatory field trip to sites in downtown Cleveland. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSSO, FSSY or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

USNA 259. Bring Out Your Dead. 3 Units.
This course examines the interplay between history and plague outbreaks. Course readings draw largely on the writings and experiences of scientists, physicians, and public health officials. By taking a historical approach to the study of the relationship between human history and the history of disease, students will learn about the development of the scientific method (namely the slow process by which humans learned to identify, categorize, and respond to disease), how science develops in specific historic contexts, the consequence of scientific inquiry, and what humans do when they are faced with imminent death. A tentative list of plagues includes: the Athenian Plague, Black Death, Yellow Fever, TB, Malaria, Influenza in 1918, and AIDS. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSSO, FSSY or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

USNA 260. Life in the Past. 3 Units.
This course will focus on how we learn, discover, and make conclusions about life in the deep past. What types of life were present? And how can we understand their extinction? A principal focus will be how extinctions in North and South America have affected both the land and its animals and, consequently, the course of human development. We will look at megafauna from the local area in conjunction with the "Extreme Mammals" exhibit at the Cleveland Museum of Natural History, read about the fossil boom, study the Dodo, and look at scientific ways in which animals are currently being completely re-imagined via technology (computer bone/muscle articulation, eating habits, climate models, etc.). We will also look at the cultural ways in which we view these "dinosaurs" (movies, children's books, museum exhibits) and see if it helps or hurts our scientific and historical understanding of them. At heart, our main question will be: can you really understand a time, space and creature that has been extinct for millions of years? How? Why? And why do these "monsters" hold such fascination for us? Does their disappearance bode well of the human race? Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSSO, FSSY or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.
USNA 265. Thinking National Parks. 3 Units.
This seminar provides students an opportunity to explore U.S. national parks and their history of displaying both nature and culture. This discussion-based, writing- and research-focused class requires students to examine a park system that is both extraordinarily popular and rife with controversy. We begin with several recurring questions: Where did the national parks idea come from? How has the park mission evolved and adapted? Can parks be "read" as texts, and if so, how does our point of view determine what we see? How do parks arrange displays of cultural and natural worlds, and how do they display interactions therein? How can changing park philosophies be reflected in their physical apparatus and infrastructure? Students will participate in regular class discussions, occasionally lead these same discussions, complete formal writing assignments, and develop a final research project. The course readings will alternate between historical and present-day selections, so that we explore the history of U.S. national parks while simultaneously considering challenges and controversies that matter very much today. Early readings will include John Muir and Gifford Pinchot; current trends will be explored in the writings of William Cronon, Alfred Runte, and Jennifer Price, among many others. We will view significant portions of Ken Burns' recent PBS series The National Parks: America's Best Idea. The ultimate "text" for the class, however, is an actual national park. Each student will choose a national park as the basis for their semester-long project. Students will begin with description and history of their park, and then they will explore controversies or other issues in the park, developing their own argument. Next, students will have a chance to play architect/landscaper/park-superintendent, as they propose a change to the park that would address an existing problem or enhance the visitors' experience. Finally, students will gather these pieces into a single coherent project, submitting a 10-15 page final essay as well as producing an engaging class presentation. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in USNA 265. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

USNA 266. Life After the Death of Print. 3 Units.
Around 1439, Johannes Gutenberg invented the moveable type printing press, a technological development that altered the world by ushering in an era of mass, reproducible communication. For nearly 500 years, print technologies have dominated communications. Scholars have shown that print's ability to disseminate information led to revolutions in art, science and politics. In short, print technologies have largely defined what it means to be a thinking and communicating human being. The emergence of digital technologies has altered communications in ways that are only now being understood. This course examines how developments in digital technologies impact communication practices by threatening print's historic stronghold. Consequently, the course also explores what impact new technologies have on human identity. We will consider the historical development of display technologies (printed materials and digital screens) to understand what is at stake in the move from print to digital communication. We will then investigate current phenomena associated with Web 2.0, including blogs and social networks, in order to understand how our communication choices construct and allow for our public and private identities. Additionally, the course will examine new display technologies, such as iPhones and Kindles, that allow for the possibly constant dissemination of those identities. Finally, we will hypothesize about how digital technologies force us to conceive of human identity differently from the ways that print invites. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in USNA 266. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

USNA 270. Alternative Energy Sources. 3 Units.
Alternative energy sources are needed, because of limited fossil fuel resources, increased demand, and environmental impacts. This course will deal with the issues of alternative energy sources. Various sources such as solar (thermal and photovoltaic), hydroelectric, wind, geothermal, ocean thermal, wave, tidal and geothermal energy, as well as energy from biomass will be discussed in order to determine what is practical on a large scale, as well as on the scale of the individual homeowner. We will pay attention to the efficiency of each alternative energy source as well as what limitations exist in terms of extracting useable energy. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in USNA 270. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

USNA 271. Gene, Environment and Behavior. 3 Units.
The goal of this course is to encourage students to be well informed and critical consumers of the media reports about the influence of genes and environment on human behavior. This course involves the book by Matt Ridley titled, "Genome: The autobiography of a species in 23 chapters." Ridley has a Ph.D. in zoology, worked as a journalist, science editor, and national newspaper columnist. The book devotes a chapter to each pair of human chromosomes. Each chapter focuses on the role of a gene. Ridley's book was published in 1999; therefore, students will conduct their own research to update each of the chapters in Ridley's book. The first few weeks of class will be used to provide a background on genetics research through field trips and guest lectures from CWRU genetic researchers. We will have several writing workshops spread throughout the semester to offer "Just in Time" tips needed to write critical evaluations and literature reviews. Each student will present twice during the semester. The first oral presentation will revolve around a summary, critical evaluation, and an update of the human trait presented in the Ridley book on their assigned chromosome. The presentation will be about 15 minutes with 5 minutes left for questions. Students not presenting will be assigned one of the three chromosomes (chapters) covered that day and they will each write a seminar question to pose to the class. In addition, each student will also serve as a reviewer for one of the presentations to provide constructive feedback to the presenter. The second presentation will consist of new material found by each student about genes on their chromosome. They must find another trait on their chromosome and present the most current information available on that trait. In place of a final exam, each student will turn in a research paper on their assigned chromosome. We will build these papers throughout the semester with a series of graded "checkpoint" assignments. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in USNA 271. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.
USNA 272. The Thames Watershed. 3 Units.
In this seminar, we will investigate the London, England-area Thames watershed and its associated concerns, like urban development, watershed management, aquatic species conservation, and habitat engineering and restoration. A critical part of this seminar will be a spring break field trip to London. On the field trip, we will focus on London’s rivers and their history and ecology. We will study the Lea River Valley (where the 2012 summer Olympic Village is located), the Fleet River and various water-related constructions, such as Docklands, Regent’s Canal, and the Wildfowl and Wetlands Nature Reserve, each from historical and ecological standpoints. Emphasis will be on how humans have treated the watershed historically, from using the rivers as sewers and transportation links, to restoring their ecosystems, as is the current case in the Lea River Valley. Course readings will be a mix of cultural history, London newspapers archives, and scientific studies on riparian corridor management. Students will keep field journals in London and will write an experiential learning essay about how the field trip intersected with the readings we've discussed in the seminar. They will also write a 10-12 page research paper on one of the ecological issues witnessed in London and its significance. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSSO, FSSY or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

USNA 283. Cultures of Science. 3 Units.
From the laboratory to the museum, science is a dominant way in which we make sense of the world. This seminar examines the cultures of science. Drawing on the fields of anthropology, sociology, history, and science and technology studies, we explore the interplay, exchange, and fertile ground between “culture” and “science.” We analyze the cultural practices of scientists, the relationship between scientific and indigenous ways of knowing, and ethics of scientific knowledge, as well as scientifically mediated understandings of personhood, nation, legality, and truth. We will consider case studies from the U.S., Latin America, Europe, Africa, and Asia that reflect on contemporary intellectual debates and public concerns. The course considers the following questions: Is science cultural? What does objectivity mean? How are scientific facts produced? Do our understandings of citizenship and the nation have any connection to science? Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSSO, FSSY or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

USNA 285. The Science of Madness: An Historical Investigation of Mental Illness. 3 Units.
Since antiquity the western world’s understanding of mental illness has continued to evolve. This course will examine the trajectory of that evolution, looking at the medical theories that have influenced assumptions about the causes and treatments of mental illness from the early modern era through the twenty-first century. Examples of questions we will investigate include: How have medicine and the pathological in human mental behavior over time? How do we explain the centuries-old correlation that medicine has made between creativity and mental illness? Which past and present psychiatric treatments have been beneficial and which harmful? How did Darwin’s theory of evolution affect theories of mental illness (and how does it continue to do so with the advent of evolutionary psychology)? How have changing philosophies of science affected the research and practice of psychology? How and why do the sciences of the mind—psychiatry, psychoanalysis, clinical psychology, psychopharmacology, the cognitive neurosciences—claim so much scientific authority and exert influence over our lives today? As a frame work for this inquiry, the class will use the concept of paradigm shifts as Thomas Kuhn defines in his classic work, the Structure of Scientific Revolutions. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSSO, FSSY or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

USNA 286. Science and the Paranormal. 3 Units.
From paranormal television programs to the academic study of parapsychology, claims about the “science” of the paranormal abound. This seminar examines the ways in which people have attempted to scientifically explore questions of life after death, the soul, and anomalous phenomena such as ghosts, telepathy, and ESP. The seminar begins by exploring the emergence of, psychological research and parapsychology in the late nineteenth century. We then critically analyze a variety of purportedly scientific approaches to the paranormal and analyze their understandings of nature and science. By exploring the claims of paranormal researchers, parapsychologists, and fringe scientists, we will analyze the science of the paranormal and its demarcation from pseudoscience. We consider a variety of methodological and heuristic tools to distinguish science from non-science such as falsifiability and Occam’s razor and apply them to paranormal claims. We also analyze the critiques leveled at paranormal research. We ask the following questions. What is science? What distinguishes it from "pseudoscience" or non-science? What is skepticism? Can there be a science of the paranormal? What understanding of the natural world is the paranormal grounded on? What is the relation between science, religion, and belief? Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSSO, FSSY or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.
USNA 287A. Perspectives on the Cosmos: From the Ancient Philosophers to Modern Science. 3 Units.
For all of recorded history, and presumably well before that, people have asked the Big Questions: What is the nature of the Universe? How big is it? How old? What is our place in it? For just as long, we've been making up the answers. Cosmology is the subject that seeks to answer the big questions. As such, it is the nexus where science, philosophy, and religion collide. This course will explore the subject of cosmology, from both an historical and scientific perspective. In the process, we will examine the roles of faith, philosophy, and empirical knowledge. We will survey prevailing attitudes towards the nature of the world model over time, examining the impact of belief systems on the interpretation of physical evidence. Subjects to be covered include the first vital steps of the ancient philosophers, the tension between geocentric and heliocentric world models at the time of Copernicus and Galileo, and the modern scientific world view. Students will learn to critically examine evidence and its interpretation, and to appreciate the strengths and shortcomings of various forms of human knowledge. Emphasis will be placed on the importance and limitations of empirical evidence, and the dangers inherent in the interpretation of evidence within a preconceived framework. The student will gain an appreciation for the historical development of world models, culminating with modern cosmology. In the process comes a respect for the diverse paths to knowledge followed by humanity. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSSO, FSSY or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

USNA 287C. Animals and Humans: Making Sense of the Human-Animal Bond. 3 Units.
Humans have an incredibly complex relationship with (non-human) animals. We eat some animals and consider other animals members of our family. We worship some animals and vilify others. This class examines the complexities of our relationship with (non-human) animals. Through exploring human emotional, practical, and epistemological ties with animals, this course examines what it means to be animal as well as what it means to be human. We analyze the following questions. How do we come to know and understand animals? What are the issues surrounding the use of animals in scientific speculation, classification and experimentation, such as vivisection, cloning and the human-animal relationship in technoscience? Do some non-human animals possess material culture, social morality, and emotions such as grief and sadness? Why do animals populate our popular culture and art? Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSSO, FSSY or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

USNA 287E. Evolution and the Modern World. 3 Units.
Modern evolutionary theory has influenced all aspects of biology and the clinical sciences. It has, moreover, resulted in novel ways to think about many of the social sciences. This class will focus on how the concept of evolution has dramatically altered the way we view human anatomy, physiology, and behavior. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSSO, FSSY or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

USNA 287F. Environment and the Fates of Societies: Guns, Germs, and Steel. 3 Units.
This University Seminar deals with the connections between human societies and landscape, climate, pathogens, and plant and animal species. The main method for this exploration is a close reading of Jared Diamond's Guns, Germs, and Steel. Diamond explains that Western Europeans came to occupy and dominate large areas of the globe because of natural resources present in certain regions of the Old World since the end of the last Ice Age. For example, Diamond studies ancient patterns of plant diffusion or the place of mountain ranges and deserts in the development of technologies. Seminar participants will also study historical sources from specific times and places - namely North America from European contact to 1850 - and compare them to Diamond's general environmental explanations and models. Placing Diamond's broad explanations within specific historical contexts is revealing. A range of alternative methods, perspectives, primary sources from North America, and case studies (especially in environmental history) help develop a critical understanding of the complexities of the fates of societies. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSSO, FSSY or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

USSO Courses

USSO 201. Society and Technology: How Do They Impact One Another?. 3 Units.
This course focuses on a systematic analysis of the relationships between society, and the specific institutional elements of technology and technological innovation. It describes the social aspects of computers and related technologies and explores the ways in which these technologies influence and impact organizations and individuals. The course explores the design, use and cultural significance of technologies and uses a historical focus to assess the integration of technology into all aspects of our society. The restructuring of traditional human interaction by information technology will provide a contemporary focus for the course. Offered in a seminar format, the course will provide opportunities for scholarly discussion, systematic inquiry and written communication. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSNA, FSSY or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

USSO 203. Law in Literature. 3 Units.
An interdisciplinary venture. This seminar will focus on law in literature by examining representations of the legal process in poems, plays, short stories, and novels. It will provide a taste of the vastness and variety of human life--and will broaden and deepen students' understanding of the role law plays in society. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSNA, FSSY or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

USSO 205. The Human Struggle Through the Lens of Sport. 3 Units.
This seminar explores, through the medium of sport literature, the interaction of sport, society, and self. Students will examine the social and psychological effects on participants, consumer, and society of sport through the study of fiction, research studies, essays, and poetry having a sport motif. Topics include racism and sexism (valuing diversity), love (cooperating), death (losing), transformation (aging), and achievement (winning). This class is limited to students participating in SAGES. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSNA, FSSY or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.
USSO 209. Face First. 3 Units.
Human beings greet the world face first. In fact, the ability to process facial features seems to be innate. A baby easily recognizes its mother's face yet the most powerful computers have difficulty using facial features to identify people. This is because all human faces are similar while fine details make each face unique. This course will begin by studying the human face as an anatomic construction of hard and soft tissue skeletal components. We will discuss how we use anatomic facial features to recognize individuals. One homework exercise will be to construct faces using an FBI identikit. Each student will create an FBI composite sketch of their own face. Seminar time will then be used to view each sketch and try to match the sketch with the seminar participant. Discussion will focus on how facial anatomy is similar or different. Following this introduction, the seminar will shift focus from anatomy to sociology. We will discuss facial attractiveness and beauty. Seminar topics will also include manipulation of facial appearance i.e., cosmetics, body piercing, veils, and plastic surgery. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSNA, FSSY or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

USSO 222. Science and Society Through Literature. 3 Units.
This course will examine the interaction of scientific investigation and discovery within the context of the society it occurred in. What is the effect of science on society and, as importantly, what is the effect of society on science? An introduction will consider the heliocentric controversy with focus on Galileo. Two broad areas: tuberculosis and the Frankenstein myth, will then be discussed covering the period 1800-present. With tuberculosis, fiction, art and music will be examined to understand the changing views of society towards the disease, how society's perception of tuberculosis victims changed, and how this influenced their treatments and research. With Frankenstein, the original novel in its historical context will be examined. Using fiction and viewing several films, the transformation of the original story into a myth with different connotations and implications will be discussed. Most classes will be extensive discussions coupled with student presentations of assigned materials. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSNA, FSSY or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

USSO 228. Our Plastic World. 3 Units.
If one were to look around the general store of 1900, few man-made "synthetic" items would be evident. One hundred years later, the shelves of any Walmart would be filled with plastic items, plastic packaging, and clothing produced from synthetic fibers. Questions that might be posed include: 1) How did this change happen? 2) How are the historical events of the 20th century and the development of the U.S. chemicals/plastics industry interconnected? 3) What are the societal benefits and costs of this change? 4) What can we learn from the past 100 years, and how can we use these insights going forward into the coming century? These issues will be discussed at length. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSNA, FSSY or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

USSO 229. A Study of Power: Criteria Essential to Its Rise and Fall. 3 Units.
This SAGES seminar will coordinate examinations of major historical events and their influence on the future. Particular emphasis will focus on the development and/or demise of powerful countries and people, and political and religious infrastructures. Sample topics include: the rise and fall of the Roman empire, the Barbarian empires, the British empire, the National Socialists, the Soviet empire, etc. Development and practice of religious behavior from praying to pagan Gods and spiritual Gods may also be analyzed. The idea is to demonstrate the similarities and differences in each of these broad categories as they progressed. An examination of the impact of greater world "enlightenment" as civilization expanded over time is also discussed. The evolution and eventual demise or change and the continuing impact on contemporary civilization shall be explored. Conclusions shall be used to suggest a model for the future. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSNA, FSSY or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

USSO 231. Evolution as Metaphor and Model: Why Don't We Live Forever?. 3 Units.
Evolution will be used to examine biological, historical, and social issues associated with health, illness and aging. In this overview course, evolution is a paradigm that is used to understand how systems change over time. The readings and discussions will identify universal processes and patterns in order to understand the effect of disease on history and explain how and why humans remain vulnerable to aging. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSNA, FSSY or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

USSO 234. Questions of Identity. 3 Units.
Who we are informs the ways in which we act in the world. How we respond to society in the individual, local, and global community is impacted by the way we see ourselves, the way others see us, and the way we see others. Who am I? How do I look at myself in relationship to others? How does the way in which society views me affect the way I think of myself? How have writers, historians, and philosophers dealt with the challenges of self and group identity? We will explore these issues through readings from the Civil Rights Era, the Holocaust, and the period of decolonization in Africa. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSNA, FSSY or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

USSO 238. The First Amendment. 3 Units.
The First Amendment to the United States Constitution states that "Congress shall make no law ... abridging the freedom of speech." In this seminar we will explore what this right has meant in America and how it has been limited throughout American history. We will discuss the importance of free speech in a democratic society and how the government balances the freedom of speech with other government interests. This course is also designed to give you a glimpse of law school and what being a lawyer is like. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSNA, FSSY or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.
USSO 239. Change Agents: Past, Present, and Future. 3 Units.
Though it is often said that we are living in a time of constant change, surprisingly few people take the time to understand who makes change happen and how. This seminar will explore the phenomenon of change on multiple levels. We begin by looking at change through an historical lens, examining social movements in the 1960's. We will then investigate organizational turnarounds of the late 20th century and today. In each instance, we will consider the role of the individual, groups, and organizations as change agents, and examine the influence of environmental factors on change processes. Throughout this course, we will study the dynamics of effective change, identify change strategies, and move to develop a personal understanding of how each one of us can initiate change. In addition to diagnosis and analysis, we will engage in creative thinking and writing about our own capacity to become change agents. We will apply what we read and learn to our current and future lives. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSNA, FSSY or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

USSO 243. The Art of Fact. 3 Units.
As evidenced by the tragedy that unfolded in New Orleans in the wake of Hurricane Katrina, we ignore the consequences of endemic poverty at our peril. How do you evacuate a city filled with thousands of people too poor to own cars? Where do you house them after they've been rescued from their drowned neighborhoods? Although Cleveland won't likely be erased by flood, it's one of the poorest big cities in the nation making it vulnerable to disaster in times of crisis and an incubator for a host of thorny social problems. Often, it's up to journalists to bring attention to these issues, give voice to the voiceless and force policymakers to come up with solutions to seemingly intractable problems. In this seminar, we'll read and dissect the works of journalists who've written stories about complex social problems and have done so using many of the conventions employed by writers of fiction. Writer Ben Yagoda described this literary journalism as "making facts dance." We'll spend our time researching numerous social issues and learn to write about them in a clear and compelling voice. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSNA, FSSY or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

USSO 255. Hinduism. 3 Units.
This course will provide an introduction to Hindu thought and culture. We will read a wide range of texts and secondary sources. Two readings, the Ramayana and Samskara, will focus on issues of ethics and proper dharma. We will also be watching Deepa Mehta's Fire. There will be a visit to the Shiva-Vishnu Temple in Parma. Heavy emphasis on research and writing. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSNA, FSSY or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

USSO 256. Cognitive Archaeology. 3 Units.
Have you ever wondered how it is that humans have developed self-reflecting minds capable of meta-representation and other cognitive capabilities? Have you ever pondered how the human mind operates in relation to its cultural context? These are the kinds of questions that cognitive archaeologists explore and the sorts of questions we will discuss in this course. Intersecting several fields including anthropology, psychology, and philosophy, cognitive archaeology is a truly multi-disciplinary field that has contributed significantly to our understanding of the human mind. Cognitive archaeology not only deals with how the mind works and how it evolved, but it also deals with how archaeologists utilize what is known of how the mind operates in order to interpret the archaeological record. Students are expected to enhance their skills at critical reading, thoughtful analysis, constructing logical arguments, and improving written and oral communication. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSNA, FSSY or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

USSO 260. Spin, P.R., and America Today. 3 Units.
We live today surrounded by spin--corporations don't fire, they downsize; government pronouncements are assumed to be cynically slanted and misleading; even scholarly medical articles are written by public relations (p.r.) flacks. The guiding principle isn't truth or reality but the right message and staying on it. How and why has p.r. become such a seemingly potent force in our time? What does this say about America and its values--about even the meaning of truth? In this seminar we will explore the role of public relations and image-making, in American society today. Our objectives are (1) Examine the users of p.r. today in business, politics and popular culture to shape images and define reality; (2) explore the tools used to construct and sell those messages and perceptions and (3) Analyze the values underlying these activities--to the end of deepening our understanding society today. This seminar explores these issues through reading, both academic and popular writing, discussion, and research. The writing assignments will be both academic and various forms of media and public relations formats. We will use class time to discuss and review student writing. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSNA, FSSY or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

USSO 264. Government and Race Relations. 3 Units.
Current debates over such issues as immigration and affirmative action raise core questions about the government's influence upon American race relations. What roles have various governmental entities--e.g., federal courts, state governors, and city councils--played in promoting racial equality or defending racial hierarchies? What roles should they play? And how much can the government (re)shape cultural attitudes and social practices? How much authority over race relations should remain with states and localities, and how much should be exercised by the federal government? This course offers a forum to investigate and debate such questions more thoroughly by examining a range of instances in the period from the late 19th century to the present day in which different kinds of government action have significantly influenced American race relations. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSNA, FSSY or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.
USSO 266. Framing Our Legal System: Law in the Movies. 3 Units.
This course explores important themes in the study of law, lawyers, and legal institutions by regarding their representations in movies. We will cover such issues as race/class/gender and the law, legal ethics, legal education, the adversarial system, and the image and status of the lawyer in American culture. We will also look at the ways in which law and the legal profession affect popular culture and, conversely, the ways in which poplar views of legal problems and lawyers affect law. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSNA, FSSY or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

USSO 269. Create-A-College. 3 Units.
In seminar format, students will develop plans for a new institution of higher learning, shaping and communicating in several different formats its mission, goals, academic focus, and physical and financial needs. Supporting the course's research, writing, and presentation expectations will be documents from existing colleges, information on the policy and social environment for such a venture, and requirements imposed by external entities such as governmental and accrediting agencies. Course will include interactions among two sets of student teams and several intermediary presentations, culminating in a group presentation of plans for the new college to a panel of experts including current or former members of the University's Board of Trustees and the Ohio Board of Regents. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSNA, FSSY or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

USSO 270. The Geography of Wealth. 3 Units.
While many of us are familiar with thinking about wealth in social, political and economic terms, wealth can also be understood as a function of geography. This seminar will look at American history and culture to seek a deeper understanding of how place and wealth interact; some of the government policies that affect those interactions; and some of the grand experiments in philanthropy, law, and social policy that have tried to reverse the perceived evils of "concentrated poverty." The seminar will not require an advanced mathematical or statistical background. However, we will analyze how statistics can illuminate (and disguise) issues and problems. We will look at the business corporation as both an aggregator of wealth and as a wealth allocation system. Of necessity we will wander into matters of race, employment, power, class, culture, history, and government. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSNA, FSSY or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

USSO 271. Schoolhouse Rocked: Education Reform. 3 Units.
Today, the term "education reform" may bring to mind standardized tests and No Child Left Behind. Many believe that our schools must become more rigorous, with stricter rules and definable goals. "Reform," however, used to be defined differently. John Dewey, Maria Montessori, and Paulo-Freire, for example, struggled to make schools freer and more humane. They hoped not to make the classroom less challenging, but more child-centered. Some disciples of such reformers, discouraged by schools' resistance to change, eventually turned to homeschooling--pulling kids out of school and educating them with real-life learning experiences. In this seminar, we will explore progressive educational theory and connect it with contemporary alternative schools and homeschooling. Visits to nearby Montessori and Waldorf schools and discussions with homeschoolers will make real-life connections to seminar reading and classwork. Challenging assumptions about how well our schools work and raising questions such as, "How do we learn?" and "What is good teaching?" will provoke thought, conversation, and interesting writing. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSNA, FSSY or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

USSO 274. Passion, Insult, and Virtue in Ancient Athens. 3 Units.
Students explore the social fabric of Athens at its height--the various social and economic institutions that shaped households and the city--state in the fifth and fourth centuries BCE. Primary source material will include courtroom speeches, two comedies of Aristophanes, and Aristotle's Ethics. Topics: lust, love, marriage, prostitution, slavery, elite drinking parties, street life, hubristic violence, competition, feuding murder, the legal system, diverse concepts of virtue, and how ordinary people were expected to treat one another in good times and bad. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSNA, FSSY or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

USSO 275. Psychology of Creativity. 3 Units.
The purpose of this course is to explore how individuals become creative. What are the most important qualities, emotional and cognitive, that are related to creativity? Is there a creative personality? What is the difference between artistic and scientific creativity? How does creativity relate to mental illness? How can we foster creativity in people? The course will study creativity in children and adults and will include research studies as well as descriptions of creativity from creative individuals. We will also discuss how different cultures view and effect creativity and the ethical issues involved. This course is a seminar and will use a discussion format. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSNA, FSSY or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

USSO 280. Democracy?. 3 Units.
"Democracy?" poses democracy as a question, in two forms. First, what do we mean by democracy? Second, where should democracy be practiced? Although conventional understandings link democracy to political systems and issues of governance, the course will consider democracy in other institutions and locations. Course questions include: What is democracy? Why do we value democracy? Does democracy in the state require democracy in the economy? What would that look like? What are the potential conflicts between economic and political democracy with full citizen involvement? Is direct democracy democratic? Does democracy in the state require democracy in the family? In universities? In the workplace? In prisons? Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSNA, FSSY or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.
USSO 283. Life is a Contact Sport. 3 Units.
This class will take students places most people have never been. We'll come face-to-face with the homeless, explore the realities of prison life, and meet people who struggle to survive in the wealthiest country in the world. We'll also meet people who have demonstrated both the vision and commitment to be change agents making a difference in the world. The interdisciplinary course will examine the shadow-line between self-interest, greed, and the common good in a capitalist society. We will look at the needs and (sometimes competing) values in democracy. We will examine ethical systems and discuss the role that leaders, managers, and ordinary citizens play as moral agents in promoting integrity and social responsibility for a just society. From interactions with real people, readings, and class discussion, the course challenges assumptions and explores core values to stretch your intellectual, ethical, and social muscles. Life is a contact sport that asks you to engage, to participate in making your talents and presence felt, not merely sit on the sidelines watching. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSNA, FSSY or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

USSO 284. The Kaleidoscope of Birth. 3 Units.
The course will explore topics in science, technology and culture across time as they relate to the social construction of birth. Students and faculty will critically examine the seminar topics through an interdisciplinary approach. The learners will develop their own understanding of how science and technology related to birth have and continue to change. What happens when older ideas are revived? Students will be introduced to the influence of culture and technology. Methods of oral and written communication will be enhanced via assignments. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSNA, FSSY or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

USSO 285A. Ethnicity and Local History. 3 Units.
This course will explore the many different kinds of ethnic communities to which we belong. Why have local ethnic groups formed arts and cultural organizations, sports clubs, charities, and other groups which highlight their difference? How have these local groups operated within larger, national ethnic groups and how have they helped us negotiate our identities as citizens, members of religious communities, and/or members of other nations? To what extent have these groups been successful in encouraging future generations to identify with the ethnic group? Our starting point and focus will be an examination of theories of civil society, ethnic identity formation, and nationalism. We will then turn to an examination of the ethnic communities in the Greater Cleveland area. This study of our own local context will then be followed by a consideration of ethnic organizations in other parts of the world. As we consider how ethnic communities have developed and changed throughout history, we will also examine our connections to these communities and, it is hoped, gain a better appreciation for the diversity which surrounds us. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSNA, FSSY or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

USSO 285D. Advertising and the American Dream. 3 Units.
This SAGES seminar will explore advertising in America, its social and cultural roots, and its impact (or lack thereof) on our values, tastes, and behavior as consumers and citizens. It is hard to find a space in the contemporary world that is not plastered with ads—from the Coke cups next to the judges on “American Idol” to stencils on the sidewalks we walk on. This blizzard of advertising images may, in fact, define our age. We will examine the forces that created this giant American industry and ask: Why do we have advertising? How is it created? What social functions does it serve? How has it changed? Where is it going? Central to this seminar is discussion, research, and writing to analyze and critique this in-our-face, but little understood, social institution. Some of our discussions will flow from advertising industry news (e.g., the Super Bowl ads), a contemporary or early 20th century ad campaign, or the backstage insights of a guest from one of Cleveland’s major ad agencies. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSNA, FSSY or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

USSO 285H. Music and Cultural Expression. 3 Units.
In this seminar, we will focus on the recent history of music and the role it plays in our culture today. Music is a form of cultural expression that creates meaning with narrative elements in a way similar to novels, poetry, drama, and other typically literary forms; we will consider various genres of music as well as various genres of literature that depend on music to complete their expression. But music is also one of the most obvious ways we participate in our culture, and musical taste can help define our sense of ourselves and where we belong in culture. We will read some identity theory to determine how and why music helps us create identity from and within the culture around us. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSNA, FSSY or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

USSO 285I. Spectacle in American Culture. 3 Units.
This seminar will examine the topic of spectacle both chronologically and typologically to better understand the power of remarkable visual experiences to awe, entertain, persuade, and create meaning from the colonial period to the present day. In the 17th century, the religious beliefs of the New England community and its need to maintain social cohesiveness gave rise to the spectacle of witch trials and public punishments. As Americans moved westward, the natural world became the focus of the spectacular. In the nineteenth century, the campaigns and debates of presidential candidates became political theater. The latter half of the century gave rise to Consumption as Spectacle as exemplified in the may expositions and World’s Fairs. Today, spectacle has reached all facets of our lives. Americans are willing to expose the most intimate details of their personal relationships on television shows like Jerry Springer and The Real World. Although frequently used to maintain power, spectacle also has been employed as a tactic of resistance and as an instrument for creating alternative meaning by subcultures. More recently, spectacle has served as an instrument of terror. Through lectures, discussion, multimedia presentations, and writing assignments, we will have an opportunity to reflect on the many forms and uses of spectacle in American history. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSNA, FSSY or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.
USSO 285K. The Economics of Global Poverty. 3 Units.
Developing countries make up at least three-fourths of the world population. This course focuses on international aspects of economics of the developing world. Questions we will ask include: why are the poorest countries failing to thrive, what can be done about it, and can the rich afford to help the poor? The term “developing country” means a country that exhibits low per capita income, high poverty level, little industrialization, or low life expectancy. However, these problems also affect developed countries. Why, then, do we study poor countries’ economies separately from those of industrialized nations? The answer lies not in the types of problems but in the severity and causes of these problems. It is these issues, the causes and consequences of global poverty, and solutions to help the world’s poorest, that concern us here. Raising people out of poverty requires economic growth, a more even income distribution, investment in education, health care, and infrastructure, social safety nets, honest political leaders, reliable social and financial institutions, and international aid from rich countries. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSNA, FSSY or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

USSO 285O. Cities (Deconstructed). 3 Units.
This seminar will look at the history of cities, real and imagined, in terms of deconstruction, both in the sense of physical destruction and literary analysis. We will explore how societies have brought about, and reacted to, the destruction of buildings, neighborhoods, and entire cities at the hands of economic development, terrorism, war, neglect, decay, and natural disasters such and fire, flood, and earthquake. In addition we will read cities themselves as texts. Architecture, public parks, billboards, graffiti, surveillance cameras, sidewalks and alleys all contribute to the discourse of what a city means. Part of that discourse includes the depiction of cities in the creative arts. We will examine works of fiction, still photography and motion pictures, art installations, and music that imagine, or comment on, the deconstructed city. Through lecture, discussion, textual analysis, multimedia presentations, and writing assignments, including a research project in which students will be asked to write a cultural biography of a building, Cities (Deconstructed) will help students confront these questions, and will prepare them to make informed decisions about sustaining the built environment. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSNA, FSSY or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

USSO 285Q. Paradigms, Ideologies, and World Views. 3 Units.
The purpose of this class is to analyze the different ways in which people view the world, and the consequences of adopting any particular perspective. Our first primary area of inquiry will be the degree to which the scientific community meets its ideals. We will explore how dominant paradigms develop and slowly change based on sociological and psychological principles that are far from the idealized notion of scientific process. Then, we will explore modern political ideologies in order to assess how fundamentally different assumptions about how the world works lead to fundamentally different conclusions about ideal policies. We will then discuss the degree to which ordinary citizens follow such ideologies. As an alternative to an ideological world view, we will then examine the concept from psychology known as the, “schema,” and we will discuss how schemata affect political perceptions. Finally, we will discuss how even so-called experts are subject to errors in judgment based on their assumptions about the world. This is a University Seminar, so the class will also set aside time to discuss writing. The schedule has several sessions set aside for writing instruction (labeled, writing day or, writing week). On these days, class will be led jointly by the professor and the writing liaison to discuss writing technique. For most of these sessions, you will be asked to participate in a writing exercise, to be discussed immediately afterwards. For some sessions you will be asked to bring in outlines, thesis statements, sample paragraphs, or other preparation work for course assignments. You will be informed the week prior when you will need to bring such a sample to the writing session. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSNA, FSSY or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.
**USSO 285S. Correspondence. 3 Units.**
Correspondence will look at the practice of writing and reading letters, and explore the use of letters as biographical, historical, and forensic evidence. Students will read love letters, "Letters to the Editor," letters from the battlefield, and correspondence between scientists and theologians. We will gain access to the experience of tourism through post cards, and the world of the modern corporation through business letters, emails and text messages. We will read examples of fiction where the letter acts as a plot device, as in the epistolary novels of the 18th century. We will think about the function of the letter as an instrument of persuasion, as an opportunity to develop ideas in a private and informal manner, and as a forum for expressing emotion. In addition, we will study the communication systems and technologies, such as the post office, the telegraph, and the internet, that have facilitated, and changed the nature of, correspondence throughout history. Students will be asked to write letters based on their personal experiences and their political opinions, and write analytical essays based on topics related to the practice and history of correspondence. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSNA, FSSY or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

**USSO 285T. Why We Believe Weird Things. 3 Units.**
How, in such a skeptical age, can people maintain questionable beliefs regarding urban legends, alternative medicine, superstitions, and paranoid phenomena? How do cults manage to attract and maintain large memberships? How can so many seemingly normal people come to the conclusion that they have been abducted by aliens? We will explore the idea that these behaviors are not examples of pathological thought processes, but rather natural consequences of the biases that characterize everyday reasoning. Emphasis will be placed on critical examination of questionable phenomena with a goal of understanding why people might want to hold such beliefs. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSNA, FSSY or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

**USSO 285V. Travel Literature in the Age of Discovery. 3 Units.**
The discovery of the Americas in the 15th century challenged European constructions of the known world and tested assumptions about nature, culture, and the workings of intellectual inquiry. Although before 1492 Europeans traveled, they usually read new landscapes in light of familiar religious paradigms. The discoveries forced Europeans to draw the world anew, literally and metaphorically. Students will read works of travel fiction and real-life travelers' tales, and will address the following questions: how did travel literature reflect successive discoveries? What new maps (geographical or metaphorical) did this literature help draw? How did the discoveries bear on literary genres? After a brief foray into medieval literature, students will read The Tempest, Oroonoko, excerpts from The Persian Letters, excerpts from Gulliver's Travels, Robinson Crusoe, Candide, and A Sentimental Journey. Additionally, students will read brief accounts of actual travels. Students will write three papers and prepare presentations on topics such as pilgrimage routes, map making, the search for longitude, and America in the visual arts. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSNA, FSSY or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

**USSO 285Y. Quest for Perfection: Law as a Vehicle for Social Improvement. 3 Units.**
Americans often seek to use U.S. law to create "fairness" and "civility"--in a world that can sometimes be brutal and fundamentally unjust. Increasingly, we rely on courts and statutes to "fix" identified social problems and to achieve a more just society. This course will examine our reliance on law to improve human behavior and to achieve social goals. Can statutes and lawyers lead the way to a better world? What are the limits (if any) of our ability to improve society by passing new laws and mandates? Are there unforeseen, negative consequences that arise from our legal efforts to improve public and personal behavior? This course will examine those questions in the context of selected social issues. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSNA, FSSY or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

**USSO 285Z. Mastering the Masterpiece: Looking Closely at Great Works of Visual Art. 3 Units.**
Masterpiece: This oft (ab)used epithet, applied to everything from a pre-schooler's finger painting to a Picasso portrait, suggests a creative enterprise of unrivaled achievement and quality. Using some of the finest examples of human creative expression--specifically, work on view at the Cleveland Museum of Art--this SAGES seminar will celebrate, critique, and question the "masterpiece" designation. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSNA, FSSY or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

**USSO 286E. Global Tourism. 3 Units.**
Tourism can be viewed as a metaphor for contemporary existence in an increasingly globalizing world where attachments and ties to a concrete place are often temporary. Besides capturing the essence of present-day mobility, tourism is a phenomenon that can be researched both politically and economically. Indeed, 10 percent of global GNP comes from tourism and many poor countries rely on the tourism industry to sustain national economic development. In this class, we will touch on the economic and political significance of tourism, but will spend most of our time thinking of what happens in the tourist encounter, what tourists expect, what drives them, and who loses as well as benefits in the encounter. Some of the specific themes include: the nature of tourist destinations, quest for authentic sites, entertainment tourism (Disneyland, Dracula-Park, tourism to Auschwitz, culinary tourism, sex tourism, and eco-tourism). By reading theoretical works, travel blogs, and literature, we will gain insight to the motivations of tourists, the inhabitants of the places being visited, and international organizations as well as governments who oversee this industry. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSNA, FSSY or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.
USSO 286F. Environment and Civic Culture in the Developing World. 3 Units.
Can the fight against environmental degradation lead to an improved civic culture and political reform in developing nations? Developing nations typically sacrifice environmental protection in favor of economic development. Only when the costs of environmental degradation become obvious do nations consider a sustainable development regime that includes environmental protection. This seminar addresses whether implementing a sustainable development model requires a new civic culture that encourages political reform. In doing so, students will examine and write about literature on economic development, environmental degradation, and several international initiatives that encourage reforms to aid sustainable development. The seminar will use the People’s Republic of China as a case study, but will also draw on evidence from other developing countries. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSNA, FSSY or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

USSO 286G. Race in the Americas. 3 Units.
This course examines the history of race relations in the US and Latin America. Its premise is that modern race relations are not only the legacy of a distant slave past, but also the product of continuous cultural and political readjustments to new times and conditions. The class starts by examining the colonial development of race-based political and economic system in the Americas. It continues by exploring how racial hierarchies were re-created as nations in the Americas went through enormous political and economic changes in the 19th and 20th centuries. Students will conduct a small history research project on how race relations have affected a person, institution, city or neighborhood’s history. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSNA, FSSY or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

USSO 286L. Exploring Non-Profit Organizations. 3 Units.
This seminar is structured to expose students to the opportunities and challenges of working in and running non-profit organizations. Students will explore the importance and significant roles non-profit organizations play in our society. The class will learn how non-profits are organized and regulated and the importance of the organization’s mission is to determine the impact of the non-profit organization in the community. Additionally, the students will learn how non-profits are funded and how these organizations maintain their financial stability and sustainability in the community. These goals will be accomplished through group analysis of non-profit organizational principles, and investigation of existing non-profit organizations. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSNA, FSSY or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq; FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

USSO 286M. Hip-Hop Narrative in Film. 3 Units.
In this course we will discover and explore the interrelationships of self, technology, and society in the 21st century through digital video on the internet. We will watch online videos and read about social theory as part of a rigorous examination of media and society. This course will examine the intended and unintended consequences of mass information sharing and communication via online video. Students will work with the seminar leader and build upon existing academic knowledge to extend their understanding of the structure and meanings inherent in our video-active lives. In addition to completing regular writing assignments, students will learn about digital video production and produce a short digital video essay. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSNA, FSSY or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq; FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

USSO 286J. Women’s Education at CWRU: The Flora Stone Mather Oral History Project. 3 Units.
This seminar will offer a discussion-based exploration of the history of women’s education in America. Much of the discussion will focus on the emergence of coordinate colleges, including the College for Women (later renamed Flora Stone Mather College) at Western Reserve University. The seminar will also give students an opportunity to contribute to the historical literature by conducting interviews with Flora Stone Mather alumnae. Students will be instructed in the basic principles and techniques of oral history and engage in the creation of primary source materials—tapes and transcriptions—essential for historical documentation. They will then reflect on the relationship between the stories they have collected and the present-day educational experiences of women at Case Western Reserve University. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSNA, FSSY or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq; FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

USSO 286K. Environment and Civic Culture in the Developing World. 3 Units.
This seminar will consist of lots of film, yes, but also lots of reading and writing. Upon successful completion, the student should be able to recognize and define the Hip-Hop narrative in popular cinema, focus critical thinking skills, pull the narrative from certain films and discuss it, note and discuss the visual aesthetic and how it impacts the story, and discuss the marketing, packaging, and cultural impact of the Hip-Hop narrative. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSNA, FSSY or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq; FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.
USSO 286N. Nazi Art Theft and Its Aftermath. 3 Units.
During World War II the German government perpetrated one of the most egregious and extensive art thefts in the history of human kind. The Nazi party's desire to gain control of Europe involved their prolific confiscation of the great art treasures of European public and private collections, particularly those belonging to European Jews. This seminar will explore the Nazi's deliberate war looting campaign, its aftermath, and the current issues surrounding the reclamation of stolen works and the restitution claims yet to be settled. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSNA, FSSY or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

USSO 286O. Place, Religion, and Public Life. 3 Units.
What is the place of religion in everyday life? How do people contend with conflicting beliefs about the proper relationship between religion, politics, and personal conduct? How do they decide which kinds of religious behavior belong in public and which belong in private? How do they decide what counts as a "private" or "public" place to begin with? Where does religion belong? In this seminar, students will explore these questions at a range of scales, from the local to the global. They will ask how secular and religious thought interact to shape social life in a range of material and virtual spaces, from Case to Facebook. In so doing, they will learn to approach the religious/secular divide from a broadly ethnographic perspective. Focusing mostly on the United States but also considering case studies from other parts of the globe, students will examine how diverse groups practice their faiths, express their beliefs, and contend with secular institutions and expectations in everyday life. Coursework will include trips to local neighborhoods and institutions, readings from a broad range of fields in the social sciences and humanities, and a fieldwork-based research paper. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSNA, FSSY or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

USSO 286P. Immigrant Entrepreneurs--Can They Drive Cleveland's Economy Once Again?. 3 Units.
This seminar will focus on the impact of immigrant entrepreneurs in Cleveland--past, present and future. The class will take a look back at the historic contributions immigrant entrepreneurs played in creating economic prosperity in Cleveland during the 20th century. While immigrant entrepreneurs once played a central role in driving Cleveland's economic success, in recent years the city has attracted much less foreign talent than other faster growing U.S. metropolitan areas. Cleveland's population is at its lowest level since 1903 and continues to shrink. Chicago, Philadelphia and Louisville, among other cities, have embarked on efforts to attract foreign talent to not only address the "brain drain" of young people leaving their cities but also to spur economic development. In a March 29, 2009 editorial, The Plain Dealer argued for a more proactive approach in Cleveland to attract foreign talent: "If Cleveland is to regain (its) lofty status--especially in a global economy that rewards intelligence, creativity and innovation--it needs to re-establish itself as a magnet for new Americans. We need their fresh ideas, entrepreneurial zeal and optimism. We need them to help reverse decades of migration away from the region's urban core." The culmination of the seminar will examine the question of whether Cleveland should proactively recruit foreign talent and look closely at the public policy, regulatory and political challenges that must be overcome in order to effectively do so. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSNA, FSSY or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

USSO 286Q. History of Late 20th Century Popular Culture. 3 Units.
This course focuses on American popular culture of the late twentieth century (c. 1970 to 2001). Students will analyze this period using a variety of historical texts and primary sources (everything from more "traditional" sources such as printed materials to films, television episodes and clips, music and sound lyrics, fanzines ["zines"], graphic novels, and music videos). Secondary sources include history essays and monographs, as well as articles by scholars employing critical theory. Students will explore whether "products" of popular culture perpetuate power structures and help to shape the discourse of late twentieth century American culture. Moreover, they will examine how individuals contribute to and challenge the discourses as consumers and creators of pop culture. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSNA, FSSY or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.
USSO 286U. Ideal Communities, Utopian Visions, and Totalitarian Nightmares. 3 Units.
This course will study communal attempts to form ideal societies and will offer a transcultural, transhistorical view of how various authors and filmmakers have imagined the best and worst possibilities of human society. Its central questions are: How can society be improved? What role does education play in improving society? How do you define freedom? How can we combine freedom with social order? How can social problems be critiqued through representations of ideal or dysfunctional societies? The course will be interdisciplinary by combining historical study with analysis of literature, film, art, and music. In studying and discussing utopian communities, students will examine the problems that each community attempted to solve, their philosophical approach to solving these problems, the success or failure of their solutions, and the similarities and differences among these communities. In studying utopian and dystopian literature and film, we will analyze the problems and solutions that each text or film examines and proposes, and will look at each text or film in its social and historical context. We will also explore how authors and filmmakers have used their utopian and dystopian visions to respond to the positive or negative trends in their own societies. In addition, we will discuss how each text or film coincides with or challenges our perceptions of the strengths and problems in our society and how we might solve those problems. This course will encourage students to think about the kind of world they would like to help bring about, as well as the various social problems that may darken the future of the human race. Students will write in class regularly about these issues as well as the assigned readings that raise these issues, and will write essays about ideal communities, utopian texts, and dystopian texts. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSNA, FSSY or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

USSO 286V. Management of Chronic Illness in a Cultural Context. 3 Units.
This course will explore the cross cultural, self-care approaches to health problems. It covers substance-based (e.g., herbs, acupuncture), mind-body (e.g., yoga, qigong), spiritual (e.g., prayer) and social (e.g., communal, family) approaches that have been used to manage chronic diseases and promote wellness in various cultural settings. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSNA, FSSY or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

USSO 286X. The Future of News. 3 Units.
The saying goes, "Strong Press, Strong Democracy." But what of strong democracy in the Internet Age when the traditional press seems weak? That's this seminar's big question. Can the "old" media, struggling to avoid financial collapse, still deliver the news necessary to be democracy's watchdog, as in the past? Can the new internet media--blogs, YouTube, viral videos, "hyperlocalism" experiments, pro publica investigations, crowd sourcing, instant news, Facebook, Gawker, True/Slant, Drudge and the proliferation of the other news and entertainment sources--take its place or complement traditional journalism? How do these new entrants change the nature of news and the role of the media in our society? These are uncharted developments, but they go to the heart of the continued success of America's democratic experiment. Our goal is to grasp more clearly the connections between media, news, citizenship and democracy in this new age. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSNA, FSSY or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

USSO 286Y. The Holocaust and Local History. 3 Units.
The Holocaust and Local History will focus on how the events that make up the Holocaust affected communities in both Eastern Europe, where the most horrific crimes of the Holocaust occurred, and in the United States, where the Jewish community responded to the events with both astonishment and action. A focus on local histories will illustrate the legacy of the Holocaust and help students understand how history directly affects their own lives and the lives of those around them. The goal is to uncover the role that this complex history continues to play in our daily lives, whether in the small towns of Eastern Europe or the suburbs of greater Cleveland. Topics will include the course of the Holocaust in towns in Eastern Europe, the effects of the Holocaust in American communities like Cleveland, and the commemoration of the Holocaust and memory of local Jewish communities in Eastern Europe. Students will examine these topics with the help of primary and secondary sources, hear from local survivors of the Holocaust, and learn more about how the Holocaust is represented in local museums. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSNA, FSSY or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

USSO 287B. Migration in Human History. 3 Units.
The movements of individuals and groups, along with the ideas, technologies, and diseases that accompanied them, have played an integral role in shaping human history. Migration has continually created, challenged and shaped societies from the most ancient periods through to the present. It has a transformative effect on communities at the points of origin, along migration routes, and at temporary and final destinations. This seminar will introduce students to several different ways of thinking about migration throughout history, from the contacts between nomadic and settled societies, to colonial settlement and diasporas and migration from rural towns and villages to industrial cities, as well as the ongoing mobility at the highest and lowest levels of modern society. Indeed, many contemporary conflicts of class and culture can be traced back to migration, in the interactions between those seen as migrants and those who consider themselves natives. This seminar will also encourage students to consider the importance of different forms of migration in their own lives, in the histories of their families, and in the city around them. Cleveland is a city founded by migrants from Connecticut (hence the 'Western Reserve' in the name of the university), populated by both transatlantic and internal American migration, and shaped by the local migrations that affected ethnic neighborhoods, suburbs, and smaller towns throughout the region. Compared to historical migrations of thousands and millions of people, such movements may seem minor, but they can be studied and understood in similar terms. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSNA, FSSY or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.
USSO 287C. Murder in the Jazz Age. 3 Units.
Having lived through the devastation and consequences of World War I, you might think that Americans would have been appalled by the violent murders that marred the 1920s. To be sure, they were. Americans were also drawn to the infamous murders as though understanding these crimes would enable them to explain the changes in society, such as changes to gender rules and urbanization, brought about and accelerated by the war. In this class, we will examine the major crimes of the decade in the hopes of gaining the insight that the people at the time sought. The course readings include secondary sources that provide an analysis of the decade and primary sources from the murder cases themselves. In addition, students will become familiar with the historical context and scientific advancements that gave birth to modern forensics. Prerequisite: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSNA, FSSY or FSCS. Prerequisite or Corequisite: FSTS 100. Requisite not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

USSO 287E. Clash of the Titans: Economic, Industrial and Social Trends for the 21st Century. 3 Units.
Since the beginning of recorded human civilization, locally dominant societies have risen, prospered, decayed and finally ended, with new ones taking their place. Starting in the 15th century, however, Europe established global dominance and maintained it for four centuries, from the age of New World exploration through the Industrial Revolution of the 19th century. Then came the rise of the United States, which in the late 20th century became the world’s only superpower, economically, industrially, militarily and, increasingly, culturally. In the late 20th and early 21st centuries, we are witnessing the “flattening” of the world due to the technological revolution, a phenomenon brought about by the instant and worldwide generation of and access to information. Two major consequences of this evolution are: a) Individuals are more empowered than at any time in history and the traditional societal structure is under constant challenge; b) Companies have changed their business structures and practices and have begun to operate on a truly global scale. The main goal of the course is to help students learn the lessons of history and use them to develop an educated argument as to whether the US will continue in its prominent leadership role, or whether one or both of the emerging Asian economic powerhouses, China and India, will supplant it and become dominant. Prerequisite: Passing letter grade in a first-year seminar in FSCC, FSNA, FSSY or FSCS. Prerequisite or Corequisite: FSTS 100. Requisite not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

USSO 287J. Education in sub-Saharan Africa. 3 Units.
The level of education in sub-Saharan Africa is much lower than in the United States. In some sub-Saharan countries, less than 20% of the adults are literate, less than 10% have a secondary school education, and less than 1% have a college education. The low level of education keeps the region in poverty—most households in sub-Saharan Africa have no electricity or running water. This seminar will address the barriers that hinder education in sub-Saharan Africa, and explore ways to overcome these barriers. The barriers have a broad range of origins, including economic (not enough money for teacher salaries, books, and school maintenance), societal (education not seen as important, especially for girls), technological (lack of electricity and transportation), institutional (widespread corruption in government), and medical (AIDS, malaria and diseases from unclean water cause student absences and orphan students). Prerequisite: Passing letter grade in a first-year seminar in FSCC, FSNA, FSSY or FSCS. Prerequisite or Corequisite: FSTS 100. Requisite not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

USSO 287O. Utopia and Social Change in American Fiction. 3 Units.
The purpose of this course is to increase the students’ awareness of selected social constructs within the global society (i.e., vulnerability) that have the potential to generate circumstances that place some individuals or groups at risk for marginalization and diminished well-being. The course will be conducted within a seminar format and will provide opportunities for scholarly inquiry and debate regarding the nature of the constructs posited. Students will critique each other’s social constructs with intent to generate innovative strategies to reduce individual and global marginalization. Each student will prepare a formal written report of their findings related to their construct of interest. Prerequisite: Passing letter grade in a first-year seminar in FSCC, FSNA, FSSY or FSCS. Prerequisite or Corequisite: FSTS 100. Requisite not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

USSO 287R. The Business of Sports—Content, Television, Social Media, Consumer Products, Advertising & Marketing. 3 Units.
The sports industry is experiencing rapid growth and is expected to become one of the nation’s top 25 industries by 2030. This seminar will explore five elements of the business model that is driving this growth: content, television, social media, advertising, and consumer products. In addition, it will examine the marketing of these five elements. Students will be graded on class participation, essays, and a final paper. They will be asked to read weekly articles on each aspect of the sports industry and to participate in social media sites in order to understand how powerful this platform is to the sports business. In addition, they will work together in groups to create their own sports marketing websites and present these sites for evaluation by the entire class. The results of the evaluation will contribute to their grade for this part of the course. Guest lecturers for the seminar will include nationally recognized experts and representatives of the sports industry, many of whom visit northeast Ohio for sporting events. Students in the course will acquire a unique perspective on a business that is projected to become one of the world’s leading growth industries in the 21st century. Prerequisite: Passing letter grade in a first-year seminar in FSCC, FSNA, FSSY or FSCS. Prerequisite or Corequisite: FSTS 100. Requisite not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.
USSO 287T. Gender, Visibility and Performance: The Courtesan. 3 Units.
Throughout history, the figure of the courtesan has embodied seduction, performance, and mystery; occupying the private spaces of the real and the imaginary across cultures. The impact of the courtesan on society can be seen in travelogues, poetry, and historical treatises, as well as in texts written specifically about courtesans themselves. Those cultures which had a courtesan class frequently experienced varying degrees of social discomfort. Within the culture, there was tension between those who patronized courtesans and those who considered them a social menace. From without, cultures which had courtesans were believed to be either excessively decadent or highly civilized, depending on the cultural standpoint of the observer. In this seminar, we will study real courtesans as well as examine the figure of the courtesan within the context of literature, religion, music history, and gender theory. The seminar will begin with an overview of the origins of the courtesan, focused on the roles of women and slave musicians in the court and temple in Egypt, India, Greece, and Mesopotamia starting in 3,000 BCE. Then, we will explore factors leading to the development of a courtesan class and compare the roles of courtesans and their place in their culture in Europe, India, Asia, and the Middle East. Readings and class discussion will encompass issues relating to the impact of gender on performance, literary genres, education, and social and legal status, as well as continuing questions related to translation of primary sources, colonialism, and religious movements. In addition to the readings, we will also study images of the courtesan from antiquity to the present, listen to music by and about courtesans, sample some of their writing, and watch films about "real" courtesans. The primary goal is not only to look at the impact of courtesans in history, but also to engage issues related to gender and performance from a variety of different disciplinary and cultural points of view. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSNA, FSSY or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

USSO 287V. The Public and the Past: History in the Marketplace. 3 Units.
How does one or should one "sell" the past? Our primary encounters with the past are not in the university classroom, but via popular media, museums, theme parks, and historic sites; entities whose survival is increasingly dependent upon market economics. This dependency often demands attention to audience size and the need to avoid controversies that could alienate private and public funders. Complicating this is the issue of heritage—the somewhat mythic pasts which individuals, groups, and nations claim as their right, even when research challenges the underlying myths. What then are the consequences, in terms of ethics and accuracy, or in terms of civic value, when one turns history into the imaginary across cultures. The impact of the courtesan on society can be seen in travelogues, poetry, and historical treatises, as well as in texts written specifically about courtesans themselves. Those cultures which had a courtesan class frequently experienced varying degrees of social discomfort. Within the culture, there was tension between those who patronized courtesans and those who considered them a social menace. From without, cultures which had courtesans were believed to be either excessively decadent or highly civilized, depending on the cultural standpoint of the observer. In this seminar, we will study real courtesans as well as examine the figure of the courtesan within the context of literature, religion, music history, and gender theory. The seminar will begin with an overview of the origins of the courtesan, focused on the roles of women and slave musicians in the court and temple in Egypt, India, Greece, and Mesopotamia starting in 3,000 BCE. Then, we will explore factors leading to the development of a courtesan class and compare the roles of courtesans and their place in their culture in Europe, India, Asia, and the Middle East. Readings and class discussion will encompass issues relating to the impact of gender on performance, literary genres, education, and social and legal status, as well as continuing questions related to translation of primary sources, colonialism, and religious movements. In addition to the readings, we will also study images of the courtesan from antiquity to the present, listen to music by and about courtesans, sample some of their writing, and watch films about "real" courtesans. The primary goal is not only to look at the impact of courtesans in history, but also to engage issues related to gender and performance from a variety of different disciplinary and cultural points of view. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSNA, FSSY or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

USSO 287Z. Concubines, Soldiers and Field Hands: World Slavery from Antiquity to the Present. 3 Units.
For many Americans, the most familiar type of slavery is plantation slavery of the Americas and the horrific consequences to the indigenous peoples and transplanted peoples from Africa. The longevity of the institution of slavery, and acceptance of the practice by many different cultures and belief systems, however, reaches from antiquity to the present day. In addition to providing physical labor and domestic services, slaves have been used as entertainers, civil servants, led armies and served in temples. Slavery is a complex legal, religious, moral and social institution, and the relationship between slave, state and owner/slater is equally complicated; so much so that understanding the bond between them, and what the actual boundary was between "free" and "un-free", is still difficult to determine in some cultures. In this seminar, we will use a chronological framework to examine the institution of slavery, uses for slaves, methodologies and sources for studying slavery and the slave trade in world history. Beginning with slavery in the Ancient Near East, Egypt, Greece and Rome, the class will include slavery and the feudal system in medieval Europe, indentured servitude and concubinage, slaves in the early Islamic courts, the Ottoman slave trade, the African slave trade and slavery in the Americas, and the current problem of human trafficking. Within each section, students will read primary texts and recent scholarship examining the social, economic and religious rationales behind slavery. We will also study different methodologies and the impact of gender, race and social class on the study of world slavery. As many slave cultures had different definitions for what it meant to be a slave, we will address questions related to translation, interpretation and perception when dealing with primary sources. The primary goal of the course is to provide a broader context for the institution of slavery in world history as a means not only to understand the impact of slavery has had on American culture, but on other cultures as well. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSNA, FSSY or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

USSO 288B. Doing Good: How Nonprofits Change Lives. 3 Units.
The American economy is made up of three sectors: government, business, and nonprofit. It's pretty obvious what government and business do, but the activity of nonprofits, while it is everywhere, is much more subtle. A nonprofit is most likely where you were born, went to school, attend church, or adopted your family dog. If you became an Eagle Scout, watched "Sesame Street," attended a benefit concert, or participated in a walk for a cause, you were engaged with a nonprofit. Perhaps you haven't given much thought to the way the organization was structured, where it gets its money, or what kind of an impact it's really having. In this seminar, students will learn what nonprofits are, how they operate, how they influence everyday lives, and their role in advancing social change and a civil society. We will consider the economic impact of nonprofits as well as their role in protecting culture, environment, values, and heritage. We will also look at the key challenges facing nonprofits today and how they are addressing them. Writing assignments will include a grant proposal for a new or existing nonprofit. The seminar will feature guest speakers and class visits to nonprofits in the Cleveland area. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSNA, FSSY or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.
USSY 288C. Green Transformation and Globalization. 3 Units.
This seminar introduces students to the recent major green transformation in China and elsewhere in the world, focusing on the way the green changes took place in relation to globalization, environment and climate protection, technology innovation, income redistribution, domestic consumption, and education, to meet the challenges of financial crisis, climate change, energy insecurity, and international competition. The seminar will also assess the impacts of various aspects of green transformation and globalization on today's and future world and vice versa. This seminar promotes broad knowledge of and increased appreciation of the importance of diversity in China's cultural past, social frameworks, economic conditions, and natural environment. In a close connection to the primary readings, which include several recent relevant works, the students will be exposed to a variety of related primary and secondary materials (such as texts, photos, film clips, music, songs, and websites). In addition to receiving informative yet concise instruction, the student will also be involved in practice in critical reading and thinking, in writing and orally presenting research papers. In these activities, the students will be introduced to basic methods and concepts critical to the understanding of important economic, social, and cultural developments and changes as products of movements rather than isolated incidents. Prereq; Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSNA, FSSO, or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

USSY Courses

USSY 203. Myth, Ritual, and Society in the Ancient World. 3 Units.
This course introduces students to Greek, Roman, and some near Eastern myth as well as issues of interpreting these stories. The focus will be on myth as a concomitant feature of religious ritual. What do myths and rituals tell us about the society that generated it? What were its values, its collective memories and how do they compare to ours? Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSNA, FSSO, or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

USSY 204. System Thinking. 3 Units.
This is a seminar course in which students critically examine the way that language is used to model and analyze the social world and its organizations. System thinking is used by business leaders, economists, policy analysts and planners to represent the socio-economic world so that they can manage it. During the seminar, students will read and discuss key works that lay the foundations of system thinking and will apply system thinking techniques to a socio-economic situation of interest to them. The emphasis will be on questioning the premises of system thinking, surfacing its strengths and weaknesses, and grappling with its ethical implications. Some key ideas related to system thinking that will be explored include: information theory, cybernetics, system modeling, language, meta language, modeling and intervention in social systems. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSNA, FSSO, or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

USSY 209. Art and Math. 3 Units.
Students in this University Seminar will explore relationships between art and mathematics. Topics include: pattern, symmetry and beauty in natural forms; symmetry and proportion in art, architecture, ornament and design; perspective and optics; number, iteration, and infinity; mathematical and computer techniques and themes in art, architecture and design. Note: This class is limited to students participating in SAGES. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSNA, FSSO, or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

USSY 211. Beethoven and the Age of Revolution. 3 Units.
Beethoven's music is symbolic of the age and spirit of change which reached its zenith with the French Revolution. Fueled by political, social, and emotional reactions, his oeuvre was remarkable in every way. From the early works, imitative of Haydn and Mozart, through his truly unique later compositions, Beethoven was revolutionary in his person and in his music. The course will center around specific Beethoven masterworks which are being presented by University Circle Institutions, and student attendance at these concerts will be required. Class sessions will involve discussions concerning the historical and cultural setting, influences, and analytic investigation into these masterworks. Readings will be taken from Joseph Kaman and Alan Tyson (The New Grove Beethoven), Frida Knight (Beethoven and the Age of Revolution), and George Marek (Beethoven: Biography of a Genius). This course is directed towards the general university student, and no specialized knowledge of music is necessary, although certain rudimentary aspects of musical discourse will be covered. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSNA, FSSO, or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

USSY 222. Writing Rock and Roll: From the Critical to the Ethnographic. 3 Units.
To write about music is finally an act of translation. When one writes about music, s/he attempts to bring a thing conceived in one symbolic world into another. The task is neither simple nor straightforward. As one musician, fed up with the critics who put pen to paper in the effort to capture his music, put it: “Writing about music is like dancing about architecture.” And for a moment, this musician’s point might seem apt. The experience of music, often intense, is arguably “beyond words.” Why try to tame it by putting it in the cage of language? This course considers the pitfalls and the possibilities of the symbolic translation that is at the heart of writing about music. Focusing on the writings associated with rock and roll culture (1954-2005), the class will consider the multiplicity of approaches and styles used to capture music. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSNA, FSSO, or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.
USSY 226. Probability in Modern Thought. 3 Units.
The idea of probability is ubiquitous in the modern world, appearing in everything from quantum physics to business decision theory, from DNA evidence in court to the insurance industry. Yet there is controversy about the very meaning of probability itself, and any person who encounters probability—which is everyone—should be familiar with that controversy. This seminar examines what we mean by probability ascriptions. Although there will be some computational work, especially early in the semester, the seminar is not primarily a course on the mathematics of probability. Most of our focus is philosophical, sociological, and psychological, attempting to answer questions like these: In what different ways do we use the concept of probability? To what domains of knowledge can it be rightly applied? Do all legitimate conceptions of probability obey the standard mathematical axioms? How good are people at estimating probabilities? Do all the coherent uses of probability have a common conceptual core? These and other questions will be explored through class discussions and experiments, two papers, and group presentations on a variety of topics. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSNA, FSSO, or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

USSY 227. Travel Writing on Screen. 3 Units.
Through the image of the traveler in a wide range of films, we will examine such issues as border crossing, culture shock, and the nature of memory. Topics include: The Grand Tour, pilgrimage, exile, and imaginary journeys. A group presentation, 5 short-reaction papers, and a take-home final essay are required. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSNA, FSSO, or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

USSY 228. Women in Outer Space. 3 Units.
We will study the history of women astronauts and the representation of women as aliens and astronauts in popular culture. We will see films such as Alien, Apollo 13, and Contact, and will also read two novels. Film and women's studies theory and criticism will be used to examine the texts. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSNA, FSSO, or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

USSY 230. Sexualities, Citizenship, and Social Action. 3 Units.
This course will explore themes in both the symbolic and cultural domains. While sexuality and citizenship, in reality and in academic discourse, cuts across the areas, this course will consider methods and concepts (see syllabus for details) in the human sciences and humanities. In the humanities, students will learn fundamental ideas in the philosophy of social science. They will be taught how to recognize, in social theory(s) and theorizing, underlying arguments: ontological, epistemological, and methodological. It is not our purpose to add these ideas to our conceptual language within a discipline or to a specific topic; we will explore how they can be applied to other areas of learning and practice. They will then be applied to a current and highly controversial aspect of academic and political practice: to explore the relationship between sexuality and citizenship. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSNA, FSSO, or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

USSY 235. Towards a New Museum. 3 Units.
How do you know a museum when you see one? How has our idea of a museum evolved, and where is it going? How do we go from mummies to multimedia? Museums are more popular than ever and include some of today's most exciting architectural designs. Explore the changing nature of museums as buildings, institutions, and cultural symbols. Uncover controversies in the museum community. Are museums sacred spaces or edutainment—or both? How does the architecture reflect what they are and who built them. Active discussion, critical thinking, local field trips, guests from local museums, and thoughtful writing are essential parts of this seminar. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSNA, FSSO, or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

USSY 236. Romance--The Most Comic of Catastrophes. 3 Units.
From ancient Athens to Hollywood, romantic comedies have enjoyed continuous widespread popularity in the theater. In this course we will read a broad spectrum of romantic comedies, from the genre's beginnings with the Greek New Comic playwright Menander to the Roman Plautus, and on to Shakespeare. We will also watch a modern romantic comedy, Pretty Woman. We will begin the course with some ancient and modern literary theories of intertextuality and metatheatre that shed light upon the relationship between Comedy and Tragedy. Some questions we will ask in this course are: What's the historic relationship between Comedy and Tragedy? What's the connection between sex and comedy? What can Romantic Comedies tell us about the audience that is addressed from the space of the stage or screen? Does laughter depend on personal and cultural values and variables? Does comedy have a personal and social function? Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSNA, FSSO, or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

USSY 237. The Transformation of the American South. 3 Units.
The purpose of the course is to increase the student's understanding of the remarkable transformation of the American South from an isolated regional backwater committed to racial segregation to a vibrant, complex, rapidly growing, diverse biracial society that has rejoined the national mainstream. In fact, a quick look at where our national political leaders have come from recently—President Bill Clinton of Arkansas and President George W. Bush of Texas, to name the two most prominent examples—indicates how central the South has become to the nation. We will explore all aspects of the transformation of Dixie during our course. Central to the story will be political change, although, of course, politics cannot be easily isolated from social and economic life. Thus, it was a grassroots social development—the Civil Rights Movement—that gave important impetus to the key political changes that occurred in the mid-1960s and beyond, as we shall see. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSNA, FSSO, or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.
USSY 241. The Birth of the Modern: 1905-1925. 3 Units.
"The Birth of the Modern: 1905-1925" will attempt to answer the question "What is the modern?" by exploring some of the breakthrough works of literature, music, art, and scientific theory in the first decades of the twentieth century. We will study what characterizes the new modes of thinking or "language" of modernity, developed in experimental work across the arts, the sciences, and the social sciences. We will be examining some of the major manifestos of and statements about the nature of Modernism in order to see how they illuminate, for example, a novel by James Joyce or a painting by Picasso, a composition by Stravinsky, a scientific theory of Einstein's, or a psychological theory of Freud's. At the conclusion of the seminar, students will present their findings and write a research paper about "the modern" as it relates to a field of particular interest to them. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSNA, FSSO, or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

USSY 246. How to Make a Leader. 3 Units.
Leaders are both born and made. Some seem to naturally know what to do and some need to study and practice to gain the necessary skills. Both groups can be successful and it usually requires a combination of natural ability and effort to become the very best. Leaders often point to role models as being important to the development of "natural" or acquired ability. This course is appropriate for both those who are intellectually curious about leadership. The course will be divided into three sections. The first part will involve reading and discussions to explore and identify what leaders are like and what they do. During the second part you will observe leaders in action and talk to them about what they think makes them successful. Some examples of what you may observe will include a surgeon in the operating room (theater), a coach with his/her players, an executive in the board room, a concertmaster with his/her musicians and a judge in a courtroom. The third part of the course will involve readings and discussions during which you will develop a personal approach to the level of leadership to which you aspire. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSNA, FSSO, or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

USSY 250. Medical Narratives. 3 Units.
This course examines the relationship between medicine and narrative by exploring the representational structures and narrative conventions that have been used to understand and communicate the experience of illness, to tell stories about the human body, and to diagnose and treat disease. The course focuses on literary texts (including novels, plays, short stories and memoirs) written by doctors, patients, nurses and creative writers, as well as on medical case histories from different cultures and historical periods. It examines such topics as the uses of narrative in medical practice; the uses of metaphor in conceptualizing and representing disease; the ethical dilemmas posed by medical research and practice; the therapeutic value of narrative; the structural similarities (and historical links) between detective fiction and medical case histories; the imaginative function of illness in literature; the cultural myths and iconography of disease in different historical periods; the representation of physical and mental illness and the human body in language and art, and cultural responses to major health crises such as bubonic plague, syphilis, and AIDS. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSNA, FSSO, or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

USSY 254. Nonverbal Communication. 3 Units.
Our purpose is to explore the nature of nonverbal communications and analysis in several different contexts. Because nonverbal communication is so closely related to emotional processes, we will also become acquainted with basic ideas surrounding communication and emotion. Within this framework, we will discuss and apply a variety of theoretical approaches to understanding this channel of human communication. Upon completion of this course, students will have a better understanding of decoding and encoding nonverbal messages. Additionally, the student will have a thorough understanding of the functions of nonverbal communication in social and rhetorical life. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSNA, FSSO, or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

USSY 255. Nonverbal Communication. 3 Units.
How are new symbols created out of the ashes of the old? In this seminar we explore the history and interpretation of the destruction of images. We will consider several diverse world historical case studies: from Byzantium and the Reformation to Islamic art, the Modernist avant gardes, and attacks against monuments during the fall of the Soviet and apartheid ideologies in Russia and South Africa. We will read classic theoretical texts on the question of iconoclasm, and examine the connections between a number of categories of the "image" that often share symbolic destruction as one of their important aspects: propaganda, pornography, avant-garde art, and censorship. We will also explore how destruction is integral to the creation of new symbols, new ideas, and new ideologies. This seminar is reading-and writing-intensive. It is a student-led reading group whose object is to understand the symbolic life of destructive acts and the destructive life of symbolism. Individual students will be responsible for introducing readings and initiating class discussion several times during the semester. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSNA, FSSO, or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.
USSY 265. Nature Writing: From the Arctic to the Gulf Coast. 3 Units.
From the Galapagos to the Arctic, from the Laguna Pueblo to the barrier islands of Mississippi, the course explores the territory of “nature writing.” We’ll read Aldo Leopold’s account of life in a Wisconsin “sand county,” a short book nicknamed “the environmentalist’s Bible.” With Barry Lopez as our guide and interpreter, we’ll imagine visiting the frozen tundra. In a memoir of life with the artist and nature writer Walter Anderson, we’ll ponder the limits of passion and sacrifice. Through reading a poetic novel by Leslie Marmon Silko, we’ll experience an unforgettable vision of a journey toward salvation and harmony. Additional readings include essays, poems, and other short works, plus a survey of commentary from interdisciplinary fields like environmental ethics; ecocriticism; feminism; and biography. We’ll visit Cleveland nature centers and museums, and we’ll hope to have a few guest speakers. After several short assignments (both written and oral), each student’s individually designed research project will recommend a specific means of integrating nature writing into the activities of a local organization or school. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSNA, FSSO, or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

USSY 267. Medieval Love Songs: Poetry, Music, Spirituality. 3 Units.
In the high and late Middle Ages (c1100-c1450), love songs accounted for much of the poetry and music composed at the secular courts and urban centers of Europe. At the same time, spiritual love songs were an important element of medieval Christian theology and worship. What may surprise a modern audience is that the worldly love songs were often intensely spiritual, while the religious ones were often highly sensual and erotic. This seminar investigates the convergence of worldly and spiritual elements in the poetry and music of medieval love songs. Students will learn basic tools for analyzing medieval poetry and music, and through such analysis, coupled with discussion of readings from the scholarly literature, they will explore the provocative interactions between literal and allegorical, sacred and profane, and ascetic and erotic elements in medieval culture. Primary texts will be drawn from Bernard of Clairvaux’s commentaries on the Song of Songs, the courtly lyrics and melodies of the troubadours and trouveres, and the lyric poetry of Dante, Petrarch, and Boccaccio. No prior musical training required. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSNA, FSSO, or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

USSY 269. Intellectual Property: Pirates and Privateers. 3 Units.
We take it for granted that our cars and camels are our “property” but what about intangible objects like poems or songs on CDs? In this seminar we will examine the development of this relatively recent form of property through the lens of piracy. We will begin with piracy on the high seas. Through analysis of historical, literary, and cinematic representations of piratical activity in the early modern era we will develop a critical methodology to aid us when we turn our attention to the newer “intellectual” property. Intellectual property is rapidly becoming the linchpin of the burgeoning global “information economy,” and the U.S. is among its staunchest and most powerful enforcers. Yet only a century ago the U.S. was itself a pirate nation. After examining this piratical moment in the history of intellectual property we will turn for comparison to a selection of present-day transgressions—from peer-to-peer file sharing, to Asian software and CD/DVD bootlegging, and South American patent busting. Our aim will be to develop an informed position in the current public debate about the legitimacy and limits of private ownership of ideas in our globalizing information economy. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSNA, FSSO, or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

USSY 275. Colors, Capes, and Characters: American Comics Symbolism. 3 Units.
The history of the comic book is a vital site for critical questions about intersections of art and popular culture in America. In this course we will not simply read “funny books,” but will examine a genre that is as unique as its many colorful protagonists: from Popeye to Superman, Wonder Woman to the X-men, comics have given us larger-than-life characters who are often caricatures of dominant (and sometimes subversive) American ideologies. We will learn not only the history of this unique genre, but will interrogate what it means to truly read comics artistically, politically, culturally, and symbolically. At heart, reading comics in an exercise in interpretation: given visual symbols, what meanings can we take from them? What can comics tell us? And how can we write about them in intelligent, critical ways? In this course we will learn to approach comics through critical thinking strategies; that is, questioning what they are, what they say, and where they come from. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSNA, FSSO, or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

USSY 276. Philosophy of Art and Criticism: The Black Art. 3 Units.
Art has always had a shifting, complicated relationship to the general public. In today’s world, contemporary art is sometimes regarded as a detached, self-reflexive, and elite mystery reserved for in-the-know connoisseurs and aspiring scene-makers. Yet there are many points of entry for meaningful dialogue about the art, the artists, and the audience that comprise the world of contemporary art. This seminar will explore the critical and cultural contexts that can help foster this conversation. It will include visits to local museums, galleries, and artists’ studios, and culminate in a tour of the Progressive Art Collection. The goal of the seminar is to inspire a genuine interest in contemporary art and provide students with the tools required to think, speak, and write more clearly about it. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSNA, FSSO, or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.
USSY 280. Passport to Eastern Europe. 3 Units.
Images and texts shape rather than merely reflect the world and its geopolitical structures. Novels, films, and myths make significant contributions to the varied ways that people make sense of continents, nations, and other (often too conveniently used) geopolitical categories such as the East and West. After considering the ways in which the European continent has been imagined over the centuries, we will explore texts and films that have contributed to the invention of East Central Europe and the Balkans and continue to shape our understanding of the eastern parts of Europe. The class will include analyses of current news coverage of this area to unpack representations disseminated by the media and to reflect on the forces that aim to shape our understanding of geopolitical entities. Ultimately, the course hopes to address geopolitical assumptions, evaluate cultural contexts, and help you think critically about the constructed nature of geopolitical categories. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSNA, FSSO, or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

USSY 281. Defining the Animal. 3 Units.
Since the Darwinian revolution of the mid-nineteenth century, the relationship between humans and animals has become an increasingly significant area of inquiry in fields as diverse as literature, the fine arts, anthropology, evolutionary theory, the biological sciences and philosophy. In this course, we will explore the way humans have sought to understand and explain the animal, beginning with several contemporary ethical debates surrounding animal treatment. Such works will lead us to a range of related social and institutional places and practices, such as the zoo, the insane asylum, biometrics, the treatment of women, and the concentration camp. At the same time, we will examine the way artists, writers and filmmakers explore the human/animal divide through painting (Franz Marc, Marc Chagall and Max Ernst), literature (Franz Kafka, D. H. Lawrence and Rainer Marie Rilke), and cinema, through representations of a donkey (Bresson, Au hasard Balthazar), a fly (Cronenberg, The Fly), a Great White shark (Spielberg, Jaws) and a grizzly bear (Herzog, The Grizzly Man). We will end with J.M. Coetzee’s The Lives of Animals, which moves seamlessly between cinema, through representations of a donkey (Bresson, Au hasard Balthazar), a fly (Cronenberg, The Fly), a Great White shark (Spielberg, Jaws) and a grizzly bear (Herzog, The Grizzly Man). We will end with J.M. Coetzee’s The Lives of Animals, which moves seamlessly between arts, anthropology, evolutionary theory, the biological sciences and philosophy. In this course, we will explore the way humans have sought to understand and explain the animal, beginning with several contemporary ethical debates surrounding animal treatment. Such works will lead us to a range of related social and institutional places and practices, such as the zoo, the insane asylum, biometrics, the treatment of women, and the concentration camp. At the same time, we will examine the way artists, writers and filmmakers explore the human/animal divide through painting (Franz Marc, Marc Chagall and Max Ernst), literature (Franz Kafka, D. H. Lawrence and Rainer Marie Rilke), and cinema, through representations of a donkey (Bresson, Au hasard Balthazar), a fly (Cronenberg, The Fly), a Great White shark (Spielberg, Jaws) and a grizzly bear (Herzog, The Grizzly Man). We will end with J.M. Coetzee’s The Lives of Animals, which moves seamlessly between moral philosophy and literature, tying together a wide variety of concerns and themes raised throughout the semester. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSNA, FSSO, or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

USSY 284. The Art of Madness. 3 Units.
Taking a historical approach, this course will examine the relationship between the evolution of social and medical attitudes toward mental illness and fictional representations of madness in literature. Beginning with the early modern period, students will compare period sociological and medical narratives on mental illness to fiction works with representations of madness. In so doing, students will consider how the interactive dynamics of art and science contribute to cultural and social thought. Specific areas of inquiry will include: the development of psychology and its effect on societal perceptions of mental illness; cultural developments that occurred in response to changing perceptions of mental illness over the centuries; and the use of representational structures and narrative conventions in understanding and communicating the experience of mental illness. Other interrogations will include the imaginative function of mental illness in literature (e.g., melancholy’s role in creativity); the cultural myths in iconography of mental illness in different historical periods; and ethical dilemmas regarding mental illness as reflected in both medical and literary narratives. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSNA, FSSO, or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

USSY 285C. Conviction and Fiction. 3 Units.
How do our beliefs shape who we are? How do they shape how we tell others who we are? What can fiction tell us about our beliefs and about ourselves? This seminar will explore how authors reflect their beliefs through their writing—how fiction becomes a form of self expression, particularly of worldview, even when that is not the intent. Students will analyze 20th century fiction and the religious, cultural or psychological texts which influenced that fiction. Students will also be encouraged to think about how their own writing is influenced by belief systems, and to explore how our convictions cannot help but affect our writing and the way we understand our minds, our lives, our inner selves. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSNA, FSSO, or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

USSY 285D. The World of African Literature. 3 Units.
In this seminar, we will look at how a diverse number of African writers have responded, in both form and content, to three periods in Africa's literary history: the 1960s, or the decolonization period, which produced nationalist literature; the 1970s and 1980s, or the neocolonial period, which produced revolutionary novels; and the 1990s through the present, a period producing literature that contends with globalization. In an attempt to answer the riddle of what makes an African novel African, we shall grapple with fundamental questions concerning the origin of the novel; how it came to Africa; African literary traditions; and the language of the African novel. We will also use African literature to explore universal questions about politics and literature: What is a protest novel? What is the role of the writer and of art in society? The goal of the seminar is to increase your appreciation of African literature and literature in general, and at the same time sharpen your analytical, critical, oral and written skills. You will be expected to lead discussions, engage in peer critiques and, through scholarly essays, engage African literature. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSNA, FSSO, or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.
USSY 285F. Embattled Images of War. 3 Units.
Throughout history, from Pompeii to Abu Ghraib, images of war have captivated, inspired, shocked, and repulsed viewing audiences. As historical reflection, propaganda, documentation, a call-to-arms, a plea for peace, and/or personal creative expression, many of these images are fraught with controversy, questions of intentionality, integrity, and multiple agendas. From Poliailoalo to Ken Burns, this course will examine how artists have confronted large-scale human conflict over the centuries in paintings, sculptures, and prints, photographs and film as a way to consider the cultural and historical effect of war images within and outside the original context in which they were produced. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSNA, FSSO, or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

USSY 285H. Renaissance Figures. 3 Units.
This course explores the period of the Renaissance from 1400 to 1600. Is this period better understood as the European renaissance, the "rebirth" of Antiquity, or the Early Modern Period, the emergence of a world that leads directly to our own? We will look at the period and its famous figures from two different perspectives: Machiavelli in a bio-intro and in his work, The Prince; Luther as history's first best-selling author (the importance of the printing press) and in John Osborne's play; Elizabeth I in a short biography and a recent "Hollywood" bio-pic; Galileo in the historic accounts and in Bertolt Brecht's play; Joan of Arc in a short biography and Bernard Shaw's play; and Hamlet, the play and the character, in text and performance. Do the two different representations present two different people (characterizations) or a unified composite that we understand in greater depth? Do Shaw, Brecht, and Osborne depict three figures from the period to understand better the person, the history, or the 20th Century/Modernity? Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSNA, FSSO, or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

USSY 285I. Representing the Immigrant. 3 Units.
For many the world over AMERICA is a dream, a powerful myth, whether imagined through TV and movies, metaphors such as The Gold Mountain, or as symbolized by the Statue of Liberty. Following those visions may lead to success or disenchantment or both. Through fiction, memoir, films, and photographs we will explore the experience of immigrants: the tensions, generational conflicts, and difficulties with communication and culture their families undergo. We will examine expressions of those varied and complex experiences, especially how language represents them. We will also look at the significance of language itself—think about what and how words mean, and the difficulties of linguistic and cultural translation. Students will share their reactions to what we read and see in class discussion and also in writing informally, even (if they wish) personally. Formal requirements: two shorter analytical papers and a longer paper using sources and possibly interviews, also to be presented in oral reports. There will be conferences on papers and revision. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSNA, FSSO, or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

USSY 285K. African American Performance. 3 Units.
The course is structured around a historical overview of documentary film from 1920 to the present. We begin with Robert Flaherty's Nanook of the North (1922) and focus on a different documentary style each week, from the city symphony films of the late 20s and early 30s (Jean Vigo, On the Subject of Nice, 1930) to avant-garde experiment (Dziga Vertov, The Man with a Movie Camera, 1929), to cinema verite (Rouch and Marin, Confessions of a Summer, 1955) and its effects on the French New Wave (Jean-Luc Godard, Breathless, 1959). Other style will include direct Cinema (Drew and Pennebaker, Primary, 1960), the improvisational style of John Cassavetes, the use of time-lapse photography (Reggio, Koyaanisqatsi, 1982), and, finally the documentary (Bob Roberts. 1992). The course will emphasize the importance of ideology, bias, and efforts to capture the "real" through the work of Leni Riefenstahl (Triumph of the Will, 1935), and 1970's examples of Third Cinema in Cuba, Brazil, and Argentina. Each student in The Documentary Impulse will be required to create on five-minute video using a particular documentary mode examined in class, paying attention to ideology, narrative structure, transitions, sounds, and video editing techniques. The final project will use either found stills, or newly shot filmed images, and will include a sound track either from the Freedman Center's archives, or of the student's own creation. Equal time will be devoted to written assignment that analyze the documentary style of particular films. The first half of the course will include a weekly film screening in KSL; after midterms, the location will alternate with the Freedman Center, where students will spend time creating and editing video projects. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSNA, FSSO, or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

USSY 285L. The American Dream: Real and Imagined. 3 Units.
What is meant when we or our leaders talk about "the American dream"? Is it a political cliché, a myth, or something fundamental to our national ethos? In this seminar students will explore what is meant by "the American dream." We will pose the questions: how it has been defined by artists, writers, political leaders, immigrants and the native-born; how it has changed over time; and to what extent the dream is real and/or imagined? Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSNA, FSSO, or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

USSY 285Q. The Documentary Impulse. 3 Units.
The course is structured around a historical overview of documentary film from 1920 to the present. We begin with Robert Flaherty's Nanook of the North (1922) and focus on a different documentary style each week, from the city symphony films of the late 20s and early 30s (Jean Vigo, On the Subject of Nice, 1930) to avant-garde experiment (Dziga Vertov, The Man with a Movie Camera, 1929), to cinema verite (Rouch and Marin, Confessions of a Summer, 1955) and its effects on the French New Wave (Jean-Luc Godard, Breathless, 1959). Other style will include direct Cinema (Drew and Pennebaker, Primary, 1960), the improvisational style of John Cassavetes, the use of time-lapse photography (Reggio, Koyaanisqatsi, 1982), and, finally the documentary (Bob Roberts. 1992). The course will emphasize the importance of ideology, bias, and efforts to capture the "real" through the work of Leni Riefenstahl (Triumph of the Will, 1935), and 1970's examples of Third Cinema in Cuba, Brazil, and Argentina. Each student in The Documentary Impulse will be required to create on five-minute video using a particular documentary mode examined in class, paying attention to ideology, narrative structure, transitions, sounds, and video editing techniques. The final project will use either found stills, or newly shot filmed images, and will include a sound track either from the Freedman Center's archives, or of the student's own creation. Equal time will be devoted to written assignment that analyze the documentary style of particular films. The first half of the course will include a weekly film screening in KSL; after midterms, the location will alternate with the Freedman Center, where students will spend time creating and editing video projects. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSNA, FSSO, or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.
USSY 285R. Crime and Punishment in German Literature. 3 Units.
How societies define and punish crime is related to a web of interconnected considerations including the form of government, the legal code, social mores, evolving conceptions of justice, the purpose of punishment, and attitudes toward individual criminals and criminality in general. These social, historical, and ethical norms give rise to questions such as: What constitutes a crime? How is the violation of the law different from or similar to transgressions of morality or ethical norms? What is the purpose of punishment and why is this important? To what extent are we interested in the circumstances that lead to crime? In what ways is punishment an insufficient answer to crime? This course will explore the social and historical questions raised by the perpetrators and victims of crime as well as attending punishment in the literary works of Friedrich Schiller, Heinrich von Kleist, Annette von Droste-Hulshoff, Franz Kafka, Bertolt Brecht, Primo Levi, Hannah Arendt, and Bernhard Schlink. Focusing on short stories, detective fiction, novels, drama, and personal essay, we will pay particular attention to the way that criminal transgression is defined, the role of society and history in producing criminals, when and why punishment is justified or necessary, and the degree to which these resolutions are "just." Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSNA, FSSO, or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

USSY 285T. Art, Music and Culture. 3 Units.
This course uses the intersections of art and music as a way to understand how the arts reflect, interact with, and influence the cultures in which they develop. After an introduction to research and writing in the arts (week 1), the course continues with a survey of certain historical periods and masterpieces of European and American art and music from 1700 to the present (weeks 2-6). It then takes up a few important themes in the interaction of music and the visual: 1) the concert hall as the intersection of architecture and acoustics (week 7); 2) the art museum and its music (week 8); 3) music and film (week 9); 4) the Broadway musical (week 10), and 5) rock music and its artifacts (week 11). A full week (12) of instruction on writing and oral presentation then prepares students for a seminar paper and seminar report, the creation and refining of which constitutes the final phase (weeks 12-15) of the course. Requirements and activities include, in addition to the seminar paper and report, a series of activities including three optional and three required events centered on the Cleveland Museum of Art and its concerts, the Cleveland Orchestra at Severance Hall, and the Rock and Roll Hall of Fame Museum. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSNA, FSSO, or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

USSY 285U. Popular Music and Film. 3 Units.
This course takes an interdisciplinary approach to studying music in American film. Students will learn to analyze film and music with greater sophistication, to contextualize them in time and place, and to interpret their meanings. The films predominantly feature jazz and popular music. We will discuss several aspects of a film: filmmaking techniques, visual composition, the film's available interpretations, audience reception, and so on. We will also discuss musical composition and performance, artists' self-representation, the link between music and commerce, and so on. Course sources include films and critical literature. The primary focus of the class will be on the ways music and film intersect as entertainment and art. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSNA, FSSO, or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

USSY 285V. Castaways and Cannibals: Stories of Empire. 3 Units.
Through a study of texts that exploit "new world" images like the castaway, the cannibal, the wild man, and the exotic woman, this course explores the ideologies that propelled nineteenth-century imperialism, particularly regarding the British in Australia and South Africa. The class will consider how British settlers made "homes" in hostile and unfamiliar climates, how they addressed the problem of unfriendly and unequal contact with indigenous peoples, and how contemporary novelists reevaluate the historical past. The course will work under the premise that contemporary geopolitical realities have been shaped by the imaginative work of British colonialists who, under the principle of terra nullius or "no man's land," claimed the land and the resources of these southern territories and dismissed the very existence of the indigenous peoples that populated them. The scope of the course will be broadly historical, exploring works that participated in British imperialism, as well as those that take a modern perspective. Course materials will be drawn from a variety of genres, including fiction, poetry, film, ethnography, natural history, history, and criticism. Ultimately, students will consider how narratives participate in the shaping of reality and of real-world relationships of power. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSNA, FSSO, or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

USSY 285X. Living in the Digital Age. 3 Units.
Digital technologies have changed the world we live in. This brave new world is populated by new-media, video, games, and social networks. To survive this world we need a vocabulary of criticism and authorship, a "New Media Literacy" that we can use to effectively and efficiently embrace our roles as both artist and critic. This course explores a wide variety of New Media themes in both contemporary and historical contexts. Students in the course will analyze their ever-evolving relationship to New Media as both viewers and creators. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSNA, FSSO, or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.
USSY 285Z. The Ubiquitous Frankenstein. 3 Units.
This seminar will explore the birth, evolution, devolution, and undead nature of the Frankenstein myth in popular culture. Using Mary Shelley's novel, her source texts, 19th- and 20th-century critical accounts, and 19th- and 20th-century popular cultural manifestations, the seminar participants will discover how "Frankenstein" found its way into the Western mind and continues to provoke responses both in those familiar and in those completely unfamiliar with the novel. The course will touch on issues of literary influence, science/technology, religion, ethics, education, literary merit, popular culture relevance, and adaptation as art form. Central questions for the seminar include: (1) Does the Frankenstein myth as we perceive it today have anything to do with Mary Shelley's original novel? (2) What were the moral and ethical implications of Shelley's novel for her time and for the generations afterward? (3) Is an "accurate" film adaptation of a literary work possible or needed? (4) Is being ubiquitous a blessing or a blight for a literary work? Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSNA, FSSO, or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

USSY 286C. How Photos Shape What We See. 3 Units.
Because of both its special ability to convince and its ubiquity, photography has had a major impact on the way we view the world, and particularly in our view of "the other." Just like other major forms of discourse, photography should be approached with a thoughtful and critical attitude. Some of the techniques of critical looking are different from the techniques of critical reading, but the fundamental tasks are very similar. The aim of this seminar is to help students develop an awareness of why and how photographs are such effective media of communication, and to help them develop an ability to read photographs critically. This is, of course, set within a general context of developing critical reading and writing skills. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSNA, FSSO, or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

USSY 286J. Creativity and Constraint. 3 Units.
The purpose of this course is to explore creative problem-solving as it relates to different disciplines and types of problems and to encourage a passion for finding best solutions, not merely obvious ones. We will use and evaluate case studies of real-world projects and complex decisions, readings about creativity, firsthand accounts from creative professionals, and in-class exercises to hone strategic thinking skills. The seminar is specifically concerned with how constraints--ranging from budgets and schedules to the laws of physics--can encourage, rather than inhibit, creative solutions. But we will also consider general questions about the process and psychology of problem-solving. Areas of investigation will include steps in establishing problem scope and defining and recognizing successful solutions; the dynamics of group versus individual problem-solving; and strategies for communicating complex ideas to teammates and leading the creative process. Students will be expected to participate actively in shaping class discussions and activities. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSNA, FSSO, or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

USSY 286S. Shakesploitation of an Icon: Four Hundred Years of Shakespeare Marketing. 3 Units.
Following the interregnum in England, William Shakespeare began a long, sustained trajectory as a cultural icon, first in England, but eventually among all English-speaking cultures. In the process, Shakespeare's works have been reinterpreted, adapted, re-contexted, commoditized, and re-purposed for the sake of art, educational relevance, and entertainment. In the process, Shakespeare has often become the tool of unabashed commercialism, a practice which has come to be known as "Shakesploitation." But why is Shakespeare's work so frequently pilfered? Why are out of context references to him so ubiquitous? Why do people tend to equate the name of Shakespeare with qualities of genius? Why have his works been continually adapted (often shamelessly) not only for the stage, but into other genres, including operas, paintings, novels and films? How do we account for the proliferation of Shakespeare-based self-help books such as Shakespeare on Leadership? Why is the infant stimulation video Baby Shakespeare a best-seller? This course will explore these questions not only by reading a selection of Shakespeare's most enduring works, but also by examining criticism, adaptations, and marketing strategies that have been applied to Shakespeare's image and works over the last four centuries. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSNA, FSSO, or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

USSY 286U. Puzzled. 3 Units.
"Puzzled" will look at the practice of puzzle making and puzzle-solving and explore the meaning of puzzles for different cultures throughout history. We will read works from the disciplines of math, history, anthropology, philosophy, and literature. We will explore why certain types of puzzles became popular and how puzzles have transferred from one culture to another. We will examine the role of code writing and code-breaking in the military and in the world of business. We will read examples of fiction and watch films that adopt the form of the puzzle as a narrative device. We will think about the function of puzzles as instruments to exercise the faculties of reason and logic and as a means of leisure or pleasant distraction. Students will be asked to both solve and create puzzles over the course of the semester. They will write analytical essays on topics related to the practice and history of puzzle making and puzzle solving, and they will pursue a research topic that revolves around an issue or problem that has "puzzled" them. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSNA, FSSO, or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.
USSY 286V. Food Craze: (No) Reservations. 3 Units.
The great number of food-related TV-shows indicate an unprecedented interest in questions about and fascination with food; in fact, these TV shows allure viewers with the appeal of a myth: eating involves discovery (Anthony Bourdain's No Reservations, On the Road Again with Mario Batali, Planet Food), thrill (Bizarre Foods), or "supernatural" competition (Man vs. Food, Top Chef). These television shows and food-related writings that accompany them in earnest "worship" food and often promote ideas of multiculturalism by which exciting and novel locales, foods, and meal preparatory techniques are discovered. The objective of this course is to "indulge" in these shows and food writings and scrutinize them: What explains such fascination with the viewing of and reading about food? In what ways can food-exploration trips expand on ideas and critiques of multiculturalism and globalization? What explains the centrality and "mythical" nature of food in the twenty-first century? To begin these conversations, we will touch on a plethora of food writing works including works motivated by environmental and health concerns such as Michael Pollan’s essays. Then we look at the world of cookbooks (including the cookbooks of Julia Child and Rachel Ray), food blogs and TV-shows, and essays by Bill Buford and Calvin Trillin among many others. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSNC, FSNA, FSSO, or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

USSY 287F. Telling True Stories: Literary Journalism in America. 3 Units.
Literary journalism is a genre of nonfiction writing that employs all of the reportorial and truth-telling covenants of traditional journalism, while employing rhetorical and storytelling techniques more commonly associated with fiction. In short, it is journalism as literature. This course will introduce you to major themes in American literary journalism, the genre’s representative writers, and the enduring questions of the field. For example, we will ask how these stories work as narratives, as scientific explanations, as political tools, and as entertainment. How do these categories overlap? How do they motivate us to act? Where are these stories published and who is the readership? How do historical and cultural contexts influence and appear in the works? What is the relationship between (literary) journalism and democracy? What is the relationship between form and content? Is there a difference between physical truth and emotional truth? In the process of answering these questions, this course will emphasize close reading, interdisciplinary thinking, and the writing process. Through reading assignments, class discussions and presentations, and paper writing we will have the opportunity to examine, analyze, and develop our own interpretations about these multifaceted writings and the diverse cultural experiences and meanings they chronicle. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSNC, FSNA, FSSO, or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

USSY 287G. Shadowplay/East and West. 3 Units.
Shadows flicker across the screen, drawing us back to the precursors of the cinema and forward to digital effects. To borrow Gorki’s phrase, the cinema is truly a “train of shadows.” This course focuses on interactions between shadow theatre, dance, visual arts, the cinema, and traditional forms of play. While the main focus is on traditional artistic forms, we also explore modern variants, including the use of shadows in contemporary photography. We will look at shadows in different (yet overlapping) contexts, and compare the effects of still and moving shadows. All of these contexts involve moments of narrative and silence. Through a series of short papers which will be integrated into a longer paper, each student will explore his/her approach to a central question: What does it mean to play with shadows? Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSNC, FSNA, FSSO, or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

USSY 287H. Cityscapes in 20th-Century and Contemporary Visual Culture. 3 Units.
This seminar will explore the dynamic meanings of modern and contemporary urban environments through visual representation. What does a city look like? As great complex entities of constant change, we will see that cities have been portrayed in a myriad of ways. What social ideals have engaged the vision of architects, urban planners, and landscape designers in the making of the metropolis since the late 19th century? How have artists interpreted major cities as sites of modernity, technological advancement, civilization and cultural vanguard; or, in contrast as sites of failed experiment? How can forms of representation help us envision the entirety of urban spaces of diverse geographies, including typically un-aesthetic forms of fringe areas, the abandoned zones of prior use, and infrastructures? What recent developments in convergent media might be employed as catalyst for achieving an enhanced understanding of the interrelationship of urban structures, spaces, and human need? Our chief objective is to begin to comprehend the enormity of these questions. Thus, we will view and discuss selected examples of architecture, design, art, photography, film and video, in essence sampling the roles they have played in the process of conceiving and imagining the design and significance of cities. Our examination of visual material will be organized over the course of the semester according to three major overlapping themes: the utopian and visionary city, the visual culture of cities, and the emerging city. The methods by which we will seek to interpret the visual component of our studies in the three categories will be adapted from the perspectives of visual culture, urban studies, urban design and landscape urbanism, and architectural history. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSNC, FSNA, FSSO, or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.
USSY 287M. Literature of 9/11. 3 Units.
Nearly 10 years after the September 11, 2001 terrorist attacks, politicians, economists, artists, and educators continue to use the umbrella term "post-9/11" to describe our general cultural sensibility. Yet, what does it mean, specifically, to live in a "post-9/11" America? How have the cataclysmic events of that day altered our political and intellectual points of view? In this course, we will explore these questions by considering how novelists, poets, and other writers have and continue to represent September 11th. We will analyze techniques used to narrate the story of 9/11, investigating how American cultural values—or critiques of such values—influence the aesthetic choices that writers make. Our course will begin chronologically at "Ground Zero," as we examine representations of the immediate urban trauma while exploring the tensions between memorial and commemoration, spectacle and commercial pursuits. We will then focus on works by both American and international authors addressing the days and months following the attacks. We will examine how America is depicted with respect to its foreign policy and domestic politics, paying particular attention to the space of the "home." In addition to novels, short fiction, and poetry, we will read cultural criticism and some philosophy. Students will be given additional opportunities to explore film and other visual or new media representations of 9/11. Prereq; Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSNA, FSSO, or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

USSY 287N. Fantasy and Philosophy. 3 Units.
Fantasy novels and films can be philosophical catalysts. One can read philosophical arguments and debate ethical and epistemological issues. Or, one can become immersed in a work of art and imagination that presents a fiction expressing the same profound human issues. Such a work dramatizes philosophical debates and conflicts, and hurls readers and viewers into poignant, gripping, suspenseful, horrific, or beautiful stories that convey those very same struggles with truth and morality. Indeed, while many philosophical works are inaccessible to everyone but those with a specialized vocabulary (or prescient ability to discern tortured language), literary and cinematic works actually stimulate a different part of the brain. The ideas are conveyed and processed differently, and this is why works of fiction can have such poignant and lasting effects on the emotions, provoke us to meditate on the grave and constant in human sufferings, and revisit those works as we relive our own struggles with truth, morality, love, identity, conflict, violence, and death. In this course students will read short works of fiction and philosophy, and watch films that delve into philosophical issues. These include selections from The Seventh Seal, Dr. Strangelove, Lord of the Rings, Harry Potter and the Half-Blood Prince, Star Trek, Futurama, House, M.D., True Blood, Dexter, Woman in the Dunes, The Denial of Death, The Dharma of Dragons and Daemons, Death's Dream Kingdom, Thus Spake Zarathustra, Philosophy and the Mirror of Nature, Serial Killers and Philosophy, and The Bhagavad Gita. Students who have taken USSO 286W for credit may not take this course. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSNA, FSSO, or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

USSY 287O. What is Art for?. 3 Units.
Together we will study a crucial and distinctive aspect of the human mind: the uniquely human ability to engage in the production and reception of art. This course will explore human responses to artistic works in a wide range of media: literature, music, painting, and performance. Some of the larger questions we will be addressing in this course are the following: What is art for? Is art simply a kind of cognitive play that refines behavioural options over time? How is art related to (or dependent on) simulation, empathy and aspects of social cognition? What precisely can science contribute to explaining the aesthetic response and the artistic impulse? What, given the inherent constraints on human creativity imposed by human cognitive abilities, are the unique artistic conventions that contribute to experiencing a work of art as a work of art? What are the conceptual, intentional, emotional dimensions of art, manifested as they are in artistic creativity, talent and appreciation? Like most big questions, these are addressed in different ways by the disciplines of psychology, neuroscience, evolutionary biology, philosophy, and aesthetics. By exploring some collisions among these multiple perspectives we will learn more than through any single perspective. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSNA, FSSO, or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

USSY 287T. King Arthur's Days and Knights. 3 Units.
Few legends have remained popular and vital as long as the story of King Arthur has. Beginning with brief references in sixth-century histories, Arthur has risen again and again in medieval adventure stories, Victorian lyrics, and contemporary cinema. Over thirty-five films, in fact, have depicted the adventures of the Round Table. How can we explain this phenomenon? To investigate this question, this seminar will trace the development of the legend from its oldest remaining written manifestations to the present day. A chronological approach will allow us to see how Arthur's story accumulated new elements over time, including the famous love affair between Lancelot and Guinevere and the equally famous quest for the Holy Grail--neither of which appeared in the earliest versions of the story. We will discuss topics such as what Arthur has represented at different periods in time and how his story changes when it is retold in different genres and media. We will also consider how writers have adapted Round Table stories to suit political and social agendas. Finally, to broaden our perspective we will spend a unit exploring legends from a variety of cultures and comparing their presentation of heroism. Texts will include Sir Gawain and the Green Knight, pieces of Sir Thomas Malory's The Death of Arthur, the indispensable Monty Python and the Holy Grail, and portions of its new incarnation, Spamalot. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSNA, FSSO, or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.
USSY 287X. Paris in the Arts. 3 Units.
Since the late eighteenth century, Paris has been a favorite subject for visual artists and writers alike, as well as the birthplace of several seminal artistic movements, such as Impressionism, Cubism, and the New Wave. This course will use representations of Paris in the arts as lenses through which the identity and recent history of this major city will come into focus. Further, stories, photographs, and films that stage the city of Paris and its people will also allow us to explore the broader relationship between art, the city, and the plight of modern man. The course will include a wide range of artworks, from mid-nineteenth century photographs documenting the destruction of Medieval Paris and the advent of a rational capital, to stories chronicling the fate of hopeful newcomers, and films where the city is treated either as intimate landscape or impersonal grid. The course will be both discussion based and writing intensive: students will be encouraged to envision class participation and writing assignments as means to analyze collaboratively, as well as individually, the material at hand. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSNA, FSSO, or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

USSY 288I. Diversions: Experimental Stories and New Media. 3 Units.
In this course, students will study works in which the authors and artists have experimented with traditional linear forms and created stories that are, for instance, labyrinthine, framed, collaged, geometrical, digressive, and even networked. While both print-based and digital texts offer spaces for diverse and deeply engaging written or visual performances, they also require further critical inquiry into the ways in which they create, reflect, or resist social and cultural values. Our focus in this course will be exploring how stories (and other texts) - in print, on screen, on canvas, in digital formats - that don't follow or that play with conventional rules of order encourage us to participate in making sense of our contemporary world. The goals of the course include: exploring the relationship between form and content in written and visual productions, developing a critical perspective from which to enjoy, assess, and respond creatively to traditional print and multimedia presentations, and making excellent use of research resources at CWRU and cultural resources at University Circle. In addition, students will work to develop their writing and presentation skills and to innovate novel models of research writing. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSNA, FSSO, or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

USSY 288J. Cultural Representations of Violence. 3 Units.
The twentieth century was arguably the most violent in human history. That legacy has carried into our own time: from 9/11 to school shootings to the recent conflict in Libya, violence surrounds us. But what exactly is violence? How is it that we all recognize it when we see it? How do we represent it to ourselves? Most importantly, how do we make sense of it? Can we make sense of it? This class will explore these questions by studying the uneasy role violence plays in literature, film, performance art, and other cultural productions. As we do so, we will consider two central and potentially conflicting ideas. On the one hand, violence tends to resist our abilities to represent it; any depiction seems somehow inadequate to the real thing. At the same time, representations of violence surround us constantly, and for any number of political, cultural, and social reasons. Thus, violence in modern and contemporary culture is paradoxical, both permeating and resisting our imaginations. Through class discussions, written responses, presentations, and independent research projects, we will explore these and other ideas, considering how art attempts to comprehend violence and how artistic representations of violence relate to (implicate?) their audience. Although our focus will be largely on art, and primarily literature, our approach will be necessarily interdisciplinary. Be prepared to weigh in on topics as diverse as politics, aesthetics, philosophy, gender and sexuality, war, trauma, and colonialism. Undoubtedly, violence can be a painful subject, but the goal of our seminar is to pursue a rigorous intellectual and imaginative inquiry into one of the most pressing topics of our time. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSNA, FSSO, or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

USSY 288K. Hiroshima: History, Memory, Representation. 3 Units.
On August 6, 1945, when the U.S. first used nuclear weapons against Japan, the name "Hiroshima" ceased to designate merely a place, and came to signify an event, an anxiety, and a prognosis for the future. This course seeks to interrogate the various and overlapping discourses which constitute the symbolic nexus around Hiroshima--and, to a lesser extent, Nagasaki. We will be asking how the event of the bombing has been understood according to different disciplinary perspectives (history, psychology, literature, and film) and how it is represented from both American and Japanese perspectives. Accordingly, our investigation will be an intensely comparative attempt to answer the question: if there is something like what Robert Lifton calls "the atomic bomb experience," then how is that experience captured in different forms of cultural expression? Or, perhaps more importantly, how do these cultural objects speak to an ongoing negotiation with historical trauma in the present? What differences and similarities do we find among different, cross-cultural encounters with the atomic bomb? Our investigation into the politics of representation around this event will lead us ultimately to ask whether it is even possible to capture the novelty and horror of an event that in many ways exceeds language altogether. After orienting ourselves to the history of the bombings and the psychological and philosophical issues at stake in them, we will turn to some of its canonical representations in John Hersey's Hiroshima and Masuji Ibuse's Black Rain. From there, we will look at Yoshihiro Tatsumi's graphic novel Goodbye. And we will conclude with the cinematic representations of Alain Resnais's Hiroshima mon amour and Ishiro Honda's Godzilla. As a University Seminar, the course will also include substantial instruction in research and writing, leading to students' production of a medium-length research paper which they will work on throughout the semester. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSNA, FSSO, or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.
USSY 288R. Cultural and Ethical Issues in American-Chinese Business Relations. 3 Units.
The American and Chinese economies are the two biggest economies in the world. The Chinese economy is the fastest growing large economy in the world. The dynamic American economy is unique in its combination of large multinational enterprises and small entrepreneurial firms. The American economy is characterized by a vast private sector, the rule of law, and the largest private capital markets in the world. The Chinese economy is 30 years into a period of reform from communist industrial organization to "socialism with Chinese characteristics", which includes a significant role for the private sector. The Chinese economy is still an experiment. The established American business system exists within a democratic political system, where corporate lobbying has a significant influence on the creation of laws and government policy. The Chinese economy is still under the tight control of the Chinese Communist Party, a one-party dictatorship. When Americans go to China to do business, they find the cultural, social, political, and moral systems vastly different than what they are familiar with. Transparency International Ranks China 27 out of 28 of the most corrupt large economies in the world. In China, bribery of government officials and kickbacks to sales and purchasing managers is common. Key questions we will investigate are: 1. In what ways are the two business systems similar and different? 2. What is the nature of Chinese social relations? How do they differ from American social relations? What effect do they have on business? 3. What is the nature of the Chinese political system? What impact does it have on business in China? 4. How do American business people negotiate the Chinese business system? Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSNA, FSSO, or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

USSY 288V. Seclusion, Gender and the Exotic: Imagining the Harem. 3 Units.
When the term "harem" is invoked, the first image that comes to mind is of scantily clad women living in sequestered opulence in some exotic, yet vaguely "Eastern" place. This image has been reproduced and perpetuated through art, literature and music to the degree that even today, familiar themes of seduction, passivity and mystery related to the harem can be found throughout popular culture. Historically, gender segregation reaches into antiquity and existed in a variety of forms, cross-culturally. The term "harem" was not used regularly until the 13th century, and then only referred to the specific form of gender segregation used by the Ottoman court. Application of the word "harem" to all women's quarters in other cultures was the result of European contact with the Ottoman Empire, despite the fact that other cultures often had their own, distinct, terminology for women's spaces. In this seminar, we will explore the history and practice of gender segregation as a means to examine how the idea of the harem was constructed in the Eastern and Western imagination. Under what circumstances did women live separately? How were gendered spaces created, justified and maintained? Where did our image of the harem come from? Using primary and secondary sources, we will examine a selection of histories and representations of the harem in literature, slave and travel narratives, and religion. As the Western idea of the harem is part of what Edward Said theorized as "Orientalism", we will explore Said's theory as well as subsequent theories related to gender and the exotic. In addition, we will look at images of women's quarters from antiquity to the present and listen to representations of the exotic in music. Our goal is not only to study the historical fact of the harem, but also to engage issues related to gender, the exotic and representation from different disciplinary and cultural points of view. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSNA, FSSO, or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

USSY 288W. A History of Noise: Music and Politics from Beethoven to Jimi Hendrix. 3 Units.
This writing-intensive course examines the roles that noise has played in political discourses throughout the nineteenth and twentieth centuries. Its charged bookends - Beethoven and Jimi Hendrix - invite students to challenge supposed differences between "Art" and popular music and examine relationships between music and society. "Who does 'Art' serve?" "Is it possible to distinguish between 'Art' and noise?" and "Is sound capable of influence at all?" are among the chief questions this course explores. The curriculum's historical breadth allows students to consider these larger questions through a variety of case studies, including (among others) the bombast and nationalism of Beethoven's ninth symphony; the Marxist-inspired "emancipation" of sound, as presented by Arnold Schoenberg; the gender-bending metal of Eddie Van Halen; and the protest-by-distortion of Hendrix's national anthem at Woodstock. By the end of this course, students will gain more awareness of the ways in which the music surrounding them seeks to shape society. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSNA, FSSO, or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.
USSY 288X. 1939. 3 Units.
This course will examine the year 1939. At the time, people in the United States and Great Britain were investing in creating an active and lush fantasy world. There were debutant balls, the World's Fair, college sports, "The Big Sleep," "Gone With the Wind," and "The Wizard of Oz." Meanwhile Hitler was also conceiving of his dream world. The history of 1939 is the history of these competing fantasies and their collision. In addition to bettering their writing and research skills, students in this class will learn to understand the language and imagery of films, speeches, propaganda, social mores, diplomacy, and other various modes of communication that were used to construct and reinforce the sundry of imagined realities of 1939. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSNA, FSSO, or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

USSY 289G. The American West on Film. 3 Units.
Few geographical areas in the United States contain as many tall tales and mythological figures as the American frontier. From an extreme point of view, the West is the only American myth because no other nation can claim the cowboy, the Native American, or the immigrant worker on the transcontinental railroad. And yet, each of these figures remains spectacularly diverse. We celebrate their variety and lionize their individuality in film, popular novels, and cultural criticism. From the visions of the New World to the conquest of the frontier, the color of the American West proliferates and transforms, defining our culture. In this course, we will investigate how critics have understood our fascination with the Western frontier. The class will broadly explore version of the frontier in novels, films, and historical accounts. Reading about the history of the actual west, the course will then examine how the films of the twentieth century alter history in order to express the fantasies and anxieties of their own time. By studying both history and film, we will be able to interrogate manifest destiny and the myth of American exceptionalism. What makes the West such an integral part of our understanding of America? How has its actual history become myth? What does the American fascination with the cowboy, the Native American, or the outlaw imply about our nation? Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSNA, FSSO, or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.

USSY 289J. Beauty Myths Today. 3 Units.
Published just over 20 years ago, Naomi Wolf's influential study "The Beauty Myth" significantly influenced popular thinking about body image. Analyzing both cultural trends and empirical data, Wolf argued that as women made unprecedented advances in public life in the latter half of the 20th century, they were at the same time held to increasingly unrealistic standards of physical beauty. Wolf's study not only contributed to extant analyses of sexism in the media, but also introduced to mainstream readers the politics of the representation of women's bodies in popular culture. This course will examine to what extent Wolf's original claim hold true today. In other words, what physical standards must one meet in order to be considered professionally and personally successful? In exploring this question, we will look at the origins and current workings of the American beauty industry, considering the changing representation of the ideal body throughout the 20th century. We'll read texts by historians, philosophers, novelists, poets, cultural critics, and journalists who examine the politics of beauty. To both (re-)define and trace the continuing effects of beauty myths in the 21st century, we'll consider the rhetoric of ideal womanhood as it shows up in popular texts such as websites promoting anorexia, TV shows about plastic surgery, diet books, magazines, and guides for mothers. Students will have opportunities to define the beauty myth more broadly, exploring its effects on men and its mediating presence in other cultural sites. Prereq: Passing letter grade in a first year seminar in FSCC, FSNA, FSSO, or FSCS. Prereq or Coreq: FSTS 100. Requisites not met permission required if previous course completion in this subject group.
selection of courses. Advisors may refer students to other sources of information and assistance at Case Western Reserve.

The advising model at Case Western Reserve aims to balance generalist and field-specific advising, shifting the balance as students progress through their undergraduate careers. At the beginning, a student's First Seminar instructor provides generalist advising until the student declares a major. At the same time, representatives from each major and minor are available to provide field-specific advice as a student decides on an area of focus. Once a student declares a major, the emphasis shifts to major-focused advising with an advisor assigned in that field to guide the student in the construction of an academic plan and to monitor the student's progress in pursuit of that plan. Throughout a student's undergraduate career, the deans in Undergraduate Studies are available for generalist advising to address concerns that fall outside of the pursuit of a specific major.

Students are expected to initiate and maintain regular contact with their advisors to address the student's curricular and career concerns, and to review progress towards graduation. Students are expected to meet with advisors when declaring a major or minor, before registering for classes each semester, and when making corrections to their academic requirements reports.

Advising during the First Year

During a student's first year at Case Western Reserve University, the faculty member instructing the student's SAGES First Seminar serves as the student's academic advisor. Students and their advisors are expected to explore the student's academic interests and concerns, as well as educational and career goals, and to seek expert information and advice about academic policies and procedures and about specific academic programs from the General Bulletin, from newsletters and websites, from the academic representatives in the majors and minors designated as first year resources, and from other sources of advice and counseling on campus. Staff in the Office of Undergraduate Studies (http://case.edu/ugstudies) (including the coordinators of first-year residence education in the First-Year Residential Colleges), the University Career Center (http://studentaffairs.case.edu/careers), Educational Services for Students (http://studentaffairs.case.edu/education), the Office of Multicultural Affairs (http://studentaffairs.case.edu/multicultural), the University Counseling Service (http://studentaffairs.case.edu/counseling), and specialized programs such as Co-op (http://engineering.case.edu/coop) (co-operative education), SOURCE (http://www.case.edu/source) (research and creative projects), the Center for International Affairs (http://case.edu/international) (study abroad, international student services), and the Center for Civic Engagement and Learning (http://studentaffairs.case.edu/civicengagement) (community service) are available to support first year students and their advisors with publications, workshops, websites, experiential learning opportunities, and individual communications.

Advising in the Majors and Minors

Although some first year undergraduates enter with definite goals, they are not assigned to advisors in the majors until they have declared their major. Opportunities for exploration of majors and minors during the first and second semesters include a Choices Fair, departmental information sessions, and individual conversations with faculty and academic advisors. First year students who are ready to declare a major in their first year may do so beginning in November. Students engaging in further exploration of majors are expected to declare a major no later than the end of the second year (See Declaring a Major in the section on Academic Policies and Procedures). When a student selects a specific major or minor, the academic representative assigns a faculty advisor. A choice or change of major or minor is not recorded for any student until the major or minor declaration form, bearing the signature of the student, the name of the advisor, and the signature of the academic representative of the major or minor, has been completed and submitted to the Office of Undergraduate Studies, 357 Sears Bldg.

After the first year, students who have not declared a major should consult their assigned advisor (noted in their online student information) or the academic representative of an academic department of interest for advice and schedule approval.

Advising in the Office of Undergraduate Studies

The deans and advisors in the Office of Undergraduate Studies, including the coordinators of first-year residence education in the First-Year Residential Colleges, are available to answer student and faculty questions about University rules, practices, programs, and resources and to meet with students who are interested in accelerated undergraduate to graduate and professional school programs, academic awards, and fellowship and scholarship opportunities. All students who have not declared a major should consult with their first year advisor or with one of the deans in the Office of Undergraduate Studies for advising and schedule approval. Students with interests in health professions and/or law school are encouraged to seek advice from the director of health career advising, Steven Scherger (http://www.cwru.edu/provost/ugstudies/prehlth.htm), and the pre-law advisor, Terri Mester (http://www.case.edu/provost/ugstudies/prelaw.htm), in the Office of Undergraduate Studies.

Undergraduate Academic Policies and Procedures

Academic Policies and Procedures

All academic regulations governing undergraduates are administered by the Office of Undergraduate Studies. Academic regulations are subject to change by action of the Faculty Senate, its Committee on Undergraduate Education, and the various committees responsible for the oversight of curriculum and academic standing.

When circumstances so warrant, a student may submit to the Office of Undergraduate Studies a petition requesting an exception to a specific regulation. Petition forms are available in the Office of Undergraduate Studies, 357 Sears Bldg.

Academic Grievance Policy

A student who wants to register a complaint about course instruction or evaluation should first bring the matter to the direct attention of the professor or instructor involved. If the matter is not satisfactorily resolved, the student should go to the chair of the academic department in question and seek departmental review. If neither step resolves the complaint, the student may take the matter to the faculty member's college or school dean for final review and decision.
Academic Integrity Policy

See the Case Student Handbook for more information about the academic integrity policy.

Academic Standing

See section on Academic Standing Regulations (p. 616).

Attendance

Students are expected to attend classes regularly. Each instructor is free to determine the extent to which absences affect the final grades of students but should make the policy regarding attendance known at the start of the course. Instructors should report excessive absences to the Office of Undergraduate Studies. Instructors who judge a student’s absences from class to be excessive may drop the student from the course with a grade of F. Instructors taking such action must notify the student’s dean in writing.

Students unable to attend classes because of illness should notify their instructors and make the appropriate arrangements directly with the instructor. The University Health Service and the Office of Undergraduate Studies do not provide medical excuses for class absence. Information concerning the policy of the Health Service and the Office of Undergraduate Studies is available in those offices.

Any student who is unable to attend classes or participate in any examination, study, or work requirement on a particular day because of his or her religious beliefs is excused from any such activity. The student will be given the opportunity to make up the examination or work that is missed, provided the make-up work does not create any unreasonable burden upon the university. When possible, students should give notice to instructors early in the semester about missing classes because of religious observance.

Audit

A student may audit a course with the dean’s or advisor’s approval and the consent of the instructor of the course. An auditor receives no credit for the course. Registration in a course cannot be changed from audit to credit or the reverse after the end of the drop/add period. However, a student may take for credit a course he or she audited in an earlier semester. At the beginning of the course, the student and instructor should reach agreement regarding the requirements to be met for a grade of AD. The grade of AD is entered on the student’s transcript if approved by the instructor of the course. If the instructor does not approve the grade AD, the enrollment is not posted on the transcript.

Course Loads and Overloads

In order to be classified as a full-time student, a student must enroll for a minimum of 12 credit-hours by the end of the drop/add period. Eligibility for many forms of financial aid and for participation on intercollegiate varsity sports teams requires full-time status. Students registering for fewer than 12 semester hours are classified as part-time and charged tuition on the basis of the number of semester hours being taken.

The normal full-time load is 14-17 credit-hours. Students ordinarily may not enroll in more than 19 credit-hours in a semester. Any schedule of more than 19 credit-hours requires a dean’s approval. Continuing students may enroll for 20-21 hours in a semester if they have a cumulative grade point average of 3.200 or better. To register for 22 or 23 hours, a minimum grade point average of 3.500 is required. Graduating seniors may be approved for overloads if they need such a schedule in order to graduate at the end of the semester in question.

Course Placement

No credit will be allowed to count towards degree requirements for foreign language or mathematics courses which duplicate work taken earlier in high school or in another institution. First-year undergraduates who have questions regarding their eligibility to receive credit for foreign language or mathematics courses should see the associate dean for first year students in the Office of Undergraduate Studies.

Course Repetition

Students have the opportunity to repeat a course in order to improve their mastery of the course material. When a course is repeated, the student will earn credit for the course only once, but both the original grade and the grade for the repeated course will be included in the semester and cumulative grade point averages, each weighted by the credit-hours for the course. The student’s transcript will show the comment “REPEATED: NO CREDIT AWARDED” directly below the original grade. Similarly, if a student repeats a course for which he or she has already received either test (AP, IB, etc.) or transfer credit, the original credit will be removed and the transcript will show the comment “REPEATED: NO CREDIT AWARDED;” credit will instead be awarded for the course taken at Case Western Reserve University. However, if the first attempt of the course resulted in a passing grade but the second attempt results in a failing grade, the student will continue to earn credit for the first attempt; both grades will be included in the semester and cumulative grade point averages.

The course repeat option may not be exercised after a degree has been awarded.

CAUTION: Students who are the recipients of any form of federal financial aid (grants, loans, work study, etc.) and repeat a course that previously earned a passing grade must enroll for a minimum of 12 credit-hours for which credit had not been earned previously.

Credit by Examination

Advanced Placement/International Baccalaureate/French Baccalaureate/A-Level Examinations

Students may earn degree credit on the basis of advanced examinations taken while in secondary school. Examinations eligible for credit and/or advanced placement include, but are not limited to, College Board Advanced Placement Examinations, International Baccalaureate Higher Level Examinations, French Baccalaureate, and A-Levels. Determination of the criteria for granting credit and/or placement is made by the appropriate department.

Proficiency Examinations

Departments within each academic unit offering undergraduate programs may choose to offer students the opportunity to earn course credit in specific courses by proficiency examination. To qualify for proficiency examination credit for a course, the student’s examination performance must demonstrate knowledge and skills at a level no lower than that of an average student who successfully completes the course. Upon notification from the academic department, the Office of Undergraduate Studies will post credit for the course on the transcript. The grade will
be recorded as PR, and will not be included in a student's grade point average.

Declaring a Major or Minor

Students matriculating at Case Western Reserve University as first-year students may begin declaring their majors, though are not required to do so, on November 1 of the fall semester. Transfer students may begin declaring their majors at the start of their first semester at Case Western Reserve. A choice or change of major or minor is not recorded for any student until the major or minor declaration form, bearing the signature of the student, the name of the advisor, and the signature of the academic representative for the major or minor, has been completed and submitted to the Office of Undergraduate Studies, 357 Sears Bldg.

Students who enroll at Case Western Reserve University as first-year students are expected to declare a major before registering for their third semester at Case Western Reserve. Beyond that point, students who have not declared a major will have a registration hold placed on their accounts until they have done so. Those who will have earned fewer than 60 credit-hours (including transfer, AP, IB, and proficiency credit) by the end of the fourth semester for students who started as first year students, or by the end of their second semester for transfer students, may request that their dean in Undergraduate Studies allow them to register for the next semester by lifting the registration hold. Students may later change their majors should their academic interests change.

Enrollment Changes

Drop/Add

Changes in course schedules must be submitted to the Registrar’s Office using the Student Information System or a drop/add form before the end of the second week of classes during the fall and spring semesters. However, for courses that run for half of the semester, students are allowed only a one-week drop/add period at the start of those courses. Deadlines for dynamically-dated courses (i.e. those that meet on some alternative schedule) are set in a proportional manner. Similarly, the drop/add deadline for summer courses are set in a proportional manner, with the deadline ordinarily being the second day of classes.

Students who add a course after the start of the semester are responsible for any work missed and are expected to speak with the instructor to learn the consequences of any work missed and whether there are opportunities for making up missed work. In some cases, the instructor of a course may require his or her consent before a student may add a course during the second week of the drop/add period.

Withdrawal from a Course

The First Undergraduate Year:

For the first two semesters of enrollment, matriculated students who are beginning their college studies may withdraw from a course at any time during the semester, but no later than the last day of classes. Any course for which a grade of W is assigned will be deleted from the transcript at the end of the semester. This policy is not available for transfer students and does not apply to the summer session.

After the First Undergraduate Year:

A student may withdraw from a course no later than the end of the 11th week of the semester and receive a grade of W. In extenuating circumstances, a student may petition for permission to withdraw from a course after the final date and receive a W. The grade of W will be posted on the student’s transcript.

For all course withdrawals:

Students in good academic standing (i.e., not on probation, probation incomplete, or continued on probation) may withdraw from courses through the Student Information System, provided that they remain actively enrolled in at least 12 credit-hours. All other course withdrawals (those by students who are not in good standing and those that take a student below 12 credit-hours of active enrollments) must be transmitted by the student to the Registrar’s Office on the appropriate form, signed by a dean in the Office of Undergraduate Studies. Failure to attend class or providing notice only to the instructor does not constitute an official withdrawal from a course. Such an unofficial withdrawal normally will result in the student’s being assigned the grade of F.

Students are ordinarily not permitted to withdraw from a course after a grade has been posted.

Withdrawal from the University

To withdraw from the university during a semester or session, a student must complete an official withdrawal form in the Office of Undergraduate Studies. If unable to complete the withdrawal in person, the student must send written notification to the Office of Undergraduate Studies. Failure to attend classes or notification of instructors only does not constitute withdrawal from the university. A student who ceases to attend or otherwise participate in courses without officially withdrawing will be assigned the grade F for each course in which he or she is enrolled.

Students who do not plan to return for the following semester must notify the Office of Undergraduate Studies (ugstudies@case.edu), 357 Sears Bldg., 216.368.2928, in person or in writing.

Final Examinations

Final examinations normally are required in all courses and must be given during the final examination period at the time assigned by the Registrar; they may not be given during the final week of classes or on Reading Days. Any exception must be approved by the dean of undergraduate studies.

No student will be required to take more than two final examinations on a single day. A student who has three final examinations scheduled for a single day should go to the Office of Undergraduate Studies and obtain the assistance of the dean in arranging to take one of those examinations on an alternative day during the final examination period. Similarly, a student with conflicting examinations should seek the assistance of the dean of undergraduate studies in arranging to have the time of one examination changed.

A student must explain immediately and in writing to the dean of undergraduate studies an absence from a final examination. If the explanation is acceptable, the dean will authorize the assignment of the grade Incomplete and the administration of a make-up examination by the instructor. In the event of an unexcused absence from a final examination, the instructor should assign the student a final grade that...
assumes a grade of zero on the final examination and is consistent with
the grading policy established for the course.

Graduation and Commencement

Application for Graduation

A student who has completed all graduation requirements in fewer than
four years has the choice of graduating early or deferring graduation
in order to graduate with his or her class. A student who completes all
graduation requirements in four years or more must graduate at that time.
The student must file an on-line application for the degree through the
Student Information System by October 1 for January graduation, by
February 1 for May graduation, and by June 1 for August graduation.

A student must discharge all financial obligations to Case Western
Reserve University to receive a diploma and for the Registrar's Office to
release final transcripts.

Graduation Check

Students must ensure that their Academic Requirement reports reflect
accurately their progress toward their degrees. All requested corrections
and exceptions must be submitted to the Office of Undergraduate Studies
at least one semester prior to graduation. Academic Requirement reports
are available on-line through the Student Information System.

Participation in Commencement

Students are eligible to participate in May commencement activities
provided that they have completed all degree requirements during
that spring semester or the immediately preceding fall semester or
summer session, or have an appropriate plan to complete their degree
requirements in the upcoming summer session or fall semester. A student
may participate in Commencement only once as a bachelor’s degree
candidate, though exceptions are sometimes made for students receiving
a second bachelor's degree at least one year after the first.

Incompletes

See section on Grades.

Pass/No Pass

See section on Grades.

Promotion

The standards for promotion are:

• To the sophomore class, 27 credit-hours completed
• To the junior class, 60 credit-hours completed
• To the senior class, 90 credit-hours completed

Reading Days

Prior to and/or during the final examination period two weekdays are
set aside as Reading Days to be used by students for completing
assignments and preparing for final examinations. In the fall semester
there will be one reading day on Monday of the first exam week and one
reading day on Friday of the first exam week. In the spring semester, the
two days prior to the beginning of the final exam period are set aside as
reading days. These days are not to be used by faculty for scheduling
examinations or other course activities that require the attendance of
students. They may be used by faculty to schedule review sessions for
which attendance is optional.

Readmission After Separation

See section on Academic Standing (p. 610).

Re-Enrollment After Voluntary Withdrawal

Students who have voluntarily withdrawn from the university and have
not taken courses elsewhere following their withdrawal may petition to
re-enroll in any semester. Students who have taken courses elsewhere
following withdrawal must provide official transcripts of their work with
their request for re-enrollment. Upon re-enrollment following a voluntary
withdrawal, students retain the credit-hours earned and quality points
for courses completed prior to withdrawal. In the first semester of re-
enrollment, their academic status is the status in effect at the time of
withdrawal, unless that status is changed by action of the Academic
Standing Board.

Registration

For continuing students, registration for the fall semester begins in April,
and registration for the spring semester begins in November. Complete
registration instructions and regulations appear on-line on the web site of
the University Registrar (http://www.case.edu/registrar).

Scholarship Retention

See section on Criteria for Scholarship Retention (p. 610).

Student Access to Records

The academic records of all students are in the Office of Undergraduate
Studies, 357 Sears Building. Students may review their files in that office
by appointment. A student must sign a request and present his/her ID
card at the time of the appointment.

Study at Other Colleges and Transfer
Credit

Students may receive transfer credit for work completed at another
accredited college, university, or technological institute in the United
States or from institutions of higher education outside the United States.

At the time of admission to Case Western Reserve University and upon
presentation of an official transcript from each institution previously
attended, credit will be awarded for courses equivalent or comparable
to those offered by the University and completed with a grade of C or
better. Any such courses taken prior to the student's graduation from
high school must be listed in the college's catalog among courses
offered for degree credit to the college's undergraduates, taken in the
company of matriculated college students, and organized and taught
by college faculty. In addition, to be considered for transfer credit,
such courses must not have been used to fulfill high school graduation
requirements. The awarding of transfer credit is determined by the
Office of Undergraduate Studies in consultation with the appropriate
department.

After matriculation at Case Western Reserve University, students are
permitted to earn at other accredited colleges or universities or through
an approved program of study abroad no more than 38 credit-hours
toward the totals required for the degree, including courses taken through
the cross-registration program, with no more than 15 credit-hours taken
as part of domestic programs or as summer study in a student's home
country; any off-campus study credits beyond 15 may only be taken through approved programs of study abroad. Any additional credit earned at other institutions after matriculation at Case Western Reserve beyond 15 domestically or as summer study in a student’s home country and beyond a total of 38 including study abroad will raise the total number of credit-hours required for the degree by a corresponding number.

Permission of a dean in the Office of Undergraduate Studies must be obtained in advance if the student wishes to enroll elsewhere. Further, if a student wishes to take elsewhere a course to satisfy a major or minor requirement, it must also be approved by the department chair or academic representative. Upon presentation of an official transcript from each institution previously attended, credit will be awarded for courses equivalent or comparable to those offered by the University and completed with a grade of C or better. Credit earned elsewhere after matriculation at Case Western Reserve University is not applied toward the residence requirement of a minimum of 60 credit-hours, including at least 15 after a student has earned a total of 105 credit-hours, earned at Case Western Reserve. The Off-Campus Study Request Form is available in the Office of Undergraduate Studies, 357 Sears Bldg.

Credit is not awarded for work done at an unaccredited institution in the United States except by proficiency examination in those departments of Case Western Reserve University offering that opportunity. The awarding of transfer credit for work done at institutions outside the United States is subject to departmental evaluation.

A student separated for poor scholarship may not earn transfer credit for courses taken in the first two sessions after that dismissal.

Grades for courses taken at other institutions will not be entered on the student’s record nor will they be computed in the student’s grade point average.

In addition to the regulations concerning transfer credit outlined above, the following special restrictions apply to credit for summer courses taken at other colleges, universities, or technical institutes:

1. Students ordinarily will not be permitted to take elsewhere in Cuyahoga County courses offered at Case Western Reserve University. Exceptions to this policy will be permitted only in the event of significant extenuating circumstances. Students who desire the opportunity to take elsewhere in Cuyahoga County a course being offered at Case Western Reserve must petition the Office of Undergraduate Studies in advance for permission to do so.

2. Students must be in good standing. If a student is placed on probation between receiving permission and the start of off-campus enrollment, the student is no longer eligible to enroll for and receive transfer credit for this work. Students on probation require special approval and should contact a dean in the Office of Undergraduate Studies.

3. Students may register for no more than 12 credit-hours. One quarter-hour equals two-thirds of one credit-hour at CWRU.

4. Students may transfer credit only for courses in which a semester’s work is completed in a minimum of three weeks.

Undergraduate Collaborative Programs

Collaborative Programs with Other Colleges

Cross Registration in Northeast Ohio

Full-time undergraduates in good academic standing may cross-register for one course per semester at no additional tuition cost beyond their Case Western Reserve University tuition at the Cleveland Institute of Art, Cleveland State University, Cuyahoga Community College, or John Carroll University. Cross-registration at other local colleges and universities while enrolled full-time at Case Western Reserve will be considered on a case-by-case basis. Approval to participate in cross-registration is handled by the Office of Undergraduate Studies, and is normally limited to courses that are not offered at Case Western Reserve.

To cross-register for studio courses at the Cleveland Institute of Art, a student must have permission from Case Western Reserve University’s director of art studies, Mr. Timothy Shuckerow (timothy.shuckerow@case.edu), 2215 Adelbert Road, 216.368.2714.

Joint Program in Art Education

The joint program in art education of Case Western Reserve University and the Cleveland Institute of Art (CIA) enrolls students pursuing the BS in Art Education, combining studio art courses at the Cleveland Institute of Art with liberal arts and education courses at Case Western Reserve University. Admission to the program requires application to Case Western Reserve University and presentation of an art portfolio to the Cleveland Institute of Art; credentials must be acceptable to both institutions.

Joint Program in Music

All programs in music are conducted jointly by Case Western Reserve University and the Cleveland Institute of Music, and provide the intimacy and specialization of a professional conservatory, together with the resources of a comprehensive university.

Private music lessons can be arranged through the Department of Music in collaboration with the Cleveland Institute of Music. Students interested in pursuing this opportunity must obtain a permit at the Music Department in Haydn Hall to enroll for credit in Applied Music. Charges for private lessons will be covered by the full tuition rate for music and music education majors only. All other students will pay an additional fee.

Students pursuing a major in music or music education take music theory and lessons at the Cleveland Institute of Music, and take music history and other liberal arts and music education courses at Case Western Reserve University. Students pursuing the Bachelor or Arts degree with a major in music or the Bachelor of Science in Music Education degree apply to and enroll in Case Western Reserve University, while students seeking the Bachelor of Music degree apply to and enroll in the Cleveland Institute of Music.

Reserve Officer Training Corps (ROTC)

Reserve Officer Training Corps (ROTC) programs are available to Case Western Reserve University students through cooperative arrangements with Kent State University for Air Force ROTC and with John Carroll University for Army ROTC. Each of these universities offers military studies, leadership, and training courses. Participating students may
seek transfer credit at Case Western Reserve for these courses, and may be exempted from the undergraduate physical education requirement. Students who are not recipients of ROTC scholarships may enroll in the first- and second-year ROTC courses without incurring any military obligation. University students enrolling in ROTC programs are eligible to compete for ROTC scholarships awarded by the Air Force or the Army.

**Air Force ROTC**

The Air Force Reserve Officer Training Corps (http://www.kent.edu/afrotc) (AFROTC) program provided by Kent State University prepares students for service as officers in the United States Air Force. Through courses in history, management, and leadership, and through practical training, students acquire leadership and management skills, and learn about Air Force career opportunities, the role of the military in American society, the history of air power, and national defense policy.

An agreement between Case Western Reserve University and Kent State University allows full-time Case Western Reserve students to complete aerospace studies courses. Students cross-register for these courses through Cleveland State University, but the courses are held at Kent State University, which is approximately 35 miles from Case Western Reserve. Classes are usually scheduled on one or two afternoons during the week. This arrangement allows Case Western Reserve students to participate in either the four- or two-year AFROTC program. Students who wish to enter the two-year program in the junior year must contact the professor of aerospace studies no later than February prior to the academic year of planned entry.

Air Force ROTC scholarships are available on a competitive basis. Information about courses, registration, and scholarships may be obtained from the Air Force ROTC DET 630, 125 Terrace Drive, Kent State University, Kent, Ohio 44242; telephone: 330-672-2182. Case Western Reserve students planning to register for AFROTC courses at Kent State University should consult with the Office of Undergraduate Studies for information regarding registration procedures.

**Army ROTC**

The Army ROTC (http://www.jcu.edu/rotc) program is designed to prepare students for service as a commissioned Army officer in either the active duty U.S. Army or the reserve components of the Army Reserve or National Guard. Classes and practical training focus on military skills, officer professionalism, leadership training, and the development of military-related officer and management techniques and procedures.

Army ROTC is offered as part of a collaboration with John Carroll University with some of the first- and second-year courses ROTC classes being offered on the Case Western Reserve University campus. For those courses offered at Case Western Reserve (MLSC 101, MLSC 102, MLSC 201, and MLSC 202), students register in the ordinary way. For other Army ROTC classes, students enroll through cross-registration in the Department of Military Science at John Carroll University, which is approximately five miles from Case Western Reserve.

Army ROTC scholarships are available on a competitive basis. Information about courses, registration, and scholarships may be obtained from the Department of Military Science (ARMY-ROTC), John Carroll University, University Heights, OH 44118-4581; telephone: 216.397.4421. Case Western Reserve students planning to register for Army ROTC courses at John Carroll University should consult with the Office of Undergraduate Studies for information regarding registration procedures.

**Fisk University Exchange Program**

An exchange program between Fisk University and Case Western Reserve University enables up to four Case Western Reserve students to spend a semester as visiting students at Fisk each year. Up to four Fisk students may spend a semester at Case Western Reserve each year. Fisk University was founded in 1866 as the first integrated, coeducational school in the United States, and, at its founding, focused on providing a quality liberal arts education to the children of former slaves. Fisk University has a distinguished history as a liberal arts institution. It was the first historically black college to have chapters of the Phi Beta Kappa and Mortar Board national honorary societies.

Case Western Reserve students who participate in the Case Western Reserve-Fisk Exchange pay tuition to Case Western Reserve University, pay the Fisk room and board fees, and maintain their student status during the period of the exchange. Information about the exchange program is available from the Fisk exchange advisor in the Office of Undergraduate Studies.

**The Dual Degree (3-2) Program in Engineering**

Students of superior scholarship who have attended one of a group of select liberal arts colleges with which Case Western Reserve University has a dual degree agreement are eligible to participate in the Dual Degree (3-2) (http://engineering.case.edu/delpp/dualdegree) program at Case Western Reserve University. This program allows outstanding students to begin their studies at a liberal arts college for three years and pursue an engineering degree at Case Western Reserve University for two years. Once requirements at both institutions are completed, students will receive a degree from the liberal arts college and a degree from Case Western Reserve University in a designated engineering discipline. For additional information, contact Debbie Fatica (df3@case.edu), 304 Nord Hall, 216.368.4449.

**Undergraduate Criteria for Scholarship Retention**

Students who are awarded scholarships based on academic achievement or potential by Case Western Reserve University are expected to perform at an appropriate academic level and maintain good conduct in the community. These scholarships will be automatically renewed each semester, provided that the student meets the retention criteria established for his or her scholarship at the time of initial award.

The retention criteria for students who matriculated at Case Western Reserve University in August 2011 or later are outlined below, along with information about the duration of these scholarships and the appeal process for students who fail to meet the established retention criteria. Scholarship recipients who matriculated prior to August 2011 should consult the 2013-2014 General Bulletin.
Full-Tuition (Andrew Squire, Albert W. Smith, Adelbert Alumni, Alexander Treuhaft, and Warren E. Rupp), University, Michelson-Morley STEM, and Bolton Scholarships

The academic records of scholarship recipients are ordinarily reviewed at the end of each semester. To have a scholarship renewed for the following semester, the student must be in good academic and disciplinary standing.

In exceptional cases, Academic Standing Board will continue a scholarship for a student whose achievement or whose attendance does not meet the standards outlined above. It is the student’s responsibility to write to the Academic Standing Board, c/o the Office of Undergraduate Studies, within 7 business days of the end of the exam period each semester to request special consideration for continuation of a scholarship. This appeal should inform the committee of any special circumstances which may have affected performance and/or attendance during the preceding academic semester, provide any relevant documentation, and describe a plan for how academic performance will be improved in the future.

Students who lose their scholarships because of unsatisfactory academic or disciplinary standing will have their scholarships automatically reinstated at the start of the next semester if they return to good standing. These students lose a semester of scholarship eligibility for each semester that they fail to achieve good standing; that is, students will not receive these scholarships while on probation or during their first semester back from an academic separation, and the maximum number of semesters for which they can receive their scholarships will be reduced. However, students placed on probation at the end of their spring semester who return to good standing based on summer coursework at Case Western Reserve University (see Academic Standing Regulations in the section of Academic Policies and Procedures) will continue their scholarships for the fall semester without interruption or loss of a semester of eligibility.

Other Scholarships Awarded by Case Western Reserve University

Recipients of scholarships other than those listed above should refer to their scholarship award letter for specific scholarship retention criteria.

Duration

A student who meets the standards for scholarship retention may receive scholarship assistance for no more than eight semesters of full-time undergraduate study (less any semesters lost due to falling out of good academic or disciplinary standing, as described above). The scholarship is awarded for full-time enrollment in regular (fall and spring) semesters.

A scholarship recipient who does a complete withdrawal during a semester will have used up a semester of scholarship eligibility, but will be eligible to receive the scholarship again when he or she next enrolls, provided that his or her leave of absence does not last more than one semester (as described below). If a scholarship recipient completes a bachelor’s degree in fewer than eight semesters of full-time study at Case Western Reserve University, the scholarship will be terminated upon completion of the degree.

In the eighth semester (or in the final semester for a student completing the bachelor’s degree in fewer than eight semesters), a recipient may request permission for part-time enrollment with pro-rated scholarship support if completion of the degree does not require full-time enrollment in that final semester.

Semesters spent participating in the Cooperative Education Program or on a leave of absence are not counted against a student’s eight full-time semesters of scholarship eligibility.

Leave of Absence Policy

A scholarship recipient may take a one-semester leave of absence during the student’s undergraduate career and put his/her scholarship “on hold” for reactivation upon the student’s return to Case Western Reserve University. Requests for a one-semester leave of absence must be submitted in advance to the Office of Undergraduate Studies. Requests for leaves of absence longer than one semester must be submitted to the Academic Standing Board and will be reviewed on an individual basis.

A scholarship is automatically terminated upon a student's transfer to another institution or upon permanent separation from the University.

Undergraduate Experiential Learning

Experiential Learning

Case Western Reserve University offers undergraduates a variety of experiences inside and outside the classroom that are built on a process of guided inquiry, preparation, action and reflection. Many research, internship, and employment opportunities are aligned with academic programs. Linguistic and cultural immersion characterize the study abroad experience. Courses that incorporate community service or internships into the curriculum forge links between Case Western Reserve undergraduates and schools, neighborhoods, businesses, and governmental and health care institutions in Cleveland and elsewhere.

Course-Based Experiential Learning

In disciplines as diverse as psychology, journalism, engineering, Spanish, Russian, nursing, anthropology, history, and biology, Case Western Reserve students engage in experiential learning beyond the on-campus classrooms and laboratories. Experiences that form the basis for reflection and synthesis under the guidance of faculty include working with hospitalized children, designing engineering solutions for a problem presented by a municipality, interning at a local media outlet, tutoring in Cleveland’s Hispanic community, gaining experience in public health clinics, studying history with “the city as classroom,” or collecting aquatic specimens from the ponds at the university’s 389-acre farm.

International Experience

Case Western Reserve University encourages all students to study abroad. Students of all majors are able to study abroad without interfering with their graduation timeline. Many of the study abroad programs cost the same as studying in Cleveland, and financial aid can be used to supplement study abroad costs as needed. Students should visit www.case.edu/studyabroad or contact a study abroad advisor at studyabroad@case.edu to find a program that meets their needs.

Semester and Academic Year Programs

Case Western Reserve University partners with several overseas institutions in order to allow students to determine, in consultation with their academic advisor and study abroad advisor, study abroad programs that meet their academic and personal goals. Students can choose
from a list of approved study abroad partners (http://www.case.edu/international/edabroad/thinkStudyAbroadLongTerm.html).

Undergraduate students who have completed at least 24 credit-hours of coursework at Case Western Reserve University, have declared a major, and are in good academic and disciplinary standing, with no pending judicial actions, and are otherwise eligible to register on campus at Case Western Reserve University for the proposed semester(s) (no financial holds, e.g.) are eligible to participate in programs of study or practical experience that immerse them in the culture and language of another country.

After matriculation at Case Western Reserve University, students are permitted to earn at other accredited colleges or universities or through an approved program of study abroad no more than 38 credit-hours toward the totals required for the degree, including courses taken through the cross-registration program, with no more than 15 credit-hours taken as part of domestic programs or as summer study in a student’s home country; any off-campus study credits beyond 15 may only be taken through approved programs of study abroad. Any additional credit earned at other institutions after matriculation at Case Western Reserve beyond 15 domestically or as summer study in a student’s home country and beyond a total of 38 including study abroad will raise the total number of semester hours required for the degree by a corresponding number.

Case Western Reserve does not require students to complete any foreign language prerequisites before studying abroad, though students wishing to study in a country where the native language is not English are advised to develop their language skills to the extent possible. However, students studying for at least a semester in a single location where English is not an official language must take a course that advances their skills in a language of the host country during each semester of study abroad, provided such courses are available; this may be a course of language instruction or a course taught in a language of the host country. Students participating in study abroad experiences that are comparative in nature and visit several sites with the same semester are not required to include language study in their academic programs.

Students participating in semester or academic year study abroad pay tuition to Case Western Reserve University and maintain their student status during the period of study abroad. Case Western Reserve University will, in turn, pay the tuition costs for the student’s program, but the student will be responsible for all non-tuition costs associated with study abroad. Students eligible for financial aid continue their eligibility during study abroad.

CWRU in London at the Royal Academy of Dramatic Art

CWRU in London at the Royal Academy of Dramatic Art is organized by Case Western Reserve University to allow students to travel in a cohort to London to study theater and theater history. This theater/humanities program, offered in conjunction with the Royal Academy of Dramatic Art, allows students to sharpen their acting skills and gain a solid understanding or theatrical history while living and studying alongside some of the world’s best performing artists. Because students are formally enrolled in CWRU courses while participating in this program, their courses and grades appear on the CWRU transcript in the ordinary way rather than as transfer credit.

Short-Term Programs

Case Western Reserve University offers a robust portfolio of short-term study abroad options. These programs, which allow students to travel with a group of Case Western Reserve students, are often one to three weeks in duration and are offered over Spring Break, Winter Break, and Summer. Program offerings vary each year, but recent short-term study abroad locations included Botswana, China, Costa Rica, Cuba, Ecuador, France, Germany, Guatemala, Israel, the Netherlands, Poland, Spain, and the United Kingdom. All CWRU students in good standing are eligible to participate in short-term study abroad programs. For more information, contact the study abroad advisor in the Office of Educational Abroad, Tomlinson Hall 143.

Summer Programs

All Case Western Reserve University undergraduates in good academic and judicial standing are permitted to study abroad during the summer. With approval, up to 15 credit-hours of summer coursework can be transferred to Case Western Reserve University. In the summer, study abroad students pay tuition and fees directly to the school/provider overseas. A wide variety of summer programs is available through the Office of Education Abroad, Tomlinson Hall 143.

Research Opportunities Abroad

Case Western Reserve University partners with EuroScholars to offer CWRU students semester-long research abroad opportunities. EuroScholars is a network of 11 internationally-recognized European research institutions. All are ranked in the top 2% of the 4,000 universities throughout Europe. Projects are available in arts and humanities, performing arts, biology, chemistry, engineering, mathematics, physics, astronomy, computer science, medicine, biomedical sciences, law, economics, management, politics and social studies. The CWRU study abroad advisors can help students apply to this elite program. Students can also identify independent research projects abroad.

Research Experience

Undergraduate Research

Case Western Reserve University is a research-intensive community with a historic tradition of involving undergraduates in research and creative endeavors. Regardless of a student’s major or academic interests, there are numerous opportunities to engage in research either on campus with Case Western Reserve faculty or elsewhere during both the academic year and the summer. The SOURCE (http://www.case.edu/provost/source) (Support of Undergraduate Research and Creative Endeavors) Office provides assistance to students throughout the undergraduate educational experience, including:

- helping students identify research and creative project opportunities,
- providing funding for on-campus summer research,
- providing funding for travel for students presenting their work at regional and national conferences,
- providing educational research and informational seminars,
- sponsoring Intersections: SOURCE Symposium and Poster Session for students to present their work to our academic community, and
- sponsoring Discussions: The Undergraduate Research Journal of CWRU.

For more information, contact the SOURCE Director, Sheila Pedigo (sheila.pedigo@case.edu), Sears 451, 216.368.8508.

In many cases, students pursuing research under the guidance of a faculty member may earn degree credit by registering for “Undergraduate Research” or “Independent Study” in the appropriate department. These are advanced-level courses and require departmental approval. However,
students may not earn both degree credit and pay for the same work. Students may discuss academic credit for research with their major advisor.

Work Experience

The Center for Civic Engagement and Learning

The Center for Civic Engagement and Learning (https://students.case.edu/civcengagement) connects students and the community through service. The center coordinates both curricular and co-curricular activities that promote learning through service to communities locally, nationally, and internationally. Service learning venues include academic course work, work-study positions, residence hall and Greek Life programs, and weekly service opportunities.

The Center for Civic Engagement also offers regular, weekly and bi-monthly opportunities for community service through the Case SERVES projects; assists faculty and students in designing and implementing community-based courses and SAGES capstone projects; coordinates on-going volunteer and work-study tutoring; and schedules Days of Service for one-time community service projects.

Cooperative Education

Cooperative Education (Co-op) (http://engineering.case.edu/coop) is an academic program that enables students to alternate classroom studies with career-based experiences in industry. It is a learning experience designed to integrate classroom theory with practical experience and professional development. Co-op is a paid full-time work experience designed to enhance the student’s education. Case Western Reserve Co-op assignments are typically for two seven-month periods, each period consisting of a summer and a contiguous spring or fall semester. While participating in co-op, students maintain their full-time student status. This program is available to students pursuing degrees in engineering, biochemistry, biology, chemistry, engineering physics, geology, mathematics, physics, and statistics. For additional information, contact Ms. Mary Rose Tichar (mrt2@case.edu), 304B Nord Hall, 216.368.4447.

Professional Practicum

Practicum (http://students.case.edu/careers/students/jobs/practicums) is an experiential learning collaboration among a student, an employer, and a faculty member serving as the student’s practicum advisor that is coordinated by the Career Center’s Experiential Learning Specialist. The program is open to undergraduate students enrolled in the College of Arts and Sciences and/or the Weatherhead School of Management. The primary goal of a practicum is the intellectual, personal and professional growth of the student. In order to ensure that this goal is achieved, the collaborators establish learning objectives prior to the start of the practicum. These objectives are reviewed throughout the semester, and the student’s progress is evaluated at both the mid-point and end of the practicum.

While completing a practicum assignment, a student works full-time for a minimum of 14 weeks in a professional setting and does not take classes. The student will maintain full-time student status during the practicum period. Though credit is not awarded, students who successfully complete the practicum assignment will receive transcript notation. A student may participate in up to two practica, but it is recommended that at least one intervening semester be spent on campus. Students interested in participating in a practicum should contact the Career Center a semester prior to the intended practicum assignment.

Washington Study Program

The Washington Study Program (http://politicalscience.case.edu/undergraduate/washington-center-program) provides students with the opportunity to complete a full-time, research-intensive internship in Washington, D.C. By participating in a semester-length program during the fall or spring (WASH 2A (p. 455) Washington Center Internship), students earn 9 credit-hours; for a summer internship (WASH 2D (p. 455) Washington Center Summer Internship), they earn 3 credit-hours. In addition, students earn 3 credit-hours for participating in a seminar and attending a weekly lecture/discussion group (WASH 2B (p. 455) Washington Center - Politics and Public Policy Course) and 3 credit-hours by developing a portfolio based on their internship experiences (WASH 2C (p. 455) Washington Center - Portfolio). The credits earned can be counted as general electives or applied to a student’s major or minor, with the prior consent of the individual department(s).

To be eligible for the program, a student is expected to be a junior or senior and have at least a 3.00 GPA. The program director (Professor Justin Buchler (justin.buchler@case.edu), 111 Mather House, 216.368.2646), the student’s major advisor, and the appropriate dean must approve each application. Students must ensure that their participation will not prevent them from meeting on-campus residency or other university requirements.

Undergraduate General Degree Requirements

Case Western Reserve University offers a broad range of programs in the liberal arts and sciences, engineering, management, accountancy, and nursing leading to the Bachelor of Arts (BA) and the Bachelor of Science (BS) degrees. These programs provide depth through concentrated study in a major field, breadth through the fulfillment of general education requirements, and open electives.

The BA is available in more than forty fields in the humanities and arts, the social and behavioral sciences, and the natural sciences and mathematics. The BS in Engineering is available in twelve major fields. The BS in Management is available in two major fields. In addition, BS programs are offered in accounting, the natural sciences, mathematics, computer science, statistics, nutrition, art education, music education, and nursing.

The Bachelor of Music (BM) degree is offered by the Cleveland Institute of Music through a joint program with Case Western Reserve University.

General Requirements for all Bachelor’s Degrees

The bachelor’s degree programs require students to study one field in depth (the major) and to complete general education requirements as appropriate to the major field and degree program selected. There is overlap among general education requirements, which allows students flexibility in the choice of majors and degree programs.

Every candidate for a baccalaureate degree from the university must:

1. complete the requirements of the Seminar Approach to General Education and Scholarship (SAGES), as described below;
2. complete two semesters of physical education through a combination of half and/or full semesters in Physical Education activity courses, as described below;
3. complete the requirements of the major field of study, as described in the relevant sections of the Bulletin;
4. complete the general education requirements of the school and degree program in which the student's major field of study falls, as described in the relevant section of this chapter of the Bulletin (Arts and Sciences, Engineering, Management, Nursing);
5. complete a course of studies with a cumulative grade point average of no less than 2.000 for work taken at Case Western Reserve University; and
6. earn in residence at Case Western Reserve University a minimum of 60 semester hours, of which at least 15 must be earned after the student has earned a total of 105 semester hours.

SAGES

The Seminar Approach to General Education and Scholarship (SAGES) provides a foundation in critical thinking, written and oral communication, the use of information, quantitative reasoning, engagement with ethical issues and diversity, and exposure to experimental and theoretical approaches to understanding human culture and behavior, scientific knowledge, and methods of research.

The First Seminar

The First Seminar (4 credit-hours, taken in the first semester of enrollment) introduces students to the seminar format through reading, discussion, and intensive writing, and incorporates activities with University Circle institutions. The course focuses on the development of critical thinking and communication skills through the use of a variety of approaches, media, and perspectives to explore the human mind and the nature of inquiry. This course is designed to strengthen writing and analytical skills while building a foundation in ethics, information literacy, and cultural diversity.

Students select a course from:
• First Seminar: Natural World (FSNA 1xx)
• First Seminar: Social World (FSSO 1xx)
• First Seminar: Symbolic World (FSSY 1xx)

Based on test scores and a writing sample, some students will be placed in FSCC 100: The Life of the Mind, designed to provide additional writing support. Most students for whom English is a second language will continue their First Seminar experience in a second semester by enrolling in and completing FSCS 150 First Seminar Continuing Semester (3 credit-hours).

*Transfer Students only: Transfer students who have completed the English composition/expository writing requirement with a grade of C or higher at the college/university at which they previously matriculated will receive transfer credit for FSCC 100-TR (3 – 6 semester hours) and will be required to complete a supplemental 1-semester-hour SAGES introductory seminar – FSTS 100 SAGES Transfer Supplement.

University Seminars

After completion of the First Seminar with a passing evaluative grade and before the end of a student's second year, students must complete two University Seminars (totaling 6 credit-hours). University Seminars provide continued experience in critical reading, writing, and oral communication, as well as information literacy, ethics, and cultural diversity. Each University Seminar explores content determined according to the interests of the faculty. A student's First Seminar and two University Seminars must include a course from each of the three thematic areas: Natural World, Social World.

Students select courses from:
• University Seminar: Thinking About the Natural World (USNA 2xx)
• University Seminar: Thinking About the Social World (USSO 2xx)
• University Seminar: Thinking About the Symbolic World (USSY 2xx)

Students who complete their First Seminar requirement with FSCC 100, FSCS 150, or FSTS 100 may fulfill their University Seminar requirement by choosing courses from any two of the three thematic areas.

University Composition Requirement: The SAGES Writing Portfolio

Students develop a Writing Portfolio comprised of final graded writing assignments from the First Seminar and University Seminars. The Writing Portfolio is due the semester after completing the final University seminar.

Departmental Seminar

The Departmental Seminar (3 credit-hours), generally taken in the junior year after the completion of the University Seminars, focuses on discipline-specific methods and modes of inquiry and communication characteristic of the Departmental Seminar's discipline. The Departmental Seminar may be taken in the department of the student's major or in another department. A course used to fulfill the Departmental Seminar Requirement may not also be used to fulfill a Breadth Requirement. Courses meeting this requirement include the designation "Approved SAGES Departmental Seminar" in their course descriptions. Some majors include a specific Departmental Seminar as part of their requirements.

Senior Capstone

The Senior Capstone assimilates the knowledge and skills gained throughout the educational process. Students engage in a unique one- or two-semester experience (3 - 6 credit-hours) designed in consultation with a faculty member. Each Senior Capstone must include key elements:

1. Demonstration of critical thinking and writing skills;
2. Regular oversight by the Capstone advisor;
3. Periodic reporting of progress;
4. Regular writing (e.g. drafts, progress reports, critiques) throughout the project including a final written report which may be a thesis or equivalent document associated with the project or activity (e.g., such pursuits as performance, experiment, live case analysis, or creative writing), as approved by the department of capstone origin; and
5. Oral reports including a final public presentation at the Senior Capstone Fair, a conference, a performance, a public lecture, a teaching presentation, or another setting, as approved by the department of capstone origin.

Courses meeting this requirement include the designation "Approved SAGES Capstone" in their course descriptions. Some majors include a specific a Senior Capstone course as part of their requirements.
Physical Education

All students must complete two full semesters of Physical Education activity courses at zero credit hours. Students may choose from half-semester and full-semester course offerings. If possible, a student should begin meeting this requirement in the first semester and complete it early in his or her undergraduate years.

Requirements for Specific Degrees

Students are expected to complete a bachelor’s degree in a timely fashion and will ordinarily be subject to the degree requirements in place at the time of matriculation at Case Western Reserve University, although they may choose to update their requirements to those included in a later General Bulletin.

If a student extends study towards a bachelor’s degree beyond 10 years after first matriculating as an undergraduate student, the major-field department(s) will review the student’s academic record and may update major field requirements. Also, if the student has not already completed the applicable general education requirements in place at the time of matriculation, the appropriate dean in the school offering the major will also review the student’s academic record and may update general education requirements.

Dual Undergraduate Degree Programs

To qualify for two undergraduate degrees, i.e., a BA and a BS degree, or two BS degrees, a student must satisfy all requirements for each degree, and complete for the second degree thirty semester hours of study beyond the hours required for the first degree. A student may, however, complete two or more Arts and Sciences majors within the 120 hour minimum requirement for the BA degree, or two or more Engineering majors within the 128-133 hour minimum requirement for the BS in Engineering degree, or two or more Management majors within the 122 hour minimum requirement for the BS in Management degree. Students who seek a dual-degree program that involves the BM degree must meet Cleveland Institute of Music and Case Western Reserve admission requirements, and seek approval of both the Cleveland Institute of Music and Case Western Reserve University.

Students completing both a BA and a BS degree are exempted from six hours of the 90-hour requirement of arts and sciences courses for the BA.

A student pursuing two degrees is encouraged to meet with a dean in the Office of Undergraduate Studies, 357 Sears Bldg., to discuss requirements.

Undergraduate Grades

Grades

Grades at Case Western Reserve University are issued on the following scale, with good standing based on criteria presented in the section on Academic Standing Regulations and the requirement of a 2.000 average for graduation. Academic averages are computed by dividing the number of quality points earned by the number of hours completed, excluding transfer credit, credit based on examinations (AP, IB, proficiency, etc.), and courses graded P/NP.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Letter Grade</th>
<th>Meaning</th>
<th>Quality Points</th>
<th>Notes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A</td>
<td>Excellent</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>This grade will be given for academic failure as well as failure to attend class without formally withdrawing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B</td>
<td>Good</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C</td>
<td>Fair</td>
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<td>Passing</td>
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<tr>
<td>F</td>
<td>Failure</td>
<td>0</td>
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Grade of Incomplete

Assignment of the Incomplete Grade:

The Incomplete grade (I) is assigned by and at the discretion of the instructor when a) there are extenuating circumstances, explained to the instructor before the assignment of the grade, which clearly justify an extension of time beyond the requirements established for and met by other students in the class, and b) the student has been passing the course and only a small segment of the course, such as a term paper, remains to be completed. It is the student’s responsibility to notify the instructor of the circumstances preventing completion of all assigned work. In the absence of notification or adequate justification, the instructor has the authority to assign the student a final grade that assumes a failing grade for the missing work. An Incomplete grade should not be assigned a) when a student has been absent for much of the semester and/or has done little of the work required for a course, or b) because a student is absent from a final examination, unless the dean of undergraduate studies has authorized the grade.

The amount of additional time allowed the student to make up incomplete work should serve to accommodate the student while being fair to other students in the course. It should be proportional to the duration of a student’s illness or absence and might be no more than a few days or weeks. At the extreme, it should not extend past the eleventh week of the session following the one in which the Incomplete grade was received. In certain cases (such as students on probation) the dean of undergraduate
Changing the Incomplete Grade:
When the student has completed the required work, the instructor shall enter in the Student Information System a final evaluative grade to replace the Incomplete. When a student fails to submit the work required for removing the Incomplete by the date established, the instructor shall enter a final grade that assumes a failing performance for the missing work. In the absence of the assignment of a grade by the instructor, the Registrar will convert the I to F when the deadline for making upIncomplete grades from a previous semester has passed.

Audit
See section on Academic Policies and Procedures

Pass/No Pass
Undergraduate students (degree candidates and non-degree students enrolled at the undergraduate level), other than students participating in the Pre-College Scholars program, may elect to take one course each fall and spring semester on a Pass/No Pass grading basis, provided they remain enrolled in at least 3 semester hours of courses for regular evaluative grades. Enrollment in courses that are graded on a Pass/No Pass basis (e.g., PHED 55A Cardio-Fitness (First Half)) does not preclude a student's use of the Pass/No Pass option in another courses taken that same term. The Pass/No Pass option is not available during the summer session or to undergraduate degree candidates enrolled at the graduate or professional levels through the IGS program or Senior Year in Professional Studies.

Instructors are not notified of a student's use of this option. They submit evaluative grades for all students, and these are converted to Pass/No Pass in the Registrar's Office. Courses elected on a Pass/No Pass basis and completed with a grade of D or higher will be entered with the grade P on the student's transcript. Courses taken Pass/No Pass for which a grade of F is earned will have NP entered on the transcript. Students who earn a P grade will earn credit for the course, while those who earn NP will not. Grades of P and NP are not included in computing the grade point average.

Students may submit an on-line Pass/No Pass Option form at any time in the fall or spring semester after the end of the drop/add period and before 5:00 p.m. on the day of the course withdrawal deadline for that semester (currently the 11th Friday of the semester for upperclass students, including new transfer students; and the last day of classes for first year students).

Use of the Pass/No Pass option is subject to the following restrictions:
1. All courses to be counted toward major, minor, or SAGES/general education/core requirements must be taken for regular evaluative grades. If a student opts for the Pass/No Pass option in a course, that course will not be counted toward any of these requirements.
2. Students majoring in any Weatherhead School of Management degree program (accounting or management) may not use the Pass/No Pass option for any Weatherhead School of Management courses (ACCT, BAFI, BLAW, ENTP, LHRP, MGMT, MIDS, MKMR, OPMT, ORBH, OPRE, PLCY), either required or elective.
3. A decision to use the Pass/No Pass option is irrevocable unless the student needs course to complete requirements for a major or minor declared in a subsequent semester. In that event, the student may request that the Office of Undergraduate Studies reveal the grade on the transcript at the start of the student's final term at Case Western Reserve University.

Course Repetition
See section on Academic Policies and Procedures.

Grade Reports and Transcripts
Students may view their grades on the Student Information System (https://sis.case.edu/psp/saprd/EMPLOYEE/PSFT_HR/c/CW_SR_MENU.CW_CONFID_AGREEMNT.GBL?&). Students can request official copies of their transcripts (http://www.case.edu/registrar/transcripts.html) from the Registrar's Office. The University considers the grades earned by a student and other information about the student's performance at the University confidential and will release such information only upon written request by the student. Transcripts will not be issued to or on behalf of students who have not discharged all obligations to the University.

Mid-Semester Grades
Mid-semesters grades are assigned in undergraduate courses at the end of the eighth week of each semester. Mid-semesters grades are advisory; the grades are not part of a student's official academic record or transcript. At mid-semester, an instructor may assign to undergraduates evaluative letter grades (A, B, C, D, or F) or grades of satisfactory (S) and unsatisfactory (U), with S corresponding to performance in the range of A through C and U corresponding to performance in the D or F range. (S and U may not be assigned as final course grades in undergraduate courses.) Students may view their mid-semesters grades on the Student Information System (https://sis.case.edu/psp/saprd/EMPLOYEE/PSFT_HR/c/CW_SR_MENU.CW_CONFID_AGREEMNT.GBL?&). Students who have any low or unreported mid-semesters grades should discuss their progress with their instructors and with their advisors.

Academic Standing Regulations

Academic Standing Regulations
The Academic Standing Board monitors the progress of all undergraduate degree candidates at the end of each fall and spring semester to ensure that they are making appropriate progress toward earning their degrees in terms of the grades and number of credit-hours earned each semester; see below for information about the summer session. All degree candidates begin their academic careers in good standing. Those who fail to meet the requirements to continue in good standing, as defined below, are automatically placed on academic probation for the following semester in order to signal the need to improve their academic performance. Those who fail to meet a minimum set of academic standards defined below or who do not return to good standing after a semester of academic probation are ordinarily separated from the university for a period of two academic sessions, including the summer session.

Good Academic Standing
Full-time First-Year and Transfer Students in the First Semester
In order to maintain good academic standing at the end of the first semester at Case Western Reserve University, a full-time (i.e., enrolled
in at least 12 credit-hours at the end of the drop/add period) first-year student or new transfer student must:

1. earn a semester grade point average of 2.000 or higher AND
2. earn a minimum of 9 credit-hours in that semester.

**Full-time Students After the First Semester**

Following the first semester of the first year, full-time students (i.e., those enrolled in at least 12 credit-hours at the end of the drop/add period) will be in good standing provided they:

1. earn a semester grade point average of 2.000 or higher AND
2. earn a minimum of 12 credit-hours in that semester.

**Part-time Students**

Part-time students (i.e., those enrolled in fewer than 12 credit-hours at the end of the drop/add period) will be in good standing if they earn a semester grade point average of 2.000 or higher.

**NOTE:** Any student with incomplete grades at the end of a semester may be placed on “probation (incomplete)” or made “ineligible to register,” as described below.

**Academic Probation**

Students who, at the end of any semester, fail to maintain the standard of performance required for good standing as specified above will be automatically placed on probation. Students placed on probation are ineligible to represent the university in intercollegiate activities and may not hold an elective or appointed office or chair a committee in any campus organization. In addition, they may not earn degree credit for work completed at another college or university during the period of probation without special permission.

When placed on academic probation students will be expected to perform at a level that will return them to good standing at the end of the next semester. If they fail to return to good standing at the end of the following semester, they will be considered for separation from the university for at least two academic sessions, including the summer session.

A full-time student placed on probation who subsequently enrolls as a part-time student will not be reviewed for further academic action until he or she has completed sufficient semesters to total at least 12 credit-hours. At that time, the student will be reviewed on the basis of a composite of those semesters.

Similarly, a student who goes on probation as a part-time student will not be reviewed for further academic action until he or she has completed sufficient semesters to total at least the number of credit-hours attempted in the semester for which the student was placed on probation. At that time, the student will be reviewed on the basis of a composite of those semesters and will be expected to have earned at least the number of credit-hours attempted in the semester for which he or she was placed on probation.

**Probation (Incomplete):**

A student’s status will be Probation (Incomplete) if he or she has Incomplete grades which would result in the student’s being placed on academic probation if those Incomplete grades were converted to F’s. Once the Incompletes are converted to grades, the student shall be restored to good standing or placed on academic probation as determined by the semester grade point average and the number of credit-hours earned.

**Separation**

Students on academic probation who fail to return to good standing at the end of the following semester will be considered for separation from the university for at least two academic sessions, including the summer session.

Also, full-time students at the end of their first semester at Case Western Reserve University will be considered for separation without a semester of probation if they:

1. earn a semester grade point average less than 1.000 OR
2. earn fewer than 9 credit-hours in that semester.

After the first semester, full-time students will be considered for separation without a semester of probation if they:

1. earn a semester grade point average less than 1.000 AND
2. earn fewer than 9 credit-hours in that semester.

Part-time students are not eligible for separation without already being on probation, but will be considered for separation if they fail to return to good standing after a period of probation.

Separation because of academic performance is not an automatic process. Students being considered for separation will be asked to prepare a statement explaining the difficulties that interfered with their ability to earn a satisfactory record. If a student thinks he or she should not be separated, the statement should include an explanation of why the Academic Standing Board should have confidence in the student’s ability to return to good standing at the end of the next semester and should outline the plan the student has established for ensuring academic success. The Academic Standing Board will decide to separate the student or to place or continue the student on academic probation based on a review of the student’s statement and the academic record.

Students separated for reasons of academic performance may not earn transfer credit for work completed elsewhere.

**Readmission from Separation**

Students who have been separated because of poor academic performance may petition for readmission after two academic sessions, including the summer session, have elapsed. Students readmitted after being separated for reasons of academic performance will retain all credits and quality points earned before separation, and the cumulative grade point average will be continued, including all grades earned before and after separation.

**Permanent Separation**

A second academic separation following review by the Academic Standing Board will ordinarily be permanent.

**Ineligible to Register**

Students will be declared “ineligible to register” when they have Incomplete grades which would result in the student’s being considered for separation if those Incomplete grades were converted to F’s. Such students will be required to finish the incomplete courses with grades that justify their retention before they will be allowed to continue for the
next academic session, unless they successfully petition the Academic Standing Board for permission to enroll.

Summer Enrollment at Case Western Reserve University

Students will not be reviewed for academic action at the end of the summer session except in the following two situations:

1. A student on academic probation as of the end of the spring semester will be returned to good standing at the end of the summer session if he or she has completed at least 6 credit-hours at Case Western Reserve University with a summer grade point average of at least 2.00.
2. Nursing students who enroll during the summer session for a full course load (at least 12 credit-hours) that includes the capstone course will be reviewed according to the standards of a regular fall or spring semester.

Undergraduate Honors and Awards

Dean's Honors Lists

The Dean's Honors Lists consist of the names of those undergraduate students who have distinguished themselves by achieving during the previous semester the grade point averages required with a minimum of 12 credit-hours earned and who have no Fs or NPs, during the same period. Students with a grade point average of 3.750 or higher will be placed on the Dean's High Honors List. Students with a grade point average of at least 3.500 but less than 3.750 will be placed on the Dean's Honors List. Students whose records include Incompletes become eligible for the Dean's Honors Lists once all Incompletes have been converted to final grades. Having earned a place on the Dean's Honors List or Dean's High Honors List is noted on the transcript.

Commencement Honors

Commencement Honors are awarded to the top 35 per cent of the graduating class.

- Top 10 per cent: summa cum laude
- Next 10 per cent: magna cum laude
- Next 15 per cent: cum laude

The specific GPA cutoffs are determined each year after the awarding of August degrees on the basis of the GPAs of students who graduated over the past five years. These cutoffs are then applied to degrees awarded in the following January, May, and August.

To be eligible for commencement honors, candidates must have:

1. Earned a minimum of 54 credit-hours for evaluative grades (A, B, C, D) in residence at the University.
2. Attained the required percentile ranking on the basis of all work for which grades are averaged at the University, including any grades earned before an academic separation.

Honors in the Major

Some majors offer outstanding students the opportunity to complete an honors program. Students who participate in an honors program in the major and satisfy the requirements for such a distinction, as specified by the major, may qualify to receive the degree "with honors in the major." The academic representative for the major can provide information regarding requirements for graduation with honors in the major.

Phi Beta Kappa

Phi Beta Kappa, a national honor society, recognizes outstanding scholarship in the arts and sciences. The Alpha Chapter of Ohio, established in Western Reserve College in 1847, was one of the first ten established nationally. Students may qualify for election to membership in the second semester of the senior year. A few outstanding students may be elected to membership as juniors.

Tau Beta Pi

Tau Beta Pi is a national honor society that recognizes full-time engineering students for outstanding scholarship, leadership, and service.

Mortar Board

Mortar Board is a national honor society that recognizes full-time senior students for outstanding scholarship, leadership, and service.

Fellowships and Scholarships

Outstanding students may obtain information about national competitive scholarships (Goldwater, Truman, Rhodes, etc.) in the Office of Undergraduate Studies, 357 Sears Building.

Departmental and Collegiate Awards

At academic awards assemblies at the end of each spring semester, the University presents awards recognizing the outstanding achievement of individual students. The departmental awards are based on achievement in specific academic disciplines. Some of the departmental and collegiate awards are based on a combination of leadership, scholarship, and service. The collegiate awards for students with the best academic records take into account credit load and grades; students who opt for the Pass/No Pass grading option in a course will not be eligible for best academic record awards unless the original grades submitted by the instructor to the Registrar's Office would qualify them.

Accountancy

- The Apple Growth Partners Scholarship Award to a junior, senior, or Master of Accountancy accounting major with a grade point average of 3.250 or higher and who has displayed high ethics and strong leadership in student organizations
- The Beta Alpha Psi Award for excellence in accounting
- The Beta Alpha Psi Scholars Recognition Award for outstanding scholarship among members of the Pi Chapter
- The Andrew D. Braden Award for Excellence in Auditing and Financial Reporting Studies to a student whose achievement as an undergraduate in auditing and financial reporting subjects is recognized as demonstrating attributes consistent with professionalism and leadership
- The Cashy Family Scholarship Award
- The Cohen & Co./Beta Alpha Psi Leadership Award
- The Dean's Achievement Award in Accounting
- The Dean's Award in Accounting
- The Dean's Award in Accounting/The Deloitte Award to an outstanding junior majoring in Accounting
- The Dean's Award in Accounting/The Meaden and Moore Award
• The Dean's Award in Accounting/The Plante Moran Award
• The Department of Accountancy Academic Achievement Award
• The Thomas Dickerson Award for Excellence in Professional Accountancy Studies to a student whose high academic achievement and leadership in the integrated studies program in accountancy is recognized as exemplary
• The Accounting Achievement Award/Ernst and Young Award
• The Louis E. Levy Scholars in Accountancy
• The Ohio Society of Certified Public Accountants Cleveland Endowment Scholarship
• Saltz, Shamis & Goldfarb/SS&G Scholarship Award
• The Dean's Award in Accounting/Skoda, Minotti & Company Award for an outstanding underclassman
• The Wallach-Lee Families Scholarship Award

Anthropology
• The Callender Memorial Award for outstanding achievement in anthropology
• The James Dysart Magee Award for the senior year to an outstanding student in social and behavioral sciences
• The Jonathan F. Plimpton Award to a graduating senior for outstanding achievement in anthropology
• The Ruth and Newbell Niles Puckett Award to a graduating senior for outstanding achievement in anthropology

Art History
• The Muriel S. Butkin Art History Prize for overall best performance and highest grade point average by an undergraduate art history major
• The Noah L. Butkin Award for the best term paper on an art history topic written by an undergraduate
• Friends of Art Prize awarded to an undergraduate senior art history major for distinction in the field of art history

Art Studio
• The Charles E. Clemens Prize for outstanding talent and accomplishment in art
• The William Grauer Award for excellence in art studio courses
• The Doris Young Hartsock Prize for excellence in art education
• The Hazel Gibbs Herbruck Prize for excellence in art education
• The Kennedy Prize for creative work in art
• The Arnold Philip Award for excellence in art

Astronomy
• The Jason J. Nassau Prize to an outstanding senior student in astronomy

Biochemistry
• The Merton F. Utter Prize to a candidate for the BA majoring in biochemistry for outstanding achievement
• The Harland G. Wood Prize for outstanding performance by a graduating senior majoring in biochemistry who is a candidate for the BS in Biochemistry

Biology
• The Daniel Burke Prize for excellence in both biology and chemistry
• The Francis Hobart Herrick Prize for outstanding biological research and academic excellence in biology
• The Russell M. Lawall Prize in Biological Sciences for excellence in biology
• The Flora Stone Mather Alumnae Award in Biology for outstanding academic performance in biology
• The Michelson-Morley Undergraduate Research Prize in the Biological Sciences for outstanding research presentation, funded by the Howard Hughes Medical Institute
• The Ralph A. Spengler, Jr. Award for excellence in plant science
• The J. Paul Vischer Memorial Award of the Cleveland Audubon Society to the senior or graduate student who demonstrates outstanding ability and promise in the field of ecology or environmental science

Biomedical Engineering
• The Jose Ricardo Alcala Memorial Award for biomedical engineering research
• The Mark Bernstein Memorial Award to a senior biomedical engineering major for outstanding achievement in academics and leadership, contributions to research, and service to the university, department or community
• The Biomedical Engineering Chairman's Award for outstanding academic achievement and service to the biomedical engineering community
• The Biomedical Engineering Faculty Award for outstanding academic achievement, and service to the biomedical engineering community
• The Biomedical Engineering Research and Engineering Award for outstanding performance in biomedical engineering research combined with outstanding academic achievement
• The Biomedical Engineering Scholarship Award
• The Cristina A. Camardo Award to a biomedical engineering student in recognition of his or her leadership and service within the university community
• The Srinivasa (Vasu) P. Gutti Chairman's Award to a biomedical engineering student for outstanding scholarship and leadership in biomedical engineering
• Outstanding Senior Project Presentation Award
• Outstanding Undergraduate Teaching Assistant Award
• The Gheorghe and Claudia Mateescu Award for Research in Imaging to an undergraduate biomedical engineering student with a sub-discipline in biomedical imaging
• The J. Thomas Mortimer Cooperative Education Award
• Outstanding Industrial Experience Award

Chemical and Biomolecular Engineering
• The Monroe J. Bahnsen Award to a senior for achievement in chemical engineering whose work in design and research projects has been outstanding.
• The Chemical Engineering Award for the outstanding junior student
• The Chemical Engineering Award for the outstanding sophomore student
• The Connie Ilcin Award to the student who exhibits outstanding performance in chemical engineering
• The Carl F. Prutton Chemical Engineering Award to the senior whose academic performance merits his or her selection as outstanding.
• The William H. Schuette Memorial Award to an outstanding senior in chemical engineering
• The A. W. Smith Prize to a senior for academic achievement in chemical engineering in the junior and senior years

Chemistry
• The Analytical Chemistry Award for excellence in analytical chemistry
• The Hippolyte Gruener Award to a student for merit in chemistry
• The Hypercube Scholar Award
• The Inorganic Chemistry Award for excellence in inorganic chemistry
• The Iota Sigma Pi/Frank Hovorka Prize to the woman chemistry major with the highest average after three semesters
• The Eli Lilly Award to a sophomore or junior chemistry major pursuing the B.S. degree
• The Charles F. Mabery Prize is awarded to the undergraduate or graduate student presenting the best thesis on a subject connected with research in the Department of Chemistry
• The Mateescu Citizenship Award
• The Merck Index Award to an outstanding organic chemistry student
• The Ignacio Ocasio Freshman Chemistry Achievement Award for the highest achievement in freshman chemistry
• Polymer Valley Chemical Undergraduate Research Award
• The Carl F. Prutton Prize for scholarship in chemistry to a student pursuing a BS degree
• The Olin Freeman Tower Prize for excellence in physical chemistry
• The W. R. Veazey Prize to a student with the highest academic achievement in physical chemistry courses

Civil Engineering
• The Kenneth M. Haber Award to the outstanding senior in civil engineering
• The Roy Harley Prize to a promising senior or graduate student in civil engineering
• The Craig J. Miller Memorial Award to a student who has shown outstanding academic achievement
• The Allison C. Neff Memorial Award in recognition of high proficiency in professional studies and participation in professional activities to a junior whose major field is civil engineering
• The Richard and Opal Vanderhoof Award to an outstanding senior in civil engineering

Classics
• The Crawford Summer Scholarship to the American School of Classical Studies in Athens
• The Abraham Lincoln Fuller Prizes for excellence in the study of Greek or Latin
• The Emma Maud Perkins Prize for excellence in classical studies

Cognitive Science
• The Cognitive Science Award to the graduating senior for outstanding academic achievement in cognitive science
• The Award in Cognition and Culture

Dance
• The Lily Dreyfuss Memorial Award for excellence in dance
• The Bradford W. Petot Award for Excellence in Dance to a student minoring in dance

Earth, Environmental and Planetary Sciences
• The Charles S. Bacon Award for outstanding contributions to the Department of Geological Sciences
• The Philip O. Banks Award for outstanding academic achievement in geological sciences
• The Carol W. Walker Award for an outstanding senior project in the Department of Geological Sciences

Economics
• The Robert N. Baird Award for academic excellence and leadership in extracurricular activities
• The Marvin J. Barloosh Book Award for outstanding performance in economics
• The Gardiner Scholarship to a junior majoring in economics and also interested in finance
• The H. W. Kniesner Prize to an outstanding senior in economics
• The James Dysart Magee Award to an outstanding student in economics for the senior year
• The Howard T. McMyler Award to an outstanding junior majoring in economics
• The WSOM Dean’s Achievement Award for scholarship and leadership in economics

Electrical Engineering and Computer Science
• The ACM Award to the senior judged by the student chapter of the Association for Computing Machinery most likely to have an outstanding professional career
• The Chairman’s Award to a student in the Department of Electrical Engineering and Computer Science who shows exceptional academic or leadership potential
• The Donald P. Eckman Award to the outstanding senior in systems and control engineering
• The Electrical Engineering and Computer Science Award for the best senior project in electrical and computer engineering
• The Electrical Engineering and Computer Science Award for the best senior project in computer science
• The Best Senior Project Award in Systems and Control Engineering
• The Electrical Engineering Service Award to the senior performing outstanding service to his or her class
• The IEEE/HKN Award to the senior judged by the student chapters of the Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers and Eta Kappa Nu to possess the qualities necessary for an outstanding professional career in a general field of electrical engineering
• The National Electrical Engineering Consortium William L. Everitt Award to a student who has excelled academically in communications or computers
• The Andrew R. Jennings Award to a senior for excellence in Computer Engineering and Sciences
• The Carolyn J. and John A. Massie ’66 Prize for Computer Engineering awarded to the outstanding junior in computer engineering with exceptional research and leadership potential
• The Carolyn J. and John A. Massie ’66 Prize for Computer Engineering awarded to the outstanding sophomore in computer engineering with exceptional research and leadership potential
• The Carolyn J. and John A. Massie ’66 Prize for Computer Science awarded to the outstanding junior in computer science with exceptional research and leadership potential
• The Carolyn J. and John A. Massie ’66 Prize for Computer Science awarded to the outstanding sophomore in computer science with exceptional research and leadership potential
• The W. Bruce Johnson Award to a senior for an outstanding project in the area of electrical sciences and applied physics
• The EECS Research Award to the senior demonstrating exceptional research potential
• The Undergraduate Alumni Capital Award in Systems and Control Engineering to a senior for academic excellence and professional promise.

English
• The Charles E. Clemens Award for talent and accomplishment in writing
• The Finley Foster/Emily M. Hills Poetry Prize for the best poem or group of poems
• The Emily M. Hills Award for the best poem or essay written by a woman in the College of Arts and Sciences
• The Holden Prize for the best English paper written by an upperclass student
• The Kennedy Prize for creative work in English
• The Edith Garber Krottinger Prize for excellence in creative writing
• The Karl Lemmerman Prize for the best paper by a first-year student
• The Eleanor Leuser Award for outstanding writing for or about children by a student enrolled in a creative writing course at the university
• The Nemet Scholarships for the demonstration of excellence in creative writing
• The Harriet Pelton Perkins Prize to an outstanding student majoring in English
• The Helen B. Sharnoff Award for formal poetry submitted by undergraduate students

Environmental Studies
• The Henry David Thoreau Award for an outstanding senior in environmental studies

History
• The Donald Grove Barnes Award to a senior for excellence in history
• The Clarence H. Cramer Award for excellence in research and writing of history
• The Annie Spencer Cutter Prize to a senior for outstanding achievement in history
• The History Department Award for outstanding achievement in history
• The Sigma Psi Prize for excellence in history
• The John Hall Stewart Prize for excellence in historical studies

Judaic Studies
• The Ira and Ruth Bressler Prize to a student who has done outstanding work in the area of Jewish studies
• The Eudese and Elmer Paull Prize to one or several undergraduate or graduate students who demonstrate an interest in Jewish studies or Jewish contemporary life

Macromolecular Science and Engineering
• The Hal Loranger Award to the outstanding senior in polymer science
• The Macromolecular Senior Achievement Award
• The Samuel Maron Memorial Award to an undergraduate for excellence in polymer research

Management
• The Robert O. Berger Jr. Award to a junior who demonstrates overall achievement in scholarship, as well as notable community participation and leadership
• The Nellie Chittenden Carlton Prize to a senior in management whose outstanding work in the general field of economics shows the greater promise of leadership
• The Dean’s Achievement Award for excellence in scholarship and leadership in management
• The Excellence in Finance Award
• The Excellence in Marketing Award
• The Financial Executive’s Institute Award/Outstanding Finance Student Award
• The Outstanding Marketing Student Award
• The Roulston Performance Award for outstanding performance in management
• The Kevin J. Semelsberger Prize for excellence in management
• The Iris Wolstein Award for Excellence in Business Venture History to a student whose work on projects and/or course work related to the study of Cleveland business venture history is determined to have made a significant contribution to the understanding of the business development in Northeast Ohio and related environs
• The Wolstein Family Award for Excellence in Business Venture Plan Development to a student enrolled in a major or minor in Weatherhead undergraduate programs whose business venture development plan is considered to have the highest promise to be successfully initiated

Materials Science and Engineering
• The Wesley P. Sykes Prize to a senior majoring in materials science and engineering who shows outstanding ability in scientific research, especially as evidenced by the quality of his or her senior project.
• The Professor Jack F. Wallace Award to the materials science and engineering student who embodies the dedication and spirit of Professor Wallace

Mathematics, Applied Mathematics, and Statistics
• The Case Alumni Award to an outstanding senior mathematics major
• The Chair’s Award to a student contributing to the intellectual life of the majors program
• The Max Morris Prize to an outstanding undergraduate student in mathematics who is pursuing the BS degree.
• The Webster Godman Simon Mathematics Award to a sophomore or junior pursuing a BA degree, for excellence in mathematics
Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering
- The Robert and Leona Garwin Prize to a student who has demonstrated theoretical scientific ability with experimental competence and inventive talent
- The Gustav Kuerti Award to the senior in mechanical and aerospace engineering who has demonstrated the highest level of scholarship
- The Anish Shah ’91 Award to an outstanding senior in mechanical and aerospace engineering based on academic achievement, extracurricular activities, and community service
- The Fred Hale Vose Prize to the senior in mechanical engineering who has demonstrated the greatest promise for professional leadership

Modern Languages and Literatures
- The Arabic Book Prize for high achievement in Arabic
- The Louise Burke French Prize to an outstanding French student
- The Chinese Book Prize for high achievement in Chinese
- The Susie Scott Christopher Prize for excellent contributions to the French program
- The Department of Modern Languages and Literatures Award for outstanding achievement
- The Emile B. DeSauze Award for attaining the highest honors in modern languages and literatures
- The Folberth German Prize for excellence in German language and literature
- The French Book Prize for high achievement in French
- The German Book Prize for high achievement in German
- The Hebrew Book Prize for high achievement in Hebrew
- The Italian Book Prize for high achievement in Italian
- The Japanese Book Prize high achievement in Japanese
- The Max Kade Excellence in German Award
- The Florence Keuerleber Prize to an undergraduate student who has seriously pursued and excelled in the study of a modern language while majoring in another area
- The Russian Book Prize for high achievement in Russian
- The Spanish Book Prize for high achievement in Spanish

Music
- The Arthur H. Benade Prize to a senior with a major other than music who has made a notable contribution to music on campus during his or her undergraduate years
- The Charles E. Clemens Prize for talent and accomplishment in music
- The Doris Young Hartsock Prize for outstanding performance in music education
- The Kennedy Prize for creative work in music
- The Lyman Piano Award
- The Ronis Recital Prize to an outstanding undergraduate majoring in music who has made an exceptional contribution to the musical life of the University and has been selected by audition to perform in the Leonard and Joan Ronis Annual Memorial Recital

Nursing
- The Bolton Scholar Award for Excellence in Acute Care Nursing
- The Bolton Scholar Award for Excellence in Community Health Nursing
- The Bolton Scholar Award for Excellence in Critical Care Nursing
- The Bolton Scholar Award for Excellence in Gerontology
- The Bolton Scholar Award for Excellence in Maternal-Child Nursing
- The Bolton Scholar Award for Excellence in Nursing Informatics
- The Bolton Scholar Award for Excellence in Nursing Research
- The Bolton Scholar Award for Excellence in Pediatric Nursing
- The Bolton Scholar Award for Excellence in Psychiatric/Mental Health Nursing
- The Dean’s Award for an outstanding capstone project
- The Director’s Award for the Outstanding BSN Graduate

Nutrition
- The Mary Eliza Parker Award for excellence in nutrition and dietetics

Philosophy
- The Truman P. Handy Philosophical Prizes to outstanding juniors or seniors for excellence in philosophy

Physical Education
- The Emily Russell Andrews Award to the senior woman who makes the greatest contribution to the physical education department through scholarship, leadership, participation, and service
- The Philip K. “Nip” Heim Award to the senior man who makes the most outstanding contribution to Case Western Reserve University through the athletic program
- The Dorothy L. Hoza Award to the outstanding freshman, sophomore or junior who has made a strong contribution to the women’s intercollegiate sports program, maintained a high level of academic achievement, shown leadership in the team, and contributed service to the department and university
- The Arthur P. Leary Award to the outstanding first-, second- or third-year student who has demonstrated leadership, good sportsmanship, maintained good academic standing, and made contributions to the department of physical education and the university

Physics
- The B.S. Chandrasekhar Prize awarded upon completion of the junior year to a physics major who has demonstrated superior performance
- The Leslie L. Foldy Award to the outstanding senior in physics
- The Dayton C. Miller Award to an outstanding senior in physics for the best thesis
- The Elmer C. Stewart Memorial Award to an outstanding senior in Engineering Physics
- The Senior Award for service and scholarship in physics

Political Science
- The James Dysart Magee Award for the senior year, to an outstanding student in social and behavioral sciences
- The Flora Stone Mather Alumnae Award for outstanding academic performance in political science

Psychological Sciences
- The Stephen Bednarik Memorial Award to an outstanding senior majoring in psychology
- The James Dysart Magee Award for the senior year, to an outstanding student in social and behavioral sciences
Awards for Study Abroad

- The Professor Edwin P. Hollander, Adelbert 1948, and Mrs. Patricia A. Hollander Capstone Research Award
- The Flora Stone Mather Alumnae Award for outstanding academic performance in psychology
- The National Student Speech-Language-Hearing Association Award for outstanding leadership and achievement in communication sciences

Religious Studies

- The Ratner Family Prize to a graduating senior for the highest academic achievement in the study of religion

Sociology

- The Stella Berkeley-Friedman Award to a graduating senior for the highest academic achievement in the study of sociology
- The Robert C. Davis Award for demonstrated commitment to sociological studies
- The Mark Lefton Award for excellence in sociological studies
- The James Dysart Magee Award for the senior year, to an outstanding student in social and behavioral sciences
- The Schermerhorn Award for an outstanding student in sociology

Theater

- The Dionysus Award for an outstanding contribution to theater for a student not majoring in theater arts
- The Barclay Leatham/Nadine Miles Award for creativity and general excellence in theater

Women’s and Gender Studies

- The George Sand Award in Women’s and Gender Studies to a graduating senior majoring or minoring in the field for excellence in academic performance
- The Sojourner Truth Award to an outstanding student who combines academic excellence in Women’s and Gender Studies with commitment to community service, advocacy of women’s and gender-related issues, and activism
- The Mary Wollstonecraft Award to a continuing undergraduate student for excellence in Women’s and Gender Studies courses

Awards for Study Abroad

- The Brookes Friebolin Award to an outstanding student for study in France
- The Eva L. Pancoast Memorial Fellowship for graduating senior women in the College of Arts and Sciences or women students in the School of Graduate Studies interested in extending their education by foreign travel or study
- The Alice Seagraves Award to outstanding students for study abroad

Collegiate Awards

- The Robert J. Adler Award to the undergraduate engineering student who, through high scholarship, technical creativity, and service to his or her peers, best exemplifies the ideals and talents of Professor Robert J. Adler
- The Army ROTC Professor of Military Science Award to the senior ROTC cadet who possesses the highest ideals of leadership, academics, and physical fitness
- The Baker-Nord Center for the Humanities Prize for excellence in a SAGES capstone project or senior paper in the humanities
- The Bolton Scholar Award for Academic Excellence
- The Bolton Scholar Award for excellence in leadership and community service
- The Bolton Scholar Award for Excellence in Nursing for the student who has attained the highest academic record at the junior level
- The Bolton Scholar Award for Excellence in Nursing for the student who has attained the highest academic record at the sophomore level
- The Carol and Edward Breznyak G’64 Cooperative Education Student of the Year Award to a student in the Case School of Engineering who has demonstrated outstanding performance in the Cooperative Education Program based on industry evaluations, written reports and student initiative
- The Case Alumni Association Prize for Achievement to the senior with the best academic record in the Case School of Engineering
- The Case Western Reserve University Women’s Club Prize for a student completing an outstanding Capstone Project
- The Edward J. “Ted” Corcoran Award to a senior for outstanding leadership, character and service
- The Dean’s Achievement Award for excellence in scholarship and leadership in accounting/management
- The Russell A. Griffin Award to a senior in the College of Arts and Sciences who has made the most significant contribution to campus life
- The George T. Hunt Awards to a junior and a senior outstanding in leadership, scholarship, and service
- The Matthew Leskiewicz Award to a senior in the Weatherhead School of Management for outstanding leadership and service
- The Louis K. Levy Prize for an outstanding junior in the College of Arts and Sciences
- The P. G. “Jerry” Lind Award for a graduating senior in engineering or science who has made a significant contribution to campus life
- The Flora Stone Mather Alumnae Award for outstanding academic performance in the humanities
- The Outstanding Junior Awards of the Case School of Engineering to juniors with the best academic records at the end of five semesters in the Case School of Engineering
- The Outstanding Junior Awards of the College of Arts and Sciences to juniors with the best academic records at the end of five semesters
- The Outstanding Sophomore Awards of the Case School of Engineering to the sophomores with the best academic record at the end of three semesters in the Case School of Engineering
- The Phi Beta Kappa Prize to sophomores with the best academic records in a liberal arts curriculum after three semesters
- The Alexandra Piepho Learning and Life Scholarship to the student who demonstrates enthusiasm for experiential learning and life, provides guidance to others, and exhibits a broad scope of learning interests
- The Harriet Levion Pullman Award to a sophomore outstanding in scholarship, leadership, and service
- The John Schoff Millis Award to the senior with the best academic record in the College of Arts and Sciences
- The Sylvia Green Rosenberg Award to a part-time or full-time non-traditional student
- The Joseph Skigin Memorial Award to an outstanding premedical student for the senior year
- The Stephanie Tubbs-Jones Award for significant contributions to campus life, scholarship and community service
• The Weatherhead School of Management Award to a senior, for outstanding achievement in the Weatherhead School of Management
• The Stanley E. Wertheim Prize for an outstanding junior in the Case School of Engineering who has demonstrated leadership skills through involvement in campus or co-op activities
• The Peter Witt Scholarship to a deserving student who demonstrates a vital and active interest in the improvement of life in Cleveland

### Undergraduate Majors and Minors

#### Majors and Minors

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Department/Subject</th>
<th>Degree</th>
<th>Available as</th>
<th>Gen Ed Requirements</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ACC Accounting</td>
<td>BS</td>
<td>Major or Minor</td>
<td>WSOM</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EAR Aerospace Engineering</td>
<td>BSE</td>
<td>Major</td>
<td>CSE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AMS American Studies</td>
<td>BA</td>
<td>Major* or Minor</td>
<td>CAS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ANT Anthropology</td>
<td>BA</td>
<td>Major or Minor</td>
<td>CAS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>APM Applied Mathematics</td>
<td>BS</td>
<td>Major</td>
<td>CAS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ARE Art Education</td>
<td>BA</td>
<td>Major or Minor</td>
<td>CAS</td>
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<tr>
<td>ARH Art History</td>
<td>BA</td>
<td>Major or Minor</td>
<td>CAS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ARS Art Studio</td>
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<td>Minor</td>
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<tr>
<td>AIN Artificial Intelligence</td>
<td>---</td>
<td>Minor</td>
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<tr>
<td>ASI Asian Studies</td>
<td>BA</td>
<td>Major or Minor</td>
<td>CAS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AST Astronomy</td>
<td>BA or BS</td>
<td>Major or Minor</td>
<td>CAS</td>
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<tr>
<td>BAF Banking and Finance</td>
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<td>Minor</td>
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<tr>
<td>BCH Biochemistry</td>
<td>BA or BS</td>
<td>Major or Minor</td>
<td>CAS</td>
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<tr>
<td>BIO Biology</td>
<td>BA or BS</td>
<td>Major or Minor</td>
<td>CAS</td>
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<tr>
<td>EBI Biomedical Engineering</td>
<td>BSE</td>
<td>Major or Minor</td>
<td>CSE</td>
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<tr>
<td>BUS Business Management</td>
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<td>Minor</td>
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<tr>
<td>CHB Chemical Biology</td>
<td>BA</td>
<td>Major</td>
<td>CAS</td>
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<tr>
<td>ECE Chemical Engineering</td>
<td>BSE</td>
<td>Major or Minor</td>
<td>CSE</td>
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<tr>
<td>CHE Chemistry</td>
<td>BA or BS</td>
<td>Major or Minor</td>
<td>CAS</td>
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<tr>
<td>CHS Childhood Studies</td>
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<td>Minor</td>
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<tr>
<td>CHI Chinese</td>
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<td>Minor</td>
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<tr>
<td>ECI Civil Engineering</td>
<td>BSE</td>
<td>Major or Minor</td>
<td>CSE</td>
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<tr>
<td>CLS Classics</td>
<td>BA</td>
<td>Major or Minor</td>
<td>CAS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>COG Cognitive Science</td>
<td>BA</td>
<td>Major or Minor</td>
<td>CAS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>COS Communication Sciences</td>
<td>BA</td>
<td>Major or Minor</td>
<td>CAS</td>
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<tr>
<td>ECM Computer Engineering</td>
<td>BSE</td>
<td>Major or Minor</td>
<td>CSE</td>
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<tr>
<td>CGM Computer Gaming</td>
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<td>Minor</td>
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<tr>
<td>CMP Computer Science</td>
<td>BA</td>
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<tr>
<td>CMP Computer Science</td>
<td>BS</td>
<td>Major or Minor</td>
<td>CSE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CRW Creative Writing</td>
<td>---</td>
<td>Minor</td>
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<tr>
<td>DAN Dance</td>
<td>BA</td>
<td>Major or Minor</td>
<td>CAS</td>
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<tr>
<td>DAM Dean’s Approved Major</td>
<td>BA</td>
<td>Individually Designed</td>
<td>Major</td>
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<tr>
<td>DAM Dean’s Approved Major</td>
<td>BS</td>
<td>Individually Designed</td>
<td>Major</td>
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<tr>
<td>DAM Dean’s Approved Minor</td>
<td>---</td>
<td>Individually Designed</td>
<td>Minor</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ECO Economics</td>
<td>BA</td>
<td>Major or Minor</td>
<td>CAS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EAP Electrical Engineering</td>
<td>BSE</td>
<td>Major or Minor</td>
<td>CSE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ELN Electronics</td>
<td>---</td>
<td>Minor (for BA only)</td>
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<tr>
<td>EGR Engineering Undesignated</td>
<td>BSE</td>
<td>Major</td>
<td>CSE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EPH Engineering Physics</td>
<td>BSE</td>
<td>Major</td>
<td>CSE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EGL English</td>
<td>BA</td>
<td>Major or Minor</td>
<td>CAS</td>
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<tr>
<td>ENT Entrepreneurial Studies</td>
<td>---</td>
<td>Minor</td>
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<tr>
<td>GNV Environmental Geology</td>
<td>BA</td>
<td>Major</td>
<td>CAS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EST Environmental Studies</td>
<td>BA</td>
<td>Major* or Minor</td>
<td>CAS</td>
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<tr>
<td>ETC Ethics</td>
<td>---</td>
<td>Minor</td>
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<tr>
<td>ETS Ethnic Studies</td>
<td>---</td>
<td>Minor</td>
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<tr>
<td>EVB Evolutionary Biology</td>
<td>BA</td>
<td>Major* or Minor</td>
<td>CAS</td>
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<tr>
<td>FLM Film</td>
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<td>Minor</td>
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<tr>
<td>FIN Finance</td>
<td>BS</td>
<td>Major</td>
<td>WSOM</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FRC French</td>
<td>BA</td>
<td>Major or Minor</td>
<td>CAS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FFS French and Francophone Studies</td>
<td>BA</td>
<td>Major or Minor</td>
<td>CAS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GEO Geological Sciences</td>
<td>BA or BS</td>
<td>Major or Minor</td>
<td>CAS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GEM German</td>
<td>BA</td>
<td>Major or Minor</td>
<td>CAS</td>
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<tr>
<td>GES German Studies</td>
<td>BA</td>
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<td>CAS</td>
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<tr>
<td>GER Gerontological Studies</td>
<td>BA</td>
<td>Major* or Minor</td>
<td>CAS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HCO Health Communication</td>
<td>---</td>
<td>Minor</td>
<td>---</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HST History</td>
<td>BA</td>
<td>Major or Minor</td>
<td>A&amp;S</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HSP History &amp; Philosophy of Science</td>
<td>BA</td>
<td>Major or Minor</td>
<td>CAS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IST International Studies</td>
<td>BA</td>
<td>Major</td>
<td>CAS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ITL Italian</td>
<td>---</td>
<td>Minor</td>
<td>---</td>
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<tr>
<td>JPN Japanese</td>
<td>---</td>
<td>Minor</td>
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<tr>
<td>JPS Japanese Studies</td>
<td>BA</td>
<td>Major</td>
<td>CAS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>JDS Judaic Studies</td>
<td>---</td>
<td>Minor</td>
<td>---</td>
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<tr>
<td>LDR Leadership</td>
<td>---</td>
<td>Minor</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>MHR Marketing</td>
<td>BS</td>
<td>Major or Minor</td>
<td>WSOM</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EMS Materials Science and Engineering</td>
<td>BSE</td>
<td>Major or Minor</td>
<td>CSE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MAT Mathematics</td>
<td>BA or BS</td>
<td>Major or Minor</td>
<td>CAS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MAP Mathematics and Physics</td>
<td>BS</td>
<td>Major</td>
<td>CAS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EMC Mechanical Engineering</td>
<td>BSE</td>
<td>Major</td>
<td>CSE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MDM Mechanical Design and Manufacturing</td>
<td>---</td>
<td>Minor</td>
<td>---</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MUS Music</td>
<td>BA</td>
<td>Major or Minor</td>
<td>CAS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MUE Music Education</td>
<td>BS</td>
<td>Major</td>
<td>CAS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NAT Natural Sciences</td>
<td>BA</td>
<td>Major* or Minor</td>
<td>CAS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NJR Nursing</td>
<td>BSN</td>
<td>Major</td>
<td>FPB</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NTR Nutrition</td>
<td>BA or BS</td>
<td>Major or Minor</td>
<td>CAS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NBM Nutritional Biochemistry</td>
<td>BA or BS</td>
<td>Major</td>
<td>CAS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PHI Philosophy</td>
<td>BA</td>
<td>Major or Minor</td>
<td>CAS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PHY Physics</td>
<td>BA or BS</td>
<td>Major or Minor</td>
<td>CAS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>POS Political Science</td>
<td>BA</td>
<td>Major or Minor</td>
<td>CAS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>POL Polymer Science and Engineering</td>
<td>BSE</td>
<td>Major or Minor</td>
<td>CSE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PAR Pre-Architecture</td>
<td>BA</td>
<td>Major* or Minor</td>
<td>CAS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PSY Psychology</td>
<td>BA</td>
<td>Major or Minor</td>
<td>CAS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PPY Public Policy</td>
<td>---</td>
<td>Minor</td>
<td>---</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RLG Religious Studies</td>
<td>BA</td>
<td>Major or Minor</td>
<td>CAS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RUS Russian</td>
<td>---</td>
<td>Minor</td>
<td>---</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SWK Social Work</td>
<td>---</td>
<td>Minor</td>
<td>---</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SOC Sociology</td>
<td>BA</td>
<td>Major or Minor</td>
<td>CAS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SPA Spanish</td>
<td>BA</td>
<td>Major or Minor</td>
<td>CAS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SPM Sports Medicine</td>
<td>---</td>
<td>Minor</td>
<td>---</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STA Statistics</td>
<td>BA or BS</td>
<td>Major or Minor</td>
<td>CAS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ESY Systems and Control Engineering</td>
<td>BSE</td>
<td>Major or Minor</td>
<td>CSE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SYB Systems Biology</td>
<td>BS</td>
<td>Major</td>
<td>CAS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EDT Teacher Education</td>
<td>BA</td>
<td>Major*</td>
<td>CAS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>THR Theater</td>
<td>BA</td>
<td>Major or Minor</td>
<td>CAS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WMN Women’s and Gender Studies</td>
<td>BA</td>
<td>Major or Minor</td>
<td>CAS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WLT World Literature</td>
<td>BA</td>
<td>Major or Minor</td>
<td>CAS</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
records would make them eligible for separation as degree candidates. Transient students are expected to perform at the same academic requirements for prerequisites before being admitted to specific courses. Regulations of the student's college. Transient students must meet all the requirements for that degree/major (described in the sections of this chapter for the College of Arts and Sciences (CAS) BA degree, the College of Arts and Sciences (CAS) BS degrees, the Case School of Engineering (CSE) BS in Engineering degree, the Case School of Engineering (CSE) BS in Computer Science degree, the Weatherhead School of Management (WSOM), and the Francis Payne Bolton School of Nursing (FBP)).

Undergraduate Non Degree Students

Non-Degree Students

Transient (Visiting) Students

A transient student is one who has begun his or her education at another college or university and intends to return there. The university permits full- or part-time study as a transient student in the summer as well as during the fall and spring semesters. Enrollment must be for credit-bearing courses.

Applications for enrollment as a transient student may be obtained from the Office of Undergraduate Studies, 357 Sears Building. Before enrollment, the transient student must present a statement of good standing from the registrar of his or her home college. A degree candidate from another institution may not enroll as a transient student at Case Western Reserve University if the student would not be eligible to enroll for that semester at his or her home institution. Exceptions may be granted by appeal to the Academic Standing Board, c/o the Office of Undergraduate Studies.

Enrollment is limited to 30 semester hours and is subject to the regulations of the student's college. Transient students must meet all requirements for prerequisites before being admitted to specific courses. Transient students are expected to perform at the same academic standards as degree candidates. In particular, transient students whose records would make them eligible for separation as degree candidates may not continue as transient students unless they successfully petition the Academic Standing Board.

Transient students are not eligible to receive financial aid from Case Western Reserve University. If the student’s home institution has entered into a consortium agreement with Case Western Reserve University, the student should inquire of the home institution regarding eligibility to receive aid through the home institution.

Non-Degree Students

Adults who do not already hold a bachelor’s degree may apply through the Office of Undergraduate Studies to enroll for credit in courses for which their education or experience has qualified them, even though they are not pursuing a baccalaureate degree. Applicants are expected to provide a transcript from the most recent college or high school attended. Those who have been degree-seeking students at Case Western Reserve University or have been denied admission to Case Western Reserve as an undergraduate transfer student are not eligible to attend as non-degree undergraduates.

These non-degree students may study full- or part-time and enroll in the same classes as degree students. They are required to perform up to the same academic standards as degree students.

Non-degree students may be eligible for admission to candidacy for an undergraduate degree program if they meet the requirements for admission to the university. Courses taken for credit as a non-degree student may be applied toward the degree upon acceptance as a degree candidate. A non-degree student who wishes to become a degree candidate must apply through the Office of Undergraduate Admission.

Persons who already hold degrees and wish to continue their studies without actively pursuing an additional degree should apply to the School of Graduate Studies.

Pre-College Scholars

The Pre-College Scholars Program (http://case.edu/ugstudies/pre-professional/scholars-program.html) at Case Western Reserve University is designed to give highly motivated and able secondary school students the opportunity to enroll in challenging college courses prior to graduation from high school, either in the summer or during the academic year. Admission to the Pre-College Scholars Program is selective and competitive. Case Western Reserve University has limited seats available for this program and preference is given to qualified juniors and seniors who have exhausted academic options at their high schools and who are looking for unique educational opportunities. Students must have pursued a rigorous curriculum and achieved academic excellence in all course work. Additional factors considered in admission are the applicant’s standardized test scores (ACT, PSAT, SAT, or other tests of aptitude and/or academic achievement), and the applicant’s academic goals and level of maturity. Pre-College Scholars may take a maximum of two courses per term. They attend regularly-scheduled classes with undergraduate students at Case Western Reserve, and must be able to work well independently at the college level. Questions about the program should be directed to the Office of Undergraduate Studies at 216.368.2928.

Special Audit

The Special Audit Program provides the adult student with the opportunity to attend a regular university course as a serious but informal observer at half the regular tuition. This program is available only to those not enrolled in a degree program at Case Western Reserve University.
Special audit students receive no grades and no academic credit for the courses attended. No transcripts will be issued, but a certificate of attendance will be provided if requested.

Registration for this program is handled by the Office of Undergraduate Studies. No transcripts are necessary to register.

**Course Audit Program for Senior Citizens**

Case Western Reserve University's Course Audit Program for Senior Citizens (http://www.case.edu/provost/seniorauditprogram) (CAPSC) allows senior citizens (age 65 and older) to take on campus courses at a reduced tuition rate.

**Weatherhead School of Management Undergraduate Degree Requirements**

**Bachelor of Science Degree**

*(Weatherhead School of Management)*

Candidates for the Bachelor of Science in Accounting and the Bachelor of Science in Management degrees, in addition to meeting the general requirements for bachelor's degrees (p. 613), including the SAGES and Physical Education requirements, must also complete the following requirements:

1. A minimum of 122 credit-hours.
2. The General Education Requirements of the Weatherhead School of Management listed below.
3. The requirements for a major in accounting or management as presented in this Bulletin in the section devoted to each department or program.
4. For all courses taken in the major department and for which grades are averaged, and for all courses taken to satisfy major requirements and for which grades are averaged, a candidate for a BS from the Weatherhead School of Management must earn a minimum cumulative average of 2.000. Major requirements include all required and elective work completed in the major department combined with required courses completed in related fields. Transfer students must complete at Case Western Reserve University at least half the hours required for the major.
5. A minimum of 30 credit-hours of courses at the 300- or 400-level.

Note that most students pursuing a degree from the Weatherhead School of Management will complete three one-credit-hour MGMT 395 seminars to fulfill the SAGES Departmental Seminar requirement.

**Majors Available for the Bachelor of Science in Management degree:**

- Dean's Approved Major*
- Finance
- Marketing

*Any student interested in developing a major of his or her own design for the BS in Management should consult with the Office of Undergraduate and Integrated Study Programs in the Weatherhead School of Management.

**General Education Requirements of the Weatherhead School of Management**

*(minimum of eight 3- or 4 credit-hour courses, totaling at least 26 credit-hours)*

These requirements provide a broad educational foundation for programs in accounting and management, leading to the Bachelor of Science degree.

Course credit earned by Advanced Placement, International Baccalaureate, proficiency examinations, and transfer credit may be used to satisfy Weatherhead School of Management general education requirements.

NOTE: Two courses used to fulfill requirements for the major may be used also to fulfill the breadth requirements.

**Arts and Humanities (6 - 8 credit-hours)**

Two 3- or 4-credit-hour Arts and Humanities courses selected from:

- Arabic (ARAB)
- Art History (ARTH)
- Art Studio (ARTS)
- Chinese (CHIN)
- Classics (CLSC)
- Dance (DANC)
- English (ENGL)
- French (FRCH)
- German (GRMN)
- Greek (GREK)
- Hebrew (HBRW)
- History (HSTY)
- Italian (ITAL)
- Japanese (JAPN)
- Latin (LATN)
- Music - General (MUGN)
- Music - History (MUHI)
- Music - Popular Music (MUPM)
- Music - Theory (MUTH)
- Philosophy (PHIL)
- Portuguese (PORT)
- Religion (RLGN)
- Russian (RUSN)
- Spanish (SPAN)
- Theater (THTR)
- World Literature (WLIT)

**Natural and Mathematical Sciences (14 - 16 credit-hours)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MATH 125</td>
<td>Math and Calculus Applications for Life, Managerial, and Social Sci I</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MATH 126</td>
<td>Math and Calculus Applications for Life, Managerial, and Social Sci II</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Two Natural Sciences courses *                                    6

Total Units                                                          14
* Any two 3- or 4-credit-hour Natural Science courses selected from:
  Astronomy (ASTR), Biochemistry (BIOC), Biology (BIOL),
  Chemistry (CHEM), Earth, Environmental, and Planetary
  Sciences (EEPS), Nutrition (NTRN), Physics (PHYS)

Social Sciences (6 credit-hours)
Any two 3-semester hour Social Science courses except ECON
102 Principles of Microeconomics* or ECON 103 Principles of
Macroeconomics* selected from: Anthropology (ANTH), Cognitive
Science (COGS), Communication Sciences (COSI), Economics (ECON),
Political Science (POSC), Psychology (PSCL), Sociology (SOCI).

* ECON 102 Principles of Microeconomics and ECON 103
  Principles of Macroeconomics are included in Accounting and
  Management major requirements.
Physical Education and Athletics

The Department of Physical Education and Athletics (http://studentaffairs.case.edu/athletics/default.html) offers the student a variety of opportunities from challenging academic classes to vigorous recreational activities.

Case Western Reserve University sponsors 19 NCAA Division III varsity sports. Men's sports include football, soccer, cross country, basketball, wrestling, swimming, baseball, tennis and indoor/outdoor track & field. Women's sports include volleyball, basketball, swimming, indoor/outdoor track & field, tennis, cross country, soccer and softball.

CWRU is a charter member of the University Athletic Association (UAA), sharing in the belief that academic excellence and athletic excellence are not mutually exclusive. The Spartans are joined in the UAA by Brandeis University, Carnegie Mellon University, Emory University, New York University, University of Chicago, University of Rochester and Washington University in St. Louis.

The Spartan football team also maintains affiliate membership in the Presidents' Athletic Conference (PAC).

The department sponsors a variety of intramural and club sport activities, including archery, cheerleading, crew, cycling, fencing, ice hockey, lacrosse, kendo, kung fu, table tennis, ultimate frisbee, volleyball, and water polo. Sport clubs are available to all students, faculty, and staff. Intramural competition is available in more than 40 activities, and more than one-half of undergraduates participate for relaxation, physical fitness, and a chance to improve skills.

Lifetime Sports Program

The department has designed an instructional program of modern activities and lifetime sports. Each semester, fifteen to twenty-five co-educational lifetime sports classes are offered.

Undergraduates have a one-year physical education requirement to be completed in the first year. Required classes, for zero credits, are offered for either half-semester or full-semester. First year students have first priority in electing PHED 010-199. Others who have completed the requirement may audit classes.

A number of popular, advanced lifetime sports activities are also offered for one hour of academic credit. Advanced skills, strategy, and coaching are taught (PHED 200-299).

Recreational Activities and Intercollegiate Athletics

The intramural program provides a continuous schedule of activities throughout the year. Individual and team sports are available to students in several divisions: university housing, fraternity, women, coed, graduate, and open. Intercollegiate varsity athletic competition is available in ten sports for men and nine sports for women.

Sports Medicine Minor

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PHED 332</td>
<td>Introduction to Sports Medicine</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PHED 334</td>
<td>Orthopedic Assessment of the Upper Extremity</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PHED 339</td>
<td>Orthopedic Assessment of the Lower Extremity</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Contact Jessica White (jessica.m.white2@case.edu), Assistant Head Athletic Trainer, for more information at Veale Center, 216.368.2863.

Department Faculty

Amy Backus, MEd
(Loyola University Chicago)
Professor
Director of Athletics & Chair, Department of Physical Education and Athletics

Brandon Bianco, BA
(Ohio Wesleyan University)
Instructor
Head Men's Soccer Coach

Tiffany Crooks, BS
(Case Western Reserve University)
Assistant Professor
Head Women's Soccer Coach

Greg Debeljak, MA
(John Carroll University)
Assistant Professor
Head Football Coach

Matthew Englander, BA
(The College of Wooster)
Instructor
Head Baseball Coach

Karen Farrell, MS
(University of Massachusetts at Amherst)
Assistant Professor
Head Women's Volleyball Coach; Associate Athletic Director; Senior Woman Administrator

Kirsten Gambrell, MBA
(Berry College)
Instructor
Head Women's Tennis Coach

Jessica Glover, MA
(Olivet Nazarene University)
Instructor
Assistant Athletic Trainer

Jeff Gorski, BA
(Utica College)
Instructor
Assistant Men's Basketball Coach

Mark Hawald, MBA
(John Carroll University)
Instructor
Head Wrestling Coach
Josie Henry, MA  
(Minnesota State University)  
*Instructor*  
Head Fast Pitch Softball Coach

Kevin Kamloswky, MEd  
(Defiance College)  
*Instructor*  
Assistant Athletic Trainer

Patrick Kennedy, MS  
(University of Maryland)  
*Associate Professor*  
Associate Athletic Director & Intramural and Club Sports Director

Kathy Lanese, BS  
(Ohio University)  
*Instructor*  
Head Women's Cross Country Coach and Assistant Men's Track and Field Coach

Marcus Macalla, MA  
(John Carroll University)  
*Assistant Professor*  
Assistant Head Football Coach

Sean McDonnell, MS  
(LeMoyne College)  
*Assistant Professor*  
Head Men's Basketball Coach

Warren Miller, BA  
(Baldwin Wallace University)  
*Instructor*  
Special Teams Coordinator/Linebackers, Football

Doug Milliken, MS  
(Indiana State University)  
*Instructor*  
Head Men's and Women's Swimming & Diving Coach

Jennifer Reimer, MEd  
(Bowling Green State University)  
*Assistant Professor*  
Head Women's Basketball Coach

Eric Schmuhl, MEd  
(Muskingum College)  
*Instructor*  
Head Men's and Women's Track Coach

Dereck Slesh, MBA  
(Cleveland State University)  
*Assistant Professor*  
Offensive Coordinator, Football

Jessica White, MA  
(Defiance College)  
*Interim Head Athletic Trainer*  
Assistant Head Athletic Trainer

Margaret White, MS  
(Elmira College)  
*Instructor*  
Assistant Women's Basketball Coach

Todd Wojtkowski, MBA  
(The Citadel)  
*Assistant Professor*  
Head Men's Tennis Coach

Courses

**PHED 100. Independent Activity. 0 - 10 Units.**
This course is designed to allow the student to write individual fitness goals, compose an individual fitness program specific to the goals and execute the individual program. Students are required to participate in a pre- and post-testing program and must achieve a minimum of 75% for each test component (national norms) in order to participate in Independent Activity. The course instructor must approve all programs. The student will be required to maintain a detailed activity log.

**PHED 108. Fencing. 0 Units.**
Fencing is the art of swordsmanship. Students will learn fencing skills such as on guard, lunge, attack, parry and touch. Students will learn the rules of competition and have the opportunity to compete during class time.

**PHED 10A. Cardio Games (First Half). 0 Units.**
Cardio Games emphasizes conditioning of the aerobic and anaerobic systems through fun and energetic games such as Ultimate Frisbee, Tag, Dodge Ball, Flicker Ball and more. This class is appropriate for most students. Prereq: Undergraduate degree seeking student.

**PHED 10B. Cardio Games (Second Half). 0 Units.**
Cardio Games emphasizes conditioning of the aerobic and anaerobic systems through fun and energetic games such as Ultimate Frisbee, Tag, Dodge Ball, Flicker Ball and more. This class is appropriate for most students. Prereq: Undergraduate degree seeking student.

**PHED 11A. Jump Rope Training (First Half). 0 Units.**
This class is designed to help students develop quickness, agility, balance, strength, power, and endurance through jump rope training. Students will learn rope-handling skills, jumping techniques and training routines to help supplement training for fitness and performance. Workouts and progressions are included for warm-up, cool-down, fitness components and sport-specific training. Prereq: Undergraduate degree seeking student.

**PHED 12A. Badminton (First Half). 0 Units.**
This class provides the student with the basic skills, footwork and strategies necessary to play the sport of badminton. Emphasis is placed on skill development through instruction and drills as well as singles and doubles match play. This class is appropriate for all students. Students with special needs can be accommodated. Prereq: Undergraduate degree seeking student.

**PHED 12B. Badminton (Second Half). 0 Units.**
This class provides the student with the basic skills, footwork and strategies necessary to play the sport of badminton. Emphasis is placed on skill development through instruction and drills as well as singles and doubles match play. This class is appropriate for all students. Students with special needs can be accommodated. Prereq: Undergraduate degree seeking student.
PHED 130. Wellness. 0 Units.
This lecture class teaches the components of physical fitness as well as evaluation techniques, fitness assessment, body composition, nutrition and weight control information. This class is appropriate for all students.

PHED 131. Personal Fitness. 0 Units.
Personal Fitness is a full semester class that teaches the components of physical fitness through both lecture and activity. Students will assess their fitness levels and learn conditioning activities to improve flexibility, cardiovascular endurance, muscular strength and endurance. Nutrition, weight control and concepts of wellness are covered in this class. This class is appropriate for most students.

PHED 13A. Rock Wall Climbing (First Half). 0 Units.
This course is designed to give students a comprehensive introduction to the skills, safely, terminology and equipment used in the sport of recreational activity of rock climbing. Prereq: Undergraduate degree seeking student.

PHED 13B. Rock Wall Climbing (Second Half). 0 Units.
This course is designed to give students a comprehensive introduction to the skills, safely, terminology and equipment used in the sport of recreational activity of rock climbing. Prereq: Undergraduate degree seeking student.

PHED 141. Dance. 0 Units.
This course is designed to introduce the student to dance. Students will be exposed to a variety of dances including contemporary, jazz, folk and formal dancing. Students will learn how choreography is mounted and how dancers remember it. The class is appropriate for beginners as well as students with dance experience.

PHED 14B. Indoor Rowing (Second Half). 0 Units.
This course introduces the student to basic indoor rowing techniques, skills, and equipment. Students will learn conditioning programs to prepare the student to continue in recreational, fitness or competitive rowing programs. Prereq: Undergraduate degree seeking student.

PHED 170. Varsity Baseball. 0 Units.

PHED 171. Varsity Basketball (Men). 0 Units.

PHED 172. Varsity Basketball (Women). 0 Units.

PHED 174. Varsity Cross Country (Men). 0 Units.

PHED 175. Varsity Cross Country (Women). 0 Units.

PHED 178. Varsity Football. 0 Units.

PHED 180. Varsity Soccer (Men). 0 Units.

PHED 181. Varsity Soccer (Women). 0 Units.

PHED 182. Varsity Swimming (Men). 0 Units.

PHED 183. Varsity Swimming (Women). 0 Units.

PHED 184. Varsity Tennis (Men). 0 Units.

PHED 185. Varsity Tennis (Women). 0 Units.

PHED 186. Varsity Track and Field (Men). 0 Units.

PHED 187. Varsity Track and Field (Women). 0 Units.

PHED 188. Varsity Volleyball. 0 Units.

PHED 189. Varsity Wrestling. 0 Units.

PHED 190. Varsity Softball (Women). 0 Units.

PHED 216. Weight Training II. 1 Unit.
This class is for the student with weight training experience and/or the student who has successfully completed the basic weight training program and wishes to continue training in an advanced program. Advanced skill development, program development and safety are emphasized. This class section does not satisfy the Physical Education requirement.

PHED 217. Life Guarding. 1 Unit.
Advanced physical education activities. Advanced instruction in sports, limited to upperclassmen. This course may lead to certification in lifeguarding. Recommended preparation: Advanced swimming skills.

PHED 218. Wellness. 1 Unit.

PHED 21A. Hatha Yoga (First Half). 0 Units.
This course provides an introduction to Hatha Yoga, presenting body awareness, basic philosophy, breathwork, postures and meditation techniques. This class is appropriate for all students. Prereq: Undergraduate degree seeking student.

PHED 21B. Hatha Yoga (Second Half). 0 Units.
This course provides an introduction to Hatha Yoga, presenting body awareness, basic philosophy, breathwork, postures and meditation techniques. This class is appropriate for all students. Prereq: Undergraduate degree seeking student.

PHED 22A. Intermediate Hatha Yoga (First Half). 0 Units.
This course utilizes the basics of Hatha Yoga including body awareness, philosophy, breathwork, and postures with emphasis on increased strengthening, increased aerobic segments, and more challenging postures. This class is appropriate for all students. Prereq: Undergraduate degree seeking student.

PHED 22B. Intermediate Hatha Yoga (Second Half). 0 Units.
This course utilizes the basics of Hatha Yoga including body awareness, philosophy, breathwork, and postures with emphasis on increased strengthening, increased aerobic segments, and more challenging postures. This class is appropriate for all students. Prereq: Undergraduate degree seeking student.

PHED 24A. Jogging (First Half). 0 Units.
Prereq: Undergraduate degree seeking student.

PHED 24B. Jogging (Second Half). 0 Units.
Prereq: Undergraduate degree seeking student.

PHED 25A. Power Volleyball (First Half). 0 Units.
This class introduces volleyball skills, techniques, strategies, rules and scoring. This class is appropriate for most students. Prereq: Undergraduate degree seeking student.

PHED 25B. Power Volleyball (Second Half). 0 Units.
This class introduces volleyball skills, techniques, strategies, rules and scoring. This class is appropriate for most students. Prereq: Undergraduate degree seeking student.

PHED 26A. Racquetball (First Half). 0 Units.
This course teaches racquetball skills and strategies for team and individual play. Course content includes terminology, skill development, scoring, etiquette and safety. This class is appropriate for most students. Prereq: Undergraduate degree seeking student.

PHED 26B. Racquetball (Second Half). 0 Units.
This course teaches racquetball skills and strategies for team and individual play. Course content includes terminology, skill development, scoring, etiquette and safety. This class is appropriate for most students. Prereq: Undergraduate degree seeking student.
PHED 27A. Indoor Group Cycling (First Half). 0 Units.
A stationary cycling program set to motivational music. Students will learn how to use and set up the bike and how to create a challenging workout using sprints, jumps and climbs. This class is appropriate for most students. Prereq: Undergraduate degree seeking student.

PHED 27B. Indoor Group Cycling (Second Half). 0 Units.
A stationary cycling program set to motivational music. Students will learn how to use and set up the bike and how to create a challenging workout using sprints, jumps and climbs. This class is appropriate for most students. Prereq: Undergraduate degree seeking student.

PHED 28A. Squash (First Half). 0 Units.
Students will be introduced to the skills, techniques and strategies necessary to play the sport of squash. This class is appropriate for most students. Prereq: Undergraduate degree seeking student.

PHED 28B. Squash (Second Half). 0 Units.
Students will be introduced to the skills, techniques and strategies necessary to play the sport of squash. This class is appropriate for most students. Prereq: Undergraduate degree seeking student.

PHED 29A. Swimming - Beginning and Intermediate (First Half). 0 Units.
This class focuses on basic swimming skills and safety. This class is appropriate for non-swimmers to those students with mid-range swimming skills. Students with disabilities may be accommodated. Prereq: Undergraduate degree seeking student.

PHED 29B. Swimming - Beginning and Intermediate (Second Half). 0 Units.
This class focuses on basic swimming skills and safety. This class is appropriate for non-swimmers to those students with mid-range swimming skills. Students with disabilities may be accommodated. Prereq: Undergraduate degree seeking student.

PHED 30A. Swimming - Endurance (First Half). 0 Units.
This class is for individuals who have mastered intermediate swimming skills and wish to develop advanced swimming skills and greater swimming endurance. Prereq: Undergraduate degree seeking student.

PHED 30B. Swimming - Endurance (Second Half). 0 Units.
This class is for individuals who have mastered intermediate swimming skills and wish to develop advanced swimming skills and greater swimming endurance. Prereq: Undergraduate degree seeking student.

PHED 31A. Tennis (First Half). 0 Units.
Students will learn the tennis skills and strategies necessary for both singles and doubles play. Emphasis is placed on stroke development, rules, scoring and etiquette. This class is appropriate for all students. Prereq: Undergraduate degree seeking student.

PHED 31B. Tennis (Second Half). 0 Units.
Students will learn the tennis skills and strategies necessary for both singles and doubles play. Emphasis is placed on stroke development, rules, scoring and etiquette. This class is appropriate for all students. Prereq: Undergraduate degree seeking student.

PHED 325. Officiating Basketball. 2 Units.
Administrative procedures, promotion, managerial relationships, scheduling, tournaments, budgeting, scoring systems, and officiating.

PHED 332. Introduction to Sports Medicine. 3 Units.
This class provides a detailed introduction to the foundation of Sports Medicine. Students will understand the complexities of sports medicine and athletic training through classroom lecture, structured laboratory and clinical hours. Topics covered in this class include roles and responsibilities of the sports medicine team, injury pathology, injury prevention, evaluation and management of injury.

PHED 334. Orthopedic Assessment of the Upper Extremity. 3 Units.
This class provides students with hands on experience that prepares them to perform orthopedic assessments within the field of athletic training. Students learn to take medical histories, palpate bony and soft structures, perform range of motion, neurological and circulatory tests. Students will learn to perform orthopedic tests of the upper extremities, head, cervical spine and abdomen. This class involves lectures, laboratory and clinical hours. Prereq: PHED 332 and PHED 342.

PHED 339. Orthopedic Assessment of the Lower Extremity. 3 Units.
This class provides students with hands on experience that prepares them to perform orthopedic assessments within the field of athletic training. Students learn to take medical histories, palpate bony and soft structures, perform range of motion, neurological and circulatory tests; and perform orthopedic special test of the lower extremities, pelvis, and lumbar spine. This class involves lectures, labs, and clinical hours. Prereq: PHED 332 and PHED 342.

PHED 341. Physiology of Exercise. 3 Units.
The classroom and laboratory experiences in this class are intended to provide an understanding of physiological adaptations of the human body to acute and chronic exercise. The classroom portion will focus mainly on the response and adaptation of bodily systems to exercise and the relationship of physiology to sport, health and exercise programs. The laboratory portion will focus on evaluation of the physiological response to exercise. Prereq: PHED 332, PHED 342, PHED 334, PHED 339.

PHED 342. Kinesiology. 3 Units.
The purpose of this course is to present the conceptual ideas and general principles of the science of human movement. It reviews and applies the pertinent aspects of anatomy, physiology and mechanics. Subject matter is drawn from research and clinical findings of widely dispersed kinesiological subdisciplines and professional specializations. Prereq: PHED 332.

PHED 34A. Weight Training (First Half). 0 Units.
This class focuses on muscular strength and endurance training through individualized weight training programs. Emphasis is placed on appropriate use of equipment and safety procedures. This class is appropriate for most students. Prereq: Undergraduate degree seeking student.

PHED 34B. Weight Training (Second Half). 0 Units.
This class focuses on muscular strength and endurance training through individualized weight training programs. Emphasis is placed on appropriate use of equipment and safety procedures. This class is appropriate for most students. Prereq: Undergraduate degree seeking student.

PHED 350. Therapeutic Rehabilitation and Modalities. 3 Units.
Topics covered in this class include concepts and practices associated with the conditioning and reconditioning (rehabilitation) of athletic injuries. Principles and practical skills associated with therapeutic modalities used in the treatment and rehabilitation of athletic injuries are also covered. This class involves lectures, labs and clinical hours. Prereq: PHED 332, PHED 334, PHED 339, and PHED 342.
PHED 40A. Basketball (First Half). 0 Units.
This class introduces basketball skills, techniques, rules and basic offense and defense. This class is appropriate for most students. Prereq: Undergraduate degree seeking student.

PHED 40B. Basketball (Second Half). 0 Units.
This class introduces basketball skills, techniques, rules and basic offense and defense. This class is appropriate for most students.

PHED 42B. Indoor Soccer (Second Half). 0 Units.
Students will learn the skills, techniques and strategies to play the sport of indoor soccer. This class is appropriate for most students. Prereq: Undergraduate degree seeking student.

PHED 44A. Core Yoga (1st Half). 0 Units.
This course combines Hatha Yoga postures, Pilates exercises, body awareness and breathwork while focusing on deep stabilizing abdominal muscles. Students will learn slow, controlled movements to help tone and condition. Prereq: Undergraduate degree seeking student.

PHED 44B. Core Yoga (2nd Half). 0 Units.
This course combines Hatha Yoga postures, Pilates exercises, body awareness and breathwork while focusing on deep stabilizing abdominal muscles. Students will learn slow, controlled movements to help tone and condition. Prereq: Undergraduate degree seeking student.

PHED 45A. Introduction to Speed and Agility Training. 0 Units.
This introductory course is intended for the student with an interest in training of speed and agility specific to their sport interest. The course will focus on the aspects of physical training necessary for the development of speed and agility and improved athletic performance. Prereq: Undergraduate degree seeking student.

PHED 45B. Introduction to Speed and Agility Training. 0 Units.
This introductory course is intended for the student with an interest in training of speed and agility specific to their sport interest. The course will focus on the aspects of physical training necessary for the development of speed and agility and improved athletic performance. Prereq: Undergraduate degree seeking student.

PHED 50A. Personal Safety Awareness (First Half). 0 Units.
This class focuses on safety and preventative techniques. Emphasis is placed on self-protection. This class is appropriate for all students. Prereq: Undergraduate degree seeking student.

PHED 50B. Personal Safety Awareness (Second Half). 0 Units.
This class focuses on safety and preventative techniques. Emphasis is placed on self-protection. This class is appropriate for all students. Prereq: Undergraduate degree seeking student.

PHED 55A. Cardio-Fitness (First Half). 0 Units.
This class presents the components of physical fitness through conditioning activities utilizing equipment such as stairclimbers, treadmills, and elliptical trainers. Students will evaluate their fitness levels and learn how to put together an individualized workout program. This class is appropriate for all students. Prereq: Undergraduate degree seeking student.

PHED 55B. Cardio-Fitness (Second Half). 0 Units.
This class presents the components of physical fitness through conditioning activities utilizing equipment such as stairclimbers, treadmills, and elliptical trainers. Students will evaluate their fitness levels and learn how to put together an individualized workout program. This class is appropriate for all students. Prereq: Undergraduate degree seeking student.

PHED 60A. CPR/First Aid (1st half). 0 Units.
Students will learn the basic first aid and CPR skills necessary to act in an emergency. Automated external defibrillation training is included. This class involves both lecture and hands-on work. Students will have the opportunity to achieve Basic Rescuer certification at the completion of the class.

PHED 60B. CPR/First Aid (2nd half). 0 Units.
Students will learn the basic first aid and CPR skills necessary to act in an emergency. Automated external defibrillation training in included. This class involves both lecture and hands-on work. Students will have the opportunity to achieve Basic Rescuer certification at the completion of this class.

PHED 65B. Team Building, Leadership, and Creative Movement (2nd half). 0 Units.
The primary purpose of this course is to provide an opportunity for Orientation leaders to: work as a team and build transferable skills for collaboration, active listening, communication, and motivation; learn dance movement as a form of communication and stress reduction; create the Orientation Leader Boogie Dance (performed at Welcome Days tradition and football game halftime show); understand the value in personal decision making and awareness (stress reduction, drug/alcohol awareness, sexual assault, etc.); learn campus resources; build Orientation Leader esprit de corps and enhance school spirit. This course will develop more effective and competent university ambassadors. In addition, the course will facilitate the development of leadership skills.
The Case Western Reserve University School of Dental Medicine (http://dental.case.edu) is a professional school offering a curriculum leading to the Doctor of Dental Medicine degree (DMD). Advanced education programs in the dental specialties are also available.

The School of Dental Medicine was organized June 21, 1892, as the Dental Department of Western Reserve University. For the first 25 years of its existence, the school was located in downtown Cleveland. In 1917, the School of Dental Medicine became an integral part of the university and now occupies a building adjacent to the School of Medicine, the School of Nursing, and University Hospitals of Cleveland. In 2003, the name of the school officially changed from the School of Dental Surgery to the School of Dental Medicine, and the degree offered changed from Doctor of Dental Surgery to Doctor of Dental Medicine. Since its organization, it has conferred degrees on approximately 4,900 graduates.

The mission of dentistry is the protection and improvement of the health of individuals and society with a concentration on oral health. Professional activities encompass a wide variety of endeavors including the clinical care of individuals, the prevention of disease, the discovery of new knowledge, and the development of procedures and policies that protect and improve health, especially for those populations at risk for disease.

Because oral health is an important concern of society, the role of the dentist continues to be essential and rewarding. Men and women who are interested in scientific studies directly related to the welfare of people should find a strong appeal in dentistry as a life work. It offers an unusual opportunity for public service, community respect, and the use of originality, compassion, and substantial skill and independent judgment on a daily basis.

Mission Statement

The mission of the Case Western Reserve University School of Dental Medicine is to provide outstanding programs in oral health education, patient care, focused research and scholarship, and service that are of value to our constituents. We will accomplish this in an environment which fosters collegiality and professionalism, and that enables a diverse group of students to become competent practitioners of dentistry and contribute to the health and well-being of individuals and populations.

Dental Education Program

The students who enter the School of Dental Medicine are very carefully selected and have already had many opportunities for intellectual and social development. The years in dental school should permit the continued maturation of the individual and should emphasize the basic knowledge and skills which are common to all dentists. Graduates should continue their dental education during their professional careers and add to the basic concepts taught in dental school by studying the scientific literature and by attending continuing education courses. While in dental school, the student develops an attitude of professionalism and a sense of responsibility toward the patient’s welfare, which will provide optimal dental care.

License to Practice Dentistry in Ohio

Specific information about licensure in Ohio and other states should be obtained from the individual state boards of dentistry.

Accreditation

The School of Dental Medicine is an institutional member of the American Dental Education Association and the programs of the School of Dental Medicine are accredited by the Commission of Dental Accreditation.

Student Affairs

The University Office of Student Affairs serves as an ombudsman focusing attention on the rights and responsibilities of students within the university community. In addition, it serves as a central source of information about university policies and procedures that affect student life and extracurricular programs and services. Students may contact the University Office of Student Affairs for resolution of specific problems and for referral to other university offices or campus agencies.

Facilities

The entire Health Sciences Center has been designed so that students can travel from the School of Dental Medicine to the School of Medicine, the School of Nursing, the Health Sciences Library, and any component of University Hospitals without having to go outside.

The dental school building was designed to provide a modern teaching facility. The Multimedia Laboratories are designed and equipped so that the basic sciences (except for anatomy), technique and simulated clinical experience can be carried on by the student in his or her individual area. The 50,000 square foot dental clinic floor consists of two major clinical areas and five specialty clinics. The major clinics are made up of individual cubicles, fully equipped as private operatories. Each student clinician is assigned to one of the individual operatories for the academic year.

Drawing from a local population of more than one million, the clinics provide a broad spectrum of care to the population, affording the student substantial clinical experience. The school cooperates with various organizations of the city in caring for their clients, an arrangement that provides additional clinical experience for students.

Libraries

The Cleveland Health Sciences Library (CHSL) was formed in 1966 by an agreement between the Cleveland Medical Library Association (CMLA) and Western Reserve University. CHSL operates in two locations: the Allen Memorial Medical Library and the Health Center Library (HCL). The total collection currently numbers over 430,000 volumes, including print and electronic journal subscriptions numbering in excess of 60,000.

The Allen collection, strongly clinical, serves private and institutional members of the Cleveland Medical Library Association as well as faculty and students of Case Western Reserve University.

The Health Center Library collection of basic science materials is primarily for faculty and students of the schools of dental medicine, medicine, and nursing and the department of biology.

The Dittrick Museum of Medical History, located on the third floor of the Allen Library, contains nearly 20,000 objects related to the history of medicine, dentistry, and pharmacy, with special emphasis on Cleveland
and the Western Reserve. The museum also contains a medical archives collection and a rare book room.

Reference staff in both libraries help and instruct patrons in the use of the library and its bibliographic resources. Items not available on campus may be obtained through inter-library loan. Other services provided are quick telephone reference, citation verification, computerized or manual bibliographic searches, access to the internet, and online searching of a multitude of databases.

Hospital Affiliations
The School of Dental Medicine has working relationships with hospitals and health clinics in the Greater Cleveland community. Students have the opportunity to function as dentists and observe hospital routine and operating room techniques in these hospitals. Many members of the faculty hold staff appointments in these extramural health facilities.

University Hospitals is a 974-bed tertiary care facility located across the street from the School of Dental Medicine. Graduate departments in oral and maxillofacial surgery and pediatric dentistry are based at this facility. A variety of educational and research opportunities exist in relation to this affiliation.

Community Health Clinics
Dental students participate in clinical care at several community health clinics in and around the greater Cleveland area. As part of the curriculum, dental students spend two weeks at one of the community clinics and additionally may volunteer their services in their free time. An example of a community health clinic is The Free Medical Clinic of Greater Cleveland, at 12201 Euclid Avenue. It is a nonprofit community service organization that offers medical, dental, podiatric, and legal services, as well as family planning and psychological counseling programs for adults and children; provides a patient advocacy program and speakers for community education and training at other health agencies; and operates a hotline seven evenings a week.

Administration
Kenneth B. Chance, Sr., DDS
(Case Western Reserve University)
Dean of the School of Dental Medicine

Ronald L. Occhionero, DDS
(Case Western Reserve University)
Associate Dean for Administration; Professor of Comprehensive Care

Kristin Z. Victoroff, DDS (Dalhousie University), PhD (Case Western Reserve University)
Associate Dean for Education, Associate Professor of Community Dentistry

Aaron Weinberg, DMD (The Hebrew University of Jerusalem), PhD
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(Baldwin Wallace College)
Assistant Dean of Finance, Operations and Information Technology

Philip C. Aftoora, MA
(University of Dayton, BS; Case Western Reserve University, MA)
Director of Student Services

Emil T. Chuck, PhD
(BSE, Duke University; PhD, Case Western Reserve University)
Director of Admissions

Advanced Education in General Dentistry (AEGD)

Advanced Education in General Dentistry (AEGD)

The AEGD program is a one-year experience with a major emphasis in clinical general dentistry designed to provide the resident with training beyond that received in the pre-doctoral curriculum.

Formal courses, seminars and literature review, as well as one week of “on call” per month, enhance the resident’s ability to handle dental and medical emergencies encountered in everyday practice.

The AEGD program provides the resident the opportunity to deliver the highest quality of comprehensive dental care to the broadest range of the population with a knowledge, comfort, and ease in treating the high risk patient and under-served segment of the population including: HIV/AIDS, medically compromised, physically handicapped, and geriatric populations with considerable experience in implantology and full mouth rehabilitation.

The AEGD program enables the resident to become proficient in diagnosis and treatment planning for the more challenging and complex cases to identify and treat many medical and/or dental emergencies encountered in every day dental practice. The AEGD program introduces the resident to the basic concepts of hospital dentistry and help them interact with their medical colleagues and other health care providers to integrate medical and dental

Goals and Objectives

• To provide the residents with the didactic knowledge and clinical experience to deliver multi disciplinary comprehensive oral health care to a wide range of the population beyond the level of predoctoral education. (This includes providing community services through the management of the medically and/or immunocompromised patient, the physically handicapped patient, as well as the geriatric and the under served segment of the population.)

• Enable the residents to identify and treat the most common medical and/or dental emergencies encountered in every day dental practice.

• To develop in the residents the values of professional ethics, and acceptance of cultural diversity in the practice of dentistry.

• To develop the skills of self evaluation and critical thinking.
• To provide the residents with experience to improve their ability to interact, function and communicate effectively with other health care professionals in the delivery of comprehensive treatment.
• To encourage the resident to continue the process of life long learning through continuing education, professional meetings, and review of literature.
• To provide the residents with training in patient, practice and risk management in order to manage a private dental practice.

Admission

Information about admission to the AEGD Program (http://dental.case.edu/aegd) can be found on the School of Dental Medicine website.

The didactic component of the AEGD program is conducted in both the formal courses as well as the departmental seminars.

Formal Courses

• Management of Medical Emergencies
• Pharmacology
• Orthodontic
• Interdisciplinary Seminars
• Occlusion
• Correlative Medical Sciences

Seminars

• Literature review
• Case Presentation
• Endodontics
• Periodontics
• Oral Surgery
• Implantology
• Oral Diagnosis and Treatment Planning
• Preventive Dentistry
• Pain and Anxiety Control in the Conscious Patient
• Geriatric Dentistry
• Special Care Patients including the Medically Compromised
• Asepsis and Infection Control
• Pediatric Dentistry
• Operative Dentistry
• Fixed and Removable Prosthodontics
• Oral Medicine
• Practice Management

Clinical Component and Rotations

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Month</th>
<th>Resident #1</th>
<th>Resident #1</th>
<th>Resident #3</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>August</td>
<td>Clinic - Geriatrics</td>
<td>Clinic - Pediatrics</td>
<td>Clinic</td>
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<tr>
<td>September</td>
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<tr>
<td>October</td>
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<td>November</td>
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<td>Clinic - Geriatrics</td>
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<td>December</td>
<td>Clinic</td>
<td>Clinic - Geriatrics/ Clinic Pediatrics</td>
<td>Clinic - Geriatrics/ Clinic Pediatrics</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

Service: Pediatric Rotation

• Length of Rotation or Experience (in weeks): 12
• Number of Hours per week: 4

Objectives:

1. To provide residents with both clinical and didactic training in pediatric dentistry beyond that received in the pre-doctoral curriculum.
2. To improve the resident's ability in diagnosis, treatment planning, oral examination, and physical evaluation of the pediatric patient.
3. To improve the resident's ability to use non-pharmacologic management techniques to appropriately manage and guide the behavior of the child patient to accept needed treatment and to provide advice or guidance to the parent to enhance the child's acceptance.
4. To assist the resident in developing a working knowledge of preventive and corrective dental procedures relating to the growth and development of the stomatognathic system.
5. To increase both the confidence and competence of residents in meeting the general oral health needs of the pediatric patient.

Service: Geriatric Dentistry

• Length of Rotation or Experience (in weeks): 16
• Number of Hours per week: 8

Objectives:

1. See the variability of patient disability/ability/cognitive impairment in a diverse patient population.
2. Apply the principles of rational treatment planning to patients with limited access to dental care.
3. Practice behavioral management techniques for patients who are uncooperative.
4. Learn how to manage institutionalized patients and coordinate care with staff of the long-term care facilities.
5. Know how to deal with treatment of patients who cannot give informed consent.
6. Realize how much dental care is needed by older patients; and you will know what a significant positive impact that your work can have on the quality of life of older individuals.
7. Become a patient, empathetic caregiver.
Plan of Study

First Year

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Units</th>
<th>Fall</th>
<th>Spring</th>
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<tr>
<td>Anatomy of the Head and Neck (DENT 513)</td>
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<td>Multidisciplinary Seminar (DENT 698)</td>
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<td>Clinical Pharmacology (DENT 550)</td>
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<td>Epidemiology and Biostatistics (DENT 510)</td>
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<td>Behavioral Considerations in Oral Health Care (DENT 518)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Management of Medical Emergencies (DENT 555)</td>
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<td>Advanced Oral Pathology (DENT 512)</td>
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<td>Biological Aspects of the Stomatological System (DENT 501)</td>
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<td>Correlative Medical Science (DENT 502)</td>
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<td>Microbiology, Immunology, and Immune Systems (DENT 516)</td>
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<td>Research Methods: Preparation (DENT 514)</td>
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<td>AEGD Residency Training (DENT 699)</td>
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<td>Total Units in Sequence:</td>
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</table>

Craniofacial, Surgical, and Special Care Orthodontics Fellowship Program

Fellows accepted into the Craniofacial, Surgical and Special Care Orthodontics Fellowship Program will be provided with advanced clinical, didactic, and research training during the 1 year program of study in the management of children with facial differences. We anticipate most fellows to go through a 1 year program of study. However, individuals who intend to devote the majority of their career in this area may be provided with the opportunity to enroll in a second year of study.

Graduates of the program will be exposed to the diagnoses, treatment planning, and clinical execution of orthodontic and dentofacial orthopedic services to a large clinical volume of pediatric, adolescent, and adult patients who have congenital and acquired craniofacial abnormalities. The goal of the Fellowship Program is to train the fellow to attain a level of competency that enables him or her to recognize, diagnosis and treat patients with craniofacial anomalies and special needs in a hospital-based, team care setting.

Fellows participate in the craniofacial and cleft conferences, review treatment plans and progress notes, and provide clinical care to the patients under direct supervision. All complex treatments are discussed with the attending on a case-by-case basis. New patient exams are done on regular basis and the fellows work up cases (clinical exam, study models analysis, CBCT evaluations) and reviews the treatment plans with the faculty. The fellows will perform all the surgical treatment plans, cephalometric prediction tracings, model surgery, and splint construction. The fellow will also scrub in and participate in the OR activities/surgical procedures.

Rotations with other services will form an integral part of the Fellowship Program. The principal rotations will be with the departments of plastic surgery, oral and maxillofacial surgery, and pediatric dentistry. In addition, the fellow will be exposed to speech pathology, pediatric otolaryngology, genetics, and occupational therapy.

The format of the program allows for constant one-on-one supervision that will allow for subjective assessments of the fellow’s understanding of the subject matter, clinical skills, and patient management skills. This will be supplemented by weekly sessions with the faculty, where the fellow’s understanding will be further tested. At the end of each semester, a written examination will form part of the assessment of the fellow’s progress.

Admission

More information about admission to the program can be obtained by contacting the following:

Manish Valiathan (manish.valiathan@case.edu), DDS, MSD, Program Director, at 216.368.0673; Olivia (stephanie.leasure@case.edu) Rasul, Craniofacial Clinic Assistant, at 216.368.4331; or Colleen Friday (colleen.friday@case.edu), Graduate Studies Administrator, at 216.368.1168.

Residency Program in Dental Public Health

Residency Program in Dental Public Health

The advanced education program in Dental Public Health is fully accredited by the Commission on Dental Accreditation and offers three tracks: 1) one-year full-time for dentists with a master’s degree in public health or equivalent; 2) two-year part-time for dentists with a master’s degree in public health or equivalent; and 3) two-year full-time for dentists WITHOUT a master’s in public health. Residents in the first two tracks earn a certificate, while residents in the third track will earn a residency certificate from the School of Dental Medicine as well as an accredited MPH degree through Case Western Reserve University (CWRU) School of Medicine.

The primary training site is the CWRU School of Dental Medicine, with extramural sites in other parts of Ohio. The didactic instruction for the residency program encompasses competencies of the American Board for Dental Public Health and concepts such as population health, cultural competency, and health literacy. The field experience sites have been carefully chosen to increase residents’ cultural sensitivity and understanding, particularly about underserved groups. Trainees have opportunities to work with indigent, homeless, and minority populations.

Admission

More information about admission to the dental public health residency program (http://dental.case.edu/community/residency/howtoapply) can be found on the School of Dental Medicine website.

DMD Special Programs for Undergraduates

DMD Special Programs for Undergraduates

The School of Dental Medicine offers two programs for high school seniors who plan to pursue careers in dentistry.
Pre-Professional Scholars in Dentistry

The Pre-Professional Scholars Program in Dentistry offers exceptionally well qualified high school students two options: the six-year program where students join the CWRU School of Dental Medicine after completing two years of undergraduate course work or the eight-year program that begins after the completion of the bachelor’s degree. For more information about the program, see Pre-Professional Scholars Program (p. 564) in the Office of Undergraduate Studies section of this bulletin. For more information about admission to the Pre-Professional Scholars Program, see the Office of Undergraduate Admission website (http://admission.case.edu/apply/ppsp.aspx).

Senior Year in Professional Studies

The Senior Year in Professional Studies offers Case Western Reserve undergraduate students, who are candidates for the Bachelor of Arts (BA) degree and who are admitted to Case Western Reserve University School of Dental Medicine by the end of the junior year, the opportunity to shorten their entire course of studies by one year. For more information about the program and admission, see Acceleration Toward Professional Degrees (p. 562) in the Office of Undergraduate Studies section of this bulletin.

DMD/MPH DMD and Master of Public Health

Dual-Degree Program

DMD and Master of Public Health

The Case School of Dental Medicine, in collaboration with the School of Medicine, offers a dual-degree program in dental medicine and public health (DMD/MPH). The program is funded by the Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA), Predoctoral Training in Public Health Dentistry Training Grant.

Purpose

One of the primary goals of the American Dental Association (ADA) is to “Promote the oral health of the public.” Dental public health is one of the nine recognized specialties of the ADA, and is defined as “the art and science of preventing oral diseases and promoting oral health through organized community efforts.” The objective for the five-year dual degree program is to impart knowledge and skills necessary to expand the practice of dentistry into the community in a proactive way that fosters improved oral health, and as a direct result, yields improved overall health of the populations involved.

Curriculum

The DMD curriculum consists of 141.5 credit hours and the MPH curriculum consists of 42 credit hours: 24 credit hours of didactic MPH courses, 9 credit hours for DMD coursework, participation in a seminar series, and 9 credit hours for the “Culminating Experience”, a public health field practicum (3 credits) and public health Capstone project (6 credits). A total of 9 credits will be applied from the dental curriculum to the MPH degree. Of the 24 credit hours of didactic curriculum, 18 must be from core MPH courses. Dual degree students may choose to enroll in electives as well.

One of the five years of the dual degree program must be dedicated to MPH courses, which can be either before the first DMD year, between the 1st and 2nd DMD years, or between the 2nd and 3rd DMD years. Other possible options for the dedicated MPH year will be considered on a case-by-case basis. Information about the MPH program can be found here. (http://mph.case.edu)

Features

Each dual degree student will be assigned two advisors who will advise and guide them towards completing the MPH program. In addition to didactic courses, the DMD/MPH program requires a practicum/field experience at a public health agency including community health centers. The student will also be required to complete a capstone project and present the findings at the Innovations in Population Health conference, the School of Dental Medicine Professionals Day, and at a national conference.

Admission

Admission to the DMD program is required for consideration for the DMD/MPH program. Prospective students are eligible to apply to the MPH program at any time prior to the start of the third DMD year. Applicants must complete an online application form for the MPH program that includes a personal statement about the applicants’ interest in public health and professional goals; three letters of recommendation; GRE or DAT test scores, and TOEFL or IELTS if applicable; and official transcripts for all higher education degrees.

Sample Template for Course Schedule for DMD/MPH (with MPH-dedicated year prior to DMD Year 1)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year 1, Fall (12 credits)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MPHP 405 Statistical Methods in Public Health</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MPHP 406 History and Philosophy of Public Health</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MPHP 490 Epidemiology: Introduction to Theory and Methods</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MPHP 510 Health Disparities</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MPHP 506 The Future of Public Health</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Units</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Year 2, Spring (12 credits)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year 2, Spring (12 credits)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MPHP 411 Introduction to Health Behavior</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MPHP 429 Introduction to Environmental Health</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MPHP 439 Public Health Management and Policy</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MPHP 433 Community Interventions and Program Evaluation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MPHP 507 Building a Public Health Project</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Units</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Years 2-5 DMD Curriculum: the year 2 DMD curriculum includes 9 dual credit hours for DMD as well as MPH program

| Public Health Culminating Experience | 3 |
| MPHP 652 Public Health Capstone Experience | 6 |
| MPHP 650 Public Health Practicum | 3 |

* Indicates core course
DMD/MS Clinical Research Training

Dual-Degree Program
DMD and Master of Science in Clinical Research Training

The Case School of Dental Medicine, in collaboration with the School of Medicine, presents a dual-degree program made possible by the National Institute of Health (NIH) Ruth L. Kirschstein National Research Service (T32) Training Grant.

Purpose

The objective for the five-year joint DMD and Master in Clinical Research Training (DMD-MCRT) at the School of Dental Medicine is to train dental scholars for an academic career and for utilizing scientific advances to solve clinical problems. Part of this goal is training in clinical research so that the dental graduate may promote progress in biomedical research and develop innovative and effective strategies for the oral health needs of the population.

Curriculum

The DMD curriculum consists of 141.5 credit hours and the MCRT curriculum consists of 36 credit hours. The MCRT curriculum consists of 15 graded hours of core curriculum, 6 graded hours of DMD coursework, 3-6 graded hours of elective course(s), participation in a seminar series, and 9-12 graded hours of research work culminating in a thesis project. Components of the dental curriculum are equivalent to clinical research material that is taught at the graduate level. Thus a total of 6 credits will be applied from the dental curriculum to the master’s degree.

A full year of research is a requirement. The student will be required to take one year off (either between the 2nd and 3rd or 3rd and 4th DMD years or immediately after DMD completion) for fulfillment of the master’s program. The one-year research training can also be accomplished in 2-3 month blocks between DMD years. A successful passing of the oral defense of the master’s research thesis is also required.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>Units</th>
<th>Fall</th>
<th>Spring</th>
<th>Summer</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Study Design and Epidemiologic Methods (CRSP 402)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Advanced Statistics: Linear Models (NURS 630)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Communication in Clinical Research - Oral Presentation, Posters, and the Mass Media (CRSP 412)</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Research Ethics and Regulation (CRSP 500)</td>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Design and Analysis of Observational Studies (CRSP 500)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Team Science - Working in Interdisciplinary Research Teams (CRSP 501)</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Elective</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Elective</td>
<td>1-3</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Features

Key features of this dual-degree program are that it is a five-year program where each student is assigned an advisor, a mentor, and the student will receive “protected time” to complete their master’s requirements. This program will highlight core dental and master’s courses as well as research rotations. The student will be required to complete a master’s thesis research project and make a scientific presentation at the International Association of Dental Research or the American Association of Dental Research conferences.

Admission

Prospective students are eligible to apply to the program anytime after their first year of DMD studies, but prior to the start of the fourth DMD year. Applicants must complete an online application form that includes a personal statement describing the reason for seeking admission along with a summary of career goals and submit a non-refundable application fee, three sealed recommendation letters or online recommendation forms, a recent curriculum vitae including previous research experience, letters of support from training director and research mentor ensuring protected time, and official transcripts for all higher education degrees. Applicants will also be required to submit a photograph and Visa/Permanent Resident Card/ECFMG (if applicable). Admission to the program is contingent upon good DMD academic standing and recommendation letters from the Associate Dean for Education and the Director of the DMD-MCRT program.

Master of Science in Clinical Research
Sample Plan of Study

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>First Year</th>
<th>Units</th>
<th>Spring</th>
<th>Summer</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CRSP 401 Introduction to Clinical Research Summer Series</td>
<td>1-3</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CMED 402 Statistical Science for Medical Research</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CRSP 501 Team Science - Working in Interdisciplinary Research Teams</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CRSP 603 Research Ethics and Regulation</td>
<td>2</td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CRSP 510 Health Disparities</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CRSP 500 Design and Analysis of Observational Studies</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CRSP 501 Team Science - Working in Interdisciplinary Research Teams</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Elective</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Year Total:</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>4-6</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Doctor of Dental Medicine (DMD)

The program will accomplish its goals through academic work in four themes and two threads, which are woven throughout the four years of the program. The program includes a variety of educational formats to deliver the curricula, including problem-based learning sessions, team-based learning, independent study, seminars, experiential learning opportunities, traditional lectures, virtual reality clinical simulation, laboratories, standardized patient experiences, and patient-based comprehensive care. An important goal of the curriculum is to help students become better prepared in independent learning, critical thinking skills, and the use of evidence. The curriculum is a program of study that includes traditional and newly organized integrated educational modules in the following themes and threads:

Themes

Health and Well-Being
This theme contains all curricula -- both didactic and clinical -- that apply to health and the normal structure and functioning of the body and of the oral complex. The traditional content areas of physiology, biochemistry, anatomy, histology, among other dental science classes, are integrated through cases to form a better bridge between the basic sciences and the clinical sciences.

Disease Processes
The Disease Processes theme includes content related to general and oral diseases. These topics are often melded with healthy structure and function content to provide students with a global perspective of the implications of disease on usual functioning.

Restoration of Health
This theme contains content related to therapies necessary for treatment of medical disease and dental disease. A focus on restoring oral health is accomplished through virtual reality clinical skills training, training on models and progression to comprehensive dental care in conjunction with didactic knowledge.

Maintenance of Health
The Maintenance of Health theme focuses on curriculum which explores strategies for preserving health through general and oral health therapies, patient education, disease risk assessment, and disease prevention. This theme provides viewpoint from which students can develop life-long care plans for their patients.

Threads

Inquiry
This thread that runs throughout the four-year program supports student growth in skills in clinical decision making. Students develop an understanding of what scientific evidence is, how to make clinical decisions, and to value scientific discovery in all aspects of dentistry.

Leadership
This thread contains curriculum for the development of students as ethical, sensitive, caring practitioners who are stewards of oral health of the individual patient, the community, and society. An important focus in Leadership curriculum is content that helps students advance in their role as a professional. It also supports the integration of all students into the practice management curriculum centered within their clinical preceptor groups.

Years

Year 1
This year includes curriculum describing normal healthy functioning and disease processes. Basic science content is taught in the context of clinical cases. Foundational work in understanding human structure and function is paired with learning about disease. Dental clinical sciences study the foundational elements of oral health.

Year 2
This year continues with an integrated approach to curricula in health and disease with an emphasis on the development of dental clinical skills. Further development of students as clinicians proceeds with their involvement in the clinical preceptor groups. Students will make a transition to increasing patient-centered clinical care as they demonstrate competency in clinical skills and didactic knowledge.

Year 3
This year includes didactic work related to advancing levels of knowledge and clinical experience. Students spend time in didactic classes that are directly related to clinical practice and in rotations to specialty clinical areas while accomplishing comprehensive patient care.

Year 4
Students gain clinical experience in the Comprehensive Care Clinics and finish didactic work which may include enrichment courses. They participate in practice management activities of their preceptor group, developing critical skills for general practice dentistry.

Doctor of Dental Medicine (DMD)
First Year Courses

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>DSPR 136</td>
<td>Cariology</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HEWB 121</td>
<td>Foundations of Life Science</td>
<td>4.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HEWB 130</td>
<td>Oral Histology</td>
<td>1.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HWDP 131</td>
<td>Heart and Lungs in Disease and Health</td>
<td>4.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LDRS 111</td>
<td>Epidemiology for Public Health and Clinical Practice</td>
<td>2.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MAHE 141</td>
<td>Preventive Periodontics</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MAHE 144</td>
<td>Preventive Periodontics Clinic (graded in the spring)</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Course Code</td>
<td>Course Title</td>
<td>Units</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------------</td>
<td>----------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>-------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MAHE 145</td>
<td>ACE: Outreach Preventive Dentistry</td>
<td>1.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>REHE 151</td>
<td>Dental Anatomy</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>REHE 153</td>
<td>Dental Anatomy Laboratory</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>REHE 156</td>
<td>DentSim Laboratory (graded in the spring)</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Second Term</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HEWB 123</td>
<td>Facial Growth</td>
<td>1.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HEWB 124</td>
<td>Masticatory Dynamics</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HEWB 126</td>
<td>Masticatory Dynamics Lab</td>
<td>1.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HEWB 128</td>
<td>Body as Host</td>
<td>4.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HEWB 134</td>
<td>Head and Neck Structure and Function</td>
<td>4.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>INQU 102</td>
<td>ACE: Knowing the Patient</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LDRS 116</td>
<td>Promoting Evidence-based Dentistry I</td>
<td>0.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MAHE 144</td>
<td>Preventive Periodontics Clinic</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>REHE 152</td>
<td>Basic Procedures in Fixed Prosthetics</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>REHE 154</td>
<td>Basic Procedures in Fixed Prosthetics Lab</td>
<td>1.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>REHE 156</td>
<td>DentSim Laboratory</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>REHE 158</td>
<td>Dental Materials I</td>
<td>0.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>REHE 162</td>
<td>Basic Procedures in Operative Dentistry I</td>
<td>0.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>REHE 172</td>
<td>Basic Procedures in Operative Dentistry I Lab</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Total Units</strong></td>
<td>44</td>
</tr>
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</table>

**Second Year Courses**

**First Term**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>DSPR 239</td>
<td>Neoplasia</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HWDP 232</td>
<td>Health and Disease: Renal and Hematologic Systems</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HWDP 241</td>
<td>Gastrointestinal System in Health and Disease</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HWDP 243</td>
<td>Endocrine and Reproductive Systems in Health and Disease</td>
<td>1.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HWDP 245</td>
<td>Musculoskeletal System in Health and Disease</td>
<td>1.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HWDP 246</td>
<td>Neuroscience in Health and Disease</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MAHE 242</td>
<td>Periodontics (graded in the spring)</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>REHE 229</td>
<td>Introduction to Radiography</td>
<td>1.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>REHE 257</td>
<td>Prosthodontic Technology</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>REHE 259-1</td>
<td>Basic Procedures in Fixed Prosthodontics II</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>REHE 260-1</td>
<td>Basic Procedure Fixed Prosthodontics II Lab</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>REHE 262</td>
<td>Basic Procedures in Operative Dentistry II</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>REHE 267</td>
<td>Prosthodontic Technology Lab</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>REHE 272</td>
<td>Basic Procedures in Operative Dentistry II Lab</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>REMA 261</td>
<td>Preclinical Orthodontics</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Second Term</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DSPR 232</td>
<td>Periodontics</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DSPR 234</td>
<td>Oral Pathology</td>
<td>3.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DSPR 244</td>
<td>Principles of Medicine</td>
<td>0.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MAHE 214</td>
<td>ACE: Family First</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MAHE 242</td>
<td>Periodontics</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>REHE 252</td>
<td>Pain Control</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>REHE 253</td>
<td>Basic Procedures in Esthetics</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>REHE 254</td>
<td>Pharmacology</td>
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<tr>
<td>REHE 256</td>
<td>Radiology</td>
<td>0.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>REHE 258</td>
<td>Principles of Treatment Planning I</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>REHE 259-2</td>
<td>Basic Procedures in Fixed Prosthodontics II</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<td><strong>Third Year Courses</strong></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>DSPR 333</td>
<td>Management of Medical Emergencies</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>DSPR 335</td>
<td>Clinical Pharmacology</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>DSRE 395</td>
<td>Introduction to Oral and Maxillofacial Surgery</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>LDRS 317</td>
<td>Dental Patient Management/Risk Management</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>HEWB 349</td>
<td>Dentofacial Morphology</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>REHE 358</td>
<td>Dental Materials II</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>First Term</strong></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>COMP 387</td>
<td>General Practice Dentistry A</td>
<td>1.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>COMP 389</td>
<td>General Practice Dentistry B</td>
<td>1.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DSPR 341</td>
<td>Oral Diagnosis and Radiology</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DSRE 393</td>
<td>Principles of Oral and Maxillofacial Surgery I</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DSRE 397</td>
<td>Occlusion Seminar (graded in the spring)</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LDRS 317</td>
<td>Dental Auxiliary Management</td>
<td>0.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>REHE 350</td>
<td>Oral Rehabilitation</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>REHE 351</td>
<td>Surgical Periodontics</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>REHE 353</td>
<td>Principles of Treatment Planning II</td>
<td>0.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>REHE 355</td>
<td>Esthetic Dentistry</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>REHE 360</td>
<td>Implant Dentistry</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>DSRE 391</td>
<td>Endodontics</td>
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<tr>
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<td><strong>Second Term</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>COMP 390</td>
<td>General Practice Dentistry A</td>
<td>1.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>COMP 394</td>
<td>General Practice Dentistry B</td>
<td>1.5</td>
</tr>
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<td>DSPR 342</td>
<td>Oral Cancer Diagnosis</td>
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<tr>
<td>DSRE 370</td>
<td>Principles of Oral and Maxillofacial Surgery II</td>
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<td>DSRE 374</td>
<td>Fixed Prosthodontics</td>
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<tr>
<td>DSRE 392</td>
<td>Nitrous Oxide and Conscious Sedation</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>DSRE 397</td>
<td>Occlusion Seminar</td>
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<tr>
<td>LDRS 310</td>
<td>Professional Development II</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LDRS 316</td>
<td>Practice Management I</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MAHE 340</td>
<td>Nutrition for Dentistry</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>REMA 380</td>
<td>Introduction to Geriatric Dentistry</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
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**Fourth Year Courses**

**Summer Term**

<table>
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<th>Course Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>COMP 322</td>
<td>Surgical Periodontics</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>COMP 328</td>
<td>Oral Diagnosis and Treatment Planning</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>COMP 348</td>
<td>Endodontics</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>COMP 358</td>
<td>Clinical Oral Surgery I</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>COMP 378</td>
<td>Pediatric Dentistry Clinic</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Doctor of Dental Medicine (DMD)
The graduate endodontics program is a continuous 24-month master's degree (Master of Science in Dentistry) and certificate program.

The program will prepare specialists in the fields of diagnosis, all phases of treatment and prevention of pulpal and periapical dental disease. It will provide training in research design and methodology as it relates to pulpal, dentinal, periodontal, and related clinical areas, preparing the resident for teaching responsibilities in undergraduate, postgraduate, and graduate levels.

A top of the line surgical microscope with a complete and full documentation package is provided for teaching a variety of microscopic surgery techniques.

The curriculum includes bone grafting and guided tissue regeneration. The IV sedation and general anesthesia training are provided by University Hospitals of Cleveland for the second year resident. Presentation of multiple table clinics is required. The endodontic residents have placed first the last three years at the annual meeting of the Ohio Dental Association.

Admission

Information about admission to the endodontics program (http://dental.case.edu/endodontics/residency/howtoapply) can be found on the School of Dental Medicine website.

Endodontics

The graduate endodontics program is a continuous 24-month master's degree (Master of Science in Dentistry) and certificate program...
Second Year

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Description</th>
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<td>Thesis M.S.D. (DENT 651)</td>
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<td>Clinical Endodontic Specialty (DNDO 551)</td>
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<tr>
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**Expanded Function Dental Auxiliary (EFDA)**

**Expanded Function Dental Auxiliary Program**

The School of Dental Medicine offers a non-degree certificate course in expanded dental functions to dental auxiliaries with requisite training and experience. This continuing education program prepares the student to take an examination administered by the Ohio Commission on Dental Testing for Expanded Function Dental Auxiliaries.

The Expanded Function Dental Auxiliary course is a less than part-time program and includes didactic, pre-clinical laboratory, and clinical training. It is affiliated with several hospitals and health agencies in the Cleveland metropolitan area, where a portion of the clinical training takes place. Students are selected for admission on the basis of their performance on an entrance examination administered by the program faculty.

Upon successful completion of this accredited program, an auxiliary is eligible to sit for the state certifying examination provided by the Commission on Dental Testing in Ohio.

**Admission**

Information about admission to the EFDA program (http://dental.case.edu/efda) can be found on the School of Dental Medicine website.

Students begin the program learning tooth anatomy, contour and contact using wax. Then students gradually advance through one, two, three, and complex surface restorations of amalgam and composite on the typodont. Rubber dam placement and sealant placement are also learned.

Part of the responsibility for being in the program will be for the employer dentist to allow the EFDA trainee to perform intra-oral procedures (restorations) in the office once the student has successfully passed one amalgam, composite, and sealant competencies.

Clinical/patient experience occurs during the second semester at MetroHealth Hospital/clinics, Case School of Dental Medicine Clinic, Rainbow Hospital Tapper Pedodontic Clinic, The Free Clinic of Cleveland, or St. Elizabeth Hospital Dental Clinic in Youngstown, Ohio, and the office in which the student is employed.

Mock board exams are given the second semester, simulating the testing atmosphere of the actual state examination.

After successful completion of the course, the student will be eligible to sit for the state board examination administered by the Commission on Dental Testing in Ohio (http://codtinohio.org). Examination candidates will be expected to bring their own instruments and materials (not school-owned) to the exam.

According to various sections of the Ohio Law and Regulations for Certification and Licensure Boards, persons convicted of any felony or misdemeanor may not be able to take the licensure or certification examinations; may be refused acceptance of placement by the clinical/practicum sites; or may have restrictions placed on their ability to practice. For more information, contact the Dean of Student Services and the applicable licensure/certification board.

Lecture and lab during the first semester

- All day lab / clinic second semester
- An optional state board review course is offered at the end of the second semester, after completion of the EFDA Program in May for an additional fee

**Lectures and labs**

- Nomenclature
- Caries classification
- Cavity preparation
- Oral anatomy
- Dental morphology
- Periodontium
- Histology
- Basics of occlusion
- Ergonomics
- Instrumentation
- Pulp protection
- Dental materials
- Matrix and wedge techniques
- Temporization
- Amalgam placement and carving
- Polishing amalgams
- Composite placement
- Composite finishing and polishing
- Posterior composites
- Pit and fissure sealant placement
- Rubber dam placement

**First Year**

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Graduate Studies at School of Dental Medicine

Academic Regulations

Registration
Graduate studies programs operate on a twelve-month basis, from July 1 to June 30. The year is divided into two six-month semesters. The fall semester is from July 1 to December 31; and spring semester is from January 1 to June 30. The act of registration includes submission of a course schedule approved by the department, the payment of semester tuition, and the completion of the online registration form. Each semester, registration must be completed as scheduled. Students enrolled in fall and spring semesters may arrange to pay bills for tuition and fees in two installments. At least half of the total bill must be paid at registration; the remainder must be paid in accordance with university policy. Fees may be charged for late registration or late payment. Students who fail to register within 30 days after the published dates will be considered to have withdrawn from the program. In the School of Dental Medicine, students who are not registered are not considered students of record, lose the protections of the university in matters of liability, and therefore, may not treat patients. They can no longer attend class or receive grades and will have to formally reestablish their matriculation. In any circumstance, all lost course and/or clinical time will be added to the end of the program’s original completion date.

Under unusual circumstances, special arrangements for registration may be made with permission of the department chair and the associate dean for graduate studies. Social security numbers are used for all records and documents and must be provided at the time of registration. Foreign students will be issued a number for this purpose if they have not obtained a social security number prior to registration. New students and new residents who do not register as specified and who have failed to provide satisfactory reasons for the delay in advance will forfeit their right to admission. Vacancies which arise from such circumstances are filled from a list of alternate candidates at the discretion of the department.

Grading
The responsibility for assigning grades rests exclusively with the course director, who must announce the general method of grading at the beginning of the course. Course grades are reported to the registrar of the School of Dental Medicine at the end of the course or when a final grade has been determined, if prior to the scheduled completion time for the course. Incomplete or conditional grades can be changed only by the course director as described in the University Registrar (p. 976) section of this bulletin. Grading in the School of Dental Medicine Graduate Programs is A, B, C, or F and pass/no pass.

Transfer Credit
Transfer of credit from another university is limited to six semester hours of graduate-level courses. Such transfer requires approval from the student’s advisor, the department chair, and the Office of Graduate Studies. Courses must have been taken within five years prior or subsequent to matriculation in the graduate program at Case Western Reserve University, and only those with grades of “B” or better are transferable. No credit for a thesis may be transferred from another university.

Graduate credit is not awarded for 100- or 200-level courses or their equivalents.

Thesis Advisory Committee
Each master’s degree candidate is advised to consult with their Program Director as to when and how to form a thesis committee. The Graduate department chair, in consultation with the Program Director, chooses a faculty member to serve as the primary thesis advisor. This advisor also serves as the chair of the thesis committee. The primary thesis advisor will help identify other members of the faculty (at least two) to serve as secondary advisors and as members of the thesis committee. At least two members of the thesis committee must be from the department in which the student is enrolled, and one must be from another department. Additional membership is not restricted and may include persons from outside the university who have qualifications acceptable to the department chair. Members of the thesis committee continue in their capacity until the student graduates or leaves the program of study. The thesis committee will be responsible for guiding the student in the development of a thesis protocol. Once a protocol is acceptable, the thesis committee members advise the student on the conduct of the research and writing of the thesis document. Ultimately, the committee members will evaluate the student’s oral defense and final thesis document.

Research Project
For master’s degree programs, each student must carry out an original and meaningful research project acceptable to the department chair and the advisory committee. A written thesis, similarly acceptable, is to be prepared and must conform to the standard format determined by the Office of Graduate Studies of the School of Dental Medicine. The thesis must be submitted before the prescribed deadline. An oral examination (defense) of the thesis is required. This examination is administered by the student’s advisory committee before a standard date set by the Office of Graduate Studies of the School of Dental Medicine. Unanimous agreement of the committee is required to pass the thesis examination. A student must be registered for thesis credit or continuing graduate work during the semester in which the thesis examination is conducted. The thesis defense is ordinarily open to all members of the university faculty, student body, and guests.

Extra Courses
Individual students enrolled in an advanced education program, whether or not a master’s degree is involved, may be required to take courses beyond the general requirements set forth by the department in order to complete the program. In such instances, the student must be notified in writing by the department chair, with a copy filed in the Office of Graduate Studies of the School of Dental Medicine.

Time Limits
Each student is expected to maintain continuous registration and all requirements must be completed within five consecutive calendar years immediately following matriculation as an advanced education student, including approved periods of leave of absence. A student who fails to complete the requirements within five years must be formally readmitted with full standing in order to continue study, subject to terms of readmission, future time limits, and revised requirements for the award.
of the degree. Prior status in the program is no guarantee of readmission and should not be assumed.

**Leave of Absence**

A student may request a leave of absence for personal reasons or reasons of health when anticipated or actual absence is in excess of three weeks. A written request for a leave of absence must include the reason for the request and the length of time requested. A leave of absence cannot exceed one calendar year. It must be submitted to the program director and to the associate dean of graduate studies of the School of Dental Medicine. The program director will forward the request with his/her response to the Committee on Graduate Studies. In order to be eligible for such requests, the student must be currently enrolled and in regular attendance prior to the time or circumstances that necessitated the request. At the expiration of the leave, the student must resume registration unless formally granted an extension. A leave of absence does not extend the maximum time permitted for the completion of degree requirements. A student who fails to obtain an approved leave, or who fails to resume registration at the time expected, may be separated from the program. During the period of leave, it is expected that the student will not avail himself or herself of the teaching and research resources of the School of Dental Medicine or the university. At the end of an approved leave, reentry into the program is reviewed by the program director in concert with the Committee on Graduate Studies, and may not be at the same level attained at the time the leave was granted. Programs with a high patient case component may require that the clinical portion of the program be repeated in its entirety. Finally, the committee also reserves the right to place a student on leave of absence where it has been determined that the circumstances warrant, even in the absence of a formal request.

**Maintenance of Good Standing**

A minimum cumulative grade point average of 2.75 is required for good standing in a graduate program for all courses taken for graduate credit (excluding those graded Satisfactory/Unsatisfactory or Pass/No Pass).

The associate dean for graduate studies reviews student performance and may recommend a course of action to the Committee on Graduate Studies. The committee may require remedial work, place a student on academic review or probation, set conditions for continuation in the student’s course of study or program, and may require withdrawal for failure to meet the academic standards set by the department or school. A student who receives a grade deemed unsatisfactory in any course is placed on probation and must remove himself or herself from probation within a time period specified by the committee. It is expected that removal from probation will ordinarily require repetition of the course with an acceptable grade or the successful completion of work deemed equivalent by the student’s advisory committee and the departmental chair.

In this regard, a student may be separated from the university for any one of the following reasons:

1. Failure to correct probationary status within the specified time period.
2. Failure to achieve a minimum grade point average of 2.50 or above upon completion of 12 semester hours or a grade point average of 2.75 or higher upon completion of 21 semester hours of graduate study.
3. Failure to complete all requirements for the master’s degree within five consecutive calendar years from the term of matriculation, unless granted an extension of a maximum of one year upon recommendation of the advisor and chair and approved by the associate dean for graduate studies.

In calculating the grade point average, all courses for which quality points are given are counted, including courses which may be required to be repeated. In addition, on the recommendation of the student’s department, and with due process, the School of Dental Medicine may suspend or separate a student from the university for failure to maintain appropriate standards of conduct and integrity in discharging their responsibilities. Academic failure, moral delinquency, gross misconduct, or failure to meet the specific conditions of probation or academic review is sufficient reason for requiring withdrawal from the school.

**Graduation**

The minimum requirements for the master’s degree in the School of Dental Medicine are 36 semester hours of course work, including six or more semester hours of thesis/equivalent registration, and the submission of an accepted thesis. Individual departments may require additional semester hours of specific course work and/or thesis. Not less than 24 semester hours may be at the 500 level or higher.

A candidate for a Master of Science in Dentistry degree must make application for the degree to the Office of Graduate Studies of the School of Dental Medicine no later than three months before the commencement at which the degree is expected.

The awarding of the degree is dependent upon the satisfactory completion of all requirements, and the recommendations of department chair, Committee on Graduate Studies, and faculty of the School of Dental Medicine. The student must complete all requirements for both the master’s degree and certificate in order to receive either.

Degrees will not be awarded to candidates with delinquent financial accounts that include, but are not limited to, tuition payments, fees, and library fines.

**Delayed Graduation**

A candidate who has successfully defended his or her thesis, but who fails to meet the deadline for thesis submission for graduation in one semester, will be permitted to receive his or her degree at the next scheduled graduation, without further registration or payment of tuition if the completed thesis is submitted within fourteen days of the date originally scheduled for graduation. If all requirements are not met within this grace period, the candidate must register for the subsequent semester.

**Oral and Facial Maxillofacial Surgery**

**Oral and Maxillofacial Surgery**

The residency program at Case Western Reserve University in Oral and Maxillofacial Surgery is a joint program with the School of Medicine leading to an MD degree and certificate in oral and maxillofacial surgery. Case Western Reserve University is the only program in the country that enables residents to obtain their medical degree and certificate in five years.

Residents rotate through several institutions: the Department of Oral & Maxillofacial Surgery at University Hospitals of Cleveland, Cleveland's Veterans Administration Hospital, the School of Dental Medicine at Case Western Reserve University, the Department of Oral and Maxillofacial
Surgery at the Cleveland Clinic, Aultman Hospital in Canton, and the Cleveland Clinic Hospital. This diversity of institutions ensures that residents gain experience in the essential areas of clinical surgery in preparation for all types of practices.

Admission

More information about admission to the oral and maxillofacial surgery (http://dental.case.edu/omfs/residency/howtoapply) program can be found on the School of Dental Medicine website.

First Year

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Units</th>
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<th>Spring</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Multidisciplinary Seminar (DENT 698)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Oral Surgery Residency (DENT 695) (summer/fall)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Biological Aspects of the Stomatological System (DENT 501)</td>
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<td>Orthodontics-Oral Surgery Conference (DENT 580)</td>
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Year Total: 1-10

Total Units in Sequence: 4-22

PGY 1

- University Hospitals/OMFS - 7 months
- Veteran's Admin/OMFS - 3 months
- University Hospitals/Anesthesia - 2 months

PGY 2

- Med School - 12 months
- Surgery/Internal Medicine - 4 months
- Pediatrics/Family Medicine/OB GYN - 4 months
- Psychiatry/Neurology - 2 months
- Emergency Medicine/Geriatrics - 2 months

PGY 3

- University Hospitals/OMFS - 5 months (4 months if Foreign Rotation)
- The Cleveland Clinic/OMFS - 1 month
- Veteran's Admin/OMFS - 3 months
- University Hospitals/Anesthesia - 3 months
- Foreign Rotation (optional) - 1 month

PGY 4

General Surgery Internship:

- University Hospitals/OMFS - 2 months
- The Cleveland Clinic/OMFS - 1 month
- University Hospitals and MetroHealth/Surgery Rotations - 9 months
  - Plastic Surgery - 3 months
- ENT - 2 months
- Neurosurgery - 1 month
- SICU/Trauma - 2 months
- General Surgery/Pediatric Surgery - 1 month

PGY 5

- University Hospitals/OMFS Chief Resident - 6 months
- Aultman Hospital/Private Practice in Akron/Canton - 3 months
- University Hospitals/OMFS - 3 months

Orthodontics

The graduate program in orthodontics is a master's (Master of Science in Dentistry) and certificate program dedicated to advancing the art and science of orthodontics through research, teaching, and service.

The clinical training of orthodontic residents encompasses all aspects of current orthodontic practice including, full treatment cases with bands and brackets, early treatment, adult treatment, craniofacial anomalies, orthognathic surgery and TMD/occlusion. One of the strengths of this program is the clinical exposure during residency, with residents using a wide variety of techniques, and often having more than 100 patients under their care. The clinical outcome assessments in place help assure that the graduate is ready to become a competent orthodontist, and often all the patient cases required for board certification will be completed upon graduation. Since the 1990s, the Case Western Reserve University Orthodontic program has been a leader in craniofacial imaging and has a cutting edge approach in three dimensional imaging.

There is an option to extend the program to 36 months to satisfy European specialty training standards (ERASMUS).

Admission

More information about admission to the orthodontics program (http://dental.case.edu/orthodontics/grad/howtoapply) can be found on the School of Dental Medicine website.

There is an option to extend the program to 36 months to satisfy European specialty training standards (ERASMUS).

Admission

More information about admission to the orthodontics program (http://dental.case.edu/orthodontics/grad/howtoapply) can be found on the School of Dental Medicine website.

First Year

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Units</th>
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<tr>
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<td>Dentofacial Anomalies (DENT 505)</td>
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<td>Advanced Oral Pathology (DENT 512)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Anatomy of the Head and Neck (DENT 513) (summer/fall)</td>
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</table>
Pediatric Dentistry

The graduate program in pediatric dentistry is a master's (Master of Science in Dentistry) and certificate program that takes place at Case Western Reserve University School of Dental Medicine and Rainbow Babies and Children's Hospital.

The two-year post doctoral residency program follows closely the principles and policies as outlined in the Guidelines for Advanced Education in Pediatric Dentistry prepared by the American Academy of Pediatric Dentistry and the American Board of Pediatric Dentistry. It is fully accredited by the Commission on Dental Accreditation. Successful completion results in a certificate of specialty education in pediatric dentistry which qualifies the resident for examination by the American Board of Pediatric Dentistry.

Students who elect to complete the master's program pay full tuition. The MSD program is open to non-US citizens and foreign-trained dentists. Foreign-trained dentists must complete a US GPR or AEGD before applying to the program.

Our purpose is to train the specialist as a qualified practitioner, consultant and advocate for complete dental treatment of healthy and special needs children.

The acquired skills prepare the pediatric dental resident to prevent, diagnose and treat common and unusual oral problems that might arise during the physical, psychological and emotional development of the child and adolescent. In addition to the oral aspects of childcare, the resident becomes cognizant of the general health problems related to children.

Our program offers a balanced clinical and didactic curriculum in advanced infant, child and adolescent dental care.

The pediatric dentistry curriculum is designed to have the resident play an integral role in the health care of children, side by side with his/her medical colleagues, and to prepare the resident for successful entry into the contemporary practice setting while providing the foundation for future growth in the field.

Admission

More information about admission to the pediatric dentistry program (http://dental.case.edu/pediatrics/residency/howtoapply) can be found on the School of Dental Medicine website.

The following courses are required for the postdoctoral student:

- Behavioral Management
- Anatomy
- Epidemiology & Biostatistics
- Microbiology
- Facial Growth and Development
- Craniofacial Anomalies
- Hospital Dentistry
- Conscious Sedation
- Conferences
- Pediatric Dentistry Literature Review
- Preventive and Interceptive Orthodontics
- Genetics
• Pharmacology
• Hospital Rotations in the departments of Anesthesia, Pediatric, and Emergency Medicine

A research requirement must be fulfilled for certification in pediatric dentistry. Students enrolled in the MSD program must complete a formal thesis.

### First Year

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<td>Epidemiology and Biostatistics (DENT 510)</td>
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<td>Behavioral Considerations in Oral Health Care (DENT 518)</td>
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**Total Units in Sequence:** 59-95

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1 Taught every 2 years, take in either first year fall or first year spring

### Periodontics

**Periodontics**

The graduate program in periodontics is a thirty-six month, continuous course of study, leading to both a certificate in Periodontics and a Master of Science in Dentistry degree. It is a fully accredited program by the American Dental Association, and meets all the clinical and didactic requirements of the American Board of Periodontology.

The general goals of the program are to train expert clinicians in this specialty, and/or to prepare individuals for an academic (research-teaching) career in Periodontics.

**This postdoctoral program offers broad clinical experience and research training.**

Completion and defense of a research thesis is one of the requirements of this program. Limited teaching experience is offered to the graduate student so that his/her exposure to clinical, research, and teaching facets of periodontics is complete. All of the faculty of the Department of Periodontics involved in teaching graduate students in this program are educationally or board certified periodontists. Additional instruction within this program is by faculty members of the School of Dental Medicine and the School of Medicine. Because of the multiplicity of training programs our professors have completed, the student is exposed to diverse views of diagnosis, prevention, and treatment of periodontal diseases. A brief initial review of basic aspects of periodontology introduces the new graduate student to the specialty training during the summer session. Extensive contact with practicing periodontists, sufficient exposure to hospital periodontal practice, and clinical training in dental implants are additional features of this program.

**Admission**

More information about admission to the periodontics program (http://bulletin.case.edu/schoolofdentalmedicine/periodontics%20http://dental.case.edu/periodontics/residency/howtoapply) can be found on the School of Dental Medicine website.

The following courses are required for the postdoctoral student:

- Advanced Periodontal Seminar - ongoing for 3 years
- Literature Review in Periodontology- ongoing for 3 years
- Periodontal Conferences - ongoing for 3 years
- Clinical Periodontics- ongoing for 3 year
- Advanced Principles of Occlusion - 1 semester
- Conscious Sedation - 1 semester (didactic, 2nd year), ongoing for 2 years (clinical)
- Implant Dentistry - 1 semester (didactic, 2nd year), ongoing for 2 years (clinical)
- Research Thesis - ongoing for 2 year
- Periodontal Prosthesis - one semester
- Microbiology, Immunology and the Immune Response - 1 semester
- Management of Medical Emergencies - 1 summer session
- Anatomy of the Head and Neck - 1 summer session
- Limited Tooth Movement - 1 summer session
- Biological Aspects of the Stomatological System - 1 semester
School of Dental Medicine Courses

• Correlative Medical Science - 1 semester
• Introduction to Research Methods - one semester
• Advanced Oral Pathology - one semester
• Epidemiology and Biostatistics - 1 semester
• Interdisciplinary Seminar - one semester
• Clinical Pharmacology - one semester
• Creative Thinking in Research Development - 1 semester
• 2-week hospital rotation

First Year

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<th>Units</th>
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<tr>
<td>Epidemiology and Biostatistics (DENT 510)</td>
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Second Year

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<td>Hospital Rotation (DENT 588)</td>
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<td>Conscious IV Sedation II (DENT 662)</td>
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Implant Dentistry I Periodontics (DENT 663) | 1 |
Literature Review in Periodontics (DPER 685) | 1 |
Periodontal Conference (DPER 557) | 1 |
Clinical Periodontics (DPER 577) | 3 |
Periodontal Prosthesis (DENT 587) | 1 |
Advanced Periodontal Seminar (DPED 595) | 1.5 |
Thesis M.S.D. (DENT 651) | 1 - 9 |
Conscious IV Sedation II (DENT 662) | 1 |
Literature Review in Periodontics (DPER 685) | 1 |
Year Total: | 16.5-24.5 | 10.5-18.5 |

Total Units in Sequence: 60-76

School of Dental Medicine Courses

COMP Courses

COMP 200. Directed Clinical Experience. 0.5 - 6 Units.
Directed clinical experience under faculty supervision and with special permission of the Associate Dean for Education.

COMP 310. Summer Clinic. 0.5 - 6 Units.
Attendance is mandatory in the summer dental clinic of the third year. Students become acquainted with all aspects of clinical practice and begin providing clinical care for patients.

COMP 322. Surgical Periodontics. 1 Unit.
Companion clinical component to REHE 351. Clinical treatment in conjunction with residents and faculty.

COMP 328. Oral Diagnosis and Treatment Planning. 1 Unit.
Treatment planning based on the correlation of fundamentals taught in diagnosis, preventive dentistry and restorative dentistry. Clinical experience in the application of didactic training consists of four components; assignments in the admitting and radiology service where students carry out examinations of the newly admitted patients and evaluate their problems and needs; radiology seminars where the technique and interpretation of the radiographs taken by the students are discussed; assignments to the emergency service; and clinical conferences with a staff member.

COMP 348. Endodontics. 1 Unit.
Companion clinical component to DSRE 391. Clinical application of endodontic techniques.

COMP 358. Clinical Oral Surgery I. 1 Unit.

COMP 378. Pediatric Dentistry Clinic. 1 Unit.
Companion clinical component of REMA 341

COMP 384. General Dentistry Clinical Qualifying. 1 Unit.
This course consists of the successful completion of the recall clinical qualifying exam and two diagnosis and treatment planning clinical qualifying exams. It is also necessary for the student to successfully fulfill the recall needs of their assigned clinic patients in order to pass this course.

COMP 300. Directed Clinical Experience. 0.5 - 6 Units.
Directed clinical experience under faculty supervision and with special permission of the Associate Dean for Education.

COMP 310. Summer Clinic. 0.5 - 6 Units.
Attendance is mandatory in the summer dental clinic of the third year. Students become acquainted with all aspects of clinical practice and begin providing clinical care for patients.

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COMP 386. Quality Assurance. 1 Unit.
This course entails quality assurance issues including, but not limited to: providing students with the working knowledge of dental record keeping, as it relates to diagnosis and treatment of pathology; recognition and management of medical illness and disabilities; treatment planning; documentation of pre-existing conditions, current and past treatment; established laboratory protocols; evaluation of reasons for remakes and re-dos; post-treatment evaluation of care. Recommended preparation: LDRS 313.

COMP 387. General Practice Dentistry A. 1.5 Unit.
Comprehensive dental care. Each student is assigned for clinical training to a preceptor group led by a practicing general dentist. The preceptor guides the students in diagnosis, treatment planning, and actual patient treatment with consultation in various specialties as required. Experience in the provision of emergency dental care. The preceptor directs the total dental health care of the patients of each of his students. Biweekly seminars are provided for each preceptor group. Special topics, student cases, techniques, and journal articles are discussed. Recommended preparation: Concurrent enrollment in DENC 389.

COMP 389. General Practice Dentistry B. 1.5 Unit.
Comprehensive dental care. Each student is assigned for clinical training to a preceptor group led by a practicing general dentist. The preceptor guides the students in diagnosis, treatment planning, and actual patient treatment with consultation in various specialties as required. Experience in the provision of emergency dental care. The preceptor directs the total dental health care of the patients of each of his students. Biweekly seminars are provided for each preceptor group. Special topics, student cases, techniques, and journal articles are discussed. Recommended preparation: Concurrent enrollment in DENC 387.

COMP 390. General Practice Dentistry A. 1.5 Unit.
Clinical application of the principles of general practice dentistry. Recommended preparation: Concurrent enrollment in DENC 390.

COMP 394. General Practice Dentistry B. 1.5 Unit.
Clinical applications of the principles of general practice dentistry. Recommended preparation: Concurrent enrollment in DENC 390.

COMP 417. Community Oral Health Capstone Experience. 1.5 Unit.
The goals of this particular course are to provide experience delivering dental care to a population of patients in a community health center while working with and communicating with a dental health care team and to gain experience in cultural sensitivity.

COMP 422. Periodontics. 0.5 Units.
Clinical application of surgical and nonsurgical techniques used in the treatment of moderate periodontal disease. Students exposed to more advanced cases through clinical demonstrations by instructors. Students encouraged to gain additional experience and become more confident in the management of periodontal patients.

COMP 428. Oral Diagnosis and Radiology. 0.5 Units.
Clinical experience in the admitting and radiology service.

COMP 448. Endodontics. 1 Unit.
Clinical application of the principles of endodontics therapy. Diagnosis and treatment planning. Management of endodontic emergencies and prognosis of endodontic treatment.

COMP 458. Clinical Oral Surgery II. 1 Unit.
Clinical application of the principles of oral surgery.

COMP 464. Operative Dentistry. 2.5 Units.
Clinical application of the principles of operative dentistry.

COMP 468. Removable Prosthodontics. 1.5 Unit.
Clinical application of the principles of prosthodontic dentistry.

COMP 474. Fixed Prosthodontics. 2.5 Units.
Treatment of patients requiring simple and advanced fixed prostheses as an integrated part of total patient care.

COMP 478. Pediatric Dentistry. 2 Units.
Emphasizes comprehensive oral health care of the well child to provide experience in examining, diagnosing, treatment planning, and completing treatment of a selected number of children. Preventive aspects of pediatric dentistry emphasized. Additional voluntary experiences in clinical practice of pediatric dentistry available.

COMP 480. Clinical Geriatric Dentistry. 1.5 Unit.
This course focuses on the study of aging in the population and its effects on treatment planning and actual dental treatment of geriatric patient's. Clinical and didactic instruction would cover a wide variety of medically compromising conditions, physical disabilities and sensory impairments. Senior students will be trained in the delivery of comprehensive dental care to a broad range of older adults, from well to frail to functionally dependent in a variety of settings, while understanding the impact of physiological aging, systemic conditions, functional disabilities, and pharmacological interactions on delivering dental services to these vulnerable populations.

COMP 482. Clinical Orthodontics. 1 Unit.
Clinical application of the principles of orthodontics.

COMP 487. General Practice Dentistry A. 2.5 Units.
Comprehensive dental care. Each student is assigned for clinical training to a preceptor group led by a practicing general dentist. The preceptor guides the students in diagnosis, treatment planning, and actual patient treatment with consultation in various specialties as required. Experience in the provision of emergency dental care. The preceptor directs the total dental health care of the patients of each of his students. Biweekly seminars are provided for each preceptor group. Special topics, student cases, techniques, and journal articles are discussed. Recommended preparation: Concurrent enrollment in COMP 489.

COMP 489. General Practice Dentistry B. 2.5 Units.
Comprehensive dental care. Each student is assigned for clinical training to a preceptor group led by a practicing general dentist. The preceptor guides the students in diagnosis, treatment planning, and actual patient treatment with consultation in various specialties as required. Experience in the provision of emergency dental care. The preceptor directs the total dental health care of the patients of each of his students. Biweekly seminars are provided for each preceptor group. Special topics, student cases, techniques, and journal articles are discussed. Recommended preparation: Concurrent enrollment in COMP 487.

COMP 490. General Practice Dentistry A. 2.5 Units.
Clinical application of the principles of general practice dentistry. Recommended preparation: Concurrent enrollment in COMP 494.

COMP 492. General Dentistry Clinical Competency. 0.5 Units.
This course consists of the successful completion of the recall, emergency, diagnosis and treatment planning, and patient outcomes clinical competencies. It is also necessary for the student to successfully fulfill the recall needs of their assigned clinic patients in order to pass this course. Recommended preparation: Completion of Basic Core Program.

COMP 494. General Practice Dentistry B. 2.5 Units.
Clinical application of the principles of general practice dentistry. Recommended preparation: Concurrent enrollment in COMP 490.
COMP 495. Directed Clinical Studies. 1 Unit.
This course is intended to provide students with the opportunity to advance their dental clinical patient skills in the comprehensive care clinics of the School while also providing advanced opportunity for students who are so inclined to focus in individual areas of clinical skills development.

COMP 498. Quality Assurance. 1 Unit.
This course reinforces quality assurance skills and knowledge provided in the prerequisite course including, but not limited to: providing students with the working knowledge of dental record keeping, as it relates to diagnosis and treatment of pathology; recognition and management of medical illness and disabilities; treatment planning; documentation of pre-existing conditions, current and past treatment; established laboratory protocols; evaluation of reasons for remakes and re-dos; post-treatment evaluation of care. Recommended preparation: COMP 394.

DENF Courses

DENF 422. Comprehensive Periodontics. 3 Units.
This course is available only to dental school faculty who have earned dental degrees from foreign institutions and who have approval of their Chairperson and the Dean to register. Successful completion of the course is accomplished by fulfilling the unit requirements, competency exams and any other written or practical requirements set forward by the Dental Education Committee and approved by the general faculty of the School of Dental Medicine in order to assure competency in the periodontic procedures associated with general dentistry.

DENF 428. Comprehensive Oral Medicine. 3 Units.
This course is available only to dental school faculty who have earned dental degrees from foreign institutions and who have the approval of their Chairperson and the Dean to register. Successful completion of the course is accomplished by fulfilling the unit requirements, competency exams and any other written or practical requirements set forward by the Dental Education Committee and approved by the general faculty of the School of Dental Medicine in order to assure competency in the radiologic and oral diagnostic procedures associated with general dentistry.

DENF 448. Comprehensive Endodontics. 3 Units.
This course is available only to dental school faculty who have earned dental degrees from foreign institutions and who have the approval of their Chairperson and the Dean to register. Successful completion of the course is accomplished by fulfilling the unit requirements, competency exams and any other written or practical requirements set forward by the Dental Education Committee and approved by the general faculty of the School of Dental Medicine in order to assure competency in the endodontic procedures associated with general dentistry.

DENF 455. Comprehensive Oral Surgery. 3 Units.
This course is available only to dental school faculty who have earned dental degrees from foreign institutions and who have the approval of their Chairperson and the Dean to register. Successful completion of the course is accomplished by fulfilling the unit requirements, competency exams and any other written or practical requirements set forward by the Dental Education Committee and approved by the general faculty of the School of Dental Medicine in order to assure competency in the oral surgery procedures associated with general dentistry.

DENF 464. Comprehensive Operative Dentistry. 3 Units.
This course is available only to dental school faculty who have earned dental degrees from foreign institutions and who have the approval of their Chairperson and the Dean to register. Successful completion of the course is accomplished by fulfilling the unit requirements, competency exams and any other written or practical requirements set forward by the Dental Education Committee and approved by the general faculty of the School of Dental Medicine in order to assure competency in the operative procedures associated with general dentistry.

DENF 468. Comprehensive Removable Prosthodontics. 3 Units.
This course is available only to dental school faculty who have earned dental degrees from foreign institutions and who have the approval of their Chairperson and the Dean to register. Successful completion of the course is accomplished by fulfilling the unit requirements, competency exams and any other written or practical requirements set forward by the Dental Education Committee and approved by the general faculty of the School of Dental Medicine in order to assure competency in the removable prosthodontics procedures associated with general dentistry.

DENF 474. Comprehensive Fixed Prosthodontics. 3 Units.
This course is available only to dental school faculty who have earned dental degrees from foreign institutions and who have the approval of their Chairperson and the Dean to register. Successful completion of the course is accomplished by fulfilling the unit requirements, competency exams and any other written or practical requirements set forward by the Dental Education Committee and approved by the general faculty of the School of Dental Medicine in order to assure competency in the fixed prosthodontic procedures associated with general dentistry.

DENF 478. Comprehensive Pedodontics and Orthodontics. 3 Units.
This course is available only to dental school faculty who have earned dental degrees from foreign institutions and who have the approval of their Chairperson and the Dean to register. Successful completion of the course is accomplished by fulfilling the unit requirements, competency exams and any other written or practical requirements set forward by the Dental Education Committee and approved by the general faculty of the School of Dental Medicine in order to assure competency in the pediatric and orthodontic procedures associated with general dentistry.

DENT Courses

DENT 501. Biological Aspects of the Stomatological System. 2 Units.
This course is a review of biochemistry, molecular and cellular biology, histology, and oral anatomy and an expansion of oral biological topics that underlie the disciplines of endodontics, orthodontics, periodontics, and pediatric dentistry.

DENT 502. Correlative Medical Science. 2 Units.
Case-based discussion of selected systemic disease commonly encountered by the dentist.

DENT 503. Facial Growth and Development. 1 Unit.
Emphasis on the qualitative, quantitative, and integrative changes during postnatal craniofacial growth and development.

DENT 504. Advanced Facial Growth. 1 Unit.
Student participation in seminar evaluation series dealing with problems and controversies apparent in the literature in regard to theories of growth, development, and aging. Emphasis on the craniofacial literature, but not exclusively.
DENT 505. Dentofacial Anomalies. 1 Unit.
This course is designed to provide the student with the practical experience regarding the multidisciplinary aspects of diagnosis and treatment of patients with craniofacial anomalies. Observation of team sessions and active participation in patient examinations, diagnosis, and treatment planning.

DENT 507. Dental Ethics for the Graduate. 1 Unit.
This 8 week course is given in group discussion format. Topics of ethical dilemmas, informed consent, professional (both national and local) codes of ethics, IRB introduction, patient autonomy, contractual obligations and purrery are discussed using case scenarios and student presentations.

DENT 508. Master’s Thesis Protocol. 2 Units.
The requirements for the degree of Master of Science in Dentistry include the successful completion of a suitable research experience, demonstration of scholarly attainment, and the ability to conduct directed research.

DENT 509. Temporomandibular Disorders, Orofacial Pain and Sleep Disorders. 0 - 3 Units.
This course will enable first year dental residents to learn the principles of pain mechanisms, types of OFP and Sleep Disorders, differential diagnosis and management of these conditions in adults and children. By the end of this course the residents should be able to identify the most common types of OFP and sleep disorders, be able to make the differential diagnosis, and manage simple OFP case and / or refer the most complex OFP cases. Recommended preparation: DMD, DDS or equivalent degree.

DENT 510. Epidemiology and Biostatistics. 3 Units.
A detailed presentation of epidemiological and biostatistical techniques designed to acquaint the student with a broad spectrum of scientific approaches and to prepare for a research project. Topics include design of observational and experimental studies, common biostatistical techniques encountered in the dental literature such as t-test, ANOVA, chi-square, correlation and regression, and assessing the validity of diagnostic tests. Instruction includes lectures, critique of selected literature and computer analysis of data.

DENT 512. Advanced Oral Pathology. 3 Units.
Lectures and seminars on the clinical and histopathologic characteristics of many of the common oral diseases. Special emphasis on developing a logical approach to clinical and histopathologic diagnosis. Participation is expected for in-class discussion of the clinical and histopathologic material presented.

DENT 513. Anatomy of the Head and Neck. 3 Units.
This course deals with the structural, functional, and clinical relationships of the many organs and organ systems which comprise the head, neck, and pharyngeal regions of the human body.

DENT 514. Research Methods: Preparation. 1 Unit.
The goal of this course is to facilitate a formal statement of the student’s research idea as preparation for working with a thesis committee or undertaking independent research.

DENT 516. Microbiology, Immunology, and Immune Systems. 1 Unit.
This course reviews bacterial structure and classification, provides insight into oral bacterial pathogenesis. Principles of antibiotic use and mechanisms of resistance are reviewed. Microbial diagnostic methodologies are discussed. Integration of periodontics, endodontics, and pediatric dentistry is stressed as it relates to the inflammatory process in the human host.

DENT 518. Behavioral Considerations in Oral Health Care. 1 Unit.
This course focuses on the behavioral knowledge and skills the oral health practitioner must possess in order to deliver effective, patient-centered care. Specifically, the course is designed to enhance graduate students’ existing knowledge and skills in relation to dentist-patient communication, management of diverse patient populations, and patient education and facilitation of health behavior change.

DENT 520. Skeletal Anchorage. 0.5 Units.
This course provides 1st year orthodontic residents with the theoretical knowledge and practical skills necessary to successfully treat orthodontic patients in need of absolute anchorage with orthodontic mini-implants. In addition, the most current articles in the orthodontic literature pertaining to this topic are read and discussed. The theory will be supplemented by practical exercises as necessary.

DENT 521. Manot Cave Dig, Israel. 0 - 1 Units.
This project is an ongoing collaboration between the CWRU School of Dental Medicine and Tel Aviv University. The newly discovered excavations have produced thousands of butchered deer bones, hundreds of stone tools, an one partial human skull. Traditionally CWRU faculty and students will be going in July to continue their work. Interested students are given the opportunity to learn basic archeotechnical techniques while working in a newly discovered cave in Northern Israel. The Manot cave was discovered in 2008 and after 6 field seasons has yielded thousands of artifacts shedding light on what life was like for our early ancestors. Each participant will rotate through several stations including wet and dry sieving, excavation, and how to pick through the processed remains. They will learn how to identify stone and bone tools, faunal and floral remains. In addition to the hands-on experience they also get to attend field lectures by some of the world’s most famous researchers in human prehistory. Lodging is in comfortable cabins within easy walking distance from the cave site. This two-week field and lab experience is not only educational but also presents the opportunity to travel around the beautiful country of Israel.

DENT 522. Orthodontic Biomechanics. 1 Unit.
This course provides first year orthodontic residents with the theoretical biomechanical knowledge necessary to successfully treat a wide range of orthodontic malocclusions using the preadjusted straight wire appliance, the segmented arch technique, treatment auxiliaries, and orthodontic mini-implants. In addition, the most current articles in the orthodontic literature pertaining to this topic are read and discussed. The theory will be supplemented by practical exercises as necessary.

DENT 550. Clinical Pharmacology. 1 Unit.
This course is designed to enable residents to obtain an understanding of the pharmacology of the most commonly prescribed medications; pharmacotherapeutic concepts in relationship to disease pathophysiology; rational drug therapy in the treatment of disease; drug-drug interactions and drug-disease interactions; adverse drug events. Residents will be expected to apply information on disease pathophysiology and pharmacotherapy to clinical cases. The ultimate goal is to provide relevant information to assist clinicians in practice.

DENT 555. Management of Medical Emergencies. 1 Unit.
This course covers the diagnosis and management of common medical emergencies, with special emphasis on patient evaluation and history taking to prevent such emergencies in the dental office. Venipuncture technique and the use of emergency equipment are demonstrated. Also included is a basic course in cardiopulmonary resuscitation, with practical demonstrations and examinations that lead to certification in basic CPR.
DENT 561. Orthodontics for Pediatric Dentists I. 1 Unit.
The course is designed to familiarize the pediatric dentistry residents with (1) the clinical evaluation of patients to determine appropriateness of orthodontic intervention, (2) record taking, (3) diagnosis, (4) treatment planning of cases in the mixed and permanent dentition, (5) treatment administration and (6) retention strategies. The primary focus will be on interceptive orthodontics including growth modification and corrective orthodontics in the permanent dentition. First in a series of four courses.

DENT 562. Orthodontics for Pediatric Dentists II. 1 Unit.
Second in a series of four courses. See DENT 561 Orthodontics for Pediatric Dentists.

DENT 564. Advanced Principles of Occlusion. 1 Unit.
This course is designed to provide in-depth knowledge of the structure and function of all anatomic components involved in occlusion, biomechanics of articulation and mastication; recording of mastication patterns; diagnosis of occlusal dysfunction; relationship to neuromuscular and temporomandibular joint anatomy and pathology; evidence based therapy used in the management of occlusal and temporomandibular disorders and its significance to inflammatory periodontal disease.

DENT 565. Practice Management I (Ortho). 1 Unit.
Seminar and demonstration course designed to prepare the student for all phases of the "business" of orthodontics as well as the responsibility of being a "professional." Management of the department clinic, private practice management, office visitations, and the business community, and ethics through the use of guest speakers on jurisprudence, personal and professional insurance, accounting, estate planning, risk management, informed consent, banking, office design, organized dentistry and investments. First in a series of four courses.

DENT 566. Practice Management II (Ortho). 1 Unit.
Third in a series of four courses. (See DENT 565.)

DENT 567. Practice Management III (Ortho). 1 Unit.
Fourth in a series of four courses. (See DENT 566.)

DENT 569. Orthodontic Literature Review I. 1 Unit.
The course will focus on contemporary and classic literature selected to cover a wide range of orthodontic topics. The selected literature includes the reading list suggested by the American Board of Orthodontics in preparation for the Part II of the ABO examination. Students will be required to discuss the articles and answer questions pertaining to the reviewed material.

DENT 570. Orthodontic Literature Review II. 1 Unit.
The course will focus on contemporary and classic literature selected to cover a wide range of orthodontic topics. The selected literature includes the reading list suggested by the American Board of Orthodontics in preparation for the Part II of the ABO examination. Students will be required to discuss the articles and answer questions pertaining to the reviewed material.

DENT 572. Pre-Clinical Principles in Orthodontics. 1 Unit.
This course is comprised of a series of seminars presented by orthodontic faculty covering topics that will prepare the first orthodontic resident for the initial phases of clinical training.

DENT 573. Advanced Specialty Principles: Clinical I. 2 Units.
Full fixed orthodontic appliance treatment of patients in an educational setting. First in a series of four courses.

DENT 574. Advanced Specialty Principles: Clinical II. 2 Units.
Second in a series of four courses. (See DENT 573.)

DENT 575. Advanced Specialty Principles: Clinical III. 2 Units.
Third in a series of four courses. (See DENT 573.)

DENT 576. Advanced Specialty Principles: Clinical IV. 1 Unit.
Fourth in a series of four courses. (See DENT 573.)

DENT 580. Orthodontics-Oral Surgery Conference. 0 Units.
A seminar series involving a multidisciplinary approach to the treatment of patients with severe craniofacial deformities. Begins in the fall of each year (continuing for four semesters) with a series of lectures, followed by assignment of patients supervised jointly by the departments of orthodontics and oral surgery. Meetings held bimonthly to review patient progress, plan treatment, and present cases for discussion. Each student involved in all phases of treatment: presurgical orthodontics, the surgical procedure, finishing orthodontics, and retention.

DENT 583. Orthodontic Diagnostic Seminar I. 1 Unit.
Series of lectures and seminars covering the science of orthodontic diagnosis. Course consists of lectures on techniques of diagnosis, treatment planning, and critique of cases from the department or from faculty private practices. Content also includes long-term follow-up of post retention cases. First in a series of three courses.

DENT 584. Orthodontic Diagnostic Seminar II. 1 Unit.
Second in a series of three courses. (See DENT 583.)

DENT 585. Orthodontic Diagnostic Seminar III. 1 Unit.
Third in a series of three courses. (See DENT 583.)

DENT 586. Limited Tooth Movement for the Dental Specialist. 1 Unit.
A review of the rationale for orthodontic treatment in periodontally diseased patients and in pre-restorative dentitions. Lectures, audio-visual programs, and technique sessions. Diagnosis, treatment planning, and various methods of tooth movement.

DENT 587. Periodontal Prosthesis. 1 Unit.
This course examines and defines the periodontal prosthetic interrelationships beginning with treatment planning and continuing with discussing the utilization of the combined treatment modalities. It focuses on provisionalization, furcation treatment, occlusion, aesthetics, removable appliances, and special advanced treatment problems.

DENT 588. Hospital Rotation. 2 Units.
Students are assigned full time to anesthesia service and perform such duties as directed by anesthesiology staff: preoperative evaluation of patients, indications and contraindications for specific methods of anesthesia, relationship of medical problems to anesthesia risks, assisting in preparation of patients for anesthesia, intubation and anesthesia management, assisting in the management of complications, and post-anesthetic recovery management including monitoring of vital signs, blood gases, EKG, etc., and participation in post-anesthesia rounds and conferences.

DENT 589. Orthodontic Diagnostic Seminar IV. 1 Unit.
The fourth course in a series which consists of weekly lectures and seminars covering the science of orthodontic diagnosis. Consists of lectures on the techniques of diagnosis, various diagnostic aids, and case planning. Also consists of seminars where the students perform diagnosis, plan treatment and critique cases from the department. This course is used for long-term follow-up clinic.

Subsections for each program area of study: endodontics, orthodontics, periodontics, or pediatric dentistry.

DENT 661. Conscious IV Sedation I. 2 Units.
Didactic portion covers physical evaluation, physiology, pharmacology, emergencies, and techniques. Cardiac monitoring, basic life support, and advanced cardiac life support.
DENT 662. Conscious IV Sedation II. 1 Unit.
(See DENT 661.) Supervised clinical experience in conscious IV sedation.

DENT 663. Implant Dentistry I Periodontics. 1 Unit.
Designed to enhance the understanding of current concepts and their role in the multidisciplinary treatment of the patient.

DENT 664. Implant Dentistry II Periodontics. 1 Unit.
(See DENT 663.) Clinical demonstration, participation, and case presentation in implant dentistry.

DENT 662. Cephalometrics. 1 Unit.
A lecture and laboratory course in cephalometric roentgenography leading to a thorough understanding of craniofacial radiographic techniques. Use of x-rays and radiation hygiene, and technical and interpretive proficiency.

DENT 663. Imaging and IT. 1 Unit.
This course is designed to give some basic computer knowledge and prepare the resident for the use of computers in the orthodontic office.

DENT 664. Radiology and Cephalometrics. 1 Unit.
Fundamentally related to cephalographic radiography, skeletal morphology, and cephalogram interpretations of historic analyses via the Krogman-Sassouni Syllabus. Also, clinical evaluations of hard and soft tissue relationships of the airway and skeletal maturation are presented. The use of Bolton Standards in craniofacial analysis is stressed.

DENT 690. Pediatric Dental Residency. 1 - 10 Unit.
Allows registration for non-degree-seeking students in graduate level courses at the direction of the department.

DENT 692. Restorative Fellowship. 6 Units.
Provides for 12 months of clinical and didactic training in all phases of general dentistry beyond the scope of predoctoral dental education. Areas of emphasis include advanced restorative techniques, proper selection of restorative materials, restoration of implants, fixed and removable prosthodontics, and esthetic dentistry. At the discretion of the course director, students may register for an additional 12 months, during which time the student will build on knowledge attained during the first year, continue with advanced didactic instruction, expand their clinical experience through continued patient care, participate in clinical research, and have teaching opportunities.

DENT 694. Fellowship in Dentistry. 6 Units.
The Fellowship in Dentistry provides for advanced clinical, didactic and research training beyond the scope of the pre-doctoral dental education.

DENT 695. Oral Surgery Residency. 1 - 10 Unit.
Allows registration for non-degree-seeking students in graduate level courses at the direction of the department.

DENT 696. Advanced Dental Training. 1 Unit.
This course is a one year advanced training in dental medicine at Case Western Reserve University School of Dental Medicine. Responsibilities may include clinical and didactic responsibilities. The course is designed to give students clinical experience in a defined focus area. Prereq: D.D.S. or equivalent.

DENT 697. Advanced Dental Training II. 1 Unit.
Continuation of Advanced Dental Training I. Prereq: D.D.S. or equivalent.

DENT 698. Multidisciplinary Seminar. 0 Units.
This seminar meets monthly to discuss multidisciplinary cases to develop treatment recommendations for the patients presented. Each graduate department selects a clinical case that requires the services of at least three dental specialties. Ideally, patients should be in the beginning stage of treatment planning so the input from the various specialties can be used to develop a comprehensive plan to establish a healthy oral environment. It is expected that several alternative treatments will be discussed and the relative merits of each approach evaluated. To maximize the benefit of this seminar to the student learning process, an attending faculty member should be present from each of the dental specialty programs. In addition, all seminars have a Prosthodontist to provide input on the restorative treatment options.

DENT 699. AEGD Residency Training. 1 - 8 Unit.
This is a multidisciplinary course that encompasses didactic and clinical training in general dentistry.

DSPR Courses
DSPR 136. Cariology. 1 Unit.
This course in cariology includes clinical features, etiology, risk assessment, and prevention of caries. The course will enable students to understand the etiology, pathophysiology, and clinical aspects of caries, which would complement the first Problem-Based-Learning module, Epidemiology for Public Health and Clinical Practice. In addition, this course will prepare the first-year students for their sealant rotation where they will be seeing clinical features of caries in children.

DSPR 232. Periodontics. 1 Unit.
A comprehensive course in periodontology including etiology, diagnosis, radiographic, interpretations and prognosis.

DSPR 234. Oral Pathology. 3.5 Units.
Diseases and abnormalities of the teeth and adjacent hard and soft tissues. Includes periodontal, pulpal, and periapical diseases as well as cysts, tumors, developmental anomalies, and oral aspects of systematic disease.

DSPR 236. Cariology. 1 Unit.
Etiology, clinical and radiologic features, risk assessment, and prevention of caries.

DSPR 239. Neoplasia. 1 Unit.
Topics covered in this educational module include tumor nomenclature, features of benign versus malignant tumors, cytologic characteristics of cancer cells, pathogenesis and prognosis.

DSPR 244. Principles of Medicine. 0.5 Units.
The didactic curriculum provides a general background and discussion of the risk assessment of medical conditions in an ever-increasing aging population. Within the setting of out-patient care, as well as those that are hospitalized, patients often present for dental procedures with co-existing medical systemic illness that provide an added challenge to the dental provider. Management of these medical problems within the context of dentistry and medicine will be covered.

DSPR 333. Management of Medical Emergencies. 1 Unit.
Patient evaluation, diagnosis and treatment of life-threatening emergencies that may arise in the course of dental treatment. Includes instruction in basic life support and cardiopulmonary resuscitation.

DSPR 341. Oral Diagnosis and Radiology. 2 Units.
This course helps the beginning clinician develop and understand the diagnostic process. It is designed to present to the student a method by which the common oral problems facing the dental practitioner can be recognized, diagnosed, evaluated and managed.
DSPR 342. Oral Cancer Diagnosis. 1 Unit.

DSPR 344. Principles of Medicine. 0.5 Units.
The didactic curriculum provides a general background and discussion of the risk assessment of medical conditions in an ever-increasing aging population. Within the setting of out-patient care, as well as those that are hospitalized, patients often present for dental procedures with co-existing medical systemic illness that provide an added challenge to the dental provider. Management of these medical problems within the context of dentistry and medicine will be covered.

DSPR 426. Oral Diagnosis Seminar. 1 Unit.
Case-based review of oral diagnosis, radiology, and medicine.

DSRE Courses

DSRE 335. Clinical Pharmacology. 2 Units.
This course is designed to review common pharmacologic agents encountered in the general population. Emphasis is placed on the prescription, action, and interaction of dental pharmacologic agents as well as the implication of medical prescriptions on dental therapy. The course culminates in the evaluation of case studies and problem solving in drug therapy.


DSRE 374. Fixed Prosthodontics. 1.5 Unit.
Diagnosis and treatment planning in fixed prosthodontics and construction of simple crowns and bridges. Lecture series concerning the discussions and demonstration of elementary and advanced methods of restoring occlusion, esthetics, and speech using fixed prosthesis.

DSRE 391. Endodontics. 1 Unit.
Recognition of endodontic pulpal health and the changes that occur in the transition from health to disease. The didactic component focuses on scientific basis for recognition of degenerative states of the dental pulp and the philosophy of endodontic therapy. The clinical component focuses on the treatment of diseased, pulppily-involved teeth of actual patients. It provides practical instruction on how to render endodontic therapy under the direct supervision of qualified endodontic personnel.

DSRE 392. Nitrous Oxide and Conscious Sedation. 0.5 Units.
Physiopharmacology of nitrous oxide use. Indications, contraindications, and complications.

DSRE 393. Principles of Oral and Maxillofacial Surgery I. 1 Unit.

DSRE 395. Introduction to Oral and Maxillofacial Surgery. 0.5 Units.
This didactic course is designed to prepare the student for oral surgery clinical rotations and is comprised of the following topics, review of local anesthesia, review of applied anatomy, infection control, patient assessment and case presentation, informed consent, oral surgical armamentarium, and principles of exodontia.

DSRE 397. Occlusion Seminar. 2 Units.
An introduction to gnathological principles: terminology, procedures and instrumentation. Correlation of history and clinical symptoms with treatment modalities emphasized. Use of bite planes, centric relation registration, and diagnostic waxup on mounted casts.

DSRE 397A. Occlusion Seminar for Nondegree Student. 2 Units.
The course describes anatomy, biomechanics, the maintenance of the pathology associated with and the restoration of the masticatory or stomatognathic system. It includes Temporomandibular Disorder and other types of Orofacial Pain such as Primary Headache Disorders, Neuropathic Orofacial Pain, Psychogenic Pain, and Dental Sleep Medicine. This version of the course is didactic and does not include any laboratory.

EFDA Courses

EFDA 111. Tooth Morphology for the EFDA. 1 Unit.
Instructional laboratory sessions provide experience with viewing models of teeth as well as reproducing teeth in wax. Mastery of terminology and basic facts of dental anatomy and tooth positions of permanent and primary teeth. Introduction of proper instrumentation begins.

EFDA 113. Dental Materials for the EFDA. 1 Unit.
Instructional laboratory sessions cover the physical and chemical properties and uses and manipulation of materials used in protection of the pulp and intracoronal temporization. Composition, properties and manipulation of dental amalgam, composite and pit and fissure sealant materials are also introduced. Isolation techniques and rubber dam placement lab.

EFDA 115. Restorative Dentistry for the EFDA I. 3 Units.
Skill development in the placement and carving of Class I, II, V and complex amalgam restorations on the typodont. Skill development in the placement and finishing and polishing of Class I, II, III, IV, and V composite restoration and amalgam restoration finishing and polishing on the typodont. Continued skill development in instrumentation, body positioning and ergonomics. Skill development in the use of low and high speed handpieces for rotary instrument use in finishing and polishing restorations. Skill development in self-evaluation using specific criteria. Pit and fissure sealant applications. **Student must show competency of skills acquired to be able to progress in Clinical Practicum for the EFDA**.

EFDA 116. Restorative Dentistry for the EFDA II. 2 Units.
Students begin preparation for the state board examination by demonstrating successful completion of amalgam and composite restorations with increasingly difficult grading evaluation, mastery of self evaluation skills, decreasing restoration placement time and by completing 3 mock board examinations. Students must pass a final clinical and didactic examination to pass the course. Emphasis on understanding Ohio EFDA Registration protocol.

EFDA 120. Clinical Practicum for the EFDA. 2 Units.
Students fulfill the Ohio State Dental Board requirement of having clinical experience on patients in CWRU approved dental clinics. Clinic sessions include a variety of restorative experiences on many patients. One 8 hour session is required for 4 weeks. Students will restore patients' teeth under the supervision of a licensed dentist and a clinical supervisor in clinics affiliated with CWRU. Emphasis is placed on restoring metallic and non-metallic restorations.
HEWB 124. Masticatory Dynamics. 2 Units.
Descriptive anatomy of masticatory structures with emphasis on deciduous and permanent teeth and the temporomandibular-temporal joint movements, and the fundamental concepts of the functional relationships between the dentition and the temporomandibular joint. Lectures on comparative anatomy and variations in tooth morphology.

HEWB 126. Masticatory Dynamics Lab. 1.5 Unit.
Companion pre-clinical component to HEWB 124. Laboratory exercises and assignments include drawings, waxups and tooth identification, and use of semi-adjustable articulator.

HEWB 128. Body as Host. 4.5 Units.
This educational module focuses on the role of bacteria, viruses, and fungi in immune function that preserves and maintains health and discusses host changes that occur during oral and systemic disease processes.

HEWB 130. Oral Histology. 1.5 Unit.
Development of teeth and supporting tissues. Histology and ultrastructure cytology of the oral region with emphasis on the calcified tissues.

HEWB 134. Head and Neck Structure and Function. 4.5 Units.
This course explores the developmental, cellular, physiologic, anatomic and biochemical components of the head and neck region. The focus is both healthy functioning and disease of the head and neck area.

HEWB 200. Directed Studies. 1 - 6 Unit.
Directed study under faculty supervision and with special permission of the Associate Dean for Education.

HEWB 349. Dentofacial Morphology. 1 Unit.
This course provides the dental student with an introduction to the assessment of dynamic faces and the relatively static dentition. The course details the etiologies and characteristics of various malocclusions including developmental disharmonies observed during the growth and development of a child. Primary emphasis is laid on empowering the student in the diagnoses of malocclusions employing study casts, intra and extra-oral photographs and, cephalograms.

HWDP Courses

HWDP 131. Heart and Lungs in Disease and Health. 4.5 Units.
This course provides students with the understanding of the structural and functional relationships of the cardiovascular and respiratory systems. This integrated approach serves as a foundation for understanding the health and well-being of these systems. This educational module also facilitates student recognition of cardiovascular and respiratory dysfunction that may be present in their patients and help students understand how such conditions may affect their patients' general and oral health.

HWDP 232. Health and Disease: Renal and Hematologic Systems. 2 Units.
This educational module focuses on the understanding of the structural and functional relationships of the renal and hematologic systems. This integrated approach serves as a foundation for understanding the maintenance of health and well-being as well as disease processes within the body.

HWDP 241. Gastrointestinal System in Health and Disease. 2 Units.
This educational module focuses on the understanding of the structural and functional relationships of the many components of the gastrointestinal system in health and disease.

HWDP 243. Endocrine and Reproductive Systems in Health and Disease. 1.5 Unit.
This educational module focuses on the understanding of the structural and functional relationships of the many components of the endocrine and reproductive systems in health and disease.

HWDP 245. Musculoskeletal System in Health and Disease. 1.5 Unit.
This educational module focuses on the understanding of the structural and functional relationships of the many components of the musculoskeletal system in health and disease.

HWDP 246. Neuroscience in Health and Disease. 2 Units.
An integrated approach to the anatomy and physiology of the human nervous system. Analyzes neuronal phenomena at both cellular and systems levels.

INQU Courses

INQU 102. ACE: Knowing the Patient. 2 Units.
This ACE introduces the student to professional patient interaction and evaluation in a simulated environment. Students will develop interview techniques, learn patient appraisal skills, and techniques for communicating effectively in a health care environment. Students will experience patient interviews and assessment in a simulated environment with live patients.

INQU 200. Directed Research. 0.5 - 6 Units.
Directed research activities under faculty supervision and with special permission of the Associate Dean for Education.

LDRS Courses

LDRS 111. Epidemiology for Public Health and Clinical Practice. 2.5 Units.
This 3 week intensive sequence provides the first experience with the problem-based learning format and focuses on the content foundation in epidemiology and skills for evidence-based practice in dentistry. Problem-based cases will use oral health topics to present the skills for critical appraisal of health literature. Small-group settings will permit students to gain experience in applying these skills to relevant dental literature.
LDRS 116. Promoting Evidence-based Dentistry I. 0.5 Units.
The course aims to enhance and apply the use of evidence-based practice skills and critical thinking in D1 and D2 in preparation for use in clinical training. Using diverse formats, students will enhance their skills to be efficient and effective in acquiring, appraising and applying scientific evidence in didactic, pre-clinical and early clinical coursework. The course topics and requirements will be integrated with concomitant course work to enhance relevance. Student assignments can be included in a portfolio to demonstrate progress and competency.

LDRS 310. Professional Development II. 1 Unit.
Major issues and trends that affect oral health and the mission of dentistry in the United States. Behavioral knowledge and skills essential to the oral health practitioner's ability to deliver effective patient-centered care.

LDRS 313. Dental Patient Management/Risk Management. 1 Unit.
Principles of patient management and risk management are reviewed. The primary focus is directed toward the skills associated with communication. A variety of examples of malpractice are reviewed and discussed. Other areas of risk are discussed such as infection and occupational hazards related to EPA and OSHA standards.

LDRS 316. Practice Management I. 1 Unit.
This course is designed to develop practical knowledge and skills in dental practice management. It is organized around initial topics that will lay the foundation for adequate planning for practice success after graduation. The subsequent courses build upon this foundation knowledge so that students will have a general perspective of where to begin their strategies for success in the future. This course discusses topics that include analysis of practice configurations, choosing the appropriate consultants, basic tools for fiscal management and evaluation, and identifying opportunities that match the student's life goals.

LDRS 317. Dental Auxiliary Management. 0.5 Units.
This course introduces students to each type of auxiliary personnel in the dental office and describes their training, testing, duties delegated legally and how their utilization in the office setting can be optimized. Basic management considerations and theories of leadership are presented and various leadership styles are recommended for situations presented. This course provides an understanding of interacting with auxiliary and the process of delegation. The course defines state dental board rules and regulations that guide dentists in the utilization of auxiliary personnel. Such items as overhead costs are explored in relation to each auxiliary category.

LDRS 415. Practice Management II. 1 Unit.
Students deal with entrepreneurship applications and experiences specific to dentistry and are introduced to the process of formulating a business plan. Personal finance and investment strategies are covered in this course, particularly as they pertain to developing a business plan for the students' careers. Each student constructs a business plan specific to the goals and situation of that student.

LDRS 416. Practice Management III. 1.5 Unit.
This course is designed to develop practical knowledge and skills in dental practice management. As the student prepares for clinical practice, topics surrounding negotiation of working contracts, insurance contract evaluation, policies, compliance, and marketing are among some of the most important issues to be familiar with. Skills acquired in the preceding course are applied to the student's "practice" (panel of patients) for evaluation of practice productivity and growth.

LDRS 420. Jurisprudence and Professional Ethical Responsibility. 0.5 Units.
Ethical and legal issues, civil and criminal law, contracts, malpractice and current ethical and legal dilemmas encountered in practice.

MAHE Courses

MAHE 141. Preventive Periodontics. 1 Unit.

MAHE 144. Preventive Periodontics Clinic. 1 Unit.
Companion clinical component to MAHE 143. Clinical application of methods for the prevention and maintenance of periodontal health in patients. The importance of patient education, motivation, and cooperation in present methods of prevention and plaque control.

MAHE 145. ACE: Outreach Preventive Dentistry. 1.5 Unit.
This ACE introduces the student to professional patient interaction and evaluation in a simulated environment. Students will develop interview techniques, learn patient appraisal skills, and techniques for communicating effectively in a health care environment. Students will experience patient interviews and assessment in a simulated environment with live patients.

MAHE 214. ACE: Family First. 1 Unit.
The overarching goal of the clinical experience (ACE) is to incorporate the concepts of risk assessment and the importance of the family unit to oral health. The Family First ACE will allow students to explore the interaction between genetic and environmental factors in oral diseases and certain systemic conditions (diabetes, hypertension, and asthma). At the end of the "Family First" rotation the students would have achieved certain didactic and clinical objectives and the experience is linked to the second year didactic courses: Cariology, Periodontology, and Oral Pathology. This experiential learning includes clinical experience, didactic lectures, and small group discussions. Risk assessment for common oral diseases such as caries and periodontal diseases as well as oral cancer is part of the clinical activities. Students will review the risk assessment and systemic health to delineate genetic and environmental factors through small group discussions.

MAHE 242. Periodontics. 1 Unit.
Companion clinical component to DSPR 232. Students observe and assist at periodontal surgical procedures on moderately advanced periodontal diseases. Treatment includes root planing, curettage, occlusal adjustment, minor tooth movement and case maintenance.

MAHE 340. Nutrition for Dentistry. 1 Unit.
General nutrition concepts are presented in addition to aspects pertinent to the practice of dentistry.

REHE Courses

REHE 151. Dental Anatomy. 3 Units.
Descriptive anatomy of masticatory structures with emphasis on deciduous and permanent teeth and the temporomandibular-mandibular movements, and the fundamental concepts of the functional relationships between the dentition and the temporomandibular joint. Lectures on comparative anatomy and variations in tooth morphology.
REHE 152. Basic Procedures in Fixed Prosthetics. 2 Units.
To introduce and familiarize the dental student to basic principles related to fixed prosthodontics. The introduction will emphasize principles of engineering and preparation designs, full coverage retains for both metal and ceramic restorations.

REHE 153. Dental Anatomy Laboratory. 1 Unit.
Companion preclinical component to REHE 151. Laboratory exercises and assignments include drawings, waxups, tooth identification, and use of semi-adjustable articulator.

REHE 154. Basic Procedures in Fixed Prosthetics Lab. 1.5 Unit.
Laboratory component of REHE 152.

REHE 156. DentSim Laboratory. 1 Unit.
This course covers the criteria, techniques and practice of preparing ‘ideal/standard’ operative preparations. The restorative procedures will be performed on typodont teeth mounted in a computer assisted simulator (DentSim).

REHE 158. Dental Materials I. 0.5 Units.
The primary goal is to introduce basic material science concepts needed to evaluate, compare and select materials for a specific application. Knowledge of properties, indications and limitations of different clinical and laboratory materials will be presented. The effect of manipulation variables on material properties will be emphasized.

REHE 162. Basic Procedures in Operative Dentistry I. 0.5 Units.
This course, together with REHE 172 introduces students to the criteria, the techniques for, and practice of preparing ‘ideal/standard’ Class I and V operative preparations. In this course, the emphasis will be on the more traditional posterior amalgam Class I and Class V Preparations. Students will be introduced to basic cariology and radiology as it relates to operative dentistry. In addition, the composition and properties of amalgam will be reviewed in the Dental Materials Course. The restorative procedures will be performed primarily on typodont teeth mounted in a simulator. The emphasis will be on traditional preparation design and execution.

REHE 172. Basic Procedures in Operative Dentistry I Lab. 0.5 Units.
Laboratory component of REHE 162.

REHE 229. Introduction to Radiography. 1.5 Unit.
Initial course consisting of lecture and laboratory covering basic principles of radiography. Included are: instructions on taking intraoral radiographs, radiation physics involved in x-ray generation and the parts and function of the x-ray unit, radiation biology of x-ray interaction with tissue, head and neck anatomy and pathology with regards to radiographic interpretation. Each student will have a clinic rotation.

REHE 252. Pain Control. 1 Unit.
Anatomy pertaining to local anesthesia. Drugs used in local anesthesia and technique of administration. Management of complications. Slides and clinical demonstrations.

REHE 253. Basic Procedures in Esthetics. 1 Unit.
REHE 254. Pharmacology. 4 Units.
This course introduces students to the principles of pharmacology and to the mechanisms of drug action in the context of common disease states.

REHE 256. Radiology. 0.5 Units.
This is a continuation of REHE 229. This course will explore alternative intraoral radiographic techniques, extraoral radiography techniques, their uses and limitation. Included is a discussion of radiation safety in the dental office and film processing. Each student will have an opportunity to gain "hands-on" experience in patient alignment for a panoramic radiograph and alternative tools for taking quality films. Each student will have a clinic rotation.

REHE 257. Prosthodontic Technology. 2 Units.
A lecture-demonstration-laboratory approach to complete denture prosthesis construction. Emphasis on certain fundamental biological considerations of the edentulous patient, such as the oral membranes, muscles, bones, and phonetics and how they relate to the technical aspects of denture constructions.

REHE 258. Principles of Treatment Planning I. 1 Unit.
This course provides lecture presentations to help prepare the student to develop skills in patient diagnosis and treatment planning. The lectures will guide the students through the thought processes necessary in the development of workable treatment plans. The emphasis will be on exposing the students to the approach used in our clinic of providing the patients with options of optimal, alternative and emergency diagnostic or recall treatment plans using decisional analysis.

REHE 259-1. Basic Procedures in Fixed Prosthodontics II. 0 Units.
This course builds upon those core elements covered in REHE 152/154. Emphasis on principles of engineering for fixed partial dentures, preparation and design of fixed partial dentures, considerations for the restoration of endodontically involved teeth, and definitive and provisional fixed partial denture restorations. Introduces dental material topics related to fabrication of a fixed partial denture restoration, including: chemomechanical soft tissue retraction, die spacers, investments, casting and casting alloys, ceramics, soldering, provisional materials, prefabricated and custom post and core systems. Emphasis on principles of engineering for fixed partial dentures, preparation and design of fixed partial dentures, considerations for the restoration of endodontically involved teeth, and definitive and provisional fixed partial denture restorations. Introduces dental material topics related to fabrication of a fixed partial denture restoration, including: chemomechanical soft tissue retraction, die spacers, investments, casting and casting alloys, ceramics, soldering, provisional materials, prefabricated and custom post and core systems.

REHE 259-2. Basic Procedures in Fixed Prosthodontics II. 2 Units.
This course builds upon those core elements covered in REHE 152/154. Emphasis on principles of engineering for fixed partial dentures, preparation and design of fixed partial dentures, considerations for the restoration of endodontically involved teeth, and definitive and provisional fixed partial denture restorations. Introduces dental material topics related to fabrication of a fixed partial denture restoration, including: chemomechanical soft tissue retraction, die spacers, investments, casting and casting alloys, ceramics, soldering, provisional materials, prefabricated and custom post and core systems. Emphasis on principles of engineering for fixed partial dentures, preparation and design of fixed partial dentures, considerations for the restoration of endodontically involved teeth, and definitive and provisional fixed partial denture restorations. Introduces dental material topics related to fabrication of a fixed partial denture restoration, including: chemomechanical soft tissue retraction, die spacers, investments, casting and casting alloys, ceramics, soldering, provisional materials, prefabricated and custom post and core systems.

REHE 260-1. Basic Procedure Fixed Prosthodontics II Lab. 0 Units.
Laboratory component of REHE 259.
REHE 260. Basic Procedure Fixed Prosthodontics II Lab. 2 Units. Laboratory component of REHE 259-1.

REHE 262. Basic Procedures in Operative Dentistry II. 1 Unit. This course, together with the first year Intro to BP Operative Dentistry and the BP Esthetic Dentistry Course covers the criteria, the techniques for, and practice of preparing 'ideal/standard' operative preparations and placement of operative restorations. In this portion of the course, the emphasis will be on posterior Class II amalgam preparations and restorations, as well as an introduction to cast gold inlay and onlays, and an introduction to CEREC (CEramic REConstruction) Onlays. Students will be introduced to basic cariology and radiology as it relates to operative dentistry. In addition, the composition and properties of the following materials will be reviewed: amalgam, liners and bases, and gold. The Dental Materials Course will provide the basic information regarding these materials. The restorative procedures will be performed primarily on typodont teeth mounted in a simulator. Extracted teeth with caries will also help students appreciate the different tactile responses of caries, dentin and enamel. There will be an emphasis on the following: the rationale for types of preparations and materials, indications and contraindications for different materials and types of restorations, and clinical problem solving related to operative dentistry in total treatment care.

REHE 263. Basic Procedure in Esthetics Lab. 0.5 Units. Preclinical component of REHE 253. Basic Procedures in Esthetic Dentistry.

REHE 264. Endodontics. 0.5 Units. Introduction to methods and materials necessary for successful root canal therapy.

REHE 266. Partial Denture Design. 2 Units. Recognition of clinical situations that require partial denture therapy are developed. Introduction to the terms used in removable partial prosthodontics. Partially edentulous casts diagnosed, designed, surveyed, contoured for path of insertion, prepared for rest seat areas, and finally tripoded for further orientation by each student on his or her own casts. Thus the design, surveying, and clinical applications for removable partial service are presented in order to maintain optimal oral health conditions and to provide a sound basis for the prosthesis.

REHE 267. Prosthodontic Technology Lab. 2 Units. Companion preclinical component to REHE 257. Each student constructs a complete set of dentures using laboratory manikin as patient. Although REHE 267 was conceived as a technique course, one of its principal objectives is to prepare the student for the clinical aspect of dental education.

REHE 268. Basic Procedures Competency. 1.5 Unit.

REHE 272. Basic Procedures in Operative Dentistry II Lab. 1 Unit. Laboratory component of REHE 262.

REHE 274. Endodontics Lab. 1 Unit. Companion laboratory component to REHE 264. Complete endodontic treatment performed by each student on extracted teeth using gutta percha.

REHE 276. Partial Denture Design Lab. 1.5 Unit. Theories of removable partial denture construction which enable the student to perform exercises that are associated with the techniques used to achieve a successful result. Students will be evaluated by various testing methods.

REHE 270. Basic Prosthodontic Technology. 1 Unit.

REHE 295. Basic Prosthodontic Laboratory. 1 Unit. Laboratory component of REHE 259-1.

REHE 300. Introduction to Dental Implantology for Nondegree. 1 Unit.

REHE 360. Implant Dentistry. 1 Unit. Didactic and laboratory instruction that introduces the concepts used in implantology. These include the scientific basis of implant tissue reactions, and the surgical and restorative protocols. Emphasis is placed on slide presentation of actual cases. An opportunity is given to students to place an implant in an artificial mandible and to manipulate implant components on a typodont.

REHE 360A. Introduction to Dental Implantology for Nondegree Student. 1 Unit. The course is designed to introduce the third year dental students to the concepts of dental implantology. Students will be introduced to computer guided dental implant treatment planning program NobelClinician and will have an opportunity to use it. This course will provide didactic instructions for the students to be able to diagnose and treatment plan.

REHE 361. Advanced Implant Dentistry I. 1 Unit. This course is designed to expose the student to advance implant therapies for the dentate and edentulous patient. Through lectures and discussions the student will discover the multitude of variations of care available for these patients and the restorative processes necessary to delivery that care. They should also more fully understand the limitations of each of these modalities within the scope of dental implant therapy allowing them to provide for their patients the most appropriate treatment direction.

REHE 362. Advanced Implant Dentistry II. 1 Unit. This course is a continuation of Advanced Implant Dentistry I and consists of a small group PBL Project where each group will be challenged with a patient requiring complex care. The group will be expected, utilizing all of their four years of training, to fully diagnosis the patient’s problems and create multiple treatment plans to assist the patient’s return to oral health. They will finally present and defend their decision to the entire class and instructors.
REHE 416. Basic Principles of Digital Radiology and Cone Beam CT Elective. 0.5 Units.
This is a Senior elective course. This course will be a continuation of REHE 256, Advanced Principles of Radiology. Students will be introduced to digital radiographic techniques, their uses and limitations. Principles of CBCT, anatomy, basic pathology, and working with CBCT volumetric dataset.

REHE 421. Periodontal Medicine and Cases. 1 Unit.
Further application of the knowledge and skills learned in prior periodontal courses. Focus is on how selective periodontal treatment can be integrated into a treatment plan considering the parameters presented by a special situation. Some examples are treatment related to endodontics, prosthodontics, geriatrics, esthetics, orthodontics and implantology.

REHE 455. General Anesthesia, Oral Surgery. 0.5 Units.

REHE 473. Introduction to CEREC Dentistry Elective. 1 Unit.
This is a Senior elective course. The didactic portion of the course will describe the use of CAD/CAM (computer-aided design/computer-aided manufacture) systems. The use of this chairside technology is readily available for the general dentist. An increase in public demand for esthetic procedures has made “all ceramic” restorations a popular treatment choice in restorative dentistry. This elective course will encompass the basic concepts of CAD/CAM dentistry, in particular utilizing the CEREC acquisition and milling machine by Sirona. The course will describe basic concepts of this technology including theoretical and clinical considerations of preparation and design. In the laboratory portion, students will learn the technique of tooth preparation, powdering and capturing an optical impression. In addition, the student will design, mill (manufacturing) and polish the restoration prior to cementation. This course will include both lecture and laboratory sessions. In the laboratory sessions, students will be able to apply the information gained in lecture material through laboratory projects. Following the completion of the lecture and laboratory portions, students will be eligible for clinical experience.

REHE 482. Orthodontics. 1 Unit.
Instruction through lectures and audio-visual programs enabling the student to gain judgment, knowledge, and skills to select and treat uncomplicated tooth irregularities in children and adults. Advanced topics in comprehensive orthodontics, such as surgical orthodontics and cleft-palate treatment.

REHE 488. Case Presentations I. 1 Unit.
First Semester of case presentation is dedicated to the review of comprehensive treatment planning slide material in preparation for National Boards part II and the Northeast Regional Board Dental Simulated Clinical Examination DSCE and the Case Based Examination (CBE) and the Western Regional Board (WREB) treatment planning examinations. Cases treated in the CASE SODM clinics will be reviewed by the preceptor faculty along with clinical specialty faculty and biological science faculty where appropriate. Diagnostic information will be on Blackboard preceding the schedule case review. During the case review questions will be presented for all students to interject through either the PRS format or Blackboard. In addition to the interactive format three disciplined based quizzes will be provided. The semester final will present a case based problem similar to the regional boards in which students identify the components of the diagnosis, treatment plan, treatment modifiers, treatment sequence and prognosis.

REHE 489. Case Presentations II. 1 Unit.
Second Semester. This course provides formal lecture presentations in the discipline of comprehensive dental care to assist students in the development of appropriate and successful diagnoses and treatment plans and the use of techniques and technology to achieve the goals of optimal dentistry. The course provides examples of cases in diagnosis and treatment planning in lecture, and include expertise from other departments in both the clinical and basic biological sciences. This course also provides the methodology for the treatment of moderate to severely mutilated dentitions and information regarding treatment modalities used related to the cases under discussion. The treatment plans are to be evidence based and used in concert with the outcomes of treatment. Techniques and Technology associated with the case shall be described as cases are reviewed. Both didactic lecture presentations and case reviews will utilize the interactive questioning and survey opportunities as needed through either the PRS format or Blackboard. The semester grade will be based on participation in the interactive sessions, a case based examination and each student is to turn in a fully documented senior case that is both diagnostic and treatment demanding. All cases will be approved prior to being considered as an acceptable senior case.

REMA Courses
REMA 261. Preclinical Orthodontics. 1 Unit.
Preclinical orthodontics includes relevant areas of applied growth and development, diagnostic methods and treatment planning. Topics included are: Histology and Physiology of Tooth movement and Laboratory Techniques related to the fabrication and use of suitable orthodontic appliances including material and biologic background necessary for proper clinical management of these appliances.

REMA 270. Introduction to Pediatrics. 1 Unit.
This course will provide instruction in the areas of preventive dentistry, restorative dentistry, pulp therapy, trauma, space maintenance and non-pharmacologic behavior management techniques for the pediatric patient. Particular attention will be paid to those areas that are essential in order to treat a pediatric patient appropriately. It is the hope that this course will communicate expectations and will provide significant preparation that will enhance the dental students’ clinical learning experience.

REMA 270A. Introduction to Pediatric Dentistry for Nondegree Student. 1 Unit.
Students will learn principles and practices of modern dental care for children including diagnostic, preventive, and treatment procedures applied to dental caries, periodontal disease, malocclusion, growth and development in children. In caring for the child patient, this course emphasizes current concepts of behavior guidance of children in the dental treatment setting.

REMA 380. Introduction to Geriatric Dentistry. 1 Unit.
The didactic curriculum provides a general background on the changing demographics of our population as well as knowledge about the medical, social, psychological, and dental problems many older Americans face today. Dental problems common to the elderly, approaches to treatment planning and the provision of care for this unique group in traditional and non-traditional settings are explored.
REMA 480. Introduction to Geriatric Dentistry. 1 Unit.
The didactic curriculum provides a general background on the changing demographics of our population as well as knowledge about the medical, social, psychological, and dental problems many older Americans face today. Dental problems common to the elderly, approaches to treatment planning and the provision of care for this unique group in traditional and non-traditional settings are explored.

School of Dental Medicine Faculty

Full-time Faculty

Anna Akkus, MS, PhD
(Case Western Reserve University)
Assistant Professor of Comprehensive Care

Aurelio Alonso, DDS, MS, PhD
(University of Ribeirão Preto School of Dentistry, Brazil; University of Minnesota)
Assistant Professor of Comprehensive Care
Certificate in Prosthodontics, Sao Paulo State University; MS/Certificate TMD and Orofacial Pain from the University of Minnesota

Anita Aminoshariae, DDS, MS
(Case Western Reserve University; Virginia Commonwealth University)
Assistant Professor of Endodontics

Hussein M. Assaf, DDS
(The Ohio State University)
Associate Professor of Comprehensive Care

Dale A. Baur, DDS
(Case Western Reserve University)
Associate Professor of Oral and Maxillofacial Surgery and Chair

Nabil F. Bissada, DDS, MSD, BDS
(Case Western Reserve University; University of Minnesota; University of Cairo)
Professor of Periodontics and Chair

Maya Chane, DDS
(Damascus University)
Senior Instructor of Comprehensive Care

Catherine Demko, PhD
(Case Western Reserve University)
Associate Professor of Community Dentistry

Fady F. Faddoul, DDS, MSD
(Case Western Reserve University)
Professor of Comprehensive Care

Zhimin Feng, PhD
(Chinese Academy of Sciences)
Senior Instructor of Biological Sciences

Gerald A. Ferretti, DDS, MS, MPH
(Georgetown University; University of Connecticut; University of Kentucky)
Professor of Pediatric Dentistry and Chair

Margaret Ferretti, DDS
(Case Western Reserve University)
Visiting Assistant Professor

Steven W. Fox, DDS
(Case Western Reserve University)
Associate Professor of Comprehensive Care

Sharon Freudenberger, DDS
(New York University)
Associate Professor of Pediatric Dentistry

Jerold S. Goldberg, DDS
(Case Western Reserve University)
Professor of Oral and Maxillofacial Surgery

Angela R. Graves, DDS, MS
(Meharry Medical College; Columbia University)
Assistant Professor of Comprehensive Care

Mark G. Hans, DDS, MS
(Case Western Reserve University)
Professor of Orthodontics and Chair

Masahiro Heima, DDS, PhD
(Okayama University Japan)
Assistant Professor of Pediatric Dentistry

Alfredo Hernandez, DDS, MS
(Javeriana University Columbia; The Ohio State University)
Assistant Professor of Comprehensive Care

Stanley A. Hirsch, DDS, MS
(Case Western Reserve University; Indiana University)
Associate Professor of Oral and Maxillofacial Medicine and Diagnostic Sciences

Jean M. Iannadrea, DDS
(Case Western Reserve University)
Assistant Professor of Comprehensive Care

T. Roma Jasinevicius, DDS, MEd
(Case Western Reserve University; Cleveland State University)
Associate Professor of Comprehensive Care

Ge Jin, PhD
(Case Western Reserve University)
Assistant Professor of Biological Sciences

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Assistant Professor of Comprehensive Care
Graduate Prosthodontist Specialty Certificate; Implant Prosthodontic Fellowship from The Ohio State University

James A. Lalumandier, DDS, MPH
(Georgetown University; University of North Carolina)
Professor of Community Dentistry and Chair

Michael A. Landers, DDS, MA
(Case Western Reserve University; The Ohio State University)
Associate Professor of Oral and Maxillofacial Medicine and Diagnostic Sciences
Lisa A. Lang, DDS, MS  
(University of Michigan; University of Texas San Antonio)  
**Associate Professor of Comprehensive and Chair, Assistant Dean of Clinical Education**  
Certificate in Prosthodontics from the University of Texas Health Science Center at San Antonio; AEGD certificate from Columbia University

Charles J. Love, DDS  
(Case Western Reserve University)  
**Associate Professor of Comprehensive Care**

André K. Mickel, DDS, MSD  
(Case Western Reserve University)  
**Associate Professor of Endodontics and Chair**

Thomas A. Montagnese, DDS, MS  
(The Ohio State University)  
**Assistant Professor of Endodontics**

Anchal Malik, MHA, BDS  
(University of South Carolina Arnold School of Public Health; Rajiv Gandhi University of Health Sciences)  
**Assistant Professor of Pediatric Dentistry**

Sena Narendran, BDS, MS  
(University of Ceylon Sri-Lanka; University of London England)  
**Associate Professor of Community Dentistry**

Suchitra S. Nelson, PhD  
(Case Western Reserve University)  
**Professor of Community Dentistry**

Ronald L. Occhionero, DDS  
(Case Western Reserve University)  
**Professor of Comprehensive Care; Associate Dean for Administration**

Juan Martin Palomo, DDS, MSD  
(Ponta Grossa State University Brazil; Case Western Reserve University)  
**Associate Professor of Orthodontics**

Leena Palomo, DDS, MSD  
(Case Western Reserve University)  
**Assistant Professor of Periodontics**

Pushpa Pandiyan, PhD, MSc  
(Humboldt University, Berlin Germany; Bharathidasan University, India)  
**Assistant Professor of Biological Sciences**

Andres Pinto, DDS, DMS, MPH  
(Universidad Javeriana, Colombia; University of Pennsylvania)  
**Associate Professor of Oral and Maxillofacial Medicine and Diagnostic Sciences and Chair**

Faisal A. Quereshy, DDS, MD  
(State University of New York at Buffalo; Case Western Reserve University)  
**Associate Professor of Oral and Maxillofacial Surgery**

Renato Roperto, DDS, MSc, PhD  
(University of Ribeirão Preto; University of Sao Paulo; Sao Paulo State University, Brazil)  
**Associate Professor of Comprehensive Care**

Marco Rouman, DDS, MFDS RCS (Ed.), MFDS RCP SG  
(Dental School Cairo University, Egypt; Royal College of Surgeons of Edinburgh; Royal College of Surgeons of Glasgow)  
**Associate Professor of Geriatric Dentistry**

Benjamin L. Schechter, DDS  
(Case Western Reserve University)  
**Assistant Professor of Comprehensive Care**

Andre Paes B. da Silva, DDS, MSc, PhD  
(Universidade Federal do Ceara, Brazil; University of Toronto)  
**Assistant Professor of Periodontics**  
MSc/Certificate in Periodontology from the University of North Carolina

Robert C. Skillcorn, DDS, MS  
(Ohio State University; University of Michigan)  
**Associate Professor of Periodontics**

M. Louay Taifour, BDS  
(Beirut Arab University, School of Dental Medicine)  
**Clinical Instructor of Comprehensive Care**  
Fellowship in Restorative Dentistry; Advanced Education in General Dentistry Certificate from Case Western Reserve University

Sorin T. Teich, DMD, MBA  
(Hebrew University of Jerusalem Israel; Northwestern University-Chicago/Tel Aviv University-Israel)  
**Associate Professor of Comprehensive Care, Assistant Dean of Clinical Operations**

Ibrahim F. Tulunoglu, DDS, PhD  
(Hacettepe University, Ankara, Turkey)  
**Associate Professor of Comprehensive Care**  
Doctorate of Prosthodontics

Manish Valiathan, MSD, BDS  
(Case Western Reserve University; College of Dental Surgery-Manipal India)  
**Associate Professor of Orthodontics**

Lance Vernon, DMD, MPH  
(University of Pittsburgh)  
**Senior Instructor of Biological Sciences**

Kristin Z. Victoroff, DDS, PhD  
(Dalhousie University; Case Western Reserve University)  
**Associate Professor of Community Dentistry; Associate Dean for Education**

Russell Wang, DDS, PhD, MSD  
(PhD: University of Toronto; MSD: Indiana University)  
**Associate Professor of Comprehensive Care**

Aaron Weinberg, DMD (The Hebrew University of Jerusalem), PhD  
(Israel)  
**Professor of Biological Sciences and Chair, Associate Dean for Research**

Tim S. Whittingham, PhD, MBA  
(University of Wisconsin; Case Western Reserve University)  
**Associate Professor of Biological Sciences**

Kristin A. Williams, DDS, MPH  
(Case Western Reserve University; The Ohio State University)  
**Assistant Professor of Community Dentistry**
Fengchun Ye, PhD, MS, BS
(University of Bordeaux II, France; BS: Huazhong Agricultural University, Wuhan, China)
Assistant Professor of Biological Sciences
School of Graduate Studies

The Case Western Reserve University School of Graduate Studies (http://gradstudies.case.edu) (SGS) is the unit through which Case Western Reserve University offers graduate programs in the humanities and social sciences, biomedical and natural sciences, engineering, and selected disciplines related to professional fields. These programs lead to the degrees of Master of Arts, Master of Fine Arts (theater and dance), Master of Science, Master of Public Health, Master of Engineering and Management, Master of Engineering, Doctor of Musical Arts, and Doctor of Philosophy. Several programs offered jointly with the professional schools and local affiliated institutions lead to dual degrees such as MA/JD, MA/PhD, MA/MD, MA/MSN, MS/MBA MS/MD, MSSA/PhD, PhD/MPH, JD/MPH, MSN/MPH, MBA/MPH, MD/MPH, MPH/MA, and MD/PhD. There are also three combined undergraduate and graduate programs; IGs (Integrated Graduate Studies), BS/MS, and BS/ME, which allow undergraduate students to enter graduate study before they complete their undergraduate programs. A complete list of degree programs offered can be found on the Graduate Studies website (http://gradstudies.case.edu/prospect/degreesoffered.html). The School of Graduate Studies, overseeing university-wide standards of quality in admission and performance, presently awards graduate degrees in seventy-two departments: fifty-two with PhD programs and twenty others in which the highest degree is the MA, ME, MEM, MFA, MPH, MS, or DMA. Enrollment in the School of Graduate Studies for fall 2013, excluding non-degree registrants, totaled 2213, of which 53% were men, 47% were women, and 30% were international. During the academic year 2012-2013, the school awarded 397 master’s degrees and 190 doctorates.

Administration of the School

Charles E. Rozek, PhD
(Wayne State University)
Vice Provost and Dean of Graduate Studies

Lynnmarie Hamel, JD
(Case Western Reserve University)
Associate Dean of Graduate Studies

Faculty Senate Committee on Graduate Studies

General responsibility for overseeing postdoctoral affairs, programs of graduate study and for academic and other general regulations applicable to all graduate students and programs is delegated to the Faculty Senate Committee on Graduate Studies (http://case.edu/ president/facsen/committees/graduatetudies/graduatecom.html). Each department, school, or interdisciplinary committee is responsible for its particular graduate programs within the framework of the general regulations. The Committee on Graduate Studies consists of the dean of graduate studies, the associate vice president for research, nine faculty members elected by the University Faculty Senate, one appointed postdoc and four graduate students – three elected by the Graduate Student Senate and one appointed from the professional schools.

Graduate Student Senate

Students in the School of Graduate Studies are represented by a Graduate Student Senate (http://case.edu/gss), which consists of one student elected from each department that offers graduate programs. The officers of the senate are elected by the graduate student senators, who also select graduate student representatives to the University Faculty Senate and various campus committees.

School of Graduate Studies

Academic Policies

Graduate Academic Policies

Fellowship Tuition Policy for Graduate Students

The purpose of this policy is to allow students pursuing graduate degrees to take courses beyond their degree requirements without additional financial burden to the student and little or no cost to the university. Such courses, referred to as “fellowship” courses, can broaden the educational experience of graduate students by allowing them to pursue studies according to their own intellectual needs.

1. A student pursuing a graduate degree shall be charged tuition at the standard hourly rate for all of the credit hours which are intended to count toward the degree. In any semester for which students are registered for a minimum number (as determined by the school) of credits that will be applied toward the degree, fellowship courses will not incur a tuition charge.

2. In order to enroll in a fellowship course, the student must be in good standing, meet course prerequisites, and obtain consent of instructor. In addition, the student must obtain permission from his/her advisor and the School of Graduate Studies. Up to eight fellowship courses may be permitted in aggregate.

3. Thesis research (651 and 701) and similar courses cannot be taken as fellowship courses and prior rules for 701 (dissertation fellowship) are not changed by this policy.

4. Fellowship courses can not be audited. The grade that a student receives in the course will not count toward the degree program GPA.

5. Fellowship courses can not be used toward a degree program at Case Western Reserve University.

6. Notwithstanding any of the foregoing provisions and policies, the rules, regulations, and terms of tuition and credit enrollments for each school shall remain in full force and effect.

Guidelines for Multidisciplinary Graduate and Graduate Professional Studies

Multidisciplinary studies have as their goal the education of individuals who can make contributions to academic disciplines or professional endeavors that would be less likely to be accomplished by individuals with a background in a single discipline. Departments or faculty members may design a joint degree program, which will generally result in two degrees, or a multidisciplinary degree, which will generally result in a single degree which has a broader perspective than similar existing degrees. Such programs should meet challenges of new interdisciplinary knowledge and/or developments requiring new combinations of talent. In addition, such programs or degrees should enhance and not duplicate existing programs in the university. Individual students with specific multidisciplinary interests that desire to pursue them at Case Western Reserve University and faculty members who wish to run pilots for joint degree programs or multidisciplinary degrees are encouraged to do so, even if no official joint or multidisciplinary degree program currently exists, by organizing an individual joint degree or an individual
multidisciplinary degree. Such degrees require faculty and departmental support. Guidance for the design and approval of both such programs and such individual degrees is available from the School of Graduate Studies.

**Graduate Student Rights and Responsibilities**

It is the responsibility of the student to become familiar with the general rules and regulations of the university, not just those of the School of Graduate Studies. A member of the University community who is accused of violating any of these rules and regulations is subject to university disciplinary action. Due process procedures of adequate notice of all charges and a fair hearing will apply. Case Western Reserve University has established a mechanism whereby students may express a grievance against the actions of other students or members of the faculty and staff. A statement of the policies and procedures to be followed in the case of academic infractions by graduate students may be obtained through the School of Graduate Studies. The policies and procedures governing all other infractions are detailed in the university’s Case Student Handbook (http://studentaffairs.case.edu/handbook). The University Office of Student Affairs (http://studentaffairs.case.edu) should be consulted for non-academic infractions.

It is also the responsibility of the student to become acquainted with the general regulations and administrative procedures governing graduate study, together with the departmental or school regulations which apply to the student’s course of study, and, in consultation with the faculty advisor or advisory committee of the supervising unit, to plan the program and carry out the work in accordance with these regulations and procedures.

**Departmental Responsibility for Requirements**

Requirements for master’s and doctoral degrees beyond those set forth in these regulations may be established by departments or curricular program committees with the approval of the dean of graduate studies. Individual students may be required to take courses beyond the published requirements in order to successfully complete their degree programs. In such instances the student must be notified in writing upon matriculation by the chair of the department or curricular program, with a copy to be filed in the School of Graduate Studies.

**Maintenance of Good Standing**

A student maintains good standing in the School of Graduate Studies by registering each fall and spring semester unless on an official leave of absence which has been approved by the School of Graduate Studies. A student is in good standing who meets the standards set by the academic department and the School of Graduate Studies to ensure normal progress toward the fulfillment of the stated requirements at levels of quality without warning or probation or extension of the allowable time limit for degree completion. Students whose quality point averages fall below minimum standards (3.00 for doctoral students; 2.75 for master’s) will automatically be placed on probation until the minimum standards are achieved. In addition, a student will be subject to separation from the university for any of the following reasons:

1. Failure to achieve a quality-point average of 2.50 or higher at the completion of 12 semester hours or 2 semesters of graduate study.
2. Failure to achieve a quality-point average of 2.75 or higher at the completion of 21 semester hours or 4 semesters of graduate study.
3. Failure to receive a grade of S in thesis research 651 or dissertation research 701. A student who receives a grade of U in thesis (Course 651) or dissertation research (Course 701) will be placed on probation and be subject to separation. The probationary status will be recorded on the student’s transcript. The student must be removed from probation by the end of the semester immediately following receipt of the grade of U by repeating the course for the same number of credit hours, and achieving a grade of S. The tuition and associated fees for the repeated course may be the responsibility of the student. Although removal from probation restores the student’s good standing, the grade of U received will not be canceled or substituted by the grade of S subsequently received. Separation will occur if the student placed on probation receives another grade of U in the following semester; or, if the dean of graduate studies, in consultation with the academic unit, determines that the student is unlikely to be successful in working independently and productively toward the completion of the thesis or dissertation research.
4. Failure of a conditionally or provisionally admitted student to satisfy the conditions or provisions stated in the letter of acceptance by the end of the first academic year (2 semesters) or after 18 credits of course work.
5. Failure to make progress towards degree completion. If the student is not making progress towards degree completion, and it has been judged that the student is unlikely to be successful in working independently and productively toward the completion of clinical requirements, thesis or dissertation research the department and/or the dean of graduate studies (in consultation with the department) can recommend academic separation.
6. In addition to disciplinary actions based on academic standards, on recommendation of the student’s department or school, the dean of graduate studies can suspend or separate a student from the university for failure to maintain appropriate standards of conduct and integrity. Such a suspension or separation will be implemented only for serious breaches of conduct that threaten to compromise the standards of a department or create concern for the safety and welfare of others. In the event of such suspension or separation, the student will be entitled to an appeal through the grievance procedure of the Graduate School.

**Maintenance of Quality-Point Average**

In calculating the quality-point average, courses taken as a student in the School of Graduate Studies at the 400 level or above as well as any courses accepted toward fulfillment of degree requirements for which quality points are given will be counted, including courses which may need to be repeated. Unless otherwise stated by the department, a minimum cumulative quality-point average of 2.75 is required for the awarding of the master’s degree, and a minimum cumulative quality-point average of 3.00 is required for awarding of the doctoral degree. Any department, school, or curricular program committee may choose to establish quality standards higher than those stated above if such additional requirements are made known in writing to the students upon matriculation and are recorded with the dean of graduate studies. In that case, the departmental standards supersede the minimum standards. Students who do not maintain the minimum quality point average will be placed on academic probation until the minimum standard has been achieved.

**Course Repeat Policy**

Graduate students may petition their department chair to repeat a maximum of two courses during their degree program in order to improve
their performance. When a course is repeated, the first grade will remain visible on the transcript but will be removed from the calculation of the cumulative grade point average and the grade point average for the semester in which the course was first taken. The new grade will then be used for calculation of the cumulative grade point average and the grade point average for the semester in which it was earned, regardless of whether the new grade is higher or lower than the first grade. The student’s transcript will show the comment “Repeated: No credit awarded” directly below the original grade. However, if the first attempt of the course resulted in a passing grade, but the second attempt results in a failing grade, then the original grade will remain. Similarly, if a student withdraws from a course that is being repeated, the Course Repeat Option will not be applied and the original grade will stand. Course repetition may be exercised according to the following conditions:

1. The course repeat option can only be used on course in which a C or lower was earned. Courses with a grading basis of P/NP are not eligible under this policy.
2. A student may not use the Pass/No Pass Option on a course that is being repeated.
3. A student may only use the repeat option on the same course.
4. Research based courses 651, 601 and 701 are exempt from this repeat policy. Thesis research course 651 and dissertation research course 701 grading policies can be found in this bulletin.
5. The course repeat option may not be exercised after a degree has been awarded.
6. Approval from student’s advisor and department chair is required. Some departments may also require the signature of their director of graduate studies and/or graduate affairs committee.
7. The tuition and associated fees for a repeated course may be the responsibility of the student.

Residency Requirement

The doctoral residency requirement is intended to insure a period of intensive academic interaction with faculty and peers and of sustained independent research. Graduate students are considered to be in residence when they are fully engaged in academic work. As resident students they may teach at the university, take graduate courses, assist in course development, and engage in research or in other scholarly activities at the university. Regardless of the nature of the work, the student’s regular presence at the university is expected during fulfillment of the residency requirement.

The formal fulfillment of residency requires continuous registration in at least six consecutive academic terms (fall, spring and/or summer) from matriculation to a period not exceeding five years after the first credited hour(s) of dissertation research (701). The period while students are on a leave of absence do not count towards fulfilling the residency requirement. Within the context of continuity of registration, departments may enact other restrictions. In such instances, the departmental requirements take precedence and must formally be disclosed to the student at matriculation. This is meant to be a reflection of the appropriate reality that departments and fields have different norms and traditions of graduate study. For example, to fulfill the residency requirement, some departments may require the doctoral student to be registered for 9 or more semester hours of graduate credit in each of two consecutive semesters.

Time Limitation

All the requirements for the master’s degree must be completed within five consecutive calendar years after matriculation as a graduate student, including any leaves of absence. Doctoral students have five consecutive calendar years from the semester of the first credited 701 registration, including leaves of absence, to complete all requirements for the doctorate. Any graduate student who fails to complete the requirements within the five year limit for his or her degree program will be subject to separation from further study unless granted an extension by the dean of graduate studies with the recommendation of the faculty advisor or advisory committee and approval by the department chair. An extension may be granted if the student and his or her advisor work out a plan of action for degree completion within a specified time frame which must be endorsed by the department chair. Students will be expected to meet all the specified deadlines outlined in the plan of action. The minimum acceptable registration during this extended period for each semester until graduation is three credit hours of 651 or 701. Plan B master’s students must register for at least three credits of appropriate course work.

Graduate Student Holiday, Vacation, Parental Leave and Sick Leave Policies

These policies apply to graduate students in the School of Graduate Studies who receive stipends that support their effort toward earning a degree during the period when they receive support. They represent the minimum to which graduate students are entitled.

If a graduate student receives a stipend, they will receive support for holidays, vacations, sick leave, and parental leave as set forth below. The stipend support for those days will be at the same rate as for normal work days. For all anticipated leaves longer than two weeks, appropriate departmental approvals must be obtained and paperwork submitted to the dean of the school of graduate studies prior to the start of the leave.

These policies do not supersede other university policies concerning attendance or residence at the university (e.g. participating in classroom activities as a student or teaching assistant). These policies only apply to student effort toward earning a degree.

Holidays

Graduate students are entitled to observe all university closings for holidays and other recognized events.

Vacations

Graduate students are allowed two weeks of vacation per calendar year (10 traditional work days) if they receive full support during a 12-month period. Students who receive less than 12 months of support are not entitled to vacation during the period of support. Vacation is not provided during the supported period when students receive support for part of the year. The dates of vacations must be approved in advance by the student’s research mentor to ensure that time-sensitive work is not disrupted.

Vacation days can be accrued from one year to the next year only with the prior written approval of the Program and only up to a maximum of 20 traditional work days, to allow for international travel, for example. There is no terminal leave.

The times between academic terms and the summer are considered part of the active training period and are not to be regarded as vacation time.
Sick Leave

Graduate students are entitled to two weeks (10 traditional work days) of sick leave per year, with no year-to-year accrual. Sick leave may be used for medical conditions related to pregnancy and childbirth. Under exceptional circumstances, additional sick leave days may be granted following receipt of a written request from a physician, and prior written approval by the Program.

Parental Leave

Graduate students are entitled to paid parental leave for the adoption or birth of a child. The primary caregiver is entitled to 6 weeks leave and the other parent or domestic partner is entitled to 3 weeks leave. When both parents are supported graduate students, the leave may be used consecutively or together. The leave must be used within 12 months of birth or adoption. Parental leave must be approved in advance in writing by the Program. It is permissible to add parental leave and sick leave together for the adoption or birth of a child.

Unpaid Leave

Students who require additional leave beyond what is stipulated above must seek prior written approval from the School of Graduate Studies for an unpaid leave of absence. Approval for a leave of absence must be requested in advance by the student and the student should provide documentation for the leave request and obtain approval. Conditions for the leave and approval must be submitted to the School of Graduate Studies. Continued coverage of health insurance is allowable as permitted within the guidelines of University Health Services and with written approval by the Program and School of Graduate Studies.

Unused Leave

A student is not entitled to receive any form of compensation for any unused holidays, vacation days, sick leave, parental leave, and/or other accrued time off.

Disclaimers

These policies do not supersede any HR policy. In addition, these policies do not create a contractual relationship with any student and the policies may be amended at any time by the Faculty and the School of Graduate Studies.

The School of Graduate Studies policies regarding continuous registration and leave of absence still apply.

Maintenance of leave records is the responsibility of the academic department.

Leave of Absence from Graduate Study

Students undertaking graduate work are expected to pursue their studies according to a systematic plan each year whether registered for full or part-time study. Occasionally a student finds it necessary to interrupt his or her studies before completion of the graduate program. A leave of absence is not to be requested unless the circumstances are such that the student cannot continue graduate study. Under such circumstances the student must request in writing a leave of absence for a period not to exceed two consecutive regular academic semesters. Forms (http://gradstudies.case.edu/current/forms.html) can be found at the School of Graduate Studies website. In exceptional circumstances, the leave can be extended for another two semesters. However, the maximum amount of leave permitted per graduate program is four semesters. The reason for the leave must be stated clearly, and the request must be submitted to the School of Graduate Studies with the written endorsement of the student’s academic department. During a leave of absence the student must not seek aid from faculty members or use of the facilities of the university. This means that students may not take exams or defend theses and dissertations while on a leave. A leave of absence does not extend the maximum time permitted for the completion of degree requirements, and a leave cannot be taken while students are on extension of the five-year limit. At the expiration of the leave the student must resume registration unless formally granted an extension of the leave. Retroactive leaves are not permitted. A student who fails to obtain a leave of absence, or who fails to register following an official leave, must petition the School of Graduate Studies for reinstatement in order to resume work as a student in good standing at the university.

A student who is granted a maternity or paternity leave of absence related to infant care, as well as those who must fulfill military duty obligations, can petition to extend the five-year time limit associated with completion of the degree. The length of the extension may not exceed two years. International students must check with the Office of International Student Services before petitioning for a leave of absence, as such a leave can affect their visa status.

Withdrawal, Resignation, and Reinstatement

Students must maintain continuous registration throughout their degree programs unless granted an official leave of absence. Students who fail to register for any academic term will be automatically withdrawn from their programs. Students who are withdrawn from their programs must petition for reinstatement in order to continue graduate study. The petition must be approved by both the student’s department and the School of Graduate Studies before the student may register for further course work as a student in full standing. In each case of readmission with full standing, the official letter will state the terms of readmission, including future time limits for the degree program, and the past course work that will be credited toward the degree. If more than 24 months have elapsed since the last registration, students may have to resubmit file materials if requested by the School of Graduate Studies.

Transfer of Credit

Transfer of credit from another university toward master’s and doctoral degree requirements is awarded for appropriate course work (not applied to another degree program) taken prior to admission. Transfer of credit must be requested in the student’s first academic year and must be appropriate for the student’s planned program of study. For master’s candidates, transferred credit is limited to six semester hours of graduate-level courses, and no credit for master’s thesis may be transferred from another university. No transfer of credit will be awarded towards the PhD degree except by petition, and no credit for the doctoral dissertation may be transferred from another university.

Students who wish to receive credit for courses taken outside the university once they are enrolled must petition for approval. All transfer of credit requires approval from the student’s advisor, the departmental chair or graduate committee, and the dean of graduate studies. Such courses must have been taken within five years of first matriculation at Case Western Reserve University and passed with grades of B or better. Forms can be found at the School of Graduate Studies (http://gradstudies.case.edu/current/forms.html).

Transfer of credit does not include the transfer of grades and therefore cannot be used to fulfill GPA or percentage of graded coursework policies.
Internal Transfer of Credit

Students of exceptional ability in the undergraduate programs of Case Western Reserve University who have the approval of the Office of Undergraduate Studies and the School of Graduate Studies may apply to receive credit for graduate courses completed in excess of the undergraduate degree requirements.

Graduate students who internally transfer to another degree program may seek approval to transfer coursework from the original degree program by petition (http://gradstudies.case.edu/webfm_send/325).

Changes in Registration

To add or withdraw from courses or to change registration from credit to audit or the reverse, a student must obtain the appropriate official form to submit to the University Registrar in accordance with the dates published each academic term for such actions to be taken. Students must make appropriate changes to their schedules by the end of the first week of classes in order to avoid paying full tuition for courses withdrawn after the final drop/add date. Only complete withdrawal for the semester entitles a student to a percentage refund of the withdrawn courses after the first week of classes (see the “Financial Information” section of this Bulletin under Refunds). Failure to attend class or merely giving notice to the instructor will not be regarded as official notice of withdrawal or change. When making changes in registration, an international student must be aware of maintaining full-time status. Full-time status requires registration for a minimum of 9 semester hours per semester. Students financed by federal loans must remain registered for at least 6 semester hours (defined as half-time) each semester to maintain continued eligibility for that funding or to initiate such a loan.

Graduation

A candidate for a degree awarded by the School of Graduate Studies must make application for the degree to the School of Graduate Studies by the deadline established for that semester, which is approximately twelve weeks before the commencement date for which the degree is expected to be awarded. Students are encouraged to visit our website at the beginning of the semester in which they intend to graduate to obtain a packet of graduation materials for either the Master’s (http://gradstudies.case.edu/current/graduation/masters.html) or Doctorate (http://gradstudies.case.edu/current/graduation/phd.html) degree. The candidate must meet all the deadlines for completion of degree requirements set forth in the calendar. All candidates must be registered for credit and in good standing during the semester in which the degree is awarded. Payment of tuition, fees, and fines is a prerequisite to the awarding of a degree.

Delayed Graduation

It is a requirement of the School of Graduate Studies that a student be registered for credit in the semester in which he or she completes all the requirements to graduate in accordance with established deadlines for that semester. For a student engaged in thesis or dissertation research the completion of all requirements to graduate is not easily predicted, making it difficult to adhere to scheduled deadlines. If a student will not be able to meet the degree requirements to graduate in one semester, but will finish before the next semester begins, he or she can petition for a waiver of the requirement to be registered in the semester of graduation. To be granted a waiver of registration students must be registered for the appropriate thesis or dissertation credit hours in the semester (or summer session) immediately preceding the semester of graduation, complete all degree requirements including a current application to graduate, and submit all required materials to the School of Graduate Studies by the end of the Drop/Add period of the next semester.

A student who qualifies for the waiver will be awarded the degree at the next graduation without the need to be registered or to pay a special fee. If a student fails to meet the waiver deadline, he or she will be required to register for the appropriate thesis or dissertation credit hours in the next semester, and to reapply for graduation in that semester.

Exceptions to Regulations

Students have the right to petition for exceptions to these regulations. Such a petition should be addressed to the dean of graduate studies. In most cases the student’s department or program committee must endorse the petition.

Graduate Student Grievance Procedure

It is the responsibility of the School of Graduate Studies to ensure that all students enrolled for graduate credit at Case Western Reserve University have adequate access to faculty and administrative consideration of their grievances concerning academic issues. A three-step procedure has been established for graduate students to present complaints about academic actions they feel are unfair.

1. Students with complaints should first discuss their grievances with the person against whom the complaint is directed.
2. In those instances in which this discussion does not resolve a grievance to the student’s satisfaction, a complaint should be presented in writing to the department chairperson. If the complaint is against the department chair and is not resolved with this individual, the complaint should be presented to the dean of the school/college.
3. In the event that a decision still appears unfair to the student, the student may bring the matter to the attention of the dean of graduate studies. The dean may ask the student to put the complaint in writing. The dean will then discuss the case with the student and the department chair to evaluate the particulars and to make a ruling on it. As the situation warrants, the dean may appoint a Grievance Committee to recommend what action should be taken. In this event the Committee will be composed of two faculty members selected from the Committee on Graduate Studies of the Faculty Senate and two graduate students selected either from the Executive Committee of the Graduate Student Senate or from the student members of the Committee on Graduate Studies.

The dean of graduate studies has the responsibility for the final decision, and the ruling from the School of Graduate Studies will be considered final and binding on the persons involved in the grievance. Additional information about the grievance procedure can be obtained from the School of Graduate Studies.

It should be understood that this grievance procedure relates solely to graduate student complaints concerning academic issues. The procedure for handling complaints about other matters is detailed in the Graduate Student Handbook.

Procedures and Sanctions for Graduate Student Academic Infractions

Graduate students accused of violating the university’s standards of conduct, which are detailed in this Academic Integrity Policy (http://gradstudies.case.edu/webfm_send/248), are entitled to adequate notice of all charges and to a fair hearing and may subsequently be subject
to disciplinary action. The process that is outlined in the Academic Integrity Policy will apply to academic infractions, e.g., cheating on examinations, plagiarism, and other forms of dishonesty in academic activities. Additional information is available from the School of Graduate Studies.

School of Graduate Studies
Academic Requirements

Master Requirements (p. 668) I Doctoral Requirements (p. 668) I Grading (p. 670)

Academic Requirements for Master Degrees

In recognition that the objectives of master's degrees differ for various departments and for individual students, especially in the importance given to research, two general plans for master's degrees may be followed. Plan A is for MA or MS degrees with a thesis based on individual research and a final oral examination. Plan B is for MA, MFA, MPH, or MS degrees without a thesis but requiring a comprehensive examination and/or a major project to be administered by the academic unit.

Within the framework of these general regulations, it is expected that a relevant program of study will be planned for each candidate for the master's degree by the student and the faculty advisor or advisory committee. This planned program of study (PPOS) must be submitted to the School of Graduate Studies by the end of the second semester. Such a program should include appropriate courses, thesis, and/or project hours, and may also include, where relevant, such experiences as field work or practicum. Guides to submitting and updating the PPOS through the student information system are available from the University Registrar.

Master's Thesis (Plan A)

The minimum requirements for the master's degree under Plan A are 18 semester hours of course work plus a thesis equivalent to at least 9 semester hours of registration, or 21 semester hours of course work plus a thesis equivalent to at least 6 semester hours of registration. At least 12 semester hours of course work must be graded. Once registered for thesis credit (Course 651), a student must continue 651 registration each succeeding regular semester until graduation. However, if a student is registered for course work or research toward the doctorate in the semester in which the thesis examination is expected to occur, concurrent registration for 651 is not required. At least 18 semester hours of course work, in addition to thesis hours, must be at the 400-level or higher.

Each student must prepare an individual thesis. Joint theses are not permitted. The written thesis must conform to regulations concerning format, quality, and time of submission as established by the dean of graduate studies. Detailed instructions (http://gradstudies.case.edu/current/graduation/masters.html) can be obtained from the School of Graduate Studies website.

For completion of master's degrees under Plan A, an oral examination (defense) of the master's thesis is required. This examination is conducted by a committee of at least three members of the university faculty. The candidate's thesis advisor customarily serves as the chair of the examining committee. The other members of the committee are appointed by the chair of the department or curricular program faculty supervising the candidate's course of study. The examining committee must agree unanimously that the candidate has passed the thesis examination. Because theses are made public immediately upon acceptance, they should not contain proprietary or classified material. When the research relates to proprietary material, the student and advisor are responsible for making preliminary disclosures to the sponsor sufficiently in advance to permit timely release of the thesis, and these plans should be disclosed when the thesis is submitted to the School of Graduate Studies.

Master's Comprehensive (Plan B)

The minimum requirements for the master's degree under Plan B are 27 semester hours of course work (with at least 12 semester hours of graded course work), a comprehensive examination, and in some fields, an approved project. At least 18 semester hours of course work must be at the 400 level or higher.

Each candidate for the master's degree under Plan B must pass satisfactorily a comprehensive examination to be administered by the department or curricular program committee. The examination may be written or oral or both. A student must be registered during the semester in which any part of the comprehensive examination is taken. If not registered for other courses, the student will be required to register for one semester hour of EXAM 600 Master's Comprehensive Exam before taking the examination.

Acceleration Toward Graduate Study

Students admitted to the School of Graduate Studies through the IGS, BS/MS, or BS/ME program should refer to the Acceleration Toward Graduate Study (p. 563) page, maintained by the Office of Undergraduate Studies, for additional requirements for the completion of their degrees.

Academic Requirements for Doctoral Degrees

The degree of Doctor of Philosophy is awarded in recognition of in-depth knowledge in a major field and comprehensive understanding of related subjects together with a demonstration of ability to perform independent investigation and to communicate the results of such investigation in an acceptable dissertation.

Curricular Requirements

Within the framework of these general regulations, it is expected that a relevant program of study will be planned for each candidate for the doctorate by the student and the faculty advisor or advisory committee. This planned program of study (PPOS) must be submitted to the School of Graduate Studies by the end of the second semester. Guides to submitting and updating the PPOS through the student information system are available from the University Registrar.

Although specific requirements vary among departments, students entering with a bachelor's degree will satisfactorily complete a minimum of 36 semester hours of courses (which may include independent study/research, course 601), tutorials, and seminars. All course work must be at the 400 level or higher, and at least 24 semester hours of course work must be graded. For students entering with an approved master's degree, completion of at least 18 semester hours of course work and at least 12 semester hours of course work must be graded. A minimum of
18 semester hours of dissertation research (Course 701) is required for all doctoral students.

Examination Requirements
In order to meet the requirements for the doctorate, a student must pass satisfactorily a general examination (or a series of examinations covering different fields) specified and administered by the student's department or supervising committee. The examination generally precedes advancement to candidacy. A student must be registered during the semester in which any part of the general or qualifying examination is taken. If not registered for other courses, the student will be required to register for one semester hour of EXAM 700 PhD General/Qualifier Exam, before taking the examination. A student who fails the examination on the first attempt may be permitted to take the examination a second time within one year at the discretion of the department. Except in unusual circumstances, a student who fails the examination a second time will be separated from further graduate study within the same department or program.

Advancement to Candidacy
The formal acceptance of a student as a candidate for the doctoral degree is the responsibility of the student's department or the committee supervising the doctoral program in accordance with the written procedures of the academic unit. At its discretion the supervising unit may require a student to pass qualifying examinations before candidacy is granted. Generally, advancement to candidacy allows the student to enter the dissertation research phase of the degree program, and occurs after all course work and exam requirements are satisfied. Students are expected to make regular and continuous progress toward the degree. Advancement to candidacy in a PhD program should occur within a maximum of 6 years post-matriculation with a bachelor's degree (no later than at the completion of 36 semester hours of graduate study) and 4 years post-matriculation with a master's degree (no later than at the completion of 18 semester hours of graduate study). Students may continue in pre-candidacy status beyond this time by means of a petition to the School of Graduate Studies by a program director, based on evidence of student progress toward the degree. Individual programs can require advancement to candidacy before the time limit set in this policy.

The School of Graduate Studies must promptly be notified in writing of the decision concerning a student's advancement to candidacy, and a copy of the notification must be sent to the student concerned. A student who is refused candidacy status may not undertake further study for credit toward the doctoral degree within the same department or supervising unit. With the approval of both the department concerned and the School of Graduate Studies, such a student may:

1. Take additional courses, if required, in order to complete an approved master's degree in that department.
2. Seek admission to the graduate program of another department.

Course 701 Requirements (Dissertation Research, Pre- and Post-Candidacy)
When a student has been advanced to candidacy, he or she may begin dissertation research by formally registering for course 701 credits. At the point at which students begin registering for course 701, the department must identify a university faculty member who will serve as the doctoral student's principal research advisor and formally notify the dean of graduate studies. Students who have been advanced to candidacy may register for 1-9 credits of course 701 each fall and spring semester (or up to 6 credits for the summer when needed). In certain cases, students who have not advanced to candidacy may begin registering for up to a total of 6 credit hours of course 701 at the discretion of the department and upon written notification to the School of Graduate Studies. Pre-Candidacy 701 hour(s) may be taken concurrently with course work. Once a student begins registration of 701 hours, he or she must register for at least one credit hour of 701 each semester until graduation. Doctoral students have five consecutive calendar years from the semester of the first credited 701 registration, including leaves of absence, to complete all requirements for the doctorate.

Foreign Language Requirements
Although there is no general foreign language requirement for the doctorate, each department or supervising committee may set such requirements as are appropriate to the student's program of study. It is the student's responsibility to ascertain the foreign language requirements approved by the supervising unit. Each department must notify the School of Graduate Studies in writing of the specific language(s) required and the date of examination determining the student's proficiency in the required language(s).

Dissertation Requirements
All candidates for the PhD degree must electronically submit a dissertation as evidence of their ability to conduct independent research at an advanced level. The dissertation must represent a significant contribution to existing knowledge in the student's field, and at least a portion of the content must be suitable for publication in a reputable professional journal or as a book or monograph. Students must prepare their own dissertations. Joint dissertations are not permitted. The dissertation must conform to regulations concerning format, quality, and time of submission as established by the School of Graduate Studies. Detailed instructions can be obtained from the School of Graduate Studies (http://gradstudies.case.edu/current/graduation/phd.html). Research work connected with a dissertation is to be carried out under the direct supervision of a member of the university faculty selected by the student in consultation with departmental faculty and approved by the chair of the department.

Approved dissertations are to be uploaded to OhioLINK (http://etd.ohiolink.edu) before certification for the doctorate. Because dissertations are made public immediately upon acceptance, they should not contain proprietary or classified material. When the research relates to proprietary material, the student and advisor are responsible for making preliminary disclosures to the sponsor in advance to permit timely release of the dissertation. These arrangements must be disclosed when the dissertation is submitted to the School of Graduate Studies. The required form can be found in the graduation packet. (http://gradstudies.case.edu/current/graduation/phd.html)

Dissertation Research Advisor
Each doctoral student is responsible for becoming sufficiently familiar with the research interests of the department or program faculty to choose in a timely manner a faculty member who will serve as the student's research advisor. The research advisor is expected to provide mentorship in research conception, methods, performance, and ethics, as well as focus on development of the student's professional communication skills, building professional contacts in the field, and fostering the professional behavior standard of the field and research in general. The research
advisor also assists with the selection of the other faculty to serve as members of the dissertation advisory and defense committee.

**Dissertation Advisory and Defense Committee**

The composition of each student’s dissertation committee must have formal approval by the School of Graduate Studies on recommendation of the chair of the department, division, or curricular program committee. The dissertation committee must consist of a minimum of four members of the University faculty (any tenured or tenure-track Case Western Reserve University faculty member, and any CWRU full-time faculty member whose primary duties include research who is authorized to serve on a PhD dissertation committee by the school or college through which they are affiliated with the university). At least one of these CWRU faculty must hold a primary appointment that is outside of the student’s department, program, or school. The chair of the committee must be a CWRU tenured or tenure-track faculty member in the student’s program. The student’s dissertation research advisor must be a member of the committee and may serve as chair if consistent with departmental policy.

Persons who are not members of the University faculty may serve as additional members of the defense committee, subject to approval by the School of Graduate Studies. A petition with the rationale for the request must be submitted to the School of Graduate Studies along with the proposed member’s curriculum vitae. Under special conditions, a former faculty member whose time of leaving the university has not exceeded 18 months may be approved as a committee member by the School of Graduate Studies.

Throughout the development and completion of the dissertation, members of the dissertation advisory committee are expected to provide constructive criticism and helpful ideas generated by the research problem from the viewpoint of their particular expertise. Each member will make an assessment of the originality of the dissertation, its value, the contribution it makes, and the clarity with which concepts are communicated, especially to a person outside the field. The doctoral student is expected to arrange meetings and maintain periodic contact with each committee member. A meeting of the full committee for the purpose of assessing the student’s progress should occur at least once a year until the completion of the dissertation.

**Final Oral Examination (Defense of Dissertation)**

Each doctoral candidate is required to pass a final oral examination in defense of the dissertation. The examination may also include an inquiry into the candidate’s competence in the major and related fields.

The defense must be scheduled with the School of Graduate Studies no later than three weeks before the date of the examination. The chair of the examining committee should give approval to schedule the defense when the written dissertation is ready for public scrutiny. The candidate must provide to each member of the committee a copy of the completed dissertation at least ten days before the examination so that the committee members have an opportunity to read and discuss it in advance.

Scheduled defenses are publicized by the School of Graduate Studies, and any member of the university may be present at that portion of the examination pre-designated as public by the chair of the dissertation defense committee. Others may be present at the formal defense only by invitation of that chair.

It is expected that all members of the dissertation defense committee be present at the defense. Exceptions to this rule: a) must be approved by petition to the School of Graduate Studies and only under extraordinary circumstances; b) no more than one voting member can ever be absent; c) the absent member must participate through real-time video conferencing at the department’s expense; however, if such video conferencing is not available, the absent member may participate through telephone conferencing; and d) the student must always be physically present.

The dissertation defense committee is responsible for certifying that the quality and suitability of the material presented in the dissertation meet acceptable scholarly standards. A student will be certified as passing the final oral examination if no more than one of the voting members of the committee dissents.

**Institutional Review Board (IRB)**

The promotion of scholarship and the discovery of new knowledge through research are among the major functions of Case Western Reserve University. If this research is to be meaningful and beneficial to humanity, involvement of human subjects as experimental participants is necessary. It is imperative that investigators in all disciplines strive to protect human subjects. University policy and federal regulations demand compliance. Per federal regulations (45 CFR 46), all research involving human subjects requires submission of an IRB application (http://ora.ra.cwru.edu/research/orc/Case%20IRB%20System/CaseIRB.cfm) prior to initiation of research to the Case Western Reserve IRB.

Each IRB application must have a faculty member noted as the Responsible Investigator. Applications that are not fully completed as instructed will not be accepted. See university policy on the involvement of human participants in research for guidelines under which investigations involving human subjects may be pursued.

**Course Designations**

Courses numbered 100 to 399 are undergraduate-level courses. Courses numbered 400 and higher are graduate-level courses.

Graduate Students are expected to take courses at the 400-level or above. Some departments do allow courses at the 300-level to be used for graduate programs, however this should only occur when no graduate-level course is available. Departments are strongly encouraged to create cross listed graduate-level courses to accommodate this need. Graduate-level versions of courses must require additional work beyond that which is assigned to the undergraduate students in the course.

**Grading System**

See the University Registrar (p. 976) section of this Bulletin for a list of valid grades for the School of Graduate Studies and their appropriate use in assigning to graduate students. The only grades that can be changed after they have been assigned by the instructor are Incompletes (I). All others will remain permanently on the student’s academic record. Additional work cannot be done to change an existing grade to a higher grade.

There are some grading schemes in the School of Graduate Studies that have important policy implications. They are:
Incomplete (I)

Grades of I should only be assigned for letter-graded and Pass/No Pass courses for extenuating circumstances and only when a student fails to complete a small segment of the course. Students may not sit in the same course in a later semester to complete the work required for the original course. All work for the incomplete grade must be made up and the change of grade recorded in the Office of the University Registrar by the date specified by the instructor, but no later than the last day of class in the semester following the one in which the I was received. Grade changes received after that date must be accompanied by a petition signed by both the advisor and the department indicating the reason for the late change and must be approved by the Deputy Provost. Unresolved Incomplete grades will remain permanently on the student’s academic record, if the work is not made up by the designated deadline. A student who has a permanent Incomplete for a required course must retake the course in a later term. When an I grade is assigned by the instructor, he or she must also submit to the School of Graduate Studies the completed Arrangement to Resolve a Grade of Incomplete form (http://gradstudies.case.edu/current/forms.html) indicating the date that the I grade will be resolved. If the student cannot complete the work for the Incomplete by the specified deadline, he or she must petition for an extension which must be endorsed by the instructor, explain the reasons why the work has not been completed, and include a new date for completion. Students will be allowed only one extension of no more than one additional semester to complete the work for an I grade.

Pass/No Pass (P/NP)

Some graduate courses are graded on a pass or no pass basis, and students need to be aware of the regulations governing letter graded and pass/no pass credits. Of the minimum credit hours required beyond the bachelor’s degree to complete course work requirements, at least 12 credits must be letter graded for the master’s degree, and at least 24 credits must be letter graded for the PhD degree. For students with approved master’s degrees who are admitted to PhD programs, at least 12 credits of the required minimum of 18 credits of course work must be letter graded. Letter graded courses should be the courses most central to the student’s plan of study. Additional credit hours of letter graded course work may be specified by departmental policy. Performance evaluation for course 601 (Independent study/Research) is limited to P/ NP grading.

Satisfactory/Unsatisfactory (S/U)

Grades of Satisfactory (S) and Unsatisfactory (U) are to be used exclusively for two courses: 651 thesis research and 701 dissertation research. Satisfactory indicates an acceptable level of progress towards completion of the research required for the degree, and Unsatisfactory indicates an unacceptable level of progress towards completion of the research for the degree. Any student who receives a grade of U will automatically be put on academic probation, and if a second U is received, the student will be separated from further study in his or her degree program. Students who receive a U must repeat the course for the same number of credits the following semester.

School of Graduate Studies
Programs of Study

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Biomedical Sciences

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<td>MS/MD, MS/DMD</td>
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<tr>
<td>Environmental Health Sciences (p. 811)</td>
<td>MS</td>
<td>MS/MD</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Epidemiology and Biostatistics (p. 812)</td>
<td>MS, PhD</td>
<td>BS/MS (Applied Mathematics or Statistics BS, MD/PhD</td>
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<tr>
<td>Genetics</td>
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<td>MD/PhD</td>
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<tr>
<td>Genetic Counseling Training Program (p. 752)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Medical Physiology</td>
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<td>MS/MD</td>
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<tr>
<td>Medical Scientist Training Program (p. 808)</td>
<td>MS</td>
<td>MD/PhD in biomedical fields</td>
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<tr>
<td>Molecular Biology and Microbiology (p. 850)</td>
<td>PhD</td>
<td>MD/PhD</td>
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<tr>
<td>Molecular Medicine</td>
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<td>Nutrition</td>
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<td>Pathology</td>
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<td>MS/MD</td>
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<td>MD/PhD</td>
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<td>Physiology and Biophysics</td>
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<td>MD/PhD, MS/MBA</td>
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<tr>
<td>Public Health Nutrition</td>
<td>MS</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Systems Biology and Bioinformatics (p. 836)</td>
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<th>Programs</th>
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Engineering

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<tbody>
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<td>Aerospace Engineering (p. 130)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Biomedical Engineering (p. 27)</td>
<td>MS, PhD</td>
<td>BS/MS, MS/MD, MD/PhD</td>
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<td>Engineering Mechanics (p. 130)</td>
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<td>BS/MS</td>
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<td>MS, PhD</td>
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<tr>
<td>Master of Engineering Program (<a href="http://engineering.case.edu/meng/overview.htm">http://engineering.case.edu/meng/overview.htm</a>)</td>
<td>ME</td>
<td>BS/ME</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Master's in Engineering and Management (p. 9)</td>
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Professional Programs

Weatherhead School of Management

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<tr>
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</thead>
<tbody>
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<td>Accountancy (p. 982)</td>
<td>PhD in Management</td>
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<tr>
<td>Design and Innovation (p. 982)</td>
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<td>PhD in Management</td>
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<td>Organizational Behavior (p. 982)</td>
<td>PhD</td>
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<td>Operations (p. 982)</td>
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Epidemiology

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<th>Programs</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Master of Public Health (p. 813)</td>
<td>MPH</td>
<td>MA, MSN, MSSA, JD, MBA, MD, DMD, PhD</td>
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Frances Payne Bolton School of Nursing

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<tr>
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<td>PhD</td>
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Mandel School of Applied Social Sciences

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Programs</th>
<th>Degrees</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Social Welfare (p. 512)</td>
<td>PhD</td>
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</table>

Admission and Financial Aid

Admission and Financial Aid

Financial Aid

Tuition payments and fees (http://www.case.edu/finadmin/controller/bursar/tuition.htm) are administered through the Bursar’s office. For more information about financial assistance, students should contact the Office of University Financial Aid (http://financialaid.case.edu).

Admission

Applicants with good academic records from fully accredited universities and colleges will be considered for admission to graduate study (http://gradstudies.case.edu/prospect/admissions/admission.html) at Case Western Reserve University. Admission must be recommended by the department or professional school of the university in which the applicant proposes to work and must be approved by the dean of graduate studies. Prospective students apply for admission (http://gradstudies.case.edu/prospect/admissions/apply.html) through the School of Graduate Studies.

Admission of International Students

The admissions criteria for international students are the same as U.S. residents except for the following:

1. International students whose first language is not English must be able to speak, read, write, and comprehend English. English proficiency must be demonstrated by taking the Test of English as a Foreign Language (http://www.ets.org/toefl) (TOEFL). The minimum score to be considered for admission, depending on the format of the examination, is 577 (paper-based) or 90 (internet-based). IELTS test scores are also accepted with a minimum score requirement of 7.0. Please see the School of Graduate Studies website (http://gradstudies.case.edu/prospect/admissions/apply.html) for additional information.

Applicants are exempt from the TOEFL requirements if they:
- have completed a bachelor’s degree or higher at a foreign university where the instruction was in English
- have earned a bachelor’s degree or higher at a U.S. college or university

Please note that we are not able to offer "conditional admission" to students who do not meet the English language requirement.

1. To obtain a student visa, international students must demonstrate financial sufficiency by submitting bank statements and other financial documents indicating sufficient funds to support the tuition and living expenses for one academic year.

2. For those students who are to receive financial aid from the department, the amount of funds required will depend on the amount of the aid award. In some cases it will be living expenses, and in others more funds will be required.

When a letter of acceptance for an international student has been issued, a copy is sent to the Office of International Student Services (http://students.case.edu/international) where the I-20 is processed and sent to the student who must then obtain a student visa in order to begin study in the U.S.

Non-Degree Students

Individuals with earned bachelor’s degrees who want to enroll in classes for personal enrichment or to satisfy prerequisite course requirements for later admission to graduate programs must enroll as non-degree students through the School of Graduate Studies. Prospective non-degree students should apply for admission (http://gradstudies.case.edu/prospect/nondegree.html) through the School of Graduate Studies and submit an official transcript to verify their bachelor’s degree. Students may enroll in undergraduate and graduate level courses. Continuation in non-degree status is at the discretion of the dean of graduate studies. Non-degree students are not permitted to enroll in more than 21 hours for personal enrichment or to satisfy prerequisite course requirements for later admission to graduate programs.
of coursework in one program. In order to continue taking courses in that program, the student must be accepted into the graduate degree program. More information about enrolling as a non-degree student can be found at the School of Graduate Studies website. (http://gradstudies.case.edu/prospect/nondegree.html)

Transferring Non-degree Course Work
Applicants who are interested in transferring course work into graduate degree programs are encouraged to seek early advice from the departments to which they intend to apply to insure that courses taken as non-degree students will satisfy departmental requirements. Non-degree students cannot assume that they will be admitted to any graduate degree program, or that all course work taken will transfer into the program. Only 400 level and higher course work will be considered for graduate transfer. The term of the earliest approved, transferred course will establish the date of entrance into the degree program. Courses transferred from non-degree status must have been taken within five years of the first term of matriculation as a degree seeking student and passed with a grade of B or better. Students considering transfer into a degree program will need to meet a minimum matriculation requirement of two semesters and six semester hours of course work.

Postgraduate Audit Program
A postgraduate audit program allowing registration for coursework is available to individuals who hold a doctoral degree such as MD, DNP, DDS, or PhD and are involved in research or clinical programs at Case Western Reserve University. Additional information is available on the Office of Postdoctoral Affairs website (http://postdoc.case.edu/current/benefits.html).

Office of Postdoctoral Affairs

Office of Postdoctoral Affairs
The Office of Postdoctoral Affairs, located within the School of Graduate Studies, is responsible for the appointment of postdoctoral scholars and fellows, as well as the development, implementation and monitoring of all university policies applicable to these positions. Additional information is available on the Postdoctoral Affairs website (http://postdoc.case.edu).

Services
The following are some of the services that are offered by the Office of Postdoctoral Affairs:

• Employment-related activities including letters of appointment
• Extension, and termination of appointments for postdoctoral scholars and fellows
• Orientation
• Administration of the Postdoctoral Benefits Program
• Coordination of all grievance procedures

Definition of Postdoctoral Scholar
A postdoctoral scholar is defined as a special class of employee who:

• holds a PhD or equivalent
• works on scholarly projects funded by grants obtained by others at the University or is funded by department funds
• is engaged in a mentored training relationship with a member of the University faculty, and
• actively pursues fellowship/grant funding for his/her own research project in order to develop his/her future professional career.

Postdoctoral scholars are not to be confused with postdoctoral fellows who are not employees of the University and receive their funding from training grants, fellowships, or grants they have applied for and obtained from outside sources and not faculty-sponsored research grants. "Once such funding has been obtained, the postdoctoral scholar becomes a postdoctoral fellow.

Definition of Postdoctoral Fellow
A postdoctoral fellow is defined as a trainee (not an employee) who:

• holds a PhD or equivalent
• works on scholarly projects funded by training grants, fellowships, or grants they have applied for and obtained from outside sources
• is engaged in a mentored training relationship with a member of the University faculty, and
• actively pursues fellowship/grant funding for his/her own research project in order to develop his/her future professional career.

Criteria for Postdoctoral Scholars and Fellows

• The postdoctoral scholar/fellow was recently (normally within 5 years) awarded a PhD or equivalent degree in an appropriate field.
• The appointment is temporary and postdoctoral scholars/fellows are expected to complete their mentored training within 5 years.
• The time devoted to this appointment as well as the specific scholarly training activities will be decided in collaboration with the mentor and committed in writing in the form of a training plan. All postdoctoral scholars/fellows will be encouraged to pursue additional training and other opportunities in the respective areas up to 25% of their time.
• The appointee will train under the supervision of a senior scholar (faculty mentor).

Salary/Stipend Guidelines
CWRU uses the current year NIH NRSA scale (http://postdoc.case.edu/admin/salaries.html) as the minimum salary/stipend guidelines for all Postdoctoral Scholar and Postdoctoral Fellow positions. These guidelines apply regardless of funding source.

Postdoctoral Benefits Program
Postdoctoral scholars/fellow are eligible to participate in the Postdoctoral Benefits Program (http://postdoc.case.edu/current/benefits.html), but are excluded from participating in all other CWRU benefits including employee retirement and benefit plans. The postdoctoral benefits program offers the following plans:

• Anthem Blue Cross/Blue Shield Blue Access PPO Plan
• Dental: MetLife PPO
• Vision: EyeMed PPO
• Life and AD & D: MetLife

SIS Postdoctoral Appointment System
The Student Information System (SIS) postdoctoral appointment component allows for all appointment information and documentation (including visa, CV, diploma, and other documents) to be submitted electronically through SIS. It will also allow for electronic approval flow. Additional information on the appointment process and documents
required can be found on the Office of Postdoctoral Affairs (http://postdoc.case.edu) website.

Postgraduate Audit Program

A postgraduate audit program allowing registration for coursework is available to individuals who hold a doctoral degree such as MD, DNP, DDS, or PhD and are in training positions (e.g., fellows, etc.) in research or clinical programs at Case Western Reserve University. Additional information is available on the Office of Postdoctoral Affairs (http://postdoc.case.edu) website.
School of Law

Founded in 1892, the Case Western Reserve University School of Law (http://law.case.edu) is a charter member of the Association of American Law Schools and of the national law honorary society, the Order of the Coif. It was among the first law schools accredited by the American Bar Association.

The school has a student body of about 650 and a full-time faculty of about fifty. In the school’s early years, most students came from Ohio and remained in Ohio after graduation. Today, students come from all parts of the country, and there are CWRU law graduates in virtually every state (and in several foreign countries), and certainly in every major U.S. city. An active and aggressive Career Services Office works with students, graduates, and prospective employers from all over the nation to maximize job opportunities.

The Judge Ben C. Green Law Library

The law library’s holdings include more than 410,000 books and volume-equivalents, complete collections of federal and state law, law reviews, current law services, an extensive British and Commonwealth collection, and special collections in taxation, labor law, foreign investments, international law, and environmental law. The law library is building strong collections in law and medicine, intellectual property, and law of the European Union. It is a selective depository for both U.S. and Canadian government documents. There are computer facilities on every floor of the library, providing access to more than 700 electronic services and library catalogs, and a wide range of software services. The university boasts a fast and powerful computing network and wireless access, and the university network links the law school to the vast resources of the Internet. The law library is a member of OhioLINK, which is a consortium of Ohio’s college and university libraries and the State Library of Ohio. OhioLINK offers access to more than 31 million library items from 79 institutions. These materials include items from law, medical, and special collections.

The law library offers its users access to an ever-expanding list of electronic research databases as well as e-books. Electronic resources are accessible through the library catalog and the Law Library Services page on our website. Web-based databases offered include Lexis/Nexis and Westlaw as well as over 100 OhioLINK databases (including Index to Legal Periodicals and Medline). Many of these OhioLINK databases contain the full text of journal articles. Housed within the law library is a computer laboratory and a computer training classroom.

Special Programs

Litigation Program

Since the mid-1970s, the School of Law has invested heavily in its litigation program. Students practice the basic skills of trial advocacy in such courses as LAWS 6110 Trial Tactics, LAWS 6111 Appellate Practice, and in the co-curricular moot court and mock trial programs.

Study Abroad

The JD program in the law school offers a number of opportunities for students to engage in comparative legal study. The opportunities range from formal semester abroad programs (the School of Law has cooperative agreements with over 16 schools in Canada, Latin America, Europe, and Asia, allowing students to study at the host school for a semester and transfer the completed credits to the CWRU JD program), to various summer study programs, as well as the Case Abroad at Home program, which brings foreign scholars to our campus to offer special one-week intensive courses immediately prior to the start of the fall term each year.

Student Activities

Publications

The School of Law publishes three scholarly journals, all student-edited. The oldest is the Case Western Reserve Law Review. The Journal of International Law is a academic journal specializing in research in the areas of international and comparative law. Health Matrix: Journal of Law-Medicine began as a joint undertaking of all six of the university’s professional schools but since 1990, has been sponsored solely by the law school and its Law-Medicine Center.

Competitions

Moot Court

A student board administers the Dean Dunmore Competition, a year long program in which second-year (and a very few third-year) students participate. It culminates in a round-robin tournament involving 16 finalists. From those finalists, the board selects teams who will compete the following year in the National Moot Court Competition, the Craven Competition in constitutional law, and the Niagara Competition (sponsored by the Canada-U.S. Law Institute). Case Western Reserve also enters the Jessup International Competition; that team is selected by another student group, the Society of International Law Students.

Mock Trial

The Jonathan M. Ault Mock Trial Board sponsors an intramural competition from which emerge the members of interscholastic teams. Currently, the law school sends student representatives to the National Trial Competition, the National Student Trial Competition of the Association of Trial Lawyers of America, and a competition sponsored by the Academy of Trial Lawyers of Allegheny County, Pennsylvania.

Regulations and Rules of Conduct

The Academic Regulations of the School of Law are provided to each student upon matriculation through the law school’s website.

In addition to the university’s rules of conduct, law students are expected to comply with the American Bar Association’s Model Code of Professional Responsibility and Model Rules of Professional Conduct, to the extent that these are applicable, and with the law school’s own Code of Conduct. The Model Code and Model Rules are available in the law library. The school’s Code of Conduct, like the Academic Regulations, is provided to each student upon matriculation through the law school’s Intranet website.

Academic Centers

Milton A. Kramer Law Clinic Center

The Supreme Court of Ohio authorizes student practice under attorney supervision in the final year of law school. Through the clinic, students provide legal representation to indigent clients and community groups and receive academic credit. The supervising attorneys are full-time members of the law faculty. The clinical program is the capstone of the skills curriculum and offers specialized practice experiences in Criminal Justice, Community Development, Civil Litigation Practice, focused on
consumer matters, predatory lending, social security disability, and other public benefit issues, Immigration, Health Law, and Family Law.

**Center for Business Law and Regulation**

To better prepare its students and future leaders with a thorough understanding of the business issues facing entrepreneurs, entities, and other clients, the School of Law created the Center for Business Law and Regulation. The center focuses on expanding curricular offerings and programs as well as engaging in opportunities for legal, empirical, and interdisciplinary research, assessing the role and impact of government in the regulation of business. The center will also host special lectures and symposia to highlight topics in business law and foster public debate and inquiry regarding business regulation.

**Center for the Interdisciplinary Study of Conflict and Dispute Resolution (CICSDR)**

During this age of globalization, our world has begun to steadfastly look toward negotiation, mediation, arbitration and other forms of dispute resolution as alternative methods of solving conflict. Since the 1970s, the Alternative Dispute Resolution (ADR) movement has gained momentum in judicial and academic circles and is currently reflected in courses in most law schools, while the number of established mediation and arbitration practices continues to rise. To best prepare students for meeting these societal and legal changes, the School of Law has established the Center for the Interdisciplinary Study of Conflict and Dispute Resolution (CICSDR). CICSDR’s core mission is to encourage greater sensitivity to appropriate dispute resolution and skill development, preparing School of Law students for the multiple roles they will perform as lawyers in a global economy.

**Center for Law, Technology and the Arts**

The Center for Law, Technology, and the Arts was established as an internationally recognized forum for the interdisciplinary study of law, technology, and the arts. The Center focuses on teaching, research, and programs pertaining to intellectual property, technological innovation and technology transfer, the intersection of science, economics, philosophy, and law, legal issues concerning biotechnology and computer technologies, and laws and cultural issues relating to the creative arts. Through the Center, the law school is able to offer students opportunities to address important, topical issues relating to law and technology and law and the arts through a variety of courses, lectures, events, and symposia.

**Frederick K. Cox International Law Center**

The International Law Center serves as the stimulus for enhancing programs in international, comparative, and transnational law at the law school. It supports visiting scholars and visiting faculty at the law school to enrich the curriculum and research capacity of the resident faculty. It also supports the development of international information resources. Through a series of sister law school relationships, it seeks to attract foreign students to the law school and provide opportunities for Case Western Reserve law students to study abroad; it also provides opportunities for faculty to study and teach abroad.

**Institute for Global Security Law and Policy**

The events and aftermath of 9/11 have made security and counterterrorism fundamental, if not defining, concerns for the world community, nations, companies, the legal system, and individuals. The institute for Global Security Law and Policy was created in 2005 to provide a uniquely comprehensive hub for addressing the legal, financial, political, social, religious and cultural ramifications of counterterrorism, using an innovative multifaceted approach that integrates theory with practical application. The Institute develops and integrates the best learning from the academic and the real world and draws on numerous disciplines and experiences to provide innovative and world class programs, research, teaching, and service on the issues of security and counterterrorism. The work of the Institute serves as an invaluable resource to governments, businesses, organizations, the legal profession, and the general community.

**Law-Medicine Center**

The Law-Medicine Center at Case Western Reserve University has been in operation for over 50 years. It began with a focus on forensic medicine, but has broadened to include the whole range of legal, social, economic, scientific, and ethical issues in which law and medicine are interrelated. Besides the regular course offerings, the center frequently presents lectures, symposia, and workshops, and sponsors major conferences. It publishes a student-edited journal, Health Matrix: Journal of Law-Medicine. Participants in the center’s activities include not only university personnel, but also professionals from such institutions as University Hospitals of Cleveland and the Cleveland Clinic.

**Center for Social Justice**

The School of Law has a proud but little-known history of providing a welcoming atmosphere that attracted African American students in the years before desegregation. Many of those graduates went on to distinguished careers. The purpose of the Center for Social Justice is to honor those graduates and the School of Law’s historic commitment to racial equality, as well as to promote social justice now and in the future for various groups that experience discriminatory treatment today. Its activities include holding conferences and speaker programs, hosting scholars from academia and practice, expanding curricular coverage, and providing financial support to students working in the area of social justice full-time after graduation or during summers while in law school.

**Canada-United States Law Institute**

The Canada-U.S. Law Institute, established in 1976, is jointly sponsored by the law schools of Case Western Reserve University and the University of Western Ontario. Its primary educational purpose is to give students of both schools a comparative perspective on their own country's legal system. Each semester, up to six students from each school spend the term in residence at the other school. The school in which the student is a degree candidate gives full credit for the semester's work. The two schools also exchange faculty, usually for periods of one or a few days, but occasionally to teach one or more courses for a full semester.

A second purpose of the institute is to provide a framework for the exploration of transnational and international legal issues affecting the relationship between Canada and the United States. In addition to the regularly scheduled courses on Canadian-U.S. topics, the institute sponsors workshops and conferences, including annual conferences in Cleveland, which, in recent years, have dealt with Canadian-U.S. economic ties.

The institute also sponsors a regular publication, the Canada-U.S. Law Journal; the annual Niagara Moot Court Competition, in which students from U.S. and Canadian law schools participate; and special research projects, often with funding support.
Dual Degree Programs

For students in dual degree programs, 12 hours of elective credits in the JD program are waived in consideration of completion of the dual degree. Students must be separately admitted to both degree programs in order to pursue a dual degree, the qualitative requirements of both degrees must be fully met, and the two degrees must be earned simultaneously. Students must begin coursework in the second degree program prior to beginning the fifth semester of law school work. Also, no coursework completed prior to official matriculation in the law school may be counted towards the law school degree.

JD/MBA (Master of Business Administration)

Students may complete the three-year JD program and the two-year MBA program in four academic years by completing 133 credit hours (including a 7-credit-hour overload which can be taken during the academic year or during the summer semester).

The School of Law allows dual degree students to use 12 credit hours from the School of Law to fulfill both MBA and JD requirements. Students must achieve a grade of C or better to receive double credit for the courses. This reduces the total number of hours required for the two degrees by 24 credit hours.

JD/MBA students may enroll only on a full-time basis, except during summer sessions. Dual degree students must receive both the JD and the MBA degrees simultaneously upon completion of degree requirements at both schools in order to receive the 24 hours of cross-credits described above.

Throughout the dual degree program, JD/MBA students continue to register in the first school they attended. After completion of both degree programs, two separate diplomas are awarded. Course work for both programs must be completed within six years of the date of initial enrollment in either program.

JD/MA or JD/MS (Master of Arts or Master of Science)

Enrolling in both the School of Law and the School of Graduate Studies, a student complete a Juris Doctor (JD) and a Master of Arts (MA) or Master of Science (MS) degree and earn the two degrees in seven semesters or six semesters plus two summers. Law students enrolled in a dual JD/MA degree program may earn up to 12 credits toward the JD in graduate level courses. Current options for this dual degree are:

- MA – Art History and Museum Studies
- MA - Bioethics
- MA - Legal History
- MA - Political Science
- MS – Biochemistry

JD/MSSA (Master of Science in Social Administration)

A dual degree program established by the Mandel School of Applied Social Sciences and the School of Law makes it possible for selected full-time students to pursue an integrated program of studies and receive the MSSA and JD degrees within four years rather than the normal five years that would be required to earn the two degrees separately. Law students enrolled in the dual JD/MSSA program may earn up to 12 credits toward the JD in graduate level MSSA courses. Applicants for the dual degree program must apply to and meet the admission requirements of both professional schools and are encouraged to apply for admission to both programs simultaneously.

Dual degree students must receive the MSSA and JD degrees simultaneously to be granted credit for specific courses taken in the other program.

JD/MD (Doctor or Medicine)

The School of Law and the School of Medicine offer a specialized dual degree program that allows a student to complete both degrees in six years. Law students enrolled in the dual JD/MD degree program may earn up to 12 credits toward the JD in graduate level MD courses. A student who begins at the law school spends two years studying law, then four years studying medicine. Alternatively, a student may spend the first two years and the last two years at the medical school, and the two middle years at the law school.
**JD/MPH (Master of Public Health)**

The MPH degree will generally add a year of additional course work to the JD degree, creating a four-year program. Law students enrolled in the dual JD/MPH degree program may earn up to 12 credits toward the JD in graduate level MPH courses. The law school offers several health law courses that meet the MPH elective requirements.

**Juris Doctor (JD)**

**Juris Doctor**

The School of Law offers the Juris Doctor (JD) degree as well as several dual-degree programs. The JD degree requires successful completion of 88 credit hours, of which 38 hours are in required courses and 50 hours are elective courses - at least 2 of the elective credits must be used for the writing of a substantial research paper. The first year program for the JD degree consists mainly of the required basic courses.

**Required First Year Courses**

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>First Year</th>
<th>Units</th>
<th>Fall</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Introduction to Lawyering (LAWS 1100)</td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Contracts (LAWS 1101)</td>
<td>4</td>
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<tr>
<td>Criminal Law (LAWS 1102)</td>
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<td>Torts (LAWS 1103)</td>
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<td>Legal Writing, Leadership, Experiential Learning, Advocacy, and Professional 1 (LAWS 1801)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Civil Procedure (LAWS 1201)</td>
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<td>Constitutional Law I (LAWS 1202)</td>
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<td>Property (LAWS 1203)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Legal Writing, Leadership, Experiential Learning, Advocacy, and Professionalism 2 (LAWS 1802)</td>
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</table>

**Total Units in Sequence:** 17 + 16 = 33

**Required Second and Third Year Courses**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
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<th>Units</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>LAWS 2001</td>
<td>Professional Responsibility</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>LAWS 2803</td>
<td>Core 3: Transaction, Writing, and Skills</td>
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<tr>
<td>LAWS 2904</td>
<td>Legal Writing, Leadership, Experiential Learning, Advocacy, and Professionalism - Part 4</td>
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<tr>
<td>Completion of substantial research paper</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

**JD Curricular Concentrations**

JD students have an option to earn a curricular concentration by focusing their course selections within a particular area of legal study. Requirements for each particular concentration are listed below. In order to receive the concentration, students must earn at least 15-18 credits (varies by the specific concentration) in courses within the concentration, and earn an overall grade point average of 3.000 or higher amongst all courses defined by that concentration. Each concentration has a number of prescribed required courses, along with a menu of courses that can be counted as elective hours. Each concentration also has a writing requirement: a substantial research paper on a topic applicable to the concentration must be completed with a grade of B+ or higher; contact the concentration advisor for more details. Specific courses applicable to each concentration are subject to change by faculty review. Please obtain the most current concentration curriculum sheet from the Law School Academic Services Office. Each concentration has an assigned faculty leader who can assist students with course selection and curriculum planning.

**Business Organizations**

**Required Courses**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Required Courses</th>
<th>Units</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>LAWS 4401</td>
<td>Business Associations</td>
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<td>LAWS 5431</td>
<td>Securities Regulation</td>
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<td>LAWS 5412</td>
<td>Advanced Securities Regulation</td>
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<tr>
<td>LAWS 5416</td>
<td>Business Planning</td>
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<tr>
<td>LAWS 5417</td>
<td>Business, Capital Markets, and the Role of Lawyers</td>
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<td>LAWS 6012</td>
<td>Community Development Clinic II</td>
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<tr>
<td>LAWS 5403</td>
<td>Federal Taxation of Corporations and Shareholders</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>LAWS 5404</td>
<td>Federal Taxation of Partnerships and Partners</td>
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<tr>
<td>LAWS 5422</td>
<td>Financial Markets: Law, Theory, and Practice</td>
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<tr>
<td>LAWS 5421</td>
<td>Financial Principles for Lawyers</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>LAWS 5131</td>
<td>Global Corporate Governance Lab</td>
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<tr>
<td>LAWS 5425</td>
<td>International Business Organizations</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LAWS 5120</td>
<td>International Business Transactions</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LAWS 5427</td>
<td>Mergers and Acquisitions</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Criminal Law

**Required Courses**
- LAWS 4807: Criminal Procedure I (3 units)
- LAWS 5718: Criminal Procedure II (2 units)
- LAWS 4808: Evidence (4 units)

**Elective Courses**
- LAWS 5905: Advanced Evidence (3 units)
- LAWS 5113: National Security Law 2: Counterterrorism (2 units)
- LAWS 6022: Criminal Justice Clinic II (2 units)
- LAWS 5213: Criminal Law and Psychiatry (2 units)
- LAWS 5721: Death Penalty Lab (3 units)
- LAWS 5722: Death Penalty Lab II (3 units)
- LAWS 5132: Homeland Security/USCG Lab (3 units)
- LAWS 5116: International Criminal Law and Procedure (3 units)
- LAWS 5736: Juvenile Law (3 units)
- LAWS 6108: Pretrial Practice: Criminal (3 units)
- LAWS 5749: Prisoner Rights & Litigation (3 units)
- LAWS 5751: Scientific Evidence in Criminal Litigation (3 units)
- LAWS 5919: Scientific Evidence and Advanced Research (3 units)
- LAWS 6110: Trial Tactics (3 units)
- LAWS 5118: War Crimes Research Lab (3 units)
- LAWS 5924: White Collar Crime Research Seminar (3 units)
- LAWS 5925: Wrongful Convictions Seminar (3 units)

**Total Units:** 15

### Litigation / Alternative Dispute Resolution

**Required Courses**
- LAWS 4808: Evidence (3 units)

**Elective Courses**
- LAWS 4806: Administrative Law (3 units)
- LAWS 5907: Arbitration Law and Practice Seminar (3 units)
- LAWS 6103: Basic Mediation Training (3 units)
- LAWS 5212: Civil Law and Psychiatry (3 units)
- LAWS 5713: Complex Federal Criminal Investigation and Prosecution (3 units)
- LAWS 5714: Complex Litigation (3 units)
- LAWS 5716: Conflict of Laws (3 units)
- LAWS 5313: Copyright and Trademark Litigation (3 units)
- LAWS 5213: Criminal Law and Psychiatry (3 units)
- LAWS 4807: Criminal Procedure I (3 units)
- LAWS 5718: Criminal Procedure II (3 units)
- LAWS 5720: Death Penalty Law and Process (3 units)
- LAWS 5726: Employment Law (3 units)
- LAWS 5729: Expert Testimony in Civil Cases (3 units)
- LAWS 5904: Famous American Trials Seminar (3 units)

**Practice Electives**
- LAWS 5707: Alternative Dispute Resolution (3 units)
- LAWS 6111: Appellate Practice (3 units)
- LAWS 7005: City Law Externship (3 units)
- LAWS 5721: Death Penalty Lab (3 units)
- LAWS 5722: Death Penalty Lab II (3 units)
- LAWS 7015: Federal Public Defender Externship (3 units)
- LAWS 7045: Judicial Externship Seminar (3 units)
- LAWS 6550: Mock Trial (3 units)
- LAWS 6107: Pretrial Practice: Civil (3 units)
- LAWS 7050: Prosecutor's Office Externship (3 units)
- LAWS 5133: Terrorism Prosecution Lab (3 units)
- LAWS 7061: United States Attorney Externship: Criminal (3 units)

**Total Units:** 16

* or any clinic course except Community Development.
** must take at least one Doctrinal and one Practice course
+ 4 credits of any clinical course except Community Development may be taken as Practice Courses

### Health Law

**Required Courses**
- LAWS 4201: Health Law (3 units)

**One of the following:**
- LAWS 4401: Business Associations (3 units)
- LAWS 4808: Evidence (3 units)
- LAWS 4806: Administrative Law (3 units)

**Elective Courses**
- LAWS 4200: Bioethics and Law (3 units)
- LAWS 5202: Bioethics and Law (opt'l additional writing seminar) (3 units)
- LAWS 5210: Biotechnology Law and Practice (3 units)
- LAWS 5212: Civil Law and Psychiatry (3 units)
- LAWS 5213: Criminal Law and Psychiatry (3 units)
- LAWS 5723: Disability Law (3 units)
- LAWS 5724: Discrimination in Employment (3 units)
- LAWS 5729: Expert Testimony in Civil Cases (3 units)
- LAWS 5203: Food And Drug Law (3 units)
- LAWS 5204: Genetics and Law (3 units)
- LAWS 5219: Health Care Transactions (3 units)
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<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>LAWS 5221</td>
<td>Hospital and Physician Organization Law</td>
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<tr>
<td>LAWS 6032</td>
<td>Health Law Clinic II</td>
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<tr>
<td>LAWS 6513</td>
<td>Health Matrix (Editors)</td>
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<tr>
<td>LAWS 6503</td>
<td>Health Matrix Seminar</td>
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<tr>
<td>LAWS 6106</td>
<td>Pretrial Practice: Medical Malpractice</td>
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<tr>
<td>LAWS 5205</td>
<td>Public Health Law</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LAWS 5918</td>
<td>Reproductive Rights Seminar</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LAWS 5225</td>
<td>Research Ethics and Regulation</td>
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<tr>
<td>LAWS 5751</td>
<td>Scientific Evidence in Criminal Litigation</td>
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Total Units: 15

**International Law**

**Required Courses**

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<td>International Law</td>
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One of the following:

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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>LAWS 4806</td>
<td>Administrative Law</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LAWS 4401</td>
<td>Business Associations</td>
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<tr>
<td>LAWS 4808</td>
<td>Evidence</td>
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**Elective Courses**

* Must include at least one course from Public Int'l Law and at least one course from Int'l Bus Law

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>LAWS 5710</td>
<td>Canon Law</td>
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<tr>
<td>LAWS 5113</td>
<td>National Security Law 2: Counterterrorism</td>
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<tr>
<td>LAWS 5132</td>
<td>Homeland Security/USCG Lab</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LAWS 5215</td>
<td>Health Care and Human Rights</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LAWS 5733</td>
<td>Immigration Law</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LAWS 5734</td>
<td>Immigration Law II</td>
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<tr>
<td>LAWS 6101</td>
<td>Immigration Law Practicum I</td>
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<tr>
<td>LAWS 6102</td>
<td>Immigration Law Practicum II</td>
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<tr>
<td>LAWS 5121</td>
<td>International Criminal Law and Procedure</td>
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<tr>
<td>LAWS 5735</td>
<td>International Environmental Law</td>
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<td>LAWS 5116</td>
<td>International Human Rights</td>
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<tr>
<td>LAWS 5136</td>
<td>International Humanitarian Law</td>
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<tr>
<td>LAWS 5117</td>
<td>International Organizations</td>
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<tr>
<td>LAWS 7035</td>
<td>International Tribunal Externship</td>
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<tr>
<td>LAWS 5118</td>
<td>War Crimes Research Lab</td>
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<tr>
<td>LAWS 5119</td>
<td>Intervention Law: Iraq and Vietnam</td>
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<tr>
<td>LAWS 5124</td>
<td>Islamic Law</td>
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<tr>
<td>LAWS 5125</td>
<td>Jewish Law</td>
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<td>LAWS 5745</td>
<td>National Security Law</td>
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**International Business Law electives**

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<tr>
<td>LAWS 5111</td>
<td>Admiralty Law</td>
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<td>LAWS 5112</td>
<td>Canada-United States Law Institute Seminar</td>
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<tr>
<td>LAWS 5716</td>
<td>Conflict of Laws</td>
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<tr>
<td>LAWS 5314</td>
<td>Cyberlaw</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LAWS 5114</td>
<td>European Union Law</td>
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<tr>
<td>LAWS 5131</td>
<td>Global Corporate Governance Lab</td>
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<tr>
<td>LAWS 5115</td>
<td>International Arbitration</td>
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<td>LAWS 5425</td>
<td>International Business Organizations</td>
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<td>International Business Transactions</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LAWS 5122</td>
<td>International Litigation Research Seminar</td>
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<tr>
<td>LAWS 5321</td>
<td>International Issues in Intellectual Property Seminar</td>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>LAWS 5426</td>
<td>International Real Estate Transactions</td>
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<tr>
<td>LAWS 5408</td>
<td>International Tax Policy Seminar</td>
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<td>LAWS 5123</td>
<td>International Trade Law and Policy</td>
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<tr>
<td>LAWS 5913</td>
<td>Labor and Employment Law Issues in the Global Economy</td>
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Total Units: 15

**Law, Technology, and the Arts**

**Required Courses** (at least 2 of the following)

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<td>Copyright Law</td>
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<td>LAWS 5314</td>
<td>Cyberlaw</td>
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<tr>
<td>LAWS 4302</td>
<td>Patent Law</td>
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<tr>
<td>LAWS 4303</td>
<td>Trademark Law</td>
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**Elective Courses**

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<tr>
<td>LAWS 5211</td>
<td>Biotechnology Law and Policy</td>
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<tr>
<td>LAWS 5110</td>
<td>Contemporary Issues in International and Comparative Law ((IP Topic))</td>
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<tr>
<td>LAWS 5461</td>
<td>Commercial Information and the Law</td>
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<tr>
<td>LAWS 5341</td>
<td>Commercialization and Intellectual Property Management</td>
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<tr>
<td>LAWS 5311</td>
<td>Computer Law and Policy</td>
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<tr>
<td>LAWS 5361</td>
<td>Contexts of Authorship and Invention</td>
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<td>LAWS 5362</td>
<td>Copyright in the Digital Millennium Seminar</td>
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<td>LAWS 5313</td>
<td>Copyright and Trademark Litigation</td>
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<td>LAWS 5728</td>
<td>ePayment Systems</td>
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<tr>
<td>LAWS 5315</td>
<td>Entertainment Law</td>
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<td>ENGL 525</td>
<td>Intellectual Property and the Construction of Authorship</td>
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<tr>
<td>LAWS 5322</td>
<td>Intellectual Property &amp; Dealing</td>
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<td>LAWS 5323</td>
<td>Intellectual Property from a Business and Strategic Planning Perspective</td>
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<td>Intellectual Property Theory Seminar</td>
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<td>Intellectual Property Transactions</td>
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<td>LAWS 5320</td>
<td>Internet Business and Law</td>
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<td>LAWS 6505</td>
<td>Law, Technology and Internet Journal</td>
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<tr>
<td>LAWS 5739</td>
<td>Law of Archeological Relics</td>
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<tr>
<td>LAWS 5324</td>
<td>Law of the Music Industry</td>
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<td>LAWS 5325</td>
<td>Law of the Visual Arts</td>
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<tr>
<td>LAWS 5335</td>
<td>Negotiation Strategies in Sports Management</td>
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<td>LAWS 5326</td>
<td>Patent Litigation</td>
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<td>LAWS 5327</td>
<td>Patent Prosecution</td>
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<td>LAWS 5334</td>
<td>Representing the Musical Artist</td>
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<td>Representing the Professional Athlete</td>
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<td>LAWS 5332</td>
<td>Sports Law</td>
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<tr>
<td>LAWS 5317</td>
<td>The Intersection of Unfair Competition and Intellectual Property</td>
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Total Units: 18
### Public Law – Public and Regulatory Institutions

**Required Courses**

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<td>Administrative Law</td>
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<tr>
<td>LAWS 5731</td>
<td>Federal Courts</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>LAWS 5743</td>
<td>Legislation</td>
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**Elective Courses**

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<tbody>
<tr>
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<td>Community Development Clinic II</td>
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<tr>
<td>LAWS 5717</td>
<td>Constitutional Law II</td>
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<tr>
<td>LAWS 5908</td>
<td>Constitutional Law Research Seminar</td>
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<tr>
<td>LAWS 5909</td>
<td>Current Controversies in Environmental Law</td>
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<tr>
<td>LAWS 5724</td>
<td>Discrimination in Employment</td>
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<tr>
<td>LAWS 5727</td>
<td>Environmental Law</td>
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<td>LAWS 5910</td>
<td>Environmental Law Research Seminar</td>
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<td>LAWS 5203</td>
<td>Food And Drug Law</td>
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<td>LAWS 5733</td>
<td>Immigration Law</td>
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<td>Immigration Law Practicum I</td>
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<td>LAWS 5735</td>
<td>International Environmental Law</td>
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<tr>
<td>LAWS 5737</td>
<td>Labor Law</td>
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<td>LAWS 5738</td>
<td>Land Use Control</td>
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<td>LAWS 4402</td>
<td>Nonprofit Organizations Law</td>
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<td>LAWS 5746</td>
<td>Ohio Constitutional History</td>
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<td>LAWS 5748</td>
<td>Poverty, Social Inequality, and the Law</td>
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<td>LAWS 5205</td>
<td>Public Health Law</td>
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<tr>
<td>LAWS 5762</td>
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**Total Units**

17

### Public Law – Individual Rights and Social Reform

**Required Courses**

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<th>Course Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
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<td>LAWS 5717</td>
<td>Constitutional Law II</td>
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<tr>
<td>LAWS 5731</td>
<td>Federal Courts</td>
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**Elective Courses**

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<td>LAWS 5212</td>
<td>Civil Law and Psychiatry</td>
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<tr>
<td>LAWS 5711</td>
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<td>LAWS 5712</td>
<td>Community Development Law</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>LAWS 5908</td>
<td>Constitutional Law Research Seminar</td>
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<td>LAWS 5113</td>
<td>National Security Law 2: Counterterrorism</td>
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<td>LAWS 6021</td>
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<td>LAWS 5213</td>
<td>Criminal Law and Psychiatry</td>
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<td>LAWS 5718</td>
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<td>LAWS 5720</td>
<td>Death Penalty Law and Process</td>
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<td>LAWS 5721</td>
<td>Death Penalty Lab</td>
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<td>LAWS 5722</td>
<td>Death Penalty Lab II</td>
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<tr>
<td>LAWS 5724</td>
<td>Discrimination in Employment</td>
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<tr>
<td>LAWS 5725</td>
<td>Education Law</td>
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<tr>
<td>LAWS 6031</td>
<td>Health Law Clinic I</td>
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<td>LAWS 5733</td>
<td>Immigration Law</td>
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<td>LAWS 5734</td>
<td>Immigration Law II</td>
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<tr>
<td>LAWS 6101</td>
<td>Immigration Law Practicum I</td>
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<td>LAWS 5116</td>
<td>International Human Rights</td>
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<td>LAWS 5736</td>
<td>Juvenile Law</td>
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<tr>
<td>LAWS 5743</td>
<td>Legislation</td>
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<tr>
<td>LAWS 4402</td>
<td>Nonprofit Organizations Law</td>
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<tr>
<td>LAWS 5746</td>
<td>Ohio Constitutional History</td>
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<tr>
<td>LAWS 5748</td>
<td>Poverty, Social Inequality, and the Law</td>
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<td>LAWS 5749</td>
<td>Prisoner Rights &amp; Litigation</td>
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<tr>
<td>LAWS 5916</td>
<td>Religion Clauses of First Amendment Seminar</td>
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<td>LAWS 5918</td>
<td>Reproductive Rights Seminar</td>
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<tr>
<td>LAWS 5751</td>
<td>Scientific Evidence in Criminal Litigation</td>
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<td>LAWS 5755</td>
<td>Sexual Orientation &amp; the Law</td>
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<td>LAWS 5922</td>
<td>Supreme Court Seminar</td>
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<tr>
<td>LAWS 5925</td>
<td>Wrongful Convictions Seminar</td>
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**Total Units**

17

### National Security

**Required Courses**

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<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>LAWS 5113</td>
<td>National Security Law 2: Counterterrorism</td>
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<tr>
<td>LAWS 4807</td>
<td>Criminal Procedure I</td>
<td>3</td>
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<td>LAWS 5745</td>
<td>National Security Law</td>
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**Elective Courses**

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>LAWS 5717</td>
<td>Constitutional Law II</td>
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<td>LAWS 5718</td>
<td>Criminal Procedure II</td>
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<tr>
<td>LAWS 5731</td>
<td>Federal Courts</td>
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<td>LAWS 5423</td>
<td>Financial System Integrity</td>
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<td>LAWS 5732</td>
<td>Government Contracts</td>
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<td>LAWS 5132</td>
<td>Homeland Security/USCG Lab</td>
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<tr>
<td>LAWS 5733</td>
<td>Immigration Law</td>
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<td>LAWS 6102</td>
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<td>LAWS 5121</td>
<td>International Criminal Law and Procedure</td>
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<td>LAWS 5116</td>
<td>International Human Rights</td>
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<td>LAWS 5136</td>
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<td>LAWS 4101</td>
<td>International Law</td>
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<td>LAWS 5118</td>
<td>War Crimes Research Lab</td>
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<tr>
<td>LAWS 5743</td>
<td>Legislation</td>
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</table>

**Case Abroad at Home courses (National Security topic, with advisor approval)**

**Summer Institute courses (National Security topic, with advisor approval)**

**Total Units**

15
Graduate Law Programs

Graduate Law Programs

Programs for foreign-educated lawyers

Three different Master of Laws (LLM) programs are offered to students who have completed legal training outside of the United States. These programs allow students to spend one year in an intensive study program to gain exposure and immersion into the legal theory and practices of the U.S., and to engage in comparative study of the U.S. and other international legal systems. Building on a base of required courses specific to the International LLM programs, each LLM student will develop a individual plan of study leading to a Master of Laws degree in general United States and Global Legal Studies, or the more focused fields of Intellectual Property Law or International Business Law. Students in general United States and Global Legal Studies have the option to pursue a particular curricular concentration by consulting with the director of Foreign Graduate Studies and choosing a focus area in their elective courses.

LAWS 4901  Foreign Graduate Seminar 1
LAWS 4902  U.S. Legal Writing for Foreign Law Graduates 2
LAWS 4903  U.S. Contract Law 3
LAWS 4904  Doing Business in the United States 3
Elective courses as approved by program director 14
Total Units 23

Each student’s courses will be determined by the program director in consultation with the student and will be based on the student’s prior legal education and interests. After completion of the degree requirements, students may elect to spend a summer internship with a law firm or corporate legal department in the United States. Further information and admission materials may be requested from the Foreign Graduate Studies Program office. (http://www.case.edu/law/llm)

Doctor of Juridical Science

The Doctor of Juridical Science (SJD) offers advanced academic study of law for students who hold either a JD degree or an equivalent professional law degree from a country outside of the USA, and some promise for advanced academic study. The SJD program is highly individualized and tailored to the student’s aspirations. The program will train graduates for positions of leadership in academia, research or policy making. Students will spend at least two semesters in advanced coursework, as determined by the student’s graduate program adviser. The student will then undertake significant research resulting in the writing of a doctoral dissertation under the supervision of a selected faculty member. Students must spend at least one full year in full-time residence at the law school. Completion of the SJD program typically will require two to three years of full-time effort. Further information and admission materials may be requested from the Director of SJD programs.

International Criminal Law

The Master of Laws (LLM) program in International Criminal Law is a one-year advanced study program to students who hold the JD degree from a U.S. law school, or equivalent training from a school outside of the USA. It provides students with an in-depth knowledge of international criminal law and procedure, international humanitarian law, and national security law, and will equip them to practice international criminal law before international tribunals or national courts. Students will plan their course of study by working closely with the Program Director. Selected students will also have the opportunity to participate in one of our International Criminal Tribunal Externships during one of their semesters in the program.

School of Law Courses

Courses

LAWS 1100. Introduction to Lawyering. 1 Unit.
This course is the first component of the CaseArc Integrated Lawyering Skills Program. It is an introduction and orientation to the study of law and lawyering skills. The course introduces students to issues of professionalism, interviewing skills, the trial and appellate processes as well as legal analysis, writing and argumentation. It also introduces students to skills for preparation and participation in the law school classroom and to comparative analysis of different legal systems. The course is required for all entering students and is scheduled each day of the week prior to the beginning of regular classes in the fall semester.

LAWS 1101. Contracts. 4 Units.
The formation of a contract; problems of offer and acceptance; consideration; the question of contract breach; damages and remedies for a breach. Required.

LAWS 1102. Criminal Law. 4 Units.
A basic course in substantive criminal law, dealing with the standards to be used in defining and punishing criminal behavior. The course includes discussion of crimes and criminality; culpable mental states; causation; insanity; attempt and complicity; homicide; and rape. Required.

LAWS 1103. Torts. 4 Units.
This course covers compensation of an injured party for harm resulting from intentional or unintentional acts and omissions of others. Consideration is given to the rules, rationale, and policy underlying tort liability. The course includes analysis of assault and battery, false imprisonment, negligence, standard of care, duty, risk, causation, liabilities and rights of landowners and land users, liability relating to dangerous activities and defective products, liabilities arising from special relationships or specially recognized legal interests, and defenses. Required.

LAWS 1201. Civil Procedure. 4 Units.
A broad survey of the procedural development of a lawsuit is undertaken, tracing the various steps from pleading and discovery to trials and judgments. Modern procedural issues involved in jurisdiction of the courts, venue, choice of law, and former adjudications are discussed. Throughout the course principal attention is given to the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. Required.

LAWS 1202. Constitutional Law I. 4 Units.
The constitutional system of the United States; judicial function in constitutional cases; the division of powers between the nation and the states and within the national government; the powers of the president; national and state citizenship; and constitutional limitations on the powers of the states and nation for the protection of individual liberties. Required.

LAWS 1203. Property. 4 Units.
The nature of property interests; estates in land and future interests; concurrent ownership; landlord-tenant; transfer of property interests; easements, covenants, and equitable servitudes; nuisance; and zoning. Required.
LAWS 1801. Legal Writing, Leadership, Experiential Learning, Advocacy, and Professionalism 1. 4 Units.
Students will study the fundamental lawyering skills of researching, analyzing, and writing about the law in LLEAP 1 (Fall semester of first year) and LLEAP 2 (Spring semester of first year.) Skills include objective analysis and writing, complex factual and legal analysis and persuasive writing. In the simulation portion of the course students will begin to develop the basic skills of client counseling and oral advocacy.

LAWS 1802. Legal Writing, Leadership, Experiential Learning, Advocacy, and Professionalism 2. 4 Units.
Students will study the fundamental lawyering skills of researching, analyzing, and writing about the law in LLEAP 1 (Fall semester of first year) and LLEAP 2 (Spring semester of first year), Skills include objective analysis and writing, complex factual and legal analysis and persuasive writing. In the simulation portion of the course students will begin to develop the basic skills of client counseling and oral advocacy. The LLEAP 2 course particularly focuses on legal transactions. Students will learn the basic principles of reading, analyzing and drafting a contract, including identifying and developing substantive deal terms and contractual processes that should be added to the contract, although not identified by the client. By means of a simulated negotiation, the students will conduct a mock client interview and a business negotiation. Prereq: LAWS 1801.

LAWS 2001. Professional Responsibility. 3 Units.
This course deals with questions underlying the responsibilities of the lawyer, as a professional, to self, society, client, and the profession. Premises concerning the lawyer's role or roles within the context of the adversary system are examined in some detail, as is the idea of professionalism. The Model Code of Professional Responsibility and the Model Rules of Professional Conduct are analyzed as generalized statements of the aspirations and obligations of lawyers, and as applied to concrete problems. Required.

LAWS 2803. Core 3: Transaction, Writing, and Skills. 2 Units.
This is the third of the required sequence of four courses in which students are introduced to the fundamental skills of practicing law. Students build on their learning in CORE 1 and CORE 2 by applying the principles of legal research, analysis, writing, interviewing, counseling and negotiation in the transactional setting. Students also learn about the challenges of applying these lawyering skills in the representation of groups and entities. The format of the course and teaching methods are similar to CORE 1 and CORE 2. Students must take this course sometime during the second year of law school, in either the fall or spring semester. Prereq or Coreq: LAWS 4401

LAWS 2904. Legal Writing, Leadership, Experiential Learning, Advocacy, and Professionalism - Part 4. 2 - 4 Units.
This course will serve as the classroom component to the capstone fieldwork experience (either a clinic or approved capstone externship) that each student will complete during his or her third-year in law school. This course will serve several purposes, including: (i) discussion of fieldwork in a collaborative law-firm setting, (ii) coverage of foundational substantive law related to the fieldwork, (iii) coverage of skills-training components, (iv) reflection on and discussion of ethical and professionalism issues associated with the fieldwork experiences and commonly faced by lawyers engaged in this type of work, and (v) leadership training tailored to lawyers.

LAWS 3901. International Law. 2 Units.
An introduction to basic comparative, transnational, and international law disciplines. Using areas of substantive and procedural law familiar to first-year students, the course examines issues arising from cross-national activity. Students are exposed to choice of law, comparative law, international law, and international institutions.

LAWS 4200. Bioethics and Law. 2 Units.
This course will explore how the legal and policy systems reconcile competing values and interests in controversies surrounding the practice of medicine. Case law, legislation, administrative law, and institutional policies will be examined, as well as selected commentary from the legal, medical, and philosophical perspectives. Substantive topics will include end-of-life issues, informed consent, use of new reproductive technologies, and other timely subjects in bioethics.

LAWS 4201. Health Law. 3 Units.
The course examines the nature and structure of the health care system; the relationship between patient, provider, and payer; private legal controls on health care delivery such as malpractice and informed consent law; and public controls in the form of government regulatory and payment programs. Offered as HSMC 427 and LAWS 227.

LAWS 4300. Intellectual Property Survey. 2 Units.
This course is designed to provide students with an overview of several areas of law traditionally associated with intellectual property or IP, including copyright law, which pertains to the protection of literary, musical, and artistic creations and has issues replete with First Amendment implications; patent law and trade secret law, which focus on the protection of technological works ranging from chemical formulae, to software, to biotechnology; and trademark law, which relates to the goodwill associated with corporate identity and product recognition. We will also devote time to the study of the philosophy and economics of intellectual property keeping in mind, throughout the course, the need to strike an optimal balance between incentives to create and commercialize intellectual creations on the one hand and public access to these creations on the other hand.

LAWS 4301. Copyright Law. 3 Units.
Copyright law is the in-depth study of the legal doctrine and policy relating to the protection of one's artistic, literary, musical, and computer-related expression. We will focus primarily on the 1976 Copyright Act and amendments thereto, such as the Digital Millennium Copyright Act of 1998.

LAWS 4302. Patent Law. 2 - 3 Units.
Basic concepts of patent law as property considered primarily in its substantive aspects, including the relationship to other forms of protection and intellectual property, infringement, and statutory requirements for patents.

LAWS 4303. Trademark Law. 3 Units.
Trademark Law is the study of how commercial entities use words and designs to identify the source their products and services in the minds of consumers and competitors. This course focuses on domestic and international trademark acquisition, retention, transfer, registration, and infringement. In addition to the common law of trademarks and unfair competition, much of this course will be devoted to studying the statutory scheme of federal trademark law.
LAWS 4401. Business Associations. 5 Units.
This course is an introduction to the law of business associations, including general and limited partnerships, limited liability companies, and corporations. The functions and relationships of enterprise participants, primarily promoters, equity owners, creditors, and managers are investigated. The course covers pre-organizational problems and then canvasses the roles of ownership and management, with emphasis on the special duties (fiduciary and other) imposed on certain participants in publicly and closely-held entities. The regulation of securities fraud, proxy voting and solicitations, and the issuance of securities under the federal securities laws is explored. Fundamental concepts of business financing, including valuation of the concern and claim structure, are investigated. Organic changes, including dissolutions, mergers, and tender offers, are discussed.

LAWS 4402. Nonprofit Organizations Law. 2 Units.
Explores the rationales for the existence of the nonprofit sector and the allocation of certain functions to it. The focus is on the legal framework for the structure and operation of nonprofit organizations under state nonprofit corporation statutes and the policy and practice of preferred tax treatment for selected organizations and gifts to them under the Internal Revenue Code.

LAWS 4404. Sales. 3 Units.
One of the basic courses in commercial law. It serves equally as an introduction to the general organization, structure, and appropriate application of the Uniform Commercial Code. Primarily we study the law of Sale of Goods under Article 2 of the U.C.C. Necessarily this includes a study of products liability law, which is explored under both sales warranty and strict tort liability theories. The interrelationship between these competing theories of products liability law are also investigated. Other specific topics studied are the legal rules applicable to 1) the formation of sale contract, including the battle of the forms, statute of frauds, and parol evidence rule, 2) performance of and excuse of performance from the sales contract, including breach of the sales contract. Students may not take both LAWS 381 and LAWS 266 (Sales and Secured Financing).

LAWS 4405. Federal Income Tax. 4 Units.
An introductory course in federal income taxation of the individual taxpayer, including a consideration of the nature of income, specific statutory exclusions, business and nonbusiness deductions, the treatment of capital gains and losses, and elementary tax accounting.

LAWS 4701. Dispute Resolution. 2 Units.
This course will examine the characteristic methods by which American courts resolve disputes, and will then compare those methods with those used by alternative institutions of dispute resolution such as administrative agencies, arbitration, and mediation negotiation. In resolving disputed issues of law, American courts are constrained by doctrines of precedent, stare decisis, and the principles of statutory interpretation, all of which will be treated in some depth in the course. Disputed issues of fact in American courts are commonly decided by juries consisting of ordinary citizens, and the course will explore a number of features of the jury as it impacts litigation in courts. The portion of the course devoted to alternative dispute resolution will involve some simulations and role-playing exercises. There will be a single examination at the end of the term which will be the primary basis for grading.

LAWS 4702. Courts, Public Policy, and Social Change. 2 Units.
Examines the social impact of law and use of social research in the legal process, assesses efforts to use law to effect social reform, and empirical studies of legal processes and institutions. Recommended preparation: Graduate standing or consent of department. Offered as LAWS 285 and POSC 429.

LAWS 4808. Evidence. 4 Units.
A comprehensive course in the law of evidence as applied in civil and criminal cases. Subjects include relevance, hearsay, judicial notice, privileges, examination of witnesses, expert and lay opinion testimony, and real, demonstrative, and scientific evidence. This course deals with both the practical applications and theoretical underpinnings of the Federal Rules of Evidence and common law precedents. Students may not take both LAWS 207 and LAWS 212.
LAWS 4809. Wills, Trusts, and Future Interests. 4 Units.
A survey of the law of intestate and testate succession, will substitutes, private and charitable trusts, fiduciary administration, and future interests (including the Rule Against Perpetuities).

LAWS 4810. Entering the Profession. 2 Units.
This course provides an introduction to the testing formats and required skills common to bar exams in United States jurisdictions, including the Multistate Bar Exam (MBE, multiple-choice format); the Multistate Performance Test (MPT, task-oriented essay); and essay questions in various substantive areas (which generally incorporate some state-specific content). Substantive content will be presented to provide raw material for practice testing. Students will earn the course credit by attending at least 80% of class sessions and completing 100% of written assignments with at least 65% success rate. Rewrites and retests will be allowed on request. The course does not comprise complete preparation for any bar exam. Rather, it provides familiarity, study strategies, and test-taking instruction along with limited substantive content.

LAWS 4811. Business Aspects of Law. 2 Units.
The Business Aspects of Law seminar presents a challenging opportunity to study various occupational opportunities within the legal field: The challenges and rewards of building a solo practice, as well as the responsibilities for marketing and successful progression in small, medium or large law firms, government agencies and non-traditional forms of practice. The seminar will cover the choice of a practice form, where to house the practice, staffing and financial management, creation of a business plan, how to get business and market legal services, how to charge and collect legal fees, and the ethical issues that arise in the process. Students will create a business plan for their hypothetical law practice and will present their plans to the class.

LAWS 4815. Leadership Assessment and Development. 2 Units.
The objective of this course is to broaden and deepen your self-awareness and prepare you to be a life-long learner, to prepare you for leadership at several levels. This course will help you to refine or develop skills to build better and more effective relationships with colleagues and clients, and prepare you for organizational or firm management. The course is based on a model of self-directed learning and development. This process will help you throughout your career in understanding and formulating your own career and life vision, in assessing your skills and abilities and in designing plans to reach your objectives. From mastery of this basic process comes the ability to lead others effectively.

LAWS 4901. Foreign Graduate Seminar. 1 Unit.
This seminar is the required introductory course for foreign students enrolled in the Graduate Program in U.S. Legal Studies. It begins with a series of lectures introducing students to American legal education; American government, courts, and culture; various common law subjects; and professional responsibility. Throughout the year seminar sessions are held with legal practitioners from law firms and corporations in the Cleveland area who are involved in an international practice. Limited to the foreign LL.M. students.

LAWS 4902. U.S. Legal Writing for Foreign Law Graduates. 1 - 2 Units.
This course is designed to teach English compositional skills and grammar for legal studies. With an English-as-a-second-language focus, this course will seek to teach students the various steps of the writing process, English grammar, and certain aspects of legal composition. The main goal of this course is to enable students to write clearly and correctly within U.S. legal studies and the U.S. legal work place. The course will meet twice a week for one hour. Students will be required to take this course based on a written exam administered at the beginning of the semester. Students must receive a grade of at least a C to pass out of the course.

LAWS 4903. U.S. Contract Law. 3 Units.
The subject matter and coverage of this course is approximately the same as the subject matter and coverage of first-year Contracts (LAWS 123) as abbreviated and modified to reflect that it (a) is limited to foreign students who are candidates for the LL.M. in U.S. Legal Studies and (b) consists of 3 (not 5) credit hours.

LAWS 4904. Doing Business in the United States. 3 Units.
The course is designed to introduce foreign students to many areas of U.S. domestic law through consideration of a transnational business transaction. Examples of areas of law covered: restrictions on foreign investment, regulatory agencies, banking and finance, importing and exporting, business entities, litigation and alternative dispute resolution, labor relations, immigration law, taxation. Limited to candidates for the LL.M. in the U.S. Legal Studies.

LAWS 4905. Business Associations for LL.M. Students. 3 Units.
This course is an introduction to the law of business associations including general and limited partnerships, limited liability companies, and corporations tailored to their specific needs.

LAWS 4906. Evidence. 3 Units.
This is a comprehensive course in the law of evidence as applied in civil and criminal cases. Subjects include relevance, direct and cross-examination, impeachment, character, expert and lay opinion testimony, and hearsay. A problem-oriented approach is used to highlight both the practical applications and theoretical underpinnings of rules of evidence. Students may not take both LAWS 207 and LAWS 212.

LAWS 4911. SJD Seminar. 2 Units.
This year-long seminar is required of all SJD program students. The purpose of the course is to improve the academic writing skills of SJD students, introduce students to thesis writing, and to improve the English writing skills of those students whose native language is not English.

LAWS 5110. Contemporary Issues in International and Comparative Law. 1 Unit.
The objectives of the course will revolve around initiating students to the basic concepts and principles of comparative law reasoning and helping students make sense of the increasing dialogue between jurisdictions practicing constitutionalism in a global context with a focus on human rights issues. The coverage of the proposed course will select from the following themes depending on student interest and availability of materials: (a) Freedom of religion, secularism and culture; (b) Freedom of expression and hate propaganda; (c) Freedom of expression and sexual representation; (d) Equality and same sex unions; (e) Assisted suicide; (f) Death penalty; (g) Implementation of human rights in federal or quasi-federal politics; (h) Socio-economic rights; and/or (i) Cultural rights.

LAWS 5111. Admiralty Law. 2 Units.
The general principles of admiralty law including jurisdiction, practice, maritime liens, collisions, salvage, limitation of liability, and the rights of injured maritime workers.

LAWS 5112. Canada-United States Law Institute Seminar. 2 Units.
Canada-US Legal Relations provides students with a broad examination of the issues confronting the Canada-US relationship. Topics discussed include comparative constitutional law, North American trade & investment law, immigration, Canada-US border security, and environmental issues -- including the Great Lakes. The course includes lectures by practitioners and government officials. Students are required to author a paper that may be published in Canada-US Law Institute material and journals.
LAWS 5113. National Security Law 2: Counterterrorism. 3 Units.
This course will take an in-depth look at counter-terrorism in the United States, Israel, and other countries. The course will examine the competing conceptions and definitions of terrorism at the national and international level and the institutions and processes designed to execute the "war on terrorism." This will include study of the balance between security and liberty policies in the U.S. Patriot Act, the use of military tribunals or civil courts, the use of assassination or targeted killings, and the emerging law on enemy combatants and their detention, and the arguable need for new self-defense doctrines at the global level.

LAWS 5114. European Union Law. 2 - 3 Units.
After a brief introduction to the institutions and organs of the European Community, the legal aspects of the internal operations of the Community will be discussed. Special emphasis will be placed on the external impact of Community law, for example, its trading rules, company law, and business competition law, as well as its rules governing the free movement of goods, services, capital, and persons. The concept of European citizenship will also be dealt with.

LAWS 5115. International Arbitration. 2 Units.
An advanced course covering the current status of arbitration as a dispute settlement mechanism in international affairs. This course will cover the use of arbitration as a means of resolving international disputes: a) between private parties; b) between private and governmental parties; and c) between governments. It will cover possible forums and rules of arbitral dispute resolution and the problems of the enforcement of foreign arbitral awards. Special aspects of dispute resolution in certain geographical and subject areas will be covered as will be the problem of sovereign immunity. Disputes arising from multinational business transactions will be focused on as will be maritime, environmental, and border disputes.

LAWS 5116. International Human Rights. 3 Units.
This course will cover a variety of issues in the area of international human rights. Issues covered will include the law of treaties and treaty interpretation; international organizations' and non-governmental organizations' roles in protecting human rights; the rights of women and minorities; critiques of the idea of "universal" human rights; and the Alien Tort Claims Act. In addition to covering the procedure and substance of the international system for protection of human rights, we will also discuss human rights under various domestic legal systems from a comparative perspective. Grade is based on the final exam, class participation and possibly a group project.

LAWS 5117. International Organizations. 3 Units.
Deals with legal issues surrounding some common characteristics of intergovernmental organizations having wide membership, with an emphasis on the United Nations systems. Many of the issues are constitutional or procedural; that is, they have to do with the powers of, and restrictions upon, the organizations or their members as set forth in the constituent instruments of the organizations or as developed in practice. Issues such as eligibility for membership and termination thereof, rights and obligations of members, dispute resolution, and legislative procedures will be addressed comparatively. The growth of international law through intergovernmental organizations is also addressed.

LAWS 5118. War Crimes Research Lab. 3 Units.
Students in this unique course undertake legal research projects for various international criminal tribunals (including the International Criminal Court and the tribunals in Cambodia and Sierra Leone, among others). They prepare memoranda on selected issues related to current tribunal cases. The course sessions explore the development of international criminal law and the establishment of the tribunals, as well as their jurisprudence and their Rules of Procedure and Evidence. Grades are based on the quality of student papers and in-class presentations. Completed research projects along with their accompanying source notebooks become part of the tribunal libraries.

LAWS 5119. Intervention Law: Iraq and Vietnam. 3 Units.
Using the examples of American intervention in Vietnam and Iraq, this course examines some of the international and domestic legal issues raised by war and military intervention. Among the topics covered will be the legal justifications for intervention and the arguments for the illegality of the two wars; constitutional limits on executive war making powers; the justiciability of issues of war and peace under U.S. law; the draft, the volunteer army, and conscientious objection; GI rights and GI dissent; the law of war and international humanitarian law and the recurring problems of massacre, murder, and torture.

LAWS 5120. International Business Transactions. 3 Units.
This course examines various types of international business activities from a transactional perspective. It focuses on international sales, international payments, and international licensing transactions and examines the different legal systems (state, federal, international) that may impact on these transactions. It also considers commercial aspects of the interpretation of cross-border contracts, dispute resolution concerning cross-border contracts, and the role of lawyers. Some basic issues relating to private international law/conflicts of law are also addressed. There is also some introductory coverage of international electronic commerce transactions and related legal issues.

LAWS 5121. International Criminal Law and Procedure. 3 Units.
This course surveys selected issues and current problems involving the criminal aspects of international law and the international aspects of criminal law. The course begins with an introduction to the origins and purposes of international criminal law. We will then explore the contours of the duty to prosecute those who commit international crimes. Next, we will focus on application of domestic and international law to the question of jurisdiction over international criminal activities. This is followed by three units examining substantive international criminal law as contained in multilateral treaties concerning terrorism, war crimes and crimes against humanity. Next, we will explore the procedural aspects of international cooperation in criminal matters, with particular attention to extradition and problems associated with obtaining evidence from abroad. We will also analyze the reach of U.S. constitutional protections to U.S. investigative and law enforcement activities overseas. Finally, we will study the new Yugoslavia and Rwanda War Crimes Tribunals and the permanent International Criminal Court. The class will be seminar-based, with short writing assignments, weekly simulations, and role-play exercises designed to bring the materials to life. There will be no final exam.

LAWS 5122. International Litigation Research Seminar. 2 Units.
This seminar focuses on the litigation of transnational disputes in domestic courts. Topics include jurisdiction, international service of process procedures for obtaining evidence internationally, and the international enforcement of judgments. Students will complete a substantial research paper and will present the results of their research to the class.
LAWS 5123. International Trade Law and Policy. 3 Units.
The public international and United States law regulating international trade. (The private law of international trade and investment is dealt with in International Business Transactions, LAWS 354.) It includes the economic theory of international trade (although no exposure to a course in economics in secondary or undergraduate education is necessary) as well as a legal examination of issues regulating global and regional (e.g., the Canada-U.S. Free Trade Agreement, EEC) international trade. Primary emphasis is on the General Agreement of Tariffs and Trade (GATT) and the World Trade Organization (WTO) as well as such United States legislation implementing the GATT as antidumping and countervailing duties legislation and escape clause relief. The roles of trade and aid are also explored, as well as U.S. legislation affecting the transfer of resources to less developed countries.

LAWS 5124. Islamic Law. 2 Units.
This course will cover major aspects of the Islamic Law. It will provide students with a better understanding of Islam and its adherents. Many topics related to Islam and its basic beliefs, including some contemporary issues, will be covered in this course.

LAWS 5125. Jewish Law. 2 Units.

LAWS 5126. NAFTA and Bilateral Trading Agreements. 1 Unit.
Since the World Trade Organization Doha Negotiations have stalled, countries increasingly look to bilateral and regional trading arrangements as a viable alternative to multilateral negotiations. This course is a four-day, one credit course examining the legal and policy considerations with respect to bilateral and regional trading arrangements, using the Canada-U.S. FTA, NAFTA, U.S.-Chile FTA, Canada-Chile FTA, and various United States, Australian and Asian bilateral trading arrangements. The faculty will cover both the legal aspects considered in the negotiations and also the practical considerations of negotiators.

LAWS 5131. Global Corporate Governance Lab. 3 Units.
This Lab will involve students in an integrated experience of academic research and public service. Students will work on research projects on corporate governance law and policy for publicly owned companies in emerging markets such as India, Russia, Turkey, and South Africa. The course will engage students in projects for a variety of organizations involved in improving corporate governance in emerging markets, including the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD), the International Fiscal Corporation, the Institute of International Finance (IIF), and locally based governmental and non-governmental organizations. Students will study and research key aspects of corporate governance, including minority shareholder protection, the structure and responsibility of the board of directors, accounting and auditing requirements, transparency of shareholder ownership and control, and enforcement as they apply to emerging markets. Special attention will be paid to the importance of fashioning rules appropriate for the economic, social, and legal environment of each jurisdiction.

LAWS 5132. Homeland Security/USCG Lab. 3 Units.
The DHS/USCG Lab will provide students with the opportunity to conduct research and prepare legal memoranda addressing issues submitted by the US Department of Homeland Security and the United States Coast Guard. Students will meet for lecture sessions that provide a background into the issues presented, including border security, Great Lakes laws, immigration, administrative law, and the environment. The student's work product will be submitted to, and utilized by, DHS/USCG.

LAWS 5133. Terrorism Prosecution Lab. 3 Units.
This lab will involve students in an integrated experience of academic research and public service. Students will work on research projects in counter-terrorism law in the United States, Israel and other countries. The course will engage students in projects for a variety of organizations that are trying to develop expertise in counter-terrorism law, including U.S. attorney offices, thinktanks, defense attorneys, international governmental and non-governmental organizations. Students will study and research various aspects of counter-terrorism in the U.S., foreign countries, and at the international level, including the balance between security and liberty policies in the U.S. Patriot Act, the use of military tribunals or civil courts, the use of assassination or targeted killings, and the emerging law on enemy combatants and their detention, and the arguable need for new self-defense doctrines at the global level. Prereq or Coreq: LAWS 5113.

LAWS 5135. War and Morality. 3 Units.
The aim of this course is to explore a wide range of ethical issues relating to the decision to take a nation to war, how wars are conducted, and efforts to establish order in the wake of a conflict. Topics include the Just War tradition, pacifism, humanitarian intervention, moral repair and the establishment of a just peace, conduct of war, warrior codes, warrior transitions, and civil-military relations. We will be examining the ethics of war from the perspectives of both states and individuals. War is a crucible that strips those caught up in its horrors down to their fundamental selves inspiring acts of both inhuman depravity and seemingly superhuman nobility. This course is presented in a seminar format with lively discussions centering on contemporary readings in military ethics from texts and journals. Offered as PHIL 317, PHIL 417, and LAWS 5135.

LAWS 5136. International Humanitarian Law. 1 Unit.
This course is designed to prepare the student members of the Jean Pictet Competition team, but is open to all students with an interest in international humanitarian law. The course will be taught in two all-day Friday-Saturday sessions in January and February by international humanitarian law expert Gregory Noone, who is currently a fellow at the U.S. Institute of Peace and was previously Head of the Foreign Military Rights Affairs Branch of the Office of the Judge Advocate General at the Pentagon. Using case studies as well as simulations and role-playing exercises, the course will address the field of international humanitarian law as a whole, including the law of armed conflict, international criminal law, international human rights law, and the role of international organizations such as the ICRC and U.N. The objective of the course is to convey the reality of international law. Like humanitarian law itself, the course will not deal solely with legal disputes or judicial matters, but with practice and real life situations. The course grade will be based on a paper that will not satisfy the Writing Requirement.

LAWS 5137. Chinese Law. 3 Units.
This seminar will introduce students to the functions, purposes, and ongoing institutionalization of the law in the People's Republic of China. After briefly examining China's modern and traditional history, we examine the legal system's role in the political, social and economic development of China. Over the semester, we will investigate several areas of law--constitutional law, criminal law, economic law, property and intellectual property--and then highlight topics of particular concern to the international community, such as human rights, the WTO and China's commitment to international law. The goal is for students to understand both internal legal developments within China, the increasingly important role China plays on the global stage, and (ideally) to reflect upon the American legal system.
LAWS 5138. Chinese Business Law. 3 Units.
This course will introduce students to Chinese business law systems in the context of globalization and from the perspective of comparative law. We will examine various legal aspects of “doing business in China” through discussing the Chinese corporate law, contract law, foreign direct investment law, and other relevant systems. Course objectives are for students to gain understanding of both the legal theories and practices in the field of Chinese business law, be able to identify and analyze the issues arising from the US businesses invested in China and/or the Chinese-US joint ventures, and be able to provide solutions to solve these issues.

LAWS 5139. Comparative Trust Law. 2 Units.
This seminar is designed for introducing students to financial trust law in the context of globalization and from the perspective of comparative law. Over the semester, we will focus on the trust law system originated in common law countries but later introduced into civil law countries. We will then examine several comparative questions, such as why private trusts dominate in the common law countries but commercial trusts are more attractive to civil law countries. This seminar will also compare the trust law with other relevant laws in order for students to better understand the modern use of trusts.

LAWS 5161. Legal History of European Union Seminar. 3 Units.
The seminar introduces students to the history, development, and present structure of the legal system of the European Union from the ECSC in 1951, through the Treaty of Rome in 1957, to the Treaty of Amsterdam in 1997. The seminar will examine the “constitutional” structures and institutions of the European Union, including the emergence of a binding jurisprudence from the European Court of Justice; will look at general interpretive principles emanating from the European civil law tradition, such as the doctrines of subsidiarity and proportionality; will explore the public law of the European Union, the “four freedoms,” human rights, and equal treatment of women and men; and will briefly treat private law rights emergent not only from treaty and parliamentary enactment but from Union jurisprudence. The seminar will concentrate on the historical and economic context, but legal doctrine and practice will also be considered.

LAWS 5202. Bioethics and Law. 3 Units.
Students will be introduced to the basic principles of bioethics and health care law, and to the ways in which these principles apply to specific problems arising in clinical and policy settings. Readings and class discussion will first examine the philosophical framework and the basic moral theories relevant to modern bioethics. After the survey, bioethical issues in the following broad topics may be covered: defining life, including human reproduction, surrogacy and fetal-maternal conflict; euthanasia and the prolonging of life including the right-to-die, medical futility, and advance directives; termination of treatment for children; genetic screening; hospital ethics committees; access to care and the politics of health care in the 90s; and ethics in the business of medicine. Readings will consist of legal cases and documents, statutes, regulations and articles from the academic and the lay press. Grade is primarily based on an exam. Both an oral class presentation and a short paper are optional to supplement the grade, but not to replace the exam. Attendance and class participation are also considered for grading purposes.

LAWS 5203. Food And Drug Law. 2 Units.
This course examines the federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act. It will entail a detailed look at the law, policy statements, and literature related to approving new drugs and devices. The course covers such topics as human subjects research; product labeling and testing; OTC vs. prescription status; compassionate use exceptions; control of biotechnology techniques; differences between food, drugs and devices; and FDA enforcement. We will also explore how law and the legal system anticipate and also respond to changes in technology in ways that may enhance or inhibit the development of new technologies and new applications of old technologies. Attendance at classes is mandatory. Grade is based on final exam.

LAWS 5204. Genetics and Law. 3 Units.
The current federal Human Genome Project is attempting to understand the health and behavioral implications of the 50,000 to 100,000 genes in the human body. Genetic tests are being offered to let people know if they are at risk of having a child with a genetic defect or if they will later in life suffer from cancer or other disease. Genetic predispositions are also being investigated for certain behaviors such as gay sexual preference, intelligence, and anti-social behavior. This course will cover the tort law, family law, constitutional law, criminal law, employment law, and insurance implications of developments in genetics.

LAWS 5205. Public Health Law. 2 Units.
This course surveys a range of issues in public health law including contagious diseases, health surveillance and privacy, tobacco, controlled substances, obesity, firearms, emergency preparedness and bioterrorism. It is designed to introduce students studying law or public health to the basic constitutional principles involved in public health law; the scope of local, state and federal authority to regulate; and the variety of ethical issues that arise.

LAWS 5210. Biotechnology Law and Practice. 2 Units.
Through the lenses of being counsel to a fictional start-up biotechnology company, the class will discuss, analyze and address the typical legal issues such a company faces in its first year of existence. In particular, the course will cover: 1. Corporate formation and governance issues; 2. Intellectual property protection and licensing; and 3. Fund-raising. Prereq: LAWS 4401 and LAWS 4302.

LAWS 5211. Biotechnology Law and Policy. 2 Units.
This course is designed to expose the law student and graduate student in science or business to the legal, business, and policy issues relevant to the biotechnology industry. We will cover issues related to patents, corporate organization and financing (particularly venture capital as it relates to the Start-Up Biotech Company), licensing and other transactions, regulatory issues relevant to the Food and Drug Administration, university technology transfer, and academic conflicts of interest. Prereq: LAWS 4302.

LAWS 5212. Civil Law and Psychiatry. 2 Units.
The interaction between law and psychiatry in the rights of persons with mental disabilities in the community and in treatment settings. Topics include involuntary commitment, suicide, guardianship, psychiatric malpractice, psychic damages, special education, confidentiality and child abuse and custody. Students will test the analysis of legal issues against actual experience (videotaped interviews, visit to a state mental hospital). The course is jointly taught by a psychiatrist and an attorney specializing in mental health law.
**LAWS 5213. Criminal Law and Psychiatry. 2 Units.**
The interaction between criminal law and psychiatry: psychiatric diagnosis and treatment, competence to stand trial, the insanity defense, malingering mental illness, infantilicide, stalking, violence, sexual predator laws, and direct and cross-examination of mental health experts. Videotaped examples serve as a basis for discussion. A visit to the Justice Center Court Psychiatric Clinic is included. The course is taught jointly by a psychiatrist and an attorney specializing in mental health law.

**LAWS 5214. Current Topics in Health Law. 2 Units.**
The course will cover 13 different current topics that students are likely to confront in the practice of health care law. Each topic will be presented by a leading practitioner in the field, who will provide appropriate reading materials. The presentations will be followed by student discussion led by a visiting faculty member. The grade will be based on class participation and an examination.

**LAWS 5215. Health Care and Human Rights. 3 Units.**
This course combines two areas of law of increasing importance and public attention. In light of emerging medical, research, and genetic technology, courts, legislatures, administrative agencies and ordinary citizens around the world often face issues of health law. At the same time, in a world that is becoming both globalized and plagued by repeated instances of ethnic cleansing and other catastrophic abuses, issues of human rights are at the forefront of public debate. The intersection of health care and human rights, therefore, constitutes a worthy and fascinating area of study. Topics to be covered will be selected from among the following: 1) an overview of relevant human rights doctrines; 2) the concept of public health; 3) the status of the right to health care in different countries; 4) biomedical research involving human subjects; 5) genetic technologies; 6) disability rights; 7) women’s reproductive and health issues; 8) environmental abuses and human rights; 9) infectious disease, bioterrorism, and human rights; and 10) war crimes and other human rights abuses, as they impact public health.

**LAWS 5216. Health Care and the Constitution. 3 Units.**
Is there a constitutional right to resist all unwanted medical interventions? Is there a constitutional right to access medical interventions at one’s own expense? What, if any, are the constitutional limits on the government’s ability to regulate health care and the practice of medicine? This seminar will focus on the constitutional aspects of health care law. Topics will vary year to year but may include abortion, the “right to die,” compulsory vaccination, medical marijuana, access to unapproved drugs, and minors’ rights to make medical treatment decisions.

**LAWS 5217. Health Care Professions. 2 Units.**
Class is intended for (and limited to) students interested in health law who do not have training or experience in a health care profession. Instructors and guest speakers will cover the history of medicine, the scientific method, clinical research, medical ethics, techniques for researching medical and scientific questions, medical training, and medical professionalism. Letter grades will be given based on regular attendance and participation, an oral presentation, and a paper. Prereq or Coreq: LAWS 4201. The course is not open to bioethics Master’s degree candidates. (BETH)

**LAWS 5218. Health Care Regulation. 3 Units.**
Course covers the administrative regulation of health law. The course will discuss the intersection of health law and administrative law by first reviewing administrative law concepts, such as delegation, and then discuss how these concepts are applied in health law.

**LAWS 5219. Health Care Transactions. 2 Units.**
This course will examine a variety of typical transactions among health care providers and payors. Students will have the opportunity to understand the financial motivation behind these transactions and to identify the unique health care law issues presented by them. Students will learn to develop alternative methods for structuring transactions to minimize or avoid such issues. The types of transactions to be examined include: physician recruitment, physician practice acquisitions, physician practice management companies, joint ventures between hospitals and physicians, mergers and acquisitions of health care providers, and formation of integrated delivery networks. Enrollment is limited to 25. Recommended preparation: LAWS 295. Prereq: LAWS 4201 and LAWS 5221.

**LAWS 5220. Master Classes in Health Law, Policy and Ethics. 2 Units.**
Leading experts in the fields of health law, health policy, and bioethics will each teach one master class on a topic of their choice under the coordination of the instructor. The course will be open to graduate and professional students. The grade will be based on class participation and an examination.

**LAWS 5221. Hospital and Physician Organization Law. 2 Units.**
This course presents an overview of corporate health care law issues including: public and private reimbursement systems, fraud and abuse, physician self-referrals, corporate practice of medicine/fee splitting, certificate of need, tax-exempt status of health care providers, and antitrust and insurance regulation of health care providers. The course will examine the origins and public behind current corporate health care law and regulations and the issues they present for health care providers. Enrollment is limited to 25. Prereq or Coreq: LAWS 4201.

**LAWS 5222. Research Ethics and Regulation. 2 Units.**
This course examines the medical malpractice system from a theoretical, empirical, historical, and policy perspective. Students will study the legal, health sciences, and health services literature on the objectives of the system, how well it achieves its objectives, and proposals for changing it. Students are expected to engage in a sophisticated critique of the system and of the efforts to change it, and encouraged to devise their own proposals for changing the system. Prereq: LAWS 4201.

**LAWS 5223. Medical Malpractice Policy Issues. 2 Units.**
This course is designed to introduce students to the ethical, policy, and legal issues raised by research involving human subjects. It is intended for law students, post-doctoral trainees in health-related disciplines and other students in relevant fields. Topics include (among others): regulation and monitoring of research; research in third-world nations; research with special populations; stem cell and genetic research; research to combat bioterrorism; scientific misconduct; conflicts of interest; commercialization and intellectual property; and the use of deception and placebos. Course will meet once per week for 2 hours throughout the semester. Grades will be given based on class participation and a series of group projects and individual short writing assignments. Offered as BETH 503, CRSP 603 and LAWS 603.
LAWS 5226. Public Health Law Lab. 3 Units.
This Lab will involve students in an integrated experience of academic research and public service. Weekly sessions will provide a general background in public health law. Students will work on semester-long research projects for a State/Local Health Department or for the Network for Public Health Law, supervised by faculty at the School of Law. Topics may include environmental health regulations, emergency preparedness, cross-border public health, food safety, health information data sharing, injury prevention, maternal/child health, public health statutes and regulations, vaccination requirements, obesity prevention, and tobacco control. Grade will be based on collaborative work and written projects.

LAWS 5227. Legal Issues Affecting Hospital Medical Staff. 1 Unit.
This course will examine licensing and regulations of physicians, regulations affecting medical staff organization and governance, procedures that pertain to the appointment of physicians to medical staffs and their credentialing to undertake specific activities, the drafting of bylaws and rules and regulations that guide the performance and activities of physicians in hospitals, and procedures for undertaking corrective actions for physicians and for conducting fair hearings. Additional focus will be on processes for quality management including procedures for investigating sentinel events and for enhancing the patient experience. There will be an exploration of the relationship between physicians and hospitals including considerations for employing physicians or, alternatively, contracting with physicians and physician groups, particularly for hospital-based specialties. Prereq: LAWS 4201.

LAWS 5235. Health Care & Human Rights Topics. 2 Units.
This is a writing seminar that corresponds to LAWS 5215, for students who wish to do an in-depth research exploration on a topic covered in the Health Care & Human Rights course. Coreq: LAWS 5215.

LAWS 5311. Computer Law and Policy. 2 Units.
This course will address the ever-evolving issues that relate to intellectual property protection for computer software, with a particular emphasis on patent, copyright, and trade secret protection. The relationship of the Internet to such protection will also be explored. Throughout the semester, the course will consider the nuances of this dynamic area of the law and will also provide pragmatic approaches to common problems faced by intellectual property practitioners. Prereq: LAWS 4301 or LAWS 4302.

This course will be the first Contemporary Issues in Law and Technology template course. The course will be co-taught by Craig Nard and Declan McCullagh (LTA Fellow in Law and Technology and Washington Bureau Chief for Wired News). The course will cover (1) overview of principles of First Amendment analysis and its relationship to the Internet and the Communications Decency Act; (2) filtering and private restrictions on Internet Speech; (3) threats and the compilation of personal information; and (4) tensions between the First Amendment and the Copyright clause in digital content.

LAWS 5313. Copyright and Trademark Litigation. 2 Units.
This course will begin with an overview of a copyright litigation case and then proceed to discuss issues relating to pre-litigation strategy, infringement, and defenses to infringement. Thereafter, the course will explore the drafting of a complaint and the answer thereto, including counterclaims; drafting discovery documents; preparing witnesses; and taking and defending a deposition, which will take place in the context of a mock trial, many of the issues that pertain to a trial, including the roles of judge and jury, instruction, and cross-examination, jury selection, and post-trial motions. Prereq: LAWS 4300 or LAWS 4301 or LAWS 4303.

LAWS 5314. Cyberlaw. 3 Units.
This subject deals with how the law regulates and otherwise applies to activities taking place in ‘cyberspace.’ It considers how existing legal principles are being modified and extended in the digital information age to meet the needs of society, particularly in relation to electronic commerce. As the nature of dealings in cyberspace develops and new legal problems emerge over time, the focus of the subject may change to reflect current legal issues. However, topics for discussion will be drawn from the following: the nature of the internet, legal regulation of cyberspace vs. self-regulation, the relevance of international law/international regulation, e-commerce contracting, ‘property’ in cyberspace with particular reference to intellectual property, trademarks and domain names, defamation on the Internet, online crime (e.g., fraud, pornography, etc.), information privacy and security, online dispute resolution and associated conflicts of law issues.

LAWS 5315. Entertainment Law. 1 - 3 Unit.
This course is designed to introduce students to the basic legal issues relevant to the film and television industries, as well as live performances, theatre, and various other aspects of the entertainment industry.

LAWS 5316. I.T. Principles for Lawyers. 1 Unit.
This course is designed to allow students to achieve an overview of information technology terms and concepts.

LAWS 5317. The Intersection of Unfair Competition and Intellectual Property. 2 Units.
Traces the role of tort, contract, and property in filling the gaps between copyright, trademark, and patent. The trace implicates federal and state systems and a cluster of rights such as trade secrets, ideas, industrial design, common law copyright, and moral rights.

LAWS 5318. Intellectual Property Transactions. 3 Units.
Students will explore how companies develop business and legal strategies to protect their intellectual property assets through agreements with strategic business partners, content providers, vendors, and licensees. As part of the course, students will select a company name and protect it, draft and negotiate agreements, and hold a mock negotiation at the end of the semester. One prior course in patent, trademark, or copyright is required. Grade is based on a final examination. Prereq: LAWS 4300 or LAWS 4301 or LAWS 4302 or LAWS 4303.

LAWS 5319. International Intellectual Property. 3 Units.

LAWS 5320. Internet Business and Law. 1 Unit.
This course provides Law students with an understanding of legal issues that need to be addressed in the development of digital business at the level of web site management and transactions. The course also highlights the critical role of technology as a source of new legal requirements, and also as a means to address and enforce legal requirements that are critical in conducting on-line business (e.g., demand for authenticity, or non-repudiation).

LAWS 5321. International Issues in Intellectual Property Seminar. 3 Units.
This seminar will examine selected issues in comparative and international law affecting patents, copyrights, trademarks, and trade secrets. By looking at comparative systems, we will understand the differing philosophies underlying intellectual property in different legal cultures. By examining the movements to harmonize and unify national systems (looking at the process of harmonization, extraterritorial enforcement of rights, conflicts of law, and global protection), we will see how the different cultures are being merged. May satisfy the writing requirement. Recommended preparation: LAWS 370.
LAWS 5322. Intellectual Property & Dealmaking. 2 Units.
This course will provide you the opportunity to engage as an Intellectual Property (IP) specialist in a simulated M&A (merger and acquisition) corporate transaction. You will assume the role of an associate attorney in a law firm and handle certain aspects of the sale of assets of a business, including engaging in due diligence, reviewing and drafting documents, conducting research, analyzing negotiation techniques, learning about the specialist’s role in the transaction, and preparing for the closing of the transaction. Particular emphasis will be upon IP licensing (e.g., patent licenses, trademark licenses, etc.), such as reviewing and drafting IP licensing documents. You will learn skills that an IP lawyer should have by working on and resolving IP issues from actual projects. Accordingly, it is vital to your success in this course that you complete all assignments on time and actively participate in each class. Although this course is set within the context of a company acquisition, most of the IP issues you will be analyzing are generally applicable to many other projects that an IP associate will confront. Prereq: LAWS 4401 and (LAWS 4300 or LAWS 4302).

LAWS 5323. Intellectual Property from a Business and Strategic Planning Perspective. 1 Unit.
Intellectual property rights are legally created business assets used by companies to provide a competitive advantage in the marketplace. Companies use intellectual property differently depending on many factors, such as industry, business strategy, culture and maturity. Intellectual property attorneys are considered valuable members of business teams, contributing to business strategy, business planning and other executive level business decisions. Indeed, IP is a boardroom issue. This class will study the ways intellectual property is used by different companies and how the intellectual property laws impact not only the intellectual property assets, but also the business strategy and business planning. In addition to learning how intellectual property is being used by major corporations, universities, and entrepreneurs/start-ups, the students will pick one company and study how that company manages its intellectual property. Prereq: LAWS 4300 or LAWS 4302.

LAWS 5324. Law of the Music Industry. 2 Units.
This course will cover the major components of the music industry, including recording agreements (major label and independent labels), record producer deals, songwriting and music publishing concepts, group issues, personal appearances, and music in cyberspace. There will be an extensive discussion of fundamental copyright, trademark, and cyberlaw concepts, as well as advanced copyright concepts specifically related to the recording and publishing industry. Special attention will be paid to the topic of musical copyright infringement litigation. Course materials will include selected cases, forms of the above agreements, and selected handouts. Guest speakers will include a variety of industry professionals, including personal managers, recording artists, record company executives, and concert promoters. Students will be invited to participate in a variety of special events, including attending a music industry seminar at The Rock and Roll Hall of Fame sponsored by Cleveland’s volunteer Lawyers for the Arts and attending the annual Mountain Dew High School Rock-Off held at the Odeon. Prereq: LAWS 4301 or LAWS 4300.

LAWS 5325. Law of the Visual Arts. 2 - 3 Units.
This seminar is concerned with the relationship between the art world and the law. The art world is comprised of numerous players, such as artists, dealers, museums, auction houses, art critics, forgers, thieves, looters, and the American and various foreign governments. This course focuses on the law’s relationship with each of these entities and how these entities relate to one another in both a cultural and legal sense. In particular, this course will explore at least three of the following issues: theft and plunder of art (especially from 1933–45); the illicit international art trade; artists’ rights such as First Amendment rights, copyright, moral rights, and the resale right; and the role and practice of museums in the art world, including provenance studies, and the museum’s relationship with the artist and community. The first class (and some subsequent classes) will be held at the Cleveland Museum of Art. After a lecture by a museum curator, the students will be given a tour of the museum’s collection that will focus on works of art that have particular relevance to the intersection of law and art. Prereq: LAWS 4301.

LAWS 5326. Patent Litigation. 1 Unit.
This course will simulate a patent infringement case. Students will be asked to represent a client, and in that capacity will identify issues, provide legal advice, and prepare papers and pleadings as necessary. In particular, students will be asked to conduct a limited number of the following simulations: draft a complaint and an answer to the complaint, including counterclaims; draft discovery documents; perform a mock Markman hearing; prepare witnesses, including expert witnesses; take and defend a deposition; or prepare pre-trial.

LAWS 5327. Patent Prosecution. 3 Units.
This course will expose students to the issues and concepts of drafting a patent application. Topics include defining an invention, drafting a patent application, responding to Office Actions issued by the USPTO. Patent law is a prerequisite. Grade is based on three short papers and a multiple choice final.

LAWS 5329. Strategic Management of Intellectual Property. 2 Units.
The course will focus on real-world issues encountered by intellectual property attorneys (in-house and outside counsel). Issues and relevant case law relating to due diligence, litigation strategy, procurement, licensing, enforcement, and defense will be discussed. Specific areas will include: (1) How to identify and classify IP as well as develop a corporate framework for fostering creation of IP, extracting it, documenting it, securing internal rights (e.g., forbidding employees to search others patents to mitigate willful infringement liability), or searching in only non-patent literature. There are numerous issues that will be presented and discussed during the course.

LAWS 5330. Business of Baseball. 3 Units.
This course will bring the “business of baseball” to the students, and present them with an interactive “hypothetical” problem-solving dialogue with the instructor, which would deal with the most important issues facing major and minor league baseball today. Prereq: LAWS 4401 and LAWS 5332.

LAWS 5331. Representing the Athlete. 3 Units.
The emphasis of this course will be placed various aspects involved in the providing legal services to professional athletes, including negotiation tactics and letter and contract drafting. The class will include several negotiation and drafting exercises as well as a simulated representative relationship between the student and the entertainer/athlete. In the context of a mock litigation/arbitration, students will also be required to draft legal briefs in support of the contractual positions taken during the contract drafting exercises.
LAWS 5332. Sports Law. 3 Units.
Sports and Entertainment Law is the study of legal issues and problems relating to the music, television, and sports industries. This course focuses on the applicability of various legal doctrines to these industries, such as intellectual property law, labor law, and contract law. Also, emphasis will be placed on negotiation tactics and letter and contract drafting by conducting several negotiation and drafting exercises as well as a simulated representative relationship between the student and the entertainer/athlete. In the context of a mock litigation/arbitration, students will also be required to draft legal briefs in support of the contractual positions taken during the contract drafting exercises. Prereq: LAWS 4401 and LAWS 4405.

LAWS 5333. Representing the Professional Athlete. 2 - 3 Units.
This course will begin with an overview of the sports marketing industry and then proceed to discuss one of the more important legal doctrines relating to that industry, involving intellectual property, labor law, and contract law. In that context, the course will explore the skills necessary to conduct a series of sports-related contract negotiations. Students will participate in group-based contract drafting exercises, including drafting product endorsements and license agreements, with an emphasis on client representations. Next, in the context of mock litigation, students will assume a contract breach, and will be required to draft deposition questions and legal briefs in support of their respective contractual position.

LAWS 5334. Representing the Musical Artist. 2 - 3 Units.
This course focuses on practical training in counseling the musical artist with a particular focus on lawyering skills such as contract drafting, strategic thinking and negotiation. We follow the artist from the early days as a “baby band” to when the artist becomes “classic” or “heritage.” You will observe the artist in the recording studio, the interactions among the band members, the creation of songs/sound recordings. You will be introduced to the cast of characters: the producer; the first manager; the label’s A&R person; the recording engineer, and others. You will- as music lawyers commonly do- observe the artist creating in the studio and on a live stage and get a chance to speak with prominent managers, concert promoters, club owners, and artists.

LAWS 5335. Negotiation Strategies in Sports Management. 2 - 3 Units.
This course covers drafting of sophisticated contractual documents in the Sports Law world. Document that will be negotiated and drafted include a lease agreement between a municipality that is constructing a new stadium/arena and the owner/operator of a team that will play in the new venue. Also covered will be naming rights, presenting sponsorship agreements for beverage/food, automobile/rental cars, and financial/medical services. We will also examine coordination of all sponsorships in the team’s print/multimedia advertising, as well as with the broadcasts of the team’s games.

LAWS 5336. Intellectual Property Theory Seminar. 3 Units.
This course is designed to provide students with an overview of several areas of law traditionally associated with intellectual property or IP, including copyright law, which pertains to the protection of literary, musical, and artistic creations and has issues replete with First Amendment implications; patent law and trade secret law, which focus on the protection of technological works ranging from chemical formulae, to software, to biotechnology; and trademark law, which relates to the goodwill associated with corporate identity and product recognition. We will also devote time to the study of the philosophy and economics of intellectual property keeping in mind, throughout the course, the need to strike an optimal balance between incentives to create and commercialize intellectual creations on the one hand and public access to these creations on the other hand. Prereq: LAWS 4301 or LAWS 4302.

LAWS 5341. Commercialization and Intellectual Property Management. 4 Units.
This interdisciplinary course covers a variety of topics, including principles of intellectual property and intellectual property management, business strategies and modeling relevant to the creation of start-up companies and exploitation of IP rights as they relate to biomedical-related inventions. The goal of this course is to address issues relating to the commercialization of biomedical-related inventions by exposing law students, MBA students, and Ph.D. candidates (in genetics and proteomics) to the challenges and opportunities encountered when attempting to develop biomedical intellectual property from the point of early discovery to the clinic and market. Specifically, this course seeks to provide students with the ability to value a given technological advance or invention holistically, focusing on issues that extend beyond scientific efficacy and include patient and practitioner value propositions, legal and intellectual property protection, business modeling, potential market impacts, market competition, and ethical, social, and healthcare practitioner acceptance. During this course, law students, MBA students, and Ph.D. candidates in genomics and proteomics will work in teams of five (two laws students, two MBA students and one Ph.D. candidate), focusing on issues of commercialization and IP management of biomedical-related inventions. The instructors will be drawn from the law school, business school, and technology-transfer office. Please visit the following website for more information: fusioninnovate.com. Offered as LAWS 5341, MGMT 467, GENE 367, GENE 467, EBME 467 and EECS 467.

LAWS 5361. Contexts of Authorship and Invention. 3 Units.
This seminar will explore the social and cultural construction of invention, the diverse ways in which invention has been conceptualized, from an interdisciplinary perspective—from the perspective, that is, not only of the law but of the arts and sciences in the broadest sense, including literature, the fine arts, entertainment, economics, medicine, engineering, education, and business. Emphasis will be on the cultures, rhetorics, and histories of invention across these fields. As such, this seminar represents an extension of the inquiry initiated at a conference held at Case Law School on "Intellectual Property and the Construction of Authorship." This seminar will help prepare students to participate in a conference to be held in the Spring 2006 entitled (Con) texts of Invention.
LAWS 5362. Copyright in the Digital Millennium Seminar. 3 Units.
Copyright in the Digital Millennium is a seminar that explores the challenges to traditional copyright law presented by the advent of digital technology and the Internet. Beginning with the current litigation involving Internet file-sharing, we explore the legal and doctrinal issues raised by efforts to apply copyright and other legal and technological measures to digital works. In order to evaluate the competing arguments in this debate, students will examine the doctrinal, historical, and theoretical underpinnings of copyright law from multiple perspectives.

LAWS 5363. Intellectual Property Theory Seminar. 3 Units.
We will explore and ask several questions from a philosophical and historical perspective, including: Should one's intellectual product be entitled to protection? What are the reasons for granting or denying protection? What form, if any, should this protection take? What are the costs and benefits to society of protecting one's intellectual product?

LAWS 5364. Intellectual Property and Social Norms. 2 Units.
This course will contrast the formal protections of intellectual property law with the informal, self-regulatory mechanisms that govern a variety of creative industries. Comedians, chefs, magicians, and tattoo artists, for example, have developed nuanced, informally enforced norms surrounding creative production. We will consider these norm-based alternatives, the motivations for their adoption, and what they might teach us about intellectual property law and policy. Prereq: LAWS 4300 or LAWS 4301 or LAWS 4303.

LAWS 5365. World Intellectual Property Organization Research Lab. 3 Units.
The course will explore cutting-edge issues directly at the interface between research and policy in international intellectual property at the World Intellectual Property Organization (WIPO). WIPO is the pre-eminent international institution responsible for the development, management, and coordination of international intellectual property. As it moves into its new 21st century mission and interaction with global policy issues such as public health, climate change, WIPO has a need for a stronger evidence and research base for its work on treaty development and technical assistance to countries. Students in the course will carry out cutting edge research on issues at the core of WIPO’s work on the future of the international IP system. Working with the WIPO Traditional Knowledge, Genetic Resources and Folklore division, students will work in teams on specific research tasks with a finished written study or brief at the end of the course for internal WIPO use, and where appropriate, for broader dissemination. Projects may include carrying out country studies; comparative analyses of patent-related provisions in traditional knowledge laws; assessing implementation of international traditional knowledge, and folklore obligations in domestic law; assessing the state of play in negotiations and processes in other forums such as the Convention in Biological Diversity, the TRIPS Council, or the Trans-Pacific Partnership negotiations. Prereq: LAWS 4300.

LAWS 5401. International Tax. 3 Units.
This course examines the U.S. taxation of transactions undertaken by foreign individuals or entities in the U.S. as well as the U.S. taxation of transactions undertaken by U.S. individuals or entities abroad. Major topics that will be covered include determination of the source of income, the taxation of income derived from a U.S. trade or business, the withholding tax regime, taxation of various entities, controlled foreign corporations, the U.S. anti-deferral rules, the U.S. foreign tax credit, taxation of foreign currency transactions and the role of tax treaties. Prereq: LAWS 5403 or LAWS 5404.

LAWS 5402. Estate Planning and Taxation. 3 Units.
This course covers the federal law of estate and gift taxation. Topics include the computation of the estate tax, the taxation of gifts, the assets included in the gross estate, deductions from the gross estate to compute the taxable estate, credits against the tax, the generation-skipping transfer tax, and estate planning ideas and techniques, such as the use of trusts. The income taxation of estates and trusts is also covered. Grade is based on class participation and a major written paper on a topic chosen by the student and approved in advance by the instructor. Prereq: LAWS 4405 and LAWS 4809.

LAWS 5403. Federal Taxation of Corporations and Shareholders. 3 Units.
This course provides a comprehensive background in the taxation of corporations and shareholders, including the tax treatment of transfers of property to a corporation; distributions from a corporation to its shareholders; redemptions; liquidations; and the simpler forms of corporate reorganizations.

LAWS 5404. Federal Taxation of Partnerships and Partners. 3 Units.
This course will examine the basics of partnership taxation. The topics will include the tax consequences of capital contributions to and distributions from a partnership, the receipt of a partnership interest in exchange for services, the allocation of profits and losses among the partners, the computation of the adjusted basis of a partner’s interest, the sale or liquidation of a partner’s interest, and the liquidation and termination of the partnership. Prereq: LAWS 4405.

LAWS 5405. State Taxation. 3 Units.
This course will mainly explore restraints on the states’ power to tax imposed by the Due Process Clause, Equal Protection Clause, Commerce Clause, and Privileges and Immunities Clause. We will also explore issues of tax policy and politics as well as tax minimization strategies and administration. The course will primarily focus on the sales and use and corporate income taxes. We will focus on the states generally and not the laws of any particular state. Prior tax classes are not required.

LAWS 5406. Tax Law of Charitable Giving. 2 Units.
This course will examine the tax law that relates to charitable giving during life and at death, including the rules of deductibility of charitable gifts of cash and other kinds of property, various vehicles for planned giving (charitable remainder trusts, charitable gift annuities, and others), and the impact of other existing and proposed tax provisions on charitable giving.

LAWS 5408. International Tax Policy Seminar. 3 Units.
This survey seminar will examine the broad policies underlying income taxation in the international arena with a focus on residence- and source-based justifications for income taxation, the ways that these bases of taxation come into conflict, and the various methods that countries use to mitigate the potential damage from competing tax claims. The seminar will explore these concepts by focusing on a variety of specific international tax problems including harmful tax competition, negotiation of bilateral tax treaties, and the effect of e-commerce on source rules. Other topics that may be covered include offshore financial centers, or “tax havens,” tax treaties and treaty tax shelters. Limit 12. Recommended preparation: LAWS 211.
LAWS 5409. Tax Policy Seminar. 3 Units.
This advanced seminar for students interested in fundamental issues of tax policy and tax reform considers the favorable treatment of capital gains, the advisability of adopting a comprehensive tax base under a new definition of gross income, the use of tax incentives to achieve non-tax policy goals, and the basic system of taxing corporations and shareholders. May satisfy the writing requirement. Recommended preparation: LAWS 211.

LAWS 5411. Advanced Real Estate Development: Shopping Centers. 2 Units.
The course takes the point of view of the attorney for a real estate developer with a strong emphasis on shopping center development, including apartment complex and office building developments, but provides insights useful to an attorney for the other side: a tenant, financial institution, or major department store. The approach is practical as well as academic; the course may be considered a capstone for students interested in real estate. Topics include negotiations and documentation; actual documents are used.

LAWS 5412. Advanced Securities Regulation. 3 Units.
This course will expand on the disclosure and enforcement themes discussed in the Securities Regulation (LAWS 307) survey course to engage in an in-depth examination of selected real-world securities topics. The focus will be to deepen the student's understanding of the SEC regulatory regime through consideration of current "hot topics" in securities law (such as executive compensation, 8-K disclosures, loss contingencies and Management's Discussion & Analysis), by reviewing SEC pronouncements and working with actual or hypothetical disclosure and counseling situations. In addition to analyzing rules, students will participate in drafting, analyzing and commenting on sample disclosure documents and client advice memos. The course is designed to further the student's understanding of a corporate/securities law practice as well as deepen the student's substantive knowledge in securities regulation law. Prereq: LAWS 5431.

LAWS 5413. Antitrust Law. 3 Units.
A study of the implementation of federal trade regulation statutes with emphasis on the interrelationship of these laws with the competitive tensions of the contemporary economy.

LAWS 5414. Banking Law & Regulation. 3 Units.
This course will provide an overview of basic U.S. Federal banking law in the context of evolving international standards. The course will begin by examining the roles played by banks in the world economy and why a specialized set of regulation is justified. The course will then examine each of the major U.S. Federal laws and international standards that govern banking activities against the background of the various regulatory theories discussed. Topics will include entry, expansion/merger, capital, reserves, investments, lending, interest, insolvency, non-banking financial activities, money laundering, and international activities. Close attention will be given to the role of supervision in both domestic and international contexts. Extensive use will be made of international and comparative materials.

LAWS 5415. Bankruptcy. 3 Units.
An introduction to bankruptcy law, with emphasis on the current Federal Bankruptcy Code. The course includes Chapter 7 (liquidation bankruptcy proceedings), Chapter 11 (business reorganizations), and Chapter 13 (simplified reorganizations for individuals and sole proprietorships). Also considered are various state law debtor-creditor remedies and the impact of bankruptcy on such remedies. Prior enrollment in the UCC and debtor-creditor courses may be helpful but is not mandatory.

LAWS 5416. Business Planning. 3 Units.
Major events in the creation and development of a business are examined in light of partnership, corporate, and tax law problems. Students are presented with a series of hypothetical client-suggested transactions. Students seek the most appropriate means of attaining the business ends desired by the principals. From time to time, brief written memoranda covering issues raised by the problem scenarios may be required. Emphasis is placed on the interaction among partnership, corporate, tax, and securities concepts and doctrine. The significant business events that may be covered in the course include formation of a partnership; incorporation of a going concern; corporate distributions, recapitalizations, and repurchases of shares; sale of the corporate business; and corporate combination. Prereq: LAWS 4401 and LAWS 4405.

This course is designed as an introductory course for second- and third-year law students who want to understand the way in which businesses are managed and financed, the various roles that capital markets play in their development, and the methods for measuring business success. Intensive case studies will be used as a framework for looking at real world situations. The course will integrate guest lectures from visiting business leaders. CFOs will explain how they measure the success of their business and what financial information is required to do their job. Finally, a part of each class will evaluate real time business issues, applying the lessons learned from the case studies and modeling the expected outcomes. James Bildner, CWRU alumnus and CEO of Tier Technologies, will teach the course. Students will write a paper based on a case study. This course will count toward the nine-credit limit on non-law school courses. Prereq: LAWS 4401.

LAWS 5418. Corporate Real Estate Transactions. 2 Units.
Real estate is typically the largest single category of capital investment and the second largest category of repeat expense (after total personnel costs) for most businesses. Major industrial and service sector companies are increasingly focused on the opportunities and challenges inherent in the real estate portfolios that support their core operations. This course will highlight the strategic case for effective corporate real estate management and the role of inside and outside legal counsel in the commercial real estate context. The course will consider advanced transactional situations, including purchase and sale of commercial properties, leasing of business properties, and complex industrial facilities. The course's emphasis on case studies and commercial transaction scenarios are also designed to act as a capstone course that complements and draws upon the students' prior coursework in contracts, real estate and commercial transactions, ethics and government regulation. Three parallel case studies will run throughout the course, illustrating the application of each topic to different types of client organizations: a Fortune 500 industrial company, a small family-owned retail business, and a medium-sized not-for-profit organization with several sites. Each client organization will have mock client representatives who will have different business and style preferences, which the class will need to accommodate and will come to anticipate in fashioning and recommending solutions for each client. The final exam will build from these same client scenarios, offering the class participants an opportunity to apply their learning to make recommendations to each client with respect to specific situations and goals.
LAWS 5419. Debtor-Creditor Law. 3 Units.
The creditor's power to enforce its judgments through such judicial processes as attachment, execution, levy, garnishment, and creditors' bills. The debtor's power to resist creditors' claims through statutory exemptions or federal bankruptcy discharge, or because the creditor has acted inappropriately or in bad faith. Also studied is the creditor's power to set aside and avoid fraudulent transfers made by the debtor, a power which has generated much litigation in recent years. We also study the special rights of the federal government to enforce its claims, through the Federal Debt Collection Act of 1990, the Federal Priority Statute, and the Federal Tax Lien Statute. Finally, we survey collective creditors' remedies under state law, including assignments for the benefit of creditors, creditors' arrangements, and receiverships.

LAWS 5420. ERISA. 4 Units.
This class will cover employee benefits law. (ERISA): defined benefit plans, including in-depth consideration of defined benefit plan documents; VEBA's, their use and regulation; group life, Accidental Death & Dismemberment, and Long Term Disability plans and related insurance documents; insured and non-insured medical benefit plans; reporting and disclosure requirements of ERISA, including summary plan descriptions, summaries of material modifications, Form 5500, and "top hat" elections; and requests for favorable determinations of qualified plans, including Form 5300 and Notices to Interested Parties.

LAWS 5421. Financial Principles for Lawyers. 3 Units.
This course provides an introduction to the use of financial economics that are frequently relevant in many areas of law. Topics to be covered include the time value of money, uncertainty, claim structure (including the characteristics of debt, equity, and hybrid securities, and the benefits and detriments of debt and equity financing), behavior of securities markets, and analysis of financial statements. Use of these concepts in specific areas of legal practice will be discussed.

LAWS 5422. Financial Markets: Law, Theory, and Practice. 2 Units.
Explores the interactions of law, principles of finance, and the theoretical underpinnings of financial markets. It introduces students to the roots of evolving financial market liabilities affecting the interests and conduct of people at all levels in those markets by examining (a) the structure and purpose of financial markets, (b) the financial and capital market theories which today shape the contours of the law, (c) intermediation in financial markets, and (d) the challenges of global market regulation.

LAWS 5423. Financial System Integrity. 3 Units.
In this course, which is offered alternately as either a lab or a seminar, students study and research key aspects of the international financial system integrity rules, with a focus on the anti-money laundering and terrorism financing standards of the Financial Action Task Force (FATF) and the Basel Core Principles on Banking Supervision of the Basel Committee (as well as similar standards promulgated for other financial institutions). When offered as a lab, the course engages students in projects for a variety of organizations involved in improving the integrity of financial institutions, including the FATF (as well as FATF-style regional bodies), the International Monetary Fund, the World Bank, the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime, and locally based governmental and non-governmental organizations. Students satisfactorily completing this course will be eligible to apply for a fully paid summer internship with a local bank that will involve work in the bank's legal, anti-money laundering and financial intelligence units. Recommended preparation: LAWS 211 and LAWS 307.

LAWS 5424. Insurance. 3 Units.
A comprehensive introduction to the regulation of the insurance industry and to the legal issues arising from relations between the parties to insurance contracts. The course examines statutory regulation of the industry by state and federal agencies and analyzes cases involving aggressive regulation by the judiciary as well. Insurance decisions on the cutting edge of developments in contract, tort, and agency law are studied. Students are required to study the policy forms most frequently encountered in practice: the automobile policy, the homeowner's policy, and the life insurance policy. The course also provides exposure to problems relating to other areas of insurance including commercial general liability coverage, fire insurance, professional liability (malpractice) coverage, and health insurance.

LAWS 5425. International Business Organizations. 3 Units.
This course offers a combined classroom and field experience designed to help students understand why U.S. multinational corporations engage in transactions through offshore financial centers or "tax havens." To this end, the course will provide an introduction to and address the tax and other policy implications of various international business structures and strategies including captive insurance arrangements, asset securitizations, hedge funds and offshore banking. The course will consist of four Friday afternoon sessions in the early part of the spring semester, followed by a week-long visit to the Cayman Islands during spring break, when students will meet and hear from academics, private-sector professionals and government officials based in the Cayman.

LAWS 5426. International Real Estate Transactions. 2 Units.
The course will explore selected topics involved in international real estate transactions, from the perspective of an American counsel representing an American entity doing business abroad. Topics may include structuring, transactional goals, due diligence, letters of intent and documentation, deal implementation, title protection, and others. The course will use traditional learning techniques as well as case studies and simulations, with a major focus on letters of intent/documentation. Students will be graded based on class participation and presentations, written assignments, and a final paper/take home exam. Recommended preparation: LAWS 385 (may be taken concurrently).

LAWS 5427. Mergers and Acquisitions. 3 Units.
Topics include the corporate and securities law governing various forms of mergers and acquisitions; business motivations for mergers; concerns of acquiring and acquired companies in friendly mergers; bidders' techniques and targets' defenses in hostile tender offers and proxy contests; valuation of businesses and investments, portfolio theory, and capital markets; concerns of companies and investors in negotiating corporate financing. Prereq: LAWS 4401.

LAWS 5428. Products Liability. 2 Units.
Explores in depth the liability of manufacturers and sellers for physical injury to persons or property caused by defective products. The relevant law includes UCC warranty provisions, Restatement of Tort (Second) section 402A and other tort law, state "tort reform" statutes, and federal and state statutes regulating product safety, such as the FDA and the Consumer Product Safety Act. The course will also examine proposals to "reform" the law of products liability.
LAWS 5429. Real Estate Transactions and Finance. 2 - 3 Units.
Covers basic real estate transactions as well as issues involved in complex finance and development. Topics include: brokers, land contracts of sale, deeds and title covenants, the recording system, title insurance, mortgages, shopping center development, cooperatives and condominiums, ground lease financing, construction lending, distressed properties, selected federal income tax issues, and the real estate attorney's professional responsibilities. Whenever possible, issues will be examined in the context of model transactions.

LAWS 5431. Securities Regulation. 3 Units.
This course explores the policies and techniques of state and federal investor protection, with emphasis on the distribution of securities by issuers and their affiliates. After an analysis of express general anti-fraud remedies, the "security" concept, and the diverse philosophies underlying "value judgment" and "disclosure" approaches to regulation of business fund-raising practices, the course proceeds to a full consideration of the impact of the Federal Securities Act of 1933 on primary and secondary distributions. Concurrent as well as independent effects of state blue sky laws, typified by the Uniform Securities Act, are also treated. To round out the total pattern of investor protection in the distributional setting, the course includes limited excursions into the anti-fraud, periodic reporting, public information availability, and broker-dealer aspects of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Prereq: LAWS 4401.

LAWS 5432. Business and Law Colloquium. 3 Units.
This course will bring together law students, business students, mid-level attorneys and senior leaders in the legal field for a one-semester weekly colloquium. Offered as LAWS 5432 and BLAW 411. Even though women have represented approximately half of law-school graduates for a number of years, women represent only 16% of law firm equity partners and even fewer corporate General Counsels. This course aims to offer an introduction to the business skills that both women and men will need to rise to the highest levels of law practice and organizational leadership. Each week will focus on a different aspect of law and business. The curriculum will include sessions focused in financial management, business development, communication skills, and intercultural business and law practices.

LAWS 5433. Commercial Paper. 3 Units.
One of the basic courses in commercial law, dealing with the law of negotiable instruments and bank collections and deposits. These topics are considered primarily under the Uniform Commercial Code and, to some extent, recent federal banking and consumer credit legislation.

LAWS 5434. Secured Transactions. 2 Units.
This course deals with Article 9 of the UCC and other legal and equitable rules relating to the use of personal property as security for debts. Topics covered include creation of a security interest (mortgage), rights and obligations of the debtor (mortgagor) and the secured party (mortgagee), priority of interests in the same property, redemption rights of the debtor, and foreclosure of a security interest by the mortgagee. May not be taken by students who have taken or are taking the 4-credit Sales and Secured Transactions course (LAWS 266). Students who have taken or are planning to take the 3-credit Sales (LAWS 381) course may enroll.

LAWS 5435. Sales and Secured Financing. 4 Units.
A concentrated survey of the law relating to the sale and lease of goods and secured financing. (1) Sales. The primary focus will be on the law relating to the sale of goods in commercial setting, i.e., Article 2 of the Uniform Commercial Code. Some attention will be given to the United Nations Convention on the International Sale of Goods. Considerable attention will also be given to consumer sales issues, e.g., the Uniform Consumer Sales Practices Act and similar legislation. There will be some coverage of leasing of goods under Article 2A of the UCC. (2) Secured Financing. Personal property security interests under Article 9 of the UCC will be examined in considerable depth. Real property mortgages will not be covered. Not open to students who are taking or have taken Sales (LAWS 381) or Property Security (LAWS 377). Students taking this course are precluded from subsequently taking either of those courses.

LAWS 5436. Financial Institutions Regulation. 3 Units.

LAWS 5437. Credit Transactions in Global Economy. 1 Unit.
This course offers a comparative and international view of secured credit transactions. Students will examine recent conventions that attempt to harmonize the law of secured credit, including the UN Convention on the Assignment of Receivables, the Unidroit Convention on International Factoring, the EBRD Model Law on Secured Transactions, the Unidroit Convention on the International Interests in Mobile Equipment and the UNCITRAL Legislative Guide on Secured Transactions. Students will consider the policy and theory underlying the law of secured transactions and will examine how much transactions relate to the broader global economy. Coreq: LAWS 5434.

LAWS 5438. Business Organizations Research Seminar. 2 Units.
An opportunity to undertake significant research and writing on the law of business organizations. Each student will be expected to complete a major paper in satisfaction of the upper level writing requirement. A satisfactory paper will meet the writing requirement for the concentration in Business Organizations. Limited to 12. Prereq: LAWS 4401.

LAWS 5439. Corporate Finance. 3 Units.
This course provides both an introduction to important financial concepts and, more centrally, an investigation of how those concepts come into play in the law (particularly corporate law). Topics covered will include: the capital asset pricing model, the efficient capital market hypothesis, the characteristics of debt and equity financing, options, and hedging. The course assumes no familiarity with these financial concepts, and while the math involved is critical, it will also be elementary. Throughout, the emphasis will be on gaining the ability to use concepts from finance in the context of legal problems. Prereq: LAWS 4401.

LAWS 5440. Telecommunications Regulation. 3 Units.
This course provides a legal, technological, and policy introduction to modern communications regulation, including the regimes that govern broadcast, cable, wired and wireless telephony, satellite, and the Internet. Although there are no prerequisites for this course, prior study of the First Amendment, administrative law, antitrust law, and familiarity with communication technologies will be helpful.
LAWS 5452. Advanced Estate Planning. 3 Units.
This course focuses on the practical side of estate planning, with an emphasis on the estate and gift tax consequences, and the preparation of wills, trusts, and other estate and gift tax planning documents. We will study the following topics: how to develop an estate and gift tax plan, how to draft and implement different marital deduction formulas and credit shelter trusts; different asset protection vehicles, such as legacy trusts (in Ohio and other states), and family limited liability companies; generation-skipping tax planning and ideas; charitable planning; insurance planning; GRATS, GRUTS, and sales to intentionally defective grantor trusts; and in general, how to design and draft wills, trusts, powers of attorney, and other estate and gift tax planning documents. Prereq: LAWS 5402.

LAWS 5460. Advanced Nonprofit Organizations Seminar. 3 Units.
In this seminar, students will explore selected topics related to structure, governance, tax exemption, and government oversight of nonprofit organizations. Class readings and discussions for the first several weeks will build on the basic understanding developed in LAWS 234, Law of Nonprofit Organizations. Topics will be selected to consider framework in context, using recent real-life case studies. Students will write a significant paper on a chosen topic and present it to the class. The course grade will be based on the paper, the presentation, and class participation. Paper may satisfy writing requirement. Prereq: LAWS 4402.

LAWS 5461. Commercial Information and the Law. 3 Units.
This seminar focuses on defining 'commercial information' from a lawyer's perspective and analyzing ways in which laws in different jurisdictions are developing to protect owners and developers of such information from unauthorized access, interference, disclosure and/or use of their information products and services. The subject will be taught from a comparative/international perspective because of the increasingly global nature of many of the issues for discussion. Class discussion topics will include: the nature of commercial information and its relationship to the legal concept of property; the relationship between commercial information and intellectual property law (specifically copyright, patent, and trade secret law); case studies involving Internet business methods, computer software and electronic databases and the way in which intellectual property laws have developed in relation to these information products; the use of contract law and technological protection measures to protect the value of information stored and accessed electronically; and problems of financing businesses, and generally valuing business assets, where the main valuable assets are commercial information products.

LAWS 5704. Adoption Law. 2 Units.
This course surveys adoption law in the United States, including public and private adoptions, international adoptions, and the legal issues involving reproductive law and surrogacy.

LAWS 5705. Advanced Family Law. 2 Units.
This is a simulation course in advanced family law. Students will conduct the preparation, strategy, and execution of a civil family law hearing in selected areas, e.g., domestic violence. The student will study a major statute (e.g., Domestic Violence Statute, Ohio Code Section 3113.31), and simultaneously master the techniques of hearing, including opening statement, direct examination, cross examination, closing argument, and learn the use of evidentiary objections and the handling of documents at trial. The choice of topic may change from year to year. Prereq: LAWS 5730 or LAWS 5753.

LAWS 5706. Advanced Legal Research. 3 Units.
This course provides in-depth exposure to the sources of law and legal commentary generated in American and other legal systems, and provides hand-on exposure to sophisticated methodologies for effective legal research in all media. Upon completion of the course, students will be equipped to plan and execute effective research on familiar or unfamiliar legal topics.

LAWS 5707. Alternative Dispute Resolution. 2 Units.
Students will examine the processes of alternative dispute resolution (ADR) through reading materials, videotapes, guest lectures, and simulation exercises. Particular emphasis will be given to the interaction of lawyers and clients in business negotiations and in litigation. Negotiation, arbitration, mediation, the summary jury trial, and the minitrial will be examined. The class will also cover impediments to ADR, such as lack of understanding or hostility on the part of clients or lawyers. Offered as LAWS 351 and LHRP 451.

LAWS 5708. American Indian Law. 2 Units.
An introduction to the body of law governing the relationship among Indian tribes and state and federal governments. Major themes include tribal sovereignty; the federal-tribal relationship; criminal, tax, and regulatory jurisdiction on reservations; and the rights of individual Indians. Does not fulfill writing requirement.

LAWS 5709. Animal Law. 2 Units.
The goals of the course are to: a. Provide a clear understanding of the status of animal law as it currently exists, with an emphasis on recent statutes and caselaw; b. Explore how the law handles animals and animal-related issues in comparison with humans and other property; c. Provide a hands-on, practical experience for students who wish to grapple with cases involving animal law with either a moot court or special research project; d. Get students to think about and develop their own philosophy as it relates to animal law, and to test legal theories for advancing animal jurisprudence in the direction they deem appropriate.

LAWS 5710. Canon Law. 2 Units.
This course examines the legal system of the Roman Catholic Church. In addition to an historical overview of the science of canon law, lectures address specific canons of the Code of Canon Law and selected canonical issues. Subjects to be considered include marital law, ecclesiastical sanctions (i.e., criminal law) and procedures, trial procedures.

LAWS 5711. Civil Rights. 3 Units.
This course will examine the enforcement of federal civil rights against the government, government officials, and private individuals. The course will focus partly on the unique issues and challenges involved in litigating civil rights cases, and approximately the first half of the semester will be spent on 42 U.S.C. § 1983, the “all-purpose” civil rights statute. We will discuss the mechanics of litigating federal civil rights cases, such as the state action requirement, absolute and qualified immunities, liability of municipalities, limitations on injunctive relief, and attorney’s fees. Much of the second half of the semester will be devoted to other civil rights statutes, such as the Fair Housing Act, the Voting Rights Act, Title IX, and Title VI. The course will not cover statutes dealing with discrimination in the workplace, however, as those topics are treated fully in the Employment Discrimination course.
LAWS 5712. Community Development Law. 2 Units.
An examination of the law of economic and land development in underserved and deteriorated areas. Legal issues related to business organization, financing, real estate development, governmental programs, and regulation and taxation (among other areas) will be covered. Topics include background of urban deterioration, governmental and private sources of assistance, organizing the developing entity, financing the project, governmental programs, tax policy and programs, land assembly, and administration of developments.

LAWS 5713. Complex Federal Criminal Investigation and Prosecution. 3 Units.
The course will explore some of the practical, substantive, and ethical issues that arise in complex federal investigations and prosecutions. Students will read cases and articles concerning topics such as the use of electronic surveillance, plea bargaining, and contacts with persons represented by counsel. They will also discuss how the law limits or enhances the powers of federal prosecutors conducting criminal investigations and prosecutions. Grade will be based on class participation and a take-home examination. Prereq: LAWS 1102 and LAWS 4807.

LAWS 5714. Complex Litigation. 2 Units.
Analysis of key issues typically encountered in complex civil litigation including substantive implications of seemingly procedural choices. Class actions, multidistrict litigation, joinder and consolidation. Exploration of practical and ethical issues encountered in complex civil litigation.

LAWS 5715. Computers and Crime. 1 Unit.
The course will cover both the new kinds of criminal activity made possible by computer technology and the use of computer technology to commit traditional crimes like embezzlement and terrorism. The class will examine Internet gambling and the distribution of child pornography on the Internet to illustrate issues that arise in connection with the use of computer technology in criminal activity. The class will also focus on procedural issues like jurisdiction and venue that become problematic in the context of computer crime. Limited to 20. Prereq: LAWS 1102 and LAWS 4807.

LAWS 5716. Conflict of Laws. 2 Units.
Competing approaches to choice of law in cases having multi-state and/or multi-national contacts. The course also covers personal jurisdiction, constitutional and international limitations on choice of law, and enforcement of judgments. Comparative and international perspectives are integrated throughout. Students develop their own choice of law theory in a simulated restatement conference.

LAWS 5717. Constitutional Law II. 3 Units.
This course explores the individual freedoms protected by the First Amendment. Primary attention is devoted to the freedoms of speech, assembly, and association. The course analyzes what is protected, why it is protected, and to what degree it is protected. Topics covered include prior restraint, advocacy of unlawful conduct, the hostile audience, defamation, commercial speech, obscenity, offensive speech, expression on public property, and symbolic speech.

LAWS 5718. Criminal Procedure II. 2 Units.
The adjudicatory stage of the criminal process. Pretrial release, preliminary hearings, grand jury practice, speedy and public trial, discovery, right to jury trial, guilty pleas, right to counsel, and double jeopardy are examined. Prereq: LAWS 4807.

LAWS 5719. Cross-cultural Dispute Resolution. 2 Units.
Students will explore a wide range of domestic, foreign, and international dispute resolution processes, with emphasis on dispute resolutions amongst parties of different cultural and legal traditions.

LAWS 5720. Death Penalty Law and Process. 2 Units.
The course offers a review of the death penalty process, theory, and law from trial through execution, including examination of state laws and federal habeas corpus law. The course focuses on the legal principles implicated by the death penalty and also examines the social issues it raises including the social/legal arguments against the death penalty, race and gender issues, and the influence of political and other factors on the process. Recommended preparation: LAWS 327.

LAWS 5721. Death Penalty Lab. 3 Units.
This Lab will involve students in an integrated experience of academic research and public service. Students will work on semester-long research projects arising from actual death penalty cases that will be of assistance to practitioners in death penalty cases or research projects for governmental and non-governmental organizations engaged in support for, opposition to, or reform of the death penalty at a local state, national, or global level. Issues may include: victim's rights; jury selection (race/gender discrimination); proportionality (discrepancies in geographic application or application to different fact patterns); economic impact on the system; clemency; and transnational problems with foreign accused; systemic review (e.g., Illinois commission); and other specific recurring issues arising from innocence, assistance of counsel, experts, jury instructions, or misconduct (judge, attorney, jury). The students will have no direct representation responsibilities.

LAWS 5722. Death Penalty Lab II. 2 Units.
This lab will involve students in an integrated experience of academic research and public service. As enrollment is limited to students who have successfully completed Lab I, these students will assume a supervisory role working with Lab I students. Students will work on research projects arising from actual death penalty cases that will be of assistance to practitioners in death penalty cases or research projects for governmental and non-governmental organizations engaged in support for, opposition to, or reform of the death penalty at a local state, national, or global level. Issues may include: jury selection issues; proportionality issues; economic impact of the application of the death penalty; examination of issues surrounding a specific state's ability to provide a viable clemency; issues of international law; research, investigation, and litigation of case specific issues ranging from actual innocence, ineffective assistance of counsel, ineffective assistance of experts, prosecutorial misconduct, judicial misconduct, juror misconduct, etc. Prereq: LAWS 5721.

LAWS 5723. Disability Law. 3 Units.
Disability Law provides a comprehensive overview of the federal laws relating to individuals with disabilities. The course focuses on issues of nondiscrimination and affirmative rights in the areas of employment, government programs and services, places of public accommodation and education. Beyond analyzing the legal framework that shapes disability rights, the course will also discuss issues related to disability rights from a social policy perspective.

LAWS 5724. Discrimination in Employment. 3 Units.
This course will examine the federal laws concerning discrimination in the workplace. These include Title VII of the 1964 Civil Rights Act, the Equal Pay Act, the Age Discrimination in Employment Act, the Americans with Disabilities Act, the Genetic Information Nondiscrimination Act. We will study the regulation of discrimination based on race, sex, religion, national origin, age, disability, and genetic status, including policy and ethical question and strategic considerations in prosecuting and defending employment-based civil rights actions.
LAWS 5725. Education Law. 3 Units.
This course surveys the legal and social policy challenges related to public education settings. Students will study relevant constitutional issues, legislative mandates, school vouchers to supplement tuitions in private schools, charter schools, and more recent attempts under state constitutions to provide a quality education for all children. Beyond analyzing the legal frameworks that shape public education, the course will also cover the difficulties confronting public education from a sociological perspective.

LAWS 5726. Employment Law. 3 Units.
This course examines employer-employee relations in non-union settings. Topics include wrongful discharge, occupational safety and health regulation, minimum wage, and workplace privacy issues. The course emphasizes written work, including advanced legal research training. Minimal overlap with Labor Law (LAWS 359) and Discrimination in Employment (LAWS 328).

LAWS 5727. Environmental Law. 3 Units.
The course is designed to provide an overview of both the breadth and depth of environmental regulation in the United States and to consider ways our environmental regulatory system might be improved. Although all of the major environmental laws will be surveyed, several statutes will be examined in greater detail. Students will be expected to navigate select provisions of statutes and regulations through in-class problem sets. Guest speakers will also be invited to speak on topics of current interest.

LAWS 5728. ePayment Systems. 1 Unit.
This seminar builds on the foundation established during the first-year curriculum and focuses on the law and technology of payment systems. Such topics will include the contractual relationship amongst and between the various organizations transacting to enable a b2c payment; the various elements of such agreements; the various impacts of a payment system (criminal, civil, and administrative); the implications for legal structure and policy; and the ethical considerations of a lawyer advising clients within this domain. Grade is based on a paper, a presentation, and class attendance and participation.

LAWS 5729. Expert Testimony in Civil Cases. 3 Units.
This course addresses the use of expert witnesses in civil trials, focusing on evidentiary issues. We will first examine several theoretical and conceptual issues concerning the role of experts as well as the pertinent standards of admissibility. We will give careful attention to what it means to make an argument from expert opinion. Then we will examine the use of expertise in a variety of contexts, including the proof of identity, proof of causation, proof of breach of duty, and proof of damages. Prereq: LAWS 1201 and LAWS 4808.

LAWS 5730. Family Law. 3 Units.
This survey course covers law relating to the creation, functioning, and dissolution of the family as a legal unit. Topics include legitimacy, adoption, procreative rights, cohabitation, marriage, family obligations, division of marital property, divorce and annulment, and child custody. Particular attention is given to the social forces that affect the development of rules and policies.

LAWS 5731. Federal Courts. 3 Units.
This course explores the relationships between the federal courts, Congress, and state courts and governments. Topics include congressional control of federal jurisdiction, justiciability, federal court abstention, suits against state and federal governments and officials, habeas corpus, and federal injunctions on state proceedings.

LAWS 5732. Government Contracts. 2 Units.
Government procurement law continues to interest policymakers, corporations, and legal employers in part because the total value of active federal contracts under administration exceeds several trillion dollars. This is a survey course covering many issues involved in the administration of federal contracts and procurement law. Subjects covered include contract interpretation, risk allocation, changes, differing site conditions, inspection, acceptance and termination.

LAWS 5733. Immigration Law. 2 Units.
The general principles of immigration law and procedure, including federal authority to regulate immigration, removal of aliens (deportation and exclusion), administrative and judicial review, fleeing persecution (refugees, asylees, and others), immigrant and nonimmigrant visas, and consular practice. The course will emphasize practical application of current immigration law.

LAWS 5734. Immigration Law II. 1 Unit.
The course is dedicated to the study of visas for visitors and aliens of extraordinary ability in the sciences, arts, or entertainment. Course materials will be drawn from Legomsky's Immigration and Refugee Law and Policy, the Immigration and Nationality Act, and Title 8 (CFR). Students will be required to write a paper or prepare a visa petition. The course will likely be offered every other year. Prereq: LAWS 5733.

LAWS 5735. International Environmental Law. 3 Units.
This course examines selected issues and current problems in international environmental law, with a particular focus on transboundary environmental problems, global "commons," and the development, implementation and enforcement of international environmental agreements. Requirements for the course will include several short writing assignments and weekly simulations and role-play exercises. There will be no final exam. Limited enrollment of 20 students.

LAWS 5736. Juvenile Law. 2 Units.
The role of the juvenile court in society: its jurisdiction, procedures, and dispositional alternatives. Students study both the quasi-criminal aspects of the juvenile court (jurisdiction over juvenile delinquents and status offenders) and the civil-protective aspects of the court (termination of parental rights and the handling of neglected, dependent, and abused children). In addition, the rights afforded juveniles are compared with the rights afforded adults in comparable circumstances. Many related juvenile justice issues, such as the right of a minor female to have an abortion without parental notice and the constitutionality of capital punishment for juvenile offenders, are also examined.

LAWS 5737. Labor Law. 3 Units.
The basic course in the area of union-management relations, designed both for students desiring to pursue the field further and for those whose interest lies in an introduction to legal principles in this area. The course begins with a brief historical study of the evolution of the labor movement and prestatutory law. It then considers federal regulation under the National Labor Relations Act of union organizational efforts, management-union interaction, and the representational process, then proceeds to the collective bargaining process. The collective bargaining process is examined in some depth with special emphasis on the scope and substance of the duty to bargain in good faith, the enforcement of collective bargaining agreements in courts and by arbitrators, and the legal regulation of industrial warfare, the strike and lockout.
LAWS 5738. Land Use Control. 3 Units.
This course analyzes the public control of land use, primarily at the local and state levels. Both legal and policy perspectives are considered. Attention is given to constitutional limitations such as the takings doctrine, equal protection, and due process. Topics considered include zoning, subdivision controls, exclusionary regulations, and historic preservation.

LAWS 5739. Law of Archeological Relics. 2 Units.
This course addresses the private and public law relating to the ownership, sale, use, and repatriation of archeological artifacts other than human remains. The readings include excerpts from articles and books regarding the international trade (legal and illegal) in such artifacts. Significant attention is given to international law, such as the UNESCO Convention on Cultural Property.

LAWS 5740. Leadership and Communication Skills for Lawyers. 2 Units.
This 13-week interactive course will provide students with the tools and techniques needed to be more capable speakers and communicators. While the course will include some training for persuasive public speaking in a courtroom, most of the focus will be on developing effective communication skills so that students will have the requisite confidence, focus, and control to speak in a variety of settings. A section of the class will also concentrate on handling the media including how to control a message and advice for clients who may be in the public spotlight. The program will be interactive so that students have numerous opportunities to participate and speak. Role-playing exercises will be utilized as well as video-taped playback. Grading is based on participation and improvement and there will not be a final exam.

LAWS 5741. Legal History of the Corporation. 3 Units.
This course will examine the history of the modern corporate form, beginning with the revolutionary changes of the late nineteenth and early twentieth centuries. The goal is to explore the contingent nature of the corporation through a focus on its history as well as to examine the social, ecological and political consequences of what has become the most powerful economic institution in world history.

LAWS 5742. Legal Theory, Selected Topics. 2 Units.
This two-semester sequence examines selected issues in legal theory. The subject matter varies from year to year and will be announced at the time of registration for the first of the two semesters. The first semester (Selected Topics in Legal Theory I), will entail a close reading of one or more selected scholarly works that have advanced our understanding of the deep structures of the law. Students will be required to write one or more short, non-research papers during the term that engage the readings, and a separate grade will be assigned for the term based on these papers and class participation. At the end of the term, students wishing to continue during the second semester of the sequence and complete their writing requirement for graduation will select their topics; the topic must be the examination and critique of some argument or thesis presented in or arising from the readings for the fall semester. Prereq or coreq: LAWS 4808.

LAWS 5743. Legislation. 2 - 3 Units.
This course is a study of the legislative process and product. The class will examine theories of the legislative function; campaign and election regulation; the processes through which the legislature acts; and the drafting and interpreting of statutes.

LAWS 5744. Mediation Representation: Theory, Principle and Practice. 2 Units.
An advanced course exploring the fundamentals of conflict, mediation theory, doctrine and practice, its historical evolution and increasing use as a centerpiece of modern legal dispute resolution. The course will cover the theory, doctrine, history and practice of mediation; the mediation process; the mediator's, client's, and advocate's role in mediation; the underlying principles of bargaining, risk and value and how to adapt these negotiation skills for a mediation setting. Students will also learn how to use mediation as a problem-solver for the client. Format is lecture, discussion and student presentation and simulation. The course includes the writing of mediation memoranda, as well as mediation role playing, with critique from the teachers and invited guest mediation practitioners.

LAWS 5745. National Security Law. 3 Units.
Provides a study of the separation of powers in national security matters, presidential war powers, congressional and presidential emergency powers, the domestic effect of international law, the use of military force in international relations, investigating national security threats, the Freedom of Information and Privacy Acts, access to national security information in the federal courts, and restraints on disclosing and publishing national security information. The course builds upon a strong foundation of constitutional law and addresses the fundamental tension that exists in our foreign and domestic affairs by virtue of the constitutional separation of powers between the respective branches of government. Several classroom hours will be spent dealing with constitutional war powers and how the executive and legislative branches have tried to define their respective measures of expressed and implied power with regard to the Vietnam War, the War Powers Resolution of 1973, and more recent US incursions such as the first Persian Gulf War and the most recent invasion of Iraq.

LAWS 5746. Ohio Constitutional History. 3 Units.
This course will focus on the constitutional history of Ohio and the economic, social, and political forces that influenced the development of the Ohio Constitution. The approach will be both chronological and thematic. The course will place Ohio constitutional history in its larger historical context-the Founding Era, the Northwest Ordinance and the Path to Statehood, the Age of Jackson, the Progressive Movement, the New Federalism, and Modern Constitutional Revision. The course will also examine the following topics: the treatment of African-Americans, the rights of women, judicial review, separation of powers, the temperament movement, municipal home rule, tort reform, judicial selection, and the bill of rights. Students will be expected to work with primary source documents; there will be a required paper but no final exam. Students papers will not be limited to Ohio topics.

LAWS 5747. Philosophy of Law. 3 Units.
This is an examination of the general nature of law, the broad concerns of jurisprudence, the study of comparative law, and many of the issues raised in the literature of legal philosophy. Students will examine the principles of legal positivism, mitigated natural law, and rights theory. Selected readings and cases will illustrate these theories, which will also be examined in the context of rule selection by new governments in developing or revolutionary societies. The course also looks at the general nature of legal systems: how politics, morality, and individual views of justice and rights affect particular court cases and the course and development of law generally. Topics will include abortion, obscenity and sin, civil disobedience, affirmative action, surrogatehood, and the death penalty. This is unlike any other of the legal theory or jurisprudence courses, and those who have sampled legal theory elsewhere in a different form are welcome and encouraged to enroll. Recommended preparation: PHIL 101. Offered as LAWS 353, PHIL 335, and PHIL 435.
LAWS 5748. Poverty, Social Inequality, and the Law. 3 Units.
An overview of the way the law impacts on disadvantaged people, and the law that supports advocacy on their behalf. Students will learn about legal problems that are common to poor people and identify potential solutions. The course will analyze the effectiveness of various legal interventions such as administrative advocacy, and litigation (including individual and class representation) in various contexts. Past and current means of using and changing the law on behalf of low-income people will be studied. Students will analyze the responsibilities of lawyers to represent low-income clients. Many of the concepts will be taught through the use of case studies; a client interview will be conducted, and court observation is required. Grade is based on oral case study presentation, written assignments, and class participation.

LAWS 5749. Prisoner Rights & Litigation. 3 Units.
This course explores the complex areas of habeas corpus and prisoner § 1983 litigation. The course explores the legal, procedural, social, economic and other issues surrounding federal court review of state court criminal convictions, conditions of confinement for prisoners, and prisoner rights. Topics will include standards of review, substantive rights, federal jurisdiction, and Constitutional reaches and limits.

LAWS 5750. Religion, Ethics, and the Law. 3 Units.
This is a paper seminar, limited to 12 students. The course will explore the interrelationship between religion, ethics, and the law in the American legal system. We will begin with a series of general questions. To what extent do we have true separation of church and state in American jurisprudence? Why should religious beliefs be given more deference than political opinions or other personal expressions? Does the law set the standard for public morality or reflect it? In order to establish a successful legal system, does society need to reach a consensus as to its moral and ethical values? When is the government ethically justified in punishing individuals for their misconduct, and what theories justify punishment within the criminal justice systems? In the second part of the course we will focus on a variety of issues that raise legal, ethical, and religious questions. Topics may include capital punishment, euthanasia, genetic testing war crimes, and others.

LAWS 5751. Scientific Evidence in Criminal Litigation. 2 Units.
The legal issues associated with the use of scientific evidence at trial. It examines the admissibility of scientific evidence, expert testimony, and related issues. In addition, it considers specific techniques such as forensic pathology, fingerprint comparison, firearms identification, bite mark comparisons, questioned document examinations, and polygraph and DNA evidence testing. Outside experts are used to present many of the topics.

LAWS 5752. Selected Topics on American Legal Professions. 3 Units.
This seminar will consider the history, structure and demographics of the American legal profession. We will focus primarily on recent changes in the organization and operation of law practice and the effect of those trends on the delivery of legal services and the working lives of lawyers. Students will be required to write and present a substantial paper, which may satisfy the writing requirement. Grade is based on class participation, a presentation, and a paper.

LAWS 5753. Selected Topics in Family Law. 3 Units.
This course explores in depth the theory, doctrine and practical application of various topics within family law. The topics explored may include marriage, divorce, property division, spousal support, parent-child relations, child custody, visitation, child support, domestic violence, rights of unmarried partners, etc.

LAWS 5754. Energy Law. 2 - 3 Units.
Energy law is a large and growing area of increased importance. Energy use and production is subject to a wide range of state and federal laws. This course will focus on current energy law issues, particularly issues relating to production and use of electrical power. The course covers the interplay of state and federal regulation, utility rate regulation, energy production, and regulation of the environmental consequences of energy production and use, including climate change.

LAWS 5755. Sexual Orientation & the Law. 3 Units.
The course will address the development of legislation and case law dealing with LGBT rights in different practice areas including family law, estate planning, and employment law. Further, the course will deal with possible scenarios for future legislative and judicial activity.

LAWS 5759. Topics in Advanced Labor Law. 2 Units.
Covers relations between employers, employees, and unions not covered in the basic Labor Law Course (LAWS 359). Among topics included are hot cargo agreements, obligations of successor employers, duty to fair representation, union security, federal preemption of state labor legislation, internal union affairs, and labor law reform. Prereq: LAWS 5737.

LAWS 5760. The Wire and the War on Drugs. 3 Units.
Many currently criticize the American criminal justice system for being too severe and, in particular, having an unfairly harsh impact on African Americans. These complaints typically focus on the war on drugs and the way the American criminal justice system has prosecuted and punished drug offenses for the past several decades. This course uses the HBO series The Wire as a lens for understanding and evaluating the war on drugs. Students will examine: current drug offenses, the policy debate about legalization and decriminalization of drugs, conspiracy law, approaches to sentencing, the law of electronic surveillance, the fourth amendment, interrogation, the use of informants, the use of computerized statistical data to manage police departments, prisoner reentry programs and the influence of the media on criminal justice policy.

LAWS 5761. Control of Toxins in Products and Workplaces. 3 Units.
This seminar will explore the regulation of potentially dangerous levels of toxic substances in products and workplaces. Particular attention will be devoted to considering the structure of the current legal framework for ensuring that the public is adequately represented in these highly complicated regulatory programs that impose substantial costs on manufacturers. After studying key aspects of the major federal programs that oversee the manufacture and marketing of toxins in products and workplaces, seminar participants will consider the role that the market and tort law play in supplementing regulation. Students will be expected to write a substantial research paper related to one of the themes of the course.

LAWS 5762. Urban Development Lab. 2 Units.
This course will involve students in an integrated experience of academic research and public service to the Greater Cleveland area. Students will work on semester long research projects arising from issues raised by local nonprofit development organizations and the development arms of other local nonprofit groups and government agencies. Specific topics will vary from semester to semester, but will generally fall within (i) barriers to development of urban properties, (ii) the role of local government and communities in encouraging or discouraging development projects and (iii) solutions for making urban areas, in general, and Cleveland, in particular, more livable and sustainable. When possible, students will present their findings directly to the organization(s) raising the issue. Students can expect direct or indirect exposure to aspects of real estate, finance, land use, tax and other regulatory law. Note: LL.M. courses have been inactivated.
LAWS 5763. White Collar Crime: Prosecution and Defense. 2 Units.
This course will engage students in a study of issues relating to the prosecution and defense of white collar crime in America, e.g., defining/understanding "white collar crime," the role of the federal government in investigating and prosecuting white collar crime, corporate vs. individual responsibility, analyzing various white collar offenses: mail fraud and wire fraud, RICO, perjury/false statements/obstruction, securities fraud, and analysis of current white collar criminal prosecutions in the news (US v. Martha Stewart, the Adelphia prosecution, the Tyco prosecution, the Worldcom prosecution, the Traficant prosecution here in Cleveland), and exercises in prosecuting and defending white collar crime: investigations, charging decisions, and strategies in structuring a trial presentation and crafting jury addresses in complex white collar cases. As part of their final exam, students will be required to prepare and deliver a live jury summation (either for the government or the defense) in a mock white collar criminal case. Students will also sit for a short essay exam dealing with the various topics covered in class.

LAWS 5764. Workers' Compensation. 2 Units.
Workers' Compensation law and theory continue to evolve through statutory change and judicial decisions. The statutes deal with benefits for work-connected injury and disability. Course material is national in scope with an emphasis on corresponding Ohio cases. The course also touches on related areas of law, such as torts.

LAWS 5765. State and Local Government. 3 Units.
Examines the power of state and local governments. Among the topics considered are the purpose and role of local governments; the source and scope of local governmental power; state and federal constitutional restraints on local governmental activity; the distribution of powers between state government and local governments; and the various options by which state and local governments finance their activities.

LAWS 5766. Non-Capital Habeas Lab. 2 - 3 Units.
Students will be assigned to research, write, and litigate issues on live cases of both state and federal prisoners. As part of the course, students will learn how to properly and effectively represent clients in criminal cases through lecture, written assignments, oral advocacy and other skills-related activities. Prereq: LAWS 4808. Prereq or Coreq: LAWS 4807.

LAWS 5767. International Perspectives on Death Penalty. 3 Units.
The course will focus on the legal status of the death penalty as a matter of international law as well as the impact of international law on domestic use of death penalty with a focus on the United States. Topics to be explored include the role of the death penalty in international criminal justice, impact of domestic death penalty on international relations, foreign nationals on death row, mental illness and other status issues, and other procedural and substantive issues of retention and abolishment.

LAWS 5768. Advanced Legal Writing. 3 Units.
This is an intensive course for students interested in taking the skills and lessons of the CaseArc courses and refining their written work product that this it stands out in the community. The course is a rigorous mixture of lecture, in-class exercises, at-home assignments, and peer reviews.

LAWS 5901. Advanced Civil Procedure. 4 Units.
This course will pick up where the 1L Civil Procedure course leaves off, exploring in greater depth topics raised by the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. Among the planned topics are the following: discovery (ranging from the practical, Pretrial Practice-type approach to a more conceptual, casebook-style approach); sanctions; multi-district litigation; finality (starting off from collateral estoppel/res judicata, through Rule 60, and including issues pertaining to the legislative revival of time-barred claims); appealability; class actions; injunctions.
LAWS 5908. Constitutional Law Research Seminar. 2 Units.
This seminar permits students to write an in-depth paper, exploring an area of Constitutional Law most interesting to them. There are no explicit rules governing subject matter except that the paper must have, as its central focus, constitutional doctrine, policy, and/or analysis. Several classes will be held during the semester. The focus of these classes will be the process of writing a paper and the research tools available. A thesis statement, an outline, and at least one draft before the final paper are required. The grade will be based solely on the quality of the paper. The paper may be used to satisfy the writing requirement.

LAWS 5909. Current Controversies in Environmental Law. 3 Units.
This seminar will explore current legal and policy controversies in environmental law. Special attention will be paid to recent Supreme Court decisions and forthcoming environmental protection, federal courts, including current constitutional challenges to environmental programs and regulations. Issues likely to be discussed include the impact of recent federalism decisions on environmental protection, federal preemption of state regulation, environmental standing, the non-delegation doctrine, and cost-benefit analysis, among other topics. Students will read recent Supreme Court and Circuit court opinions, appellate briefs, academic commentary and supporting materials. Grade is based on class participation, final presentation, and a paper. Limited to 12.

LAWS 5910. Environmental Law Research Seminar. 2 Units.
This course is for those students who wish to fulfill the writing requirement by writing on a contemporary environmental law subject.

LAWS 5911. Issues in Election Law. 2 Units.
This course will examine recent and current issues and controversies related to U.S. election law. The course will focus on careful readings of relevant statutes, court decisions, and academic commentary on various election law questions, including ballot access, voter fraud, disenfranchisement, redistricting and gerrymandering, campaign finance, campaign speech, and election contests. The course will explore some of the legal questions that inevitably arise in the context of conducting democratic elections and how well courts and other legal institutions address these issues. Grades will be based exclusively upon short weekly writing assignments (1-3 pages) based upon the assigned reading and class participation. There will be no final exam.

LAWS 5912. Jurisprudence. 3 Units.
The seminar will explore classic jurisprudential questions using great works of literature as the vehicle through which the explorations will be made. The questions are: What is the nature of law? of justice? What is the nature of the obligation to obey or respect the law? Some of the texts which will be used include: “Antigone,” “The Merchant of Venice,” “Billy Budd,” “Man for all Seasons,” and “Judgment at Nuremberg.”

LAWS 5913. Labor and Employment Law Issues in the Global Economy. 3 Units.
This seminar will consider the impact of globalization on workers and labor law.

LAWS 5914. Professional Responsibility Advanced Research. 3 Units.
This seminar will allow students concurrently enrolled in Professional Responsibility (LAWS 375) to satisfy the upper-level writing requirement. Students will receive advanced instruction in legal research in Professional Responsibility and will be required to complete a series of written exercises, including drafting a rule and writing a brief and a judicial opinion. The exercise will include a series of planning questions to help students structure their work. Each exercise will require the students to develop expertise in an area of Professional Responsibility through performance in simulated professional roles. At least one oral presentation will be required.

LAWS 5915. Property Theory Seminar. 3 Units.
This seminar is designed to allow students to explore discrete areas of Property Law in the context of a developing theoretical framework for understanding concepts of property. The seminar will be built around the manuscript for my book called: Property Law and Social Morality. In that book, I develop a theory of property law that builds on a conception of the appropriate interaction between people with respect to resources (following the general outlines of the theory in my Tort Law and Social Morality). During the early weeks of the semester, students will read selected chapters from the draft of the book, as well as alternative theories drawn from law and economics, corrective justice, and rights-based literature. Students will then analyze a property law topic of their choosing in light of the theories presented in my book and our class discussions. A student might, for example, study the application of the theory to doctrines of Adverse Possession, shopping center development, and planned communities. Their analysis will either accept or refute the theory and will result in a publishable paper that they present to the class.

LAWS 5916. Religion Clauses of First Amendment Seminar. 3 Units.
This seminar will explore the constitutional doctrines relating to the Free Exercise Clause and the Establishment Clause of the First Amendment. The readings will include key Supreme Court cases demonstrating the evolution of free exercise and Establishment Clause doctrines, as well as some historical materials, but we will also maintain a focus on current First Amendment controversies, such as school vouchers, faith-based government funding initiatives, and religious symbols on public property. Grade is based on class participation, final presentation, and a paper. Limited to 12.

LAWS 5917. Remedies. 2 Units.
This seminar provides students with both a broad survey of the law of civil remedies and a chance to focus individual research on a particular area of interest within that broad survey. The law of remedies focuses on what happens after the merit of a case has been decided; how does the court provide redress to the successful litigant? This seminar examines concepts of corrective justice, the institutional incentives created by different types of remedies, and related policy issues. Topics include “private” remedies (tort, contract, etc.) , “public remedies,” such as civil rights actions in which plaintiffs seek broad injunctive relief, and specialized areas of public-policy concern such as punitive damages and remedies in class-action suits.
LAWS 5918. Reproductive Rights Seminar. 3 Units.
This seminar will cover the basics of the Supreme Court's reproductive rights jurisprudence and will look at a series of topics relating to the reproductive rights law and policy, including "partial-birth" abortion and the health exception; minors' access to abortion, contraception, and sex education; reproductive rights and religion; and assisted reproductive technologies. In addition to various interim writing assignments, you will be required to submit a substantial paper by the end of the semester. Prereq: LAWS 5717.

LAWS 5919. Scientific Evidence and Advanced Research. 2 Units.
Students must be concurrently enrolled in LAWS 214 (no exceptions). Enrollment limited to six students.

LAWS 5920. Settlement Law Seminar. 2 - 3 Units.
This seminar will examine the theory and practice of settlement of disputes. Matters to be considered include: the practical issues of how one negotiates the settlement and drafts settlement documents; the theoretical issues of why some cases settle and why some do not; the appropriate role of judges and mediators in facilitating settlements, and the procedural and substantive law affecting the settlement of law suits. Grade is based on a presentation and a paper. Enrollment is limited to 12.

LAWS 5921. Social History of Crime Seminar. 3 Units.
This course is designed to offer students a somewhat different optic on the way that law operates in society, different, that is, from the sense one might get from reading case books. Here our concern is with the meaning of law in the largest sense, not so much from the standpoint of legal doctrine, but in the sense of how it works as a system of power to advance certain interests in society at the expense of less powerful groups. By "social history" I refer to the study of ordinary people, as opposed to political leaders and rulers. Thus the course explores how the law played out in the lives of ordinary men and women during the period from the eighteenth century to the present. What is a crime? How have certain customary rights been criminalized and why? What are the ideological underpinnings of the law? These are some of the questions we will take up as we examine crime in Britain and the U.S. from a thematic perspective.

LAWS 5922. Supreme Court Seminar. 3 Units.
Students will examine the judicial process in the U.S. Supreme Court, including the nature of decision-making in a multi-member tribunal, procedural and jurisdictional issues, and the development of a justice's jurisprudential philosophy. Students follow and analyze a particular justice or an aspect of the Court's operation. May satisfy the writing requirement.

LAWS 5923. Torts Theory Seminar. 3 Units.
This seminar will allow students to examine theories of justice in the context of tort law. In the seminar, we will be reading and discussing a series of articles that seek to provide a basis for understanding and evaluating tort doctrine. This will include readings concerning the economic approach, the corrective justice approach, and approaches based on distributive justice. The doctrine that we study will be that which is familiar from the first year course: strict liability, the requirements of the reasonable person, proximate cause, duty and product liability. Students will pick an area of tort doctrine and write a paper that will apply one or more theories to that area. A student might, for example, examine a manufacturer's duty to warn customers about possible harm in the use of the product, and would write a paper helping us to understand that duty in light of economic and corrective justice theories.

LAWS 5924. White Collar Crime Research Seminar. 2 Units.
This seminar focuses on white collar crime. Topics include insider trading, extortion, loansharking, bribery, embezzlement, corporate fraud, blackmail and internet-related criminal activity. Students will complete a substantial research paper and will present the results of their research to the class.

LAWS 5925. Wrongful Convictions Seminar. 3 Units.
This course focuses on the causes of wrongful convictions, including eyewitness misidentifications, false confessions, jailhouse informants, scientific fraud, prosecutorial misconduct, and ineffective assistance of defense counsel. Remedies to prevent the conviction of the innocent are also discussed. A paper and presentation are required. Prereq or Coreq: LAWS 4808.

LAWS 5926. 14th Amendment Seminar. 3 Units.
This seminar focuses on the Fourteenth Amendment through Supreme Court cases and the social implications of these holdings. We will discuss the definition of equality under the law and approaches to reaching equity goals. Students should gain a frame work for comparing equity arguments asserted in a variety of settings for different groups, e.g., gender in employment settings, wealth discrimination, and race in education.

LAWS 5927. Law and the 1960s. 3 Units.
The seminar will focus on law, politics, and society in the 1960s. The 1960s were the high water mark for legal liberalism, the belief that courts could affect liberal social policy. During that decade rights consciousness prompted litigation that pushed the courts to extend the limits of legal liberalism. The conjunction of triumphal legal liberalism and rights consciousness prompted critiques from both the right and the left, which had an important impact on legal institutions and the law. Students will examine the legal history of the 1960s in the context of the political, social, intellectual, and jurisprudential movements of the era.

LAWS 5928. Incarceration & Reintegration. 2 Units.
This course will serve as a primer on the trend towards mass incarceration in the United States and the legal issues that phenomenon presents. The course will focus on the constitutional and liability issues presented by private prisons, the intersection of race and gender with imprisonment and also the legal collateral consequences of incarceration and its effects on the reintegration of the formerly incarcerated.

LAWS 5929. Judicial Selection. 3 Units.
This seminar will examine the present variety of judicial selection processes in the state courts of the United States through the lens of the ethical obligations defined in the Model Code of Judicial Conduct. Working from the Model Code, this seminar will focus on the various means used in states to select or elect judges and will examine the case law, challenges and controversies that have arisen from those methods. Do judicial election campaign contributions affect judicial independence and impartiality? In states which elect judges, can or should the right of free speech in a judicial campaign be limited or restricted? In states which do not elect judges, how to design or manage the selection process to ensure the appointment of an independent judiciary? This seminar will be graded based upon class participation and the submission of and presentation of a paper.
LAWS 5937. Remedies in Transnational Litigation. 1 Unit.
Topics include enforcement of foreign judgments (with particular attention to libel judgments and to cases involving punitive damages); antisuit injunctions; forum non conveniens and abstention in favor of parallel proceedings; enforcement of arbitration awards, and other issues arising in transnational litigation. Students will consider the policy and theory underlying the law of remedies and will gain a better understanding of how litigation proceeds in a global context. Coreq: LAWS 5917.

LAWS 5941. Environmental History and the Law. 3 Units.
This seminar is designed to introduce students to the relatively new and exciting field of environmental history and explain how it can help us better understand the law. Our concern in this course is not so much with black letter law, but with the larger ecological and historical context in which the law is formed. We will concern ourselves especially with the ways in which the law was used to transform the natural world, focusing exclusively on this story as it unfolded in the United States. Our goal is to see not just how law shaped nature, but also how the complexities of the natural world have affected legal doctrine. May satisfy the writing requirement.

LAWS 5962. Jurisprudence Topics. 1 Unit.
This course provides the opportunity for guided research study on topics of Jurisprudence, as a supplement to the topics explored in the Jurisprudence course, which must be taken simultaneously. Students will work with the Instructor to write a significant academic research paper, which may be used to satisfy the JD Writing requirement. Coreq: LAWS 5912.

LAWS 6001. Civil Litigation Clinic. 3 Units.
In this course, students handle various kinds of civil disputes on behalf of consumers who need legal assistance but cannot afford to pay for a private lawyer. Students are responsible for all phases of litigation, including the initial client interview and case assessment, preparation of pleadings and motions, conducting discovery, settlement negotiations, and, if necessary, trying the case before a judge or jury. A weekly two-hour seminar session provides a regular forum for learning the substantive law that applies to the students’ caseloads, as well as discussion of the various legal, professional, and ethical issues that arise in the cases. In addition, after completing required basic mediation training, students act as mediators in small claims and/or landlord-tenant cases in municipal court. Students must be enrolled in and complete both semesters to receive credit. Prereq: LAWS 4808.

LAWS 6002. Civil Litigation Clinic. 3 Units.
Continuation of LAWS 6001. Both semesters must be completed before credit is given.

LAWS 6011. Community Development Clinic I. 3 Units.
This is a year-long course; students must complete both semesters of work to receive credit. Students represent business and non-profit entities in formation of their businesses and to obtain tax exemption for non-profit corporations. They act as general counsel helping their clients plan for future projects and activities and operate in compliance with law that regulates their activities. Students may also help to structure tax, real estate and corporate transactions for entities. Students may have the opportunity to work on simple intellectual property matters including trademark, tradename and copyright registrations, as well as website issues and nondisclosure agreements. This clinic is primarily transactional in nature and is designed to expose students to the special problems encountered in representing entities and in structuring transactions. Seminar sessions will be devoted to discussions of applicable law pertaining to specific cases students are working on and development of the skills necessary to represent individuals and entities in transactional matters. Students also will be exposed to the ethical problems associated with entity representation. Prereq or Coreq: LAWS 4401 or LAWS 4402.

LAWS 6012. Community Development Clinic II. 3 Units.
(See LAWS 6011.)

LAWS 6021. Criminal Justice Clinic I. 3 Units.
Students handle a limited number of misdemeanor cases in municipal courts throughout Cuyahoga County. The seminar sessions are devoted to discussions of cases being handled by the students and to ethical and strategic considerations of criminal law practice, trial tactics, and plea bargaining. Hypothetical case studies are also used to increase the breadth of the students’ exposure to the criminal justice system. Each student also handles some prosecution in local court. Prereq or Coreq: LAWS 4807 and LAWS 4808.

LAWS 6022. Criminal Justice Clinic II. 3 Units.
Continuation of LAWS 413. Both semesters must be completed before credit is given.

LAWS 6031. Health Law Clinic I. 3 Units.
Students represent clients in social security disability claims, adult guardianships, health insurance claims and disputes, access to health care, special education for disabled children, nursing home transfers and discharges, and other health and disability law-related issues. They investigate complaints in nursing home and represent clients in administrative and court proceedings. A major part of the student’s responsibilities is to analyze the problems and determine the best way of resolving them. Seminar sessions are primarily devoted to specific skills and to discussions of matters being handled by the students. The ethical and practical problems encountered in health law practice are emphasized, as well as legal theory. This is a year-long course; students must be enrolled in and complete both semesters of work to receive credit. Prereq: LAWS 4808 and (LAWS 4200 or LAWS 4201).

LAWS 6032. Health Law Clinic II. 3 Units.
Continuation of LAWS 6031. Both semesters must be completed before credit is given.
LAWS 6041. Intellectual Property Venture Clinic. 3 Units.
The IP Venture Clinic will provide students with the opportunity to represent start-up companies and entrepreneurs and focus on intellectual property protection, technology assessment, corporate formation, confidentiality agreements, and trade secret protection, material transfer agreements, technology valuation, opportunity analysis, private securities offerings, and technology transactions. The clinic provides opportunities to work collaboratively with inventors, MBA students, licensing managers, outside counsel, and venture capitalists. Prereq: LAWS 4300 or LAWS 4302.

LAWS 6101. Immigration Law Practicum I. 3 Units.
The Immigration Practicum provides an opportunity for students to achieve practical immigration experience by working with real-life situations before the immigration Court and the USCIS. Students will work on pending matters that may include preparation of legal memoranda or briefs, applications for relief (such as asylum, cancellation of removal, protection under the Violence Against Women, protections of non-citizen victims of domestic violence), and evidentiary submissions for pending cases. Students are required to attend master (preliminary) and individual hearings, and a pro bono refugee clinic offered with the Catholic Charities or Legal Aid Society. This is a year-long course. Prereq: LAWS 5733.

LAWS 6102. Immigration Law Practicum II. 3 Units.
The Immigration Practicum provides an opportunity for students to achieve practical immigration experience by working with real-life situations before the immigration Court and the USCIS. Students will work on pending matters that may include preparation of legal memoranda or briefs, applications for relief (such as asylum, cancellation of removal, protection under the Violence Against Women, protections of non-citizen victims of domestic violence), and evidentiary submissions for pending cases. Students are required to attend master (preliminary) and individual hearings, and a pro bono refugee clinic offered with the Catholic Charities or Legal Aid Society. This is a year-long course. Prereq: LAWS 5733 and LAWS 6101.

LAWS 6103. Basic Mediation Training. 1 Unit.
This course provides students with basic mediation training. After successful completion, students will be certified, allowing them to serve as volunteer mediators in forums where basic training is required.

LAWS 6104. Eminent Domain Law: Litigation Techniques and Trial Practice. 2 Units.
This course will provide students with a study of the law of eminent domain as it has evolved under the US Constitution and the State of Ohio laws, with a special focus on the emerging law that has developed on the last decade. Will provide a special opportunity for students to understand the techniques and strategy of the litigation of modern eminent domain actions, both from the perspective of the acquiring agency as well as the private property owner. Also, provides exposure to the trial of an eminent domain action, both from the perspective of the acquiring agency as well as the private property owner. Also, provides exposure to the trial of an eminent domain action and special techniques, strategies, and practice pointers related to the successful trial of right to take proceedings before a judge and the trial of jury actions on issues of compensations.

LAWS 6105. Pretrial Practice: Medical Malpractice. 2 Units.
This advanced skills course is a specialized version of the Pretrial Practice (Civil) course. The focus is on the work of counsel for plaintiffs and defense counsel in medical malpractice cases including pleading, discovery, motion practice, and settlement negotiation. The course will emphasize the special problems confronted in medical malpractice cases such as obtaining and interpreting medical records and dealing with expert medical witnesses.

LAWS 6106. Pretrial Practice: Civil. 2 Units.
This course picks up where most first-year legal research and writing courses leave off. We will examine intensively, among other things, the various discovery devices (including depositions, interrogatories, document requests, and requests to admit), pretrial motion practice, litigation as a means of achieving the best possible negotiated result, and alternative dispute resolution mechanisms (including mediation and arbitration). In other words, we will study the things that litigators spend most of their time doing and thinking about: how lawyers go about gathering and preserving evidence, the everyday interactions they have with courts, and the reasons they do all these things even though they rarely expect to get all the way to trial. The course will include simulations and extensive drafting assignments.

LAWS 6107. Pretrial Practice: Criminal. 2 Units.
This course introduces students to the key activities lawyers undertake in a criminal case in advance of trial. This course examines the various steps leading up to trial, such as the preparation of an indictment, the drafting of discovery requests, motion practice related to discovery and the suppression of evidence, preparation and negotiation of plea agreements, and other motion practice related to the pre-trial phase. This course is designed to expose students to the pretrial phase in a criminal case from the perspective of both the prosecution and defense. Anticipated topics for discussion will include case investigation, the gathering of evidence, pretrial problems typically encountered in a criminal case, and the role sentencing guidelines can have in shaping plea negotiations and other pretrial negotiations. The course will include simulations, drafting assignments, opportunities for mock oral argument, and negotiating exercises. Limited to 12 students.

LAWS 6110. Trial Tactics. 4 Units.
An intensive course in trial tactics, techniques, and advocacy. The emphasis during the first half of the semester is on practice in the separate components of a trial: direct examination, objections, cross-examination, use of rehabilitative devices, examination of expert witnesses, jury selection, opening statements, closing argument, and pretrial preparation. During the second half of the semester each student acts as co-counsel in a full trial. Videotape recording is used for critiquing student performance throughout the semester. Students may not take both LAWS 397 and LAWS 395 (Trial Practice). Prereq: LAWS 4808.

LAWS 6111. Appellate Practice. 3 Units.
This course is designed to teach students the rules and formalities of appellate practice and help students develop the skills necessary to write an effective appellate brief and present a persuasive oral argument. During the first semester students research and write an appellate brief and engage in short in-class oral arguments. During the second semester students receive instruction on the organization and presentation of longer oral arguments, engage in a practice oral round and receive an individualized critique of their performance. They complete the course by competing in the Dunmore Moot Court Tournament, which culminates in a final round oral argument before sitting judges in the spring. Prereq: LAWS 1801 and LAWS 1802.

LAWS 6112. Mediation Skills. 1 Unit.
Students learn, through group lectures and simulations, how to prepare for, take, and defend a deposition in a civil litigation case. Students will attend lectures presented by experienced civil litigation attorneys. Students will then practice the skills discussed in the lectures by taking and defending depositions that will be critiques by the course instructor and other experienced civil litigation attorneys.

LAWS 6501. Canada - United States Law Journal. 0 Units.
Students enrolled in this non-credit course will serve as writers and editors for the annually published Canada - U.S. Law Journal.
LAWS 6503. Health Matrix Seminar. 2 Units.
Students write their Health Matrix notes through the year-long Health Matrix Seminar. Students work closely with the instructor to develop their topics, outlines, several drafts, and final notes. The course will include multiple individual meetings with the professor, extensive feedback, and oral presentations of the papers. Students will develop their writing and oral presentation skills and will receive training concerning advanced legal research, plagiarism, and statutory interpretation. 2L associates also will have responsibilities for journal production work, such as verifying footnotes.

LAWS 6504. Law Review Seminar. 2 Units.
The seminar will provide training in writing, editorial skills, and advanced legal research for students writing notes for the Case Western Reserve Law Review. Topics to be covered include plagiarism, selecting a topic, web-based research, advanced Lexis and Westlaw research, advanced research training in selected substantive areas, and writing techniques. Satisfactory completion of the note will satisfy the upper-level writing requirement. Grade based on the quality of the note and class participation.

LAWS 6505. Law, Technology and Internet Journal. 0 - 3 Units.
The Journal of Law, Technology and the Internet Seminar offers students interested in technology and intellectual property the opportunity to write their notes through a year-long seminar. Students work closely with the instructor to develop their topics, thesis, outlines, and final note. Students will have numerous individual meetings with the professor and extensive feedback of the papers. Students will develop their writing skills, learn about plagiarizing, and will receive training concerning advanced legal research. 2L associates will be trained for journal production work such as verifying citations. The course will also include 3-4 whole group meetings through the quarter. Second year students will also be responsible for performing an in-depth evaluation of the article accepted through the peer-review process. 2L editors will ensure that submitted articles have not been preempted by any article already in print. Once an article has been approved by the Faculty Peer-Reviewers, 2L editors will be given portions of the article for which they are responsible for verifying all citations, and performing textual edits required to bring the article into compliance with Journal policies.

LAWS 6512. Int’l Law Journal Board. 2 Units.
LAWS 6513. Health Matrix. 2 Units.
LAWS 6514. Law Review Editorial Board. 2 Units.
LAWS 6550. Mock Trial. 2 Units.
LAWS 6560. Moot Court Team. 2 Units.
LAWS 6570. Transactional Lawyering Team Competition. 2 Units.
Participants take part in national competition of drafting and negotiating sophisticated contracts and are judged on their drafting and negotiating skills. Course obligations include a competitive round internally to determine the team composition, research and drafting a sophisticated transactional agreement including classroom sessions on relevant topics, participation in practice sessions, and travel to and participation in a regional competitive meet and, if successful there, a national competitive meet.

LAWS 6600. Supervised Research Seminar. 1 - 2 Unit.
Second- and third-year students may earn graded credit for an individual research project of scholarly depth and scope, under the close supervision of a faculty member. Approval of the faculty supervisor is required before registration. No student may undertake more than two Supervised Research projects or earn more than a total of four hours of Supervised Research credit. No student may work on more than one Supervised Research project in one semester. May satisfy the writing requirement.

LAWS 6701. CaseArc Honors Fellow Program. 1 Unit.
CaseArc Honors Fellows serve for either one semester of the full year as teaching assistants in the CaseArc program. With training, guidance, and under the supervision of the CaseArc faculty, the Honors Fellows work closely in small groups or one-on-one with students on their writing projects, in-class exercises and preparation for simulations. In addition to meeting regularly with students, Honors Fellows may participate for simulations, judge oral arguments and assist with research training. Overall, the Honors Fellows serve as mentors to their assigned students to help them make the most of the CaseArc courses and the law school experience in general.

LAWS 6705. Curricular Training: Law Field Research. 0 Units.
This course is intended exclusively for the foreign national J.D. or LL.M. law student who wishes to gain applied legal experience based on their intended career path with an organization that offers course credit for internship experience. These internships may be either paid or unpaid. This course will provide a means for the student to build required skills and bridge the gap between the classroom and real world application. The student is encouraged to explore and discover additional avenues to assist in the management and advancement of his/her career. Does not count toward J.D. credit.

LAWS 7001. Access to Justice Externship. 3 Units.
This is an externship program in which students work at the Legal Aid Society of Cleveland for 12 hours per week with and under the direct supervision of Legal Aid attorneys. (For the summer program, students will work full time for 10 weeks during the summer months.) Students will research substantive and procedural legal issues, draft memoranda, and assist with preparation of cases. Students will work on a variety of issues, depending on student interest and agency need. In the past students have worked on substantive matters in the areas of family law, bankruptcy, housing, worker's compensation, government benefits, special education and immigration. Students will interact with the law school faculty liaison through journals and periodic meetings to discuss and further reflect upon the externship experience. For more information about the Legal Aid Society of Cleveland, students are encouraged to visit http://www.lasclev.org/.
LAWS 7005. City Law Externship. 3 - 4 Units.
This is an externship program in which students approved by the City attorneys will work at the City of Cleveland Law Department for 12 hours per week, with and under the direct supervision of Law Dept attorneys on civil cases, or under the supervision of the Cleveland City Prosecutor, on criminal cases. Students will research substantive and procedural legal issues, draft memoranda, analyze information obtained through discovery and through research, and assist with preparation of cases. Students with legal intern certificates may appear in court. Students will also attend periodic meetings in which they will review and reflect upon the work engaged in on the cases assigned, learn about other law department cases, and discuss various topics relating to the law department's mission and jurisdiction. Topics in these discussions may include substantive law dealt with in the various sections of the law department, discovery and pre-trial practice, professionalism, negotiation and settlement. Students will interact with the law school faculty liaison through journals and periodic meetings to discuss and further reflect upon the externship experience. Students must be approved following a security clearance application. For more information about the City of Cleveland Law Department, students are encouraged to visit http://www.city.cleveland.oh.us/government/departments/law/lawind.html

LAWS 7009. Equal Employment Opportunity Commission Externship. 3 - 4 Units.
This is an externship program in which students approved by the EEOC Chief Administrative Judge will work at the EEOC's local office for 12 hours per week during the academic semester, or 40 hours per week for nine weeks during the summer, with and under the direct supervision of Administrative Judges primarily on litigation matters. Students will gain legal and practical experience in administrative law and employment discrimination issues, including those that fall under the statutes that the EEOC enforces: Title VII, the Americans with Disabilities Act, the Age Discrimination in Employment Act, and the Equal Pay Act. The students will work with EEOC's local Administrative Judges who adjudicate cases brought by federal employees against various federal agencies under these statutes. Students will also attend periodic meetings in which they will review and reflect upon the work engaged in on the matters assigned, learn about other EEOC matters, and discuss various topics relating to the EEOC's mission and jurisdiction. Topics in these discussions may include substantive law dealt with the various cases before the EEOC and various lawyering skills, including drafting opinions, as well as topics like negotiation, settlement, and professionalism. Students will interact with the law school faculty liaison through journals and periodic meetings to discuss and further reflect upon the externship experience.

LAWS 7015. Federal Public Defender Externship. 3 Units.
This externship program will give students an opportunity to observe and participate in many facets of federal criminal procedure and practice. Under the supervision of the Federal Public Defender and his staff, students will research and draft legal memoranda, pre-trial motions, sentencing motions, and appellate briefs. Students will also observe court proceedings and assist in trial and hearing preparation. Students will work on a variety of cases, including drug, firearm, fraud, and white collar crime. Given the pace and work demands of the Office of the Federal Defender, this externship program will have students assisting with substantive legal work.

LAWS 7019. Federal Trade Commission Externship. 3 Units.
This externship program will expose students to federal civil practice involving the Federal Trade Commission in a range of civil matters primarily focused on the FTC's consumer protection mission. The externship includes seminar-style discussions with both junior and senior FTC litigators in the East Central Region office. Students will assist FTC attorneys and staff in the preparation and presentation of their cases.

LAWS 7022. General Counsel Externship. 3 - 4 Units.
This is an externship program in which students selected by the law school will work at the Office of the General Counsel of John Carroll University, for approximately 12 hours per week during the fall or spring semester. During the summer, students will work full time for approximately 9 weeks. Students will work under the direct supervision of the General Counsel or her staff on pending matters. They will engage in a variety of activities including legal research, fact investigation, preserving testimony of witnesses via affidavits, client interviews, reviewing and drafting of memoranda and policies, contracts and other corporate documents. Students will focus on legal issues involving corporate law and governance, contracts, employment law, as well as other legal issues unique to higher education. Students will also attend regularly scheduled discussions in which they will review the work they have completed, and various topics relating to the practice of the Office of General Counsel. Students will interact with a law school faculty liaison through journals and periodic meetings to discuss and further reflect upon the externship experience. Students must be approved by the Office of General Counsel.

LAWS 7028. Hospital Law Externship. 3 Units.
This is an externship program in which students will work in the general counsel's office of a large hospital center. Participating hospitals are the MetroHealth System, Summa Health System, University Hospitals of Cleveland, and the Cleveland Clinic Foundation. Students will be selected by the law school and, in some cases, with the participation of the supervising hospital attorney. Students will work in the office of the general counsel for approximately 12 hours per week during the spring semester. Students will work under the direct supervision of a supervising attorney. They will engage in a variety of activities including conducting legal research, drafting memoranda, letters, and other documents, and preparing presentations to hospital attorneys. Students also will shadow their supervising attorney and participate in day-to-day activities of the office. Additionally, students will work with client departments and departmental staff to gather information and to gain insight into and understanding of the clinical, business, and health care operations of a large health system.

LAWS 7035. International Tribunal Externship. 12 Units.
This program provides opportunity for students to participate in a semester long program with a tribunal program arranged through the Cox International Law Center.

LAWS 7040. Internal Revenue Service Externship. 3 Units.
This externship program will expose students to federal civil tax practice involving the IRS and Office of IRS Chief Counsel, including a broad range of issues involving the assessment and collection of federal taxes. The externship includes seminar discussions and placement in the local office of IRS Chief Counsel. Students will assist the attorneys in providing legal assistance to IRS personnel, in federal tax litigation in the U.S. Tax Court, and providing legal assistance to the U.S. Attorney's Office in federal tax litigation.
LAWS 7045. Judicial Externship Seminar. 4 Units.
Students in the spring of their first year are selected for summer externships with specific federal district and circuit judges. Classes in the spring of the first year, during the externship summer, and in the fall of the second year complement the eight weeks of externing in the judge's chamber. Recommended preparation: Permission of the instructors.

LAWS 7048. Ohio Appeals Court Externship. 3 - 4 Units.
This is an externship program in which students approved by the judges involved will work at an Ohio appellate court for 12 hours per week during the academic semester, or 40 hours per week for 9 weeks during the summer, with and under the direct supervision of the judges and their staff. The externship will involve research and writing support for one or more of the appellate judges. It will expose the student to the inner workings of the appellate courts, including the process of preparing for oral argument, review of briefing, and drafting of opinions. The extern will also have direct and regular contact with the assigned judge(s) and other court personnel and will have several opportunities to observe oral arguments. Students will also attend periodic meetings in which they will review and reflect upon their work on the matters assigned, learn about other pending matters, and discuss various topics relating to the work of the courts. Topics in these discussions may include substantive or procedural issues dealt with in the various cases before the courts and various lawyering skills, including drafting opinions, as well as topics including ethics and professionalism is appellate practice. The faculty supervisor will meet weekly with the extern to discuss the experience, provide feedback on the extern's weekly journal, and to amplify the extern's understanding of the substantive legal issues involved in the extern's work.

LAWS 7050. Prosecutor's Office Externship. 3 - 4 Units.
This externship program will expose students to many facets of state criminal practice through their placement in a particular division of the Prosecutor's office including, for example, the Grand Jury Division, Children and Family Services Division, Juvenile Division, Felony Trial Division, and the Appellate Division.

LAWS 7061. United States Attorney Externship: Criminal. 3 Units.
This is an externship program in which students selected by the law school will work at the United States Attorney's Office in Cleveland for 12 hours per week, with and under the direct supervision of Assistant U.S. Attorneys on cases under investigation or being prosecuted by that office. Most cases will involve general crimes (robbery, theft, immigration, etc.), or offenses involving drugs or firearms. Students will observe and, in some cases, participate (as assistants to the AUSA on the case) in pretrial and court proceedings, and will work on projects to assist in the prosecution of the cases to which they are assigned. Students will research significant legal issues, draft briefs and pleadings and assist with witness and exhibit preparation. Students will also attend 1-hour weekly seminar in which they will review and reflect upon the court proceedings observed and the work engaged in on the cases assigned, and discuss various topics relating to federal civil litigation involving the government. Topics in the seminar may include authority and responsibility of the U.S. Attorney, ethics, litigation with the government, discovery and pre-trial practice, expert witnesses, damages, compromise and settlement, sanctions and civility. Students must be approved by the United States Attorney following completion, review and approval of a security clearance application.

LAWS 7062. U.S. Attorney Externship: Civil. 3 Units.
This is an externship program in which students selected by the law school will work at the United States Attorney's Office in Cleveland for 12 hours per week, with and under the direct supervision of Assistant US Attorneys on civil cases being handled by that office. Most cases will involve torts, employment discrimination, immigration and prisoner habeas, administrative appeals, environmental enforcement, bankruptcy, debt collection and civil fraud. Students will observe and, in some cases, participate (as assistants to the AUSA on the case) in pretrial and court proceedings, and will work on projects to assist in the prosecution of the cases to which they are assigned. Students will research significant legal issues, draft briefs and pleadings and assist with witness and exhibit preparation. Students will also attend a 1-hour weekly seminar in which they will review and reflect upon the court proceedings observed and the work engaged in on the cases assigned, and discuss various topics relating to federal civil litigation involving the government. Topics in the seminar may include authority and responsibility of the U.S. Attorney, ethics, litigation with the government, discovery and pre-trial practice, expert witnesses, damages, compromise and settlement, sanctions and civility. Students must be approved by the United States Attorney following completion, review and approval of a security clearance application.

LAWS 7071. Cuyahoga County Law Department Externship. 3 - 4 Units.
This is an externship program in which students approved by the Department attorneys will work at the Cuyahoga County Law Department for 12 hours per week during the academic semester, or 40 hours per week for nine weeks during the summer, with an under the direct supervision of Law Department attorneys primarily on transactional and legislative matters. Students will gain legal and practical experience in economic development issues, the legislative process, government contracting, including competitive - bidding requirements, negotiating and drafting contracts. Students will also attend periodic meetings in which they will review and reflect upon the work engaged in on the matters assigned, learn about other law department matters, and discuss various topics relating to the law department's mission and jurisdiction. Topics in these discussions may include substantive law dealt with in the various sections of the law department, various lawyering skills including drafting, negotiation and settlement and professionalism. Students will interact with the law school faculty liaison through journals and periodic meetings to discuss and further reflect upon the externship experience. Students must be approved following a security clearance application.

LAWS 7080. Sports/Entertainment Law Externship. 3 Units.
This externship is offered to selected students who participate in the summer Great Lakes Sports and Entertainment Law Academy. This externship offers academic credit for placement with various high-profile sports and entertainment law institutions.

LAWS 7110. Public Sector Externship. 2 - 4 Units.
The externship program allows for an upper-level law student to be engaged in an experiential learning process by working alongside practitioners in a variety of legal settings. The students work is supervised by both an on-site coordinator, and a law school faculty member. All externship participation must be coordinated and approved in advance by the school's externship coordinator.
LAWS 7120. Private Sector Externship. 2 - 4 Units.
The externship program allows for an upper-level law student to be
engaged in an experiential learning process by working alongside
practitioners in a variety of legal settings. The students work is supervised
by both an on-site coordinator, and a law school faculty member. All
externship participation must be coordinated and approved in advance by
the school's externship coordinator.

LAWS 7130. Non-profit Externship. 2 - 4 Units.
The externship program allows for an upper-level law student to be
engaged in an experiential learning process by working alongside
practitioners in a variety of legal settings. The students work is supervised
by both an on-site coordinator, and a law school faculty member. All
externship participation must be coordinated and approved in advance by
the school's externship coordinator.

LAWS 7510. SJD Thesis. 1 - 10 Unit.
Students in the SJD program will develop and write a substantial
research paper as part of the requirements for conferral of the degree.
The topic and scope of the paper will be developed jointly by the student
and the student's program advisor. Students will meet periodically as
a group with the Director of Foreign Graduate Studies to discuss their
research and to present their research to each other and as part of a
faculty workshop.

School of Law Faculty

Jonathan H. Adler, JD
(George Mason University)
Johan Verheij Memorial Professor of Law; Director of the Center for
Business Law and Regulation

Michael J. Benza, JD
(Case Western Reserve University)
Senior Instructor in Law

Jessica Wilen Berg, JD, MPH
(Cornell University; Case Western Reserve University)
Interim Dean; Tom J.E. and Bette Lou Walker Professor of Law;
Professor of Bioethics & Public Health; Associate Director of the Law-
Medicine Center

Jaime Bouvier, JD
(Case Western Reserve University)
Senior Instructor in Law

David J. Carney, JD
(University of Michigan)
Professor of Law

Juscelino F. Colares, JD, PhD
(Cornell University; University of Tennessee)
Professor of Law; Associate Director of the Frederick K. Cox International
Law Center

Avidan Y. Cover, JD
(Cornell University)
Assistant Professor of Law; Associate Director of the Institute for Global
Security Law & Policy

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(Case Western Reserve University)
Professor of Law

Carol T. Fox, JD, PhD
(Case Western Reserve University)
Senior Instructor in Law

George W. Dent Jr., JD, LLM
(Columbia University; New York University)
Professor of Law

Jonathan L. Entin, JD
(Northwestern University)
David L. Brennan Professor of Law; Professor of Political Science

Peter M. Gerhart, JD
(Columbia University)
Professor of Law

Paul C. Giannelli, JD & LLM, MSFS
(University of Virginia; George Washington University)
Albert J. Weatherhead III and Richard W. Weatherhead Professor of Law;
Distinguished University Professor

Jonathan C. Gordon, JD
(Columbia University)
Professor of Law

Richard K. Gordon, JD
(Harvard University)
Professor of Law; Director of the Institute for Global Security Law and
Policy

B. Jessie Hill, JD
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Professor of Law

Sharona Hoffman, JD, LLM
(Harvard University; University of Houston)
Edgar A. Hahn Professor of Law; Professor of Bioethics; Co-Director of
the Law-Medicine Center

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(Columbia University)
Professor of Law

Erik M. Jensen, JD
(Cornell University)
Coleman P. Burke Professor of Law

Lewis R. Katz, JD
(Indiana University)
John C. Hutchins Professor of Law, Director of Foreign Graduate Legal
Studies

Maureen Sheridan Kenny, JD
(Cleveland State University)
Professor of Law

Charles R. Korsmo, JD
(Yale University)
Assistant Professor of Law
Juliet P. Kostritsky, JD  
(University of Wisconsin)  
Everett D. and Eugenia S. McCurdy Professor of Contract Law

Raymond Shih Ray Ku, JD  
(New York University)  
Professor of Law

Judith P. Lipton, JD, MSW  
(University of Connecticut)  
Professor of Law

Kenneth R. Margolis, JD  
(Case Western Reserve University)  
Professor of Law

Kevin C. McMunigal, JD  
(University of California, Berkeley)  
Judge Ben C. Green Professor of Law

Laura E. McNally, JD  
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Professor of Law; Co-Director of the Milton A. Kramer Law Clinic Center

Maxwell J. Mehlman, JD  
(Yale University)  
Arthur E. Petersilge Professor of Law; Distinguished University Professor; Professor of Bioethics; Director of the Law-Medicine Center

Kathryn Sords Mercer, JD, PhD  
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Lawrence E. Mitchell, JD  
(Columbia University)  
Professor of Law

Craig Allen Nard, JD, LLM & JSD  
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Galen J. Roush Professor of Law; Director of the Center for Law, Technology and the Arts

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(Stanford University)  
John Homer Kapp Professor of Law

Aaron K. Perzanowski, JD  
(University of California, Berkeley)  
Associate Professor of Law

Andrew S. Pollis, JD  
(Harvard University)  
Associate Professor of Law

Cassandra Burke Robertson, JD  
(University of Texas)  
Professor of Law

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Professor of Law; Co-Director of the Milton A. Kramer Law Clinic Center

Michael P. Scharf, JD  
(Duke University)  
Interim Dean; Joseph C. Hostetler-BakerHostetler Professor of Law; Director of the Frederick K. Cox International Law Center

Carolyn K. Seymour, JD  
(University of Michigan)  
Professor of Law

Barbara R. Snyder, JD  
(University of Chicago)  
University President and Professor of Law

Robert N. Strassfeld, JD  
(University of Virginia)  
Professor of Law

Timothy J. Webster, JD, LLM  
(Cornell University)  
Assistant Professor of Law

Lisa M. Wood, JD  
(George Washington University)  
Assistant Professor of Law

Ruqaiijah A. Yearby, JD, MPH  
(Georgetown University; Johns Hopkins University)  
Professor of Law

Scott Fine, MBA  
(Stanford University)  
Professor for the Practice of Banking & Finance and Law

Shannon E. French, PhD  
(Brown University)  
Inamori Professor of Ethics; Professor of Law; Director of the Inamori International Center for Ethics and Excellence

Brian K. Gran, JD, PhD  
(Indiana University; Northwestern University)  
Associate Professor of Sociology and Law

Kenneth F. Ledford, JD (University of North Carolina), PhD (Johns Hopkins University)  
Associate Professor of History and Law

Ted Steinberg, PhD  
(Brandeis University)  
Adeline Barry Davee Distinguished Professor of History and Professor of Law

Martha A. Woodmansee, PhD  
(Stanford University)  
Professor of English and Law
School of Medicine

The mission of the Case Western Reserve University School of Medicine (http://casemed.case.edu) is to advance the health of humankind through the four interrelated components of Education, Research, Clinical Care and Public Service.

The School of Medicine provides two tracks leading to the MD degree: the longstanding School of Medicine program, also called the University track, and the Cleveland Clinic Lerner College of Medicine at Case Western Reserve University, also known as the College track, which first admitted students in 2004. The School boasts a longstanding Medical Scientist Training Program, or MSTP, and, through the School of Graduate Studies, programs resulting in PhD and MS degrees, as well as certificates in disciplines led by faculty in the School of Medicine.

As a research institution, the School of Medicine has a tradition of national leadership. The School of Medicine consistently ranks in the top tier of the nation’s medical schools for federal research funding from the National Institutes of Health, and is proud of its Clinical Translational Service Award in partnership with its affiliates. In fiscal year 2010, the School earned more than $340 million in grants from the NIH including grants through the affiliated Cleveland Clinic Lerner College of Medicine. Faculty and trainee research is routinely reported in the nation’s top journals, leading to biomedical discoveries and improved health.

The School of Medicine engages the community in public service in many ways. The School of Medicine’s commitment links researchers and medical students to the community. The school’s faculty provide 90 percent of the indigent health care in Cuyahoga County and a majority of the care for indigent patients in Ohio. A major economic influence on the northern Ohio area, the School of Medicine and its affiliated hospitals are among the largest employers of personnel in the area and further stimulate the economy by providing concepts for technology transfer to the business sector. On the international level, the School of Medicine has a global health and diseases program focusing on AIDS, tuberculosis, malaria and other diseases that directly threaten world health.

The school is very proud of the contributions made by its educators and graduates but doesn’t rest on its laurels. The curriculum constantly responds to the latest findings in education and medicine and sets the pace for other schools with input from gifted and committed scholars.

At least eleven Nobel Prize holders have ties to the School of Medicine:

- John J.R. Macleod, MB, ChB, DPH, physiology professor at Case from 1903 to 1918, shared the 1923 Nobel Prize in Physiology or Medicine for the discovery of insulin. Dr. Macleod completed much of his groundwork on diabetes in Cleveland.
- Corinelle J.F. Heymans, MD, who was a visiting scientist in the Department of Physiology in 1927 and 1928, received the Nobel Prize in Physiology or Medicine in 1938 for work on carotid sinus reflexes.
- Frederick C. Robbins, MD, shared the 1954 Nobel Prize in Physiology or Medicine for his work on the polio virus, which led to the development of polio vaccines. He received the award two years after joining the medical school. Dr. Robbins was active at the school until his death in 2003, at which time he held the titles of medical school dean emeritus, University Professor emeritus, and emeritus director of the Center for Adolescent Health.
- Earl W. Sutherland Jr., MD, who had been professor and director of pharmacology from 1953 to 1963, won the 1971 Nobel Prize in Physiology or Medicine for establishing the identity and importance of cyclic adenosine monophosphate (AMP) in the regulation of cell metabolism.
- Paul Berg, PhD, who earned his biochemistry degree at the university in 1952, received the 1980 Nobel Prize in Chemistry for pioneering research in recombinant DNA technology.
- H. Jack Geiger, MD, a 1958 alumnus of the medical school, is a founding member and past president of Physicians for Social Responsibility, which shared the 1985 Nobel Peace Prize as part of International Physicians for the Prevention of Nuclear War, and Physicians for Human Rights (PHR), which shared the 1997 Nobel Peace Prize as part of the International Campaign to Ban Landmines.
- George H. Hitchings, PhD, who had been a biochemistry instructor from 1939 to 1942, shared the 1988 Nobel Prize in Physiology or Medicine for research leading to the development of drugs to treat leukemia, organ transplant rejection, gout, the herpes virus and AIDS-related bacterial and pulmonary infections.
- Alfred G. Gilman, MD, PhD, a 1969 graduate of the medical school, shared the 1994 Nobel Prize for Physiology or Medicine for identifying the role of G proteins in cell communication.
- Ferid Murad, MD, PhD, a 1965 graduate of the medical school, shared the 1998 Nobel Prize in Physiology or Medicine for discoveries concerning nitric oxide as a signaling molecule in the cardiovascular system.
- Paul C. Lauterbur, PhD, a 1951 graduate of the engineering school and a visiting professor of radiology at Case in 1993, shared the 2003 Nobel Prize in Physiology or Medicine for pioneering work in the development of magnetic resonance imaging.
- Peter C. Agre, MD, who completed a fellowship in hematology at Case while a medical student at Johns Hopkins, shared the 2003 Nobel Prize in Chemistry for discoveries that have clarified how salts and water are transported out of and into the cells of the body, leading to a better understanding of many diseases of the kidneys, heart, muscles and nervous system.

Two other distinguished alumni have served as U.S. surgeon general: Jesse Steinfeld, MD, a 1949 graduate, was surgeon general from 1969 to 1973, and David Satcher, MD, PhD, who graduated in 1970 and was surgeon general from 1998 to 2002.

Dr. Satcher also served as director of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention from 1993 to 1998, and another medical school graduate, Julie Gerberding, MD, MPH, followed in his footsteps, in 2002 becoming the first woman to be named CDC director.

History

Since its founding in 1843, the Case Western Reserve University School of Medicine has been an innovator in medical education and a leader in pioneering research. Beginning as the Medical Department of Western Reserve College (and popularly known then as the Cleveland Medical College), the school moved into its first permanent home, in downtown Cleveland, in 1846. In 1915, a 20-acre site was secured for a medical center in University Circle, the current home of Case Western Reserve University, its School of Medicine, and two of the school’s affiliated hospitals, University Hospitals of Cleveland and the Louis Stokes Cleveland Department of Veterans Affairs Medical Center. University Circle also is home to many of the country’s outstanding cultural and educational institutions.
The school was one of the first medical schools in the country to employ instructors devoted to full-time teaching and research. Six of the first seven women to receive medical degrees from accredited American medical schools graduated from Western Reserve College (as it was called then) between 1850 and 1856.

Already a leading educational institution for more than a century, in 1952 the School of Medicine initiated the most advanced medical curriculum in the country, pioneering integrated education, a focus on organ systems and team teaching in the preclinical curriculum. This curriculum instituted a pass/fail grading system for the first two years of medical school to promote cooperation among students instead of competitiveness, introduced students to clinical work and patients almost as soon as they arrived on campus, and provided free, unscheduled time in an era when doing so seemed unthinkable. Many other medical schools followed suit, and these components remain at the core of the medical school’s curriculum today.

In 1924, the School of Medicine moved into the most modern and best-equipped preclinical science building in the country at that time. That building, donated by Cleveland industrialist Samuel Mather, remains an integral part of the medical school complex. It was named the Harland Goff Wood Building in 1993 in honor of the late chair and professor of biochemistry and former provost of the university.

In 1971, the Health Sciences Center was completed to house the university’s medical, dental and nursing schools, as well as the Health Center Library. In 1994, the health sciences complex was named for now-retired U.S. Congressman Louis Stokes. The proximity of these excellent research and educational centers to other prestigious university departments, including science, engineering and social sciences, stimulates uniquely creative interaction among researchers and educators.

Another giant leap in research capabilities came in the early 1990s, when the Richard F. Celeste Biomedical Research Building, named for the former Ohio governor, was opened. The $70 million building, attached to the Wood Building, added 154,000 square feet of research space and includes conference spaces, a lecture hall, public spaces and a cafeteria.

The School of Medicine was the first medical school to provide laptop computers to all its students. Today, students use their laptops to access the entire syllabus as well as numerous electronic resources deemed essential by faculty. Students have access to the WiFi network at the medical school and across campus. Technology is used to enhance, not replace, the faculty-student interaction that occurs in the classroom, the laboratory and small group discussions.

In 2002, the School of Medicine became only the third institution in history to receive the best review possible from the body that grants accreditation to U.S. and Canadian medical degree programs, the Liaison Committee on Medical Education. Also in 2002, the school built on its tradition of innovation in education when the university and the Cleveland Clinic entered into an agreement to form the Cleveland Clinic Lerner College of Medicine of Case Western Reserve University, with the first students matriculating in 2004. The “College Track” is a program within the Case Western Reserve University School of Medicine. The Cleveland Clinic serves as an outstanding teaching site for all medical students in the School of Medicine, in addition to being the site for pre-clerkship education in the College Track.

Cleveland Clinic was founded in 1921 by four Case Western Reserve faculty members, three of whom are counted among the alumni of the Case School of Medicine. Cleveland Clinic’s main campus, where much of the activity associated with the program will occur, is located on 180 acres adjacent to the Case Western Reserve campus.

Occupying 50 buildings, the main campus includes a hospital, an outpatient clinic, a children’s hospital, heart and vascular institute, cancer institute, eye institute, research institute and supporting labs and facilities. To better serve the Cleveland suburbs with primary care services, Cleveland Clinic operates 16 family health centers, eight regional hospitals and medical offices throughout Northeast Ohio, staffed with Cleveland Clinic primary care physicians, as well as many medical and surgical specialists. State-of-the-art imaging services are available, and several locations contain pharmacies and outpatient surgery centers that provide same-day surgical services close to home. In 2011, the clinic recorded more than 4.2 million outpatient visits throughout the health system and 155,000 hospital admissions. Among them were patients from all 50 states and more than 100 countries. More than 2,800 full-time physicians and scientists and 11,000 nurses represent 120 medical specialties and subspecialties. Cleveland Clinic is consistently named as one of the nation’s top hospitals by U.S. News & World Report, and our heart and heart surgery program has been ranked No. 1 by U.S. News since 1995. Go here (http://my.clevelandclinic.org/default.aspx) for more information.

The Cleveland Clinic (http://my.clevelandclinic.org/default.aspx)

In 2002, the university and Cleveland Clinic entered into a landmark agreement to form the Cleveland Clinic Lerner College of Medicine of Case Western Reserve University, with the first students matriculating in 2004. The “College Track” is a program within the Case Western Reserve University School of Medicine. The Cleveland Clinic serves as an outstanding teaching site for all medical students in the School of Medicine, in addition to being the site for pre-clerkship education in the College Track.

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The Cleveland Clinic (http://my.clevelandclinic.org/default.aspx)
The MetroHealth System (http://metrohealth.org)

The MetroHealth System is one of the largest, most comprehensive health care providers in Northeast Ohio, caring for people in and around Greater Cleveland for more than 170 years. This academic health care system is committed to the communities it serves by saving lives, restoring health, promoting wellness, and providing outstanding, lifelong care that is accessible to all.

Affiliated with Case Western Reserve University School of Medicine since 1914, MetroHealth is a center for medical research and education, with all active staff physicians holding CWRU faculty appointments. More than 400 primary care and specialty care physicians practice within The MetroHealth System. At the core of the MetroHealth system, is the MetroHealth Medical Center. The system’s main health care provider, research facility and teaching hospital is also home to the region’s only Level 1 trauma and burn center. However, The MetroHealth System also serves Greater Cleveland with more than a dozen urban and suburban primary and specialty healthcare centers in Cleveland, Strongsville, Westlake, Lakewood, Pepper Pike and Beachwood.

MetroHealth has received many accolades for its high level of care and the innovation of its physicians. Surgeons at MetroHealth are pioneering new techniques in minimally-invasive surgery for faster recoveries, while its primary care physicians are developing cutting-edge ways to manage common and chronic diseases through the use of electronic medical records and a patient-centered medical home model called Partners in Care. Its maternal-fetal medicine specialists are successfully managing the riskiest of pregnancies and saving the tiniest of lives. In addition, MetroHealth is nationally recognized by the American Heart Association for cardiac and stroke care and the cancer center has earned outstanding achievement awards for the treatment of cancer patients. Every year, MetroHealth provides care to more than 28,000 inpatients and delivers approximately 3,000 newborns. More than 790,000 visits are recorded each year in the medical center’s outpatient centers, and patient visits to the emergency department exceed 99,000. To learn more about MetroHealth and its locations and services, go here (http://metrohealth.org).

The Louis Stokes Cleveland Department of Veterans Affairs Medical Center (http://www.cleveland.va.gov)

The Louis Stokes Cleveland Department of Veterans Affairs Medical Center (VAMC) is a major teaching hospital of the School of Medicine and is an important site for the education of medical students. The Cleveland VAMC also supports more than 100 residency and fellowship training positions in medicine, surgery, and psychiatry and their subspecialties. Most VAMC physicians hold faculty appointments within the School of Medicine. The affiliation is overseen by the Deans Committee, consisting of the dean, department chairpersons from the School of Medicine, and key VAMC officials.

The Cleveland VAMC is a part of the VA Healthcare System of Ohio, linking VA health care facilities in Ohio in an integrated service network. Inpatient care is provided at the Wade Park location and includes medicine, surgery, psychiatry, spinal cord injury, neurology and rehabilitation medicine as well as a nursing home and a domiciliary. Outpatient care is delivered in primary and specialty care clinics located at Wade Park, Akron, Canton, Cleveland, East Liverpool, Lorain, Mansfield, New Philadelphia, Painesville, Ravenna, Sandusky, Warren and Youngstown. The medical center serves more than 100,000 individual veterans annually through approximately 11,600 hospital admissions and 1,884,000 outpatient visits.

An active research program includes activities funded through the Department of Veterans Affairs and other governmental and private funding sources. Total funding of approximately $21.5 million annually (from all sources) supports more than 50 principal investigators in a broad range of research endeavors. For more information, go here (http://www.cleveland.va.gov).

Institutes and Centers

Advanced Platform Technology Research Center of Excellence

216.791.3800 x6003
Ronald J. Triolo, PhD, Executive Director
Gilles Pinault, MD, Medical Director

The Advanced Platform Technology (APT) Research Center of Excellence (http://www.aptcenter.research.va.gov) is a multi-institutional center composed of investigators from Case Western Reserve University and the Louis Stokes Cleveland Department of Veterans Affairs. Building on the 25+-year history of rehabilitation research in northeast Ohio, the Center was created in 2005 with a $5.0 million award from the Veterans Health Administration [VHA] Rehabilitation Research and Development Service as a national VA Research Center of Excellence. This commitment was subsequently renewed in 2010 for a second 5-year term with an additional award of $5.0 million. An additional $6 million award in 2010 from the State of Ohio’s Department of Development further validated the Center’s ability to achieve its primary mission to serve the clinical needs of veterans with motor, sensory and cognitive deficits and limb loss. The total value of the APT-related research portfolio is presently $45 million.

The APT Center is providing leadership to create and deliver innovative devices based on cutting-edge microelectronics, materials and MEMS fabrication and is a catalyst for the discovery and development of new technologies and techniques that can be employed in the rehabilitation process to provide independence for veterans and other individuals with disabilities. These techniques include basic and clinical research programs and the development and administration of new device-based therapies to patients within the emphasis areas of neural interfaces, prosthetics and orthotics, health monitoring & maintenance and enabling technologies. The Center provides affiliated investigators seed funding, administrative support (grants preparation and management, regulatory and statistical support), professional engineering & prototyping and an established quality system for the documentation and control of device design and production. Leveraging its investigators’ exceptional track records in a variety of disciplines, the Center is promoting the translation of its research into clinical and commercial applications. Current clinical applications being investigated include intelligent braces, respiratory support, sensation and control of a prosthetic hand, urinary incontinence, behavioral recovery after traumatic brain injury and, monitoring brain activity.

Case Comprehensive Cancer Center

216.844.8797
http://cancer.case.edu
Stanton L. Gerson, MD, Director, Case Comprehensive Cancer Center
Anne M. Duli, MPA, Associate Director, Research Administration and Finance
The Case Comprehensive Cancer Center (Case CCC) is one of only 41 National Cancer Institute-designated Comprehensive Cancer Centers in the country. The Case CCC integrates the cancer research activities of the largest medical collaborative in Ohio, Case Western Reserve University (CWRU), University Hospitals Case Medical Center and Cleveland Clinic - under a single leadership structure. Our researchers dedicate themselves to improving cancer outcomes through basic studies into signaling pathways giving rise to cancer and its generic and epigenetic causes, pursuing novel therapeutic targets, and analyzing lifestyle interventions to prevent cancer and detect it earlier.

The Case CCC has over 360 collaborating scientists and physicians who have successfully competed for over $119 million in annual funding. These investigators are organized into eight interdisciplinary scientific programs and have access to 15 Scientific Core Facilities. A unified clinical research effort consisting of 12 multidisciplinary clinical disease teams develop and prioritize clinical trials among the partner institutions.

Located in Cleveland, Ohio, the Case CCC serves a population with higher than average cancer rates. Research programs extend to CWRU affiliates MetroHealth Medical Center (the region's county hospital) and Louis Stokes Veterans Affairs Hospital and to 13 community medical centers operated by University Hospitals and Cleveland Clinic.

As a consortium cancer center, Case CCC has become a powerful example of the potential generated by complementary institutions coming together for the benefit of research and discovery, patient treatments and community impact. Through its partners, Cancer Center programs extend throughout Northeast Ohio to offer residents access to cancer care through participation in community outreach, cancer prevention, cancer survivorship initiatives and a robust clinical trials operational effort coordinated across academic medical centers and community sites.

**Case Cardiovascular Center**

216.368.3391
Mukesh K. Jain, MD, Director, Case Cardiovascular Research Institute
Daniel I. Simon, MD, Director, University Hospitals Harrington-McLaughlin Heart & Vascular Institute Director, Case Cardiovascular Center

The Case Cardiovascular Center (http://www.case.edu/cvri) was established in 2006 with the central mission to develop premier clinical, research, and education programs in heart and vascular disease. The structure of the Center includes clinical (University Hospitals Harrington-McLaughlin Heart & Vascular Institute—UH-HMHVI) and research (Case Cardiovascular Research Institute—CVRI) arms.

The UH-HMHVI (http://www.uhospitals.org/services/heart-and-vascular/institute) is a multi-disciplinary team of nearly 60 full-time faculty members dedicated to (a) the prevention, diagnosis, and treatment of heart and vascular disease to both local and regional patient populations in Northeast Ohio, (b) the education and training of medical students, residents and fellows, and (c) the development of breakthrough medical advancements and practices to deliver superior clinical outcomes. These clinical services range from primary to quaternary levels of expertise and are provided at all the health care facilities within the University Hospitals healthcare system. The clinical programs are organized into 11 program centers that comprise the Institute.

The research activities of the CCC are focused on the development of premier research programs that span the full spectrum of activities from basic bench-side research to translational research (“first-in-man”) and clinical trials. The CVRI is focused on basic and translational studies.

The Research & Innovation Center (RIC) of the UH-HMHVI is dedicated to innovative clinical trials and applied technology. The major areas of research focus in the CVRI include cardiovascular biology, mechanisms of gene regulation, innate immunity & inflammation, and stem cell & regenerative medicine. Investigators in the CVRI have full access to two laboratories for in vivo research in small and large animals. The RIC oversees all clinical research activities within cardiovascular medicine and surgery and is supported by a lead administrator along with nurse coordinators and staff to facilitate patient enrollment as well as regulatory/grant activities. Active areas of clinical research include interventional cardiology, vascular medicine, heart failure, electrophysiology, preventive cardiology & rehabilitative medicine, and cardiovascular imaging.

**Case Center for Imaging Research**

216.844.8076
James Basilion, PhD, Co-Director
Robert Gilkeson, MD, Co-Director
Chris Flask, PhD, Scientific Director

The CCIR (http://ccir.case.edu) is a joint venture between Case Western Reserve University School of Medicine and University Hospitals of Cleveland. The CCIR through its 40 faculty and state-of-the-art clinical and preclinical imaging capabilities promotes interdisciplinary and translational imaging research. The CCIR also serves as a shared resource for CWRU’s Cystic Fibrosis Center, the Case Comprehensive Cancer Center, the Center for Stem Cell and Regenerative Medicine, and the Clinical and Translational Science Collaborative (CTSC). As the imaging research program at CWRU continues to grow, we strive to make the CCIR imaging capabilities available to the broader research community. This overriding goal has led to a strong collaborative relationship between the CCIR imaging faculty and basic researchers in many disciplines.

Preclinical imaging facilities includes four high resolution MRI scanners, a microPET/CT scanner, a microSPECT/CT imaging system, and three bioluminescence/fluorescence systems. In addition, magnetic relaxometry scanners for high throughput screening of developmental MRI contrast agents, and recent addition of a cryofluorescence imaging system to obtain high resolution, 3D optical imaging capabilities enhance our technologies. CCIR staff provides quantitative image analysis as needed for specific applications. The CCIR clinical imaging research facilities offer a full range of imaging support. The facility includes 4 MRI scanners and one human PET/CT for clinical research studies. The CCIR has also recently completed a $1.2M construction project to create a new radiopharmaceutical facility. Together with our existing cyclotron and radioisotope delivery system, our imaging center now has the capacity to conduct a variety of molecular PET imaging studies from preclinical animal studies all the way to routine clinical studies.

**The Center for AIDS Research**

216.368.0271
Jonathan Karn, PhD, Director
Michael Lederman, MD, Co-Director

Since its founding in 1994, the Case Western Reserve University/University Hospitals Center for AIDS Research (Case CFAR (http://cfar.case.edu)) has been a center of excellence for both clinical and basic science AIDS research. Investigators participating in the Case CFAR draw on resources from the Case Western Reserve University School of Medicine, University Hospitals Case Medical Center, MetroHealth Medical Center and the Cleveland Clinic Foundation and the Joint Clinical Research Center in Kampaala Uganda. As the only NIH-funded CFAR
in the Midwestern United States, the CFAR plays an important role in ensuring that cutting-edge AIDS research and well received community outreach is supported in our region of the country. Major strengths in the Case CFAR include international research, especially with respect to research in tuberculosis and HIV malignancy, microbicides, pathogenesis, virology, clinical trials, and training, at the national and international levels. As the first CFAR to make a major investment in international research, we have been able to expand a highly productive and long-standing scientific relationship with Makerere University, Kampala.

The Case CFAR shares and supports the mission of the National CFAR program to support a multi-disciplinary environment that promotes basic, clinical, epidemiologic, behavioral, and translational research in the prevention, detection, and treatment of HIV infection and AIDS. The Case CFAR provides: Leadership and strategic planning that promotes and supports outstanding HIV/AIDS research at our participating institutions. laboratory cores with expertise, state-of-the-art instrumentation and technologies; pilot grant awards and mentoring to develop junior faculty interested in HIV; educational and training efforts which encompass the whole range of contemporary HIV/AIDS research; community outreach programs, and the promotion of and participation in collaborative research efforts within the national CFAR network and in Uganda.

The Center for Child Health and Policy at Rainbow Babies & Children's Hospital
216.844.6253
Leona Cuttler, MD, Director
Ann Nevar, MPA, Supervisor

Established in 2007, the Center for Child Health and Policy at Rainbow (http://www.uhhospitals.org/rainbow/for-clinicians/child-health-policy) focuses on major health policy issues that are central to the well-being of children and youth. The Center recognizes that health policy forms a framework for all health care delivery, and that health policy is therefore essential to improving children’s health. In this way, the Center focuses on the nexus between policy and practice of pediatric medicine.

The Center fills the need to amalgamate expertise in pediatric medicine and research with expertise in health policy. Operating as a think tank, the Center brings together experts in child health, health finance, law and policy to perform policy analyses, consultations, research, educational programming, and community outreach to advance child health through policy. Work is focused on several areas including: Maternal/Fetal/Newborn Health; Chronic Illness; Quality; and Care Delivery Systems. The Center is the only program devoted to child health policy in Cleveland and one of few nationwide.

To date, the Center has accrued many products and achievements including: Ohio Health Policy Researcher of the Year in 2006; Ohio Health Policy Researcher of the Year for Independent Research in 2009; programs designated Centers of Excellence; multiple white papers, reports, and peer-reviewed publications; grants and awards from the National Institutes of Health, The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, the Ohio Department of Health, the Ohio Department of Job and Family Services, and numerous foundations; and invited/elected memberships in state and national policy committees.

Center for Clinical Investigation
216.368.3286
http://cci.case.edu/cci/index.php/Main_Page
Pamela Davis, MD, PhD, Director
James Spilsbury, PhD, Academic Development Core Director
Nathan Morris, PhD, Statistical Sciences Core Director
Guo-Qiang Zhang, PhD, Medical Informatics Division Chief

The Center for Clinical Investigation (CCI) was founded in 2007 and is part of Case Western Reserve University School of Medicine’s Division of General Medical Sciences. The CCI serves as the academic home of Cleveland’s Clinical & Translational Science Collaborative, a partnership of 4 local institutions (Case Western Reserve University, the Cleveland Clinic Foundation, the MetroHealth System, and University Hospitals) and member of a national consortium of approximately 60 institutions funded by the National Institutes of Health to increase the efficiency and speed of clinical and translational research across the country.

The CCI’s mission is to enhance clinical and translational research efforts across the Cleveland area by: (1) spurring advances in knowledge of risk factors, outcomes and treatment effectiveness in the population; (2) facilitating the transfer of scientific advances to the community; and (3) developing a new generation of clinical researchers equipped with the skills needed to efficiently design, implement and interpret novel studies that address important public health questions. To accomplish its mission, the CCI provides computer systems and applications support for basic science and clinical research activities and works closely with basic science and clinical investigators in the CWRU Schools of Medicine, Nursing, and Dental Medicine, as well as the University Hospitals Case Medical Center, Cleveland Clinic Foundation, and MetroHealth System . The CCI has supported hundreds of clinical research and epidemiology projects, including local and national multicenter, longitudinal studies. The CCI has three cores that work together to provide fully integrated research support to all investigators: Academic Development Core, Division of Medical Informatics, and Statistical Sciences Core.

The Academic Development Core manages the Master’s Degree Program in Clinical Research (Clinical Research Scholars Program - see “Clinical Research MS” tab above) as well as a newly created Certificate Program in Clinical Research. The Academic Development Core also delivers seminars and short courses in clinical research and works to coordinate educational activities in interdisciplinary clinical research across the CTSC’s institutional members. The programs target investigators and other key members of the research team, including data managers and study coordinators. Training efforts in research design, research data management, statistical sciences, statistical software, and scientific communication are emphasized.

The Division of Medical Informatics is primarily charged with developing informatics solutions to many of the barriers clinical investigators face in efficiently processing, storing and sharing research data; and with providing informatics tools and infrastructure for the CCI and the larger research community. In order to meet these goals, the Division of Medical Informatics develops data standards for research database development and data management that aim to maximize the value (accuracy, completeness, availability, security) of research data, develops technological solutions and tools in support of the other CCI cores, develops tools and systems to facilitate understanding of research data (including data dictionaries, data sharing tools, and repositories for biological data) and conducts research in new methodologies for clinical research informatics, clinical and health informatics, comparative effectiveness research, information discovery, data integration, data mining, and translational research. The Division of Medical Informatics staff consists of research programmers and systems analysts with not only a wide range of technical expertise, but with experience using semantic web technology in support of clinical research.
The Statistical Sciences Core provides data management and statistical support on study design and data analysis. Members who provide data management consist of skilled data managers and programmers who consult and collaborate with investigators on data collection instrument development and coding, database development and administration, data cleaning and quality assurance, statistical programming, and dataset preparation. Members providing statistical support collaborate and consult with clinical investigators on proposal development, study design, study monitoring, and data analysis. The Statistical Sciences Core currently consists of 1 PhD biostatistician, 2 MS biostatisticians, and 1 data manager, each with several years of collaborative experience in an academic medical center. Statistical software packages that are supported by the CCI Statistical Sciences Core include SAS, SPSS, R/S-Plus, JMP, NCSS PASS, Minitab, and Stata.

Center for Global Health and Diseases
216.368.6321
http://www.case.edu/orgs/cghd/
James W. Kazura, MD, Director

The Center for Global Health and Diseases links the numerous international health resources of the University, its affiliated institutions, and the northern Ohio community in interdisciplinary programs of research and education related to global health. The scope of the Center’s activities also includes education and service as these are related to molecular, clinical, and population studies of human health and disease.

The Center is currently a national leader in National Institutes of Health-supported studies of the major infectious diseases of developing countries. Cutting-edge approaches are implemented in order to examine the molecular, genetic and immunologic basis of susceptibility to infectious diseases of public health significance - malaria, river blindness, lymphatic filariasis, schistosomiasis, HIV and other viral diseases such as Rift Valley fever. Clinical research in endemic countries is concerned with testing and implementing cost-effective public health interventions that are aimed at the control of malaria and Neglected Tropical Diseases (worm infections of children, elimination of lymphatic filariasis). The Center has ongoing research and educational collaborations with academic and governmental institutions in Papua New Guinea, Brazil, Kenya, Uganda, and several other countries in Sub-Saharan Africa. Educational programs sponsored by the Center include electives in international health, population biology, and genetics of infectious diseases (available to undergraduate, graduate and professional school students), a weekly World Health Interest Group (WHIG) seminar series, overseas rotations for graduate and professional school students, and training programs at the university and abroad for scholars from developing countries (with support from the Fogarty International Center at NIH).

A certificate in Global Health is available (see Certificates).

Center for Health Care Research & Policy
216.778.3902
Randall D. Cebul, MD, Director

The mission of the Center for Health Care Research & Policy (http://www.chrp.org) is to: 1) improve the health of the public by conducting research that improves access to health care, increases the quality and value of health care services, and informs health policy and practice; and 2) lead education and training programs that promote these goals. Formally established in 1994, the Center’s mission is carried out by a cross-disciplinary faculty who both lead and collaborate with other scholars in Northeast Ohio and beyond. A core faculty of 17 is extended by affiliated Senior Scholars throughout the university, assisted by an able staff and over 30 grant-supported research associates. The Center’s home at MetroHealth’s Rammelkamp Research and Education Building is an outstanding venue for collaborative research, mentoring of students and junior faculty, and cross-disciplinary seminars.

The Center’s research and training focuses in programmatic areas that reflect national health care priorities as well as high impact problems in adults. Center Programs pertain to chronic conditions, especially stroke, obesity and diabetes, and kidney disease. Programs are supported by methods units, including biostatistics and evaluation, health care decision making, and health economics and health policy. Research using clinical informatics capitalizes on growing institutional capacities in electronic medical records (EMR) and clinical decision support. Center faculty view Northeast Ohio as a laboratory for research, recognizing the national relevance of regional challenges and opportunities. For over four years, the Center has served as the administrative home for Better Health Greater Cleveland, an EMR-catalyzed initiative to measure, publicly report, and improve health outcomes for the region’s residents with chronic medical problems. Center faculty also assume leadership roles in federally-supported degree programs in Health Services Research and Clinical Investigation and teach in the core curriculum of the School of Medicine.

Center for Medical Education
216.368.6986
Megan McNamara, MD, Director, CAML

The Center for Medical Education, established in 2010, is currently being reorganized to better align with the needs of learners across the educational continuum – from students to residents to graduate students to faculty. The Center for Medical Education (CMed) provides an organizational home for teaching and learning programs in the School of Medicine and a supportive environment for those who want to develop special skills in medical education.

The Center for the Advancement of Medical Learning (“CAML”) operates its programs under the auspices of the CMed. CAML supports and promotes the development of teaching and lifelong-learning skills among students, faculty, staff, residents, and alumni. CAML pursues research into educational innovations to advance our knowledge of medical learning and teaching. The Center offers workshops to faculty locally, regionally, and nationally to enhance faculty teaching, research and evaluation skills.

The Center also sponsors faculty appointments, both full- and part-time, for some faculty whose roles are predominantly focused on teaching medical students. These include community clinicians who welcome medical students into their clinics and practices.

Center for Modeling Integrated Metabolic Systems
216.368.4066
Gerald M. Saidel, PhD, Director

The Center for Modeling Integrated Metabolic Systems (MIMS) (http://casemed.case.edu/mims) combines mathematical modeling, computersimulation, and in vivo experimentation to quantify relationships between cellular metabolism and physiological responses of tissue-organ systems and the whole body. The MIMS Center was inspired by
Dr. Marco E. Cabrera (deceased), who together with Prof. Gerald M. Saidel, co-directed this Center. It was established in 2002 with a $11.8 million grant (P50-GM066309) from NIGMS of the National Institutes of Health as a Center of Excellence in Complex Biomedical Systems (later Systems Biology). The MIMS Center involves multi-disciplinary research teams from Case Western Reserve University, Case Medical Center of University Hospitals of Cleveland, and Cleveland Clinic.

The primary aim of the MIMS Center is to develop mechanistic, mathematical models to simulate cellular metabolism in various tissues and organs (i.e., skeletal muscle, heart, brain, and adipose tissue) and to integrate these components in whole-body models. These biologically and physiologically based computational models incorporate cellular metabolic reactions and transport processes of a large number of chemical species. Model parameters quantitatively characterize metabolic pathways and regulatory mechanisms under normal and abnormal conditions including obesity and hypoxia as well as in disease states including type-2 diabetes, cystic fibrosis, and chronic kidney disease. The large-scale, complex mathematical models are solved numerically using sophisticated computational algorithms to simulate and analyze experimental responses to physiological and metabolic changes. Model parameters are optimally estimated by minimizing differences between model simulated outputs and experimental data using large-scale, nonlinear optimization algorithms. Experimentally validated models are used to predict the effects of altering metabolic processes with disease states, pharmacological agents, diet, and physical training.

**Center for Proteomics and Bioinformatics**

216.368.0291
http://proteomics.case.edu/index.html
Biomedical Research Building, Ninth Floor
Mark R. Chance, PhD, Director

The Case Center for Proteomics and Bioinformatics was created, in part, to strengthen Cleveland's presence in modern proteomics and bioinformatics research to make the region a leader in the field. The vision for the Center has been shaped over the past several years by the leadership of the Center’s Director, Mark Chance, Ph.D, with over $80 million in grants awarded to the Center and its collaborators since its inception in February 2006. One of the primary goals of the CPB is to develop an infrastructure of sophisticated equipment that facilitates the combination of computational and experimental structural biology approaches, and developing and maintaining infrastructure for macromolecular structure determination. The division also develops new tools in Proteomics and Genomics research. This includes multiple Proteomics Cores to support these activities.

**Proteomics and Genomics Division**

The mission of the Division of Proteomics and Genomics is to support research in protein and gene expression analysis, protein and gene modifications, and protein interactions in a wide variety of biological contexts. The division also develops new tools in Proteomics and Genomics research. This includes multiple Proteomics Cores to support these activities.

**Bioinformatics Division**

The mission of the Division of Bioinformatics is to support interdisciplinary research and training in many areas of bioinformatics including analysis of DNA and protein sequences, protein interaction networks, linkage and association studies for simple and complex traits, and gene and protein expression profiles. This includes a Bioinformatics Core that provides research support for these activities.

**Macromolecular Structure Division**

The mission of the Division of Macromolecular Structure is to support interdisciplinary research in new methods of structure determination, the combination of computational and experimental structural biology approaches, and developing and maintaining infrastructure for macromolecular structure determination. The division also offers a wide range of seminars, workshops, and possibilities for individual training. These activities are posted on the CPB Web site. For a list of services and to explore opportunities to collaborate, please visit the Web site: http://proteomics.case.edu/index.html or e-mail: proteomics@case.edu (l/proteomics@case.edu).

**Center for Psychoanalytic Child Development**

The Center for Psychoanalytic Child Development is to be led by a child psychoanalyst affiliated with the Hanna Perkins Center for Child Development, located in Shaker Heights, Ohio. The Center’s goals include the development of courses, practica, and supervisory experiences appropriate for medical students, residents, and fellows.

**The Center for RNA Molecular Biology**

216.368.1852
http://www.case.edu/med/macenter/home.htm
Timothy (http://www.case.edu/med/macenter/home.htm) W. Nilsen, PhD, Director

The Center for RNA Molecular Biology is a free standing academic unit in the basic sciences within the School of Medicine at Case Western Reserve University. The RNA Center was established in the mid-nineties as a core entity in recognition of the strong cadre of research laboratories.
devoted to studying post-transcriptional mechanisms of gene expression focusing on various aspects of RNA Biology. The RNA Center is currently composed of 8 primary faculty members and 10 secondary members.

The RNA Center contains the largest concentration of RNA molecular biologists in the nation. Collectively, the faculty of the RNA Center cover nearly every aspect of RNA research. Current research in the Center focuses on several of these problems ranging from extremely basic questions such as the mechanism of RNA catalysis and how proteins interact with RNA to the roles of RNA processing in disease. Specific research interests include splicing and its regulation, RNA editing, IRNA maturation, mechanisms of translation regulation, RNA degradation, RNA trafficking, RNA interference and regulation of gene expression by microRNAs and non-coding RNAs.

Collectively, the RNA Center provides a valuable resource for collaborative efforts within the University and its affiliated institutions the Cleveland Clinic Foundation, and University Hospitals System. In addition, the official journal of the RNA Society “RNA” was founded and continues to be housed in the RNA Center. The members of the RNA Center have an excellent funding record and the research performed is regularly published in highly visible journals such as Science, Nature, Molecular Cell, NSMB, Molecular Cell, etc. In addition, a comprehensive laboratory manual on RNA technology has been co-authored by the Center’s director, Dr. Nilsen.

Center for Science, Health and Society
216.368.2059
http://casemed.case.edu/cshs/
Nathan A. Berger, MD, Director

Recognizing that the successful futures of Case Western Reserve University, the City of Cleveland, and Cuyahoga County are integrally related, the Center for Science, Health and Society (CSHS) was created in 2002 to focus the efforts of the University and the community in a significant new collaboration to impact the areas of health and healthcare delivery systems through community outreach, education, and health policy. The Center, based in the School of Medicine, with university wide associations is engaging the many strengths of the University and the community to improve the health of the community.

The Center has engaged the community at the level of the individual and the neighborhood, in public and private schools, at civic and faith-based organizations, and at the level of governmental agencies and community leadership to identify community problems, perceptions, assets and resources; advise the community of faculty skills, assets and expertise; and, catalyze that community service based scholarship that benefits community interests and promotes mutual enhancement. The Center coordinates the Scientific Enrichment Opportunity outreach program that brings Cleveland high school students on to the medical school campus in the summer to work along with our distinguished faculty in their research labs, to introduce and stimulate the students and help prepare them to enter careers in the health care professions and biomedical workforce. The Center also coordinates the Mini Medical School Program presented every Spring and Fall to educate the community in the latest developments in healthcare, particularly those developed at CWRU.

The overall goal of these programs is to educate and empower the community to become better consumers of healthcare and more informed and stronger advocates for healthcare policy and legislation in their own interests.

Center for the Study of Kidney Biology and Disease
216.778.4993
John R. Sedor, MD, co-director
Tyler Miller, MD, co-director
Donald E. Hricik, MD, co-director
Walter Boron, MD, PhD, co-director

Kidney disease is the ninth leading cause of death according to the Centers for Disease Control data. Health care costs for approximately 500,000 patients, who are being treated with dialysis [artificial kidney machine] or who received a kidney transplant, consumed almost 1% of the federal budget in 2008. Up to 26 million U.S. residents have evidence of serious kidney disease

The Center’s mission is to accelerate discovery and its translation for treatment and cure of kidney diseases in an interdisciplinary environment within the rich, research environment of the CWRU School of Medicine. The faculty is an accomplished and highly interactive group of investigators, based in the adult or pediatric Divisions of Nephrology in CWRU-affiliated hospitals and the Department of Physiology and other clinical and basic departments. Research interests of the faculty include glomerular development and disease, epithelial cell biology and ion transport, tubular physiology, genetic epidemiology, health services research, renal transplantation, health disparities research and clinical trials. Research faculty applies cellular, molecular biological, genetic, genomic and epidemiological methods to in vitro models, animal models and/or patients. Many projects by Center investigators use health data, culled from robust electronic health records, and biological samples from patients with kidney diseases in order to generate novel hypotheses, which can then tested with animal models and cell lines. Training opportunities are available for undergraduate, pre- and post-doctoral students.

The Center for Translational Neuroscience
216.368.5473
Robert M. Miller, PhD, Director

The goals of the Center for Translational Neuroscience are to develop scientific interactions that promote understanding of the pathology of neurological diseases and to develop novel therapeutic strategies for the treatment of those diseases. The Center pursues these goals through Translational Interest Group meetings and events, and through the Neurological Institute, in the University Hospitals Case Medical Center, where clinicians and investigators have a direct conduit between research and developing treatments.

Cleveland Functional Electrical Stimulation (FES) Center
216.231.3257
Robert F. Kirsch, PhD, Executive Director
Robert Ruff, MD, PhD, Medical Director

The Cleveland Functional Electrical Stimulation (FES) Center (http://fescenter.org) is a consortium of three nationally recognized institutions: Department of Veterans Affairs, MetroHealth Medical Center and Case Western Reserve University. Through the support of these partners, the Cleveland FES Center is able to provide a continuum of advancement. Created in 1991 with a grant from the Department of Veterans Affairs, the FES Center currently has research funding at the federal, state and local
levels and additional industry and foundation funding in excess of $17M in order to achieve its mission.

The Center focuses on the application of electrical currents to either generate or suppress activity in the nervous system. This technique is known as functional electrical stimulation (FES). FES can produce and control the movement of otherwise paralyzed limbs for standing and hand grasp, activate visceral bodily functions such as bladder control or respiration, create perceptions such as skin sensibility, arrest undesired activity such as pain or spasm, and facilitate natural recovery and accelerate motor relearning.

Founded to introduce FES into clinical practice, the Center provides innovative options for restoring neurological health and function by developing advanced technologies and integrating them into clinical care.

Institute for Transformative Molecular Medicine
216.368.5725
Jonathan S. Stamler, MD, Director

The Institute for Transformative Molecular Medicine (ITMM), which operates under the combined aegis of Case Western Reserve University and University Hospitals, is composed of physician-scientists and basic discovery researchers who work to acquire fundamental scientific knowledge within the field of molecular medicine. Founded in 2010, the ITMM provides physician-scientists with the opportunity for professional advancement based on their contributions to life sciences, protected from demanding clinical schedules or administrative responsibilities. The mission of the ITMM is to foster the unrestricted pursuit of new knowledge that can be cultivated as the basis for therapeutic innovation, and to inspire new generations of physician-scientists.

The operation of the ITMM is based on a new model that unites academic medical centers, physician- and discovery-scientists and commercial partners to maximize the conversion of basic science discoveries into novel, high-value therapeutics. Thus, the ITMM facilitates connectivity between medical disciplines and the basic research community in order to catalyze fundamental discovery and its transformation into therapies that benefit humankind. Creativity and innovation are highly valued in the culture fostered by the ITMM. Expertise in interdisciplinary science is prioritized, including signal transduction, receptor biology, regenerative medicine, RNA biology and chemical biology, in the pursuit of cutting-edge advances that can impact human disease.

The Mt. Sinai Skills and Simulation Center
216.368.0064
Mark I. Aeder, MD, Medical Director

The Mt. Sinai Skills and Simulations Center (MSSSC) (http://casemed.case.edu/simcenter) was initially conceived in response to common concerns over the nationwide increased incidence of medical errors, the rising costs of health care, and the need for improved patient-caregiver communication. Since its founding in 2006, the MSSSC continues to work with an ever expanding list of health care partners to become an integral resource for the education of health care students and professionals in the Northeastern Ohio region and throughout Ohio. The MSSSC and The Institute for Surgical Innovation (ISI) combine to form the Case Western Reserve University Center for Skills and Simulation (CWRU-CSS).

Simulation develops confident practitioners who can significantly contribute to the goal of improved patient outcomes. By providing a variety of simulation tools, such as life-like computerized manikins and standardized professionals performing within carefully crafted scenarios, we can replicate the complex environment of the clinical setting. Participation in these specially designed scenarios allows learners to practice the critical skills needed to provide safe, quality care to patients, including communication, technique development, decision making and data analysis. These models have allowed us to have ongoing research projects in education development and intervention and advanced our partnership for the development of new techniques and materials.

The MSSSC has all the tools available for simulation training, including Standardized patients – individuals trained to portray situations or conditions; Task trainers – devices uses to teach individual techniques; High fidelity trainers – manikins with programming capabilities; Virtual reality – real life interactive trainers for surgery, cardiology and other disciplines; Second life – avatar interactions in a computerized world; and Hybrid combinations of the above.

The CWRU-CSS is an American College of Surgeons Level 1 Accredited Educational Institute. During the past five years, the Center has provided educational opportunities and course for learners at all levels from high school students, medical, dental and nursing students at Case Western Reserve University and The Lerner College of Medicine, residents and fellows from training programs at University Hospitals Case Medical Center, The Cleveland Clinic and MetroHealth Medical Center, graduate education for practicing physicians and surgeons, nursing and other health care providers at all levels, first responders including EMS and fire/rescue, flight nurse training and military reserve medical units.

The Swetland Center for Environmental Health
216.368.8521
Dorr G. Dearborn, MD, PhD, Director
http://casemed.case.edu/swetland/

The Swetland Center for Environmental Health (http://casemed.case.edu/swetland) is an environmental clinical center within the Department of Environmental Health Sciences of the CWRU School of Medicine. The focus of the Center is on environmental health problems of the Cleveland community, especially as they relate to toxic exposures of children and their families. The Swetland Center has four major components relating to clinical care, research, public health, and medical education. The Center has an Environmental Health Clinic based at UHCMC and conducts clinical-based environmental research fostered by strong relationships with the local public health agencies, which address important local environmental problems including the built environment and indoor air quality. Medical education is a major component of the Swetland Center where it is developing environmental health as a theme throughout the education of medical students, residents, fellows, and community physicians. This environmental curriculum at CWRU includes yearly medical student community projects for the entire first year class on environmental health concerns. While the Center is relatively new, its Director, Dr. Dearborn, has had housing-related public health and research collaborations with both local health agencies for the past two decades.

National Center for Regenerative Medicine
216.368.3614
http://ncrm.us
Neural Engineering Center

The Neural Engineering Center (http://www.case.edu/cse/nec) is a coordinated group of scientists and engineers dedicated to research and education at the interface between neuroscience and engineering. Researchers share the common goal of analyzing the function of the nervous system, developing methods to restore damaged neurological function, and creating artificial neuronal systems by integrating physical, chemical, mathematical, biological and engineering tools. The center was started in 2001 and replaced the Applied Neural Control Laboratory started in 1972. The center offers breadth and depth in Neural Engineering research and education in a highly ranked biomedical engineering department and medical school. The center is located on the campus of Case Western Reserve University and its members collaborate with four major hospitals in the Cleveland area.

The center provides core facilities in tissue culture, microscopy and histology. Facilities include an electrode fabrication laboratory and surgical suite for acute and sterile surgery, staffed by two full time technicians. Many other facilities such as electronic design, microfabrication and rapid prototyping are also available in collaboration with other closely related centers, the Functional Stimulation Center (FES) and the Advanced Platform development Laboratory (APT). The center also holds several laboratories in neural regeneration, neural interfacing, neural prosthetics, materials for neural interfacing computer modeling and in-vivo electrophysiology. Research occurs at many levels starting from cellular and molecular to animal experimentation and into the clinic. Center members work closely with the partner hospitals and the technology transfer office of CWRU for translation and clinical implementation of solutions restore neural function such as development of electrodes for communication with the nervous system, regenerating neural tissue, restoring function in paralysed patients, preventing seizures, motor disorders, incontinence aspiration or obstructive sleep apnea.

Prevention Research Center for Healthy Neighborhoods

216.368.1918
Elaine Borawska, PhD, Director

The Prevention Research Center for Healthy Neighborhoods (PRCHN) (http://casemed.case.edu/cts/cctcommunity/prevention.cfm) at Case Western Reserve University was established in 2009 with funding from the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC). Built upon the foundation of two previous centers that merged to become the PRCHN, the Center for Health Promotion Research and the Center for Adolescent Health - the PRCHN seeks to foster partnerships within Cleveland’s neighborhoods for developing, testing, and implementing research strategies to prevent and reduce the burden of chronic disease. The PRCHN, entering into its second 5-year cycle of CDC funding, is a highly responsive and collaborative community-based research center that partners with public health agencies, community organizations, neighborhood leaders and residents to address significant environmental and lifestyle issues strongly linked to chronic disease and influenced by the conditions, disparities and resources of the neighborhood itself. Its faculty and staff have also served as an active partner and leader in the transformative process occurring in Cleveland around the concepts of health equity, collective action, and the understanding of multiple determinants of health.

The PRCHN supports a comprehensive research agenda that centers around community nutrition and food policy, tobacco prevention and control, environments supporting healthy eating and active living, and place-based health and behavior surveillance. This includes core research project – Freshlink - that aims to increasing nutritional food access (NFA) in low income neighborhoods throughout Cleveland. A goal of the PRCHN is to build capacity for community-based research among University and community partners by offering formal training programs (i.e., PEER Program, PRCHN Student Internship Program) monthly seminars, workshops and webinars, and provides technical assistance, evaluation services and subject matter expertise to its community partners.

The PRCHN partners include experienced community based researchers, heads of local boards of health, more than 50 community and health organizations, neighborhood leaders and residents, and Affiliated Faculty from five schools within the University (College of Arts and Sciences, the Frances Payne Bolton School of Nursing, the Mandel School of Applied Social Sciences, and the School of Dental Medicine), supports the mission of the Center. Representatives from these local agencies and organizations serve on the PRCHN’s Network of Community Advisors (NOCA), offering guidance to identify emerging issues, set research and programmatic priorities, and ensure the community’s voice informs our work.

Skin Cancer Research Institute

216.368.0324
Kevin D. Cooper, MD, Director

The Skin Cancer Research Institute (http://mediswww.case.edu/dept/dermatology/Centers/SCRI.html) engages the foremost experts in dermatology and oncology to work collaboratively across disciplines to identify new ways to treat and prevent skin cancers. The Skin Cancer Research Institute (SCRI) at Case Western Reserve University exists to discover causes of skin cancers, prevent skin cancers more effectively, and to develop new therapies for skin cancer treatment.
The Department of Dermatology is poised to create a research institute unique in scope on a national scale. Its efforts are validated by generous grant funding from the National Institutes of Health as well as through its continuous stream of groundbreaking discoveries over the past decade. What exists now within this rich infrastructure is an opportunity to transform discovery in skin cancer research. CWRU plans for four new centers exclusively dedicated to the study of skin cancer, which will complement existing centers of excellence in the Department. The emerging centers will include a melanoma center, a basal/squamous cell carcinoma center, a photo medicine center, and an environmental agent center.

The Skin Cancer Research Institute has an opportunity to be unique in the nation in its capacity to bring new therapies "from lab to life" by aligning specialized skills and catalyzing new knowledge through these centers.

**The Stem Cell Ethics Center**

216.368.0881

Insoo Hyun, PhD, Director

The CWRU Stem Cell Ethics Center (http://www.case.edu/med/bioethics/stemcellethics) serves as a focal point for campus-wide and international interdisciplinary scholarship and research. Housed in the Department of Bioethics, the Stem Cell Ethics Center provides an avenue to educate policy makers, regulators, and the general public about all forms of stem cell research and their translation to clinical practice. The Stem Cell Ethics Center bridges ethics and biotechnology by providing ethical and technical support, as well as a forum for directed application of stem cell ethics in the complex array of cultural, social, political, and economic issues.

**The Visual Sciences Research Center**

Eric Pearlman, PhD, Director

The Visual Sciences Research Center (VSRC) (http://case.edu/med/ophthalmology/VisualSciencesResearchCenter.html/VSRCHomepage.html) was founded at Case Western Reserve University in 1996. The VSRC now comprises a multidisciplinary and comprehensive research program in vision and ophthalmology, with over 30 members in CWRU departments including Ophthalmology and Visual Sciences, Anatomy, Biomedical Engineering, Genetics, Medicine, Molecular Biology & Microbiology, Epidemiology & Biostatistics, Neurology, Neurosciences, Pathology, Pediatrics, Pharmacology, Physiology, and Biophysics. VSRC scientists study basic and clinical aspects of the eye and involve three interdisciplinary research theme groups: Aging and Diabetes, Retinal Degeneration, and Ocular Immunology. The mission of the Visual Sciences Research Center is to promote the study of basic and clinical problems of the eye and visual system that may lead to improvements in the prevention and treatment of major blinding disorders worldwide. Through a multidisciplinary and comprehensive research program in vision and ophthalmology involving both basic and clinical departments at Case Western Reserve University, the VSRC seeks to advance the visual sciences at the University and to promote its efforts to the scientific community.

**Willard A. Bernbaum Cystic Fibrosis Research Center**

216.368.6896

Mitchell Drumm, PhD and Michael Konstan, MD, Co-Directors

Constance May, Administrative Assistant

The Cystic Fibrosis Research Center (http://cf.case.edu) is a translational center composed of investigators from Case Western Reserve University and University Hospitals of Cleveland. The Center’s research is funded by over $4 million in grants from the National Institutes of Health, the Cystic Fibrosis Foundation and other sources. The Center provides core facilities and services for investigators carrying out research related to cystic fibrosis, including a Clinical Studies core that provides clinical data for research studies and aids in IRB generation and study design, an Animal Models core that maintains the world’s largest assortment of CF mouse models, a Bioanalyte core that measures a range of biomolecules (proteins, lipids, mRNA) from blood, tissues or cell culture, an Animal Imaging core that uses such technologies as MRI, PET and SECT to generate high resolution images of rodents, a Biostatistical core to carry out complex statistical analyses of CF related studies, a Histology core that generates slide-mounted and stained sections of tissues from animal or human samples and a Cell Culture core that provides facilities and media for cultured cells. These cores facilitate translational, or "bench to bedside" projects that take very mechanistic, basic research on CF-related biochemistry and cell biology to in vivo studies in animal models and on to humans. Center members have access to all the cores as well as involvement in the weekly seminar series focused on CF or pediatric pulmonary research.

**Endowed Lectures**

**Publications**

Publications describing the School of Medicine are produced by the Office of Development, Alumni Relations, and Communications. Many articles and news reports are accessible via the Web under “news and publications.” (http://casemed.case.edu) The medical school produces an annual report highlighting accomplishments in research, education and service.

For example, AlumniNews, produced by the Office of Alumni Relations, features updates to keep alumni connected to past colleagues, current students and happenings at the School of Medicine. This biannual newsletter publishes in the spring and fall, and all alumni who spent the majority of their time within the School of Medicine (MD and PhD alumni) should receive a printed issue in the mail. Copies are also delivered to locations around the medical school to reach MD and PhD students, and a link to a PDF version is emailed to all students. This university wide-publication is distributed electronically to all CWRU alumni once a month. Each school within the university submits one news bullet for publication and can be viewed online (http://casemed.case.edu/alumni/publications/alumninews.cfm). The Reunion Newsletter is distributed to all alumni who are celebrating milestone reunion years from the School of Medicine. This newsletter is published three times during the year for celebratory years. The third issue each year serves as a follow-up on the celebration. This last publication is also sent to the next year’s reunion classes to create momentum and get alumni involved in upcoming reunions.

**Endowed Lectures**

The Nikaan B. Anderson Lecture

Established in 1974 by friends of the late professor of anesthesiology (from 1969 until his death in 1974), this annual lecture is presented by teachers of the science of anesthesia.
The Claude S. Beck Scholarship Visiting Lectureship
This lecture, about cardiovascular surgery, was established in 1989. At what is now known as the Case Western Reserve University School of Medicine, Claude S. Beck, MD, was demonstrator of surgery in 1924 to 1925; professor of neurosurgery in 1940; and the first professor of cardiovascular surgery in the United States from 1952 until 1965.

The Richard E. Behrman, MD, Lecture In Child Development
Established in 2001 with contributions from friends of colleagues of this former School of Medicine dean (1980 to 1989), this annual lecture is delivered by distinguished scholars in child development.

The Jack H. Berman, MD, Lecture
Established in 1999 by family, friends and colleagues of this alumnus and associate clinical professor, guest lecturers discuss the basic science behind disease and its application to patient care through this program.

The Louis A. Bloomfield Memorial Lecture
Established in 1955 in memory of the Cleveland attorney Theodore R. Bloomfield by his widow and his son, this lecture brings outstanding members of the medical profession from around this country and abroad to discuss new concepts and developments in medicine with the medical community and allied professions.

The William E. Bruner, MD, DSc, Lecture in Ophthalmology
This lecture was established in 2002 in memory of the father of Clark E. Bruner and grandfather of William E. Bruner II, MD, a 1975 medical school alumnus, with gifts coming from them as well as Susan F. Bruner.

The Courtney Burton Frontiers of Medicine Lecture
This annual lecture is presented by an outstanding individual who has achieved or helped achieve a significant advance in medicine or a closely related field and whose presentation would be of great interest to members of the medical profession. It is supported by a fund established in 1993. Courtney Burton Jr., was chair of the board of Oglebay Norton Co. from 1957 until shortly before his death in 1992.

The Alfred Cahen Memorial Lecture
This lecture series in gastroenterology has been supported by a fund established in 1965 by Lottie Cahen, widow of the founder and former president of World Publishing Co., in memory of her late husband.

The Frohring Presidential Lectureship in Medicine and Engineering
Lecturers in medicine and engineering deliver this lectureship at the discretion of the University president thanks to a fund begun in 1993 by Paul R. Frohring.

Nathan S. Greenfield Family Visiting Lecturers in Pharmacology
Through an endowment, Rosalee Greenfield Weiss, PhD, and Raymond A. Weiss, PhD, established this annual lecture in 1997 to honor her father, Nathan S. Greenfield, a pharmacist who owned Wade Park Pharmacy in Cleveland from 1914 to 1956; her mother, Corinne Sternheimer Greenfield; and Lynn Stuart Weiss, daughter of the benefactors, who died of cancer in her mid-20s in 1971.

The Zella Hall Lecture
This annual lecture or series of lectures is presented by one or more distinguished visiting researchers selected by the dean of the School of Medicine or his or her designee. If they are made possible because of support received in 1998 by the estate of Zella Hall.

The Hanna Lectures
Founded in 1913 by G. W. Crile, 1864-1943, in honor of H. Melville Hanna, philanthropist and founder of the MA Hanna Co., the Hanna Lectures are delivered by distinguished basic scientists from this country and abroad.

The William D. Holden Lectureship in Surgery
Established in 1985 by the members of the Department of Surgery of MetroHealth Medical Center in honor of their former chair and Payne Professor of Surgery, this series of lectures in surgery is delivered by distinguished leaders in American surgery.

The Lorand V. Johnson Lecture
This lecture, for residents and visiting staff members in ophthalmology, was established in 1967 by the Wright Foundation.

The Kaiser Permanente Endowed Lectureship in Bioethics
This lecture is presented by a distinguished visiting lecturer with the goal of advancing the study of bioethics. It was established in 1994.

The Rita Ann Kicher Lecture
In this annual lecture, established in 1996, a distinguished visiting lecturer promotes quality health care by emphasizing new developments in the identification and treatment of life-threatening cardiac arrhythmia. Rita Ann Kicher was the daughter of Thomas Kicher, PhD, a triple alumnus, long-time faculty member, and dean (1992-1997) of the Case School of Engineering. At the time of her death, she was a systems analyst at University Hospitals of Cleveland's Center for Quality Assessment and Utilization Management.

The Clifford L. Kiehn, MD, and John Desprez, MD, Visiting Lecturers in Plastic and Reconstructive Surgery
These lecturers are distinguished visitors whose presentations advance the study of plastic and reconstructive surgery. The lectureship was established in 1994. Dr. Kiehn is the former head of plastic and reconstructive surgery, and Dr. Desprez followed him in that role.

The Jerome I. Kleinerman, MD, Lectureship in Pulmonary Pathobiology
This lectureship is named for an internationally respected lung specialist and professor emeritus of pathology at the School of Medicine. Established in 2000 by the late Dr. Kleinerman's daughters, friends and colleagues, the lectureship each year supports a distinguished visiting lecturer whose presentation advances the study of pulmonary pathobiology. The lecturer is selected by a faculty committee that includes members having appointments at MetroHealth Medical Center.
The members of the committee are chosen by the dean of the School of Medicine.

**The Robert R. Kohn Lecture**
The lecture honors an alumnus of the Class of 1957 and was established in his memory in 1989 by family, friends and colleagues to advance the study of pathology.

**The Lester Krampitz Lecture and Education Fund**
The fund was established in 1982 by family, friends and colleagues of former faculty member Lester Krampitz, MD, to honor him with a lecture fund in microbiology. It is intended to facilitate the interchange of ideas, a process Dr. Krampitz, who joined the faculty in 1946 and retired in 1978, believes is vital to scientific research.

**The Carl H. Lenhart Surgical Lecture**
Established in 1955 by friends of this alumnus of the Class of 1904, in his memory, this lecture presents outstanding speakers on clinical developments in surgery.

**The Alan Moritz, MD, Endowment Fund**
This fund was established in 1991 by friends and colleagues of the late forensic pathologist, medical school faculty members, and university provost.

**The Olof H. Pearson, MD, Lecture**
Established in 1999 by family and friends of the late endocrinologist, oncologist and faculty member, this lecture features a cancer-related topic at the School of Medicine.

**The Roy Scott Lecture**
Established by colleagues, students, family and friends in memory of the former head of the Department of Medicine of MetroHealth Medical Center, this lecture involves an annual two-day visit of a leading cardiologist, who presents the lecture and grand rounds to house officers and students of the School of Medicine.

**The Robert Sternlicht Visiting Lecturers in Pharmacology and Cancer Biology**
Originally established in 1990 by friends and family and named the Robert Sternlicht Memorial Fund, these lectures feature distinguished experts whose presentations will advance the study of oncology at the School of Medicine. Lecturers are chosen by the chair of the Department of Pharmacology and the director of the comprehensive cancer center. Robert Sternlicht was the son of Himan Sternlicht, PhD, associate professor emeritus of pharmacology.

**The Merton F. Utter Memorial Lecture**
Established in 1981 in memory of the former professor of biochemistry and chair of the Department of Biochemistry, this lecture is delivered by a scientist of the highest caliber in a field related to those in which Dr. Utter was interested. Lecturers are chosen by the chair of the Department of Biochemistry.

**The Austin S. Weisberger Lecture**
Established in 1972 in the Department of Medicine, this lecture honors the memory of the man who, at the time of his death in 1970, was the John Huntington Hord Professor and chair of the Department of Medicine of the School of Medicine and University Hospitals.

**The Frederick C. Robbins Lecture in Ophthalmology**
Established in 1991 by friends of the late physician, surgeon, researcher, and medical school head of ophthalmology, this lecture features a visiting expert in the Department of Ophthalmology.

**The Edward W. Purnell Lectureship in Ophthalmology**
Established in 1991 and named for the late physician, surgeon, researcher, and medical school head of ophthalmology, this lecture features a visiting expert in the Department of Ophthalmology.

**The Robert S. Post, MD, Visiting Lectureship**
Established in 1995 by Dr. Post’s friends and colleagues in the Community Dialysis Center, in memory of the former faculty member and head of nephrology, this lecture features a distinguished visiting expert in the field of nephrology.

**The Henry Z. Sable, MD, PhD, Endowment Fund**
Established in 1997 by Mrs. Florence M. Sable in honor of her late husband, who was professor emeritus of biochemistry, this lecture advances the study of biochemistry via a visiting expert selected by the chairperson of the Department of Biochemistry.
Anesthesiology and Perioperative Medicine

Allison Morgan (allison.morgan@uhhospitals.org), MA, Education Manager

The Department of Anesthesiology and Perioperative Medicine medical division of the University Hospitals Case Medical Center includes more than fifty attending anesthesiologists on staff supervising resident anesthesiologists and anesthetists to provide the best patient care.

The Anesthesiologist Assistant Program at Case Western Reserve University began in 1969 and originally awarded a baccalaureate degree, evolving into a professional postgraduate curriculum in 1987 and granting the Master of Science degree. In general, admission to an AA program requires a bachelor's degree with prescribed prerequisites typical of premedical course work and successful completion of the MCAT. The application deadline is October 1 of each year for admission into the June class. The 24-month AA program is accredited by the Commission on Accreditation of Allied Health Education Programs (CAAHEP) and is based on the Standards for Anesthesiologist Assistant Program. Graduates must complete a curriculum that includes 66 credit hours (six semesters) of classroom and clinical instruction. The first three semesters integrate basic science and clinical instruction.

The program is led by Joseph M. Rifici, MEd, (Joseph.Rifici@uhhospitals.org) and Matthew Norcia, MD (Matthew.Norcia@UHhospitals.org). More information can also be obtained from Allison Morgan, Education Manager, Cleveland.

CWRU also oversees the Master of Science in Anesthesia Program's Houston, Texas Campus (http://casemed.case.edu/anesthesiaprogram/program/houston.cfm) and Washington, D.C. Campus (http://casemed.case.edu/anesthesiaprogram/program/dc.cfm).

Master of Science in Anesthesia Degree

The Master of Science in Anesthesia (MSA) Program mission is to graduate skilled and compassionate anesthesiologist assistants. The admission policy reflects this goal. Applicants are considered on a variety of parameters that measure academic ability, communication skills, clinical aptitude, and personality traits.
Admission to the MSA Program requires that the following criteria are met:

A. Bachelor’s degree from an accredited college or university

Documentation of each of the prerequisites listed below having been completed with a grade of B or higher within five (5) years prior to the application deadline at an accredited American or Canadian institution of higher learning. For those courses that have been repeated, the highest grade will be used in the calculation.

- one semester of biochemistry
- one year of biology with laboratory*
- one semester of human anatomy with laboratory
- one semester of human physiology
- one year of chemistry with laboratory*
- one year of organic chemistry with laboratory*
- one year of physics with laboratory*
- one semester of calculus*
- one semester of advanced statistics (preferably for the life sciences)*
- one semester of English with expository writing*

* If any of the above courses marked with an asterisk were completed (with a grade of B or higher) in excess of five (5) years prior to the application deadline, they will meet the prerequisite criteria if the composite score of the MCAT is 25 or higher.

B. Medical College Admission Test

- minimum composite score of 20
- test must have been completed within 3 years of application deadline
- when the MCAT has been taken more than once, component scores from different exams may not be combined

Applicants with international undergraduate, graduate or advanced degrees must meet the standard admission requirements listed above. International application requirements also include the TOEFL (Test of English as a Foreign Language) or the IELTS (International English Language Testing System) and Education Credential Evaluation Reports for foreign transcripts.

All materials must be received by the deadline, October 1st. Candidates participate in interviews with members of the Admission Committee, which is comprised of faculty and staff members of the MSA Program. All academic requirements must be completed satisfactorily before matriculation. Prospective candidates are permitted and encouraged to shadow an anesthetist in the OR. Prior approval for this visitation is required.

The 24-month program includes 66 credit hours (six semesters) of classroom and clinical instruction. The first three semesters integrate basic science and clinical instruction. During the remaining 3 semesters, students complete month-long rotations in all subspecialties of anesthesiology: ambulatory surgery, burns and trauma, cardiothoracic surgery, general surgery, neurosurgery, obstetrics, pediatrics, surgical intensive care unit. Clinical training focuses on all types of anesthesia including general, epidural, spinal and peripheral nerve blockade.

Instruction is also provided in advanced patient care monitoring techniques and pre-testing, calibration and operation of anesthesia delivery systems and monitors. At Case our personal approach and rigorous educational standards produce compassionate and highly skilled anesthesiologist assistants.

The MSA Program is accredited by the Commission on Accreditation of Allied Health Education Programs (CAAHEP) and is based on the Standards for Anesthesiologist Assistant Programs. Graduates sit for the Certification Examination administered by the National Commission for Certification of Anesthesiologist Assistants (NCCAA) and co-sponsored by the National Board of Medical Examiners (NBME).

Additional information may be found on the Master of Science in Anesthesia Program website (http://casemed.case.edu/anesthesiaprogram).

**MS Anesthesiologist Assistant, Plan of Study**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Basic Science Year</th>
<th>Units</th>
<th>Fall</th>
<th>Spring</th>
<th>Summer</th>
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<td>Cardiac Electrophysiology (ANES 403)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Patient Monitoring and Instrumentation II (ANES 441)</td>
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<td>Applied Physiology for Anesthesiologist Assistants I (ANES 456)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Anesthesia Clinical Correlation I (ANES 462)</td>
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<td>Fundamentals of Anesthetic Sciences I (ANES 480)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Physiological Model-Based Simulation I (ANES 486)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Minimum Clinical Experience Required = 180 hours</td>
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<tr>
<td>Applied Physiology for Anesthesiologist Assistants II (ANES 458)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Anesthesia Clinical Correlation II (ANES 464)</td>
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<td>Anesthesia Clinical Experience II (ANES 465)</td>
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<td>Pharmacology for Anesthesiologist Assistants II (ANES 476)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Clinical Decision Making in Anesthesia (ANES 477)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Fundamentals of Anesthetic Sciences II (ANES 481)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Physiological Model-Based Simulation II (ANES 487)</td>
<td>1</td>
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<tr>
<td>Anesthesia Non-Technical Skills Lab (ANES 488)</td>
<td>1</td>
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<tr>
<td>Minimum Clinical Experience Required = 260 hours</td>
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<tr>
<td>Patient Monitoring and Instrumentation I (ANES 440)</td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Introduction to Anesthesia (ANES 460)</td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Orientation to Clinical Experience
(ANES 461)  3

ANES 456. Applied Physiology for Anesthesiologist Assistants I. 3 Units.
Basic and applied human systems physiology with emphasis on topics and areas of special concern to the anesthetist.

ANES 458. Applied Physiology for Anesthesiologist Assistants II. 3 Units.
Continuation of ANES 456. Recommended preparation: ANES 403 and ANES 456.

ANES 460. Introduction to Anesthesia. 2 Units.
Introduction to basic concepts dealing with clinical anesthesia. Medical terminology, human anatomy, medical chart interpretation and drug dosage calculations.

ANES 461. Orientation to Clinical Experience. 3 Units.
Introduction to experience in the operating room with emphasis on the fundamental procedures and techniques used in administering an anesthetic. Preoperative assessment, IV placement techniques, airway management, intraoperative patient care and postoperative management are all emphasized in this course. BLS (basic life support) certification is required for course completion. Recommended preparation: Acceptance in the M.S.A. program.

ANES 462. Anesthesia Clinical Correlation I. 1 Unit.
A series of conferences presented by students that applies to anesthetic theory as it relates to the clinical experience. Specific anesthetic situations are emphasized. Recommended preparation: ANES 460.

ANES 463. Anesthesia Clinical Experience I. 3 Units.
A continuation of the preparation, observation, and hands-on learning format initiated in ANES 461. Patient management and technical skills are refined with close attention to the didactic course work. A comprehensive clinical examination is administered at the end of the semester. ACLS (Advanced Cardiac Life Support) certification is required for course completion. Recommended preparation: ANES 461.

ANES 464. Anesthesia Clinical Experience II. 4 Units.
A series of case presentation conferences presented by the students dealing with basic and major problems in anesthesia management. Medical and surgical history of individual patients and the outcomes of anesthesia and surgery are emphasized. Journal Club and Morbidity and Mortality conferences are included. Recommended preparation: ANES 462.

ANES 465. Anesthesia Clinical Experience II. 4 Units.
A continuation of ANES 463. A comprehensive clinical examination is administered at the end of the semester. PALS (Pediatric Advanced Life Support) and ACLS (Advanced Cardiac Life Support) certification is required for course completion. Recommended preparation: ANES 463, BLS Certification, ACLS Certification.

ANES 467. Anesthesia Clinical Experience III. 4 Units.
Extended exposure to all of the clinical subspecialties of anesthesiology (obstetrics, pediatrics, neurosurgery, cardiovascular, etc.). Students alternate through rotations at several area hospitals. Recommended preparation: ANES 465, ACLS certification and PALS.

ANES 468. Anesthesia Clinical Correlation III. 1 Unit.
ANES 469. Anesthesia Clinical Experience IV. 8 Units.
A continuation of ANES 467. A comprehensive clinical examination is administered at the end of the semester. Recommended preparation: ANES 467.

ANES 470. Anesthesia Clinical Correlation IV. 1 Unit.

ANES 471. Anesthesia Clinical Experience V. 8 Units.
A continuation of ANES 469. A comprehensive clinical examination is administered at the end of the semester. Recommended preparation: ANES 469.

ANES 475. Pharmacology for Anesthesiologist Assistants I. 2 Units.
Pharmacodynamics, pharmacokinetics, uptake, distribution and action of the volatile and intravenous anesthetics, muscle relaxants, narcotics, hypnotics and other pharmaceuticals used in the administration of an anesthetic. Prereq: Consent of Department.

ANES 476. Pharmacology for Anesthesiologist Assistants II. 2 Units.
Continuation of ANES 475. Prereq: ANES 475.

ANES 477. Clinical Decision Making in Anesthesia. 2 Units.
An introduction to thinking about clinical situations and problems and coming to safe and effective solutions to these problems. This course focuses on common clinical situations where appropriate decision making is important to the outcome of the case. Numerous areas of medicine and anesthesiology will be covered to provide the student with a wide sampling of decisions made each day with patient care. This course supplements the other courses offered during the spring semester by integrating and applying basic science knowledge to the care of patients. Prereq: Consent of department.

ANES 480. Fundamentals of Anesthetic Sciences I. 1 Unit.
A continuum of courses over the fall and spring semesters that covers a series of topics in basic medical science with special emphasis on the effect of anesthetics on normal physiology. An examination is administered at the end of each semester.

ANES 481. Fundamentals of Anesthetic Sciences II. 1 Unit.
A series of topics in basic medical science with special emphasis on the effect of anesthetics on normal physiology. An examination is administered at the end of each semester. Prereq: ANES 480.

ANES 485. Introduction to Physiological Model-Based Simulation. 1 Unit.
Introduction to physiological model-based simulation using on-screen computer simulation and mannequins. Emphasis is placed on improving appropriate anesthesia-related basic science knowledge, manual skills in anesthesia machine checkout, drug and equipment setup, safety inspections, and performing anesthesia for uncomplicated surgical cases.

ANES 486. Physiological Model-Based Simulation I. 1 Unit.
An extension of ANES 485 with emphasis on improving or exercising knowledge of anesthesia-appropriate basic science, the use of more advanced equipment and techniques for uncomplicated surgical cases with an introduction to crisis management. Recommended preparation: ANES 485.

ANES 487. Physiological Model-Based Simulation II. 1 Unit.
An extension of ANES 486 emphasizing the physical techniques aspects of crisis management, team work and rescue in anesthesia, including support for and review of training in Basic Life Support and Advanced Cardiac Life Support. Recommended preparation: ANES 486.

ANES 490. Ethics, Law and Diversity for Anesthesiologist Assistants. 2 Units.
This course will focus on three topics. First, a discussion of legal practice as it applies to health care including those of medical jurisprudence, negligence, and how to avoid a lawsuit. Second, a discussion of ethical theory including the principles of medical ethics, do not resuscitate, truth telling, and assessment of competence. Last, a discussion on diversity that will focus on the differences and similarities among people and how these factors influence patient care. The final grade will be based on an essay and a multiple choice exam.

ANES 499. Clinical Remediation. 1 - 10 Unit.
(Credit as arranged.) Course offered to the student one time during the program of study which remediates "C" or below work in a clinical course.

ANES 580. Fundamentals of Anesthetic Sciences III. 1 Unit.
The second-year equivalent of ANES 480 and 481. An examination is administered at the end of the semester. Recommended preparation: ANES 480 and 481.

ANES 581. Fundamentals of Anesthetic Sciences IV. 1 Unit.
The second year equivalent of ANES 481. An examination is administered at the end of the semester. Prereq: ANES 580.

ANES 584. Physiological Model-Based Simulation III. 1 Unit.
An extension of ANES 487 emphasizing the physical techniques and aspects of crisis management, team work, and rescue in anesthesia. Prereq: ANES 487.

ANES 585. Physiological Model-Based Simulation IV. 1 Unit.
Extension of ANES 584 emphasizing the physical techniques and aspects of crisis management, team work, and rescue in anesthesia. Prereq: ANES 584.

ANES 599. Clinical Remediation. 1 - 10 Unit.
(Credit as arranged.) Course offered to the student one time during the program of study which remediates "C" or below work in a clinical course.

Department of Anatomy

Ms. Christine Marshall (christine.marshall@case.edu), Department Administrator

The goal of the Department of Anatomy is to provide individuals with the skills and experiences that will allow them to develop and maintain successful careers as researchers and teachers. The strengths of both the faculty and students of the department help lead to the achievement of this goal. Graduate studies in the Department of Anatomy can lead to the master of science degree in applied anatomy. The master's degree may be obtained as part of a joint degree program for qualified individuals participating in other programs at the university, such as the joint MD/MS degree. Every MS graduate student in the Department of Anatomy must successfully complete 21 credits in the core curriculum of...
anatomical sciences, human gross anatomy, histology, neuroanatomy and embryology. An additional two credits offered by the department in seminar and research presentations also are required. Elective course work and, for the thesis MS students, laboratory rotations and research, complete the graduate students’ program of study. Research areas of particular strength among faculty in the Department of Anatomy include biological anthropology, cell injury, control of respiration, and non-molecular developmental neurobiology. The department has existing collaborative research efforts with basic scientists in several clinical departments, including medicine, orthopedics, pediatrics, neurology and neurosurgery.

**MS Applied Anatomy**

The Applied Anatomy program is designed for students who seek a comprehensive education in the anatomical sciences, particularly those individuals pursuing careers as medical health professionals and teachers who desire an advanced degree to enhance their skills and credentials. The Anatomical Sciences Core Curriculum (ASCC) courses emphasize the traditional aspects of anatomical structure, function, and nomenclature with critical aspects of cell and developmental biology, biochemistry, and physiology of cells, tissues, and organs integrated into their content. The elective courses allow curriculum flexibility for students to emphasize their diverse individual interests. The Master of Science in Applied Anatomy serves as an excellent preparation for subsequent studies in schools of medicine, dentistry, and nursing. The knowledge of the human body and its physiological processes gained in this program forms a significant foundation for physician assistants, physical therapists, dental technicians, and K-12 life sciences teachers.

Students in this post-baccalaureate program earning the Master of Science in Applied Anatomy use their rigorous training in the anatomical sciences to establish an academic basis for their application to professional schools. Case Western Reserve University medical students earning the joint MD/MS degree program seek advanced training in the anatomical sciences. The joint MD/MS program is undertaken and completed concurrently with the medical curriculum, particularly if the student enters the graduate program during the first year of medical school.

**Admission**

Acceptance into the Master of Science in Applied Anatomy program requires a baccalaureate degree from an accredited institution and is based on undergraduate and/or graduate GPAs, results of admission examinations (GRE, MCAT, DAT), plus letters of recommendation; an Educational Credential Evaluation and Authentication Report is required for foreign transcripts plus documentation (TOEFL) of English language skills for foreign applicants. Acceptance into the joint MD/MS program requires that the medical student be in good academic standing in the CWRU medical curriculum at the time of matriculation into the program, and a letter of approval from their respective Associate ("Society") Dean of Student Affairs. Each student in the Applied Anatomy program has a faculty advisor from the Department of Anatomy Graduate Executive Committee which coordinates the program and reviews the graduate Planned Program of Study for individual students. Contact the Department of Anatomy for additional program and application information.

**Degree Requirements**

The Master of Science in Applied Anatomy degree requires a minimum of 30 graduate course credits. Required courses include 21 credits of the Anatomical Sciences Core Curriculum; the remaining credits are elective courses selected to fulfill individual student interests and goals. Medical students are required to take at least one of the Surgical Anatomy courses. As a type B “comprehensive” program, a research thesis is not required for the MS Applied Anatomy, although research experience may be obtained as elective coursework ANAT 499: Independent Study with individual faculty members.

Comprehensive written and oral exams covering the basic scientific principles presented in the core curriculum must be passed after successful completion of the formal coursework comprising the Anatomical Sciences Core Curriculum. All degree requirements must be completed within five years; most students complete the program in 11/2-21/2 years. Tuition or stipends will not be provided for the master of science program (no additional tuition is required for enrolled medical students).

These specific sequences of classes, while common, are not exclusive and are meant only to exemplify the typical program of study leading to the Master of Science in Applied Anatomy degree. The required courses (21 credits) comprising the Anatomical Sciences Core Curriculum are specifically delineated, whereas the elective courses (9 credits minimum) are not identified since they vary significantly between individual students. Students become eligible to take the MS Comprehensive Examination upon successful completion of the ASCC courses.

**MS Applied Anatomy, Plan of Study**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>First Year</th>
<th>Units</th>
<th>Fall</th>
<th>Spring</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Histology and Ultrastructure (ANAT 412)</td>
<td>4</td>
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<tr>
<td>General Histology Laboratory (ANAT 413)</td>
<td>2</td>
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<tr>
<td>Scientific Presentations (ANAT 497)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Elective</td>
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<tr>
<td>Gross Anatomy (ANAT 411)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Elective</td>
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<tr>
<td>Year Total:</td>
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<tr>
<th>Second Year</th>
<th>Units</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Neurological Anatomy (ANAT 414)</td>
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<td>Thesis M.S. (ANAT 651)</td>
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<td>Elective</td>
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<td>Embryology (ANAT 491)</td>
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<td>Applied Anatomy Seminar (ANAT 498)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Thesis M.S. (ANAT 651)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Elective</td>
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<tr>
<td>MS - Comp Exam (May/June)</td>
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<td>Summer: MS Graduation (August)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Master of Science ASCC Comprehensive Examination (May/June)</td>
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**Total Units in Sequence:** 31-39
Joint MD/MS Applied Anatomy, Plan of Study

First Year

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>Units</th>
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<th>Spring</th>
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<tr>
<td>Histology and Ultrastructure (ANAT 412)</td>
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<tr>
<td>General Histology Laboratory (ANAT 413)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Apply to MS program</td>
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<td>Gross Anatomy (ANAT 411)</td>
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Second Year

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<td>MD/MS - Begin clinical/research rotations</td>
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Third Year

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<td>Independent Study (ANAT 499)</td>
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<td>Surgical Anatomy courses (1 clinical block each)</td>
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Fourth Year

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<td>Total Units in Sequence:</td>
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Courses

ANAT 312. Basic Histology. 3 Units.
Fundamental histology course covering microscopic structure, nomenclature, and function of normal cells, tissues, and organs (human emphasis) to provide a sound foundation for bioengineering, pre-medical and pre-dental students.

ANAT 353. Anatomy for the Artist. 3 Units.
Reflecting the interdisciplinary nature of medical illustration, the course will have two complementary components. Morning sessions will involve instruction in human anatomy followed by direct observation and drawing of that anatomy from the cadaver. The entire body will be covered, including both the internal structures as well as those that directly impact the surface anatomy, to provide the student with a comprehensive understanding of the human form in its totality. Afternoon sessions will have students study the perceptual problems of drawing from the live model, focusing on the anatomical structure and functionality of the skeletal and muscular system. Muscle action and involvement in human movement and form will be analyzed and applied.

ANAT 375. Human Evolution: The Fossil Evidence. 3 Units.
This course will survey the biological and behavioral changes that occurred in the hominin lineage during the past five million years. In addition to a thorough review of the fossil evidence for human evolution, students will develop the theoretical framework in evolutionary biology. Recommended preparation: ANTH 377, BIOL 225. Offered as ANAT 375, ANTH 375, ANAT 475 and ANTH 475. Prereq: ANTH 103.

ANAT 377. Human Osteology. 4 Units.
This course for upper division undergraduates and graduate students will review the following topics: human skeletal development and identification; and forensic identification (skeletal aging, sex identification and population affiliation). Offered as ANAT 377, ANTH 377, ANAT 477 and ANTH 477.

ANAT 391. Embryology. 3 Units.
A detailed description of development will be presented, focusing mainly on the developing human. Discussions and presentations will also include several developing systems that have served as useful models in experimental embryology for deciphering mechanisms responsible for producing adult metazoan organisms. Offered as ANAT 391 and ANAT 491.

ANAT 399. Independent Study. 1 - 4 Unit.
Laboratory research project. Student must obtain approval of a supervising Anatomy department professor before registration and list the professor's name on the schedule card.

ANAT 410. Cadaver dissection-based human anatomy with histology, neuroanatomy, embryology, and physiology. 6 Units.
Human Anatomy will provide students with a sound understanding of the normal human body as a foundation for subsequent pursuing biomedical careers. A combination of daily lectures and laboratories integrates cadaver dissection-based gross anatomy with the associated histology, embryology, neuroanatomy and basic physiology and clinical correlates. This course is well-suited to all biomedical careers, including pre-clinical and biomedical undergraduates, post-baccalaureate, pre-clinical master of science graduate programs, plus medical and dental students seeking additional training in the anatomical sciences. It will meet any of the anatomy-oriented prerequisites being implemented for medical and dental school applications, including those preferring or requiring a cadaver-based experience. The assessments will include a combination of written and cadaver-based practical questions.
ANAT 411. Gross Anatomy. 6 Units.
This in-depth, cadaver dissection-based, course covers all aspects of human gross anatomy. The course is modeled after a traditional medical school gross anatomy curriculum and taught by the CWRU School of Medicine, Department of Anatomy faculty. It is divided into three sections: thorax and abdomen; pelvis/perineum and limbs/back; and head and neck. One hour of lecture will precede 3 hours of dissection laboratory Monday, Wednesday, and Friday. Lectures and dissection labs will cover all human anatomy, and students should be prepared to devote more time that the scheduled hours of 1:00 to 5:00pm. Dissection labs are open 24 hours 7 days a week. Recommended preparation: B.A./B.S., or fourth year undergraduate science major.

ANAT 412. Histology and Ultrastructure. 4 Units.
Comprehensive functional histology course integrating microscopic identification ('structure plus nomenclature') of normal cells, tissues, and organs with aspects of their cell biology, biochemistry, and physiology ('function'). Topical coverage includes complete ('head-to-toe') tissue and organ survey with human emphasis.

ANAT 413. General Histology Laboratory. 2 Units.
Microscopic structure of tissues and organs. Laboratory course associated with ANAT 412 (see ANAT 412 description). Recommended preparation: ANAT 312 or ANAT 412 or concurrent enrollment.

ANAT 414. Neurological Anatomy. 4 Units.
This course employs a variety of teaching-learning methods--among them lectures, small-group discussions, hands-on "construction" of pathways, and brain dissection. Regional morphology will be studied via examination of the preserved brain and of sections through the CNS; functional systems will be "followed" through the spinal cord, brain stem and/or forebrain.

ANAT 415. Functional Neuroanatomy. 4 Units.
This course focuses on concepts underlying the structure and function of important sensory and motor systems in both the central and peripheral nervous systems. Emphasis is placed on learning how different patterns of neuronal connectivity give rise to certain perceptions and motor behaviors. Additionally, the composition and distribution of peripheral nerves -- spinal, cranial, and autonomic -- is studied. Particular attention is paid to the anatomy and function of those structures innervated by the cranial nerves. A variety of teaching-learning activities is employed - among them, lectures, small-group discussions, student presentations, and examination of preserved brains and brain sections.

ANAT 420. Forensic Pathology. 3 Units.
Forensic Pathology is that discipline where medicine and the law meet. Forensic pathologists strive to determine the cause, manner, and mechanism of death, and how to prevent unnatural death from occurring. This course reviews the field of forensic pathology, from sudden natural death, to homicide, to child abuse. Students will be exposed to an autopsy, and tour a crime laboratory. These tours are mandatory. Grading is based on performance on an examination and review and presentation of a forensic paper. Actual case material will be used. Students are therefore expected to maintain the highest professional and ethical standards.

ANAT 424. Neural Integrative and Regulatory Mechanisms. 3 Units.
This course is designed as a sequence to ANAT 414, Neurological Anatomy, or any other "introductory" course in neuroanatomy. Topics to be addressed include central regulation of pain, the regulation of somatic and visceral motor activity, neurotransmitter substances, the basal forebrain, the blood-brain barrier, levels of consciousness, sleep-wake mechanisms, cognitive behaviors and memory. Appreciation of the three-dimensional anatomy and vasculature of the spinal cord and brain will be gained through brain dissection and study of stained and unstained sections. Recommended preparation: ANAT 414 or permission.

ANAT 431. Statistical Methods I. 3 Units.
Application of statistical techniques with particular emphasis on problems in the biomedical sciences. Basic probability theory, random variables, and distribution functions. Point and interval estimation, regression, and correlation. Problems whose solution involves using packaged statistical programs. First part of year-long sequence. Offered as ANAT 431, BIOL 431, EPBI 431, and MPHIL 431.

ANAT 445. Mammal Diversity and Evolution. 4 Units.
This course focuses on the anatomical and taxonomic diversity of mammals in an evolutionary context. The emphasis is living (extant) mammals, but extinct mammals are also discussed. By the end of the course, students will be able to: (1) describe the key anatomical and physiological features of mammals; (2) name all orders and most families of living mammals; (3) identify a mammal skull to order and family; (4) understand how to create and interpret a phylogenetic tree; (5) appreciate major historical patterns in mammal diversity and biogeography as revealed by the fossil record. Two student-led seminars and one lab each week. Most labs will take place at the Cleveland Metroparks Zoo. This course satisfies a laboratory requirement for the biology major. Offered as ANAT 445, BIOL 345, and BIOL 445. Prereq: BIOL 214.

ANAT 452. Writing a Scientific Paper. 2 Units.
For graduate and post-doctoral students. Participants must have experimental data (not necessarily complete) with which they will write a full scientific paper. Course is limited to two participants.

ANAT 456. Principles of Developmental Biology. 3 Units.
The descriptive and experimental aspects of animal development. Gametogenesis, fertilization, cleavage, morphogenesis, induction, differentiation, organogenesis, growth, and regeneration. Students taking the graduate-level course will prepare an NIH-format research proposal as the required term paper. Offered as BIOL 362 and BIOL 462 and ANAT 462.

ANAT 467. Topics in Evolutionary Biology. 3 Units.
The focus for this course on a special topic of interest in evolutionary biology will vary from one offering to the next. Examples of possible topics include theories of speciation, the evolution of language, the evolution of sex, evolution and biodiversity, molecular evolution. ANAT/ANTH/EEPS/PHIL/PHOL 467/BIOL 468 will require a longer, more sophisticated term paper, and additional class presentation. Offered as ANTH 367, BIOL 368, EEPS 367, PHIL 367, ANAT 467, ANTH 467, BIOL 468, EEPS 467, PHIL 467 and PHOL 467.

ANAT 475. Human Evolution: The Fossil Evidence. 3 Units.
This course will survey the biological and behavioral changes that occurred in the hominid lineage during the past five million years. In addition to a thorough review of the fossil evidence for human evolution, students will develop the theoretical framework in evolutionary biology. Recommended preparation: ANTH 377, BIOL 225. Offered as ANAT 375, ANTH 375, ANAT 475 and ANTH 475. Prereq: ANTH 103.
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ANAT 497. Scientific Presentations. 1 Unit.
These courses provide a foundation and experience for making scientific presentations. Scheduled simultaneously with ANAT 498 and students from both courses are present, but the requirements for passing differ. Students in ANAT 497 prepare PowerPoint and poster presentations. Oral presentations by students taking ANAT 498 will occur during the class periods for the remainder of the semester. Students taking 497 and 498 must participate in these discussions. Students must take ANAT 497: Scientific Presentations before ANAT 498: Applied Anatomy Seminar.

ANAT 498. Applied Anatomy Seminar. 1 Unit.
These courses provide a foundation and experience for making scientific presentations. Scheduled simultaneously with ANAT 497 and students from both courses are present, but the requirements for passing differ. Students in ANAT 497 prepare PowerPoint and poster presentations. Oral presentations by students taking ANAT 498 will occur during the class periods for the remainder of the semester. Students taking 497 and 498 must participate in these discussions. Students must take ANAT 497: Scientific Presentations before ANAT 498: Applied Anatomy Seminar.

ANAT 499. Independent Study. 1 - 4 Unit.
Laboratory research project. Student must obtain approval of a supervising Anatomy department professor before registration and list the professor's name on the schedule card.

ANAT 503. Readings and Discussions. 1 - 3 Unit.
In-depth consideration of special selected topics through critical evaluation of the literature. Student must obtain approval of supervising Anatomy department professor before registration.

ANAT 513. Surgical Anatomy of the Thorax and Abdomen. 4 Units.
This course is intended for graduate and fourth-year medical students interested in surgery and surgical subspecialties. This integrated course will review basic gross anatomy, provide advanced training in gross and surgical anatomy, introduce common clinical problems and their anatomical consequences, and basic surgical approaches. Recommended preparation: ANAT 411 and permission of instructor.

ANAT 515. Surgical Anatomy: Orthopaedic Musculoskeletal. 4 Units.
This orthopaedic musculoskeletal anatomy course is offered to M.S. in Applied Anatomy students and fourth year medical students. The course will familiarize participants with surgical approaches used to treat musculoskeletal disease. Students will learn to correlate normal and abnormal anatomical findings with radiographical studies. Recommended preparation: ANAT 411.

ANAT 516. Surgical Anatomy: Head and Neck. 4 Units.
This cadaver-based advanced anatomy course is offered to M.S. in Applied Anatomy students and fourth year medical students. Students will build on their understanding of basic gross, histological, pathologic, and embryonic anatomy of the head and neck. The course will familiarize participants with surgical approaches used to treat pathological conditions of the head and neck including cranial cavity, cranial base, orbit, maxillofacial, oral, otic, pharyngeal, and airway. Students are required to attend and participate in lectures, surgical labs, and discussions in order to successfully complete the course. Instructor consent is required. Recommended preparation: ANAT 411.

ANAT 520. Imaging Anatomy. 3 Units.
Imaging anatomy will reinforce the student's knowledge of anatomy and introduce the field of radiology. Students would be motivated to broaden their understanding of anatomy by being exposed to the application of that knowledge. The curriculum would introduce radiologic concepts, while stressing the normal anatomy of organ systems by imaging modalities. Anatomical structures will be recognized by projectional and cross-sectional modalities. The student will be expected to demonstrate the anatomical characteristics of that structure by oral or written account, for example course, area of supply, relations, morphology, etc. Recommended Preparation: Comprehensive knowledge of human anatomy, such as ANAT 411.

ANAT 523. Histopathology of Organ Systems. 3 Units.
Comprehensive course covering the underlying basic mechanisms of injury and cell death, inflammation, immunity, infection, and neoplasia followed by pathology of specific organ systems. Material will include histological ('structure') and physiological ('function') aspects related to pathology (human emphasis). Recommended preparation: ANAT 412 or permission of instructor. Offered as ANAT 523 and PATH 523.

ANAT 530. Medical Sculpture: Basic Facial Reconstruction. 2 Units.
This introductory course takes a step-by-step approach to forensic facial reconstruction. Students will study the placement and function of head and neck muscles and learn about average tissue depths. An oil-based clay will be used to add muscles and contours to a human skull cast at the depth indicated by tissue markers to successfully recreate facial features.

ANAT 531. Medical Sculpture: Advanced Facial Reconstruction. 2 Units.
Students must be able to interpret soft tissue data with a minimal amount of help. Students will be provided a cast human skull on which to complete a facial reconstruction using an oil-based clay using tissue depth data information from that skull. Once completed, a photograph of that individual is available to compare the achieved likeness. A final exercise will have students advance the age of the individual using age rendering techniques (adaptable to work with fugitives and missing persons). Recommended preparation: ANAT 530.

ANAT 560. Applied Neuroanatomy. 3 Units.
This course is constructed to reinforce the student's understanding of neuroanatomy. Through problem-based learning the student will set their own learning objectives based on a neurosurgical case. Presentations will use imaging, anatomic diagrams, and cadaveric dissection to demonstrate applications. Learning in this clinical context will increase motivation and understanding of this important subject. Primarily for medical students and graduate students, enrollment is by permission of instructor and completing ANAT 414, Neurological Anatomy. Prereq: ANAT 414.
The Department of Biochemistry offers undergraduate programs leading to the bachelor of arts degree and bachelor of science degree in biochemistry and graduate programs leading to the master of science, doctor of philosophy, and dual-degree programs as follows: doctor of medicine/doctor of philosophy degree; doctor of medicine/masters of science in biomedical investigation; juris doctor/masters of science in biochemistry.

The department also participates in several interdisciplinary and interdepartmental programs in the School of Medicine and at Case Western Reserve University that provide additional avenues of study. Research interests within the department include a spectrum of modern biochemical topics in six broad areas: enzymology, protein chemistry, structural biology, gene expression, cell biology, and molecular medicine/ gene therapy. The department has state-of-the-art equipment and facilities for research in modern biochemistry. More complete information about the undergraduate and graduate programs may be obtained by contacting the departmental office or by using the URL above.

Research Areas
Research of Department of Biochemistry faculty members covers a broad spectrum of topics from events at the level of electron movement in biochemical reactions to the intracellular trafficking of proteins. Research in the department is broadened by collaborations with faculty in other university departments and with scientists at other Cleveland research institutions. The specific areas of active research within the department are outlined below.

Proteins and Enzymes
Proteins are components of all living tissue, and their function is critical for life processes. Understanding the chemical mechanisms of enzymatic catalysis is essential for determining the role of individual proteins in human disease. Biochemistry faculty study a variety of proteins and enzymes ranging from growth factors to oncogenes.

Structural Biology
The function of a protein is determined by its three-dimensional structure and interactions. Faculty apply many modern techniques to the determination of macromolecular structure, including X-ray crystallography, and multidimensional heteronuclear NMR, fluorescence, Raman, and circular dichroism spectroscopy. Macromolecules under investigation include, transcarboxylase, ribosomes, DNA-protein complexes, and neurochemical enzymes.

Regulation of Gene Expression
The elucidation of mechanisms regulating gene expression is a major goal of modern biology. Biochemistry faculty study the control of transcription by hormones and other regulatory molecules, the interaction between proteins and DNA, the function of oncopgenes, the basal and hormone mediated transcriptional machinery, and the processing and translation of RNA.

Cell Biology
The control of the metabolism, differentiation and cell signaling within and between cells is an area of active investigation.

Metabolic Regulation
Biochemistry faculty investigate the control of metabolism in animals, such as dietary and hormonal regulation of gene expression. Transgenic
murine technology allows the study of the impact of gene ablation on metabolic processes.

BA Biochemistry (p. 734) I BS Biochemistry (p. 734) I Minor (p. 736)

Undergraduate Programs

Major

The two undergraduate major programs in Biochemistry, BA and BS, are based on the Arts & Sciences General Education Requirements, but differ in amount and intensity of the mathematics and physical sciences required. Either degree is excellent for students planning to undertake graduate work in biochemistry or in related areas of the biomedical sciences. Both the BA and the BS programs permit students to follow many options after graduation. Graduates are well prepared to pursue further studies in the biological sciences, for a career in medicine, for Doctor of Pharmacy programs, for employment in the chemical, pharmaceutical, and biotechnology industries, or as research assistants in research laboratories. The BA has a reduced emphasis on the quantitative aspects of science and makes available a considerable amount of elective time that permits a student to either concentrate on biochemistry even more intensively than the curriculum requires, or pursue other subjects in science or liberal arts. The BS degree is for the student who has a particularly strong interest in the quantitative physical sciences.

In both programs, undergraduate research is strongly encouraged. As many as nine hours of Research in Biochemistry (BIOC 391 Research Project) may be credited toward the requirements for graduation. The capstone in Biochemistry (BIOC 393 Senior Capstone Experience) is a thesis and presentation of a student's undergraduate research studies.

Bachelor of Arts in Biochemistry

Required Courses:

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<tr>
<th>Course</th>
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<tr>
<td>BIOC 307</td>
<td>Introduction to Biochemistry: From Molecules To Medical Science</td>
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<tr>
<td>BIOC 308</td>
<td>Molecular Biology</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BIOC 373</td>
<td>Biochemistry SAGES Seminar (SAGES Departmental Seminar)</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BIOC 312</td>
<td>Proteins and Enzymes</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>BIOC 334</td>
<td>Structural Biology</td>
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Two approved technical electives in biochemistry | 6
BIOC 393  Senior Capstone Experience | 3

Additional Required Courses:

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<td>BIOL 214 &amp; 214L</td>
<td>Genes, Evolution and Ecology</td>
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<tr>
<td>BIOL 215 &amp; 215L</td>
<td>Cells and Proteins</td>
<td>4</td>
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<tr>
<td>CHEM 105 or CHEM 111</td>
<td>Principles of Chemistry I or Principles of Chemistry for Engineers</td>
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<tr>
<td>CHEM 106 or ENGR 145</td>
<td>Principles of Chemistry II or Chemistry of Materials</td>
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<td>CHEM 113</td>
<td>Principles of Chemistry Laboratory</td>
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<tr>
<td>CHEM 223 or CHEM 323</td>
<td>Introductory Organic Chemistry I or Organic Chemistry I</td>
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<tr>
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BA Biochemistry, Sample Plan of Study

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<td>SAGES First Seminar</td>
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<td>Genes, Evolution and Ecology (BIOL 214) &amp; Genes, Evolution and Ecology Lab (BIOL 214L)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Math and Calculus Applications for Life, Managerial, and Social Sci II (MATH 126)</td>
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<td>Principles of Chemistry II (CHEM 106) or Chemistry of Materials (ENGR 145)</td>
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<td>Principles of Chemistry Laboratory (CHEM 113)</td>
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<td>SAGES University Seminar I</td>
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<tr>
<td>Cells and Proteins (BIOL 215) &amp; Cells and Proteins Laboratory (BIOL 215L)</td>
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<td>Independent Activity (PHED 100)</td>
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Year Total: 15-25

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<td>Introductory Physics I (PHYS 115)</td>
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<td>GER Course</td>
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<td>Introductory Physics II (PHYS 116)</td>
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Year Total: 15-16

³ Only 2 of the 3 can be counted. Only 2 of the 3 can be counted.
### Bachelor of Science in Biochemistry

**Required Courses:**

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<th>Course Code</th>
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<td>Biochemistry SAGES Seminar</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
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<td>Senior Capstone Experience</td>
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<tr>
<td>BIOL 214</td>
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<tr>
<td>&amp; 214L</td>
<td>and Genes, Evolution and Ecology Lab</td>
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<tr>
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<td>Cells and Proteins</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>CHEM 105</td>
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<td>or CHEM 111</td>
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<td>CHEM 234</td>
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<tr>
<td>MATH 121</td>
<td>Calculus for Science and Engineering I</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MATH 122</td>
<td>Calculus for Science and Engineering II</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>or MATH 124</td>
<td>Calculus II</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MATH 223</td>
<td>Calculus for Science and Engineering III</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>or MATH 227</td>
<td>Calculus III</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MATH 224</td>
<td>Elementary Differential Equations</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>or MATH 228</td>
<td>Differential Equations</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PHYS 121</td>
<td>General Physics I - Mechanics</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>or PHYS 123</td>
<td>Physics and Frontiers I - Mechanics</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PHYS 122</td>
<td>General Physics II - Electricity and Magnetism</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>or PHYS 124</td>
<td>Physics and Frontiers II - Electricity and Magnetism</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STAT 312</td>
<td>Basic Statistics for Engineering and Science</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>or STAT 313</td>
<td>Statistics for Experimenters</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: At least the 3 credits of undergraduate research, BIOC 391 Research Project, is minimally recommended for the Capstone. An additional 3 credits of BIOC 391 is highly recommended. Students should consult their academic advisers about the elective parts of the curriculum.

a Selected students may be invited to take CHEM 323 Organic Chemistry I, CHEM 324 Organic Chemistry II.

b One of the approved electives in Biochemistry taken must be either BIOC 312 Proteins and Enzymes or BIOC 334 Structural Biology.

Total Units in Sequence: 120-143

**BS Biochemistry, Sample Plan of Study**

### Freshman

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Calculus for Science and Engineering I (MATH 121)</td>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Principles of Chemistry I (CHEM 105)</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>or Principles of Chemistry for Engineers (CHEM 111)</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>Independent Activity (PHED 100)</td>
<td>0-10</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>SAGES First Semester</td>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Genes, Evolution and Ecology (BIOL 214)</td>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>or Genes, Evolution and Ecology Lab (BIOL 214L)</td>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Calculus for Science and Engineering II (MATH 122)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Principles of Chemistry II (CHEM 106)</td>
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<tr>
<td>or Chemistry of Materials (ENGR 145)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Principles of Chemistry Laboratory (CHEM 113)</td>
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<tr>
<td>SAGES University Seminar I</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>Cells and Proteins (BIOL 215)</td>
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<tr>
<td>or Cells and Proteins Laboratory (BIOL 215L)</td>
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<td>Independent Activity (PHED 100)</td>
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<td>Year Total:</td>
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### Sophomore

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Introductory Organic Chemistry I (CHEM 223)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Introductory Organic Chemistry Laboratory I (CHEM 233)
2
### Calculus for Science and Engineering III (MATH 223)  
3
### General Physics I - Mechanics (PHYS 121)\(^b\)  
4
### GER Course  
3
### Introductory Organic Chemistry II (CHEM 224)\(^a\)  
3
### Introductory Organic Chemistry Laboratory II (CHEM 234)  
2
### Elementary Differential Equations (MATH 224)  
3
### General Physics II - Electricity and Magnetism (PHYS 122)\(^b\)  
4
### GER Course  
3
### Year Total:  
15 15

#### Junior  

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Units</th>
<th>Fall</th>
<th>Spring</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Introductory Physical Chemistry I (CHEM 301)  
Introduction to Biochemistry: From Molecules To Medical Science (BIOC 307)  
SAGES University Seminar II  
GER Course  
GER Course or elective  
Introductory Physical Chemistry II (CHEM 302)  
Molecular Biology (BIOC 308)  
Introduction to Modern Physics (PHYS 221)  
Research Project (BIOC 391)  
Elective | 3 | 4 |
| | 3 | 3 |
| | 3 | 3 |
| | 3 | 3 |
| | 3 | 4 |
| | 3 | 3 |
| | 3 | 3 |
| | 16 | 16 |

#### Senior  

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Units</th>
<th>Fall</th>
<th>Spring</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Proteins and Enzymes (BIOC 312)  
Biochemistry SAGES Seminar (BIOC 373)  
Research Project (BIOC 391)  
Electives  
Structural Biology (BIOC 334)  
Senior Capstone Experience (BIOC 393)  
Statistics/Data Analysis Elective  
Computational Methods in Physics (PHYS 250)  
Basic Statistics for Engineering and Science (STAT 312)  
Statistics for Experimenters (STAT 313) (or equiv)  
Electives | 3 | 3 |
| | 3 | 3 |
| | 3 | 3 |
| | 3 | 3 |
| | 3 | 3 |
| | 6 | 6 |
| | 16 | 16 |

**Total Units in Sequence:** 123-143

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### Honors Program

Biochemistry majors who have excellent academic records may be admitted to the department’s Undergraduate Honors Program. To graduate with departmental honors in biochemistry, a student must satisfy the following requirements:

1. A combined grade point average of at least 3.600
2. A minimum of 6 credit hours of undergraduate research (BIOC 391) in one laboratory
3. A BIOC 393 capstone report approved by the Undergraduate Education Committee of the department on the basis of the quality of the research, the written report, and an oral presentation.

An acceptable report:

- a. Should follow a standard journal format
- b. Should demonstrate the student’s understanding of the research area, experimental techniques, goals and implications of the project
- c. Should show that the student has advanced his/her knowledge of the applicable techniques and the underlying scientific concepts.

4. Using all or part of the capstone report, the student must be a co-author on a manuscript either submitted, in press or published in a peer reviewed journal.

### Minor

#### Required Courses:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Units</th>
<th>Fall</th>
<th>Spring</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>BIOC 307 Introduction to Biochemistry: From Molecules To Medical Science</td>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BIOC 308 Molecular Biology</td>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| One of the following:  
BIOC 312 Proteins and Enzymes  
BIOC 334 Structural Biology | 3 | |
| Approved technical elective in biochemistry | 3 | |
| **Total Units** | **14** | |

Students may obtain credit for a minor in biochemistry by completing one year of freshman chemistry (including laboratory), one year of organic chemistry (including laboratory), two semesters of approved biology courses, and three semesters of didactic courses in biochemistry.

### Masters Degrees

The Biochemistry Department offers four Masters degrees. The three-year Masters of Science in Biochemical Research provides training in laboratory research. The two-year Masters of Science in Biochemistry provides students with advanced study in biochemistry and related

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\(^a\) Selected students may be invited to take CHEM 323 Organic Chemistry I, CHEM 324 Organic Chemistry II.

\(^b\) Selected students may be invited to take PHYS 123 Physics and Frontiers I - Mechanics, PHYS 124 Physics and Frontiers II - Electricity and Magnetism in place of PHYS 121 General Physics I - Mechanics, PHYS 122 General Physics II - Electricity and Magnetism.

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Note: At least the 3 credits of undergraduate research, BIOC 391 Research Project, is a prerequisite to the Capstone. An additional 3 credits of BIOC 391 is highly recommended. Students should consult their academic advisers about the elective parts of the curriculum.
fields. Two other programs provide advanced study in biochemistry in conjunction with degrees in medicine (MD/MS) and law (JD/MS).

Prerequisites for admission into any of the Biochemistry Graduate Programs are one year each of chemistry, organic chemistry, calculus, biology and physics. Applicants must also have a BA, BS or equivalent undergraduate degree. As part of the application process, students are required to take the Graduate Record Examination (verbal, quantitative and an advanced area test, usually biology, biochemistry or chemistry). Some students with otherwise excellent qualifications, but lacking some of the prerequisites may be conditionally admitted with the understanding that specified deficiencies will be made up within a stipulated time span. Students with advanced training (coursework, laboratory research, MS degree, etc.) may be given advanced standing. Please visit the Department’s web page (http://www.cwru.edu/med/biochemistry) for details about the application process.

**MS Biochemical Research**

The program leading to the MS degree in biochemical research is uniquely designed to provide interested students with sufficient background and laboratory experience to enable them to function as senior research assistants and eventually as laboratory supervisors in university departments, research institutes, or industrial laboratories.

Students in this three-year program receive a stipend, and tuition costs are covered by the department. The students pursue flexible and individually designed schedules, which prepare them for independent research projects in the second and third years of the program. The program simultaneously develops background knowledge and technical skills in modern biochemistry, which can be applied to several career paths. A more complete description of the program, admission policies, and financial aid is available from the departmental office.

The duration of the MSBR program is 33 months. Applicants who have been working as full time laboratory technicians may be granted 1 semester credit for one full year of work, and up to 2 semesters credit for two or more years of work. Credit for acceptable didactic coursework may be awarded up to a total of 14 hours. All decisions concerning advanced standing or transfer of credit will be made by the Graduate Education Committee following acceptance into the program and in consultation with the advisor. Courses taken to satisfy other degree requirements (i.e. BA or BS) may not be transferred for credit. A maximum of 6 hours can be transferred toward the course requirements, as set by the Graduate School. The program shall not be extended on the basis of work that needs to be completed in order to achieve a publishable result.

The degree follows Plan A for the Master’s degree. The program requires 36 hours of academic credit (including both research and didactic courses) as well as the writing and defense of a thesis. All courses must be at the 400 level or higher. The course credits include didactic courses (minimum of 12 hours of graded coursework), research (BIOC 601 Biochemical Research) and (BIOC 651 Thesis M.S.). BIOC 651 Thesis M.S. is taken only in the second and third years and requires an examination by the student’s pre-thesis committee and a written thesis. The student’s transcript will be annotated M.S. in Biochemical Research, including the title of the student’s independent project.

Prior to the student’s matriculation, she/he chooses an academic advisor. In general the selection process involves communication with those faculty members who have announced their interest in taking a Master’s student. In some cases the student may be invited to spend up to a week in the prospective advisor’s laboratory to facilitate the decision making process. In the early spring of the first year, pre-thesis committee of three faculty members (at least two of whom must be members of the Biochemistry faculty) is chosen by the student, in consultation with the advisor. In yearly meetings, this committee provides additional scientific expertise, offers support in overcoming research difficulties and evaluates the student’s progress in research and course work.

**MS Biochemical Research Plan of Study**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>First Year</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Fall</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Introduction to Biochemistry: From Molecules To Medical Science (BIOC 407)</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BIOC elective</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Molecular Biology (BIOC 408)</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BIOC elective</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Year Total:</td>
<td>7 7</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Second Year</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Fall</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Proteins and Enzymes (BIOC 412)</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Biochemical Research (BIOC 601)</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Structural Biology (BIOC 434)</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Biochemical Research (BIOC 601)</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Master’s Comprehensive Exam (EXAM 600)</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Year Total:</td>
<td>6 8</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Total Units in Sequence: 28*

**MS Biochemistry**

The program leading to the MS degree in biochemistry is designed to provide students with knowledge of the latest advancements in biochemistry and related fields. It is intended for students who desire to pursue a career not directly involved with research, such as teaching, or various administrative positions in the pharmaceutical industry. Students typically enroll in three courses for each of four semesters.

The duration of the MSB program is 21 months; it follows the Plan B for the Master’s degree (p. 668). The default advisor for this program is the Graduate Advisor, but another advisor may be selected. The student’s progress is monitored by the Biochemistry Graduate Advisor and by the Graduate Education Committee. The program requires 36 hours of academic credit of which 18 hours must be graded coursework. Although a “coursework Masters degree,” students in the program often take 6 to 12 hours of BIOC 601 (Biochemical Research) as part of their requirements. All courses must be at the 400 level; they must be on the list of approved electives, or be approved by the advisor.

**MS Biochemistry Plan of Study**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>First Year</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Fall</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Introduction to Biochemistry: From Molecules To Medical Science (BIOC 407)</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BIOC elective</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Molecular Biology (BIOC 408)</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BIOC elective</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Year Total:</td>
<td>7 7</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## MD/MS Biomedical Investigation-Biochemistry Track

The tracks proposed in the joint MD/MS program are derived from existing type MS programs (p. 668) at the School of Medicine into a joint program with the MD, using a common template. The core activities for this degree include limited credit from the medical core curriculum, 3-6 graduate courses in specific tracks, participation in a common seminar series, scientific integrity training, and a requirement for a special problems project that reflects a full year of research (18 hours of 601 non-graded credits) culminating in a written report and examination. This program will require 5 years overall to complete the requirements for both degrees. Students who wish to join the MD/MS program may apply to the Program after arriving at the University any time prior to Fall of their second year of medical school. For more information, please see MD Dual Degrees (p. 806).

The Biochemistry track is designed to provide students with knowledge of the latest advances in biochemistry and related fields. It is also appreciated that a number of courses offered by other departments may be considered “biochemistry” in the broader sense. Depending on the research project, it may be appropriate for the student to substitute one of the courses below in lieu of one of the biochemistry electives. Should this be the case, the student must receive permission from the Graduate Program Advisor for this substitution prior to registering for the course.

### Students in the Biochemistry track must complete:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>IBIS 401 Integrated Biological Sciences I</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IBIS 402 Integrated Biological Sciences II</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BIOC 412 Proteins and Enzymes or BIOC 434 Structural Biology</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Electives in Biochemistry (graded)</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BIOC 601 Biochemical Research</td>
<td>18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IBMS 500 On Being a Professional Scientist: The Responsible Conduct of Research</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IBIS 600 Exam in Biomedical Investigation</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## JD/MS in Biochemistry

This program allows students admitted to the School of Law an opportunity to pursue a master of science degree in Biochemistry as part of an additional year of study. Such training adds expertise to students who anticipate careers in patent law or in areas related to biotechnology or pharmaceutical research. Please see the separate listing in the publication materials provided by the School of Law on this program.

Entrance into this program is achieved first by acceptance into the CWRU School of Law. Upon acceptance, students can then apply to the Biochemistry program for admission into the JD/MS program. As a result of participating in the dual degree program, students complete 12 fewer hours of law school coursework than they would if they were in the JD program alone. The Department of Biochemistry accepts 9 hours of law school classwork in courses dealing with science issues, in place of 9 credits of other elective work. Thus, the student will take a total of 27 hours of Biochemistry coursework of which at least 12 hours must be letter graded.

Dual degree students are advised concerning matters related to the JD degree by the Associate Dean for Academic Affairs at the School of Law. In addition, dual degree students are granted priority registration for upper level courses, ensuring that they will be able to accommodate their scheduling needs in obtaining required classes. Dual degree students are advised concerning matters related to the MS in Biochemistry by a JD/MS Advisor as designated by the Graduate Education Committee of the Department of Biochemistry.
PhD Biochemistry

The aim of the PhD in biochemistry program is to prepare students for careers in teaching and research in biochemistry. The emphasis of the doctoral program is on research culminating in the completion of an original independent research project under the guidance of a faculty member in the biochemistry program. The research areas in the department are described later in this section. In addition to the research activities, graduate students participate in formal courses both within and outside the department, formal and informal seminars, and discussions of current literature. Although students choose from the various tracks within the department, all are broadly trained in modern aspects of biochemistry and become familiar with techniques and literature in a variety of areas. Many collaborative projects with other departments also are available to broaden the spectrum of training offered. Most students begin with an integrated curriculum in cellular and molecular biology in addition to specialized courses in biochemistry. Admissions to the Biochemistry program may be obtained through the Biomedical Sciences Training Program, by direct admission to the department or via the MSTP program.

Prerequisites for admission into the Biochemistry PhD Program include one year each of chemistry, organic chemistry, calculus, biology and physics. Applicants must also have a BA, BS or equivalent undergraduate degree. Students must submit scores from the Graduate Record Examination and may submit scores from an advanced area test, usually in biology, biochemistry or chemistry. Some students with otherwise excellent qualifications, but lacking some of the prerequisites may be conditionally admitted with the understanding that specified deficiencies will be made up within a stipulated time span. Please visit the Department’s web page (http://www.cwru.edu/med/biochemistry) for details about the application process.

To earn a PhD in Biochemistry, a student must complete rotations in at least three laboratories followed by selection of a research advisor, and complete Core and Elective coursework including responsible conduct of research as described in the Course of Study, below. Students who previously completed relevant coursework, (for example, with a MS) may petition to complete alternative courses.

In addition, each PhD student must successfully complete a qualifier examination for advancement to candidacy in the form of a short grant proposal with oral defense. The qualifier is generally completed in the summer after year two. During the dissertation period, students are expected to meet twice a year with the thesis committee, present seminars in the department, and fulfill journal publication requirements. Throughout the doctoral training, students are expected to be enthusiastic participants in seminars, journal clubs, and research meetings in the lab and program. Completion of the PhD degree will require 36 hours of coursework (24 hours of which are graded) and 18 hours of BIOC 701 Dissertation Ph.D.

PhD Biochemistry Plan of Study

§ Please also see Graduate Studies Academic Requirements for Doctoral Degrees (p. 668)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>First Year</th>
<th>Units</th>
<th>Fall</th>
<th>Spring</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cell Biology I (BIOC 453)</td>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Molecular Biology I (BIOC 455)</td>
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</table>

Biochemical Research (BIOC 601) 1
or Research Rotation in Biomedical Sciences Training Program (BSTP 400) 1
or Research Rotation in Medical Scientist Training Program (MSTP 400) 1
Structural Biology (BIOC 434) 3
BIOC Elective 3
Biochemical Research (BIOC 601) 3
On Being a Professional Scientist: The Responsible Conduct of Research (IBMS 500) 1
Year Total: 9 10

Second Year

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Units</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Biochemistry Seminar I (BIOC 611)</td>
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<td>BIOC Elective</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Biochemical Research (BIOC 601) (601 for pre-candidacy, 701 for post-candidacy)</td>
<td>5</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>or Dissertation Ph.D. (BIOC 701)</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Biochemistry Seminar II (BIOC 612)</td>
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<tr>
<td>BIOC Elective</td>
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<tr>
<td>Dissertation Ph.D. (BIOC 701)</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Proposition I (BIOC 641)</td>
<td>2</td>
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Third Year

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Units</th>
<th>Fall</th>
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</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>BIOC Elective</td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dissertation Ph.D. (BIOC 701)</td>
<td>6</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BIOC Elective</td>
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<td>Dissertation Ph.D. (BIOC 701)</td>
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Fourth Year

<table>
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<th>Units</th>
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<th>Spring</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Dissertation Ph.D. (BIOC 701)</td>
<td>1-9</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dissertation Ph.D. (BIOC 701)</td>
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Fifth Year

<table>
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<th>Units</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Dissertation Ph.D. (BIOC 701)</td>
<td>1-9</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dissertation Ph.D. (BIOC 701)</td>
<td>1-9</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Year Total:</td>
<td>1-9</td>
<td>1-9</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Total Units in Sequence: 59-91

Courses

BIOC 307. Introduction to Biochemistry: From Molecules To Medical Science. 4 Units.
Overview of the macromolecules and small molecules key to all living systems. Topics include: protein structure and function; enzyme mechanisms, kinetics and regulation; membrane structure and function; bioenergetics; hormone action; intermediary metabolism, including pathways and regulation of carbohydrate, lipid, amino acid, and nucleotide biosynthesis and breakdown. The material is presented to build links to human biology and human disease. One semester of biology is recommended. Offered as BIOC 307, BIOC 407, and BIOL 407. Prereq: CHEM 223 and CHEM 224.
BIOC 308. Molecular Biology. 4 Units.
An examination of the flow of genetic information from DNA to RNA to protein. Topics include: nucleic acid structure; mechanisms and control of DNA, RNA, and protein biosynthesis; recombinant DNA; and mRNA processing and modification. Where possible, eukaryotic and prokaryotic systems are compared. Special topics include yeast as a model organism, molecular biology of cancer, and molecular biology of the cell cycle. Current literature is discussed briefly as an introduction to techniques of genetic engineering. Recommended preparation: BIOL 307. Offered as BIOL 308, BIOL 308, BIOL 408, and BIOL 408. Prerequisite: CHEM 223, BIOL 214, and BIOL 215.

BIOC 312. Proteins and Enzymes. 3 Units.
Aspects of protein and nucleic acid function and interactions are discussed, including binding properties, protein-nucleic acid interactions, kinetics and mechanism of proteins and enzymes, and macromolecular machines. Recommended preparation: CHEM 301. Offered as BIOL 312 and BIOL 412. Prerequisite: BIOL 307.

BIOC 315. Nuclear Receptors in Health and Disease. 3 Units.
This course focuses on hormone-gene interactions mediated by the ligand-inducible transcription factors termed nuclear hormone receptors. The class will address the mechanisms of action, regulatory features, and biological activities of several nuclear receptors. The usage of nuclear receptors as therapeutic targets in disease states such as cancer, inflammation, and diabetes will also be discussed. The course aims to teach students to critically evaluate primary literature relevant to nuclear hormone receptors biology, and to reinforce presentation/discussion skills. Grades for undergraduates will be based on midterm, final exam; grades for graduates will be based on midterm, final exam, and presentation of a recently published research article related to the role of nuclear receptors in health and disease. Offered as PHRM 315, BIOL 315, PHRM 415 and BIOL 415.

BIOC 334. Structural Biology. 3 Units.
Introduces basic chemical properties of proteins and discusses the physical forces that determine protein structure. Topics include: the elucidation of protein structure by NMR and by X-ray crystallographic methods; the acquisition of protein structures from data bases; and simple modeling experiments based on protein structures. Offered as BIOL 334, BIOL 434, and BIOL 434. Prerequisite: BIOL 307.

BIOC 354. Biochemistry and Biology of RNA. 3 Units.
Systematic overview of RNA biochemistry and biology. Course provides solid foundation for understanding processes of post-transcriptional regulation of gene expression. Topics include: RNA structure, RNA types, RNA-protein interactions, eukaryotic RNA metabolism including mRNA processing, ribosome biogenesis, tRNA metabolism, mRNA processing and function, bacterial RNA metabolism, transcriptomics. BIOL 454 requires an additional research proposal. Recommended preparation for BIOL 354: Undergraduate Biology (1 semester minimum), equivalents of CHEM 301, BIOC 307 or 308, CHEM 223, CHEM 224. Offered as BIOC 354 and BIOL 454. Prerequisites: CHEM 223, CHEM 224.

BIOC 373. Biochemistry SAGES Seminar. 3 Units.
Discussion of current topics in biochemical research using readings from the scientific literature. The goals are for the student: 1) to discuss and critically analyze selections from the biochemical literature; 2) to gain a broader understanding of important topics not formally covered in the didactic courses; and 3) to learn to write in the style of journals in the field of biochemistry. Counts as SAGES Departmental Seminar. Prerequisite: BIOL 307 and BIOC 308. Restricted to majors in Biochemistry.

BIOC 391. Research Project. 1 - 9 Unit.
(Credit as arranged.) Offered on a pass/fail basis only. Maximum 9 hours total credit.

BIOC 393. Senior Capstone Experience. 3 Units.
Students will complete their Capstone Projects, begun in BIOC 391. Pertinent research activities will depend on the nature of the student's project. The student will meet regularly with their Capstone adviser, at least twice monthly, to provide progress reports, discuss the project, and for critique and guidance. By the end of this course, the student will have completed their SAGES Senior Capstone research project, written a project report in the form of a manuscript, and presented their project reports orally in the department and at the Senior Capstone Fair, or its equivalent. Counts as SAGES Senior Capstone. Prerequisite: BIOC 307 and BIOC 308.

BIOC 407. Introduction to Biochemistry: From Molecules To Medical Science. 4 Units.
Overview of the macromolecules and small molecules key to all living systems. Topics include: protein structure and function; enzyme mechanisms, kinetics and regulation; membrane structure and function; bioenergetics; hormone action; intermediary metabolism, including pathways and regulation of carbohydrate, lipid, amino acid, and nucleotide biosynthesis and breakdown. The material is presented to build links to human biology and human disease. One semester of biology is recommended. Offered as BIOC 307, BIOC 407, and BIOC 407. Prerequisite: CHEM 223 and CHEM 224.

BIOC 408. Molecular Biology. 4 Units.
An examination of the flow of genetic information from DNA to RNA to protein. Topics include: nucleic acid structure; mechanisms and control of DNA, RNA, and protein biosynthesis; recombinant DNA; and mRNA processing and modification. Where possible, eukaryotic and prokaryotic systems are compared. Special topics include yeast as a model organism, molecular biology of cancer, and molecular biology of the cell cycle. Current literature is discussed briefly as an introduction to techniques of genetic engineering. Recommended preparation: BIOC 307. Offered as BIOC 308, BIOC 308, BIOC 408, and BIOC 408.

BIOC 412. Proteins and Enzymes. 3 Units.
Aspects of protein and nucleic acid function and interactions are discussed, including binding properties, protein-nucleic acid interactions, kinetics and mechanism of proteins and enzymes, and macromolecular machines. Recommended preparation: CHEM 301. Offered as BIOC 312 and BIOC 412.

BIOC 413. Advanced Topics in Molecular and Biochemical Research Ethics. 0 Units.
This course offers continuing education in responsible conduct of research for advanced graduate students. The course will cover the nine federally defined responsible conduct of research (RCR) areas through a combination of lectures, on-line course material and small group discussions. Six 2-hour meetings per semester are planned. Maximum enrollment of 15 students with preference to graduate students in the Department of Molecular Biology and Microbiology, the Department of Biochemistry, and trainees of the Cell and Molecular Biology Training Grant. Offered as: BIOC 413, MBIO 413.
**BIOC 415. Nuclear Receptors in Health and Disease. 3 Units.**
This course focuses on hormone-gene interactions mediated by the ligand-inducible transcription factors termed nuclear hormone receptors. The class will address the mechanisms of action, regulatory features, and biological activities of several nuclear receptors. The usage of nuclear receptors as therapeutic targets in disease states such as cancer, inflammation, and diabetes will also be discussed. The course aims to teach students to critically evaluate primary literature relevant to nuclear hormone receptors biology, and to reinforce presentation/discussion skills. Grades for undergraduates will be based on midterm, final exam; grades for graduates will be based on midterm, final exam, and presentation of a recently published research article related to the role of nuclear receptors in health and disease. Offered as PHRM 315, BIOC 315, PHRM 415 and BIOC 415.

**BIOC 420. Current Topics in Cancer. 3 Units.**
The concept of cancer hallmarks has provided a useful guiding principle in our understanding of the complexity of cancer. The hallmarks include sustaining proliferative signaling, evading growth suppressors, enabling replicative immortality, activating invasion and metastasis, inducing angiogenesis, resisting cell death, deregulating cellular energetics, avoiding immune destruction, tumor-promoting inflammation, and genome instability and mutation. The objectives of this course are to (1) examine the principles of some of these hallmarks, and (2) explore potential therapies developed based on these hallmarks of cancer. This is a student-driven and discussion-based graduate course. Students should have had some background on the related subjects and have read scientific papers in their prior coursework. Students will be called on to present and discuss experimental design, data and conclusions from assigned publications. There will be no exams or comprehensive papers but students will submit a one-page critique (strengths and weaknesses) of one of the assigned papers prior to each class meeting. The course will end with a full-day student-run symposium on topics to be decided jointly by students and the course director. Grades will be based on class participation, written critiques, and symposium presentations. Offered as BIOC 420, MBIO 420, MVIR 420, PATH 422, and PHRM 420. Prereq: BIOC 453 and CBIO 455.

**BIOC 430. Advanced Methods in Structural Biology. 1 - 6 Unit.**
The course is designed for graduate students who will be focusing on one or more methods of structural biology in their thesis project. This course is divided into 3-6 sections (depending on demand). The topics offered will include X-ray crystallography, nuclear magnetic resonance spectroscopy, optical spectroscopy, mass spectrometry, cryo-electron microscopy, and computational and design methods. Students can select one or more modules. Modules will be scheduled so that students can take all the offered modules in one semester. Each section is given in 5 weeks and is worth 1 credit. Each section covers one area of structural biology at an advanced level such that the student is prepared for graduate level research in that topic. Offered as BIOC 430, CHEM 430, PHOL 430, and PHRM 430.

**BIOC 432. Current Topics in Vision Research. 3 Units.**
Vision research is an exciting and multidisciplinary area that draws on the disciplines of biochemistry, genetics, molecular biology, structural biology, neuroscience, and pathology. This graduate level course will provide the student with broad exposure to the most recent and relevant research currently being conducted in the field. Topics will cover a variety of diseases and fundamental biological processes occurring in the eye. Regions of the eye that will be discussed include the cornea, lens, and retina. Vision disorders discussed include age-related macular degeneration, retinal ciliopathies, and diabetic retinopathy. Instructors in the course are experts in their field and are members of the multidisciplinary visual sciences research community here at Case Western Reserve University. Students will be exposed to the experimental approaches and instrumentation currently being used in the laboratory and in clinical settings. Topics will be covered by traditional lectures, demonstrations in the laboratory and the clinic, and journal club presentations. Students will be graded on their performance in journal club presentations (40%), research proposal (40%), and class participation (20%). Offered as NEUR 432, PATH 432, PHRM 432 and BIOC 432.

**BIOC 434. Structural Biology. 3 Units.**
Introduces basic chemical properties of proteins and discusses the physical forces that determine protein structure. Topics include: the elucidation of protein structure by NMR and by X-ray crystallographic methods; the acquisition of protein structures from data bases; and simple modeling experiments based on protein structures. Offered as BIOC 334, BIOL 334, BIOC 434, and BIOL 434.

**BIOC 452. Nutritional Biochemistry and Metabolism. 3 Units.**
Mechanisms of regulation of pathways of intermediary metabolism; amplification of biochemical signals; substrate cycling and use of radioactive and stable isotopes to measure metabolic rates. Recommended preparation: BIOC 307 or equivalent. Offered as BIOC 452 and NTRN 452.

**BIOC 454. Biochemistry and Biology of RNA. 3 Units.**
Systematic overview of RNA biochemistry and biology. Course provides solid foundation for understanding processes of post-transcriptional regulation of gene expression. Topics include: RNA structure, RNA types, RNA-protein interactions, eukaryotic RNA metabolism including mRNA processing, ribosome biogenesis, tRNA metabolism, miRNA processing and function, bacterial RNA metabolism, transcriptomics. BIOC 454 requires an additional research proposal. Recommended preparation for BIOC 354: Undergraduate Biology (1 semester minimum), equivalents of CHEM 301, BIOC 307 or 308, CHEM 223, CHEM 224. Offered as BIOC 354 and BIOC 454.
BIOC 460. Introduction to Microarrays. 3 Units.
Microarray technology is an exciting new technique that is used to analyze gene expression in a wide variety of organisms. The goal of this course is to give participants a hands-on introduction to this technology. The course is intended for individuals who are preparing to use this technique, including students, fellows, and other investigators. This is a hands-on computer-based course, which will enable participants to conduct meaningful analyses of microarray data. Participants will gain an understanding of the principles underlying microarray technologies, including: theory of sample preparation, sample processing on microarrays, familiarity with the use of Affymetrix Microarray Suite software and generation of data sets. Transferring data among software packages to manipulate data will also be discussed. Importation of data into other software (GeneSpring and DecisionSite) will enable participants to mine the data for higher-order patterns. Participants will learn about the rationale behind the choice of normalization and data filtering strategies, distance metrics, use of appropriate clustering choices such as K-means, Hierarchical, and Self Organizing Maps. Course offered as BIOC 460, PATH 460, CNCR 460. Prereq: CBIO 455.

BIOC 475. Protein Biophysics. 3 Units.
This course focuses on in-depth understanding of the molecular biophysics of proteins. Structural, thermodynamic and kinetic aspects of protein function and structure-function relationships will be considered at the advanced conceptual level. The application of these theoretical frameworks will be illustrated with examples from the literature and integration of biophysical knowledge with description at the cellular and systems level. The format consists of lectures, problem sets, and student presentations. A special emphasis will be placed on discussion of original publications. Offered as BIOC 475, CHEM 475, PHOL 475, PHRM 475, and NEUR 475.

BIOC 476. Cellular Biophysics. 4 Units.
This course focuses on a quantitative understanding of cellular processes. It is designed for students who feel comfortable with and are interested in analytical and quantitative approaches to cell biology and cell physiology. Selected topics in cellular biophysics will be covered in depth. Topics include theory of electrical and optical signal processing used in cell physiology, thermodynamics and kinetics of enzyme and transport reactions, single ion channel kinetics and excitability, mechanotransduction, and transport across polarized cell layers. The format consists of lectures, problem sets, computer simulations, and discussion of original publications. The relevant biological background of topics will be provided appropriate for non-biology science majors. Offered as BIOC 476, NEUR 476, PHOL 476, PHRM 476.

BIOC 519. Molecular Biology of RNA. 3 Units.
Selected topics regarding editing, enzymatic function, splicing, and structure of RNA. Offered as BIOC 519, CLBY 519, and MBIO 519.

BIOC 521. Chromatin, Epigenetics, and Disease. 3 Units.
The Departments of Genetics and Biochemistry are pleased to announce "Chromatin, Epigenetics, and Disease advanced graduate students. This course will review the history of chromatin and cover the relationships between chromatin structure and the processes of transcription, gene silencing, cell fate determination, DNA methylation, and RNA interference and other biological processes. The course will also cover epigenetic mechanisms and their effects on human disease. The course will emphasize critical reading of articles from the primary literature, presentations by students, and be predominantly discussion based. Limit: 12 students. Offered as BIOC 521 and GENE 521.

BIOC 528. Contemporary Approaches to Drug Discovery. 3 Units.
This course is designed to teach the students how lead compounds are discovered, optimized, and processed through clinical trials for FDA approval. Topics will include: medicinal chemistry, parallel synthesis, drug delivery and devices, drug administration and pharmacokinetics, and clinical trials. A special emphasis will be placed on describing how structural biology is used for in silico screening and lead optimization. This component will include hands-on experience in using sophisticated drug discovery software to conduct in silico screening and the development of drug libraries. Each student will conduct a course project involving in silico screening and lead optimization against known drug targets, followed by the drafting of an inventory disclosure. Another important aspect of this course will be inclusion of guest lectures by industrial leaders who describe examples of success stories of drug development. Offered as BIOC 528, PHOL 528, and PHRM 528.

BIOC 599. RNA Structure and Function. 3 Units.
This course will cover fundamental aspects of modern RNA biology with emphasis on the interplay of three dimensional structure of nucleic acids and their function. The main focus of the course is on the recent discoveries that indicate a prominent role of RNA as a major regulator of cellular function. Topics discussed will include an introduction to RNA structure, folding and dynamics, RNA/RNA and RNA-protein interactions, and role of RNA in catalysis of biological reactions in ribosome and the role of other catalytic RNAs in RNA biogenesis, pre-mRNA splicing, and viral replication. The course also covers the recently discovered RNA regulatory switches, large noncoding regulatory RNAs, and the role of RNA in human diseases and novel, RNA-based therapeutics. Offered as BIOC 599, CLBY 599, and MBIO 599.

BIOC 601. Biochemical Research. 1 - 18 Unit.
Credit as arranged.

BIOC 605. Independent Project in Biochemical Research. 1 - 18 Unit.
Credit as arranged. Limited to students in the M.S. program in biochemical research. Prereq: BIOC 407 and BIOC 601.

BIOC 611. Biochemistry Seminar I. 1 Unit.
Student presentations of topics from the current scientific literature unrelated to the student's research project. Participants are required to present a seminar.

BIOC 612. Biochemistry Seminar II. 1 Unit.
Discussion of current research.

BIOC 617. Special Topics in Biochemistry. 3 Units.
Special topics courses on areas of current interest in biochemistry.

BIOC 618. Special Topics in Biochemistry. 3 Units.
Special topics courses on areas of current interest in biochemistry.

BIOC 641. Proposition I. 2 Units.
Design of research proposal.

BIOC 643. Proposition II. 2 Units.
Design of research proposal.

BIOC 651. Thesis M.S.. 1 - 6 Unit.
(Credit as arranged.)

BIOC 701. Dissertation Ph.D.. 1 - 18 Unit.
(Credit as arranged.) Prereq: Predoctoral research consent or advanced to Ph.D. candidacy milestone.

Department of Bioethics

Marie Norris (marie.norris@case.edu), Program Assistant
The mission of the Department of Bioethics is to improve public and professional understanding of the ethical issues involved in health sciences research, health care delivery, and health policy development through teaching, research and community dialogue.

The department has offices at the Case’s School of Medicine and at MetroHealth Medical Center and has faculty from multiple disciplines, including philosophy, religion, law, political science, anthropology, history, sociology, nursing and medicine.

Department faculty teach in both core and elective components of the medical school curriculum, undergraduate courses in ethics, and an intensive course in responsible conduct of research for PhD students in the School of Medicine. The department also has a highly successful master’s degree program in bioethics.

Department faculty have gained international prominence for research in many areas of biomedical ethics that collectively address the concerns of the School of Medicine’s spectrum of biomedical disciplines.

The Department of Bioethics publishes a newsletter, Bioethics Update. Bioethics Update contains information and articles on a variety of ethical issues of interest to both professional and lay communities. It is published three times a year and features faculty research and activities, department events, and master’s degree alumni information.

Please visit the department website (http://www.case.edu/med/bioethics), where visitors can read Bioethics Update online, obtain information about the master’s degree and PhD programs, and learn about department and faculty activities.

**Master of Arts in Bioethics Degree**

The Department of Bioethics offers a program leading to the Master of Arts degree in bioethics, emphasizing the interdisciplinary and inter-professional nature of the field. This graduate program is designed to provide advance training in bioethics for students and professionals who anticipate encountering ethical issues in the course of their primary careers.

The 27 credit-hour degree can be earned full-time in one year or part-time in up to three years. Core courses are taught by department faculty and are scheduled so that part-time students can continue their professional responsibilities while completing the degree.

The Master of Arts program provides students with a firm understanding of the intellectual content of the study of bioethics, of bioethical literature, and of the underlying philosophical arguments and empirical assumptions that inform it. Students are taught to understand the institutions and structures of health care and the ethical issues that arise in medical practice. They are trained to identify and analyze a range of clinical ethics issues.

All students pursuing a Master of Arts degree in bioethics are required to complete the interdisciplinary core of 12 credit hours (the equivalent of four courses) in the first two semesters of their first year of study.

The courses, BETH 401 Foundations in Bioethics I, and BETH 402 Foundations in Bioethics II, each six credits, examine 10 basic topic areas in bioethics: death and dying, the therapeutic relationship, method and theory in bioethics, organ transplantation, health care justice, defining health care needs, reproduction and fertility, families, babies and children, research ethics and genetics. Classes meet two evenings per week for seminar sessions (two hours per session).

Another required course is BETH 405 Clinical Ethics Rotation. This course requires a minimum of 8 hours of clinical experience per week during two 10-week rotations. Students spend most of their time observing rounds in relevant services (intensive care units, pediatrics, geriatrics, etc.) with leading clinicians at several area hospital sites. Students must complete rotations at two sites. At the conclusion of each rotation, students are familiar with the clinical, psychological, social, professional, and institutional contexts in which ethical problems arise. Also, they are able to identify, analyze and understand ethical issues as they develop.

In addition, all students must complete 12 credit hours of electives. Electives are selected in consultation with a faculty advisor. Electives must enhance the student’s understanding of bioethical issues and must be relevant to the student’s academic goals.

The department currently offers dual-degree programs with the School of Medicine (MD/MA), the School of Medicine’s Department of Genetics (PhD/MA), the School of Law (JD/MA), the Frances Payne Bolton School of Nursing (MSN/MA) the School of Medicine’s Public Health program (MPH/MA) and Mandel School of Applied Social Sciences (MSSA/MA) at CWRU. Students must apply and be accepted to each program to qualify.

Commencing in the fall semester of 2007, the department will offer a new research ethics track within the MA program, designed to prepare specialists who will pursue research ethics-related work as a primary career (IRB coordinators, research administration, etc.) or who will use this specialized training to enhance their primary careers (investigators, regulators, etc.). In addition to the core seminars BETH 401 Foundations in Bioethics I and BETH 402 Foundations in Bioethics II, discussed above, the research ethics track will feature a modified clinical ethics rotation, focused on IRB work and research ethics activities, and four research ethics electives.

Admission policies conform to those of Case Western Reserve University School of Graduate Studies. In general, an applicant for admission and concurrent financial consideration must have completed application forms on file by March 1 for the fall semester.

**MA Bioethics Plan of Study**

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<th>First Year</th>
<th>Units</th>
<th>Fall</th>
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<tr>
<td>Foundations in Bioethics I (BETH 401)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Clinical Ethics Rotation (BETH 405)</td>
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<td>Elective I</td>
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<td>Foundations in Bioethics II (BETH 402)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Clinical Ethics Rotation (BETH 405)</td>
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**PhD in Bioethics**

The increasing complexity of the health care system has resulted in a growing need for investigators who can conduct research to address pressing social problems in bioethics. The objective of the bioethics doctoral program is to train scholars who will have specific expertise
in the conceptualization, design and conduct of empirical research concerning bioethics questions. Graduates will:

• obtain grounding in the philosophical basis of bioethics to conceptualize and analyze moral problems
• develop a theoretical perspective to guide their research
• be proficient in empirical methodologies (both qualitative and quantitative) so that they can conduct research in bioethics problems
• become researchers who can develop and conceptualize timely and meaningful research questions in bioethics

Graduates of the program have a wide range of opportunities, including careers as independent investigators, serving as a bridge between colleagues in the traditional medical humanities and those in clinical and basic-science departments, and employment in academic bioethics centers, clinical and basic science departments in medical schools and schools of public health, government agencies, and public policy institutes.

PhD students receive a full tuition scholarship, health insurance support and a $20,000-per-year graduate assistantship.

Course of Study
Completion of the PhD requires

• Minimum of 51 credit hours of course work for candidates with bachelor’s degrees; minimum of 42 credit hours for candidates with master’s degrees
• 18 credit hours of dissertation course work
• 125 research hours (supervised research experiences with Department faculty)
• Training in research ethics
• Comprehensive examination preceding advancement to candidacy
• Defense of dissertation proposal
• Completion of dissertation
• Defense of dissertation

Core Coursework

• Foundations in Bioethics I & II
• Clinical Ethics Rotation
• Advanced Seminar on Methods in Normative Bioethics I & II
• Empirical Research Methods and Design in Bioethics I & II
• Statistical Methods and Data Management in Bioethics I & II
• Grant Writing
• Critical Readings in Bioethics
• Research hours

Additional course work: three credit hours each in advanced statistics, methods and study design, and theory from the social sciences, and six credit hours of elective courses

Enrollment in the Doctoral Program
The doctoral program is highly selective. Candidates should have a strong theoretical background in the social sciences or philosophy, preferably in the form of a master’s degree in a relevant discipline or a clinical degree. Candidates also must demonstrate an ability to work with quantitative data and demonstrate promise of integrating theory and empirical application.

Applicants must complete an interview and submit:
• CWRU Graduate School Application
• Transcripts (undergraduate and graduate if applicable)
• GRE scores — verbal, analytic and quantitative sections. Scores will be considered in relation to the applicant’s other credentials. Applicants may submit scores of other standardized tests in addition to the GRE.
• Three letters of recommendation
• A letter to the admission committee detailing the applicant’s general interests in bioethics and the candidate’s past training and current research interests

PhD Bioethics, Plan of Study

First Year

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<th>Course</th>
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<td>Methods in Normative Bioethics I (BETH 505)</td>
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<td>Introductory Course in Statistical Methods</td>
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<tr>
<td>Foundations in Bioethics II - Ph.D. (BETH 521) (or elective if student enters with equivalent course)</td>
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Second Year

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Third Year

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Fourth Year

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Total Units in Sequence: 85.5
Courses

BETH 271. Bioethics: Dilemmas. 3 Units.
We have the genetic technology to change nature and human nature, but should we? We have the medical technology to extend almost any human life, but is this always good? Should we clone humans? Should we allow doctor-assisted suicide for the terminally ill? This course invites students from all academic disciplines and fields to examine current and future issues in bioethics—e.g., theory and methods in bioethics; death and dying; organ transplantation; genetics; aging and dementia; fertility and reproduction; distributive justice in health care access. The course will include guest lectures from nationally-known Bioethics faculty. Offered as BETH 271, PHIL 271.

BETH 314. Global Health: India. 3 Units.
Bioethics is the study of ethical controversies arising at the intersection of biology, medicine, technology, politics, law, philosophy, religion and culture. This course will discuss and analyze the issue of health in India; recognizing that health is more than the diagnosis and treatment of a disease. Using three diseases (HIV/AIDS, leprosy and tuberculosis) students will explore the relationship between culture and health care outcomes. Relevant issues addressed in the course include the history of British rule in India, Hinduism, the Caste system, poverty, access to education and public policy. Faculty will introduce readings on the history of India, medical anthropology, religion and the law. Students will then be given the opportunity to focus on a particular topic, research the existing literature, present their findings to the class and create a plan to observe the chosen topic while in India during the Summer semester. Course instructors include Nicole Deming, JD, MA Assistant Professor of Bioethics; Deepak Sarma, PhD, Associate Professor of South Asian Religions; and Gopal Yadavalli, MD Assistant Professor of Medicine and Chief of the Infectious Diseases Clinic at the Cleveland VA Medical Center. The course will also invite guest lectures from many different departments and schools to share their expertise and experience in the areas of Global Justice, Anthropology, and Human Rights.

BETH 315. International Bioethics: Policy and Practice. 3 Units.
Taught by Case and international faculty, this course will include 7-10 days of intensive didactic and experiential learning in one of several "host" countries. Examples of sites include: Free University of Amsterdam and University of Utrecht in the Netherlands; University of Paris in France; and Ben Gurion University in Israel. It will afford a unique opportunity to gain perspective on important bioethics issues in different societies, i.e., euthanasia, public health policies, access to healthcare, and stem cell research. At the international site, students will spend 6 hours per day (5 days) in seminar (including didactics, discussion, and guided-observation clinical experience). There will be two 3-hour preparatory sessions, required reading, and two 3-hour post trip sessions. Requirements: preparation, attendance, and class participation, a 12-15 page paper (undergraduate credit) and a 15-20 page paper (graduate credit). Graduate credit will also require students to prepare a presentation for a post-intensive session. Enrollment will be capped at 25. This course has an additional fee to cover costs of travel and lodging. Limited scholarships are available. Offered as BETH 315 and BETH 415.

BETH 315A. International Bioethics Policy and Practice: Women's Health in the Netherlands. 3 Units.
This 3-credit course allows students to familiarize themselves with social policies and practices related to women's health in the United States and the Netherlands. Issues covered in the course include birth control and family planning, abortion, prenatal testing, childbirth, health care disparities, cosmetic surgery, prostitution and trafficking in women. This course also addresses the US and Dutch national policies regarding the provision of health care for women. The course places an emphasis on the ways in which social norms shape policies over time, which political actors are involved in shaping women’s health policy, and the balance between women’s health as a matter of the public good or individual responsibility. This course substantively explores gender-specific cultural values and practices in relation to women's health in the United States and the Netherlands and will help students develop the analytical skills necessary for evaluating social policy and ethical issues related to women's health. Offered as BETH 315A and BETH 415A. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

BETH 315B. International Bioethics Policy and Practice: Public Health in the Netherlands. 3 Units.
This one week 3-credit intensive course will be held in Amsterdam, The Netherlands. Taught by faculty from Case and Utrecht University, this course offers students a cross-cultural perspective on ethical dilemmas raised by the practice of public health in the United States and Northern Europe. Additionally, this course examines policies related to prostitution, drug use, sex education, infectious disease prevention, and access to health care and how they differ in the cultural and political settings of U.S. and the Netherlands. We will examine both the rationales and outcomes of Dutch and American policies, stimulating course participants to consider their own views on these often controversial issues. Prior to the trip, students will attend lectures at Case, which will acquaint them with the theoretical approaches to public health ethics and major issues raised in the practice of public health. In these pre-trip sessions, students will also analyze and report on a case study designed to stimulate critical thinking on comparative public health ethics. In Amsterdam, students will attend lectures that will be supplemented by site visits and discussion sessions aimed at exploring the ethics of public health policy and practice in the Netherlands. Following the intensive week in Amsterdam, students will meet with instructors at Case for two hours to discuss their experiences and compare policies and practices in the U.S. and the Netherlands. Offered as BETH 315B and BETH 415B. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.
BETH 315C. International Bioethics Policy and Practice: Health Care Costa Rica. 3 Units.
This 3-credit course gives students the unique opportunity to observe patients and practitioners encounter in a radically different health care system. Costa Rica has one of the most comprehensive health care systems in the Western hemisphere, featuring the innovative use of mid-level health care workers organized in basic comprehensive health care teams. This has resulted in a longer life expectancy than the United States, despite a per capita GDP of only $10,000 per person. Students will gain first-hand experience of Costa Rican health care through field experiences at sites including a national hospital in the capital city, San Jose; a peripheral treatment clinic in a smaller town; and observation of the work of an integrated basic health care team in an indigenous reserve. Following each visit, students will discuss the practical and ethical dilemmas that practitioners face in the context of the Costa Rican health care system. Specific topics include: health inequalities within and between nations; the ethics of transplantation, medical research, and end-of-life care; and health care in rural environments and with indigenous populations. Offered as BETH 315C and BETH 415C. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

BETH 315D. French Connections, A Cross-Cultural Comparison of Medical Ethics. 3 Units.
This 3-credit course is collaboration between Case Western Reserve University and the University of Paris. The course includes a ten-day trip to Paris, France over Spring Break. This course offers a cross-cultural comparison of the French and American medical systems. Students will have the unique opportunity to learn first-hand how the French medical education system is structured and how the social, cultural and political contexts in France shape medical and ethical issues. The trip includes guided field experiences in French clinical settings as well as opportunities to engage with French faculty members and physicians about contemporary issues in bioethics. Ethical issues that may be considered may include reproductive rights, decision-making involving severely impaired newborns, withholding/withdrawing life-sustaining treatment and issues in organ donation and transplant. The course also will also emphasize the role of French culture and history while in Paris with museum and site visits designed to complement seminar content and offer real-life illustrations of course content. Prior to the trip, students attend six hours of lectures, either at Case Western Reserve University or via a web-based tutorial. They are expected to become familiar with the representative articles assigned for the course, and be prepared to integrate those readings into pre-trip class participation and active participation while in France. Following the trip, students meet with the instructor for an additional four hours to discuss and synthesize their experiences. Offered as BETH 315D and BETH 415D. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

BETH 315E. International Bioethics: Policy and Practice--US and Spanish Perspectives, Salamanca Spain. 3 Units.
This 3-credit hour course will introduce advanced undergraduate and graduate students to theoretical and practical aspects of bioethics in a European context. Continental health professionals and bioethicists work in an environment that differs from the American context in at least three important dimensions: the political structure of their health care systems, the cultural influence of their religious histories, and the theoretical perspective of continental moral philosophy. The University of Salamanca in Spain, one of the oldest universities in Europe (known as the "Oxford of Spain"), will be used in this course as a focal point for examining the interplay of these three dimensions in shaping institutional and professional approaches to specific problems in bioethics, including end of life decisions, organ procurement and allocation, reproductive ethics, health care justice, and environmental bioethics ("eco-ethics"). This course will help advanced students who are already grounded in American bioethics develop the analytical skills necessary for evaluating European bioethical scholarship and policy-making, while helping less advanced students develop a familiarity with fundamental similarities and differences between bioethics in Spain and the U.S. The course will include a one week trip to Salamanca, Spain where students will be taught by instructors and faculty from the University of Salamanca. Teaching will include some guided field experiences and regular discussion sessions with the course faculty. Prior to the trip, students will attend 4 hours of class at Case to become familiar with elements of political theory and moral philosophy relevant to the in-country discussions. Following the trip, students will meet with instructors for an additional 2 hours. Offered as BETH 315E and BETH 415E. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

BETH 315F. Bioethics Themes as Expressed in Spanish and American Culture: Film, Television, and Literature. 3 Units.
This 3-credit intensive course will be held in San Sebastian, Spain. Taught by faculty from CWRU and University of the Basque Country, this course offers students a cross-cultural perspective on bioethics in the United States and Spain. This course uses the medium of film, complemented by readings in bioethics, film criticism, and medical research, to introduce students to a number of compelling bioethics problems facing physician-scientists today, including: when life begins, the nature and limits of informed consent, use of randomization without equipoise, medical imperialism (or the appearance thereof), the treatment of so-called "orphan" diseases, use of deception in research, and financial conflicts of interests caused by among other things, the involvement of the pharmaceutical industry in the drug invention process. Offered as BETH 315F and BETH 415F. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.
BETH 315G. Death, Dying & Euthanasia: Netherlands & the USA. 3 Units.
Is it ever permissible for physicians to kill their patients? In the Netherlands, the answer is yes. In the United States, it is no. Are the Dutch sliding down a moral slippery slope? Are the Americans compromising the rights and dignity of dying patients? This 3-credit course is a unique opportunity to examine a range of Dutch and American end-of-life policies and practices with special focus on the unique ethical, cultural, religious, and legal contexts in which they developed. This course will compare how two liberal democracies, the United States and the Netherlands, have handled difficult end-of-life issues, including: The Dutch regulation of euthanasia; Regulation of physician-assisted suicide in the state of Oregon; Terminal sedation; End-of-life decisions in newborns; Withholding and withdrawing of artificially-provided fluids and nutrition; The legal basis for end-of-life decision making in the USA; Palliative care and hospice; Public trust in medicine and physicians. In the United States, teaching methods will include lectures, case discussion, and exposure to how some of the course’s themes are reflected in popular culture such as movies. Offered as BETH 315G and BETH 415G. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

BETH 353. Hindu and Jain Bioethics. 3 Units.
This course will provide both an introduction to basic Hinduism and Jainism and an introduction to Hindu and Jain bioethics. We will ask: How would a Hindu or a Jain respond to issues concerning euthanasia, abortion, and other topics of controversy. Are these answers altered in the North American context or in the light of recent technological changes? Offered as RLGN 353, RLGN 453, BETH 353, and BETH 453. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

BETH 360. Science and Society. 3 Units.
This course examines the complex ethical and other value relationships that exist between science and society. Students will be encouraged to question the simplistic view that science proceeds independently of societal values and contentious ethical commitments. A range of other social factors, such as ethical belief systems, political forces, and large-scale financial interests all influence new scientific and technological developments. In order to illuminate each of these larger themes, this course focuses on three exciting areas of scientific inquiry: stem cell research; synthetic biology; and nanotechnology. Each of these contentious scientific fields provides an excellent view into the challenging ethical, cultural, social, political, and economic issues that will face students, both as scholars and as citizens. No prior technical knowledge is necessary for any of these scientific areas. All relevant scientific information will be provided during the course by the professor. Offered as BETH 360 and PHIL 360.

BETH 371. Advanced Bioethics. 3 Units.
This course offers upper-level instruction on many key bioethical issues introduced in BETH-PHIL 271. The class follows a discussion-intensive seminar format. Students begin with an in-depth analysis of ethical issues surrounding the conduct of clinical trials, both within the U.S. and through U.S.-sponsored research abroad. Next students examine the philosophical and practical challenges involved in medical decision making for adults and pediatric patients. This course concludes by addressing the broader ethical problem of what duties we owe to future generations in terms of our reproductive choices and the allocation of health-related public expenditures. Each of these general topic areas - clinical trials, medical decision making, and future generations - is of crucial importance for all students whether one plans to enter a career in biomedical research, the healthcare professions, or some other career path. Everyone is a potential patient or the family member of a potential patient. The topics covered in Advanced Bioethics will help prepare students to become responsible participants in an increasingly complex biomedical world. Offered as BETH 371 and PHIL 371. Prereq; BETH 271 or PHIL 271.

BETH 371C. Advanced Bioethics: Clinical Observation. 1 Unit.
This course is a one credit class intended to supplement BETH 371: Advanced Bioethics. In this course students will become familiar with the clinical, psychological, social, professional, and institutional context in which bioethical problems arise. Students are exposed to clinical cases as they arise, to hospital ethics committees and ethics consultation programs, to institutional review boards (IRB), and to hospital policies covering "do not resuscitate" orders (DNR), advance directives, withdrawal of artificial feeding, and medical futility. The clinical rotation will consist of 20 hours of supervised observation where students attend structured clinical activities such as ICU rounds, case conferences as well as shadow clinicians that work with the Department of Bioethics and are used to having students at various levels of observers. The purpose of the clinical rotation will be to give students first hand observational experience in the health care system and how the key bioethical issues discussed in BETH 371 manifest in the clinical setting. The primary locations for this course are MetroHealth Medical Center and Louis Stokes Cleveland VA Medical Center. Prereq; BETH 271 or PHIL 271. Coreq; BETH 371 or PHIL 371.

BETH 401. Foundations in Bioethics I. 6 Units.
The first of the two required seminar courses, this course covers five basic topic areas in bioethics: death and dying; health professional-patient relationship; method and theory in bioethics; organ transplantation; and ethics and children. The course meets twice weekly and is taught in seminar format by Center faculty members who are experts on specific topics. Preentry.

BETH 402. Foundations in Bioethics II. 6 Units.
This course completes the required seminar core and covers the basic bioethics topic areas: health care justice; defining 'health care needs'; reproduction and fertility ethics; research ethics; and ethics in genetics. The course meets twice weekly and is taught in seminar format by Center faculty members who are experts on specific topics. Recommended preparation: BETH 401.
BETH 405. Clinical Ethics Rotation. 1.5 - 3 Unit.

In this course students will become familiar with the clinical, psychological, social, professional, and institutional context in which ethical problems arise. This course exposes students to clinical cases, to hospital ethics committees and ethics consultation programs, to institutional review boards (IRB), and to hospital policies covering the "do not resuscitate" orders (DNR), advance directives, withdrawal of artificial feeding, organ procurement and transplantation, and medical futility. Requires minimum of 8 total hours of rotation experience per week during two semester 10-week rotations. Locations for this course include: MetroHealth Medical Center, University Hospitals of Cleveland, and the Hospice of the Western Reserve. Recommended preparation: BETH 401 or concurrent enrollment.

BETH 407. Interprofessional Integrative Seminar. 0 Units.

This is an integrative seminar for dual professional degree students in Bioethics, e.g. Bioethics and Law, Bioethics and Public Health, Bioethics and Medicine. It is required for all dual professional degree students in Bioethics who were admitted to Bioethics on or after January 1, 2013. Students are required to take the seminar for two semesters at any time during their Bioethics program. The course focuses on the study of selected texts with respect to ethical issues and interprofessional relationships. Prereq: Must be a dual professional degree student.

BETH 408. Ethics, Law and Health Research. 3 Units.

This course focuses on an examination of issues arising at the juncture of law, ethics, and health research, such as informed consent, the assessment of risks and benefits, conflict of interest, and scientific misconduct. Particular attention is placed on issues arising in the context of study design and community based research. To the extent possible, the class will utilize a case-focused approach.

BETH 409. Global Justice and Bioethics. 3 Units.

This course aims to introduce students to the problem of global distributive justice, with an emphasis on both theoretical accounts of justice, and the practical implications of those accounts for important topics in global bioethics. The first half of this course will be devoted to important contemporary works which bring out core philosophical ideas about justice and how we address concerns of justice globally. The second half of this course will focus on current global bioethics topics, such as inequality and poverty, global intellectual property rights, the allocation of healthcare resources, the setting of research priorities, exploitation & the distribution of the benefits of research, and medical tourism. In addition to familiarizing students with the contemporary literature regarding global justice and related topics in bioethics, this course also seeks to help students strengthen their skills in reading, analyzing, interpreting, and engaging with philosophy and bioethics texts. This course is a seminar and will therefore emphasize in-class discussion rather than lecture. Students are expected to prepare by reading all assigned readings before class.

BETH 410. Reproductive Ethics. 3 Units.

Reproductive ethics is a sub-discipline of bioethics that deals with moral issues related to pregnancy, reproduction, and reproductive health care. Relevant issues include procreative liberty and reproductive rights, sterilization, contraception, abortion, conscientious refusals by health care professionals to participate in abortions or in other reproductive practices, reproductive genetic testing, prenatal healthcare, birthing practices, in vitro fertilization, surrogacy, gamete and embryos donation, and research involving reproductive materials. Particular attention will be paid to why each of these issues is controversial.

BETH 412. Ethical Issues in Genetics/Genomics. 3 Units.

This course is designed to familiarize graduate students with the major controversies over the generation and use of new human genetic information. Topics will include the spread of predictive genetic testing, prenatal diagnosis, genetic discrimination, human genetic variation research, eugenics, genetic counseling, and the limits of human gene therapy. The course will be conducted as a seminar, involving discussions of readings, guest speakers, and student presentations.

BETH 414. International Health Research Ethics. 3 Units.

This course will introduce students in the health and social sciences to key ethical issues that arise in international health research. The course will include intensive reading and case-based discussion of current ethical and moral quandaries posed by research conducted in the international arena. Five full-day sessions are planned. Each day will be divided into a series of formal presentations and active, group-based discussions around topics that include: the historical context of international health research; current international ethics principles, standards, and declarations; key tools and concepts for unpacking ethical issues in international health research; issues in informed consent and conflict of interest; "reasonable availability" and the conduct of clinical trials; cutting-edge international genetics research; and, the responsibility of researchers to the international health community. Course evaluation is based on class participation, a written exercise, and a case analysis.

BETH 415. International Bioethics: Policy and Practice. 3 Units.

Taught by Case and international faculty, this course will include 7-10 days of intensive didactic and experiential learning in one of several "host" countries. Examples of sites include: Free University of Amsterdam and University of Utrecht in the Netherlands; University of Paris in France; and Ben Gurion University in Israel. It will afford a unique opportunity to gain perspective on important bioethics issues in different societies, i.e., euthanasia, public health policies, access to healthcare, and stem cell research. At the international site, students will spend 6 hours per day (5 days) in seminar (involving didactics, discussion, and guided-observation clinical experience). There will be two 3-hour preparatory sessions, required reading, and two 3-hour post trip sessions. Requirements: preparation, attendance, and class participation, a 12-15 page paper (undergraduate credit) and a 15-20 page paper (graduate credit). Graduate credit will also require students to prepare a presentation for a post-intensive session. Enrollment will be capped at 25. This course has an additional fee to cover costs of travel and lodging. Limited scholarships are available. Offered as BETH 315 and BETH 415.

BETH 415A. International Bioethics Policy and Practice: Women's Health in the Netherlands. 3 Units.

This 3-credit course allows students to familiarize themselves with social policies and practices related to women's health in the United States and the Netherlands. Issues covered in the course include birth control and family planning, abortion, prenatal testing, childbirth, health care disparities, cosmetic surgery, prostitution and trafficking in women. This course also addresses the US and Dutch national policies regarding the public provision of health care for women. The course places an emphasis on the ways in which social norms shape policies over time, which political actors are involved in shaping women's health policy, and the balance between women's health as a matter of the public good or individual responsibility. This course substantively explores gender-specific cultural values and practices in relation to women's health in the United States and the Netherlands and will help students develop the analytical skills necessary for evaluating social policy and ethical issues related to women's health. Offered as BETH 315A and BETH 415A. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.
BETH 415B. International Bioethics Policy and Practice: Public Health in the Netherlands. 3 Units.
This one week 3-credit intensive course will be held in Amsterdam, The Netherlands. Taught by faculty from Case and Utrecht University, this course offers students a cross-cultural perspective on ethical dilemmas raised by the practice of public health in the United States and Northern Europe. Additionally, this course examines policies related to prostitution, drug use, sex education, infectious disease prevention, and access to health care and how they differ in the cultural and political settings of U.S. and the Netherlands. We will examine both the rationales and outcomes of Dutch and American policies, stimulating course participants to consider their own views on these often controversial issues. Prior to the trip, students will attend lectures at Case, which will acquaint them with the theoretical approaches to public health ethics and major issues raised in the practice of public health. In these pre-trip sessions, students will also analyze and report on a case study designed to stimulate critical thinking on comparative public health ethics. In Amsterdam, students will attend lectures that will be supplemented by site visits and discussion sessions aimed at exploring the ethics of public health policy and practice in the Netherlands. Following the intensive week in Amsterdam, students will meet with instructors at Case for two hours to discuss their experiences and compare policies and practices in the U.S. and the Netherlands. Offered as BETH 315B and BETH 415B. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

BETH 415C. International Bioethics Policy and Practice: Health Care Costa Rica. 3 Units.
This 3-credit course gives students the unique opportunity to observe patients and practitioners encounter in a radically different health care system. Costa Rica has one of the most comprehensive health care systems in the Western hemisphere, featuring the innovative use of mid-level health care workers organized in basic comprehensive health care teams. This has resulted in a longer life expectancy than the United States, despite a per capita GDP of only $10,000 per person. Students will gain first-hand experience of Costa Rican health care through field experiences at sites including a national hospital in the capital city, San Jose; a peripheral treatment clinic in a smaller town; and observation of the work of an integrated basic health care team in an indigenous reserve. Following each visit, students will discuss the practical and ethical dilemmas that practitioners face in the context of the Costa Rican health care system. Specific topics include: health inequalities within and between nations; the ethics of transplantation, medical research, and end-of-life care; and health care in rural environments and with indigenous populations. Offered as BETH 315C and BETH 415C. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

BETH 415D. French Connections, A Cross-Cultural Comparison of Medical Ethics. 3 Units.
This 3-credit course is collaboration between Case Western Reserve University and the University of Paris. The course includes a ten-day trip to Paris, France over Spring Break. This course offers a cross-cultural comparison of the French and American medical systems. Students will have the unique opportunity to learn first-hand how the French medical education system is structured and how the social, cultural and political contexts in France shape medical and ethical issues. The trip includes guided field experiences in French clinical settings as well as opportunities to engage with French faculty members and physicians about contemporary issues in bioethics. Ethical issues that may be considered may include reproductive rights, decision-making involving severely impaired newborns, withholding/withdrawing life-sustaining treatment and issues in organ donation and transplant. The course also will also emphasize the role of French culture and history while in Paris with museum and site visits designed to complement seminar content and offer real-life illustrations of course content. Prior to the trip, students attend six hours of lectures, either at Case Western Reserve University or via a web-based tutorial. They are expected to become familiar with the representative articles assigned for the course, and be prepared to integrate those readings into pre-trip class participation and active participation while in France. Following the trip, students meet with the instructor for an additional four hours to discuss and synthesize their experiences. Offered as BETH 315D and BETH 415D. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

BETH 415E. International Bioethics: Policy and Practice--US and Spanish Perspectives, Salamanca Spain. 3 Units.
This 3-credit hour course will introduce advanced undergraduate and graduate students to theoretical and practical aspects of bioethics in a European context. Continental health professionals and bioethicists work in an environment that differs from the American context in at least three important dimensions: the political structure of their health care systems, the cultural influence of their religious histories, and the theoretical perspective of continental moral philosophy. The University of Salamanca in Spain, one of the oldest universities in Europe (known as the “Oxford of Spain”), will be used in this course as a focal point for examining the interplay of these three dimensions in shaping institutional and professional approaches to specific problems in bioethics, including end of life decisions, organ procurement and allocation, reproductive ethics, health care justice, and environmental bioethics (“eco-ethics”). This course will help advanced students who are already grounded in American bioethics develop the analytical skills necessary for evaluating European bioethical scholarship and policy-making, while helping less advanced students develop a familiarity with fundamental similarities and differences between bioethics in Spain and the U.S. The course will include a one week trip to Salamanca, Spain where students will be taught by instructors and faculty from the University of Salamanca. Teaching will include some guided field experiences and regular discussion sessions with the course faculty. Prior to the trip, students will attend 4 hours of class at Case to become familiar with elements of political theory and moral philosophy relevant to the in-country discussions. Following the trip, students will meet with instructors for an additional 2 hours. Offered as BETH 315E and BETH 415E. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.
BETH 417. Introduction to Public Health Ethics. 3 Units.
The course will introduce students to theoretical and practical aspects of ethics and public health. This course will help students develop the analytical skills necessary for evaluating ethical issues in public health policy and public health prevention, treatment, and research. Will include intensive reading and case-based discussions. Evaluation based on class participation, a written exercise and a case analysis. Open to graduate students with permission from instructors.

BETH 418. Critical Issues in Research Ethics. 3 Units.
This 3-credit intensive course will provide an overview of research ethics. Students will have the opportunity to analyze specific issues regarding related research ethics. Enrollment preference will be given to Masters-level bioethics students in the Research Ethics Track (RET). The course provides students with a comprehensive study of critical issues in research ethics, including the modern history of research ethics in science and medicine, the ethics of clinical trial design and conduct, advanced issues in informed consent, the ethics of animal experimentation, and key issues in genetics research. Coursework will include case studies and in-depth readings to highlight topic areas. Discussions of ethical and regulatory frameworks that influence decision-making, policy development, and the conduct of biomedical and social-behavioral science research will allow students to explore the nuances, gaps, challenges, and concerns present in research, particularly research involving human subjects. Topics will be addressed within the framework of integrating research ethics into the scientific process. Students are expected to lead class discussions and write a course-relevant paper. Enrollment will be limited to 15 students. Class will meet weekly for 3 hours.

BETH 419. Ethics and the Business of Biomedicine. 3 Units.
Central to current national discourse are concerns about ethics, costs, and profits in relation to health care. These concerns are primarily driven by major shifts in health care during the 20th century. These shifts include: the transformation of professional medical practice from a service orientation to a market orientation; the emergence of powerful pharmaceutical and health care corporations; the development of new, innovative, and expensive biomedical technologies by for-profit enterprises. This course will focus on questions about values (e.g., distributive justice, rights, human dignity, community welfare in relation to the business of medicine. Topics covered include: 1) commodification in relation to health care; 2) the just distribution of health care goods and services in market economies; 3) pharmaceutical research, development, and marketing; and 4) ethical issues in the sale of human body parts and ethically contentious services (like contract surrogacy). While course topics will be addressed primarily in reference to the United States, students will have some opportunity to analyze specific issues regarding these topics from an international perspective.

BETH 420. Critical Issues in Research Ethics. 3 Units.
This course is open to graduate students with an interest in health-related research ethics. Enrollment preference will be given to Masters-level bioethics students in the Research Ethics Track (RET). The course provides students with a comprehensive study of critical issues in research ethics, including the modern history of research ethics in science and medicine, the ethics of clinical trial design and conduct, advanced issues in informed consent, the ethics of animal experimentation, and key issues in genetics research. Coursework will include case studies and in-depth readings to highlight topic areas. Discussions of ethical and regulatory frameworks that influence decision-making, policy development, and the conduct of biomedical and social-behavioral science research will allow students to explore the nuances, gaps, challenges, and concerns present in research, particularly research involving human subjects. Topics will be addressed within the framework of integrating research ethics into the scientific process. Students are expected to lead class discussions and write a course-relevant paper. Enrollment will be limited to 15 students. Class will meet weekly for 3 hours.

BETH 421. Research Ethics Practicum. 1.5 Unit.
The Research Ethics Practicum (80 hours, 1.5 CREDITS) is designed to complement the theoretical and conceptual training received in the course, Critical Issues in Research Ethics. By way of a series of campus-wide rotations, students learn about the practical, everyday side of research administration, compliance, and scientific review. Students will work with key staff in research ethics centers, and observe their day-to-day operations, as well as attend institutional review board (IRB) and Institutional Animal Care and Use Committee (IACUC) meetings. They will become familiar with human subjects, animal, and tissue research regulations and policies as these are applied in an institutional/academic research context. Students will also spend time in a clinical trials unit and tour animal care facilities. The practicum has the following overall objectives: (1) students will be able to identify, analyze, and understand research ethics issues as they develop in the context of actual institutional research governance (2) students will gain an understanding of methods of ethical research design and implementation.
BETH 422. Clinical Ethics: Theory & Practice. 3 Units.
This course will focus on both theoretical and practical issues in clinical ethics. Clinical ethics will be distinguished from other areas of bioethics by highlighting distinctive features of the clinical context which must be taken into account in clinical ethics policy and practice. Fundamental moral and political foundations of clinical ethics will be examined, as well as the role of bioethical theory and method in the clinical context. Topical issues to be considered may include informed consent; decision capacity; end of life decision making; confidentiality and privacy; the role and function of ethics committees; ethics consultation; the role of the clinical ethicist; decision making in various pediatric settings (from neonatal through adolescent); the role of personal values in professional life (e.g., rights of conscience issues, self disclosure and boundary issues); dealing with the chronically non-adherent patient; ethical issues in organ donation and transplant; health professional-patient communication; medical mistakes; and other ethical issues that emerge in clinical settings.

BETH 430. Bioethics in Literature. 1 Unit.
This course complements the Foundation course in the MA bioethics program by introducing students to narrative literature (fiction, nonfiction and poetry) that addresses ethical issues in medicine. The material is frequently the work of physicians and patients who narrate their respective experiences. As such, narrative provides direct insights into the practice of modern medicine tested against both accepted and controversial moral norms and serves as a vehicle for discussion and analysis of ethical issues. These issues involve topics such as death and dying, reproduction, pediatrics, women as patients and clinicians, public health and medicine as a profession and its practice as a privilege. Students will sample the work, among others, of William Carlos Williams, Lewis Thomas, Toni Morrison, Margaret Atwood, John Donne, Dylan Thomas and Abraham Verghese.

BETH 440. Science and Society Through Literature. 3 Units.
This course will examine the interaction of scientific investigation and discovery with the society it occurred in. What is the effect of science on society and, as importantly, what is the effect of society on science? An introduction will consider the heliocentric controversy with focus on Galileo. Two broad areas, tuberculosis and the Frankenstein myth, will then be discussed covering the period 1800-present. With tuberculosis, fiction, art and music will be examined to understand the changing views of society towards the disease, how society’s perception of tuberculosis victims changed, and how this influenced their treatments and research. With Frankenstein, the original novel in its historical context will be examined. Using fiction and film, the transformation of the original story into myth with different connotations and implications will be discussed. Most classes will be extensive discussions coupled with student presentations of assigned materials. Offered as PHRM 440, BETH 440, PHRM 440, and HSTY 440.

BETH 453. Hindu and Jain Bioethics. 3 Units.
This course will provide both an introduction to basic Hinduism and Jainism and an introduction to Hindu and Jain bioethics. We will ask: How would a Hindu or a Jain respond to issues concerning euthanasia, abortion, and other topics of controversy. Are these answers altered in the North American context or in the light of recent technological changes? Offered as RLGN 353, RLGN 453, BETH 353, and BETH 453. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

BETH 466. Promoting Health Across Boundaries. 3 Units.
This course examines the concepts of health and boundary spanning and how the synergy of the two can produce new, effective approaches to promoting health. Students will explore and analyze examples of individuals and organizations boundary spanning for health to identify practice features affecting health, compare and contrast practices and approaches, and evaluate features and context that promote or inhibit boundary spanning and promoting health. Offered as MPH 466, EPBI 466, SOCI 466, NURS 466 and BETH 466. Prereq: Graduate student status or instructor consent.

BETH 503. Research Ethics and Regulation. 2 Units.
This course is designed to introduce students to the ethical, policy, and legal issues raised by research involving human subjects. It is intended for law students, post-doctoral trainees in health-related disciplines and other students in relevant fields. Topics include (among others): regulation and monitoring of research; research in third-world nations; research with special populations; stem cell and genetic research; research to combat bioterrorism; scientific misconduct; conflicts of interest; commercialization and intellectual property; and the use of deception and placebos. Course will meet once per week for 2 hours throughout the semester. Grades will be based on class participation and a series of group projects and individual short writing assignments. Offered as BETH 503, CRSP 603 and LAWS 603.

BETH 504. Critical Readings in Bioethics. 3 Units.
This course will focus on both normative (traditional) and descriptive (empirical) approaches to bioethics. It will be co-directed by two faculty members, one with a specialization in normative bioethics and one with a specialization in descriptive bioethics.

BETH 505. Methods in Normative Bioethics I. 3 Units.
The first of the two required Methods seminars is designed to give graduate students an intensive introduction to the modes of moral reasoning that have been adopted and adapted by contemporary Bioethics, and the major critical perspectives that have been brought to bear upon them.

BETH 506. Methods in Normative Bioethics II. 3 Units.
The second of the two required Methods seminars is designed to give graduate students an intensive introduction to the modes of moral reasoning that have been adopted and adapted by contemporary Bioethics, and the major critical perspectives that have been brought to bear upon them.

BETH 507. Research Design in Bioethics I. 3 Units.
The first of two empirical research courses will introduce students to theoretical and methodological approaches in the design and implementation of empirical research on topics in biomedical ethics. Students will be provided with a comprehensive and robust exploration of empirical models for the development of bioethics research and the skills for critically assessing the optimal methods for designing studies relevant to ethical issues in biomedicine.

BETH 508. Research Design in Bioethics II. 3 Units.
The second of two empirical research courses will introduce students to theoretical and methodological approaches in the design and implementation of empirical research on topics in biomedical ethics. Students will be provided with a comprehensive and robust exploration of empirical models for the development of bioethics research and the skills for critically assessing the optimal methods for designing studies relevant to ethical issues in biomedicine. Prereq: BETH 507.
BETH 511. Grant Writing. 3 Units.
This course will teach students the fundamentals of writing a grant proposal. We will concentrate on NIH-style applications, although the principals of grant writing can be applied to any venue. In the process of working through devising a research question and study design, students will be encouraged to use this as an opportunity to think about their dissertation topic. In addition to applying theoretical and research design knowledge gained through their other core course work, the course will also teach students about how to complete application forms and to create a budget. We will also familiarize students with the peer review process. Each student will produce a draft grant application. The students will form a mock peer review section and will critique the grants.

BETH 512. Clinical Ethics Rotation - Ph.D.. 1.5 Unit.
In this course students will become familiar with the clinical, psychological, social, professional, and institutional context in which ethical problems arise. This course exposes students to clinical cases, to hospital ethics committees and ethics consultation programs, to institutional review boards (IRB), and to hospital policies covering the “do not resuscitate” orders (DNR), advance directives, withdrawal of artificial feeding, organ procurement an transplantation, and medical futility. Requires minimum of 10 total hours of rotation experience per week during two semester 10-week rotations. Locations for this course include: MetroHealth Medical Center, University Hospitals of Cleveland, and the Hospice of the Western Reserve. Recommended preparation: BETH 520/521 or concurrent enrollment.

BETH 520. Foundations in Bioethics I - Ph.D.. 3 Units.
The first of the two required seminar courses, this course covers five basic topic areas in bioethics: death and dying; health professional-patient relationship; method and theory in bioethics; organ transplantation; and ethics and children. The course meets twice weekly and is taught in seminar format by Center faculty members who are experts on specific topics.

BETH 521. Foundations in Bioethics II - Ph.D.. 3 Units.
The second of the two required seminar courses, this course covers five basic topic areas in bioethics: death and dying; health professional-patient relationship; method and theory in bioethics; organ transplantation; and ethics and children. The course meets twice weekly and is taught in seminar format by Center faculty members who are experts on specific topics.

BETH 604. Advanced Research Ethics Seminar. 0 Units.
This course meets for two hours each month and is focused on the following topics and the development of the stated competencies: September Introduction; How to critically analyze the literature; Facilitator critique of assigned manuscript; Designing re-entry projects Critical analysis of literature. October Trainee #1 critique of assigned manuscript; Methodological and ethical issues in designing and reviewing research; Trainee presentation of concept papers for re-entry projects Critical review of research protocols and manuscripts; Issues in designing research. November Trainee #2 critique of assigned manuscript; How to prepare and present professional presentations Critical analysis of literature; Oral presentation skills December Trainee #3 critique of assigned manuscript; Principles of adult education Critical analysis of literature; Oral presentation skills; Development of teaching skills. January Trainee #1 critique of assigned manuscript; Principles of adult education Critical analysis of literature; Oral presentation skills. February Trainee #2 critique of assigned manuscript; Developing submissions for IRB review Critical analysis of literature; Oral presentation skills; Identifying and addressing ethical issues in research; Preparation of IRB submissions. March Trainee #3 critique of assigned manuscript; Update on development of re-entry projects; Logistical issues related to re-entry projects; Manuscript preparation Critical analysis of literature; Oral presentation skills; Implementing research; Preparing work for publication; Negotiation skills. April Re-entry issued Implementing research; Readjustment. This course is only open to trainees in the Fogarty-funded Training Program in International Research Ethics.

BETH 605. Special Study: IRB Administration. 1.5 Unit.
This course is limited to Fogarty-sponsored trainees in the Training Program in International Research Ethics. The course, which meets 1.5 hours per week, focuses on issues relevant to the management and administrations of the various functions of research ethics review committees. Topics to be covered include identification and selection of appropriate community representatives for membership and/or consultation, utilization of independent experts/consultants, recordkeeping, approaches to communication with investigators, and others. Regular guest lectures will be provided by members of the various local IRBs, staff members of local IRBs, and senior investigators. The course will utilize a case-based approach.

(Credit as arranged.) Prereq: Predoctoral research consent or advanced to Ph.D. candidacy milestone.

Department of Genetics and Genome Sciences
Clarice Young (clarice.young@case.edu), Coordinator

The Department of Genetics & Genome Sciences embraces a unified program devoted to outstanding research and teaching in all areas of genetics, with particular emphases on genomics, human genetics and animal models, development, and chromosome structure and function. Faculty conduct internationally recognized research programs in each of these areas. The also are committed to training the next generations of leading genetics researchers. The department has three special programs: the Center for Human Genetics, the Center for Computational Genomics, and the Genomic Medicine Institute (descriptions appear later in this narrative).

Programs offered lead to the PhD, combined MD/PhD degree, or MS with a special emphasis in genetic counseling. In addition to required and elective coursework, students participate in ongoing journal clubs,
MS Genetic Counseling

The Genetic Counseling Training Program is a 40 credit hour program that spans four academic semesters and an intervening summer. Acquisition and mastery of clinical competencies are reflected in the Program’s didactic coursework, clinical rotations, thesis process and supplementary experiences. The sequence of medical genetics courses and genetic counseling courses are designed to introduce concepts regarding medical genetics, general medical practice, counseling theory and clinical skills such that they build from beginning skills to a more advanced skill set in the order needed for clinical experiences. The goal of the program is to provide students with the knowledge and clinical skills to function as competent and caring genetic counselors in a wide range of settings and roles. All of these activities enable successful graduates to meet the clinical competencies as outlined by the American Board of Genetic Counseling (ABGC).

Experiential professional training occurs concurrently with formal coursework and over the summer between years one and two. Clinical settings include a variety of clinics and inpatient services at the Center for Human Genetics at University Hospitals Case Medical Center, the Genomic Medicine Institute at the Cleveland Clinic, Genetic Services at MetroHealth Medical Center and Medical Genetics at Akron Children’s Hospital. Students also rotate through the Center for Human Genetics and Biostatistics in the School of Medicine and in the Department of Epidemiology and Biostatistics, the Department of Electrical Engineering and Computer Science in the School of Engineering, the Center for Computational Genomics, and the Center for Human Genetics.

Diagnostic Laboratory which includes experiences in cytogenetics, molecular genetics, cancer cytogenetics and maternal serum screening. Student participation in these and other departmental professional and educational activities such as lectures, seminars, journal club, grand rounds, genetics conferences, and various research, counseling and patient management conferences is expected throughout the program. Coursework and clinical experiences are designed to develop the competencies expected by the ABGC.

The First Year

The major activities during the first year consist of course work (in plan of study below), clinical observations and defining a research question and preparing a research proposal. Observational clinical rotations begin early in October with students observing in prenatal genetics, cancer genetics, and general genetics clinics at the program’s three affiliated institutions. Additionally, students meet several times over the fall semester to discuss the thesis process, potential topics and are introduced to the faculty’s research areas of interest.

In addition to continuing clinical observational rotations and thesis work, students continue with course work including an introduction to research methods and more in-depth theory and practice in the psychosocial aspects of counseling during spring semester.

During the intervening summer of years 1 and 2, students begin clinical rotations at the Medical Genetics Division at Akron Children’s Hospital, to gain exposure in various clinical settings including prenatal, general genetics, pediatrics, specialty clinics and cancer genetics clinic. They also rotate through the Center for Human Genetics Laboratory to become familiarized with the clinical aspects of a diagnostic cytogenetics and molecular genetics laboratory.

The Second Year

The major focus of the second year is continued clinical experiences, research and taking the comprehensive written and oral examination. Students also complete their coursework, taking one course each semester.

At the beginning of spring semester in January, the students sit for the written comprehensive examination (covering the didactic and clinical genetic counseling material covered to date in the program) and the oral section of the examination, which is given shortly after the written portion. Both examinations are intended to allow students to expand on their knowledge base of human and medical genetics and genetic counseling. Students are expected to pass both sections of the examination in order to meet graduation requirements by the Program. The written portion of the examination is patterned after the certification examination given by the American Board of Genetic Counseling.

Students continue to work on data collection and analyses for their theses projects, which should result in a publishable document. They meet with the PD periodically to review their progress as well as with their thesis committee and of course, are meeting with their mentor on a more frequent basis. During the fall semester of second year the student also attend the National Society of Genetic Counselors annual education meeting. This provides an opportunity for students to meet genetic counselors from across the country, to attend scientific sessions to continue adding to their knowledge base and to meet and discuss job opportunities with prospective employers. Successful completion of the program fulfills the curricular and clinical training requirements for eligibility to sit for the certification examination given by the ABGC.
The sequence of courses for students graduating in 2012 is as follows:

## MS Plan of Study

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>First Year</th>
<th>Units</th>
<th>Fall</th>
<th>Spring</th>
<th>Summer</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Intensive: Medical Terminology and SOM Block 2 lectures</td>
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<tr>
<td>Advanced Medical Genetics: Clinical Genetics (GENE 525)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Embryology (online course)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Principles and Practices of Genetic Counseling (GENE 528)</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>Advanced Medical Genetics: Molecular &amp; Cytogenetics (GENE 524)</td>
<td>2</td>
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<tr>
<td>Advanced Medical Genetics: Quantitative Genetics &amp; Genomics (GENE 526)</td>
<td>2</td>
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<tr>
<td>Intensive: Human Development (1 week)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Psychosocial Issues in Genetic Counseling (GENE 529)</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>Family System Interventions (SASS 517)</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>Thesis M.S. (GENE 651)</td>
<td>2</td>
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<tr>
<td>Cancer Genetics (GENE 531)</td>
<td>2</td>
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<tr>
<td>Clinical Practicum in Genetic Counseling (GENE 532)</td>
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<td>Year Total:</td>
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### Second Year

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<tr>
<th>Units</th>
<th>Fall</th>
<th>Spring</th>
<th>Summer</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Advanced Medical Genetics: Biochemical Genetics (GENE 527) or Advanced Medical Genetics: Quantitative Genetics &amp; Genomics (GENE 526)</td>
<td>2</td>
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<tr>
<td>Clinical Practicum in Genetic Counseling (GENE 532)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Thesis M.S. (GENE 651)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Ethical and Professional Issues in Genetic Counseling (GENE 530)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Clinical Practicum in Genetic Counseling (GENE 532)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Thesis M.S. (GENE 651)</td>
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<td>Year Total:</td>
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**Total Units in Sequence:** 40

## PhD Genetics

Admissions to the Genetics program may be obtained through the integrated Biomedical Sciences Training Program, by direct admission to the department or via the MSTP program. The following summary pertains to most incoming PhD students, regardless of the route through which they enter the program. Exceptions are occasionally made to reflect previous educational experiences (e.g., a prior MS degree).

### The First Year

Course work, rotations in at least three laboratories, and participation in seminars, journal clubs, and research meetings are the major activities of first year students. During the Fall term, most students take core courses in Cell and Molecular Biology (CBIO 453 Cell Biology I/CBIO 455 Molecular Biology I) that are offered for Biomedical Sciences Training Program departments. Laboratory rotations begin in early July and the choice of a thesis advisor is usually made at the end of December (see below for more details on Choosing an Advisor).

During the Spring term, PhD students take the core Advanced Eukaryotic Genetics course sequence (GENE 500 Advanced Eukaryotic Genetics I/GENE 504 Advanced Eukaryotic Genetics II), which is followed by a written comprehensive examination in late May or early June. This core course is designed to acquaint students with fundamental principles and methodologies used in modern genetic research. The focus is on similarities and differences between different model organisms used in genetics research. Also during the Spring term and continuing into the Summer, students begin formulating a doctoral research proposal.

### The Second Year and Beyond

During the second year, students participate in a Proposal Writing Workshop (GENE 511 Grant Writing and Reviewing Skills Workshop) and take other advanced elective courses based on the academic background and interest of the student. The remaining elective credits can be satisfied by choosing from the courses offered by departmental faculty or participating training faculty from other departments (see List of Courses below). At the end of the second academic year, students must pass an oral proposal defense in order to advance to candidacy for the PhD degree. An outline of the typical course of study is shown below.

## PhD Genetics, Plan of Study Sample

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>First Year</th>
<th>Units</th>
<th>Fall</th>
<th>Spring</th>
<th>Summer</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cell Biology I (CBIO 453/455)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Molecular Biology I (CBIO 455)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Complete 3 lab rotations (July 1 to Dec 15)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Choose Ph.D. mentor (end December)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Research in Genetics (GENE 601)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Advanced Eukaryotic Genetics I (GENE 500/504)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Ph.D. Comprehensive exam (end of May or early June)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Advanced Eukaryotic Genetics II (GENE 504)</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>Research in Genetics (GENE 601)</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>Program Directors meet with students to discuss status, mentor; students begin assembling PhD thesis committee</td>
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<tr>
<td>Year Total:</td>
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### Second Year

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<th>Units</th>
<th>Fall</th>
<th>Spring</th>
<th>Summer</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Grant Writing and Reviewing Skills Workshop (GENE 511)</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>Elective course (Genetics or other)</td>
<td>3</td>
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</table>
Research in Genetics (GENE 601)  3
Elective course (Genetics or other)  3
Research in Genetics (GENE 601)  6
Oral Defense of Thesis Proposal (to be completed by June 1)  6

Year Total:  9  9

Third Year

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Units</th>
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<th>Summer</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Elective</td>
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<tr>
<td>Either semester 1 elective course (Genetics or other)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Dissertation Ph.D. (GENE 701)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Dissertation Ph.D. (GENE 701)</td>
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<td>Year Total:</td>
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Fourth Year

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<th>Units</th>
<th>Fall</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Dissertation Ph.D. (GENE 701)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Dissertation Ph.D. (GENE 701)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Year Total:</td>
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Total Units in Sequence:  72

Please also see Graduate Studies Academic Requirements for Doctoral Degrees (p. 668).

Other Requirements

- Students meet twice per year with Thesis Committee
- Students meet once per year with Genetics Graduate Education Committee
- Genetics Student Seminar (weekly attendance, yearly presentation)
- Genetics Journal Club (weekly attendance, yearly presentation in spring semester)
- Genetics Retreat (yearly participation, organized by students)
- Two first-author, peer-reviewed publications

Courses

GENE 367. Commercialization and Intellectual Property Management. 4 Units.
This interdisciplinary course covers a variety of topics, including principles of intellectual property and intellectual property management, business strategies and modeling relevant to the creation of start-up companies and exploitation of IP rights as they relate to biomedical-related inventions. The goal of this course is to address issues relating to the commercialization of biomedical-related inventions by exposing law students, MBA students, and Ph.D. candidates (in genetics and proteomics) to the challenges and opportunities encountered when attempting to develop biomedical intellectual property from the point of early discovery to the clinic and market. Specifically, this course seeks to provide students with the ability to value a given technological advance or invention holistically, focusing on issues that extend beyond scientific efficacy and include patient and practitioner value propositions, legal and intellectual property protection, business modeling, potential market impacts, market competition, and ethical, social, and healthcare practitioner acceptance. During this course, law students, MBA students, and Ph.D. candidates in genomics and proteomics will work in teams of five (two laws students, two MBA students and one Ph.D. candidate), focusing on issues of commercialization and IP management of biomedical-related inventions. The instructors will be drawn from the law school, business school, and technology-transfer office. Please visit the following website for more information: fusioninnovate.com. Offered as LAWS 5341, MGMT 467, GENE 367, GENE 467, EBME 467 and EECS 467.

GENE 451. Principles of Genetic Epidemiology. 3 Units.
A survey of the basic principles, concepts and methods of the discipline of genetic epidemiology, which focuses on the role of genetic factors in human disease and their interaction with environmental and cultural factors. Many important human disorders appear to exhibit a genetic component; hence the integrated approaches of genetic epidemiology bring together epidemiologic and human genetic perspectives in order to answer critical questions about human disease. Methods of inference based upon data from individuals, pairs of relatives, and pedigrees will be considered. Offered as EPBI 451, GENE 451, and MPHP 451.
GENE 467. Commercialization and Intellectual Property Management. 4 Units.
This interdisciplinary course covers a variety of topics, including principles of intellectual property and intellectual property management, business strategies and modeling relevant to the creation of start-up companies and exploitation of IP rights as they relate to biomedical-related inventions. The goal of this course is to address issues relating to the commercialization of biomedical-related inventions by exposing law students, MBA students, and Ph.D. candidates (in genetics and proteomics) to the challenges and opportunities encountered when attempting to develop biomedical intellectual property from the point of early discovery to the clinic and market. Specifically, this course seeks to provide students with the ability to value a given technological advance or invention holistically, focusing on issues that extend beyond scientific efficacy and include patient and practitioner value propositions, legal and intellectual property protection, business modeling, potential market impacts, market competition, and ethical, social, and healthcare practitioner acceptance. During this course, law students, MBA students, and Ph.D. candidates in genomics and proteomics will work in teams of five (two laws students, two MBA students and one Ph.D. candidate), focusing on issues of commercialization and IP management of biomedical-related inventions. The instructors will be drawn from the law school, business school, and technology-transfer office. Please visit the following website for more information: fusioninnovate.com. Offered as LAWS 5341, MGMT 467, GENE 367, GENE 467, EBME 467 and EECS 467.

GENE 488. Yeast Genetics and Cell Biology. 3 Units.
This seminar course provides an introduction to the genetics and molecular biology of the yeasts S. cerevisiae and S. pombe by a discussion of current literature focusing primarily on topics in yeast cell biology. Students are first introduced to the tools of molecular genetics and special features of yeasts that make them important model eukaryotic organisms. Some selected topics include cell polarity, cell cycle, secretory pathways, vesicular and nuclear/cytoplasmic transport, mitochondrial import and biogenesis, chromosome segregation, cytoskeleton, mating response and signal transduction. Offered as CLBY 488, GENE 488, MBIO 488, and PATH 488.

GENE 500. Advanced Eukaryotic Genetics I. 3 Units.
Fundamental principles of modern genetics; transmission, recombination, structure and function of the genetic material in eukaryotes, dosage compensation, behavior and consequences of chromosomal abnormalities, mapping and isolation of mutations, gene complementation and genetic interactions. Recommended preparation: BIOL 362.

GENE 503. Readings and Discussions in Genetics. 0 - 3 Units.
(Credit as arranged.) In-depth consideration of special selected topics through critical evaluation of classic and current literature.

GENE 504. Advanced Eukaryotic Genetics II. 3 Units.
Fundamental principles of modern genetics; population and quantitative genetics, dissection of genome organization and function, transgenics, developmental genetics, genetic strategies for dissecting complex pathways in organisms ranging from Drosophila and C. elegans to mouse and human. Recommended preparation: GENE 500 or permission of instructor.

GENE 505. Genetics Journal Club. 1 Unit.
Genetics Journal Club is a graduate level course designed to facilitate discussion of topics in Genetics. Students choose “hot” papers in Genetics and present them to their peers. Group presentations are designed to encourage audience participation. The intent of this class is to expose students to cutting edge topics in Genetics and to instill teaching and leadership skills.

GENE 508. Bioinformatics and Computational Genomics. 3 Units.
The course is designed to provide an understanding of theory and application of computational methods for molecular biology research. The course will be divided into four primary sections: DNA methods, protein methods, structure analysis (RNA and protein) and phylogenetic analysis. Special emphasis will be placed on the use and development of tools to search and analyze large amounts of sequence data generated as part of the Genome Projects in human, Drosophila and other eukaryotic organisms. The course offers extensive hands-on computational training using UNIX, Web and PC-based software. As such, for every hour of lecture material there will be two corresponding hours of computational laboratory time. In the initial year, enrollment will be limited to five students. Preference will be given to senior-level genetics graduate students or post-doctoral fellows. Recommended preparation: GENE 500 and GENE 504 or permission of instructor.

GENE 511. Grant Writing and Reviewing Skills Workshop. 3 Units.
This is an introductory graduate course in grant writing and reviewing skills. During this course each student will write a research grant on a topic of his or her choice. Proposals may form the basis for the written component of the preliminary examination in the Genetics Department. Students will also participate in editing and reviewing the proposals of their classmates. Prereq: GENE 500 and GENE 504 or consent of instructor.

GENE 513. Stem Cell Genetics. 3 Units.
This course focuses on fundamental aspects of development with implications for stem cell therapy, tissue engineering, regenerative medicine and postnatal health. The goal of the class is to inform and promote critical thinking and discussion of research topics of medical importance in developmental biology. The themes of the course will include the conditions and factors which promote pluripotency and differentiation, regeneration and repair, epigenetic stability and reprogramming, and prenatal conditions which affect postnatal health. The topics will include early embryonic development and embryonic stem cells, cardiac development and regeneration, bone development and repair, pancreatic development and regeneration, germ line stem cells and conditions affecting postnatal health. The course will be structured around facilitated discussion of the primary literature.

GENE 521. Chromatin, Epigenetics, and Disease. 3 Units.
The Departments of Genetics and Biochemistry are pleased to announce “Chromatin, Epigenetics, and Disease advanced graduate students. This course will review the history of chromatin and cover the relationships between chromatin structure and the processes of transcription, gene silencing, cell fate determination, DNA methylation, and RNA interference and other biological processes. The course will also cover epigenetic mechanisms and their effects on human disease. The course will emphasize critical reading of articles from the primary literature, presentations by students, and be predominantly discussion based. Limit: 12 students. Offered as BIOL 521 and GENE 521.
GENE 524. Advanced Medical Genetics: Molecular & Cytogenetics. 2 - 3 Units.
This course provides an in-depth forum for discussion of fundamental principles regarding clinical cytogenetics and molecular genetics and their relevance to medical genetics, genomics and genetic counseling. Following a historical overview, topics include a discussion of numerical and structural aberrations, sex chromosome abnormalities, issues regarding population cytogenetics, clinical relevance of such findings as marker chromosomes, mosaicism, contiguous gene deletions and uniparental disomy. The course will cover principles of molecular genetics including structure, function and regulations of genes (DNA, RNA, proteins), genetic variation, inheritance patterns and both cytogenetic and molecular laboratory techniques (fluorescence in situ hybridization, microarray, SNP analyses, sequencing) in the clinical laboratory. Students who register for 3.00 credit hours are required to do an additional paper.

GENE 525. Advanced Medical Genetics: Clinical Genetics. 2 - 3 Units.
Fundamental principles regarding congenital malformations, dysmorphology and syndromes. Discussion of a number of genetic disorders from a systems approach: CNS malformations, neurodegenerative disorders, craniofacial disorders, skeletal dysplasias, connective tissue disorders, hereditary cancer syndromes, etc. Discussions also include diagnosis, etiology, genetics, prognosis and management.

GENE 526. Advanced Medical Genetics: Quantitative Genetics & Genomics. 2 - 3 Units.
The purpose of this course is twofold: first, to provide a foundation in quantitative genetics and second, to focus on genomic approaches and technologies which have greatly expanded our understanding of not only rare genetic disorders but common ones as well. We will cover concepts related to risk assessment and calculation and its application to medical genetics including principles and application of Hardy Weinberg equilibrium as well as applying Bayes’ Theorem as a mechanism to refine risk assessment based on data specific to a patient. We will also focus on understanding the clinical implications of the interpretation of next generation sequencing results, identify limitations of genomic technologies, and practice curation / annotation and interpretation of genomic testing results. In addition, we will discuss resources and bioinformatics tools including national databases and clinical labs to aid in the interpretation of genomic test results including variants of uncertain significance. Students who register for 3.00 credit hours are required to do an additional paper.

GENE 527. Advanced Medical Genetics: Biochemical Genetics. 2 - 3 Units.
Fundamental principles of metabolic testing; amino acid disorders; organic acid disorders; carbohydrate disorders; peroxisomal disorders; mitochondrial disorders; etc. Discussion of screening principles and newborn screening as well as approaches to diagnosis, management and therapy for metabolic diseases.

GENE 528. Principles and Practices of Genetic Counseling. 3 Units.
Fundamental principles needed for the practicing genetic counselor. Topics include skills in obtaining histories (prenatal, perinatal, medical, developmental, psychosocial and family); pedigree construction and analysis, physical growth and development; the genetic evaluation; the physical examination and laboratory analyses; prenatal issues, prenatal screening and diagnosis; and teratogenicity.

GENE 529. Psychosocial Issues in Genetic Counseling. 3 Units.
Fundamental principles regarding the psychosocial aspects of genetic disease and birth defects, its psychological and social impact on the individual and family. Topics include the genetic counseling interview process, issues regarding pregnancy and prenatal diagnosis, chronicity, death and loss. Cultural issues and their impact on the genetic counseling session are addressed. Resources for families are also explored. Basic interviewing skills are presented. Students will have an opportunity for practice of skills through role play and actual interviewing situations.

GENE 530. Ethical and Professional Issues in Genetic Counseling. 2 Units.
Professional issues inherent in medical genetics and genetic counseling are addressed, including ethical, legal, religious, and cultural concepts. Fundamental principles of ethics are explored in some depth as they relate to genetic issues, such as autonomy and informed consent; use of the NSGC Code of Ethics is emphasized. Genetic counseling roles and responsibilities and aspects of a career as a professional are explored.

GENE 531. Cancer Genetics. 2 - 3 Units.
This seminar will discuss basic concepts in cancer epidemiology, principles of cancer genetics, inherited cancer syndromes, cytogenetics of cancers, predigree analysis for familial cancer risk and approaches to the differential diagnosis of inherited and familial cancers. Additionally, topics of risk assessment, genetic testing, screening, management and psychosocial issues in providing genetic counseling to patients with familial and inherited cancers will be discussed.

GENE 532. Clinical Practicum in Genetic Counseling. 1 - 6 Unit.
This clinical practicum provides the student an opportunity to function as a genetic counselor by preparing for cases; obtaining appropriate histories; determining risks; performing psychosocial assessments; discussing disease characteristics, inheritance, and natural history; providing anticipatory guidance and supportive counseling; using medical and community resources; and follow-up. Students rotate through four clinical areas and one laboratory and will register for a total of 12 hours over the course of the program. Recommended preparation: Admission to Genetic Counseling Training Program.

GENE 537. Microscopy-Principles and Applications. 3 Units.
This course provides an introduction to various types of light microscopy, digital and video imaging techniques, and their applications to biological and biomedical sciences via lectures and hands-on experience. Topics covered include geometrical and physical optics; brightfield, darkfield, phase contrast, DIC, fluorescence and confocal microscopes; and digital image processing. Offered as GENE 537, MBIO 537, and PHOL 537.

GENE 601. Research in Genetics. 1 - 9 Unit.
(Credit as arranged.)

GENE 651. Thesis M.S.. 1 - 9 Unit.
(Credit as arranged.) Master's Thesis Plan A.

GENE 701. Dissertation Ph.D.. 1 - 9 Unit.
(Credit as arranged.) Prereq: Predoctoral research consent or advanced to Ph.D. candidacy milestone.

Department of Neurosciences
Katie Wervey (kathleen.wervey@case.edu), Department Assistant

Understanding how the nervous system develops and functions to process information and mediate behavior and how it is altered by disease, injury and the environment is one of the most exciting frontiers remaining in biological science. Neuroscience is inherently
multidisciplinary and integrative and solving the major outstanding problems will require knowledge of molecular, cellular, systems, and behavioral levels of organization. It also requires a multidisciplinary approach combining the tools of electrophysiology, anatomy, biochemistry and molecular biology in studies of animals, brain slices, and tissue culture models.

The department offers a PhD program that provides interdisciplinary training in modern neurosciences through a combination of course work, seminars and research experience. Medical students are encouraged to pursue research projects with neurosciences faculty. Neuroscientists at CWRU are using state-of-the-art techniques and instrumentation to study diverse aspects of nervous system function, including neural circuitry and plasticity, development and regeneration, and cellular and molecular neurobiology. Techniques used include electrical recording and imaging to study the behavior of neurons from ion channels to how they function in awake, behaving animals; molecular genetic approaches to discover the roles of specific genes in circuit formation, synaptic function, and in neurological disorders; and anatomical, biochemical, computational, and behavioral methods to understand the normal nervous system and how it is affected by disease and injury.

PhD in Neurosciences

The Neurosciences graduate program has a strong emphasis on cellular and molecular mechanisms that mediate the function and development of the nervous system. Admissions to the Neurosciences PhD program may be obtained through the integrated Biomedical Sciences Training Program, by direct admission to the department or via the Medical Scientist Training Program. To earn a PhD in Neurosciences, a student must complete rotations in at least three laboratories, followed by selection of a research advisor, and complete Core and Elective coursework including responsible conduct of research as described in the plan of study, below. In general, students must be registered for a total of 9 credit hours each fall and spring semester until they advance to candidacy, at the end of their 2nd year. Students who previously completed relevant coursework, for example, with a MS, may petition to complete alternative courses. Each graduate program follows the overall regulations established and described in CWRU Graduate Studies and documented to the Regents of the State of Ohio.

In addition, each student must successfully complete a preliminary exam after year one, and a qualifier examination for advancement to candidacy in the form of a short grant proposal with oral defense. The qualifier is generally completed in the summer after year two. During the dissertation period, students are expected to meet twice a year with the thesis committee, present seminars in the department, and fulfill journal publication requirements. Throughout the doctoral training, students are expected to be enthusiastic participants in seminars, journal clubs, and research meetings in the lab and program. Completion of the PhD degree will require 36 hours of coursework (24 hours of which are graded) and 18 hours of NEUR 701 Dissertation Ph.D.

Plan of Study

Please also see Graduate Studies Academic Requirements for Doctoral Degrees (p. 668)

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<tr>
<td>Complete Qualifier Exam by July 31</td>
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<td>Form thesis committee</td>
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<td>Research</td>
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<tr>
<td>Thesis committee meetings every 6 months</td>
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<tr>
<td>Year Total:</td>
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Total Units in Sequence: 33-92

* NEUR 540 Advanced Topics in Neuroscience Ethics is offered every other spring semester (beginning 2008), so can be taken in 3rd or 4th year.
Courses

NEUR 402. Principles of Neural Science. 3 Units.
Lecture/discussion course covering concepts in cell and molecular neuroscience, principles of systems neuroscience as demonstrated in the somatosensory system, and fundamentals of the development of the nervous system. This course will prepare students for upper level Neuroscience courses and is also suitable for students in other programs who desire an understanding of neuroscience. Recommended preparation: CBIO 453. Offered as BIOL 402 and NEUR 402.

NEUR 405. Cellular and Molecular Neurobiology. 3 Units.
Cell biology of nerve cells, including aspects of synaptic structure physiology and chemistry. The application of molecular biological tools to questions of synaptic function will be addressed. Recommended preparation: BIOL 473. Prereq: NEUR 402.

NEUR 415. Neuroscience Seminars. 1 Unit.
Current topics of interest in neurosciences. Students attend weekly seminars. From this series, students prepare critiques. No credit is given for less than 75% attendance.

NEUR 419. Critical Thinking in Neuroscience. 3 Units.
The goal of this course is to develop the student's critical reasoning skills through reading and discussing primary research papers. Each year, the course will focus on 3-4 different topics selected by participating Neuroscience faculty members. Students will receive a letter grade based on their contributions to discussions, and at the discretion of the faculty, performance on exams and/or term paper. Prereq: NEUR 402.

NEUR 424. Sensory Neuroscience. 3 Units.
How do our brains and those of other animals allow for the acquisition and processing of unique sensory percepts? In what manners might sensory systems interact to enhance perception? Further, what happens to sensory system function in cases of neurological disorders? This course is a topic introduction to sensory neuroscience, a major area of modern neuroscience with connections to neurology, psychology, ethology, and related topics. Topics include visual, auditory, somatosensory, gustatory, and olfactory neuroscience. We will also examine the mechanisms and uses of magnetoreception, electroreception, echolocation, and other 'special' senses. All of the above topics will be covered under the theme of how animals actively sample their sensory environments for information. Prereq: BIOL 402 or BIOL 473 or NEUR 402 or PSCL 403 or Consent of Instructor.

NEUR 425. Stem Cell Biology and Therapeutics. 3 Units.
This course is intended to teach current understanding of stem cells as it relates to their characterization, function, and physiologic and pathological states. The course will expose students to the current understanding of various types of stem cells, including embryonic and adult stem cells of various tissues, techniques for their isolation and study. Experimental models and potential biomedical therapeutic applications will be discussed. The course will be taught by the faculty of the "Center for Stem Cell and Regenerative Medicine" who are affiliated with multiple departments of Case Western Reserve University, Cleveland Clinic Foundation and the partnering biomedical companies. Offered as NEUR 425 and PATH 425.

NEUR 427. Neural Development. 3 Units.
Topics include cell commitment, regulation of proliferation and differentiation, cell death and trophic factors, pathfinding by the outgrowing nerve fiber, synapse formation, relationships between center and periphery in development and the role of activity. Offered as BIOL 427 and NEUR 427.

NEUR 432. Current Topics in Vision Research. 3 Units.
Vision research is an exciting and multidisciplinary area that draws on the disciplines of biochemistry, genetics, molecular biology, structural biology, neuroscience, and pathology. This graduate level course will provide the student with broad exposure to the most recent and relevant research currently being conducted in the field. Topics will cover a variety of diseases and fundamental biological processes occurring in the eye. Regions of the eye that will be discussed include the cornea, lens, and retina. Vision disorders discussed include age-related macular degeneration, retinal ciliopathies, and diabetic retinopathy. Instructors in the course are experts in their field and are members of the multidisciplinary visual sciences research community here at Case Western Reserve University. Students will be exposed to the experimental approaches and instrumentation currently being used in the laboratory and in clinical settings. Topics will be covered by traditional lectures, demonstrations in the laboratory and the clinic, and journal club presentations. Students will be graded on their performance in journal club presentations (40%), research proposal (40%), and class participation (20%). Offered as NEUR 432, PATH 432, PHRM 432 and BIOC 432.

NEUR 466. Cell Signaling. 3 Units.
This is an advanced lecture/journal/discussion format course that covers cell signaling mechanisms. Included are discussions of neurotransmitter-gated ion channels, growth factor receptor kinases, cytokine receptors, G protein-coupled receptors, steroid receptors, heterotrimeric G proteins, ras family GTPases, second messenger cascades, protein kinase cascades, second messenger regulation of transcription factors, microtubule-based motility, actin/myosin-based motility, signals for regulation of cell cycle, signals for regulation of apoptosis. Offered as CLBY 466 and PHOL 466 and PHRM 466.

NEUR 473. Introduction to Neurobiology. 3 Units.
How nervous systems control behavior. Biophysical, biochemical and molecular biological properties of nerve cells, their organization into circuitry, and their function within networks. Emphasis on quantitative methods for modeling neurons and networks, and on critical analysis of the contemporary technical literature in the neurosciences. Term paper required for graduate students. This course satisfies a lab requirement for the B.A. in Biology, and a Quantitative Laboratory requirements for the B.S. in Biology. Offered as BIOL 373, BIOL 473, and NEUR 473.

NEUR 474. Neurobiology of Behavior. 3 Units.
In this course, students will examine how neurobiologists interested in animal behavior study the linkage between neural circuitry and complex behavior. Various vertebrate and invertebrate systems will be considered. Several exercises will be used in this endeavor. Although some lectures will provide background and context on specific neural systems, the emphasis of the course will be on classroom discussion of specific journal articles. In addition, students will each complete a project in which they will observe some animal behavior and generate both behavioral and neurobiological hypotheses related to it. In lieu of examinations, students will complete three written assignments, including a theoretical grant proposal, a one-page Specific Aims paper related to the project, and a final project paper. These assignments are designed to give each student experience in writing biologically-relevant documents. Classroom discussions will help students understand the content and format of each type document. They will also present their projects orally to the entire class. Offered as BIOL 374, BIOL 474, and NEUR 474. Counts as SAGES Departmental Seminar.
NEUR 475. Protein Biophysics. 3 Units.
This course focuses on in-depth understanding of the molecular biophysics of proteins. Structural, thermodynamic and kinetic aspects of protein function and structure-function-relationships will be considered at the advanced conceptual level. The application of these theoretical frameworks will be illustrated with examples from the literature and integration of biophysical knowledge with description at the cellular and systems level. The format consists of lectures, problem sets, and student presentations. A special emphasis will be placed on discussion of original publications. Offered as BIOC 475, CHEM 475, PHOL 475, PHRM 475, and NEUR 475.

NEUR 476. Neurobiology Laboratory. 3 Units.
Introduction to the basic laboratory techniques of neurobiology. Intracellular and extracellular recording techniques, forms of synaptic plasticity, patch clamping, immunohistochemistry and confocal microscopy. During the latter weeks of the course students will be given the opportunity to conduct an independent project. One laboratory and one discussion session per week. Recommended preparation for BIOL 476 and NEUR 476: BIOL 216. Offered as BIOL 376, BIOL 476 and NEUR 476.

NEUR 477. Cellular Biophysics. 4 Units.
This course focuses on a quantitative understanding of cellular processes. It is designed for students who feel comfortable with and are interested in analytical and quantitative approaches to cell biology and cell physiology. Selected topics in cellular biophysics will be covered in depth. Topics include theory of electrical and optical signal processing used in cell physiology, thermodynamics and kinetics of enzyme and transport reactions, single ion channel kinetics and excitability, mechanotransduction, and transport across polarized cell layers. The format consists of lectures, problem sets, computer simulations, and discussion of original publications. The relevant biological background of topics will be provided appropriate for non-biology science majors. Offered as BIOC 476, NEUR 477, PHOL 476, PHRM 476.

NEUR 478. Computational Neuroscience. 3 Units.
Computer simulations and mathematical analysis of neurons and neural circuits, and the computational properties of nervous systems. Students are taught a range of models for neurons and neural circuits, and are asked to implement and explore the computational and dynamic properties of these models. The course introduces students to dynamical systems theory for the analysis of neurons and neural learning, models of brain systems, and their relationship to artificial and neural networks. Term project required. Students enrolled in MATH 478 will make arrangements with the instructor to attend additional lectures and complete additional assignments addressing mathematical topics related to the course. Recommended preparation: MATH 223 and MATH 224 or BIOL 300 and BIOL 306. Offered as BIOL 378, COGS 378, MATH 378, BIOL 478, EBME 478, EECS 478, MATH 478 and NEUR 478.

NEUR 482. Drugs, Brain, and Behavior. 3 Units.
This course is concerned with the mechanisms underlying neurochemical signaling and the impact of drugs on those mechanisms. The first half of the course emphasizes the fundamental mechanisms underlying intra- and extracellular communication of neurons and the basic principles of how drugs interact with the nervous system. The second half of the course emphasizes understanding the neural substrates of disorders of the nervous system, and the mechanisms underlying the therapeutic effects of drugs at the cellular and behavioral levels. This course will consist of lectures designed to give the student necessary background for understanding these basic principles and class discussion. The class discussion will include viewing video examples of behavioral effects of disorders of the nervous system, and analysis of research papers. The goal of the class discussions is to enhance the critical thinking skills of the student and expose the student to contemporary research techniques. Offered as BIOL 382, BIOL 482, and NEUR 482.

NEUR 540. Advanced Topics in Neuroscience Ethics. 0 Units.
This course offers continuing education in responsible conduct of research for advanced graduate students. The course will cover the nine defined areas of research ethics through a combination of lectures, online course material and small group discussions. Six 2-hr meetings per semester. Maximum enrollment of 15 students with preference given to graduate students in the Neurosciences program. All neurosciences graduate students must complete this course during their 3rd or 4th year.

NEUR 601. Research in Neuroscience. 1 - 18 Unit.
NEUR 651. Master’s Thesis (M.S.). 1 - 6 Unit.
(Credit as arranged.) Recommended preparation: M.S. candidates only.
Prereq: Predoctoral research consent or advanced to Ph.D. candidacy milestone.

Department of Nutrition

Pamela Woodruff (pamela.woodruff@case.edu), Graduate Student Coordinator

The department’s focus is on human nutrition and the application of the science of nutrition to the maintenance and improvement of health. Undergraduate programs are designed for students interested in nutritional biochemistry and metabolism, molecular nutrition, professional study in dietetics, public health nutrition, medicine, physical therapy, pharmacy or dentistry. Graduate programs emphasize dietetics, public health nutrition, nutritional biochemistry and molecular nutrition.

The Department of Nutrition offers programs leading to the bachelor of science degree in nutrition, bachelor of arts degree in nutrition, bachelor of arts degree in nutritional biochemistry and metabolism, bachelor of science degree in nutritional biochemistry and metabolism, master of science degree in nutrition, master of science degree in public health nutrition, and doctor of philosophy degree. A nutrition minor is available. Graduate certificate programs are available in areas such as maternal and child nutrition or gerontology. The specialty is in addition to the basic graduate degree.

Human Nutrition (p. 761) | Nutritional Biochemistry and Metabolism (p. 762) | Minors (p. 764)
Undergraduate Degrees (NTRN)

Major Programs
The undergraduate degree in nutrition is appropriate for students who wish to:

1. pursue graduate programs in nutritional biochemistry, molecular nutrition, dietetics, public health nutrition or other biomedical sciences
2. enter professional schools of dentistry, medicine, physical therapy, or pharmacy
3. apply to dietetic internships or approved experience programs in order to prepare for the professional practice of dietetics
4. pursue technical careers in the food or pharmaceutical industry

This major offers flexibility in course selection within a framework of general program requirements. The selection of courses depends on the student's choice of emphasis. Students wishing to qualify for admission to professional or graduate programs need to include specific courses considered prerequisites for admission. Students interested in applying to dietetic internships must meet specific course requirements (Didactic Program in Dietetics) as required by the Accreditation Council for Education in Nutrition and Dietetics of the Academy of Nutrition and Dietetics. These requirements are met in the courses that comprise the Didactic Program in Dietetics (DPD). The DPD at Case Western Reserve University is currently granted Accreditation by the Accreditation Council for Education in Nutrition and Dietetics of the Academy of Nutrition and Dietetics, 120 South Riverside Plaza, Suite 2000, Chicago, IL 60606-6995, 800.877.1600. A department advisor should be consulted in the freshman year to plan the dietetics course work.

Human Nutrition
Bachelor of Science degree requires:

Required Courses:

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<td>NTRN 342</td>
<td>Food Science</td>
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<td>NTRN 342L</td>
<td>Food Science Lab</td>
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<td>NTRN 343</td>
<td>Dietary Patterns</td>
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<td>NTRN 363</td>
<td>Human Nutrition: Energy, Protein, Minerals</td>
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<tr>
<td>NTRN 364</td>
<td>Human Nutrition II: Vitamins</td>
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<td>NTRN 397</td>
<td>SAGES Capstone Proposal Seminar</td>
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<td>NTRN 398</td>
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Three nutrition electives chosen from:

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<tr>
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<td>NTRN 351</td>
<td>Food Service Systems Management</td>
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<td>NTRN 360</td>
<td>Guided Study in Nutrition Practice</td>
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<td>NTRN 361</td>
<td>Energy Dysregulation: From Obesity to Anorexia</td>
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<td>NTRN 365</td>
<td>Nutrition for the Prevention and Management of Disease: Pathophysiology</td>
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<td>Nutrition for the Prevention and Management of Disease: Clinical Applications</td>
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<tr>
<td>NTRN 437</td>
<td>Evaluation of Nutrition Information for Consumers</td>
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NTRN 438  | Dietary Supplements                        |       |
| NTRN 440  | Nutrition for the Aging and Aged           |       |
| NTRN 452  | Nutritional Biochemistry and Metabolism    |       |
| NTRN 460  | Sports Nutrition                           |       |
| NTRN 550A | Advanced Community Nutrition               |       |
| or NTRN 328 | Child Nutrition, Development and Health   |       |

Additional Required Courses:

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<td>Principles of Chemistry Laboratory</td>
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<td>CHEM 223</td>
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<td>BIOL 214</td>
<td>Genes, Evolution and Ecology</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BIOL 216</td>
<td>Development and Physiology</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>or BIOL 340</td>
<td>Human Physiology</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&amp; BIOL 346</td>
<td>and Human Anatomy</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BIOL 216L</td>
<td>Development and Physiology Lab</td>
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<tr>
<td>BIOC 307</td>
<td>Introduction to Biochemistry: From Molecules To Medical Science</td>
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One of the following:

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<tr>
<th>Course</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ANTH 319</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>EPBI 431</td>
<td>Statistical Methods I</td>
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<tr>
<td>PSCL 282</td>
<td>Quantitative Methods in Psychology</td>
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<tr>
<td>STAT 201</td>
<td>Basic Statistics for Social and Life Sciences</td>
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Total Units 57

* Only one of these courses is permitted

Bachelor of Arts degree requires:

Required Courses:

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<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
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<td>Food Science Lab</td>
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<tr>
<td>NTRN 343</td>
<td>Dietary Patterns</td>
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<td>NTRN 363</td>
<td>Human Nutrition: Energy, Protein, Minerals</td>
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<tr>
<td>NTRN 364</td>
<td>Human Nutrition II: Vitamins</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>NTRN 397</td>
<td>SAGES Capstone Proposal Seminar</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>NTRN 398</td>
<td>SAGES Senior Capstone Experience</td>
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Two nutrition electives chosen from the following:

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<tr>
<td>NTRN 328</td>
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<td>NTRN 351</td>
<td>Food Service Systems Management</td>
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<tr>
<td>NTRN 360</td>
<td>Guided Study in Nutrition Practice</td>
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<tr>
<td>NTRN 361</td>
<td>Energy Dysregulation: From Obesity to Anorexia</td>
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<tr>
<td>NTRN 365</td>
<td>Nutrition for the Prevention and Management of Disease: Pathophysiology</td>
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<tr>
<td>NTRN 366</td>
<td>Nutrition for the Prevention and Management of Disease: Clinical Applications</td>
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<tr>
<td>NTRN 371</td>
<td>Special Problems *</td>
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<tr>
<td>NTRN 388</td>
<td>Seminar in Nutrition</td>
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<tr>
<td>NTRN 390</td>
<td>Undergraduate Research *</td>
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<tr>
<td>NTRN 435</td>
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<tr>
<td>NTRN 436</td>
<td>Pediatric Nutrition</td>
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NTRN 438  | Dietary Supplements                        |       |
| NTRN 440  | Nutrition for the Aging and Aged           |       |
| NTRN 452  | Nutritional Biochemistry and Metabolism    |       |
| NTRN 460  | Sports Nutrition                           |       |
| NTRN 550A | Advanced Community Nutrition               |       |
| or NTRN 328 | Child Nutrition, Development and Health   |       |

Additional Required Courses:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
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<th>Units</th>
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<tr>
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<td>Principles of Chemistry I</td>
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<td>CHEM 106</td>
<td>Principles of Chemistry II</td>
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</tr>
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<td>CHEM 113</td>
<td>Principles of Chemistry Laboratory</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>CHEM 223</td>
<td>Introductory Organic Chemistry Laboratory</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BIOL 214</td>
<td>Genes, Evolution and Ecology</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BIOL 216</td>
<td>Development and Physiology</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>or BIOL 340</td>
<td>Human Physiology</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>&amp; BIOL 346</td>
<td>and Human Anatomy</td>
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<tr>
<td>BIOL 216L</td>
<td>Development and Physiology Lab</td>
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<tr>
<td>BIOC 307</td>
<td>Introduction to Biochemistry: From Molecules To Medical Science</td>
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One of the following:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ANTH 319</td>
<td>Introduction to Statistical Analysis in the Social Sciences</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>EPBI 431</td>
<td>Statistical Methods I</td>
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<tr>
<td>PSCL 282</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>STAT 201</td>
<td>Basic Statistics for Social and Life Sciences</td>
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</table>

Total Units 57

* Only one of these courses is permitted
**Bachelor of Science in Nutrition - Human Nutrition Major Example Plan of Study**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>First Year</th>
<th>Units</th>
<th>Fall</th>
<th>Spring</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Principles of Chemistry I (CHEM 105)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nutrition (NTRN 201)</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>SAGES First Seminar</td>
<td>4</td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Genes, Evolution and Ecology (BIOL 214)</td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Principles of Chemistry II (CHEM 106)</td>
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<td>Principles of Chemistry Laboratory (CHEM 113)</td>
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<tr>
<td>SAGES Breadth Requirements</td>
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Second Year</th>
<th>Units</th>
<th>Fall</th>
<th>Spring</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NTRN Elective</td>
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<tr>
<td>NTRN elective</td>
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<tr>
<td>Introductory Organic Chemistry I (CHEM 223)</td>
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<tr>
<td>SAGES University Seminar</td>
<td>3</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Development and Physiology (BIOL 216)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Development and Physiology Lab (BIOL 216L)</td>
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<td>SAGES University Seminar</td>
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<tr>
<td>Basic Statistics for Social and Life Sciences (STAT 201)</td>
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<td>Electives</td>
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<tr>
<td>Dietary Patterns (NTRN 343)</td>
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<table>
<thead>
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<th>Third Year</th>
<th>Units</th>
<th>Fall</th>
<th>Spring</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Introduction to Biochemistry: From Molecules To Medical Science (BIOC 307)</td>
<td>4</td>
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<tr>
<td>SAGES Breadth Requirements</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

- Only one of these courses is permitted

**Nutritional Biochemistry and Metabolism Bachelor of Arts degree requires:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Required courses:</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NTRN 201 Nutrition</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>NTRN 342 Food Science</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>NTRN 342L Food Science Lab</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NTRN 363 Human Nutrition I: Energy, Protein, Minerals</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>NTRN 364 Human Nutrition II: Vitamins</td>
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<tr>
<td>NTRN 397 SAGES Capstone Proposal Seminar</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NTRN 398 SAGES Senior Capstone Experience</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NTRN 452 Nutritional Biochemistry and Metabolism</td>
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<tr>
<td>One nutrition elective at 300-level or above</td>
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</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Additional required courses:</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MATH 125 Math and Calculus Applications for Life, Managerial, and Social Sci I</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>or MATH 121 Calculus for Science and Engineering I</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MATH 126 Math and Calculus Applications for Life, Managerial, and Social Sci II</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>or MATH 122 Calculus for Science and Engineering II</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CHEM 105 Principles of Chemistry I</td>
</tr>
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<td>CHEM 106 Principles of Chemistry II</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CHEM 113 Principles of Chemistry Laboratory</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CHEM 223 Introductory Organic Chemistry I</td>
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<tr>
<td>or CHEM 323 Organic Chemistry I</td>
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<tr>
<td>CHEM 224 Introductory Organic Chemistry II</td>
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<tr>
<td>or CHEM 324 Organic Chemistry II</td>
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<tr>
<td>CHEM 233 Introductory Organic Chemistry Laboratory I</td>
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<td>CHEM 234 Introductory Organic Chemistry Laboratory II</td>
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<td>BIOL 214 Genes, Evolution and Ecology</td>
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<td>BIOL 215 Cells and Proteins</td>
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<tr>
<td>or BIOL 340 Human Physiology</td>
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<td>&amp; BIOL 346 and Human Anatomy</td>
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<tr>
<td>BIOL 216L</td>
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<tr>
<td>PHYS 115</td>
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<tr>
<td>or PHYS 121</td>
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<td>or PHYS 122</td>
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<tr>
<td>BIOC 307</td>
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<td>BIOC 334</td>
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<tr>
<td>or BIOC 312</td>
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<tr>
<td>or NTRN 454</td>
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Total Units: 77

**Bachelor of Science degree requires:**

Required courses:

- NTRN 201 Nutrition 3 units
- NTRN 342 Food Science 3 units
- NTRN 342L Food Science Lab 2 units
- NTRN 363 Human Nutrition I: Energy, Protein, Minerals 3 units
- NTRN 364 Human Nutrition II: Vitamins 3 units
- NTRN 397 SAGES Capstone Proposal Seminar 3 units
- NTRN 398 SAGES Senior Capstone Experience 3 units
- NTRN 452 Nutritional Biochemistry and Metabolism 3 units
- One nutrition elective at 300-level or above 3 units

Additional required courses:

- MATH 121 Calculus for Science and Engineering I 4 units
- or MATH 124 Calculus II 4 units
- MATH 223 Calculus for Science and Engineering III 3 units
- or MATH 227 Calculus III 3 units
- CHEM 105 Principles of Chemistry I 3 units
- or CHEM 106 Principles of Chemistry II 3 units
- CHEM 113 Principles of Chemistry Laboratory 2 units
- CHEM 223 Introductory Organic Chemistry I 3 units
- or CHEM 323 Organic Chemistry I 3 units
- CHEM 224 Introductory Organic Chemistry II 3 units
- or CHEM 324 Organic Chemistry II 3 units
- CHEM 233 Introductory Organic Chemistry Laboratory I 2 units
- CHEM 234 Introductory Organic Chemistry Laboratory II 2 units
- BIOL 214 Genes, Evolution and Ecology 3 units
- BIOL 215 Cells and Proteins 3 units
- BIOL 216 Development and Physiology 3 units
- or BIOL 340 Human Physiology & BIOL 346 and Human Anatomy 3 units
- BIOL 216L Development and Physiology Lab 1 unit
- PHYS 115 Introductory Physics I 4 units
- or PHYS 121 General Physics I - Mechanics 4 units
- or PHYS 123 Physics and Frontiers I - Mechanics 4 units
- PHYS 116 Introductory Physics II 4 units
- or PHYS 122 General Physics II - Electricity and Magnetism 4 units
- or PHYS 124 Physics and Frontiers II - Electricity and Magnetism 4 units

Total Units: 86

**Bachelor of Arts in Nutrition - Nutritional Biochemistry and Metabolism Major Example Plan of Study**

**First Year**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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<td>Math and Calculus Applications for Life, Managerial, and Social Sci I (MATH 125)</td>
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<td>Nutrition (NTRN 201)</td>
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<td>Genes, Evolution and Ecology (BIOL 214)</td>
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<td>SAGES First Seminar</td>
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<td>Principles of Chemistry I (CHEM 105)</td>
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<td>SAGES Breadth Requirements</td>
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<tr>
<td>Cells and Proteins (BIOL 215)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Principles of Chemistry Laboratory (CHEM 113)</td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Math and Calculus Applications for Life, Managerial, and Social Sci II (MATH 126)</td>
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<tr>
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**Second Year**

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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Introductory Organic Chemistry Laboratory I (CHEM 233)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Introductory Organic Chemistry I (CHEM 223)</td>
<td>3</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Development and Physiology (BIOL 216) &amp; Development and Physiology Lab (BIOL 216L)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Cells and Proteins (BIOL 215)</td>
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<td>SAGES University Seminar</td>
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**Third Year**

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<th>Spring</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Introduction to Biochemistry: From Molecules To Medical Science (BIOC 307)</td>
<td>4</td>
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</tr>
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<td>Introductory Physics I (PHYS 115)</td>
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### Fourth Year

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Units</th>
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<th>Spring</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SAGES Senior Capstone Experience (NTRN 398)</td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nutritional Biochemistry and Metabolism (NTRN 452)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Human Nutrition I: Energy, Protein, Minerals (NTRN 363)</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>Elective</td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Year Total:</td>
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</table>

#### Total Units in Sequence: 119

### Minor Programs

The basic sequence for a minor program consists of the following:

- **Required courses:**
  - NTRN 201 Nutrition 3
  - NTRN 343 Dietary Patterns 3
  - Nine credits selected from: 9
    - NTRN 328 Child Nutrition, Development and Health
    - NTRN 342 Food Science
    - NTRN 351 Food Service Systems Management
    - NTRN 361 Energy Dysregulation: From Obesity to Anorexia
    - NTRN 363 Human Nutrition I: Energy, Protein, Minerals
    - NTRN 364 Human Nutrition II: Vitamins
    - NTRN 365 Nutrition for the Prevention and Management of Disease: Pathophysiology
    - NTRN 366 Nutrition for the Prevention and Management of Disease: Clinical Applications
    - NTRN 388 Seminar in Nutrition

| Total Units | 15 |

### Didactic Program in Dietetics (DPD)

The following courses must be included in the program.

- **Required courses:**
  - NTRN 201 Nutrition 3
  - NTRN 342 Food Science 3
  - NTRN 342L Food Science Lab 2
  - NTRN 343 Dietary Patterns 3
  - NTRN 351 Food Service Systems Management 3
  - NTRN 360 Guided Study in Nutrition Practice 3
  - NTRN 363 Human Nutrition I: Energy, Protein, Minerals 3
  - NTRN 364 Human Nutrition II: Vitamins 3

| NTRN 365 | Nutrition for the Prevention and Management of Disease: Pathophysiology | 4 |
| NTRN 366 | Nutrition for the Prevention and Management of Disease: Clinical Applications | 3 |
| NTRN 550A | Advanced Community Nutrition (or NTRN 528) | 3 |
| BIOC 307 | Introduction to Biochemistry: From Molecules To Medical Science | 4 |
| BIOL 216 | Development and Physiology | 3 |
| BIOL 343 | Microbiology | 3 |
| CHEM 223 | Introductory Organic Chemistry I | 3 |
| ENGL 150 | Expository Writing (or SAGES Writing Portfolio) | 3 |
| SOCI 101 | Introduction to Sociology | 3 |
| EDUC 304 | Educational Psychology | 3-4 |
| PSCL 353 | Psychology of Learning | 3 |
| PSCL 357 | Cognitive Psychology | 3 |
| One of the following: | |
| ANTH 215 | Health, Culture, and Disease: An Introduction to Medical Anthropology | 3 |
| SOCI 311 | Health, Illness, and Social Behavior | 3 |
| One of the following: | |
| ANTH 319 | Introduction to Statistical Analysis in the Social Sciences | 3 |
| EPBI 431 | Statistical Methods I | 3 |
| PSCL 282 | Quantitative Methods in Psychology | 3 |
| STAT 201 | Basic Statistics for Social and Life Sciences | 3 |
| STAT 243 | Statistical Theory with Application I | 3 |
| STAT 312 | Basic Statistics for Engineering and Science | 3 |
| STAT 313 | Statistics for Experimenters | 3 |

### Masters Degrees

#### MS Nutrition

This degree program offers two options. For those pursuing the thesis option, 30 semester hours of a planned program of study are required, including six to nine semester hours of research, as well as a final oral defense of the thesis. The non-thesis option requires 30 semester hours and a final written, comprehensive examination.

All candidates are required to take 18 semester hours of nutrition, including six hours of advanced human nutrition. In addition, students are encouraged to pursue complementary studies in the biomedical, social and behavioral sciences. The plan of study may vary considerably depending on the education, goals and specific interests of each student. Students may elect to focus on nutritional biochemistry and metabolism, and molecular nutrition. The individual program also may be planned to fulfill the academic requirements for dietetic registration (Didactic Program in Dietetics).

#### MS in Public Health Nutrition Internship Program

The primary goal of this program is to prepare nutrition specialists to function in public health/community agencies. A minimum of 30 semester hours of combined academic work and field experience is required to earn the degree. Course work focuses on human nutrition, dietetics, and
the public health sciences. Field experience is concurrent with course work utilizing local community agencies for translation of theory and science to practice. The final phase of the program is an eight-ten week, full-time experience with an out of state public health agency that has a strong nutrition component. The student works closely with an advisor throughout the program, on an individual basis.

In addition to the general public health program, students may elect to specialize in maternal and child nutrition or gerontology. Each specialty requires additional credits of academic work. A portion of the field experience is specified for either population group.

For students wishing to become eligible to take the registered dietitian nutritionist (RDN) examination, the program also currently is granted accreditation by the Commission on Accreditation for Dietetics Education (ACEND) of the Academy of Nutrition and Dietetics as a dietetic internship. ACEND is a specialized accrediting body recognized by the United States Department of Education.

**Coordinated Dietetic Internship/ Master’s Degree Program**

The Coordinated Dietetic Internship/Master’s Degree Program combines academic work with clinical practice at either of the dietetic internships at University Hospitals of Cleveland or the Louis Stokes Cleveland Department of Veterans Affairs Medical Center or Cleveland Clinic. A minimum of 27 semester hours is required. Admission is contingent on the student’s being selected and matched to one of the hospitals. Appointment to these internships follows the admission procedure outlined by the Accreditation Council for Education in Nutrition and Dietetics of the Academy of Nutrition and Dietetics.

**MS in Public Health Nutrition Internship Program**

**General Option: Plan of Study**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>First Year</th>
<th>Units</th>
<th>Fall</th>
<th>Spring</th>
<th>Summer</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Graduate Course: Social and Behavioral Sciences</td>
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<td></td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Advanced Human Nutrition I (NTRN 433)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Introduction to Public Health Nutrition (NTRN 528)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Nutritional Epidemiology (NTRN 529)</td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Public Health Nutrition (NTRN 530)</td>
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<tr>
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<tr>
<td>Public Health Nutrition Field Experience (NTRN 531)</td>
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<th>Fall</th>
<th>Spring</th>
<th>Summer</th>
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<tr>
<td>Evaluation of Nutrition Information for Consumers (NTRN 437)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Public Health Nutrition Field Experience (NTRN 531)</td>
<td>1 - 6</td>
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| Maternal and Child Nutrition (NTRN 435) | | | |
| Nutrition for the Aging and Aged (NTRN 440) | | | |
| Sports Nutrition (NTRN 460) | | | |
| Public Health Nutrition Field Experience (NTRN 531) | 1 - 6 | | | |
| Advanced Public Health Nutrition Field Experience (NTRN 534) | 1 - 6 | | | |
| Year Total: | 8-18 | 1-6 |

**Total Units in Sequence:** 32-52

**Maternal and Child Nutrition Option**

| Units | | | |
| NTRN 435 Maternal and Child Nutrition | 3 | | |
| NTRN 533 Nutritional Care of Neonate | 3 | | |
| NTRN 532C Specialized Public Health Nutrition Field Experience | 3 | | |

**Certificate in Gerontology Option**

| Units | | | |
| NTRN 440 Nutrition for the Aging and Aged | 3 | | |
| GER 498 Seminar in Gerontological Studies | 3 | | |
| NTRN 532C Specialized Public Health Nutrition Field Experience | 3 | | |

**Total Units** 7-9

**Coordinated Hospital Dietetic Internship / MS in Nutrition Program**

**Plan of Study**

Internship at University Hospitals, Case Medical Center OR Louis Stokes Cleveland Department of Veterans Affairs Medical Center or Cleveland Clinic full-time Fall Semester of First Year through Fall Semester of second year.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>First Year</th>
<th>Units</th>
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<th>Spring</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Seminar in Dietetics I (NTRN 516)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Investigative Methods in Nutrition (NTRN 561)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Seminar in Dietetics II (NTRN 517)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Electives: Any NTRN 400 or 500 level courses and/or graduate course in basic science or social science</td>
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<th>Fall</th>
<th>Spring</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Electives: Any NTRN 400 or 500 level courses and/or graduate course in basic science or social science</td>
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<tr>
<td>Year Total:</td>
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**Total Units in Sequence:** 28
MD/MS Biomedical Investigation--Nutrition Track

For Admissions and MD requirements, see the MD Dual Degree Programs section (p. 806). This track is designed to provide medical students with more in-depth knowledge and research experience in nutrition. Students may elect to focus on nutrition biochemistry and metabolism or molecular nutrition or clinical nutrition. The student’s mentor or the Graduate Program Director will assist the student in selecting the appropriate courses for their interests.

Students in Nutrition must complete:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NTRN 551</td>
<td>Seminar in Advanced Nutrition</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>NTRN 601</td>
<td>Special Problems</td>
<td>1-9</td>
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<tr>
<td>IBIS 600</td>
<td>Exam in Biomedical Investigation</td>
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And 9-10 credits or three courses from those listed below:

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NTRN 433</td>
<td>Advanced Human Nutrition I</td>
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<tr>
<td>NTRN 434</td>
<td>Advanced Human Nutrition II</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NTRN 435</td>
<td>Maternal and Child Nutrition</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NTRN 437</td>
<td>Evaluation of Nutrition Information for Consumers</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>NTRN 438</td>
<td>Dietary Supplements</td>
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<td>NTRN 440</td>
<td>Nutrition for the Aging and Aged</td>
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<tr>
<td>NTRN 452</td>
<td>Nutritional Biochemistry and Metabolism</td>
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<tr>
<td>NTRN 454</td>
<td>Isotope Tracer Methodology</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>NTRN 455</td>
<td>Molecular Nutrition</td>
<td>3</td>
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<td>NTRN 460</td>
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<td>NTRN 530</td>
<td>Public Health Nutrition</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>NTRN 533</td>
<td>Nutritional Care of Neonate</td>
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PhD in Nutrition

The PhD degree in Nutrition is awarded for study and research in nutrition. Areas of concentration are nutritional biochemistry and metabolism, and molecular nutrition. Admissions to the PhD in Nutrition program are obtained through the integrated Biomedical Scientist Training Program (BSTP), by direct admission to the department or via the Medical Scientist Training Program (MSTP).

In order to earn a PhD in Nutrition, a student must complete rotations in at least three laboratories followed by selection of a research advisor, completion of Core and Elective coursework, including responsible conduct of research, as described in the plan of study. Each graduate program follows the overall regulations established and described in CWRU Graduate Studies and documented to the Regents of the State of Ohio. Completion of the PhD degree will require 36 hours of coursework (24 hours of which are graded) and 18 hours of NTRN 701 Dissertation Ph.D..

In addition, each student must successfully complete a qualifier examination for advancement to candidacy in the form of a short grant proposal with oral defense. During the dissertation period, students are expected to meet twice a year with the thesis committee, present seminars in the department, and fulfill journal publication requirements. Throughout the doctoral training, students are expected to be enthusiastic participants in seminars, journal clubs, and research meetings in the lab and program.

Plan of Study

Please also see Graduate Studies Academic Requirements for Doctoral Degrees (p. 668)

First Year

<table>
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<td>or Research Rotation in Medical Scientist Training Program (MSTP 400)</td>
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<td>or Special Problems (NTRN 601)</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Molecular Biology I (CBIO 455)</td>
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<td>Advanced Human Nutrition II (NTRN 434)</td>
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<td>Isotope Tracer Methodology (NTRN 454)</td>
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<td>or Molecular Nutrition (NTRN 455)</td>
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<td>Investigative Methods in Nutrition</td>
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<td></td>
<td>(NTRN 561)</td>
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Second Year

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<td>Nutritional Biochemistry and Metabolism (NTRN 452)</td>
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<td>Seminar in Advanced Nutrition (NTRN 551)</td>
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<td>Dissertation Ph.D. (NTRN 701)</td>
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Third Year

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<td>Dissertation Ph.D. (NTRN 701)</td>
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Seminar in Advanced Nutrition (NTRN 551) 1
Dissertation Ph.D. (NTRN 701) 1-9
Year Total: 2-10
Total Units in Sequence: 43-100

After the third year, student enrolls in one credit of NTRN 701. Dissertation Ph.D., Fall and Spring Semesters until graduation.

Courses

NTRN 201. Nutrition. 3 Units.
The nutrients, their functions, food sources, and factors affecting human needs throughout life.

NTRN 328. Child Nutrition, Development and Health. 3 Units.
The relationship between nutrition and physical/cognitive growth and development of the child from the prenatal period through adolescence, including individuality, maturation and biological needs. Nutritional influences (nutrient requirements, food choices, and nutritional/feeding problems) and effects on health are emphasized. Prereq: NTRN 201.

NTRN 342. Food Science. 3 Units.
Chemical, physical and biological properties of food constituents and their interactions in food preparation and processing and practical application of processing methods and their effect on nutritional quality and acceptability. Prereq: CHEM 106.

NTRN 342L. Food Science Lab. 2 Units.

NTRN 343. Dietary Patterns. 3 Units.
Examination of the food supply in the United States as it is affected by production, processing, marketing, government programs, regulation, and consumer selection. Nutritional evaluation of dietary patterns of different cultures. Recommended preparation: NTRN 201 or consent.

NTRN 351. Food Service Systems Management. 3 Units.
The application of organizational theory and skills in the preparation and service of quantity food. Laboratory experience in professional food services are included. Graduate students will analyze one aspect of food production, processing, marketing, government programs, regulation, and consumer selection. Prereq: NTRN 201. Coreq: CHEM 106. Consent of instructor.

NTRN 361. Energy Dysregulation: From Obesity to Anorexia. 3 Units.
Energy imbalance and the implications on health will be explored in this course. Key concepts covered in this class include: 1. Energy imbalance refers to positive and negative states of energy balance and occurs when energy intake does not match energy expended in metabolic processes, daily living activities, and physical activity; 2. Obesity is a result of chronic positive energy balance whereas anorexia nervosa is a condition of chronic negative energy balance; 3. Energy metabolism is controlled by a complex array of neural and hormonal signaling; 4. Energy imbalance disrupts the neural and hormonal signaling pathways of energy metabolism resulting in unfavorable health consequences such as pro-inflammatory state, oxidative stress, immune dysregulation, menstrual dysfunction, sarcopenia, and low bone mineral density; and 5. Exercise training can impact energy imbalance health-related outcomes. Learning Outcomes: Students will be able to 1. define energy balance and explain the components of energy expenditure; 2. define disordered eating, female athlete triad, and disordered eating; 3. explain the relationship among energy intake, energy expenditure, and body composition in energy imbalance; 4. describe alterations in skeletal muscle and adipose physiology in energy imbalance; 5. diagram neural control of feeding and energy homeostasis and hormonal control of energy metabolism; 6. explain the neural and hormonal changes that occur in chronic energy imbalance and describe current theories in how it results in menstrual dysfunction, inflammatory response, oxidative stress, immune dysregulation, sarcopenia, and low bone mineral density; and 7. explain how exercise training can influence inflammatory response, oxidative stress, immune function, and musculoskeletal health in energy imbalance. Offered as NTRN 361 and NTRN 461. Prereq: NTRN 201 or requisites not met permission.

NTRN 363. Human Nutrition I: Energy, Protein, Minerals. 3 Units.
Chemical and physiological properties of specific nutrients, including interrelationships and multiple factors, in meeting nutritional needs throughout the life cycle. Prereq: CHEM 223 and BIOL 216 (3 or 4 cr. hrs.).

NTRN 364. Human Nutrition II: Vitamins. 3 Units.
Chemical and physiological properties of vitamins, including interrelationships and multiple factors, in meeting nutritional needs throughout the life cycle. Prereq: NTRN 363.

NTRN 365. Nutrition for the Prevention and Management of Disease: Pathophysiology. 4 Units.
Interplay among etiology, metabolic perturbations, pathophysiology, clinical signs and symptoms, and nutrition principles for the prevention and management of disease. Prereq: NTRN 363 and BIOC 307 or equivalent or consent of instructor.

NTRN 366. Nutrition for the Prevention and Management of Disease: Clinical Applications. 3 Units.
Application of nutrition principles and knowledge for the prevention and management of disease. Case studies and other educational approaches and techniques will be used. Course includes evidence-based assessments and interpretation of key data (biochemical, dietary, physical) to develop nutritional interventions. Coreq: NTRN 365.

NTRN 371. Special Problems. 1 - 3 Unit.
Independent reading, research, or special projects supervised by a member of the nutrition faculty. Prereq: Junior or senior standing.

NTRN 372. Special Problems. 1 - 3 Unit.
Independent reading, research, or special projects supervised by a member of the nutrition faculty. Prereq: Junior or senior standing.

NTRN 388. Seminar in Nutrition. 1 - 3 Unit.
Prereq: Junior or senior standing.
NTRN 390. Undergraduate Research. 3 - 9 Units.
Guided laboratory research in nutritional biochemistry or molecular nutrition under the sponsorship of a nutrition faculty member.

NTRN 397. SAGES Capstone Proposal Seminar. 3 Units.
In this departmental seminar course, students will conceptualize, develop and prepare a written plan, known as the "Capstone Proposal," for their senior Capstone project (NTRN 398: Senior Capstone Experience). Discussion will include, but not be limited to basic research principles, different types of research, ethics and IRB procedures. The Capstone Proposal shall include the project design, aims, methodology, budget, data analysis and presentation. Upon completion of this course, students will have confirmed student/Capstone advisor and, if applicable, mentor relationships, written a Capstone proposal and given an oral presentation of their proposal at a departmental colloquium. Counts as SAGES Departmental Seminar. Prereq: NTRN 201 and NTRN 342.

NTRN 398. SAGES Senior Capstone Experience. 3 Units.
Students will implement their "Capstone Proposal" projects as designed in NTRN 397: Capstone Proposal Seminar. Pertinent research activities will depend on the nature of the student's "Capstone Proposal" project. The student will meet regularly with their Capstone advisor, at least twice monthly, to provide progress reports, discuss the project, and for critique and guidance. By the end of this course, the student will have completed their SAGES Senior Capstone research project and presented their project results/findings orally at the Senior Capstone Fair and at a departmental colloquium. Counts as SAGES Senior Capstone. Prereq: NTRN 397.

NTRN 399. Senior Project. 3 Units.

NTRN 433. Advanced Human Nutrition I. 4 Units.
Emphasis on reading original research literature in energy, protein and minerals with development of critical evaluation and thinking skills. Recommended preparation: NTRN 201 and CHEM 223 and BIOL 348 or equivalent.

NTRN 434. Advanced Human Nutrition II. 3 Units.
Emphasis on reading original research literature on vitamins with development of critical evaluation and thinking skills. Recommended preparation: NTRN 433 or consent.

NTRN 435. Maternal and Child Nutrition. 3 Units.
Study of current research literature on nutrition for pregnancy, lactation, infancy and childhood, including assessment and requirements. Recommended preparation: Nutrition major or consent of instructor.

NTRN 436. Pediatric Nutrition. 3 Units.
This course will focus on understanding the nutritional needs of infants, children and adolescents. Evidence based guidelines will be used as we discuss best clinical practice for the management of pediatric nutrition issues. Anthropometric measurements used in growth assessment will be reviewed. Nutrient requirements for each stage of development will be explored with a specific focus on micronutrients relevant to pediatrics such as fluoride, iron, calcium and vitamin D. Abnormal growth resulting in malnutrition and obesity will be examined with a focus on prevention, diagnosis and treatment. Skills necessary to complete a pediatric nutrition assessment will be reviewed with opportunities to practice and demonstrate competency. Prereq: NTRN 435.

NTRN 437. Evaluation of Nutrition Information for Consumers. 3 Units.
Reading and appraisal of food and nutrition literature written for the general public, including books, magazines, newsletters. Prereq: Graduate standing and Nutrition or Public Health Nutrition major or consent of instructor.

NTRN 438. Dietary Supplements. 3 Units.
An examination of dietary supplements specific to health promotion and disease prevention/treatment throughout the life cycle. Topics and concepts include regulation, controversies, safety, efficacy, and the surrounding scientific evidence for dietary supplement use. Prereq: NTRN 364 or requisites not met permission.

NTRN 440. Nutrition for the Aging and Aged. 3 Units.
Consideration of the processes of aging and needs which continue throughout life. The influences of food availability, intake, economics, culture, physical and social conditions and chronic disease as they affect the ability of the aged to cope with living situations. Recommended preparation: Nutrition major or consent of instructor.

NTRN 446. Advanced Maternal Nutrition: Special Topics. 3 Units.
Analysis of the problems commonly associated with high-risk pregnancies and fetal outcome. Discussion of causes, mechanisms, management and current research. Recommended preparation: NTRN 435 or consent.

NTRN 451. Food Service Systems Management. 3 Units.
The application of organizational theory and skills in the preparation and service of quantity food. Laboratory experience in professional food services are included. Graduate students will analyze one aspect of food service management in depth. Offered as NTRN 351 and NTRN 451. Prereq: Nutrition major.

NTRN 452. Nutritional Biochemistry and Metabolism. 3 Units.
Mechanisms of regulation of pathways of intermediary metabolism; amplification of biochemical signals; substrate cycling and use of radioactive and stable isotopes to measure metabolic rates. Recommended preparation: BIOC 307 or equivalent. Offered as BIOC 452 and NTRN 452.

NTRN 454. Isotope Tracer Methodology. 3 Units.
Stable and radioactive isotopes in metabolic research concentrating on the design of in-vitro and in-vivo investigative protocols using mostly stable isotopes and mass spectrometric analysis; critical interpretation of data from the recent literature; and pathway identification and kinetics. Recommended preparation: BIOC 407.

NTRN 455. Molecular Nutrition. 3 Units.
Nutrient control of gene expression in mammalian cells and deregulation of expression of these genes. The molecular basis of nutrition-related diseases, such as diabetes mellitus, PKU, and LDL-receptor deficiency, will be discussed. The application of genetic manipulation to metabolism and nutrition will be evaluated. Recommended preparation: BIOC 407.

NTRN 460. Sports Nutrition. 3 Units.
Study of the relationships of nutrition and food intake to body composition and human performance. Laboratory sessions include demonstrations of body composition and fitness measurements and participation in a research project. Recommended preparation: NTRN 363 or NTRN 433 or consent.
NTRN 461. Energy Dysregulation: From Obesity to Anorexia. 3 Units.  
Energy imbalance and the implications on health will be explored in this course. Key concepts covered in this class include: 1. Energy imbalance refers to positive and negative states of energy balance and occurs when energy intake does not match energy expended in metabolic processes, daily living activities, and physical activity; 2. Obesity is a result of chronic positive energy balance whereas anorexia nervosa is a condition of chronic negative energy balance; 3. Energy metabolism is controlled by a complex array of neural and hormonal signaling; 4. Energy imbalance disrupts the neural and hormonal signaling pathways of energy metabolism resulting in unfavorable health consequences such as pro-inflammatory state, oxidative stress, immune dysregulation, menstrual dysfunction, sarcopenia, and low bone mineral density; and 5. Exercise training can impact energy imbalance health-related outcomes. Learning Outcomes: Students will be able to 1. define energy balance and explain the components of energy expenditure; 2. define disordered eating, female athlete triad, and disordered eating; 3. explain the relationship among energy intake, energy expenditure, and body composition in energy imbalance; 4. describe alterations in skeletal muscle and adipose physiology in energy imbalance; 5. diagram neural control of feeding and energy homeostasis and hormonal control of energy metabolism; 6. explain the neural and hormonal changes that occur in chronic energy imbalance and describe current theories in how it results in menstrual dysfunction, inflammatory response, oxidative stress, immune dysregulation, sarcopenia, and low bone mineral density; and 7. explain how exercise training can influence inflammatory response, oxidative stress, immune function, and musculoskeletal health in energy imbalance. Offered as NTRN 361 and NTRN 461. Prereq: NTRN 201 or requisites not met permission.

NTRN 516. Seminar in Dietetics I. 4 Units.  
Study of evidence-based guidelines for dietetic practice in medical nutrition therapy. Emphasis on life cycle stages and common disease states that require specialized nutrition care. Enrollment restricted to those accepted into Case Coordinated Dietetic Internship/Master Degree Program.

NTRN 517. Seminar in Dietetics II. 4 Units.  
Study of scientific basis for clinical and community nutrition practice and developments in food service systems management. Recommended preparation: Dietetic internship.

NTRN 528. Introduction to Public Health Nutrition. 3 Units.  
Philosophy, objectives, organization, and focus of government and voluntary agencies with emphasis on nutrition components. Recommended preparation: Public health nutrition majors only. Prereq: Public health nutrition students and graduate nutrition students only.

NTRN 529. Nutritional Epidemiology. 3 Units.  
This course uses epidemiology as a tool for assessing potential causal associations between dietary excesses, deficiencies and imbalances to the prevalent chronic diseases. It addresses the epidemiologic aspects of nutrition related chronic diseases, for example, the multi-factorial nature of etiology. Recommended preparation: Statistics and Public Health Nutrition students only.

NTRN 530. Public Health Nutrition. 3 Units.  
Analysis of public health programs in government and voluntary health agencies and the effect of legislation. Emphasis on integration with other disciplines working in public health settings and the role of a public health nutritionist.

NTRN 531. Public Health Nutrition Field Experience. 1 - 6 Unit.  
Individually planned public health experience. May be concurrent with course work in local agencies or in blocks of full-time work with a city, county, or state health agency. Prereq: Open to public health nutrition students only. Consent of instructor.

NTRN 532A. General Nutrition Care. 1 - 3 Unit.  
Individually arranged clinical experience.

NTRN 532C. Specialized Public Health Nutrition Field Experience. 1 - 3 Unit.  
Individually arranged clinical experience. Prereq: Public Health Nutrition students only. Consent of instructor.

NTRN 532E. Clinical Research: Methods in Nutrition and Metabolism. 3 Units.  
Individually arranged.

NTRN 533. Nutritional Care of Neonate. 3 Units.  
Nutritional assessment and management of high-risk newborns with emphasis on prematurity and low birth weight. Review of current literature coordinated with clinical experience in the neonatal intensive care unit. Issues on follow-up included. Recommended preparation: NTRN 435 or consent.

NTRN 534. Advanced Public Health Nutrition Field Experience. 1 - 6 Unit.  
Individually planned advanced public health experience. Prereq: Open to public health nutrition students only.

NTRN 550A. Advanced Community Nutrition. 3 Units.  
Development of skills needed by the community dietitian. Emphasis on effective tools for service development and delivery. Recommended courses of action for the professional. Prereq: Open to nutrition graduate students and senior undergraduate nutrition majors only.

NTRN 551. Seminar in Advanced Nutrition. 1 Unit.  
Ph.D. students meet weekly to discuss topical journal articles. Students gain experience in critical evaluation of research and develop presentation/communication skills. Discussion of research integrity and ethics. Students participate in departmental seminars with invited speakers.

NTRN 561. Investigative Methods in Nutrition. 1 - 4 Unit.  
Research methods appropriate for nutrition. Methods for conducting research in nutrition and food sciences, food service management and dietetics. Designing research proposals. Prereq: Nutrition major.

NTRN 601. Special Problems. 1 - 18 Unit.  
NTRN 651. Thesis M.S.. 1 - 18 Unit.  
Prereq: Predoctoral research consent or advanced to Ph.D. candidacy milestone.

Department of Pathology

Christine Kehoe (christine.kehoe@case.edu), Student Affairs

The clinical, research, and educational activities of the Case Department of Pathology are centered at the Case School of Medicine and University Hospitals Case Medical Center (UHCMC). The core components of the department are the Basic Science Pathology Program at Case School of Medicine and the three clinical divisions of Pathology at University Hospitals Health System (UHHS), including the Division of Anatomic Pathology at UHCMC, the Division of Clinical Pathology at UHCMC, and the UHHS Pathology Division of Community Hospitals. In addition, our affiliates include the Cuyahoga County Medical Examiner's Office,
the Pathology Department at the Louis Stokes Veteran's Administration Medical Center, and the Pathology Department at MetroHealth Medical Center. Research laboratories of the department are located in the Wolstein Research Building and Institute of Pathology. Both are situated adjacent to University Hospitals of Cleveland, the primary teaching hospital of the Case School of Medicine and the location of the department's Pathology Residency Program.

World-class research is conducted in the department in biomaterials biocompatibility, cancer biology, immunology, neuropathology and neurodegenerative disease, outcomes research, and tissue injury and healing. The department’s research activities are characterized by highly cooperative and collaborative interactions within the department, and with many other departments at Case and its affiliated institutions. In FY 2011, the department’s annual external research grant support totaled $15,463,639, $13,080,886 of which was from NIH. The CWRU Department of Pathology NIH funding level ranked 12th nationally in FY11 and 13th nationally in FY12. For information about graduate programs, please see here (http://www.case.edu/med/pathology/training/graduate.html).

**Masters Degrees**

**MS in Pathology (full-time)**

The full-time Master’s Program in Pathology is intended for students with a background in the biological or chemical sciences, typically a bachelors or baccalaureate degree, who are interested in pursuing advanced coursework in the basis of disease. This coursework may be useful for those interested in pursuing a professional doctoral degree (e.g., MD, DO, DDS, or DMD) or other health professions degree, since the core curriculum and electives include many topics of medical relevance, including histology, gross anatomy, pathology, cancer and immunology. The time of matriculation in the Program is flexible; a typical time to degree is anticipated to be 4 semesters, although completion in approximately 13 months, including an intensive summer course in Anatomy, is possible. The course of study will be determined by the student, their Academic advisor, and the Graduate Program Committee and will consist of 30 credit hours of course work. Flexible electives in cellular basis of disease, immunology and cancer biology will allow students to focus on an area of interest. Graduates of the Program can pursue opportunities in basic or clinical research, teaching, biotechnology, pharmaceuticals, health care, or government. While the Master’s may be a terminal degree, it may also lead to admission to professional or PhD programs.

**Description of Program**

Students will earn a Plan B Masters from Case Western Reserve University. The degree program is comprised of core courses in Pathology with elective course work from related disciplines, a course on research ethics, attendance of the departmental seminar series, and a comprehensive final project in the form of a review paper that will ideally be suitable for publication. The topic of the review paper will be determined by the student and their academic advisor. The core of the Program is geared toward providing the student a solid basis in cell biology and pathology. This begins with courses in histology and cell & molecular biology (ANAT 412 Histology and Ultrastructure/ANAT 413 General Histology Laboratory and PATH 475 Cell and Molecular Foundations of Pathology) followed by courses in basic pathology and immunology (PATH 510 Basic Pathologic Mechanisms and PATH 416 Fundamental Immunology). After the first year the student can specialize by choosing electives in their area of interest. In the final semester the student will register for 3 credits of PATH 601 Special Problems while writing their paper. An advisor for the paper should be identified by mutual interest during the first year.

**Typical Curriculum**

**First Year**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Units</th>
<th>Fall</th>
<th>Spring</th>
<th>Summer</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Histology and Ultrastructure (ANAT 412)</td>
<td>6</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&amp; General Histology Laboratory (ANAT 413)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cell and Molecular Foundations of Pathology (PATH 475)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Experimental Pathology Seminar I (PATH 511)</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Basic Pathologic Mechanisms (PATH 510)</td>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fundamental Immunology (PATH 416)</td>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Experimental Pathology Seminar II (PATH 512)</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>On Being a Professional Scientist: The Responsible Conduct of Research (IBMS 500)</td>
<td>1</td>
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</table>

**Second Year**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Units</th>
<th>Fall</th>
<th>Spring</th>
<th>Summer</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Experimental Pathology Seminar I (PATH 511)</td>
<td>1</td>
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</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Electives</th>
<th>6-9</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Current Topics in Cancer (PATH 422)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oxidative Stress and Disease Pathogenesis (PATH 430)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Advanced Immunobiology (PATH 465)</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Immunology of Infectious Diseases (PATH 481)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Yeast Genetics and Cell Biology (PATH 488)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Skeletal Biology (PATH 522)</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transport and Targeting of Macromolecules in Health and Disease (PATH 525)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
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</table>
Other electives upon approval

Experimental Pathology Seminar II (PATH 512) 1

Electives: 6-9

- Cytoskeleton and Disease (PATH 415)
- Current Topics in Vision Research (PATH 432)
- Neurodegenerative Diseases: Pathological, Cell, & Molecular Perspectives (PATH 444)
- Introduction to Microarrays (PATH 460)
- Yeast Genetics and Cell Biology (PATH 488)
- Special Topics in Cancer Biology and Clinical Oncology (PATH 521)
- Cell Biology of Neurodegenerative Disorders (PATH 524)
- Special Problems (PATH 601)

Other electives upon approval

Year Total: 7-10 7-10

Total Units in Sequence: 43-49

Accelerated Curriculum

**First Year**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Units</th>
<th>Summer</th>
<th>Fall</th>
<th>Spring</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cadaver dissection-based human anatomy with histology, neuroanatomy, embryology, and physiology (ANAT 410)</td>
<td>6</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Histology and Ultrastructure (ANAT 412) &amp; General Histology Laboratory (ANAT 413)</td>
<td>6</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cell and Molecular Foundations of Pathology (PATH 475)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Experimental Pathology Seminar I (PATH 511)</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Basic Pathologic Mechanisms (PATH 510)</td>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fundamental Immunology (PATH 418)</td>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Experimental Pathology Seminar II (PATH 512)</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>On Being a Professional Scientist: The Responsible Conduct of Research (IBMS 500)</td>
<td>1</td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Special Problems (PATH 601)</td>
<td>1-18</td>
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<tr>
<td>Year Total:</td>
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<td>10</td>
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**Second Year**

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<th>Fall</th>
<th>Spring</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Special Problems (PATH 601)</td>
<td>1-18</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Year Total:</td>
<td>1-18</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Total Units in Sequence: 28-62

* Students with a significant background in Cell and Molecular Biology may take Path 525 (Transport and targeting of macromolecules in health and disease) or Path 488 (Yeast Genetics and Cell Biology) instead.

**Admission Criteria**

Applicants will be screened by the Pathology Department Admissions Committee. Students will be required to supply a GRE or MCAT score, a transcript, three letters of recommendation and an application essay that details the student’s interest in the Program. Students will be interviewed on campus or via electronic media (i.e. FaceTime or Skype). Although there are no set requirements, successful applicants would be expected to have an MCAT >26, GRE verbal >150 and GRE quantitative > 150, and an undergraduate GPA around 3.0. Applications will be accepted throughout the year with a deadline of June 1st; final decisions for Fall matriculation will be made by July 1st. Prospective students are advised to submit their applications well in advance of the deadline, since the class may fill completely before that date.

**Tuition**

Financial aid will not be provided by the Department. Students may apply for financial aid through the federal government at http://www.fafsa.ed.gov/. Tuition is currently $1546/credit hour. The total cost of the Program is based on tuition for the credits taken each term. Credits taken in excess of 12 per semester incur no additional cost (e.g., the cost of 12 credits is $18,552, if a student takes 15 credits in a semester the cost will be limited to $18,552).
MS in Pathology (part-time)

A part-time program leading to the Master of Science degree in Pathology is available to laboratory staff who are employed by Case Western Reserve University. Students in this program must be full-time university employees and must have the agreement of their supervisor to begin studies as a part-time student. Courses are available as an employee fringe benefit (up to 6 credits per semester for Fall and Spring, and 3 credits for Summer) and can only be taken as limited by the fringe benefit regulations.

A formal application for this program must be submitted to the graduate school. Prior to submission of this application, the employee, the supervisor, and the Director of the Pathology Graduate Program must meet to review and facilitate the student’s application for admission.

This program can lead to an M.S. degree through Plan A. Required core courses include CBIO 453 Cell Biology I (4 credits), CBIO 455 Molecular Biology I (4 credits), PATH 510 Basic Pathologic Mechanisms (4 credits), and participation in a seminar course (PATH 511 Experimental Pathology Seminar I and/or PATH 512 Experimental Pathology Seminar II) for at least one semester. CBIO 453 Cell Biology I, CBIO 455 Molecular Biology I and must be taken as graded courses (not P/F).

Plan A requires a minimum of 27 total coursework credits. In addition to the required core courses, the student must take a minimum of 6 credits of PATH 651 Thesis, which involves research in the laboratory of the supervisor (who serves as the M.S. Thesis Mentor) and thesis preparation. The student must register for at least one credit of PATH 651 Thesis M.S. every semester until graduation. A GPA of 2.75 or better must be maintained for a terminal M.S. (Students considering using the M.S. in Pathology as a “stepping stone” to the Ph.D. degree must maintain a GPA of 3.0 or better.) An M.S. thesis must be prepared based on the research, and the student must pass an M.S. Degree Examination in which the thesis is defended.

MD/MS Biomedical Investigation--Pathology Track

For Program Admissions and MD requirements, see MD Dual Degree Programs (p. 806). This track is designed to provide students with an in-depth understanding of the cellular basis of disease or immunity. During the first year of medical school the student should identify a mentor and begin planning coursework and a research project leading to the MS degree. Because the background and interest of applicants varies widely, members of the Program Oversight Committee will assist each student in designing an individualized schedule of graduate courses for any track.

Students are expected to complete at least two graduate courses (3 credits each or total 6 credits) before beginning the laboratory research period (year 3), and students should take three graduate courses before the research period if this is possible. For students to receive graduate credit for any medical coursework (as IBIS credit, e.g. IBIS 403 Integrated Biological Sciences III), they must register at the beginning of the semester. Students in the MD/MS joint degree program must attain a cumulative GPA of 3.0 in the graduate courses. Students in this program may participate in any of the three tracks of the Department of Pathology Graduate Program.

For information about the Pathology Track in the MD/MS program, contact Dr. James Anderson (james.anderson@case.edu), 216.368.0279, or Dr. Clive Hamlin (clive.hamlin@case.edu), 216.368.0512.

Students in the Pathology track must complete:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Graduate Course</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PATH 601 Special Problems</td>
<td>18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PATH 511 Experimental Pathology Seminar I</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>or PATH 512 Experimental Pathology Seminar II</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IBIS 600 Exam in Biomedical Investigation</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

And 9 credits from the Pathology courses listed below or other Approved courses. Other department's graduate level course may be accepted provided it is appropriate to the student's project and is approved by his/her Thesis Committee or the Graduate Program Director in Pathology.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Graduate Course</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PATH 410 Aging and the Nervous System</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PATH 415 Cytoskeleton and Disease</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PATH 416 Fundamental Immunology</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PATH 417 Cytokines: Function, Structure, and Signaling</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PATH 430 Oxidative Stress and Disease Pathogenesis</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PATH 432 Current Topics in Vision Research</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>PATH 444 Neurodegenerative Diseases: Pathological, Cell &amp; Molecular Perspectives</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PATH 477 Cellular and Molecular Basis of Immune Dysfunction</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PATH 480 Logical Dissection of Biomedical Investigations</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PATH 481 Immunology of Infectious Diseases</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PATH 488 Yeast Genetics and Cell Biology</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PATH 510 Basic Pathologic Mechanisms</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PATH 525 Transport and Targeting of Macromolecules in Health and Disease</td>
<td>3</td>
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</table>

Example Plan of Study of Minimum Coursework:

**First Year**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Graduate Course</th>
<th>Units</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MD Curriculum</td>
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<tr>
<td>Special Problems (PATH 601) (Optional)</td>
<td>1-3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Year Total</td>
<td>3 1-3</td>
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</table>

**Second Year**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Graduate Course</th>
<th>Units</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Integrated Biological Sciences III (IBIS 403)</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Graduate Course</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MD Curriculum</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Graduate Course</td>
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<tr>
<td>Year Total</td>
<td>9 3</td>
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**Third Year**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Graduate Course</th>
<th>Units</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Special Problems (PATH 601)</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Special Problems (PATH 601)</td>
<td>7</td>
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</table>
Experimental Pathology Seminar I (PATH 511) 1

or Experimental Pathology Seminar II (PATH 512)

Exam in Biomedical Investigation (IBIS 600) 0

Year Total: 8 8

Fifth Year

Units
Fall Spring Summer

MD Curriculum

Year Total:

Total Units in Sequence: 32-34

- 15 graded credits of graduate school courses should be taken in the first 2 years, including IBIS 403 Integrated Biological Sciences III (6 credits) and three PATH graduate courses (3 credits each). Students may defer a maximum of one 3-credit hour course to Year 3.

PhD in Pathology

PhD Training in the Pathology Graduate Program occurs in three tracks that share a common core curriculum but provide additional track-specific curricular offerings. This provides a cohesive program that addresses the specific needs of different Pathology-related areas of research training. Section II of the handbook “Pathology PhD Program” describes core features of the program that are shared and provides detailed descriptions of the three training tracks:

- Molecular and Cellular Basis of Disease Training Program (MCBTP)
- Immunology Training Program (ITP)
- Cancer Biology Training Program (CBTP)

To earn a PhD in Pathology, a student must complete rotations in at least three laboratories followed by selection of a research advisor, and complete Core and Elective coursework including responsible conduct of research as described in the Course of Study, below. Students who previously completed relevant coursework, (for example, with a MS) may petition to complete alternative courses. Each training track follows the overall regulations established and described in CWRU Graduate Studies and documented to the Regents of the State of Ohio. Completion of the PhD degree will require 36 hours of coursework (24 hours of which are graded) and 18 hours of PATH 701 Dissertation Ph.D.

In addition, each PhD student must successfully complete a qualifier examination for advancement to candidacy in the form of a short grant proposal with oral defense. The qualifier is generally completed in the summer after year two. During the dissertation period, students are expected to meet twice a year with the thesis committee, present seminars in the department, and fulfill journal publication requirements. Throughout the doctoral training, students are expected to be enthusiastic participants in seminars, journal clubs, and research meetings in the lab and program.

§ Please also see Graduate Studies Academic Requirements for Doctoral Degrees (p. 668)

Molecular and Cellular Basis of Disease Training Program (MCBTP)

**First Year**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Units</th>
<th>Fall</th>
<th>Spring</th>
<th>Summer</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cell Biology I (CBIO 453)*</td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Molecular Biology I (CBIO 455)*</td>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Research Rotation in Biomedical Sciences Training Program (BSTP 400)*</td>
<td>0 - 9</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mentor and track chosen</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Basic Pathologic Mechanisms (PATH 510)*</td>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fundamental Immunology (PATH 416)*</td>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Experimental Pathology Seminar II (PATH 512)</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Thesis committee chosen; preproposal meeting scheduled</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Special Problems (PATH 601)</td>
<td>1-9</td>
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<tr>
<td>On Being a Professional Scientist: The Responsible Conduct of Research (IBMS 500)</td>
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**Second Year**

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<th>Summer</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Experimental Pathology Seminar I (PATH 511)</td>
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<tr>
<td>MCBTP Track Elective</td>
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<td>MCBTP Track or other Elective</td>
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<td>Special Problems (PATH 601)</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Thesis proposal defense and advancement to candidacy within next 9 months*</td>
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<tr>
<td>Experimental Pathology Seminar I (PATH 511)</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Electives (Core, MCBTP track or other)</td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Special Problems (PATH 601) or Dissertation Ph.D. (PATH 701)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Thesis proposal defense and advancement to candidacy must be completed**</td>
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<td>6-16</td>
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**Third Year**

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<th>Summer</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Experimental Pathology Seminar I (PATH 511)</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dissertation Ph.D. (PATH 701)**</td>
<td>1-9</td>
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</table>
### Immunology Training Program (ITP)

#### First Year

<table>
<thead>
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<th>Units</th>
<th>Fall</th>
<th>Spring</th>
<th>Summer</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cell Biology I (CBIO 453)</td>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Molecular Biology I (CBIO 455)</td>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Research Rotation in Biomedical Sciences Training Program (BSTP 400)</td>
<td>0-9</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Immunology Journal Club (optional this semester)</td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mentor and Track chosen</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Basic Pathologic Mechanisms (PATH 510)</td>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fundamental Immunology (PATH 416)</td>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Experimental Pathology Seminar II (PATH 512)</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Immunology Journal Club (optional this semester)</td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Special Problems (PATH 601)</td>
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#### Second Year

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<th>Units</th>
<th>Fall</th>
<th>Spring</th>
<th>Summer</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Dissertation Ph.D. (PATH 701)</td>
<td>1-9</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
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</tr>
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<tr>
<td>Electives (Core, ITP Track or other)</td>
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<td>Special Problems (PATH 601)</td>
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<td>Experimental Pathology Seminar II (PATH 512)</td>
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<td>Electives (Core, ITP Track or other)</td>
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<td>Special Problems (PATH 601) or Dissertation Ph.D. (PATH 701)</td>
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#### Third Year

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(PATH 511) | 1    |        |        |
| Dissertation Ph.D. (PATH 701) | 1-9  |        |        |
| Immunology Journal Club (required this semester) |        |        |        |
| Experimental Pathology Seminar II  
(PATH 512) | 1    |        |        |
| Dissertation Ph.D. (PATH 701)** | 1-9  |        |        |

** Year Total:  2-10  2-10

** Total Units in Sequence:  45-128

- Alternate courses for MSTP students: IBIS 401-404. MSTP students in the ITP do not need to take CBIO 453 Cell Biology I, CBIO 455 Molecular Biology I or PATH 510 Basic Pathologic Mechanisms. PATH 416 Fundamental Immunology is required for MSTP students in the ITP unless they have sufficient prior immunology background as determined by the ITP Chair and curriculum coordinators (e.g. Drs. Harding and Nedrud).

- Alternate course is MSTP 400 Research Rotation in Medical Scientist Training Program for MSTP students and PATH 601 Special Problems for direct admit students.

- PATH 520 Basic Cancer Biology and the Interface with Clinical Oncology + PATH 521 Special Topics in Cancer Biology and Clinical Oncology is included as a Track Elective for ITP students.

### Second Year

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| Experimental Pathology Seminar I  
(PATH 511) | 1    |        |        |
| CBTP Track Elective | 3    |        |        |
| Electives (Core, CBTP track or other)** | 3    |        |        |
| Special Problems (PATH 601) | 1-9  |        |        |
| Thesis proposal defense and advancement to candidacy with next 9 months** |        |        |        |
| Experimental Pathology Seminar II  
(PATH 512) | 1    |        |        |
| Electives (Core, CBTP track or other)** | 4-6  |        |        |
| Special Problems (PATH 601) | 1-9  |        |        |
| Thesis proposal defense and advancement to candidacy must be completed** |        |        |        |

** Year Total:  8-16  6-16

### Third Year

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(PATH 511) | 1    |        |        |
| Dissertation Ph.D. (PATH 701)** | 1-9  |        |        |
| Experimental Pathology Seminar II  
(PATH 512) | 1    |        |        |
| Dissertation Ph.D. (PATH 701)** | 1-9  |        |        |

** Year Total:  2-10  2-10

### Fourth Year

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| Dissertation Ph.D. (PATH 701)** | 1-9  |        |        |
| Experimental Pathology Seminar II  
(PATH 512) | 1    |        |        |
| Dissertation Ph.D. (PATH 701)** | 1-9  |        |        |

** Year Total:  2-10  2-10

### Fifth Year

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(PATH 511) | 1    |        |        |
| Dissertation Ph.D. (PATH 701)** | 1-9  |        |        |
| Experimental Pathology Seminar II  
(PATH 512) | 1    |        |        |
| Dissertation Ph.D. (PATH 701)** | 1-9  |        |        |

** Year Total:  2-10  2-10

** Total Units in Sequence:  45-128

### Cancer Biology Training Program (CBTP)

#### First Year

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<th>Units</th>
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<tr>
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<td>Molecular Biology I (CBIO 455)*</td>
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<td>Research Rotation in Biomedical Sciences Training Program (BSTP 400)*</td>
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<tr>
<td>Basic Pathologic Mechanisms (PATH 510)</td>
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<td>Basic Cancer Biology and the Interface with Clinical Oncology (PATH 520)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Special Topics in Cancer Biology and Clinical Oncology (PATH 521)</td>
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<td>On Being a Professional Scientist: The Responsible Conduct of Research (IBMS 500)</td>
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| Experimental Pathology Seminar II  
(PATH 512) | 1    |        |        |
| Special Problems (PATH 601) | 1-9  |        |        |
| Thesis committe chosen: preproposal committee meeting scheduled |        |        |        |

** Year Total:  8-17  11-19
Courses

PATH 316. Fundamental Immunology. 4 Units.
Introductory immunology providing an overview of the immune system, including activation, effector mechanisms, and regulation. Topics include antigen-antibody reactions, immunologically important cell surface receptors, cell-cell interactions, cell-mediated immunity, innate versus adaptive immunity, cytokines, and basic molecular biology and signal transduction in B and T lymphocytes, and immunopathology. Three weekly lectures emphasize experimental findings leading to the concepts of modern immunology. An additional recitation hour is required to integrate the core material with experimental data and known immune mediated diseases. Five mandatory 90 minute group problem sets per semester will be administered outside of lecture and recitation meeting times. Graduate students will be graded separately from undergraduates, and 22 percent of the grade will be based on a critical analysis of a recently published, landmark scientific article. Offered as BIOL 316, BIOL 416, CLBY 416, and PATH 416. Prereq: BIOL 215 and 215L.

PATH 390. Undergraduate Research in Cancer Biology, Immunology, or Pathology. 1 - 3 Unit.
Students undertake a research project directly related to ongoing research in the investigator's/instructor's laboratory. Written proposal outlining research topic, a schedule of meetings and format and length of final written report to be prepared prior to registration for credit. Recommended preparation: One year of college chemistry and consent of instructor.

PATH 395. Selected Readings in Immunology, Cancer Biology, or Pathology. 1 - 3 Unit.
Relevant readings and literature search on particular immunology, cancer biology or pathology topic(s) chosen by the student and directed by the instructor. Written proposal outlining chosen topic, type of work to be done, a schedule of meetings and format and length of final written report to be prepared prior to registration for credit.

PATH 405. Discussions in Molecular Immunology (Health and Disease). 2 Units.
Targeted student population would be undergraduate (Biology major), PhD, MD, or MD/PhD students interested in emerging research on the mechanisms of molecular immunology and effects on health and defects in disease. Readings will be assigned, and students will come to class prepared for discussions. P/NP grades will be based on these discussions. 5 or fewer students will be selected for this class. Prereq: Undergraduate Biology majors, PhD, MD, or MD/PhD students.

PATH 410. Aging and the Nervous System. 1 Unit.
Lectures and discussion on aspects of neurobiology of aging in model systems; current research on Alzheimer's, Parkinson's, and Huntington's diseases.

PATH 415. Cytoskeleton and Disease. 1 Unit.
Discussion of recent papers that have added to knowledge of normal cytoskeletal functions and their alterations in disease.
PATH 416. Fundamental Immunology. 4 Units.
Introductory immunology providing an overview of the immune system, including activation, effector mechanisms, and regulation. Topics include antigen-antibody reactions, immunologically important cell surface receptors, cell-cell interactions, cell-mediated immunity, innate versus adaptive immunity, cytokines, and basic molecular biology and signal transduction in B and T lymphocytes, and immunopathology. Three weekly lectures emphasize experimental findings leading to the concepts of modern immunology. An additional recitation hour is required to integrate the core material with experimental data and known immune mediated diseases. Five mandatory 90 minute group problem sets per semester will be administered outside of lecture and recitation meeting times. Graduate students will be graded separately from undergraduates, and 22 percent of the grade will be based on a critical analysis of a recently published, landmark scientific article. Offered as BIOL 316, BIOL 416, CLBY 416, and PATH 416. Prereq: Graduate standing and consent of instructor.

PATH 417. Cytokines: Function, Structure, and Signaling. 3 Units.
Regulation of immune responses and differentiation of leukocytes is modulated by proteins (cytokines) secreted and/or expressed by both immune and non-immune cells. Course examines the function, expression, gene organization, structure, receptors, and intracellular signaling of cytokines. Topic include regulatory and inflammatory cytokines, colony stimulating factors, chemokines, cytokine and cytokine receptor gene families, intracellular signaling through STAT proteins and tyrosine phosphorylation, clinical potential, and genetic defects. Lecture format using texts, scientific reviews and research articles. Recommended preparation: PATH 416 or equivalent. Offered as BIOL 417, CLBY 417, and PATH 417.

PATH 418. Tumor Immunology. 3 Units.
Interactions between the immune system and tumor cells. Topics include the historical definition of tumor specific transplantation antigens, immune responses against tumor cells, the effects of tumor cell products on host immune responses, molecular identification of tumor specific transplantation antigens and recent advances in the immunotherapy of human cancers. Prereq: PATH 416.

PATH 422. Current Topics in Cancer. 3 Units.
The concept of cancer hallmarks has provided a useful guiding principle in our understanding of the complexity of cancer. The hallmarks include sustaining proliferative signaling, evading growth suppressors, enabling replicative immortality, activating invasion and metastasis, inducing angiogenesis, resisting cell death, deregulating cellular energetics, avoiding immune destruction, tumor-promoting inflammation, and genome instability and mutation. The objectives of this course are to (1) examine the principles of some of these hallmarks, and (2) explore potential therapies developed based on these hallmarks of cancer. This is a student-driven and discussion-based graduate course. Students should have had some background on the related subjects and have read scientific papers in their prior coursework. Students will be called on to present and discuss experimental design, data and conclusions from assigned publications. There will be no exams or comprehensive papers but students will submit a one-page critique (strengths and weaknesses) of one of the assigned papers prior to each class meeting. The course will end with a full-day student-run symposium on topics to be decided jointly by students and the course director. Grades will be based on class participation, written critiques, and symposium presentations. Offered as BIOC 420, MBIO 420, MVIR 420, PATH 422, and PHRM 420. Prereq: CBIO 453 and CBIO 455.

PATH 425. Stem Cell Biology and Therapeutics. 3 Units.
This course is intended to teach current understanding of stem cells as it relates to their characterization, function, and physiologic and pathological states. The course will expose students to the current understanding of various types of stem cells, including embryonic and adult stem cells of various tissues, techniques for their isolation and study. Experimental models and potential biomedical therapeutic applications will be discussed. The course will be taught by the faculty of the "Center for Stem Cell and Regenerative Medicine" who are affiliated with multiple departments of Case Western Reserve University, Cleveland Clinic Foundation and the partnering biomedical companies. Offered as NEUR 425 and PATH 425.

PATH 430. Oxidative Stress and Disease Pathogenesis. 1 Unit.
Oxidative stress and free radicals are implicated in a number of disease processes including aging, arthritis, emphysema, Alzheimer's disease and cancer. Lecture course with discussion of recent studies concerning the formation and destructive mechanisms of free radicals in the context of various disease processes. Students read assigned papers and discuss these in class.

PATH 432. Current Topics in Vision Research. 3 Units.
Vision research is an exciting and multidisciplinary area that draws on the disciplines of biochemistry, genetics, molecular biology, structural biology, neuroscience, and pathology. This graduate level course will provide the student with broad exposure to the most recent and relevant research currently being conducted in the field. Topics will cover a variety of diseases and fundamental biological processes occurring in the eye. Regions of the eye that will be discussed include the cornea, lens, and retina. Vision disorders discussed include age-related macular degeneration, retinal ciliopathies, and diabetic retinopathy. Instructors in the course are experts in their field and are members of the multidisciplinary visual sciences research community here at Case Western Reserve University. Students will be exposed to the experimental approaches and instrumentation currently being used in the laboratory and in clinical settings. Topics will be covered by traditional lectures, demonstrations in the laboratory and the clinic, and journal club presentations. Students will be graded on their performance in journal club presentations (40%), research proposal (40%), and class participation (20%). Offered as NEUR 432, PATH 432, PHRM 432 and BIOC 432.

PATH 435. Tissue Engineering and Regenerative Medicine. 3 Units.
This course will provide advanced coverage of tissue engineering with a focus on stem cell-based research and therapies. Course topics of note include stem cell biology and its role in development, modeling of stem cell function, controlling stem cell behavior by engineering materials and their microenvironment, stem cells' trophic character, and state-of-the-art stem cell implementation in tissue engineering and other therapeutic strategies. Offered as EBME 425 and PATH 435. Prereq: EBME 325 or equivalent or graduate standing.

PATH 444. Neurodegenerative Diseases: Pathological, Cell. & Molecular Perspectives. 3 Units.
This course, taught by several faculty members, encompasses the full range of factors that contribute to the development of neurodegeneration. Subjects include pathological aspects, neurodegeneration, genetic aspects, protein conformation and cell biology in conditions such as Alzheimer's disease, Parkinson's disease, amyotrophic lateral sclerosis and prion diseases. Students read assigned primary literature and present and discuss these in class.
PATH 460. Introduction to Microarrays. 3 Units.
Microarray technology is an exciting new technique that is used to analyze gene expression in a wide variety of organisms. The goal of this course is to give participants a hands-on introduction to this technology. The course is intended for individuals who are preparing to use this technique, including students, fellows, and other investigators. This is a hands-on computer-based course, which will enable participants to conduct meaningful analyses of microarray data. Participants will gain an understanding of the principles underlying microarray technologies, including: theory of sample preparation, sample processing on microarrays, familiarity with the use of Affymetrix Microarray Suite software and generation of data sets. Transferring data among software packages to manipulate data will also be discussed. Importation of data into other software (GeneSpring and DecisionSite) will enable participants to mine the data for higher-order patterns. Participants will learn about the rationale behind the choice of normalization and data filtering strategies, distance metrics, use of appropriate clustering choices such as K-means, Hierarchical, and Self Organizing Maps. Course Offered as BIOC 460, PATH 460, CNCR 460.

PATH 465. Advanced Immunobiology. 4 Units.
This course will cover fundamental (innate and adaptive responses, antigen recognition, cell activation, etc.) and applied (immune evasion, autoimmunity, allergy, transplantation, vaccines, etc.) immunology topics, highlighting the most important and recent advancements found in the primary literature. Lectures will be derived largely from the primary literature, but will also include modern techniques and fundamental background knowledge to enhance the learning environment for the immunology concepts presented. Course organization consists of two lectures per week by the immunology faculty, weekly article review/ critique essays, a mid-term exam with in-class and take-home portions, and a final paper. Prereq: PATH 416

PATH 475. Cell and Molecular Foundations of Pathology. 3 Units.
This course is designed for M.S. students in the Pathology Graduate Program, and is an introductory course covering normal cell and molecular biology as well as cell physiology. Additional topics to be discussed in the course will include cell structure and function, as well as correlates to cellular and molecular pathology. Recommended Preparation: Should have undergrad-level cell biology and biochemistry.

PATH 477. Cellular and Molecular Basis of Immune Dysfunction. 3 Units.
Lectures and student presentations focusing on immunologic mechanisms of tissue injury, disorders of the immune response and diseases of immunocompetent cells. Hypersensitivity, allergy, immune complex disease, immune deficiency, lymphoma and multiple myeloma discussed from chemical, cellular and physiological perspectives. Recommended preparation: PATH 416 or consent of instructor.

PATH 480. Logical Dissection of Biomedical Investigations. 3 Units.
PATH 480 is an upper level graduate course encompassing discussion and critical appraisal of both published and pre-published research papers, book chapters, commentaries and review articles. Emphasis will be placed on evaluating the logical relationships connecting hypotheses to experimental design and experimental data to conclusions drawn. Thus, the course will aim to develop students’ capacities for independent thinking and critical analysis. Half of the course will be devoted to an analysis of fundamental conceptual issues pertaining to immunology, but this material will be applicable to a wide variety of fields. The other half of the course will be devoted to the analysis of papers that have been submitted for publication (with the students acting as primary reviewers of these papers). Our expectation is that this course will have practical relevance for students by providing them with methods to review their own prepublication manuscripts and eliminate common errors. It should also give students the tools to question widely held beliefs in diverse biomedical fields. Recommended preparation is completion of the C3MB curriculum and 2nd year or higher graduate school training. Previous exposure to immunology and molecular biology will be helpful but not required.

PATH 481. Immunology of Infectious Diseases. 3 Units.
Lectures and discussion on the immune response to infectious organisms, including bacteria, viruses and parasites. Emphasis on human responses but includes discussions of animal models. Other topics include vaccines and infections in immuno-compromised hosts. Recommended preparation: PATH 416 or consent of instructor. Offered as MVIR 481 and PATH 481.

PATH 486. HIV Immunology. 3 Units.
This course will examine the unique immunology of HIV disease. The course content will include the study of HIV pathogenesis, immune control, immune dysfunctions, HIV prevention and immune restoration. Students will be expected to attend lectures and participate in class discussions. A strong emphasis will be placed on reviewing scientific literature. Students will be asked to help organize and to administer an HIV immunology journal club and will be asked to prepare a written proposal in the area of HIV immunology. Offered as PATH 486 and MBIO 486. Prereq: PATH 416 or permission from the instructor.

PATH 488. Yeast Genetics and Cell Biology. 3 Units.
This seminar course provides an introduction to the genetics and molecular biology of the yeasts S. cerevisiae and S. pombe by a discussion of current literature focusing primarily on topics in yeast cell biology. Students are first introduced to the tools of molecular genetics and special features of yeasts that make them important model eukaryotic organisms. Some selected topics include cell polarity, cell cycle, secretory pathways, vesicular and nuclear/cytoplasmic transport, mitochondrial import and biogenesis, chromosome segregation, cytoskeleton, mating response and signal transduction. Offered as CLBY 488, GENE 488, MBIO 488, and PATH 488.

PATH 510. Basic Pathologic Mechanisms. 4 Units.
An interdisciplinary introduction to the fundamental principles of molecular and cellular biology as they relate to the pathologic basis of disease. Lectures, laboratories, conferences.

PATH 511. Experimental Pathology Seminar I. 1 Unit.
Weekly discussions of current topics and research by students, staff and distinguished visitors.

PATH 512. Experimental Pathology Seminar II. 1 Unit.
Weekly discussions of current topics and research by students, staff and distinguished visitors.
PATH 520. Basic Cancer Biology and the Interface with Clinical Oncology. 3 Units. 
This is an introductory cancer biology course that is intended to give students a broad and basic overview of Cancer Biology and Clinical Oncology. The course will cover not only fundamental principles of cancer biology, but will also highlight advances in the pathobiology and therapeutics of cancer. Classes will be of lecture and discussion format, with emphasis on critically reading original journal articles. The specific topics presented will include carcinogenesis, oncogenes, tumor suppressor genes, genetic epidemiology, DNA repair, growth factor action/signal transduction, apoptosis, cell cycle control, cell adhesion, angiogenesis, tumor cell heterogeneity, metastasis, chemotherapy, photodynamic therapy, gene therapy, signal transduction inhibitor therapy, chemoprevention, and clinical oncology of the breast, prostate, lymphatic tissue, colon and other related malignancies. Course grades will be from participation/discussion, presentation and mid-term/final exams. Recommended preparation: CBIO 453 and CBIO 455. Offered as PATH 520 and PHRM 520.

PATH 521. Special Topics in Cancer Biology and Clinical Oncology. 1 Unit. 
This one credit hour course in Cancer Biology is intended to give students an opportunity to do independent literature research while enrolled in PHRM 520/PATH 520. Students must attend weekly Hematology/Oncology seminar series and write a brief summary of each of the lectures attended. In addition, students must select one of the seminar topics to write a term paper which fully reviews the background related to the topic and scientific and clinical advances in that field. This term paper must also focus of Clinical Oncology, have a translational research component, and integrate with concepts learned in PHRM 520/PATH 520. Pharmacology students must provide a strong discussion on Therapeutics, while Pathology students must provide a strong component on Pathophysiology of the disease. Recommended preparation: CBIO 453 and CBIO 455, or concurrent enrollment in PHRM 520 or PATH 520. Offered as PATH 521 and PHRM 521.

PATH 522. Skeletal Biology. 3 Units. 
This is an advanced graduate level course for students interested in the morphogenesis, structure, function, and maintenance of the skeletal system taught jointly by faculty from Case Western Reserve University (CWRU), Cleveland Clinic Foundation (CCF), and the Northeastern Ohio Universities College of Medicine (NEOUCOM). It will meet twice per week for 90 minutes per session. The format will include an overview of the topic by the responsible faculty, followed by a discussion of important papers on the topic. The students will be expected to discuss the papers for each session and grading will be based on those discussions. The intent of the course is to enable students to understand the important problems in skeletal biology and both classical and modern approaches for solving them.

PATH 523. Histopathology of Organ Systems. 3 Units. 
Comprehensive course covering the underlying basic mechanisms of injury and cell death, inflammation, immunity, infection, and neoplasia followed by pathology of specific organ systems. Material will include histological (‘structure’) and physiological (‘function’) aspects related to pathology (human emphasis). Recommended preparation: ANAT 412 or permission of instructor. Offered as ANAT 523 and PATH 523.

PATH 524. Cell Biology of Neurodegenerative Disorders. 3 Units. 
PATH 524 is a 3 credit hour introductory course on neurodegenerative disorders intended for Master’s and first and second-year medical students. This course attempts to bridge the gap between molecular mechanisms at the cellular level with disease presentation and therapeutic options for neurodegenerative disorders of protein mis-folding and metal mis-metabolism. The course will cover topics related to Alzheimer’s disease, Parkinson’s disease, Huntington’s disease, Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis, Multiple sclerosis, Prion diseases, disorders of iron and copper metabolism, and other disorders of interest to the students. The class will meet once every week, and following an introductory lecture, the students will discuss relevant scientific reports from recent literature. Students are expected to participate actively in class discussion, and write a 5-6 page research proposal following NIH guidelines for the final exam. The students are expected to present and defend their proposal in class. Grading criteria: Class participation (70%), final paper and presentation (30%).

PATH 525. Transport and Targeting of Macromolecules in Health and Disease. 3 Units. 
PATH 525 is a 3 credit hour advanced course on neurodegenerative disorders intended for PhD and MD/PhD students. Master’s and first and second-year medical students with adequate background in cell and molecular biology and the drive to work hard and overcome challenges are welcome. This course attempts to bridge the gap between molecular mechanisms at the cellular level with disease presentation and therapeutic options for neurodegenerative disorders of protein mis-folding and metal mis-metabolism. The course will cover topics related to Alzheimer’s disease, Parkinson’s disease, Huntington’s disease, Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis, Multiple sclerosis, Prion diseases, disorders of iron and copper metabolism, and other disorders of interest to the students. The class will meet once every week, and the students will discuss relevant scientific reports from recent literature. Students are expected to participate actively in class discussion, and write a 5-6 page research proposal following NIH guidelines for the final exam. The students are expected to present and defend their proposal in class. Grading criteria: Class participation (70%), final paper and presentation (30%). Offered as PATH 525 and CLBY 525.

PATH 601. Special Problems. 1 - 18 Unit. 
Research on the nature and causation of disease and on host factors which tend to protect against disease. Special courses and tutorials in subspecialty areas of general and/or systemic anatomic and/or clinical pathology.

PATH 651. Thesis M.S.. 1 - 18 Unit. 
Prereq: Predoctoral research consent or advanced to Ph.D. candidacy milestone.

Department of Pharmacology
Diane Dowd, Ph.D., Coordinator
The Department of Pharmacology offers training leading to MS, PhD or MD/PhD degrees for highly qualified post-undergraduate candidates committed to academic research careers in the biomedical sciences. Adequate preparation in the biological sciences, mathematics, organic chemistry, and physics or physical chemistry is a prerequisite for admission.

Multidisciplinary training, carried out by faculty in pharmacology and other basic science departments, emphasizes molecular, cellular, physiological, and clinical aspects of the pharmacological sciences.
Areas of faculty expertise include drug/xenobiotic metabolism; receptor-ligand interactions, and biochemical reaction mechanisms; cell biology of signaling pathways; structure-function of membrane components; endocrine and metabolic regulation; cell surface and nuclear receptors, hormonal regulation of gene expression; cancer biology and therapeutics, bacterial and viral pathogenesis, neuroscience/neuropsycharmacology, and drug resistance.

Students who desire the combined MD/PhD degrees are admitted to the Medical Scientist Training Program (MSTP, please see separate listing in this publication). These students participate in the two-year integrated preclinical curriculum of the School of Medicine (University Program), which features clinical correlation of basic biologic concepts. Combined degree students who select the PhD in pharmacology undertake a series of advanced courses, research rotations, preliminary examinations and dissertation research in the same manner as that described for the PhD program.

Facilities

The Department of Pharmacology occupies about 25,000 net square feet distributed among several locations, namely the Biomedical Research Building, the School of Medicine Harland Goff Wood Building and the adjacent Wood Research Tower, as well as facilities in the West Quad Bldg. Facilities include extensive chromatographic and tissue culture facilities, a transgenic mouse laboratory, imaging and confocal microscopy equipment, and ready access to specialized research techniques, including various aspects of recombinant DNA and hybridoma technology, in situ hybridization histochemistry, fluorescence cell sorting, NMR and mass spectroscopy, X-ray crystallography, and cryo electron microscopy.

Masters Degrees

Although training efforts by the Department of Pharmacology are primarily directed toward the award of the PhD degree, training for the MS degree is offered also in a variety of contexts. For example, research assistants in the Department who seek educational advancement may pursue the MS degree via Plan A (thesis) or Plan B (coursework only). Medical students who seek to specialize in Pharmacology during the scholarly research component of their preclinical program may pursue the MS degree. Employees in the Biotechnology Industry may seek advanced training in Pharmacology by pursuing the MS degree at Case. Finally, a PhD candidate who is unable to complete the PhD requirements for extraordinary reasons may petition to have earned credits transferred to fulfill MS degree requirements.

Masters Plan B (Coursework, MS direct admit)

This program is aimed at students who seek a Master’s Degree but do not intend to specialize in research following their Master’s work. To satisfy the requirement for a Comprehensive Exam for the MS Degree, students register for 1 credit of EXAM 600 during their final semester and sit for a integrative essay question-style examination on the content of the required coursework. A total of 27 credit hours are required (see below).

The advancement of understanding and practice of therapeutics is based on research. Therefore all students in degree programs in Pharmacology are expected to become involved in independent research and scholarship. Registration for PHRM 601 Independent Study and Research requires a pre-arrangement with a faculty mentor who will oversee the combination of study and bench research and proscribe the basis for satisfactory performance, including oral and written reports.

With pre-approval of the Departmental Director of Graduate Studies, a student’s study plan may substitute additional specific advanced courses to replace PHRM 601 Independent Study and Research credits.

Sample Plan of Study for Plan B

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>First Year</th>
<th>Units</th>
<th>Fall</th>
<th>Spring</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cell Biology I (CBIO 453)</td>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Molecular Biology I (CBIO 455)</td>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Principles of Pharmacology I: The Molecular Basis of Therapeutics (PHRM 401)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Principles of Pharmacology II: The Physiological Basis of Therapeutics (PHRM 402)</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
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<tr>
<td>Year Total:</td>
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<th>Units</th>
<th>Fall</th>
<th>Spring</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Pharmacology Seminar Series (PHRM 511)</td>
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<tr>
<td>PHRM Elective</td>
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<tr>
<td>Independent Study and Research (PHRM 601)</td>
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<td>Pharmacology Seminar Series (PHRM 511)</td>
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<tr>
<td>PHRM Elective</td>
<td>3</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Independent Study and Research (PHRM 601)</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Master’s Comprehensive Exam (EXAM 600)</td>
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</table>

Total Units in Sequence: 25-27

Masters Plan A (Research, direct admit)

In addition to the course requirements below, candidates for this degree are required to submit an acceptable written thesis based on their original research, and register for at least 9 credit hours of PHRM 651 Thesis M.S. (master’s dissertation research). The acceptability of the thesis will be determined by an oral examination administered by the student’s Thesis Advisory Committee. This committee must be chaired by a member of the primary Faculty of Pharmacology, and it should include the research mentor and two other faculty members (total of four faculty members, two from the Department of Pharmacology). As above, a minimum of 27 credit hours are required. For these students, passing the final exams in PHRM 401 Principles of Pharmacology I: The Molecular Basis of Therapeutics and PHRM 402 Principles of Pharmacology II: The Physiological Basis of Therapeutics satisfies the requirement for a Comprehensive Exam for the MS Degree.

Required courses for Plan A

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>First Year</th>
<th>Units</th>
<th>Fall</th>
<th>Spring</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cell Biology I (CBIO 453)</td>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Molecular Biology I (CBIO 455)</td>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Thesis M.S. (PHRM 651)</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Principles of Pharmacology I: The Molecular Basis of Therapeutics (PHRM 401)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Principles of Pharmacology II: The Physiological Basis of Therapeutics (PHRM 402)</td>
<td>3</td>
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<td>Thesis M.S. (PHRM 651)</td>
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Year Total: 9

### Second Year

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<td>Pharmacology Seminar Series (PHRM 511)</td>
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<td>Thesis M.S. (PHRM 651)</td>
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<td>Pharmacology Seminar Series (PHRM 511)</td>
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<td>Thesis M.S. (PHRM 651)</td>
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Year Total: 9

**Total Units in Sequence:** 36

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### MD/MS Biomedical Sciences - Pharmacology

For Program Admissions information and MD requirements, see MD Dual Degree Programs (p. 806). A sample plan of study for the Pharmacology track is below.

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<th>Units</th>
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<th>Summer</th>
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<tr>
<td>Integrated Biological Sciences II (IBIS 402)</td>
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Year Total: 1-9 1-9 3

#### Second Year

<table>
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<tr>
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<td>Principles of Pharmacology I: The Molecular Basis of Therapeutics (PHRM 401)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Pharmacology Seminar Series (PHRM 511)</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Principles of Pharmacology II: The Physiological Basis of Therapeutics (PHRM 402)</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>Advanced Elective Course complimentary to research focus</td>
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Year Total: 5-13 6 1

#### Third Year

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<th>Summer</th>
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Year Total: 10 10

#### Fourth Year

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<th>Units</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Medical School Curriculum</td>
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Year Total: 10 10

#### Fifth Year

<table>
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<th>Units</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Medical School Curriculum</td>
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<td></td>
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</tbody>
</table>

Year Total: 10 10

**Total Units in Sequence:** 37-61

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### PhD in Pharmacology

Students seeking the PhD degree are admitted directly into the Department of Pharmacology through the Molecular Therapeutics Training Program, through the Biomedical Sciences Training Program, each of which provides an introduction to many related training areas within the biomedical field during the first year, or through the Medical Scientist Training Program (MSTP).

The PhD program is divided into three phases. The first phase allows students to follow an integrated first-year sequence of coursework that involves a core curriculum in cell and molecular biology. In addition, the first year includes three research rotations that allow the students to sample areas of research and become familiar with faculty members and their laboratories. Selection of a specific training program and thesis advisor is made before the end of the first year. The second phase involves a two part course in intensive Pharmacology study, oral presentations and laboratory experience, which cumulates in a comprehensive written exam designed to challenge students to apply key concepts in new context.

After advancing to PhD candidacy by passing the comprehensive written exam, students select one of four advanced tracks in Pharmacology. Choice among the tracks is based on the area of research expertise of the thesis advisor and the student’s interest in specific coursework. The four tracks are: Cancer Therapeutics, Membrane Biology and Pharmacology, Molecular Pharmacology and Cell Regulation, and Translational Therapeutics.

The PhD degree is awarded to students who complete a research project leading to two original and meritorious scientific contributions that are submitted for publication to leading journals in the field of study; at least one manuscript must be accepted for publication before scheduling the PhD thesis defense. Completion of the PhD degree will also require 36 hours of coursework (24 hours of which are graded) and 18 hours of PHRM 701 Dissertation Ph.D..

### Core course requirements for the PhD in Pharmacology

The first year consists of the Core curriculum in Cell Biology and Molecular Biology (CBIO 453 Cell Biology I, CBIO 455 Molecular Biology I) and research rotations, as well as a scientific ethics course (15 credit hours).
This is included with the additional 15 formal course credit hours which are required in Pharmacology as listed and then described below.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PHRM 400</td>
<td>Research Experience in Pharmacology</td>
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<tr>
<td>CBIO 453</td>
<td>Cell Biology I</td>
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<td>CBIO 455</td>
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<td>PHRM 401</td>
<td>Principles of Pharmacology I: The Molecular Basis of Therapeutics</td>
<td>3</td>
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<td>PHRM 402</td>
<td>Principles of Pharmacology II: The Physiological Basis of Therapeutics</td>
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</tr>
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<td>PHRM 511</td>
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<tr>
<td>PHRM 525</td>
<td>Topics in Cell and Molecular Pharmacology</td>
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Total Units: 20-40

**Plan of Study**

§ Please also see Graduate Studies Academic Requirements for Doctoral Degrees (p. 668)

### First Year

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<td>Independent Study and Research (PHRM 601)</td>
<td>1 - 9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Selection of Thesis Advisor</td>
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<td>Principles of Pharmacology I: The Molecular Basis of Therapeutics (PHRM 401)</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Principles of Pharmacology II: The Physiological Basis of Therapeutics (PHRM 402)</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Independent Study and Research (PHRM 601)</td>
<td>1 - 9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pharmacology Seminar Series (PHRM 511)</td>
<td>0 - 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>On Being a Professional Scientist: The Responsible Conduct of Research (IBMS 500)</td>
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<td>Year Total:</td>
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### Second Year

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<tr>
<td>Prelim I (During January, Year 2)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Admission to candidacy</td>
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**Courses**

**PHRM 301. Undergraduate Research. 1 - 18 Unit.**

**PHRM 309. Principles of Pharmacology. 3 Units.**

Principles of Pharmacology introduces the basic principles that underlie all of Pharmacology. The first half of the course introduces, both conceptually and quantitatively, drug absorption, distribution, elimination and metabolism (pharmacokinetics) and general drug receptor theory and mechanism of action (pharmacodynamics). Genetic variation in response to drugs (pharmacogenetics) is integrated into these basic principles. The second half of the course covers selected drug classes chosen to illustrate these principles. Small group/recitation sessions use case histories to reinforce presentation of principles and to discuss public perceptions of therapeutic drug use. Graduate students will be expected to critically evaluate articles from the literature and participate in a separate weekly discussion session. Recommended preparation for PHRM 409: Undergraduate degree in science or permission of instructor. Offered as PHRM 309 and PHRM 409. Prereq: CHEM 223 and CHEM 224 or EBME 201 and EBME 202 or BIOL 116 and BIOL 117

**PHRM 315. Nuclear Receptors in Health and Disease. 3 Units.**

This course focuses on hormone-gene interactions mediated by the ligand-inducible transcription factors termed nuclear hormone receptors. The class will address the mechanisms of action, regulatory features, and biological activities of several nuclear receptors. The usage of nuclear receptors as therapeutic targets in disease states such as cancer, inflammation, and diabetes will also be discussed. The course aims to teach students to critically evaluate primary literature relevant to nuclear hormone receptors biology, and to reinforce presentation/discussion skills. Grades for undergraduates will be based on midterm, final exam; grades for graduates will be based on midterm, final exam, and presentation of a recently published research article related to the role of nuclear receptors in health and disease. Offered as PHRM 315, BIOC 315, PHRM 415 and BIOC 415.
PHRM 340. Science and Society Through Literature. 3 Units.
This course will examine the interaction of scientific investigation and discovery with the society it occurred in. What is the effect of science on society and, as importantly, what is the effect of society on science? An introduction will consider the heliocentric controversy with focus on Galileo. Two broad areas, tuberculosis and the Frankenstein myth, will then be discussed covering the period 1800-present. With tuberculosis, fiction, art and music will be examined to understand the changing views of society towards the disease, how society's perception of tuberculosis victims changed, and how this influenced their treatments and research. With Frankenstein, the original novel in its historical context will be examined. Using fiction and film, the transformation of the original story into myth with different connotations and implications will be discussed. Most classes will be extensive discussions coupled with student presentations of assigned materials. Offered as PHRM 340, BETH 440, PHRM 440, and HSTY 440.

PHRM 400. Research Experience in Pharmacology. 0 - 1 Units.
Research rotation in pharmacology.

PHRM 401. Principles of Pharmacology I: The Molecular Basis of Therapeutics. 3 Units.
This core course focuses on the chemical and biochemical properties of therapeutic agents and molecular mechanisms of therapeutic action, including kinetic and thermodynamic principles of enzyme catalysis and drug-receptor interactions. Moreover, emphasis is placed on fundamental principles of pharmacokinetics, including the absorption, distribution, metabolism, and excretion of drugs. Mathematical concepts needed to understand appropriate administration of drugs and maintaining therapeutic concentrations of drugs in the body are discussed. A second broad area of emphasis is on fundamental principles of pharmacodynamics, including drug-receptor theory, log dose-response relationships, therapeutic index, receptor turnover, and signal transduction mechanisms. The primary learning objective is to develop a self-directed, critical approach to the evaluation and design of experimental research in the broad context of receptor interactions with endogenous ligands and therapeutic agents in the context of disease models. This is a team-coordinated course involving session organized by faculty to facilitate student-directed learning experiences including discussion of study questions, problem solving applications, and primary literature presentations. A two-part laboratory exercise introduces experimental methodologies widely applied during the study of molecular interactions between therapeutic agents and receptor targets to reinforce fundamental principles of drug action. This 3-credit hour course meets 3 hr per week during the spring semester of year 1.

PHRM 402. Principles of Pharmacology II: The Physiological Basis of Therapeutics. 3 Units.
This course focuses on human physiology of organ systems including the central nervous system, cardiovascular system, and those systems (gastrointestinal, hepatic, and renal) that are involved in determining the pharmacokinetics or time course of drug action in vivo. A second major emphasis is placed on disease-based sessions where normal physiology, pathophysiology, and key drug classes to treat pathophysiologies are discussed. The students learn key concepts in endocrine pathologies, inflammatory disorders, pulmonary diseases, infectious diseases, and cancer. The main learning objectives are for the student to gain an understanding of basic principles of modern pharmacology and physiology and to build self-directed learning skills. This is a highly interactive course in which faculty lectures are minimized. A heavy emphasis is placed on student-directed learning experiences including presentation and discussion of primary literature, problem solving applications, small group discussion and team-based learning. This 3-credit hour course meets 3 hr per week during the fall semester of year 2.

PHRM 403. Public and Professional Views of Modern Therapeutics. 3 Units.
This course will present the students with headline news stories from the popular press along with pertinent published articles from the scientific literature. The object is to engage the students in critical evaluation of the scientific literature and news reports to discern the scientific basis for decisions such as removal of drugs from the market. The course will focus on topics such as Cox-2 Inhibitors and Heart Disease, Antidepressant Use for Adolescents, and Parkinson's Disease and Stem Cell Therapy, among others. Evaluation will be based on participation in student-led discussion sessions, weekly topical quizzes, and on written critiques of the primary literature.

PHRM 409. Principles of Pharmacology. 3 Units.
Principles of Pharmacology introduces the basic principles that underlie all of Pharmacology. The first half of the course introduces, both conceptually and quantitatively, drug absorption, distribution, elimination and metabolism (pharmacokinetics) and general drug receptor theory and mechanism of action (pharmacodynamics). Genetic variation in response to drugs (pharmacogenetics) is integrated into these basic principles. The second half of the course covers selected drug classes chosen to illustrate these principles. Small group/recitation sessions use case histories to reinforce presentation of principles and to discuss public perceptions of therapeutic drug use. Graduate students will be expected to critically evaluate articles from the literature and participate in a separate weekly discussion session. Recommended preparation for PHRM 409: Undergraduate degree in science or permission of instructor. Offered as PHRM 309 and PHRM 409.

PHRM 412. Membrane Transport Processes. 3 Units.
Membranes and membrane transporters are absolutely required for all cells to take up nutrient, maintain membrane potential and efflux toxins. This course will consider the classification and structure of membrane transport proteins and channels, examine the common mechanistic features of all systems and the specific features of different classes of transporter. Understanding the physiological integration of transport processes into cell homeostasis and consideration of transporters and channels as drug targets will be a goal. Course format is minimal lecture, primarily student presentations of primary literature papers. Offered as PHOL 412, PHRM 412. Prereq: CBIO 453 and CBIO 455.
**PHRM 415. Nuclear Receptors in Health and Disease. 3 Units.**
This course focuses on hormone-gene interactions mediated by the ligand-inducible transcription factors termed nuclear hormone receptors. The class will address the mechanisms of action, regulatory features, and biological activities of several nuclear receptors. The usage of nuclear receptors as therapeutic targets in disease states such as cancer, inflammation, and diabetes will also be discussed. The course aims to teach students to critically evaluate primary literature relevant to nuclear hormone receptors biology, and to reinforce presentation/discussion skills. Grades for undergraduates will be based on midterm, final exam; grades for graduates will be based on midterm, final exam, and presentation of a recently published research article related to the role of nuclear receptors in health and disease. Offered as PHRM 315, BIOC 415, PHRM 415 and BIOC 415.

**PHRM 420. Current Topics in Cancer. 3 Units.**
The concept of cancer hallmarks has provided a useful guiding principle in our understanding of the complexity of cancer. The hallmarks include sustaining proliferative signaling, evading growth suppressors, enabling replicative immortality, activating invasion and metastasis, inducing angiogenesis, resisting cell death, deregulating cellular energetics, avoiding immune destruction, tumor-promoting inflammation, and genome instability and mutation. The objectives of this course are to (1) examine the principles of some of these hallmarks, and (2) explore potential therapies developed based on these hallmarks of cancer. This is a student-driven and discussion-based graduate course. Students should have had some background on the related subjects and have read scientific papers in their prior coursework. Students will be called on to present and discuss experimental design, data and conclusions from assigned publications. There will be no exams or comprehensive papers but students will submit a one-page critique (strengths and weaknesses) of one of the assigned papers prior to each class meeting. The course will end with a full-day student-run symposium on topics to be decided jointly by students and the course director. Grades will be based on class participation, written critiques, and symposium presentations. Offered as BIOC 420, MBIO 420, MVIR 420, PATH 422, and PHRM 420. Prereq: CBIO 453 and CBIO 455.

**PHRM 430. Advanced Methods in Structural Biology. 1 - 6 Unit.**
The course is designed for graduate students who will be focusing on one or more methods of structural biology in their thesis project. This course is divided into 3-6 sections (depending on demand). The topics offered will include X-ray crystallography, nuclear magnetic resonance spectroscopy, optical spectroscopy, mass spectrometry, cryo-electron microscopy, and computational and design methods. Students can select one or more modules. Modules will be scheduled so that students can take all the offered modules in one semester. Each section is given in 5 weeks and is worth 1 credit. Each section covers one area of structural biology at an advanced level such that the student is prepared for graduate level research in that topic. Offered as BIOC 430, CHEM 430, PHOL 430, and PHRM 430.

**PHRM 432. Current Topics in Vision Research. 3 Units.**
Vision research is an exciting and multidisciplinary area that draws on the disciplines of biochemistry, genetics, molecular biology, structural biology, neuroscience, and pathology. This graduate level course will provide the student with broad exposure to the most recent and relevant research currently being conducted in the field. Topics will cover a variety of diseases and fundamental biological processes occurring in the eye. Regions of the eye that will be discussed include the cornea, lens, and retina. Vision disorders discussed include age-related macular degeneration, retinal ciliopathies, and diabetic retinopathy. Instructors in the course are experts in their field and are members of the multidisciplinary visual sciences research community here at Case Western Reserve University. Students will be exposed to the experimental approaches and instrumentation currently being used in the laboratory and in clinical settings. Topics will be covered by traditional lectures, demonstrations in the laboratory and the clinic, and journal club presentations. Students will be graded on their performance in journal club presentations (40%), research proposal (40%), and class participation (20%). Offered as NEUR 432, PATH 432, PHRM 432 and BIOC 432.

**PHRM 440. Science and Society Through Literature. 3 Units.**
This course will examine the interaction of scientific investigation and discovery with the society it occurred in. What is the effect of science on society and, as importantly, what is the effect of society on science? An introduction will consider the heliocentric controversy with focus on Galileo. Two broad areas, tuberculosis and the Frankenstein myth, will then be discussed covering the period 1800-present. With tuberculosis, fiction, art and music will be examined to understand the changing views of society towards the disease, how society’s perception of tuberculosis victims changed, and how this influenced their treatments and research. With Frankenstein, the original novel in its historical context will be examined. Using fiction and film, the transformation of the original story into myth with different connotations and implications will be discussed. Most classes will be extensive discussions coupled with student presentations of assigned materials. Offered as PHRM 340, BETH 440, PHRM 440, and HSTY 440.

**PHRM 466. Cell Signaling. 3 Units.**
This is an advanced lecture/journal/discussion format course that covers cell signaling mechanisms. Included are discussions of neurotransmitter-gated ion channels, growth factor receptor kinases, cytokine receptors, G protein-coupled receptors, steroid receptors, heterotrimeric G proteins, ras family GTPases, second messenger cascades, protein kinase cascades, second messenger regulation of transcription factors, microtubule-based motility, actin/myosin-based motility, signals for regulation of cell cycle, signals for regulation of apoptosis. Offered as CLBY 466 and PHOL 466 and PHRM 466.

**PHRM 475. Protein Biophysics. 3 Units.**
This course focuses on in-depth understanding of the molecular biophysics of proteins. Structural, thermodynamic and kinetic aspects of protein function and structure-function relationships will be considered at the advanced conceptual level. The application of these theoretical frameworks will be illustrated with examples from the literature and integration of biophysical knowledge with description at the cellular and systems level. The format consists of lectures, problem sets, and student presentations. A special emphasis will be placed on discussion of original publications. Offered as BIOC 475, CHEM 475, PHOL 475, PHRM 475, and NEUR 475.
PHRM 476. Cellular Biophysics. 4 Units.
This course focuses on a quantitative understanding of cellular processes. It is designed for students who feel comfortable with and are interested in analytical and quantitative approaches to cell biology and cell physiology. Selected topics in cellular biophysics will be covered in depth. Topics include theory of electrical and optical signal processing used in cell physiology, thermodynamics and kinetics of enzyme and transport reactions, single ion channel kinetics and excitability, mechanotransduction, and transport across polarized cell layers. The format consists of lectures, problem sets, computer simulations, and discussion of original publications. The relevant biological background of topics will be provided appropriate for non-biology science majors. Offered as BIOC 476, NEUR 477, PHOL 476, PHRM 476.

PHRM 511. Pharmacology Seminar Series. 0 - 1 Units.
Current topics of interest in the pharmacologist sciences.

PHRM 513. Structural Journal Club. 1 Unit.
Current topics of interest in structural biology, and protein biophysics. Offered as PHOL 513 and PHRM 513.

PHRM 520. Basic Cancer Biology and the Interface with Clinical Oncology. 3 Units.
This is an introductory cancer biology course that is intended to give students a broad and basic overview of Cancer Biology and Clinical Oncology. The course will cover not only fundamental principles of cancer biology, but will also highlight advances in the pathobiology and therapeutics of cancer. Classes will be of lecture and discussion format, with emphasis on critically reading original journal articles. The specific topics presented will include carcinogenesis, oncogenes, tumor suppressor genes, genetic epidemiology, DNA repair, growth factor action/signal transduction, apoptosis, cell cycle control, cell adhesion, angiogenesis, tumor cell heterogeneity, metastasis, chemotherapy, photodynamic therapy, gene therapy, signal transduction inhibitor therapy, chemoprevention, and clinical oncology of the breast, prostate, lymphatic tissue, colon and other related malignancies. Course grades will be from participation/discussion, presentation and mid-term/final exams. Recommended preparation: CBIO 453 and CBIO 455. Offered as PATH 520 and PHRM 520.

PHRM 521. Special Topics in Cancer Biology and Clinical Oncology. 1 Unit.
This one credit hour course in Cancer Biology is intended to give students an opportunity to do independent literature research while enrolled in PHRM 520/PATH 520. Students must attend weekly Hematology/Oncology seminar series and write a brief summary of each of the lectures attended. In addition, students must select one of the seminar topics to write a term paper which fully reviews the background related to the topic and scientific and clinical advances in that field. This term paper must also focus of Clinical Oncology, have a translational research component, and integrate with concepts learned in PHRM 520/PATH 520. Pharmacology students must provide a strong discussion on Therapeutics, while Pathology students must provide a strong component on Pathophysiology of the disease. Recommended preparation: CBIO 453 and CBIO 455, or concurrent enrollment in PHRM 520 or PATH 520. Offered as PATH 521 and PHRM 521.

PHRM 525. Topics in Cell and Molecular Pharmacology. 0 - 18 Units.
Individual library research project under the guidance of a pharmacology sponsor. Projects will reflect the research interest of the faculty sponsor, including molecular endocrinology, neuropharmacology, receptor activation and signal transduction, molecular mechanisms of enzyme action and metabolic regulation.

PHRM 526. Grant Writing Tutorial. 1 - 3 Unit.
Students will be expected to provide critiques of a grant proposal to bring to a workshop. At the workshop, a faculty review panel will discuss the grant proposal and provide critiques to illustrate the key components that are necessary for any grant proposal, and the specific items that enhance the quality of the proposal or detract from it. The students will be able to compare what they emphasized in their critiques to what the expert panel focused on. After completing the workshop, each student will prepare a proposal based on their thesis topic; this document will be scored, and the student will also be evaluated for an oral defense of the proposal.

PHRM 528. Contemporary Approaches to Drug Discovery. 3 Units.
This course is designed to teach the students how lead compounds are discovered, optimized, and processed through clinical trials for FDA approval. Topics will include: medicinal chemistry, parallel synthesis, drug delivery and devices, drug administration and pharmacokinetics, and clinical trials. A special emphasis will be placed on describing how structural biology is used for in silico screening and lead optimization. This component will include hands-on experience in using sophisticated drug discovery software to conduct in silico screening and the development of drug libraries. Each student will conduct a course project involving in silico screening and lead optimization against known drug targets, followed by the drafting of an inventory disclosure. Another important aspect of this course will be inclusion of guest lectures by industrial leaders who describe examples of success stories of drug development. Offered as BIOC 528, PHOL 528, and PHRM 528.

PHRM 555. Current Proteomics. 3 Units.
This course is designed for graduate students across the university who wish to acquire a better understanding of fundamental concepts of proteomics and hands-on experience with techniques used in current proteomics. Lectures will cover protein/peptide separation techniques, protein mass spectrometry, bioinformatics tools, and biological applications which include quantitative proteomics, protein modification proteomics, interaction proteomics, structural genomics and structural proteomics. Laboratory portion will involve practice on the separation of proteins by two-dimensional gel electrophoresis, molecular weight measurement of proteins by mass spectrometry, peptide structural characterization by tandem mass spectrometry and protein identification using computational tools. The instructors' research topics will also be discussed. Recommended preparation: CBIO 453 and CBIO 455. Offered as PHRM 555 and SYBB 555.

PHRM 600. Preparation for Qualifying Exam. 1 Unit.
Students pursuing the M.S. or Ph.D. degrees in Pharmacology are required to prepare systematically for the comprehensive qualifying exam by reviewing the concepts of cellular and molecular biology and pharmacology. The qualifier is comprised of a two-part written exam administered simultaneously to all eligible students. It is designed to assess students' understanding of concepts presented in the various core courses. It also assesses their skills in critical reading of research articles and design of experiments. The division into two parts allows each student to receive feedback on deficient areas and work toward improvement on the second segment. Eligibility: Students may register for the exam when they have fulfilled two criteria: (a) Successful completion (grade B or better) in all of the Core Courses, and an overall GPA of 3.0 or better. (b) Satisfactory performance in all research rotations and consistent research effort in the thesis laboratory as documented formally by the Ph.D. mentor. No student on probation may sit for the Qualifying Exam (Prelim I). Prereq: CBIO 453, CBIO 455, PHRM 401 and PHRM 402.

PHRM 601. Independent Study and Research. 1 - 18 Unit.

PHRM 651. Thesis M.S.. 1 - 18 Unit.
Prereq: Predoctoral research consent or advanced to Ph.D. candidacy milestone.

Department of Physiology and Biophysics

Jean Davis (jean.davis@case.edu), Coordinator

The Department of Physiology and Biophysics at Case is a multidisciplinary department that takes great pride in its history of conducting research and training graduate students. The department includes 20 Primary and 33 Secondary faculty members, more than 25 post-doctoral associates, and 34, full-time PhD, MD/PhD, and Master of Science degree students. The training programs are designed to provide a mentored training environment that maximizes faculty-student interaction.

As outlined below, the department offers PhD, MD/PhD and Master of Science degrees. These programs are tailored to prepare students for successful careers in biomedical, pharmaceutical and industrial research. The department offers multiple graduate-level programs, each of which uses state-of-the-art molecular, cell biology, and biophysical approaches to study physiological questions at a variety of different organizational levels. The goal is to provide an outstanding training opportunity. The major goals of the PhD and Tech Masters programs are to provide students with a broad knowledge base in organ systems and integrated physiology and in-depth expertise and outstanding research potential in the fields of cellular and molecular physiology and molecular and cellular biophysics. These goals are accomplished using a series of foundation and advanced topic courses, skill development courses, laboratory rotations and thesis research. The MS in Medical Physiology program is a post-baccalaureate program designed to help students prepare for admission to medical, dental, pharmacy, or veterinary school or for opportunities to work in the biotechnology industry.

Masters Degrees

The Master's Program in Medical Physiology is designed for students with at least a bachelor's degree in a chemical, physical, or biological science who are seeking advanced training in the physiological sciences, typically in preparation for admission to a professional medical program (e.g. Medical School, Dental School). The program is flexible in duration. It can take as little as 1 year (2 semesters, 9 months) to complete the required 30 credit hours of course work. However, students who wish to decompress the program can take 14 months or more to complete the requirements. Core courses and flexible electives allow students to focus their work in key areas of medical physiology, including Anatomy, Biochemistry, or Pharmacology. Graduates of the Medical Physiology Master's Program also can pursue careers in basic and clinical research, research administration, teaching or management in academia, the pharmaceutical and biotechnology industries, private research institutions, government science or regulatory agencies, or medicine and health care.

MS Medical Physiology - Type B Non-Thesis Option

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<td>Translational Physiology I (PHOL 483)</td>
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<td>Medical Physiology II (PHOL 482)</td>
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<td>Translational Physiology II (PHOL 484)</td>
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<td>Independent Study (PHOL 451)</td>
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<td>On Being a Professional Scientist: The Responsible Conduct of Research (IBMS 500)</td>
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Total Units in Sequence: 29-46

MS Physiology - Type A Thesis Option

The Department of Physiology and Biophysics encourages research staff members to expand their critical research knowledge and skills by enrolling in our Master’s of Science in Physiology and Biophysics program. This Tech Master's Program, is specifically designed for staff working full time. Each employer has their own policy on allowing staff to take classes and enroll in graduate programs. CWRU’s policy is to allow staff, with their supervisor’s permission, to take up to 6 credit hours per term, with tuition being covered by CWRU as part of the employee benefit package. Staff are expected to make up the time they spend in class during the day after hours.

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<td>First Year</td>
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<tr>
<td>Cell Structure and Function (PHOL 432)</td>
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<td>Conversations on Protein Structure and Function (PHOL 456)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Laboratory Research Rotation (PHOL 505)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Membrane Physiology (PHOL 468)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Physiology and Biophysics Departmental Seminar (PHOL 498A)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Cell Signaling (PHOL 466)</td>
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<td>Physiology of Organ Systems (PHOL 480)</td>
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Total Units in Sequence: 23

MD/MS Biomedical Investigation - Physiology Track

This track offers training in physiology and biomedical laboratory technology, including emphasis on mentored independent research training which includes both laboratory experience and formal course work in modern laboratory methodology and instrumentation.

Students in Physiology and Biotechnology track must complete:
Physiology and Biophysics Departmental Seminar (PHOL 498A) 1
Physiology Seminar B (Spring Semester) (PHOL 498B) 1
Research (PHOL 601) 1-9
Exam in Biomedical Investigation (IBIS 600) 0
Laboratory Research Rotation (PHOL 505) 1
Conversations on Protein Structure and Function (PHOL 456) 2
Physiology and Biophysics Departmental Seminar (PHOL 498A) 1
Laboratory Research Rotation (PHOL 505) 1
Physiology of Organ Systems (PHOL 480) 4
Physiology Seminar B (Spring Semester) (PHOL 498B) 1
Laboratory Research Rotation (PHOL 505) 1
Cell Signaling (PHOL 466) 3
On Being a Professional Scientist: The Responsible Conduct of Research (IBMS 500) 1
Year Total: 11 10 1

Second Year

Units
Fall Spring Summer
Physiology and Biophysics Departmental Seminar (PHOL 498A) 1
Research (PHOL 601) 1-9
Physiology Seminar B (Spring Semester) (PHOL 498B) 1
Research (PHOL 601) 1-9
Year Total: 2-10 2-10

Third Year

Units
Fall Spring Summer
Physiology and Biophysics Departmental Seminar (PHOL 498A) 1
Dissertation Ph.D. (PHOL 701) 1-9
Physiology Seminar B (Spring Semester) (PHOL 498B) 1
Dissertation Ph.D. (PHOL 701) 1-9
Year Total: 2-10 2-10

Total Units in Sequence: 30-62

Plan of Study for PhD in Cell and Molecular Physiology *

§ Please also see Graduate Studies Academic Requirements for Doctoral Degrees (p. 668)

Plan of Study for PhD in Cell and Molecular Physiology *

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<tr>
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<td>Cell Biology I (CBIO 453)</td>
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<td>Membrane Physiology (PHOL 468)</td>
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Elective 3
Physiology Seminar B (Spring Semester) (PHOL 498B) 1
Laboratory Research Rotation (PHOL 505) 1
On Being a Professional Scientist: The Responsible Conduct of Research (IBMS 500) 1
Year Total: 10 12 1

Second Year

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Total Units in Sequence: 31-63

* After passing qualifying exam - full-time thesis research (701) - 18 total credit hours total

Program of Study for PhD in Organ Systems and Integrated Physiology *

First Year

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<td>Cell Biology I (CBIO 453)</td>
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<td>Conversations on Protein Structure and Function (PHOL 456)</td>
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<td>Cardiovascular Physiology (PHOL 514)</td>
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<td>Cardio-Respiratory Physiology (PHOL 519)</td>
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On Being a Professional Scientist: The Responsible Conduct of Research (IBMS 500) 1
Year Total: 11 12 1

Second Year

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Total Units in Sequence: 32-64

* After passing qualifying exam - full-time thesis research (701) - 18 total credit hours total

Courses

PHOL 351. Independent Study. 1 - 6 Unit.
This course is a guided program of study in physiology textbooks, reviews, and original articles. Guided laboratory projects to reproduce and extend classical physiological experiments are offered to the undergraduate science major. This course is being offered in conjunction with the Graduate level course PHOL 451. Students are required to consult with the faculty member whose work they have interest in and plan their individual experience.

PHOL 398. Physiology and Biophysics Departmental Seminar. 1 Unit.
Weekly one-hour reviews from invited speakers describing their research. Students will present literature reviews or summaries of their research.
PHOL 401A. Physiology and Biophysics of Molecules and Cells. 2 Units.

Physiology and Biophysics of Molecules and Cells is a graduate-level introductory course designed to provide the fundamental principles of modern physiology, protein science and structural biology, and to prepare students for advanced courses in the biomedical sciences. The course is divided into 2 blocks that can be taken independently as PHOL401A or PHOL401B (2 credit hrs each) during the Spring semester of each year. The first block will cover the structure and function of proteins and lipids, and the organization of cellular membranes. Topics will include primary, secondary, tertiary and quartenary protein structure and analysis, enzyme kinetics, allostery and cooperativity, lipid membrane organization and domain structure, and protein-protein and protein-lipid interactions. The second block will cover molecular pathways and processes critical for cellular homeostasis, function, and signaling. Topics will include molecular mechanisms of transport across biological membranes and cellular compartments, ionic basis of the resting membrane potential, action potential generation and propagation, osmosis and Gibbs-Donnan equilibria, regulation of voltage-gated channels and electrogentic transporters, cellular pH regulation, and the biophysics of epithelial transport. Format will be a combination of lecture, discussion-based problem sets, journal paper presentations, and computer lab exercises and demonstrations. Grading will be based on performance on two essay-type exams administered in the middle and at the end of each block (80%), and on class participation (20%).

PHOL 401B. Physiology and Biophysics of Molecules and Cells. 2 Units.

Physiology and Biophysics of Molecules and Cells is a graduate-level introductory course designed to provide the fundamental principles of modern physiology, protein science and structural biology, and to prepare students for advanced courses in the biomedical sciences. The course is divided into 2 blocks that can be taken independently as PHOL401A or PHOL401B (2 credit hrs each) during the Spring semester of each year. The first block will cover the structure and function of proteins and lipids, and the organization of cellular membranes. Topics will include primary, secondary, tertiary and quartenary protein structure and analysis, enzyme kinetics, allostery and cooperativity, lipid membrane organization and domain structure, and protein-protein and protein-lipid interactions. The second block will cover molecular pathways and processes critical for cellular homeostasis, function, and signaling. Topics will include molecular mechanisms of transport across biological membranes and cellular compartments, ionic basis of the resting membrane potential, action potential generation and propagation, osmosis and Gibbs-Donnan equilibria, regulation of voltage-gated channels and electrogentic transporters, cellular pH regulation, and the biophysics of epithelial transport. Format will be a combination of lecture, discussion-based problem sets, journal paper presentations, and computer lab exercises and demonstrations. Grading will be based on performance on two essay-type exams administered in the middle and at the end of each block (80%), and on class participation (20%).

PHOL 402. Physiological Basis for Disease. 4 Units.

Physiological Basis for Disease-- is a graduate-level introductory course designed to provide the fundamental physiology of a select group of organ systems and examples of how the molecular basis of disease affects physiological function of these systems. As such PHOL402 will prepare students for future study in advanced biomedical sciences courses. Select diseases of the endocrine, central nervous, pulmonary, cardiac and renal systems will be covered. The course is 4 credit hours and will be given in the Fall semester of each year. The format will be a combination of lecture and journal paper presentations and discussion. Grading will be based on five short answer/essay examinations given at the end of each section (50%), class participation (30%) and a final presentation (20%).

PHOL 412. Membrane Transport Processes. 3 Units.

Membrane and membrane transporters are absolutely required for all cells to take up nutrient, maintain membrane potential and efflux toxins. This course will consider the classification and structure of membrane transport proteins and channels, examine the common mechanistic features of all systems and the specific features of different classes of transporter. Understanding the physiological integration of transport processes into cell homeostasis and consideration of transporters and channels as drug targets will be a goal. Course format is minimal lecture, primarily student presentations of primary literature papers. Offered as PHOL 412, PHRM 412. Prereq: CBIO 453 and CBIO 455.

PHOL 419. Applied Probability and Stochastic Processes for Biology. 3 Units.

Applications of probability and stochastic processes to biological systems. Mathematical topics will include: introduction to discrete and continuous probability spaces (including numerical generation of pseudo random samples from specified probability distributions), Markov processes in discrete and continuous time with discrete and continuous sample spaces, point processes including homogeneous and inhomogeneous Poisson processes and Markov chains on graphs, and diffusion processes including Brownian motion and the Ornstein-Uhlenbeck process. Biological topics will be determined by the interests of the students and the instructor. Likely topics include: stochastic ion channels, molecular motors and stochastic ratchets, actin and tubulin polymerization, random walk models for neural spike trains, bacterial chemotaxis, signaling and genetic regulatory networks, and stochastic predator-prey dynamics. The emphasis will be on practical simulation and analysis of stochastic phenomena in biological systems. Numerical methods will be developed using both MATLAB and the R statistical package. Student projects will comprise a major part of the course. Offered as BIOL 319, EECS 319, MATH 319, BIOL 419, EBME 419, and PHOL 419.

PHOL 430. Advanced Methods in Structural Biology. 1 - 6 Unit.

The course is designed for graduate students who will be focusing on one or more methods of structural biology in their thesis project. This course is divided into 3-6 sections (depending on demand). The topics offered will include X-ray crystallography, nuclear magnetic resonance spectroscopy, optical spectroscopy, mass spectrometry, cryo-electron microscopy, and computational and design methods. Students can select one or more modules. Modules will be scheduled so that students can take all the offered modules in one semester. Each section is given in 5 weeks and is worth 1 credit. Each section covers one area of structural biology at an advanced level such that the student is prepared for graduate level research in that topic. Offered as BIOL 430, CHEM 430, PHOL 430, and PHRM 430.
PHOL 432. Cell Structure and Function. 3 Units.
This course provides knowledge regarding cell structure and function, chiefly in mammalian cells but also in relevant model systems. The basic structure of the cell is discussed, as are various systems that regulate this structure. Topics to be covered include DNA transcription, translation and protein synthesis, intracellular transport, cell interaction with the external environment, cell cycle regulation, cell death and differentiation, signal transduction, and cell specialization and organization into tissues. The course emphasizes lectures and problem-based discussions with an emphasis on faculty-directed student self-learning. The major goals of this course are to provide students with a working knowledge of the cell to facilitate understanding of the scientific literature, and to familiarize students with current techniques in cell biology.

PHOL 451. Independent Study. 1 - 18 Unit.
Guided program of study using physiology textbooks, research reviews, and original research articles. An independent laboratory research project may also be included.

PHOL 456. Conversations on Protein Structure and Function. 2 Units.
The goal of this course is to supplement the short and basic presentation of Proteins in C3MB by lectures and discussions for students with backgrounds in physical-chemical sciences or students who already have a good basic background in protein science. The course presents an overview of Protein structure/function. Following an introduction to the principles of protein structure, the physical basis of protein folding and stability, and a brief overview of structural and bioinformatics approaches to protein analysis is presented. Typically two lecture/discussion style presentations are followed by a student lead journal club on recent high profile papers. The way the Journal club is done is that one student presents a paper (background and figures in powerpoint slides) while presentation of the main figures is shared between the class. Papers and Figures will be assigned by instructor. Typically two papers will be presented per session. Offered as PHOL 456 and BIOL 457.

PHOL 466. Cell Signaling. 3 Units.
This is an advanced lecture/journal/discussion format course that covers cell signaling mechanisms. Included are discussions of neurotransmitter-gated ion channels, growth factor receptor kinases, cytokine receptors, G protein-coupled receptors, steroid receptors, heterotrimeric G proteins, ras family GTPases, second messenger cascades, protein kinase cascades, second messenger regulation of transcription factors, microtubule-based motility, actin/myosin-based motility, signals for regulation of cell cycle, signals for regulation of apoptosis. Offered as CLBY 466 and PHOL 466 and PHRM 466.

PHOL 475. Protein Biophysics. 3 Units.
This course focuses on in-depth understanding of the molecular biophysics of proteins. Structural, thermodynamic and kinetic aspects of protein function and structure-function relationships will be considered at the advanced conceptual level. The application of these theoretical frameworks will be illustrated with examples from the literature and integration of biophysical knowledge with description at the cellular and systems level. The format consists of lectures, problem sets, and student presentations. A special emphasis will be placed on discussion of original publications. Offered as BIOC 475, CHEM 475, PHOL 475, PHRM 475, and NEUR 475.

PHOL 476. Cellular Biophysics. 4 Units.
This course focuses on a quantitative understanding of cellular processes. It is designed for students who feel comfortable with and are interested in analytical and quantitative approaches to cell biology and cell physiology. Selected topics in cellular biophysics will be covered in depth. Topics include theory of electrical and optical signal processing used in cell physiology, thermodynamics and kinetics of enzyme and transport reactions, single ion channel kinetics and excitability, mechanotransduction, and transport across polarized cell layers. The format consists of lectures, problem sets, computer simulations, and discussion of original publications. The relevant biological background of topics will be provided appropriate for non-biology science majors. Offered as BIOC 476, NEUR 477, PHOL 476, PHRM 476.

PHOL 478. Lifestyle Medicine. 3 Units.
While the current acute care model of medicine focuses on disease and treatment of individual organ systems by specialists, 50-60% of the public use complementary and alternative medicine (CAM), which focuses on prevention rather than disease. In CAM, damage caused by Western diets is avoided with low fat, vegetarian, or vegan diets, and with herbs and supplements. Damage mediated by emotional responses to stress is counteracted with relaxation practices such as yoga, meditation or hypnosis. In support of CAM, NIH-funded research performed over the past decade has shown that 70-90% of chronic diseases such as obesity, atherosclerosis, and cancer result from lifestyle. Moreover, mechanisms of lifestyle-induced disease as well as mechanisms by which these can be prevented or reversed by CAM practices have been described. This course examines interrelationships between lifestyle, health and disease and influences of CAM practices in terms of physiological health. Topics include evidence that Western diets, chronic emotional stress resulting from pervasive environmental, societal, workplace, financial, or relationship issues, and changes in circadian rhythms resulting from behaviors such as not getting enough sleep or working night-shifts facilitate disease by inducing cellular events that include epigenetic modification, changes in gene expression, and decreased telomere length. Mechanisms by which CAM practices prevent or reverse these lifestyle-mediated changes are also covered. In addition, the course considers the broader issue of how economic and political pressures are forcing rapid changes in healthcare and the influence that lifestyle-based approaches is likely to have on evolving delivery models, healthcare costs, and public health policies. The course is presented over a period of 8 weeks during the summer session. It is heavily discussion-based delivered in the form of slide presentations, discussions of the literature, video segments, and experiential relaxation instructions. Grading is based on class discussion and a written discussion paper.
PHOL 480. Physiology of Organ Systems. 4 Units.

Our intent is to expand the course from the current 3 hours per week (1.5 hour on Monday and Wednesday) to 4 hours per week (1.5 hours on Monday and Wednesday plus 1 hour on Friday). Muscle structure and function, Myasthenia gravis and Sarcopenia; Central Nervous System, (Synaptic Transmission, Sensory System, Autonomic Nervous System, CNS circuits, Motor System, Neurodegenerative Diseases, Paraplegia and Nerve Compression); Cardiovascular Physiology (Regulation of Pressure and Flow; Circulation, Cardiac Cycle, Electrophysiology, Cardiac Function, Control of Cardiovascular Function, Hypertension); Hemorragy, Cardiac Hypertrophy and Fibrillation; Respiration Physiology (Gas Transport and Exchange, Control of Breathing, Acid/base regulation, Cor Pulmonaris and Cystic Fibrosis, Sleeping apnea and Emphysema); Renal Physiology (Glomerular Filtration, Tubular Function/transport, Glomerulonephritis, Tubulopathies); Gastro-Intestinal Physiology (Gastric motility, gastric function, pancreas and bile function, digestion and absorption, Liver Physiology; Pancreatitis, Liver Disease and Cirrhosis); Endocrine Physiology (Thyroid, Adrenal glands, endocrine pancreas, Parathyroid, calcium sensing receptor, Cushing and diabetes, Reproductive hormones, eclampsia); Integrative Physiology (Response to exercise, fasting and feeding, aging). For all the classes, the students will receive a series of learning objectives by the instructor to help the students address and focus their attention to the key aspects of the organ physiology (and physiopathology). The evaluation of the students will continue to be based upon the students' participation in class (60% of the grade) complemented by a midterm and a final exam (each one accounting for 20% of the final grade). Offered as BIOL 480 and PHOL 480.

PHOL 481. Medical Physiology I. 6 Units.

Physiology is the dynamic study of life. It describes the vital functions of living organisms and their organs, cells, and molecules. For some, physiology is the function of the whole person. For many practicing clinicians, physiology is the function of an individual organ system. For others, physiology may focus on the cellular principles that are common to the function of all organs and tissues. Medical physiology deals with how the human body functions, which depends on how the individual organ systems function, which in turn depends on the interactions among subcellular organelles and countless molecules. Thus, it requires an integrated understanding of events at the level of molecules, cells, and organs. Medical Physiology I is a lecture course (3, 2 hr. lectures/week). It is the second of a two-part, comprehensive survey of physiology that is divided into five blocks: Block 5 covers the physiology of the urinary system; Block 6 covers the gastrointestinal system; Block 7 covers the endocrine system; Block 8 covers reproduction; and Block 9 covers the physiology of everyday life. Grading in the course will be based on performance on multiple choice/short essay examinations administered at the end of each block with each examination weighted according to the number of lectures contained in that block.

PHOL 482. Medical Physiology II. 6 Units.

Physiology is the dynamic study of life. It describes the vital functions of living organisms and their organs, cells, and molecules. For some, physiology is the function of the whole person. For many practicing clinicians, physiology is the function of an individual organ system. For others, physiology may focus on the cellular principles that are common to the function of all organs and tissues. Medical physiology deals with how the human body functions, which depends on how the individual organ systems function, which depends on how the component cells function, which in turn depends on the interactions among subcellular organelles and countless molecules. Thus, it requires an integrated understanding of events at the level of molecules, cells, and organs. Medical Physiology II is a lecture course (3, 2 hr. lectures/week). It is the second of a two-part, comprehensive survey of physiology that is divided into five blocks: Block 5 covers the physiology of the urinary system; Block 6 covers the gastrointestinal system; Block 7 covers the endocrine system; Block 8 covers reproduction; and Block 9 covers the physiology of everyday life. Grading in the course will be based on performance on multiple choice/short essay examinations administered at the end of each block with each examination weighted according to the number of lectures contained in that block.

PHOL 483. Translational Physiology I. 2 Units.

Physiology is the dynamic study of life, describing the vital functions of living organisms and their organs, cells, and molecules. For some, physiology is the function of the whole person. For many practicing clinicians, physiology is the function of an individual organ system. For others, it focuses on the cellular principles that are common to the function of all organs and tissues. Medical physiology deals with how the human body functions, which depends on how the individual organ systems function, which depends on how the component cells function, which in turn depends on the interactions among subcellular organelles and countless molecules. Translational Physiology I will explore examples of how the latest basic research in physiology and biophysics is being applied to the treatment of human disease. For example, while the students are studying the basic principles of cardiovascular physiology, they will also be investigating how these principles are being applied to treat/cure human cardiovascular disorders such as congestive heart failure, coronary artery disease, high blood pressure, etc. Translational Physiology I is a lecture course (1, 2 hr lecture/week) taught primarily by clinical faculty. It is the first of a two-part course that follows the topics being simultaneously covered in the Medical Physiology I course. It is divided into four blocks: Block 1 covers the physiology of cells and molecules, signal transduction, basic electrophysiology, and muscle physiology; Block 2 covers the nervous system; Block 3 covers the cardiovascular system; and Block 4 covers the respiratory system. Grading in the course will be based on performance on multiple choice/short essay examinations administered at the end of each block with each examination weighted according to the number of lectures contained in that block.
PHOL 484. Translational Physiology II. 2 Units.
Physiology is the dynamic study of life, describing the vital functions of living organisms and their organs, cells, and molecules. For some, physiology is the function of the whole person. For many practicing clinicians, physiology is the function of an individual organ system.
For others, it focuses on the cellular principles that are common to the function of all organs and tissues. Medical physiology deals with how the human body functions, which depends on how the individual organ systems function, which depends on how the component cells function, which in turn depends on the interactions among subcellular organelles and countless molecules. Translational Physiology II will explore examples of how the latest basic research in physiology and biophysics is being applied to the treatment of human disease. For example, while the students are studying the basic physiology of the urinary system, they will also be investigating how these principles are being applied to treat/cure human kidney disorders such as renal failure, high blood pressure, glomerular disease, polycystic kidney disease, etc.
Translational Physiology II is a lecture course (1.2hr lecture/week) taught primarily by clinical faculty. It is the first of a two-part course that follows the topics being simultaneously covered in the Medical Physiology II course. It is divided into five blocks: Block 5 covers the physiology of the urinary system, Block 6 covers the gastrointestinal system; Block 7 covers the endocrine system, Block 8 covers reproduction; and Block 9 covers the physiology of everyday life. Grading in the course will be based on performance on multiple choice/short essay examinations administered at the end of each block with each examination weighted according to the number of lectures contained in that block. Coreq: PHOL 482.

PHOL 497. Journal Club in Structural Biology and Biophysics. 1 Unit.
Biweekly Journal club to engage faculty and students in discussion of recent high profile papers in structural biology and protein biophysics. Registered students have to present one entire seminar on an assigned paper and attend all seminars, as well as participate in discussion. Recommended Preparation: undergraduate biochemistry or equivalent.

PHOL 497A. Neurology Grand Rounds. 1 Unit.
This course is a weekly seminar series offered summer, fall, and spring semesters by the Department of Neurology at University Hospitals Case Medical Center. To earn a Passing grade in this course, students must attend at least 75% of the grand rounds offered by the Department of Neurology during the semester (signing in at the session) and submit to the course director within the week following the Grand Rounds, a one page report containing: 1) the name of the presenter and their professional affiliation; 2) the title of the presentation; 3) time and place of the Grand Rounds; 4) a one paragraph synopsis of the content of the presentation. Recommended Preparation: Pass the NBME Subject Exam in Physiology and Neurophysiology. Prereq: PHOL 481, PHOL 482, PHOL 483, PHOL 484, PHOL 498A and PHOL 498B.

PHOL 497B. Neurology Grand Rounds. 1 Unit.
This course is a weekly seminar series offered summer, fall, and spring semesters by the Department of Neurology at University Hospitals Case Medical Center. To earn a Passing grade in this course, students must attend at least 75% of the grand rounds offered by the Department of Neurology during the semester (signing in at the session) and submit to the course director within the week following the Grand Rounds, a one page report containing: 1) the name of the presenter and their professional affiliation; 2) the title of the presentation; 3) time and place of the Grand Rounds; 4) a one paragraph synopsis of the content of the presentation. Recommended Preparation: Pass the NBME Subject Exam in Physiology and Neurophysiology. Prereq: PHOL 481, PHOL 482, PHOL 483, PHOL 484, PHOL 497A, PHOL 498A and PHOL 498B.

PHOL 498A. Physiology and Biophysics Departmental Seminar. 1 Unit.
Weekly one-hour reviews by invited speakers of their research. Students present literature reviews or summaries of their research.

PHOL 498B. Physiology Seminar B (Spring Semester). 1 Unit.
Weekly one-hour reviews by invited speakers of their research. Offered spring semester.

PHOL 505. Laboratory Research Rotation. 1 Unit.
Six week experience in a selected faculty research laboratory designed to introduce the student to all aspects of modern laboratory research including the design, execution and analysis of original experimental work. Recommended preparation: Consent of instructor and scheduled laboratory.

PHOL 513. Structural Journal Club. 1 Unit.
Current topics of interest in structural biology, and protein biophysics. Offered as PHOL 513 and PHRM 513.

PHOL 514. Cardiovascular Physiology. 3 Units.
The goal of this course is to provide the student with a solid foundation in cardiovascular physiology and pathophysiology. The course will begin by providing a solid foundation in the structure, phenotype and function of cardiac and vascular muscle. In addition, electrophysiology and metabolism will be addressed. Both basic physiology and more advanced topics, such as pathophysiology, will be covered using a journal club format. (Twice weekly, 1.5hrs/class.) Student participation is required.

PHOL 519. Cardio-Respiratory Physiology. 3 Units.
This course is designed to integrate systemic, cellular and molecular aspects of cardio-respiratory systems in physiological and pathophysiological states. The course requires prior knowledge of basic physiology of the cardiovascular systems. Extensive student participation is required. Instructors provide a brief overview of the topic followed by presentation and critical appraisal of recent scientific literature by students.

PHOL 522. Special Topics in Cardiac Electrophysiology. 3 Units.
Introduction to current topics in cellular cardiac electrophysiology and cardiac ion channel structure, function, and regulation. The format includes informal lectures as well as student presentations and class discussion of current literature.
PHOL 528. Contemporary Approaches to Drug Discovery. 3 Units.
This course is designed to teach the students how lead compounds are discovered, optimized, and processed through clinical trials for FDA approval. Topics will include: medicinal chemistry, parallel synthesis, drug delivery and devices, drug administration and pharmacokinetics, and clinical trials. A special emphasis will be placed on describing how structural biology is used for in silico screening and lead optimization. This component will include hands-on experience in using sophisticated drug discovery software to conduct in silico screening and the development of drug libraries. Each student will conduct a course project involving in silico screening and lead optimization against known drug targets, followed by the drafting of an inventory disclosure. Another important aspect of this course will be inclusion of guest lectures by industrial leaders who describe examples of success stories of drug development. Offered as BIOC 528, PHOL 528, and PHRM 528.

PHOL 530. Technology in Physiological Sciences. 3 Units.
This lecture/discussion/journal course focuses on techniques in the physiological sciences. Topics include spectroscopy, microscopy, and electrophysiology. The theory and practice are covered with an emphasis on examples taken from the scientific literature.

PHOL 537. Microscopy-Principles and Applications. 3 Units.
This course provides an introduction to various types of light microscopy, digital and video imaging techniques, and their applications to biological and biomedical sciences via lectures and hands-on experience. Topics covered include geometrical and physical optics; brightfield, darkfield, phase contrast, DIC, fluorescence and confocal microscopes; and digital image processing. Offered as GENE 537, MBIO 537, and PHOL 537.

PHOL 601. Research. 1 - 18 Unit.
Cellular physiology laboratory research activities that are based on faculty and student interests.

PHOL 610. Oxygen and Physiological Function. 3 Units.
Lecture/discussion course which explores the significance and consequences of oxygen and oxygen metabolism in living organisms. Topics to be covered include oxygen transport by blood tissues, oxygen toxicity, and mitochondrial metabolism. Emphasis will be placed on mammalian physiology with special reference to brain oxidative metabolism and blood flow as well as whole body energy expenditure and oxidative stress related to disease. The course will cover additional spans of physiology, nutrition and anatomy. Offered as ANAT 610 and PHOL 610.

PHOL 620A. Clinical Observer: Neurology Service. 2 Units.
This course is a 2 week intensive experience offered summer, fall, and spring semesters on a schedule set by the Department of Neurology at University Hospitals Case Medical Center. The Objective of the course is to provide the students with the experience of observing patient care provided by 3rd year medical students on a clinical rotation under direct supervision by house staff and attendings on an active acute Neurology Service. The PGY-2 Neurology Resident and PGY-3 Chief Resident will always be available for immediate supervision. Students round as Clinical Observers with the CWRU medical students according to their daily schedule. They will learn the basics of neurological history-taking, neurological examination, neurodiagnostic studies, and neurological therapeutics. Unlike the medical students on the rotation, a Clinical Observer will only observe procedures and will not actively take part in any health care - he/she will act strictly as an observer. To pass this course, students must pass both Parts I and II of their evaluation. Part I: The attending physician on the service will recommend to the course director whether the student earned a Pass or No Pass grade in the clinical aspect of the course based upon attendance, professional demeanor, active participation, and knowledge of the area. Part II: The student will submit (no later than one week after the end of the course) a 5 page paper (minus the title page, figures, and references) for grading to the course director describing the physiology that underlays one of the clinical cases they observed during the course. Students who do not Pass both parts of the evaluation will receive a grade of No Pass for the course and will be dropped from the Area of Concentration in Clinical Neuroscience program and will not be able to take further course in the PHOL620 series of courses. Recommended Preparation: Pass National Board Subject Exam in Physiology and Neurophysiology. Prereq: PHOL 481, PHOL 482, PHOL 483, PHOL 484, PHOL 498A and PHOL 498B.
PHOL 620B. Clinical Observer: Stroke Service. 2 Units.
This course is a 2 week intensive experience offered summer, fall, and spring semesters on a schedule set by the Department of Neurology at University Hospitals Case Medical Center. The Objective of the course is to provide the students with the experience of observing patient care provided by 3rd year medical students on a clinical rotation under direct supervision by house staff and attendings on an active acute Stroke Service. The PGY-2 Neurology Resident and PGY-3 Chief Resident will always be available for immediate supervision. Students round as Clinical Observers with the CWRU medical students according to their daily schedule. Students will observe the medical team involved with management of stroke and vascular neurological problems in the emergency department, the Neuro-critical care unit, step down unit, and hospital floor. They will learn how to approach an acute stroke and will become familiar with identifying which patients may benefit from the interventional procedures. Unlike the medical students on the rotation, a Clinical Observer will only observe procedures and will not actively take part in any health care - he/she will act strictly as an observer. To pass this course, students must pass both Parts I and II of their evaluation. Part I: The attending physician on the service will recommend to the course director whether the student earned a Pass or No Pass grade in the clinical aspect of the course based upon attendance, professional demeanor, active participation, and knowledge of the area. Part II: The student will submit (no later than one week after the end of the course) a 5 page paper (minus the title page, figures, and references) for grading to the course director describing the physiology that underlay one of the clinical cases they observed during the course. Students who do not Pass both parts of the evaluation will receive a grade of No Pass for the course and will be dropped from the Area of Concentration in Clinical Neuroscience program and will not be able to take further course in the PHOL620 series of courses. Recommended Preparation: Pass National Board Subject Exam in Physiology and Neurophysiology. Prereq: PHOL 481, PHOL 482, PHOL 483, PHOL 484, PHOL 498A and PHOL 498B.

PHOL 620C. Clinical Observer:Epilepsy Service. 2 Units.
This course is a 2 week intensive experience offered summer, fall, and spring semesters on a schedule set by the Department of Neurology at University Hospitals Case Medical Center. The Objective of the course is to provide the students with the experience of observing patient care provided by 3rd year medical students on a clinical rotation under direct supervision by house staff and attendings on an active acute Epilepsy Service. The PGY-2 Neurology Resident and PGY-3 Chief Resident will always be available for immediate supervision. Students round as Clinical Observers with the CWRU medical students according to their daily schedule. The course will: 1. Introduce the student to clinical assessment of adults with new onset seizures. 2. Introduce the student to history-taking of adults with a seizure disorder. 3. Teach the student the principles of managing epilepsy with medications and surgery. 4. Expose the student to some "cutting-edge" technologies applied in epilepsy - PET, SPECT, and invasive EEG. 5. Give the student a clinical approach in the management of epilepsy induced comorbidities (social, psycologic, etc.). Unlike the medical students on the rotation, a Clinical Observer will only observe procedures and will not actively take part in any health care; he/she will act strictly as an observer. To pass this course, students must pass both Parts I and II of their evaluation. Part I: The attending physician on the service will recommend to the course director whether the student earned a Pass or No Pass grade in the clinical aspect of the course based upon attendance, professional demeanor, active participation, and knowledge of the area. Part II: The student will submit (no later than one week after the end of the course) a 5 page paper (minus the title page, figures, and references) for grading to the course director describing the physiology that underlay one of the clinical cases they observed during the course. Students who do not Pass both parts of the evaluation will receive a grade of No Pass for the course and will be dropped from the Area of Concentration in Clinical Neuroscience program and will not be able to take further course in the PHOL620 series of courses. Recommended Preparation: Pass National Board Subject Exam in Physiology and Neurophysiology. Prereq: PHOL 481, PHOL 482, PHOL 483, PHOL 484, PHOL 498A and PHOL 498B.

PHOL 651. Thesis M.S.. 1 - 18 Unit.

Prereq: Predoctoral research consent or advanced to Ph.D. candidacy milestone.

Doctor of Medicine (MD)

Programs Leading to MD

Today, applicants can choose from three paths to obtain a medical degree at Case Western Reserve University: the University Track, the College Track (Cleveland Clinic Lerner College of Medicine of Case Western Reserve University), and the Medical Scientist Training Program (p. 808). Students in all three programs:

• are introduced to clinical work and patients almost as soon as they arrive on campus.
• learn medicine using an integrated, organ system-based approach.
• are treated as junior colleagues by faculty members.
• are taught the science of medicine infused with the skills of communication and compassion.
• learn how to learn, a skill they will call on throughout their careers in the quickly changing field of medicine.
Educational Authority

Governance of the educational programs leading to the medical degree resides in the Faculty of Medicine. Each class of students selects representatives who become voting members of the Faculty of Medicine. The faculty of the School of Medicine is responsible for the content, implementation and evaluation of the curriculum. The dean of the School of Medicine serves as its chief academic officer with overall responsibility to the university for the entire academic program. The vice dean for education and academic affairs carries the dean's academic and administrative authority and has direct supervisory responsibility over the units that lead and support the curriculum.

The faculty's Committee on Medical Education (CME) evaluates, reviews and makes recommendations concerning overall goals and policies of the School's medical education program which includes the University and College tracks. Acting for the faculty, the Committee on Medical Education is responsible for 1) the formal approval and adoption of the School's educational program objectives and ongoing monitoring to ensure that the objectives serve as guides for establishing curriculum and provide the basis for evaluating program effectiveness; 2) the review class cohort performance in each track's competencies; and 3) the evaluation of the overall content and appropriateness of the educational program and curriculum leading to the MD degree. The faculty elects the majority of the members of the Committee on Medical Education; student representatives also serve on this committee and its curriculum councils.

The operational responsibility for the medical curriculum is invested in curriculum councils that report to the Committee on Medical Education. There are five Curriculum Councils: (a) the Curriculum Monitoring Council (University track), (b) the Medical Science Education Council (University track), (c) the Clinical Curriculum Council (University track), (d) the Curriculum Steering Council (College track), and (e) the Joint Clinical Oversight Group. These councils are responsible for the strategic planning, content, design, selection of teaching leadership, and oversight of the curriculum, student assessment and program evaluation.

Expectations for Personal and Professional Characteristics

Students are evaluated on knowledge base, clinical skills and professional behavior and attitudes. The following characteristics are evaluated throughout the medical curriculum, and students are expected to adhere to these standards in both their academic and personal pursuits:

**Interpersonal relationships**: Provides supportive, educational and empathetic interactions with patients and families, and is able to interact effectively with “difficult” patients. Demonstrates respect for and complements roles of other professionals, and is cooperative, easy to work with, commanding respect of the health care team.

**Initiative**: Independently identifies tasks to be performed and makes sure that tasks are completed. Performs duties promptly and efficiently, and is willing to spend additional time, assume new responsibilities, and able to recognize the need for help and ask for guidance when appropriate.

**Dependability**: Completes tasks promptly and well. Present on time and actively participates in clinical and didactic activities. Always follows through and is exceptionally reliable.

**Attitude**: Is actively concerned for others. Maintains a positive outlook toward assigned tasks. Recognizes and admits mistakes. Seeks and accepts criticism, using it to improve performance.

**Integrity and honesty**: Demonstrates integrity. Is honest in professional encounters. Adheres to professional ethical standards.

**Tolerance**: Demonstrates exceptional ability to accept people and situations. Acknowledges her or his biases and does not allow them to affect patient care.

**Function under stress**: Consistently maintains professional composure and exhibits good clinical judgment in stressful situations.

**Appearance**: Always displays an appropriate professional appearance.

Graduation

A medical student who has satisfactorily met the standards and achievement levels for the core competencies of the medical school track in which he or she is enrolled may be granted the degree of doctor of medicine (MD) by Case Western Reserve University, provided that:

1. He or she has been registered at Case Western Reserve University School of Medicine for at least four academic years, (five years for the College track) or has transferred to the University Track after two years at another accredited medical school.

2. The Committee on Students for the University Track or the Medical Student Promotions and Review Committee for the College Track approves his or her record of performance, and the faculty recommends him or her to the trustees for graduation.

3. He or she has discharged all financial obligations to the university and to the track in which he or she is enrolled.

4. He or she has taken the U.S. Medical Licensing Examination (USMLE) Steps 1 and 2 and the USMLE Step 2 Clinical Skills Examination, and has obtained a minimum passing score on the examinations as determined by the USMLE Composite Committee.

There are other academic requirements that must be met which are delineated in another section. The requirements for graduation of any class may be altered by action of the faculty of the School of Medicine.

Licensure

Licensure to practice medicine in the United States and its territories is a privilege granted by the individual licensing boards of the states and territories. Each licensing board of the individual jurisdictions establishes its policies, eligibility and requirements for the practice of medicine within its boundaries pursuant to statutory and regulatory provisions. The degree of doctor of medicine awarded by Case Western Reserve University is an academic degree and does not provide a legal basis for the practice of medicine.

The Electronic Curriculum

The School of Medicine has developed an integrated electronic curriculum for all years of the medical curriculum that contains a list of learning objectives as well as the resources that allow the students to achieve the objectives. These resources include references to traditional textbooks and journal articles, original textual material, PowerPoint files, illustrations, animations, videos, audio files, and links to Internet-based learning resources (including original journal articles in electronic format).
These resources are made available on the Internet by an NT/Internet server system. 

University track students have access to the Internet and the electronic curriculum from their assigned personal desks via fiber optic Ethernet connection to CWRU.net and via wireless access when away from their desks. College track students have access to the Internet and the College track curriculum via wireless access at the Cleveland Clinic.

Medical Student Organizations

The list of organizations and activities available to medical students continually evolves to reflect the interests of current students. Visit here for the most up-to-date list of student organizations (http://www.casemed.org/student-groups1.html). (http://casemed.case.edu/admissions/studentlife/organizations.cfm)

Admission

There are three paths to a medical degree at Case Western Reserve University School of Medicine: the University Track, the Cleveland Clinic Lerner College of Medicine of Case Western Reserve University (College Track), and the Medical Scientist Training Program (MSTP). Inquiries about admission and application should be addressed to the appropriate office:

Office of Admissions-University Track
School of Medicine, T-308
10900 Euclid Avenue
Cleveland, Ohio 44106-4920
Phone: 216.368.3450 or casemed-admissions@case.edu

Office for Admissions and Student Affairs-College Track
Cleveland Clinic Lerner College of Medicine of Case Western Reserve University
9500 Euclid Avenue NA21
Cleveland, Ohio 44195
Phone: 216.445.7170 or 866.735.1912 or cclcm@ccf.org (http://cclcm@ccf.org)

Medical Scientist Training Program
School of Medicine
Case Western Reserve University
10900 Euclid Avenue
Cleveland, Ohio 44106-4936
Phone: 216.368.3404 or mstp@case.edu

Getting Started

Students wishing to apply to any MD program at the School of Medicine must initiate the process on the internet through the American Medical Colleges Application Service (AMCAS). Visit AMCAS (https://www.aamc.org/students/applying/amcas) to learn more about the medical school application process.

Admissions Process

After the American Medical College Application Service (https://www.aamc.org/students/applying/amcas) (AMCAS) receives an applicant's electronic application, he or she receives an e-mail directing him or her to the CWRU School of Medicine online secondary (final) application where the applicant can designate to which MD track(s) they wish to apply. Applicants can apply to both MD tracks and/or the MSTP track. It is possible for an applicant to be interviewed by and receive an admission offer from both the University track and the College track.

Applicants should complete this secondary application as instructed. After the applicant has submitted the secondary application and all supporting materials, the appropriate admissions committee will review the information and decide whether to invite the applicant for an interview. After the interview, the committee will decide whether to extend an offer of admission. Applicants are notified of the committee’s decision no later than May 1.

Admissions Criteria

Although academic credentials are important in the admissions process, high grades and a high score on the MCAT are not the only criteria for admission. Just as important are interpersonal skills, exposure to medicine, well-roundedness and qualities such as professionalism, empathy and leadership ability. The School of Medicine includes a widely diverse student body.

Academic Requirements

In anticipation for the changes that the 2015 MCAT (https://www.aamc.org/students/applying/mcat/mcat2015) will bring, we have modified our pre-requisite requirements. Given the variability in the way undergraduate institutions are modifying their curricular structure for the 2015 MCAT, we have made our pre-requisites requirements and recommendations more flexible. Please closely review the pre-requisite charts (http://casemed.case.edu/admissions/process/requirements.cfm) for each track.

If these pre-requisites were not fulfilled at an accredited, four-year, degree-granting American or Canadian college or university, the applicant should be prepared to take at least 1 year of challenging, upper-level sciences at one of these institutions prior to application.

If all science pre-requisites were taken at a community college, the committee strongly recommends that the applicant take at least one year of upper-level sciences from an accredited four-year degree granting university within the United States or Canada. If a few science pre-requisite courses were taken at a community college, the committee will evaluate them on a case-by-case basis.

AP credits are acceptable for general chemistry. They are not acceptable for organic chemistry.

As an undergraduate, students should pursue a major in a subject of their own choosing; they should not structure their undergraduate experiences in an attempt to sway the medical school admissions committee. Most applicants to medical school, however, are chemistry or biological science majors.

Financial Aid

About 70 percent of the University Track’s medical students receive some financial aid based strictly on financial need. It's impossible to provide precise figures on financial aid before each specific situation is completely analyzed, but here is a description of the general aspects of the process:
The School of Medicine adheres to the unit loan concept used by most private medical schools. Under this concept, if a student qualifies for financial aid, he or she is expected to obtain a specific portion of his or her support from outside sources such as a Federal Direct Loan, savings and family. Once the student obtains this amount, the remaining aid would be provided through School of Medicine resources, up to the amount determined to be his or her reasonable need. The school's contribution would be a combination of loan and scholarship, with the exact ratio determined by the student's particular circumstances.

All students within the College Track receive full scholarship covering tuition and fees. Programs such as the Medical Scientist Training Program, the MD/PhD in health services research program, and others offer financial support for participants. For more information, see other entries in this publication and contact the specific program.

Also, the University Track offers a number of merit scholarships annually to each class though its Dean’s Scholars program and David Satcher, MD, PhD-Rubens Pamies, MD Minority Student Scholarship program. These scholarships, which vary in annual amounts are awarded for up to four years for selected students. Application for the scholarships is by invitation of the admissions committee. Recipients are students with records of exceptional academic and personal achievement.

To Those Currently in College

The admissions committee give preference to candidates who will have completed the requirements for a bachelor of arts or bachelor of science degree. Most accepted candidates rank in the top one-third of their classes, and a large proportion of them have outstanding scholastic records.

The committee’s main considerations are the overall quality of college performance and general ability and potential. In most instances, applicants are given priority if they have completed all minimum academic requirements and have taken the MCAT by the time they submit their AMCAS applications. Although no special emphasis is placed on the applicant’s major / field of study, the committee strongly favors the concept of a broad, general college education.

Students who have been out of college a year or more:

Those who have been out of college for a year or more are encouraged to apply. Approximately half of the students at the School of Medicine have a year or more between the time they graduate from college and the time they enter medical school, and about 10 percent of them begin medical school when they are 30 years old or older.

Those two or more years removed from full-time college course work should plan to take challenging, advanced-level (junior-, senior- or graduate-level) courses in the biological sciences to prepare for entry.

Overview of the University Track

The School of Medicine curriculum always has reflected the most current educational principles, practices, and knowledge. In the 1950s the School of Medicine was the first to introduce the organ systems approach to teaching the basic sciences. In July 2006, the University Track launched the Western Reserve2 Curriculum (WR2) to develop a learner-centered and self-directed curriculum framework and implement dynamic small group learning teams. Students learn in an environment that fosters scientific inquiry and excitement.

The University Track in Detail

The WR2 Curriculum has high expectations for self-directed learning, and seeks to train physician scholars who are prepared to treat disease, promote health and examine the social and behavioral context of illness. It interweaves four themes - 1) research and scholarship, 2) clinical mastery, 3) teamwork and leadership, and 4) civic professionalism and health advocacy to prepare students for the ongoing practice of evidence-based medicine in the rapidly changing healthcare environment of the 21st century.

Scholarship and clinical relevance are the benchmarks for learning, and clinical experiences and biomedical and population sciences education are integrated across the four years of the curriculum. The WR2 Curriculum also creates an independent, educational environment where learning is self-directed and where student education primarily occurs through:

1. facilitated, small-group student-centered discussions
2. large group interactive sessions such as Team-Based Learning or didactic sessions that offer a framework or synthesis
3. interactive anatomy sessions
4. clinical skills training
5. patient-based activities

Clinical experiences begin in the first week of the University Track when students participate in community-based health care field experiences. In the second month of medical school, students begin the Rotating Apprenticeship in Medicine Program (RAMP). This program involves students in several patient care settings. In January of the first year, the Community Patient Care Preceptorship (CPCP) rotations begin. Each student works with a community physician one afternoon a week for 3 months.

Research and Scholarship begin early in the curriculum with special sessions led by faculty engaged in cutting edge research. In the summer following year one, the majority of students engage in summer research opportunities. All students participate in a mentored 16-week experience in research and scholarship and complete an MD thesis prior to graduation.

Electronic resources make the most of classroom time while improving opportunities for self-directed learning and capitalizing on the innovative technology available at Case Western Reserve University.

A key component of the University Track is the unscheduled time on Thursday mornings and some weekday afternoons. Students use this time for self-directed learning as well as to pursue a joint degree, take electives, participate in interest groups, shadow a practicing physician, or become active in student organizations.

Each student in the University Track is a member of one of the following advising societies: Blackwell-McKinley Society, Robbins Society, Satcher Society, or Wearn Society. Each society is headed by an advising dean, who helps the students navigate the curriculum, advises them on residency and career planning, and writes their dean’s letters. The society deans hold regularly scheduled small group and individual meetings with the students. The society deans are all members of the faculty of the School of Medicine and participate actively in the educational programs of the school. Some aspects of the curriculum are coordinated through the societies.
Education throughout the Four Years Is Centered on:

1. Fostering experiential and interactive learning in a clinical context;
2. Stimulating educational spiraling by revisiting concepts in progressively more meaningful depth and increasingly sophisticated contexts;
3. Promoting integration of the biomedical and population sciences with clinical experience;
4. Transferring concepts and principles learned in one context to other contexts;
5. Enhancing learning through deliberate practice, or providing learners with direct observation, feedback, and the opportunity to practice in both the clinical environment and in the Case Western Reserve University (CWRU) School of Medicine's Mt. Sinai Skills and Simulation Center.

The Western Reserve2 Curriculum has 10 Guiding Principles:

1. The core concepts of health and disease prevention are fully integrated into the curriculum.
2. Medical education is experiential and emphasizes the skills for scholarship, critical thinking, and lifelong learning.
3. Educational methods stimulate an active interchange of ideas among students and faculty.
4. Students and faculty are mutually respectful partners in learning.
5. Students are immersed in a graduate school educational environment characterized by flexibility and high expectations for independent study and self-directed learning.
6. Learning is fostered by weaving the scientific foundations of medicine and health with clinical experiences throughout the curriculum. These scientific foundations include basic science, clinical science, population-based science, and social and behavioral sciences.
7. Every student has an in-depth mentored experience in research and scholarship.
8. Recognizing the obligations of physicians to society, the central themes of public health, civic professionalism and teamwork & leadership are woven through the curriculum.
9. The systems issues of patient safety, quality medical care, and health care delivery are emphasized and integrated throughout the curriculum.
10. Students acquire a core set of competencies in the knowledge, mastery of clinical skills and attitudes that are pre-requisite to graduate medical education. These competencies are defined, learned and assessed and serve as a mechanism of assessment of the school's success.

Curricular Composition

The four years of the WR2 Curriculum are divided into four major components, each of which focuses on health as well as disease.

Foundations of Medicine and Health

This component is made up of six curricular blocks.

The first block, Becoming a Doctor, is five weeks in duration, and gives students an understanding of population health and the doctor's role in society. Typically students begin their medical education by studying basic science at the molecular level, and are often not fully aware of the relevance that this knowledge has in their future education as physicians or how it relates to the actual practice of medicine. This curricular block focuses on how physicians can act as advocates for their patients in the health care system; how social and environmental factors impact health; and the importance of population health. Medical students participate in an Extensive Care Unit, an experiential, longitudinal, service learning project intended to introduce them to key population health concepts including epidemiology, biostatistics, community assessment, health risk behavior, and social-environmental determinants of health.

The next five blocks in the Foundations of Medicine and Health are comprised of basic science education complemented by clinical immersion experiences, early contact with patients in clinical preceptorships and simulated clinical experiences. Subject matter is integrated across entire biological systems, which permits faculty in the different disciplines to leverage teaching time to convey content and concepts common to their disciplines. Content is divided into the following blocks:

- The Human Blueprint: Comprised of endocrine, reproductive development, genetics, molecular biology, and cancer biology.
- Food to Fuel: Encompasses gastro-intestinal system, nutrition, energy, metabolism and biochemistry.
- Homeostasis: Includes cardiovascular system, pulmonary system, renal system, cell regulation, and pharmacology.
- Host Defense and Host Response: Focuses on host defense, microbiology, blood, skin, and the auto-immune system.
- Cognition, Sensation and Movement: Comprised of neurosciences, mind, and the musculoskeletal system.

Several themes stretch longitudinally across these blocks, including anatomy, histopathology and radiology, as well as clinical mastery. Teamwork, interprofessional collaboration and bioethics are likewise incorporated longitudinally.

Blocks 2-6 follow a common pattern. Each block has a Clinical Immersion Week and each has a Reflection and Integration Week. During the Clinical Immersion Week, students leave the classroom and enter the clinical setting to see the relevance of the basic science they have been studying as the concepts are used in the setting of patient care.

The Reflection and Integration week is the final week of blocks 2-6. During this week, no new material is introduced. Learning activities are planned to help students spiral back to concepts introduced earlier in the block by presenting these concepts again, sometimes in new contexts, and now integrated with other concepts previously learned. End of block assessment takes place during the reflection and integration week.

Research and Scholarship

The WR2 Curriculum is in concert with CWRU's emphasis on research and scholarship to encourage student career development in the areas of clinical investigation and population research. The practice of medicine is becoming increasingly evidence and science-based, and research teaches students a way of framing questions and developing an approach to answering them. The focus on research and scholarship provides medical students with opportunities to pursue individualized areas of interest in great depth. Through this 16-week, mentored experience in research and scholarship (which can be taken at any point from March of the second year onward), students acquire the intellectual tools needed to formulate research questions, critically assess scientific literature and continue the life-long pursuit of learning that is a critical aspect in the careers of all physicians and physician/scientists. The
research project culminates in a thesis, which is written in the format of a manuscript of the leading journal in the particular area of interest.

**Clinical Experiences**

The clinical curriculum cuts across all four years of the medical school curriculum, and can be divided into three areas of involvement:

1. **Foundations of Clinical Medicine**: This segment of the clinical curriculum runs longitudinally through the Foundations of Medicine and Health and seeks to develop a broad range of clinical and professional capabilities. FCM develops the necessary skill sets through 4 separate, but integrated, programs:

   - **Tuesday Seminars**: Course continues the theme of "doctoring" begun in Block 1 through the Year 1 and Year 2 curriculum. Topics examined include the relationship between the physician and the patient, the family and the community; professionalism; healthcare disparities; cultural competence; quality improvement; law and medicine; medical error/patient safety; development of mindful practitioners and end of life issues.
   
   - **Communications in Medicine**: Course is comprised of seven workshops running through Year 1 and Year 2 that focus on the range of skills needed for effectively talking with patients including the basic medical interview, educating patients about a disease, counseling patients for health behavior change, and presenting difficult news and diagnosis.
   
   - **Physical Diagnosis**: Course runs throughout Year 1 and Year 2 and includes: Physical Diagnosis 1 introducing the basic adult exam to Year 1 students for one session per week for eight weeks, Physical Diagnosis 2 in depth regional exams in various formats during Year 1 and Year 2, and Physical Diagnosis 3 in Year 2 where students spend five sessions doing complete histories, physicals and write ups on patients they see in an in-patient setting.
   
   - **Patient-based Programs**: RAMP: Rotating Apprenticeships in Medical Practice is a Year 1 course where students rotate through patient care encounters in multiple settings. This course is designed to expose students to various clinical settings to enhance observational and reflection skills in the context of the doctor/patient relationship and the role of physicians in society. CPCP: Community Patient Care Preceptorship during either Year 1 or Year 2 students spend 11 afternoons in a community physician’s office developing and reinforcing medical interviewing, physical exam and presentation skills (written and oral) with ongoing mentorship from a preceptor and an innovative online curriculum.

2. **Core Clinical Rotations**:

   The Core Clinical Rotations are designed to provide students from both the University and College tracks of the Medical School with both breadth and depth in clinical care. Experiences are developmental, with opportunities to reinforce, build upon, and transfer knowledge and skills from all parts of the curriculum. Clinical learning is integrated across disciplines whenever possible through a unique block structure, and important themes related to scholarship, humanism, and science are supported through specially designed weekly small group programs. A unified approach to addressing and assessing a core clinical curriculum is utilized at all teaching sites with the flexibility to take advantage of the unique strengths of each clinical setting.

Core Rotations: Beginning in March of their second year, students have the opportunity to begin their core clinical rotations. These rotations are organized in blocks of that integrate core specialties in at one site for 8 or 12 weeks. Core 1 combines Internal Medicine, Family Medicine, and Geriatrics for 12 weeks, Core II combines Pediatrics and OB/Gyn for 12 weeks, Core 3 combines Neuroscience and Psychiatry for 8 weeks, and Core 4 combines Surgery and Emergent Care for 8 weeks. Each of these clinical rotations is offered at all of the School of Medicine’s hospital affiliates (including University Hospitals of Cleveland, the Cleveland Clinic Foundation, MetroHealth Medical Center and the Louis Stokes VA Medical Center), and the Basic Core 2 rotation is also offered as a longitudinal integrated clerkship at Kaiser Permanente.

3. **Advanced Clinical and Scientific Studies**

   Advanced clinical and scientific studies provide students with flexible learning opportunities that support ongoing professional development and residency preparation and planning:

   - Two Acting Internships are required: one in Internal Medicine, Surgery, Pediatrics, or Inpatient Family Medicine, and one in an area of student choice.
   - One Acting Internship and all electives can potentially be done outside of the CWRU system.
   - Students are encouraged to augment their interest in scholarship through rotations and activities that focus on sciences basic to medicine as well as clinical rotations.

**Evaluation and Assessment**

Student assessment in the WR2 Curriculum is designed to accomplish three goals:

1. drive the types of conceptual learning and scientific inquiry that are goals for the WR2 Curriculum
2. assess whether students have attained the level of mastery set for each phase of the curriculum
3. prepare students for medical licensure

These three goals are accomplished through multiple assessment methods.

Independent study and inquiry are hallmarks of WR2 through assessment strategies that are formative, focus on the synthesis of concepts, and promote student responsibility for the mastery of skills and material. The following assessments are used in Foundations of Medicine and Health:

1. Assessment of students’ participation in weekly Case Inquiry (IQ) groups by faculty facilitators, utilizing observable behavior anchors and focusing on contributions to team process and content, critical appraisal skills, and professional behaviors.
2. Synthesis Essay Questions (SEQs). Weekly, formative, open book concept reasoning exercises in which students are given a brief written clinical scenario and asked to explain a clinical phenomenon and its basic science underpinnings. Throughout a teaching block, students complete SEQs at the end of each week. They compare their own answers to an ‘ideal’ answer and receive feedback from their IQ group facilitator.
3. Summative Synthesis Essay Questions (SSEQs), or exercises that measure what students know at specific points in their education, are closed book exercises with approximately 5 clinical vignettes that take an estimated 3-4 hours to complete. These SSEQs are based on the synthesis essays students have been assigned throughout the block. In the final week of the block SSEQs present concepts from previous exercises in new contexts and require concept integration.
These summative exercises are scheduled at the end of each large teaching module (every 3-4 months) and are graded by faculty.

4. Structure Practical Exercises. These assessments occur in the final week of blocks 2-6 and assess anatomy, histo-pathology and radiology through clinical scenarios and questions that require anatomic localization and histo-pathologic identification.

5. Self-Assessment Multiple Choice Questions (MCQs). Throughout each 12 week teaching block students are required to complete MCQs. These are drawn from the School of Medicine’s extensive bank of questions which are mapped to learning objectives for the block. Students use these MCQs throughout the block as a study aid and method of self-assessment.

6. Cumulative Achievement Tests (CAT). At the end of each block, students complete a secure formative MCQ achievement test, based on content covered in the current teaching block as well as on content from each previous block. These exams are designed utilizing test question resources available through the National Board of Medical Examiners (NBME). Tests will become progressively longer throughout the Foundations of Medicine and Health. The final CAT reflects material across all curriculum blocks. These formative tests enable students to gain perspectives on their overall progress and preparedness for the USMLE Step 1.

7. Student progress in Foundations of Clinical Mastery is measured by small group facilitator assessment in the Seminars of Clinical Practice, direct observation of skills, preceptor evaluation of patient-based activities, and OSCE examinations.

8. Personal Learning Plan. During the Block, students review learning objectives and reflect on their learning, identifying their strengths and areas for further study. A reflective essay is completed that links to pieces of evidence, accumulated throughout the block, to support areas of strength and areas for further growth that have been identified. Students, working with their Society Deans develop a plan for further learning.

The WR2 Curriculum provides students with a focused education that is faculty directed and student centered. Classroom hours are limited. The content of WR2, organized across biological systems, provides students with an integrated view of medicine and health and an understanding of how the basic sciences and clinical practice relate to one another. The flexibility of WR2 permits students to explore in depth an area of interest to them alongside a mentor. The curriculum places great emphasis on the social and behavioral context of health and disease as well as on population medicine which will prepare students to face the emerging challenges of today’s health care system.

Assessment for Promotion and Graduation

The faculty of the School of Medicine is charged with assessing student performance, including knowledge, skills and personal characteristics that are important qualities of a responsible, competent and humane physician. This responsibility is delegated by the faculty to the Committee on Students, a standing committee of the faculty of medicine, with a majority of its members faculty-elected.

The Committee on Students reviews the performance of every medical student in the University Track during each of the four years, determines each student’s continuing status as a student in the school, and recommends candidates for graduation. The committee reviews a medical student’s total performance, which includes the usual indices such as formal grades and assessments, as well as the professional attitudes and behavior manifested by the student. Medical education entails the mastery of didactic, theoretical, and technical matters as well as the demonstration of appropriate professional and interpersonal behavior, sensitivity, sense of responsibility and ethics, and the ability to comport oneself suitably with patients, colleagues and co-workers.

To be eligible for promotion and graduation, students must complete the requirements and perform satisfactorily in all components of the curriculum. Medical students in the University Track are graded “satisfactory” or “identified for remediation” in the first two years and as “honors,” “commendable,” “satisfactory,” “unsatisfactory,” or “achieves or exceeds expectations” in the clerkships of the third and fourth years. There is no class ranking.

Medical students must obtain a passing score on the United States Medical Licensing Examination (USMLE) Step 1, Step 2 Clinical Knowledge (CK) and Step 2 Clinical Skills(CS) to be eligible for graduation.

Overview of the College Track

The Cleveland Clinic Lerner College of Medicine (CCLCM) is a distinct 5-year track within the School of Medicine. In 2002, Cleveland Clinic and CWRU formed a historic partnership to collaborate in education and research through creation of the CCLCM. As stated in the affiliation agreement between the two institutions, “the principal purpose and educational mission of the College shall be to attract and educate, in specially designed programs, a limited number of highly qualified persons who seek to become physician investigators and scientists who will advance biomedical research and practice.” To achieve this mission, the CCLCM selects students with a desire to pursue careers as physicians and researchers, educates them to be excellent doctors, nurtures their curiosity about science and medicine, provides them with substantive research experience and core research skills, and offers financial support to ensure that excess debt does not preclude their ability to follow careers in research and medicine.

The College Track in Detail

Training the Physician Investigators of Tomorrow: A Synopsis of the Program

Recognizing the critical shortage of physicians engaged in research, the College Track offers an educational program that provides medical students with the necessary skills and knowledge to enter academic residencies and pursue successful careers as basic, translational or clinical investigators and expert doctors – without requiring them to complete an advanced degree in addition to the MD. Graduates are expected to be scientifically inquisitive, to be life-long learners, to be independent thinkers with excellent teamwork skills, to have broad-based research knowledge as well as strong clinical acumen, and to be reflective practitioners of medicine and science who take a critical approach to self-assessment and self-improvement. All three components of the curriculum – basic science, clinical and research – in addition to the advising and assessment processes have been created to support the development of these attributes in our medical students.

The basic science curriculum applies adult learning principles, building on problem-based learning (PBL) to create an early link between clinical problems and basic science learning and to help students develop their skills in hypothesis generation, critical thinking, self-identification of learning objectives, oral presentation and teamwork. Almost all faculty-student contact time involves some form of active learning – graduate school-style seminars and problem sets rather than lectures, case-based anatomy sessions using projections and cross-sectional images rather than full cadaver dissections, interactive lab sessions rather than
demonstrations, and journal clubs. To support this educational model, curriculum schedules provide extensive time for independent study. The basic science curriculum is organ-system based, with the disciplines of anatomy/embryology, biostatistics/epidemiology, cell biology, histology, imaging, immunology, pathology, pharmacology, physiology, infectious disease, oncology, genetics, evidence based medicine, bioinformatics and ethics designated as curricular threads woven through every organ-based basic science course and extending into the year 3-5 clinical curriculum. Learning objectives for the thread disciplines are used to determine the organ system curriculum structure in the first two years, with the goal of providing a logical, coherent two-year curriculum in each of these topics basic to medicine. Courses in Year 1 focus on normal human structure and function; in Year 2, courses focus on pathophysiology of disease. Later, in Years 3 through 5, students revisit advanced basic science concepts in their core clinical rotations, clinical electives, and College Track specific pullout sessions.

The clinical curriculum begins in the fall of the first year contiguous with the first basic science course in Year 1. At its foundation is a continuity teaching and learning experience with a primary care preceptor and his/her patients throughout the first two years. Students spend one half-day every other week in Year 1 and one half-day every week in Year 2 with the same preceptor. During Year 1, students learn core clinical skills in doctor-patient communications and physical diagnosis in sessions linked whenever possible to the basic science courses (e.g., learning the cardiac and lung exams during the Cardiovascular and Respiratory Sciences course and the basic neurological exam during the Neurological and Behavioral Sciences course) and then practice those skills with real patients in their preceptors’ offices on alternate weeks. Once they have mastered the basics of the history and physical, they begin to apply their skills to more complete evaluations of ambulatory patients with direct observation and feedback from their preceptors. By the end of Year 2, students are capable of performing a complete history and physical and confidently evaluating adults with common outpatient problems.

In Year 2, students spend a second half-day each week in sessions focused on building advanced clinical skills or clinical activities designed to complement concomitant basic science systems topics (e.g., a session in the Diabetes Clinic during the week devoted to learning about diabetes). The other key component of the clinical curriculum in Years 1 and 2 is the weekly Foundations of Medicine Seminar Series. This course focuses on principles of leadership and their application to medical practice, professionalism and ethics, health care systems, population medicine, and provides a setting for students to reflect on their experiences and observations of the health care system. In Years 3 through 5, students in CCLCM participate in the same core clinical experiences as students in CWRU’s University Track. Friday afternoon sessions in Years 3-5 bring CCLCM students together regardless of clinical location and focus on program-specific topics in research and human values.

During all five years, there are close mentoring and advising relationships between students and faculty. To ensure this happens, at the beginning of medical school each student is assigned a physician advisor who serves as the student’s partner and guide in navigating and mastering the curriculum throughout all five years. In addition, during the first summer, each student is assigned to an experienced basic or translational research preceptor who integrates the student into all activities in his/her lab and provides guidance and feedback to the student in such areas as working effectively with the lab team, research design, data analysis, and oral and written presentations of research. During the second summer, each student develops a similar relationship with an experienced clinical researcher who includes the student as an active participant in one or more ongoing research projects. Students are exposed to a broad range of basic, translational and clinical researchers during the first two years – during the summer research blocks, during weekly research seminars (Advanced Research in Medicine series), at Deans’ Dinners where they discuss research careers with the speakers over dinner following a formal presentation of the speaker’s research, and in class during basic science and clinical courses. Students then select a research advisor for the master’s level research project on which they will spend 12 to 15 months during the last three years of medical school.

The College uses a unique approach to student assessment designed to enhance student learning and to promote self-directed learning. There are no grades for any course or rotation, and no class ranking. Instead, each student is expected to attain a defined level of achievement in each of 9 competencies. Seven of these defined competencies encompass the 6 core competencies defined for all U.S. graduate medical education programs accredited by the ACGME (Accreditation Council for Graduate Medical Education) as well as research and personal development. Starting on the first day of medical school, students begin collecting evidence from faculty and peers of their progress in achieving the standards in each of the 9 competencies and reflecting on how the evidence demonstrates their development as doctors and researchers – the two interrelated professional roles for which they are preparing.

One of the principles of the College is that assessment drives learning – that a curriculum designed to foster self-directed learning and achievement of competencies is ineffective if assessment focuses on what the “teacher” said in class and factual recall. Therefore, the College uses a student-centered, student-driven approach to assessment with strong support from the physician advisors who know the students well and guide them as they develop skills and self-confidence as self-directed learners.

Students gather a broad range of types of evidence over their five years of study and work as partners with their physician advisors to review the evidence and their reflections, to create individual learning plans to address areas of relative weakness, and to tailor the curriculum to build on their areas of particular strength. Evidence of achievement and reflections on progress in their professional development are collected in electronic Student Portfolios and used to document readiness for promotion and graduation from the program. By training students in accurate self-assessment and developing their reflective ability, we intend to send them out of medical school already skilled in the kind of independent, self-directed learning habits that will be required of them as residents and throughout the rest of their professional lives.

CCLCM’s Foundation: A Comprehensive Research Curriculum

The research curriculum begins on the first day of medical school with the basic and translational research block and extends throughout all five years of the College Track. Every student participates actively in a “bench” project in the first summer, prepares an oral presentation describing the project in the format used at most scientific meetings, and develops a mock research proposal that extends the summer research project to the next research question. In addition, students learn the basic principles of research design and data analysis, ethics of the use of animals in research, and critical appraisal and interpretation of the basic science research literature in a journal club. At the end of the summer, students formally present their research project and findings to students and preceptors. Linked with the summer research curriculum is a core
curriculum in basic biochemistry, cell biology, molecular biology and genetics.

The second summer is devoted to clinical research. Coursework focuses on applied medical biostatistics, clinical epidemiology, including appropriate design and analysis of various kinds of clinical research protocols, and ethical issues such as human subjects protection including a discussion of an Institutional Review Board (IRB) proposal with members of the IRB. Each student participates actively in an ongoing clinical research project and writes an original clinical research protocol to extend the summer research project to the next research question, prepares an oral presentation describing the proposed research protocol, and formally presents this proposal at the end of the summer.

During the remainder of Years 1 and 2, students participate in Advanced Research in Medicine (ARM), a weekly series of highly interactive research seminars linked to the content of the basic molecular science courses. Molecular Medicine PhD students join to participate in ARM sessions. In Year 1, ARM is designed to provide students opportunities for interaction with a wide range of successful investigators to help them understand the sequence of problem identification, exploring prior work in the area, hypothesis development, experimentation, successes and failures that lead to new research findings. ARM 1 also helps students appreciate the interaction between basic and clinical research – how basic science discoveries translate into changes in the clinical care of patients and how clinical observations or research findings result in new directions in basic science research. In ARM 2, the presentations are linked to the basic clinical content each week but are more focused on current research projects and development of well-constructed research questions and reinforcement of epidemiology and biostatistics principles learned in the Year 2 summer. The sessions take on the format of a formal research presentation at a scientific meeting. During the year, the students may be divided into small groups to develop research hypotheses and design studies to evaluate the hypotheses.

Deans’ Dinners are held two times a year separately for the first and second year classes to provide students the opportunity to attend a formal research seminar by a distinguished physician investigator, followed by dinner and an informal question and answer period to learn how that investigator achieved success in his/her career. This is an opportunity to discuss different career options and pathways, the challenges of balancing research and clinical work, and approaches to balancing career and family or other interests. The goal is to provide role modeling as a supplement to the advising and mentoring systems in CCLCM, helping students gain an early understanding of the various approaches that can lead to successful careers in research for physicians.

By the end of Year 2, each student has experienced basic and clinical research first-hand, has met a large number of investigators with different research interests, has developed essential research skills, and is ready to choose an advisor to supervise and support his/her research project. A Thesis Committee made up of the research advisor and two or more additional faculty supervise and approve the student’s research proposal, progress, and final master’s level thesis that must be completed by February 15 of Year 5.

The last three years of the curriculum are specifically designed to provide flexibility to students in scheduling their research and clinical rotations. Working together, the student, research advisor and physician advisor tailor the curriculum to the student. Students complete their research projects in one 12- to 15-month block of time. Every student regardless of the overall schedule will continue to engage in clinical experiences at least one half-day per week during blocks devoted primarily to research – to ensure that students maintain clinical skills and contact with patients, develop a deeper appreciation of the connection between advances in biomedical research and patient care, and have the opportunity to reflect on their ongoing development as both physicians and researchers.

Throughout Year 1, anatomy, imaging and embryology are integrated into the basic science courses with information presented in two ways – self-directed learning modules that cover basic anatomical information (and are available online), and Case Directed Anatomy Sessions on Monday mornings for which students study clinical cases designed to introduce anatomical concepts and facts before coming to the lab. In the lab, students rotate among a number of stations using cadaver projections to demonstrate anatomy relevant to the cases and radiological images such as 3-dimensional CT scans. For example, a case of a patient who has suffered a penetrating injury to the chest may be used to focus students on the anatomical structures that might be injured and their relationship to one another.

**Curriculum Timeline: Years 1 and 2**

Students begin Year 1 with a one week-long Orientation in which they are formally welcomed to the profession of medicine by the Deans and their physician advisors. The week includes individual meetings with the student’s summer research preceptor and physician advisor, an introduction to the unique assessment system and the Student Portfolio, and an introduction to the summer curriculum and its expectations. A White Coat Ceremony that commemorates the entry of all students in both the College and University Tracks into the CWRU School of Medicine highlights the week.

The Basic and Translational Research Block occupies the first 10 weeks of Year 1 and includes a course reviewing core concepts in cell biology, molecular biology and biochemistry. Scheduled classes occur 4 days a week for 2 hours, with the remainder of each day devoted to independent study and hands-on experience in the lab of the student’s summer research preceptor. This block sets the stage for active learning in the rest of the curriculum. Throughout the core basic science course and all the basic science courses, each week has a conceptual “theme” within which more detailed learning objectives fall. All assignments and scheduled activities are designed to help students master the core concepts for the week. Mastery is defined as being able to explain the concepts and to apply them to new or different problems or situations, rather than simply “listing” all the factual details. Sessions for the core basic science course are held on Monday, Wednesday and Friday mornings and students are expected to study background material before class and self-assess their understanding of the readings. They then work together in class to solve complex problems related to what they have studied. Tuesday mornings are devoted to focused discussions and presentations related to the science topics discussed that week or introduce students to key concepts in areas such as genetics, oncology, and bioinformatics.

Students meet each Friday for a Journal Club aimed at enhancing skills in critically assessing the basic science research literature. Each week, two students present an article; the other students are expected to read the articles carefully and come prepared with questions. Each presenter works with a faculty facilitator to review the paper and presentation before Journal Club. Using feedback from faculty and other students on their presentations and on the questions they ask of others, students begin to hone their communication skills and develop confidence participating as speakers in this setting.
The primary focus of the Year 1 Basic and Translational Research Block is the summer research project. Students are assigned to a summer research preceptor with attention to individual preferences for specific research areas. They are expected to engage fully in all activities in the preceptor’s research group, such as special lab meetings or journal clubs, in addition to working on their defined project. At the end of week 2, they submit a draft plan for their summer research project and review it with their preceptor to set the expectations for the summer. During the summer, students also develop a brief research proposal that extends their research project. At the end of week 5, they submit a draft outline of their brief research proposal. The final document is due in week 9. During week 10, students present their projects orally in the format used at many scientific meetings – a 10-minute presentation with audiovisuals followed by 5 minutes for questions. Thus, in addition to actually working on a bench project, students are guided by their preceptors in developing a number of other key skills. Students receive feedback from their preceptors, other members of the lab team, and peers on their contributions in the lab and their written and oral presentations.

At the end of the summer, students schedule their first formal meeting with their physician advisors to review the evidence in their Student Portfolios, to discuss their reflections on their development in their new professional roles, and to review their learning plans to address any specific weaknesses or gaps they have identified. They review feedback on their activities in small group and journal club, lab work, mock grant proposal, oral presentations and scientific writing. This evidence is provided by their summer preceptors, peers, and self-assessments of their mastery of the core basic science concepts. Just as the interactive learning in class sets the stage for research and the rest of the curriculum, the first summer sets the stage for student success in the unique assessment process used in College Track.

Each week of the Year 1 and 2 basic science courses is organized around a theme that provides a focus of learning for the students and an opportunity to integrate when possible the basic science, clinical, and research curriculum components. For example, the theme of one of the weeks of the Gastrointestinal System 1 course is “Liver, Gallbladder and Pancreas.” The Problem-Based Learning (PBL) case focuses on a patient who takes an overdose of acetaminophen and alcohol and subsequently develops liver failure. Students learn normal liver function as they explore this case. (All PBL cases used in the curriculum are based on real cases at the Cleveland Clinic.) The case provides the framework for the anatomy and other seminar sessions that focus on liver, gallbladder and pancreas anatomy, histology, drug elimination, and genetics. Friday Advanced Research in Medicine session is a meeting of the Liver Transplant Selection Committee attended by all the students where research, bioethics, and clinical care are integrated in the discussion of liver transplant candidates. During Years 1 and 2, the topics of the 2 Deans’ Dinners for each class are also coordinated with the basic science course and weekly theme.

The first basic science course in Year 1, Cardiovascular and Respiratory Sciences 1 (CRS1), is a 7-week course in which students learn basic concepts of the normal structure and function of these systems. There are 14 hours of scheduled curricular time each week in the basic science courses, including 6 hours devoted to PBL cases and 8 hours devoted to other activities such as labs, seminars and problem sets.

Throughout Year 1, anatomy, imaging and embryology are integrated into the basic science courses with information presented in two ways – self-directed learning modules that cover basic anatomical information (and are available online), and Case Directed Anatomy Sessions on Monday mornings for which students study clinical cases designed to introduce anatomical concepts and facts before coming to the lab. In the lab, students rotate among a number of stations using cadaver projections to demonstrate anatomy relevant to the cases and radiological images such as 3-dimensional CT scans. For example, a case of a patient who has suffered a penetrating injury to the chest may be used to focus students on the anatomical structures that might be injured and their relationship to one another.

Histology is also integrated into the basic science courses, with students using a computer-based virtual microscopy system rather than a mechanical microscope to look at slides. This allows students not only to scan slides but also to see slide annotations and related gross and radiographic images. Specific learning objectives for histology are included in PBL cases in addition to seminars devoted to histology. The goal is for students to understand the gross and histological structures of each organ system in relation to its function, rather than as isolated anatomical facts. For example, during the week in CRS1 devoted to the theme of how the heart functions as a pump, students learn the structure and anatomical relationships of the four chambers of the heart and heart valves and the histological appearance of myocardial cells while they are studying the physiological concepts of preload, afterload and contractility.

In addition to anatomy/embryology, imaging, and histology, the other “threads” in Year 1 include cell biology, pharmacology, physiology, bioinformatics, evidence-based medicine, genetics, and ethics, building on the core concepts from the summer in specific relation to each organ system. In CRS1, students learn not only the molecular structures and functions of # and #-receptors but also the pharmacology of endogenous and exogenous agonists and antagonists of these receptors as they study myocardial contractility and physiological regulation of blood pressure. They learn the biochemical pathways involved in aerobic and anaerobic production of ATP as they study determinants of oxygen delivery to myocardial cells, concepts they will revisit and build upon during subsequent courses when they study skeletal muscle metabolism during exercise and the role of the liver in maintenance of normal blood glucose levels. They study physiology of the heart, lungs, red blood cells and plasma as an integrated system providing oxygen and removing carbon dioxide, supporting metabolic needs of the entire body. During each course, students return to the core concepts they mastered in previous courses, using those concepts as a framework for building their understanding of the human organism as a whole. The basic science curriculum continues with Gastrointestinal System (4.5 weeks), Endocrinology and Reproductive Biology (4 weeks), Renal Biology (3 weeks), Musculoskeletal Sciences (3 weeks), Neurological and Behavioral Sciences (5 weeks), and Hematology, Immunology and Microbiology (7 weeks). Each basic science course focuses on normal structure and function, relating back to previous courses and preparing students for concepts in future courses.

Starting in the fall of Year 1, the Basic and Translational Research Summer Block’s Friday journal clubs are replaced by Advanced Research in Medicine 1, a weekly series of research seminars in which students are exposed to a wide range of basic and clinical research topics in interactive discussions with accomplished investigators. Presentations are linked closely with the basic science curriculum in order to reinforce core basic science concepts, help students feel confident in questioning the investigators based on what they are learning at the time, and illustrate the process whereby new biomedical discoveries change clinical practice.

Foundations of Clinical Medicine begins at the same time as the first basic science course and continues throughout Years 1 and 2.
guiding principle is that early exposure to patients, with direct observation and feedback by experienced faculty physicians, is optimal for real time assessment and feedback of student clinical skills. Foundations of Clinical Medicine has 3 interrelated components – clinical skills training, patient care experiences, and Foundation of Medicine Seminar Series. The Foundation of Medicine Seminar Series is a two-year continuum addressing professionalism, ethics, leadership and its application to the care of patients and the practice of medicine, evidence-based medicine, health care systems and patient safety introduced to students primarily through the humanities.

Core clinical skills training occurs every other week from September through January and is coordinated with the organ systems under study. On alternate weeks, students practice the basic skills they just learned with standardized patients in the classroom by conducting histories and physical exams with real patients and writing chart notes on the previous week under the supervision of their longitudinal preceptors. Starting in February, students are exposed to special aspects of the history and physical for geriatric and pediatric patients, while continuing to work on basic skills every other week with their preceptors. They also begin to take on more patient care responsibility in preparation for their weekly clinics with the same preceptor in Year 2. An Objective Structured Clinical Examination (OSCE) with feedback from preceptors is used to help students chart their progress in mastering core skills.

Year 2 begins with the 9-week Clinical Research Block. Students work with a preceptor in an active clinical research environment on an ongoing project, continuing to develop their skills in building relationships with members of a research team. They also write a mock clinical research proposal that extends the research question on which the student is working during the summer. Scheduled coursework occupies 2 hours each weekday and includes a rigorous immersion in biostatistics with students using statistical software to analyze real data sets and a clinical epidemiology course focusing on formulation of scientific questions, study design, clinical trials, and legal and ethical issues in research including human subjects’ protection. The coursework requires significant class preparation for students, thus students must balance their time and effort between the classwork and research project in the Year 2 summer. Journal Club sessions on Fridays focus on articles from the clinical research literature, with students using knowledge gained from biostatistics and epidemiology to help them analyze the papers. Feedback from peers and faculty facilitators help students enhance their presentation skills and ability to critically read and present scientific papers. Students complete the second summer with a comprehensive range of clinical research skills and knowledge, complementing their basic research experience in the first summer and preparing them to engage in basic, translational or clinically oriented research for their thesis.

For the remainder of Year 2, students return to the same organ-system based basic science curriculum they studied in Year 1, this time focusing on learning the pathophysiology of common diseases. Immunology, Pathology, Oncology, Infectious Disease/Microbiology, and Biostatistics/Epidemiology are now integrated as threads throughout the Year 2 basic science curriculum. The first basic science course is Musculoskeletal Sciences (2 weeks), followed by Neurological and Behavioral Sciences (6 weeks), Endocrinology and Reproductive Biology (4.5 weeks), Cardiovascular and Respiratory Sciences (7 weeks), Hematology (4 weeks), Gastrointestinal System (4 weeks), and Renal Biology (4 weeks). Anatomy and embryology seminars are conducted less often during Year 2, usually 1-3 sessions per course. The clinical curriculum continues to be closely linked to the basic science courses. Students spend one half-day every week in their primary care longitudinal preceptor’s office. An additional clinical half-day is added and students see patients who demonstrate the pathophysiology being studied that week. Some of the additional half-days are devoted to learning advanced clinical skills (the gynecologic and urologic exams, evaluation of geriatric and pediatric patients with common problems) and an exposure near the end of Year 2 to the acute care setting helps to prepare students for Year 3. Foundations of Medicine Seminar Series begin in September of Year 1 and ends in April of Year 2. Students also participate in two OSCEs, one at the beginning of Year 2 to help students identify skills to address over the year and the second at the end of Year 2 to help students document their skills for their portfolio and to prepare for the USMLE Step 2 CS Examination. After classes end in mid-May, students have 6 weeks available to study for and take the USMLE Step 1 Examination.

By the end of Year 2, students have engaged actively in both basic and clinical research, learned and practiced a wide range of research skills. They have extensive experience in self-directed learning both independently and in teams and have mastered core basic science concepts related to human health and disease. They are comfortable “doctoring” adult outpatients and competent in the complete history, physical examination, oral and written presentations, and basic clinical skills such as reading EKGs. Perhaps most important, they have learned to accurately assess their own strengths and weaknesses and create learning plans for themselves – preparing them to succeed in the next three years of the curriculum and a lifetime of professional practice.

Curriculum Timeline: Years 3 through 5

After Year 2, the clinical curriculum for the College Track is the same as the University Track. In all Core Clinical Rotations, students experience both breadth and depth in clinical care, and clinical experiences are developmental, with opportunities to reinforce, build upon, and transfer knowledge and skills. Clinical learning is also integrated across disciplines whenever possible, and the roles of basic science, civic professionalism, scholarship, and population health in clinical care are evident throughout the clinical curriculum. Students likewise have patient care responsibilities that are progressive in sophistication and increasing in amount as their level of clinical skill and knowledge increases, and all core clinical competencies are addressed and assessed using common methods applied at the clinical sites at which rotations occur.

Basic Core Rotations: Beginning in July of their third year, students have the opportunity to begin their core clinical rotations. These rotations are organized in blocks that integrate core specialties at one site for 8 or 12 weeks. Basic Core 1 combines Family Medicine, Internal Medicine and Geriatrics for 12 weeks, Basic Core 2 combines Pediatrics and OB/Gyn for 12 weeks, Basic Core 3 combines Neurology and Psychiatry for 8 weeks, and Basic Core 4 combines Surgery and Undifferentiated Care for 8 weeks. Each of these clinical rotations is offered at all of the School of Medicine’s hospital affiliates (including University Hospitals of Cleveland, the Cleveland Clinic, MetroHealth Medical Center and the Louis Stokes VA Medical Center).

These Core Clinical Rotations, launched in July 2006 and modified in 2009 and 2012, represent an integrated approach to clinical education that is shared by students from both the University and College Tracks of the School of Medicine. Students engage in clinical learning with basic science correlation through patient-based experiences that are developmental and provide opportunities to acquire, reinforce, build upon, and transfer knowledge and skills.

Advanced Clinical and Scientific Studies
Advanced clinical and scientific studies provide students with flexible learning opportunities that support ongoing professional development and residency preparation and planning:

• Two Acting Internships are required: one in Internal Medicine, Surgery, Pediatrics, or Inpatient Family Medicine, and one in an area of student choice.
• One Acting Internship and all electives can potentially be done outside of the CWRU system.
• Students are encouraged to augment their interest in scholarship through rotations and activities that focus on sciences basic to medicine as well as clinical rotations.

The last three years are purposely designed as a flexible continuum of core clinical rotations, clinical and other electives, and research – to allow each student to individualize the curriculum to address his/her own career goals, learning needs and research interests. Each student plans the last three years with the advice of his/her physician and research advisors.

Every CWRU student must pass the CWRU Clinical Skills Examination and USMLE Step 2 CK (Clinical Knowledge) and CS (Clinical Skills) Examinations to graduate from the CWRU School of Medicine. Students take OSCEs similar in format and content to the USMLE Step 2 CS Examination as part of routine assessments of their clinical skills beginning in Year 1 and are well prepared for the CWRU Clinical Skills Examination and USMLE Step 2 CS Examination by the time they have completed the required clinical rotations. Students must take the USMLE Step 2 CK and CS Examinations by December 31 of their 5th year.

Students spend 12 to 15 months during the last three years on their mentored research project, including preparation and defense of a masters’ level thesis. Students are expected to complete their research in one block of time; however, in unusual circumstances students under the guidance of their Physician and Research Advisors and with permission from the Research Education Committee may divide their research over the final three years, depending on the student’s research project. During time devoted primarily to research, students spend one half-day each week in related clinical activities. Students must complete all required thesis research rotations by December 31 of Year 5 and defend the Research Thesis within 3 months of research completion, but no later than February 15 of Year 5. Within these guidelines, students and their advisors are encouraged to be as creative as possible in designing the final 3-year continuum. Research may be conducted with faculty research advisors at any CWRU campus, or in some instances, with advisors at other institutions (e.g., the NIH), with approval from the Research Education Committee. Student research may focus on clinical, translational or basic research. Some students may wish to engage in health services research, research in biomedical ethics, or other areas relevant to the advancement of biomedical science and the care of patients in addition to the more “traditional” research areas.

The Student Portfolio: Competency-Based Assessment and Reflective Practice

The College’s approach to student assessment is based on two key educational concepts – “competency-based assessment” and “reflective practice.” Competency-based assessment emphasizes the need for every student to achieve the broad range of required learning outcomes by providing an appropriate curriculum, learning resources, and regular formative assessments. No grades are assigned in the College Track during the 5 year program; when a student achieves the standards for all competencies, they are assigned a “Meets or Exceeds” (“ME”) for each course on their transcript. Assessment of student performance is criterion-referenced, not norm-referenced; students are not compared to one another but to faculty-defined standards of achievement. A full range of assessment methods are used to profile learning outcomes. Reflective practice emphasizes that learning is dependent upon the integration of reflection and experience. Professionals learn by reflecting on their experiences both during the experiences (“reflection-in-action”) and after the experiences (“reflection-on-action”) and by using these reflections to develop new knowledge and skills. We have designed an assessment process that helps our students develop their reflective practice skills – the ability to accurately describe, analyze and evaluate their performance and to identify and follow through on effective learning plans. We are committed to helping every student achieve our competency standards and develop reflective practice skills through frequent formative assessments and close advising.

Evidence of achievement for each of the College Track’s 9 competencies is collected and managed in an electronic portfolio. Students and their advisors share access to the e-Portfolio database of evidence and thus can track and document student progress in meeting our nine competencies. A broad range of types of evidence is collected from the learning experiences in the research, basic science, and clinical curriculum.

During research blocks, research preceptors, journal club facilitators, problem solving session facilitators, and student peers provide written assessments of both individual work and teamwork in the lab, written and oral presentations, and critical thinking and reasoning skills. Written research proposals and reports and the final thesis are also included in the e-Portfolio.

During the basic science courses, students complete weekly online quizzes called Self-Assessment Questions (SAQs) that cover the breadth of knowledge for each week’s theme at the level of factual recall and simple application of the facts. Faculty design the SAQs so that students who are actively participating and studying should expect to know at least 80% of the answers; the individual results of the SAQs are available only to the students, but students are encouraged to contact the course director for help with any difficulties they are having. Students have continued access to the SAQs to assess their retention of this basic science knowledge. At the end of each week, students complete 1-2 open book Concept Appraisals (CAPPs) designed to determine if they have mastered the concepts for that week well enough to apply them to new or different problems or situations in brief, well-organized, clearly written essay(s). CAPPs are designed to assess depth of knowledge in key concept areas. Other evidence is provided by PBL facilitators and peers who provide assessments of performance in PBL sessions.

Assessments in the clinical curriculum include written feedback on performance from longitudinal preceptors and other faculty physicians and residents, results of OSCEs, patient logs documenting breadth of clinical exposure, patient journals in which students record their reflections on specific patients and their problems, self-assessments of videotaped interviews with patients (both standardized and real), and feedback from patients and other health care providers.

Students are expected to meet regularly their physician advisor to discuss their progress. Several times each year, they are required to review their assessment evidence in relation to expected levels of achievement in the 9 competencies and write Formative Portfolios composed of structured reflective essays on how the evidence demonstrates their development as doctors and researchers. Based on this analysis, they develop learning plans to address areas needing improvement. The essays also include judgments on whether previously established learning goals
have been achieved and reflections on the process of achieving these goals. Students discuss these materials with their physician advisors during Formative Assessment meetings. During the last three years, students submit learning plans on a bi-annual basis, and meet with their physician advisor to review their progress. Students are expected to assume more and more responsibility and independence in accurate self-assessment, in developing learning plans and following through on addressing their own learning needs, and in recognizing and building on their own strengths.

At the end of Years 1, 2 and 4, students assemble a Summative Portfolio for review by the Medical Student Promotions and Review Committee that determines if the evidence presented by the student indicates a level of achievement sufficient for promotion to the next year of the program (or graduation). Students are expected to choose not only their best examples of their work, but more importantly evidence demonstrating their growth across the year in specific competencies. We want to graduate students who recognize areas needing improvement, identify an approach to addressing them, and can show that they have now achieved that skill as well as those students who excel in specific areas throughout the year. Graduates of CCLCM will have not only achieved a defined level of achievement of each of the 9 competencies, they will also have developed their reflective ability to accurately assess their own strengths and areas needing improvement. The assessment process is designed to enhance student learning and the student portfolio enables students to document their progress in the achievement of defined competencies.

**Graduation Requirements Summary for the College Track**

A medical student who has satisfactorily completed all the required work in CCLCM may be granted the degree of Doctor of Medicine (MD) with Special Qualifications in Biomedical Research by Case Western Reserve University, provided that:

1. He/she has been registered at Case Western Reserve University School of Medicine for at least five academic years and not more than 6 years for CCLCM.
2. CCLCM Medical Student Promotions and Review Committee approve his/her record of performance including thesis, and the faculty recommends him/her to the School of Medicine’s Committee on Students for graduation.
3. He/she has discharged all financial obligations to Case Western Reserve University and to the program in which he/she is enrolled.
4. He/she has passed the U.S. Medical Licensing Examination (USMLE) Step 1, USMLE Step 2 Clinical Knowledge (CK) and Step 2 Clinical Skills (CS).
5. He/she has passed the CWRU School of Medicine Clinical Skills Examination.
6. The Research Thesis and Defense have been completed within 3 months after completing research or by February 15th of the 5th year, whichever is earlier.
7. Every CCLCM student completes a total of 217 weeks in the following activities:
   - 44 weeks in Year 1
   - 41 weeks in Year 2
   - 72 Clinical Weeks consisting of:
     - 48 Weeks of Basic Cores and Acting Internships:
       - 12 weeks Basic Core 1: Family Medicine, Internal Medicine, Geriatrics
       - 12 weeks Basic Core 2: Pediatrics, Obstetrics/Gynecology
       - 8 weeks Basic Core 3: Neurology, Psychiatry
       - 8 weeks Basic Core 4: Surgery, Undifferentiated Care
       - 8 weeks Acting Internships (2) 4 weeks each; one must be in Cleveland
     - 20 weeks minimum of clinical elective rotations
   - 2 weeks are counted from the Years 1 and 2 Longitudinal Experiences
   - 2 weeks of the required Capstone course are counted
   - 12 non-clinical weeks of electives
   - 48 weeks of thesis research

**Dual Degree Programs**

**Dual Degree Programs with the MD**

The degree programs listed in this section may require admission to another school at the university in addition to or instead of the School of Medicine. Each school may have different deadlines and requirements for admissions. Please contact the other schools separately using information provided under that school’s listing in this publication. Additional dual degree programs not including the MD are also offered through the medical school’s departments. Several certificate programs are also offered in General Medical Sciences.

**MD/PhD (MSTP)**

The Medical Scientist Training Program leading to the MD/PhD in various biomedical programs is listed in above grey tab.

**MD/JD**

This program, offered in conjunction with Case Western Reserve University School of Law, may be completed in six years. The JD portion requires the completion of 88 credit hours of study. Admission is through the School of Medicine and the School of Law. For more information about the JD portion of the program, visit the Law School section (p. 677), call the law school admissions office at 216.368.3600 or 800.756.0036, or e-mail lawadmissions@case.edu (lawadmissions@case.edu).

**MD/MA in Bioethics**

The 27-credit-hour Master of Arts in Bioethics program, including a 12-hour foundations course taken during the first year of medical school, emphasizes the interdisciplinary and interprofessional nature of the field. It is designed to provide advance training in bioethics for those who anticipate encountering ethical issues in the course of their primary careers. Medical school students complete the bioethics program while pursuing their medical degrees; no additional time is required. Admission for the master’s degree portion is through the Case Western Reserve University School of Graduate Studies. For more information about the MA requirements, visit the Bioethics section (p. 743), call 216.368.6196, or e-mail bioethics@case.edu (bioethics@case.edu).
**MD/MS in Applied Anatomy**

The core curriculum of this 30-hour, non-thesis master of science master of science in applied anatomy degree program integrates aspects of modern molecular biochemistry, cell biology and physiology with the traditional aspects of anatomical structure and nomenclature of cells, tissues and organs. Electives allow students to pursue individual interests in special areas of research and health care. The program is excellent preparation for those preparing for biomedical careers or those planning to pursue a PhD. Additional details and a sample course of study are described in the Anatomy section of the General Bulletin.

**MD/MS Biomedical Investigation**

The goal of the joint MD/ Masters of Science in Biomedical Investigation program at Case School of Medicine is to train medical students in basic or clinical research approaches so that the physician graduate may conduct research to advance health. Students will earn a plan B type MS from Graduate Studies, and the name of the joint degree will reflect the particular track pursued by the student (eg MD/MS Biochemistry). The tracks proposed in this joint MD/MS program are derived from existing type B MS programs at the School of Medicine into a joint program with the MD, using a common template.

The core activities for this degree include limited credit from the medical core curriculum, 3-6 graduate courses in specific tracks, participation in a common seminar series, scientific integrity training, and a requirement for a special problems project that reflects a full year of research (18 hours of 601 non-graded credits) culminating in a written report and examination. Students are anticipated to complete all graduate courses before entering the research year, allowing full focus on the research experience. Thus, this program will require 5 years overall to complete the requirements for both degrees. Students who wish to join the MD/MS program may apply to the Program after arriving at the University any time prior to Fall of their second year of medical school.

For students to receive graduate credit for medical coursework, they must register for IBIS credit (see below) in advance of the preclinical medical school semester. Students are likely to complete the required two semesters of research 601 after the pre-clinical years in medical school, although the research could occur in other years. Before initiating full time research, the trainee must submit a final Program plan to the Program Oversight Committee that summarizes the courses taken, the proposed thesis topic, and the names and credentials of the MS Thesis Committee. During the research period, the student is expected to participate in track-specific graduate activities including retreats, student talks, journal clubs and other program functions. Only under unusual circumstances will the student be allowed to satisfy the research requirement in non-contiguous semesters.

Each track within the joint MD/MS Program has specific course requirements, described in each graduate department MS section. Available tracks include: Biochemistry (p. 736), Clinical Research (CRSP) (p. 833), Epidemiology (p. 813), Nutrition (p. 764), Pathology (p. 770), Pharmacology (p. 780), Physiology & Biotechnology (p. 786). As a minimum, graduation requires successful completion of 9 graded credits of graduate courses, 6 graded credits of IBIS medical curriculum, 18 non graded credits of research, and additional non graded credits for departmental seminar and the exam and zero credits for scientific integrity training (IBMS 500 On Being a Professional Scientist: The Responsible Conduct of Research or CMED 500 Scientific Integrity in Biomedical Research) in the program. Students are required to pass an examination (IBIS 600 Exam in Biomedical Investigation) established for each student, generally reflecting the preparation and oral defense of a written report on the project.

For more information please contact the College Program Advisor, Dr. Dennis Stacey (staceyd@ccf.org) or the University Program Advisor, Dr. William Merrick (william.c.merrick@case.edu).

**Typical Plan of Study**

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Departmental Seminar is also taken for 1 credit hour - timing depends upon the track.

**MD/PhD in Health Policy and Health Services Research**

This program prepares students for careers in academic medicine, health policy, public health, and/or health care management. An important area of focus within this training program is methods and issues in study...
design that pertain to research examining the health and health care problems of urban and vulnerable populations.

Application to and acceptance in the PhD program in Health Policy/Health Services Research follows admission to the School of Medicine. Dual-degree students are fully integrated with graduate students in other tracks within the Department of Epidemiology and Biostatistics. Dual-degree students typically complete the PhD coursework and the dissertation requirement by their end of their fifth year after matriculation, with the MD awarded at the end of the seventh year. Support for tuition and a stipend is available for a limited number of students each year.

For more information, see Epidemiology and Biostatistics section (p. 815) or contact the departmental coordinator for Graduate Studies, Victor Courtney (victor.courtney@case.edu), at 216.368.5957.

Medical Scientist Training Program (MSTP)

A combined MD/PhD program in biomedical sciences, the Medical Scientist Training Program (MSTP) is available for students desiring research careers in medicine and related biosciences. This program takes seven to eight years to complete, depending on the time needed to complete the PhD dissertation research. Financial support includes a stipend and full tuition support.

Candidates must meet established prerequisites for admission to both the School of Medicine and the School of Graduate Studies. Criteria include demonstrated capabilities in research and superior undergraduate academic credentials. Applicants must have either U.S. citizenship or permanent residency status to be considered for admission to the MSTP. Information can be obtained by contacting the MSTP program (mstp@case.edu) or from the program website (http://mstp.case.edu). Admissions are coordinated via the School of Medicine admissions program and the AMCAS application.

The first two years of the MSTP are centered on the University Program pre-clinical core medical school curriculum, which occupies five mornings each week. Afternoons include time for graduate courses and/or research rotations, as well as clinical training, thus integrating the medical school and graduate school experiences. The next three to four years are devoted to completion of graduate courses and PhD thesis research in one of the multiple MSTP-affiliated graduate programs. During the PhD phase, MSTP students participate in the MSTP Clinical Tutorial, a program designed to enhance clinical skills and allow students to develop connections between their research and clinical interests (this further addresses the goal of integrating medicine and science). After completion of the PhD program, students return to medical school for two years to complete clinical clerkships and finish the MD curriculum.

The program is administered by the MSTP Steering Committee, which consists of faculty from both basic science and clinical departments. Its functions include selecting candidates for admission, designing and administering the program curriculum, advising students and evaluating student progress.

Please see the Doctor of Medicine (MD) (p. 794) page for information about the MD curriculum.

MSTP Program by Year

Year 1

- University Program MD curriculum
- Summer research rotation
- One graduate course or research rotation each semester (fall and spring)

Year 2

- University Program MD curriculum
- Summer research rotations (1 or 2)
- Graduate course or research rotation in the fall semester

Year 3

- PhD program

Year 4

- PhD program
- MSTP Clinical Tutorial

Year 5

- PhD program
- Optional MSTP Clinical Tutorial

Year 6 (If Needed)

- PhD program
- Optional MSTP Clinical Tutorial
- All PhD work, including dissertation defense and publications, to be completed before starting the 3rd year medical curriculum

Year 7

- Third year MD curriculum (core clinical clerkships)

Year 8

- Fourth year MD curriculum (completion of core clinical clerkships if necessary, clinical and research electives)

The Medical Scientist Training Program in detail

General Description

The Case Medical Scientist Training Program (MSTP) provides training for future physician-scientists by integrating well-developed curricula in science and medicine. Unique aspects of the program include the integration of graduate school and medical school in many phases of the program to optimize dual-degree training, and a high degree of student involvement in running the program.

The MSTP includes three major phases of training.

First phase: During the first two years, each student completes the first two years of the University Program medical school curriculum, including early clinical experiences, completes at least three research rotations, takes graduate courses, and chooses his or her PhD graduate program


and thesis lab. During the summers before the first two years of medical school, students complete research rotations. During the fall and spring semesters of year one and the fall semester of year two, students take a graduate course or complete a research rotation.

**Second phase:** During the PhD phase, students complete all requirements of their PhD program. They also participate in the MSTP Clinical Tutorial for at least one year in a patient-based clinical specialty. A second year of MSTP Clinical Tutorial is optional.

**Third phase:** In the final phase, students complete years three and four of the University Program medical school curriculum. The focus is clinical training, but research electives can be taken for part of year four.

Although each of these three phases has a different focus, opportunities exist for students to pursue both research and clinical training in each phase. The philosophy of the Case MSTP is to integrate medicine and science throughout the program as much as possible.

The Case MSTP is run by faculty, students and staff. The MSTP Council is a body of students that plans and runs certain aspects of the program. The administrative director, program coordinator, and program assistant have many important roles and run the day-to-day management of the program. The co-director is involved in decisions at all levels of the program and is the primary advisor for students in the first two years of the program. The director is responsible for all aspects of the program and is available to students for advice at any stage. The MSTP Steering Committee makes decisions on MSTP policy, curriculum planning, student admissions, approval of mentors and evaluation of students.

Incoming MSTP students are expected to enter the program on July 1. The MSTP summer retreat, usually held in early July, provides an important orientation to the program and includes sessions and workshops for program and professional development.

**Advising System**

The program director provides advising to students in all phases of the program. The MSTP co-director advises students in the first two years on research rotations and course work. Students may also meet with an MSTP Steering Committee member representing an area of research interest or with the MSTP director. During the PhD training period, mentoring is provided by the thesis advisor and thesis committee, which includes a member of the MSTP Steering Committee and a member with an MD MSTP students are full members of the medical school class and enter one of the four societies of the University Program when they matriculate in the program. The society dean provides important advice for matters concerning the MD curriculum.

**Classes and Research Rotations in Years One and Two**

During years one and two of the University Program, MSTP students register for 9 credit hours of graduate course work each semester.

**Plan of Study**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>First Year</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Fall</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Integrated Biological Sciences I (IBIS 401)</td>
<td>1 - 9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clinical Science I (IBIS 411)</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Research Rotation in Medical Scientist Training Program (MSTP 400)</td>
<td>0 - 9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Integrated Biological Sciences II (IBIS 402)</td>
<td>1 - 9</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Second Year</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Fall</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Integrated Biological Sciences III (IBIS 403)</td>
<td>1 - 9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clinical Science III (IBIS 413)</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Research Rotation in Medical Scientist Training Program (MSTP 400)</td>
<td>0 - 9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Graduate School courses</td>
<td>3-4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>601 Research (in specific program)</td>
<td>5-6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Year Total:</td>
<td>3-20</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Total Units in Sequence:** 17-70

- MSTP 400 Research Rotation in Medical Scientist Training Program or an appropriate graduate school course. If a 4-credit graduate course is taken, registration in IBIS 401 Integrated Biological Sciences I, IBIS 402 Integrated Biological Sciences II or IBIS 403 Integrated Biological Sciences III is reduced to 3 units.

IBIS 401 Integrated Biological Sciences I, IBIS 402 Integrated Biological Sciences II and IBIS 403 Integrated Biological Sciences III are 3-4 credits each. IBIS 411 Clinical Science I, IBIS 412 Clinical Science II, and IBIS 413 Clinical Science III are 2 credit hours each. In contrast to their fellow medical students, MSTP students are graded during years one and two of the medical school curriculum for these graduate courses, which provide graduate school credit for the medical school curriculum. These grades are for graduate school purposes and do not affect standing in the medical school.

In addition to the medical curriculum, students take MSTP 400 Research Rotation in Medical Scientist Training Program or one 3-4 credit graduate school course per semester in the first two years. Graduate courses are scheduled in the afternoon in the fall and spring semesters to avoid conflict with the medical school curriculum. MSTP students will be registered for MSTP 400 during the summer terms before each of the first two years of medical school. Students also may complete a research rotation instead of a graduate school course during the fall or spring semester.

**The PhD Phase**

After completion of the second year of medical school, each student chooses a PhD thesis mentor, joins a specific PhD program, and completes any remaining graduate school course work and other requirements for the PhD degree. The following training programs are affiliated with the MSTP. (If the training program is not itself an independent PhD program, the program through which it is offered is indicated in parentheses.)

- Biochemistry
- Biomedical Engineering
- Cancer Biology (Pathology)
- Cell Biology
- Developmental Biology (Genetics and Neurosciences)
- Epidemiology
- Genetic and Molecular Epidemiology (Epidemiology)
• Genetics
• Immunology (Pathology)
• Molecular Biology and Microbiology
• Molecular Virology
• Pathology
• Neurosciences
• Nutrition
• Pharmacology
• Physiology and Biophysics
• Systems Biology and Bioinformatics

All MSTP students are required to take a one-week ethics course (IBMS 500 On Being a Professional Scientist: The Responsible Conduct of Research) during the spring semester of their second year in the program.

Clinical Tutorial, Clinical Refresher Course and Years Three and Four of Medical School

During the PhD thesis phase, MSTP students take the MSTP Clinical Tutorial, which provides a unique longitudinal part-time clinical experience. The MSTP Clinical Tutorial is a year-long course that enhances clinical skills for year three of medical school. It also serves a special career development objective by allowing students to balance medical and scientific interests and explore the connections between these areas. The MSTP Clinical Tutorial, offered during the PhD phase, is an example of the integration of science and medicine in the Case MSTP. An optional MSTP Clinical Refresher course may be taken before the start of year three. After completion of the PhD, MSTP students are enrolled in medical school to complete the requirements for the MD (see description provided for the University Program (p. 797)).

MSTP Activities

The MSTP supports several activities that enhance the scientific and professional development of students. These activities also foster a vibrant and collegial MSTP community with a strong sense of mission in the training of physician scientists.

Summer retreat: The annual MSTP summer retreat is a two-day event focusing on scientific presentations, professional development and program planning for the upcoming academic year.

Winter retreat: This is a one-day retreat on campus, usually in early March. Students in their research years present their thesis work through an oral or poster presentation.

MSTP Council coordinates many activities of the Case MSTP. The Council meets once each month to discuss activities that are run by different student committees. The overall goals of the MSTP Council are to identify objectives for the program, to allow students to initiate programs to enhance the MSTP, to encourage increased student involvement in the operation of the MSTP, and to enhance development of leadership skills of MSTP students. The president, vice president and secretary are all elected for a one-year period. Committees are led by 1-3 committee chairs who take charge of committee activities and coordinate the involvement of other students in the committee activities. All students are welcome and encouraged to participate in the various committees and to attend the council meetings. Recent Council committees and other program activities have included the following:

1. Monthly Dinner Meeting Committee
   This committee is responsible for planning monthly dinner meetings, selecting topics, speakers, and menus. The series is organized by students and is attended by students, Steering Committee members and research mentors. Invited speakers (students, faculty, alumni and outside speakers) address issues pertinent to research, professional issues, career development or other topics of interest. The informal environment at these gatherings promotes social and professional interactions.

2. Communications and Webpage Committee
   This committee organizes communications and the Case MSTP website content.

3. Summer Retreat Committee
   This committee plans the summer retreat.

4. Intro to MSTP
   This committee organizes events for first year MSTP students, to integrate them into the program and the community.

5. Community Service Committee
   Plans events for involvement of MSTP students in community service.

6. Social Committee
   This important committee plans fun events throughout the year!

7. Student Representative to Faculty Council
   One student is selected to represent the MSTP on Faculty Council.

8. Student Representative to the Committee on Medical Education

9. Representative to the Graduate Student Senate

10. MSTP Women’s Committee
    Women in the MSTP organize luncheons or other meetings to discuss issues that face women pursuing careers in science. Students may invite a successful woman scientist who provides a role model as a physician scientist.

Scientific meetings: The program strongly encourages students to present their research at national or international meetings and provides financial support to pay for part of meeting travel expenses (other funding is obtained from the research mentor). In addition to the general meeting support for all students, each year two students are offered the opportunity to attend the annual MD/PhD national student conference in Colorado or the American Physician Scientist Association annual meeting in Chicago, with all expenses paid by the MSTP.

Research symposia: MSTP students are encouraged to present their research at Case student symposia, including the annual graduate student symposium and the Irwin H. Lepow Student Research Day. These symposia feature a nationally recognized keynote speaker, and students have the opportunity to interact extensively with the noted scientist. A committee awards prizes for outstanding student presentations.

Assessment of MSTP Students

Students in the MSTP are assessed for the medical school component of the program in the same manner as students in the University Program, with the exception that grades are awarded for those courses in the MD.
IBIS Courses

IBIS 401. Integrated Biological Sciences I. 1 - 9 Unit.
A four-semester sequence encompassing anatomy, biochemistry, physiology, pharmacology, pathology, and microbiology.

IBIS 402. Integrated Biological Sciences II. 1 - 9 Unit.
A continuation of IBIS 401.

IBIS 403. Integrated Biological Sciences III. 1 - 9 Unit.
A continuation of IBIS 402.

IBIS 404. Integrated Biological Sciences IV. 0 - 9 Units.
A continuation of IBIS 403.

IBIS 405. Integrated Biological Sciences I. 1 - 9 Unit.

IBIS 406. Integrated Biological Sciences II. 1 - 9 Unit.

IBIS 407. Integrated Biological Sciences III. 1 - 9 Unit.

IBIS 408. Integrated Biological Sciences IV. 1 - 9 Unit.

IBIS 411. Clinical Science I. 2 Units.

IBIS 412. Clinical Science II. 2 Units.

IBIS 413. Clinical Science III. 2 Units.

IBIS 414. Clinical Science IV. 0 - 2 Units.

IBIS 415. Clinical Science I. 1 - 9 Unit.

IBIS 416. Clinical Science II. 1 - 9 Unit.

IBIS 417. Clinical Science III. 1 - 9 Unit.

IBIS 418. Clinical Science IV. 1 - 9 Unit.

IBIS 424. Integrated Biological Sciences in Medicine. 6 Units.
This course is open only to candidates enrolled in the M.D./M.S. program (University plan). Registration is for the Spring semester of the second year in medical school. The course will cover the areas of cardiology, pulmonary, hematology, renal physiology and gastroenterology. Assessment will be by examination (to include quizzes, multiple choice questions, and essays). Recommended preparation: First three semesters of medical school and currently a medical student in good standing.

IBIS 434. Integrated Biological Sciences in Medicine. 6 Units.
This course is open only to candidates enrolled in the M.D./M.S. program (College plan). Registration is for the Spring semester of the second year in medical school. The course content includes the areas of hematology, gastroenterology and renal physiology. Students will also be required to participate in Process of Discovery. Assessment of performance will be through reaching required levels of competency for the medical areas identified above and by the evaluation of a term paper. Recommended preparation: First three semesters of medical school and currently a medical student in good standing.

IBIS 435. Integrated Biological Science in Medicine-University. 6 Units.
This course is open only to candidates in the MD/MS program (University Plan). Registration is typically for the Spring semester of the second year in medical school. The course content includes the areas of hematology, gastroenterology and renal physiology. (Students will also be required to participate in Process of Discovery.) Assessment of performance will be through reaching required levels of competency for the medical areas identified above and by the evaluation of a term paper. Recommended preparation: First three semesters of medical school and currently a medical student in good standing.


IBIS 461. Clinical Science (for M.P.H./M.D. Students). 1 - 6 Unit.

IBIS 466. Medical School Electives (for M.P.H./M.D. Students). 1 - 6 Unit.

IBIS 600. Exam in Biomedical Investigation. 0 Units.
Students are required to pass an examination established for each student, generally reflecting the preparation and oral defense of a written report on the project. Prereq: Must be enrolled in MD/MS Biomedical Investigation program.

MSTP Courses

MSTP 400. Research Rotation in Medical Scientist Training Program. 0 - 9 Units.
All students must complete research rotations in a minimum of three different MSTP-approved laboratories and submit rotation reports and rotation evaluations for each to the MSTP office. All three of the rotations must be completed before the beginning of each student’s third year of the program. The main purpose of research rotations is to aid the student in selecting a laboratory for their thesis work.

Environmental Health Sciences

Ariann Richner (ariann.duncan@case.edu), Department Assistant

The Department of Environmental Health Sciences is devoted to the study of the fundamental mechanisms responsible for disease processes initiated or aggravated by environmental agents. Indoor and outdoor environments consist of complex interacting systems. These systems require the development of new approaches to understanding the basis of their action. Current research interests of the faculty include chemical and environmental carcinogenesis, genetic and reproductive toxicology, cytogenetics, radiation biology, and clinical and forensic toxicology.

The Department of Environmental Health Sciences offers the MS degree and an MD/MS program for students who have received formal acceptance to the School of Medicine and are interested in expanding their training in the area of environmental health sciences. This program allows students to complete the requirements for both degrees within a four-year period.

MS Environmental Health Science

The Master of Science degree program is designed to increase the student's knowledge of environmental health science as well as to provide a firm foundation in the life sciences. The program is multidisciplinary and emphasizes cancer biology, environmental toxicology, and nutrition and toxicology. It is based on a core classroom curriculum in the biological sciences, including biochemistry, biostatistics,
microbiology, genetics, molecular biology, pharmacology, epidemiology, and toxicology.

Admissions

Applicants must complete a CWRU Graduate Application. Tuition or stipends will not be provided for the master of science program (no additional tuition is required for enrolled medical students).

Degree Requirements

Currently, a student can obtain a MS with a thesis based on an individual research project [Plan A] or may obtain a MS based solely on coursework and a comprehensive exam [Plan B]. Both degrees require completion of 27 semester hours of credit. Under Plan A, up to 9 of the 27 semester hours can be obtained through research. Students also prepare a written thesis and complete an oral defense for a Plan A Degree. Completion of a Plan B, MS Degree, requires satisfactory performance on a written comprehensive exam taken after the student has finished their 27 hours of coursework. Also, for Plan B, it's recommended that the student take CBIO 453 Cell Biology I & CBIO 455 Molecular Biology I [8 Credits] or BIOL 407 Introduction to Biochemistry: From Molecules To Medical Science [4 Credits] & BIOL 408 Molecular Biology [4 Credits].

Of the 27 semester hours of coursework required for the MS degree, 9 hours of credit are fulfilled by the EVHS Core Curriculum. This Core Curriculum is comprised of three 3 credit courses: EVHS 429 Introduction to Environmental Health, EVHS 401 Fundamentals of Environmental Health Sciences: Biochemical Toxicology and EVHS 402 Fundamentals of Environmental Health Sciences: Risk Assessment. Finally, as part of the 12 credits of Core Courses, a student must take a Statistics course of their choosing (must be approved by the Department).

The required course list is as follows:

Course List

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
<th>Credits</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EVHS 401</td>
<td>Fundamentals of Environmental Health Sciences: Biochemical Toxicology</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EVHS 402</td>
<td>Fundamentals of Environmental Health Sciences: Risk Assessment</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EVHS 405</td>
<td>Effects of Exposure to Env Toxins</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EVHS 429</td>
<td>Introduction to Environmental Health</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EVHS 435</td>
<td>Environmental Health Law and Policy</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EVHS 506</td>
<td>Independent Study in Environmental Health</td>
<td>1 - 6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EVHS 651</td>
<td>Master's Thesis Research</td>
<td>1 - 9</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Courses

**EVHS 401. Fundamentals of Environmental Health Sciences: Biochemical Toxicology. 3 Units.**

This course details the fundamentals of biochemical toxicology. Specific topics include oxidation-reduction reactions, Phase I and II xenobiotic metabolism and mechanisms of cellular toxicity. Also, this course focuses on pharmacology. General principles of pharmacology, drug transport and absorption, drug metabolism, neuropharmacology, immunopharmacology and pharmacokinetics are discussed.

**EVHS 402. Fundamentals of Environmental Health Sciences: Risk Assessment. 3 Units.**

This course presents an overview of the scientific approaches used to determine whether environmental agents are potentially dangerous to people. In this course, criteria utilized for establishing exposure limits is presented. A variety of assays which can be employed to assess the impact of environmental exposure on normal and genetically susceptible individuals are studied. These include: numerous animal tests, short term toxicity and mutagenicity tests, functional assays, molecular techniques to delineate mechanisms of action, epidemiology studies and controlled clinical trials. Recommended preparation: EVHS 429.

**EVHS 405. Effects of Exposure to Env Toxins. 3 Units.**

This course provides an introduction to toxic agents found in the environment and presents an overview of chemical and physical agents which have acute toxic and/or genotoxic effects on cells. Toxicity, mutagenicity, carcinogenicity, teratogenicity and the potential for exposure to these agents through environmental, occupational and medicinal routes are discussed. This topic will be covered at both the molecular and the clinical level. Discussion of clinical cases will be included. Prereq: EVHS 401 and EVHS 402.

**EVHS 429. Introduction to Environmental Health. 3 Units.**

This is a survey course of environmental health topics including individual, community, population, and global issues. Introduction to risk management, important biological mechanisms, and age and developmental impacts are covered in an overview fashion. A practical inner city home environment experience is included. Offered as EVHS 429 and MPH 429.

**EVHS 435. Environmental Health Law and Policy. 3 Units.**

This course will introduce students to environmental law and policy, with a focus on federal environmental law. The goal of the course is to enable students to understand the distinctive characteristics of a regulatory agency, where scientific insights must be channeled through the paths set out by law. Students will consider how federal statutes are implemented through agency regulations, and the role of courts in overseeing the regulatory process. Substantive statutes we will consider include the Clean Air Act, the Clean Water Act, the Safe Drinking Water Act, the regulation of hazardous wastes and the cleanup of contaminated sites, and a range of federal statutes regulating chemical manufacturing/use and the workplace. The course includes an overview of the common law concepts of torts and nuisance. Prereq: EVHS 429 or permission of instructor.

**EVHS 506. Independent Study in Environmental Health Sciences. 1 - 6 Unit.**

**EVHS 651. Master's Thesis Research. 1 - 9 Unit.**

**EVHS 701. Dissertation Ph.D.. 1 - 9 Unit.**

(Credit as arranged.) Prereq: Predoctoral research consent or advanced to Ph.D. candidacy milestone.

Epidemiology and Biostatistics

The Department of Epidemiology and Biostatistics (http://epbiwww.case.edu) draws on the core disciplines of Epidemiology, Biostatistics, and Public Health to help support students in developing the knowledge, skills and competencies needed to assume positions of leadership with the ultimate goal of advancing the public's health. Through challenging coursework and both independent and collaborative research opportunities, students will develop a thorough understanding of the multiple determinants of population health outcomes; the individual and structural factors that may lead to disparities in those outcomes; and
the way in which specific policies and interventions influence the nature and impacts of population health determinants.

The Department of Epidemiology and Biostatistics offers the following degrees:

- Doctor of Philosophy (PhD)
- Masters (MS)
- Master of Public Health (MPH)

**Faculty and Research**

Department faculty are nationally recognized and have more than $9.5 million in grants that support projects including HIV/TB research in Uganda, the search for genes that cause disease, cancer prevention and control, studies of interventions to change human behaviors that promote good health, design of clinical trials, studies to change high-risk behaviors related to AIDS, studies of public policies concerning the health of the elderly, and cost/benefit studies of medical interventions. Many research projects are performed in collaboration with the four affiliated hospitals; the University Hospitals, Metro Health, the Cleveland Clinic and the Veteran Administration. The department has offices in two locations at the university, (Wood Building and Wolestein Research Building) and in the Prevention Research Center for Healthy Neighborhoods (PRHCN). The department maintains two scientific computer centers comprised of 14 lab computers and over a dozen servers. Several very large national health care and demographic databases (including Medicare, Medicaid, and Vital Statistics databases) are stored on the servers and are used for faculty and student research and educational projects.

**Masters Programs**

**Master of Science in Biostatistics**

Statistics is the science of data and a discipline that provides tools for making decisions under conditions of uncertainty. Biostatistics addresses all aspects of statistics that arise from medical and health-related sciences, and is an essential component of most medical, biological, and health care. The study of biostatistics includes design and analysis of both experimental studies, such as clinical trials, and observational studies; the theory of probability and statistic; mathematical and statistical modeling; and knowledge of the methodology used to evaluate the properties of statistical procedures. It also includes a competency in computing, which encompasses programming, statistical software use, and database management. Modern Biostatistics is a dynamic field of study and an integral part of medical and public health research. Those who earn the MS in Biostatistics are equipped for careers in academia, government, and industry, or to enter doctoral programs in biostatistics.

The mission of the Masters Program in Biostatistics is to enroll and train outstanding students in the core discipline of biostatistics. The faculty and students in this program are committed to teaching and learning the theory, methodology and application of the essential and modern statistical methods used in the biomedical and related sciences.

Courses specific to this program include mathematical statistics, generalized linear models, multivariate statistics, survival analysis, categorical data analysis and non-parametric statistics, among others. In addition, the Department of Epidemiology and Biostatistics offers a wide array of courses in various concentrations, including global health epidemiology, genetic epidemiology and bioinformatics, health behavior and preventative science, and healthcare organization, outcomes, and policy. Plentiful research opportunities exist within the department and numerous research centers across the university, and extend to the adjoining University Hospitals, to the nearby Cleveland Clinic, to Cleveland’s MetroHealth Medical Center, and to similar entities across the United States and internationally.

Concurrently, students will master the rigorous scientific and analytic methods necessary to be at the forefront of efforts to not only describe, but effectively evaluate and improve the population’s health, and contribute to both the society and the biostatistics profession. Student-and faculty-led seminars provide an ongoing mechanism for keeping abreast of current literature and identifying important areas of research and collaborative opportunities. The Department operates within a strong interdisciplinary framework involving faculty within the department, the school of medicine, and across the entire university, as well as leaders in health care institutions and health oriented organizations and agencies throughout the wider community.

Graduates from accredited universities and colleges will be considered for admission to the department. All applicants must satisfy both CWRU and department requirements for graduate admission. The MS program in Biostatistics consists of a 21-credit core curriculum, plus15 additional credits of electives, and requirements of either a thesis or a comprehensive examination as described below.

**General Requirements**

Students must satisfy the requirements of the School of Graduate Studies as stated here, as well as those outlined by the Biostatistics program. The MS program in Biostatics offers both “Plan A” and “Plan B”, as defined by the CWRU School of Graduate Studies. For Plan A, the student must obtain a consensus from a primary biostatistics faculty as his/her thesis adviser and pass an oral examination on a thesis (thesis defense). For Plan B, the student must pass a comprehensive examination administered by the faculty of biostatistics; students wishing to complete a project similar to a thesis may do so as an elective under EPBI 499 Independent Study.

**Master of Public Health (MPH)**

Master of Public Health Program Administrative Director
Case Western Reserve University
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Cleveland, Ohio 44106-4945
216.368.3128 - phone
216.368.2286 - fax
info@casempf.org

A Master of Public Health degree is designed to prepare students to address the broad mission of public health, defined as “enhancing health in human populations, through organized community effort,” utilizing education, research and community service. Public health practitioners are prepared to identify and assess the health needs of different populations, and then to plan, implement and evaluate programs to meet those needs. It is the task of the public health practitioner to protect and promote the wellness of humankind. The master of public health program prepares students to enhance health in human populations through organized community effort. Graduates are qualified to work in local and state health departments, universities and colleges, hospitals, ambulatory medical centers, non-profit organizations, and the insurance and pharmaceutical industries. The program seeks to attract a rich mix of students, including those pursuing degrees in medicine, nursing,
dentistry, law, social work, bioethics, management and other fields, as well as students holding undergraduate degrees.

The CWRU MPH Program has a two-year curriculum requiring 42 credit hours. Twenty-one credits are accumulated in seven core required courses, representing the fundamental domains of public health: biostatistics, epidemiology, environmental health sciences, health services administration, public health history and social and behavioral sciences. Students receive nine credits for three courses in the major of their choice, three credits for one elective course, and nine credits for the “Culminating Experience,” a 3 credit public health field practicum and a 6 credit capstone project. Previous experience or education pertaining to public health may increase the student’s flexibility in course selection. Students may also enroll part-time and take courses over a three to five year period.

Requirements: Course List

Core required courses (18 credits)

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Name</th>
<th>Units</th>
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<tr>
<td>MPH 405</td>
<td>Statistical Methods in Public Health</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MPH 406</td>
<td>History and Philosophy of Public Health</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MPH 411</td>
<td>Introduction to Health Behavior</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MPH 429</td>
<td>Introduction to Environmental Health</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MPH 439</td>
<td>Public Health Management and Policy</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MPH 483</td>
<td>Introduction to Epidemiology for Public Health Practice</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
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Culminating Experience

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Name</th>
<th>Units</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MPH 652</td>
<td>Public Health Capstone Experience</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MPH 650</td>
<td>Public Health Practicum</td>
<td>3</td>
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</table>

Complete 9 credits within chosen major

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Name</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Elective</td>
<td></td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
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</table>

Total Units

| Total Units | 39 |

1 Students in the Population Health Research major should strongly consider taking MPH 431 Statistical Methods I in place of MPH 405.

2 Choices for major are Population Health Research, Global Health, Health Policy & Administration, or Health Promotion and Disease Prevention.

MPH Sample Plan of Study (full-time):

First Year

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Units</th>
<th>Spring</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Fall</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Statistical Methods in Public Health (MPH 405)</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>History and Philosophy of Public Health (MPH 406)</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Introduction to Epidemiology for Public Health Practice (MPH 483)</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Major course 1</td>
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<tr>
<td>Introduction to Health Behavior (MPH 411)</td>
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<td>Introduction to Environmental Health (MPH 429)</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Public Health Management and Policy (MPH 439)</td>
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Year Total: 9 12

Second Year

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Units</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Fall</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Major course 3</td>
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<tr>
<td>Elective course</td>
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</table>

Public Health Practicum (MPH 650) (Public Health Capstone Experience) 3
Public Health Capstone Experience (MPH 652) (Public Health Capstone Experience) 6
Year Total: 12 6
Total Units in Sequence: 39

Majors

Currently, four different majors (a.k.a. tracks) are offered by the CWRU MPH Program: Population Health Research, Global Health, Health Policy & Administration, and Health Promotion & Disease Prevention. Each major has a required course or courses (in addition to the core required courses), plus selective offerings to be combined for a total of 9 credit hours in major coursework. Students develop a Capstone project relevant to the major area to expand and apply the knowledge of the subject. Individual emphasis will differ from student to student within each major.

MPH students can also choose to expand the emphasis and depth of their program of study by electing to do a double major plan of study. For the double major, the student chooses two areas (two majors) of equal emphasis and takes 3 courses in each area (this requires the student to take a minimum of 45 credit hours). The student’s Capstone project must embrace and integrate both emphases, and no double-counting of credits can take place. Students choosing to do the double major plan of study should also work closely with an advisor to ensure optimal course selection and foster the evolution of a successful Capstone project.

Population Health Research Major

Coordinator - Mendel Singer, PhD

Learning Objectives:

- Working knowledge of epidemiologic principles, terminology, and tools
- Working knowledge of the primary analytic methods employed in both prospective and retrospective studies relating to population health
- Understand the most common study designs used in public health and/or clinical research
- Gain familiarity with some of the key advanced concepts in one of the subspecialties of population health (e.g. epidemiology, health services research, outcomes research)

Required major course:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Name</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MPH 491</td>
<td>Epidemiology: Case-Control Study Design and Analysis</td>
<td>3</td>
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</table>

Select other courses from the list below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Name</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MPH 421</td>
<td>Health Economics and Strategy</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MPH 432</td>
<td>Statistical Methods II</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MPH 450</td>
<td>Clinical Trials and Intervention Studies</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MPH 458</td>
<td>Statistical Methods for Clinical Trials</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MPH 460</td>
<td>Introduction to Health Services Research</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EPBI 465</td>
<td>Design and Measurement in Population Health Sciences</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MPH 467</td>
<td>Comparative and Cost Effectiveness Research</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MPH 484</td>
<td>Global Health Epidemiology</td>
<td>1 - 3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EPBI 414</td>
<td>Introduction to Statistical Computing</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EPBI 451</td>
<td>Principles of Genetic Epidemiology</td>
<td>3</td>
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</tbody>
</table>
Global Health Major
Coordinator - Daniel Tisch, PhD, MPH

Learning Objectives:

- Develop a global perspective on health and diseases
- Learn to design, execute, analyze, and evaluate global health research or projects
- Acquire skills to understanding and communicate meaningfully with colleagues from distant fields of global health
- Learn to integrate multiple objectives in global health across academic and applied disciplines
- Understand ethical and regulatory issues for global health research

Select two out of the following three courses as required major courses:

- INTH 401 Fundamentals of Global Health 3
- MPHP 447 Global Health: Outbreak Investigation in Real-Time 3
- MPHP 484 Global Health Epidemiology 1

Select remaining major course from below:

- MPHP 467 Comparative and Cost Effectiveness Research 1
- MPHP 475 Management of Disasters Due to Nature, War, or Terror 3

Health Promotion & Disease Prevention Major
Coordinator - Erika Trapl, PhD

Learning Objectives:

- Describe models and theories of health behavior as they relate to health promotion and disease prevention
- Identify multi-factorial causes of health behavior and disease
- Demonstrate knowledge and skills necessary to support behavior change
- Apply principles and practice of effective health communication
- Describe development, implementation, and evaluation of programs that promote healthy lifestyle and behaviors

Required major course:

- MPHP 468 The Continual Improvement of Healthcare: An Interdisciplinary Course 3

Select remaining major courses from the list below:

- MPHP 421 Health Economics and Strategy 3
- MPHP 456 Health Policy and Management Decisions 3
- MPHP 467 Comparative and Cost Effectiveness Research 1
- MPHP 475 Management of Disasters Due to Nature, War, or Terror 3
- MPHP 508 Ethics, Law, and Epidemiology 3
- MPHP 510 Health Disparities 3
- MPHP 532 Health Care Information Systems 3
- POSC 483 Health Policy and Politics in the United States 3
- HSMC 420 Health Finance 3
- LAWS 5205 Public Health Law 2
- BETH 417 Introduction to Public Health Ethics 3

Health Care Policy & Administration Major
Coordinator - Jessica Berg, JD, MPH

Learning Objectives:

To improve population health through leadership by developing knowledge, ability and skills to lead care improvement, including:

- Knowledge of social science through theories and how they can be used to understand the organization of health care (health economics, sociology, organization theory, social psychology)
- To understand the role of the manager, organizational control and design, relationships with professional workers, adaptation to change and public accountability

PhD Epidemiology and Biostatistics

The PhD Program in Epidemiology and Biostatistics draws on the core disciplines of biostatistics and epidemiology to support students in developing the knowledge, skills and competencies needed to assume positions of leadership with the ultimate goal of advancing the public's
health. Students accepted into the PhD program will master the rigorous scientific and analytic methods necessary to be at the forefront of efforts to not only describe, but effectively evaluate and improve the public’s health. The Department operates within a strong interdisciplinary framework involving faculty within the department, the school of medicine, and across the entire university, as well as leaders in health care institutions and health oriented organizations and agencies throughout the wider community.

Student- and faculty-led seminars provide an ongoing mechanism for keeping abreast of current literature and identifying important areas of research and collaborative opportunities. Students are considered junior colleagues of the faculty who will develop the capacity to work independently in a supportive environment. The Department operates within a strong interdisciplinary framework involving faculty within the department, the school of medicine, and across the entire university, as well as leaders in health care institutions and health oriented organizations and agencies throughout the wider community.

Graduates from accredited universities and colleges will be considered for admission to the department. All applicants must satisfy both CWRU and department requirements for graduate admission. Upon acceptance into the PhD program, each student will be assigned an academic advisor, who will guide the student through department and graduate school regulations, assist him or her in designing the initial planned program of study, and track the student’s progress toward degree completion.

All incoming PhD students take a required 36-credit core curriculum, which includes a 24-credit common core, 12-credit concentration core, and 6-credits of electives from one of five areas of concentration: Genetic Epidemiology and Bioinformatics, Global Health Epidemiology, Health Behavior and Prevention Science, Health Care Organizations, Outcomes and Policy, and Modern Biostatistics (see descriptions below).

On completion of all core requirements, students take a qualifying examination that leads to advancement to candidacy. When ready to embark upon the Doctoral dissertation, the student should choose a dissertation topic and find a faculty member who will serve as their dissertation advisor. The dissertation advisor is responsible for supervising the student’s dissertation research, providing guidance and advice, and evaluation the student’s progress toward candidacy.

Students accepted into the PhD program will master the rigorous, high quality dissertation in the student’s selected specialization or concentration.

**Statistical Alternative Curriculum (24 credits)**

Students in the Modern Biostatistics concentration take a variation of the Basic Core Curriculum. This Statistical Alternative Core is also available optionally to students in the Genetic Epidemiology and Bioinformatics concentration. It incorporates a year of statistical theory into the core.

**Specialization/Concentrations (12 credits)**

The PhD coursework requirement also consists of concentrated studies within one of four substantive areas offered within the department: Genetic Epidemiology and Bioinformatics, Global Health Epidemiology, Health Behavior and Prevention Science, and Health Care Organizations, Outcomes and Policy.

Most PhD students will specify a concentration when they apply to the program; those who do so will have better chance of acceptance. Students who do not directly specify a concentration when applying for admission to the program, must do so by no later than the end of the second semester (for full-time students) or 18 credit hours of core coursework, and meet all the requirements of the chosen concentration. Applying to a concentration after matriculation or changing concentrations after initial admission does not guarantee acceptance into the concentration. Some concentrations may have additional prerequisites beyond those required for entrance into the PhD program (i.e., at least one course in calculus), or additional non-coursework requirements (i.e., applied research experience).

**Electives (6 credits)**

Electives are chosen in conjunction with consultation with the student’s academic advisor.

**Seminars (0 credits)**

Attending research seminars is integral to our graduate program and your professional development. Students are required to attend weekly research seminars. These seminars provide a forum for students to develop skills in scientific presentation, thought and communication, and balance general and concentration-specific speakers and topics. Meeting locations may vary from week to week depending upon the speaker.

**Portfolio Presentation**

The purpose of the portfolio presentation is to give the doctoral student, faculty and other doctoral students an opportunity to consider the progress, achievements and goals of the presenting student. However, it is neither an examination nor a formal checklist of activity. The presentation is an opportunity for the presenting student to review her/his study and career goals and for the faculty to offer feedback and advice to the student regarding progress toward her/his goals. One way for the student to think about the portfolio presentation is to imagine that (s)he is being interviewed for an academic or research position. In such a circumstance, the student would explain why (s)he has the background and skills that would qualify her/him for the position.

Generally, the Portfolio Presentation is given after Advancement to Candidacy but prior to the dissertation proposal defense.

**Dissertation (18 credits)**

After passing the qualifying examination and completing all coursework, the student should choose a dissertation topic and find a faculty...
member with an appointment in the Department who is willing to be his/ her research advisor.

**PhD Epidemiology & Biostatistics Sample Plan of Study**

Please also see Graduate Studies Academic Requirements for Doctoral Degrees.

### First Year

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Units</th>
<th>Fall</th>
<th>Spring</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Epidemiology: Introduction to Theory and Methods (EPBI 490)</td>
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<td>Research Seminar (EPBI 501)</td>
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<td>Statistical Methods I (EPBI 431)</td>
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<td>Introduction to Population Health (EPBI 440)</td>
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<td>Seminar in Genetic Epidemiology and Bioinformatics (EPBI 502)</td>
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<td>Seminar in Biostatistics (EPBI 503)</td>
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<td>Seminar in Health Care Organization, Outcomes and Policy (EPBI 504)</td>
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<td>Seminar in Global Health Epidemiology (EPBI 505)</td>
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<td>Research Ethics in Population Health Sciences (EPBI 445)</td>
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<td>Introduction to Health Services Research (EPBI 460)</td>
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<td>One of the following:</td>
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<tr>
<td>Seminar in Genetic Epidemiology and Bioinformatics (EPBI 502)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Seminar in Biostatistics (EPBI 503)</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Seminar in Health Care Organization, Outcomes and Policy (EPBI 504)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Seminar in Global Health Epidemiology (EPBI 505)</td>
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<td>Seminar in Health Behavior and Prevention Research (EPBI 506)</td>
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<td>Year Total:</td>
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### Second Year

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Units</th>
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<th>Spring</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Concentration core or elective</td>
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<tr>
<td>Essence of Multilevel Statistical Modeling, Including Repeated Measures Analysis (EPBI 436)</td>
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<td>Essence of Classical Multivariate Analysis (EPBI 437)</td>
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<td>Essence of Structural Equation Modeling (EPBI 438)</td>
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<td>Design and Measurement in Population Health Sciences (EPBI 465)</td>
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<td>Research Seminar (EPBI 501)</td>
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<tr>
<td>After completing the core courses, students take a comprehensive and a qualifying exam to advance to candidacy.</td>
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<td>Year Total:</td>
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<td>9</td>
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</table>

### Total Units in Sequence: 36

**Statistical Alternative Core:** Students taking the statistical alternative core make the following changes to the basic core curriculum and related schedule of courses:

First Year Fall: Add EPBI 481 Statistical Theory I
Remove EPBI 440 Introduction to Population Health
First Year Spring: Add EPBI 482 Statistical Theory II
Remove EPBI 460 Introduction to Health Services Research
Second Year Fall: Add EPBI 440 Introduction to Population Health
Remove EPBI 436-438 Essence of …. (statistical series)

**Year 3+: Complete remaining hours of elective coursework, Portfolio, and 18 hours of Dissertation Research**

### Areas of Concentration

#### Genetic Epidemiology and Bioinformatics

Students enrolled in the Genetic Epidemiology and Bioinformatics Concentration will learn to design and conduct epidemiological studies investigating the genetic and environmental influences on disease. Genetic epidemiology combines genetics, epidemiology, and biostatistics. Bioinformatics involves the use of sophisticated statistical and data mining tools to analyze genomic, epigenomic, and proteomic data.

Special study designs and statistical methods are required to explore genetic influences in epidemiologic studies, and this field continues to evolve as molecular and computational technology evolves. Furthermore, studies have moved beyond associations strictly between trait and DNA sequence, and now incorporate gene-environment interaction, RNA/gene expression, copy number variants, epigenetics, and proteomics. Thus, today’s genetic epidemiologists must be able to take multidisciplinary approaches to the evaluation of genetics in disease pathogenesis.

Researchers in many diverse areas are interested in incorporating genetics into their studies of disease pathogenesis, so this field is in demand. Currently the area is moving towards the development of predictive models incorporating genetic polymorphisms, so this field is central to translational and personalized medicine. After finishing training in this concentration, students may become collaborators with other basic and clinical scientists who are interested in examining genetic effects on their respective phenotypes, may become methodologists and develop new statistical/bioinformatic approaches appropriate for obtaining genetic information, or may lead their own research related to the genetics of specific complex traits.

#### Global Health Epidemiology

The World Health Organization (WHO) and the US Institute of Medicine (IOM) defines Global Health as “health problems, issues, and concerns that transcend national boundaries, may be influenced by circumstances or experiences in other countries, and are best addressed by cooperative actions and solutions”. We believe that, at its core, Global Health (and more broadly, population health sciences) is built upon the disciplines of
epidemiology and biostatistics. The unifying theme of this concentration is the relatedness of health across diverse geographic areas and communities and the application of epidemiology in the context of related disciplines to define, quantify, and address health determinants, measurements, and trends.

CWRU is a recognized leader in Global Health research and education. Academic opportunities in the field of Global Health are extensive and have been formally organized through the CWRU Framework for Global Health with nine departments, five schools and the Center for Global Health and Diseases at CWRU. Recognizing that Global Health is not limited to international settings or “developing countries”, the concentration also recognizes neglected diseases and vulnerable populations within the USA that transcend cultural boundaries.

The spirit of this concentration is advanced, innovative training to invite and strengthen the brightest new researchers in the field of global health. To accomplish this to the highest degree possible, we take advantage of our own connections within the University and our deep resources in Global Health professionals. Since the focus of this concentration is the development of research impact in a global perspective of health, prior or current experience in cultural settings from which these populations arise is strongly encouraged.

Health Behavior and Prevention Science
Health behavior and prevention research involves the systematic study of factors that modify behaviors related to disease risk and health promotion. This involves the development and testing of intervention programs designed to change behavior and reduce the onset and impact of various diseases, and programs designed to improve quality of life. Students enrolled in a concentration in Health Behavior and Prevention Science (HBPS) will train and conduct research on the psychological, social and ecological influences of health-related behaviors linked to the prevention of chronic disease, focusing not only on individual-level health and health behavior change, but more broadly to include multi-level, socio-ecological influences from interpersonal relationships and families, to organizations (school, work, religion), neighborhoods and communities, and policy.

Research opportunities for HBPS students are plentiful across campus, both with EPBI faculty and through established research centers within the university, such as the Prevention Research Center for Healthy Neighborhoods, Center for Reducing Health Disparities, Practice-Based Research Networks, Swetland Center for Environmental Health, Case Comprehensive Cancer Center (Prevention and Control Program), and the Center on Urban Poverty and Community Development.

The Prevention Research Center for Healthy Neighborhoods, through its Training and Mentoring and Research Development Cores, have built-in opportunities for students to become part of research teams, attend seminars, brown-bag discussions and participate in collaborative exchanges with community research partners.

Health Care Organization, Outcomes, and Policy
Students in the Health Care Organization, Outcomes, and Policy concentration will be prepared to design and carry out research in alternative models for the organization and delivery of care; quality, cost-effectiveness and comparative effectiveness of care; disparities in receipt or outcomes of care; translation of evidence-based practice into guidelines and evaluation of their real-world applications; and health policy analysis and implementation. Students in this concentration will acquire a solid grounding in the conduct of rigorous multidisciplinary studies applying quantitative, qualitative and mixed methods, and specialized competencies in key areas, viz., large database analysis; cost-effectiveness and comparative effectiveness analysis; health economics; health policy and management; and other advanced methods such as hierarchical linear modeling; structural equation modeling; instrumental variable analysis; analysis of weighted survey data; and spatial analysis of data.

There is a nationally recognized need for researchers prepared to lead or collaborate on the types of studies students in this concentration would be prepared to conduct. Placements of past graduates of our department who focused their studies in this area indicate that a variety of employment opportunities exist in academia, industry, and government. This concentration is closely related to research in comparative effectiveness, disparities, and health care quality, all three of which reflect national funding priorities. For example, over one billion in federal research dollars has recently been devoted to the funding of comparative effectiveness research.

Modern Biostatistics
Modern biostatistics is the science of designing experiments, analyzing and interpreting data from both experimental and observational studies, and making predictions. Appropriate planning and designing of a study is critical to ensure the quality and relevancy of its data to a scientific enquiry. Sound statistical analyses require consideration of multiple and perhaps previously unconsidered factors, knowledge and skills in modern statistics, computation and relevant sciences. Data mining and modern statistical learning techniques are important for knowledge discovery from large or massive data.

Modern biostatistics addresses all aspects of statistics that arise from medical and health-related sciences, including challenges in nanomedicine, microarray experiments, next generation sequencing, preclinical and clinical trials, complex health policies, biomedical engineering and other new/emerging areas. It involves the application and development of statistical methods for the advancement of medical science, health care and related areas. Thus, modern biostatistical scientists develop new statistical methods, play a key role in the effective communication of quantitative information, collaborate with medical scientists in disease prevention and treatments, and contribute to the rational formulation of health policies and interventions.

The concentration in modern biostatistics provides both theoretical and practical biostatistical training integrated with the core requirements in epidemiology and health sciences, facilitated by the involvement of faculty in cutting-edge biomedical and health research across the medical school and university. This concentration aims to develop students as modern biostatisticians with knowledge of the determinants of population health and/or another scientific area of applications (of the student’s choice), as well as in statistical theory, methods and computing which naturally have applications beyond a particular substantive area. This program provides unique biostatistical training designed to prepare students for today's rewarding careers in academia, government, and industry. Modern biostatisticians are highly sought after in the job market.
EPBI 431. Statistical Programming. 3 Units.
Programming with R, this course emphasizes sound practices and numerical methods commonly used in statistical science. R is a high-level, open-source platform now vital in statistical computing, especially for creating and sharing applications that implement new and customized methods. Topics include effective programming style and structure, R for customized graphics, Monte Carlo simulation and bootstrapping, and numerical optimization. Previous experience in R is advised, but students literate in other languages (e.g., C++) are encouraged to enroll. Prereq: EPBI 431.

EPBI 432. Statistical Methods II. 3 Units.
Methods of analysis of variance, regression and analysis of quantitative data. Emphasis on computer solution of problems drawn from the biomedical sciences. Design of experiments, power of tests, and correlation. Problems whose solution involves using packaged statistical programs. First part of year-long sequence. Offered as ANAT 431, BIOL 431, EPBI 431, and MPHP 431.

EPBI 433. Community Interventions and Program Evaluation. 3 Units.
This course introduces concepts, skills, and methods for systematically disseminating and implementing evidence-based interventions for population health promotion. The course includes a focus on developing partnerships and transdisciplinary research teams, applying theories and frameworks to guide dissemination and implementation (D & I) science, examining research methods and designs appropriate for conducting D & I research at different and multiple levels of intervention (e.g., clinical, community, policy), and exploring channels for effectively communicating evidence to inform decision-making and practice in diverse contexts. Recommended Preparation: EPBI 411 or grad. level behavioral theory equivalent; EPBI 490 or MPHP 483 or grad. level research methods equivalent.

EPBI 434. Introduction to Statistical Computing. 3 Units.
This course introduces the use of computers in epidemiologic investigations and biostatistical applications. Topics covered include the use of the Internet to access and obtain publicly available databases, database and spreadsheet concepts, and developing a sound approach to analysis planning and implementation. The majority of the course will focus on instruction in the use of SAS software for advanced database management and manipulation and basic statistical analyses, with parallel applications in R to exploit its features. Students will be required to complete assignments using personal computers using Windows operating systems and/or computer systems maintained by the department. Students should expect weekly assignments to reinforce lecture concepts. Knowledge of basic statistics in beneficial, as this course does not teach inferential statistical analysis in detail; but it is not vital to learning the material in this course.

EPBI 435. Statistical Programming. 3 Units.
Programming with R, this course emphasizes sound practices and numerical methods commonly used in statistical science. R is a high-level, open-source platform now vital in statistical computing, especially for creating and sharing applications that implement new and customized methods. Previous experience in R is advised, but students literate in other languages (e.g., C++) are encouraged to enroll. Prereq: EPBI 431.
EPBI 434. Community Engaged Research: Principles, Methods and Applications. 3 Units.
Community-engaged research is a partnership approach to research that equitably involves community members, organization representatives, and academic researchers in all aspects of the research process. This course is designed to provide an overview of community-based participatory research (CBPR) and will familiarize students with the core principles, concepts and methods as it applies to health-related outcomes. Using a class format that includes lectures, discussion, case studies, small group exercises and fieldwork projects, we will examine and discuss key methodological considerations in each phase of the research process from partnering with communities to planning for research, data gathering, and dissemination of results. Examples of applications in both public health and clinical settings will be highlighted.

EPBI 435. Survival Data Analysis. 3 Units.
Basic concepts of survival analysis including hazard function, survival function, types of censoring; non-parametric models; extended Cox models: time dependent variables, piece-wise Cox model, etc.; sample size requirements for survival studies. Prereq: EPBI 432.

EPBI 436. Essence of Multilevel Statistical Modeling, Including Repeated Measures Analysis. 1 Unit.
A brief introduction to statistical models to handle studies having observational units (cases) at multiple levels (hierarchies). In particular, cases are often nested within groups, such as distinct communities, healthcare centers, or schools. Because the cases are not independent, ordinary statistical models (EPBI 432) are not appropriate. In addition, some research questions suggest case-level analyses; others suggest group-level analyses. Longitudinal and other repeated measures analyses can be formed by taking the measurements to be nested within independent cases. Methods include the basic “summary measure” approach and mixed linear model methods, such as random coefficient regression models. Examples and wise use of software (R and SAS) are stressed in order to develop a strong conceptual understanding of the models. This course joins EPBI 437 and 438 as the three-step “essence” series in advanced statistical methods required for the PhD in Population Health Science. Prereq: EPBI 432 or requisites not met permission.

EPBI 437. Essence of Classical Multivariate Analysis. 1 Unit.
A brief introduction to classical multivariate analysis methods: data visualization, two-group discriminant analysis via Hotelling’s test, principal components and exploratory factor analysis, cluster analysis. Examples and wise use of software R are stressed in order to develop a strong conceptual understanding of the methods. This course joins EPBI 436 and 438 as the three-step “essence” series in advanced statistical methods required for the PhD in Population Health Science. Prereq: EPBI 432 or requisites not met permission.

EPBI 438. Essence of Structural Equation Modeling. 1 Unit.
Brief introduction to classic “linear structural relations” (LISREL) formulation of structural equation models: Building them to address specific research aims. Fitting and assessing the goodness of the fit. Prudent interpretations. Examples and wise use of software are stressed in order to develop a strong conceptual understanding. This course joins EPBI 436 and 437 as the three-step “essence” series in advanced statistical methods required for the PhD in Population Health Science. Prereq: EPBI 432 or requisites not met permission.

EPBI 440. Introduction to Population Health. 3 Units.
Introduces graduate students to the multiple determinants of health including the social, economic and physical environment, health services, individual behavior, genetics and their interactions. It aims to provide students with the broad understanding of the research development and design for studying population health, the prevention and intervention strategies for improving population health and the disparities that exist in morbidity, mortality, functional and quality of life. Format is primarily group discussion around current readings in the field; significant reading is required.

EPBI 444. Communicating in Population Health Science Research. 2 Units.
Doctoral seminar on writing journal articles to report original research, and preparing and making oral and poster presentations. The end products are ready-to-submit manuscripts and related slide and poster presentations for the required first-year research project in the PhD program in the Department of Epidemiology and Biostatistics. While this course provides a nucleus for this endeavor, students work intensively under the supervision of their research mentors, who guide all stages of the work including providing rigorous editorial support. Seminar sessions are devoted to rigorous peer critiques of every stage of the projects and to in-depth discussions of assigned readings. Recommended preparation: PhD students in the Department of Biostatistics and Epidemiology. Non-PhD EPBI students permitted if space available. Fluency in English writing (e.g., in accord with the Harbrace College Handbook). Prereq: EPBI 431 and EPBI 490. Coreq: EPBI 432.

EPBI 445. Research Ethics in Population Health Sciences. 0 Units.
This zero credit course is a required add-on for PhD students in EPBI. Students will register and fulfill all requirements for IBMS 500 "Being a Professional Scientist". The purpose of EPBI 445 is to address specialized population health topics not covered by IBMS 500, including international research, human genomics, and/or big data/electronic medical records. There will be no meetings/lectures for this course. Students will complete a short written assignment due at the end of the semester.

EPBI 447. Global Health: Outbreak Investigation in Real-Time. 3 Units.
This course provides a trans-cultural, trans-disciplinary, multimedia learning experience by analyzing historical and real-time data from the annual dengue endemics and sporadic epidemics in Puerto Rico and Brazil. A rigorous problem-centered training in the epidemiology, prevention, treatment, and control of infectious diseases using real-time and historical surveillance data of endemic and epidemic Dengue in Bahia, Brazil. This is an advanced epidemiology course in which core material will be primarily taught through reading assignments, class discussion, group projects, and class presentations. The course will utilize the online web-based communication and learning technology to create a single classroom between the CWRU and international partners with unique and complementary skills. In addition to joint classroom lectures across sites, student groups will also perform smaller-scale videoconference meetings for assigned group projects, thus creating strong international connections for the students, faculty, and our institutions. Note: Due to the complexities of time zones for this international course, the course will begin at 8:00a.m. until the U.S.A. adjusts clocks for Daylight Savings Time (unlike Brazil). Therefore, classes after the second week of March will begin at 9:00a.m. Offered as: EPBI 447, INTH 447, and MPHP 447. Prereq: EPBI 490.
EPBI 450. Clinical Trials and Intervention Studies. 3 Units.
Issues in the design, organization, and operation of randomized, controlled clinical trials and intervention studies. Emphasis on long-term multicenter trials. Topics include legal and ethical issues in the design; application of concepts of controls, masking, and randomization; steps required for quality data collection; monitoring for evidence of adverse or beneficial treatment effects; elements of organizational structure; sample size calculations and data analysis procedures; and common mistakes. Recommended preparation: EPBI 431 or consent of instructor. Offered as EPBI 450 and MPHP 450.

EPBI 451. Principles of Genetic Epidemiology. 3 Units.
A survey of the basic principles, concepts and methods of the discipline of genetic epidemiology, which focuses on the role of genetic factors in human disease and their interaction with environmental and cultural factors. Many important human disorders appear to exhibit a genetic component; hence the integrated approaches of genetic epidemiology bring together epidemiologic and human genetic perspectives in order to answer critical questions about human disease. Methods of inference based upon data from individuals, pairs of relatives, and pedigrees will be considered. Offered as EPBI 451, GENE 451, and MPHP 451. Prereq: EPBI/MPHP 431 and EPBI/MPHP 490 or MPHP 405.

EPBI 452. Statistical Methods for Genetic Epidemiology. 3 Units.
Analytic methods for evaluating the role of genetic factors in human disease, and their interactions with environmental factors. Statistical methods for the estimation of genetic parameters and testing of genetic hypotheses, emphasizing maximum likelihood methods. Models to be considered will include such components as genetic loci of major effect, polygenic inheritance, and environmental, cultural and developmental effects. Topics will include familial aggregation, segregation and linkage analysis, ascertainment, linkage disequilibrium, and disease marker association studies. Recommended preparation: EPBI 431 and EPBI 451.

EPBI 453. Categorical Data Analysis. 3 Units.
Descriptive and inferential methods for categorical data with applications: bivariate data; models for binary and multinomial response variables, with emphasis on logit models; loglinear models for multivariate data; model fitting using the maximum likelihood approach; model selection and diagnostics; and sample size and power considerations. Topics in repeated response data as time allows. Recommended preparation: EPBI 441.

EPBI 454. Population Genetics for Genetic Epidemiology. 3 Units.
Introduce concepts and classical results of mathematical population genetics, with emphasis on the influence of evolutionary forces and population history on contemporary human genetic variation. Survey empirical population variation and their implication for mapping complex traits. How to simulate population sequence data using coalescence models will also be emphasized.

EPBI 457. Current Issues in Genetic Epidemiology: Design and Analysis of Sequencing Studies. 3 Units.
Statistical methods to deal with the opportunities and challenges in Genetic Epidemiology brought about by modern sequencing technology. Some computational issues that arise in the analysis of large sequence data sets will be discussed. The course includes hands-on experience in the analysis of large sequence data sets, in a collaborative setting. Prereq: EPBI 451 and EPBI 452.

EPBI 458. Statistical Methods for Clinical Trials. 3 Units.
This course will focus on special statistical methods and philosophical issues in the design and analysis of clinical trials. The emphasis will be on practically important issues that are typically not covered in standard biostatistics courses. Topics will include: randomization techniques, intent-to-treat analysis, analysis of compliance data, equivalency testing, surrogate endpoints, multiple comparisons, sequential testing, and Bayesian methods. Offered as EPBI 458 and MPHP 458. Prereq: EPBI 432 or MPHP 432.

EPBI 459. Longitudinal Data Analysis. 3 Units.
This course will cover statistical methods for the analysis of longitudinal data with an emphasis on application in biological and health research. Topics include exploratory data analysis, response feature analysis, growth curve models, mixed-effects models, generalized estimating equations, and missing data. Prereq: EPBI 432.

EPBI 460. Introduction to Health Services Research. 3 Units.
This survey course provides an introduction to the field of Health Services Research and an overview of key health services research concepts and methods, including conceptual frameworks and models; outcomes research; risk adjustment; disparities in health care; policy/health care systems; cost and cost-effectiveness; quality of life, process improvement; patient satisfaction; patient safety; health economics; statistical modeling techniques; and qualitative research methods. Offered as EPBI 460 and MPHP 460.

EPBI 461. Health Services Research Methods. 3 Units.
This is a course in research methods focusing on practical issues in the conduct of health services research studies. Topics include: an overview of health services research; ethics in health services research; proposal writing and funding; the relationship between theory and research; formulating research questions; specifying study design and study objectives; conceptualizing and defining variables; validity and reliability of measures; scale construction; operationalizing health research relevant variables using observation, self and other report, and secondary analysis; formatting questionnaires; developing analysis plans; choosing data collection methods; sampling techniques and sample size; carrying out studies; preparing data for analysis; and reporting of findings.

EPBI 464. Obesity and Cancer: Views from Molecules to Health Policy. 3 Units.
This course will provide an overview of the components of energy balance (diet, physical activity, resting metabolic rate, dietary induced thermogenesis) and obesity, a consequence of long term positive energy balance, and various types of cancer. Following an overview of energy balance and epidemiological evidence for the obesity epidemic, the course will proceed with an introduction to the cellular and molecular biology of energy metabolism. Then, emerging research on biologically plausible connections and epidemiological associations between obesity and various types of cancer (e.g., colon, breast) will be presented. Finally, interventions targeted at decreasing obesity and improving quality of life in cancer patients will be discussed. The course will be cooperatively-taught by a transdisciplinary team of scientists engaged in research in energy balance and/or cancer. Didactic lectures will be combined with classroom discussion of readings. The paper assignment will involve application of course principles, lectures and readings. Offered as EBPI 464, MPHP 464.
EPBI 465. Design and Measurement in Population Health Sciences. 3 Units.
This course focuses on common design and measurement approaches used in population health sciences research. This course covers the preliminary considerations used in selecting qualitative, quantitative and mixed methods research approaches including an understanding of different philosophical worldviews, strategies of inquiry and methods and procedures for each approach. The course also includes an introduction to survey design and related concepts of latent variables, factor analysis and reliability and validity. Students will develop an in-depth knowledge of these design and measurement approaches through readings, lectures, group discussions and written and oral project presentations. Prereq: EPBI 440, EPBI 431, EPBI 490, EPBI 432, EPBI 460, EPBI 444 and EPBI 445.

EPBI 466. Promoting Health Across Boundaries. 3 Units.
This course examines the concepts of health and boundary spanning and how the synergy of the two can produce new, effective approaches to promoting health. Students will explore and analyze examples of individuals and organizations boundary spanning for health to identify practice features affecting health, compare and contrast practices and approaches, and evaluate features and context that promote or inhibit boundary spanning and promoting health. Offered as MPH 466, EPBI 466, SOCI 466, NURS 466 and BETH 466. Prereq: Graduate student status or instructor consent.

EPBI 467. Comparative and Cost Effectiveness Research. 1 Unit.
Comparative effectiveness research is a cornerstone of healthcare reform. It holds the promise of improved health outcomes and cost containment. This course is presented in a convenient 5-day intensive format in June. There are reading assignments due prior to the 1st session. Module A, Days 1-2: Overview of comparative effectiveness research (CER) from a wide array of perspectives: individual provider, institution, insurer, patient, government, and society. Legal, ethical and social issues, as well as implications for population and public health, including health disparities will also be a component. Module B, Day 3: Introduction to the various methods, and their strengths, weaknesses and limitations. How to read and understand CER papers. Module C, Days 4-5: Cost-Effectiveness Analysis. This will cover costing, cost analysis, clinical decision analysis, quality of life and cost-effectiveness analysis for comparing alternative health care strategies. Trial version of TreeAge software will be used to create and analyze a simple cost-effectiveness model. The full 3-credit course is for taking all 3 modules. Modules A or C can be taken alone for 1 credit. Modules A and B or Modules B and C can be taken together for a total of 2 credits. Module B cannot be taken alone. If taking for 2 or 3 credits, some combination of term paper, project and/or exam will be due 30 days later. Offered as EPBI 467 and MPH 467.

EPBI 468. The Continual Improvement of Healthcare: An Interdisciplinary Course. 3 Units.
This course prepares students to be members of interprofessional teams to engage in the continual improvement in health care. The focus is on working together for the benefit of patients and communities to enhance quality and safety. Offered as EPBI 468, MPH 468, NURS 468.

EPBI 472. Special Topics in Statistical Genetics. 1 - 4 Unit.
Various topics in statistical genetics will be discussed, depending on student interest and needs. Examples of topics are paternity and zygosity testing, path analysis for genetic epidemiology, the analysis of racial admixture and modeling such phenomena as imprinting and anticipation. The course will consist of four modules. A student may, in consultation with the instructor, elect to take 1 - 4 modules for the corresponding amount of credit. Recommended preparation: EPBI 452.

EPBI 480. Introduction to Mathematical Statistics. 3 Units.
An introduction to statistical inference at an intermediate mathematical level. The concepts of random variables and distributions, discrete and continuous, are reviewed. Topics covered include: expectations, variance, moments, the moment generating function; Bernoulli, binomial, hypergeometric, Poisson, negative binomial, normal, gamma and beta distribution; the central limit theorem; Bayes estimation, maximum likelihood estimators, unbiased estimators, sufficient statistics; sampling distributions (chi-square, t) confidence intervals, Fisher information; hypothesis testing, uniformly most powerful tests and multi-decision problems. Prereq: MATH 122, MATH 124 or MATH 126.

EPBI 481. Theoretical Statistics I. 3 Units.
Topics provide the background for statistical inference. Random variables; distribution and density functions; transformations, expectation. Common univariate distributions. Multiple random variables; joint, marginal and conditional distributions; hierarchical models, covariance. Distributions of sample quantities, distributions of sums of random variables, distributions of order statistics. Methods of statistical inference. Offered as STAT 345, STAT 445, and EPBI 481. Prereq: MATH 122 or MATH 223 or Coreq: EPBI 431.

EPBI 482. Theoretical Statistics II. 3 Units.
Point estimation: maximum likelihood, moment estimators. Methods of evaluating estimators including mean squared error, consistency, "best" unbiased and sufficiency. Hypothesis testing; likelihood ratio and union-intersection tests. Properties of tests including power function, bias. Interval estimation by inversion of test statistics, use of pivotal quantities. Application to regression. Graduate students are responsible for mathematical derivations, and full proofs of principal theorems. Offered as STAT 346, STAT 446 and EPBI 482. Prereq: STAT 345 or STAT 445 or EPBI 481.

EPBI 483. Causal Inference. 3 Units.
This course covers concepts and methods for causal inference in health research. The ideas and approaches introduced in this course take us beyond standard statistical methods such as regression analysis, and have applications in both observational and randomized studies. Specific topics include potential outcomes, causal diagrams, confounding, propensity scores, instrumental variables, treatment noncompliance, mediation analysis, sensitivity analysis, and structural equations models. Prereq: EPBI/MPHP/BIOL 432 or equivalent.

EPBI 484. Global Health Epidemiology. 1 - 3 Unit.
This course provides a rigorous problem-centered training in the epidemiology, prevention, treatment, and control of infectious diseases and, more generally, global health. This is an advanced epidemiology that embraces an active learning environment. Students are expected to invest time out of the classroom reading and working with classmates. Classes will be conducted with discussions, debates, group projects, and group presentations. By taking this course, students will develop a framework for interpreting, assessing, and performing epidemiologic research on issues of global importance. The course will be divided into three modules: 1) Global Health Epidemiology 2) Helminth Epidemiology, and 3) Epidemiology of Disease Elimination. Each module is worth 1 credit hour and may be taken separately. Each module will have a separate project and/or exam. The final exam time will be used for group presentations and panel discussion. Active class participation is required through discussions, case studies, and group projects. Offered as EPBI 484, INTH 484, and MPH 484.
EPBI 490. Epidemiology: Introduction to Theory and Methods. 3 Units.
This course provides an introduction to the principles of epidemiology covering the basic methods necessary for population and clinic-based research. Students will be introduced to epidemiologic study designs, measures of disease occurrence, measures of risk estimation, and casual inference (bias, confounding, and interaction) with application of these principles to specific fields of epidemiology. Classes will be a combination of lectures, discussion, and in-class exercises. It is intended for students who have a basic understanding of the principals of human disease and statistics. Offered as EPBI 490 and MPHP 490. Prereq or Coreq: EPBI 431 or requisites not met permission.

EPBI 494. Infectious Disease Epidemiology. 1 - 3 Unit.
This course is a follow-up to EPBI 484: Global Health Epidemiology, and focuses on tuberculosis (TB), HIV, and malaria epidemiology. This is an advanced course, focusing on methods and approaches in infectious disease epidemiology. It will be taught in three 1-credit modules, and students may take each module separately or all 3 together. Each module will have a separate project and/or exam. Module I: Tuberculosis epidemiology. Module II: HIV epidemiology. Module III: Malaria epidemiology. Offered as EPBI 494, INTH 494, and MPHP 494. Prereq: EPBI 490.

EPBI 499. Independent Study. 1 - 18 Unit.
EPBI 500. Design and Analysis of Observational Studies. 3 Units.
An observational study investigates treatments, policies or exposures and the effects that they cause, but it differs from an experiment because the investigator cannot control assignment. We introduce appropriate design, data collection and analysis methods for such studies, to help students design and interpret their own studies, and those of others in their field. Technical formalities are minimized, and the presentations will focus on the practical application of the ideas. A course project involves the completion of an observational study, and substantial use of the R statistical software. Topics include randomized experiments and how they differ from observational studies, planning and design for observational studies, adjustments for overt bias, sensitivity analysis, methods for detecting hidden bias, and focus on propensity score methods for selection bias adjustment, including multivariate matching, stratification, weighting and regression adjustments. Recommended preparation: a working knowledge of multiple regression, some familiarity with logistic regression, with some exposure to fitting regression models in R. Offered as CRSP 500 and EPBI 500.

EPBI 501. Research Seminar. 0 Units.
This seminar series includes faculty and guest-lecturer presentations designed to introduce students to on-going research at the University and elsewhere. Seminars will emphasize the application of methods learned in class, as well as the introduction of new methods and tools useful in research.

EPBI 502. Seminar in Genetic Epidemiology and Bioinformatics. 0 Units.
Presentation of original research or recent journal publications by faculty and students.

EPBI 503. Seminar in Biostatistics. 0 Units.
Presentation of original research or recent journal publications by faculty and students in the area of Biostatistics.

EPBI 504. Seminar in Health Care Organization, Outcomes and Policy. 0 Units.
This seminar is designed to enhance the professional development of students in the Health Care Organization, Outcomes and Policy concentration of the Department of Epidemiology and Biostatistics and provide them with practical information, experiences and guidance to foster their academic success. Students will 1) develop the ability to critically appraise the health services research literature; 2) gain experience in organizing and delivering oral presentations based on published literature and their own research endeavors; 3) be exposed to role models and receive coaching on career development through lecture and discussion involving experienced faculty from within and outside the division; 4) receive didactic training and hands-on experience with career-related tasks and skills such as grant writing and proposal evaluation, article review, and effective participation in professional meetings; and hear faculty from within and outside the department describe their research. The specific content of the seminar for any given semester will be determined jointly by HCOOP students and faculty. Enrollment is limited to students in the HCOOP division of the Department of Epidemiology and Biostatistics.

EPBI 505. Seminar in Global Health Epidemiology. 0 Units.
This seminar series examines a broad range of topics related to infectious disease research in international settings. Areas of interest are certain to include epidemiology, bioethics, medical anthropology, pathogenesis, drug resistance, vector biology, cell and molecular biology, vaccine development, diagnosis, and socio-cultural factors contributing to or compromising effective health care delivery in endemic countries. Speakers will include a diverse group of regional faculty and post-doctoral trainees, as well as visiting colleagues from around the world. Students will be asked to read a journal article written by the speaker and then discuss this article with the speaker after their seminar.

EPBI 506. Seminar in Health Behavior and Prevention Research. 0 Units.
This seminar is designed to enhance the academic and professional development of students in the Health Behavior & Prevention Research (HB&PR) concentration in the Department of Epidemiology and Biostatistics. The seminar is comprised of a journal club style in which current and classic research literature in health behavior and prevention research is critically evaluated. Also, talks are given by students, faculty, and invited guests. These activities give students the opportunity to improve their ability to: 1) critically evaluate research literature in HB&PR; 2) lead effectively a discussion of a research article; and 3) organize and deliver oral presentations based on published literature and their own research endeavors. Some sessions are devoted to didactic training and hands-on experience with career-related tasks and skills such as grant writing, proposal evaluation, and manuscript review. The specific content of the seminar for any given semester will be determined jointly by the students and faculty in HB&PR. Enrollment is required of all PhD students in the HB&PR concentration of the Department of Epidemiology and Biostatistics; however is open to all interested students.
EPBI 510. Health Disparities. 3 Units.
This course aims to provide theoretical and application tools for students from many disciplinary backgrounds to conduct research and develop interventions to reduce health disparities. The course will be situated contextually within the historical record of the United States, reviewing social, political, economic, cultural, legal, and ethical theories related to disparities in general, with a central focus on health disparities. Several frameworks regarding health disparities will be used for investigating and discussing the empirical evidence on disparities among other subgroups (e.g., the poor, women, uninsured, disabled, and non-English speaking populations) will also be included and discussed. Students will be expected to develop a research proposal (observational, clinical, and/or intervention) rooted in their disciplinary background that will incorporate materials from the various perspectives presented throughout the course, with the objective of developing and reinforcing a more comprehensive approach to current practices within their fields. Offered as CRSP 510, EPBI 510, MPHP 510, NURS 510, and SASS 510.

EPBI 515. Secondary Analysis of Large Health Care Data Bases. 3 Units.
Development of skills in working with the large-scale secondary data bases generated for research, health care administration/billing, or other purposes. Students will become familiar with the content, strength, and limitations of several data bases; with the logistics of obtaining access to data bases; the strengths and limitations of routinely collected variables; basic techniques for preparing and analyzing secondary data bases and how to apply the techniques to initiate and complete empirical analysis. Recommended preparation: EPBI 414 or equivalent; EPBI 431 or EPBI 460 and EPBI 461 (for HSR students).

EPBI 601. Master’s Project Research. 1 - 18 Unit.
This course focuses on the skills needed to become an effective statistical consultant. The course objectives are: to learn the role of the consulting statistician and the accompanying responsibilities and ethical considerations, to develop the ability to interact with clients and elicit the information required to provide consulting expertise, to learn general strategies for approaching consulting problems that can be applied to a wide range of problems in medical areas, and to develop expertise in areas needed by the consulting biostatistician. These include database architecture, data quality control, record keeping for potential audits, statistical techniques, and report generation.

EPBI 651. Thesis M.S.. 1 - 18 Unit.
Prereq: Predoctoral research consent or advanced to Ph.D. candidacy milestone.

MPHP Courses
MPHP 306. History and Philosophy of Public Health. 3 Units.
The purpose of this course is to introduce students to the science and art of public health through an understanding of the history and philosophies that represent its foundation. Students will learn about the essentials of public health and applications of those precepts throughout history and in the present. The course will examine public health case histories and controversies from the past and present, in order to better understand solutions for the future. Offered as MPHP 306 and MPHP 406. Prereq: Enrollment limited to juniors and seniors only.

MPHP 313. Health Education, Communication, and Advocacy. 3 Units.
Historical, sociological, and philosophical factors that have influenced definitions and the practice of health education and health promotion are studied. Advanced concepts in health communication theory will also be explored. This course is designed to educate, motivate, and empower undergraduate and graduate students to become advocates for their own health, the health of their peers, and the health of the community. Offered as MPHP 313 and MPHP 413.

MPHP 403. Research & Evaluation Methods. 3 Units.
This course is designed to provide an overview of research and evaluation methods for first-year MPH students. Through lecture, discussion and application exercises, students are introduced to the principles and processes of research and evaluation methods in public health, including formulation of research questions, aims and hypotheses and evaluation goals and objectives; literature review; development/selection of conceptual and theoretical models; quantitative, qualitative and evaluation project management; and application of ethical principles and protection of human subjects in public health research and evaluation.

MPHP 405. Statistical Methods in Public Health. 3 Units.
This one-semester survey course for public health students is intended to provide the fundamental concepts and methods of biostatistics as applied predominantly to public health problems. The emphasis is on interpretation and concepts rather than calculations. Topics include descriptive statistics; vital statistics; sampling; estimation and significance testing; sample size and power; correlation and regression; spatial and temporal trends; small area analysis; statistical issues in policy development. Examples of statistical methods will be drawn from public health practice. Use of computer statistical packages will be introduced. Prereq: Enrollment limited to MPH students (Plan A or Plan B) and EPBI students only. All others require instructor consent.

MPHP 406. History and Philosophy of Public Health. 3 Units.
The purpose of this course is to introduce students to the science and art of public health through an understanding of the history and philosophies that represent its foundation. Students will learn about the essentials of public health and applications of those precepts throughout history and in the present. The course will examine public health case histories and controversies from the past and present, in order to better understand solutions for the future. Offered as MPHP 306 and MPHP 406. Prereq: Enrollment limited to MPH students (Plan A or Plan B) and EPBI students or instructor consent.

MPHP 411. Introduction to Health Behavior. 3 Units.
Using a biopsychosocial perspective, an overview of the measurement and modeling of behavioral, social, psychological, and environmental factors related to disease prevention, disease management, and health promotion is provided. Offered as EPBI 411 and MPHP 411. Prereq: Enrollment limited to MPH students (Plan A or Plan B) and EPBI students or consent.

MPHP 413. Health Education, Communication, and Advocacy. 3 Units.
Historical, sociological, and philosophical factors that have influenced definitions and the practice of health education and health promotion are studied. Advanced concepts in health communication theory will also be explored. This course is designed to educate, motivate, and empower undergraduate and graduate students to become advocates for their own health, the health of their peers, and the health of the community. Offered as MPHP 313 and MPHP 413.
MPHP 421. Health Economics and Strategy. 3 Units.
This course has evolved from a theory-oriented emphasis to a course that utilizes economic principles to explore such issues as health care pricing, anti-trust enforcement and hospital mergers, choices in adoption of managed care contracts by physician groups, and the like. Instruction style and in-class group project focus on making strategic decisions. The course is directed for a general audience, not just for students and concentration in health systems management. Offered as ECON 421, HSMC 421, and MPHP 421.

MPHP 429. Introduction to Environmental Health. 3 Units.
This is a survey course of environmental health topics including individual, community, population, and global issues. Introduction to risk management, important biological mechanisms, and age and developmental impacts are covered in an overview fashion. A practical inner city home environment experience is included. Offered as EVHS 429 and MPHP 429.

MPHP 431. Statistical Methods I. 3 Units.
Application of statistical techniques with particular emphasis on problems in the biomedical sciences. Basic probability theory, random variables, and distribution functions. Point and interval estimation, regression, and correlation. Problems whose solution involves using packaged statistical programs. First part of year-long sequence. Offered as ANAT 431, BIOL 431, EPBI 431, and MPHP 431.

MPHP 432. Statistical Methods II. 3 Units.
Methods of analysis of variance, regression and analysis of quantitative data. Emphasis on computer solution of problems drawn from the biomedical sciences. Design of experiments, power of tests, and adequacy of models. Offered as BIOL 432, EPBI 432, and MPHP 432. Prereq: EPBI 431 or equivalent.

MPHP 433. Community Interventions and Program Evaluation. 3 Units.
This course prepares students to design, conduct, and assess community-based health interventions and program evaluation. Topics include assessment of need, evaluator/stakeholder relationship, process vs. outcome-based objectives, data collection, assessment of program objective achievement based on process and impact, cost-benefit analyses, and preparing the evaluation report to stakeholders. Recommended preparation: EPBI 490, EPBI 431, or MPHP 432. Offered as EPBI 433 and MPHP 433. Prereq: MPHP 411

MPHP 439. Public Health Management and Policy. 3 Units.
This course is designed to introduce students to the basics of health policy-making and includes a background on the basic structure and components of the US Health Care System (such as organization, delivery and financing). It will also cover introductory concepts in public health management, including the role of the manager, organizational design and control, and accountability. We will address relevant legal, political and ethical issues using case examples. At the end of the course, students will understand how health policy is developed and implemented in various contexts, and the challenges facing system-wide efforts at reform. This is a required course for the MPH degree. Grades will be based on a series of assignments. Prereq: Enrollment limited to MPH students (Plan A or Plan B) and EPBI Students or instructor consent.

MPHP 447. Global Health: Outbreak Investigation in Real-Time. 3 Units.
This course provides a trans-cultural, trans-disciplinary, multimedia learning experience by analyzing historical and real-time data from the annual dengue endemics and sporadic epidemics in Puerto Rico and Brazil. A rigorous problem-centered training in the epidemiology, prevention, treatment, and control of infectious diseases using real-time and historical surveillance data of endemic and epidemic Dengue in Bahia, Brazil. This is an advanced epidemiology course in which core material will be primarily taught through reading assignments, class discussion, group projects, and class presentations. The course will utilize the online web-based communication and learning technology to create a single classroom between the CWRU and international partners with unique and complementary skills. In addition to joint classroom lectures across sites, student groups will also perform smaller-scale videoconference meetings for assigned group projects, thus creating strong international connections for the students, faculty, and our institutions. Note: Due to the complexities of time zones for this international course, the course will begin at 8:00a.m. until the U.S.A. adjusts clocks for Daylight Savings Time (unlike Brazil). Therefore, classes after the second week of March will begin at 9:00a.m. Offered as: EPBI 447, INTH 447, and MPHP 447.

MPHP 450. Clinical Trials and Intervention Studies. 3 Units.
Issues in the design, organization, and operation of randomized, controlled clinical trials and intervention studies. Emphasis on long-term multicenter trials. Topics include legal and ethical issues in the design; application of concepts of controls, masking, and randomization; steps required for quality data collection; monitoring for evidence of adverse or beneficial treatment effects; elements of organizational structure; sample size calculations and data analysis procedures; and common mistakes. Recommended preparation: EPBI 431 or consent of instructor. Offered as EPBI 450 and MPHP 450.

MPHP 451. Principles of Genetic Epidemiology. 3 Units.
A survey of the basic principles, concepts and methods of the discipline of genetic epidemiology, which focuses on the role of genetic factors in human disease and their interaction with environmental and cultural factors. Many important human disorders appear to exhibit a genetic component; hence the integrated approaches of genetic epidemiology bring together epidemiologic and human genetic perspectives in order to answer critical questions about human disease. Methods of inference based upon data from individuals, pairs of relatives, and pedigrees will be considered. Offered as EPBI 451, GENE 451, and MPHP 451.

MPHP 456. Health Policy and Management Decisions. 3 Units.
This seminar course combines broad health care policy issue analysis with study of the implications for specific management decisions in organizations. This course is intended as an applied, practical course where the policy context is made relevant to the individual manager. Offered as HSMC 456 and MPHP 456.

MPHP 458. Statistical Methods for Clinical Trials. 3 Units.
This course will focus on special statistical methods and philosophical issues in the design and analysis of clinical trials. The emphasis will be on practically important issues that are typically not covered in standard biostatistics courses. Topics will include: randomization techniques, intent-to-treat analysis, analysis of compliance data, equivalency testing, surrogate endpoints, multiple comparisons, sequential testing, and Bayesian methods. Offered as EPBI 458 and MPHP 458.
MPHP 460. Introduction to Health Services Research. 3 Units.
This survey course provides an introduction to the field of Health Services Research and an overview of key health services research concepts and methods, including conceptual frameworks and models; outcomes research; risk adjustment; disparities in health care; policy/health care systems; cost and cost-effectiveness; quality of life, process improvement; patient satisfaction; patient safety; health economics; statistical modeling techniques; and qualitative research methods. Offered as EPBI 460 and MPHP 460.

MPHP 464. Obesity and Cancer: Views from Molecules to Health Policy. 3 Units.
This course will provide an overview of the components of energy balance (diet, physical activity, resting metabolic rate, dietary induced thermogenesis) and obesity, a consequence of long term positive energy balance, and various types of cancer. Following an overview of energy balance and epidemiological evidence for the obesity epidemic, the course will proceed with an introduction to the cellular and molecular biology of energy metabolism. Then, emerging research on biologically plausible connections and epidemiological associations between obesity and various types of cancer (e.g., colon, breast) will be presented. Finally, interventions targeted at decreasing obesity and improving quality of life in cancer patients will be discussed. The course will be cooperatively-taught by a transdisciplinary team of scientists engaged in research in energy balance and/or cancer. Didactic lectures will be combined with classroom discussion of readings. The paper assignment will involve application of course principles, lectures and readings. Offered as EBPI 464, MPHP 464.

MPHP 466. Promoting Health Across Boundaries. 3 Units.
This course examines the concepts and health and boundary spanning and how the synergy of the two can produce new, effective approaches to promoting health. Students will explore and analyze examples of individuals and organizations boundary spanning for health to identify practice features affecting health, compare and contrast practices and approaches, and evaluate features and context that promote or inhibit boundary spanning and promoting health. Offered as MPHP 466, EPBI 466, SOCI 466, NURS 466 and BETH 466. Prereq: Graduate student status or instructor consent.

MPHP 467. Comparative and Cost Effectiveness Research. 1 Unit.
Comparative effectiveness research is a cornerstone of healthcare reform. It holds the promise of improved health outcomes and cost containment. This course is presented in a convenient 5-day intensive format in June. There are reading assignments due prior to the 1st session. Module A, Days 1-2: Overview of comparative effectiveness research (CER) from a wide array of perspectives: individual provider, institution, insurer, patient, government, and society. Legal, ethical and social issues, as well as implications for population and public health, including health disparities will also be a component. Module B, Day 3: Introduction to the various methods, and their strengths, weaknesses and limitations. How to read and understand CER papers. Module C, Days 4-5: Cost-Effectiveness Analysis. This will cover costing, cost analysis, clinical decision analysis, quality of life and cost-effectiveness analysis for comparing alternative health care strategies. Trial version of TreeAge software will be used to create and analyze a simple cost-effectiveness model. The full 3-credit course is for taking all 3 modules. Modules A or C can be taken alone for 1 credit. Modules A and B or Modules B and C can be taken together for a total of 2 credits. Module B cannot be taken alone. If taking for 2 or 3 credits, some combination of term paper, project and/or exam will be due 30 days later. Offered as EPBI 467 and MPHP 467.

MPHP 468. The Continual Improvement of Healthcare: An Interdisciplinary Course. 3 Units.
This course prepares students to be members of interprofessional teams to engage in the continual improvement in health care. The focus is on working together for the benefit of patients and communities to enhance quality and safety. Offered as EPBI 468, MPHP 468, NURS 468.

MPHP 472. Leadership and Advocacy in Urban Community Health. 3 Units.
Teams of medical and MPH students will work with the Children's Defense Fund and Cleveland neighborhood and nonprofit organizations using principles of community organization to articulate shared stories and hopes for the health and well-being of community where both the students and the organizations live and serve. While the course begins with dialogue, it will end with specific activities (performed by the students and community together) to improve community health, and a logic model for evaluating and expanding those activities. As reflection is a critical skill for leadership, the experiences in community organizing and advocacy will be counterposed with reflection on learning and will include independent reading and writing and small group discussions. Readings about leadership, advocacy and community health (particularly in cities) will include diverse perspectives and genre including work from Lao Tzu, Gandhi, Martin Luther King Jr., Shakespeare, Saul Alinsky and others. Prereq: Enrolled in MPH or JD program.

MPHP 475. Management of Disasters Due to Nature, War, or Terror. 3 Units.
The purpose of this course is to make participants aware of the special needs of children and families in disaster situations and understand public health approaches to address these needs. The learning objectives for this course are: 1) Identify the most important problems and priorities for children in disaster situations, 2) Identify the organizations most frequently involved in providing assistance in disaster situations and define their roles and strengths, 3) Describe the reasons why children are among the most vulnerable in disaster events, 4) Conduct emergency nutritional assessments for children, 5) Develop health profiles on displaced children and plan interventions based on results, 6) Define common psychosocial issues of children and the means to address them, 7) List basic points of international law including the Geneva Convention that relate to all persons involved in disaster situations, 8) List important security issues, 9) Appreciate ethical issues involved in disaster situations and employ skills of cross cultural communication, 10) Recognize and respond to special issues for children involved in biological and chemical terrorist attacks.
MPHP 477. Internship at Health-Related Government Agencies. 3 Units.
This independent study course will incorporate a one-semester-long internship at health-related government agencies (Ohio Department of Health, Ohio Department of Job and Family Services, or Cleveland City Health Department). The choice of the agency will depend on the student's academic interests and research goals. The objective is to develop a level of familiarity with the organizational and operational aspects of such agencies, and to gain an understanding of agencies' and bureaus' interactions with the legislative body, as well as the processes of developing, implementing, managing, and monitoring health initiatives. The instructor and the liaison persons at the agencies will be responsible for planning structured encounters of interns with key administrators and policy makers, and to select a research project, based on the intern's research interests and the agencies' research priorities. Interns will be required to submit a draft of the report to the instructor at the end of the semester. The approved, final report will be submitted to the agency. The project will be evaluated for its methodological soundness and rigor. Students will be required to be at the agency one day a week. Recommended preparation: EPBI 515.

MPHP 479. Teaching Population Health and Community Assessment. 3 Units.
This course allows students to function in a teaching and leadership role in population health education and conduct of a multilevel community assessment of underserved neighborhoods in Cleveland. During the course, students will function as facilitators of small groups (8 to 9 students) of first year medical students during the Population Health block of their medical curriculum. Community assessment, also known as the "Extensive Care Unit" project will include 1) semi-structured interviews with Key Community Contacts; 2) an environmental scan of the assigned neighborhood; 3) analysis of publicly available data; and 4) analysis of youth risk behavior survey data. All data analysis will be mentored by course faculty. In addition, students will be involved with facilitation of a pandemic influenza tabletop exercise. Students will participate in an intensive training prior to facilitation responsibilities; and each week will both debrief the community assessment sessions and plan for the next weekly session.

MPHP 480. Health Systems Management in Primary Care. 1 Unit.
Goal - To develop a deeper understanding of components of the health system that influence and provide shape to the environment in which health care is delivered and about the implementation of systems-based strategies that foster better processes and/or outcomes of health care delivery.

MPHP 481. A Primer of Dental Public Health. 3 Units.
This course introduces students to principles and issues in dental public health. In addition to the principles, students will learn about contemporary issues impacting dental public health, oral epidemiology, dental health care systems, and oral health promotion. To facilitate the understanding of oral health promotion, students will gain a basic understanding of the common oral diseases. Prereq: MPHP 306 or MPHP 406 and MPHP 490 or EPBI 490.

MPHP 482. Qualitative and Mixed Methods in Public Health. 3 Units.
The purpose of this course is three-fold - 1) to provide students with an understanding of the fundamentals of qualitative and mixed methods, including the history and philosophy of these methods, 2) to provide students with an understanding of and skill set associated with the use of qualitative and mixed methods in public health research, and 3) to provide students with an introduction to local professionals engaged in qualitative and mixed methods public health research. Prerequisites include MPHP 405 and 483 (or equivalents) and current status as an MPH student. Prereq: MPHP 405, MPHP 483 and current MPH student.

MPHP 483. Introduction to Epidemiology for Public Health Practice. 3 Units.
This course is designed to introduce the basic principles and methods of epidemiology. Epidemiology has been referred to as the basic science for public health. Application of epidemiologic principles is critical to disease prevention, as well as in the development and evaluation of public policy. The course will emphasize basic methods (study design, measures of disease occurrence, measures of association, and causality) necessary for epidemiologic research. It is intended for students who have a basic understanding of the principals of human disease as well as statistics. Prereq: Must be an MPHP Plan A or MPHP Plan B, or EPBI student in order to enroll in the course.

MPHP 484. Global Health Epidemiology. 1 - 3 Unit.
This course provides a rigorous problem-centered training in the epidemiology, prevention, treatment, and control of infectious diseases and, more generally, global health. This is an advanced epidemiology that embraces an active learning environment. Students are expected to invest time out of the classroom reading and working with classmates. Classes will be conducted with discussions, debates, group projects, and group presentations. By taking this course, students will develop a framework for interpreting, assessing, and performing epidemiologic research on issues of global importance. The course will be divided into three modules: 1) Global Health Epidemiology 2) Helminth Epidemiology, and 3) Epidemiology of Disease Elimination. Each module is worth 1 credit hour and may be taken separately. Each module will have a separate project and/or exam. The final exam time will be used for group presentations and panel discussion. Active class participation is required through discussions, case studies, and group projects. Offered as EPBI 484, INTH 484, and MPHP 484.

MPHP 485. Adolescent Development. 3 Units.
Adolescent Development can be viewed as the overarching framework for approaching disease prevention and health promotion for this age group. This course will review the developmental tasks of adolescence and identify the impact of adolescent development on youth risk behaviors. It will build a conceptual and theoretical framework through which to address and change adolescent behavior to promote health.

MPHP 490. Epidemiology: Introduction to Theory and Methods. 3 Units.
This course provides an introduction to the principles of epidemiology covering the basic methods necessary for population and clinic-based research. Students will be introduced to epidemiologic study designs, measures of disease occurrence, measures of risk estimation, and casual inference (bias, confounding, and interaction) with application of these principles to specific fields of epidemiology. Classes will be a combination of lectures, discussion, and in-class exercises. It is intended for students who have a basic understanding of the principals of human disease and statistics. Offered as EPBI 490 and MPHP 490. Prereq or Coreq: EPBI 431 or requisites not met permission.
MPHP 491. Epidemiology: Case-Control Study Design and Analysis. 3 Units.
This course builds upon EPBI 490 with a comprehensive study of the concepts, principles, and methods of epidemiologic research. The course content specifically focuses on the case-control study design and provides a framework for the design, analysis, and interpretation of case-control studies. Rigorous problem-centered training includes exposure measurement, subject selection, validity, reliability, sample size and power, effect modification, confounding, bias, risk assessment, matching, and logistic regression. Individual and group data projects will be analyzed using SAS statistical software. Prereq: EPBI/MPHP 490.

MPHP 492. Epidemiology: Cohort Study Design and Analysis. 3 Units.
This course provides a comprehensive introduction to the cohort study. Particular emphasis is placed on cohort study design and cohort data analysis. The course will cover the conceptual framework underlying cohort studies, planning and conducting a cohort study, basic concepts of time, exposure and outcome, and methods in the analysis of longitudinally collected data. Analytic methods covered in the class include, but are not limited to: analysis of age, period, and cohort effects, analysis of incidence rates, analysis of repeated measures, and analysis of time-to-event data. Students will have the opportunity to conduct analysis of data obtained from an actual cohort study using a statistical package of their choice. Prereq: EPBI 431 and EPBI 490 or equivalent.

MPHP 494. Infectious Disease Epidemiology. 1 - 3 Unit.
This course is a follow-up to EPBI 484: Global Health Epidemiology, and focuses on tuberculosis (TB), HIV, and malaria epidemiology. This is an advanced course, focusing on methods and approaches in epidemiology. It will be taught in three 1-credit modules, and students may take each module separately or all 3 together. Each module will have a separate project and/or exam. Module I: Tuberculosis epidemiology. Module II: HIV epidemiology. Module III: Malaria epidemiology. Offered as EPBI 494, INTH 494, and MPHP 494. Prereq: EPBI 490.

MPHP 499. Independent Study. 1 - 18 Unit.

MPHP 506. The Future of Public Health. 0 - 3 Units.
This seminar course is meant to provide an orientation to the Master of Public Health (MPH) Program at Case Western Reserve University’s (CWRU) School of Medicine, essential topics related to the future of public health as a professional field, and local public health efforts in the broader campus and Cleveland communities. This seminar is designed for first year MPH students. Prereq: MPHP Plan A or Plan B student status.

MPHP 507. Building a Public Health Project. 0 Units.
This course is designed to walk students through the process of creating a Capstone Project, form "idea to field." Specific topics to be covered include: identifying a project, creating a project plan, how to effectively work in the community, program design, evaluation, ethical issues in community research, creating an analytic plan, survey design, and writing results. Major class projects include completing an IRB application or completing a grant application for your own project. The last two weeks of class center around attending and discussing the Capstone Presentations of graduating students. Prereq: MPHP Plan A or Plan B student status.

MPHP 508. Ethics, Law, and Epidemiology. 3 Units.
This course is designed to provide epidemiology students with basic knowledge about the ethical and legal principles underlying epidemiological research. This is not a public health law class. Issue papers are assigned on a weekly basis. Each issue paper requires that the student analyze the situation depicted and apply the principles learned. Some issue papers may require that the student draft a proposed rule, a portion of legislation, or a document such as an informed consent form. Other exercises may require that students critique an existing agency rule or legislation. Prereq: EPBI 490 and EPBI 491 or equivalent.

MPHP 510. Health Disparities. 3 Units.
This course aims to provide theoretical and application tools for students from many disciplinary backgrounds to conduct research and develop interventions to reduce health disparities. The course will be situated contextually within the historical record of the United States, reviewing social, political, economic, cultural, legal, and ethical theories related to disparities in general, with a central focus on health disparities. Several frameworks regarding health disparities will be used for investigating and discussing the empirical evidence on disparities among other subgroups (e.g., the poor, women, uninsured, disabled, and non-English speaking populations) will also be included and discussed. Students will be expected to develop a research proposal (observational, clinical, and/or intervention) rooted in their disciplinary background that will incorporate materials from the various perspectives presented throughout the course, with the objective of developing and reinforcing a more comprehensive approach to current practices within their fields. Offered as CRSP 510, EPBI 510, MPHP 510, NURS 510, and SASS 510.

MPHP 532. Health Care Information Systems. 3 Units.
This course covers concepts, techniques and technologies for providing information systems to enhance the effectiveness and efficiency of health care organizations. Offered as HSMC 432, MIDS 432, MPHP 532 and NUNI 432.

MPHP 650. Public Health Practicum. 1 - 3 Unit.
The Public Health Practicum is an integral component of the MPH curriculum, allowing students to apply, develop, and refine their conceptual knowledge and skills as part of a planned, supervised, and evaluated community-based experience. The Practicum is designed to move students beyond the walls of academia, to understand the political, economic, social, and organizational contexts within which public health activities are conducted. To complete the Practicum, students must complete three credits of MPHP 650, dedicating at least 120 hours to a substantial public health experience, and attend Community Health Research and Practice (CHRP) group meetings. Prereq: Complete at least 9 credit hours in the MPH program and be in good academic standing.
Public health field practicum, involving a placement at a community-based field site, and a Master’s essay. The field placement will provide students with the opportunity to apply the knowledge and skills acquired through their Master of Public Health academic program to a problem involving the health of the community. Students will learn to communicate with target groups in an effective manner; to identify ethical, social, and cultural issues relating to public health policies, research, and interventions; to identify the process by which decisions are made within the agency or organization; and to identify and coordinate use of resources at the placement site. The Master’s essay represents the culminating experience required for the degree program and may take the form of a research thesis, an evaluation study, or an intervention study. Each student is required to formally present the experience and research findings. In any semester in which a student is registered for MPHP 652 credit, it is required that the student attend the Community Health Research and Practice (CHRP) group at a minimum of two sessions per 3 credits. CHRP is held once a week for approximately an hour and a half for the duration of fall, spring, and summer semesters. MPHP 652 credit is available only to Master of Public Health students.

MPHP 655. Dual Degree Field Practicum II. 3 Units.
This course is designed to be taken by MSSA/MPH joint degree students as the second field period of their master’s program. It consists of a field practicum and participation in professional development opportunities. The Field Practicum is an integral component of the MSASS and MPH curriculums, allowing students to apply, develop, and refine their conceptual knowledge and skills as part of a planned, supervised, and evaluated community-based experience. The Practicum is designed to move students beyond the walls of academia, to understand the political, economic, social, and organizational contexts within which social work and public health activities are conducted. These collective experiences provide students with a forum to develop skills, integrate and operationalize the values and ethics inherent in professional practice, and confront social injustice as self-reflective, competent developing practitioners. (EPAAS Program Objective M6 and EPAAS Content Area 4.7) The overall goal of this course is to provide graduate level MSSA/MPH joint degree students with field related opportunities to continue to develop foundation level competencies in the eight abilities by helping students apply knowledge of social work theory, skills, values and ethics acquired in the classroom in an agency setting. Offered as MPHP 655 and SASS 655.

MPHP 656. Dual Degree Field Capstone III. 3 Units.
The Public Health Capstone Project is an integral component of the MPH curriculum, allowing students to apply, develop, and refine their conceptual knowledge and skills as part of a planned, mentored, and evaluated public health scholarly project. This course is designed to be taken by advanced level students. It consists of a 288 hour field based Capstone experience and participation in 12 hours of professional development opportunities. The overall goal of this course is designed to move students beyond the walls and constraints of the classroom, to understand the political, economic, social, and organizational contexts within which public health and social work activities are conducted. It is also designed to provide graduate level dual degree students with field related opportunities to begin to develop advanced level competencies in the eight abilities by helping students apply knowledge of social work theory, skills, values and ethics acquired in the classroom in an agency setting. Offered as MPHP 656 and MPH 656 Prereq: MPHP 655.

MPHP 657. Dual Degree Field Capstone IV. 3 Units.
The Public Health Capstone Project is an integral component of the MPH curriculum, allowing students to apply, develop, and refine their conceptual knowledge and skills as part of a planned, mentored, and evaluated public health scholarly project. This course is designed to be taken by advanced level students. It consists of a 288 hour field based Capstone experience and participation in 12 hours of professional development opportunities. The overall goal of this course is designed to move students beyond the walls and constraints of the classroom, to understand the political, economic, social, and organizational contexts within which public health and social work activities are conducted. It is also designed to provide graduate level dual degree students with field related opportunities to begin to develop advanced level competencies in the eight abilities by helping students apply knowledge of social work theory, skills, values and ethics acquired in the classroom in an agency setting. Offered as MPHP 657 and SASS 657.

General Medical Sciences
The Division of General Medical Sciences was established in 1986 to provide an organizational home for units pursuing interdisciplinary research and education objectives. The division is the equivalent of an academic department, and its constituent units are characterized as Centers. The Dean of the School of Medicine serves as the Chair of the division; each Center is led by a director. The unique nature of each of the General Medical Sciences centers is described in the paragraphs below. (Centers are listed in alphabetical order by full title, and associated academic programs including certificate, MS and PhD programs described in top navigation tabs).

Case Comprehensive Cancer Center
Phone: 216.844.8797
http://cancer.case.edu
Stanton L. Gerson, MD, Director, Case Comprehensive Cancer Center
Anne M. Duli, MPA, Associate Director, Research Administration and Finance

The Case Comprehensive Cancer Center (Case CCC) is one of only 41 National Cancer Institute-designated Comprehensive Cancer Centers in the country. The Case CCC integrates the cancer research activities
of the largest medical collaborative in Ohio, Case Western Reserve University (CWRU), University Hospitals Case Medical Center and Cleveland Clinic - under a single leadership structure. Our researchers dedicate themselves to improving cancer outcomes through basic studies into signaling pathways giving rise to cancer and its genetic and epigenetic causes, pursuing novel therapeutic targets, and analyzing lifestyle interventions to prevent cancer and detect it earlier.

The Case CCC has over 360 collaborating scientists and physicians who have successfully competed for over $119 million in annual funding. These investigators are organized into eight interdisciplinary scientific programs and have access to 15 Scientific Core Facilities. A unified clinical research effort consisting of 12 multidisciplinary clinical disease teams develop and prioritize clinical trials among the partner institutions.

Located in Cleveland, Ohio, the Case CCC serves a population with higher than average cancer rates. Research programs extend to CWRU affiliates MetroHealth Medical Center (the region’s county hospital) and Louis Stokes Veterans Affairs Hospital and to 13 community medical centers operated by University Hospitals and Cleveland Clinic.

As a consortium cancer center, Case CCC has become a powerful example of the potential generated by complementary institutions coming together for the benefit of research and discovery, patient treatments and community impact. Through its partners, Cancer Center programs extend throughout Northeast Ohio to offer residents access to cancer care through participation in community outreach, cancer prevention, cancer survivorship initiatives and a robust clinical trials operational effort coordinated across academic medical centers and community sites.

Center for Clinical Investigation
Phone: 216.368.3286
http://cci.case.edu/cci/index.php/Main_Page
Pamela Davis, MD, PhD, Director
James Spilsbury, PhD, Academic Development Core Director
Nathan Morris, PhD, Statistical Sciences Core Director
Guo-Qiang Zhang, PhD, Medical Informatics Division Chief

The Center for Clinical Investigation (CCI) was founded in 2007 and is part of Case Western Reserve University School of Medicine’s Division of General Medical Sciences. The CCI serves as the academic home of Cleveland’s Clinical & Translational Science Collaborative, a partnership of 4 local institutions (Case Western Reserve University, the Cleveland Clinic Foundation, the MetroHealth System, and University Hospitals) and member of a national consortium of approximately 60 institutions funded by the National Institutes of Health to increase the efficiency and speed of clinical and translational research across the country.

The CCI’s mission is to enhance clinical and translational research efforts across the Cleveland area by: (1) spurring advances in knowledge of risk factors, outcomes and treatment effectiveness in the population; (2) facilitating the transfer of scientific advances to the community; and (3) developing a new generation of clinical researchers equipped with the skills needed to efficiently design, implement and interpret novel studies that address important public health questions. To accomplish its mission, the CCI provides computer systems and applications support for basic science and clinical research activities and works closely with basic science and clinical investigators in the CWRU Schools of Medicine, Nursing, and Dental Medicine, as well as the University Hospitals Case Medical Center, Cleveland Clinic Foundation, and MetroHealth System. The CCI has supported hundreds of clinical research and epidemiology projects, including local and national multicenter, longitudinal studies.

The CCI has three cores that work together to provide fully integrated research support to all investigators: Academic Development Core, Division of Medical Informatics, and Statistical Sciences Core.

The Academic Development Core manages the Master’s Degree Program in Clinical Research (Clinical Research Scholars Program - see “Clinical Research MS” tab above) as well as a newly created Certificate Program in Clinical Research. The Academic Development Core also delivers seminars and short courses in clinical research and works to coordinate educational activities in interdisciplinary clinical research across the CTSC’s institutional members. The programs target investigators and other key members of the research team, including data managers and study coordinators. Training efforts in research design, research data management, statistical sciences, statistical software, and scientific communication are emphasized.

The Division of Medical Informatics is primarily charged with developing informatics solutions to many of the barriers clinical investigators face in efficiently processing, storing and sharing research data; and with providing informatics tools and infrastructure for the CCI and the larger research community. In order to meet these goals, the Division of Medical Informatics develops data standards for research database development and data management that aim to maximize the value (accuracy, completeness, availability, security) of research data, develops technological solutions and tools in support of the other CCI cores, develops tools and systems to facilitate understanding of research data (including data dictionaries, data sharing tools, and repositories for biological data) and conducts research in new methodologies for clinical research informatics, clinical and health informatics, comparative effectiveness research, information discovery, data integration, data mining, and translational research. The Division of Medical Informatics staff consists of research programmers and systems analysts with not only a wide range of technical expertise, but with experience using semantic web technology in support of clinical research.

The Statistical Sciences Core provides data management and statistical support on study design and data analysis. Members who provide data management consist of skilled data managers and programmers who consult and collaborate with investigators on data collection instrument development and coding, database development and administration, data cleaning and quality assurance, statistical programming, and dataset preparation. Members providing statistical support collaborate and consult with clinical investigators on proposal development, study design, study monitoring, and data analysis. The Statistical Sciences Core currently consists of 1 PhD biostatistician, 2 MS biostatisticians, and 1 data manager, each with several years of collaborative experience in an academic medical center. Statistical software packages that are supported by the CCI Statistical Sciences Core include SAS, SPSS, R/SPSS, Plus, JMP, NCSS PASS, Minitab, and Stata.

Center for Global Health and Diseases
Phone: 216.368.6321
http://www.case.edu/orgs/cghd/index.html
James W. Kazura, MD, Director

The Center for Global Health and Diseases links the numerous international health resources of the University, its affiliated institutions, and the northern Ohio community in transdisciplinary programs of research and education related to global health. The scope of the Center’s activities also includes education and service as these are
related to molecular, clinical and population studies of human health and disease.

The Center is currently a national leader in National Institutes of Health-supported studies of the major infectious diseases of developing countries. Cutting-edge approaches are implemented in order to examine the molecular, genetic and immunologic basis of susceptibility to infectious diseases of public health significance - malaria, river blindness, lymphatic filariasis, schistosomiasis, HIV and other viral diseases such as Rift Valley fever. Clinical research in endemic countries is concerned with testing and implementing cost-effective public health interventions that are aimed at the control of malaria and Neglected Tropical Diseases (worm infections of children, elimination of lymphatic filariasis). The Center has ongoing research and educational collaborations with academic and governmental institutions in Papua New Guinea, Brazil, Kenya, Uganda, and several other countries in Sub-Saharan Africa. Educational programs sponsored by the Center include electives in international health, population biology, and genetics of infectious diseases (available to undergraduate, graduate and professional school students), a weekly World Health Interest Group (WHIG) seminar series, overseas rotations for graduate and professional school students, and training programs at the university and abroad for scholars from developing countries (with support from the Fogarty International Center at NIH).

A certificate in Global Health is available (see Certificates).

**Center for Medical Education**

Phone: 216.368.6986
Megan McNamara, MD, Director, CAML

The Center for Medical Education, established in 2010, is currently being reorganized to better align with the needs of learners across the educational continuum – from students to residents to graduate students to faculty. The Center for Medical Education (CMEd) provides an organizational home for teaching and learning programs in the School of Medicine and a supportive environment for those who want to develop special skills in medical education.

The Center for the Advancement of Medical Learning (“CAML”) operates its programs under the auspices of the CMEd. CAML supports and promotes the development of teaching and lifelong-learning skills among students, faculty, staff, residents, and alumni. CAML pursues research into educational innovations to advance our knowledge of medical learning and teaching. The Center offers workshops to faculty locally, regionally, and nationally to enhance faculty teaching, research and evaluation skills.

The Center also sponsors faculty appointments, both full- and part-time, for some faculty whose roles are predominantly focused on teaching medical students. These include community clinicians who welcome medical students into their clinics and practices.

**Center for Proteomics and Bioinformatics**

Phone: 216.368.0291
http://proteomics.case.edu/default.aspx
Biomedical Research Building, Ninth Floor
Mark R. Chance, PhD, Director

The Case Center for Proteomics and Bioinformatics was created, in part, to strengthen Cleveland's presence in modern proteomics and bioinformatics research to make the region a leader in the field. The vision for the Center has been shaped over the past several years by the leadership of the Center’s Director, Mark Chance, Ph.D, with over $80 million in grants awarded to the Center and its collaborators since its inception in February 2006. One of the primary goals of the CPB is to develop an infrastructure of sophisticated equipment that facilitates and maximizes shared equipment usage, as well as to offer a wide array of proteomics and bioinformatics services including mass spectrometry, protein expression/interactions, systems biology, and biostatistical analyses.

The CPB has expanded its vision to include education of graduate students in systems biology and bioinformatics. The Center for Proteomics and Bioinformatics developed a graduate program in Systems Biology and Bioinformatics in collaboration with Schools and Departments across the campus. For more information regarding the SYBB graduate program please see “Systems/Bioinformatics” tab above. You may also visit http://bioinformatics.case.edu/.

Proteomics entails the in depth structural analysis of individual proteins in human and animal cells. In studying proteins and their changes, bioinformatics enables researchers to take an integrated -omics approach for discovering networks involved in human disease. The School of Medicine has established the Center for Proteomics and Bioinformatics to perform research to better understand the genetic and environmental bases of disease as well as provide new technologies to diagnose diseases such as cancer, heart disease, and diabetes.

New technologies in mass spectrometry are also allowing protein expression, localization, structure, post-translational modifications, and interactions to be studied in increasing detail and on a genome wide scale. The Center is also developing and applying state-of-the-art-structural proteomics technologies to understand the function and interactions of macromolecular complexes.

The CPB has three divisions: Proteomics and Genomics, Bioinformatics, and Macromolecular Structure.

**Proteomics and Genomics Division**

The mission of the Division of Proteomics and Genomics is to support research in protein and gene expression analysis, protein and gene modifications, and protein interactions in a wide variety of biological contexts. The division also develops new tools in Proteomics and Genomics research. This includes multiple Proteomics Cores to support these activities.

**Bioinformatics Division**

The mission of the Division of Bioinformatics is to support interdisciplinary research and training in many areas of bioinformatics including analysis of DNA and protein sequences, protein interaction networks, linkage and association studies for simple and complex traits, and gene and protein expression profiles. This includes a Bioinformatics Core that provides research support for these activities.

**Macromolecular Structure Division**

The mission of the Division of Macromolecular Structure is to support interdisciplinary research in new methods of structure determination, the combination of computational and experimental structural biology approaches, and developing and maintaining infrastructure for macromolecular structure determination. The Division will work closely and coordinate their activities with faculty and Departments in the University who use structural information to understand function as
well as other Centers that provide leadership in Structural Biology and Biophysics.

The CPB also offers a wide range of seminars, workshops, and possibilities for individual training. These activities are posted on the CPB Web site. For a list of services and to explore opportunities to collaborate, please visit the Web site: http://proteomics.case.edu/index.html or e-mail: proteomics@case.edu.

**Center for Psychoanalytic Child Development**

The Center for Psychoanalytic Child Development is to be led by a child psychoanalyst affiliated with the Hanna Perkins Center for Child Development, located in Shaker Heights, Ohio. The Center’s goals include the development of courses, practica, and supervisory experiences appropriate for medical students, residents, and fellows.

**The Center for RNA Molecular Biology**

Phone: 216.368.1852

http://www.case.edu/med/macenter/home.htm

Timothy W. Nilsen, PhD, Director

The Center for RNA Molecular Biology is a free standing academic unit in the basic sciences within the School of Medicine at Case Western Reserve University. The RNA Center was established in the mid-nineties as a core entity in recognition of the strong cadre of research laboratories devoted to studying post-transcriptional mechanisms of gene expression focusing on various aspects of RNA Biology. The RNA Center is currently composed of 8 primary faculty members and 10 secondary members.

The RNA Center contains the largest concentration of RNA molecular biologists in the nation. Collectively, the faculty of the RNA Center cover nearly every aspect of RNA research. Current research in the Center focuses on several of these problems ranging from extremely basic questions such as the mechanism of RNA catalysis and how proteins interact with RNA to the roles of RNA processing in disease. Specific research interests include splicing and its regulation, RNA editing, tRNA maturation, mechanisms of translation regulation, RNA degradation, RNA trafficking, RNA interference and regulation of gene expression by microRNAs and non-coding RNAs.

Collectively, the RNA Center provides a valuable resource for collaborative efforts within the University and its affiliated institutions the Cleveland Clinic Foundation, and University Hospitals System. In addition, the official journal of the RNA Society “RNA” was founded and continues to be housed in the RNA Center. The members of the RNA Center have an excellent funding record and the research performed is regularly published in highly visible journals such as Science, Nature, Molecular Cell, NSMB, Molecular Cell, etc. In addition, a comprehensive laboratory manual on RNA technology has been co-authored by the Center’s director, Dr. Nilsen.

**Center for the Study of Kidney Biology and Disease**

Phone: 216.778.4993

John R. Sedor, MD, co-director
Tyler Miller, MD, co-director
Donald E. Hricik, MD, co-director
Walter Boron, MD, PhD, co-director

Kidney disease is the ninth leading cause of death according to the Centers for Disease Control data. Health care costs for approximately 500,000 patients, who are being treated with dialysis [artificial kidney machine] or who received a kidney transplant, consumed almost 1% of the federal budget in 2008. Up to 26 million U.S. residents have evidence of serious kidney disease.

The Center’s mission is to accelerate discovery and its translation for treatment and cure of kidney diseases in an interdisciplinary environment within the rich, research environment of the CWRU School of Medicine. The faculty is an accomplished and highly interactive group of investigators, based in the adult or pediatric Divisions of Nephrology in CWRU-affiliated hospitals and the Department of Physiology and other clinical and basic departments. Research interests of the faculty include glomerular development and disease, epithelial cell biology and ion transport, tubular physiology, genetic epidemiology, health services research, renal transplantation, health disparities research and clinical trials. Research faculty applies cellular, molecular biological, genetic, genomic and epidemiological methods to in vitro models, animal models and/or patients. Many projects by Center investigators use health data, culled from robust electronic health records, and biological samples from patients with kidney diseases in order to generate novel hypotheses, which can then tested with animal models and cell lines. Training opportunities are available for undergraduate, pre- and post-doctoral students.
National Center for Regenerative Medicine

Phone: 216.368.3614
http://www.ncrm.us/
Stanton L. Gerson, MD, Director
Jeremy Rich, MD, PhD, Co-Director
Mariesa Malinowski, Executive Director

The Center for Regenerative Medicine is a multi-institutional center composed of investigators from Case Western Reserve University, University Hospitals Case Medical Center, the Cleveland Clinic, Athersys, Inc., and The Ohio State University. Building on over 30 years of experience in adult stem cell research in northeast Ohio, the Center was created in 2003 with a $19.4 million award from the State of Ohio as a Wright Center of Innovation. An additional $8M award in 2006 from the State of Ohio's Biomedical Research and Commercialization Program (BRCP) was successfully completed and enabled 3 new clinical trials to enroll patients. In 2009, $5M was awarded by the Ohio Third Frontier (OTF) Research Commercialization Program (RCP) which further validated the Center’s ability to achieve its mission to utilize human stem cell and tissue engineering technologies to treat human disease. In 2010, $1M was awarded to the NCRM by the OTF Biomedical Program (OTFBP) to advance the clinical treatment of spinal cord injury, and a $2.1M OTF Wright Program Project (WPP) award was made to create a consortium of quantitative analysis imaging systems for stem cells.

Clinical Research Scholars Program (CRSP) (http://casemed.case.edu/CRSP)

The Clinical Research program is designed for individuals with an existing degree in medicine, dentistry, nursing, or an allied science such as pharmacy or biomedical engineering. Moreover, a track has also been established for medical students interested in obtaining dual MD/MS degree. The program seeks individuals committed to a career in clinical research in an academic or related environment. The program consists of a total of 36 credits: 27 credit hours of coursework, 9 credit hours of mentored research and a formal oral thesis defense. The curriculum offers both focus and flexibility. Focus is provided through a core curriculum (13 credit hours) highlighting clinical research methods, the ethical conduct of research, and a seminar series that introduces the skills necessary for scholarly success. Students typically have special interests in a particular area of clinical research, both clinically and methodologically. This program facilitates pursuit of different methodological interests guided by seasoned CWRU research faculty and addressed partly with choice of appropriate electives (14 credit hours). Requirements for the dual MD/MS degree differ to reflect integration with the medical school curriculum. Most graduates of this program are currently working in academic medical settings, with smaller numbers located in research positions in the private sector or private practice.

CRSP Curriculum

36 credit hours are required for completion of this Master of Science in Clinical Research degree.

Core Courses and Thesis Requirement

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CRSP 401</td>
<td>Introduction to Clinical Research Summer Series</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CRSP 402</td>
<td>Study Design and Epidemiologic Methods</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CRSP 412</td>
<td>Communication in Clinical Research - Grant Writing</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Communication in Clinical Research 1
- Oral Presentation, Posters, and the Mass Media (CRSP 413)
Design and Analysis of Observational Studies (CRSP 500) 3
Elective 3
Introduction to Clinical Research Summer Series (CRSP 401) 3
Introduction to R Programming (CRSP 406) 2
Year Total: 9-10 7 5

Second Year

Research Ethics and Regulation (CRSP 603) 2
Clinical Research Scholars Thesis (CRSP 651) 3
Elective 3
Clinical Research Scholars Thesis (CRSP 651) 3
Clinical Research Scholars Thesis (CRSP 651) 3
Year Total: 8 3 3

Total Units in Sequence: 35-36

MD/MS Biomedical Investigation-Clinical Research Track

For information about Program Admission and MD requirements, please see MD Dual Degrees section (p. 806). The Clinical Research track includes formal instruction in methods common to all fields of clinical investigation along with mentored research. In addition to medical school credits, students must complete the track-specific courses and electives listed below.

All students in this track must complete the CRSP Core Curriculum or equivalents:

IBIS 434 Integrated Biological Sciences in Medicine (**or IBIS 401 and 402) 6
CMED 401 Intro to Clinical Research and Scientific Writing 3
or CRSP 401 Introduction to Clinical Research Summer Series
CMED 402 Statistical Science for Medical Research 3
CMED 403 Introduction to Clinical Epidemiology 3
or CRSP 402 Study Design and Epidemiologic Methods
CMED 404 Clinical Research Seminars (*) 1
or CRSP 412 Communication in Clinical Research - Grant Writing
CMED 405 Clinical Research Seminars (*) 1
or CRSP 413 Communication in Clinical Research - Oral Presentation, Posters, and the Mass Media
CMED 450 Clinical Trials 3
or EPBI 450 Clinical Trials and Intervention Studies
CMED 458 Statistical Modeling with Applications in Clinical Research 3
or EPBI 458 Statistical Methods for Clinical Trials
CMED 500 Scientific Integrity in Biomedical Research 0-1

or IBMS 500 On Being a Professional Scientist: The Responsible Conduct of Research
CMED 601 Clinical Research Project 18
IBIS 600 Exam in Biomedical Investigation 0

Program Advisors: Dr. Dennis Stacey (College students) and Dr. William Merrick (University students).

Registration permits for all CMED courses can be obtained from Dr. Ticknor's office.

Certificate in Global Health

Ronald Blanton, MD
216.368.4814

The Certificate is the centerpiece of the Framework for Global Health Curricula comprised of faculty from across the Case Western Reserve University campus, whose objective is to promote education in global health issues. Nearly every department at CWRU offers multiple educational activities in global health. Rather than attempt to own all of these activities, the group at CWRU (representing Anthropology, Bioethics, Biology, Biostatics/Epidemiology, Mathematics, Medicine, Nursing, Engineering) elected to develop a structure within which each department could develop independently while taking advantage of what the others had to offer. The organizing structure for this became the certificate program rather than a separate degree. This approach recognizes that student's need to graduate within a recognized discipline as well as recognition of a student’s focus, time and effort in training.

Each student in the Certificate program will be grounded in global health by a core course (INTH 301 Fundamentals of Global Health/INTH 401 Fundamentals of Global Health) that will allow them to understand concepts and vocabulary across disciplines and that will facilitate meaningful communication with others based in a different discipline. In addition to the Certificate, the Framework for Global Health Curricula had identified and is annotating all global health related courses at CWRU. It has supported the recent revival of Medical Spanish and new courses and electives in Global Health.

Requirements for Certificate in Global Health:

Anthropology

Undergraduate:

INTH 301 Fundamentals of Global Health 3
ANTH 215 Health, Culture, and Disease: An Introduction to Medical Anthropology 3
ANTH 359 Introduction to International Health 3
And one elective selected from list of approved electives in the Anthropology Department

Graduate:

INTH 401 Fundamentals of Global Health 3
ANTH 459 Introduction to International Health 3
ANTH 511 Seminar in Anthropology and Global Health: Topics 3
And one elective selected from list of approved electives in the Anthropology Department
Bioethics

INTH 401  Fundamentals of Global Health  3
BETH 414  International Health Research Ethics  3
And complete one elective selected from list of approved electives in the Bioethics Department

Contact: Insoo Hyun (insoo.hyun@case.edu), 216.368-8658

Epidemiology/Biostatistics

INTH 401  Fundamentals of Global Health  3
EPBI 484  Global Health Epidemiology  1-3
EPBI 494  Infectious Disease Epidemiology  1-3
And complete an epidemiology research project with global perspective (may be substituted with other course work).

Contact: Daniel Tisch (daniel.tisch@case.edu), 216.368.0875

Math/Applied Math specialization:

INTH 301  Fundamentals of Global Health  3
or INTH 401  Fundamentals of Global Health  3
EPBI/ANAT/BIOL Statistical Methods I (A basic course in Epidemiology or Biostatistics)  3
or EPBI 490  Epidemiology: Introduction to Theory and Methods  3
MATH 449  Dynamical Models for Biology and Medicine  3
or EECS 397/600 Special Topics  3
Complete a heal related modeling project with global perspective (may be substituted with other course work).

Contact: David Gurarie (david.gurarie@case.edu), 216.368.2857

Medicine

INTH 401  Fundamentals of Global Health  3
Compete global health related project (may be student's thesis or may be substituted with other course work)

Contact: Ronald Blanton (ronald.blanton@case.edu), 216.368.4814

Nursing

Undergraduate:

INTH 301  Fundamentals of Global Health  3
NURS 372  Health in the Global Community  3
NURS 394  Global Health Seminar  3
Complete a global health related project (may be substituted with other course work)

Graduate:

INTH 401  Fundamentals of Global Health  3
NURS 394  Global Health Seminar  3
EPBI 484  Global Health Epidemiology ((Choose either one or another approved Epidemiology course))  1-3
or EPBI 494  Infectious Disease Epidemiology  3
Complete a global health related project (may be substituted with course work)

Contact: Elizabeth Madigan (elizabeth.madigan@case.edu), 216.368.8532

Biology

INTH 301  Fundamentals of Global Health  3
or INTH 401  Fundamentals of Global Health  3
Approved electives Engineering related courses

Contact: Christopher Cullis (christopher.cullis@case.edu), 216.368.5362

Engineering

INTH 301  Fundamentals of Global Health  3
or INTH 401  Fundamentals of Global Health  3
Approved electives Engineering related courses

Contact: N. Sree Sreenath (n.sreenath@case.edu), 216.368.6219

Mandel School of Applied Social Sciences

INTH 401  Fundamentals of Global Health  3
Additional MSASS elective from approved list

Contact: Sharon Milligan (sharon.milligan@case.edu), 216.368.2335

Certificate in Cancer Biology

216.844.5375
Stanton Gerson, MD, Director
Lyn M. Haselton, MPA, Training Program Manager
Case Comprehensive Cancer Center
http://cancer.case.edu/training

The Clinical Oncology Research Career Development Program (CORP) provides interdisciplinary training in clinical and translational oncology research for clinical oncology junior faculty physicians who are interested in pursuing academic research careers as physician scientists. This training addresses the need for clinician investigators to translate fundamental cancer research discoveries into medical care of cancer patients. Eligible candidates are physicians (MD, DO or MD/PhD) with a clinical training background in one of a number of oncology disciplines, including medical, surgical, pediatric, dermatological, gynecological and radiation oncology. Scholars select one of three areas of concentration:

- Mechanism Based Therapeutics and Clinical Trials
- Stem Cell Biology and Hematopoietic Malignancy Clinical Trials
- Prevention, Aging and Cancer Genetics and Clinical Trials

The Scholars’ individual training plan consists of a 2-year certificate program which includes a didactic curriculum designed to provide basic background and highly individualized advanced training in both clinical and methodological components of clinical and translational cancer research.

Each Scholar is co-mentored by both a basic or behavioral scientist and a clinical investigator. A mentoring committee comprised of faculty in the Scholar’s focus of oncology research provides additional guidance
and support. During the period of mentored laboratory training, the Scholars develop original hypothesis-based experiments related to disease mechanisms at a molecular or cellular level. As the Scholars build on their laboratory conclusions to create and implement clinical trials, they are mentored by clinical investigators. Clinical trials are aimed at developing new methods for diagnosis and testing promising ideas for novel therapeutic interventions. These components come together with the Scholar's presentations at a national conference, publications in peer review journals and application for independent funding as a physician scientist.

This two-year certificate program is administered through the Case Comprehensive Cancer Center. The overall goal of the K12 CORP certificate program is to foster interdisciplinary training in clinical and translational oncology therapeutic research for physicians. Upon completion of this 15-19 hour two year training, scholars will earn the K12 CORP Certificate.

The formal didactic program includes a course in responsible conduct IBMS 500 On Being a Professional Scientist: The Responsible Conduct of Research (0) or CRSP 603 Research Ethics and Regulation (2 hr); CNCR 501 Translational Cancer Research A (Translational Cancer Research Course (1 hr/semester); and one elective (1-3). Additional required activities include Clinical Protocol Tutorials, Intensive Mentored Research Project, Ongoing seminars, Meetings and Presentations; and applications for independent funding.

**Formal Didactic Curriculum Coursework**: 

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
<th>Credits</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>IBMS 500</td>
<td>On Being a Professional Scientist: The Responsible Conduct of Research</td>
<td>1-2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>or CRSP 603</td>
<td>Research Ethics and Regulation</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CNCR 501</td>
<td>Translational Cancer Research A (All four modules required, one each semester of the program (501-1, 501-2, 501-3, 501-4))</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Additionally, choose one course from following core courses for credit towards certificate:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
<th>Credits</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CRSP 401</td>
<td>Introduction to Clinical Research Summer Series</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CRSP 402</td>
<td>Study Design and Epidemiologic Methods</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EPBI 450</td>
<td>Clinical Trials and Intervention Studies</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EPBI 458</td>
<td>Statistical Methods for Clinical Trials</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BIOC 460</td>
<td>Introduction to Microarrays</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CRSP 406</td>
<td>Introduction to R Programming</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CRSP 413</td>
<td>Communication in Clinical Research - Oral Presentation, Posters, and the Mass Media</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CRSP 412</td>
<td>Communication in Clinical Research - Grant Writing</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CRSP 500</td>
<td>Design and Analysis of Observational Studies</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CRSP 501</td>
<td>Team Science - Working in Interdisciplinary Research Teams</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EPBI 411</td>
<td>Introduction to Health Behavior</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Required Courses:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
<th>Credits</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CRSP 401</td>
<td>Introduction to Clinical Research Summer Series</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CRSP 402</td>
<td>Study Design and Epidemiologic Methods</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NURS 630</td>
<td>Advanced Statistics: Linear Models</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CRSP 603</td>
<td>Research Ethics and Regulation</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Exit Standards: Students who complete all required coursework will submit a checklist to the Center for Clinical Investigation notifying the Center for Clinical Investigation's Education Administrator/Manager that all coursework is completed. This administrator will verify with the registrar's office that all requirements have been met and will then issue a certificate to the enrollee, documenting completion of the program.

**Systems Biology and Bioinformatics MS and PhD Programs**

216.368.2601

The Clinical Research Certificate program is a four course, 11 credit hour program. Students who successfully complete the required coursework will receive a Certificate in Clinical Research issued by the Center for Clinical Investigation. Coursework includes: Introduction to Clinical and Translational Research; Study Design and Epidemiologic Methods; Advanced Statistics: Linear Models; and a course on Research Ethics and Regulation.

Admissions will be administered by the Center for Clinical Investigation. Individuals who want to participate in the program will complete an application form that includes a brief personal statement describing the reason(s) for seeking clinical research training and a recent CV or resume. Per CWRU School of Graduate Studies requirements, individuals who are not already graduate-degree-seeking students at CWRU must submit to the School of Graduate Studies a completed non-degree application form. Individuals who are not faculty, staff, or employees of CWRU must also submit a transcript or copy of their diploma, documenting completion of a baccalaureate degree. Once accepted into the Certificate program, participants will register for the courses through the Student Information System. The program will have rolling admissions, and students will be able to start taking courses in the summer or fall semester. The coursework for the Certificate will be listed on the official CWRU transcript. However, the Certificate in Clinical Research will be issued by the Center for Clinical Investigation, not the University, and will not appear on the official CWRU transcript.

Performance Standards: A grade of B or higher in each graded course will be required for successful completion of the Certificate program. Enrollees will be responsible for keeping track of the courses they take.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
<th>Credits</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CRSP 401</td>
<td>Introduction to Clinical Research Summer Series</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CRSP 402</td>
<td>Study Design and Epidemiologic Methods</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NURS 630</td>
<td>Advanced Statistics: Linear Models</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CRSP 603</td>
<td>Research Ethics and Regulation</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

BRB 9th Floor Admin West, School of Medicine
http://bioinformatics.case.edu/
Phone: 216.368.0291
Mark Chance, PhD, Director
Masaru Miyagi, PhD, Co-Director

The Center for Proteomics and Bioinformatics offers multidisciplinary training leading to a MS or PhD in Systems Biology and Bioinformatics (SYBB). The program's faculty cohort includes faculty from 12 departments and 4 schools across the CWRU campus. The fundamental core competencies of the SYBB program include: genes and proteins;
bioinformatics and computational biology; and quantitative analysis and modeling with an emphasis on molecular systems biology.

The Systems Biology and Bioinformatics PhD program at CWRU offers trainees the opportunity to combine both experimental and computational or mathematical disciplines to understand complex biological systems. The SYBB program will train scientists who are able to generate and analyze experimental data for biomedical research and to develop physical or computational models of the molecular components that drive the behavior of a biological system. The goal of the program is to produce scientists who are familiar with multiple disciplines and equipped to conduct interdisciplinary research.

The Case Western Reserve University (CWRU) graduate program in Systems Biology and Bioinformatics (SYBB) has 4 tracks (http://bioinformatics.case.edu/tracks.html):

- **Translational Bioinformatics** - Equips students to apply recent advances in genomics and proteomics to solve clinical problems in a cost-effective manner
- **Clinical Research Informatics** - Prepares students to analyze large clinical data repositories to derive new knowledge pertaining to health and disease
- **Molecular and Computational Biology** - Provides students the cutting edge tools to tackle a variety of biological problems using computational approaches
- **Applied Health Informatics** - Students learn methods and technology to translate data to information to knowledge in the healthcare ecosystem.

Students can choose 1 of the 4 tracks for both the M.S. and Ph.D. programs.

The SYBB participating departments and centers include:

- Biology
- Biomedical Engineering
- Center for Proteomics and Bioinformatics
- Electrical Engineering and Computer Science
- Epidemiology and Biostatistics
- Genetics and Genome Sciences
- Mathematics
- Physiology and Biophysics
- Pharmacology

**Program Competencies**

The specific academic requirements of the SYBB Program are intended to provide students with a required core curriculum in Systems Biology and a set of electives designed both to assure minimum competencies in three Fundamental Core Competencies and equip them for their particular thesis research discipline. Each trainee will be guided in a course of study by a mentoring committee to ensure the completion of training in the program competencies as well as maintenance of a focus on molecular systems theory.

**Fundamental Core Competencies**

- Genes and proteins
- Bioinformatics and Computational Biology
- Quantitative Analysis and Modeling

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**Masters Degree Plan A Summary**

The minimum requirements for the master's degree under Plan A are 21 semester hours of course work plus a thesis equivalent to at least 9 semester hours of registration for 30 hours total. These must include SYBB 501 Biomedical Informatics and Systems Biology Journal Club, and a minimum of 9 hours of SYBB 651 Thesis MS. Additional required courses for the Translational Bioinformatics and Molecular and Computational Biology tracks are SYBB 459 Bioinformatics for Systems Biology and SYBB 555 Current Proteomics. Additional required courses for the Clinical Research Informatics and Applied Health Informatics tracks are SYBB 421 and SYBB 422 Clinical Informatics at the Bedside and the Bench Parts I and II. The curriculum plan must be approved by the program steering committee and include appropriate coverage of the core competencies in genes and proteins, bioinformatics, and quantitative modeling and analysis. At least 18 semester hours of course work, in addition to thesis hours, must be at the 400-level or higher.

Each student must prepare an individual thesis that must conform to regulations concerning format, quality, and time of submission as established by the dean of graduate studies. For completion of master's degrees under Plan A, an oral examination (defense) of the master's thesis is required, where the examination is conducted by a committee of at least three members of the university faculty.

**Masters Degree Plan B Summary**

The minimum requirements for the master's degree under Plan B are 30 semester hours of course work (with at least 18 semester hours of course work at the 400 level or higher) and a written comprehensive examination or major project with report to be administered and evaluated by the program steering committee. The coursework must include SYBB 501 Biomedical Informatics and Systems Biology Journal Club. Additional required courses for the Translational Bioinformatics and Molecular and Computational Biology tracks are SYBB 459 Bioinformatics for Systems Biology and SYBB 555 Current Proteomics. Additional required courses for the Clinical Research Informatics and Applied Health Informatics tracks are SYBB 421 and SYBB 422 Clinical Informatics at the Bedside and the Bench Parts I and II. The curriculum plan must be approved by the program steering committee and include appropriate coverage of the core competencies in genes and proteins, bioinformatics, and quantitative modeling and analysis.

**Sample Plan of Study for MS Degree in Clinical Research Informatics Track**

Plan of Study includes required courses as well as electives.

**Plan of Study Grid**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>First Year</th>
<th>Units</th>
<th>Fall</th>
<th>Spring</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Epidemiology: Introduction to Theory and Methods (EPBI 490)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Statistical Methods I (EPBI 431)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clinical Informatics at the Bedside and the Bench (Part I) (SYBB 421)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Biomedical Informatics and Systems Biology Journal Club (SYBB 501)</td>
<td>0</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clinical Informatics at the Bedside and the Bench (Part II) (SYBB 422)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Statistical Methods II (EPBI 432)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Data Mining (EECS 435)  3
Year Total:  9  9

Second Year

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Units</th>
<th>Fall</th>
<th>Spring</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Machine Learning (EECS 440)</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>Secondary Analysis of Large Health Care Data Bases (EPBI 515)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Biomedical Informatics and Systems Biology Journal Club (SYBB 501)</td>
<td>0</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Introduction to Health Services Research (EPBI 460)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Biomedical Informatics and Systems Biology Journal Club (SYBB 501)</td>
<td>0</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Health Care Information Systems (MIDS 432)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Year Total:</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Total Units in Sequence: 30

PhD Program Summary
The Systems Biology and Bioinformatics program differs from current CWRU programs in the comprehensive requirement for an understanding of biological systems, bioinformatics, and quantitative analysis & modeling. The program includes a set of required courses including SYBB 501 Biomedical Informatics and Systems Biology Journal Club and a course in the Responsible Conduct of research (IBMS 500 On Being a Professional Scientist: The Responsible Conduct of Research). Additional required courses for the Translational Bioinformatics and Molecular and Computational Biology tracks are SYBB 459 Bioinformatics for Systems Biology and SYBB 555 Current Proteomics. Additional required courses for the Clinical Research Informatics and Applied Health Informatics tracks are SYBB 421 and SYBB 422 Clinical Informatics at the Bedside and the Bench Parts I and II. At least six additional courses will be required based upon individualized student interests. Other requirements include a qualifier exam, a PhD Thesis, and oral defense. The total credits required for the PhD is at least 54 credits (24 grade graduate courses, 12 pre-dissertation research credits, and as 18 dissertation research credits) and is consistent with a traditional graduate program. Admissions to this program may be obtained through the integrated Biomedical Sciences Training Program, by direct admission to the department or via the Medical Scientist Training Program.

Sample Plan of Study for PhD Degree

§ Please also see Graduate Studies Academic Requirements for Doctoral Degrees (p. 668)

Plan of study includes required courses as well as electives. Visit www.bioinformatics.case.edu for information regarding Plan of Study for all SYBB Tracks.

Plan of Study Grid for Translational Bioinformatics Track

First Year

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Units</th>
<th>Fall</th>
<th>Spring</th>
<th>Summer</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Biomedical Informatics and Systems Biology Journal Club (SYBB 501)</td>
<td>0</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Survey of Bioinformatics: Technologies in Bioinformatics (SYBB 411A)</td>
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<td></td>
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</table>

Second Year

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Units</th>
<th>Fall</th>
<th>Spring</th>
<th>Summer</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Survey of Bioinformatics: Data Integration in Bioinformatics (SYBB 411B)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Survey of Bioinformatics: Translational Bioinformatics (SYBB 411C)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Survey of Bioinformatics: Programming for Bioinformatics (SYBB 411D)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Cell Structure and Function (PHOL 432)</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Principles of Genetic Epidemiology (EPBI 451)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Systems Biology and Bioinformatics Research (SYBB 601)</td>
<td>1-9</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Current Proteomics (SYBB 555)</td>
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<td>Systems Biology and Bioinformatics Research (SYBB 601/651)</td>
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<td>Biomedical Informatics and Systems Biology Journal Club (SYBB 501)</td>
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<td>On Being a Professional Scientist: The Responsible Conduct of Research (IBMS 500)</td>
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Third Year

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Fourth Year

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<td>Total Units in Sequence:</td>
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### Footnotes
* Students admitted into the program via BSTP would take BSTP 400 for research rotations; students admitted via MSTP would take MSTP 400 for research rotations.

### Required Core Courses for the Molecular and Computational Biology and Translational Bioinformatics Tracks of the MS and PhD programs

#### Course List

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<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
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<td>SYBB 601</td>
<td>Systems Biology and Bioinformatics Research</td>
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<tr>
<td>SYBB 651</td>
<td>Thesis MS (For MS Students only)</td>
<td>1 - 18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SYBB 701</td>
<td>Dissertation PhD (For PhD students only)</td>
<td>1 - 18</td>
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### Required Core Courses for the Clinical Research Informatics and Applied Health Informatics Tracks of the MS and PhD programs

#### Course List

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<tr>
<td>SYBB 421</td>
<td>Clinical Informatics at the Bedside and the Bench (Part I)</td>
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<tr>
<td>SYBB 422</td>
<td>Clinical Informatics at the Bedside and the Bench (Part II)</td>
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<td>Biomedical Informatics and Systems Biology Journal Club</td>
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<td>SYBB 601</td>
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### Elective Courses for MS and PhD programs

#### Genes and Proteins Courses

#### Course List

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<td>EPBI/GENE/MPHP 451</td>
<td>Principles of Genetic Epidemiology</td>
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### Bioinformatics and Computational Biology Courses

#### Course List

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<td>Statistical Programming</td>
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<td>BIOL/EECS 419</td>
<td>Applied Probability and Stochastic Processes for Biology</td>
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<tr>
<td>PHRM/PHOL/ CHEM/BIOC 430</td>
<td>Advanced Methods in Structural Biology</td>
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<tr>
<td>EECS 458</td>
<td>Introduction to Bioinformatics</td>
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<td>NEUR 478/BIOL 378/COGS/MATH 378/BIOL 478/EBME 478</td>
<td>Computational Neuroscience</td>
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<td>GENE 508</td>
<td>Bioinformatics and Computational Genomics</td>
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<tr>
<td>BIOL 430</td>
<td>Advanced Methods in Structural Biology</td>
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### Quantitative Analysis and Modeling

#### Course List

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<td>EPBI 502</td>
<td>Seminar in Genetic Epidemiology and Bioinformatics</td>
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<td>EPBI 460</td>
<td>Introduction to Health Services Research</td>
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<td>EPBI 504</td>
<td>Seminar in Health Care Organization, Outcomes and Policy</td>
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<tr>
<td>EPBI 515</td>
<td>Secondary Analysis of Large Health Care Data Bases</td>
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<td>MPHP 405</td>
<td>Statistical Methods in Public Health</td>
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<td>EECS 435</td>
<td>Data Mining</td>
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<td>EECS 440</td>
<td>Machine Learning</td>
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<td>MATH 441</td>
<td>Mathematical Modeling</td>
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<td>EBME 300/MATH 449</td>
<td>Dynamics of Biological Systems: A Quantitative Approach</td>
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<tr>
<td>MIDS 301</td>
<td>Introduction to Information: A Systems and Design Approach</td>
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<tr>
<td>MIDS 432</td>
<td>Health Care Information Systems</td>
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CMED Courses

CMED 401. Intro to Clinical Research and Scientific Writing. 3 Units.
This seminar brings in numerous experts to cover a variety of essential issues and concepts in clinical research and scientific writing. The overarching goal is for students to produce a short but well-crafted research proposal. Topics for reading and discussion include general principles of research design and proposal development; key concepts and issues in biostatistical science for study planning, data management, analysis, interpretation, and presentation; modern medical library informatics; ethical issues in clinical research and necessary riggeromul; technical writing emphasizing research proposals; designing studies of diagnostic tests; outcomes research and medical decision making; clinical genomics research.

CMED 402. Statistical Science for Medical Research. 3 Units.
A rigorous, practical introduction to core concepts and methods in statistical planning, managing, and analyzing data, and interpreting and communicating biostatistical information. Seminar sessions: discuss readings, work through realistic examples using popular commercial software. Project sessions: individuals in small groups discuss their own examples and receive on-the-spot feedback. Topics: types of data and common distributions; database and statistical software; understanding and describing data with simple statistics and effective tables and graphics; statistical transforms (log, logit) and what they imply, basic inference tests, confidence intervals, and related sample-size analyses involving categorical data (analyzing proportions), ordinal data (analyzing ranks), continuous data (analyzing means), and time-to-event data with censoring. A substantial introduction to statistical modeling unifies seemingly diverse methods to induce a cohesive, flexible, and broad understanding of biostatistics. Medical students enrolled in CRSP must complete CCLCM Introduction to Clinical Research, IBIS 431, and IBIS 490 to satisfy the CRSP 401, 402, and 403 series. Prereq: Must be enrolled in School of Medicine.

CMED 403. Introduction to Clinical Epidemiology. 3 Units.
Using multiple learning modalities, including case-based seminars, computer-based interactive learning, journal club, and readings from texts as well as contemporary clinical literature, students will receive a rigorous introduction to methods of research in clinical epidemiology. Topics to be covered will include human subjects protections; legal and ethical components of clinical research; measures of disease frequency; basics of clinical study design; nature of and analysis of risk factors; cohort study design and analysis; case-control study design and analysis; confounding; interaction; bias; survey research; diagnostic tests; disease screening; design, analysis, and reporting of clinical trials; meta-analysis; decision analysis; cost-effectiveness analysis; and a brief introduction to health services research. Medical students enrolled in CRSP must complete CCLCM Introduction to Clinical Research, IBIS 431, and IBIS 490 to satisfy the CRSP 401, 402, and 403 series. Prereq: Must be enrolled in School of Medicine.

CMED 404. Clinical Research Seminars. 1 Unit.
The Clinical Research Seminars series is intended to give students a broad exposure to issues unique to clinical research as well as career development. Students attend seminars on relevant clinical research topics offered either on the Case or CCF campuses, and will write a short summary of each seminar attended. A total of 12-14 one-hour seminars per semester is required for successful completion of the course. Students are expected to take two semesters. Prereq: Must be enrolled in School of Medicine and consent of CCLCM Office.

CMED 405. Clinical Research Seminars. 1 Unit.
The Clinical Research Seminars series is intended to give students a broad exposure to issues unique to clinical research as well as career development. Students attend seminars on relevant clinical research topics offered either on the Case or CCF campuses, and will write a short summary of each seminar attended. A total of 12-14 one-hour seminars per semester is required for successful completion of the course. Students are expected to take two semesters. Prereq: Must be enrolled in School of Medicine and consent of CCLCM Office.

CMED 406. Introduction to Database Programming Base SAS. 0 Units.
Using the SAS Data Step as a programming language. Creating temporary and permanent SAS datasets, exchanging datasets with other software (e.g. Excel, Jmp, R), checking and manipulating data, sorting and merging, producing reports. Effective programming style. This is not a course in statistical analysis. Prereq: Must be enrolled in the School of Medicine and consent of CCLCM Office.

CMED 407. Basic Research Ethics. 3 Units.
Examine the ethical issues of clinical research involving human subjects. Topics include research versus clinical practice, informed consent, therapeutic misconception, risk reduction, vulnerability and subject selection, recruitment and inducement.

CMED 450. Clinical Trials. 3 Units.
Design, organization and operation of randomized controlled clinical trials and intervention studies. Topics include legal and ethical issues in design; application of concepts of controls; masking and randomization; steps required for quality data collection; monitoring for evidence of adverse or beneficial treatment effects; elements of organizational structure; sample size calculations and data analysis procedures and mistakes. Prereq: Must be enrolled in School of Medicine.

CMED 458. Statistical Modeling with Applications in Clinical Research. 3 Units.
Statistical modeling methods and strategies for analyzing data in clinical research, including randomized and non-randomized clinical trials. Standard Normal-theory, logistic, and Cox proportional hazard regression methods, emphasizing that these tools provide a unified schema to use linear models for continuous and categorical predictors of outcomes that are continuous, binary, or time-to-event with censoring. Repeated measures analysis using summary measures versus modern mixed models. Spline models for non-linear relationships. Extending the logistic model for ordinal outcomes. Propensity analysis. Software: R. Prereq: Must be enrolled in School of Medicine and consent of CCLCM Office.

CMED 460. Foundations of Clinical Medicine. 3 Units.
Students meet weekly to learn, examine, and discuss issues related to their future societal and professional roles as physicians. Topics covered include population health, medical errors and patient safety, cultural competence, health care disparities, quality improvement, pain management, ethical and legal issues in medicine, leadership, and professionalism. Prereq: Must be enrolled in School of Medicine and consent of CCLCM Office.

CMED 499. Independent Study in Clinical Trials. 3 Units.
A survey of the various aspects of clinical trial investigation to provide the student a first-hand perspective on the day-to-day conduct of clinical investigation from the perspective of investigating physicians, clinical trial coordinators, compliance and regulatory officers, and core laboratory personnel. Students will develop a specific plan with the course directors that will total 40-50 hours of discussion and direct participation. Prereq: CMED 450. Must be enrolled in the School of Medicine and consent of CCLCM Office.
CMED 500. Scientific Integrity in Biomedical Research. 0 Units.
This course covers a wide variety of topics in ethics for biomedical researchers including Institutional Review Boards for human and animal experimentation, requirements of the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA), informed consent, and de-identification of patient data in research databases. Issues of data ownership, responsibilities of authorship, and conflicts of interest are also discussed. Prereq: Enrolled in School of Medicine. Must have completed 1.5 years.

CMED 601. Clinical Research Project. 9 Units.
Clinical research project leading toward the completion of a type B Masters of Science in Biomedical Investigation - CRSP.

CNCR Courses

CNCR 460. Introduction to Microarrays. 3 Units.
Microarray technology is an exciting new technique that is used to analyze gene expression in a wide variety of organisms. The goal of this course is to give participants a hands-on introduction to this technology. The course is intended for individuals who are preparing to use this technique, including students, fellows, and other investigators. This is a hands-on computer-based course, which will enable participants to conduct meaningful analyses of microarray data. Participants will gain an understanding of the principles underlying microarray technologies, including: theory of sample preparation, sample processing on microarrays, familiarity with the use of Affymetrix Microarray Suite software and generation of data sets. Transferring data among software packages to manipulate data will also be discussed. Importation of data into other software (GeneSpring and DecisionSite) will enable participants to mine the data for higher-order patterns. Participants will learn about the rationale behind the choice of normalization and data filtering strategies, distance metrics, use of appropriate clustering choices such as K-means, Hierarchical, and Self Organizing Maps. Course Offered as BIOC 460, PATH 460, CNCR 460.

CNCR 501. Translational Cancer Research A. 1 Unit.
In this course Case K12 Paul Calabresi Scholars will learn about the steps to receive an IRB approval for their research proposal and clinical trials; how to design and conduct clinical trials-designing a protocol, developing a research question, the purpose of the LOI, funding and budge issues, working with pharmaceutical companies; essential writing skills for successfully submitting a manuscript for publication in a peer reviewed journal. The class will discuss Social Intelligence and the Biology of Leadership by Goleman and Boyatzis; the scholars will learn about the Case Cancer Center Core Facilities services and resources which are available for their research projects. Topics also include the expectations of the K12 CORP program and essential elements for advancing their academic and research career. Recommended preparation: Acceptance to Case K12 Clinical Oncology Career Development Training Program as Paul Calabresi Research Scholar.

CNCR 502. Translational Cancer Research B. 1 Unit.
In this course Case K12 Paul Calabresi Scholars will learn how to manage clinical trials; including staffing, multi or single site, contracting issues, translation and incorporation of laboratory research/correlative science into clinical trials design, getting involved with ECOG. The scholars will learn about mentored and independent funding resources, how to select the appropriate mechanism, and strategies for successful grant submissions and resubmissions. They will learn how to present research and clinical trials progress orally and written to peers/faculty for evaluation my making two PowerPoint presentations: on to the class and their two K12 mentors and a second to the K12 CORP Advisory Committee for written evaluation. Both of these sections will be videotaped and a copy of the tape will be reviewed with the scholar. Each scholar will also provide a written summary of their research to date along with their goals for the next 12 months on April 1. Recommended preparation: Acceptance to Case K12 Clinical Oncology Career Development Training Program as Paul Calabresi Research Scholar.

CNCR 503. Translational Cancer Research C. 1 Unit.
In this course each Case K12 Paul Calabresi Scholar will present a summary of their experience from attending either the ASCO/AACR or ASH Clinical Trial Protocol Writing Workshop; two sessions will cover how to write a research proposal-hypothesis, specific aims, methods, and study design. Each scholar will write a sample research proposal which will be critiqued by the other members of the class; two sessions will cover the organization and analysis of biostatistic data used in research. One of these sessions will be a working session based on the scholar's own data. The scholars will learn about the essential components and issues in developing a successful career in clinical and translational research. Recommended preparation: Acceptance to Case K12 Clinical Oncology Career Development Training Program as Paul Calabresi Research Scholars.

CNCR 504. Translational Cancer Research D. 1 Unit.
In this course Case K12 Paul Calabresi Scholars will discuss an article on essential components of leadership in an academic and clinical setting; how to advance their clinical research career to the level that they can present at the ASCO national conference; learn how to present research and clinical trials progress orally and written to peers/faculty for evaluation by making two PowerPoint presentations: one to the class and their two K12 mentors and a second to the K12 CORP Advisory Committee for written evaluation. Both of these sessions will be videotaped and a copy of the tape will be reviewed with the scholar. Each scholar will also provide a written summary of their research and date along with their goals for the next 12 months on April 1. Recommended preparation: Acceptance to Case K12 Clinical Oncology Career Development Training Program as Paul Calabresi Research Scholar.

CRSP Courses

CRSP 401. Introduction to Clinical Research Summer Series. 1 - 3 Unit.
This course is designed to familiarize one with the language and concepts of clinical investigation and statistical computing, as well as provide opportunities for problem-solving, and practical application of the information derived from the lectures. The material is organized along the internal logic of the research process, beginning with mechanisms of choosing a research question and moving into the information needed to design the protocol, implement it, analyze the findings, and draw and disseminate the conclusion(s). Prereq: M.D., R.N., Ph.D., D.D.S., health professionals.
CRSP 402. Study Design and Epidemiologic Methods. 3 Units.
This course will cover the methods used in the conduct of epidemiologic and health services research and considers how epidemiologic studies may be designed to maximize etiologic inferences. Topics include: measures of disease frequency, measures of effect, cross-sectional studies, case-control studies, cohort studies, randomized controlled trials, confounding, bias, effect modification, and select topics. Recommended preparation: CRSP 401 or permission of instructor.

CRSP 406. Introduction to R Programming. 2 Units.
This course will provide students with an introduction to R. Major topics will include session management, data objects, reading and writing data, restructuring and combining data frames, handling missing data, working with dates, statistical analysis concepts, and R traditional graphics. Students will learn R programming conventions, how to create, manage and edit R scripts, and how to interpret output. Each class will consist of a demo on each lesson followed by a practice session when time permits. Small research datasets will be used both in class examples and in the exercises for each lesson. Students will be expected to complete all homework assignments on time and submit a take-home final exam.

CRSP 407. Logistic Regression and Survival Analysis. 3 Units.
This course will focus on the conceptual understanding and practical application of multivariable modeling in the context of binary and time to event outcomes. Particular emphasis will be placed on model specification, assessment of model assumptions and proper interpretation and visualization of model results. Classes will generally involve a conceptual discussion of the topic in question, followed by a practical application using R statistical software. Planned topics include contingency tables, logistic regression models, Kaplan-Meier curves, Cox proportional hazard models, and sample size estimation for binary and time to event outcomes. Students will be expected to complete biweekly assignments and two course projects involving problem specification, data collection, analysis using R, and a presentation. Prior to taking this course students should have working knowledge of linear regression and its application using R. Students must have the latest software version of R installed on their laptops. Recommended preparation: CRSP 406. Prereq: NURS 630.

CRSP 410. Independent Study in Clinical Research. 1 - 3 Units.
Independent Study in Clinical Research enables the student to undertake study of advanced topics in clinical research that are not offered as standing courses at Case Western Reserve University. The student(s) and a member of the Clinical Research Scholars Program faculty, or another faculty member at CWRU, submit a 1-2 page proposal for independent study to the CRSP Program Director. The proposal should include a descriptive title (e.g., research method or clinical topic area) to be studied; a list of up to 5 student-centered objectives of the study; how the subject matter will be learned; and how success in achieving the objectives will be measured (e.g., manuscript, essay, grant proposal, or other written product; examination, etc.). It is expected that there will be at least one contact hour per week for each credit hour requested.

CRSP 412. Communication in Clinical Research - Grant Writing. 1 Unit.
Written communication is a critical skill in clinical science. We disseminate our work to others through publications, and we obtain the resources to conduct research through grant proposals. This course has been developed for KI2 and CRSP scholars. The course focuses on writing grant proposals and, in particular, specific sections of an NIH-style grant. However, the principles discussed in the course apply to any type of proposal. Prereq: CRSP 401 or equivalent.

CRSP 413. Communication in Clinical Research - Oral Presentation, Posters, and the Mass Media. 1 Unit.
To move their work forward, investigators must be able to present their research effectively to both scientific and lay audiences. Although "the written word" is probably the first medium that comes to mind when we think of communication in scientific circles, other modes of communication are also vital. The main objective of this course is to help scholars improve their oral and poster presentation skills, as well as interaction with the mass media. This objective will be achieved through a combination of didactic sessions, readings, and presentations by the students. Prereq: CRSP 401 or equivalent.

CRSP 500. Design and Analysis of Observational Studies. 3 Units.
An observational study investigates treatments, policies or exposures and the effects that they cause, but it differs from an experiment because the investigator cannot control assignment. We introduce appropriate design, data collection and analysis methods for such studies, and to help students understand and interpret their own studies, and those of others in their field. Technical formalities are minimized, and the presentations will focus on the practical application of the ideas. A course project involves the completion of an observational study, and substantial use of the R statistical software. Topics include randomized experiments and how they differ from observational studies, planning and design for observational studies, adjustments for overt bias, sensitivity analysis, methods for detecting hidden bias, and focus on propensity score methods for selection bias adjustment, including multivariate matching, stratification, weighting and regression adjustments. Recommended preparation: a working knowledge of multiple regression, some familiarity with logistic regression, with some exposure to fitting regression models in R. Offered as CRSP 500 and EPBI 500.

CRSP 501. Team Science - Working in Interdisciplinary Research Teams. 1 Unit.
This course will assist learners to understand how different professional disciplines, each representing a body of scientific knowledge, can best work together to develop and disseminate translational knowledge. Learners will develop a set of skills specific to be an effective member and leader of an interdisciplinary research team, including working with different value and knowledge sets across disciplines, understanding the mental models of other disciplines, creating shared mental models, running effective meetings, managing conflict, giving and receiving feedback, and group decision making techniques. Using the small group seminar approach and case studies, learners will practice individual and group communication, reflective and self-assessment techniques, and engage in experiential learning activities regarding effective teamwork in interdisciplinary research teams. Techniques to increase group creativity and frame new insights will be discussed.

CRSP 502. Leadership Skills for Clinical Research Teams. 2 Units.
Leadership Assessment and Development is for participants to learn a method for assessing their knowledge, abilities, and values relevant to management; and for developing and implementing plans for acquiring new management related knowledge and abilities. The major goals of this course include generating data through a variety of assessment methods designed to reveal your interests, abilities, values, and knowledge related to leadership effectiveness; learning how to interpret this assessment data and use it to design/plan developmental activities; small group sharing of insights from the various assessments. Recommended preparation: K grant appointment or consent of instructor.
CRSP 503. Innovation and Entrepreneurship. 1 Unit.
The purpose of this module is to acquaint and ultimately engage clinical researchers with the business of innovation and entrepreneurship. Goals include: (1) to provide researchers with many of the skills that they would need to translate academic research into commercial uses; (2) to sensitze clinical researchers to the goals of the business community and facilitate their ability to work with the private sector on technology development; and (3) to make clinical researchers aware of the processes of academic technology development and transfer. Sessions consist of a lecture and case discussion facilitated by one of the co-directors.

CRSP 504. Managing Research Records - A System's Approach. 2 - 3 Units.
This course will provide an approach to managing data for research studies. Major topics include a discussion of a research study system including database design and development, data management, and clinical data management; how to evaluate the data needs of a study including the impact of required regulations; summary of key regulations; the role of the data manager including protocol review, development of a data management plan, CRF design, data cleaning, locking studies and ensuring best practices. Each session will include a lecture, class discussion, and student presentation.

CRSP 505. Investigating Social Determinants of Health. 2 - 3 Units.
The biopsychosocial model highlights the inter-related roles that biological, psychological, and social factors play in health and illness. This course is geared towards clinical research scholars who would like to incorporate aspects of the "social context" in their research. The course will examine the conceptualization, measurement, and effects of several key socio-cultural determinants of health and illness. Sample studies that incorporate social determinants of health will be reviewed. The course will also consider strategies and techniques to conduct clinical research involving social factors in socially and ethnically diverse settings. Students will be encouraged to develop a prototypical study design to incorporate social determinants in their research. To earn an optional third credit hour for this course, students will be required to complete additional assignments tailored to the students' research needs and interests upon mutual agreement with the instructor at the beginning of the course. Recommended preparation: CRSP 401.

CRSP 510. Health Disparities. 3 Units.
This course aims to provide theoretical and application tools for students from many disciplinary backgrounds to conduct research and develop interventions to reduce health disparities. The course will be situated contextually within the historical record of the United States, reviewing social, political, economic, cultural, legal, and ethical theories related to disparities in general, with a central focus on health disparities. Several frameworks regarding health disparities will be used for investigating and discussing the empirical evidence on disparities among other subgroups (e.g., the poor, women, uninsured, disabled, and non-English speaking populations) will also be included and discussed. Students will be expected to develop a research proposal (observational, clinical, and/or intervention) rooted in their disciplinary background that will incorporate materials from the various perspectives presented throughout the course, with the objective of developing and reinforcing a more comprehensive approach to current practices within their fields. Offered as CRSP 510, EPBI 510, MPH 510, NURS 510, and SASS 510.

CRSP 550. Meta-Analysis & Evidence Synthesis. 2 - 3 Units.
Systematic reviews use reproducible methods to systematically search the literature and synthesize the results of a specific topic area. Meta-analysis is a specific analytic technique used to pool results of individual studies. Systematic reviews are useful ways to establish one's knowledge in a particular field of study, and can highlight gaps in research which can be pursued in future work. They can also inform the background of a grant. This course is designed to introduce students to the methods of conducting a high quality systematic review. We will cover the design, methods, and analytic techniques involved in systematic reviews. These concepts will prepare students to conduct their own systematic review or evaluate the systematic reviews of others. Sessions will be lectures, labs, and presentations. Topics include developing a search strategy, abstracting key data, synthesizing the results qualitatively, meta-analytic techniques, grading the quality of studies, grading the strength of the evidence, and manuscript preparation specific to systematic reviews. Prereq: CRSP 401, EPBI 431, MPH 405, NURS 532 or Requisites Not Met permission.

CRSP 603. Research Ethics and Regulation. 2 Units.
This course is designed to introduce students to the ethical, policy, and legal issues raised by research involving human subjects. It is intended for law students, post-doctoral trainees in health-related disciplines and other students in relevant fields. Topics include (among others): regulation and monitoring of research; research in third-world nations; research with special populations; stem cell and genetic research; research to combat bioterrorism; scientific misconduct; conflicts of interest; commercialization and intellectual property; and the use of deception and placebos. Course will meet once per week for 2 hours throughout the semester. Grades will be given based on class participation and a series of group projects and individual short writing assignments. Offered as BETH 503, CRSP 603 and LAWS 603.

CRSP 651. Clinical Research Scholars Thesis. 1 - 18 Unit.
CRSP Thesis M.S.

INTH Courses

INTH 301. Fundamentals of Global Health. 3 Units.
This course seeks to integrate the multiple perspectives and objectives in global health by investigating how the disciplines of Biology, Medicine, Anthropology, Nursing, Mathematics, Engineering analyze and approach the same set of international health problems. Students will develop a shared vocabulary with which to understand these various perspectives from within their own discipline. The focus sites will emphasize issues related to the health consequences of development projects, emergency response to a health care crisis and diseases of development in presence of underdevelopment. Offered as INTH 301 and INTH 401. Prereq: Junior or senior.

INTH 401. Fundamentals of Global Health. 3 Units.
This course seeks to integrate the multiple perspectives and objectives in global health by investigating how the disciplines of Biology, Medicine, Anthropology, Nursing, Mathematics, Engineering analyze and approach the same set of international health problems. Students will develop a shared vocabulary with which to understand these various perspectives from within their own discipline. The focus sites will emphasize issues related to the health consequences of development projects, emergency response to a health care crisis and diseases of development in presence of underdevelopment. Offered as INTH 301 and INTH 401. Prereq: Graduate student.
INTH 447. Global Health: Outbreak Investigation in Real-Time. 3 Units.
This course provides a trans-cultural, trans-disciplinary, multimedia learning experience by analyzing historical and real-time data from the annual dengue endemics and sporadic epidemics in Puerto Rico and Brazil. A rigorous problem-centered training in the epidemiology, prevention, treatment, and control of infectious diseases using real-time and historical surveillance data of endemic and epidemic Dengue in Bahia, Brazil. This is an advanced epidemiology course in which core material will be primarily taught through reading assignments, class discussion, group projects, and class presentations. The course will utilize the online web-based communication and learning technology to create a single classroom between the CWRU and international partners with unique and complementary skills. In addition to joint classroom lectures across sites, student groups will also perform smaller-scale videoconference meetings for assigned group projects, thus creating strong international connections for the students, faculty, and our institutions. Note: Due to the complexities of time zones for this international course, the course will begin at 8:00a.m. until the U.S.A. adjusts clocks for Daylight Savings Time (unlike Brazil). Therefore, classes after the second week of March will begin at 9:00a.m. Offered as: EPBI 447, INTH 447, and MPHP 447.

INTH 484. Global Health Epidemiology. 1 - 3 Unit.
This course provides a rigorous problem-centered training in the epidemiology, prevention, treatment, and control of infectious diseases and, more generally, global health. This is an advanced epidemiology that embraces an active learning environment. Students are expected to invest time out of the classroom reading and working with classmates. Classes will be conducted with discussions, debates, group projects, and group presentations. By taking this course, students will develop a framework for interpreting, assessing, and performing epidemiologic research on issues of global importance. The course will be divided into three modules: 1) Global Health Epidemiology 2) Helminth Epidemiology, and 3) Epidemiology of Disease Elimination. Each module is worth 1 credit hour and may be taken separately. Each module will have a separate project and/or exam. The final exam time will be used for group presentations and panel discussion. Active class participation is required through discussions, case studies, and group projects. Offered as EPBI 484, INTH 484, and MPHP 484.

INTH 494. Infectious Disease Epidemiology. 1 - 3 Unit.
This course is a follow-up to EPBI 484: Global Health Epidemiology, and focuses on tuberculosis (TB), HIV, and malaria epidemiology. This is an advanced course, focusing on methods and approaches in epidemiology. It will be taught in three 1-credit modules, and students may take each module separately or all 3 together. Each module will have a separate project and/or exam. Module I: Tuberculosis Epidemiology. Module II: HIV epidemiology. Module III: Malaria epidemiology. Offered as EPBI 494, INTH 494, and MPHP 494. Prereq: EPBI 490.

INTH 551. World Health Seminar. 1 Unit.
This seminar (also called the World Health Interest Group) examines a broad range of topics related to infectious disease research in international settings. Areas of interest are certain to include epidemiology, bioethics, medical anthropology, pathogenesis, drug resistance, vector biology, cell and molecular biology, vaccine development, diagnosis, and socio-cultural factors contributing to or compromising effective health care delivery in endemic countries. Speakers will include a diverse group of local faculty, post-doctoral and graduate student trainees, as well as visiting colleagues from around the world.

SYBB Courses

SYBB 311A. Survey of Bioinformatics: Technologies in Bioinformatics. 1 Unit.
SYBB 311/411A is a 5-week course that introduces students to the high-throughput technologies used to collect data for bioinformatics research in the fields of genomics, proteomics, and metabolomics. In particular, we will focus on mass spectrometer-based proteomics, DNA and RNA sequencing, genotyping, protein microarrays, and mass spectrometry-based metabolomics. This is a literature-based course that relies heavily on out-of-class readings. Graduate students will be expected to write a report and give an oral presentation at the end of the course. SYBB 311/411A is part of the SYBB survey series which is composed of the following course sequence: (1) Technologies in Bioinformatics, (2) Data Integration in Bioinformatics, (3) Translational Bioinformatics, and (4) Programming for Bioinformatics. Each standalone section of this course series introduces students to an aspect of a bioinformatics project - from data collection (SYBB 311/411A), to data integration (SYBB 311/411B), to research applications (SYBB 311/411C), with a fourth module (SYBB 311/411D) introducing basic programming skills. Graduate students have the option of enrolling in all four courses or choosing the individual modules most relevant to their background and goals with the exception of SYBB 311D, which must be taken with SYBB 411A. Offered as SYBB 311A, BIOL 311A and SYBB 411A. Prereq: (BIOL 214 and BIOL 215) or BIOL 250. Coreq: SYBB 311B, SYBB 311C, and SYBB 311D.

SYBB 311B. Survey of Bioinformatics: Data Integration in Bioinformatics. 1 Unit.
SYBB 311/411B is a five week course that surveys the conceptual models and tools used to analyze and interpret data collected by high-throughput technologies, providing an entry point for students new to the field of bioinformatics. The knowledge structures that we will cover include: biomedical ontologies, signaling pathways, and interaction networks. We will also cover tools for genome exploration and analysis. The SYBB survey series is composed of the following course sequence: (1) Technologies in Bioinformatics, (2) Data Integration in Bioinformatics, (3) Translational Bioinformatics, and (4) Programming for Bioinformatics. Each standalone section of this course series introduces students to an aspect of a bioinformatics project - from data collection (SYBB 311/411A), to data integration (SYBB 311/411B), to research applications (SYBB 311/411C), with a fourth module (SYBB 311/411D) introducing basic programming skills. Graduate students have the option of enrolling in all four courses or choosing the individual modules most relevant to their background and goals with the exception of SYBB 311D, which must be taken with SYBB 411A. Offered as SYBB 311A, BIOL 311A and SYBB 411A. Prereq: (BIOL 214 and BIOL 215) or BIOL 250. Coreq: SYBB 311B, SYBB 311C, and SYBB 311D.

SYBB 311C. Survey of Bioinformatics: Translational Bioinformatics. 1 Unit.
SYBB 311/411C is a five week course that surveys the use of bioinformatics in clinical and translational research. In the field of bioinformatics, the knowledge structures that we will cover include: biomedical ontologies, signaling pathways, and interaction networks. We will also cover tools for genome exploration and analysis. The SYBB survey series is composed of the following course sequence: (1) Technologies in Bioinformatics, (2) Data Integration in Bioinformatics, (3) Translational Bioinformatics, and (4) Programming for Bioinformatics. Each standalone section of this course series introduces students to an aspect of a bioinformatics project - from data collection (SYBB 311/411A), to data integration (SYBB 311/411B), to research applications (SYBB 311/411C), with a fourth module (SYBB 311/411D) introducing basic programming skills. Graduate students have the option of enrolling in all four courses or choosing the individual modules most relevant to their background and goals with the exception of SYBB 311D, which must be taken with SYBB 411A. Offered as SYBB 311A, BIOL 311A and SYBB 411A. Prereq: (BIOL 214 and BIOL 215) or BIOL 250. Coreq: SYBB 311B, SYBB 311C, and SYBB 311D.

SYBB 311D. Survey of Bioinformatics: Programming for Bioinformatics. 1 Unit.
SYBB 311/411D is a five week course that surveys the use of bioinformatics in clinical and translational research. In the field of bioinformatics, the knowledge structures that we will cover include: biomedical ontologies, signaling pathways, and interaction networks. We will also cover tools for genome exploration and analysis. The SYBB survey series is composed of the following course sequence: (1) Technologies in Bioinformatics, (2) Data Integration in Bioinformatics, (3) Translational Bioinformatics, and (4) Programming for Bioinformatics. Each standalone section of this course series introduces students to an aspect of a bioinformatics project - from data collection (SYBB 311/411A), to data integration (SYBB 311/411B), to research applications (SYBB 311/411C), with a fourth module (SYBB 311/411D) introducing basic programming skills. Graduate students have the option of enrolling in all four courses or choosing the individual modules most relevant to their background and goals with the exception of SYBB 311D, which must be taken with SYBB 411A. Offered as SYBB 311A, BIOL 311A and SYBB 411A. Prereq: (BIOL 214 and BIOL 215) or BIOL 250. Coreq: SYBB 311B, SYBB 311C, and SYBB 311D.

SYBB Courses
SYBB 311C. Survey of Bioinformatics: Translational Bioinformatics. 1 Unit.
SYBB 311/411C is a longitudinal course that introduces students to the latest applications of bioinformatics, with a focus on translational research. Topics include: 'omic drug discovery, pharmacogenomics, microbiome analysis, and genomic medicine. The focus of this course is on illustrating how bioinformatic technologies can be paired with data integration tools for various applications in medicine. The course is organized as a weekly journal club, with instructors leading the discussion of recent literature in the field of bioinformatics. Students will be expected to complete readings beforehand; students will also work in teams to write weekly reports reviewing journal articles in the field. The SYBB survey series is composed of the following course sequence: (1) Technologies in Bioinformatics, (2) Data Integration in Bioinformatics, (3) Translational Bioinformatics, and (4) Programming for Bioinformatics. Each standalone section of this course series introduces students to an aspect of a bioinformatics project - from data collection (SYBB 311/411A), to data integration (SYBB 311/411B), to research applications (SYBB 311/411C), with a fourth module (SYBB 311/411D) introducing basic programming. Graduate students have the option of enrolling in all four courses or choosing the individual modules most relevant to their background and goals with the exception of SYBB411D, which must be taken with SYBB411A. Offered as SYBB 311C, BIOL 311C and SYBB 411C. Prereq: (BIOL 214 and BIOL 215) or BIOL 250. Coreq: SYBB 311A, SYBB 311B, and SYBB 311D.

SYBB 311D. Survey of Bioinformatics: Programming for Bioinformatics. 1 Unit.
SYBB 311D/411D is a 1 credit, 5-week long course that will introduce students to bioinformatics software and programming in the R language; this course is designed for those with little or no prior programming experience. Students will gain hands-on experience working with R packages and functions designed for bioinformatics applications. Programming for Bioinformatics short course focuses on a platform, in this case R-project (project.org), and introduces students to basic programming in R, what packages are available for their use, and teaches an introductory hands-on experience working with R by walking through the students in analyzing a large-omics dataset. At the end of the class, the students are assessed with a small-scale project, where they analyze a publicly available dataset and produce a short report. The SYBB survey series is composed of the following course sequence: (1) Technologies in Bioinformatics, (2) Data Integration in Bioinformatics, (3) Translational Bioinformatics, and (4) Programming for Bioinformatics. Each standalone section of this course series introduces students to an aspect of a bioinformatics project - from data collection (SYBB 311/411A), to data integration (SYBB 311/411B), to research applications (SYBB 311/411C), with a fourth module (SYBB 311/411D) introducing basic programming. Graduate students have the option of enrolling in all four courses or choosing the individual modules most relevant to their background and goals with the exception of SYBB411D, which must be taken with SYBB411A. Offered as SYBB 311D, BIOL 311D and SYBB 411D. Prereq: (BIOL 214 and BIOL 215) or BIOL 250. Coreq: SYBB 311A, SYBB 311B, and SYBB 311C.

SYBB 321. Clinical Informatics at the Bedside and the Bench (Part I). 3 Units.
This two semester series provides students with an overview of the field of clinical informatics, focusing on the content areas outlined by the American Medical Informatics Association (Kulikowski et al. 2012); the first semester will emphasize the use of informatics in clinical settings (i.e. "the bedside"), and the second semester will emphasize the use of informatics in public health, epidemiology, and translational informatics (i.e. "the bench"). Through lectures and readings, students will learn to approach problems in clinical medicine through the lens of "informatics," the science of information, with a focus on applications over theory. As clinical informatics revolves around the development and use of electronic medical records (EMRs), students will be familiarized with EMRs through a hands-on lab simulating clinical workflows. Offered as SYBB 321 and SYBB 421.

SYBB 322. Clinical Informatics at the Bedside and the Bench (Part II). 3 Units.
This course is part of a two semester series that provides student with an overview of the field of clinical informatics. SYBB 422 focuses on the use of informatics in public health, epidemiology, and translational bioinformatics; topics include: pharmacosurveillance, comparative effectiveness research, and personalized medicine. Through lectures and in-depth readings of literature in the field, students will learn to approach problems in clinical medicine through the lens of "informatics", the science of information, with a focus on application over theory. Students are not required to have a background in programming or statistics; however, technical aspects of programming and statistical tools will be discussed throughout the semester. Offered as SYBB 322 and SYBB 422. Prereq: SYBB 321.

SYBB 387. Undergraduate Research in Systems Biology. 1 - 3 Unit.
This course provides students research experience in data science, proteomics, bioinformatics, and clinical informatics under the guidance of faculty affiliated with the Systems Biology and Bioinformatics program. Areas of research include production of big data at bench (cellular proteomics, structural proteomics, genomics, and interaction proteomics) and analysis of big data such as computational/statistical biology, bioinformatics tool development and clinical research informatics. A written report must be approved by the sponsor and submitted to the director of the Center for Proteomics and Bioinformatics before credit is granted.

SYBB 388. Undergraduate Research. 1 - 3 Unit.
Guided laboratory research under the sponsorship of a biology faculty member. May be carried out within the biology department or in associated departments. Appropriate forms must be secured in the biology department office. A written report must be approved by the biology sponsor and submitted to the chairman of the biology department before credit is granted. Only 3 credit-hours may count towards the biology majors or minor. Offered as BIOL 388 and SYBB 388.

SYBB 388S. Undergraduate Research - SAGES Capstone. 3 Units.
Guided laboratory research under the sponsorship of a biology faculty member. May be carried out within the biology department or in associated departments. May be taken only one semester during the student's academic career. Appropriate forms must be secured in the biology department office. A written report must be approved by the biology sponsor and submitted to the chairman of the biology department before credit is granted. A public presentation is required. Offered as BIOL 388S and SYBB 388S. Counts as SAGES Senior Capstone.
**SYBB 411A. Survey of Bioinformatics: Technologies in Bioinformatics. 1 Unit.**

SYBB 311/411A is a 5-week course that introduces students to the high-throughput technologies used to collect data for bioinformatics research in the fields of genomics, proteomics, and metabolomics. In particular, we will focus on mass spectrometer-based proteomics, DNA and RNA sequencing, genotyping, protein microarrays, and mass spectrometry-based metabolomics. This is a lecture-based course that relies heavily on out-of-class readings. Graduate students will be expected to write a report and give an oral presentation at the end of the course. SYBB 311/411A is part of the SYBB survey series which is composed of the following course sequence: (1) Technologies in Bioinformatics, (2) Data Integration in Bioinformatics, (3) Translational Bioinformatics, and (4) Programming for Bioinformatics. Each standalone section of this course introduces students to an aspect of a bioinformatics project - from data collection (SYBB 311/411A), to data integration (SYBB 311/411B), to research applications (SYBB 311/411C), with a fourth module (SYBB 311/411D) introducing basic programming skills. Graduate students have the option of enrolling in all four courses or choosing the individual modules most relevant to their background and goals with the exception of SYBB411D, which must be taken with SYBB411A. Offered as SYBB 311A, BIOL 311A and SYBB 411A. Prereq: Graduate Standing or Requisites Not Met Permission.

**SYBB 411B. Survey of Bioinformatics: Data Integration in Bioinformatics. 1 Unit.**

SYBB 311/411B is a five week course that surveys the conceptual models and tools used to analyze and interpret data collected by high-throughput technologies, providing an entry points for students new to the field of bioinformatics. The knowledge structures that we will cover include: biomedical ontologies, signaling pathways, and interaction networks. We will also cover tools for genome exploration and analysis. The SYBB survey series is composed of the following course sequence: (1) Technologies in Bioinformatics, (2) Data Integration in Bioinformatics, (3) Translational Bioinformatics, and (4) Programming for Bioinformatics. Each standalone section of this course series introduces students to an aspect of a bioinformatics project - from data collection (SYBB 311/411A), to data integration (SYBB 311/411B), to research applications (SYBB 311/411C), with a fourth module (SYBB 311/411D) introducing basic programming. Graduate students have the option of enrolling in all four courses or choosing the individual modules most relevant to their background and goals with the exception of SYBB411D, which must be taken with SYBB411A. Offered as SYBB 311B, BIOL 311B and SYBB 411B. Prereq: Graduate Standing or Requisites Not Met Permission.

**SYBB 411C. Survey of Bioinformatics: Translational Bioinformatics. 1 Unit.**

SYBB 311/411C is a longitudinal course that introduces students to the latest applications of bioinformatics, with a focus on translational research. Topics include: ’omic drug discovery, pharmacogenomics, microbiome analysis, and genomic medicine. The focus of this course is on illustrating how bioinformatic technologies can be paired with data integration tools for various applications in medicine. The course is organized as a weekly journal club, with instructors leading the discussion of recent literature in the field of bioinformatics. Students will be expected to complete readings beforehand; students will also work in teams to write weekly reports reviewing journal articles in the field. The SYBB survey series is composed of the following course sequence: (1) Technologies in Bioinformatics, (2) Data Integration in Bioinformatics, (3) Translational Bioinformatics, and (4) Programming for Bioinformatics. Each standalone section of this course series introduces students to an aspect of a bioinformatics project - from data collection (SYBB 311/411A), to data integration (SYBB 311/411B), to research applications (SYBB 311/411C), with a fourth module (SYBB 311/411D) introducing basic programming. Graduate students have the option of enrolling in all four courses or choosing the individual modules most relevant to their background and goals with the exception of SYBB411D, which must be taken with SYBB411A. Offered as SYBB 311C, BIOL 311C and SYBB 411C. Prereq: Graduate Standing or Requisites Not Met Permission.

**SYBB 411D. Survey of Bioinformatics: Programming for Bioinformatics. 1 Unit.**

SYBB 311D/411D is a 1 credit, 5-week long course that will introduce students to bioinformatics software and programming in the R language; this course is designed for those with little or no prior programming experience. Students will gain hands-on experience working with R packages and functions designed for bioinformatics applications. Programming for Bioinformatics short course focuses on a platform, in this case R-project (rproject.org), and introduces students to basic programming in R, what packages are available for their use, and teaches an introductory hands-on experience working with R by walking through the students in analyzing a large-omics dataset. At the end of the class, the students are assessed with a small-scale project, where they analyze a publicly available dataset and produce a short report. The SYBB survey series is composed of the following course sequence: (1) Technologies in Bioinformatics, (2) Data Integration in Bioinformatics, (3) Translational Bioinformatics, and (4) Programming for Bioinformatics. Each standalone section of this course series introduces students to an aspect of a bioinformatics project - from data collection (SYBB 311/411A), to data integration (SYBB 311/411B), to research applications (SYBB 311/411C), with a fourth module (SYBB 311/411D) introducing basic programming. Graduate students have the option of enrolling in all four courses or choosing the individual modules most relevant to their background and goals with the exception of SYBB411D, which must be taken with SYBB411A. Offered as SYBB 311D, BIOL 311D and SYBB 411D. Prereq: Graduate Standing or Requisites Not Met Permission.
SYBB 421. Clinical Informatics at the Bedside and the Bench (Part I). 3 Units.
This two semester series provides students with an overview of the field of clinical informatics, focusing on the content areas outlined by the American Medical Informatics Association (Kulikowski et al. 2012); the first semester will emphasize the use of informatics in clinical settings (i.e. “the bedside”), and the second semester will emphasize the use of informatics in public health, epidemiology, and translational informatics (i.e. “the bench”). Through lectures and readings, students will learn to approach problems in clinical medicine through the lens of “informatics,” the science of information, with a focus on applications over theory. As clinical informatics revolves around the development and use of electronic medical records (EMRs), students will be familiarized with EMRs through a hands-on lab simulating clinical workflows. Offered as SYBB 321 and SYBB 421.

SYBB 422. Clinical Informatics at the Bedside and the Bench (Part II). 3 Units.
This course is part of a two semester series that provides student with an overview of the field of clinical informatics. SYBB 422 focuses on the use of informatics in public health, epidemiology, and translational bioinformatics; topics include: pharmacosurveillance, comparative effectiveness research, and personalized medicine. Through lectures and in-depth readings of literature in the field, students will learn to approach problems in clinical medicine through the lens of “informatics”, the science of information, with a focus on application over theory. Students are not required to have a background in programming or statistics; however, technical aspects of programming and statistical tools will be discussed throughout the semester. Offered as SYBB 322 and SYBB 422. Prereq: SYBB 321.

SYBB 437. Laboratory Course in Proteomics. 3 Units.
SYBB 437 is designed to train students, postdoctoral fellows, and senior investigators in advanced methods in quantitative proteomics in the context of investigating the effects of pH on protein expression in the model organism E-coli. This intensive laboratory class is a 3-credit laboratory course and will be offered for a scheduled three hours time block once each week. In this course, we will cover topics in proteomics including protein sample preparation, total protein quantification, gel based separation and quantification methods, quantitative high throughput mass spectrometry and data analysis methods for examining these high throughput data. Students enrolled in SYBB 437 will be expected to turn in weekly lab reports summarizing their findings on each of the lab topics and will write two project reports at the end of labs 9 and 14 interpreting and summarizing the results obtained.

SYBB 459. Bioinformatics for Systems Biology. 3 Units.

SYBB 472. BioDesign. 3 Units.
Medical device innovations that would have been considered science fiction a decade ago are already producing new standards of patient care. Innovation leading to lower cost of care, minimally invasive procedures and shorter recovery times is equally important to healthcare business leaders, educators, clinicians, and policy-makers. Innovation is a driver of regional economic development and wealth creation in organizational units ranging in size from the start-up to the Fortune 500 companies. In a broader context, the pace of translational research leading to product and service innovation is highly interdisciplinary, thus, new products and services result from team efforts, marked by a systematic, structured approach to bringing new medical technologies to market and impacting patient care. In this course we examine medical technology innovations in the context of (A) addressing unmet clinical needs, (B) the process of inventing new medical devices and instruments, and (C) subsequent implementation of these advances in patient care. In short, the student learns the process of "identify, invent, implement" in the field of BioDesign. Offered as EBME 472, IIME 472 and SYBB 472.

SYBB 501. Biomedical Informatics and Systems Biology Journal Club. 0 Units.
The purpose of this journal club is to provide an opportunity for students to critically discuss a wide variety of informatics and systems biology topics and to present their works in progress. A wide range of informatics and systems theory approaches to conducting biomedical research will be accomplished through the guided selection of articles to be discussed during the club. Potential articles will be chosen from scientific journals including: Nature, Science, BMC Bioinformatics, BMC Systems Biology, the Journal of Bioinformatics and Computational Biology, and the Journal for Biomedical Informatics. During journal presentations, trainees will be expected to lead a discussion of the article that leads to the critical evaluation of the merit of the article and its implication for biomedical informatics and systems biology. The Journal Club will also provide a forum for trainees to present proposed, on-going, and completed research. Trainees will attend and participate in the Journal Club throughout their tenure in the program. The Journal Club will meet twice a month and each trainee will be required to present one journal article and one research in progress presentation yearly. The Journal Club will also include sessions where issues related to the responsible conduct of research are reviewed and extended.

SYBB 502. Clinical Informatics Journal Club. 0 Units.
The Clinical Informatics Journal Club serves as a forum for students to present current research in the field of clinical informatics. Students are required to coregister for SYBB 421 or SYBB 422; weekly lectures in SYBB 421/422 will introduce topics for discussion in the journal club Coreq: SYBB 421 or SYBB 422.

SYBB 535. Independent Study in Biomedical Informatics. 1 - 3 Unit.
For students pursuing MS or PhD degrees in SYBB, this course provides the opportunity for in-depth exposure to a subfield of systems biology and/or biomedical informatics. Degree-seeking students can enroll in this course prior to beginning 601 or 701 research. In conjunction with their proposed research advisor, enrolled students will undertake a self-directed study of a subfield of systems biology and/or biomedical informatics pertinent to their research area. The selected readings may also represent topics not covered by the student's coursework. The student's performance will be evaluated in an end-of-semester presentation or report at their advisor's discretion.
SYBB 555. Current Proteomics. 3 Units.
This course is designed for graduate students across the university who wish to acquire a better understanding of fundamental concepts of proteomics and hands-on experience with techniques used in current proteomics. Lectures will cover protein/peptide separation techniques, protein mass spectrometry, bioinformatics tools, and biological applications which include quantitative proteomics, protein modification proteomics, interaction proteomics, structural genomics and structural proteomics. Laboratory portion will involve practice on the separation of proteins by two-dimensional gel electrophoresis, molecular weight measurement of proteins by mass spectrometry, peptide structural characterization by tandem mass spectrometry and protein identification using computational tools. The instructors' research topics will also be discussed. Recommended preparation: CBIO 453 and CBIO 455. Offered as PHRM 555 and SYBB 555.

SYBB 600. Special Topics. 1 - 18 Unit.
Offered as EECS 600 and SYBB 600.

SYBB 601. Systems Biology and Bioinformatics Research. 1 - 18 Unit.
(Credit as arranged.)

SYBB 651. Thesis MS. 1 - 18 Unit.
(Credit as arranged.)

SYBB 701. Dissertation PhD. 1 - 18 Unit.
(Credit as arranged.) Prereq: Predoctoral research consent or advanced to Ph.D. candidacy milestone.

Graduate Programs in the Biomedical Sciences

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The School of Medicine is proud to administer doctoral, master's, professional and certificate graduate programs in the biomedical sciences, described fully in this bulletin under their departmental or center affiliations. The Office of Graduate Education provides support and information on the graduate and postdoctoral training programs in the School of Medicine, as well as professional skill development and training grant proposal support. Resources for proposal development as well as current training information are available at the SOM Graduate Education (http://casemed.case.edu/gradprog) website.

Case Western Reserve University School of Medicine has a strong commitment to the importance of diversity in its research and educational programs. The CWRU community celebrates how our individual diversity in race, ethnicity, gender, country of origin, sexual orientation or gender identity enhances our work together. CWRU programs welcome diverse individuals, including those individuals of racial and ethnic groups underrepresented in biomedical science, those with physical disabilities, and those with disadvantaged backgrounds.

Common Academic Requirements

Each graduate program follows the overall regulations established and described in Graduate Studies Academic Requirements pages (http://bulletin.case.edu/schoolofmedicine/graduateprograms/http://schoolofgraduatesudies/academicrequirements) and documented to the Regents of the State of Ohio. In particular, students and faculty are directed to sections regarding Academic Requirements for Master's and Doctoral Degrees regarding total and graded course requirements, dissertation advisory committees, maintenance of quality-point average, and other general aspects of graduate study at CWRU. Within those overall expectations, a specific course of study for each graduate program is required and described in each degree plan of study.

Guiding Principles for Graduate Education in the School of Medicine

Training and educating graduate students in the biomedical sciences is a complex process that continually evolves based on the rapid progression of scientific discovery and ever expanding technological landscape. Graduate programs must continually modify their approaches to meet these modern-day needs. Students are expected to master their overall discipline, become experts in their field of research, as well as gain expertise in a diverse, but interrelated professional skill set. That skill set should be clearly defined, widely communicated and integrated across all PhD disciplines at CWRU SOM. Moreover, a set of common principles or goals for educating all graduate students in the SOM helps to guide our programs in course or curriculum development. The School of Medicine Graduate Education Office, in collaboration with the graduate program directors, developed a formal set of Guiding Principles for the education and training of all Ph.D. students in order to help accomplish these important goals.

Graduate Admissions to School of Medicine Programs

Graduate students are admitted to our programs through several streams, including the Biomedical Sciences Training Program (http://www.case.edu/med/BSTP), the Medical Scientist Training Program (http://mstp.cwru.edu), dual-degree initiatives, and direct admission to specific programs (please see individual program entries under their affiliated department pages).

Student Affinity Groups

Graduate students interact in vibrant groups in the School of Medicine including the Biomedical Graduate Student Organization (http://casemed.case.edu/gradprog/bgso.cfm) and the Minority Graduate Student Organization (http://casemed.case.edu/gradprog/mgso.cfm), as well as university-wide student organizations such as the Graduate Student Senate (http://case.edu/gss). In addition, doctoral students in the School of Medicine organize the annual Biomedical Graduate Student Symposium (http://filer.case.edu/org/bgss/site/Home.html).

Postdoctoral Fellows and Postdoctoral Scholars are appointed through the Office of Postdoctoral Affairs (http://postdoc.case.edu). The Office of Graduate Education provides monthly Professional Skills Programs for trainees.

Biomedical Sciences Training Program (BSTP)

Phone: 216.368.3347
http://www.case.edu/med/BSTP/
Martin Snider, PhD, Director
Debbie Noureddine, Coordinator

The Biomedical Sciences Training Program (BSTP) offers a common admission portal to most biomedical PhD degree programs at CWRU School of Medicine. The BSTP includes eleven doctoral programs in the School of Medicine with more than 200 faculty based in both basic science and clinical departments. Students in the BSTP have the opportunity to study within any research discipline represented in the training programs. This opportunity gives students a tremendous range
of research choices. It also provides a distinct advantage over traditional programs, which restrict choices of research area and faculty advisors.

Admissions

Students usually apply in the fall or winter and begin their studies the following summer. The application deadline is January 15th. Applications will be considered by the Admissions Committee as soon as they are complete. In general a year of biology, organic chemistry and mathematics through calculus are required, and biochemistry and molecular biology are strongly recommended. We also seek students with strong backgrounds in physics or math who may be interested in our Structural Biology track (http://sbb-tp.case.edu) or Systems Biology and Bioinformatics (p. 836) programs. Depending on preparation, we may suggest additional biology coursework once graduate training begins. This background prepares most students for success in our programs.

Research Experience and Recommendations

Experience performing original research is essential. This might stem from an undergraduate honors thesis, summer research internships, or a technical position after graduation. Letters of recommendation from research mentors that describe creativity, hardwork and promise in science are very important.

Exams

The GRE general test is required. Recent classes have earned an average of 70th percentile in each area. A GRE subject test is desirable, but is not required. The Test of English as a Foreign Language (TOEFL) is required for foreign students unless they are from an English-speaking country or have a degree from a university where the instruction is primarily in English. Students may be eligible to apply for the transfer of some graduate credit from their previous institution. Please go here (http://gradstudies.case.edu) for more information. Transfer credit must be requested prior to beginning coursework at CWRU.

The First Year

Coursework

Students take integrated courses in Cell and Molecular Biology (CBIO 453 Cell Biology I, CBIO 455 Molecular Biology I). These two courses, offered in the fall semester, emphasize the molecular approaches that form the basis of modern biology. We also seek students with strong quantitative training who may have majored in physics or math, and offer alternative courses for those students to acquire foundations in biology. Qualified students also may take more specialized elective courses. All students take IBMS 500: On Being a Professional Scientist: The Responsible Conduct of Research.

Research Rotations

The research rotations allow students to explore research areas and become familiar with faculty members and their laboratories. The main purpose of these rotations is to aid students in selecting a laboratory for their thesis work. Students are encouraged to begin their rotations in July. Doing so gives them the opportunity to complete rotations during the summer before classes begin at the end of August. A minimum of three rotations must be completed during the year.

Choosing a Thesis Advisor

During the first year, students select an advisor for their dissertation research. Each student also joins the doctoral training program with which the advisor is affiliated. Once a student has chosen a PhD program, the specific requirements of that program are followed to obtain the PhD. The emphasis of the PhD work is on research, culminating in the completion of an original, independent research thesis.

Participating Training Programs

- Biochemistry (p. 739)
- Cell Biology (p. 850)
- Genetics and Genome Sciences (p. 754)
- Molecular Biology and Microbiology (p. 850)
- Molecular Virology (p. 850)
- Molecular and Cellular Basis of Disease (p. 773)
- Neurosciences (p. 758)
- Nutrition (p. 766)
- Pharmacology (p. 781)
- Physiology and Biophysics (p. 787)
- Systems Biology and Bioinformatics (p. 836)

These programs have tracks that allow specialization in the following areas: Cancer Biology; Cancer Therapeutics; Cell and Molecular Physiology; Developmental Biology; Experimental Pathology; Immunology; Membrane Structural and Biology; Molecular and Cellular Biophysics; Molecular Pharmacology and Cell Regulation; Molecular Pharmacology and Cell Regulation; Organ Systems Physiology; RNA Biology; Structural Biology & Biophysics; Translational Therapeutics.

Training faculty, course offerings and individual degree requirements are described in detail in the separate listings for each of these programs. All PhD programs have similar requirements, including an original thesis, coursework, examinations, publications in scientific journals with lead authorship, seminars and journal clubs and other activities.

BSTP Courses

BSTP 400. Research Rotation in Biomedical Sciences Training Program. 0 - 9 Units.

CBIO Courses

CBIO 453. Cell Biology I. 4 Units.

Part of the first semester curriculum for first year graduate students along with CBIO 455. This course is designed to give students an intensive introduction to prokaryotic and eukaryotic cell structure and function. Topics include membrane structure and function, mechanisms of protein localization in cells, secretion and endocytosis, the cytoskeleton, cell adhesion, cell signaling and the regulation of cell growth. Important methods in cell biology are also presented. This course is suitable for graduate students entering most areas of basic biomedical research. Undergraduate courses in biochemistry, cell and molecular biology are excellent preparation for this course. Recommended preparation: Undergraduate biochemistry or molecular biology.
CBIO 455. Molecular Biology I. 4 Units.
Part of the first semester curriculum for first year graduate students along with CBIO 453. This course is designed to give students an intensive introduction to prokaryotic and eukaryotic molecular biology. Topics include protein structure and function, DNA and chromosome structure, DNA replication, RNA transcription and its regulation, RNA processing, and protein synthesis. Important methods in molecular biology are also presented. This course is suitable for graduate students entering most areas of basic biomedical research. Undergraduate courses in biochemistry, cell and molecular biology are excellent preparation for this course. Recommended preparation: Undergraduate biochemistry or molecular biology.

IBMS Courses

IBMS 500. On Being a Professional Scientist: The Responsible Conduct of Research. 1 Unit.
The goal of this course is to provide graduate students with an opportunity to think through their professional ethical commitments before they are tested, on the basis of the scientific community’s accumulated experience with the issues. Students will be brought up to date on the current state of professional policy and federal regulation in this area, and, through case studies, will discuss practical strategies for preventing and resolving ethical problems in their own work. The course is designed to meet the requirements for “instruction about responsible conduct in research” for BSTP and MSTP students supported through NIH/ADAMHA institutional training grant programs at Case. Attendance is required.

Molecular Biology and Microbiology

Ms. Brinn Omabegho (brinn.omabegho@case.edu), Manager

The Department of Molecular Biology and Microbiology provides a focus within the School of Medicine for the study of the growth and development of microorganisms at the molecular level. The Department is home to three PhD programs: Cell Biology, Molecular Biology and Microbiology, and Molecular Virology.

Faculty have nationally-funded research programs. Many faculty serve on study sections of national agencies, publish in the most prestigious journals, serve as editors of journals, and take leadership positions in throughout Case School of Medicine. The department also enjoys numerous collaborations with faculty in the Departments of Biochemistry, Neuroscience, and Genetics, the Case Comprehensive Cancer Center, the Visual Sciences Research Center, the Center for AIDS Research, and the Center for RNA Molecular Biology, and the Department of Cell Biology at the Lerner Research Center at CCF, because of shared research interests. All these activities create a vibrant scientific environment.

Research areas include the study of normal cell functions, microbial systems, viruses, and infectious diseases. It is only by developing a thorough understanding of the fundamental biology of cells and pathogenic microbes, their host organisms, and how the two interact during infection that improved strategies for prevention and treatment of infectious diseases can be achieved.

PhD in Cell Biology, Molecular Biology and Microbiology, Molecular Virology

The Department of Molecular Biology and Microbiology is home to three PhD programs: Cell Biology, Molecular Biology and Microbiology, and Molecular Virology. Admissions for all three of these programs occurs through the common PhD admissions program, the Biomedical Sciences Training Program (p. 848). In addition, students in the Medical Scientist Training Program (p. 808) (MSTP) can also pursue these three PhD programs.

PhD Requirements

Students entering through BSTP begin the first of three research rotations during the summer and participate in the Core Curriculum in Cell and Molecular Biology (C3MB), two integrated courses which provides formal instruction in modern cell and molecular biology. Some exceptional students with strong backgrounds, such as a previous Master’s Degree, may be eligible to be exempted from part of the Core Curriculum, and instead enroll in one or more advanced courses during the fall semester. Some students may be eligible to apply for the transfer of credit from their previous institution (please visit here (http://gradstudies.case.edu) for more information). Transfer credit must be requested prior to beginning coursework at CWRU.

A student who chooses a thesis advisor from Cell Biology, Molecular Biology Microbiology or Molecular Virology can become a member of one of these three PhD programs. To earn a PhD a student must complete 400-level graduate Core and Elective coursework including responsible conduct of research as described in the course of study.

Students in each program are expected to attend the joint student seminars (MBIO 435 Seminar in Molecular Biology/Microbiology/MVIR 435 Seminar in Molecular Biology/Microbiology/CLBY 435 Seminar in Molecular Biology/Microbiology) for at least 3 semesters (3 credit hours). Continued participation in the seminars after completion of this requirement is encouraged. Up to 4 credit hours can be allocated to the seminar course (one credit per semester).

Molecular Biology and Microbiology/ Molecular Virology and Cell Biology students should take the MBIO 450 Cells and Pathogens/MVIR 450 Cells and Pathogens/CLBY 450 Cells and Pathogens.

In addition, Cell Biology Students entering in 2009 or later must take two of the three following fundamental courses: (CLBY 422 Topics in Cell Biology); (CLBY 526 Cell Biology and Human Disease/MBIO 526 Cell Biology and Human Disease); or (CLBY 488 Yeast Genetics and Cell Biology).

Beyond that, any combination of graduate courses from within or outside the department can be used to fulfill the requirement as long as the planned program of study has the approval of the student’s advisor and committee.

In addition, each PhD student must successfully complete a qualifier examination for advancement to candidacy in the form of a short grant proposal with oral defense. The qualifier is generally completed in the summer after year two. During the dissertation period, students are expected to meet twice a year with the thesis committee, present seminars in the department, and fulfill journal publication requirements. Throughout the doctoral training, students are expected to be
enthusiastic participants in seminars, journal clubs, and research meetings in the lab and program.

Plan of Study
Please also see Graduate Studies Academic Requirements for Doctoral Degrees (p. 668).

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Total Units in Sequence: 25-61

Third Year: Either semester, complete elective coursework so that total graded courses = 24 credits; Research credits switch from 601 to 701 once passed into candidacy

Third Year + Full-time thesis research (701) - 18 total credit hours total

CLBY Courses

CLBY 416. Fundamental Immunology. 4 Units.
Introductory immunology providing an overview of the immune system, including activation, effector mechanisms, and regulation. Topics include antigen-antibody reactions, immunologically important cell surface receptors, cell-cell interactions, cell-mediated immunity, innate versus adaptive immunity, cytokines, and basic molecular biology and signal transduction in B and T lymphocytes, and immunopathology. Three weekly lectures emphasize experimental findings leading to the concepts of modern immunology. An additional recitation hour is required to integrate the core material with experimental data and known immune mediated diseases. Five mandatory 90 minute group problem sets per semester will be administered outside of lecture and recitation meeting times. Graduate students will be graded separately from undergraduates, and 22 percent of the grade will be based on a critical analysis of a recently published, landmark scientific article. Offered as BIOL 316, BIOL 416, CLBY 416, and PATH 416. Prereq: Graduate standing.

CLBY 417. Cytokines: Function, Structure, and Signaling. 3 Units.
Regulation of immune responses and differentiation of leukocytes is modulated by proteins (cytokines) secreted and/or expressed by both immune and non-immune cells. Course examines the function, expression, gene organization, structure, receptors, and intracellular signaling of cytokines. Topic include regulatory and inflammatory cytokines, colony stimulating factors, chemokines, cytokine and cytokine receptor gene families, intracellular signaling through STAT proteins and tyrosine phosphorylation, clinical potential, and genetic defects. Lecture format using texts, scientific reviews and research articles. Recommended preparation: PATH 416 or equivalent. Offered as BIOL 417, CLBY 417, and PATH 417.

CLBY 422. Topics in Cell Biology. 3 Units.
This team-taught seminar course focuses on 3-4 distinct areas of contemporary cell biology. Faculty will present context and overview, but most time will be devoted to a close reading of the literature and discussion by students in a round table format. Recommended preparation: CBIO 453 and CBIO 455.

CLBY 435. Seminar in Molecular Biology/Microbiology. 1 Unit.
Graduate students will attend the departmental seminar given by all graduate students in the Department of Molecular Biology and Microbiology, in the Molecular Virology Program, and in the Cell Biology Program, as well as give a seminar on their own thesis research. Students will be evaluated by the faculty member in charge of that student's seminar with input from the students' own thesis committee. After each seminar, the student presenter will meet with other graduate students for peer-review of the content, delivery, and style of the seminar. Peer reviewers will also be evaluated for the quality of their input. Offered as CLBY 435 and MBIO 435 and MVIR 435.
CLBY 450. Cells and Pathogens. 3 Units.
Modern molecular cell biology owes a great debt to viral and bacterial pathogens as model systems. In some instances pathogens operate by faithful mimicry of host proteins, and other cases represent the result of extensive molecular tinkering and convergent evolution. This course will also explore numerous mechanisms utilized by pathogens to subvert the host and enhance their own survival. Topics covered include nuclear regulatory mechanisms, protein synthesis and stability, membrane-bound organelles, endocytosis and phagocytosis, and factors that influence cell behavior such as cytoskeleton rearrangements, cell-cell interactions, and cell migration. Additional topics include cell signaling and co-evolution of pathogens and host cell functions. Students are expected to come to class prepared to discuss pre-assigned readings consisting of brief reviews and seminal papers from the literature. Student assessment will be based on effective class participation (approximately 80%) and successful presentation of an independent research topic (approximately 20%). Offered as CLBY 450, MBIO 450, and MVIR 450. Prereq: CBIO 453 and CBIO 455 or permission of instructor.

CLBY 466. Cell Signaling. 3 Units.
This is an advanced lecture/journal/discussion format course that covers cell signaling mechanisms. Included are discussions of neurotransmitter-gated ion channels, growth factor receptor kinases, cytokine receptors, G protein-coupled receptors, steroid receptors, heterotrimeric G proteins, ras family GTPases, second messenger cascades, protein kinase cascades, second messenger regulation of transcription factors, microtubule-based motility, actin/myosin-based motility, signals for regulation of cell cycle, signals for regulation of apoptosis. Offered as CLBY 466 and PHOL 466 and PHRM 466.

CLBY 468. Membrane Physiology. 3 Units.
This student-guided discussion/journal course focuses on biological membranes. Topics discussed include thermodynamics and kinetics of membrane transport, oxidative phosphorylation and bioenergetics, electro-physiology of excitable membranes, and whole and single channel electrophysiology, homeostasis and pH regulation, volume and calcium regulation. Offered as CLBY 468 and PHOL 468.

CLBY 488. Yeast Genetics and Cell Biology. 3 Units.
This seminar course provides an introduction to the genetics and molecular biology of the yeasts S. cerevisiae and S. pombe by a discussion of current literature focusing primarily on topics in yeast cell biology. Students are first introduced to the tools of molecular genetics and special features of yeasts that make them important model eukaryotic organisms. Some selected topics include cell polarity, cell cycle, secretory pathways, vesicular and nuclear/cyttoplasmic transport, mitochondrial import and biogenesis, chromosome segregation, cytoskeleton, mating response and signal transduction. Offered as CLBY 488, GENE 488, MBIO 488, and PATH 488.

CLBY 511. Cell Biology Seminar. 1 Unit.
The Cell Biology Seminar provides a forum for presentation and discussion of contemporary issues in Cell Biology. Students, fellows, local faculty and guest speakers present both research talks and journal clubs.

CLBY 512. Cell Biology Seminar. 1 Unit.
The Cell Biology Seminar provides a forum for presentation and discussion of contemporary issues in Cell Biology. Students, fellows, local faculty and guest speakers present both research talks and journal clubs.

CLBY 519. Molecular Biology of RNA. 3 Units.
Selected topics regarding editing, enzymatic function, splicing, and structure of RNA. Offered as BIOC 519, CLBY 519, and MBIO 519.

CLBY 525. Transport and Targeting of Macromolecules in Health and Disease. 3 Units.
PATH 525 is a 3 credit hour advanced course on neurodegenerative disorders intended for PhD and MD/PhD students. Master's and first and second-year medical students with adequate background in cell and molecular biology and the drive to work hard and overcome challenges are welcome. This course attempts to bridge the gap between molecular mechanisms at the cellular level with disease presentation and therapeutic options for neurodegenerative disorders of protein mis-folding and metal mis-metabolism. The course will cover topics related to Alzheimer's disease, Parkinson's disease, Huntington's disease, Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis, Multiple sclerosis, Prion diseases, disorders of iron and copper metabolism, and other disorders of interest to the students. The class will meet once every week, and the students will discuss relevant scientific reports from recent literature. Students are expected to participate actively in class discussion, and write a 5-6 page research proposal following NIH guidelines for the final exam. The students are expected to present and defend their proposal in class. Grading criteria: Class participation (70%), final paper and presentation (30%). Offered as PATH 525 and CLBY 525.

CLBY 526. Cell Biology and Human Disease. 3 Units.
This course is designed to provide broad base of knowledge regarding cell structure and function. The basic structure of the cell will be discussed, as will the various functional systems that are superimposed upon and interact with this structure. The course will discuss organelle biogenesis, materials movement inside cells, cell interaction with the external environment, cell cycle and cell death regulation, cytoskeleton dynamics, quality control mechanisms, and basic signal transduction concepts. The course will also discuss how abnormal cell function may lead to human disease, and how basic cell function may be harnessed by intracellular pathogens to provide favorable intracellular environments for replication. The major goals of this course are to provide students with a working knowledge of the cell to facilitate understanding of the scientific literature, and to familiarize students with modern experimental approaches in cell biology. The course will rely heavily on student participation. Students will be provided with study guides with the expectation they will come to class prepared to lead interactive group discussions with minimal input from instructors. Offered as: CLBY 526, MBIO 526, MVIR 526.

CLBY 599. RNA Structure and Function. 3 Units.
This course will cover fundamental aspects of modern RNA biology with emphasis on the interplay of three dimensional structure of nucleic acids and their function. The main focus of the course is on the recent discoveries that indicate a prominent role of RNA as a major regulator of cellular function. Topics discussed will include an introduction to RNA structure, folding and dynamics, RNA/RNA and RNA-protein interactions, and role of RNA in catalysis of biological reactions in ribosome and the role of other catalytic RNAs in RNA biogenesis, pre-mRNA splicing, and viral replication. The course also covers the recently discovered RNA regulatory switches, large noncoding regulatory RNAs, and the role of RNA in human diseases and novel, RNA-based therapeutics. Offered as BIOC 599, CLBY 599, and MBIO 599.

CLBY 601. Special Problems. 1 - 18 Unit.
This is the listing for independent research. Students should enroll in this course once they have selected their laboratory for Ph.D. research. The number of credit hours depends on how many didactic courses they are following at the same time. Once they have passed their qualifying examination they should register for CLBY 701.
This is the listing for independent research toward the Ph.D. The number of credit hours depends on how many didactic courses students are following at the same time. Students may register for this course only once they have passed their qualifying examination. Prereq: Predoctoral research consent or advanced to Ph.D. candidacy milestone.

MBIO Courses

MBIO 399. Undergraduate Research. 1 - 3 Unit.
Permits qualified undergraduates to work in a faculty member's laboratory.

MBIO 413. Advanced Topics in Molecular and Biochemical Research Ethics. 0 Units.
This course offers continuing education in responsible conduct of research for advanced graduate students. The course will cover the nine federally defined responsible conduct of research (RCR) areas through a combination of lectures, on-line course material and small group discussions. Six 2-hour meetings per semester are planned. Maximum enrollment of 15 students with preference to graduate students in the Department of Molecular Biology and Microbiology, the Department of Biochemistry, and trainees of the Cell and Molecular Biology Training Grant. Offered as: BIOC 413, MBIO 413.

MBIO 420. Current Topics in Cancer. 3 Units.
The concept of cancer hallmarks has provided a useful guiding principle in our understanding of the complexity of cancer. The hallmarks include sustaining proliferative signaling, evading growth suppressors, enabling replicative immortality, activating invasion and metastasis, inducing angiogenesis, resisting cell death, deregulating cellular energetics, avoiding immune destruction, tumor-promoting inflammation, and genome instability and mutation. The objectives of this course are to (1) examine the principles of some of these hallmarks, and (2) explore potential therapies developed based on these hallmarks of cancer. This is a student-driven and discussion-based graduate course. Students should have had some background on the related subjects and have read scientific papers in their prior coursework. Students will be called on to present and discuss experimental design, data and conclusions from assigned publications. There will be no exams or comprehensive papers but students will submit a one-page critique (strengths and weaknesses) of one of the assigned papers prior to each class meeting. The course will end with a full-day student-run symposium on topics to be decided jointly by students and the course director. Grades will be based on class participation, written critiques, and symposium presentations. Offered as BIOC 420, MBIO 420, MVIR 420, PATH 422, and PHRM 420. Prereq: CBIO 453 and CBIO 455.

MBIO 435. Seminar in Molecular Biology/Microbiology. 1 Unit.
Graduate students will attend the departmental seminar given by all graduate students in the Department of Molecular Biology and Microbiology, in the Molecular Virology Program, and in the Cell Biology Program, as well as give a seminar on their own thesis research. Students will be evaluated by the faculty member in charge of that student's seminar with input from the students' own thesis committee. After each seminar, the student presenter will meet with other graduate students for peer-review of the content, delivery, and style of the seminar. Peer reviewers will also be evaluated for the quality of their input. Offered as CLBY 435 and MBIO 435 and MVIR 435. Prereq: CBIO 453 and CBIO 455.

MBIO 445. Molecular Biology and Pathogenesis of RNA and DNA Viruses. 3 Units.
Through a combination of lectures by Case faculty and guest lecturers, along with student discussion of current literature, this course emphasizes mechanisms of viral gene expression and pathogenesis. RNA viruses to be discussed include positive, negative, and retroviruses. DNA viruses include SV40, adenovirus, herpes, papilloma, and others. Important aspects of host defense mechanisms, antiviral agents, and viral vectors will also be covered. Students will be evaluated based on their quality of presentation of course papers assigned to them and their overall participation in class discussions. Offered as MBIO 445 and MVIR 445.

MBIO 446. Virus-Host Interactions. 3 Units.
Viruses and their hosts have co-evolved for millions of years and, as a result, viruses have evolved intricate and fascinating mechanisms for evading host defenses. Understanding how viruses interact with the host is fundamental to counteracting or preventing viral infections. For example, viruses that fail to block host defenses are avirulent and candidates for vaccines. Emerging viral infections are a major public health concern and a subject of this course. The course consists of lectures and in-depth analysis of published studies on virus-host interactions. Outstanding local and external lecturers from across the U.S. will participate in teaching this course. In addition, students will deliver one presentation to the class during the course. Offered as MBIO 446 and MVIR 446.

MBIO 450. Cells and Pathogens. 3 Units.
Modern molecular cell biology owes a great debt to viral and bacterial pathogens as model systems. In some instances pathogens operate by faithful mimicry of host proteins, and other cases represent the result of extensive molecular tinkering and convergent evolution. This course will also explore numerous mechanisms utilized by pathogens to subvert the host and enhance their own survival. Topics covered include nuclear regulatory mechanisms, protein synthesis and stability, membrane-bound organelles, endocytosis and phagocytosis, and factors that influence cell behavior such as cytoskeleton rearrangements, cell-cell interactions, and cell migration. Additional topics include cell signaling and co-evolution of pathogens and host cell functions. Students are expected to come to class prepared to discuss pre-assigned readings consisting of brief reviews and seminal papers from the literature. Student assessment will be based on effective class participation (approximately 80%) and successful presentation of an independent research topic (approximately 20%). Offered as CLBY 450, MBIO 450, and MVIR 450. Prereq: CBIO 453 and CBIO 455 or permission of instructor.

MBIO 486. HIV Immunology. 3 Units.
This course will examine the unique immunology of HIV disease. The course content will include the study of HIV pathogenesis, immune control, immune dysfunctions, HIV prevention and immune restoration. Students will be expected to attend lectures and participate in class discussions. A strong emphasis will be placed on reviewing scientific literature. Students will be asked to help organize and to administer an HIV immunology journal club and will be asked to prepare a written proposal in the area of HIV immunology. Offered as PATH 486 and MBIO 486.
MBIO 488. Yeast Genetics and Cell Biology. 3 Units.
This seminar course provides an introduction to the genetics and molecular biology of the yeasts S. cerevisiae and S. pombe by a discussion of current literature focusing primarily on topics in yeast cell biology. Students are first introduced to the tools of molecular genetics and special features of yeasts that make them important model eukaryotic organisms. Some selected topics include cell polarity, cell cycle, secretory pathways, vesicular and nuclear/cyttoplasmic transport, mitochondrial import and biogenesis, chromosome segregation, cytoskeleton, mating response and signal transduction. Offered as CLBY 488, GENE 488, MBIO 488, and PATH 488.

MBIO 513. Bacterial Virulence and Host Interactions. 3 Units.
The goal of this seminar course is to familiarize students with bacterial virulence mechanisms and how they interact with the host. The focus will be on current literature pertaining to this field. While the molecular basis of bacterial virulence mechanisms will be the main focus, some time will be spent on the host immune response. Topics covered will include adhesins/pili, secretion mechanisms, AB toxins, bacterial invasion and intracellular survival, regulation of virulence gene expression. Prereq: CBIO 453 and CBIO 455 or equivalent courses.

MBIO 519. Molecular Biology of RNA. 3 Units.
Selected topics regarding editing, enzymatic function, splicing, and structure of RNA. Offered as BIOC 519, CLBY 519, and MBIO 519.

MBIO 520. Principles of Microbiology. 3 Units.
This course provides lectures and small group discussions of the cellular and molecular mechanisms by which certain bacteria, viruses, and parasites execute normal and pathologic conditions in human hosts. The biology, genetics, and physiological properties of these infectious agents are considered in light of the mechanisms by which they induce pathogenic conditions in their human hosts. The course is intended for graduate students advanced beyond the core curriculum of course work in molecular biology and microbiology areas of specialization. Prereq: CBIO 453 and CBIO 455.

MBIO 526. Cell Biology and Human Disease. 3 Units.
This course is designed to provide broad base of knowledge regarding cell structure and function. The basic structure of the cell will be discussed, as will the various functional systems that are superimposed upon and interact with this structure. The course will discuss organelle biogenesis, materials movement inside cells, cell interaction with the external environment, cell cycle and cell death regulation, cytoskeleton dynamics, quality control mechanisms, and basic signal transduction concepts. The course will also discuss how abnormal cell function may lead to human disease, and how basic cell function may be harnessed by intracellular pathogens to provide favorable intracellular environments for replication. The major goals of this course are to provide students with a working knowledge of the cell to facilitate understanding of the scientific literature, and to familiarize students with modern experimental approaches in cell biology. The course will rely heavily on student participation. Students will be provided with study guides with the expectation they will come to class prepared to lead interactive group discussions with minimal input from instructors. Offered as: CLBY 526, MBIO 526, MVIR 526.

MBIO 537. Microscopy-Principles and Applications. 3 Units.
This course provides an introduction to various types of light microscopy, digital and video imaging techniques, and their applications to biological and biomedical sciences via lectures and hands-on experience. Topics covered include geometrical and physical optics; brightfield, darkfield, phase contrast, DIC, fluorescence and confocal microscopes; and digital image processing. Offered as GENE 537, MBIO 537, and PHOL 537.

MBIO 599. RNA Structure and Function. 3 Units.
This course will cover fundamental aspects of modern RNA biology with emphasis on the interplay of three dimensional structure of nucleic acids and their function. The main focus of the course is on the recent discoveries that indicate a prominent role of RNA as a major regulator of cellular function. Topics discussed will include an introduction to RNA structure, folding and dynamics, RNA/RNA and RNA-protein interactions, and role of RNA in catalysis of biological reactions in ribosome and the role of other catalytic RNAs in RNA biogenesis, pre-mRNA splicing, and viral replication. The course also covers the recently discovered RNA regulatory switches, large noncoding regulatory RNAs, and the role of RNA in human diseases and novel, RNA-based therapeutics. Offered as BIOC 599, CLBY 599, and MBIO 599.

MBIO 601. Research in Molecular Biology and Microbiology. 1 - 18 Unit.

Prereq: Predoctoral research consent or advanced to Ph.D. candidacy milestone.

MVIR Courses

MVIR 435. Seminar in Molecular Biology/Microbiology. 1 Unit.
Graduate students will attend the departmental seminar given by all graduate students in the Department of Molecular Biology and Microbiology, in the Molecular Virology Program, and in the Cell Biology Program, as well as give a seminar on their own thesis research. Students will be evaluated by the faculty member in charge of that student's seminar with input from the students' own thesis committee. After each seminar, the student presenter will meet with other graduate students for peer-review of the content, delivery, and style of the seminar. Peer reviewers will also be evaluated for the quality of their input. Offered as CLBY 435 and MBIO 435 and MVIR 435.

MVIR 445. Molecular Biology and Pathogenesis of RNA and DNA Viruses. 3 Units.
Through a combination of lectures by Case faculty and guest lecturers, along with student discussion of current literature, this course emphasizes mechanisms of viral gene expression and pathogenesis. RNA viruses to be discussed include positive, negative, and retroviruses. DNA viruses include SV40, adenovirus, herpes, papilloma, and others. Important aspects of host defense mechanisms, antiviral agents, and viral vectors will also be covered. Students will be evaluated based on their quality of presentation of course papers assigned to them and their overall participation in class discussions. Offered as MBIO 445 and MVIR 445. Prereq: CBIO 453 and CBIO 454 and CBIO 455 and CBIO 456.

MVIR 446. Virus-Host Interactions. 3 Units.
Viruses and their hosts have co-evolved for millions of years and, as a result, viruses have evolved intricate and fascinating mechanisms for evading host defenses. Understanding how viruses interact with the host is fundamental to counteracting or preventing viral infections. For example, viruses that fail to block host defenses are avirulent and candidates for vaccines. Emerging viral infections are a major public health concern and a subject of this course. The course consists of lectures and in-depth analysis of published studies on virus-host interactions. Outstanding local and external lecturers from across the U.S. will participate in teaching this course. In addition, students will deliver one presentation to the class during the course. Offered as MBIO 446 and MVIR 446. Prereq: MVIR 445.
MVIR 450. Cells and Pathogens. 3 Units.
Modern molecular cell biology owes a great debt to viral and bacterial pathogens as model systems. In some instances pathogens operate by faithful mimicry of host proteins, and other cases represent the result of extensive molecular tinkering and convergent evolution. This course will also explore numerous mechanisms utilized by pathogens to subvert the host and enhance their own survival. Topics covered include nuclear regulatory mechanisms, protein synthesis and stability, membrane-bound organelles, endocytosis and phagocytosis, and factors that influence cell behavior such as cytoskeleton rearrangements, cell-cell interactions, and cell migration. Additional topics include cell signaling and co-evolution of pathogens and host cell functions. Students are expected to come to class prepared to discuss pre-assigned readings consisting of brief reviews and seminal papers from the literature. Student assessment will be based on effective class participation (approximately 80%) and successful presentation of an independent research topic (approximately 20%). Offered as CLBY 450, MBIO 450, and MVIR 450. Prereq: CBIO 453 and CBIO 455 or permission of instructor.

MVIR 481. Immunology of Infectious Diseases. 3 Units.
Lectures and discussion on the immune response to infectious organisms, including bacteria, viruses and parasites. Emphasis on human responses but includes discussions of animal models. Other topics include vaccines and infections in immuno-compromised hosts. Recommended preparation: PATH 416 or consent of instructor. Offered as MVIR 481 and PATH 481.

MVIR 526. Cell Biology and Human Disease. 3 Units.
This course is designed to provide broad base of knowledge regarding cell structure and function. The basic structure of the cell will be discussed, as will the various functional systems that are superimposed upon and interact with this structure. The course will discuss organelle biogenesis, materials movement inside cells, cell interaction with the external environment, cell cycle and cell death regulation, cytoskeleton dynamics, quality control mechanisms, and basic signal transduction concepts. The course will also discuss how abnormal cell function may lead to human disease, and how basic cell function may be harnessed by intracellular pathogens to provide favorable intracellular environments for replication. The major goals of this course are to provide students with a working knowledge of the cell to facilitate understanding of the scientific literature, and to familiarize students with modern experimental approaches in cell biology. The course will rely heavily on student participation. Students will be provided with study guides with the expectation they will come to class prepared to lead interactive group discussions with minimal input from instructors. Offered as: CLBY 526, MBIO 526, MVIR 526.

MVIR 601. Research. 1 - 18 Unit.
Grade of S/U only.

MVIR 701. Dissertation Ph.D.. 1 - 18 Unit.
Grade of S/U only. Prereq: Predoctoral research consent or advanced to Ph.D. candidacy milestone.

Molecular Medicine Program

Robin Crotty (crottyr@ccf.org), Recruiting Coordinator

The Molecular Medicine PhD Program is a unique collaborative graduate training opportunity that integrates medical knowledge into graduate training. The goal of this program is to produce scientists trained in translational research: basic or applied research relevant to human health and disease that can lead to new understanding of disease, clinical and diagnostic tools, medications, and therapies.

Students train rigorously to apply basic science discoveries to human health and to the causes and treatments of human disease. The mastery of competencies necessary to translate scientific observations from the research bench to clinical care is the focus of this PhD program. Graduates will be well prepared to collaborate with physicians and for the challenge of using molecular and cellular biology to advance human health.

PhD in Molecular Medicine

Admission into the Molecular Medicine PhD program is obtained through application directly to the program. Graduate students complete didactic coursework, independent research, and other doctoral requirements to earn the PhD. First year students complete three laboratory rotations among the laboratories of training faculty, and are exposed to trainer research projects during the Frontiers of Molecular Medicine seminars. The journal club series is taken during the first year. The first year begins mid-July.

During subsequent years, students will devote the majority of their time to thesis research while attending advanced graduate courses, seminars, and journal clubs. Advanced elective courses may be chosen from any department or program on campus with the approval of the graduate program director and the student’s thesis committee. Students must take a total of 36 semester hours of courses and maintain a B average.

The qualifying exam will be comprised of preparing and defending a grant application in the NIH/NRSA format. The topic of the grant is the area of the student’s thesis research in the laboratory of the Research Advisor. At least one aim of this proposal will consist of a specific translational or clinical aim.

All efforts should be made to complete the PhD within five years from the date of matriculation. All students are expected to submit two or more first-authored primary research publications in peer-reviewed scientific journals. At least one manuscript must be accepted for publication prior to the thesis defense.

PhD Program Requirements

Coursework

Students begin in July by first taking MMED 410 Introduction to Human Physiology and Disease. The student will follow a progressive curriculum including Cell Biology; Metabolism and Pharmacology; Nucleic Acids, Gene Expression and Gene Regulation; Mammalian Genetics; and Infection and Immunity. The core series concludes with a course in Principles of Clinical and Translational Research and a mentored Clinical Experience.

Research Rotations

The research rotations allow the student to sample areas of research and become familiar with faculty members and their laboratories. The main purpose of these rotations is to aid the student in selecting a laboratory for the thesis work. Students will begin their rotations in July. A minimum of three rotations must be completed during the year.

Choosing a Thesis Advisor

After the second semester of the first year, students select an advisor for the dissertation research. The emphasis of the PhD work is on research, culminating in the completion of an original, independent research thesis.
Plan of Study

Please also see Graduate Studies Academic Requirements for Doctoral Degrees (p. 668).

* All required coursework is listed in this plan

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<th>First Year</th>
<th>Units</th>
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<td>Molecular aspects of the diagnosis, pathology, and treatment of selected human diseases (MMED 521)</td>
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* Starts in July
** Credits vary
+ Recommended, but not required

Third year and beyond: Complete elective coursework so that total graded courses = 24 credits; Research credits switch from MMED 601 to MMED 701 once passed into candidacy. Minimum of 1 credit of 701 is required each regular semester thereafter for a total of 18 credits to graduate. Total of 6 graded credits of advanced electives are required to graduate.

Courses

**MMED 400. Research Rotations. 0 Units.**

Research rotations are conducted to expose the student to several laboratory environments, a variety of research problems and numerous laboratory techniques as well as to assist them in the selection of their Research Advisor. Rotations will begin immediately upon enrollment and continue through the second semester of the first year. Usually rotations will last 12 weeks, however if a student decides that he/she is not interested in the assigned laboratory a shorter rotation is appropriate. The student is responsible for arranging each rotation with an approved trainer with the consultation of the Graduate Program Director. To assist in this endeavor, the Graduate Program Director will provide a list of approved trainers who have space, time and money to support a graduate student. During the rotation, students are expected to participate in all lab and departmental activities, e.g., lab meetings and seminars. At the completion of a rotation the student is required to submit a written Rotation Report including an outline of the problem being studied, a description of the experimental approaches, a discussion of the results of performed experiments as well as future directions.

**MMED 402. Tools for Research. 2 Units.**

The goal of this course is to provide a thorough and comprehensive review of current laboratory technology essential to research in molecular medicine, focusing on basic underlying principles, important controls and caveats. The students will clone a cytokine during a laboratory component of the course, which will involve designing appropriate primers, obtaining RNA from cytokine-expressing cells, performing RT/PCR, and ligating isolated, characterized fragments into cloning-expression vectors, followed by transfection into mammalian cells. Additional bench work will include characterizing the cloned product using real time PCR, ELISA, western blot analysis, and immunohistochemistry. Seminars on commonly used molecular techniques will be given intermittently by guest lecturers with the relevant expertise. Evaluation will be based on the student's lab techniques, class participation, and contribution to the group learning process.

**MMED 404. Journal Club / Frontiers in Molecular Medicine. 1 Unit.**

This course is a combination of a weekly discussion-based Journal Club with selected articles relevant to the core curriculum of the week and the Frontiers in Molecular Medicine Seminar series. The seminars are presented by Molecular Medicine faculty and guest lecturers to introduce first year students to the opportunities and issues in translational and clinical research.

**MMED 410. Introduction to Human Physiology and Disease. 4 Units.**

The purpose of this course is to give an introduction to the physiology of the major human organ systems, as well as selected associated pathophysiology. The course will provide a physiological basis for subsequent study and research in Molecular Medicine. The integration of clinical faculty into the course will emphasize the importance of bringing scientific knowledge to bear on clinical problems, a theme which will be stressed throughout the Molecular Medicine curriculum. The course will also acquaint students with medical terminology.
MMED 412. Metabolism and Introduction to Principles of Pharmacology. 2 Units.
The course will include a combination of interactive lectures, research presentations, related journal club articles, and group projects with presentations. Topics to be covered include: bioenergetics/oxidative phosphorylation, carbohydrate metabolism; lipid and lipoprotein metabolism, amino acid and nucleotide metabolism; integrative regulation of metabolism; and principals of pharmacology.

MMED 413. Nucleic Acids, Gene Expression, and Gene Regulation. 2 Units.
The course will include a combination of interactive lectures and problem-based learning. Each week will conclude with at least one clinical correlation where the weekly topic is presented in the context of a clinical problem. Topics to be covered include: DNA structure, chromosome structure, replication and repair; RNA synthesis and RNA processing, the organization of eukaryotic genes and the genetic code and translation; and gene regulation.

MMED 414. Mammalian Genetics. 2 Units.
The course focuses on genetics, genomics, and bioinformatics, and it will include a combination of interactive lectures, problem-based learning and a week-long group project. Topics to be covered include: genetic variation; linkage studies; association studies; complex traits, linkage disequilibrium, the Hap Map, pharmacogenetics; genome-wide expression studies, and mouse models of human disease, and bioinformatics.

MMED 415. Cell Biology. 2 Units.
The course will include a combination of interactive lectures and problem-based learning. Each week will conclude with at least one clinical correlation where the weekly topic is presented in the context of a clinical problem. Topics to be covered include: cell structure and organelles, prokaryotes/eukaryotes; intracellular compartments and protein sorting; receptors/endocytosis/rafts; the nucleus; cell communication; and mechanics of cell division.

MMED 416. Host Defense: Infection and Immunity. 2 Units.
The course will include a reading program, lectures, and weekly problem-based student-led presentations. Weeks 1 and 2 are dedicated to establishing the scope of the field and forming vocabulary. Week 3 and part of Week 4 will cover immune mechanisms. The remainder of the course will deal with clinical aspects of immunobiology. On a regular basis Clinical Correlations, relevant to weekly topics, are integrated into the material. Topics to be covered include: biology and molecular biology of infectious agents; fundamentals of immunology; innate and adaptive responses to infection, immune effector mechanisms; and clinical aspects of immunobiology.

MMED 501. Principles of Clinical and Translational Research. 4 Units.
To give an introduction to the ethical, statistical, methodologic and informatics basis of clinical and translational research. Topics will include the history of clinical and translational research, regulatory aspects of human subjects research, clinical trials study design, conflicts of interest, human subjects recruitment, research and publication ethics, technology transfer, biobank construction and utilization, and clinical and research database construction and utilization. In addition, students will be introduced to principles of biostatistics and clinical epidemiology relevant to clinical and translational research and gain expertise in statistical tool using problem based learning sets.

MMED 504. Student Seminar Series. 1 Unit.
This course is designed as a weekly seminar series that will include presentations by the MMED graduate students. The format will be as follows: seminar talks by students in years 3 and beyond to provide a research update presentations by second year students involving basic science-clinical case translation topics, and short presentations on lab rotation accomplishments by first year students. The primary goals of this series are to gain experience and improve oral presentation skills, to share results and thoughts with peers during research discussions, and to learn to take the lead in developing and asking questions during seminars.

MMED 521. Molecular aspects of the diagnosis, pathology, and treatment of selected human diseases. 3 Units.
The goal of this course is to integrate medical knowledge into PhD training. This team-taught seminar course focuses on a top-down examination of selected human diseases starting with clinical presentations of the manifestations, diagnoses, and treatment of disease. This is followed by study of the pathology, cell biology, and molecular biology of the disease. This information forms the foundation of a final discussion of current treatment strategies and ongoing research to identify new strategies. Three to four separate disease areas will be discussed each semester, such as diabetes, cancer, and cardiovascular diseases. The specific areas of discussion are selected to demonstrate the strength of an integrated team of clinical and basic scientists; and to provide a model for students to follow in future studies in their own area of expertise. Emphasis will be given to the basic scientific observations that formed the basis of successful clinical practice, and how this was utilized by integrated teams of basic and clinical investigators to provide better patient care. Students will prepare for discussions with close reading of the literature. Faculty will present an overview in a discussion format. It is anticipated that each disease area will be presented by an integrated team of clinical and basic scientists. The final weeks of the semester will be devoted to student preparation of a research proposal based upon the information discussed during the course. The specific topic of this proposal will be of the students choosing. Grading will be based both upon preparation for and participation in discussions, and upon the research proposal. Recommended Preparation: Introductory Graduate or Medical School courses in Cell Biology, Molecular Biology, and Physiology.

MMED 601. Dissertation Research. 1 - 9 Unit.
Research leading toward the Ph.D. dissertation in Molecular Medicine.

MMED 612. Clinical Experience. 2 Units.
Each student will be assigned a Clinical Mentor who will co-advises the student and serve on both the Qualifying Examination Committee and Thesis Committee. The Clinical Mentor will develop an individualized curriculum for the student in consultation with the Thesis Research Mentor and Program Director. The curriculum will be organized around the integrated, multidisciplinary disease groups at the Clinic. The students will attend and actively participate in the regularly scheduled multidisciplinary clinical conference organized by their disease group (most meet for one hour every week or every other week), usually involving a combination of case presentations and research presentations. At the conclusion of the semester the student will make a presentation to the group focused on a relevant translational research program. The Clinical Mentor will also organize a series of supervised clinical experiences (with a Mentor) to various locations where students will observe clinician interactions with patients to better understand the disease from the patient perspective and to disease-related diagnostic and research laboratories.
MMED 701. Dissertation Ph.D.. 1 - 9 Unit.
Research leading toward the Ph.D. dissertation in Molecular Medicine. Recommended preparation: Advancement to candidacy in MMED. Prereq: Predoctoral research consent or advanced to Ph.D. candidacy milestone.

School of Medicine Faculty

Anatomy
Almon Amanda, MA/MS
Adj Instructor
Freeman Barbara, PhD
Asst Professor
Gatiloff Betty, BA/BS
Adj Instructor
Latimer Bruce, PhD
Adj Assoc Prof
Maier Charles, PhD
Asst Professor
Hernandez Christopher, PhD
Adj Asst Prof
Croft Darin, PhD
Assoc Prof
Kaung Hue-Lee, PhD
Assoc Prof
Kaisereman Abramof Ita, PhD
Professor
Fredieu John, PhD
Asst Professor
Miller Joseph, PhD
Assoc Prof
Jung Kathleen, MA/MS
Adj Asst Prof
Spano Kenneth, MD
Adj Instructor
Katz Michael, MD, PhD
Assoc Prof
Dhillon Robin, MD
Clin Sr Instr
Przybylski Ronald, PhD
Assoc Prof
Simpson Scott, PhD
Professor
Wish-Baratz Susanne, PhD
Asst Professor

Anesth Periop Med
Sikowitz Aaron, MA/MS

Clin Instructor
Kabbara Abdallah, MD
Asst Professor
Haas Adam, MD
Asst Professor
Lina Agnes, MD
Asst Professor
Khalil Al-Amin, MD
Asst Professor
Mchaourab Ali, MD
Assoc Prof
Umina Alison, MA/MS
Clin Instructor
Johns Allison, MA/MS
Clin Instructor
Hoxha Alma, MD
Clin Assist Prof
Chepia Alyson, MA/MS
Clin Instructor
Chadha Amrita, MD
Clin Assist Prof
Plante Andrew, MD
Instructor
Capp Angela, MA/MS
Clin Instructor
Nichols Angela, MA/MS
Clin Instructor
Adur Anjali, MD
Asst Professor
Lawrence Ann, MD
Asst Professor
Clebone Anna, MD
Asst Professor
Norenberg Annemarie, MD
Asst Professor
Koury Anthony, MA/MS
Clin Instructor
Silva Antonio, MD
Clin Instructor
Desai Arpan, MD
Clin Assist Prof
Arciaga Arthur, PhD
Adj Instructor
Patel Ashish, MA/MS
Clin Instructor
Dabb Barbara, MD  
Asst Professor

Vuong Bich, MA/MS  
Clin Instructor

Haskins Brian, MA/MS  
Clin Instructor

Jansen Camille, MA/MS  
Clin Instructor

Twichell Carie, MA/MS  
Clin Instructor

Forrest Carl, MD  
Asst Professor

Dejean Caroline, MD  
Clin Instructor

Roy Chaitly, MA/MS  
Clin Instructor

Duvall Charles, MA/MS  
Clin Assist Prof

Cowles Charles, MD  
Clin Instructor

Caldwell Christopher, MA/MS  
Clin Instructor

Rankin Dan, BA/BS  
Clin Instructor

Bates Daniel, MA/MS  
Clin Instructor

Belko Daniel, MA/MS  
Clin Instructor

Mesaros Daniel, MA/MS  
Clin Instructor

Pistone Daniel, MA/MS  
Clin Instructor

Smaltz Daniel, MA/MS  
Clin Instructor

Tolpin Daniel, MD  
Clin Instructor

Tolentino Daphne, MA/MS  
Clin Instructor

Rapkin David, MD  
Clin Assist Prof

Zagorski David, MA/MS  
Clin Assist Prof

Biel David, MA/MS  
Clin Instructor

Dunipace David, MA/MS  
Clin Instructor

Conger David, MD  
Asst Professor

Dininny David, MD  
Asst Professor

Wallace David, MD  
Asst Professor

Kazdan David, MD  
Asst Professor

Cattano Davide, MD, PhD  
Clin Instructor

Lawson Deborah, BA/BS  
Clin Assist Prof

Voltz Donald, MD  
Adj Asst Prof

Woods Donald, MD  
Instructor

Leone Doris, MD  
Clin Instructor

Leon-ruiz E., MD  
Asst Professor

Noguera Edward, MD  
Clin Assist Prof

Avery Edwin, MD  
Assoc Prof

Mazor Elanora, MA/MS  
Clin Instructor

Ro Eliot, MD  
Asst Professor

Chiang Eliza, MA/MS  
Clin Instructor

Tully Erika, MA/MS  
Clin Instructor

Furey Erin, MD  
Asst Professor

Goodman Evan, MD  
Asst Professor

Arain Faisal, MD  
Clin Assist Prof

Raslan Fares, MD  
Clin Assist Prof

Kantor Gareth, MD  
Clin Assist Prof

Jones Gary, MA/MS  
Asst Professor
Bause George, MD  
Clin Assoc Prof

Yung George, MD  
Clin Instructor

Meah Gholam, MA/MS  
Clin Instructor

Haber Gina, MA/MS  
Clin Instructor

Mulgaokar Girish, MD  
Asst Professor

Hwang Grace, MA/MS  
Clin Instructor

Lillvis Greg, MA/MS  
Clin Instructor

Menendez Gregory, MA/MS  
Clin Instructor

Applegate Gregory, MD  
Asst Professor

Hill Heather, MA/MS  
Clin Instructor

McFarland Heather, MD  
Asst Professor

Cascorbi Helmut, MD, PhD  
Professor

Nearman Howard, MD  
Professor

Veizi Ilir, MD, PhD  
Clin Assist Prof

Hirsch Irving, MD  
Asst Professor

Flaherty J., MA/MS  
Clin Instructor

Ali Jafar, MD  
Clin Instructor

Ali Jafer, MD  
Asst Professor

Mehta Jaideep, MD  
Clin Instructor

Coleman James, MD  
Clin Instructor

Gavacs James, BA/BS  
Clin Instructor

Rowbottom James, MD  
Professor

Reynolds James, PhD  

Assoc Prof

Douglas Janice, MA/MS  
Clin Instructor

Ratino Jeffrey, MA/MS  
Clin Instructor

Grass Jeffrey, MD  
Professor

Loomis Jennifer, MA/MS  
Clin Instructor

Dombrowski John, MD  
Adj Asst Prof

DeBin John, MD, PhD  
Clin Instructor

Klick John, MD  
Asst Professor

Stork John, MD  
Asst Professor

Harp Joseph, MA/MS  
Clin Instructor

Mader Joseph, MA/MS  
Clin Instructor

Peachman Joseph, MA/MS  
Clin Instructor

Rifici Joseph, MA/MS  
Asst Professor

Van Antwerp Judith, MD  
Clin Assist Prof

Wolkoff Judith, BA/BS  
Clin Instructor

Rubin Kasia, MD  
Asst Professor

McClain Katherine, MA/MS  
Clin Instructor

Cho Kathleen, MD  
Asst Professor

Chiong Katya, MD  
Instructor

Kaufman Kellye, MA/MS  
Clin Instructor

Moss Kenneth, MD  
Clin Assist Prof

Maloney Kenneth, MA/MS  
Instructor

Busdiecker Kevin, BA/BS  
Clin Instructor
Paviol Layne, MA/MS
Clin Instructor

Ray Leslie, MA/MS
Clin Instructor

Brown Lisa, MD
Clin Instructor

Levin Lora, MD
Asst Professor

Green Maggie, MA/MS
Clin Instructor

Mannix Marin, MD
Instructor

Kopel Mark, MA/MS
Clin Instructor

Wheeler Mark, BA/BS
Clin Instructor

Goldfinger Mark, MD
Asst Professor

Ciotti Matthew, MA/MS
Clin Instructor

McKinney Matthew, MA/MS
Clin Instructor

Norcia Matthew, MD
Asst Professor

Kellems Matthew, MD
Instructor

Berkelhamer Maura, MD
Asst Professor

Gilbert Maurice, MD
Clin Instructor

Lawrence Melinda, MD
Clin Instructor

Venna Ranga, MD
Clin Assist Prof

Muhammad Ruma, MD
Asst Professor

McDermott Michael, MA/MS
Clin Instructor

Altose Michael, MD, PhD
Asst Professor

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Tanphaichitr Arthapol, MD
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Lamkin Barry, MD
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<td>Clin Assoc Prof</td>
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<td>Lender Joyce, MD</td>
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<td>Hollandsworth Kimberly, MD</td>
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<td>Honda Kord, MD</td>
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<td>Lu Kurt, MD</td>
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<td>Katz Leonard, MD</td>
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<td>Li Lian-Jie, MD</td>
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Adj Asst Prof
Gelles Lisa, MD
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Wolovitz Brian, MD  Clin Instructor
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Kluge Glenn, MD
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Perzy Holly, MD
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Clin Assist Prof
Nathan Howard, MD
Clin Instructor
Jakub Hubert, MD
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Lansang Maria, MD
Assoc Prof
Choudhary Maria, MD
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Antonelli Maria, MD
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<tr>
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<th>Title</th>
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<td>Asgeri Mehrdad, MD</td>
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<td>Ige Mobolaji, MD</td>
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<td>Moayeri Mohammad, MD</td>
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Asst Professor
Thakore Nimish, MD
Asst Professor
Zein Nizar, MD
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Rosenthal Noah, MD
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Lee Peter, MD
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DeOreo Peter, MD
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Bacevice Ann Mary, MD
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Winfield Anna, MD
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Mandalakas Anna, MD</td>
<td>Clin Assist Prof</td>
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<td>Grinberg Anna, MD</td>
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<td>Hibbs Anna Maria, MD</td>
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<td>Lyren Anne, MD</td>
<td>Assoc Prof</td>
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<td>Stormorken Anne, MD</td>
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<td>Pucell Anthony, MD</td>
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<td>Bole Aparna, MD</td>
<td>Asst Professor</td>
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<td>Feldstein Ariel, MD</td>
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<td>Dent Arlene, MD</td>
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<td>Lavin Arthur, MD</td>
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<td>Shahid Asim, MD</td>
<td>Asst Professor</td>
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<td>Aktay Atiye, MD</td>
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<td>Shah Avani, MD</td>
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<td>Saleh Ayman, MD</td>
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<td>Achanti Babu, MD</td>
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<td>Croomer Barbara, MD</td>
<td>Professor</td>
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<td>Davis Barbara, MD</td>
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<td>Rao Bharati, MD</td>
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<td>Rosen Carol, MD</td>
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<td>Landis Carolyn, PhD</td>
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Schweid Daniel, MD
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Keaton Daniel, MD
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Polster Daniel, MD
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Remzi Feza, MD
Professor
Papay Francis, MD
Professor
Schmieder Frederick, MD
Clin Instructor
Loor Gabriel, MD
Clin Instructor
Rahmathulla Gazanfar, MD
Clin Assist Prof
Barnett Gene, MD
Professor
Muschler George, MD
Professor
Coseriu George, MD
Clin Assist Prof
Pinault Gilles, MD
Asst Professor
Schwarz Graham, MD
Asst Professor
Fisher Gretchen, MD
Clin Assist Prof
Gitiforooz Habibeh, MD
Clin Assist Prof
Wood Hadley, MD
Asst Professor
Lisbona Hanna, MD
Clin Assist Prof
Reynolds Harry, MD
Assoc Prof
Elliott Heidi, MD
Asst Professor
Schreiber Helmut, MD
Clin Assoc Prof
Baele Henry, MD
Asst Professor
Goldman Howard, MD
Professor
Darvin Howard, MD
Clin Assist Prof
Kimmel Howard, MD
Clin Sr Instr
Breitman Igal, MD
Clin Instructor
Danko Ihor, MD
Clin Instructor
Gill Inderjit, MD
Assoc Prof
Ghoneim Islam, MD
Clin Assist Prof
Jones J., MD
Professor
Zins James, MD
Professor
Merlino James, MD
Clin Assist Prof
Ruda James, MD
Clin Instructor
Persky James, MD
Clin Assist Prof
Hauer James, MD
Clin Instructor
Sampliner James, MD
Clin Professor
Mitchell Jamie, MD
Asst Professor
Wey Jane, MD
Asst Professor
Robke Jason, MD
Asst Professor
Stevenson Jean, MD
Assoc Prof
Ustin Jeff, MD
Asst Professor
Goldberg Jeffrey, MD
Professor
Ponsky Jeffrey, MD
Professor
Claridge Jeffrey, MD
Assoc Prof
Peters Jeffrey, MD
Clin Professor
Blatnik Jeffrey, MD
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Robbins Jeffrey, MD
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Marks Jeffrey, MD
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Hardacre Jeffrey, MD
Assoc Prof
McBride Jennifer, PhD
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Bennett Jennifer, MD
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Lipman Jeremy, MD
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Belinson Jerome, MD
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Gutnick Jesse, MD
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Perse Jessica, MD
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Jean-Claude Jessie, MD
Assoc Prof
Kaouk Jihad, MD
Professor
Dietz Jill, MD
Assoc Prof
Peerless Joel, MD
Assoc Prof
Bonatti Johannes, MD
Clin Professor
Fung John, MD, PhD
Professor
Henderson John, MD
Professor
Jelovsek John, MD
Assoc Prof
Rabets John, MD
Asst Professor
Spirnak John, MD
Professor
Alexander John, MD
Assoc Prof
Como John, MD
Assoc Prof
DiFiore John, MD
Clin Assist Prof
Dorsky John, MD
Clin Assist Prof
Iafelice John, MD
Adj Instructor
Bottros John, MD
Clin Instructor
Klein John, MD
Clin Instructor
Jasper John, MD
Clin Assist Prof
Salamone John, MD
Clin Instructor
Ammori John, MD
Asst Professor
Wang John, MD
Asst Professor
Emery Jonathan, MD
Asst Professor
Boyd Jonathan, MD
Clin Assist Prof
Ramirez Jose, MD
Clin Instructor
Crowe Joseph, MD
Professor
Iannotti Joseph, MD, PhD
Professor
Sabik Joseph, MD
Professor
Scharpf Joseph, MD
Assoc Prof
Golob Joseph, MD
Asst Professor
Trunzo Joseph, MD
Asst Professor
Lee Jong, MD
Professor
Shin Joyce, MD
Asst Professor
White Judith, MD, PhD
Assoc Prof
Volkar Judith, MD
Asst Professor
Peskin Julian, MD
Clin Assist Prof
Kim Julian, MD
Professor
Bencsath Kaiman, MD
Asst Professor
Abu-Elmagd Kareem, MD, PhD
Professor
Ashton Kathleen, PhD
Clin Assist Prof
Geelan-Hansen Katie, MD
Clin Instructor
Angermeier Kenneth, MD
Assoc Prof
Woodside Kenneth, MD
Assoc Prof
El-Hayek Kevin, MD
Asst Professor
Muise Kevin, MD
Clin Assist Prof
Chandler Kevin, MD
Clin Instructor
El-Hayek Kevin, MD
Clin Instructor
Fareed Khaled, MD
Asst Professor
Stearns Kim, MD
Asst Professor
Hashimoto Koji, MD
Asst Professor
Milas Kresimira, MD
Professor
Dinchman Kurt, MD
Asst Professor
Svensson Lars, MD, PhD
Professor
Khaitan Leena, MD
Assoc Prof
Bradley Linda, MD
Professor
Graham Linda, MD
Professor
Rock Lisa, MD
Clin Instructor
Gottschalk Loinel, MD
Clin Instructor
Dinico Louis, MD
Clin Assist Prof
Chiu Louisa, MD
Clin Instructor
Susan Luay, MD
Clin Assist Prof
Farrow Lutul, MD
Asst Professor
Jassani Majida, MD
Clin Assoc Prof
McKenzie Margaret, MD
Asst Professor
Gass Margery, MD
Clin Professor
Siemionow Maria, MD
Professor
Paraiso Marie, MD
Professor
Persons Marjie, MD
Assoc Prof
Walters Mark, MD
Professor
Schickendantz Mark, MD
Assoc Prof
Stovsky Mark, MD
Assoc Prof
Malangoni Mark, MD
Professor
Froimson Mark, MD
Clin Assist Prof
Goldberg Mark, MD
Clin Assist Prof
Hardy Mark, MD
Clin Instructor
Aeder Mark, MD
Assoc Prof
Uy-Kroh Mary, MD
Asst Professor
Samplaski Mary, MD
Clin Instructor
Carneval Mary, MD
Clin Instructor
Barber Matthew, MD
Professor
Eagleton Matthew, MD
Clin Instructor
Kroh Matthew, MD
Asst Professor
Moorman Matthew, MD
Asst Professor
Simmons Matthew, MD, PhD
Asst Professor
Askar Medhat, MD, PhD
Assoc Prof
Holmes Megan, MD
Sr Instructor
Mesiha Mena, MD
Clin Instructor
Benninger Michael, MD
Professor
Vogelbaum Michael, MD, PhD
Professor
Lee Michael, MD
Asst Professor
Prokopius Michael, MD
Asst Professor
Joyce Michael, MD
Clin Assoc Prof
Bloomfield Michael, MD
Clin Assist Prof
Gong Michael, MD, PhD
Clin Assist Prof
Bloomfield Michael, MD
Clin Instructor
Nowak Michael, MD
Clin Instructor
Rosen Michael, MD
Professor
Anderson Michael E., MD
Clin Assist Prof
Loor Michele, MD
Asst Professor
Shah Mihir, MD
Clin Instructor
Moise Mireilla, MD
Asst Professor
Patel Mita, MD
Clin Assist Prof
Reider Mitchell, MD
Clin Instructor
Abbas Mujahid, MD
Asst Professor
Vakil Nakul, MD
Clin Instructor
Joseph Natalie, MD
Assoc Prof
Bowersox Natalie, MD
Clin Assist Prof
Drake Natalie, MD
Clin Assist Prof
Balasundaram Naveen, MD
Clin Instructor
Gibson Neil, MD
Clin Instructor
Sika Neil, PhD
Clin Sr Instr
Smedira Nicholas, MD
Professor
Frisch Nicholas, MD
Clin Instructor
Fowler Nicole, MD
Clin Instructor
Patel Nimitt, MD
Asst Professor
Desai Nina, PhD
Assoc Prof
Jaiyeoba Oluwatosin, MD
Asst Professor
Oritz-Alvarado Omar, MD
Clin Assist Prof
Recinos Pablo, MD
Asst Professor
Jarjoura Pascal, MD
Clin Assist Prof
O'Hara Patrick, MD
Professor
Landers Patrick, MD
Clin Instructor
Krakovitz Paul, MD
Assoc Prof
Priebe Paul, MD
Assoc Prof
Schaffer-Polakof Paula, MD
Clin Instructor
Escobar Pedro, MD
Clin Assoc Prof
Rasmussen Peter, MD
Assoc Prof
Revenaugh Peter, MD
Clin Instructor
Kouretas Peter, MD
Assoc Prof
Schauer Philip, MD
Professor
Knott Philip, MD
Asst Professor
Linden Philip, MD
Assoc Prof
Raj Prasanta, MD
Clin Assoc Prof
Walsh R., MD
Professor
Ramanathan Rajan, MD
Asst Professor

Sharma Rakesh, PhD
Assoc Prof
Sarmiento Ramon, MD
Clin Instructor
Wong Ray, MD
Asst Professor
Rackley Raymond, MD
Professor
Onders Raymond, MD
Professor
Bagley Rebecca, MD
Clin Assist Prof
Starck Rebecca, MD
Clin Assist Prof
Drake Richard, PhD
Professor
Parker Richard, MD
Professor
Freeman Richard, MD, PhD
Clin Assoc Prof
Gutman Richard, MD
Clin Assist Prof
Ballock Robert, MD
Professor
McLain Robert, MD
Professor
DeBernardo Robert, MD
Assoc Prof
Lorenz Robert, MD
Assoc Prof
Stein Robert, MD
Assoc Prof
Molloy Robert, MD
Asst Professor
Dimeff Robert, MD
Clin Professor
Hermann Robert, MD
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Katz Robert, MD
Clin Professor
Kiwi Robert, MD
Clin Assoc Prof
Shapiro Robert, MD
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Boova Robert, MD
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Shenk Robert, MD
Assoc Prof
Stewart Robyn, MD
Asst Professor
Jordan Roderick, MD
Asst Professor
Philip Roland, MD
Clin Assist Prof
Charles Ronald, MD
Clin Instructor
Monteiro Rosebel, MD
Clin Instructor
Leeming Rosemary, MD
Assoc Prof
Temes Roy, MD
Assoc Prof
Shah Rupa, MD
Asst Professor
DeMicco Russell, MD
Clin Assist Prof
Farrell Ruth, MD
Asst Professor
Berglund Ryan, MD
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Goodwin Ryan, MD
Asst Professor
Williams Ryan, MD
Clin Assist Prof
Mori Ryan, MD
Clin Instructor
Khan Sadaf, MD
Clin Assist Prof
Gupta Sajal, MD
Asst Professor
Deo Sall, MD
Clin Assist Prof
Anne Samantha, MD
Asst Professor
Shah Samir, MD
Clin Instructor
Vasavada Sandip, MD
Assoc Prof
Luria Sanford, MD
Clin Assistant Prof
Wilhelm Scott, MD
Assoc Prof
Boulanger Scott, MD
Asst Professor
Lyden Sean, MD
Assoc Prof
Nagel Sean, MD
Asst Professor
St. Clair Selvon, MD, PhD
Clin Instructor
Eisengart Seth, MD
Clin Instructor
Sutherland Sharom, MD
Clin Assistant Prof
Grundfest-Broniatowski Sharon, MD
Assoc Prof
Marcanthony Sharon, MD
Clin Assistant Prof
Stein Sharon, MD
Assoc Prof
Chueh Shih-Chieh, MD, PhD
Clin Professor
Asfaw Solya, MD
Clin Instructor
Park Soon, MD
Professor
Chalikonda Sricharan, MD
Asst Professor
Brethauer Stacy, MD
Asst Professor
Grobmyer Stephen, MD
Professor
Schomisch Steve, PhD
Asst Professor
Campbell Steven, MD, PhD
Professor
Lietman Steven, MD
Assoc Prof
Bernard Steven, MD
Asst Professor
Rosenblatt Steven, MD
Asst Professor
Flechner Stuart, MD
Professor
Nandi Sumon, MD
Clin Instructor
Srivastava Sunita, MD
Asst Professor
Lal Tanmay, MD
Clin Assist Prof
Mastracci Tara, MD
Asst Professor
Rice Thomas, MD
Professor
Steinemann Thomas, MD
Professor
Picklow Thomas, MD
Clin Assist Prof
Stellato Thomas, MD
Clin Professor
Sarac Timur, MD
Professor
Francis Todd, MD, PhD
Asst Professor
Abelson Tom, MD
Clin Assoc Prof
Rogula Tomasz, MD, PhD
Assoc Prof
Mihaljevic Tomislav, MD
Professor
Falcone Tommaso, MD
Professor
Capizzani Tony, MD
Asst Professor
Hull Tracy, MD
Professor
Murray Trevor, MD
Asst Professor
Muffly Tyler, MD
Clin Instructor
Humphreville Vanessa, MD
Asst Professor
Reed Vicki, MD
Clin Assist Prof
Fazio Victor, MD
Professor
Attaluri Vikram, MD
Clin Instructor
Kashyap Vikram, MD
Professor
Recinos Violette, MD
Asst Professor
Wong Virginia, MD
Asst Professor
Dubchuk Vladimir, MD
Clin Assist Prof
Barsoum Wael, MD
Professor
Bingaman William, MD
Professor
Seitz Jr. William, MD
Professor
Roscoe William, MD
Asst Professor
Forsythe William, MD
Clin Assist Prof
Annable William, MD
Clin Assoc Prof
Cappaert William, MD
Clin Assist Prof
Evanko William, MD
Clin Instructor
Stokes Womack, MD
Clin Assist Prof
Monga Y-Manoj, MD
Professor
Elgudin Yakov, MD, PhD
Asst Professor
Perry Yaron, MD
Clin Assoc Prof
Novitsky Yuri, MD
Professor
Greenberg Steven, MD
Professor

**Urology**

Hijaz Adonis, MD
Professor

Love Allan, MD
Clin Assist Prof

Altman Andrew, MD
Clin Assist Prof

Zippe Craig, MD
Clin Professor

Turk David, MD
Clin Assist Prof
Bodner Donald, MD
Professor

Cherullo Edward, MD
Assoc Prof

Daneshgari Firouz, MD
Professor

Levine Frederic, MD
Clin Assist Prof

Kondray Gregory, MD
Clin Assist Prof

Liu Guiming, MD, PhD
Asst Professor

Zhu Hui, MD
Asst Professor

Jaeger Irina, MD
Clin Assist Prof

Ross Jonathan, MD
Professor

Gordon Julian, MD
Clin Assist Prof

Banks Kevin, MD
Clin Assist Prof

Fitzgerald Kim, MD
Clin Assist Prof

Gervasi Lawrence, MD
Clin Assist Prof

Wolkoff Lawrence, MD
Clin Assist Prof

Ponsky Lee, MD
Assoc Prof

Woo Lynn, MD
Asst Professor

Menon Mani, MD
Clin Professor

Cymes Marc, MA/MS
Clin Instructor

Barkoukis Michael, MD
Clin Assist Prof

Berte Michael, MD
Clin Assist Prof

Lakin Milton, MD
Assoc Prof

Chehade Nabil, MD
Clin Assist Prof

Abouassaly Robert, MD

Asst Professor

Mahoney III S., MD
Clin Assist Prof

Gupta Sanjay, PhD
Professor

Shukla Sanjeev, PhD
Asst Professor

Sidor Tim, MD
Clin Assist Prof

Larchian William, MD
Clin Assoc Prof
## University Degree Programs

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<tr>
<th>Field of Study</th>
<th>Undergraduate</th>
<th>Professional Graduate</th>
<th>Combined</th>
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Note: The table continues with similar entries for other fields such as Neurosciences, Nonprofit Organizations, Nursing, Nutrition, Nutritional Biochemistry and Metabolism, Operations and Supply Chain Management, Organizational Behavior, Pathology, Pharmacology, Philosophy, and Physics.
### University Degree Programs

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1. Available only as a second major
2. Includes dietetics
3. The Medical Scientist Training Program
4. Combined degree by special arrangement for selected students who hold acceptances in the School of Medicine
5. Degrees conferred jointly by the Mandel School of Applied Social Sciences and the Weatherhead School of Management in association with the Mandel Center for Nonprofit Organizations
6. Available as the undergraduate portion of the Bachelor of Science in Engineering/Master of Science program
7. Available as the graduate portion of the Bachelor of Science in Engineering/Master of Science program
8. Joint five-year Doctor of Medicine/Master of Science
9. The Biomedical Investigation Program
10. Program currently not accepting applications
11. Masters offered only to current doctoral students or through the Integrated Graduate Studies program (IGS)
University Registrar

Registration

Students register at the time indicated by the University Registrar, (http://www.case.edu/registrar) as shown in the Student Information System (http://www.case.edu/erp/sis) (SIS) or as indicated by individual graduate/professional schools. Undergraduate student registration for fall begins in April and continues through the beginning of classes in August; undergraduate student registration for spring begins in November and continues through the beginning of classes in January. Only those students who have no outstanding financial obligations to the university are eligible to register. The Office of Student Financial Services will bill those students who have registered for the next semester. The tuition payment will be due in full by the last day of the drop/add period. The schedule of classes (https://sisquest.case.edu/psc/saprd/EMPLOYEE/HRMS/c/COMMUNITY_ACCESS.CLASS_SEARCH.GBL) is available electronically and can be accessed through SIS. (http://www.case.edu/erp/sis)

The University Registrar's website includes the academic calendar (http://www.case.edu/registrar/calendar.html) and the dates for late registration and drop/add (http://www.case.edu/registrar/lastday.html). SIS includes a complete real time listing of courses offered. Students use SIS to register for classes; refer to the listing of registration start dates for each school (http://www.case.edu/registrar/online/when.html) to determine registration eligibility. No zero-credit only registrations (e.g., zero-credit physical education courses) are allowed, unless approved as part of ongoing degree programs.

Registration deadlines will be strictly enforced. Only students officially registered, according to the official SIS class roster, are permitted to attend that class. Instructors may permit students to sit in on occasional classes at their discretion, but students who wish to attend class regularly without receiving credit should register as auditors. Unregistered students are not permitted to take part in laboratory activities.

Courses of Instruction

All courses at the university, except courses in the Medical School, Law School, School of Dental Medicine, and School of Nursing are numbered according to the following plan:

- 100-199 Elementary courses
- 200-299 Intermediate courses
- 300-399 Advanced undergraduate courses
- 400-499 Lower level graduate courses (some are open to undergraduates; consult with the appropriate department)
- 500 and above Advanced graduate courses

Roman numerals (I, II, etc.) after course titles indicate segments of a multicourse sequence. Arabic numerals in parentheses after course titles indicate the semester credit hours for each course.

Veterans Affairs School Certifying Official

The School Certifying Official, housed in the Office of the University Registrar, 135 Yost Hall, administers the regulations governing the educational benefits and opportunities open to veterans under various federal laws. For more information see www.case.edu/registrar/veterans, call 216.368.4310 or email registrar@case.edu.

Exceptions to Policies

Requests for exceptions to any academic or administrative policy must be submitted within three months of the end of the semester for which the exception is sought.

Course Audit Program for Senior Citizens

Case Western Reserve University's Course Audit Program for Senior Citizens (http://www.case.edu/provost/seniorauditprogram) (CAPSC) allows senior citizens (age 65 and older) to take on campus courses at a reduced tuition rate.

Student Records

The Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974 (FERPA) contains several provisions that are important to students. First, the university may not release personally identifiable student records to a third party, with certain specific exceptions, unless the third party has requested the information in writing and the student has consented, again in writing, to its release. The university may release directory information about a student, however, unless the student submits a written request that any or all such information not be released. Second, a student may request, in writing, an opportunity to inspect and review the student's official files and records maintained by the university and may, if appropriate, challenge the accuracy of those records. The university is permitted a reasonable time, not to exceed 45 days, to respond to such a request. Third, a student may file with the Family Policy and Regulations Office of the U.S. Department of Education a complaint concerning what he or she believes to be the university's failure to comply with FERPA. Finally, a student may obtain from the Registrar a copy of this policy, which the university has adopted to meet the requirements of FERPA. The information below is presented in compliance with the provisions of FERPA, which require the university to notify students annually of their rights and the university's policies and procedures. Specific procedures may vary slightly among the schools and colleges of the university, and each student is encouraged to inquire at his or her own dean's office if any question arises.

Access to Files

A student may request, in writing, an opportunity to review the contents of the student's educational file. Certain materials are excluded from review as specified in FERPA. Among these are:

- Records kept in the sole possession of faculty, staff, and other personnel, used only as a personal memory aid, and not accessible to any other person except a temporary substitute for the maker of the record.
- Records created and maintained by law enforcement units solely for law enforcement purposes that are not maintained by persons other than law enforcement officials.
- Records created and maintained by a physician, psychiatrist, psychologist, or other professional or paraprofessional acting in that capacity in connection with the provision of treatment to a student. Such records can, of course, be reviewed by a physician or other appropriate professional of the student's choice.
- Employment records of a student made and maintained in the normal course of business. Such employment records may be obtained in the Student Employment Office or Human Resources under the policies applicable to those offices.
- Financial records of a student's parents, or any information contained therein.

Access to Files

The right of access to the student's educational file is subject to certain exceptions, including:

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The right of access to the student's educational file is subject to certain exceptions, including:

- Financial records of a student's parents, or any information contained therein.
• Confidential letters and statements of recommendation placed in the file before January 1, 1975.
• Records for which the student previously waived his or her right of access.
• Records that contain only information about a person after that person is no longer a student, such as alumni records.

The office to which the request is made will arrange an appointment within a reasonable period of time (not to exceed 45 days) for the student to review the file in the presence of a member of the office staff.

FERPA affords students certain rights with respect to their educational records. Students may ask the university to amend a record that the student believes is inaccurate or misleading. The student should write to the university official responsible for the record, clearly identifying the part of the record the student wants changed, and specify why it is inaccurate or misleading. If the university decides not to amend the record as requested by the student, the university will notify the student of the decision and advise the student of his or her right to a hearing regarding the request for amendment. Additional information regarding the hearing procedures will be provided to the student when notified of the right to a hearing.

The student may request copies of those records to which he or she has access under the terms of FERPA. The student will be charged a nominal fee per page for these copies.

Release of Personally Identifiable Records
FERPA affords the student the right to consent to disclosures of personally identifiable information contained in the student's educational records, except to the extent that FERPA authorizes disclosure without consent. One exception, which permits disclosure without consent, is disclosure to school officials with legitimate educational interests. A school official is defined as a person employed by the university in an administrative, supervisory, academic, or support staff position (including law enforcement unit and health staff); a person or company with whom the university has contracted (such as an attorney, auditor, or collection agent); a person serving on the Board of Trustees; or assisting another school official in performing his or her tasks. A school official has a legitimate educational interest if the official needs to review an education record in order to fulfill his or her professional responsibility.

Upon request, the university discloses education records without consent to officials of another school in which a student seeks or intends to enroll. The university also discloses education records to organizations conducting studies for educational agencies or institutions under certain circumstances.

Directory Information
For the convenience of faculty and fellow students, FERPA provides for a category known as directory information, which may be released without requesting the eligible student's specific prior consent. Rather, the act requires that students be notified annually of the types of information included in this category and be given an appropriate period in which to express, in writing, any preference that such information about themselves not be released. For this purpose, directory information is defined to include:

• Name (including both maiden name and married name, where applicable)

• Address, telephone listing, and electronic mail address
• Date and place of birth
• Major field of study
• Anticipated graduation date
• Enrollment Status (undergraduate or graduate, full-time or part-time)
• Dates of attendance
• Degrees and awards received
• Participation in officially recognized sports and activities
• Weight and height (members of athletic teams)

Any student who would prefer that the university not release such information about himself or herself should so notify the Office of the University Registrar, in writing, prior to the first week of classes in the fall semester. Students entering the university at midyear may submit such notice during the first week of classes of the spring semester.

Transcripts
A transcript of grades (http://www.case.edu/registrar/transcripts.html) will be released only upon written (or electronically authenticated) request of the student, either in person, by mail or by online request through our transcript servicing partner. A fee is charged for each transcript copy. Neither transcripts nor diplomas will not be issued to, or on behalf of, students who have not discharged delinquent obligations to the university.

Student Right to Know
The Student Right to Know and Campus Security Act requires that universities throughout the country produce statistics and/or information on the following subjects:

1. retention and graduation rates;
2. financial assistance available to students and requirements and restrictions imposed on Title IV aid;
3. crime statistics on campus;
4. athletic program participation rates and financial support; and
5. other institutional information including: the cost of attendance, accreditation and academic program data, facilities and services available to students with disabilities, and withdrawal and refund policies.

Data on retention and graduation rates is available in the Office of the Provost in Adelbert Hall (216.368.4389) and is posted on the University Registrar's website (case.edu/registrar/gradrate.html). Information on financial assistance, including descriptions of application procedures and forms, may be obtained from the Office of University Financial Aid (financialaid.case.edu) in Yost Hall (216.368.4530). Information concerning athletic program participation and financial support may be obtained from the Physical Education and Athletics Department in Veale Center (216.368.2867). Other institutional information, such as that listed in No. 5 above, may be obtained from the Office of the Provost and in the various undergraduate, graduate and professional schools' registrars' offices.

Case Western Reserve University's annual security report (available online at police.case.edu) includes:

• Statistics for the previous three years concerning certain categories of reported crimes, including hate crimes, that occurred on campus, in or on campus buildings or property owned or controlled by the
university, and on public property within or immediately adjacent to and accessible from campus.

- Summaries of institutional policies regarding safety and security, reporting of crimes, sexual assault, drug and alcohol use, timely warnings and missing persons investigations. The university maintains a daily crime log that can be accessed at police.case.edu.
- Information on emergency notification, emergency response and evacuation procedures. Emergency procedures for students, faculty, staff and visitors can be reviewed at case.edu/emergencymanagement.

The annual security report is updated Oct. 1 of every year. A full print copy of the report can be obtained by contacting the crime prevention office at 216.368.1243.

Case Western Reserve University also produces an annual fire safety report that includes fire statistics for on-campus housing, summaries of fire policies and evacuation procedures. The university maintains a fire log for all fires that occur in on-campus housing. The report and log are available at case.edu/ehs/FireSafety/.

Any emergency on campus should be reported to CWRU Police & Security Services at 216.368.3333. This number is staffed 24 hours a day.

### Grading System

The following grading system is used at Case Western Reserve University:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Letter Grade</th>
<th>Meaning</th>
<th>Quality Points</th>
<th>Notes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A</td>
<td>Excellent</td>
<td>4.000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A-</td>
<td></td>
<td>3.666</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B+</td>
<td></td>
<td>3.333</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B</td>
<td>Good</td>
<td>3.000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B-</td>
<td></td>
<td>2.666</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C+</td>
<td></td>
<td>2.333</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C</td>
<td>Fair</td>
<td>2.000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-</td>
<td></td>
<td>1.666</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D+</td>
<td></td>
<td>1.333</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D</td>
<td>Passing</td>
<td>1.000</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D-</td>
<td></td>
<td>0.666</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F</td>
<td>Failure</td>
<td>0.000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AD</td>
<td>Successful audit</td>
<td>n/a</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AE</td>
<td>Achieves or exceeds competencies</td>
<td>n/a</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AP</td>
<td>Advanced placement</td>
<td>n/a</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AS</td>
<td>Advanced subsidiary</td>
<td>n/a</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>COM</td>
<td>Commendable</td>
<td>n/a</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CR</td>
<td>Earns credit, credit/no credit course</td>
<td>n/a</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H</td>
<td>Honors</td>
<td>n/a</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I</td>
<td>Incomplete</td>
<td>n/a</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IB</td>
<td>International baccalaureate</td>
<td>n/a</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IP</td>
<td>In Progress or extends &gt; one term</td>
<td>n/a</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M</td>
<td>Meets or exceeds expectations</td>
<td>n/a</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NC</td>
<td>No credit, credit/no credit course</td>
<td>n/a</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NG</td>
<td>Unsuccessful audit</td>
<td>n/a</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NOG</td>
<td>Non-graded course</td>
<td>n/a</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NP</td>
<td>No pass</td>
<td>n/a</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>P</td>
<td>Pass</td>
<td>n/a</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PR</td>
<td>Proficiency</td>
<td>n/a</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R</td>
<td>In progress or extends &gt; one term</td>
<td>n/a</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RPT</td>
<td>Repeated course (until Summer 2006)</td>
<td>n/a</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>S</td>
<td>Satisfactory</td>
<td>n/a</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SA</td>
<td>Special audit or alumni/senior audit</td>
<td>n/a</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TR</td>
<td>Transfer</td>
<td>n/a</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U</td>
<td>Unsatisfactory</td>
<td>n/a</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>W</td>
<td>Withdrawal from a class</td>
<td>n/a</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WD</td>
<td>Withdrawal from all classes</td>
<td>n/a</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WF</td>
<td>Withdrawn under Acad Regs 5 &amp; 6</td>
<td>n/a</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 - 69</td>
<td>Nonpassing grade</td>
<td>n/a</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>70 - 100</td>
<td>Passing grade</td>
<td>n/a</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1. Schools of Applied Social Science, Dental Medicine, Law only
2. Schools of Dental Medicine, Law only
3. Not applicable for Schools of Applied Social Science, Nursing
4. Test credit or transfer credit only
5. School of Medicine only
Explanation of Grades

The responsibility for assigning grades rests exclusively with the instructor of a course or section, who must announce the general method of grading to his/her class at the beginning of the course. Grades in all courses are reported to the University Registrar at the end of each semester for all students and at midterm for undergraduates (midterm grades are not considered part of the student's permanent academic record). Changes to student grades must be reported on grade change cards and have all required signatures.

Incomplete (I)

The grade of I is assigned at the discretion of an instructor provided that:

1. There are extenuating circumstances, explained to the instructor before the assignment of the grade, which clearly justify an extension of time beyond the requirements established for other students in the class. It is the student's responsibility to notify the instructor of the circumstances preventing completion.

2. The student has been passing the course and only a small segment of the course remains to be completed, such as a term paper, for which the extenuating circumstances justify a special exception.

An Incomplete grade may not be assigned if a student is absent from a final examination, unless the dean has authorized the absence. Unauthorized absence from a final examination will result in a failing grade. When the student completes the work, the Incomplete is changed to an A, B, C, D, P, F, or NP. (Note: not all schools award all of these grades; see first paragraph of "Grading System" above.)

Undergraduate Students

All work for the Incomplete grade must be made up and the change of grade recorded in the Office of the University Registrar, by the date specified by the instructor, but no later than the 11th week of the session following the one in which the Incomplete grade was received. In certain cases (such as students on probation or graduating students), the dean may establish an earlier date for completion of courses with Incomplete grades. When a student fails to submit the work required for removing the Incomplete by the date established, the instructor shall transmit to the Registrar a final grade that assumes a failing performance for the missing work. In the absence of the assignment of a grade by the instructor the Registrar will convert the I to F when the deadline for making up Incomplete grades from a previous semester has passed. Failure to meet this deadline for removing the Incomplete will result in a failing grade. An instructor may elect to give the grade of F or NP if the Incomplete is not removed within the specified time limit.

Graduate and Professional Students

In order to receive credit for a course marked Incomplete, the student must complete the work by the date specified by the instructor and in no event later than the end of the next regular semester (fall or spring). If the student fails to remove the Incomplete within the specified time, he or she forfeits the privilege of completing the course for credit, and the grade becomes a permanent Incomplete unless the instructor elects to give a grade of F.

Satisfactory (S)

The grade of S given graduate students in the School of Graduate Studies indicates satisfactory progress in evaluating exclusively thesis and dissertation research. The grade S is not counted in determining quality averages. The alternative to a grade of S is U (Unsatisfactory). The grade of I (Incomplete) may not be used in evaluating thesis and dissertation research. In other graduate/professional schools, the grade of S may indicate passing performance in designated courses and advanced seminars.

Conditional (R)

The grade of R is used for work, such as undergraduate thesis and project laboratories, that extends more than one semester and, upon completion of the thesis or project, will be changed to the letter grade awarded for the completed work. The R grade assigned in ENGL 148 Introduction to Composition indicates that a student must re-enroll in ENGL 148 Introduction to Composition. In the following semester, the R grade in ENGL 148 Introduction to Composition remains on the student's record and is not subject to replacement by the final grade earned in ENGL 148.

Audit (AD) and Unsuccessful Audit (NG)

The grade of AD (audit) will be given when a student has officially registered to audit a course and has satisfied the requirements specified by the instructor for this grade. The grade of NG (unsuccessful audit, graduate, and professional schools only) will be given when a student has officially registered to audit a course and has not satisfied the requirements specified by the instructor.

Undergraduate Students

A student may audit a course with the dean's or advisor's approval and the consent of the instructor of the course. An auditor receives no credit for the course.

Registration in a course cannot be changed from audit to credit or the reverse after the end of the drop/add period. At the beginning of the course, the student and instructor should reach agreement regarding the requirements to be met for a grade of AD. The grade of AD is entered on the student's transcript if approved by the instructor of the course. If the instructor does not approve the grade AD, the enrollment is not posted on the transcript. A student may take for credit a course he or she audited in an earlier semester.

Graduate/Professional Students

Dental students: Courses toward degree programs in the School of Dental Medicine may not be audited.

The following statements apply to the Schools of Graduate Studies and Management: The instructor may designate that the student has not completed all requirements for auditing the course and that NG (Unsuccessful Audit) be recorded on the student's transcript. A course once audited may not be repeated for credit, nor may any course for which credit has been given be repeated for credit toward degree requirements. Students will be permitted to change their registration in a course from credit to audit (AD), or the reverse, with written consent of
their advisor and the instructor only if the change is officially made on or before the date specified in the academic calendar for the given term.

Other graduate and professional schools: Please refer to individual school sections of this publication, or to individual school student handbooks.

Partial Withdrawal (W)
The grade of W will be given if a student officially withdraws from a course on or before the date specified in the academic calendar for the given term. After this date, the grade as determined by the instructor will be posted.

Complete Withdrawal (WD)
The grade WD is assigned by the University Registrar for complete withdrawal from all course work for the semester. All withdrawal requests are to be submitted to the University Registrar prior to the last day of class.

Grade Point Averages
Grade-point averages are calculated by multiplying the number equivalent of the letter grade by the number of credit hours for the course. The semester grade-point average is computed by dividing the total number of grade points earned at the university during a given semester by the sum of the credit hours for all courses in which the student received letter grades of A, B, C, D, or F taken at the university during that same semester. (Not all of these grades are given by all schools.)

For the purpose of semester grade calculations, grade points earned when a grade of Incomplete is replaced by the appropriate course grade are credited to the semester in which the incomplete grade was received, but status action (separation, probation, or restoration to good standing) taken at the end of that semester is not affected unless the grade change occurs by the first day of classes of the following semester. Qualification for honors is based on the same terms.

The cumulative grade-point average is computed by dividing the total grade points earned at the university by the sum of the credit hours for all courses included in the grade-point calculation.

Pass-No Pass
See specific colleges and schools for information about courses that may be taken on a pass-no pass basis and similar options.

Definition of a Credit-Hour
Program Integrity Rules issued by the U.S. Department of Education require institutions to establish a definition of “credit hour.” CWRU’s definition was approved by the Faculty Senate on 4/25/12 and applies to all degree programs (undergraduate through graduate/professional):

1. The assignment of credit-hours to a course occurs through a formal review process conducted at the appropriate levels of faculty governance.

2. For courses in lecture format, one credit-hour represents the subject content that can be delivered in one academic hour of contact time each week for the full duration of one academic semester, typically fourteen weeks along with a final examination period. For undergraduate courses, one credit-hour also includes associated work that can be completed by a typical student in 2-3 hours of effort

3. For courses taught in other than lecture format (e.g., seminars, laboratories, independent study, clinical work, research, etc.), one credit-hour represents an amount of content and/or student effort that in aggregate is no less than that described in (2) above.
Weatherhead School of Management

The Weatherhead School of Management (http://weatherhead.case.edu) has been widely recognized for its innovative approach to management education. Weatherhead develops leaders who innovate to create sustainable value and who are good global citizens.

Weatherhead is home to six academic departments comprising 68 full-time faculty members and 83 full-time members of staff. It offers programs at the undergraduate, master's and doctoral levels in the Peter B. Lewis Building and executive programming in the George S. Dively Building on the campus of Case Western Reserve University. Located within University Circle, a square mile of educational, scientific, medical and cultural institutions, Weatherhead counts among its neighbors the Cleveland Orchestra, the Cleveland Museum of Art, the Cleveland Botanical Garden, the Cleveland Museum of Natural History, the Cleveland Institute of Art and University Hospitals. Weatherhead is a business school that attracts interest from every corner of the globe while maintaining roots in the Cleveland community.

Mission Statement
Developing transformational ideas and outstanding leaders for the advancement of business and society.

Values

- Weatherhead believes that management is a noble profession committed to the advancement of human life.
- Weatherhead values its strong ethical foundation and strives to promote a culture rich in ideas and reflection.
- Weatherhead is committed to increasing individual creative and critical capacities, nurturing new and expansive patterns of thought.
- Weatherhead values research of enduring consequence and judges its significance by the impact it has on management thought, management action and public policy.
- Weatherhead values learning that is active and collaborative. Students, faculty and staff together engage important management problems with an innovative, knowledge-creating approach.
- Weatherhead is responsive to the needs of its students.
- Weatherhead considers alumni its important partners and strives to add value to their personal and professional lives.
- Weatherhead values partnerships with the business community and other organizations.
- Weatherhead values meaningful service to society and strives for outcomes that influence and positively change the way people and organizations conduct themselves.
- Weatherhead is a cohesive learning organization with an international outlook.
- Weatherhead values diversity, characterized by open dialogue and mutual respect among individuals with different specializations, backgrounds, cultures and perspectives.
- Weatherhead is results-oriented and judges contributions by actions taken and outcomes achieved.

Vision
Weatherhead is respected locally and globally for research of enduring consequence. The school is recognized for attracting and educating managers to design novel solutions to the most complex issues facing business and society. Weatherhead's learning environment is a hub of creative thinking, innovative teaching and trans-disciplinary research, filled with excitement and a strong sense of community.

Distinguishing Focus
It matters to the Weatherhead School of Management that its education and research efforts help people improve organizations and society. To that end, Weatherhead educates and develops managers of private and public, corporate and nonprofit institutions to combine rigorous analytic skills, design competence and a bias for action.

Weatherhead develops leaders who:

- Innovate using design practices. Faculty, students and alumni contribute to our innovative endeavors through:
  - The first Design & Innovation Department in a management school
  - A year-long MBA elective: Design in Management: Concept and Practices
  - Partnerships with university initiatives like think[box (http://engineering.case.edu/thinkbox)] and Blackstone Launchpad (http://www.bdmorganfdn.org/blackstone-launchpad)

Create sustainable value through intrapreneurship, entrepreneurship and social entrepreneurship. We bring this to our community through:

- A year-long MBA elective: MBA Institute for Sustainable Value and Social Entrepreneurship
- The Fowler Center for Sustainable Value
- Partnerships with Great Lakes Energy Institute and Globally Responsible Leadership Initiative (GRLI)

Are good global citizens. The global mindset of Weatherhead's community is reflected in:

- The school's adherence to the Principles for Responsible Management Education (PRME) based on the United Nations Global Compact
- Global Forum
- Global MBA

Brief History
In 1952, Western Reserve University established the School of Business by combining the Cleveland College Division of Business Administration and the Graduate School Division of Business Administration, and from its founding until 1988, the activities of the School of Business were divided among a number of buildings both in downtown Cleveland and in University Circle. In 1967, the merger of Case Institute of Technology and Western Reserve University created Case Western Reserve University, and the Western Reserve University School of Business absorbed Case's Division of Organizational Sciences to become the School of Management in 1970. Just six years later, the School of Management launched its full-time MBA.

It was in 1980 that the School of Management was renamed in honor of Albert J. Weatherhead III, a Cleveland businessman and industrialist who represented the fourth generation of his family to carry on the
Weatherhead name and values, including cultural and educational leadership. By 1999, the Weatherhead School of Management had developed a strong identity, growing out of its space in Nord Hall and requiring new construction. Funded by the philanthropist and entrepreneur whose name it bears, the Peter B. Lewis building, designed by renowned contemporary architect Frank Gehry and completed in 2002, was the answer. Located across the street from the George S. Dively Building, which houses Weatherhead Executive Education programs, the Lewis Building, featuring Gehry’s unmistakable sculptural profile and gleaming stainless steel roof, both sets the school apart from its surroundings and, quite literally, reflects the prestigious neighborhood of the school. Gehry redefined the way a business school should look, just as Weatherhead redefines the way management education should take place.

Accreditation
The programs of the Weatherhead School of Management have been fully accredited by the Association to Advance Collegiate Schools of Business (AACSB) International since 1958.

Administration
Robert E. Widing II, PhD
(Ohio State University)
Dean, Weatherhead School of Management; Albert J. Weatherhead III Professor of Management; Professor, Design & Innovation

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(University of Pennsylvania)
Vice Dean; Professor, Design & Innovation

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Associate Dean, Research; Iris S. Wolstein Professor of Management Design; Faculty Director, DM Program; Professor, Design & Innovation

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Associate Dean, Finance and Administration

Department Chairs
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Anurag Gupta, PhD
(New York University)
Associate Dean, Global Initiatives; Chair and Professor, Banking and Finance

Kamlesh Mathur, PhD
(Case Western Reserve University)
Chair and Professor, Operations

Mark Taylor, PhD, CPA
(University of Arizona)
Andrew D. Braden Professor of Accounting and Auditing; Chair and Professor, Accountancy

Doctoral Programs

Doctor of Management (DM) and PhD in Management: Designing Sustainable Systems

Business leadership is increasingly required to integrate multiple sources of knowledge, understand the perceptions of diverse parties and put human values into action. Executives are challenged to create social, intellectual and economic value for their organizations and for society at large based on rigorous and sound evidence. Recognizing these challenges, Weatherhead offers two doctoral degrees in management for working professionals: the DM and the PhD in management: Designing Sustainable Systems.

The DM is based on the expectation that the practitioner-scholar will develop the ability to think intensely and critically about problems confronting an organization, a community, a nation and the world. Through conceptually modeling these problems, assessing and modifying the assumptions underlying the models, testing assumptions empirically and applying modes of thought drawn from many disciplines, students draw conclusions and propose solutions based on the results their models produce.

The PhD in Management: Designing Sustainable Systems is focused on preparing interdisciplinary scholar-practitioners for successful research and academic careers. Students develop the ability to approach problems of practice rigorously from multiple disciplinary angles and to produce sound evidence and theoretical frames to address those problems.

Curricula and coursework in these programs provide a foundation for conducting rigorous research and practicing evidence-based management. Courses are interrelated theoretically and methodologically and prepare students to bring academic, theoretical and empirical
perspectives to bear on problems that they face in their organizations or in public policy advocacy.

DM

The DM is a 54-credit-hour, three-year lock-step program. DM students’ research projects are evaluated by a faculty review committee over the course of the program at critical research milestones.

Curriculum

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>First Year</th>
<th>Units</th>
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<tr>
<td>Theory and Practice of Collective Action (EDMP 611)</td>
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<td>Introduction to Research Inquiry (EDMP 665)</td>
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<td>Leading Change (EDMP 613)</td>
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<td>Qualitative Inquiry I (EDMP 638)</td>
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<td>Sustainability and Social Value Creation (EDMP 672)</td>
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<td>Technology and Social System Design (EDMP 617)</td>
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<td>Causal Analysis of Business Problems II (EDMP 649)</td>
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<td>Integration of Qualitative and Quantitative Inquiry (EDMP 645)</td>
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<td>Advanced Analytical Methods for Generalizing Research (EDMP 646)</td>
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<td>Business as an Evolving Complex System (EDMP 614)</td>
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<td>Knowledge Dissemination to Influence Managerial Practice (EDMP 664)</td>
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Total Units in Sequence: 54

Research Requirements and Deliverables

The DM dissertation consists of the Qualitative Research Paper and Quantitative Research Paper and an Integrative Paper that organizes the research into a coherent thesis.

Research Proposal Paper

The first research requirement is a qualitative research proposal that frames the student's research problem and question and specifies a design for the fieldwork portion of the qualitative research project. The student develops a written research proposal that synthesizes a substantial body of scholarly literature (theoretical and empirical) in a fashion that creates a conceptual framework and model providing insight into a significant problem of practice reflecting the lived worlds of a specified body of practitioners. The Research Proposal Paper produces a "grand tour" research question to guide the qualitative research project and includes a design for the fieldwork to be carried out in the course of the research project. Students develop individual skills of conceptualizing (including modeling), creating ethnographic/phenomenological interview protocols, conducting phenomenological interviews and interpretively analyzing qualitative interview data.

Qualitative Research Paper

The Qualitative Research Paper presents findings and explanatory concepts from the student's qualitative fieldwork project. It identifies and frames a potent "phenomenological practice gap" where current practitioner and academic knowledge guide effective practice. The research synthesizes significant scholarly literature into a coherent conceptual framework and an understandable model of relationships among theoretical constructs. Students learn to frame effective questions for practitioner-scholarship research that embodies inquiry and openness, to align the conceptual framework and research question to the chosen problem of practice and to write scholarly papers that are clear and present a logical flow of well-supported arguments. By understanding the development of grounded theory and understanding ethnographic observation and field notes, students formally and rigorously analyze qualitative data in an interpretive fashion.

Capstone

The Capstone integrates the analytical approaches the student has learned in EDMP 643 Measuring Business Behaviors and Structures and EDMP 649 Causal Analysis of Business Problems II. The Capstone exercise is intended to allow students to demonstrate their independent competence in quantitative inquiry skills and, based on a satisfactory assessment, to progress toward the completion of the quantitative inquiry project, which is a requirement for both the DM and the PhD in management: Designing Sustainable Systems.

Quantitative Research Paper

The objective of the Quantitative Research Paper is to generate a rigorous and valid quantitative empirical study that is guided by a sound conceptual model of the student's phenomenon of interest. The study must position itself with respect to the theoretical and research literature of the topic, utilize a robust research design to collect credible data that mitigates biases, reflect systematic and rigorous quantitative analysis indicative of material covered in the quantitative inquiry courses and meet high scholarly standards to merit publication in top-rated journals and outlets.

Integrative Paper

As a final requirement for the DM dissertation, each student writes an overview statement introducing his or her Qualitative and Quantitative Research Papers, making substantive observations and conclusions about each project, and presenting a personal reflective statement about each project's significance to the author. The Research Proposal frames the dissertation overview in a preliminary way, but in light of the student's experience in conducting qualitative and quantitative studies, the synthesis is rewritten, revised and critically evaluated to become the Integrative Paper. The approved Integrative Paper, Qualitative Research
Paper and Quantitative Research Paper serve as the dissertation requirement of the DM program.

**PhD in Management: Designing Sustainable Systems**

The students in Weatherhead’s PhD in management: Designing Sustainable Systems are selected from second-year DM students who wish to reorient their careers to pursue positions as academic researchers and scholars.

**Research Requirements and Deliverables**

Although transdisciplinary research is the main focus of the PhD in management: Designing Sustainable Systems track, candidates must be grounded in a disciplinary field. Therefore, throughout their course of study, candidates will read seminal works and acquire knowledge that leads to a grounding in their chosen discipline(s) (for example, marketing, strategy, accounting, information systems, organizational behavior, finance or economics). Students are required to take a comprehensive exam demonstrating knowledge of the field’s theories, research methods and results. Upon passing the comprehensive exam, students are advanced to candidacy for the PhD. Candidates defend their PhD thesis proposal and the final thesis during their course of study.

Doctoral candidates in the PhD in management: Designing Sustainable Systems track undertake dissertation research during their fourth year of study to extend their contributions to managerial knowledge. Informed by courses in design practices, sustainable value and complex systems thinking, candidates incorporate human values and appropriate mixed methods of analysis into their research. An original and significant endeavor, the dissertation includes a detailed review of the chosen topic, relevant research questions, methods of inquiry used and findings obtained, as well as the implications of these findings.

For more information, contact Sue Nartker (sue.nartker@case.edu), managing director of the DM program, at 216.368.1943; or Marilyn Chorman (marilyn.chorman@case.edu), associate director of the program, at 216.368.3638.

**PhD in Management**

A PhD in management offers students the opportunity to develop theory-driven scholarship that is grounded in practice and explores various dimensions of value creation, and to prepare for a career as a faculty member.

Candidates may specialize in one of three areas:

- Accountancy
- Designing Sustainable Systems
- Design and innovation

**Accountancy**

The PhD in accountancy is structured and a student study plan is developed to support high-quality research and effective teaching based upon knowledge and skill levels appropriate to a student's goals. Doctoral students work with faculty whose research investigates matters of importance to academics, practitioners and policy makers, in order to influence practice and standard setting in both the private and public sectors.

Curriculum

The first two academic years are directed toward the study of the literature, methods and recent research appropriate to a student's identified interests. Summer periods are available for individual reading, development and writing along project lines to be determined by the student's chair and program committee. This two-year period is expected to provide the foundation for preparing well-developed research papers that exhibit knowledge and skill levels appropriate to an individual's goals as he or she approaches candidacy.

The third year is devoted to writing focused individual papers leading to a dissertation proposal under the supervision of a study program committee. Based upon one of these high-quality research papers, a suitable dissertation proposal will be prepared by the end of the third year of study. This research and writing activity will not only help to determine the student's dissertation topic, but will also be considered equivalent to field examinations. The series of papers leading up to the dissertation proposal, the proposal itself, and an oral presentation to the student's study program committee will be taken into account as the committee determines whether to grant doctoral candidate status to the student.

The fourth year is focused upon completion of the dissertation. The student will also prepare documents necessary and helpful to the acquisition of a full-time academic appointment. Most students will also be engaged in the revision of submissions of academic work to journals in the accounting discipline. Throughout the program, the student will develop competencies related to classroom and teaching activities as well.

For more information, visit our website (http://weatherhead.case.edu/degrees/phd-management/accountancy) or contact Elaine Iannicelli (elaine.iannicelli@case.edu), department administrator, at 216.368.4141.

**Designing Sustainable Systems**

Please refer to the Doctor of Management (p. 980) section of the Bulletin for more information on the PhD in management: Designing Sustainable Systems.

**Design and Innovation**

The PhD in design and innovation brings together the disciplines of information systems, strategy and marketing to prepare scholars for path-creating research on consequential issues faced by organizations and managers.

The program encourages a cross-disciplinary approach to the generation of new knowledge on the management challenge of creating value for customers, stakeholders and society. Because traditional boundaries between the economic and the social, between the public and the private, and between management disciplines are becoming blurred, economic elements that had been separate and autonomous are now interconnected and interdependent. As a result, the global market economy requires unrelenting innovations in designing better products, services, interactions and environments.

The guiding principles for PhD studies in the Design & Innovation Department are:

- To develop scholars with the interdisciplinary theoretical grounding and methodological skills that enable path-creating research on important management problems
- To prepare scholars and educators capable of holding academic positions in top universities and research institutions
• To produce scholars with a reputation as risk-takers who are unafraid to embrace the unconventional and engage in exciting research that informs both disciplinary and interdisciplinary interests
• To train graduates that value partnership with practitioner-scholars who share their interests and engage in joint exploration of research opportunities for publication in top scholarly journals

**Curriculum**

The department's PhD program is focused on disciplinary research and trains academic scholars for faculty positions in the disciplines of information systems and marketing at leading business schools.

The organizing principles for the program are:

• To provide rigorous interdisciplinary training in theory and methods through core courses
• To challenge students to develop research articles in each year of study that are discipline-focused and draw from their interdisciplinary training

The PhD program consists of coursework in three areas and a dissertation. Coursework in the following areas is required: general management research and methods, specialization research, and a minor area of study.

The general management research and methods component involves six courses offering sufficient interdisciplinary orientation:

• Research theory and methods
• Qualitative research methods
• Measurement in management research
• Multivariate data analysis
• Theory building and analysis
• Advanced data analysis

At the end of first and second year of study, each student will be expected to complete and present a publishable paper that draws from one or more of their courses of study and demonstrates their progress in the program. These papers are expected to be targeted to top academic conferences and academic journals. In addition, students are required to attend the interdisciplinary research seminar series during each year of their study.

Following the completion of all required coursework, students take a comprehensive qualifying examination, generally during the second summer semester or early in the fall semester of the third year. Upon successful completion of the comprehensive qualifying examination, the student is admitted to candidacy and formally begins the dissertation phase of the program. The dissertation proposal and the dissertation itself are generally completed in one and a half to two years. The advising team for each student will be led by a faculty member from the student's disciplinary focus but is expected to have interdisciplinary representation.

Students making normal progress should expect to finish all degree requirements within four to five years. Students must remain in residence throughout the coursework portion of the program, and the faculty strongly discourages any student from relocating prior to completion of the dissertation as doing so dramatically reduces the likelihood of completing the degree.

Students will be expected to complete a teaching requirement as part of their PhD studies. This requirement includes engaging in teaching responsibilities for at least two full semesters as an instructor of an assigned course and/or assistant assigned to department faculty teaching a course. Teaching responsibilities are governed by department priorities as determined by the chair.

Qualified students generally receive full tuition support for PhD courses taken at Case Western Reserve University. Outstanding students tend to receive financial aid based on research or teaching assistantships. Such assistantships require at least 20 hours of assigned work each week. The department plans to recruit four students every year.

**Student Profile**

Potential doctoral students are expected to have strong quantitative ability, a master's degree, a minimum of two years' work experience, a GMAT score which exceeds 650, and interest in pursuing a research topic that aligns with the research interests of the faculty in the department. Interested students are therefore encouraged to contact individual faculty in the department to explore mutual interests. Qualified students will have a demonstrable record of intellectual curiosity, academic excellence and industry experience. We value diversity and encourage students with academic work in basic and social sciences including engineering, health and law to apply, in addition to those with business backgrounds.

For more information, visit our website (http://weatherhead.case.edu/departments/marketing) or contact Gail Stringer (gcs23@case.edu), department administrator, at 216.365.5326.

**PhD in Operations**

The intrinsic complexity of supply chain organizations and the coordination of operational and financial decisions throughout the supply chain are at the heart of the PhD in operations research. Weatherhead's Operations Department has a rich history as a center of education and scholarship—it was here that the world's first doctorate in operations research was granted. Candidates learn a unique combination of mathematics, statistics and computer modeling to assist in decision-making for complex organizational problems.

Please note that the Operations Department is not accepting new PhD candidates for academic year 2014-2015. For more information, contact Tedda Nathan (tedda.nathan@case.edu), department administrator, at 216.368.2040.

**PhD in Organizational Behavior**

Weatherhead's PhD in Organizational Behavior was the first of its kind. Graduating our first PhD students in 1964, our department set the standard for universities worldwide. United by a passion for generating new knowledge of enduring consequence through scholarly research, inquiry and writing as well as deeply reflective practice, doctoral students study in a department consistently ranked among the best in the world.

Recipients of our PhD in Organizational Behavior have taken positions in leading universities and research institutions such as the London School of Business, Columbia University, Stanford University, and the Naval Post-Graduate School.

Organizational behavior is a vital and growing field of knowledge that is concerned with human and developmental processes across levels of analysis from individuals and groups through organizations, inter-organizational systems, and societies. The academic roots of the field span the disciplines of individual and social psychology, sociology, anthropology, political science and social philosophy. Organizational
behavior situates the knowledge and tools of those disciplines in the context of the human dimensions of organizational life.

We approach the study of organizational behavior from the perspective of human possibility, with a special concern for the dynamics and processes of development and for creating new knowledge of individual, group, and organizational processes of learning, development and transformation.

Goals of the Program

Our educational goals are to prepare PhD students to:

- Obtain a doctoral-level foundation in academic areas pertinent to organizational behavior, from the micro to the macro. This interdisciplinary course of study covers key social science domains such as psychology, sociology, learning theory, organization theory, living systems theory, management science, and the organizational dimensions of global sustainability and change.

- Master and triangulate rigorous qualitative, quantitative and action-research methodologies in the quest for deep and comprehensive understanding.

- Develop a high level of professional creativity and interpersonal competence, as well as a foundation of professional values and ethics enabling the pursuit of research and teaching in the field, including the facilitation and design of contexts for human development and self-reflective learning, organization development and larger-system transformative change.

Our mission is to provide students with the knowledge, skills and values needed to: (1) conduct the highest quality research and teaching in the field and subfields of organizational behavior, and (2) become leading scholars in careers as researchers and educators at the top levels of their specializations and in high-impact areas of society.

Our vision is clear: to be a world-class center of doctoral education —known for our bold ideas, our powerful learning community, and our commitment to value-driven knowledge for the betterment of organizations and the greater good. All of this is in clear and strong alignment with the aim of the Weatherhead School of Management at Case Western Reserve University "to develop transformational ideas and outstanding leaders for the betterment of business and society", and through this environment to have a transformational impact on all who teach, learn, discover, and work here, so they are prepared and engaged to advance knowledge and serve humanity.

The philosophy of the Organizational Behavior Department (http://weatherhead.case.edu/departments/organizational-behavior) is rooted in human values. These values guide our behavior as we strive to enhance research, learning and academic excellence amidst the demands and complexities of everyday life. They also reflect the spirit of connectedness among us that gives life to the doctoral learning community as a whole. The following guiding ideas represent our aspirations and our community at our best:

- Knowledge of consequence
- Methodological rigor and variety
- A community of inquiry
- A deep value for diversity and inclusion
- Whole person development
- The life of the mind
- Academic innovation and excellence

Curriculum

Our doctoral program is structured to resonate with our department’s mission of developing world-class researchers and educators interested in doing high quality academic work of enduring consequence. Hence our program and course requirements encourage continual development of reading, writing, research methods, statistical skills, and relational skills to help students effectively study and communicate their ideas. Coursework is completed in the first two years of the program, as follows.

Sample Course Schedule

**First Year**

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<th>Units</th>
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<tr>
<td>ORBH Dynamic Modules (3 each semester)</td>
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<td>Advanced Statistics: Multivariate Analysis (NURS 631)</td>
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**Second Year**

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<td>Applied Multivariate Data Analysis (MGMT 573)</td>
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<td>Elective/Independent Study</td>
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<tr>
<td>ORBH Dynamic Modules (3 each semester)</td>
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**Total Units in Sequence:** 48

The PhD in Organizational Behavior program is designed for full-time, year-round engagement. Although some students may take shorter or longer to complete the program, it is generally completed in four to five years.

Each semester during the first two years, students participate in the ORBH Dynamic Modules which are a series of short courses, each meeting once a week for five weeks. These Modules are designed to introduce the knowledge bases and key research of organizational
behavior and related fields as well as share the current research interests of the department’s faculty.

Students also participate each semester in the ORBH Research Seminar which is designed to create and sustain an intellectually nourishing and appreciative learning space for the entire community. The ORBH Research Seminar is required for both the first and second year cohort groups. It includes gatherings of the department’s learning community of doctoral students and faculty. It provides a forum for discussion and advancement of ongoing research and scholarship through presentation and preparation of Integrative Scholarship Papers, Qualifying Papers, Dissertation Proposals, and Dissertation Defenses. Thus the ORBH Research Seminar is a department-wide platform for developing productive and collaborative research relationships and for increasing collective knowledge of the current state of organizational behavior and related fields.

Research Requirements and Deliverables

The coursework is delineated for the first two years of the PhD. This provides a strong theoretical foundation for conducting future research. Other program requirements include the following.

Integrative Scholarship Paper

By the early part of the summer of the first year, each doctoral student is required to complete an Integrative Scholarship Paper (ISP). This is a critical review and integration of the literature about a topic or problem of interest. It can be thought of as a report on the current state of the scholarly conversation about the topic, encompassing historical perspectives on the evolution of the scholarly conversation to date, an examination of how the topic is approached by different disciplines or schools of thought, theoretical propositions, and suggestions for future research. The ISP is reviewed by the faculty advisor and a faculty reader, and upon approval is included in the Department’s working paper series. Beyond the first year, students are expected to work with their faculty advisor and others to submit their ISPs for consideration for conference presentation and journal publication during their second and subsequent years of the doctoral program.

Qualifying Paper

During the summer of their second year in the doctoral program, students complete a Qualifying Paper. Generally, this is an initial empirical investigation or meta-analysis of the topic of choice. The student is expected to form a committee, headed by a faculty advisor of the student’s own choosing and two other departmental faculty members who guide the research. Often understood as a mini-thesis or pilot study, the student is expected to produce an in-depth analysis of the research question explored through a relevant method of inquiry. Students are expected to submit their qualifying paper for consideration for conference presentation and journal publication during their third and subsequent years of the doctoral program.

Dissertation

Doctoral students undertake dissertation research after completion of their qualifying paper. Each student forms a committee, consisting of three departmental faculty members (one of whom will be the committee chair) and one faculty member from outside the department but within the university, to guide the research conducted. An original and significant endeavor, the dissertation includes a detailed review of the chosen topic, relevant research questions, research methods, findings obtained, and an analysis of their implications.

Though all three deliverables (the ISP, Qualifying Paper, and Dissertation) may optimally flow within a single stream of inquiry, the student is free to choose a different topic of interest for each.

For more information, contact Lila Robinson (lila.robinson@case.edu), department administrator, at 216.368.2055.

Dual-Degree Programs

Dual-Degree Programs

MBA/Juris Doctor (JD) Dual-Degree Program

Weatherhead has a formal full-time dual-degree program with the School of Law. Students enrolled in the program who fulfill the requirements set for graduation by both schools will receive both a JD and an MBA degree. The MBA/JD dual-degree program is designed for individuals who want to specialize in the legal, contractual and governmental aspects of management. After completion of both degree programs, two separate diplomas are awarded. Coursework for both programs must be completed within six years of the date of initial enrollment in either program.

To learn more, contact Weatherhead at 216.368.2030 or wsomadmissions@case.edu, or MSASS at 216.368.2280 or lawadmissions@case.edu.

MBA/Master of Global Management (MGM) Dual-Degree Program

Weatherhead and the American Graduate School of International Management (the Thunderbird School) jointly offer a graduate-level program in both management and international studies. Prospective students who are interested in applying to the dual MBA/MGM program offered by Weatherhead and the Thunderbird School should apply separately to each school. (Applicants to Weatherhead should indicate their interest in the MBA/MGM in the appropriate area under “Intended Program” at the bottom of the first page of the Weatherhead MBA application.) The admissions committees of each institution will maintain independent control over their admissions criteria and procedures. Students must be admitted separately to each of the programs. Admission to one school does not guarantee admission to the other.

To learn more, contact Weatherhead at 216.368.2030 or wsomadmissions@case.edu, and contact Thunderbird at 602.978.7131 or admersions@t-bird.edu.

MBA/Master of Science in Social Administration (MSSA) Dual-Degree Program

The dual MBA/MSSA degree program is offered in partnership with the Mandel School of Applied Social Sciences (MSASS) and Weatherhead. The MBA/MSSA is designed for candidates who wish to prepare for advanced social work practice in a variety of direct practice and community practice settings/organizations, while developing the skills to assume management responsibility within those settings. Candidates must apply separately to each program.

To learn more, contact Weatherhead at 216.368.2030 or wsomadmissions@case.edu, or MSASS at 216.368.2280 or msassadmit@case.edu.
MBA/Master in Public Health (MPH) Dual-Degree Program

The dual MBA/MPH degree was developed by the School of Medicine, the School of Graduate Studies and Weatherhead to provide the skills and knowledge necessary for those who wish to attain the following goals:

- A career working with communities to improve the health of their members by identifying and assessing the health needs of the population and planning and implementing programs to meet those needs.
- Management and leadership ability to ensure continued economic viability, human development, and effective communication for the public health organization and community in which they practice.

MBA/MPH candidates must complete separate applications, participate in the required admission tests and be admitted separately to each program. Students will continue to register throughout the program in the school where they first registered.

To learn more, contact Weatherhead at 216.368.2030 or wsomadmissions@case.edu, or the School of Medicine at 216.368.3725 or info@casemph.org.

MBA/Master of Science in Medical Physiology (MS) Dual-Degree Program

The dual MBA/MS Medical Physiology degree is offered by the School of Medicine and the Weatherhead School of Management to provide the skills and knowledge necessary for those who wish to attain the following goals:

- Learn breakthrough business concepts from the people who invented them.
- Make the most of a core curriculum taught by authors of the internationally acclaimed textbook Boron & Boulpaep’s Medical Physiology.
- Enhance your chances of admission to Medical or Osteopathic School, Dental School, and PhD or related programs.
- Realize cross-disciplinary collaboration that prepares practitioners to adapt to the changing healthcare environment and create positive, sustainable change for their organizations.

MBA/MS Medical Physiology candidates must complete separate applications, participate in the required admission tests and be admitted separately to each program. Students will continue to register throughout the program in the school where they first registered.

To learn more, contact Weatherhead at 216.368.2030 or wsomadmissions@case.edu, or the School of Medicine at 216.368.3725 or info@casemph.org.

MBA/Master of Science in Biochemistry (MS) Dual-Degree Program

The dual MBA/MS in Biochemistry degree is offered by the School of Medicine and the Weatherhead School of Management to provide the skills and knowledge necessary for those who wish to attain the following goals:

- Learn breakthrough business concepts from the people who invented them.
- Participate in the fields of medical research and management as well as give students an opportunity to develop expertise in areas of substantive interest.
- Realize cross-disciplinary collaboration that prepares practitioners to adapt to the changing healthcare environment and create positive, sustainable change for their organizations.
- Increase job opportunities that are at the intersection of translational science and business.

MBA/MS in Biochemistry candidates must complete separate applications and be admitted separately to each program. Once students have been admitted, they will consult with the Department of Biochemistry Department Liaison and Associate Dean for MBA Programs at the Weatherhead School of Management to determine their appropriate course of study.

To learn more, contact Weatherhead at 216.368.2030 or wsomadmissions@case.edu, or the School of Medicine at 216.368.3578 or wcm2@case.edu.

Honors and Awards

Graduate Student Leadership Awards

All Weatherhead graduate students, faculty and staff may nominate graduating students for the student awards. Finalists are chosen from among the nominees and recipients are elected by graduating students.

The Rita Kicher Award is presented to a graduating part-time student at Weatherhead. The award recipient is recognized as an outstanding colleague in Cleveland's professional community by his or her peers and supervisors, is an active member of community nonprofit organizations, contributes to one or more professional societies or organizations, demonstrates leadership qualities and promotes Weatherhead in a positive way.

The Scott S. Cowen Student Leadership Award is presented to a Weatherhead graduate student who serves as a leader and role model for all students. The recipient promotes the Weatherhead image in a positive way, contributes to the total community and stimulates the classroom experience.

The Student Life Award is presented to a Weatherhead graduate student who actively participates in and supports Weatherhead student activities and events; encourages and supports student participation in student life activities; and creates, revitalizes or provides added value to Weatherhead student organizations, activities or programs.

The Theodore M. Alfred Distinguished Service Award is presented to a Weatherhead graduate student who participates in community service inside and outside of Weatherhead, brings community service opportunities to Weatherhead and promotes external service opportunities.

Awards presented independent of nominations are:

- The Dean's Academic Achievement Award to those students attaining the highest GPA in their respective degrees.
- Beta Gamma Sigma - Master's students graduating in the spring who are in the top 20 percent of their graduating class (summer, fall and spring graduates) are invited to join in the semester they complete their program. Master's students graduating in the summer and fall who are in the top 20 percent of their graduating class (summer,
fall and spring graduates) are invited to join in the spring semester following completion of their program. Doctoral students graduating in the spring are invited to join in the semester they complete their program. Doctoral students graduating in the summer and fall are invited to join in the spring semester following completion of their program.

Master of Business Administration (MBA)

Full-Time MBA

The full-time MBA is a four-semester, 60-credit program. The Weatherhead experience starts where many MBA programs end up: in conversation with top executives. Weatherhead’s first-year Management Perspectives and Dialogues course brings business leaders into the classroom, where they work on real management issues with the help of students. Students also complete a leadership development course that puts them in touch with their strengths and identifies areas that can be improved through a personal learning and career plan. And during their second year, candidates are immersed in studio-based courses in design practices or sustainable value; the MBA Institute in Sustainable Value and Social Entrepreneurship was touted in Forbes as one of the 10 most innovative business school courses, while Businessweek named the Weatherhead School of Management MBA as one of the 30 best design programs in the world.

Independent Study

MBA students are limited to six credit hours of elective credit as independent study. Any student wishing to take more than six credit hours of independent study must petition the faculty director of the full-time MBA.

Other courses at the university may be eligible for MBA elective credit. Contact the faculty director of the full-time MBA for additional information.

Curriculum

All of the core courses in the following tables are required.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>First Year</th>
<th>Units</th>
<th>Fall</th>
<th>Spring</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Financial and Managerial Accountancy (ACCT 401)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Corporate Finance (MBAC 504)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Statistics and Decision Modeling (MBAC 511)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Economics (MBAC 512)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Leading People and Organizations (MBAC 515)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Marketing and Supply Chain Management (MBAC 506)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Operations and Supply Chain Management (MBAC 507)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Strategic Issues and Applications (MBAC 508)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Management Perspectives and Dialogues (MBAC 517)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Elective</td>
<td>3</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Year Total:</td>
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<td>15</td>
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Second Year

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Units</th>
<th>Fall</th>
<th>Spring</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MBA Institute In Sustainable Value and Social Entrepreneurship I (ORBH 430A) or Design in Management: Concept and Practices (MIDS 420A)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Elective</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Elective</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Elective</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Elective</td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Year Total:</td>
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<td>15</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Total Units in Sequence: 60

Either the year-long course Design in Management: Concept and Practices or the year-long course MBA Institute in Sustainable Value and Social Entrepreneurship is required. Students must take both semesters of either Design in Management: Concept and Practices or MBA Institute in Sustainable Value and Social Entrepreneurship. Students may take both semesters of both courses, but they may not change courses mid-year, taking Design in Management: Concept and Practices in the fall followed by MBA Institute in Sustainable Value and Social Entrepreneurship in the spring, for example.

Electives

The program provides space for taking nine elective courses.

Cleveland Clinic Health Management Scholars Program

Cleveland Clinic has joined forces with Weatherhead to create the Health Management Scholars Program. This innovative partnership gives four students the unique opportunity to participate in Weatherhead’s full-time MBA program and in a specialized experiential learning assignment at the Cleveland Clinic. Qualifying scholars will also receive the following benefits:

- Partial tuition scholarship
- Prestigious paid summer internships at Cleveland Clinic

For additional information about this program, contact Deborah Bibb (deborah.bibb@case.edu), senior director of admissions, at 216.368.6702.

Part-Time MBA

The Weatherhead part-time MBA is a 48-credit-hour, three-year cohort-based program that combines a core of fundamental business classes with elective options to create an integrated experience focused on honing general management skills. Students develop a personalized learning plan through the MBAP 401 Leadership Assessment and Development (LEAD) course.
A Leadership Speaker Series provides an opportunity to hear from a variety of executives who bring current business experience to the classroom. Most classes meet one evening a week. Summer semesters may include more intensive formats.

The part-time MBA program also features cutting-edge classes in applying design ideas to management issues and in understanding sustainable business practices. These classes will help students break from the norm of viewing every challenge through the standard spreadsheet-based prisms common to so many MBA programs.

The first summer semester begins with the intensive offering of LEAD and moves through the rest of the core offerings within the first two years of the program. The majority of the third year is devoted to electives.

**Curriculum**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Units</th>
<th>Fall</th>
<th>Spring</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>First Year</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Leadership Assessment and Development (MBAP 401)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Financial and Managerial Accountancy (ACCT 401)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Statistics and Decision Modeling (MBAP 403)</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>Managing People in Organizations (MBAP 404)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Financial Management I (MBAP 405)</td>
<td>3</td>
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<td>6</td>
<td>6</td>
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<tr>
<td>Second Year</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Economics for Managers (MBAP 406)</td>
<td>3</td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Managerial Marketing (MBAP 407)</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>Operations Management (MBAP 408)</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>Strategic Issues and Applications (MBAP 410)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Elective</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Year Total:</td>
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<td>6</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Third Year</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Sustainability and Social Entrepreneurship (MBAP 409)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Identifying Design Opportunities (MBAP 411)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dialogues in Leadership (MBAP 412A)</td>
<td>1.5</td>
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<tr>
<td>Elective Option</td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dialogues in Leadership (MBAP 412B)</td>
<td>1.5</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Elective Option</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Elective Option</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Year Total:</td>
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<td>7.5</td>
<td>7.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Units in Sequence:</td>
<td>48</td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Open Electives**

Students in the part-time MBA program have the opportunity to choose four electives. Students determine their own focus areas and, with the help of our Career Management Office, learn how to best position themselves for post-MBA career advancement.

**Traditional Students**

Part-time students are those who entered the part-time MBA program in fall semester 2009 or prior, transferred in during summer semester 2010 or prior, or transitioned from non-degree to degree-seeking status prior to fall semester 2010. Students must complete 48 credit hours, consisting of 10 core required courses and 6 electives. The 48 hours must be completed within six years of starting the program.

For additional information about this program, contact Deborah Bibb (deborah.bibb@case.edu), senior director of admissions, at 216.368.6702.

**Executive MBA (EMBA)**

For candidates with 10 years of experience and the endorsement of their organization, the Executive MBA (EMBA) is tailored to those poised to move into a more prominent leadership role. Indeed, Weatherhead's renowned Organizational Behavior Department structured the EMBA around an exploration of the four levels of leadership, amplifying students' ability to effect change at the personal, team, organization and societal levels. The program is based around periodic residencies in the company of intimate cohort groups.

**Curriculum**

Students attracted to the Weatherhead EMBA aspire to senior leadership roles within organizations. The curriculum opens horizons, fusing that aspiration with Weatherhead's expertise in turning good leaders into great ones. At every stage in the program, students build their knowledge of how business works while strengthening their personal leadership capacity. Each course is taught in the format that best facilitates learning its content.

Requiring only 16 total residencies on campus, the 48-credit-hour Weatherhead EMBA program is designed to be manageable for busy executives, allowing students from around the world to participate in a one-of-a-kind leadership program. The curriculum is delivered over five semesters, or 21 months. Both fall and spring semesters are comprised of four three-day residencies. The summer semester is delivered abroad through the EMBA 475 International Tour. The EMBA requires a serious time commitment from each participant. Although individual study habits vary, students should anticipate devoting a minimum of 20 hours per week to study outside of classes.

The Weatherhead EMBA is a lock-step cohort program. Participants self-select learning teams which represent essential study partnerships over the course of the program as well as invaluable resources for networking and organizational support. Learning teams meet weekly outside of the classroom, either face-to-face or remotely, to achieve course objectives and enhance the learning experience. In addition, faculty often host optional study and review sessions, which are also recorded for virtual access.

**Curriculum**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Units</th>
<th>Fall</th>
<th>Spring</th>
<th>Summer</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>First Year</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Leading Change: Self (EMBA 441)</td>
<td>2.5</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accounting for Business Executives (EMBA 436)</td>
<td>2.5</td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Global MBA

The Global MBA will allow students to directly experience classrooms and cultures in the United States, China and India. Students will go far beyond a tourist’s experience of these countries and economies by participating in substantial company-based projects on teams drawn from their cohort group.

Each cohort will be comprised of about 20 students from Weatherhead and 20 students from each of the two partner organizations, Tongji University’s School of Economics and Management (SEM-Tongji) in Shanghai, China; and Xavier Labour Relations Institute (XLRI) in Jamshedpur, India. These students will be taught together in lock step and mixed in teams for projects. Students will spend one semester at each school before returning to their home school for the final semester. There, they can choose five electives.

This level of experiential learning at multiple international locations is a feature that sets this program apart from others. The Global MBA is ideal for individuals seeking a top management role, because it addresses the need to engage directly with areas of significant economic growth around the world.

The Global MBA curriculum will be integrated across the three campuses for a seamless experience, covering core MBA skills and knowledge while drawing upon each partner school’s areas of international renown. The curriculum is organized into five themes.

Language of Management

Students must understand the way business communicates through financial and management accounts. This theme explores the fundamentals of accounting and finance and includes mastery of concepts in finance relating to valuation and risk management.

Management Analytics

Modern managers use analytical skills across various functional disciplines to solve issues of project management, appraisal, market analysis and strategy. These analytical skills include basic statistical analysis, econometric modeling and forecasting. This theme also includes operations management techniques (such as linear programming), simulation and behavioral analysis including change management.

Strategic Thinking

Students will develop critical and strategic thinking skills and master core conceptual material relating to markets, competitive positioning and strategy. They will explore sustainable value, entrepreneurship, and business planning and associated managerial challenges. Functional disciplines such as economics, marketing and psychology, as well as core strategic management approaches, are also covered in this thematic area.

Managing Teams and Leadership

Students will learn about the management of high-performing, internationally diverse teams. They will strengthen their capacity for effective leadership, entrepreneurship, and change management and learn about international human resource management issues.

Global Environment

This theme provides a thorough exposure to the social, legal and economic environment of the three partner schools. Through interaction and dialogue with executives, students will learn of the challenges facing today’s global firms and discover the importance of integrated thinking to address these challenges. Project work immerses student teams in corporate sites, and students learn by doing as they address significant business problems.

Curriculum

### First Year

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Description</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Language of Management I (GMBA 401A)</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Management of Analytics I (GMBA 402A)</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Strategic Thinking I (GMBA 403A)</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Managing Teams and Leadership I (GMBA 404A)</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Global Environment I (GMBA 405A)</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Language of Management II (GMBA 401B)</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Management of Analytics II (GMBA 402B)</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Total Units in Sequence:** 48

* Year totals have been rounded up to 11.3, but the correct units are 11.25.

For more information, contact Michelle Wilson (michelle.j.wilson@case.edu), program manager of the EMBA, at 216.368.6411.
Strategic Thinking II (GMBA 403B) 3
Managing Teams and Leadership II (GMBA 404B) 3
Global Environment II (GMBA 405B) 3
Language of Management III (GMBA 401C-1) 1.5
Language of Management III (GMBA 401C-2) 1.5
Management Analytics III (GMBA 402C-1) 1.5
Management Analytics III (GMBA 402C-2) 1.5
Strategic Thinking III (GMBA 403C) 3
Managing Teams and Leadership III (GMBA 404C) 3
Global Environment III (GMBA 405C) 3
Year Total: 15 15 15

For additional information about this program, contact Deborah Bibb (dlb10@case.edu), senior director of admissions, at 216.368.6702.

Master's Programs

Master of Accountancy (MAcc)

The MAcc program at Weatherhead is designed for individuals who seek to obtain an advanced degree that builds upon the skills and knowledge acquired in an undergraduate degree in accountancy. The program is fully accredited and provides professional education by very highly qualified faculty members. In an increasingly competitive business environment, the MAcc program provides students with an important foundation for long-term success and sets graduates apart from their colleagues.

Undergraduate accounting students at Case Western Reserve have the unique opportunity to pursue both the Bachelor of Science (BS) in Accounting and the MAcc through one of two Integrated Study programs. The Joint BS/MAcc program requires students to complete a fifth year of study after completion of the BS in Accounting degree. The Accelerated BS/MAcc program allows students to complete both degrees in four years or eight academic semesters or more commonly, four and a half years or nine academic semesters. Because of the necessity for proper planning of course work and programs, undergraduate students are strongly encouraged to begin planning early and apply for the MAcc in the junior year.

Each year, a select number of exceptionally well-qualified high school seniors who plan to pursue careers in accountancy will be offered places in the Pre-Professional Scholars Program in Accountancy (p. 1001). Pre-Professional Scholars receive a conditional commitment of admission to the Weatherhead School of Management MAcc, a minimum scholarship package and a GMAT waiver to be honored when students formally apply for one of the Integrated MAcc programs. Students are required to maintain specific undergraduate GPA requirements in order to remain eligible for the program.

Most candidates for the MAcc program have an academic background in accountancy, but this is not required for admission. If not completed during a candidate’s undergraduate coursework, an admitted student must complete specific accounting and general business coursework before or during the MAcc program.

Prerequisites

Because the program builds upon skills and knowledge developed in an undergraduate accountancy program, all admitted candidates must complete certain prerequisite courses in accounting and business before or during the MAcc program.

Prerequisites include:

- An undergraduate degree from an accredited institution or the equivalent.
- A grade of C or better in prerequisite business and accounting courses completed at an accredited four-year educational institution or the equivalent. Prerequisites may be completed before or during the MAcc program
- Please note that an undergraduate degree in accountancy is not required, although students are expected to have completed at least a principles-level financial accounting course and a principles-level managerial course before beginning the program.

General business prerequisites

- Corporate Finance
- Marketing
- Operations Management
- Principles of Microeconomics
- Principles of Macroeconomics
- Statistics
- U.S. Business Law

Accountancy prerequisites

- Principles of Financial Accounting
- Principles of Managerial Accounting
- Intermediate Financial Reporting I or Corporate Reporting I
- Intermediate Financial Reporting II or Corporate Reporting II
- Advanced Financial Reporting
- Auditing
- U.S. Taxation

Curriculum

The 30-credit-hour MAcc program offers the flexibility of beginning in the fall or spring semester. Upon completion of the program, graduates should have satisfied all educational requirements to sit for the CPA examination in the state of Ohio.
Required Courses

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ACCT 405</td>
<td>Advanced Federal Taxes</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ACCT 406</td>
<td>Auditor's Role in AIS Accounting</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ACCT 431</td>
<td>Tax Practice: Analysis, Planning and Communications</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ACCT 444</td>
<td>Advanced Auditing Theory and Practice</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ACCT 520</td>
<td>Advanced Accounting Theory</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ACCT 540</td>
<td>Corporate Governance and Contemporary Accounting Policy</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Total Units: 18

Accountancy Concentrations

Students must complete a concentration in either Financial Reporting and Attestation Services or U.S. Taxation by completing six credit hours in the selected area.

Financial Reporting & Attestation Services Concentration

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ACCT 414</td>
<td>Corporate Reporting and Analysis</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ACCT 495A</td>
<td>Advanced Accounting Seminar (Audit)</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Total Units: 6

U.S. Taxation Concentration

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ACCT 480</td>
<td>Multi-Jurisdictional Taxation</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ACCT 495T</td>
<td>Advanced Accounting Seminar (Tax)</td>
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</table>

Total Units: 6

Supporting Elective Courses

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
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<tbody>
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<tr>
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</table>

Total Units: 6

In consultation with the graduate program advisor, MAcc students select two electives (6 credit hours) in areas that complement a professional accountancy career. As an option to fulfill a portion of the supporting elective courses, students are encouraged to consider completing a second accounting concentration. Supporting elective courses must be selected from graduate management courses other than MBA core courses and prerequisite-level courses.

Total: 30 credit hours

For more information about the MAcc, contact Tiffany Welch (tiffany.welch@case.edu), assistant dean of curriculum and administration, at 216.368.2058.

Master of Engineering and Management (MEM)

The Master of Engineering and Management (MEM) degree is offered through an innovative collaboration between the Case School of Engineering and the Weatherhead School of Management. The one-year, 14-course program of study builds on the technical and analytical skills gained through an undergraduate engineering degree and provides a real-world framework for applying them along with master’s level business management tools. Individualized coaching emphasizes self-assessment and emotional intelligence. Interdisciplinary team projects enhance the people skills you’ll need as a business leader today. The MEM program positions you to become more productive faster—and to accelerate your career.

Additional information regarding the MEM program (p. 9) is available in the Case School of Engineering section of the Bulletin.

Master of Science in Management-Finance (MSM-Finance)

The Master of Science in Management-Finance (MSM-Finance) degree is a rigorous program designed to equip students to meet the needs of financial-sector companies in today’s intense and competitive business climate. Upon completion of the program, students will be prepared to make immediate contributions to careers in corporation finance, investment banking, equity research, investment management, risk management, and corporate consulting, or to pursue higher studies.

Students learn from and work directly with world class faculty whose hands-on involvement with students is a point of pride at Weatherhead; meanwhile, Weatherhead’s Cleveland location is home to the Federal Reserve Bank of Cleveland and to a number of corporate headquarters including KeyCorp. The program can be completed in 9, 12, 16, or 21 months such that a student can tailor the pace with which he/she moves through the program to suit his/her own professional development goals.

Upon completion of the MSM-Finance program, students will:

- Have a working knowledge of financial theory and applications
- Speak and understand the languages of business
- Work more effectively in teams
- Be prepared to add value in corporations

Curriculum

The 30-credit-hour MSM-Finance program is a two-semester, full-time curriculum.

The curriculum is comprised of the following components:

Financial Orientation

All entering MSM-Finance students will have to take the mandatory preparatory/refresher course before the first Fall semester begins.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MSFI 401</td>
<td>Financial Orientation</td>
<td>1.5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Finance Core

The Finance Core provides students with the tools and techniques that serves to build a strong foundation for a career in finance.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MSFI 404</td>
<td>Financial Modeling</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MSFI 421</td>
<td>Fundamental Analysis of Companies and Industries</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MSFI 429</td>
<td>Investment Management</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MSFI 430</td>
<td>Derivatives and Risk Management</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MSFI 435</td>
<td>Empirical Finance</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MSFI 436A</td>
<td>Individual, Team and Career Development</td>
<td>0.75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MSFI 436B</td>
<td>Individual, Team and Career Development</td>
<td>0.75</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Total Units: 16.5
Electives

Students have the opportunity to choose from the following electives to develop expertise in a particular area of interest (broadly, corporate finance or risk management):

- MSFI 428 Financial Strategy and Value Creation 3
- MSFI 431 Fixed Income Markets and Their Derivatives 3
- MSFI 432 Corporate Risk Management 3
- MSFI 433 Quantitative Risk Modeling (Quantitative Risk Modeling) 3
- MSFI 440 Advanced Corporate Finance 3
- BAFI 420 Health Finance 3
- BAFI 444 Entrepreneurial Finance 3
- MSFI 450 Mergers and Acquisitions 3
- BAFI 480 International Financial Management 3

or any other relevant elective, as approved by the program faculty director.

Capstone Course

In addition, students choosing to stay beyond two semesters can enroll in our Capstone Courses to build upon the knowledge of their previous coursework. Capstone experiences include the following:

- MSFI 490 Projects in Corporate Finance 3
- MSFI 491 Projects in Risk Management 3

Students choosing to stay beyond 2 semesters can also apply for valuable internship opportunities on a competitive basis. Further, additional departmental certification is available upon successful completion of 39 credit hours in the program that includes a Capstone Course.

For more information see the website (http://bulletin.case.edu/weatherheadschoolofmanagement/masterprograms/#financetext) or contact Julie Guthiel (jag174@case.edu), program manager, at 216-368-2077; or Karla Crucke (kcr70@case.edu), director of admissions, at 216-368-1722; or C.N.V. Krishnan (cnk2@case.edu), PhD, Deborah and David Daberko Faculty Fellow, associate professor of banking and finance, and faculty director of the MSM-Finance program.

Finance in China

The Weatherhead School of Management at Case Western Reserve University and the School of Economics and Management at Tongji University (SEM-Tongji) have partnered to offer the Master of Science in Management-Finance in China program. This is the first master’s degree in finance offered by a world-class U.S. university in mainland China. This innovative program, taught in Shanghai and Cleveland, provides students with both broad general management skills and depth of knowledge in finance. Graduates come away with a global way of thinking and the latest insights on the financial markets and instruments.

Students enrolled in this program take 30 credit hours Weatherhead MSM-Finance courses through two semester-long part-time study on the Tongji University campus in Shanghai, plus one month residency on the Case Western Reserve University campus in Cleveland, Ohio.

Upon graduation from the program, students will obtain the MSM-Finance degree from Weatherhead.

Program Features

- Obtain the first MSM-Finance degree offered from a highly ranked U.S. university in mainland China
- Gain cutting-edge knowledge and skills in global finance
- Take advantage of the opportunity to prepare for CFA, FRM, and other certifications
- Specialize in corporate finance, risk management, and capital markets
- Network with financial sector players in the U.S.; intern in Shanghai’s Lujiazui/Pudong international finance and trade area

To learn more, contact Yuan Wu (yuan.wu@case.edu), project manager, at 216.368.2077.

Master of Science in Management-Healthcare (MSM-Healthcare)

The MSM-Healthcare prepares healthcare professionals and service providers to identify and design new systems that optimize behaviors and processes for positive change and sustainable value.

As the healthcare sector grows and the landscape continues to change, staffs are being asked to do more. Many struggle to adapt, and others rely on traditional approaches which often are not sustainable. Faculty research in healthcare finance and economics means students in the Master of Science in Management-Healthcare (MSM-Healthcare) program can learn about crucial contemporary issues directly from experts in the field, while also gaining a solid background in business fundamentals. The Case Western Reserve University family also includes top-ranked schools of medicine (http://casemed.case.edu) and nursing (http://fhp.case.edu) and a highly respected dental school (http://dental.case.edu), reflecting our university-wide prioritization of advancing the healthcare field.

Furthermore, the university’s location at the heart of Cleveland’s University Circle district puts us within a few minutes of three major medical systems: Cleveland Clinic, University Hospitals and the Louis Stokes Cleveland VA Medical Center. These institutions are complemented by the MetroHealth system and the new Global Center for Health Innovation located next door to the Cleveland Convention Center downtown. Cleveland is the ideal place to prepare for an exciting career in the healthcare sector.

Outcomes

Upon completion of the MSM-Healthcare program, students will:

- Gain an understanding of finance, accounting and business strategy
- Gain exposure to a wide range of healthcare settings including public health organizations
- Speak and understand the language of business
- Acquire a network of regional and national contacts in the healthcare sector

Curriculum

The MSM-Healthcare is a 30-credit-hour program that is completed in six semesters with one summer semester completely dedicated to an independent project.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>First Year</th>
<th>Units</th>
<th>Summer</th>
<th>Fall</th>
<th>Spring</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>The American Healthcare Landscape and Statistics for Healthcare (HSMC 410)*</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Financial and Managerial Accountancy (ACCT 401)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Identifying Design Opportunities (MBAP 411)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Health Finance (HSMC 420) or Health Finance (BAFI 420)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Health Decision Making and Analytics</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>6</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Year Total:</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>6</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Second Year</th>
<th>Units</th>
<th>Summer</th>
<th>Fall</th>
<th>Spring</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Action Learning Project</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Choose two of the following three courses:</td>
<td>6</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Managerial Marketing (MBAP 407)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Operations Management (MBAP 408)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Health Economics and Strategy (HSMC 421) or Health Economics and Strategy (ECON 421)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Managing People in Organizations (MBAP 404)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dialogues in Healthcare Management</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Year Total:</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>6</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Units in Sequence:</td>
<td>30</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Course meetings consist of five Saturday sessions starting mid-August.

For additional information about this program, contact Deborah Bibb (deborah.bibb@case.edu), senior director of admissions, at 216.368.6702.

**Master of Science in Management in Operations Research and Supply Chain Management (MSM-OR/SC)**

The MSM-OR/SC degree is designed for individuals with quantitative training who seek to obtain a position in operations management or a management position in manufacturing, healthcare, service or consulting firms that are part of sophisticated national or global supply chains. The MSM-OR/SC curriculum provides students with the fundamentals of business as well as depth and focus in the principles and concepts of operations and supply chain management. This unique program produces highly knowledgeable professionals well prepared to make organizations more efficient and competitive.

The MSM-OR/SC degree attracts individuals with a quantitative undergraduate degree who have an interest in gaining expertise in the field of operations research and supply chain management. Typical undergraduate majors include:

- Engineering
- Statistics
- Computer science
- Economics
- Mathematics
- Business

Students beginning this program must have a working knowledge of undergraduate calculus, including differentiation and integration, and one semester of undergraduate linear algebra. Work experience is beneficial but not required for admission; many students pursue the MSM-OR/SC immediately following the completion of their undergraduate degree.

**Outcomes**

Upon completion of the MSM-OR/SC program, students will:

- Be equipped with analytical and supply chain skills to become an agent of positive change at their organization within the first few years of work
- Speak and understand the languages of business
- Have a working knowledge of all functional areas of an organization and the ability to communicate effectively with colleagues in these areas
- Have a network of regional, national and international business contacts

**Curriculum**

The 39-credit-hour MSM-OR/SC is a three-semester, full-time program beginning in the fall semester of each year. The curriculum comprises the following three components:

**Business Core (9 credit hours)**

The Business Core introduces students to business fundamentals and includes a professional development course, a unique feature of the Weatherhead MSM-OR/SC not found in most competitors’ programs.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Course Name</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MSOR 410</td>
<td>Financial Management for Supply Chain</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MSOR 419</td>
<td>Marketing Analytics for Supply Chain Managers</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MSOR 485A</td>
<td>Individual Development</td>
<td>1.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MSOR 485B</td>
<td>Team Development</td>
<td>1.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total Units</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Operations Research Core (12 credit hours)**

The Operations Research Core provides the mathematical, statistical and computational skills needed by analysts in research and development groups in manufacturing and service companies and consulting firms.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Course Name</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>OPRE 402</td>
<td>Stochastic Models with Applications</td>
<td>1.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OPRE 411</td>
<td>Optimization Modeling</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OPRE 432</td>
<td>Computer Simulation</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OPRE 433</td>
<td>Probability, Statistics, and Forecasting</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OPRE 435B</td>
<td>Integrated Problem Solving in OR and SC</td>
<td>1.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total Units</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Supply Chain Courses (18 credit hours)

Supply chain courses build upon the business and quantitative foundation to provide advanced knowledge in operations and supply chain management.

Required:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Name</th>
<th>Credits</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MSOR 406</td>
<td>Operations Management for MSM OR</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MSOR 420</td>
<td>Six Sigma and Quality Management</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Total Units</strong></td>
<td><strong>6</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Elective Options:

Students must choose four departmentally approved elective supply chain courses based on availability, which currently include the following (check with department administrator for current offerings):

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Name</th>
<th>Credits</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MSOR 422</td>
<td>Lean Operations</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MSOR 450</td>
<td>Project Management</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MSOR 475</td>
<td>Supply Chain Logistics</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MSOR 476</td>
<td>Strategic Sourcing</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MSOR 477</td>
<td>Enterprise Resource Planning in the Supply Chain</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

For more information, contact Kamlesh Mathur (kamlesh.mathur@case.edu), PhD, chair and professor of operations and faculty director of the MSM-OR/SC, at 216.368.3857 or Deborah Bibb (deborah.bibb@case.edu), senior director of admissions, at 216.368.6702.

Master of Science in Positive Organization Development and Change (MPOD)

The Masters of Science in Positive Organization Development and Change (MPOD) is a unique program created and offered by the world-renowned Organizational Behavior Department at the Weatherhead School of Management. It is specifically geared toward the needs of managers and change agents from a wide variety of roles and organizations that face continual change, increasing complexity and growing interconnectedness in multicultural contexts, and that must respond in ways that will yield sustainable value.

Toward this end, the MPOD program emphasizes strength-based and positive approaches to managing change, designing sustainable institutions, formulating effective strategy, creating high engagement work cultures, leading through emotional intelligence, coaching for high performance, and deep personal and professional development. It will be of value to organizations with aspiring managers who wish to:

- Build new capabilities in strategic-level change interventions that create value for customers and communities
- Broaden their knowledge of leading-edge theory and practice in appreciative inquiry, strength-based human resource development and positive organizational change research
- Develop emotional intelligence competencies in oneself and others needed to coach and foster leadership skills and personal growth
- Form extraordinary teams and enterprises that enable human flourishing, are economically prosperous and ecologically advanced, and unite strengths with aspirations
- Engage in lifelong experiential learning to realize, develop and model themselves as agents for positive change

The MPOD program is grounded in the basic belief that a person can be a powerful instrument for change, and that personal and professional development go hand in hand. The learning experience will involve experiential opportunities for participants to become more self-aware, to practice and experiment with new skills and to give and receive coaching that can be life-changing.

Curriculum

The MPOD program is conducted in five separate week-long residencies and one 10-day international tour spread over 18 months. These residencies are conveniently spaced 10-12 weeks apart—thereby making the program flexible enough to accommodate the busy schedules of leaders, managers, and staff professionals. This design will enable students to attend school without leaving their employment. The intervening periods (between program residencies) will involve project and group work, self-study, assignments, reading and online guidance done in collaboration with the faculty at CWRU.

One of the many rewarding aspects of the MPOD program is the 10-day international study tour. Students will travel as a cohort where they will join with other students from Katholieke University in Leuven, Belgium; and to Ashridge University Business School, Berkhamsted, U.K.

Major Course Topics

- Foundations of Positive Organization Development and Change
- Organization Design for a Knowledge World
- Leadership and Executive Assessment and Development
- Sustainability for Strategic Advantage
- Interpersonal Skill Building
- Experiential Learning for Individuals, Teams, and Organizations
- Practicum in Appreciative Inquiry and Positive OD
- Individual Field Project
- Foundations of Strategic Thinking
- The Dynamics of Effective Consulting and Implementation
- Global Citizenship and Multicultural OD: International Study Tour

For more information, please visit the website (http://weatherhead.case.edu/degrees/ms-positive-organization-development) or contact Patricia Petty (patricia.petty@case.edu), program manager, at 216.368.4642.

Master of Science in Positive Organization Development and Change (MPOD) in India

The Weatherhead School of Management at Case Western Reserve University and Xavier Labour Relations Institute (XLRI) (http://www.xlri.ac.in) in Jamshedpur, India, have partnered to offer the first-ever Master of Science in Positive Organization Development and Change (MPOD) in India. Upon graduation from the program, students obtain both the Master of Science degree from the highly regarded Organizational Behavior Department (http://weatherhead.case.edu/departments/organizational-behavior) at Weatherhead and a diploma from XLRI.

The MPOD-India degree enables professionals to create a better world by developing human potential with strength-based methods of inquiry,
design and change management. Students enrolled in this program take courses through five week-long residencies on the XLRI campus or in select major cities in India, plus one two-week residency on the Case Western Reserve University campus in Cleveland, Ohio.

Is this program right for you?

The program is designed for part-time students who are fully employed in responsible leadership or change agent positions and able to travel to Case Western Reserve University for the two-week residency. This program is right for those who want to learn how to:

- align organizational strengths and make weaknesses irrelevant
- understand the difference between outstanding leaders and those who are not
- achieve economic well-being by doing what is right environmentally and socially to create sustainable value
- tap the innovative and cooperative potential in the human resources you manage and lead
- become the sought-out strategic change leader and facilitator in your organization
- increase cooperative capacity in multi-stakeholder settings to bring about rapid, positive changes

Learn more about how the MPOD-India program features (http://weatherhead.case.edu/degrees/mpod-india/program-features) can prepare you for workplace change as well as personal and organizational success. For more information, please contact Ron Fry (ronald.fry@case.edu) at 216.368.6228.

Policies

Registration and Academic Standards for Graduate Students

Class Attendance

Students are expected to attend all scheduled class meetings for the courses in which they are registered. Students should notify faculty when they are forced to miss a class because of extenuating circumstances. Faculty should report excessive absences to the program's faculty director. Students who are not on the class roster for a course are not permitted to attend the course.

Course Loads

The university requires students to be registered for a minimum of 9 credit hours to maintain full-time student status. Weatherhead requires students to register for and complete courses as specified in their cohort program curriculum plan to continue in their program and maintain any scholarship granted. Failure to adhere to the program curriculum plan may result in separation from the program.

Part-time MBA cohort students register for between 3 and 7.5 credit hours per semester. Non-cohort part-time students are those who entered the part-time MBA program in the 2009 fall semester or prior, transferred in during the 2010 summer semester or prior, or transitioned from non-degree to degree-seeking status prior to the 2010 fall semester. Non-cohort students must complete 48 credit hours, consisting of 10 required courses and 6 electives. The 48 hours must be completed within six years of starting the program.

Course Registration

A student may enroll during each registration period through the last day of late registration, as set by the official university calendar (http://www.case.edu/provost/registrar/calendars/5year.html). Exceptions will be granted only upon the recommendation of the dean of Weatherhead. A fee of $25 is charged during the late registration period.

To register, students must have a clear balance unless they are participating in the Bridge Loan Program. Students eligible for the Bridge Loan Program need to submit a company tuition reimbursement letter, Bridge Loan application and fee each semester. Students register online using the Student Information System (SIS). Students who wish to apply for federal loans should visit the FAFSA website (http://www.fafsa.ed.gov).

During any semester, a student may not register in more than one career in SIS, unless the student is in a dual-degree program.

If at any time a student fails to register in two consecutive semesters, excluding the summer session, the student must reapply for admission to Weatherhead, unless prior approval was granted by the Weatherhead registrar.

Degrees Conferred

Case Western Reserve grants degrees to qualified candidates three times per year: in August, for students who complete their programs during the summer semester; in January, for students who complete their programs during the fall semester; and in May, for students who complete their programs during the spring semester.

There is only one diploma (http://case.edu/commencement) exercise each year, in May, and all candidates are invited to march at this ceremony, regardless of the month in which their degree was awarded. May degree candidates receive their diplomas the day of the ceremony. May degree candidates who do not participate in the ceremony can choose to have their diploma mailed to them or can collect it at the Weatherhead registrar’s office. January and August degree recipients can have diplomas mailed or held for pick up. Students may not receive diplomas prior to the date on which the degree is to be granted.

Extra Assignments

No student is permitted to do extra assignments beyond the work assigned to all students in a course, in order to obtain a higher grade. This policy applies to changing an I grade to a regular grade, or to changing one regular grade to another. However, faculty may replace or substitute assignments for individual students in a course, based on extenuating circumstances.

Learn more about how the MPOD-India program features (http://weatherhead.case.edu/degrees/mpod-india/program-features) can prepare you for workplace change as well as personal and organizational success. For more information, please contact Ron Fry (ronald.fry@case.edu) at 216.368.6228.
Grades

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Letter Grade</th>
<th>Meaning</th>
<th>Quality Points</th>
<th>Notes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A</td>
<td>Excellent</td>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B</td>
<td>Good</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C</td>
<td>Fair</td>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D</td>
<td>Passing</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F</td>
<td>Failure</td>
<td>0</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R</td>
<td>Completion of the first semester of a two-semester course</td>
<td>No degree credit awarded</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>P</td>
<td>Pass</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>Degree credit awarded</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NP</td>
<td>No pass</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I</td>
<td>Incomplete</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AD</td>
<td>Successful audit</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NG</td>
<td>No grade, unsatisfactory audit</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>W</td>
<td>Withdrawal from a class</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WD</td>
<td>Withdrawal from all courses in a semester</td>
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<td></td>
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</table>

Midterm Grades

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Letter Grade</th>
<th>Meaning</th>
<th>Quality Points</th>
<th>Notes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>S</td>
<td>Satisfactory</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>No degree credit awarded</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U</td>
<td>Unsatisfactory</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>No degree credit awarded</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Grade of Incomplete (I)

The grade I is assigned at the discretion of an instructor, provided that two criteria are met:

- There are extenuating circumstances, explained to the instructor before the assignment of the grade, which clearly justify an extension of time beyond the requirements established for other students in the class. It is the student’s responsibility to notify the instructor of the circumstances which prevent completion of the course.

- The student has been passing the course and only a small segment of the course, such as a term paper, remains to be completed, for which the extenuating circumstances justify a special exception.

In order to receive credit for an I, the student must complete the work by the date specified by the instructor, and no later than the end of the next regular semester (fall or spring semester).

In the absence of notification or adequate justification, the I will automatically change to F or NP (depending on the grading basis for the course) on the stated deadline.

If the student wishes to petition to extend a grade of I beyond the stated deadline, the student must obtain approval from the faculty member who assigned the I, and from the program's faculty director, before the deadline. A request must be made in writing, preferably via email, and convey (a) the extenuating circumstances justifying the extension and (b) the expected date of completion of the work. If approved, the request should be initiated by the faculty member and delivered by the student to the faculty director for approval and then to the Weatherhead registrar. Failure to complete course requirements by the extended date will result in a grade of F or NP, depending on the grading basis for the course.

Graduation Requirements

A cumulative GPA of 2.5 in all graduate courses taken for credit in the MBA, EMBA, MSM-Finance, MPod, MPod-India, MSM-OR/SC, or MAcc degree programs is required for graduation. Candidates must submit an application for graduation in SIS no later than two months before the graduation date at which their degree is expected to be awarded. The candidate is responsible for filing the application. Upon receipt of the student’s application, the Weatherhead registrar will verify the student’s eligibility for graduation at the anticipated date. Students are advised to contact the Weatherhead Registrar’s Office (wsomregistrar@case.edu) if they have any questions regarding requirements for graduation.

Leave of Absence

If a student will not be taking classes for more than one semester, the student should request a one year leave of absence. Approval for any leave of absence from a degree program must be requested in writing by the student. This request for approval should be submitted to the faculty director of the program and the Weatherhead registrar. Unapproved interruption in the program sequence constitutes separation from the program.

Retroactive leaves of absence are not permitted. Students who fail to return upon completion of a leave of absence need to re-apply to the degree program. Students must graduate within six years from the start of their first semester at Weatherhead. A leave of absence does not extend the maximum time permitted for the completion of degree requirements. A leave of absence cannot be taken if students are on an approved extension of the time limit to complete their degree.

Registration

Students generally register for classes and make changes to their schedule using SIS. Step by step information on registering for classes is available online (http://www.case.edu/registrar/sisuserguides/SIS_SC_Enroll.pdf). For assistance with this process, students must contact the Weatherhead registrar (wsomregistrar@case.edu) at 216.368.5900 before the last day of the drop/add period.
Repeat Policy
Master's students can take a course one time; courses are not repeatable. DM students who earned a grade of NP in a doctoral course are required to repeat the course and earn a P. Graduate students can repeat Curricular Practical Training, Independent Study/Special Problems and Topics and International Institute/study abroad electives. Full semester study abroad experiences at an international school are not repeatable.

Residency
For the EMBA program:
In-person presence at each residency is critical for success in the EMBA program. Students are expected to attend each residency and each class. If unavoidable absences arise, these should be approved in advance, and accommodation should be reached with the faculty member(s) in question to make up the content. In addition to regularly-scheduled classes, students can expect to attend frequent meetings with small groups formed at the start of the program.

For the MPOD and MPOD-India programs:
In-person presence at each residency is critical for success in the MPOD and MPOD-India programs. Students are expected to attend each residency and each class, and to participate throughout the program with classmates in small groups, team projects and practicums. If unavoidable absences arise, these should be approved in advance, and accommodation should be reached with the faculty member(s) in question to make up the content.

Retention Requirements
All students are required to follow their curriculum plan and graduate with their cohort. If at any time a student fails to register in two consecutive semesters, excluding the summer session, the student must reapply for admission to Weatherhead, unless prior approval was granted by the Weatherhead registrar.

For the MBA, EMBA, MSM-Finance, MSM-OR/SC and MSM-Healthcare degree programs:
• A cumulative GPA of 2.5 is needed to maintain good standing
• A cumulative GPA below 2.5 will result in probation
• A cumulative GPA below 2.5 in two different semesters will result in separation from the program
• An earned F received in any class will result in separation from the program

For the MEM program:
• Any student admitted to the program on a conditional basis must demonstrate a minimum GPA of 2.75 in the first semester (the summer semester) to continue
• Should a student fall below the 2.75 GPA threshold, he or she will have one semester to restore his or her GPA to 2.75, which is required for graduation

Transcripts
Case Western Reserve considers grades and other information about a student’s performance at the university to be a private matter and will release such information to the student only upon written request. Transcripts will not be issued to or on behalf of a student who has not discharged all financial obligations to the university. Transcripts are issued by the University Registrar’s Office. Requests can be made online (http://www.case.edu/registrar/transcripts.html) or in person or by mail using this form (http://www.case.edu/registrar/forms/transreq.pdf).

Transcripts of work completed at other institutions will not be released to the student or other third parties.

Transfers and Waivers
No transfers, waivers or substitutions are accepted for full-time MBA, EMBA, MPOD, MPOD-India or MAcc.

For the MSM-Finance and MSM-OR/SC:
Upon approval of the faculty program director, MSM-Finance and MSM-OR/SC students may substitute up to 9 credit hours of coursework if comparable CWRU courses have been completed.

For the MSM-Healthcare:
Students may transfer up to 6 credit hours of prior course work from an AACSB-accredited university to replace elective classes only with approval from the faculty director and the Weatherhead registrar. No course in which the student received a grade lower than a “B” will be accepted. Graduate courses counted toward another degree are not eligible for transfer credit. Courses completed more than 5 years prior to the start of the MBA program are not eligible for transfer credit. Courses completed more than 5 years prior to the start of the program in which the student received a grade lower than a “B” will be accepted. Graduate courses counted toward another degree are not eligible for transfer credit. Courses completed more than 5 years prior to the start of the MBA program are not eligible for transfer credit. Courses completed more than 5 years prior to the start of the MBA program are not eligible for transfer credit. Courses completed more than 5 years prior to the start of the MBA program are not eligible for transfer credit.

For the part-time MBA:
Students who entered the program in fall 2011 and after may transfer up to 6 credit hours of prior course work from an AACSB-accredited university to replace elective classes only with approval from the faculty director and the Weatherhead registrar. No course in which the student received a grade lower than a “B” will be accepted. Graduate courses counted toward another degree are not eligible for transfer credit. Courses completed more than 5 years prior to the start of the MBA program are not eligible for transfer credit. Courses completed more than 5 years prior to the start of the MBA program are not eligible for transfer credit. Courses completed more than 5 years prior to the start of the MBA program are not eligible for transfer credit. Courses completed more than 5 years prior to the start of the MBA program are not eligible for transfer credit.
Academic Integrity Policy

This policy comprises the standards of academic integrity in the graduate programs of the Weatherhead School of Management at Case Western Reserve University and sets forth the procedures to be followed by the dean, faculty, and staff in cases in which students are alleged to have violated the Academic Integrity Policy. This policy does not address alleged violations and disciplinary actions in the undergraduate programs. Such matters are addressed at the university level.

Academic integrity is vital to the Weatherhead School of Management’s (WSOM) graduate programs’ learner-centered approach to management education. Learning flourishes where the free flow of ideas is unimpeded by concerns over the origins of those ideas and the process by which they are created. Thus, a deep commitment to learning and honesty on the part of every student is crucial. Every student is expected to respect the learning process, to enhance it, and to strenuously avoid any activity that might corrupt it. Students are required to report observed violations of the WSOM code of academic conduct. Faculty, the dean and administration also have a crucial role in upholding academic integrity at WSOM and ensuring adherence to general principles of academic integrity and this policy.

To foster a well-informed commitment to academic integrity, the following policies govern the WSOM learning environment:

1. All forms of dishonesty including cheating, plagiarism, or knowingly furnishing false information to WSOM faculty or administrators are prohibited. This standard is to be interpreted strictly. Examples of violations of the code of academic conduct include, but are not limited to:
   - Communication or use of aids not specifically authorized by the instructor during examinations. Such instances include giving or receiving unauthorized assistance in any form (including the use of unauthorized aids, copying from another student’s work, or giving, soliciting or receiving unauthorized aid)
   - Submission of work prepared for another class, by another section of the same class in the same or prior years, or by other students without the prior authorization of the course instructor
   - Submission of texts or partial texts prepared by anyone other than the student (plagiarism), including material from the Internet, without proper attribution, including whether the true author is aware of or condones the act. Plagiarism can occur inadvertently due to the omission of proper credit and includes failure to properly footnote sources, to indicate quoted or paraphrased material or to credit others for their ideas, words or work
   - Misrepresentation on a resume

   1. Computer software is private intellectual property; therefore, copying university owned or licensed software or data, or loading such software on to another computer system for personal or external non-CWRU use without prior written approval is prohibited. The modification of university-owned or -licensed software or data without prior written approval is prohibited
   2. Information technology, including computers, data transmission and storage technology are essential to knowledge production and learning. Damage or disruption to the operation of computer equipment, data communications equipment or data communications lines is prohibited. The use of university-owned or -licensed computers for non-educational purposes or for purposes for which they were not intended is prohibited

To maintain and consolidate information on prior academic integrity violations and associated consequences, prior to each academic year, Council will designate one Academic Integrity Officer (AIO) and one Associate Academic Integrity Officer (AAIO) from the full-time faculty to serve a term of one year of service during the coming academic year, renewable up to five years based upon the respective individuals’ willingness and ability to fulfill the respective roles. Council will carefully consider the fit between the workload demands of the AIO and AAIO and the characteristics of the individuals, including such things as the individuals’ tenure, rank and previous involvement in other WSOM committees related to WSOM curriculum. To fulfill the responsibilities of the AIO, the individual will be provided with the appropriate administrative support.

The AIO is the first contact for allegations of violations of the code of academic conduct, as explained below. The AAIO is appointed for two purposes. First, the AAIO serves as a backup for the AIO in the event that conflicts of interest or other obligations prevent the AIO from fulfilling AIO duties in a given case. Second, Council selects the AAIO with the idea that the AAIO may become the succeeding AIO when the AIO’s term is

Withdrawals

To withdraw from courses during a semester, the student may either initiate a request to withdraw in SIS or contact the Weatherhead registrar (wsomregistrar@case.edu) before the last day of classes. All withdrawals after the official drop/add periods will result in a grade of W (WD if withdrawing from all classes) on the student’s transcript. A student withdrawing after the last day of classes will receive the grade of F unless, in the judgment of the program’s faculty director, there are valid reasons for recording the grade of W.

Failure to attend class, giving notice to the instructor, or nonpayment of fees will not be regarded as official notice of withdrawal. A grade of F will be assigned in each course from which the student has not officially withdrawn.

Note: A student is not entitled to any tuition adjustment for a single course dropped after the drop/add deadline. However, if a student is forced to withdraw from all coursework for the semester due to unavoidable and unforeseen circumstances, he or she may petition (in writing to the Weatherhead registrar) for a partial tuition refund. Tuition charges for withdrawals after the drop/add deadline are prorated based upon the week of withdrawal and according to the schedule (http://www.case.edu/finadmin/controller/pdf/bill_sch12-13.pdf) published in the semester registration materials.

Academic Integrity Policy
concluded, where upon Council will designate a replacement AAIO. The expectation is that the AIO and the AAIO will work together on academic integrity issues that arise.

If a student witnesses an activity that appears to violate the code of academic conduct, that student must take proper action to address or curtail the activity. Proper action may include confronting the individuals involved, requesting that the instructor clarify the guidelines for appropriate conduct, and reporting the activity to the instructor or the AIO. Provision will be made for an anonymous reporting channel as necessary.

In the event that a faculty member has reasonable grounds to suspect that a student has violated the WSOM Code of Academic Conduct, the faculty member must consult the AIO. The purpose of the consultation is fourfold: (1) to provide the faculty member with an awareness of precedents for the violation in question, (2) to maintain consistency across departments in the WSOM, (3) to determine whether the student has prior violations and (4) to allow the faculty member and the AIO to determine whether additional information should be gathered about the alleged incident and by whom. If the student has had prior offenses, a hearing must be conducted.

A faculty member may resolve the violation without a hearing if the following four conditions are met: (1) the incident and sanction have been reported to the AIO, (2) the student admits to the violation, (3) based on the best information available, it is the student’s first violation and (4) the student accepts the sanction proposed by the faculty member. If the student does not accept the faculty member’s proposed sanction, the student has one week from that refusal to request a hearing. The minimum sanction in such cases is failure in the course in question; the maximum sanction is failure in the course. In addition, any student guilty of an academic integrity violation shall not be permitted to participate in the evaluation process for either the faculty member(s) who brought the allegation or the course in which the violation occurred.

If any one of the four conditions noted above is not met, or if the faculty member concludes that the seriousness of the offense warrants a hearing, a hearing must be convened in accordance with the procedures outlined below. In addition, students found guilty of an academic integrity violation shall not have the same rights as other students to participate in the course/instructor evaluation process. A separate policy document regarding this can be obtained from the AIO.

Procedures for Conducting Academic Integrity Disciplinary Hearings

Initial Steps
1. The faculty member or other individual alleging the academic integrity violation shall prepare a written, signed statement containing a description of the acts constituting the alleged violation of the Code of Academic Conduct, including dates, times, locations and names of individuals involved. The written statement shall include all supporting evidence that is pertinent to the alleged violation.

2. The individual shall submit the statement to the AIO. The AIO will review the statement to determine whether the written statement contains sufficient information to warrant further investigation. The AIO shall also notify the university’s Office of Student Affairs of the matter. The AIO can continue to consult the university’s Office of Student Affairs to the extent appropriate.

3. If the AIO determines that further investigation is warranted, the AIO may request that other parties prepare written statements describing their knowledge of the alleged violation of the Code of Academic Conduct.

4. The AIO shall notify the student of the allegations and that a hearing will be scheduled, which will provide the student with the opportunity to prepare a defense against the allegations and to have an adviser present at the hearing.

Hearing Process
1. After receiving all written statements and any other pertinent information, the AIO shall convene an ad hoc hearing committee comprised of the following individuals: (a) one student; and (b) two full-time regular faculty members. One non-voting administrative staff member shall also attend to take minutes of the proceeding. The members of the committee will elect one member to serve as chair with the staff member recording the minutes. The AIO shall approach student government and allow that organization to nominate the student representative. If student government does not respond, the AIO shall appoint a student representative.

2. Prior to the hearing, the ad hoc hearing committee members will be provided with the written documents concerning the alleged incident and any other pertinent information.

3. The ad hoc hearing committee will establish a hearing date and communicate the date to all parties involved. Prior to the hearing date, the student in question shall have access to all written documents and any other information the ad hoc hearing committee has reviewed. For these purposes the committee should be aware that privacy concerns or related legal issues may prevent the sharing of certain information with the student. For example, cases may arise in which the sharing for certain information may violate the Family Education Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA). In such cases, the committee will consult with the university’s legal counsel.

4. All members of the ad hoc hearing committee must be present at the hearing.

5. The student may be accompanied and assisted by an adviser. The adviser shall not be permitted to participate in the hearing except to advise the student.

6. The faculty member bringing the academic integrity matter to the hearing ordinarily must be present at the hearing. However, if the AIO determines that no material issue of fact exists, the faculty member’s presence is not required.

7. Minutes of the hearing will be recorded by the staff member referenced in item 1 of this section.

8. The student shall have the opportunity to argue his or her defense and to present supporting evidence and witnesses. The student shall have the opportunity to hear and question witnesses against him or her by directing all such inquiry through the person chairing the meeting.

9. The hearing committee shall have the authority to reasonably limit the time for testimony for each witness, including the testimony of the student in question.

10. After the hearing, the committee shall convene to discuss the information presented. The committee shall make a written recommendation at this time. The recommendation shall be made to the
11. The recommendation may include discipline up to and including expulsion. The student will receive a copy of the committee's recommendation.

Sanctions and Appeal Process

1. The dean shall have the authority to accept, reject or modify the hearing committee's recommendation, after consultation with the AIO and, if possible, the AAIO. The student shall have the right to present in writing his or her basis for requesting acceptance, rejection or modification. The dean shall communicate his or her decision in writing to the student and the committee.

2. In no event will a student be suspended from classes or expelled prior to a final resolution of the charges, except in cases where the dean believes the student's presence on campus presents a risk to the university community.

3. The procedures set forth herein do not preempt the jurisdiction and disciplinary processes of other university bodies that retain their own concurrent jurisdiction to investigate and enforce their own rules and impose their own disciplinary measures. In circumstances in which different disciplinary findings or measures may be imposed by different bodies, the more severe shall have precedent.

4. A student found in violation of the academic integrity policy has the right to appeal the original decision to the Provost's Office according to the following procedures: An appeal of a decision must be submitted in writing and postmarked or hand delivered to the provost or the provost's designee, within 10 calendar days after the date on which written notice of the decision was sent to the student. Each student shall be limited to one appeal. The decision of the appeal officer is final.

5. An appeal may be based only upon one or more of the following grounds: (a) procedural error, (b) misapplication or misinterpretation of the rule alleged to have been violated, (c) findings of facts not supported by a preponderance of evidence, (d) discovery of substantial new facts that were unavailable at the time of the hearing, or (e) that the disciplinary sanction imposed is grossly disproportionate to the violation committed.

6. The appeal officer shall dismiss the appeal if the appeal is not based upon one or more of the grounds set forth in section 5 immediately above. The appeal officer may decide the appeal based upon a review of the record. The appeal officer may request additional written information or an oral presentation from any relevant person(s) and then decide the appeal based upon the enhanced record.

7. The appeal officer may, after a review of the record, uphold the original sanction, dismiss the original sanction or impose a lesser sanction. An appeal officer may also remand the case to the original hearing body or refer the case to a new hearing officer or panel to be reheard. If possible, the new hearing officer or panel should be different from the one that originally decided the case. If a case is reheard by a hearing officer or panel, the sanction imposed could be greater or lesser than that imposed at the original hearing.

8. A student and hearing officer may agree in advance to minor deviations from procedure. Such deviations are not then subject to appeal. Other minor deviations are acceptable as long as such deviations are not found upon appeal to be unreasonably harmful to the student.
4. The student will be notified that a hearing will be scheduled and that he or she will have the opportunity to defend himself or herself against the allegations and to have an adviser present at the hearing.

**Hearing Process**

1. After receiving all written statements and any other pertinent information, the dean or designee shall convene an ad hoc hearing committee consisting of two elected student officers, two full-time faculty members and one administrative staff member. The members of the committee shall elect one member to serve as chair.

2. Prior to the hearing, the hearing committee will be provided with the written documents concerning the alleged incident and any other pertinent information.

3. A hearing date will be decided upon and communicated to all parties involved. Prior to the hearing date, the student in question shall have access to all written documents and any other information the hearing committee has reviewed, unless the committee decides that it would be inappropriate to provide certain information to the student.

4. On the hearing date, all members of the hearing committee must be present.

5. The student may be accompanied and assisted at the hearing by an adviser. The adviser shall not be permitted to participate in the hearing except to advise the student.

6. Minutes of the hearing will be recorded.

7. The student shall have the opportunity to argue his or her defense and to present supporting witnesses. The student shall have the opportunity to hear and cross-examine witnesses against him or her by directing all such inquiry through the meeting chair, unless the committee deems that it would be inappropriate to permit cross-examination for certain witnesses.

8. The hearing committee shall have the authority to limit the time for testimony for each witness, including the testimony of the student in question.

9. After the hearing, the committee shall convene to discuss the evidence presented and to make a written recommendation. The recommendation will be made to the dean or designee no later than one week after the hearing.

10. The recommendation may include discipline up to and including suspension and expulsion. The student shall receive a copy of the committee's recommendation.

**Sanctions and Appeal Process**

1. The dean or designee shall have the authority to accept, reject or modify the hearing committee’s recommendation. The dean or designee shall communicate his or her decision in writing to the student and the committee. The student shall have the right to present, in writing, a request for acceptance, rejection or modification no later than one week after receiving the decision.

2. In no event will a student be suspended from classes or expelled prior to a final resolution of the charges, except in cases where the dean or designee believes that the student's presence on campus presents a risk to the university community.

The procedures set forth herein do not preempt the jurisdiction and disciplinary processes of other university bodies, which retain their own concurrent jurisdiction to investigate and enforce their own rules and impose their own disciplinary measures. In circumstances where different disciplinary findings and/or measures may be imposed by different bodies, the more severe sanction shall take precedence.

**Grievance Procedures**

Staff and faculty members have an important role to play in supporting the best possible learning environment. In the event that a student feels unjustly affected by a non-disciplinary academic or administrative action, he or she may grieve the action or decision in the following manner:

1. The student should bring his or her complaint directly to the person responsible for the action in question. The student should make an effort to resolve the problem informally.

2. If efforts at informal resolution of the problem are not successful, the student shall prepare a written statement within a reasonable period of time after the action or decision that gives rise to the grievance. The statement shall contain the following:
   - Date of the grievance
   - Brief description of the alleged unjust academic or administrative action or decision
   - Names of individual(s) involved
   - Explanation of previous attempts to resolve the problem(s)
   - Action(s) that the student believes should be taken to resolve the problem

3. The written statement shall be directed to the Student Services Specialist.

4. The dean or designee may request that the individual(s) named in the grievant's written statement prepare a written statement responding to the grievant.

5. Upon receiving the written statements, the dean or designee shall convene an ad hoc committee consisting of one student and two full-time faculty members.

6. The committee shall consider the written statements of the individuals involved and any other information they deem relevant. The committee may interview the individuals involved, including the grievant.

7. The committee shall make a written recommendation to the dean or designee and furnish a copy to the grievant.

8. The dean or designee may accept, reject or modify any or all of the committee's recommendations. The dean or designee shall make the final decision as to the grievance and shall communicate the decision to the grievant in writing.

All grievances will be held in strictest confidence by all involved. The grievance process cannot be used to circumvent the disciplinary process and procedures set forth elsewhere in this document.

**Undergraduate Programs**

**Bachelor of Science (BS) in Accounting**

Accountancy demands a high degree of technical training, similar to the professions of architecture, law, engineering and medicine. The
accounting profession requires a broad knowledge of the fundamentals of economics and business and a commitment to public well-being. Career opportunities in accounting include the public, corporate, government, nonprofit and healthcare sectors. The undergraduate program in accountancy is designed to prepare students for entrance into these careers and to provide a foundation for the examination to become a CPA or to achieve other professional certifications.

As part of the sequence of courses leading to the BS in Accounting offered through Weatherhead, the student takes required and elective courses in related fields of banking and finance, economics, marketing, organizational behavior and operations.

**BS in Accounting**

**General Education Requirements**

**SAGES (13-16)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Credits</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>First Seminar</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Two University Seminars</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Departmental Seminars - taken as MGMT 395, see below*</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Senior Capstone ‡</td>
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**Breadth Requirements (26-30)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
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<tr>
<td>MATH 125 Math and Calculus Applications for Life, Managerial, and Social Sci I</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>or MATH 121 Calculus for Science and Engineering I</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MATH 126 Math and Calculus Applications for Life, Managerial, and Social Sci II</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>or MATH 122 Calculus for Science and Engineering II</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Two Natural Science Courses</td>
<td>6-8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Two Arts &amp; Humanities Courses</td>
<td>6-8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Two Social Science Courses</td>
<td>6</td>
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**Major Requirements**

**Principles Requirements (15)**

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<tr>
<td>ECON 102 Principles of Microeconomics</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ECON 103 Principles of Macroeconomics</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ACCT 101 Introduction to Financial Accounting</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ACCT 102 Management Accounting</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OPRE 207 Statistics for Business and Management Science I</td>
<td>3</td>
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**Core Requirements (18)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
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<tr>
<td>BAFI 355 Corporate Finance</td>
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<tr>
<td>MGMT 201 Contemporary Business and Communication</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MKMR 201 Marketing Management</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OPRE 301 Operations Research and Supply Chain Management</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ORBH 250 Leading People (LEAD I)</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Advanced Seminars - *MGMT 395 - one credit hour, each student must complete three.**

**Accounting Requirements (24)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ACCT 207 Excel Applications and Modeling</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>ACCT 300 Corporate Reporting I</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>ACCT 301 Corporate Reporting II</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ACCT 302 Corporate Reporting III</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ACCT 305 Income Tax: Concepts, Skills, Planning</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ACCT 306 Accounting Information Systems - Basic</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ACCT 314 Attestation and Assurance Services</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BLAW 331 Legal Environment of Management</td>
<td>3</td>
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**Additional Requirement (19-26)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Credits</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Electives</td>
<td>19-26</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Total Credit Hours for Degree: 122**

‡ Students must complete one university-approved SAGES Senior Capstone. It is not required that students complete a Weatherhead-specific capstone. Most students choose to take MGMT 398 Action Learning, although a second option within Weatherhead is MGMT 397 Undergraduate Research Project.

Students pursuing the BS in Accounting are advised to take the two introductory classes, ACCT 101 Introduction to Financial Accounting and ACCT 102 Management Accounting, and ACCT 207 Excel Applications and Modeling as early as possible. Students are advised to take ORBH 250 Leading People (LEAD I) in the second year.

Accounting majors may not use the P/NP option for Weatherhead courses. 12 credit hours of accounting coursework taken at another accredited institution may be considered for transfer toward the BS in Accounting, although transfer credit for courses beyond introductory accounting must be approved by the Accountancy Department. Each student is required to consult with an advisor in the Office of Undergraduate and Integrated Study Programs at Weatherhead.

**Integrated Study Programs in Accountancy**

Integrated study programs enable attainment of a BS in Accounting and a Master of Accountancy (MAcc) (p. 990) degree in five years or less. These programs are strongly recommended for those individuals planning to obtain professional certification. CPA candidates must have completed 150 semester hours of study at the university level in order to qualify to sit for the CPA examination. There are two programs that integrate graduate and undergraduate course work in accountancy: the joint BS in Accounting/MAcc and the accelerated BS in Accounting/MAcc.

**Joint BS in Accounting/MAcc**

The university policies regarding the Joint BS in Accounting/Master of Accountancy program permit such students an opportunity to work towards completion of the Master of Accountancy during their undergraduate studies. By doing so, students are able to lessen the course load in their fifth year. After completion of the senior year, these students then enroll as graduate students in the Weatherhead School of Management to complete the master’s degree.

**Accelerated BS in Accounting/MAcc**

One other option exists for certain highly qualified Case Western Reserve University accountancy students who may be motivated to complete both their BS in Accounting and the Master of Accountancy in a timely manner. This program, the Accelerated BS in Accounting/MAcc program, allows students to complete both degrees within the eight academic semesters as an undergraduate student. In some cases, one additional semester of study is needed to complete both degrees, at which time the student would be considered a Weatherhead graduate student.

Because of the necessity for proper planning of coursework and programs, undergraduate students are strongly encouraged to apply for the Master of Accountancy in the junior year. Weatherhead students must apply for and be admitted to the Master of Accountancy program. The Graduate Management Admission Test (GMAT) is required for admission to the MAcc program, but may be waived if certain requirements are met.
Once admitted, students in an integrated study program are required to design a comprehensive study plan with both their Weatherhead undergraduate adviser and the faculty director of the MAcc program.

**Pre-Professional Scholars Program in Accountancy**

Each year, approximately 10 to 15 exceptionally well-qualified high school seniors who plan to pursue careers in accountancy will be offered places in the Pre-Professional Scholars Program in Accountancy at Case Western Reserve University. Pre-Professional Scholars receive a conditional commitment of admission to the Weatherhead School of Management Master of Accountancy (p. 990) program, a scholarship package covering a minimum of 50% of an academic year’s tuition cost and a Graduate Management Admission Test (GMAT) waiver, to be honored when students formally apply for one of the Integrated MAcc programs. Students are required to maintain a minimum undergraduate GPA of 3.2 overall and in accountancy courses and those who achieve higher grades point averages will be eligible for greater scholarship amounts.

**Practicum Program**

The practicum program (http://students.case.edu/careers/students/jobs/practicums) is a planned, structured, supervised workplace experience at an approved “site” organization. The practicum is an experiential learning arrangement between the student, the employer, and the practicum adviser in conjunction with the University Career Center. Employers provide appropriate supervision and work-related learning, while the practicum adviser guides and evaluates the student’s experience. The primary goal of this active learning experience is the intellectual, personal and professional growth of the student in an area related to the student’s academic goals. The practicum should provide the student with new skills, insights and experiences that are transferable to the academic setting.

Students apply to the University Career Center in the semester preceding the work assignment and may participate in up to two practica. All practica developed through the University Career Center must be taken for transcript notation, and students must have a faculty member serve as a practicum advisor. If a student elects to work in an internship/practicum without enrolling in the course for academic notation, he or she will not have the benefits of full-time student status. Additionally, he or she will not represent the practicum program in any official capacity.

**Sample Plan of Study: Bachelor of Science in Accounting**

**First Year**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Introduction to Financial Accounting (ACCT 101)</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Principles of Microeconomics (ECON 102)</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Math and Calculus Applications for Life, Managerial, and Social Sci I (MATH 125)</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Arts &amp; Humanities</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SAGES (University Seminar)</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PHED (Physical Education)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Management Accounting (ACCT 102)</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Excel Applications and Modeling (ACCT 207)</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Principles of Macroeconomics (ECON 103)</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Second Year**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Corporate Reporting I (ACCT 300)</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Statistics for Business and Management Science I (OPRE 207)</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Leading People (LEAD I) (ORBH 250)</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Social Science</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SAGES (University Seminar)</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Corporate Reporting II (ACCT 301)</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Corporate Finance (BAFI 355)</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Contemporary Business and Communication (MGMT 201)</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Natural Science</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Elective</td>
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<tr>
<td>Year Total:</td>
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**Third Year**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Units</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Corporate Reporting III (ACCT 302)</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Marketing Management (MKMR 201)</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Advanced Seminar (MGMT 395)</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Natural Science</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Elective</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Elective</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Income Tax: Concepts, Skills, Planning (ACCT 305)</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Advanced Seminar (MGMT 395)</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Operations Research and Supply Chain Management (OPRE 301)</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Social Science</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Elective</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Elective</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Year Total:</td>
<td>16</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Fourth Year**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Attestation and Assurance Services (ACCT 314)</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Advanced Seminar (MGMT 395)</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Arts &amp; Humanities</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Elective</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Elective</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accounting Information Systems - Basic (ACCT 306)</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Legal Environment of Management (BLAW 331)</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Action Learning (MGMT 398)</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Elective</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Year Total:</td>
<td>13</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Total Units in Sequence:** 122

For more information, contact Tiffany Welch (tiffany.welch@case.edu), assistant dean of curriculum and administration, at 216.368.2058.
Bachelor of Arts (BA) in Economics (College of Arts and Sciences)

The BA in economics is a 120-credit-hour, structured program in which students learn to analyze problems of resource allocation and decision-making, and to understand the influence of these factors on economies and societies. Our program was ranked #5 in the nation for the study of microeconomics and #7 for macroeconomics in *Businessweek*'s 2012 survey of undergraduate programs.

Our highly regarded degree attracts some of the best students on campus and affords them the opportunity to assist Weatherhead faculty in their research activities and to participate in independent research projects.

General Degree Requirements

Students are required to complete the Arts and Sciences General Education Requirements (p. )

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MATH 121</td>
<td>Calculus for Science and Engineering I</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>or MATH 125</td>
<td>Math and Calculus Applications for Life, Managerial, and Social Sci I</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ECON 102</td>
<td>Principles of Microeconomics</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ECON 103</td>
<td>Principles of Macroeconomics</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ECON 307</td>
<td>Intermediate Macro Theory</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ECON 308</td>
<td>Intermediate Micro Theory</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>or ECON 309</td>
<td>Intermediate Micro Theory: Calculus-Based</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OPRE 207</td>
<td>Statistics for Business and Management Science I</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>or STAT 243</td>
<td>Statistical Theory with Application I</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>or STAT 312</td>
<td>Basic Statistics for Engineering and Science</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ECON 326</td>
<td>Econometrics (Ideally, Econometrics should be taken by the junior year to enrich understanding of upper-level elective courses and to enable engagement in more sophisticated economic analysis.)</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Elective courses (a minimum of five additional economics courses at the 200 or 300 level). ECON 398 Honors Research II does not count toward fulfilling this requirement.

**Total Units** 38

SAGES Senior Capstone Experience

The economics major does not require a capstone as part of the major. However, students need to complete a capstone as part of the SAGES requirement. The Economics Department offers the following courses for a capstone.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ECON 398</td>
<td>Honors Research II</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ECON 395</td>
<td>The Economy in the American Century</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ECON 399</td>
<td>Individual Readings and Research (upon approval of Senior Capstone Coordinator)</td>
<td>3-6</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

For more information, contact Teresa Kabat (teresa.kabat@case.edu), department administrator, at 216.368.4110.

Bachelor of Science (BS) in Management

Graduates of the BS in Management program obtain a broad education within a scientific framework that enables them to bring an unusual degree of analytical capability to the problems of management and business. Each management student is required to complete a major in finance, marketing, or an approved, individualized program of study (see below in the section titled Dean's Approved Major). In addition, each student must consult with an adviser in the Office of Undergraduate and Integrated Study Programs at Weatherhead.

General Education Requirements

SAGES (13-16)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>First Seminar</td>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Two University Seminars</td>
<td>6</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Departmental Seminars - taken as MGMT 395, see below*</td>
<td>6-8</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Senior Capstone **</td>
<td>3-6</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Breadth Requirements (26-30)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MATH 125</td>
<td>Math and Calculus Applications for Life, Managerial, and Social Sci I</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>or MATH 121</td>
<td>Calculus for Science and Engineering I</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MATH 126</td>
<td>Math and Calculus Applications for Life, Managerial, and Social Sci II</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>or MATH 122</td>
<td>Calculus for Science and Engineering II</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Two Natural Science Courses</td>
<td>6-8</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Two Arts &amp; Humanities Courses</td>
<td>6-8</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Two Social Sciences Courses</td>
<td>6</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Major Requirements

Principles Requirements (15)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ECON 102</td>
<td>Principles of Microeconomics</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ECON 103</td>
<td>Principles of Macroeconomics</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ACCT 101</td>
<td>Introduction to Financial Accounting</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ACCT 102</td>
<td>Management Accounting</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OPRE 207</td>
<td>Statistics for Business and Management Science I</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Core Requirements (27)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MGMT 201</td>
<td>Contemporary Business and Communication</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BAFI 355</td>
<td>Corporate Finance</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ORBH 250</td>
<td>Leading People (LEAD I)</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ORBH 251</td>
<td>Leading Organizations (LEAD II)</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MIDS 301</td>
<td>Introduction to Information: A Systems and Design Approach</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MKMR 201</td>
<td>Marketing Management</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OPRE 301</td>
<td>Operations Research and Supply Chain Management</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PLEC 399</td>
<td>Business Policy</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MGMT 395</td>
<td>Advanced Seminar (&quot;MGMT 395-one credit hour seminar; each student must complete three)</td>
<td>3-6</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Management Requirements

Students must complete an 18-credit-hour major in Finance, Marketing, or a Dean's Approved Major.

Finance Major Requirements (18)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>BAFI 341</td>
<td>Money and Banking</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>or ECON 341</td>
<td>Money and Banking</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BAFI 356</td>
<td>Investments</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BAFI 357</td>
<td>Financial Modeling, Analysis and Decision Making</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BAFI 358</td>
<td>Intermediate Corporate Finance</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### BAFI 359 Cases in Finance 3
### BAFI 361 Applied Financial Analytics 3

**Marketing Major Requirements (18)**

- MKMR 304 Brand Management 3
- MKMR 308 Measuring Marketing Performance 3
- MKMR 310 Marketing Analytics 3
- MKMR 311 Customer Relationship Management 3
- MKMR 312 Selling and Sales Management 3
- MKMR 348 Strategic Internet Marketing 3

**Additional Requirement (16-23)**

Electives 16-23

---

**Total Credit Hours for Degree: 122**

**Students must complete one university-approved SAGES Senior Capstone. It is not required that students complete a Weatherhead-specific capstone. Most students choose to take MGMT 398 Action Learning, although a second option within Weatherhead is MGMT 397 Undergraduate Research Project.**

Students pursuing a BS in Management are advised to take the ORBH 250 Leading People (LEAD I) and ORBH 251 Leading Organizations (LEAD II) sequence in the second year. B.S. Management degree students may not use the P/NP option for any Weatherhead courses.

### Sample Plan of Study: BS in Management

#### First Year

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Units</th>
<th>Fall</th>
<th>Spring</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Math and Calculus Applications for Life, Managerial, and Social Sci I (MATH 125)</td>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Introduction to Financial Accounting (ACCT 101)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Principles of Microeconomics (ECON 102)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Arts/Humanities</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SAGES (University Seminar)</td>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PHED</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Math and Calculus Applications for Life, Managerial, and Social Sci II (MATH 126)

- Management Accounting (ACCT 102) 3
- Principles of Macroeconomics (ECON 103) 3
- Contemporary Business and Communication (MGMT 201) 3
- SAGES (University Seminar) 3
- PHED 4

Year Total: 17

#### Second Year

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Units</th>
<th>Fall</th>
<th>Spring</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Leading People (LEAD I) (ORBH 250)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Statistics for Business and Management Science I (OPRE 207)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Corporate Finance (BAFI 355)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Natural Sciences</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SAGES (University Seminar)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Leading Organizations (LEAD II) (ORBH 251)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Marketing Management (MKMR 201)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Natural Sciences</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
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</table>

Year Total: 16

#### Third Year

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Units</th>
<th>Fall</th>
<th>Spring</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Elective</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Weatherhead Major</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>Weatherhead Major</td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Social Sciences</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Introduction to Information: A Systems and Design Approach (MIDS 301)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Operations Research and Supply Chain Management (OPRE 301)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Advanced Seminar (MGMT 395)</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Weatherhead Major</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Weatherhead Major</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Elective</td>
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</tbody>
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Year Total: 15

#### Fourth Year

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Units</th>
<th>Fall</th>
<th>Spring</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Action Learning (MGMT 398)</td>
<td>6</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MGMT 395</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Weatherhead Major</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Elective</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Elective</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Elective</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Year Total:</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Dean's Approved Major**

A student may construct an 18-credit major in an area of individual interest, subject to approval by the Weatherhead Undergraduate Executive Committee.

For more information, contact Jim Hurley (james.hurley@case.edu), assistant dean of undergraduate and integrated study programs, at 216.368.3856.

### Minors

#### Minor in Accounting

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Units</th>
<th>Fall</th>
<th>Spring</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ACCT 101 Introduction to Financial Accounting</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ACCT 102 Management Accounting</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ACCT 300 Corporate Reporting I</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Two additional 300-level accounting courses</td>
<td>6</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Total Units: 15
Minor in Banking and Finance

ACCT 101  Introduction to Financial Accounting  3
or ACCT 203  Survey of Accounting
BAFI 355  Corporate Finance  3
Pick three from:
- BAFI 341  Money and Banking
- BAFI 356  Investments
- BAFI 357  Financial Modeling, Analysis and Decision Making
- BAFI 358  Intermediate Corporate Finance
- BAFI 359  Cases in Finance
- BAFI 361  Applied Financial Analytics

Total Units  15

Minor in Business Management

ECON 102  Principles of Microeconomics  3
or ECON 103  Principles of Macroeconomics
ACCT 101  Introduction to Financial Accounting  3
or ACCT 203  Survey of Accounting
Three electives from the following:
- BAFI 355  Corporate Finance
- BAFI 341  Money and Banking
- BLAW 331  Legal Environment of Management
- ENTP 301  Entrepreneurial Strategy
- MGMT 201  Contemporary Business and Communication
- ORBH 250  Leading People (LEAD I)
- MGMT 315  International Management Institute
- MKMR 201  Marketing Management
- MIDS 301  Introduction to Information: A Systems and Design Approach
- OPRE 301  Operations Research and Supply Chain Management

Total Units  15

Minor in Economics

ECON 102  Principles of Microeconomics  3
ECON 103  Principles of Macroeconomics  3
Three additional ECON courses  9

Total Units  15

Minor in Entrepreneurial Studies

ACCT 102  Management Accounting  3
or ACCT 203  Survey of Accounting
MKMR 201  Marketing Management  3
ENTP 301  Entrepreneurial Strategy  3
ENTP 310  Entrepreneurial Finance - Undergraduate  3
ENTP 311  Entrepreneurship and Wealth Creation  3

Total Units  15

Minor in Leadership

ORBH 250  Leading People (LEAD I)  3
ORBH 251  Leading Organizations (LEAD II)  3
Three of the following courses:

ORBH 303  Leading Teams
ORBH 370  Women in Organizations
ORBH 380  Managing Negotiations
ORBH 391  Leadership in Diversity and Inclusion: Towards a Globally Inclusive Workplace

Total Units  15

Minor in Marketing

MKMR 201  Marketing Management  3
Four of the following (including at least two MKMR courses):
- MKMR 301  Customer Relationship Management
- MKMR 302  Sales Management
- MKMR 303  Brand Management
- MKMR 304  Marketing Value Chain Management
- MKMR 305  Measuring Marketing Performance
- MKMR 306  Marketing Analytics
- MKMR 307  Marketing Strategy
- MKMR 308  Consumer Behavior
- MKMR 309  Marketing Research
- MKMR 310  Marketing Management
- MKMR 311  Marketing Analytics
- MKMR 312  Marketing Strategy

Total Units  15

For more information, contact Jim Hurley (james.hurley@case.edu), assistant dean of undergraduate and integrated study programs, at 216.368.3856.

Weatherhead School of Management Courses

Fowler Center for Sustainable Value

The Fowler Center (http://weatherhead.case.edu/centers/fowler) leverages interdisciplinary scholarship and practice to help leaders capitalize on new profitable business opportunities to solve the world’s growing social and environmental problems. The center works directly with all kinds of institutions to embed sustainability into their core strategy, applying cutting-edge competencies in design, innovation, whole systems and appreciative inquiry. The Fowler Center is led by Executive Director Roger Saillant, PhD. The Fowler Center focuses on two primary areas: scholarship and outreach.

Sustainable value is defined as a dynamic state that occurs when a company creates ongoing value for its shareholders and stakeholders. By “doing good” for society and the environment, the company does even better for its customers and shareholders than it otherwise would.

To learn more or to find out how you or your organization can get involved with the Fowler Center, visit our website (http://weatherhead.case.edu/centers/fowler) or contact the Fowler Center at 216.368.2160.
ACCT Courses

ACCT 101. Introduction to Financial Accounting. 3 Units.
Financial reports are the most significant means for an organization to communicate its management results to stockholders, creditors, and regulators. This course covers concepts, principles, and practices, including preparation and interpretation, of financial reports. The financial reporting system and basic internal controls for the balance sheet, income statement, and cash flow statements are discussed. A student may not receive credit for both ACCT 101 and ACCT 203.

ACCT 102. Management Accounting. 3 Units.
This course focuses on management accounting as a supporting system, helping managers to run businesses and other organizations. The course builds on knowledge of microeconomics, organizational design and behavior, production, and logistics as a foundation to explore how management accounting provides information for management planning, control and decision activities. Prereq: ACCT 101 or requisite not met permission.

ACCT 203. Survey of Accounting. 3 Units.
The course covers the principle of financial and managerial accounting for non-management students, including the framework that underlies financial and management accounting and how accounting information should be used by: (1) parties external to the firm, i.e., stockholders, creditors and government, to evaluate the financial performance of an organization; and (2) internal management to fulfill the planning, control and performance evaluation functions. Enrollment is limited to students who are neither management nor accounting majors nor enrolled in the Weatherhead School of Management. This course may be substituted for ACCT 101. A student may not receive credit for both ACCT 101 and ACCT 203. This course cannot be substituted for ACCT 102 without a waiver from the chairman. Offered as ACCT 203 and ACCT 403.

ACCT 207. Excel Applications and Modeling. 3 Units.
ACCT 207 is a three hour class where students will combine classroom, lab and project work to complete assignments leveraging Microsoft Excel 2013. Through this course, the student will gain an understanding of how to create accounting models and how to use Microsoft Excel 2013 as the technology leveraged. Prereq: ACCT 101.

ACCT 300. Corporate Reporting I. 3 Units.
ACCT 300 is the first course in the Corporate Reporting sequence. This course examines some of the more fundamental areas of accounting, such as the basic financial statements (balance sheet, income statement, statement of cash flows), the asset side of the balance sheet (e.g., receivables, inventory), accrual accounting, revenue recognition, time value of money, and profitability analysis. We will cover the first nine chapters in the text. Also, this course will detail the differences between GAAP and IFRS relative to current assets in the financial statements. Prereq: ACCT 101 or ACCT 203. Coreq: ACCT 102 and ACCT 207.

ACCT 301. Corporate Reporting II. 3 Units.
This course is the second of a 3 course sequence and covers financial accounting theory, generally accepted accounting principles and reporting practices. Areas of focus include: property plant and equipment, liability determination, long-term debt, derivatives, leases, pensions and other postretirement benefits, and investments. International (IFRS) aspects also are considered. Prereq: ACCT 300.

ACCT 302. Corporate Reporting III. 3 Units.
ACCT 302 continues the Corporate Reporting sequence as the third and final course. This course covers many of the most complex areas of accounting. These areas include issues of accounting for income taxes, shareholders equity, share based compensation, accounting changes and errors, the statement of cash flows, governmental accounting and not for profit accounting and notes prepared using U.S. GAAP accrual accounting. Deep understanding of these topics is essential for the CPA exam and for professional practice. In addition, this course covers the differences between GAAP and IFRS related to the accounting content in the course. Prereq: ACCT 300.

ACCT 304. Advanced Financial Reporting. 3 Units.
This course covers partnerships, consolidations, foreign exchange, international aspects of accounting, accounting for state and local governments and not-for-profit organizations, segment reporting and interim reporting. Prereq: ACCT 301.

ACCT 305. Income Tax: Concepts, Skills, Planning. 3 Units.
This course addresses U.S. Federal Income Taxation concepts and applications. The subject matter includes topics applicable to individuals, partnerships and corporations and various other entities required to file income tax returns. In addition the subject matter addressed includes a variety of business, legal and taxation concepts and practices related to effective tax planning. The purpose of the course is to provide the student with the appropriate knowledge and skill levels to “speak the language of U.S. tax.” Prereq: Sophomore Standing.

ACCT 306. Accounting Information Systems - Basic. 3 Units.
ACCT 306 is a three hour class in which the students will combine classroom, lab and project work to complete assignments leveraging SAP’s Enterprise Resource Planning System. Through this course, the student will gain an understanding of how the various AIS modules function together to support the financial reporting process within a company. Prereq: ACCT 207.

ACCT 314. Attestation and Assurance Services. 3 Units.
This course covers the role of the auditor, the audit process, the public accounting profession, audit risk and materiality, fraud, audit methods and techniques, audit planning, internal control, the effects of information technology on the audit, auditing revenue, receivables and inventories, professional ethics, legal responsibilities, emerging assurance services, and recent developments in the auditing profession. Prereq: ACCT 301.

ACCT 360. Independent Study. 1 - 18 Unit.

ACCT 401. Financial and Managerial Accountancy. 3 Units.
This course examines the underlying framework of financial and managerial accountancy, focusing on how financial information is used by: (1) parties external to the organization to evaluate financial performance, i.e., stockholders, creditors, and government agencies; and (2) internal management to plan, control, and evaluate the financial results of the organization. Prereq: Standard MBA, Cohort MBA - PT, or Cohort MBA - PT - Clev Clinic
ACCT 403. Survey of Accounting. 3 Units.
The course covers the principle of financial and managerial accounting for non-management students, including the framework that underlies financial and management accounting and how accounting information should be used by: (1) parties external to the firm, i.e., stockholders, creditors and government, to evaluate the financial performance of an organization; and (2) internal management to fulfill the planning, control and performance evaluation functions. Enrollment is limited to students who are neither management nor accounting majors nor enrolled in the Weatherhead School of Management. This course may be substituted for ACCT 101 and ACCT 203. This course cannot be substituted for ACCT 102 without a waiver from the chairman. Offered as ACCT 203 and ACCT 403.

ACCT 404. Advanced Financial Reporting. 3 Units.
ACCT 404 covers advanced financial reporting topics including financial statement consolidations, foreign currency translations and transactions, VIE's, (variable interest entities), partnership accounting, derivatives, segment reporting, and interim financial statement reporting. As a graduate course, a master's level project or paper will be required. Prereq: ACCT 301.

ACCT 405. Advanced Federal Taxes. 3 Units.
Corporate income taxes, estate and gift tax, fiduciary income taxes, partnerships, and hybrid forms of organization are covered. Prereq: MAcc students only and ACCT 305.

ACCT 406. Auditor's Role in AIS Accounting. 3 Units.
ACCT 406 is a three hour class in which the students will combine classroom and project work to complete assignments leveraging SAP's Enterprise Resource Planning System. Through this course, the student will gain an understanding of the System Development Lifecycle (SDLC) and the auditor's role in on-going usage of AIS. Prereq: ACCT 306.

ACCT 414. Corporate Reporting and Analysis. 3 Units.
This course provides a basis for evaluation of traditional and proposed uses of reports and information for decision making in investment, credit and internal planning and control. Students are introduced to concepts and analytical techniques that can be used to critique and interpret the financial health of the organization. At a practical and theoretical level, the course integrates research in the areas of accounting, quantitative methods and finance which has proved useful in the financial analysis of organizations. Prereq: ACCT 300 or ACCT 401, MBAC 502 or MBAP 402 or requisites not met permission of instructor.

ACCT 418. Fraud, Governance and Reporting. 3 Units.
This course examines managerial fraud, primarily made possible by the manipulation of accounting. This includes treatments of the motives for fraudulent behavior but focuses primarily upon the techniques of earnings management and the processes of its detection. Governance of organizations in the post-Enron, WorldCom and Tyco environment will also be studied. Regulation and the duties of those responsible for proper governance will be among the topics in this portion of the course. Guest speakers from the forensic industry and materials from practice institutes will be employed. Prereq: ACCT 401 and BAFI 402 or equivalent.

ACCT 431. Tax Practice: Analysis, Planning and Communications. 3 Units.
This course concentrates on teaching the identification of key U.S. tax issues, the analysis of fundamental tax concepts and the underlying interpretation and application of tax law through the use of appropriate authoritative sources. Both oral and written communication will be utilized to present tax planning research results. Actual court cases will be used as the basis for simulating practical client scenarios. Prereq: ACCT 305.

ACCT 444. Advanced Auditing Theory and Practice. 3 Units.
This course examines auditing concepts and issues in depth. A special focus exists on audit evidence and how auditors make decisions. Some topic areas include ethics, analytical review, fraud, and the role of technology. Prereq: MAcc students only; ACCT 314 or consent.

ACCT 480. Multi-Jurisdictional Taxation. 3 Units.
Multi-jurisdictional taxation is one of the most exciting and fastest growing areas of tax practice. This course examines the tax and business issues faced by businesses seeking to expand operations, both across state and local jurisdictions within the U.S. and across international boundaries. We consider the basic state sales, use, and income tax treatment of multi-state businesses; the U.S. tax treatment of businesses investing abroad; and the U.S. taxation of inbound foreign investment. A student will achieve a practical command of the tax issues, from an accountant's perspective, which are raised by international and multi-state U.S. transactions and how the U.S. and State tax laws resolve those issues. Prereq: ACCT 305.

ACCT 495A. Advanced Accounting Seminar (Audit). 1 Unit.
This seminar provides an opportunity to consider specialized technical financial reporting and attestation services (audit) topics of importance in the rapidly changing environment of professional accountancy. The specific topic and scope of the coverage will be defined by the course instructor and will be consistent with the Master of Accountancy Financial Reporting and Attestation Services (Audit) concentration. The development of writing and communication skills and in-depth discussion are expected attributes of seminar activity. Prereq: ACCT 314 or Requisites Not Met permission.

ACCT 501. Special Problems and Topics. 0 - 18 Units.
This course is offered, with permission, to students undertaking reading in a field of special interest.

ACCT 520. Advanced Accounting Theory. 3 Units.
This seminar studies contemporary issues in financial accounting theory and management of financial reporting. Topics are considered from their historical development to contemporary circumstances. Academic and professional literatures are employed to gain a variety of perspectives on current matters. The development of communication skills, written and verbal, and use of support technology for presentations is emphasized throughout. Students are required to make several individual and team presentations, to conduct database and periodical research and to provide frequent written and oral research reports. Prereq: MAcc students only and ACCT 304. Prereq or Coreq: ACCT 404.
ACCT 540. Corporate Governance and Contemporary Accounting Policy. 3 Units.
The Sarbanes-Oxley Act (SOX), passed in the wake of a series of corporate accounting scandals including Enron and WorldCom, was designed to strengthen Corporate Governance processes for all US publicly traded companies with an aim of "protecting investors by improving the accuracy and reliability of corporate disclosures." The contemporary implications of SOX for the accounting profession are immense. Students must understand these implications to successfully navigate the world of public company financial reporting. One implication is the role SOX gave to corporate board audit committees to oversee the independent auditors charged with auditing public company financial statements. This requires a fundamental understanding of corporate boards including why they exist and what are their more general responsibilities. Another implication is the establishment of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (PCAOB) to regulate the accounting profession. Thus, this seminar examines broad issues surrounding Corporate Governance including governance of public companies including investment companies, with strong contemporary connections to the accounting profession, including professional ethics, independence and quality control. Prereq: MAcc students only, ACCT 304, and ACCT 314. Prereq or Coreq: ACCT 404.

ACCT 601. Special Problems and Topics. 1 - 18 Unit.
This course is offered, with permission, to Ph.D. candidates undertaking reading in a field of special interest.

Prereq: Predoctoral research consent or advanced to Ph.D. candidacy milestone.

BAFI Courses

BAFI 341. Money and Banking. 3 Units.
This course emphasizes the importance of financial markets, the nature and role of the financial system, and the linkages between these--money and banking--and the economy. Emphasis is placed on both theoretical and practical constructs, on major innovations and contemporary changes, and the closely intertwined condition of financial and economic systems with monetary and fiscal policy. Offered as BAFI 341 and ECON 341. Prereq: ECON 102 and ECON 103.

BAFI 342. Public Finance. 3 Units.
Government intervention is a pervasive feature of every modern economy. The goal of this course is to develop the economic tools for understanding and evaluating a wide range of government behaviors such as taxation and redistribution policy, the public provision of goods and services, and the regulation of private markets. ECON 342 begins by considering "market failures" that justify government intervention in a market economy. To respond to such failures, governments must raise revenues through taxation. Using the tools of microeconomic theory, we will develop a framework for thinking about the positive and normative effects of alternative forms of taxation. Particular attention will be paid to the individual income tax in the U.S., allowing students to understand the efficiency, distributional and behavioral implications of recent changes in the tax code. We will then turn to the expenditure side of the public sector. The economic principles used to evaluate public expenditures will be discussed and exemplified through the analysis of significant public programs. Of particular interest will be the effect of public programs on the incentives faced by workers and families. Offered as BAFI 342 and ECON 342. Prereq: ECON 102.

BAFI 355. Corporate Finance. 3 Units.
The basic goals of this course are to familiarize students with the concepts and tools used in financial management at both the corporate and personal levels. They include the notion of present value, securities valuation, risk and return analysis, and other financial analysis techniques. The concepts and techniques are, in turn, used to evaluate and make decisions regarding the firm's investments (capital budgeting) and the cost of capital. Prereq: Minimum sophomore standing; ACCT 101 or ACCT 303.

BAFI 356. Investments. 3 Units.
This course is about investing in securities. It provides a comprehensive introduction to security analysis and portfolio management. Investing is a rational decision-making process in which the investor seeks to select a package or portfolio of securities that meets a predetermined set of objectives. Descriptive, institutional and quantitative decision-making methods are arranged in a cohesive framework of analysis of interest to the informed investor. Topics include modern portfolio theory, the relation between risk and return, efficient markets, bonds, and options, among others. Prereq: BAFI 355.

BAFI 357. Financial Modeling, Analysis and Decision Making. 3 Units.
Firms try to create value. In their day-to-day operations, they are faced with numerous challenges: Should we accept trade credit or borrow? Will an acquisition create or destroy value? Should we introduce a new product line even if it cannibalizes an existing one? In each of these situations they try to quantify the impact on the value of their firm. The goal of this course is to develop your skills in financial modeling and valuation, so you can tackle issues like the ones described above. The course is designed to be "hands-on": You will learn to apply the theory and develop spreadsheet modeling skills through homework, case studies and a group project. By the end of the course you will have a good understanding of both the theory and practice of valuation, and possess a set of cutting-edge financial modeling skills. This course is designed for students who aspire to work in a regular company, a bank or a consulting firm in (i) corporate finance (including mergers and acquisitions); (ii) strategy; or (iii) equity and analysis. Prereq: BAFI 355.

BAFI 358. Intermediate Corporate Finance. 3 Units.
This is a rigorous second course in corporate finance (following BAFI 355) designed to lay the analytic foundation for careers in business. The objective is to strengthen students' theoretical and conceptual understanding of several important topics in finance, and to develop their problem-solving skills. Topics covered include economic cash flows and valuation, Long term financial planning and ratios analysis, Growth and external financing, Short term financial planning and Working capital management, Managerial options and valuation, Derivatives, Agency cost and asymmetric information, Capital structure and payout policy. Prereq: BAFI 355.
BAFI 359. Cases in Finance. 3 Units.
This course applies the case study method applied to a variety of business situations that teaches students to think on their feet, develop presentation skills and hone business judgment. The objective of the course is to strengthen students’ conceptual understanding and problem-solving skills. It is intended to complement the two course sequence in corporate finance (BAFI 355 and BAFI 358) by applying these concepts to real world problems. Topics covered include cash flow estimation and corporate valuation, financial planning and ratio analysis, financing using internal and external sources, capital budgeting and managerial options, capital structure, payout policy, financial strategy, public equity analysis (including initial public offerings), mergers and acquisitions and leveraged buyouts. The course envisions an extensive use of case studies and simulation exercises. Prereq: BAFI 355.

BAFI 360. Independent Study. 1 - 18 Unit.
This course is offered for candidates undertaking reading in a field of special interest. Permission of department chair required.

BAFI 361. Applied Financial Analytics. 3 Units.
This course is developed based on the feedback received from employers who have hired BS Management (finance) graduates in the past and will likely do so in future. The goal is to enable students to use financial econometrics to effectively analyze financial data, and hone skills in financial modeling and valuation with the objective of understanding the value created or destroyed by the activities or proposed activities of a firm. The course will draw on theoretical aspects of BAFI 355 but focus on developing financial analytic skills. SAS statistical package use and modeling skills will be developed. By the end of the course, students will appreciate what drives valuation, and be comfortable in financial data analytics using SAS. Prereq: BAFI 355 and STAT 207 or OPRE 207.

BAFI 372. International Finance. 3 Units.
This course deals with open-economy macroeconomics and international financial markets, covering open-economy national income analysis, international macroeconomic policy coordination, exchange rate determination, foreign portfolio investment, and global financial crises. Offered as BAFI 372 and ECON 372. Prereq: ECON 102 and ECON 103.

BAFI 402. Financial Management I. 3 Units.
In this course, students are introduced to the basics of corporate finance, including the objectives, tasks, and decisions made by corporate financial managers. The course covers discounted cash flows, bond and stock valuation, cost of capital, capital budgeting, asset risk and return, and short-term and long-term financial management. Coreq: ACCT 401.

BAFI 402A. Financial Management I. 2 Units.
This module reviews knowledge and refreshes core skills in managerial finance, especially those related to financial statement analysis, discounted cash flow valuation, and risk and return in the capital markets. Teaching methods include lectures, discussions, cases, and extensive exercises. Prereq: Open to ACL-MBA students.

BAFI 403. Financial Management. 3 Units.
The purpose of this course is to familiarize the student with the theory and application of additional models used in financial decision-making by corporations. Issues relating to efficient markets, dividend policy, capital structure, financing decisions, option pricing, leasing, and risk management are among the topics considered. In addition, special topics may include mergers and acquisitions, pension funds, and international financial management. Prereq: ACCT 401 or MBAC 502 or MBAP 402.

BAFI 404. Financial Modeling. 3 Units.
Firms try to create value. In their day-to-day operations, they are faced with numerous challenges; should we accept trade credit or borrow? Will an acquisition create or destroy value? Should we introduce a new product line even if it cannibalizes an existing one? In each of these situations they try to quantify the impact on the value of their firm. The goal of this course is to develop your skills in financial modeling and valuation, so you can tackle issues like the ones described above. The course is designed to be “hands-on”: you will learn to apply the theory and develop spreadsheet modeling skills through homework, case studies and a group project. By the end of the course you will have a good understanding of both the theory and practice of valuation, and possess a set of cutting-edge financial modeling skills. This course is designed for students who aspire to work in a regular company, a bank or a consulting firm in (i) corporate finance (including mergers and acquisitions); (ii) strategy; or (iii) equity analysis. Prereq: BAFI 402 or MBAC 504 or MBAP 405.

BAFI 420. Health Finance. 3 Units.
Exploration of economic, medical, financial and payment factors in the U.S. healthcare system sets the framework for the study of decisions by providers, insurers, and purchasers in this course. The mix of students from various programs and professions allows wide discussion from multiple viewpoints. Offered as BAFI 420 and HSMC 420.

BAFI 427. Green Finance. 3 Units.
Natural systems and resources are being depleted, degraded, and impaired at a rapidly increasing pace. Yet there are very few businesses that are paying adequate attention to the adverse impact of such changes on their future as well as on their survival. How do these changes affect corporate risks? What financial challenges do they create? How can policy changes help move firms in the right direction? What innovative products and strategies can companies use to deal with these challenges? How can companies assess sustainability risk? How can these strategies add sustainable value to firms? These are just a sample of the questions that we will address in this course. This course on Green Finance will provide you with a unique opportunity to understand and explore such questions, especially as they pertain to the role of senior financial managers as well as other members of the senior management team of companies across different industries. It will expose you to cutting edge practices in the area of green finance, providing you with the thought leadership that is essential for success in today’s competitive world.

BAFI 428. Financial Strategy and Value Creation. 3 Units.
The intersection between the theory of perfect markets and the reality of market imperfections provides the basis for the exploration of value creation in this course. Opportunities in both product and financial markets are explored using case studies to develop a framework for strategic financial decisions.

BAFI 429. Investment Management. 3 Units.
This course explores the characteristics of financial investments and markets and develops modern techniques of investment analysis and management. The goal is to help students develop a level of analytical skill and institutional knowledge sufficient to make sensible investment decisions. Topics include: an overview of stock, debt and derivative asset markets, practical applications of modern portfolio theory, equilibrium and arbitrage-based approaches to capital market pricing, the debate over market efficiency, the term structure of interest rates, bond portfolio management, and uses of derivative assets in investment portfolios. Prereq or Coreq: BAFI 403 or MBAC 504 or MBAP 405.
BAFI 430. Derivatives and Risk Management. 3 Units.
This course is intended to give students an understanding of options and futures markets both in theory and practice. The emphasis is on arbitrage and hedging. The course concentrates on listed common stock and index contracts as well as commodity markets. Various theories for trading strategies are studied. Prereq or Coreq: BAFI 403 or MBAC 504 or MBAP 405.

BAFI 431. Fixed Income Markets and Their Derivatives. 3 Units.
This class is concerned with fixed income securities, interest rate risk management, and credit risk. Fixed income securities account for about two thirds of the market value of all outstanding securities, and hence this topic is important. The course covers the basic products of fixed income markets including treasury and LIBOR products, such as interest rate swaps. Risk management and hedging strategies are covered as well as selected topics in credit risk models and mortgage-backed securities. Prereq: BAFI 430.

BAFI 432. Corporate Risk Management. 3 Units.
This is a unique strategic risk management course aimed at participants who wish to enhance their understanding of the risks faced by corporate firms, both financial and non-financial, learn techniques to identify and measure these risks, and understand how derivatives and risk management solutions can be used to manage these risks, create value, and advance the strategic goals of the firm. The course is designed in a manner such that it would be of use to executives of all corporations, financial and nonfinancial, across all functional areas. Prereq: BAFI 403 or MBAP 405 or MBAC 504 or MBAC 505.

BAFI 433. Quantitative Risk Modeling. 3 Units.
This course is designed to help students learn quantitative models for estimating risk in various financial settings for different types of financial institutions (banks, hedge funds, and others). It is a very hands-on course where students will become familiar with several state-of-the-art quantitative risk models as well as their detailed implementation procedure in the real world. The course uses several in-class Excel exercises to illustrate the models as well as their practical implementation using real financial data. Offered as BAFI 433 and MSFI 433.

BAFI 440. Advanced Corporate Finance. 3 Units.
This course exposes the students to a more in-depth treatment of some of the topics covered in BAFI 403 and introduces them to new topics. Topics include investment decisions, financing decisions, payout decisions, contracting decisions and performance metrics, internal control systems, risk management, real options, diversification and valuation. Topics covered may vary from semester to semester. Offered as BAFI 440 and MSFI 440.

BAFI 444. Entrepreneurial Finance. 3 Units.
The objective of this course is to introduce students to the issues of financial management and capital formation in new ventures. The course will address issues of estimation of cash requirements, development of pro forma financial plans, firm valuation and the process and tools used in raising debt and equity financing. Bootstraping, angel investing, venture capital, strategic alliances and initial public offerings will be covered. The emphasis is on the entrepreneur and how he/she can assess financial needs and develop a sensible plan for acquiring financial resources in a manner that is consistent with their financial needs and other strategic goals. Offered as BAFI 444 and ENTP 444. MBAC 504 or MBAP 405 or BAFI 402 or MSFI 403.

BAFI 450. Mergers and Acquisitions. 3 Units.
This course examines the economic rationale and motivation for the different merger and acquisition and recapitalization activities undertaken by firms and individuals in the U.S. market. Emphasis is on the comparable publicly traded proxy company, comparable "change of control" transaction, and discounted cash flow methods of valuing a firm. The class will also review the different types of debt and equity capital employed to fund mergers and acquisitions and recapitalizations, how senior lenders and equity investors structure their loans and/or investments, and how investors realize the gains through different exit strategies. The legal and tax ramifications of various forms of M&A activity are also discussed. The course gives the student an excellent understanding of the role that senior commercial banks, insurance companies, pension funds, LBO funds, investment banking firms, and venture/growth capital investors play in mergers and acquisitions and will strengthen the students’ ability to value a business enterprise. Prereq: BAFI 403 or MBAC 504 or MBAP 405 or GMBA 401A.

BAFI 460. Investment Banking. 3 Units.
This course covers the role of the investment banker as a strategic financial advisor, primarily to corporate clients. The course is divided into three sections, roughly equal in length: (1) industry structure, key players, services and strategies, (2) the capital acquisition process, with a particular focus on initial public equity offerings, and (3) mergers and acquisitions, with a focus on advising financial and strategic buyers and financing these transactions. Students will gain extensive experience in applying financial models that support valuations in various markets. Prereq: BAFI 403.

BAFI 480. International Financial Management. 3 Units.
This course introduces students to international finance and foreign exchange risk management by corporations. Topics include foreign exchange markets and international financial institutions; fx contracts; exchange rate risk and corporate risk management; and international aspects of long-term financing. MBAC 505 or MBAP 405 or BAFI 403 or MSFI 403.

BAFI 501. Special Problems and Topics. 1 - 18 Unit.
This course is offered, with permission, to students undertaking reading in a field of special interest.

BIOS Courses

BIOS 447. Regulatory Affairs for the Biosciences. 1.5 Unit.
This mini-course introduces students to the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) and the laws and regulations it enforces. A scientific regulatory agency with far reaching enforcement authority, FDA is the most powerful consumer protection agency in the world. This course will familiarize students with FDA’s mission, philosophy and organizational structure, as well as policy and procedure it uses to ensure the safety and effectiveness of the food, drugs, biologics, cosmetics, medical devices and radiation-emitting products it regulates. Recommended preparation: Enrollment in the MEM Biomedical Entrepreneurship Track. Offered as BIOS 447, HSMC 447, and IIME 447.

BIOS 448. Engineering Statistics for Biosciences. 3 Units.
This course provides an introduction to biostatistics, emphasizing experimental design, analysis of data, and special emphasis on statistical and financial aspects of randomized clinical trials for biomedical applications. There will be a final project involving development of a clinical trial protocol including the experimental design, recruitment and retention strategy, analysis plan and budget. Offered as BIOS 448, HSMC 448, and IIME 445.
**ECON 307. Intermediate Macro Theory. 3 Units.**

Macroeconomics studies aggregate indicators of the performance of an economy, most commonly measured in terms of GDP, unemployment rate and inflation rate. An important goal of macroeconomic researchers is to develop a model of an economy that is simple, yet powerful enough to explain the historical trends of these aggregate economic indicators. Needless to say, coming up with a good model has remained a very difficult task. So far, there is no single model that is good enough to coherently explain even the most prominent historical trends of aggregate economic indicators. But several models have been built, each offering insight into a certain aspect of the economy. Throughout the course model building is motivated by real world cases from the American economy. Prereq: ECON 102 and ECON 103.

**ECON 308. Intermediate Micro Theory. 3 Units.**

This course builds on ECON 102 to provide a deeper understanding of microeconomic theory, which forms a basis for much of economic analysis. The main focus of the class will be theoretical, in order to give you a solid foundation for future study in virtually any other field of economics. This includes the theory of how consumers decide what to consume and how firms decide when to stay in business, and how much to produce at what price. Note: a student cannot receive degree credit for both ECON 308 and ECON 309. Prereq: ECON 102 and (MATH 121 or MATH 125).

**ECON 309. Intermediate Micro Theory: Calculus-Based. 3 Units.**

This course builds on Economics 102 and provides a more in-depth analysis of the theory of the consumer, the theory of the firm, market equilibrium, market failure and government intervention in the market. We will use calculus to derive supply, demand and market equilibrium from first principles. You should come away from this course with a greater understanding of how consumers and firms make their decisions and how they interact in the market place. Note: a student cannot receive degree credit for both ECON 308 and ECON 309. Prereq: ECON 102 and (MATH 122 or MATH 126).

**ECON 310. Marketing Analytics. 3 Units.**

To appreciate, design, and implement data-based marketing studies for extracting valid and useful insights for managerial action that yield attractive ROI, five essential processes are emphasized: (a) making observations about customers, competitors, and markets, (b) recognizing, formulating, and refining meaningful problems as opportunities for managerial action, (c) developing and specifying testable models of marketing phenomenon, (d) designing and implementing research designs for valid data, and (e) rigorous analysis for uncovering and testing patterns and mechanisms from marketing data. Offered as MKMR 310 and ECON 310. Prereq: MKMR 201.
ECON 326. Econometrics. 4 Units.
Econometrics is the application of statistics to empirical economic analysis. One way of testing the validity of economic theories is to gather data and apply statistical tests to see if the data support the theory. These data are usually gathered by observing actual economies, firms and consumers, rather than by performing experiments in a laboratory. Because economic analysts lack the precision and control of the laboratory, they must compensate by adjusting their statistical procedures. In this class, we will concentrate on regression analysis, which is the basic tool of the economic researcher. We will study the assumptions commonly made in the application of this technique, the consequences of violating these assumptions, and the corrections that can be made. Students will have a chance to formulate and test their own hypotheses using econometric software available for personal computers. Recommended preparation: One semester of statistics or consent of instructor. Prereq: ECON 102 and ECON 103 and (STAT 207 or OPRE 207).

ECON 327. Advanced Econometrics. 3 Units.
This class builds on the foundations of applied regression analysis developed in ECON 326. The goal of the class is to equip students with the tools to conduct a causal analysis of a hypothesis in a variety of settings. Topics will include causality, panel and time series data, instrumental variables and quasi-experiments, semi- and non-parametric methods, and treatment evaluation. Prereq: ECON 326.

ECON 328. Designing Experiments for Social Science, Policy, and Management. 3 Units.
Both economists and firms are increasingly relying on experiments to study the economic behavior of individuals and the effectiveness of policies in a wide range of settings. This course gives students the tools they need to design and critique experiments that answer a research or business question. A small part of the class will be devoted to important theoretical concepts in experimental design, such as treatments, factorial designs, randomization, internal and external validity, biases, and inference problems. The bulk will be devoted to learning about how these concepts come together by discussing exciting new experimental work on topics such as discrimination and identity, cooperation versus self-interest, and dishonesty and corruption. Prereq: ECON 102 and (OPRE 207, STAT 201, STAT 243, STAT 312, ANTH 319, or PSCL 282).

ECON 329. Game Theory: The Economics of Thinking Strategically. 3 Units.
The term “game theory” refers to the set of tools economists use to think about strategic interactions among small groups of individuals and firms. The primary purpose of this course is to introduce students to the basic concepts of game theory and its applications. The class will stress the use of game theory as a tool for building models of important economic phenomena. The class will also include a number of experiments designed to illustrate the game theoretic results, and to highlight how reality may depart from the theory. The course will stress the value of thinking strategically and provide students with a framework for thinking strategically in their everyday lives. Rather than approaching each strategic situation they encounter as a unique problem, students will be taught to recognize patterns in the situations they face and to generalize from specific experiences. A paper on an application of game theory will be required for graduate students. Offered as ECON 329 and ECON 429. Prereq: ECON 102.

ECON 330. Economic Behavior and Psychology. 3 Units.
This course will cover the relatively new field of Behavioral Economics, also sometimes called “Psychology and Economics.” Behavioral economics involves incorporating insights into economics from other disciplines that enrich the understanding of how people make economic decisions. Most of the crossovers come from the field of psychology, but there is also a growing interest in ideas from sociology and neuroscience. We will cover fundamental concepts related to decision-making, such as how people respond to risk, how people make decisions over time, and the ways in which people really aren’t as selfish as economists sometimes make it seem. We will also discuss empirical work that shows how these concepts affect how economists think about real-world issues. Examples include examining how to set the default options for 401k programs, understanding why people pay for costly gym memberships they do not use, and looking at whether sellers on Ebay use the best possible ending times for their auctions. Prereq: ECON 102.

ECON 332. Economic Analysis of Labor Markets. 3 Units.
This course is about the economics of work and pay. We will take a comprehensive look at labor markets in the U.S. and other advanced countries and examine related social policy issues. This will include the effect of unions on wages, the underpinnings of the income distribution of the U.S., issues of poverty and welfare, discrimination and wage differential by gender and race, the relationship between work and family, education as a determinant of wages, and the way firms use wage and employment practices to motivate their employees to work productively. What makes labor economics special is that the commodity we examine is human labor, something that is central to the organization of our lives and the functioning of the economy. Labor economics thus applies the standard neoclassical model of demand, supply, and equilibrium to many areas that also have a profound human dimension. Prereq: ECON 102.

ECON 333. The Economics of Organizations and Employment Relationships. 3 Units.
Organizational Economics is the study of effective organizational design and management. It applies the powerful tools of modern economics to such questions as: what are the practices and structures that make for successful firms? Why are successful firms able to excel at some things (think Microsoft and word processors and spreadsheets) but not at other things (think Microsoft and web-based search)? Fundamentally organizations are human enterprises and their performance is driven by the people they employ. For this reason a good deal of organizational economics is concerned with how firms structure relationships with their employees. One of the important benefits students gain from studying organizational economics is a rigorous and logical framework for thinking about their jobs and careers. By applying this framework to many different real world settings, students become adept at translating general insights to their specific concerns. Organizational economics is built upon a hybrid approach to human behavior that draws from economics and social psychology. From economics, we take the idea that individuals can skillfully use the resources and information at their disposal to achieve their goals. From social psychology we take the idea that individual pursuit of their interests is complicated by the emotions, impulses, and cognitive biases built into human brains. The economic emphasis on goals implies that successful organizations must structure incentives and design jobs in ways that are consistent with the interests of employees. The psychological approach implies that successful organizations must also adopt motivational strategies that appeal to both the rational and non-rational drivers of human behavior. Prereq: ECON 102.
ECON 341. Money and Banking. 3 Units.
This course emphasizes the importance of financial markets, the nature and role of the financial system, and the linkages between these—money and banking—and the economy. Emphasis is placed on both theoretical and practical constructs, on major innovations and contemporary changes, and the closely intertwined condition of financial and economic systems with monetary and fiscal policy. Offered as BAFI 341 and ECON 341.

ECON 342. Public Finance. 3 Units.
Government intervention is a pervasive feature of every modern economy. The goal of this course is to develop the economic tools for understanding and evaluating a wide range of government behaviors such as taxation and redistribution policy, the public provision of goods and services, and the regulation of private markets. ECON 342 begins by considering "market failures" that justify government intervention in a market economy. To respond to such failures, governments must raise revenues through taxation. Using the tools of microeconomic theory, we will develop a framework for thinking about the positive and normative effects of alternative forms of taxation. Particular attention will be paid to the individual income tax in the U.S., allowing students to understand the efficiency, distributional and behavioral implications of recent changes in the tax code. We will then turn to the expenditure side of the public sector. The economic principles used to evaluate public expenditures will be discussed and exemplified through the analysis of significant public programs. Of particular interest will be the effect of public programs on the incentives faced by workers and families. Offered as BAFI 342 and ECON 342. Prereq: ECON 102.

ECON 346. Economic Perspectives. 3 Units.
This course examines important contemporary and historical issues from an economic perspective. It enables students to think about the world "like an economist." Possible topics of current interest include the transformation of Eastern Europe, ethnic and racial strife, environmental policy and sustainable development, and professional sports.

ECON 350. World Economic History: From Poverty to Prosperity. 3 Units.
The average person living in the industrialized world today has 10-20 times the annual income of his or her forbearers in 1800 and a much longer lifespan. What explains the massive increases in living standards for residents of the industrialized world? The average person living in Africa today has roughly the same if not less annual income than in 1800. Why haven't all the world's people seen a similar increase in living standards since 1800? These questions are the central themes of this course on the evolution of the world economy over the past millennium. Highlights of the class will include the pre-1800 Malthusian economy, the industrial revolution and its spread, 19th and 20th century globalization booms, and the development successes and failures of the 20th century. Prereq: ECON 102.

ECON 364. Economic Analysis of Business Strategies. 3 Units.
This course examines how companies compete against each other and interact with customers in an effort to increase profits. Topics include: pricing strategies, product differentiation, advertising, R&D strategies, bundling and tie-ins, entry barriers, mergers and acquisitions, collusion and cartels, the dynamics of network industries (e.g. information technology), and technology adoption and diffusion. The course will take two complementary perspectives. First, we will consider the point of view of companies, and ask how different business strategies can affect competitive success. Second, we will consider the perspective of consumers and policymakers: we will ask whether different firm strategies enhance or reduce social welfare, and will explore different policy options to increase welfare (e.g. antitrust policies, patent systems). The first part of the course will utilize a range of basic economic tools. In the second part of the course, we will apply what was learned in the first part to real examples of firms and industries, including both business and legal cases. Prereq: ECON 102.

ECON 368. Environmental Economics. 3 Units.
Economic models and reasoning provide a valuable lens through which to view many of the most intractable and perplexing environmental problems. The objective of this class is to apply the tools of a typical introductory or intermediate microeconomics course to topics involving the natural environment. That is, we will view environmental topics from the perspective of an economist. Topics that will be covered in this class include: market failure in the case of externalities and public goods provision, management of renewable resources, cost-effective pollution control, and energy use and global climate change. Perhaps the most exciting part of this course is that we will take tools from the classroom and apply them to ongoing environmental questions. Lectures will include guest presentations from professionals who are actively working on environmental challenges. Offered as ECON 368 and ECON 468. Prereq: ECON 102.

ECON 369. Economics of Technological Innovation and Entrepreneurship. 3 Units.
This course is designed to help students identify, evaluate, and obtain control over technological opportunities so they may successfully understand the challenges of starting new companies. The course focuses on four themes: 1) the source, discovery and evaluation of technological opportunities; 2) the process of organizing a new firm to produce new technology that satisfies the needs of customers; 3) the acquisition of financial and human resources necessary to exploit technological opportunities; and 4) the development of mechanism to appreciate the returns from exploitation of technological opportunities. Prereq: ECON 102.

ECON 372. International Finance. 3 Units.
This course deals with open-economy macroeconomics and international financial markets, covering open-economy national income analysis, international macroeconomic policy coordination, exchange rate determination, foreign portfolio investment, and global financial crises. Offered as BAFI 372 and ECON 372. Prereq: ECON 102 and ECON 103.

ECON 373. International Trade. 3 Units.
This course deals with international trade theories and policies, covering gains from and patterns of trade, immigration, foreign direct investment, protectionism, multilateral trade liberalization, regionalism and the costs and benefits of globalization within as well as among nations. Prereq: ECON 102 and ECON 103.
ECON 374. Financial Regulation. 3 Units.
This course will provide students with an understanding of the economic underpinnings of financial regulation as it exists in the United States today. The course will highlight salient aspects of financial markets, such as asymmetric information and the chains of exposures linking financial market participants, that make financial regulation both necessary and yet problematic. Emphasis will be put on the difference between regulations on individual financial firms as compared with regulating for systemic financial stability. The course will be designed to: (1) provide enhanced understanding of financial markets to undergraduate students who have already taken ECON/BAFI 341 (Money and Banking); (2) provide institutional insight to master’s level finance students; (3) illustrate the application of welfare analysis to financial regulation, and (4) teach all students to think critically about regulatory arbitrage and the dynamic evolution of regulated markets. Prereq: ECON 102, ECON 103 and (ECON 341 or BAFI 341).

ECON 375. Economics of Developing Countries. 3 Units.
This course focuses on international aspects of economic development. The term “developing country” is often defined as a country that exhibits low per capita income, high poverty level, low level of industrialization, or low life expectancy. In terms of size, the developing countries make up at least three-fourth of the world population. Why do we study those countries’ economies separately from the industrialized economies? In fact, low economic growth, high unemployment, or high poverty rates also exist in many developed countries. The differences lie not in the types of problems but in the causes of these problems. In addition, differences in the kind of institutions that prevail in developing countries also lead to different policy prescriptions. Among developing countries, differences in historical experience, cultural practices, political institutions and economic conditions are also enormous. Illustrations and explanations of those differences are provided from a wide range of developing countries. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement. Prereq: ECON 102.

ECON 376. Inside the Financial Crisis. 3 Units.
This is a case study in the events surrounding the 2007 global financial crisis. The course will build from fundamental economic concepts into a comprehensive analysis of the elements which led to the collapse and the contemporary policy debates about the recovery. The background for debate will come from an analysis of: Housing and housing finance, bank runs and Bear Sterns, mortgage backed securities and toxic asset purchases. The course will then examine major components of the Dodd-Frank Act and enable students to assess whether the act will address the causes of the 2007 crisis and more importantly establish the conditions to prevent a future crisis. Prereq: ECON 102 and ECON 103.

ECON 378. Health Care Economics. 3 Units.
The health care industry is the fastest growing sector of the U.S. economy, with expenditures on health care now accounting for over 14% of total GDP. Because of its complexity and sheer size, the health care industry affects virtually every facet of the economy including labor productivity, income distribution and international competitiveness. The goal of ECON 378 is to apply the tools of economic analysis to develop students’ understanding of health care markets and related public policy issues. The course begins with an overview of the health care system in the U.S. with attention to disturbing statistics that have inspired calls for reform. The remainder of the course is approximately divided between analysis of the consumer side of the health care market and analysis of the provider side. Throughout the course, proposals for reforming the health care system will be described and discussed. Prereq: ECON 102.

ECON 386. Urban Economics. 3 Units.
Microeconomic theory as taught in principles (and even intermediate) does not usually take into account the fact that goods, people, and information must travel in order to interact. Rather, markets are implicitly modeled as if everyone and everything is at a single point in space. In the first part of the course, we will examine the implications of spatial location for economic analysis. In the second part of the class, we will use microeconomic tools to understand urban problems. Topics that we will cover include urban growth, suburbanization, land use, poverty, housing, local government, transportation, education, and crime. Prereq: ECON 102.

ECON 391. Advanced Topics and Writing in Economics. 3 Units.
This course is characterized by intense yet open-ended intellectual inquiry, guided by reading from primary and secondary sources, and will include extensive practice in written and oral communication. The focus will be on contemporary economic issues and scholarship, and assumes a high level of ability in undergraduate economics training. Specifically, this course provides an avenue for an intellectual discourse on some of the most challenging present day economic issues, and we will rigorously think and write about how economic concepts can be applied to virtually any topic, issue and event in the social world. Students will be challenged throughout the course to think and write like an economist and see the world through the economist’s lens. Counts as SAGES Departmental Seminar. Prereq: ECON 308 or ECON 309 and ECON 326 and junior or senior standing.

ECON 395. The Economy in the American Century. 3 Units.
This class provides an approved SAGES capstone experience for economics majors. It uses American economic history as an arena for a culminating application of the diverse knowledge and skills students have acquired during their undergraduate careers. The twentieth century American economy was shaped by a series of transformations that make our lives profoundly different from those lived by Americans in 1900. Attempting to understand these transformations has shaped the discipline of economics. Events and processes such as mass migration, the Great Depression, the growth of women’s participation in the workforce, and suburbanization generated questions that economists developed theories and bodies of empirical evidence to answer. Students will synthesize knowledge accumulated in their prior undergraduate study to tackle big questions posed by the history of the American economy during the 20th century. These questions cover the spectrum of economic life and scholarship, from finance and technology to human capital and gender. Students form teams to tackle an important question developed in consultation with the instructor. Each team will be responsible for educating the class on their research findings through researching and delivering a class-length presentation and preparing readings and exam questions. Students will produce an individual final paper related to their team’s topic that expresses their own scholarly perspective and interest. Counts as SAGES Senior Capstone. Prereq: Junior or Senior standing.

ECON 397. Honors Research I. 3 Units.
All students admitted to the Honors Program will undertake an independent research project (Senior Thesis) under the guidance of a faculty member (Thesis Advisor). ECON 397 is used to define the topic, review relevant literature, formulate hypotheses, and collect appropriate data toward completing their research project. Students will have the responsibility of providing regular progress reports to their thesis advisor highlighting the work accomplished to date, the immediate challenges confronting them, and a plan to complete the project in the time remaining. Prereq: ECON 102, ECON 103, ECON 326 and ECON 308 or ECON 309; Junior standing and minimum GPA of 3.3 in ECON major and 3.0 overall.
ECON 398. Honors Research II. 3 Units.
This is the second course in a two course sequence to complete the Honors Research Program in Economics. Counts as SAGES Senior Capstone. Prereq: A grade of B or higher in ECON 397.

ECON 399. Individual Readings and Research. 1 - 6 Unit.
Intensive examination of a topic selected by the students. Students must receive permission from the program administrator before the start of the term, and permissions will only be granted in cases where the students have a clear learning plan and objectives in using the independent readings/research option that cannot be met through available course offerings.

ECON 403. Economics for Management. 3 Units.
This course surveys the basic principles of micro and macroeconomics. Topics covered in microeconomics include supply and demand, the theory of production and costs, market structures and factor markets. Macroeconomics topics are the national incomes accounts, the determination of national income, employment and inflation, fiscal and monetary policies and international trade.

ECON 403A. Economics. 1 Unit.
This course serves as a review of economic principles and an introduction to the use of economics in the management setting. Basic economic concepts will be demonstrated by analyzing economic issues and policies relating to the environment in which organizations function. Economic analysis will be demonstrated with reference to particular decisions confronted by firms, including game theory. Prereq: Open to ACL-MBA students.

ECON 421. Health Economics and Strategy. 3 Units.
This course has evolved from a theory-oriented emphasis to a course that utilizes economic principles to explore such issues as health care pricing, anti-trust enforcement and hospital mergers, choices in adoption of managed care contracts by physician groups, and the like. Instruction style and in-class group project focus on making strategic decisions. The course is directed for a general audience, not just for students and concentration in health systems management. Offered as ECON 421, HSMC 421, and MPH 421. Prereq: ECON 403 or MBAC 512 or MBAP 406.

ECON 429. Game Theory: The Economics of Thinking Strategically. 3 Units.
The term "game theory" refers to the set of tools economists use to think about strategic interactions among small groups of individuals and firms. The primary purpose of this course is to introduce students to the basic concepts of game theory and its applications. The class will stress the use of game theory as a tool for building models of important economic phenomena. The class will also include a number of experiments designed to illustrate the game theoretic results, and to highlight how reality may depart from the theory. The course will stress the value of thinking strategically and provide students with a framework for thinking strategically in their everyday lives. Rather than approaching each strategic situation they encounter as a unique problem, students will be taught to recognize patterns in the situations they face and to generalize from specific experiences. A paper on an application of game theory will be required for graduate students. Offered as ECON 329 and ECON 429.

ECON 431. Economics of Negotiation and Conflict Resolution. 3 Units.
Students frequently enroll in a negotiation class with one thought in mind--negotiating a better job offer from an employer. They soon learn, however, that negotiation skills can do far more than improve a pay check. Negotiations occur everywhere: in marriages, in divorces, in small work teams, in large organizations, in getting a job, in losing a job, in deal making, in decision making, in board rooms, and in court rooms. The remarkable thing about negotiations is that, wherever they occur, they are governed by similar principles. The current wave of corporate restructuring makes the study of negotiations especially important for M.B.A.s. Mergers, acquisitions, downsizing and joint ventures call into question well established business and employment relationships. Navigating these choppy waters by building new relationships requires negotiation skills. The increased stress on quality and other hard-to-measure aspects of relationships with customers and suppliers makes the process of negotiation even more complex and subtle. For these reasons, negotiation classes have taken center stage in the study of management. Every major business school now offers classes in negotiation and these classes are overflowing with students. Offered as ECON 431 and LHRP 413.

ECON 468. Environmental Economics. 3 Units.
Economic models and reasoning provide a valuable lens through which to view many of the most intractable and perplexing environmental problems. The objective of this class is to apply the tools of a typical introductory or intermediate microeconomics course to topics involving the natural environment. That is, we will view environmental topics from the perspective of an economist. Topics that will be covered in this class include: Market failure in the case of externalities and public goods provision, Management of renewable resources, Cost-effective pollution control, and Energy use and global climate change. Perhaps the most exciting part of this course is that we will take tools from the classroom and apply them to ongoing environmental questions. lectures will include guest presentations from professionals who are actively working on environmental challenges. Offered as ECON 368 and ECON 468. Prereq: MBAC 512 or equivalent.

ECON 501. Special Problems and Topics. 1 - 18 Unit.
This course is offered, with permission, to students undertaking reading in a field of special interest.

ECON 601. Special Problems and Readings. 1 - 18 Unit.
This course is offered, with permission, to Ph.D. candidates undertaking reading in a field of special interest.

ECON 701. Dissertation Ph.D.. 1 - 18 Unit.
Prereq: Predoctoral research consent or advanced to Ph.D. candidacy milestone.

EDMP Courses

EDMP 610. Culture and World Politics. 3 Units.
Religion, ethnicity, and nationalism have assumed major political significance in the post Cold-War and post-9/11 eras. The course examines ideas of political democracy and economic liberalism in relation to different cultural and religious ideas and explores relationships among social values, political structures, and economics. Prereq: Must be enrolled in the DM Program.
EDMP 611. Theory and Practice of Collective Action. 3 Units.
The ability of autonomous and interdependent parties to coordinate actions, or to act cooperatively, affects a wide range of organizational and social problems. This course addresses the theory and practice of collective action in local, national and global contexts. Case studies of collective action problems, such as environmental protection, community revitalization, and the mobilization of interest groups will be discussed. Prereq: Must be enrolled in the DM Program.

EDMP 613. Leading Change. 3 Units.
Change is an enigma and yet sustained, desirable change (SDC) drives adaptation, growth and life itself. In this course, we will continuously attempt to answer two questions: What is the process of sustained, desirable change? and What is the role of a leader? Concepts from complexity theory will be used, including understanding the multilevel nature of SDC at the individual, dyad, team, organization, community, country, and global levels. Intentional Change Theory (ICT) will be used as the organizing concept for the changes studied. Leadership and its development will be examined by studying a number of topics and applying them to three major case studies: (1) yourself; (2) practice coaching with compassion; and (3) a major change project. This course will explore questions, such as: Who are effective leaders? How do they think and act? What makes us want to follow them? How are leaders developed? What is the role of emotional and social intelligence? How does a leader’s mind, body, heart, and spirit affect their performance?

EDMP 614. Business as an Evolving Complex System. 3 Units.
The goal of this course is to provide a foundation for understanding how business systems evolve, why the business systems in the major advanced countries have evolved differently over the last 100 years or so, and what the underlying driving forces are. The focus is on transformation rather than economic growth. The course examines the evolution of business systems as a result of technological and organizational change. It deals with the role of history, culture and finance in generating business organizations in various countries. The course also studies the emergence of regional innovation systems and industry clusters, as well as how digitization and globalization are changing the “industrial logic.”

EDMP 616. Global Economic Systems and Issues. 3 Units.
This course provides a framework and analytical tools for understanding globalization and international economic relations in the context of the global political system. It analyzes the economic and political forces that are shaping global cooperation on economic matters, the role and impact of international economic institutions such as the World Bank, the International Monetary Fund, and the World Trade Organization, and evolving forms of regional governance, such as the European Union. It covers national and international policies and development and the causes and cures of international financial crises. The course revolves around concepts of efficiency, equality, power, and institutions in the making of public policy towards globalization of communications and transportation. Prereq: EDMP 665.

EDMP 617. Technology and Social System Design. 3 Units.
Managers are designers who shape the social and technical world we inhabit. This course explores the process of design and asks how managers can become better designers and interventionists who anticipate and evaluate the social, economic, and political consequences of existing and emerging products, processes, and organizational forms.

EDMP 638. Qualitative Inquiry I. 3 Units.
This course explores ways to conceptualize an object of study and facilitates formulation of students’ conceptual work and production of research reports at the end of the first year of the program. The course conveys how to generate research ideas by critically reviewing literature and developing ideas that contribute to a problem or issue of interest by working with theory and extending previous research. The practicality of conducting certain kinds of research is evaluated and length, intensity and ethical constraints of different research efforts are examined. Each student produces a report communicating and supporting a conceptualization of the phenomenon of interest involving independent, mediating and dependent variables. The paper defines a problem of practice, presents, both visually and in narrative form, concepts shaped by field experience and prior writing that promote understanding of the problem, and includes a research proposal describing sample, data collection and data analysis. Prereq: EDMP 665.

EDMP 640. Social Ethics: Contemporary Issues. 3 Units.
The course draws upon intellectual ancestors and current thinkers in moral philosophy and ethics to assist each student in identifying, analyzing, and discussing social and ethical questions pertaining to the definition and purpose of contemporary life, the need for moral coherence, and the meaning of life in a global society. The unifying theme of the course is Tolstoy’s question, “How then shall we live?” The course does not seek to provide answers to the great questions of life. Rather, it tries to expand each student’s capacity to grapple with such questions. Prereq: Must be enrolled in the DM Program.

EDMP 641. Qualitative Inquiry II. 3 Units.
This course guides the student in conducting the qualitative research project that was proposed in EDMP 638. Fieldwork and initial analysis is conducted during the summer when data based on semi-structure interviews is collected and analysis begins using inductive coding techniques. A summer residency is held in mid-June to assess progress as final data collection and analysis continues. The aim of the fall semester is to prepare a formal research report on that project, which will be submitted to an academic research conference. The final report includes a revision of one’s conceptual model, integrating new understandings and literature arising from the data collection and analysis. Prereq: EDMP 638.

EDMP 642. Directed Studies Seminar. 1 - 9 Unit.
At different times during the Program, EDM students register for Directed Studies courses. The purpose of these courses is to recognize the work the students are doing to conduct and present their individualized research at a high quality level. Activities conducted under the Directed Studies courses are dedicated to the collection of qualitative or quantitative data and the preparation of research reports.

EDMP 643. Measuring Business Behaviors and Structures. 3 Units.
This course aims to develop the basic foundations and skills for designing and executing generalizable studies. It focuses on building competence in model building, construct measurement, research design, data collection methodologies, and application of analytical software commonly involved in quantitative inquiry. Covered topics include framing research questions, reliability and validity of measurement, quasi-experimental research design, and fieldwork for data collection. Classes are designed to balance between the theory and practice of quantitative research design, and will be linked to the participant’s own research projects. Prereq: EDMP 641.
EDMP 644. Multivariate Data Analysis. 2 Units.
Building on instruction in univariate statistics, this course covers the fundamental assumptions, principles, and applications of multiple regression and structural equation modeling methodologies for analyzing quantitative data. It focuses on building competence in analytical skills for testing hypotheses guided by a conceptually sound and pragmatically useful model of some real world phenomenon. Analytical software used include SPSS and AMOS. Prereq: EDMP 641.

EDMP 645. Integration of Qualitative and Quantitative Inquiry. 3 Units.
Using the mixed method research toolkit developed in previous courses, this course focuses on critically analyzing selected pieces of published applied and policy research to develop a critical appreciation of issues and debates that have wide applicability and relevance. In particular, it offers students ways to integrate and triangulate using a mixed method approach, different forms of evidence, and related evidence. In addition, this course addresses common method choice and justification issues and related challenges of validity and theory formulation that typically arise during the students' execution of a series of individual research projects. Application of critical analysis and appreciation approach in justifying mixed methods designs to the student's own research work is encouraged and supported by sharing and discussing common research and methodology themes and problems. Prereq: Must be enrolled in the DM Program.

EDMP 646. Advanced Analytical Methods for Generalizing Research. 3 Units.
This course addresses advanced topics in regression and structural equation modeling such as latent growth curve models, partial least squares, logit models, tests for various types of invariance, multiple-group analysis, multilevel analysis, and analyzing qualitative/categorical data. These analytical methods are intended to enhance the student's toolkit as to facilitate a strong bridge to the academic literature and the application to specific data based problems that arise in applied managerial research.

EDMP 647. Introduction to Statistics. 1 Unit.
This course introduces basic statistical concepts and their application in social research building, elementary statistical methods and applications, descriptive statistics, random variables, sampling distribution, estimation, hypothesis tests. The course also provides an introduction to data analysis using SPSS computer software.

EDMP 648. Causal Analysis of Business Problems I. 3 Units.
Model Building & Validation I introduces fundamental concepts in theory-based model building and validation. In this course students will develop, explore, refine and validate a range of models appropriate for addressing their problem of practice including classification models, process models, variance models, and articulating nomological networks. In particular, the course will focus on effective conceptualizations of causation, control, mediation, and moderation. Further, foundational statistical techniques such as tests of assumptions of the data, exploratory factor analysis, and regression and path analysis will be introduced. Prereq: Must be enrolled in the DM Program.

EDMP 649. Causal Analysis of Business Problems II. 3 Units.
Building upon the first course in Model Building & Validation, this course will guide students through the theoretically-grounded variance models that are required for testing through structural equation modeling (SEM) in the quantitative portion of their research. Fundamental concepts in model testing will be reinforced using path analysis, and will include a deeper exploration of moderation by addressing topics such as moderated mediation and interaction effects. Beyond the analysis the course will emphasize precise and accurate formulation of theoretical models and associated reasoning, as well as careful interpretation of findings. The class will also delve into testing of data assumptions and prepare students for the model testing portion of their capstone assignments. Prereq: Must be enrolled in the DM Program.

EDMP 660. Directed Studies: Qualitative Fieldwork. 1 - 3 Unit.
This course is part of the qualitative research sequence which began with EDMP 638, Qualitative Research Methods I. In this qualitative fieldwork course, students will conduct a series of interviews based on the research proposal and interview guide which they developed in EDMP 638. Students are expected to complete their interviews and work with faculty to begin initial analysis of the interview data.

This course is dedicated to individualized student research. Student research objectives and plans are implemented through qualitative and quantitative fieldwork, report preparation, and manuscript development and submission.

EDMP 662. Directed Studies: Quantitative Fieldwork. 1 - 3 Unit.
This course is dedicated to the design, development and execution of the student's individualized research work. Each student will be expected to develop a proposal for research work that aims to empirically develop a conceptual model to address a significant substantive problem. Following faculty approval and feedback, each student will be expected to conduct field work for data collection in accord with a research design that yields high quality data. Completion of the course requirements will rest on the satisfactory completion of the fieldwork as per guidelines provided in the course.

EDMP 663. Directed Studies: Qualitative Research Report. 1 - 3 Unit.
This course is dedicated to the execution and completion of student's individualized research work. Each student will be expected to execute a research study to provide reliable and valid conclusions using rigorous quantitative methodologies and write a publishable quality paper for submission to faculty for approval. It is highly desired that student papers be submitted for presentation and publication at appropriate academic and/or practitioner outlets. Completion of the course requirements will rest on the satisfactory completion and submission of the research paper as per guidelines provided in the course.

EDMP 664. Knowledge Dissemination to Influence Managerial Practice. 3 Units.
The aim of this course is twofold. First, it supports students organizing and writing their DM thesis overview or their PhD thesis proposal. Also discussed are ways to organize and communicate in scientific genres, their aims and their generic properties. Secondly, students become acquainted with scientific communication and publishing. Effective reviewing, criteria for judging articles and theses, management of review processes, and how to communicate and respond to reviews are topics discussed. The course also addresses publication strategies and ways of managing and communicating scientific and managerial knowledge to different stakeholders. Prereq: Must be enrolled in the DM Program.
EDMP 665. Introduction to Research Inquiry. 3 Units.
This course begins participants' three-year research experience. Energized by one's personal passion and commitment to the topic, we seek for the work to be accomplished at a level that makes it worthy of widespread dissemination and influence as engaged scholars. The goal in this course is to prepare students to develop their minds as scholars by understanding the world of research; develop a research identity by identifying one's research domain; learn to read academic literature and write in a scholarly style; work with academic literature to identify and digest concepts and theories that inform research on that problem; begin to develop a conceptual model that abstracts how the world may be functioning in that problem domain and points to a research question that can guide the next stage of the research. The final deliverable for this course is to present the research topic with substantiation for its significance, relevance and timeliness in the management field. This would include the research question(s); the literature review; and proposed qualitative methodology and analytical approach(es).

EDMP 671. Design and Sustainable Systems. 3 Units.
The goal of this course is to introduce doctoral students to the nature and practice of design as a strategy of inquiry as well as a mode of action in addressing the problems of creating and managing sustainable human systems. The objectives are (1) to introduce the conceptual framework of design, (2) the nature of human interaction as seen from the perspective of design, (3) the intellectual and practical strategies of design, (4) the methods and techniques of design that are relevant to the study and design of sustainable human systems, and (5) the nature of "wicked problems" and the ethical issues of design, with special attention to the place of human dignity in the design of sustainable systems. The course will employ key elements of the literature of design, close reading and discussion, and exercises that explore the concepts and methods of design. Prereq: Must be enrolled in the DM Program.

EDMP 672. Sustainability and Social Value Creation. 3 Units.
This course is designed to galvanize new visions of business and society, as well as organizational leadership. The course is born of a conviction that the future of human society and the natural world is intimately linked to the future of the world economy, business enterprises, and management education. The course presentations, books, dialogues, and interview projects are organized around three themes: (1) the state of the world and the economics possibilities of our time, (2) the business case for understanding business as an agent of world benefit--how business performance can profit from current and future advances in sustainable design and social entrepreneurship; and (3) tools for becoming a change leader--including the methods of Appreciative Inquiry and new insights about "strength-based" change emerging from the science of human strengths. The overarching aim is to provide a powerful introduction to the many facets of sustainable value creation as a complete managerial approach. Prereq: Must be enrolled in the DM Program.

EDMP 673. Understanding, Designing, Managing Complex Systems. 3 Units.
The purpose of this course is to provide a perspective on systems thinking and complex systems and aid PhD students in expanding the ideas in their research on systems, systems models, and complex systems. The work of the course will develop with increasingly difficult books on the subject of complex systems, a major case study in health care, and individual applications of the concepts to their potential research model and methods. Prereq: Must be enrolled in the DM Program.

EDMP 677. Designing Sustainable Systems. 3 Units.
Students in teams will recognize and work in practice on a managerial problem that involves dimensions of sustainability and design. They will develop a set of solutions to the problem by generating alternative models and intervention strategies to address the problem. The project results in a short presentation and written communication of the solution in a form of a poster or prototype. The course will also include presentations of intervention and action research approaches and issues of inquiry validation and theory development. Prereq: Must be enrolled in the DM Program.

EDMP 678. Effectiveness of Institutional, Individual and Organizational Decision Making. 3 Units.
This course introduces students to research on individual judgment and decision making. Drawing insights from research in economics, political science, psychology, management, and sociology, behavioral decision making and judgment is the study of how-why-when people make decisions. Sessions introduce and explore the discipline. Along with a historical review of the literature, the general topics of emotion, experience, self control, and motivation are introduced. Behavioral finance is a topic specifically used as the lens through which individual, group, and firm decision making and judgment are analyzed. Designed to expose the student to a number of academic theories which may be incorporated into their second year paper, this course will also allow the student to experience a deeper dive into the particulars of academic literature including research design, literature reviews, discussion and dissemination, etc. This course will employ an integrated learning format. Lectures, group projects, written assignments, etc. will be used throughout this semester. Prereq: Must be enrolled in the DM Program.

EDMP 680. Conflict & Cooperation in the Global Arena. 3 Units.
The global arena is described by some as a realm of perpetual conflict. Others argue that given the right institutions and incentives, international actors can find ways to achieve cooperation, peace and increased global prosperity. Still others suggest that the international political and economic arena is "what you make of it"--emphasizing the role of norms, identities and ideas in shaping international outcomes. This course will examine both theoretical and policy perspectives regarding the question of international conflict and cooperation, with a specific emphasis on drawing on insights from collective action theory and international relations scholarship. Prereq: Must be enrolled in the DM Program.

Program participants who have not successfully completed their Applied Research Projects before the start of the fall semester following their third year of enrollment in the E.D.M. Program will have seven years from the date of their initial matriculation into the Program to complete degree requirements. If their work continues beyond the normal 54 credit hours of designed courses, they will register for Applied Research Project Continuation. Continuation credits may also be used for students enrolling in the Program after August 2000, who have not completed their required course work and research requirements within the Program's required 54 semester credit hours. Prereq: EDMP 665.

EMBA Courses

EMBA 417. TEAMS. 1 Unit.
This course enables the formation of E.M.B.A. study groups and classroom learning environment by introducing participants to their adult learning styles, models of group decision-making, theories of team development and rules of engagement for effective learning teams. Prereq: E.M.B.A. students only.
EMBA 436. Accounting for Business Executives. 2.5 Units.
This course is an introduction to financial and managerial accounting, rather than a course in introductory accounting. This course is designed for the business professional and is intended to prepare the student to use the information prepared by accountants. It will not dwell in detail on the technical aspects of accounting or bookkeeping. In addition, this course is designed to help the student become an effective user of cost information, from the perspective of parties internal to the firm. This aspect of accounting is a compilation of techniques rather than a set of rules. Since the information is for private use, the goal is to create the most meaningful and useful data for use by managers. Assignments will be designed to develop the student's ability to analyze and interpret accounting data and to more effectively utilize accounting data in day to day business decisions. Finally, this course is intended to strengthen abilities to identify problems and opportunities, to search out and analyze desired information leading to a well-reasoned conclusion, and to perform sensitivity analysis around that conclusion, using financial information. Prereq: E.M.B.A. candidates only.

EMBA 437. Economic Analysis for Managers. 2.5 Units.
This course, which is limited to students in the Executive M.B.A. program, explores the basic elements of the economic system which the executive needs to know in order to understand how the firm interacts with the system and how economic factors affect decision making. Prereq: E.M.B.A. candidates only.

EMBA 437B. Economic Analysis for Managers. 1.5 Unit.
This course, which is limited to students in the Executive M.B.A. program, explores the basic elements of the economic system which the executive needs to know in order to understand how the firm interacts with the system and how economic factors affect decision making. Prereq: EMBA 437A

EMBA 438A. Business Statistics and Quantitative Analysis. 1.25 Unit.
In this course, students study the use of modern quantitative and business statistics to support the executive decision-making process. With the help of computer software, the models examined assist in describing and analyzing problems and suggesting possible managerial actions. The techniques discussed include tools for decision making under uncertainty including regression analysis. This course is part of a two (2) course sequence. Prereq: E.M.B.A. candidates only.

EMBA 438B. Business Statistics and Quantitative Analysis. 1.25 Unit.
In this course, students study the use of modern quantitative and business statistics to support the executive decision-making process. With the help of computer software, the models examined assist in describing and analyzing problems and suggesting possible managerial actions. The techniques discussed include tools for decision making under uncertainty including regression analysis. This course is part of a two (2) course sequence. Prereq: EMBA 438A

EMBA 439. Corporate Finance. 2.5 Units.
The central organizing principle of this course is to familiarize the class with the basics of valuation. This first course in finance introduces the tools and methods employed in valuation of projects and corporate securities. Valuation involves the determination of (i) cash flows of the firm, project or financial assets and (ii) the discount rates that are used to compute the present values of the cash flows. Asset pricing models provide the underpinnings for the development of the discount rates. The material is synthesized in capital budgeting exercises which are cost-benefit analyses of capital project cash flows to evaluate whether they are value enhancing. Prereq: E.M.B.A. candidates only.

EMBA 439B. Corporate Finance. 1.5 Unit.
The central organizing principle of this course is to familiarize the class with the basics of valuation. The first course in finance introduces the tools and methods employed in valuation of projects and corporate securities. Valuation involves the determination of (i) cash flows of the firm, project or financial assets for (ii) the discount rates that are used to compute the present values of the cash flows. Asset pricing models provide the underpinnings for the development of the discount rate. The material is synthesized in capital budgeting exercises which are cost-benefit analyses of capital project cash flows to evaluate whether they are value enhancing. Prereq: EMBA 439A

EMBA 441. Leading Change: Self. 2.5 Units.
The primary objective of Leading Change: Self is to learn a method for assessing your knowledge, abilities, values, and interests relevant to leadership and executive management so that you will be able to develop and implement a plan for enhancing your leadership and executive capability throughout your career and life. The enabling objectives are: (a) To systematically identify your current and desired capability (i.e., knowledge, abilities, values, and interests); (b) To develop an individualized learning agenda and plan for the next 3-5 years; and (c) To explore techniques to assist others in doing the same. This course will explore questions, such as: Who are effective leaders? How are they different than managers? How do they think and act? What makes us want to follow them? How are leaders developed? How can people help others become effective leaders? What type of leader do I want to be? And, what can I do to become that type of leader? Prereq: E.M.B.A. candidates only.

EMBA 441A. Leading Change: Self. 2 Units.
The primary objective of Leading Change: Self is to learn a method for assessing your knowledge, abilities, values, and interests relevant to leadership and executive management so that you will be able to develop and implement a plan for enhancing your leadership and executive capability throughout your career and life. The enabling objectives are: (a) To systematically identify your current and desired capability (i.e., knowledge, abilities, values, and interests); (b) To develop an individualized learning agenda and plan for the next 3-5 years; and (c) To explore techniques to assist others in doing the same. This course will explore questions, such as: Who are effective leaders? How are they different than managers? How do they think and act? What makes us want to follow them? How are leaders developed? How can people help others become effective leaders? What type of leader do I want to be? And, what can I do to become that type of leader? This course is part of a two (2) course sequence. Prereq: E.M.B.A. candidates only.

EMBA 441B. Leading Change: Self. 1 Unit.
The primary objective of Leading Change: Self is to learn a method for assessing your knowledge, abilities, values, and interests relevant to leadership and executive management so that you will be able to develop and implement a plan for enhancing your leadership and executive capability throughout your career and life. The enabling objectives are: (a) To systematically identify your current and desired capability (i.e., knowledge, abilities, values, and interests); (b) To develop an individualized learning agenda and plan for the next 3-5 years; and (c) To explore techniques to assist others in doing the same. This course will explore questions, such as: Who are effective leaders? How are they different than managers? How do they think and act? What makes us want to follow them? How are leaders developed? How can people help others become effective leaders? What type of leader do I want to be? And, what can I do to become that type of leader? The course will take place over two semesters. This course is part of a two (2) course sequence. Prereq: EMBA 441A.
EMBA 442. Innovation. 2.5 Units.
Organizations are under continuous pressure to be efficient and productive in order to generate (often short-term) profit. At the same time they must innovate to remain competitive in the long-term. Innovation involves the generation, development, and delivery of new products, processes, or businesses. Intrapreneurs are those who can successfully bring new ideas to fruition in established organizations. Innovation in the context of an established organization requires that intrapreneurs fundamentally understand the dynamics of innovation and innovation management. This course introduces fundamental concepts associated with innovation in the context of an established organization. Prereq: E.M.B.A. candidates only.

EMBA 443. Supply Chain Management. 2.5 Units.
Operations managers, ranging from supervisors to vice presidents, are concerned with the production of goods and services. More specifically, they are responsible for designing, running, controlling and improving the systems that accomplish production. This course is a broad-spectrum course with emphasis on techniques and information that are helpful to the practice of management in general and at any level. We will discuss commonly occurring application problems such as process analysis, inventory control, quality management, just-in-time concepts, etc. The field of operations management was originally concerned with manufacturing systems. But many of the same ideas apply, and the same trade-offs are present, in service organizations like health care, insurance, hotel-management, airlines and government related operations. Several manufacturing and non-manufacturing environments will be discussed explicitly, and the emphasis will be on the fundamentals of the operations function in an organization. Also we will explore the interface of operations management with other functional areas such as marketing, finance, accounting, etc. Prereq: E.M.B.A. candidates only.

EMBA 443B. Supply Chain Management and International Experience. 1.5 Unit.
Operations managers, ranging from supervisors to vice presidents, are concerned with the production of goods and services. More specifically, they are responsible for designing, running, controlling and improving the systems that accomplish production. This course is a broad-spectrum course with emphasis on techniques and information that are helpful to the practice of management in general and at any level. We will discuss commonly occurring application problems such as process analysis, inventory control, quality management, just-in-time concepts, etc. The field of operations management was originally concerned with manufacturing systems. But many of the same ideas apply, and the same trade-offs are present, in service organizations like health care, insurance, hotel-management, airlines and government related operations. Several manufacturing and non-manufacturing environments will be discussed explicitly, and the emphasis will be on the fundamentals of the operations function in an organization. Also we will explore the interface of operations management with other functional areas such as marketing, finance, accounting, etc. Prereq: E.M.B.A. candidates only.

EMBA 445. Expanding Boundaries. 2.5 Units.
This course will help you understand the keys to successful corporate development-competitive advantage in every business in which a firm is involved. In particular, the course will help the participants to understand the following: -Corporate development strategy through capabilities and leveragable capabilities -Before venturing into a new business, the firm has to have a clear understanding of the critical capabilities required for success in the new business. -Firms can increase the odds of success if they can leverage (parts of ) existing capabilities to new businesses. -Corporate development strategies-adapting to a market -Analyze the industry environment in order to select the competitive battlefield to increase the odds of success by leveraging some of your existing capabilities - sometimes also known as core competencies. This is a relatively low risk strategy. We will develop methodologies that will allow you to identify markets (segments) where your current capabilities are leveragable. -Shaping a market usually requires developing a completely new set of capabilities - very risky. We will develop concepts to understand techniques to mitigate these risks. -Acquisitions as one of the means for corporate development -Approximately half of the class sessions will be devoted to the specific case of acquisitions as a means to expand the boundaries of a firm. We will explore both how acquisitions contribute to competitive advantage and the selection process and integration of the acquired entity. Less emphasis will be placed on strict financial valuations and negotiations. Prereq: E.M.B.A. candidates only.

EMBA 446. Managing Risk and Real Options. 2.5 Units.
The course seeks to help corporate managers understand how financial design can be used to advance the goals and strategies of the firm. In the Finance course, you concentrated almost exclusively on the firm's capital expenditure decision. You studied in great detail the discounted cash flow model, NPV, how you get your cash flows, and how you discount according to risk. Now we move to the other side of the balance sheet to look at how the firm can finance these expenditures. The first part of this class provides the basic building blocks of financial engineering which begins with call and put options. The course focuses on using derivatives (calls and puts) to change a firm's risk profile with respect to equity, interest rate, foreign exchange, credit, and commodity risks. We look at capital structure decisions and securitization issues and discuss what it means to create optimal structures. Almost immediately we will tie this to our financial crisis and obtain an appreciation for financial designs that could be setup so as to enhance firm value, mitigate systemic risks, or accomplish specific sustainable goals in a global economy. The second part of the class is geared towards real options and its relationship to strategic planning. In competitive markets, no one expects to formulate a detailed long-term plan and follow it mindlessly. As soon as we start down the path, we begin learning about business conditions, competitors' actions, and so forth and we need to respond flexibly to what we learn. Unfortunately, the financial tool most widely relied on to estimate the value of strategy, DCF, assumes that we follow a predetermined plan, regardless of how events unfold. A better approach to valuation would incorporate both the uncertainty inherent in business and the active decision making required for strategy to succeed. Prereq: E.M.B.A. candidates only.

EMBA 449. Contemporary Issues in Management. 2.5 Units.
This course is intended to address the contemporary issues in management to be decided by faculty and student interest. With the current global economic crisis, this year the course will focus on International Finance and Economics. In subsequent years, the topics will evolve as the global business climate changes. Prereq: E.M.B.A. candidates only.
EMBA 450. Managerial Marketing. 2.5 Units.
This course is designed with three overarching objectives. The first is an emphasis on decision making in a broad range of market contexts. The second objective builds on the notion that decision making is dynamic; that is, market situations demand not just one good decision but a series of them as a situation unfolds (providing new and varied information for each subsequent decision). Integrating concepts from a number of the courses that you are taking concurrently into decision-making about markets is a final objective. Prereq: E.M.B.A. candidates only.

EMBA 451. Business Model Design. 2.5 Units.
In most companies the process of designing business models is an ad hoc process and in my opinion an inefficient process. You will learn a systematic but iterative process to do this. We will expose you to some broad categories of business models and internalize the basic logic of how to make money in each of these categories. The first step is to recognize which of these categories is most applicable to your business. The second step is to customize these broad patterns to the specifics of the business at hand. This seems easy because everything is in English and there are no hard formulas to figure out. However, unless you discipline yourself to systematically go through a structured process (there are other equally valid processes than the ones you’ll be exposed to) it is very easy to fail into the ad hoc trap. You will internalize this process by applying it over a wide range of business situations that will give you confidence in its applicability to any business opportunity. After the completion of this course you should be quickly able to draw the outline of a business model for any business opportunity that you’re considering. Prereq: E.M.B.A. candidates only.

EMBA 452. International Change Theory and practice. 2.5 Units.
This course will focus on how to coach others toward renewal and sustainability. The short course will focus on how to coach others toward renewal and sustainability. Chronic stress results in diminished cognitive functioning, as well as poor health and a contagion of negative mood in organizations. The latest advances in social neuroscience and endocrinology will be used to develop an understanding how someone in a leadership position can renew themselves and mitigate the ravages of chronic stress. The short course will focus on how to coach others toward renewal and sustainability. Prereq: E.M.B.A. candidates only.

EMBA 473A. Leading Change in Dyads and Teams and Beyond. 1.5 Unit.
Sustainability of effective leadership is necessary for adaptive, resilient organizations and for the health and functioning of the leader. Chronic stress results in diminished cognitive functioning, as well as poor health and a contagion of negative mood in organizations. The latest advances in social neuroscience and endocrinology will be used to develop an understanding how someone in a leadership position can renew themselves and mitigate the ravages of chronic stress. The short course will focus on how to coach others toward renewal, sustainability, and effective leadership. In the context of an International Change Theory and complexity concepts, the course will also examine in detail how to lead and develop teams to be effective. This course is part of a two (2) course sequence. Students will receive a grade of “R” at the end of the Fall Semester; the “R” will then be changed to the appropriate grade at the end of the Spring Semester. Prereq: E.M.B.A. candidates only.

EMBA 473B. Leading Change in Dyads and Teams and Beyond. 1.5 Unit.
Sustainability of effective leadership is necessary for adaptive, resilient organizations and for the health and functioning of the leader. Chronic stress results in diminished cognitive functioning, as well as poor health and a contagion of negative mood in organizations. The latest advances in social neuroscience and endocrinology will be used to develop an understanding how someone in a leadership position can renew themselves and mitigate the ravages of chronic stress. Examining leadership in dyads, the course will focus on how to coach others toward renewal, sustainability, and effective leadership. In the context of an International Change Theory and complexity concepts, the course will also examine in detail how to lead and develop teams to be effective. Prereq: EMBA 473A.
EMBA 475. International Tour. 3 Units.
This course is designed to present first-hand issues in international management. It accomplishes this by means of readings, a written assignment and, most importantly, an international trip designed to witness different management cultures, styles and environments for business in the international community. Faculty responsibility rests with the Faculty Director of the E.M.B.A. Program as well as a "Resident -Faculty" specific to each field trip. Such faculty are drawn from the Weatherhead community and vary by the design and destination of the trip. In addition, the course is staffed by an administrative assistant from the complement of Dively CMDR staff. Occasionally and when appropriate, there is also "in-tourist" assistance in some of our foreign locations. Prereq: E.M.B.A. candidates only.

EMBA 476. Corporate Governance. 2.5 Units.
The course structure is grounded in the following themes: - The role of the board of directors; - The CEO relationship to the firm's principal stakeholders (shareholders, board of directors, employees, customers) and the CEO's responsibility to give back (time and money) to the community; - CEO role in developing and maintaining the organization's vision, values and corporate culture. Prereq: E.M.B.A. candidates only.

EMBA 477. Behavioral Economics. 1.5 Unit.
This class develops practical, actionable insights into how people make economic decisions in the real world. Standard economics proposes that decisions are motivated by a rational response to financial incentives and information. Behavioral economics expands the standard approach by incorporating and understanding the systematic biases and errors we make in interpreting information and making decisions. This expanded toolbox will help the student to improve their own decisions and to understand and motivate behavior in employees, customers, and others. Prereq: E.M.B.A. candidates only.

EMBA 478A. Leading Design in Organization. 1.25 Unit.
This course explores the ideas and methods of design as a new approach to management practices that is well suited to the changing environment that organizations face in contemporary culture and the emerging economic environment in the United States and abroad. It is a studio course as well as a seminar, because it is designed around a project that each student brings to the EMBA program, a project that is grounded in the issues and operations of the student's organization or in the kind of organization that the student wishes to explore. In addition to the yearlong project, the course will also include important readings in management and organizational literature that are relevant to the new direction of strategic thinking. Finally, the course will draw on the expertise of other faculty at the Weatherhead School of Management who will be called upon to share their practical expertise and theoretical knowledge in the development and execution of the student's management design project, whether in the area of vision and strategy, new product development of goods and services, operations, organizational design and configuration, or related topics. This is the second part of a two semester course. Prereq: E.M.B.A. candidates only.

EMBA 478B. Leading Design in Organizations. 1.25 Unit.
This course explores the ideas and methods of design as a new approach to management practices that is well suited to the changing environment that organizations face in contemporary culture and the emerging economic environment in the United States and abroad. It is a studio course as well as a seminar, because it is designed around a project that each student brings to the EMBA program, a project that is grounded in the issues and operations of the student's organization or in the kind of organization that the student wishes to explore. In addition to the yearlong project, the course will also include important readings in management and organizational literature that are relevant to the new direction of strategic thinking. Finally, the course will draw on the expertise of other faculty at the Weatherhead School of Management who will be called upon to share their practical expertise and theoretical knowledge in the development and execution of the student's management design project, whether in the area of vision and strategy, new product development of goods and services, operations, organizational design and configuration, or related topics. This is the second part of a two semester course. Prereq: E.M.B.A. candidates only.

ENTP Courses

ENTP 301. Entrepreneurial Strategy. 3 Units.
This course is designed to show students how to identify potential business opportunities, determine what constitutes a good business model, and to strategically implement a business proposal. Topics of focus include an overview of the entrepreneurial process, determinants of venture success in high tech and other business environments, and strategies for industry entry and venture growth. Prereq: ACCT 101 or ACCT 203. Coreq: At least sophomore standing.

ENTP 310. Entrepreneurial Finance - Undergraduate. 3 Units.
This course explores the financing and financial management of entrepreneurial new ventures. The course will focus on issues of financial management of new ventures (forecasting cash flows, cash flow management, capital budgeting, valuation, capital structure) and the various financial methods and mechanisms available to entrepreneurs (bootstrapping, angel investors, venture capitalists, IPOs). Prereq or Coreq: ACCT 101 or ACCT 303 or consent of instructor.

ENTP 311. Entrepreneurship and Wealth Creation. 3 Units.
This course explores all aspects of the creation of a new venture from idea through startup, growth, and beyond. Students will learn how to evaluate opportunities, develop strategies, create a business plan and acquire financing for a new venture. In this course students will develop a business plan for a new venture.

ENTP 312. Senior Seminar in Entrepreneurship. 3 Units.
The main objective of this course is to meet the advanced needs of our students in honing their entrepreneurial skills. This objective will be achieved through readings and case instruction, presentations by entrepreneurs who are actively engaged in starting new ventures and the commercialization of new technologies, and the successful completion of a research project for an entrepreneurial venture. These projects will be graded by the professor and presented to the class and to the client entrepreneur. Prereq: ENTP 310 and ENTP 311.
ENTP 418. Enterprise Development. 3 Units.
Course features new product launch by students and new business idea competition judged by actual venture capitalists. Students will also learn how to acquire control of an existing company, including valuation methods, sources of funding, tactics for finding companies to buy, and how to negotiate the purchase of a business. Also includes actual student negotiation with sellers of a company. Course is designed to accelerate career success through bold entrepreneurial strategies. Offered as ENTP 418 and PLCY 418.

ENTP 419. Entrepreneurship and Personal Wealth Creation. 3 Units.
Course explores the accumulation of personal wealth utilizing entrepreneurial strategies. The underlying competencies of successful entrepreneurs are identified and applied to individual lives of students. Active entrepreneurs will be studied, and original case studies of start-ups and acquisitions provide the basis for class exercises. Offered as ENTP 419, PLCY 419 and IIME 419.

ENTP 428. Entrepreneurship and Innovation. 3 Units.
In all companies, new and old, large and small, innovation and entrepreneurship are important ways economic value is created. Whether a person wants to found their own company or work in an existing one, and whether one wants to run a business or simply work in one, it is difficult to go through one’s career without needing to engage in innovation or entrepreneurship. The purpose of this course is to equip students to think about how to manage innovation and entrepreneurship. The course will provide frameworks and tools for understanding four important dimensions of innovation and entrepreneurship: (1) Identifying and evaluating opportunities for the new products, processes, ways of organizing, materials, and markets; (2) assessing the needs of customers for new products and services and developing products and services that fulfill those needs; (3) creating strategies to financially benefit from investing in innovation and entrepreneurship; and (4) designing groups and organizations to be innovative and entrepreneurial.

ENTP 444. Entrepreneurial Finance. 3 Units.
The objective of this course is to introduce students to the issues of financial management and capital formation in new ventures. The course will address issues of estimation of cash requirements, development of pro forma financial plans, firm valuation and the process and tools used in raising debt and equity financing. Bootstrapping, angel investing, venture capital, strategic alliances and initial public offerings will be covered. The emphasis is on the entrepreneur and how he/she can assess financial needs and develop a sensible plan for acquiring financial resources in a manner that is consistent with their financial needs and other strategic goals. Offered as BAFI 444 and ENTP 444. MBAC 504 or MBAP 405 or BAFI 402 or MSFI 403

ENTP 450. Entrepreneurial Marketing-M.B.A.. 3 Units.
This course addresses the entrepreneurial/intrapreneurial process of commercializing an idea for a market opportunity. Students select an opportunity and develop a deployable, one-year market entry program and a five-year strategic marketing program. Emphasis is on the entrepreneurial marketing decision process, including defining the business, defining the market, specifying customer perceived value, assessing competitive capability and advantage, identifying and properly using secondary and primary information, and deploying marketing programs throughout the organization and the supply chain.

ENTP 501. Special Problems and Topics. 1 - 18 Unit.
HSMC 447. Regulatory Affairs for the Biosciences. 1.5 Unit.
This mini-course introduces students to the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) and the laws and regulations it enforces. A scientific regulatory agency with far reaching enforcement authority, FDA is the most powerful consumer protection agency in the world. This course will familiarize students with FDA's mission, philosophy and organizational structure, as well as policy and procedure it uses to ensure the safety and effectiveness of the food, drugs, biologics, cosmetics, medical devices and radiation-emitting products it regulates. Recommended preparation: Enrollment in the MEM Biomedical Entrepreneurship Track. Offered as BIOS 447, HSMC 447, and IIME 447.

HSMC 448. Engineering Statistics for Biosciences. 3 Units.
This course provides an introduction to biostatistics, emphasizing experimental design, analysis of data, and special emphasis on statistical and financial aspects of randomized clinical trials for biomedical applications. There will be a final project involving development of a clinical trial protocol including the experimental design, recruitment and retention strategy, analysis plan, and budget. Offered as BIOS 448, HSMC 448, and IIME 445.

HSMC 456. Health Policy and Management Decisions. 3 Units.
This seminar course combines broad health care policy issue analysis with study of the implications for specific management decisions in organizations. This course is intended as an applied, practical course where the policy context is made relevant to the individual manager. Offered as HSMC 456 and MPH 465.

HSMC 501. Special Problems and Topics. 1 - 18 Unit.
This course is offered, with permission, to students undertaking reading in a field of special interest.

HSMC 502. Health Care Executive Education Series. 1 - 3 Unit.
Students may choose six out of eight all day Friday seminars in the Health Care Executive Education Series, plus completion of a paper covering an aspect of the management of health care systems. Registration is 1 credit for Fall semester and 2 credits for the Spring Semester as seminars begin in the Fall and continue through the Spring semester. Limited to students admitted to the Health Systems Management Certificate program and those with approval from Mindy Kinnard at 368-6405.

LHRP Courses

LHRP 360. Independent Study. 1 - 18 Unit.
This course is offered for candidates undertaking reading or independent research in a field of special interest.

LHRP 431. Negotiations for Managers. 3 Units.
The aim of this course is to enhance individual as well as organizational performance and competitive advantage through "principled negotiation", "win-win bargaining", and collaborative as opposed to competitive approaches to team problem solving. The context crosses all types of business, government and non-governmental organizations. Concepts, strategies, and models of negotiation are drawn from social psychology, economics, labor relations, and legal literature. Students will also be introduced to mediation (both as mediators and negotiators); to the complex art of advocacy and to the latest alternative dispute resolution (ADR) techniques. There is heavy reliance on simulations and role play to enhance student understanding of key course concepts. Although immediate skill enhancement through practice is a goal, students understanding of key concepts will enable them to continuously improve their insights and skills long after the course is concluded. There is no prerequisite for the course.

LHRP 501. Special Problems and Topics. 0.5 - 18 Units.
This course is offered, with permission, to students undertaking individual reading or research projects in a field of special interest.

LHRP 601. Special Problems and Topics. 1 - 18 Unit.
This course is offered, with permission, to candidates undertaking reading in a field of special interest.

Prereq: Predoctoral research consent or advanced to Ph.D. candidacy milestone.

MBAC Courses

MBAC 504. Corporate Finance. 3 Units.
This is a MBA core finance course. In this course, students are introduced to the basics of corporate finance, including the objectives of and the decisions made by corporate financial managers. Topics covered include time value of money, stock and bond valuation, cost of capital and risk and return, investment decision rules, cash flows and free cash flows, cash flow projections and planning, working capital management and short-term financing, capital budgeting, capital structure, dividend policy, efficient markets, and macroeconomic/industry analysis and valuation. The course envisages extensive use of spreadsheets, case studies, data analysis, and an intensive workshop. The course envisages extensive use of spreadsheets as well as an intensive workshop involving data analysis. Prereq: Full-time MBA program only.

MBAC 506. Marketing and Supply Chain Management. 3 Units.
MBAC 506 (Marketing and Supply Chain Management) and MBAC 507 (Operations and Supply Chain Management) are an integrated presentation of the process of marketing, operations and supply chain management. Thus, they must be taken in numerical sequence or concurrently. Through lecture, discussion, cases and/or simulations you will learn theory and practice of how firms develop processes to understand, create and deliver “triple bottom line” value (i.e., economic, social and environmental) to business and/or consumer markets. In systems theory these continual-input-transformation-output stages comprise value chains. Specifically in this course, we will introduce you to and help you to practice the ways managers think about and employ information, processes, tools and skills in order to 1. understand and target value from the customer’s perspective, 2. build marketing programs that attract, retain satisfied customers, and 3. evaluate brand equity based on customer lifetime value to the firm. Throughout both courses (see MBAC 507 for its specific content) we will address the integrated process of managing ongoing long-term relationships with customers, distribution partners and suppliers to assure long-term customer satisfaction and achievement of the organization’s economic, social and environmental goals. Prereq: Full-time MBA program only.
MBAC 507. Operations and Supply Chain Management. 3 Units.
MBAC 506 (Marketing and Supply Chain Management) and MBAC 507 (Operations and Supply Chain Management) are an integrated presentation of the process of marketing, operations and supply chain management. Thus, they must be taken in numerical sequence or concurrently. Through lecture, discussion, cases and/or simulations you will learn theory and practice of how firms develop processes to understand, create and deliver "triple bottom line" value (i.e., economic, social and environmental) to business and/or consumer markets. In systems theory these continual-input-transformation-output stages comprise value chains. Specifically, in this course, we will introduce you to, and help you to practice, the ways managers forecast demand, establish production processes for the product or service, manage inbound resource flows, and manage outbound distribution so the customer can get the product or service the way he or she wants (i.e., place, form, time and "experience" utility). Throughout both courses (see MBAC 506 for its specific content) we will address the integrated process of managing ongoing long-term relationships with customers, distribution partners and suppliers to assure long-term customer satisfaction and achievement of the organization's economic, social and environmental goals. Prereq: Full-time MBA program only.

MBAC 508. Strategic Issues and Applications. 3 Units.
Strategic management deals fundamentally with the ways firms build and sustain superior competitive positions and profitability. Successful strategy design and implementation requires an understanding of a firm's external environment, its internal resources and capabilities. It also requires an integrative view of the firm that spans functional areas such as operations, marketing and finance. Strategic analysis draws on a number of academic disciplines including economics, psychology, political and management science. Prereq: Full-time MBA program only.

MBAC 511. Statistics and Decision Modeling. 3 Units.
This course provides the foundations of statistical and operations research methodologies for managerial decision-making. Topics covered include making inferences for populations from sample data via (a) estimation with confidence intervals, (b) hypothesis tests, and (c) forecasting with simple and multiple regression. Decision modeling of organizational systems uses mathematical and computer models to provide a quantitative approach to analyzing and solving complex decision problems. This course includes an introduction to linear programming models and applications, queuing models, and simulation models. Prereq: Full-time MBA program only.

MBAC 512. Economics. 3 Units.
In this short class you will be introduced to the basics of modern microeconomic and macroeconomic thinking. Topics include consumers, firms, markets, the role of the government, information and public choice. This class will also focus on the economy as a whole: business cycle, statistics used to measure the economy, fiscal and monetary policy, international trade and development. Prereq: Full-time MBA program only.

MBAC 515. Leading People and Organizations. 3 Units.
Using the behavioral and social sciences as a basis, this course examines concepts relevant to the effective management of oneself, other people and organizations. In this course, students will learn and engage in a process of personal development and growth. This will include receiving feedback by engaging in a 360-feedback session, and receiving individual coaching that culminates in a personal vision statement and development plan. Students will also gain a better understanding of working in a team by learning about group and team dynamics. In order to be better managers and more effective leaders, they will also gain a better understanding of working in a team by learning about group and team dynamics. In order to be better managers and more effective leaders, they will also study various aspects of organizational life such as culture; motivation and reward systems; power, politics and influence; and social capital and social networks. A variety of methods, including self-assessments, experiential and interactive activities, case studies, and other types of media are used to study these topics. Students are encouraged to reflect on their experiences throughout the course. Prereq: Full-time MBA program only.

MBAC 517. Management Perspectives and Dialogues. 3 Units.
This course serves as a vehicle to exercise critical thinking and integration skills. While much is learned by attending to the various functions of a business, effective management requires that you be able to integrate these to better understand the whole (organization, supply chain, market, industry, etc.). The course addresses that objective in three ways. First, we will bring in teams of senior managers for you to engage in dialogue about issues they have recently addressed, expect to address in the near future and how they function as leaders of their organizations. Next, are several modules that explore a couple of particular perspectives on management--that managers are designers and that businesses play a critical role in shaping a sustainable world. These are viewed as lenses for integrating the skills you are developing in the functional courses. Finally, we will have sessions in which you will practice thinking on your feet about how to approach business problems and situations. These are structured to help you in job interviews and to help you stand out in your early days in new work environment. The goal of this course is pragmatic. You can help by actively engaging with us in a dialogue about which elements work in helping you achieve these objectives and which do not. Prereq: Full-time MBA program only.

MBAP Courses

MBAP 401. Leadership Assessment and Development. 3 Units.
This course is designed to increase competitive attractiveness in the marketplace and maximize the added value of the M.B.A. program. The objective of the course is to have students learn a method for assessing and developing in themselves the knowledge and abilities relevant to management throughout their careers. This is accomplished by helping students develop an individualized learning plan to enhance their level of knowledge in 11 fields and 22 abilities. Students engage in a number of assessment activities, then receive feedback and interpret it. This occurs in the context of an Executive Action Team (i.e., students and a facilitator) in which students help each other assess their current capability and future development needs. This course is limited to students in the Part-time Cohort M.B.A. program. Prereq: This course is for students in the Part-time Cohort MBA Program only.
MBAP 403. Statistics and Decision Modeling. 3 Units.
This course provides the foundations of statistical and operations research methodologies for managerial decision-making. Business statistics focuses on statistical thinking as one of the fundamentals of effective management. Topics covered include sampling and the normal distribution, making inferences from data via confidence intervals and hypothesis tests, and analyzing relationships between samples. Decision modeling of organizational systems uses mathematical and computer models to provide a quantitative perspective on identifying, analyzing and solving complex decision problems. This course includes an introduction to linear programming models and applications, simulation techniques in decision-making, and project management. Prereq: This course is for students in the Part-time Cohort MBA Program only.

MBAP 404. Managing People in Organizations. 3 Units.
Examines the behavioral sciences relevant to the effective management of people and the effective design of human resource systems, structure and policies. Topics include leadership, change management, motivation and pay systems, team dynamics, staffing, decision making, organizational communications, employee participation, performance appraisal, conflict management, negotiation, work design, organizational design, and organizations culture. A variety of methods, including experiential and interactive learning methods, are used to study these topics. Prereq: This course is for students in the Part-time Cohort MBA Program only.

MBAP 405. Financial Management I. 3 Units.
This is a Corporate Finance course that deals with investment theory and financial value. The course materials cover discounted cash flows, bond and stock valuation, capital budgeting, applications of real options in investment analysis, asset's risk and return, cost of capital, market efficiency and capital structure. The tools, problem solving techniques, and ways of thinking that you develop in this course have broad applicability to all areas of business. They also form the basis for sensible personal decisions in the areas of investments, borrowing, and financial planning. Prereq: This course is for students in the Part-time Cohort MBA Program only.

MBAP 406. Economics for Managers. 3 Units.
This course surveys the basic principles of micro and macroeconomics. Topics covered in microeconomics include supply and demand, the theory of production and costs, market structures and factor markets. Macroeconomics topics are the national incomes accounts, the determination of national income, employment and inflation, fiscal and monetary policies and international trade. Prereq: This course is for students in the Part-time Cohort MBA Program only.

MBAP 407. Managerial Marketing. 3 Units.
This course focuses on managing marketing as a process of creating value and mutually desirable exchanges of values. That is the foundation of a customer orientation and a central theme of market-driven management. Methods for strategic marketing planning, understanding buyer behavior, market analysis, segmentation and devising integrated marketing programs are introduced. Creating customer value and competitive advantage in worldwide markets is the central theme. Prereq: This course is for students in the Part-time Cohort MBA Program only.

MBAP 408. Operations Management. 3 Units.
Operations management deals with the design of products and processes, the acquisition of resources, the conversion of inputs to outputs, and the distribution of goods and services. It is central to a firm's ability to compete effectively. As global competition in both goods and services increases, the management of operations is becoming more and more important. This course provides a broad overview of the managerial issues associated with production and delivery of goods and services. It includes the use of quantitative modeling using computers as a central methodology. Prereq: This course is for students in the Part-time Cohort MBA Program only.

MBAP 409. Sustainability and Social Entrepreneurship. 3 Units.
This course creates a foundational platform featuring key models and managerial tools for building sustainable value and "turning the social and global issues of our day into business opportunities.” Case studies of leading mainstream companies are used to analyze how business value is created for a range of social and environmental initiatives. Students will look at sustainability business strategies that reduce risks, drive down costs, create new revenue streams, serve new markets, and position companies to take advantage of changing societal expectations. Environmental issues such as climate change are covered along with social issues such as global poverty. Students acquire the competencies required to make effective business decisions based on integrating sustainability into the core of a company’s value added activities. Prereq: This course is for students in the Part-time Cohort MBA Program only.

MBAP 410. Strategic Issues and Applications. 3 Units.
This course wraps up the M.B.A. core by providing an integrative experience of applying the full range of managerial skills addressed throughout the core in a comprehensive case exercise. Students develop, document, and present comprehensive, implementable strategic and tactical actions programs in groups. Prereq: This course is for students in the Part-time Cohort MBA Program only.

MBAP 411. Identifying Design Opportunities. 3 Units.
Designing is giving form to an idea for a more desirable product, service, process or organization, and refining the idea into something that can be delivered reliably and efficiently. Good design integrates these evolving ideas with the day-to-day realities of a firm’s operations, systems, marketing, economics, finance and human resources. Designing is thus a unique managerial activity that brings together changing technologies, capabilities, relationships, activities and materials to shape an organization’s plans and strategies. It combines analysis and synthesis to create opportunities for improvement and means of attaining them. Viewed this way, designing is a core competence of a successful entrepreneur or innovative leader. Design analysis is the systematic review of the four orders of design found in every firm--namely, the firm's communications, products, interactions and environments--and the creation of opportunities to increase firm value by improving each. Students will identify ill-defined, ill-structured problems within organizations. Such problems are ones for which there are no definitive formulations and for which the formulation chosen affects the solutions available. For such problems, there is no explicit way of knowing when you have reached a solution, and solutions cannot necessarily be considered correct or incorrect. But finding innovative solutions to such problems can provide unique opportunities to create exceptional value. A major outcome of the semester's inquiry is a presentation of the design problem and proposed design solution. Prereq: This course is for students in the Part-time Cohort MBA Program only.
MBAP 412A. Dialogues in Leadership. 1.5 Unit.
This course is a three credit hour two-semester course sequence that seeks to educate students of management in the intricacies of issues management through a process of facilitated dialog with practicing management professionals who possess deep and highly contextualized knowledge and experiences in addressing a varied range of management issues in contemporary real life settings. The goal of the course is to help students bring their in-class theoretical learning into a safe laboratory setting for active testing. Real life managerial contexts will be introduced as faithfully as possible where in theory and practice are brought into constructive juxtaposition, each providing a complementary and not necessarily a counter perspective to the other. Prereq: This course is for students in the Part-time Cohort MBA Program only.

MBAP 412B. Dialogues in Leadership. 1.5 Unit.
This course is a three credit hour two-semester course sequence that seeks to educate students of management in the intricacies of issues management through a process of facilitated dialog with practicing management professionals who possess deep and highly contextualized knowledge and experiences in addressing a varied range of management issues in contemporary real life settings. The goal of the course is to help students bring their in-class theoretical learning into a safe laboratory setting for active testing. Real life managerial contexts will be introduced as faithfully as possible where in theory and practice are brought into constructive juxtaposition, each providing a complementary and not necessarily a counter perspective to the other. Prereq: This course is for students in the Part-time Cohort MBA Program only.

MGAB Courses
MGAB 501. Study Abroad. 1 - 15 Unit.
Place holder for students studying abroad, to be replaced with actual course work taken at Exchange location once course work is completed and a transcript is sent to CWRU.

MGMT Courses
MGMT 1. Supervised Professional Practicum - Semester 1. 0 Units.
A professional practicum is a workplace experience, the primary goal of which is the intellectual, personal and professional growth of the student. It occurs under the sponsorship or supervision of a mentor in the workplace who is committed to seeing that it is an educational as well as a work venture. It requires skills appropriate to the student's year in college and provides students with new skills, insights and experiences that are transferable back to the academic setting and/or to a future position in the workplace. (Only available to declared Weatherhead Accounting or Management majors.) Prereq: Junior standing or higher.

MGMT 2. Supervised Professional Practicum - Semester 2. 0 Units.
A professional practicum is a workplace experience, the primary goal of which is the intellectual, personal and professional growth of the student. It occurs under the sponsorship or supervision of a mentor in the workplace who is committed to seeing that it is an educational as well as a work venture. It requires skills appropriate to the student's year in college and provides students with new skills, insights and experiences that are transferable back to the academic setting and/or to a future position in the workplace. (Only available to declared Weatherhead Accounting or Management majors.) Prereq: Junior standing.

MGMT 201. Contemporary Business and Communication. 3 Units.
This course is designed to survey business topics, issues, and practices. Students will be introduced to each of the functional areas of business, including accounting, finance, marketing, operations, business intelligence, and human resources management. The course is designed to help students appreciate the interrelationship of these business functions and, more generally, the role and context of business in society. Other topics considered include: the economic and legal environment of business, the globalization of markets, workforce diversity, leadership and entrepreneurship. To convey course content, lectures, in-class discussions, exercises, simulations, and guest speakers are used. Weekly discussions and a high level of student interaction amplify on class materials and concepts by focusing on contemporary issues of actual businesses.

MGMT 315. International Management Institute. 3 Units.
The course provides undergraduate students with a unique overseas visitation, language orientation, and management subject experiences during periods such as Spring Break, or during interims immediately following the end of the semester. Opportunities for diverse cultural and language experiences which result from the institute are added benefits of these programs.

MGMT 360. Special Topics and Issues in Management. 1 - 9 Unit.
This course option is available to qualified students who are undertaking special projects in a management related field.

MGMT 395. Advanced Seminar. 1 Unit.
This seminar, for undergraduate students with junior class standing or above, provides an opportunity to consider topics of importance in the community of ideas and activities related to the professional and managerial world. The development of writing and communication skills and in-depth discussion are expected attributes of seminar activity. The topic and scope of the coverage will be defined by the course instructor as consistent with the seminar approach to learning of the University. Counts as SAGES Departmental Seminar. Prereq: Declared ACCT or MGMT Major and At Least Junior Standing.

MGMT 397. Undergraduate Research Project. 3 - 6 Units.
This course provides a supervisory structure for students completing and a capstone research project in the Weatherhead School of Management. Arrangements should be made by consultation with a faculty member selected and the Senior Capstone Committee of the School of Management. Open to all management and accounting majors and other qualified students with instructor approval. A written report, presentation to the faculty department most closely related to the student's topic, and an approved public presentation are required. Counts as SAGES Senior Capstone.

MGMT 398. Action Learning. 6 Units.
This is an experiential course built around consulting projects in local organizations. Each project is focused on solving a business problem or pursuing a business opportunity. Each student will work in a team to analyze the current situation and identify related problems/opportunities, conduct research, analyze findings, creatively envision alternatives, and recommend an appropriate course of action and next steps. Throughout the semester students will receive instruction and coaching on the problem solving approach used in the course. Counts as SAGES Senior Capstone. Prereq: ACCT 102, BAFI 355 and MKMR 201, Senior Standing, and Declared ACCT or MGMT major.
MGMT 403. Leadership Assessment and Development. 3 Units.
This course is designed to increase competitive attractiveness in the marketplace and maximize the added value of the M.B.A. program. The objective of the course is to have students learn a method for assessing and developing in themselves the knowledge and abilities relevant to management throughout their careers. This is accomplished by helping students develop an individualized learning plan to enhance their level of knowledge in 11 fields and 22 abilities. Students engage in a number of assessment activities, then receive feedback and interpret it. This occurs in the context of an Executive Action Team (i.e., students and a facilitator) in which students help each other assess their current capability and future development needs. This course is limited to students in the M.B.A. program.

MGMT 413. Human Value in Organizations. 3 Units.
Examines the behavioral sciences relevant to the effective management of people and the effective design of human resources system, structure and policies. Topics include leadership, change management, motivation and pay systems, team dynamics, staffing, decision making, organizational communications, employee participation, performance appraisal, conflict management, negotiation, work design, organizational design, and organizations culture. A variety of methods, including experiential and interactive learning methods, are used to study these topics.

MGMT 418. Curricular Practical Training. 0 Units.
This course is intended for graduate business students who wish to gain curricular practical training in support of career goals. The experience developed in an internship will complement academic experience gained in Weatherhead classes.

MGMT 419. Corporate Field Research. 1 - 3 Unit.
This course is intended for the graduate business student who wishes to gain applied/practical business experience based on his/her intended career path and/or with an organization. This course will assist building required skills and bridge the gap between the classroom and real world application.

MGMT 440. Leadership Assessment and Development II. 0 Units.
The exit assessment course (MGMT 440) is aimed at assessing how students’ career goals, values and abilities may have changed since the program began. The course meets for one mandatory half day seminar in the Spring Semester and carries 0 units of credit. In the MGMT 403 course, students were provided the tools and opportunities for self-assessment and career planning. In the very first semester, they completed several assessment instruments (LSI, POQ, 360-Feedback (ECI-U), ASI, My Values, Career Anchors and others). They had to identify their top values, set a career vision and created an individualized learning plan. The ultimate goal was to assure that their personal development and preparation was relevant to, and in alignment with, the emergent requirements of today’s business management careers. This course is specifically designed to identify if a student’s prior learning plan (completed in the MGMT 403 course) still fits with his/her current career reality and to also identify what has changed for him/her. The activities in the course will include: Viewing the current reality of today’s business environment; Revisiting their experience in the MBA program including any internships/jobs; Determining if a student’s values, vision and learning plan still fit; Retaking the 360-Feedback (Emotional Intelligence Competencies) to identify development of competencies; Identifying relevant areas of personal development; Committing to a refined learning plan and goals. Through a highly interactive and team based process, students will be able to reflect on their current reality, get feedback on your personal growth and discover what changes would enhance their professional career journey.

MGMT 458. International Institute. 3 Units.
The International Institute involves semester-long study of a particular region, followed by a class trip to an area within that region. The preparatory coursework varies depending on the region selected for that particular semester; however, it typically consists of research about cultural, financial, political, and economic topics. The trip consists of daily research meeting with organizations within the region being studied. Upon return, a summary exercise is required to complete the coursework. The class trip is a mandatory component of the course.

MGMT 460. Managing in a Global Economy. 3 Units.
Managers need new skills to enable them to manage effectively in what is increasingly a global economy. They need a deeper understanding of cultural differences and how these differences may influence communications with foreign employers, employees, customers, suppliers or partners. They need a better understanding of the economic and political mechanics of the world business system. They need to learn how to find out more about potential opportunities and threats that lie outside the United States. This course is designed to address these needs.

MGMT 464. Business Ethics. 3 Units.
This course is built around two core learning tracks. The first is extended analyses of case studies, which identifies ethical problems, diagnoses import, and develops strategic programs to address them. The second learning track uses short pieces of fiction to explore issues of ethical character, leadership, and organizational responsibility. Each student keeps an ethics journal over the course of the semester to reflect on ethical issues, both inside and outside the classroom. In addition, small student groups are formed to write case studies focusing on a business ethics problem.

MGMT 467. Commercialization and Intellectual Property Management. 4 Units.
This interdisciplinary course covers a variety of topics, including principles of intellectual property and intellectual property management, business strategies and modeling relevant to the creation of start-up companies and exploitation of IP rights as they relate to biomedical-related inventions. The goal of this course is to address issues relating to the commercialization of biomedical-related inventions by exposing law students, MBA students, and Ph.D. candidates (in genetics and proteomics) to the challenges and opportunities encountered when attempting to develop biomedical intellectual property from the point of early discovery to the clinic and market. Specifically, this course seeks to provide students with the ability to value a given technological advance or invention holistically, focusing on issues that extend beyond scientific efficacy and include patient and practitioner value propositions, legal and intellectual property protection, business modeling, potential market impacts, market competition, and ethical, social, and healthcare practitioner acceptance. During this course, law students, MBA students, and Ph.D. candidates in genomics and proteomics will work in teams of five (two laws students, two MBA students and one Ph.D. candidate), focusing on issues of commercialization and IP management of biomedical-related inventions. The instructors will be drawn from the law school, business school, and technology-transfer office. Please visit the following website for more information: fusioninnovate.com. Offered as LAWS 5341, MGMT 467, GENE 367, GENE 467, EBM 467 and EECS 467. Prereq: MBAC 508.
MGMT 470. Corporate Governance. 3 Units.
This course is geared to enabling students to accelerate their careers and to rise to the very top echelons of management. Top CEOs from prominent regional businesses will share what they look for when they hire MBAs and they will suggest strategies for advancing through entry level and middle management to senior management. Improving your interviewing technique will be featured. The course will give students a top down look at career success. The role of the board of directors will also be explored. The best practices learned will be applicable to for-profit businesses and non-profit organizations, including health care.

MGMT 499. Strategic Issues and Applications. 3 Units.
This course wraps up the M.B.A. core by providing an integrative experience of applying the full range of managerial skills addressed throughout the core in a comprehensive case exercise. Students develop, document, and present comprehensive, implementable strategic and tactical actions programs in groups. Prereq: ACCT 401 and BAFI 402.

MGMT 501. Special Problems and Topics. 1 - 18 Unit.
This course is offered, with permission, to students undertaking reading in a field of special interest.

MGMT 560. Theoretical Perspectives in Management. 3 Units.
This seminar exposes students to management theories from a variety of disciplines. The goal of the course is to help students learn to synthesize and contrast theories to develop hypotheses of their own. Prereq: Ph.D. standing or consent of instructor.

MGMT 570. Research Theory and Method. 3 Units.
This seminar explores pertinent issues in the philosophy of social sciences and in the use of quantitative and qualitative research methods. It seeks to clarify pivotal issues in scientific enterprise like the nature of scientific knowledge, the nature of scientific methods, their grounding, issues of ontology and epistemology, rhetoric, and how scientific knowledge relates to the organization of scientific communities. The seminar’s objective is to prepare students to think critically about the underlying assumptions and their day-to-day research practices. Prereq: Ph.D. standing.

MGMT 571. Measurement Theory and Method. 3 Units.
This doctoral seminar focuses on the theoretical and methodological issues involved in social science measurement. Specifically, the course will cover topics in basic principles of measurement including Classical Test Theory, Reliability, Validity, and Item Response Theory, as well as related tools for measurement analysis including Exploratory and Confirmatory Factor analysis. In addition, the course will expose students to analytical methods that model measurement error in simultaneous equations including models with mediation and moderation effects. This course involves extensive use of statistical packages including SPSS, LISREL, and EQS. Prereq: Ph.D. standing.

MGMT 573. Applied Multivariate Data Analysis. 3 Units.
The objectives of the seminar are to provide students with an understanding of the substantive and methodological issues involved in applied multivariate data analysis. The seminar aims to expose students to the assumptions, principles and applications of a selected set of multivariate techniques including Logistic Regression, MANOVA/ Discriminant, Profile, Multilevel and Latent Growth Model analysis. This course involves extensive use of statistical packages including SPSS, LISREL, and EQS. Prereq: Ph.D. standing.

MGMT 575. Doctoral Research Project. 3 Units.
The objective of the course is to produce a stand-alone piece of scholarship in the academic discipline pursued by the student. The paper or project should be of publishable quality as judged by the instructor. The work of the student is to be accomplished on the independent study basis under the direction of a faculty member. Although there are no specific course prerequisites, the understanding is that all other coursework should have been completed to be admitted into the class. Prereq: Ph.D. standing.

MGMT 601. Special Topics. 1 - 18 Unit.
This course is offered, with permission, to Ph.D. candidates undertaking reading in a field of special interest.

MGMT 602. Advanced Topics. 1 - 18 Unit.
This is a course of flexible design to meet advanced theoretical and/or methodological needs of doctoral students. Approval is needed from the instructor, and it requires a letter grade.

MGMT 610. Culture and World Politics. 3 Units.
Religion, ethnicity, and nationalism have assumed major political significance in the post Cold-War and post-9/11 eras. The course examines ideas of political democracy and economic liberalism in relation to different cultural and religious ideas and explores relationships among social values, political structures, and economics. Prereq: Only for students in PhD in Management: Designing Sustainable Systems, or by permission of the Program Director.

MGMT 614. Business as an Evolving Complex System. 3 Units.
The goal of this course is to provide a foundation for understanding how business systems evolve, why the business systems in the major advanced countries have evolved differently over the last 100 years or so, and what the underlying driving forces are. The focus is on transformation rather than economic growth. The course examines the evolution of business systems as a result of technological and organizational change. It deals with the role of history, culture and finance in generating business organizations in various countries. The course also studies the emergence of regional innovation systems and industry clusters, as well as how digitization and globalization are changing the industrial logic. Prereq: Must be enrolled in PhD in Mgt: Designing Sustainable Systems.

MGMT 616. Global Economic Systems and Issues. 3 Units.
This course provides a framework and analytical tools for understanding globalization and international economic relations in the context of the global political system. It analyzes the economic and political forces that are shaping global cooperation on economic matters, the role and impact of international economic institutions such as the World Bank, the International Monetary Fund, and the World Trade Organization, and evolving forms of regional governance, such as the European Union. It covers national and international policies and development and the causes and cures of international financial crises. The course revolves around concepts of efficiency, equality, power and institutions in the making of public policy towards globalization of communications and transportation. Prereq: Must be enrolled in Ph.D in Management: Designing Systems track.

MGMT 617. Technology and Social System Design. 3 Units.
This course explores the process of design to become a better designer and interventionist who anticipates and evaluates the social, economic, and political consequences of existing and emerging products, processes, and organizational forms. Prereq: Must be enrolled in PhD in Management: Designing System Systems track.
MGMT 640. Social Ethics: Contemporary Issues. 3 Units.
The course draws upon intellectual ancestors and current thinkers in moral philosophy and ethics to assist each student in identifying, analyzing, and discussing social and ethical questions pertaining to the definition and purpose of contemporary life, the need for moral coherence, and the meaning of life in a global society. The unifying theme of the course is Tolstoy's question, "How then shall we live?" The course does not seek to provide answers to the great questions of life. Rather, it tries to expand each student's capacity to grapple with such questions. Prereq: Students in PhD Management program or requisites not met permission.

MGMT 641. Qualitative Res Methods II. 3 Units.
This course guides the student in conducting the qualitative research project that was proposed in EDMP 638. Fieldwork and initial analysis is conducted during the summer when data based on semi-structure interviews is collected and analysis begins using inductive coding techniques. A summer residency is held in mid-June to assess progress as final data collection and analysis continues. The aim of the fall semester is to prepare a formal research report on that project, which will be submitted to an academic research conference. The final report includes a revision of one's conceptual model, integrating new understandings and literature arising from the data collection and analysis. Prereq: Only for students in PhD in Management: Designing Sustainable Systems, or by permission of the Program Director.

MGMT 643. Measuring Bus Behav & Struc. 3 Units.
This course aims to develop the basic foundations and skills for designing and executing generalizable studies that measure business behaviors and structures. It focuses on building competence in building measurement systems, construct measurement, research design, data collection methodologies, and application of analytical software commonly involved in quantitative inquiry. Covered topics include framing research questions, reliability and validity of measurement, quasi-experimental research design, and fieldwork for data collection. Classes are designed to balance theory and practice through quantitative research design and will be linked to the participant's own research project. Prereq: Only for students in PhD in Management: Designing Sustainable Systems, or by permission of the Program Director.

MGMT 645. Integration of Qualitative and Quantitative Inquiry. 3 Units.
Using the mixed method research toolkit developed in previous courses, this course focuses on critically analyzing selected pieces of published applied and policy research to develop a critical appreciation of issues and debates that have wide applicability and relevance. In particular, it offers students ways to integrate and triangulate using a mixed method approach, different forms of evidence, and related evidence. In addition, this course addresses common method choice and justification issues and related challenges of validity and theory formulation that typically arise during the students' execution of a series of individual research projects. Application of critical analysis and appreciation approach in justifying mixed methods designs to the student's own research work is encouraged and supported by sharing and discussing common research and methodology themes and problems. Prereq: Students in PhD Management program or requisites not met permission.

MGMT 646. Advanced Analytical Methods for Generalizing Research. 3 Units.
This course addresses advanced topics in regression and structural equation modeling such as latent growth curve models, partial least squares, logit models, tests for various types of invariance, multiple-group analysis, multilevel analysis, and analyzing qualitative/categorical data. These analytical methods are intended to enhance the student's toolkit as to facilitate a strong bridge to the academic literature and the application to specific data based problems that arise in applied managerial research. Prereq: Students in PhD Management program or requisites not met permission.

MGMT 648. Causal Analy of Bus Prob I. 3 Units.
Causal Analysis of Business Problems I introduces fundamental concepts in theory-based model building and validation. In this course students will develop, explore, refine a range of models appropriate for addressing their problem of practice including classification models, process models, variance models, and articulating nomological networks. In particular, the course will focus on effective conceptualizations of causation, control, mediation, and moderation. Further, foundational statistical techniques such as tests of assumptions of the data, exploratory factor analysis, and regression and path analysis will be introduced to analyze concepts of causation, control, mediation and moderation. Prereq: Only for students in PhD in Management: Designing Sustainable Systems, or by permission of the Program Director.

MGMT 649. Causal Analy of Bus Prob II. 3 Units.
Building upon the first course in Causal Analysis of Business Problems, this course will guide students through the theoretically-grounded variance models that are required for testing through structural equation modeling (SEM) in the quantitative portion of their research. Fundamental concepts in model testing will be reinforced using path analysis, and will include a deeper exploration of moderation by addressing topics such as moderated mediation and interaction effects. Beyond the analysis the course will emphasize precise and accurate formulation of theoretical models and associated reasoning, as well as careful interpretation of findings. The class will also delve into testing of data assumptions and prepare students for the model testing portion of their capstone assignments. Prereq: Only for students in PhD in Management: Designing Sustainable Systems, or by permission of the Program Director.

MGMT 664. Knowledge Dissemination to Influence Managerial Practice. 3 Units.
The aim of this course is twofold. First, it supports students organizing and writing their DM thesis overview or their PhD thesis proposal. Also discussed are ways to organize and communicate in scientific genres, their aims and their generic properties. Secondly, students become acquainted with scientific communication and publishing. Effective reviewing, criteria for judging articles and theses, management of review processes, and how to communicate and respond to reviews are topics discussed. The course also addresses publication strategies and ways of managing and communicating scientific and managerial knowledge to different stakeholders. Prereq: Students in PhD Management program or requisites not met permission.
MGMT 671. Design and Sustainable Systems. 3 Units.
The goal of this course is to introduce doctoral students to the nature and practice of design as a strategy of inquiry as well as a mode of action in addressing the problems of creating and managing sustainable human systems. The objectives are (1) to introduce the conceptual framework of design, (2) the nature of human interaction as seen from the perspective of design, (3) the intellectual and practical strategies of design, (4) the methods and techniques of design that are relevant to the study and design of sustainable human systems, and (5) the nature of "wicked problems" and the ethical issues of design, with special attention to the place of human dignity in the design of sustainable systems. The course will employ key elements of the literature of design, close reading and discussion, and exercises that explore the concepts and methods of design. Prereq: Students in PhD Management program or requisites not met permission.

MGMT 672. Sustainability and Social Value Creation. 3 Units.
This course is designed to galvanize new visions of business and society, as well as organizational leadership. The course is born of a conviction that the future of human society and the natural world is intimately linked to the future of the world economy, business enterprises, and management education. The course presentations, books, dialogues, and interview projects are organized around three themes: (1) the state of the world and the economics possibilities of our time, (2) the business case for understanding business as an agent of world benefit--how business performance can profit from current and future advances in sustainable design and social entrepreneurship; and (3) tools for becoming a change leader--including the methods of Appreciative Inquiry and new insights about "strength-based" change emerging from the science of human strengths. The overarching aim is to provide a powerful introduction to the many facets of sustainable value creation as a complete managerial approach. Prereq: Students in PhD Management program or requisites not met permission.

MGMT 673. Understanding, Designing, Managing Complex Systems. 3 Units.
The purpose of this course is to provide a perspective on systems thinking and complex systems to aid PhD students in expanding the ideas in their research on systems, systems models, and complex systems. The work of the course will develop with increasingly difficult books on the subject of complex systems, a major case study in health care, and individual applications of the concepts to their potential research model and methods. Prereq: Students in PhD Management program or requisites not met permission.

MGMT 677. Designing Sustainable Systems. 3 Units.
Students in teams will recognize and work in practice on a managerial problem that involves dimensions of sustainability and design. They will develop a set of solutions to the problem by generating alternative models and intervention strategies to address the problem. The project results in a short presentation and written communication of the solution in a form of a poster or prototype. The course will also include presentations of intervention and action research approaches and issues of inquiry validation and theory development. Prereq: Only for students in PhD in Management: Designing Sustainable Systems.

Prereq: Must be enrolled in Ph.D. in Management: Designing Sustainable Systems and have predoctoral research consent or advanced to Ph.D. candidacy milestone.
MIDS 420A. Design in Management: Concept and Practices. 3 Units.
Designing is giving form to an idea to conceive of a more desirable product, service, process or organization and refining the idea into something that can be delivered reliably and efficiently. Good design integrates these evolving ideas with the day-to-day realities of a firm's operations, systems, marketing, economics, finance and human resources. Designing is thus a unique managerial activity that brings together changing technologies, capabilities, relationships, activities and materials to shape an organization's plans and strategies. It combines analysis and synthesis in ways that are integrative and inventive, and through it managers create opportunities and means of attaining them. Viewed this way, designing is a core competence of a successful entrepreneur or innovative leader. This course is the first in a two-semester sequence. Design analysis is the systematic review of the four orders of design found in every firm—namely, the firm's communications, products, interactions and environments—and the creation of opportunities to increase firm value by improving each. Students will identify ill-defined, ill-structured problems within organizations. Such problems are ones for which there are no definitive formulations and for which the formulation chosen affects the solutions available. For such problems, there is no explicit way of knowing when you have reached a solution, and solutions cannot necessarily be considered correct or incorrect. But finding innovative solutions to such problems can provide unique opportunities to distinguish organizations and to create exceptional value. A major outcome of the semester's inquiry is a presentation of the challenges and opportunities discovered during the design analysis of the client organization. The presentation will include a conceptualization of the client's current situation and opportunities, along with a statement of their design requirements. It is successful to the extent that it demonstrates learning by creating unexpected value to the client.

MIDS 420B. Design in Management: Concept and Practices. 3 Units.
Designing is giving form to an idea to conceive of a more desirable product, service, process or organization and refining the idea into something that can be delivered reliably and efficiently. Good design integrates these evolving ideas with the day-to-day realities of a firm's operations, systems, marketing, economics, finance and human resources. Designing is thus a unique managerial activity that brings together changing technologies, capabilities, relationships, activities and materials to shape an organization's plans and strategies. It combines analysis and synthesis in ways that are integrative and inventive, and through it manages to create opportunities and means of attaining them. Viewed this way, designing is a core competence of a successful entrepreneur or innovative leader. This course is the first in a two-semester sequence. Design analysis is the systematic review of the four orders of design found in every firm—namely, the firm's communications, products, interactions and environments—and the creation of opportunities to increase firm value by improving each. Students will identify ill-defined, ill-structured problems within organizations. Such problems are ones for which there are no definitive formulations and for which the formulation chosen affects the solutions available. For such problems, there is no explicit way of knowing when you have reached a solution, and solutions cannot necessarily be considered correct or incorrect. But finding innovative solutions to such problems can provide unique opportunities to distinguish organizations and to create exceptional value. A major outcome of the semester's inquiry is a presentation of the challenges and opportunities discovered during the design analysis of the client organization. The presentation will include a conceptualization of the client's current situation and opportunities, along with a statement of their design requirements. It is successful to the extent that it demonstrates learning by creating unexpected value to the client. Prereq: MIDS 420A.

MIDS 420B. Design in Management: Concept and Practices. 3 Units.
Designing is giving form to an idea to conceive of a more desirable product, service, process or organization and refining the idea into something that can be delivered reliably and efficiently. Good design integrates these evolving ideas with the day-to-day realities of a firm's operations, systems, marketing, economics, finance and human resources. Designing is thus a unique managerial activity that brings together changing technologies, capabilities, relationships, activities and materials to shape an organization's plans and strategies. It combines analysis and synthesis in ways that are integrative and inventive, and through it manages to create opportunities and means of attaining them. Viewed this way, designing is a core competence of a successful entrepreneur or innovative leader. This course is the first in a two-semester sequence. Design analysis is the systematic review of the four orders of design found in every firm—namely, the firm's communications, products, interactions and environments—and the creation of opportunities to increase firm value by improving each. Students will identify ill-defined, ill-structured problems within organizations. Such problems are ones for which there are no definitive formulations and for which the formulation chosen affects the solutions available. For such problems, there is no explicit way of knowing when you have reached a solution, and solutions cannot necessarily be considered correct or incorrect. But finding innovative solutions to such problems can provide unique opportunities to distinguish organizations and to create exceptional value. A major outcome of the semester's inquiry is a presentation of the challenges and opportunities discovered during the design analysis of the client organization. The presentation will include a conceptualization of the client's current situation and opportunities, along with a statement of their design requirements. It is successful to the extent that it demonstrates learning by creating unexpected value to the client. Prereq: MIDS 420A.

MIDS 432. Health Care Information Systems. 3 Units.
This course covers concepts, techniques and technologies for providing information systems to enhance the effectiveness and efficiency of health care organizations. Offered as HSMC 432, MIDS 432, MPHP 532 and NUNI 432.

MIDS 461. Change Management. 3 Units.
Change is an inherent dimension of organizational life—new policies, regulations, technologies, people, products, competitors, markets, processes, physical facilities...the list goes on. Consequently, the abilities to adapt to and manage technical and organizational changes are critical managerial competencies. This course aims to provide a framework for planning, analyzing, and managing those changes over which you as a manager will have some control. Though our discussions will focus on technology-enabled and technology-related change, the intention is to equip you with a process model, tools, and guiding principles that can be applied more generally to other change processes.

MIDS 501. Special Problems and Topics. 1 - 18 Unit.
This course is offered, with permission, to students undertaking reading in a field of special interest.

MIDS 527. Seminar in MIDS. 3 Units.
This seminar addresses topics of current interest with a strong emphasis on research. It is intended primarily for the faculty and doctoral students of the MIDS Department.

MIDS 601. Special Topics in MIDS. 1 - 18 Unit.
This course is offered, with permission, to Ph.D. candidates undertaking reading in a field of special interest.
MKMR 201. Marketing Management. 3 Units.
This is an introductory marketing course designed to provide students with the concepts and theories necessary for understanding the fundamental principles of marketing and its role in any organization. Students will learn concepts such as marketing orientation, marketing-mix, relationship marketing and service logic, as well as behavioral theories of customer response and strategic frameworks of customer brand management. Students develop capabilities for understanding marketing issues in real world situations and to create and implement basic marketing plans. Prereq: At least Sophomore standing.

MKMR 304. Brand Management. 3 Units.
Successful innovation and management of brands and products creates customer, firm, and societal value. This course is designed to help students understand the principles of product and brand development and management such as understanding evolving customer needs; creating and delivering the right products, services, and experiences; and managing the process to enhance brand equity and customer satisfaction. Through text, cases, and simulation this engaging class will cover the branding process from new brand and product development; brand communication and promotion, and brand equity measurement. The course will also discuss specific topics such as global brands, brand extensions, brand revitalization, and social responsibility. Prereq: ACCT 102, ECON 102 and MKMR 201.

MKMR 307. Marketing Value Chain Management. 3 Units.
This course views the supply chain (including the distribution channels) as a multi-organization business system that enables customers at all points in the system to acquire the benefits/value they want in the way they want to acquire them. It is a collaborative human network creating customer and shareholder value throughout the system. Strategic and tactical management topics include specifying customer desired value, assessing network members’ (suppliers, producers, distributors, and customers) abilities to create it, and consequently allocating decisions, tasks, and rewards to members. Emphasis is on structure, communication, motivation, and control/discipline to encourage effective implementation throughout the supply chain system. Offered as MKMR 307, MKMR 407 and OPMT 407. Prereq: ACCT 102 and MKMR 201.

MKMR 308. Measuring Marketing Performance. 3 Units.
Evaluation and control are important strategic marketing processes and without effective and consistent measurement, these processes cannot be performed adequately. In recent years, marketing budgets have been challenged by top managers as the value of these expenditures to an organization’s financial well being is not often clear. Marketing activities such as advertising, sales promotions, sales force allocation, new product development, and pricing all involve upfront investments and making these investments now require increasing scrutiny. This course will be about knowing and understanding what to measure, how to measure, and how to report it so the link between marketing tactics and financial outcomes is clearer. The course will include lecture by the instructor, readings, cases, computer based data exercises, and guest lectures. There will also be a team project requirement. Prereq: ACCT 101 or 203, ECON 102 and MKMR 201

MKMR 310. Marketing Analytics. 3 Units.
To appreciate, design, and implement data-based marketing studies for extracting valid and useful insights for managerial action that yield attractive ROI, five essential processes are emphasized: (a) making observations about customers, competitors, and markets, (b) recognizing, formulating, and refining meaningful problems as opportunities for managerial action, (c) developing and specifying testable models of marketing phenomenon, (d) designing and implementing research designs for valid data, and (e) rigorous analysis for uncovering and testing patterns and mechanisms from marketing data. Offered as MKMR 310 and ECON 310. Prereq: MKMR 201.

MKMR 311. Customer Relationship Management. 3 Units.
Customer Relationship Management (CRM) is the strategic process of building and maintaining profitable, sustainable customer relationships through co-creation of value with customers in both business-to-business (B2B) and business-to-consumer (B2C) markets. This course starts with understanding the relationship between an organization's strategic goals and the structure and dynamics of organization-customer relationships. Topics include assessing CRM system design, implementation and management; the fundamentals of customer profitability analysis; customer portfolio management; B2B relationship management; sales force management and automation; and designing services programs to optimize customer experiences; and expanding customer relationships through services. Additionally, students will explore how one-to-one marketing and social networks enhance customer relationships. Learning will be accomplished through lecture and discussion, critical discussion of case studies and contemporary marketing issues, and interaction with experienced CRM marketing professionals. Prereq: MKMR 201.

MKMR 312. Selling and Sales Management. 3 Units.
Selling and sales management are keys to implementing an organization’s marketing program and customer relationships. This course emphasizes developing an understanding of basic marketing concepts, selling principles, interrelationships among sales force management and other business functions, appropriate strategy for managing a sales force and measurement of sales force productivity. We will use theories of work motivation and explore how individual difference variables influence the choices of sales managers. This course uses a synthesis of sales research and leading practices to focuses on both a strategic and a tactical perspective. Strategic issues include: entrepreneurial strategy, the sales force's role in company strategy, customer relationship and strategic account management, sales force size and organization and career paths to sales management. Tactical issues include: effective approaches to selling, finding and retaining top sales talent, motivating and compensating the field force, evaluating performance, and aligning sales territories. Prereq: MKMR 201 or MKMR 301.

MKMR 348. Strategic Internet Marketing. 3 Units.
This course aims to prepare business students to think strategically and make effective marketing decisions in networked business environments. Given the increasing strategic significance of the internet across a broad spectrum of industries, it is imperative that business students develop a deep understanding of the emerging digital marketplace. The course will focus on the following topics: The emerging digital world; individuals and firms online; network technologies; business models on the internet; online branding; customer relationship management and loyalty in electronic markets; internet's impact on innovation and product management; online retailing; business-to-business e-commerce; multi-channel management; sustainable competitive advantage in the digital marketplace; legal, ethical, and public policy issues related to digital technologies; organizing for online marketing. Prereq: MKMR 201.
MKMR 350. Entrepreneurial Marketing. 3 Units.
You have a great idea. This course helps you achieve your goals for it - whether they are commercial, societal, environmental, public policy/ political or a combination of the four. The course addresses the conceptually creative and data-driven entrepreneur/entrepreneurial process of conceiving and implementing an operational program for realizing the goals of a market opportunity. Students select an opportunity and develop a deployable, one-year market entry program and five-year strategic marketing program. Emphasis is on the entrepreneurial marketing decision process, including defining the business model, selecting performance objectives and measures, specifying customer perceived value, assessing competitive capability and advantage, defining and analyzing the value chain and evaluating market space structure and dynamics, and complementing the players in the value chain. Identifying and properly using both secondary and primary information in management decision making is a major focus of the course. Offered as MKMR 350 and MKMR 450. Prereq: Sophomore standing.

MKMR 355. Communications Management in a Digital Marketplace. 3 Units.
In a marketplace where consumer touchpoints have gone digital and new digital methods of connecting with the consumers are emerging, this course provides a sound understanding of management of an organization’s total marketing communications. The focus is on identifying appropriate strategy and tactics for effectively communicating with end consumers and other stakeholders/public in both conventional ways and also in new and emerging ways. Students examine the roles of advertising, sales promotion and public relations, along with below the line methods like direct response advertising, and Internet based methods including display and search advertising, affiliate marketing and viral campaigns. They work with developing and managing these elements as part of an overall, synergistic communications strategy. Perspectives and metrics for evaluation of the effectiveness of marketing communications are also introduced and discussed. Prereq: MKMR 301.

MKMR 360. Independent Study. 1 - 3 Unit.
This course is offered, with permission, to students undertaking reading and research in an area of their special interest.

MKMR 403. Managerial Marketing. 3 Units.
This course focuses on managing marketing as a process of creating value and mutually desirable exchanges of values. That is the foundation of a customer orientation and a central theme of market-driven management. Methods for strategic marketing planning, understanding buyer behavior, market analysis, segmentation and devising integrated marketing programs are introduced. Creating customer value and competitive advantage in worldwide markets is the central theme. Prereq: ACCT 401.

MKMR 405. Business Marketing. 3 Units.
This course focuses on concepts and practices of business-to-business marketing of products and services. It also examines how rapid technological change impacts industrial markets. Topics covered include: buyer-seller relationship building, competitive bidding, developing markets for new materials and value-based pricing strategies. Marketing to the government, marketing of intellectual property and marketing-R&D-manufacturing interface issues will also be explored. Prereq: MKMR 403 or MBAP 407 or MBAC 506 or (G MBA 401A and G MBA 402A and G MBA 403A and G MBA 401B and G MBA 402B and G MBA 403B).

MKMR 407. Marketing Value Chain Management. 3 Units.
This course views the supply chain (including the distribution channels) as a multi-organization business system that enables customers at all points in the system to acquire the benefits/value they want in the way they want to acquire them. It is a collaborative human network creating customer and shareholder value throughout the system. Strategic and tactical management topics include specifying customer desired value, assessing network members’ (suppliers, producers, distributors, and customers) abilities to create it, and consequently allocating decisions, tasks, and rewards to members. Emphasis is on strategy, structure, communication, motivation, and control/discipline to encourage effective implementation throughout the supply chain system. Offered as MKMR 307, MKMR 407 and OPMT 407.

MKMR 408. Marketing Metrics. 3 Units.
Evaluation and control are important strategic marketing processes and without effective and consistent measurement, these processes cannot be performed adequately. In recent years, marketing budgets have been challenged by top managers as the value of these expenditures to an organization’s financial well being is not often clear. Marketing activities such as advertising, sales promotions, sales force allocation, new product development and pricing all involve up-front investments and making these investments now require increasing scrutiny. This course will be about knowing and understanding what to measure, how to measure and how to report it so the link between marketing tactics and financial outcomes is clearer. The course will include lecture by the instructor, readings (no textbook), cases, computer based data exercises and guest lectures. There will also be a team project requirement. Prereq: MBAC 506 or MKMR 403 or MBAP 407.

MKMR 410. Marketing Insight Management. 3 Units.
To appreciate, design, and implement data-based marketing studies for extracting valid and useful insights for managerial action that yield attractive ROI. Five essential processes are emphasized: (a) making observations about customers, competitors, and markets, (b) recognizing, formulating, and refining meaningful problems as opportunities for managerial action, (c) developing and specifying testable models of marketing phenomenon, (d) designing and implementing research designs for valid data, and (e) rigorous analysis for uncovering and testing patterns and mechanisms from marketing data. Prereq: MKMR 403 or MBAC 506 or MBAP 407.

MKMR 411. Customer Relationship Management. 3 Units.
Customer Relationship Management (CRM) is the strategic process of building and maintaining profitable customer relationships through co-creation of value with customers. This course starts with understanding the relationship between an organization’s strategic goals and customer relationships, including assessing CRM systems, management and implementation, in both B2B and B2C markets. Students will learn the fundamentals of customer profitability analysis, customer portfolio management, B2B relationship/sales force management and automation, designing services to optimize customer experiences, as well as expanding customer relationships through services. Additionally, students will explore how one-to-one marketing and social networks enhance customer relationships. Learning will be accomplished through critical discussion of case studies and contemporary marketing issues, and hands-on group project and presentation, and interaction with experienced CRM marketing professionals. Prereq: MKMR 403 or MBAP 407 or MBAC 506 or (G MBA 401A and G MBA 402A and G MBA 403A and G MBA 401B and G MBA 402B and G MBA 403B).
MKMR 412. E-Marketing. 3 Units.
Using a combination of lectures, cases, and hands-on projects, the course examines how the Internet influences all the key aspects of marketing, including marketing strategy, pricing, advertising, segmentation, marketing research, retailing, distribution channels, and international marketing. Additionally, the course will cover more Internet specific topics such as privacy, wireless web, sales force automation, and emarketplace models. The course incorporates both business-to-business and business-to-consumer outlooks.

MKMR 419. Marketing Analytics for Supply Chain Managers. 3 Units.
This course will emphasize how to analyze data to support and guide strategic and tactical marketing decisions relevant for supply chain managers for understanding and contributing to marketing decision-making within the firm. Many firms have extensive information, but far fewer have the expertise to act intelligently on such information. Data must be synthesized, analyzed, and interpreted before sound marketing strategies and tactical plans can be developed. The course will emphasize three key themes: (1) Market Opportunity Analysis including competitive analysis, context assessment, and customer analytics (e.g., customer profitability and lifetime value, retention and loyalty), (2) Marketing Mix Analytics including test marketing, pricing, segmentation, and response modeling, and (3) Marketing ROI including the impact of marketing decisions and plans on fundamental financial measures such as return on marketing investment and net contribution to profit. The course uses a combination of lectures, cases, and exercises. Offered as MKMR 419 and MSOR 419. Prereq: For students in the MSM-Finance, Master of Accountancy, Master of Engineering and Management, Weatherhead/ SASS MNO and Exchange programs only.

MKMR 421. Marketing Value Creation. 3 Units.
Marketing value creation is the process of creating and managing successful brands through continuous innovation. Successful brand innovation and management requires understanding evolving customer needs; creating and delivering the right products, services, and experiences; and managing the process to enhance brand equity and customer satisfaction. Through text, readings, cases, high-profile guest lectures and team projects, this engaging class will cover the innovation and branding process from discovery of unmet needs, brand and product development, to brand promotion and advertising and brand equity measurement. A sustainability thread will weave through the course, covering topics such as brand’s ecological footprint, product safety, eco-friendly branding, the ethics of advertising, the impact of pricing on consumers and corporate social responsibility. The result of proper sensitivity to customer needs, social concerns and the environment is integral to the process of value creation for customers, companies and society. Prereq: MKMR 403 or MBAC 506 or MBAP 407.

MKMR 450. Entrepreneurial Marketing. 3 Units.
You have a great idea. This course helps you achieve your goals for it - whether they are commercial, societal, environmental, public policy/political or a combination of the four. The course addresses the conceptually creative and data-driven entrepreneurial/intrapreneurial process of conceiving and implementing an operational program for realizing the goals of a market opportunity. Students select an opportunity and develop a deployable, one-year market entry program and five-year strategic marketing program. Emphasis is on the entrepreneurial marketing decision process, including defining the business model, selecting performance objectives and measures, specifying customer perceived value, assessing competitive capability and advantage, defining and analyzing the value chain and evaluating market space structure and dynamics, and complementing the players in the value chain. Identifying and properly using both secondary and primary information in management decision making is a major focus of the course. Offered as MKMR 350 and MKMR 450.

MKMR 460. Marketing Communications Management. 3 Units.
This course provides a sound understanding of management of an organization’s total marketing communications. The focus is on identifying appropriate strategies and tactics for effectively communicating with end consumers and other stakeholders/publics, in order to manage the firm’s brand equity and its market, industry and societal positioning. Students examine the roles of advertising, sales promotion, point-of-purchase efforts, and public relations, and emerging direct marketing technologies. They work with developing and managing these elements as part of an overall, synergistic communications strategy. Marketing communications for ongoing as well as crisis situations are developed. Multiple perspectives on evaluation of the effectiveness of marketing communications are introduced. Topics addressed include: integrated marketing communications, brand equity management, corporate communications strategies, public relations management, and crisis management. Prereq: MKMR 403.

MKMR 475. Supply Chain Logistics. 3 Units.
The focus of this course is on the effective management of a firm’s downstream processes in the supply chain that deliver goods and services to customers. Concepts, methods, and strategies are presented that can lower supply chain costs while maintaining or improving customer service. In addition, ideas for using the supply chain for competitive advantage leading to revenue enhancement are discussed. Adding value for customers is the objective. Key topics include transportation planning, inventory management, network design, and customer service goal setting. Offered as MKMR 475, MSOR 475, and OPMT 475.

MKMR 476. Strategic Sourcing. 3 Units.
The primary purpose of the course is to provide a comprehensive introduction to supply issues in manufacturing and service organizations. Procurement and supply management has evolved as a strategic function across various industries. Recent volatility in commodity prices has further enhanced the challenges in procurement. This course explores sourcing strategies in global supply chains to reduce cost and enhance the competitiveness of the firm. This course will provide you with a framework for thinking about strategic sourcing and tools to procure commodities and services efficiently. Offered as MKMR 476, MSOR 476, and OPMT 476. Not available to Operations Research MSM students.

MKMR 501. Special Problems and Topics. 1 - 18 Unit.
This course is offered, with permission, to students undertaking reading or a project in a field of special interest.
MKMR 601. Special Problems and Topics. 1 - 18 Unit.
This course is offered, with permission, to Ph.D. candidates undertaking reading or a project in a field of special interest.

Prereq: Predoctoral research consent or advanced to Ph.D. candidacy milestone.

MPOD Courses

MPOD 413. Foundations of Positive Organization Development and Change. 3 Units.
This course explores and develops the art of reading and understanding social systems in ways that help us imagine, design and develop organization excellence. First it seeks to show how many of our conventional ideas about organizations are based on discourse and metaphors that lead us to see and understand organizations in partial and often limiting ways. Growing research from the domains of Positive Psychology and Positive Organization Scholarship and the theory and practice of Appreciative Inquiry will be explored to show how we can create new and more positive, strength-based ways of designing and developing social systems. Includes presentations, guest lectures and panel discussions on current topics of interest for the Masters in Positive Organization Development and Change (MPOD) candidates. Led by a faculty member of the Department of Organization Behavior, these dialogues and seminars will be presented in several of the six main residencies of the MPOD program. Reflective essays and integrative papers will enable participants to explore their practice of OD, leadership capacity, application of learnings from the program and deeply held values related to current issues and opportunities in the domain of human systems change and development. Prereq: Open to MPOD candidates only.

MPOD 414. Organization Design for a Knowledge World. 3 Units.
The objective of this course is to familiarize participants with the theory and technique of organization design and corporate change with particular emphasis on helping leaders understand and implement the latest forms of organizing in a customer-focused, electronically mediated and knowledge-driven world. Frameworks presented will be used to explore the impact of the information revolution on organization design and change, and the evolution of traditional vertically integrated and multi-divisional enterprises toward spider web structures, trans-organizational networks and communities of practice. Prereq: Open to MPOD candidates only.

MPOD 416A. Leadership, Executive Assessment and Development. 1 Unit.
Leadership with emotional intelligence will be examined by studying a number of topics and applying them to two major case studies: 1) a CEO; and 2) yourself. This course will explore questions such as: Who are effective leaders? Are they different from effective managers? How do they think and act? What makes us want to follow them? How are leaders developed? What and how can people (you) help/coach others develop their competencies to become more effective leaders? (Part one of three-section course.) Prereq: Open to MPOD candidates only.

MPOD 416B. Leadership and Executive Assessment and Development. 1 Unit.
Leadership with emotional intelligence will be examined by studying a number of topics and applying them to two major case studies: 1) a CEO; and 2) yourself. This course will explore questions such as: Who are effective leaders? Are they different from effective managers? How do they think and act? What makes us want to follow them? How are leaders developed? What and how can people (you) help/coach others develop their competencies to become more effective leaders? (Part two of three) Prereq: MPOD 416A.

MPOD 416C. Leadership, Executive Assessment and Development. 1 Unit.
Leadership with emotional intelligence will be examined by studying a number of topics and applying them to two major case studies: 1) a CEO; and 2) yourself. In this context, coaching the development of leadership will be a major topic throughout the course. This course will explore questions such as: Who are effective leaders? Are they different from effective managers? How do they think and act? What makes us want to follow them? How are leaders developed? What and how can people (you) help/coach others develop their competencies to become more effective leaders? (Part three of a three-section course.) Prereq: MPOD 416B.

MPOD 418. Sustainability for Strategic Advantage. 2 Units.
Sustainability is introduced as a movement in business to create value by responding to social and environmental problems in ways that meet current needs without reducing future capacity. Students are introduced to systems thinking skills, such as whole system mapping, causal loop modeling, emergent hypotheses, stakeholder analysis and engaging productive dialogues. Emphasis is placed on use of these skills as methods for working with clients to create actionable knowledge, thereby integrating reflection with action to leave the client system stronger. Prereq: Open to MPOD candidates only.

MPOD 431A. Experiential Learning for Individuals, Teams, and Organizations. 2 Units.
This course focuses on the theory of experiential learning and its application at the individual, team, and organizational levels of analyses. This course offers the chance for students to gain insight into their individual learning and adaptive styles, and how such styles impact the way they interact and have consequence for team. The course also explores how teams and organizations learn, and the effect that cultural determinants have on learning and adaptability. In addition, the course examines how learning theory can be applied to focused institutional development projects and educational processes. The course uses presentations, lectures, research findings, interactive activities, and class discussion. The current topics of interest are for the Masters in Positive Organization and Change (MPOD) candidates. It is led by a faculty member of the Department of Organization Behavior. Reflective essays and integrative papers will enable participants to explore their learning styles and that of their organizations and teams to strengthen the practice of OD and human systems change and development. Part one of two. Prereq: MPOD students only.
MPOD 431B. Experiential Learning for Individuals, Teams, and Organizations. 1 Unit.
This course focuses on the theory of experiential learning and its application at the individual, team, and organizational levels of analyses. This course offers the chance for students to gain insight into their individual learning and adaptive styles, and how such styles impact the way they interact and have consequence for team. The course also explores how teams and organizations learn, and the effect that cultural determinants have on learning and adaptability. In addition, the course examines how learning theory can be applied to focused institutional development projects and educational processes. The course uses presentations, lectures, research findings, interactive activities, and class discussion. The current topics of interest are for the Masters in Positive Organization and Change (MPOD) candidates. It is led by a faculty member of the Department of Organization Behavior. Reflective essays and integrative papers will enable participants to explore their learning styles and that of their organizations and teams to strengthen the practice of OD and human systems change and development. Part two of two. Prereq: MPOD 431A.

MPOD 432A. Interpersonal Skills Building. 1 Unit.
The objective of this course is to hone the participant's abilities to use themselves as instruments of change and development in relationships with colleagues and clients. This requires comfort with and practice in intervening in a broad range of interpersonal and group dynamics, and knowledge of how one's unique personal style and character serve as both strengths and weaknesses in dealing with others in a helping relationship. Participants will explore theories of adult development, interpersonal and group dynamics, diagnose their interpersonal needs and styles, and practice techniques for developing generative relationships with clients across the OD (organization development) cycle and as process consultants in group settings. (Part one of two.) Prereq: Open to MPOD candidates only.

MPOD 432B. Interpersonal Skills Building. 2 Units.
The objective of this course is to hone the participant's abilities to use themselves as instruments of change and development in relationships with colleagues and clients. This requires comfort with and practice in intervening in a broad range of interpersonal and group dynamics, and knowledge of how one's unique personal style and character serve as both strengths and weaknesses in dealing with others in a helping relationship. Participants will explore theories of adult development, interpersonal and group dynamics, diagnose their interpersonal needs and styles, and practice techniques for developing generative relationships with clients across the OD (organization development) cycle and as process consultants in group settings. (Part two of two.) Prereq: Open to MPOD candidates only.

MPOD 435. Practicum in Appreciative Inquiry and Positive OD. 3 Units.
This course develops participants' consultative skills. Competence in role entry and development, data collection, intervention and evaluation is gained through class exercises and field projects. The focus is on developing a problem-centered approach to intervening in organizations that minimizes reliance on programmed techniques and maximizes collaborative innovation and learning between client and consultant. Prereq: Open to MPOD candidates only.

MPOD 439A. Individual Field Project. 2 Units.
The objective of this course is to plan and execute a significant organization development, change and/or analysis project with an ongoing client or employer. Emphasis is placed on the craft of developing projects that are consistent with one's current skills, career plans and developmental needs, combined with the needs, opportunities, readiness, and resources of the client organization. This course is limited to candidates for the MPOD program. (Part one of two section course.) Prereq: Open to MPOD candidates only.

MPOD 439B. Individual Field Project. 2 Units.
The objective of this course is to plan and execute a significant organization development, change and/or analysis project with an ongoing client or employer. Emphasis is placed on the craft of developing projects that are consistent with one's current skills, career plans and developmental needs, combined with the needs, opportunities, readiness, and resources of the client organization. This course is limited to candidates for the MPOD program. (Part two of a two-section course.) Prereq: MPOD 439A.

MPOD 470A. Leading Change from a Complexity Perspective. 1 Unit.
In this course, we will continuously attempt to answer two questions: (1) What is the process of sustained, desirable change? and (2) What is the role of a leader? Concepts from complexity theory will be used, including understanding the multilevel nature of SDC at the individual, dyad, team, organization, community, country, and global levels. Intentional Change Theory (ICT) will be used as the organizing concept for the changes studied. In this context, coaching the development of leadership will be a major topic throughout the course. Prereq: MPOD candidates only.

MPOD 470B. Leading Change from a Complexity Perspective. 2 Units.
In this course, we will continuously attempt to answer two questions: (1) What is the process of sustained, desirable change? and (2) What is the role of a leader? Concepts from complexity theory will be used, including understanding the multilevel nature of SDC at the individual, dyad, team, organization, community, country, and global levels. Intentional Change Theory (ICT) will be used as the organizing concept for the changes studied. In this context, coaching the development of leadership will be a major topic throughout the course. Prereq: MPOD candidates only.

MPOD 479. Foundations of Strategic Thinking. 3 Units.
This course will define what constitutes strategic change and what does not. Students will be introduced to a variety of strategic interventions and models from which to interpret, understand and achieve positive organizational change. Opportunity will be provided to apply selected models to the student's organization and other cases in order to gain insight and appreciation for financial and non-financial factors that influence fundamental organizational growth and development. Prereq: Open to MPOD candidates only.

MPOD 480. Dynamics of Effective Consulting Strategies. 3 Units.
This course will: 1) highlight the major current trends and changes that affect the nature of managerial work; 2) describe how OD practitioners and consultants need to factor such trends into their consulting strategies; 3) differentiate between types of interventions, the circumstances in which they apply and their unique strengths; 4) provide background theories that explain the challenges inherent in mobilizing positive change; 5) describe ways to bridge the gap between knowing and doing in order to build organization resilience; and 6) introduce a variety of consulting techniques and skills that the students can add to their repertoire. Prereq: Open to MPOD candidates only.
MSFI 401. Financial Orientation. 1.5 Unit.
This is a mandatory preparatory/refresher course for all entering MSM-Finance students. It will cover several basic topics in statistics, financial accounting and in financial management, so that all students can hit the road running with the other MSM-Finance core courses in the first semester. Prereq: For MSF-MSM and ACL-MSF students only.

MSFI 403. Corporate Finance. 3 Units.
The purpose of this course is to familiarize the student with the theory and application of additional models used in financial decision-making by corporations. Issues relating to efficient markets, dividend policy, capital structure, financing decisions, option pricing, leasing, and risk management are among the topics considered. In addition, special topics may include mergers and acquisitions, pension funds, and international financial management. Prereq: For MSF-MSM and ACL-MSF students only.

MSFI 404. Financial Modeling. 3 Units.
Firms try to create value. In their day-to-day operations, they are faced with numerous challenges: Should we accept trade credit or borrow? Will an acquisition create or destroy value? Should we introduce a new product line even if it cannibalizes an existing one? In each of these situations they try to quantify the impact on the value of their firm. The goal of this course is to develop your skills in financial modeling and valuation, so you can tackle issues like the ones described above. The course is designed to be "hands-on": You will learn to apply the theory and develop spreadsheet modeling skills through the homework, case studies and a group project. By the end of the course you will have a good understanding of both the theory and practice of valuation, and possess a set of cutting-edge financial modeling skills. This course is designed for students who aspire to work in a regular company, a bank or a consulting firm in (I) corporate finance (including mergers and acquisitions); (II) strategy; or (III) equity analysis. This course is for MSF-MSM and ACL-MSF students only. Prereq: For MSF-MSM and ACL-MSF students only.

MSFI 408. Financial Strategy and Value Creation. 3 Units.
The intersection between the theory of perfect markets and the reality of market imperfections provides the basis for the exploration of value creation in this course. Opportunities in both product and financial markets are explored using case studies to develop a framework for strategic financial decisions. Prereq: For MSF-MSM and ACL-MSF students only.

MSFI 420. Investment Management. 3 Units.
This course explores the characteristics of financial investments and markets and develops modern techniques of investment analysis and management. The goal is to help students develop a level of analytical skill and institutional knowledge sufficient to make sensible investment decisions. Topics include: an overview of stock, debt and derivative asset markets, practical applications of modern portfolio theory, equilibrium and arbitrage-based approaches to capital market pricing, the debate over market efficiency, the term structure of interest rates, bond portfolio management, and uses of derivative assets in investment portfolios. Prereq: For MSF-MSM and ACL-MSF students only.

MSFI 421. Fundamental Analysis of Companies and Industries. 3 Units.
The goal of this course is twofold--to revisit important concepts in financial and managerial accounting, marketing, strategy and operations, and to see how they can be applied through the filter of finance. Put a little differently, what should students think about above and beyond analyzing accounting and financial information in assessing how value gets created within the firm? While students may have been exposed to some of these subjects in their undergraduate studies, this course will ensure they all have a common background and language. We will rely heavily on working with financial information from a broad range of companies and industries. Emphasis will be placed on understanding the key drivers behind financial results--what choices about business model and business strategy lead to the reported financial results. Prereq: For MSF-MSM and ACL-MSF students only.

MSFI 422. Derivatives and Risk Management. 3 Units.
This course is intended to give students an understanding of options and futures markets both in theory and practice. The emphasis is on arbitrage and hedging. The course concentrates on listed common stock and index contracts as well as commodity markets. Various theories for trading strategies are studied. Prereq: For MSF-MSM and ACL-MSF students only.

MSFI 423. Fixed Income Markets and Their Derivatives. 3 Units.
This class is concerned with fixed income securities, interest rate risk management, and credit risk. Fixed income securities account for about two thirds of the market value of all outstanding securities, and hence this topic is important. The course covers the basic products of fixed income markets including treasury and LIBOR products, such as interest rate swaps. Risk management and hedging strategies are covered as well as selected topics in credit risk models and mortgage-backed securities. Prereq: For MSF-MSM and ACL-MSF students only.
MSFI 432. Corporate Risk Management. 3 Units.
This is a risk management course aimed at developing an understanding of the risks faced by financial and nonfinancial firms, learning techniques to identify and measure these risks, and understanding how financial engineering (especially derivatives) can be used to manage these risks and advance the strategic goals of the firm. Main topics include Value-at-Risk (VaR) techniques and implementation of VaR systems (RiskMetrics, Delta-normal, Historical Simulation, Structured Monte-Carlo); financial risk measurement and management using forwards, futures, options, swaps, exotics, and credit risk management, including implementing various credit risk and credit VaR models, estimating capital at risk, and using credit derivatives for managing credit risk. Several classes are devoted to discussing recent risk management debacles and relating them to theory. Prereq: For MSF-MSM and ACL-MSF students only.

MSFI 433. Quantitative Risk Modeling. 3 Units.
This course is designed to help students learn quantitative models for estimating risk in various financial settings for different types of financial institutions (banks, hedge funds, and others). It is a very hands-on course where students will become familiar with several state-of-the-art quantitative risk models as well as their detailed implementation procedure in the real world. The course uses several in-class Excel exercises to illustrate the models as well as their practical implementation using real financial data. Offered as BAFI 433 and MSFI 433.

MSFI 434. Financial Econometrics. 3 Units.
MSFI 434 represents a rigorous study of the latest developments in the area of financial econometrics. The class assumes no prior knowledge of econometrics. It assumes that you have had a basic statistics class and that you have had regression analysis. It is taught using economic motivations and examples from the financial world. The course concerns modern econometric topics like time-series forecasting, volatility modeling, and panel data analysis. Various concepts and approaches in the course will be subjected to real-world data. Students are expected to have basic knowledge of the fundamentals of corporate finance and statistics. The course aims at providing a lasting conceptual framework for model building using modern applied econometric techniques commonly employed in finance. Prereq: For MSF-MSM and ACL-MSF students only.

MSFI 435. Empirical Finance. 3 Units.
MSFI 435 provides an introduction to empirical analysis and research in finance. This involves the management of empirical datasets and the aspects of quantitative applications of finance theory. The goal is to enable the student to deal with the need to analyze complex and large financial and economic datasets that is present in many fields of the financial profession. The scope of the data as well as the quantitative methods used in such analysis often requires familiarity with robust computational environments and statistical packages. As such, another goal of the course is to familiarize the student with at least one such environment. Applications are conducted using real financial and economic data. The course draws on the theoretical aspects of the subjects covered, but mainly focuses on the practical matters required to undertake an empirical analysis of financial topics—e.g., the definition of the research question, the datasets required, the computational needs, and, then, the implementation. The course enables the student to evaluate outstanding financial research as well as to conduct his or her own research. Prereq: For MSF-MSM and ACL-MSF students only.

MSFI 436A. Individual, Team and Career Development. 0.75 Units.
This course is designed to focus on three areas of development critical to students' personal and professional success: 1) Individual; 2) Team; and 3) Career. The individual and team aspects include developing self and other awareness through exploration of learning styles, process skills, and building communication and presentation competencies. Career development includes a focus on strategies for success such as networking, resume building, and learning from executives through intensive and interactive seminars. The course involves use of assessments, group discussions, presentations and experiential activities. Prereq: For MSF-MSM and ACL-MSF students only.

MSFI 436B. Individual, Team and Career Development. 0.75 Units.
This course is designed to focus on three areas of development critical to students' personal and professional success: 1) Individual; 2) Team; and 3) Career. The individual and team aspects include developing self and other awareness through exploration of learning styles, process skills, and building communication and presentation competencies. Career development includes a focus on strategies for success such as networking, resume building, and learning from executives through intensive and interactive seminars. The course involves use of assessments, group discussions, presentations and experiential activities. Prereq: For MSF-MSM and ACL-MSF students only.

MSFI 440. Advanced Corporate Finance. 3 Units.
This course exposes the students to a more in-depth treatment of some of the topics covered in BAFI 403 and introduces them to new topics. Topics include investment decisions, financing decisions, payout decisions, contracting decisions and performance metrics, internal control systems, risk management, real options, diversification and valuation. Topics covered may vary from semester to semester. Prereq: For MSF-MSM and ACL-MSF students only.

MSFI 450. Mergers and Acquisitions. 3 Units.
This course examines the economic rationale and motivation for the different merger and acquisition and recapitalization activity undertaken by firms and individuals in the U.S. market. Emphasis is on the different three (3) methods of valuing a firm, the various forms of debt and equity capital employed to fund mergers and acquisitions and recapitalizations, how lenders and investors structure their loans and/or investments, and how investors realize the gains through different exit strategies. The course gives the student an excellent understanding of the role that senior commercial banks, insurance companies, pensions funds, LBO funds, investment banking firms, and venture/growth capital investors play in mergers and acquisitions. Prereq: For MSF-MSM and ACL-MSF students only.

MSFI 490. Projects in Corporate Finance. 3 Units.
This course is focused on engaging groups of students in identifying, analyzing and making decisions on real-world corporate financial problems. Teams of students will be assigned to a specific client situation drawn from three general areas: (i) mergers and acquisitions (including corporations and/or leveraged buyout firms), (ii) public equities (IPOs and/or equity research) and (iii) corporate financial policies and transactions. This course is structured to be a capstone experience that allows students to leverage the broad range of skills, tools and approaches introduced throughout the program. It is intended to provide an important bridge from work in the classroom to the unstructured, chaotic nature of real world business. Prereq: For MSF-MSM and ACL-MSF students only.
MSFI 491. Projects in Risk Management. 3 Units.
This course is focused on engaging groups of students in identifying, analyzing and making decisions on real-world risk management financial problems. Teams of students will be assigned to a specific client situation drawn from one of two general areas: (i) investments and hedge funds, equity and portfolio management, fixed income and foreign exchange and (ii) risk management with derivatives, credit risk management, risk analytics, regulatory capital, asset liability bank management. This course is structured to be a capstone experience that allows students to leverage the broad range of skills, tools and approaches introduced throughout the program. It is intended to provide an important bridge from work in the classroom to the unstructured, chaotic nature of real world business. Prereq: For MSF-MSM and ACL-MSF students only.

MSOR Courses

MSOR 406. Operations Management for MSM OR. 3 Units.
Operations managers, ranging from supervisors to vice presidents, are concerned with the production of goods and services. More specifically, they are responsible for designing, running, controlling and improving the systems that accomplish production. This course is a broad-spectrum course with emphasis on techniques helpful to the practice of management at the analyst level. Its goal is to introduce you to the environments, to help you appreciate the problems that operations managers are confronted with, and provide you with the tools to address these problems. Operations Management spans all value-adding activities of an organization including product and process design, production, service delivery, distribution network and customer order management. As global competition in both goods and services increases, a firm's survival depends upon how well it structures its operations to respond quickly to changing consumer needs. Thus, it is essential for all business managers to acquire an understanding of operations management to maintain their competitive advantage. This course provides students with the basic tools needed to become an analyst in Supply Chain and Operations Management. This course provides an overview of Process analysis, Capacity management, Queuing system, analysis, Forecasting, Quality management, Material Requirements planning, Inventory management, and Supply Chain management. The emphasis of the course is on both real world applications and technical problem solving. Several manufacturing and non-manufacturing environments will be discussed explicitly, like health care, insurance, hotel-management, airlines and government related operations. Also we will explore the interface of operations management with other functional areas such as marketing, finance, accounting, etc. This coursework includes individual and group assignments, case analyses and experiential learning through simulations and educational games. Prereq: Course limited to students in Program=OPRMS, Plan=ORSC-MSM.

MSOR 410. Financial Management for Supply Chain. 3 Units.
This course focuses on learning the language of business, how basic accounting information is reported and analyzed, and how basic financial principles can be applied to understanding how value is created within an enterprise. This course is intended for individuals who have a limited background in accounting, finance and business. Most of the exercises will involve evaluating and building models in Excel. Teaching objectives are fairly straightforward: 1. Provide you with a basic understanding of the key principles of accounting and finance. We will quickly cover material that is typically covered in a three-course sequence (Introductory Accounting and Finance I and II). We will fly at a fairly high level, but we want to make sure you understand the basic concepts. 2. Apply these concepts to real (but straightforward) business situations, to gain a better understanding of how companies utilize accounting and financial information. 3. Time permitting, explore how these concepts can be applied to securities, mergers and acquisitions and leveraged buyout transactions, with a specific emphasis on how these concepts are likely to surface in your role in such transactions. Prereq: Course limited to students in Program=OPRMS, Plan=ORSC-MSM.

MSOR 419. Marketing Analytics for Supply Chain Managers. 3 Units.
This course will emphasize how to analyze data to support and guide strategic and tactical marketing decisions relevant for supply chain managers for understanding and contributing to marketing decision-making within the firm. Many firms have extensive information, but far fewer have the expertise to act intelligently on such information. Data must be synthesized, analyzed, and interpreted before sound marketing strategies and tactical plans can be developed. The course will emphasize three key themes: (1) Market Opportunity Analysis including competitive analysis, context assessment, and customer analytics (e.g. customer profitability and lifetime value, retention and loyalty), (2) Marketing Mix Analytics including test marketing, pricing, segmentation, and response modeling, and (3) Marketing ROI including the impact of marketing decisions and plans on fundamental financial measures such as return on marketing investment and net contribution to profit. The course uses a combination of lectures, cases, and exercises. Offered as MKMR 419 and MSOR 419. Prereq: For students only in the MSM-OR/SC program.

MSOR 420. Six Sigma and Quality Management. 3 Units.
The Six Sigma process is the standard for quality improvement in organizations around the globe. In this course, we study the details of the five steps in the Six Sigma process: DEFINE, MEASURE, ANALYZE, IMPROVE, and CONTROL (DMAIC). We introduce the concept of sustainability into the criteria to use to evaluate proposed solutions during the Six Sigma process. Many tools, concepts, and processes that are often an integral part of Six Sigma projects in companies are included in the course content. They range from the very basic tools of quality (such as cause-and-effect diagrams for brainstorming) to complete processes (such as benchmarking, quality function deployment, failure mode and effects analysis-FMEA). Statistical concepts that are central to Six Sigma including statistical process control and introduction design of experiments are also included. Once the Six Sigma process and its various components are understood, we study quality management including quality control, quality planning, quality improvement, strategic quality management, and quality strategy. Students meeting the required standards of performance will earn a Green Belt Certification in Six Sigma and Quality Management from the Weatherhead School of Management. Offered as MSOR 420 and OPMT 420. Prereq: For students in OPRMS Program/ORS-S-MSM plan.
MSOR 422. Lean Operations. 3 Units.
In this course, students will be taught how to identify inefficiencies associated with overproduction, waiting, transport, extra processing, inventory, motion and defects. One-by-one, areas of inefficiencies are to be identified and improved while educating the workforce towards continual improvement. Similarly, participants will be trained to reduce lead times in areas such as engineering design, order entry, purchasing, order fulfillment, receiving, production, packaging, shipping, invoicing and collection. The above improvements will lead to cost reductions. Students will be trained in costing techniques, target pricing, and cost maintenance. The course will be delivered along the following themes: 1) Mapping the Value Stream (current and future state) 2) Workplace Organization: SS & Safety, 3) Defect Reduction and Error Proofing, 4) Quick Changeover, 5) Standard Operations, 6) Total Productive Maintenance, 7) Visual management, 8) One-piece flow, 9) Lean Metrics. This course is not oriented toward specialists in operations management. Its goal is to introduce you to the environments and help you appreciate the problems that operations managers are confronted with and the key issues in their management. Offered as MSOR 422 and OPMT 422. Prereq: For ORSC-MSM students only.

MSOR 450. Project Management. 3 Units.
Project management is concerned with the management and control of a group of interrelated tasks required to be completed in an efficient and timely manner for the successful accomplishment of the objectives of the project. Since each project is usually unique in terms of task structure, risk characteristics and objectives, the management of projects is significantly different from the management of repetitive processes designed to produce a series of similar products or outputs. Large-scale projects are characterized by a significant commitment of organizational and economic resources coupled with a high degree of uncertainty. The objective of this course is to enhance the ability of participants to respond to the challenges of large-scale projects so that they can be more effective as project managers. We study in detail up-to-date concepts, models, and techniques useful for the evaluation, analysis, management, and control of projects. Offered as MSOR 450 and OPMT 450. Prereq: For students in OPRMS Program/ORSC-MSM plan.

MSOR 475. Supply Chain Logistics. 3 Units.
The focus of this course is on the effective management of a firm's downstream processes in the supply chain that deliver goods and services to customers. Concepts, methods, and strategies are presented that can lower supply chain costs while maintaining or improving customer service. In addition, ideas for using the supply chain for competitive advantage leading to revenue enhancement are discussed. Adding value for customers is the objective. Key topics include transportation planning, inventory management, network design, and customer service goal setting. Offered as MKMR 475, MSOR 475, and OPMT 475. Prereq: For students in OPRMS Program/ORSC-MSM plan.

MSOR 476. Strategic Sourcing. 3 Units.
The primary purpose of the course is to provide a comprehensive introduction to supply issues in manufacturing and service organizations. Procurement and supply management has evolved as a strategic function across various industries. Recent volatility in commodity prices has further enhanced the challenges in procurement. This course explores sourcing strategies in global supply chains to reduce cost and enhance the competitiveness of the firm. This course will provide you with a framework for thinking about strategic sourcing and tools to procure commodities and services efficiently. Offered as MKMR 476, MSOR 476, and OPMT 476. Prereq: For students in OPRMS Program/ORSC-MSM plan.

MSOR 477. Enterprise Resource Planning in the Supply Chain. 3 Units.
Enterprise resource planning is the dominant system by which companies translate the needs from their customers into the detailed plans that the company must perform to meet the customer needs, and the resulting support the company will need from its suppliers. As such, it is a central player in the process of supply chain management. In this course, we study both the quantitative and qualitative concepts and techniques to help manage a company's operations to perform these important translation and planning tasks in order to help the company be successful. The quantitative analysis will be supported by microcomputer software available in the Weatherhead computer lab. Student teams complete a series of integrated case studies from the same company to vividly see the relationships between various planning and control activities. A major emphasis during the course is the design of processes and procedures (algorithms) for solving very complex (wicked) problems as a part of both class discussions and while working on case studies, as well as critiquing the designs so as to clearly understand their limitations. Offered as MSOR 477 and OPMT 477. Prereq: For students in OPRMS Program/ORSC-MSM plan.

MSOR 485A. Individual Development. 1.5 Unit.
This course is unique in the sense that its primary focus is on the student as an individual. In this course the student will get to know themselves better by completing assessments and making sense of them, having group discussions, presenting to a group as individuals, engaging in various experiential activities, conducting career interviews, attending various individual development programs and participating in two individual coaching sessions. Prereq: For ORSC-MSM students only.

MSOR 485B. Team Development. 1.5 Unit.
This course is unique in the sense that its primary focus is on the student working in teams. In this course the student will assess their team interaction based on team assignments simulated and action learning type projects, presenting to the class as a team, engaging in various experiential activities, participating one team coaching session, working with a team, and expanding their knowledge of team leadership and membership skills and abilities. They are also expected to engage with projects external to the university (similar to an action learning project). Prereq: For ORSC-MSM students only.

OPMT Courses

OPMT 405. Operations Management. 3 Units.
Operations management deals with the design of products and processes, the acquisition of resources, the conversion of inputs to outputs, and the distribution of goods and services. It is central to a firm's ability to compete effectively. As global competition in both goods and services increases, the management of operations is becoming more and more important. This course provides a broad overview of the managerial issues associated with production and delivery of goods and services. It includes the use of quantitative modeling using computers as a central methodology. Prereq: QUMM 414.
OPMT 405A. Operations Management. 1 Unit.
In recent years, a changing competitive landscape has highlighted the critical role of the operations function in ensuring business success. In this course, we treat business as a value-added chain of processes that supply and convert disparate inputs into products and services and distribute these outputs. We examine how to best design, run and improve these processes. A variety of manufacturing and service sector settings will be used as examples to illustrate the concepts. It is assumed that the student is familiar with the material covered in a basic undergraduate course in operations management. Specifically, a vocabulary of operations management terminology and proficiency in basic tools and techniques of operations management are expected. Prereq: Open to ACL-MBA students.

OPMT 407. Marketing Value Chain Management. 3 Units.
This course views the supply chain (including the distribution channels) as a multi-organization business system that enables customers at all points in the system to acquire the benefits/value they want in the way they want to acquire them. It is a collaborative human network creating customer and shareholder value throughout the system. Strategic and tactical management topics include specifying customer desired value, assessing network members' (suppliers, producers, distributors, and customers) abilities to create it, and consequently allocating decisions, tasks, and rewards to members. Emphasis is on structure, communication, motivation, and control/discipline to encourage effective implementation throughout the supply chain system. Offered as MKMR 307, MKMR 407 and OPMT 407.

OPMT 420. Six Sigma and Quality Management. 3 Units.
The Six Sigma process is the standard for quality improvement in organizations around the globe. In this course, we study the details of the five steps in the Six Sigma process: DEFINE, MEASURE, ANALYZE, IMPROVE, and CONTROL (DMAIC). We introduce the concept of sustainability into the criteria to use to evaluate proposed solutions during the Six Sigma process. Many tools, concepts, and processes that are often an integral part of Six Sigma projects in companies are included in the course content. They range from the very basic tools of quality (such as cause-and-effect diagrams for brainstorming) to complete processes (such as benchmarking, quality function deployment, failure mode and effects analysis-FMEA). Statistical concepts that are central to Six Sigma including statistical process control and introduction design of experiments are also included. Once the Six Sigma process and its various components are understood, we study quality management including quality control, quality planning, quality improvement, strategic quality management, and quality strategy. Students meeting the required standards of performance will earn a Green Belt Certification in Six Sigma and Quality Management from the Weatherhead School of Management. Offered as MSOR 420 and OPMT 420. Prereq: Not available to Operations Research MSM students.

OPMT 422. Lean Operations. 3 Units.
In this course, students will be taught how to identify inefficiencies associated with overproduction, waiting, transport, extra processing, inventory, motion and defects. One-by-one, areas of inefficiencies are to be identified and improved while educating the workforce towards continual improvement. Similarly, participants will be trained to reduce lead times in areas such as engineering design, order entry, purchasing, order fulfillment, receiving, production, packaging, shipping, invoicing and collection. The above improvements will lead to cost reductions. Students will be trained in costing techniques, target pricing, and cost maintenance. The course will be delivered along the following themes: 1) Mapping the Value Stream (current and future state) 2) Workplace Organization: 5S & Safety, 3) Defect Reduction and Error Proofing, 4) Quick Changeover, 5) Standard Operations, 6) Total Productive Maintenance, 7) Visual management, 8) One-piece flow, 9) Lean Metrics. This course is not oriented toward specialists in operations management. Its goal is to introduce you to the environments and help you appreciate the problems that operations managers are confronted with and the key issues in their management. Offered as MSOR 422 and OPMT 422.

OPMT 430. Sustainable Operations. 3 Units.
This course takes a business approach to environmental and social issues to answer “what do I need to know about environmental and social issues to make my company more successful, and how can I act on that knowledge profitably?” We summarize important environmental and social issues facing business (and all of society), such as global climate change, pollution, economic development, hunger, and social unrest. Drawing on most areas of the MBA program, we examine environmental and social issues associated with product design and component commonality, recycling materials, product packaging, process design and remanufacturing, facility location and design (including green building), reverse logistics and closed-loop supply chains, and global supply chains.

OPMT 450. Project Management. 3 Units.
Project management is concerned with the management and control of a group of interrelated tasks required to be completed in an efficient and timely manner for the successful accomplishment of the objectives of the project. Since each project is usually unique in terms of task structure, risk characteristics and objectives, the management of projects is significantly different from the management of repetitive processes designed to produce a series of similar products or outputs. Large-scale projects are characterized by a significant commitment of organizational and economic resources coupled with a high degree of uncertainty. The objective of this course is to enhance the ability of participants to respond to the challenges of large-scale projects so that they can be more effective as project managers. We study in detail up-to-date concepts, models, and techniques useful for the evaluation, analysis, management, and control of projects. Offered as MSOR 450 and OPMT 450. Prereq: Not available to Operations Research MSM students.

OPMT 475. Supply Chain Logistics. 3 Units.
The focus of this course is on the effective management of a firm's downstream processes in the supply chain that deliver goods and services to customers. Concepts, methods, and strategies are presented that can lower supply chain costs while maintaining or improving customer service. In addition, ideas for using the supply chain for competitive advantage leading to revenue enhancement are discussed. Adding value for customers is the objective. Key topics include transportation planning, inventory management, network design, and customer service goal setting. Offered as MKMR 475, MSOR 475, and OPMT 475. Prereq: Not available to Operations Research MSM students.
OPMT 476. Strategic Sourcing. 3 Units.
The primary purpose of the course is to provide a comprehensive introduction to supply issues in manufacturing and service organizations. Procurement and supply management has evolved as a strategic function across various industries. Recent volatility in commodity prices has further enhanced the challenges in procurement. This course explores sourcing strategies in global supply chains to reduce cost and enhance the competitiveness of the firm. This course will provide you with a framework for thinking about strategic sourcing and tools to procure commodities and services efficiently. Offered as MKMR 476, MSOR 476, and OPMT 476. Prereq: Not available to Operations Research MSM students.

OPMT 477. Enterprise Resource Planning in the Supply Chain. 3 Units.
Enterprise resource planning is the dominant system by which companies translate the needs from their customers into the detailed plans that the company must perform to meet the customer needs, and the resulting support the company will need from its suppliers. As such, it is a central player in the process of supply chain management. In this course, we study both the quantitative and qualitative concepts and techniques to help manage a company's operations to perform these important translation and planning tasks in order to help the company be successful. The quantitative analysis will be supported by microcomputer software available in the Weatherhead computer lab. Student teams complete a series of integrated case studies from the same company to vividly see the relationships between various planning and control activities. A major emphasis during the course is the design of processes and procedures (algorithms) for solving very complex (wicked) problems as a part of both class discussions and while working on case studies, as well as critiquing the designs so as to clearly understand their limitations. Offered as MSOR 477 and OPMT 477. Prereq: Not available to MSM Operations Research students.

OPMT 490. Independent Study in Operations Management. 1 - 15 Unit.
This course is offered, with permission, to students undertaking reading in a field of special interest.

OPMT 501. Special Problems and Topics. 1 - 18 Unit.
This course is offered, with permission, to students undertaking reading in a field of special interest.

OPRE Courses

OPRE 207. Statistics for Business and Management Science I. 3 Units.

OPRE 301. Operations Research and Supply Chain Management. 3 Units.
Operations research (OR) or management science, is the discipline of applying advanced quantitative methods to make better decisions. Techniques covered include linear programming, queuing models and simulation. The second part of the course focuses on how OR tools are used in managing various aspects of Supply Chain. Topics covered include demand forecasting, design of distribution systems, capacity planning, and inventory management. Recommended preparation: one semester of statistics or consent of instructor. Prereq: STAT 207 or OPRE 207.

OPRE 345. Decision Theory. 3 Units.
This course provides an understanding of the principles, basic concepts, and methodology of engineering economics. It develops proficiency with these methods and with the process for making rational decisions regarding situations likely to be encountered in professional practice.

OPRE 402. Stochastic Models with Applications. 1.5 Unit.
This course surveys fundamental methods and models in operations research and operations management that incorporate random elements. Topics discussed will include basic results from the theory of stochastic processes, especially Markov chains; an introduction to stochastic dynamic programming; and models in the control of queues and inventories. Prereq: OPRE 433 or OPRE 433A and OPRE 433B.

OPRE 411. Optimization Modeling. 3 Units.
The first half of the course provides a practical coverage of linear programming, a special type of mathematical model. The art of formulating linear programs is taught through the use of systematic model-building techniques. The simplex algorithm for solving these models is developed from several points of view: geometric, conceptual, algebraic, and economic. The role and uses of duality theory are also presented. Students learn to obtain and interpret a solution from a computer package and how to use the associated output to answer “What-happens-if...?” questions that arise in post-optimality analysis. Specific topics include: problem formulation, geometric and conceptual solution procedures, the simplex algorithm (phase 1 and phase 2), obtaining and interpreting computer output, duality theory, and sensitivity analysis. The second half of this course provide a practical approach to formulating and solving combinatorial optimization problems in the areas of networks, dynamic programming, project management (CPM), integer programming, and nonlinear programming. The art of formulating problems, understanding what is involved in solving them, and obtained and interpreting the solution from a computer package are shown. A comparison with formulating and solving linear programming problems is provided as a way to understand the advantages and disadvantages of some of these problems and solutions procedures. Recommended preparation: Knowledge of Excel, one semester each of undergraduate linear algebra and undergraduate calculus (derivatives); or consent of instructor.

OPRE 427. Convexity and Optimization. 3 Units.
Introduction to the theory of convex sets and functions and to the extremes in problems in areas of mathematics where convexity plays a role. Among the topics discussed are basic properties of convex sets (extreme points, facial structure of polytopes), separation theorems, duality and polars, properties of convex functions, minima and maxima of convex functions over convex set, various optimization problems. Offered as MATH 327, MATH 427, and OPRE 427. Prereq: MATH 223 or consent of instructor.
OPRE 432. Computer Simulation. 3 Units.
Computer Simulation is a process of designing and creating a computerized model that mimics an existing or proposed system so as to better understand the behavior of the system. Many studies have shown that in Industry, simulation is most frequently used Operations Research tool due to its ability to deal with complex systems. The first half of this course is designed to give students a basic idea of simulation methodology with the aid of population simulation software. The emphasis of the course is in simulating business processes, however, the versatility of the technique will be demonstrated with applications from finance, health care, etc. The second half of the course covers the statistical design and analysis of simulation models. The topics include random number generation, input data analysis, statistical analysis of simulation outputs, variance reduction techniques, and design of simulation experiments. Prereq: OPRE 433 or OPRE 433A and OPRE 433B or requisites not met permission.

OPRE 433. Probability, Statistics, and Forecasting. 3 Units.
Data of many kinds are typically available in practice, but the challenge is to use those data to make effective professional decisions. This software-intensive course begins with useful descriptions of data and the probability theory foundation on which statistics rests. It continues to statistics, including the central limit theorem, which explains why data often appear to be normally distributed, and the Palm-Khintchine theorem which explains why data often appear to have a Poisson distribution. The remainder of the course focuses on regression and forecasting, including detecting and overcoming some of the deadly sins of regression, and the surprising flexibility of regression models. Recommended preparation: One semester of undergraduate calculus or consent of instructor.

OPRE 434. Regression and Forecasting. 1.5 Unit.
The first part of this course covers the fundamentals of multiple linear-regression analysis and logistic regression models emphasizing understanding and forecasting relationships between variables in a variety of data settings. The second part includes time series analysis and forecasting. Using case studies and commonly used state-of-the-art statistical software (e.g., SPSS, SAS, etc.) students learn to summarize relationships and measure how well these relationships fit data, and how to make meaningful statistical inferences and forecasts. Prereq or coreq: OPRE 433B or QUMM 414.

OPRE 435B. Integrated Problem Solving in OR and SC. 1.5 Unit.
This project-oriented course uses a variety of software to involve the student in the complete problem-solving process in OR and OM. This process includes problem definition and formulation, data collection, and storage in a database, connecting the database to the solution algorithm, designing and implementing an appropriate user interface, and presenting the final solution. Prereq or Coreq: OPRE 411 or OPRE 411B.

OPRE 435C. Data Structures. 1.5 Unit.
The objective of this course is to provide the student with the data structures (arrays, files, linked lists, trees, and so on) and the numerical methods (differentiation, integration, and solving linear equations) needed for implementing algorithms that solve operations research and operations management problems. These topics are illustrated with C++ and object-oriented programming. Emphasis is given to ensuring that the programs are robust and usable by nontechnical people.

OPRE 454. Analysis of Algorithms. 3 Units.
This course covers fundamental topics in algorithm design and analysis in depth. Amortized analysis, NP-completeness and reductions, dynamic programming, advanced graph algorithms, string algorithms, geometric algorithms, local search heuristics. Offered as EECS 454 and OPRE 454. Prereq: OPRE 435A and OPRE 435C.

This course is offered, with permission, to students undertaking reading in a field of special interest.

OPRE 501. Special Problems and Topics. 1 - 36 Unit.
This course is offered, with permission, to students undertaking reading in a field of special interest.

This course is limited to candidates for the Ph.D. degree who are preparing dissertations in some field of operations research. Prereq: Predoctoral research consent or advanced to Ph.D. candidacy milestone.

ORBH Courses

ORBH 250. Leading People (LEAD I). 3 Units.
The principal goals of this course are to help students learn about the context in which managers and leaders function, gain self-awareness of their own leadership vision and values, understand the options they have for careers in management based on their own aptitudes, orientations and expertise, and develop the fundamental skills needed for success in a chosen career. Through a series of experiential activities, assessment exercises, group discussions, and peer coaching, based on a model of self-directed learning and life-long development, the course helps students understand and formulate their own career and life vision, assess their skills and abilities, and design a development plan to reach their objectives. The course enables students to see how the effective leadership of people contributes to organizational performance and the production of value, and how for many organizations, the effective leadership of people is the driver of competitive advantage. This is the first course in a two course sequence. Prereq: At least sophomore standing.

ORBH 251. Leading Organizations (LEAD II). 3 Units.
The principal goal of this course is to help students enhance their leadership skills by understanding how organizations function through the lenses of structure, culture, and power/politics. The course enables students to discern how leaders function effectively as they integrate goals, resources and people within these constraints. Students learn about these organizational lenses while developing their own leadership and professional skills. Prereq: ORBH 250 or MGMT 250 and at least sophomore standing.

ORBH 303. Leading Teams. 3 Units.
This course is designed for students who want to increase their understanding of interpersonal and team dynamics. It is designed to help you to build more open and effective relationships and to improve your ability to cooperate with and lead others to work effectively in today's increasingly team-oriented organizations. The emphasis of this course is on learning about oneself in the context of others based on the here-and-now experience of the group. Prereq: At least sophomore standing.

ORBH 360. Independent Study. 3 Units.
This course is set up individually upon conference between student and Organizational Behavior faculty member designed in consult with the student's advisor if necessary in order to engage and challenge student with topics in organizational behavior.
**ORBH 370. Women in Organizations. 3 Units.**
The purpose of this course is to explore the unique challenges of life for women in their twenties as they increase understanding of the issues surrounding women, ambition, and success in a variety of organizations and professions. At this stage of life there are many choices women can make regarding careers and relationships. This course will broaden understanding of the context of work in women's lives and help women and men understand the leadership and managerial issues that will surround them in organizations. Offering more complex understandings of issues women face in the workplace related to race and gender, the course will help increase self knowledge about personal identity and direction, values, and abilities including the enhancement of leadership capabilities. It will also facilitate career development, improving the ability of individual women to be choiceful about the quality of integration of both a personal and professional life. Offered as ORBH 370 and WGST 370. Counts for CAS Global & Cultural Diversity Requirement.

**ORBH 380. Managing Negotiations. 3 Units.**
Negotiation is the art and science of securing agreements between two or more interdependent parties. Negotiation skills are critical to influencing others and thus to effective leadership. The good news is that negotiation is a skill that can be developed. In this interactive course, you will learn how to be a more effective negotiator by learning about the theory and processes of negotiation, participating in negotiation simulations, reflecting on your own and others' negotiation experiences and completing assignments designed to help you hone your negotiation skills. This will be done through a variety of means, including: understanding the theory and processes of negotiation, participating in negotiation simulations, reflecting on your own and others' negotiation experiences and completing assignments designed to help you hone your negotiation skills. Prereq: At least sophomore standing.

**ORBH 391. Leadership in Diversity and Inclusion: Towards a Globally Inclusive Workplace. 3 Units.**
This course addresses workforce diversity issues from individual, group, and organizational perspectives. The focus is on innovative ways of utilizing today’s culturally expanding workforce. Emphasis is on the “what and how” for managers in developing a corporate culture that embraces diversity, helping them in learning to work with, supervise and tap the talent of diverse employees within their organizations. Included are methods for modifying systems to attract, retain, develop, and capitalize on benefits of the new workforce demographics. A retreat experience is part of this course and is required of all participants. Offered as ORBH 391 and ORBH 491. Prereq: At least sophomore standing.

**ORBH 403. Developing Interpersonal Skills for Managers. 3 Units.**
This course is intended to sharpen students' skills in the art of relating successfully to other individuals and groups. The course uses an intensive group experience to make students more aware of how their actions affect others, more capable of giving and receiving interpersonal feedback, and more cognizant of processes through which groups work. Several Saturday classes.

**ORBH 412. Appreciative Inquiry. 3 Units.**
This course studies organizational analysis through appreciative inquiry. It explores multiple frame works for understanding the complexity of organizational life. Students form teams and conduct appreciative studies across industries. This course also addresses questions of organizational change (how to move from theory/ideal to practice). Learning is experiential in nature.

**ORBH 413. Economics of Negotiation and Conflict Resolution. 3 Units.**
Students frequently enroll in a negotiation class with one thought in mind—negotiating a better job offer from an employer. They soon learn, however, that negotiation skills can do far more than improve a pay check. Negotiations occur everywhere: in marriages, in divorces, in small work teams, in large organizations, in getting a job, in losing a job, in deal making, in decision making, in board rooms, and in court rooms. The remarkable thing about negotiations is that, wherever they occur, they are governed by similar principles. The current wave of corporate restructuring makes the study of negotiations especially important for M.B.A.s. Mergers, acquisitions, downsizing and joint ventures call into question well established business and employment relationships. Navigating these choppy waters by building new relationships requires negotiation skills. The increased stress on quality and other hard-to-measure aspects of relationships with customers and suppliers makes the process of negotiation even more complex and subtle. For these reasons, negotiation classes have taken center stage in the study of management. Every major business school now offers classes in negotiation and these classes are overflowing with students. Offered as ECON 431 and LHRP 413.

**ORBH 425. Developing Emotional Intelligence. 3 Units.**
Although helping or stimulating individuals to change, learn, and develop is considered a responsibility of the human resource function in an organization, every professor, manager, consultant, and helping professional spends most of their time trying to provoke, evoke, or catalyze a change in others. This course will examine the processes by which individuals change and the methods often used to facilitate this change. How and what a person chooses to change (i.e., select their change goals) will be explored, as well as factors affecting the extent to which he/she changes. The efficacy and ethics of various approaches to individual change as part of human resource and organization development efforts will be discussed. Prereq: MGMT 403.

**ORBH 430A. MBA Institute In Sustainable Value and Social Entrepreneurship I. 3 Units.**
The MBA Institute in Sustainability and Social Entrepreneurship involves 6 credits divided up into two “courses”. The first course—phase one—creates a foundational platform featuring key models and managerial tools for the building sustainable value and “turning the social and global issues of our day into business opportunities.” The second course in an applied sustainability field experience where teams work with companies and communities or real-life sustainability and social entrepreneurship opportunities. The foundations course is a prerequisite to the applied field project phase.

**ORBH 430B. MBA Practicum in Sustainable Value and Social Entrepreneurship II. 3 Units.**
The MBA Institute in Sustainability and Social Entrepreneurship involves 6 credits divided up into two “courses.” The first course—phase one—creates a foundational platform featuring key models and managerial tools for the building sustainable value and “turning the social and global issues of our day into business opportunities.” The second course is an applied sustainability field experience where teams work with companies and communities or real-life sustainability and social entrepreneurship opportunities. The foundations course is a prerequisite to the applied field project phase. Prereq: ORBH 430A.
ORBH 450. Executive Leadership. 3 Units.
This course explores answers to questions such as: Who are leaders? Are they different than managers, heroes and heroines? How do the effective ones think and act? What situations create leaders, foster their emergence or provide opportunities? What makes us want to follow them? What are the personal pits of being a leader (i.e., sex, drugs, alcohol, insomnia, ulcers, etc.)? How are leaders developed? Case studies, self-study and at-work projects will be the primary methods used in the course.

ORBH 451. Alternative Dispute Resolution. 2 Units.
Students will examine the processes of alternative dispute resolution (ADR) through reading materials, videotapes, guest lectures, and simulation exercises. Particular emphasis will be given to the interaction of lawyers and clients in business negotiations and in litigation. Negotiation, arbitration, mediation, the summary jury trial, and the mini-trial will be examined. The class will also cover impediments to ADR, such as lack of understanding or hostility on the part of clients or lawyers. Offered as LAWS 351 and LHRP 451.

ORBH 460. Women in Organizations. 3 Units.
This course addresses important leadership and management issues concerning women in organizations. The course provides complex understandings of issues pertinent to professional women and work such as sex role typing, sex-based discrimination, equal pay, sexual harassment, work-family balance, women’s leadership and women’s career issues and development. The course helps students increase self-knowledge about their own values and practices as well as enhance their capabilities as leaders and managers. We will examine the opportunities, challenges, trade-offs, and organizational dynamics experienced by women in work settings, as well as the interpersonal, organizational, and societal structures and processes impacting women in organizations. Through a variety of course methods, students gain greater awareness of the gendered nature of work and organizations and learn effective strategies for women’s career progress and effective participation in organizations.

ORBH 470A. Leading Change from a Complexity Perspective. 1 Unit.
In this course, we will continuously attempt to answer two questions: (1) What is the process of sustained, desirable change? and (2) What is the role of a leader? Concepts from complexity theory will be used, including understanding the multilevel nature of SDC at the individual, dyad, team, organization, community, country, and global levels. Intentional Change Theory (ICT) will be used as the organizing concept for the changes studied. In this context, coaching the development of leadership will be a major topic throughout the course. Prereq: Open to MPOD candidates only.

ORBH 470B. Leading Change from a Complexity Perspective. 2 Units.
In this course, we will continuously attempt to answer two questions: (1) What is the process of sustained, desirable change? and (2) What is the role of a leader? Concepts from complexity theory will be used, including understanding the multilevel nature of SDC at the individual, dyad, team, organization, community, country, and global levels. Intentional Change Theory (ICT) will be used as the organizing concept for the changes studied. In this context, coaching the development of leadership will be a major topic throughout the course. Prereq: ORBH 470A.

ORBH 479B. Foundations of Strategic Thinking. 2 Units.
This course will define what constitutes strategic change and what does not. Students will be introduced to a variety of strategic interventions and models from which to interpret, understand and achieve positive organizational change. Opportunity will be provided to apply selected models to the student’s organization and other cases in order to gain insight and appreciation for financial and non-financial factors that influence fundamental organizational growth and development. (Part two of a two-section course.) Prereq: ORBH 479A.

ORBH 490. Special Topics. 1 - 18 Unit.
This is a seminar course led by a member of the faculty of the Department of Organizational Behavior. Specific topics are announced at the start of each semester. This course is intended also for independent study.

ORBH 491. Leadership in Diversity and Inclusion: Towards a Globally Inclusive Workplace. 3 Units.
This course addresses workforce diversity issues from individual, group, and organizational perspectives. The focus is on innovative ways of utilizing today’s culturally expanding workforce. Emphasis is on the “what and how” for managers in developing a corporate culture that embraces diversity, helping them in learning to work with, supervise and tap the talent of diverse employees within their organizations. Included are methods for modifying systems to attract, retain, develop, and capitalize on benefits of the new workforce demographics. A retreat experience is part of this course and is required of all participants. Offered as ORBH 391 and ORBH 491.

ORBH 501. Special Problems and Topics. 1 - 18 Unit.
This course is offered, with permission, to students undertaking reading in a field of special interest.

ORBH 510. Organizational Behavior Department Seminar. 1.5 Unit.
The OB Department Seminar is organized and managed by the first year PhD students. Seminar sessions will alternate between first year meetings and gatherings of the ORBH community of students, faculty and friends. Community sessions will be organized around research presentations of PhD Qualifying Papers, Dissertation Proposals and Dissertation Defense. Seminar Objectives: 1. To create and sustain an appreciative, intellectually nourishing learning space for the ORBH community that will support, inspire and empower us to explore the frontiers of scholarship in our field; 2.To provide a forum for sharing the ongoing research and scholarship of the department; 3. To develop productive collaborative research relationships; 4. To increase our collective knowledge of the current state of the art in OB and to develop productive collaborative research relationships; 4. To increase our collective knowledge of the current state of the art in OB and related fields.

ORBH 511. Micro Organizational Behavior. 1.5 Unit.
Examines the field of micro-organizational behavior. Specifically, the study of individuals and groups within an organizational context and the study of internal processes and practices as they affect individuals and groups. Major topics include individual characteristics such as beliefs, values and personality. Individual processes such as motivation, emotions, commitment, group and team processes, such as decision-making; organizational processes and practices such as goal setting, performance appraisal and rewards, and the influence of all of these on such individual, group and organizational outcomes as performance, job satisfaction, citizenship behaviors, turnover, justice, absenteeism and employee engagement.
ORBH 513. Appreciative Inquiry and Strength-Based Change. 1.5 Unit.
This course explores and develops the art of understanding social systems in ways that help us imagine, design and develop organization excellence. It seeks to show how many of our conventional ideas about organizations are based on discourse and metaphors that lead us to see and understand organizations in partial and often limiting ways. Growing research from the domains of Positive Psychology and Positive Organization Scholarship and the theory and practice of Appreciative Inquiry will be explored to show how we can create new and more positive, strength-based ways of designing and developing social systems.

ORBH 520. Group and Interpersonal Analysis. 1.5 Unit.
This course is a review of major concepts and research in group dynamics and interpersonal relations. Topics concern face-to-face social interaction such as communication patterns, power, hierarchy, leadership, norms, goals, productivity, social theories of personality, and personal change through group methods. The course combines cognitive emphasis and personal experience-based learning.

ORBH 523. Design for Sustainable Value. 1.5 Unit.
The relationship between business and society--and the search for mutually beneficial advances between industry and the world's most pressing global issues--has become one of the defining issues of the 21st century. Throughout the world, immense entrepreneurial energy is finding expression, energy whose converging force is in direct proportion to the turbulence, crises, and the call of our times. Factories and buildings are being designed in ways that, surprisingly, give back more clean energy to the world than they use. Bottom-of-the-pyramid strategies and micro-enterprise models are demonstrating how business can eradicate poverty through profitability. Companies are designing products that leave behind no waste--only "food" that becomes input into their biological or technological cycles. And macrowikinomics--everything from telepresence to megacommunity--is rebooting our capacity for human cooperation and global action. Prereq: Limited to ORBH PhD students only.

ORBH 525. Leading Change from a Complexity Perspective. 1.5 Unit.
Change is an enigma and yet sustained, desirable change (SDC) drivers adaptation, growth and life itself. In this course, we will continuously attempt to answer two questions: (1) What is the process of sustained, desirable change? and (2) What is the role of a leader, including their emotional and social intelligence? Concepts from complexity theory will be used, as well as case studies and longitudinal studies including understanding the multilevel nature of SDC at the individual, dyad, team, organization (including family business), community, country, and global levels. Intentional Change Theory (ICT) will be used as the organizing concept for the changes studied. Prereq: Limited to ORBH PhD students only.

ORBH 528. The Dynamics of Managing Effective Change. 1.5 Unit.
This course explores and develops an understanding of how individuals actually effect positive change and outcomes within an organization without the requisite authority or decision making power to do so. It seeks to show how managing a change process appears to follow a path of cumulative activities that in time produce a punctuated equilibrium--one that triggers a step up in performance. Such activities seem to be small episodes or learning cycles geared at converting inert knowledge into action; increasing awareness; reinforcing accountability, and/or attaining results. These findings will be compared and contrasted to existing change models and theories. Prereq: Limited to ORBH PhD students only.

ORBH 533. The Practice Turn in Organizational Research. 1.5 Unit.
In this course, doctoral students will develop an understanding of the role of practice and performativity in organizing. This involves exploring the link between doing and thinking by and between individuals in an effort to address larger issues of group- and organizational-level behavior. Students will examine elements of human behavior in organizational endeavors such as embodied cognition, and the enactment of structures and routines. Methods of "capturing" practice in organizing will also be discussed. By the end of the course, students will be expected to articulate how the practice perspective relates to their own research interests and future projects. Prereq: Limited to ORBH PhD students only.

ORBH 535. Organization Development and Change. 1.5 Unit.
This seminar addresses the applications of Organizational Behavior concepts and theories to the creation, development and change of organized systems; the domain of Organization Development. We will examine literature and research on organization and large systems change from modernist and post-modernist perspectives. Specific attention will be given to normative--re-educative models (Organization Development) and recent movements in strength-based models of change informed by positive psychology and positive organization scholarship. Intervention theory and method related to large groups and system--wide change will also be addressed.

ORBH 538. Research and Theory on Dynamical Behavior in Groups. 1.5 Unit.
This seminar exposes student to a variety of conversations in the study of group dynamics. Major topics include work on commons dilemmas, communal and exchange relationships, social facilitation, social loafing, social combination, and social creativity drawing deeply on our historical roots. It will also focus on current topical issues such as demographic faultlines, transactional memory, and issues of time and transition. Prereq: Limited to ORBH PhD students only.

ORBH 540. Social Exchange, Social Networks, and Social Capital in Organizations. 1.5 Unit.
In this course we will examine the nature of social exchange relationships in organizations. We will explore how individual perceptions regarding the quality of the relationship they have with their immediate supervisor, their work group, and the organization as an entity can impact their workplace attitudes and behaviors. Additionally, we will learn how the examination of networks of relationships can enhance our understanding of how individuals experience organizational life. The course will also provide a brief introduction to the theory, methods and procedures of social network analysis with an emphasis on applications to individual and organizational social capital.

ORBH 541. Organizational Systems. 1.5 Unit.
This course covers the use of general systems theory as a conceptual base for examining organizations from the macro-perspective. The course examines organizational structure and technology, organizations and interorganizational networks in interaction with their societal environments, and large-scale problems of organizational and social power, conflict and change. It is designed to present a large-scale perspective on organization theory and behavior that is complementary to the micro-perspective of organizational behavior.
ORBH 550. Team and Small Group Research. 1 Unit.
This seminar is designed to focus primary on understanding the state of team research from 1950s to the present. The seminar will include in-depth reviews and critical analysis on the philosophical and methodological perspectives of team researchers. The seminar will also include topics, research design and methods (including analytical approaches) used in team research. Students will be expected to develop a research design and analysis proposal for a team research project using both qualitative and quantitative approaches.

ORBH 560. Research Methods I. 3 Units.
This course concerns itself with issues associated with the conduct of social research. The primary focus is on learning the "craft" of research and its associated technologies. Among the topics that are addressed are: scientific method; research terminology and definitions; search design; laboratory experiments; simulations; field experiments; field studies; measurement, reliability and validity; and sampling. This course is intended to help students acquire the skills necessary in undertaking dissertation-related research.

ORBH 565. Research in Gender and Diversity in Organizations. 1.5 Unit.
This course will provide a full range of feminist research methods exploring relationships between feminism and methodology involving a plurality of perspectives for conducting research and creating knowledge with an emphasis on collecting and interpreting qualitative materials. Particular attention is paid to understanding gender and diversity related phenomenon that occurs in the workplace. Classic feminist research from a variety of historical, societal, economic, interpersonal and organizational paradigms are incorporated. Coreq: ORBH doctoral students only.

ORBH 570. Learning and Development. 1.5 Unit.
This course provides an exploration of the learning and development paradigm underlying the human potential development approach to human resource development. The origins of this approach in the naturalist epistemologies John Dewey’s pragmatism, Kurt Lewin’s gestalt psychology, the work of James, Follett, Emerson, Piaget, Maslow, Rogers, and others and current research in adult development, biology and brain/mind research, artificial intelligence, epistemology, moral philosophy and adult learning will be considered. The course will focus on applications of these ideas to current issues in human resource development such as adult learning in higher education, advanced professional development, and large system learning and development. Coreq: ORBH doctoral students only.

ORBH 601. Special Problems and Topics. 1 - 18 Unit.
This course is offered, with permission, to candidates undertaking reading in a field of special interest.

Prereq: Predoctoral research consent or advanced to Ph.D. candidacy milestone.

PLCY Courses

PLCY 360. Independent Study. 1 - 18 Unit.

PLCY 399. Business Policy. 3 Units.
This course uses case analysis to develop perspective and judgment on business problems through the integration of functional areas. Formulation, development, and implementation of organization goals and policies, the development of strategy in relation to the competitive environment, and applications of quantitative and behavioral decision-making techniques are examined. Prereq: Senior standing.

PLCY 418. Enterprise Development. 3 Units.
Course features new product launch by students and new business idea competition judged by actual venture capitalists. Students will also learn how to acquire control of an existing company, including valuation methods, sources of funding, tactics for finding companies to buy, and how to negotiate the purchase of a business. Also includes actual student negotiation with sellers of a company. Course is designed to accelerate career success through bold entrepreneurial strategies. Offered as ENTP 418 and PLCY 418.

PLCY 419. Entrepreneurship and Personal Wealth Creation. 3 Units.
Course explores the accumulation of personal wealth utilizing entrepreneurial strategies. The underlying competencies of successful entrepreneurs are identified and applied to individual lives of students. Active entrepreneurs will be studied, and original case studies of start-ups and acquisitions provide the basis for class exercises. Offered as ENTP 419, PLCY 419 and IIME 419.

PLCY 425. Chief Executive Officer. 3 Units.
This course is designed for students who aspire to become a chief executive officer. The unique role, responsibilities, and requirements of the CEO will be explored. Students will benchmark CEO best practices through exposure to leading chief officers, study the paths to and preparation for the top job, and develop a personal career strategy to increase their chances of becoming a CEO. Offered as PLCY 425 and IIME 424.

PLCY 474. Innovation for Competitive Advantage. 3 Units.
In this course, we will develop frameworks to identify new value propositions for the customer. We will then apply these frameworks to three types of innovations that we see in practice—incremental, disruptive and white space—and more importantly understand business model innovations that go beyond just a product or process innovation. The course will also explore techniques of focused brainstorming and creative problem solving techniques. Prereq or Coreq: MGMT 499.

PLCY 490. Corporate Strategy. 3 Units.
This course is an advanced strategy course that explores the determinants of successful corporate strategy. In Strategy Issues and Applications you were exposed to the basic frameworks for developing successful competitive or business unit level strategy. Corporate strategy takes you to the next level and provides the frameworks you need to be able to be successful in multiple businesses. At its core corporate strategy constitutes any and all decisions that change the core business model of a firm. Examples are vertical integration, new but related product lines, entering new markets with existing products and entering new or existing markets with unrelated products. The fundamental premise of the course is that successful corporate strategy is rooted in competitive advantage arising from capabilities residing at the business unit level. Starting from analyzing business level strategies of very simple firms, the course successively builds frameworks towards more complicated business level strategies. Next, the course develops frameworks to discuss corporate strategy based around the concept of core competencies and market entry strategies. Finally, the course develops the concepts that are useful in greenfield entries, alliances and acquisitions as part of an overall corporate strategy. Prereq: MGMT 499 or MBAC 508 or MBAP 410.
PLCY 494. Managerial Consultancy. 3 Units.
Students will learn to match consulting methodologies with client needs and employ a step by step strategy development process applied to actual companies which are semester-long clients of the class. Accelerated career strategies in the consultancy business are featured as well as tactics for getting hired in the first place. The course views consultancy as a role rather than career and conceptualizes consultancy as a process of optimizing an organization's value creation potential and competitive advantage. Students should be able to apply the concepts regardless of career choice. Exposure to senior practicing consultants is featured.

PLCY 496. Strategic Planning and Control Systems for Strategy Implementation. 3 Units.
This course introduces the principal tools of strategy implementation, namely the design of organization structures, the use of formal planning and control systems, and the design of measurement and reward systems. The importance of organizational context (small vs. large, for profit vs. not-for-profit, manufacturing vs. service, etc.) and the need to tailor systems to the context of the organization are emphasized. New and emergent organizational forms and their role in strategy development and implementation are reviewed. Cases and readings are the principal pedagogical methods utilized. Students work in small project teams, study the operation and effectiveness of systems for strategic control in organizations, and present the results of their analysis in class presentations.

PLCY 501. Special Problems and Topics. 1 - 18 Unit.
This course is offered, with permission, to students undertaking reading in a field of special interest.

PLCY 601. Special Problems and Topics. 1 - 18 Unit.
This course is offered, with permission, to Ph.D. candidates undertaking reading in a field of special interest.

Prereq: Predoctoral research consent or advanced to Ph.D. candidacy milestone.

QUMM Courses

QUMM 414. Statistics and Decision Modeling. 3 Units.
This course provides the foundations of statistical and operations research methodologies for managerial decision-making. Business statistics focuses on statistical thinking as one of the fundamentals of effective management. Topics covered include sampling and the normal distribution, making inferences from data via confidence intervals and hypothesis tests, and analyzing relationships between samples. Decision modeling of organizational systems uses mathematical and computer models to provide a quantitative perspective on identifying, analyzing and solving complex decision problems. This course includes an introduction to linear programming models and applications, simulation techniques in decision-making, and project management.

QUMM 414A. Statistics and Decision Modeling. 1 Unit.
This class provides a brief look at management science and selected key tools and applications. Topics include modeling, linear programming, simulation and linear regression. Students should have a background in statistics and college-level algebra. Just-in-time statistics review workshops will be available at the beginning of the semester. Prereq: Open to ACL-MBA students.

QUMM 501. Special Problems and Topics. 1 - 18 Unit.
This course is offered, with permission, to students undertaking reading in a field of special interest.

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